

B. M. JOHNSON ACCEPTS SETH WARD PRESIDENCY

B. M. Harrison is Elected Principal of Methodist School; Has Not Accepted.

B. M. Johnson has notified the board of trustees of Seth Ward College of his acceptance of the position of president of Seth Ward College. He will move to Plainview as soon as he can wind up little business matters in his present home town, Sweetwater.

Last night, at a meeting of the board of trustees, Prof. B. M. Harrison, for two years superintendent of the Plainview Public Schools, was elected principal of Seth Ward College. He has been notified of his election, but has not yet accepted the position.

"Other members of the faculty will be elected as soon as the president can confer with the board in the matter," said L. M. Faulkner, president of the board of trustees, this afternoon.

V. M. B. L. WANTS SLOGAN.

The Young Men's Business League of Plainview wants a slogan. They are offering a cash prize of five dollars and honorary membership in the organization to the one who suggests the best one.

All copies of slogans should be submitted to E. L. Doland, secretary of the league.

STAKED PLAINS BAPTIST CONVENTION AT PETERSBURG.

Beginning Thursday and continuing until Sunday the Staked Plains Baptist Association will hold session at Petersburg. Many of the Plainview members of the association are planning to attend.

BIRTHS.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed G. Hart, May 19, a boy.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Long, May 15, a boy.

WILL AWARD THE SCHOOL BANNER SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The County Board of Education Meets in Office of Judge W. B. Lewis.

Saturday afternoon the county board of education will meet in Judge W. B. Lewis' office and decide what school is to have the banner. The rural schools of the county are competing for it. The board of education is composed of A. S. J. Martin, Petersburg; Jas. A. Tarwater, Runningwater; S. W. Meharg, Plainview; S. S. Sloneker, Plainview; and N. M. Aker-son Hale Center.

At the same time the medal offered by J. M. Adams for the best individual record in Hale County schools will be awarded.

ELLERD A CANDIDATE.

Hon. Reuben M. Ellerd has formally announced as a candidate for Congress from this district. His announcement and statement of platform will be published at an early date, he states.

Mr. Ellerd is well known to the people of the Plains, having lived here for several years. As a successful business man he is known to the commercial and industrial circles of this section.

DILLARD CASE REVERSED.

The Court of Criminal Appeals, on rehearing, reversed the Dillard case last week. J. J. Dillard was convicted of forgery in the District Court of Hale County, and his sentence set at two years' imprisonment in the State penitentiary. The case will be retried in the Hale County District Court.

Dillard is now out on bond at Lubbock.

PETERSBURG PUBLIC SCHOOL CLOSES TUESDAY, JUNE 1.

Next Tuesday the closing exercises of the Petersburg public schools will be held at the school house. This progressive school has had a very successful year.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Howard returned Sunday from a visit in Crosby County.

HALE COUNTY HAS MANY ENTERED IN CONTEST

Texas Industrial Congress Offers \$10,000 in Cash Prizes for Best Crops in Texas Farms.

Twenty-five from Hale County have entered the Texas Industrial Congress contest for better crops. The Congress offers ten thousand dollars in cash to the winners in the different classes.

Among those entered from Hale County are: Werner Oliver, Abernathy, class D; Buford Oliver, Abernathy, class D; Baylis Sloneker, Plainview, classes H, E and D; S. S. Sloneker, Plainview, class D; Annie Wood Howell, Plainview, class D, 6 acres; Murray Howell, Plainview, class D, 2 acres; Ruth Edna Jones, Abernathy, class D, 2 acres; Elytie Marie Shields, Abernathy, class J; Lottie M. Struve, Abernathy, class J; Ralph White, Plainview, class D; Willard F. White, Plainview, classes D and H; L. N. Dalmont, Plainview, class D.

Class D is for storage crops, and is open to all. For the best yields of merchantable grain in the head, cost of production considered, from one acre of either kafir corn, milo maize or fetaria, as the contestant prefers, grown with or without irrigation, \$1,000 in prizes is to be given, divided as follows: First prize, \$200; second prize, \$150; third prize, \$100, and \$550 to be awarded in the discretion of the committee on awards.

Class E is open only to boys and girls ten years of age or over and under twenty on January 1, 1915. The prizes are similar to those offered in class D.

Class H has the same restrictions as class D. The prizes are similar. This is known as the Frank P. Holland Hog Club. The hog must not be more than one year old November 1, 1915. It is to be judged from the butcher's standpoint, and with the cost and method of feeding considered.

Class J is for home and school gardens, and there are \$375 in prizes offered.

LAYNE & BOWLER CLOSE CITY CONTRACTS FOR WELLS.

The Layne & Bowler Company, through their sales manager, L. M. Layne, has closed contracts for wells for city water supply for Salina, Kans., Newton, Kans., and Brookfield, Mo. Each contract specifies two wells, except Brookfield, which is for two or as many as will develop the needed water supply.

T. J. Layne is the local manager of the Layne & Bowler Company. He states that business is good in his line and holds promises of improving much in the near future.

ELEVEN BOUGHT NEW FORDS.

The Ford agency sold last week eleven Ford cars, one each to A. Saunders, Silvertown; J. C. Oliver, Abernathy; E. M. Carter, Plainview; Mrs. J. B. Harper, Lockney; Carl Goodman, Abernathy; D. H. Cooper, Lockney; J. B. Maxey, Plainview; A. N. Childers, Lockney; N. B. Welch, Lockney; R. E. Huson, Plainview, and W. R. Cope, Floydada.

NEW REDUCTION IN KEY RATE ON ACCOUNT OF FIRE TRUCK.

Plainview Now Gets Fire Insurance on Basis of Fifty-Four Cents Per Hundred.

Mayor J. L. Dorsett has received information from the commissioner of banking and insurance to the effect that the key rate for fire insurance in Plainview has been reduced an additional three cents. The rate is now fifty-four cents on the hundred dollars.

During the last sixty days the key rate for Plainview has been reduced eighteen cents.

MRS. MARY A. FLAMM DEAD.

This afternoon at three o'clock the funeral services of Mrs. Mary Anna Flamm were held at the Presbyterian Church by Rev. T. B. Haynie.

Interment was made at the Plainview Cemetery, under direction of W. F. Garner.

Mrs. Robert Alley and Mrs. J. J. Roberts, of Hale Center, were in Plainview Friday.

HOG IS PET ON ENGLISH WARCHIP.



Photo by American Press Association.

PLAINVIEW SENDS ASPARAGUS TIPS TO BIG DENVER HOTEL.

Early Season Orders for Vegetables Exceeded Supply; Is Profitable.

D. C. Aylesworth stated to a representative of The Plainview Evening Herald this morning that he is now shipping one hundred pounds of asparagus tips to the Brown Palace Hotel, in Denver, Colo. The Amarillo Hotel and other hotels of this section are using the product of the Syndicate Demonstration Farm, too.

The season here began about the fifteenth of April, and will last until the tenth of June. Early orders were in excess of the supply. The price paid has been good.

There are three acres in the bed of the Demonstration Farm. The tips are cut daily. From one hundred fifty to two hundred pounds is the daily crop.

NASH ROOMING HOUSE BEING REMODELLED FOR A HOTEL.

W. A. Nash is completing work of remodeling his rooming house. The building is being renovated throughout. He will open a hotel about June first.

HALFWAY SCHOOL CLOSING VERY SUCCESSFUL TERM

Progressive Rural Community Is Paying Maximum Tax; Has Six-Acre Campus, With Trees and Well.

It was the pleasure of the editor of The Plainview Evening Herald to attend the closing exercises of the Halfway Public School Saturday. Appropriate readings and songs were given by the pupils of the school in the morning, and shortly after noon followed one of the best dinners we have ever helped eat—and we helped, too!

Professor D. M. Green taught this progressive school. He has been elected as principal of the Olton school for next year.

The people of the Halfway district have acquired a six-acre campus, and have planted trees on it. They have installed a windmill to supply water for the school and for their trees. The maximum tax permitted under the law, fifty cents on the hundred dollars, is being paid by these good people. They recently voted bonds for five hundred dollars for the improvement of their school house. More than six hundred dollars have been expended on the grounds this year. R. L. Hooper, J. W. Dye and J. E. Stewart are the progressive trustees of the school.

Awards of honor were given a number of the pupils who had neither been absent nor tardy during the nine months' term. One little girl of eight or nine years lives four miles from the school and has not missed a day nor been tardy. Most of the time she has walked.

RE-INTER REMAINS OF LATE BRISCOE COUNTY SHERIFF.

The body of W. S. Long, late sheriff of Briscoe County, who was killed, was exhumed and carried to Clarendon, where it was re-interred Sunday.

TIME TO PLAN OUR EXHIBIT FOR DRY FARMING CONGRESS

Hale County Made Creditable Showing Last Year, and Should Exceed All Previous Records.

Hale County should begin now to prepare an exhibit for the International Dry Farming Congress which meets in Denver, Colo., September 27-October 9. This will follow soon after the Hale County Fair, which closes September 24, and this county should have a splendid exhibit for the great farm products show. Last year Hale County made a creditable showing, one of which we are justly proud. We should send an exhibit this year which will far exceed the one shown at Wichita, Kansas, last year.

Word has been received that the Government exhibit to be made at Denver will be the greatest one the experts of the Department of Agriculture have yet made.

F. Lamson-Scribner, in charge of the exhibit, says that it will be even greater than the one at San Francisco, which is a credit to the skill of the Department exhibitors.

About 8,000 square feet in the Auditorium will be consumed by the Government exhibit, which will consist of educational displays as well as actual products. There will be cross sections of roads, something to indicate the work of the Bureau of Chemistry, various phases of the work of the Bureau of Plant Industry demonstrates, and every other branch of the useful efforts of the Department of Agriculture to advance the cause of agriculture and rural life betterment.

Professor Lamson-Scribner will visit Denver soon to confer with the Congress and Exposition management relative to the assignment of space and to the exact location of the Government display.

It is very significant that the Government has taken this step, and that the United States Congress, through the effort of President Mondell and Senator Shafroth, particularly, has taken the action it has in the matter of appropriation for the display, and also in the resolution inviting foreign nations to take part in both Congress and Exposition.

The Federal Government thus manifests its great interest, not only in this Congress, but in the work it is doing, and, in this instance, in its relationship to the state of Colorado.

The Government yet owns many millions of acres of arid and semi-arid land in the West, and the action of the Federal Congress and the Department of Agriculture in the support of the International Dry-Farming Congress cannot help but mean that the Government is desirous of creating interest in these regions where some investigation is necessary in order to make the lands productive and to develop these sections.

It must be demonstrated to the people that there are certain conditions which must be followed, under which certain results may be achieved, and that certain seeds and plants can only produce successfully after the closest investigation and trial.

The very fact that the Government will make an exhibit, as indicated in its action in the Federal Congress, ought to make such a display and the many others there of deep interest to the states engaged in dry farming.

All arrangements for the Exposition are progressing as favorably as might be expected at this early date.

FORMER PANHANDLE STOCKMAN VISITS PLAINVIEW COUNTRY.

W. F. White, of Fort Worth, representing the Fort Worth National Life Insurance Company, is in Plainview on business. Mr. White is an old-time resident of the Panhandle section, having operated in the ranch and cattle business in Donley County for years. He has many personal friends in the Plainview country.

ATTENDING STATE GRAIN DEALERS' ANNUAL MEETING.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Shipley, L. F. Cobb, E. T. Coleman and M. M. Bonner are in Galveston this week attending the meeting of the State Grain Dealers' Association. The State Coal Dealers' Association is also meeting in Galveston.

ITALY IS NOW AT WAR WITH AUSTRIA HUNGARY

MONTHS OF PREPARATION FINDS HER WITH EFFICIENT ARMY AND STRONG NAVY.

IS ELEVENTH TO JOIN ARMS

War Party Arose and Populace Demanded That Nation Go to War; Move on Austrian Frontier.

ROME, via Paris, May 23, 11:55 p. m.—Italy is at war with Austria-Hungary. With the issuance of the general mobilization order, the Italian Government issued a proclamation declaring war on Austria, which officially will begin tomorrow.

Prior to this and after a lengthy consultation, the Ministers of War and Marine proclaimed all provinces bordering on Austria and the islands and coast towns of the Adriatic in a state of war, which was equivalent to the establishment of martial law, the step usually preceding the formal declaration.

Although drastic action has been looked for momentarily, Italians of all classes have been electrified by the swiftly moving events. Early this morning great crowds gathered around the Quirinal to await the Ministers who called on the King for the purpose of discussing the situation and signing decrees.

When Premier Salandra and Signor Sonnino, the Foreign Minister, left the palace, the people cheered them enthusiastically. General Zuppell, Minister of War, and Vice Admiral Viale, Minister of Marine, remained with the King for a considerable time after the others left, and later they had a conference with Lieutenant General Cadorna, chief of staff, and Vice Admiral Phaul Di Revel, chief of the naval staff.

When the first blow will be struck can not be foretold, but after many months of preparation the army, which has been greatly strengthened, and the navy, are ready. Exceedingly strong forces are in position all along the Austro-Italian frontier, on the Austrian side of which feverish preparations have been going on the last few days to make the fortifications as strong as possible and to clear the way for effective artillery action.

The German Ambassador, Prince von Bulow, and the Austrian Ambassador, Baron von Macchio, who was given his passport at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, are still in Rome, so far as is known. They have waited to the last, doubtless in the hope that some way might be found to prevent a clash of arms. They will be given safe conduct when they leave, and so far as German and Austrian residents in Italy are concerned, every effort has been made to see them safely out of the country.

On the other hand, most alarming reports have been received from the Italian border towns that Italian residents in the Austrian Tyrol are experiencing great difficulty in returning to Italy, and in many cases have been isolated under arrest.

From Germany come reports that considerable resentment is felt in official quarters there against what is alleged to be the obstinacy of the Austrian diplomacy responsible for the failure of the negotiations with Italy initiated by Prince von Bulow, the German Ambassador. The suggestion had been made that Austria should be left alone to fight Italy, but pledges taken by the German general staff and by the German Emperor personally with Emperor Francis Joseph, resulted in the triumph of those advocating Austro-German solidarity even in a new war against Italy.

Eleventh Nation to Join Arms.

The entrance of Italy into the world war brings the number of states engaged up to eleven. Italy, allied with Germany and Austria-Hungary since 1882 in the Triple Alliance, was called upon last summer shortly after the assassination of the Austrian Crown Prince, at Sarajevo, Bosnia, to support the Germanic Empires. She declined, and there began a series of diplomatic negotiations which soon resolved themselves into efforts on the part of Germany and Austria-Hungary to induce Italy to remain neutral.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

My Best Recipe

A Column of Practical Household Hints by the Best Housewives on the South Plains

Original 1, 2, 3.
To Make Cold Biscuits.
Mix the biscuits, toast and butter, lay in a shallow pan, and cover with any kind of fruit and sugar, then another layer of biscuits and fruit, butter and sugar. Add some water if not enough juice. Bake 20 minutes. Serve with cream.

To Fry an Old Chicken.
To cook a chicken that is too old to fry, cut up the same as for fried chicken, and dredge heavily with flour. Have a big bake pan on the top of stove with plenty of hot grease. Sear each piece of chicken and sprinkle more flour on top. Add boiling water, and set in oven and bake slowly until tender. Baste occasionally. When tender you have a nice thick gravy.

To Keep Mites Away.
To keep mites and lice out of hen house and to use up old meat scraps, take 1½ gallons of boiling water, 1

can of lye, 1 gallon of cracklings or meat scraps, and boil until it looks greasy. Take off of stove and paint hen boxes, roosts and walls. I use an old broom. If this is done early the mites will have no place to breed. Mites can't breed in grease.

Meat Loaf.
Get from the butcher two pounds of ground meat, preferably equal parts of beef, veal, and pork. Add a cupful of ground cracker crumbs, two beaten eggs, salt and pepper, and bay leaf (or onion salt). Work together and make a firm loaf. Roll in egg and sprinkle with cracker crumbs. Put in the oven and bake with little water; baste from time to time. When cool, cut in slices and arrange on a platter, and garnish with parsley or mint leaves.

Quince Honey.
Five pounds granulated sugar; add just enough water to dissolve it, and let come to a boil. Skim it well. Add six grated quinces, boil twenty minutes, and put in jelly glasses.

to do something for the worthy poor oys, so he bought pure-bred gilts and oaned them to 20 boys. These boys must join the pig club and do all that is required by its rules. This fall their gilts must be bred and next spring two gilts must be delivered to the owner t weaning time. When the boys have complied with all the requirements, he mother and remainder of the litter become the property of the boy. The two gilts delivered by the boys are in arm loaned to two other boys in the county, who are required to do as the first boys did. This plan is now in operation in two counties.

"The school-house pig" is a new and popular phrase of extension of pig production in Georgia. A patron of the school gives a shoat or pig to the pupils. The big boys build a pen under the shade of some trees on the school-house grounds. The little boys o into the woods and collect pine needles and make the bed. Others uild a shelter over the corner of the en and construct a feed trough. The irls, for surely the girls are interest-ed, collect all the scraps from the urch baskets at noon and feed them o the pig. The pupils also bring to school, occasionally, an ear of corn or their pet pig. On Saturdays and undays a boy living near the school oes the feeding. Some of the schools arbecute the pig at the end of the ear; others hold an auction, and with the money buy library books or something for the school room.

Care must be exercised that the pig not overfed. At one place in Geor-ia he was fundered twice in one week. At another school the patrons wondered what was wrong. The chil-ren came home at night hollow to their heels and toted away in their inner baskets each morning enough ood food to gorge a hungry harvest and. In time they discovered that a ig in a pen on the school grounds was apidly growing as large one way as he other.

All of the breeders who offered to ell pure-bred pigs to members last ear at \$10 each have renewed their ffer this year, and a few new names f breeders have been added to the list of those co-operating to place Georgia n a pure-bred basis. The State is de-veloping a new standard of agricul-ure, due largely to the activity of the avenue farmer. This new agriculture pells pure-bred pigs and 100 bushels f corn to the acre. Last year 3,200 members of corn clubs raised an ave-ge of 55 bushels of corn on an acre f land, while the average yield of corn par acre in the whole State was under 28 bushels. The pig-club boys, in ome instances, raised pork at three ents per pound.

BIRDS DEFEAT AEROPLANES.

The little humming bird can do bet-er than the aeroplane, for in its mi-ration across the Gulf of Mexico it lies over 500 miles in a single night, early all birds, in fact, show in their oaring and sailing that they are pro-licent in the use of several factors in he art of flying that have not yet been mastered either in principle or prac-ice by the most skillful of modern viators. A vulture or a crane, after few preliminary wing beats, sets its wings and mounts in wide sweeping circles to a great height, overcoming ravity with no exertion apparent to human vision even when assisted by he most powerful telescopes.

Mrs. J. E. Mayfield, of Nacogdoches, who has been visiting her brother, Geo. S. Farris, is in Lubbock visiting her father.

In Lighter Vein

Advertising Vs. Praying.

From the National Monthly.
The small daughter of a Little Rock family had been praying each evening at bedtime for a baby sister.

The other morning her mother, reading the paper, exclaimed: "I see Mrs. Smith has a little daughter."

"How do you know that?" asked the child.

"I read it in the paper," answered the mother.

"Read it to me," said the daughter.

The mother read: "Born—on March —, to Mr. and Mrs. — on Smith, a daughter."

The child thought a moment, then said: "I know what I am going to do. I am going to quit praying and begin advertising."

Making a Distinction.

"What is the difference," asked the teacher, "between caution and cowardice?"

Johnny, who observed things carefully for so youthful a person, answered:

"Caution is when you're afraid, and cowardice is when the other fellow's afraid."—Ladies' Home Journal.

The other day I told my son to wash himself. He asked, "Where are we going?" I told him that it made no difference where we were going, but he must wash himself. Then he replied, "How do you expect me to know how to wash myself when I don't know where we are going? There is a difference way for every place."—Selected.

The German Knew.

Pat—"Und I say, Hans, Oireland has produced th' greatest ejuicators in th' world, and—"

"Yes," interrupted the German, "take for instance the wheelbarrow. It is the greatest educator. Vy? Hilt has taught the Irish to walk on ther hint feet!"

An Exploded Bluff.

The young lawyer had opened his office that very day, and sat waiting for clients. A step was heard outside, and the next moment a man's figure was silhouetted against the ground glass of the door. Hastily the legal fledgling stepped to the brand-new telephone, and, taking down the receiver, gave every appearance of being deep in a business conversation.

"Yes, Mr. Smith," he was saying as the man entered, "I'll attend to that corporation matter for you. Mr. Jones had me on the 'phone this morning, and wanted me to settle a damage suit, but I had to put him off, as I'm so busy with other cases just now. But I'll try to sandwich your matter in between my other cases, somehow. Yes, yes. All right. Good-bye."

Hanging up the receiver, he turned to his visitor, having, as he thought, duly impressed him. "Excuse me, sir," the man said, "but I'm from the telephone company. I've come to connect your instrument."

He Knew.

"My son, do you know where little boys go to who go fishing on the Sabbath day?"

"Yes. Get your hat and folier me. I'll show you the place."

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK HAS GOOD BUSINESS.

Eighty-six feet of loans represents the money placed in circulation by the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas. Yesterday the clerks in the loan department footed up the notes placed in the bank as collateral for loans to banks in Texas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, representing the Eleventh Federal Reserve District, and the adding machine slip measured eighty-six feet. The total loans amounted to \$6,023,888.63.

The Dallas bank has grown daily since its organization, and today it is one of the three leading banks, in point of business, in the Federal reserve system. Out of the total loans, \$3,651,555.06 represents loans of sixty days' time, which is considered the short-time paper. The remaining \$2,378,033.57 represents the loans of longer time duration.

Officials of the bank say the demand for short-time loans indicates that the banks of the Eleventh District are in splendid condition and need money for short time only. The total loans represents the amount of business now in force.

All of the paper held as security by the Federal Reserve Bank are notes given to the country banks by farmers, stockmen and merchants. These notes are sent to the Federal Reserve Bank and rediscounted. The column of figures representing the total loans of

the bank were single-spaced and continuous as they come from the adding machine.

Kidney Pills. Residents of this vicin-

ity are constantly testifying. Mrs. R. B. Meek, 813 North Spring St., Tyler, Texas, says: "About two years ago I used a couple of boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and found them to be a speedy cure for that dull, nagging ache in the back and other an-

noyances arising from disordered kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills are a fine medicine."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Meek had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

IS IT YOUR KIDNEYS?

Don't Mistake the Cause of Your Troubles.

Many people never suspect their kidneys. If suffering from a lame, weak or aching back they think that it is only a muscular weakness; when urinary trouble sets in they think it will soon correct itself. And so it is with all the other symptoms of kidney disorders. That is where the danger often lies. You should realize that these troubles often lead to dropsy or Bright's disease. An effective remedy for weak or diseased kidneys is Doan's

JUST VULCANIZING

We do tire and tube repair work—and that's all. This attention to one single kind of work means quick and effective service. We guarantee our work.

TRY US
HOOPER RUBBER COMPANY
With Brown Motor Co.

Cash Grocery Company

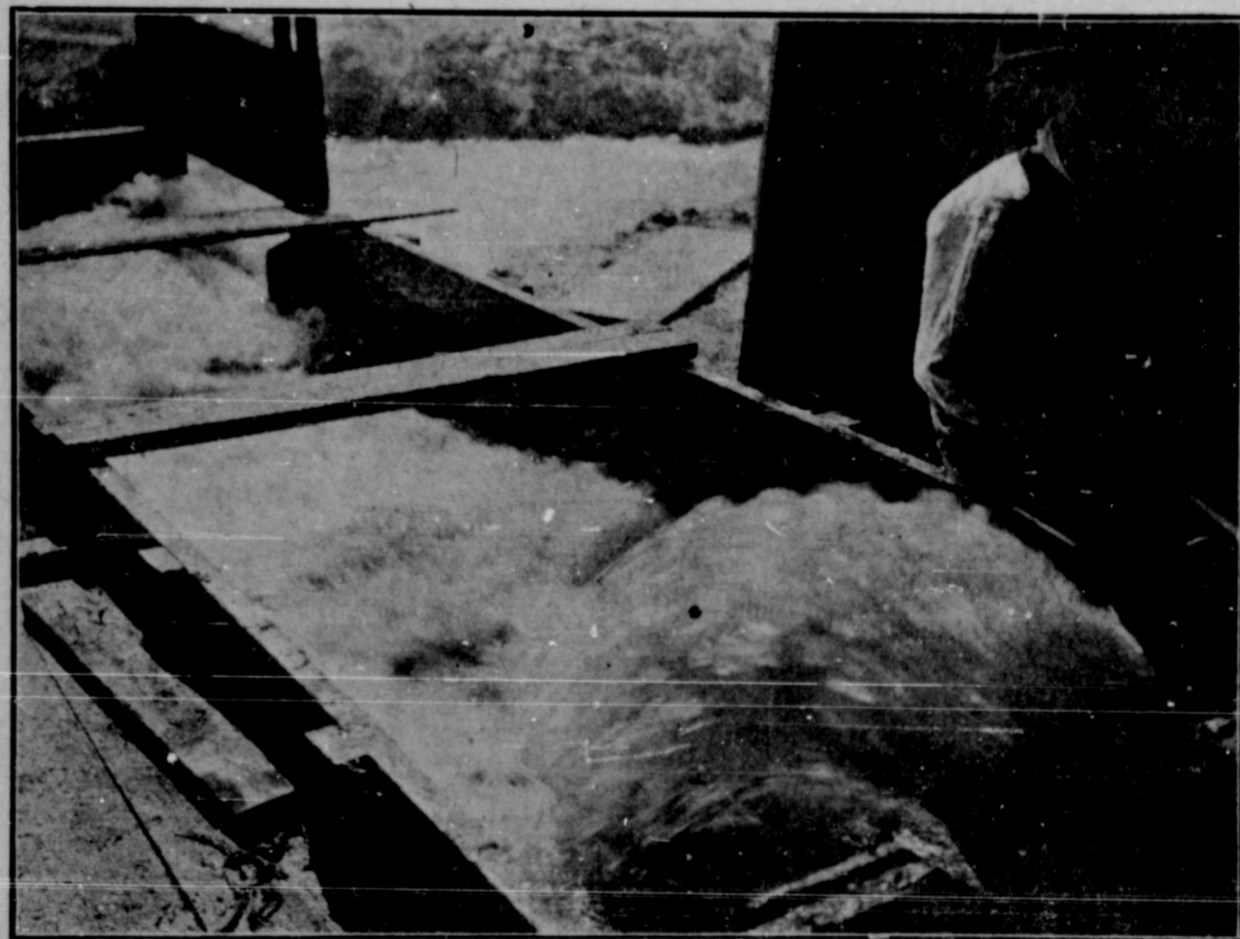
Pure Food Products

Phone 101

The Cash Grocery Co. will open June 1st in the building next door to the Mae I. Theatre with a full and up-to-date line of Pure Food Products. We will deliver \$2.50 worth and over.

We aim to serve our customers with pure and wholesome eatables and will be pleased with a liberal share of your patronage. Be sure to take advantage of our cash prices.

Olin Brashear, Mgr., Phone 101



The Biggest Irrigation Well In Hale County for Sale

See Dr. White's Irrigated Farms Before You Buy

Eleven Farm Homes Nearer Town for Less Money. District School On the Property

NO CASH PAYMENT DEMANDED WILL BE SOLD ON 20 YEARS TIME

Wells Complete With Layne & Bowler Equipment. 4 1-2 Miles S. E. of Plainview



PROUD as you are of the daughter, and proud as she is of graduation honors—there is soon but a memory of such events unless a portrait keeps the record of each milestone of youth.

Our styles of school pictures are appropriate to the occasion.

Make the Appointment Early

Cochrane's

Story of the Liberty Bell

The fact that the Liberty Bell is soon to be moved across the continent for display at the San Francisco Exposition has brought that historic relic into the limelight. This priceless relic of American Independence shares with the parchment copy of the Declaration of Independence the love and veneration of every true citizen of the United States. The Liberty Bell is a symbol that our Nation is the "land of the free and the home of the brave."

It may seem strange that the Liberty Bell is not an American bell at all, but an English bell, made in England by English workmen. That came about because, when the assembly of the province of Pennsylvania decided, in 1751, to buy a bell for the new state house, there were no bell casters in America competent to make such a large order.

So the assembly appointed Isaac Norris, Thomas Leech and Edward Warner, the superintendents of the state house, a special committee to see about buying a new bell. The custodians decided to order the bell from London, so they sent a letter to Robert Charles, who was agent for the province of Pennsylvania in London then, asking him to see to having a bell cast. Their letter was as follows:

"Respected Friend Robert Charles: The assembly having ordered us (the superintendents of the statehouse) to procure a bell from England to be purchased for their use, we take the liberty to apply ourselves to thee to get us a good bell, of about two thousand pounds weight, the cost of which we presume may amount to about one hundred pounds sterling, or, perhaps, with the charges, something more. We hope and rely on thy care and assistance in the affair, and that thou wilt procure and forward it by the first good opportunity.

"Let the bell be cast by the best workmen and examined carefully before it is shipped, with the following words well shaped in large letters around it, viz:

"BY ORDER OF THE ASSEMBLY OF THE PROVINCE OF PENNSYLVANIA FOR THE STATEHOUSE IN THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, 1752.

"And underneath:
"PROCLAIM LIBERTY THROUGHOUT ALL THE LAND UNTO ALL THE INHABITANTS THEREOF." Levit. xxv: 10.

"As we have experienced thy readiness to serve this province on all occasions, we desire it may be our excuse for this additional trouble from thy assured friends.

"ISAAC NORRIS,
"THOMAS LEECH,
"EDWARD WARNER."

A Model in Westminster Abbey.

The confidence of the superintendents in Mr. Charles was not misplaced. He busied himself immediately in making the preliminary arrangements to have the bell cast. He found that Thomas Lester, who had a shop in Whitechapel, was London's best bell maker. Lester was given the order. A famous bell of Westminster Abbey, known as "Big Tom," was used as a model. "Big Tom" had been made at the order of King Henry III in memory of Edward the Confessor.

In due time the bell was made. It weighed a few pounds more than the two thousand the superintendents specified. It was twelve feet in circumference at the base and stood four feet in height. Mr. Charles had the bell packed carefully and delivered to Captain Budden, a famous sea captain of those days, who was very popular in Philadelphia.

Captain Budden arrived at Philadelphia in his ship some time in August, 1752. The provincial assembly and many prominent men of Philadelphia escorted the bell to the statehouse. Preparations were made to test it.

An unfortunate thing happened at the first stroke of the clapper. The side of the huge bell cracked. Isaac Norris, writing a letter about that time, said:

"It was cracked by a stroke of the clapper without any other violence as it was hung up to try the sound."

Everyone in Philadelphia felt sorry that the bell could not be run after waiting so many months to get it. It seemed as though there was only one thing to do, send the bell back to England to be recast.

Americans Take the Task.

While the bell was waiting for a ship to sail back to England, two young Americans named Pass and Stow went to the superintendents and said they believed they could recast the bell. After some dickering the task of recasting was given the two enterprising young men.

They set to work. First the bell

was melted and several small bells made, to test the metal. The workmen decided more copper was needed, so one and a half ounces of copper to each pound of bell metal was poured in. The bell was recast.

Again the ceremony of trying out was held. This time the bell did not crack, but it refused to give any but a dull and harsh sound. Philadelphia was disappointed once more. Almost everyone in the city talked about the bell. And many people chided the two young men who had recast it. Isaac Norris wrote about that in one of his letters, saying that Pass and Stow "were so teased by the witticisms of the town that they asked permission to cast it over again."

They obtained that permission, and the bell again was melted. This time it was a success, and April 17, 1753, two years after the bell was ordered first, the formal raising was held. Evidently the formal raising must have been quite a social affair, for there is a memorandum in the Philadelphia archives today that shows that about \$30 was spent by the city for beef, ham, potatoes, rum and beer to entertain the workmen who assisted at the raising.

For the next twenty-three years Liberty Bell lived a most uneventful life. It was rung now and then to call the assembly to session. The watchman swung its heavy clapper to announce the time of day to Philadelphians. Its tones warned all children each night at curfew time that they should hurry home. On days of public festivity the bell added its joyous notes to the other clamor of the city.

Liberty Throughout the Land.

The event which made it such a priceless relic of our Liberty took place July 8, 1776. A great many people believed that July 4 was the day, but old documents tell us the bell was not rung the day the Declaration of Independence was signed, except in the usual routine.

The Declaration of Independence was proposed to the Continental Congress, then sitting in Philadelphia, June 7. The committee worked on the draft until July 2. July 4 it was adopted, which is the reason that day forever is a holiday in the United States.

July 8 was selected as the day when the Declaration should be read to the people of Philadelphia. About 11 o'clock that morning Andrew McNair, the bell ringer of the statehouse, grasped the rope and began to "proclaim Liberty throughout all the land."

A story goes that while he was holding the rope, ready to start, his little grandson rushed up to the belfry crying: "Ring, grandpa, ring!"

All the bells of Philadelphia joined in the chorus with the Liberty Bell. Within a few minutes the townspeople

had gathered in front of the statehouse. An old paper of that date said that the bells of Christ Church "joined in as merrily, aye, and as steadily, as if the Rev. Jacob Duché, its pastor, had that day espoused the patriot cause." The Rev. Jacob Duché was a staunch adherent to the king.

When the bells stopped their ringing, John Nixon, attended by the Philadelphia committee of safety and the sheriff with his badge of office, came out on the steps of the statehouse and read the Declaration of Independence to the people. A hush as still as death was over the city while his voice spoke the great words. But hardly had he finished the last sentence when Andrew McNair grabbed the rope again and once more the old bell sounded its note of defiance to all oppressors.

"Cornwallis Is Taken."

Throughout the long days of the Revolutionary War the Liberty Bell announced the various tidings of the gallant little army of General Washington to the city. When the British captured Philadelphia the Liberty Bell almost fell into their possession. Had they captured it, it is probable that the bell would have been melted down and cast into cannon.

Guarded by two hundred South Carolina and Virginia dragoons of the American army, the bell was carried on a transport wagon to Trenton, then to Bethlehem and finally to Allentown, Pa., where it hung in Zion Church until the British troops had been forced to leave Philadelphia. It was then brought back and returned to its place in the statehouse.

When Cornwallis surrendered, at Yorktown, it was the Liberty Bell that announced the news to Philadelphia. The glad tidings came at night. As the bell rang the hour, all over the city the watchmen cried, "All's well, and Cornwallis is taken."

In the years after war the Liberty Bell rang out on all days of city, state and national importance. It tolled for the death of Washington, December 26, 1799. September 28, 1824, it hailed with joy the visit of General Lafayette to Philadelphia, and ten years later, when the brave friend of American liberty died, it added its voice to the Nation's grief. It was one of the greatest honors that Philadelphia could pay to the memory of a man to

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toll the Liberty Bell the day of his funeral.

It continued to sound its voice on occasions until July 4, 1835. The funeral of John Marshall, chief justice of the United States, was held that day. While the bell was doing honor to his memory a change in its tone was noticeable to all within hearing. If resonant ring disappeared and only a dull sound was heard. An inspection was made and it was found that the Liberty Bell had cracked from the lip about twenty-nine inches upward toward the crown.

Now Forever Silent.

The crack was drilled out in hopes that the tone of the bell could be preserved, but to no avail. The tone that had proclaimed liberty was gone forever.

Until 1885 the Liberty Bell had never left Philadelphia except for its trip to Allentown during the Revolutionary War. In 1885 the bell was placed on a special train and taken to New Orleans, where it remained on exhibition at the World's Industrial Cotton Exposition.

In 1893 it was in Chicago at the World's Columbian Exposition, in 1895 at the Cotton States and Atlantic Ex-

position, at Atlanta, in 1902 at the South Carolina Interstate and West

Indiana Exposition, at Charleston, in 1903 at the anniversary celebration for the battle of Bunkers Hill, at Boston,

in 1904 at the Louisiana Purchase Ex-

position, at St. Louis. In 1908 the bell made a journey through the streets of Philadelphia during that city's Founder's Week celebration.

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The Plainview Evening Herald

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GENIUS UNESSENTIAL TO SUCCESS.

So often we hear men sigh for the genius of this great man or that great man. Genius is unessential to success. If only men of genius were marked to be successful, how few successful men there would be! It is interesting to Americans to know the attitude of our great men on the question of genius.

"To work, and not to genius, I owe my success," is the pithy utterance of Daniel Webster.

"Talent is that which is in a man's power; genius that in whose power man is," said James Russell Lowell.

"Genius is nine-tenths hard work," is a statement often quoted and attributed to Ralph Waldo Emerson.

"It is a matter of fact that the boy who makes the highest record in school, the boy who learns a lesson in a minute, often lacks the power to retain, whereas the boy who finds it necessary to put forth a superb effort to learn generally retains what he learns," is the statement of a prominent South Plains educator.

A capacity for hard work, bull-dog tenacity, grit and determination, are the chief essentials of success. Genius is unessential.

A CHILD'S TOOTH.

A child's tooth was the most important thing in the world to a group of scientific, learned men in an Eastern city a few weeks ago. Just a child's tooth, with a cavity eaten into its side.

The great doctors bent over that tooth, threw enlarged pictures of it on a screen, and one of them told why the tooth decayed and why the welfare of the human race demanded that it should not decay.

Nine-tenths of us believe that it is natural for a child's tooth to decay. But these learned men say that every tooth should remain intact until its work is done.

Bad teeth are centers of infection. They help to poison the system. Germs from the decayed organ are carried into all other parts of the system. Bad teeth open the way to malnutrition, which offers a substantial foundation for all disease which attacks the child's body, and makes the organisms subject to attacks. Malnutrition retards growth, opens up the way for tuberculosis and other infectious diseases and nervous disorders.

A child with bad teeth must be unusual if he doesn't grow up to be a "second."

The leading physicians of this country are waking up to the importance of keeping a child's first teeth sound and healthy until they are forced out by the permanent teeth.

Boston has a privately endowed hospital, known as the Forsyth Dental Infirmary, where the most expert dentists care for the teeth of all children up to sixteen years of age who apply for treatment, free of charge.

A dental clinic for the children of the public schools has just recently been opened in Washington.

We people of the smaller cities and rural districts shrink from the clinic. We do not find it necessary, for our population is not congested and we do not have the dependent poor in large numbers like the centers of population. But we often are negligent with a child's teeth.

So often a child with a bright face, scrupulously cleaned, and neatly combed hair, has ill kept teeth. Good, sound, clean teeth are essential to health. The toilet of the mouth is even more essential than the toilet of the face, for unkempt hair and a dirty face don't seriously affect a child's health. Neglected teeth are a real menace.

DAVID, POET OF THE OUT OF DOORS.

(Kansas City Star.)

The heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament showeth His handiwork.

"Day unto day uttereth speech, and night unto night showeth knowledge.

"There is no speech nor language where their voice is not heard."

The great and simple truth that David spoke thrills us as much today as it must have thrilled the warriors and the herdsmen of Judea to whom he sang it first. "The heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament showeth His handiwork." Who has not lain beneath "the deep blue dome" and watched the myriad stars, far points of light, and felt something of wonder and reverence? Who has not in the poorer, "The firmament showeth His handiwork." In the long nights of summer, when Orion burns bright, and over the snow-covered earth, when the stars seem to crack and sparkle in the cold, you have seen and been glad. "There is no speech nor language where their voice is not heard." Indeed, it gives us a curious sense of nearness and kinship with the psalmist.

David was many things—king, warrior, poet, musician, worshipper. He was a poet of the out-of-doors, of the hills, the valleys, the little rivers. Among these things he had grown up, a shepherd boy. He had about him something of that large simplicity which comes to those who live close to Nature. He never ceased to wonder at the beauty of the sunsets and sunrises, nor to delight in them. The sun and the moon were miracles which could never become commonplace. "Thou makest the outgoings of the morning and evening to rejoice," wrote the psalmist. And he gives us a picture of night:

"He appointeth the moon for his seasons: the sun knoweth his going down.

"Thou makest darkness, and it is night; wherein all the beasts of the forest do creep forth.

"The young lions roar after their prey, and seek their meat from God.

"The sun ariseth, they get them away, and lay them down in their dens."

This was the David who, as a boy, had slain the lion and the bear that came down to kill his father's sheep; this was the David of long summer days among the hills, of drowsy noontides, with the hum of insects heard and the birds' voices hushed; days of dreaming and wondering and watching; watching the conies scampering among the rocks, and the eagle, balancing, wheeling, far up in the blue sky.

Where else did he pluck such phrases as "thy youth is renewed like the eagle's," and "If I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea"? Where else but from watching the great soaring birds, watching and wondering about the far countries they had seen?

The still waters, the green pastures were familiar, every-day things to the boy David. As King David his heart may well have gone back to them with yearning—"as the hart panteth after the water brooks."

The clouds were chariots to David; war chariots sometimes as they rolled along before the wind of an approaching storm; from them came the rumble of battle, the flashing of spears. We do not know whether it was David or another psalmist who wrote the wonderful description of a storm at sea which is in Psalm 107; at any rate, it is the vivid picturing of one who had himself seen from a small boat the thing of which he wrote.

"Those that go down to the sea in ships, that do business in great waters; these see the works of the Lord and His wonders in the deep.

"For He commandeth and raiseth the stormy wind, which lifteth up the stormy waves thereof. They mount up to the heavens, they go down again to the depths; their soul is melted, because of trouble. They reel to and fro, and stagger like a

drunken man, and are at their wit's end.

"Then they cry unto the Lord in their trouble, and He bringeth them out of their distresses. He maketh the storm a calm, so that the waves thereof be still. Then they are glad because they be quiet; and He bringeth them unto their desired haven."

And of a different sort of storm did David write; of the gentle rain which makes glad the hilltops and the valleys, which falls upon the dry land and blesses the pastures and grain fields. Had he not seen the hills washed into brightness after drought?

"Thou visitest the earth and waterest it; thou greatly enrichest it with the river of God, which is full of water; thou preparest them corn when thou hast so provided for it.

"Thou waterest the ridges thereof abundantly; thou settlest the furrows thereof; thou makest it soft, with showers; thou blessest the springing thereof.

"The pastures are clothed with flocks; the valleys also are covered with corn; they shout for joy, they also sing."

Though David was a warrior of no little renown in his day, though he wrote "Blessed be the Lord my God, which teacheth my hands to war and my fingers to fight," we find him, too, crying out bitterly against war and violence. In the end it made his soul sick.

"Woe is me," he cried, "that I sojourn in Mesec; that I dwell in the tents of Kedar! My soul hath long dwelt with him that hateth peace. I am for peace, but when I speak they are for war."

And again: "Rebuke the company of spearmen: scatter thou the people that delight in war."

Long time they hunted David through the hills; all the glamour of fighting may well have faded between the day he slew the giant of Gath and the time when he came to the throne.

And praying for Solomon, he said—Psalm 72, v:

"He shall judge thy people with righteousness and thy poor with judgment.

"The mountains shall bring peace to the people, and he shall save the children of the needy and shall break in pieces the oppressor.

"They shall fear thee as long as the sun and moon endure, throughout all generations. He shall come down like rain upon the mown grass; as showers that water the earth. In his day shall the righteous flourish; and abundance of peace so long as the moon endureth."

A CITY PLANTS ALFALFA.

Each Lot Owner Was Taxed Fifty Cents and the Money Paid to a Man to Put in a Crop.

When, a year ago, Wichita, Kansas, officials found that weeds were going to take possession of a vacant plot as well as neglected city lots, a plan was evolved by which it could be averted. A man was engaged to prepare the lots for alfalfa at a cost of fifty cents each to the owners, to plow, harrow and keep mowed the crops, and the weeds were obliterated in every instance. Many Wichita lots that otherwise would have been rank with unwelcome verdure, were turned into a profitable small hay meadow. The fifty cents that the city collected from the land owners was given to the man who prepared the land, and he was well recompensed. The alfalfa thus raised was utilized in many ways by the owners, and it made itself more than pay for its raising.

Weeds were unknown in Wichita last year where the owners of property bargained with the alfalfa man. And there was the fragrant odor from the growing alfalfa.

Whole City Gets Fresh Hay Odor.

This year, while Wichita city officials named no official alfalfa sower, the man who last year did the work has put in many alfalfa crops of small size, and the weeds have been choked off as a result. The first cutting, this week, gives Wichita the odor of a great big hay field.

It is estimated that more than two thousand tons of alfalfa were cut this week from the numerous small plots in Wichita, and as the price is high it represents a goodly sum. In many cases men who raise home-grown alfalfa feed the crop to the cow or horses and chickens. Hundreds of small transfer men who have a horse and a cow have found growing alfalfa on a small scale very profitable.

Big Alfalfa Farms Gave the Idea.

One of the beauty spots in Wichita is the McKnight farm on the east side of Wichita, which is sown to alfalfa. It consists of nearly one hundred and sixty acres, and lies south of Douglas Avenue and between Hydraulic Avenue and Grove Street. J. Hudson McKnight, the owner, has been offered a big sum for the land, but he refuses and keeps it sown to alfalfa. He cuts four crops a year. The big alfalfa field is adjacent to College Hill, the best residence part of Wichita, and some day will be a fine residence district.

The manner in which the McKnight alfalfa keeps out the weeds first suggested to Wichita officials the plan of using vacant and neglected lots for alfalfa. The plan is more than self-sustaining, and will be carried out on a greater extent next year, it is believed.

AUTO EFFICIENCY RECORD.

The other day at New Haven, Conn., two Yale professors went out and ran a six-cylinder, five-passenger Franklin automobile 55 miles on one gallon of gasoline. It was an official test for the purpose of checking up the efficiency of the air-cooled engine, and apparently the mileage must be believed, but to the average automobilist it seems incredible.

"Music is evidently a necessity of our existence, and the more the taste for it is developed in its highest form, the greater will be our appreciation of the good and beautiful."—Herreros.

TEXAS PROS TO NATIONAL MEET. QUEER NAMES OF STREAM OF IOWA.

DALLAS, Texas, May 25.—The Anti-Saloon workers of Texas are planning to attend in large numbers the biennial National Convention of the Anti-Saloon League of America which is to be held in Atlantic City, New Jersey, July 6th, 7th and 8th. It is said this is to be the largest and most enthusiastic gathering of temperance and prohibition forces ever held in America. The program contains many of the ablest and most widely known speakers.

It is expected that a special train will be run from Texas. Judge A. W. Walker, of Dallas, has been appointed Transportation Manager, and will have charge of all arrangements for the trip.

It is said that the plan of this meeting of prohibition enthusiasts will include a special trip to Washington City and a visit to President Wilson immediately after adjournment of the meeting. Several special trains will be run to Washington, and a monster parade of five thousand or more will march down Pennsylvania Avenue from the Capitol to the White House to call on the President in the interest of National prohibition.

That Iowa is a farming State is reflected in the names of many of the streams that flow through it. First here is a Farm Creek, so that Farmers Creek is not out of place; then there is a Chicken Creek, a Duck Creek, a Goose Creek, a number of Turkey creeks, as well as Pigeon Creek. There are Fox, Hawk, and Rat creeks to devour the domestic animals, and some Crow creeks, while there is also a Fly Creek and Mosquito Creek to worry the summer boarders. Milk and Cold Water creeks are present, likewise a Hog Run and Mud Creek, so that Bacon Creek is not strange. It is fitting that with a Bee Creek and a Bee Branch there should also be a Honey Creek. There are a couple of Cherry creeks, a Crabapple Creek, and plenty of Plum creeks, and for wild animals we have Bear, Beaver, Buck, Crane, Deer, Doe, Elk, Otter, Panther, Raccoon, Skunk, and Wolf creeks. With a Keg Creek there is a Whiskey Creek and a Whiskey Run. Finally, there is a Purgatory Creek.

Miss Margaret Carrick is spending the summer at her home, in Belton.

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SOCIETY

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FEDERATED MISSIONARY SOCIETY MEETS MONDAY.

Ladies Will Discuss in Debate Power of Press and of the Pulpit as a Christian Force.

The Federated Missionary Society will meet Monday afternoon, May 31, at 4 o'clock, in the Presbyterian Church. Everybody is invited.

The program follows:
Song.
Devotional—Led by Mrs. J. O. Roundtree, from the Episcopal Church.

Special Music.

Debate—"Resolved: That the Press is more powerful as a Christian force than the Pulpit." Affirmative—Mrs. T. P. Whitis, from the Methodist Church; Mrs. S. W. Meharg, from the Presbyterian Church. Negative—Mrs. Joseph Fowler, from the Christian Church; Mrs. Dwight Alexander, from the Baptist Church.

While the judges are making their decision, there will be an open discussion of the subject.

Benediction.
MRS. J. W. WILLIS HOSTESS.

Friday afternoon the Halcyon Club met with Mrs. J. W. Willis.

The club colors, white and gold, were carried out in the decorations and menus.

The guests of the hostess were Mesdames Hugh Burch, Farris Frye, Clint Shepard, Theo. Shepard, J. M. Waller, Robt. Malone, Peyton Randolph, J. F. Garrison, R. A. Underwood, W. W. Underwood, L. A. Knight, A. B. Martin, R. W. LeMond, J. J. Lash, W. Y. Price, J. Walter Day, R. E. Meyers, W. E. Armstrong and Mrs. Robert Alley and Mrs. J. J. Roberts, of Hale Center, and Misses Lena Williams, Rebecca Longmire and Annie Maude Davidson, beside the regular club members.

REVIVAL MEETINGS.

Rev. R. A. Highsmith announces that beginning Friday, June 4, a series of revival meetings will be conducted at the First Christian Church. Rev. Percy Cross, of Waco, a warm personal friend of the pastor, will conduct the services.

Rev. J. W. Story, pastor of the First Methodist Church, announces that a series of revival meetings will begin for his church Sunday, June 13. Rev. F. M. Neal, conference evangelist for the Northwest Texas Conference, will conduct the meeting. Professor Huckabee, of Dallas, will have charge of the music for the revival.

CHRISTIAN LADIES' AID GIVES MUSICAL AT MRS. GARRISON'S.

Yesterday afternoon, at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Garrison, the Ladies' Aid of the First Christian Church gave a musicale. There were nine numbers on the program, from such popular musicians as Mrs. H. Grady Lindsay, Miss Nelle Sansom, Miss Mildred Buchheimer, Miss Leona Carter, and others, and Mr. Redmon, little Miss Redmon, and Miss Lindsey, of Fort Worth, the guest of Mrs. B. H. Towery.

A salad course was served.

"FORTY-TWO" PARTY.

Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. Otis Shropshire entertained a few of their friends with a "forty-two" party. Mrs. Shropshire served a delicious salad course and ice tea.

FIVE HUNDRED CLUB.

The Five Hundred Club is meeting with Mrs. J. C. Anderson this afternoon.

PRISCILLA CLUB.

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Priscilla Embroidery Club was held May 26 with Mrs. W. Wise. After an afternoon very profitably and pleasantly spent, the hostess served a dainty luncheon.

Mrs. Hickman very graciously invited the club to hold their next meeting at her home, June 3.

REPORTER.

Mrs. H. F. Hubbard and children have gone to Lubbock, where the family will make its home.

Mrs. H. A. Lindsay has returned from Temple, where she has been for several weeks in a hospital.

Miss Ethel Williams has returned from Silvertown, where she taught school this year.

Miss Gladys Marsalis, who has been the teacher of piano and violin at Seth Ward College, will leave Saturday for Portland, Oregon, where she will pursue her studies during the summer. She will probably open a studio in Amarillo next year.

Miss Dora Bell has returned from Canyon, where she has been attending the West Texas State Normal.

Miss Nell Harp is visiting relatives in Amarillo.

Mrs. D. A. Graves, of Dallas, is visiting her son, G. W. Graves, and family.

Miss Mary Adaline Lamb, principal of Training School at West Texas State Normal College, at Canyon, Texas, is spending the week with her friends Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Bowen, near Aiken.

Mrs. S. Grigsby, who has been visiting her nieces, Mrs. C. R. Houston and Mrs. S. W. Meharg, has returned to her home, in Paris.

Gilbert Hale and family have moved to the Plainview country, from New York State. They have purchased a home and farm from the Texas Land and Development Company.

Robt. Malone went to Canyon this morning, on business.

J. F. Duncan had business in Amarillo through the week-end.

W. R. Simmons had business in Amarillo Saturday.

Farris Frye returned Sunday from Colorado.

Paul Pierson visited his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Pierson, in Amarillo, during the week-end.

W. J. Williams, of Amarillo, is in Plainview today.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith and child returned this morning from Canyon, where they have been visiting relatives.

Professor B. M. Harrison went to Sweetwater on business this morning.

John Conner had business in Amarillo Monday.

E. E. Winn left this morning for Denver, Colo., where he will visit Mrs. Winn, who has been in a sanitarium some several weeks. He will probably be gone two weeks.

Miss Shook, who has been teaching English at Seth Ward College for three years, left this morning for Riviera, where she will spend a short vacation. She will attend the summer school at the University of Texas. Miss Shook has not yet made plans for her next year's work.

Miss Irene Jordan, of Tulsa, who has been visiting her uncle, C. G. Jordan, and family, left Saturday for her home. She was accompanied by her cousin, Mattie Jordan, who will spend the summer with her.

Dr. John S. Hamilton left Saturday for Dalhart, where he will probably locate and practice his profession, dentistry.

Ray Murphy went to Abernathy Saturday to play ball with the Abernathy team against Crosbyton.

Miss Louise Donohoo left Saturday for Roswell, N. M., where she will visit during the summer with Mr. and Mrs. George Slaughtter.

E. Van Deventer returned Saturday from a business trip to Abernathy.

Will Robbins, of Floydada, was in Plainview Saturday en route home from a business trip to the north Panhandle.

A. A. Hatchell returned Saturday from Fort Worth, where he attended the state convention of the Embalmers' Association.

F. F. Perkins, the popular Wayland College baseball pitcher, went to Abernathy Saturday to play baseball.

Rev. W. H. Phillips spent Sunday in Lubbock.

A. B. Martin returned from Austin Saturday.

Tom Poyner, a prominent life insurance man of Waco, is in Plainview on business and visiting his friends, C. R. and J. P. Houston.

Wiley Brashears spent the week-end in Amarillo.

Mrs. L. R. Kier left Saturday for Lubbock, after a visit with her mother, Mrs. Q. Hoyle.

Mrs. Douglas Todd arrived in Plainview Saturday from Amarillo for a visit with the family of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Todd.

Otis Trulove spent the week-end with his family.

W. W. Kirk returned Saturday from a business trip to Amarillo.

Mrs. W. N. Thompson, of Amarillo, arrived yesterday morning for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Gouldy.

Miss Sybil Perry has returned to her home, in Carrizozo, N. M.

Mrs. J. J. Long has returned to Mobeetle, after a visit with the family of her son, Harry Long.

Mrs. Mason Dillingham and child have returned to their home, in Happy, after a visit with relatives.

Miss Louise Carvel, of Floydada, visited Mrs. J. E. Hawley last week.

Barney Baiaru, of Fort Worth, is in Plainview for the summer.

Rev. A. B. Roberts visited his daughter in Lorenzo last week.

Miss Lindsey, of Fort Worth, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. B. H. Towery.

Miss Flora Mae Scudder has returned from Snyder, where she taught a music class.

Mrs. Will Smith has returned from a visit with her parents, in Hereford.

Mrs. H. A. Wofford and children have returned from a visit in Fort Worth.

R. L. McMurtry, of Tulsa, was in Plainview yesterday on business.

Miss Dot Hasford, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Matlock, has returned to her home, in Waxahachie.

Mrs. George Hutchings and little daughter have gone to Atlanta, Ga., where they will join Professor Hutchings, who is singing with a lyceum quartette. They will visit during the summer in Kentucky.

Misses Aileen, Alta, Mary and Marguerite Hall are in Stamford visiting relatives. Their father, W. R. Hall, took them through the country in his auto.

Miss Mary Williams, of the Wayland College faculty, is spending the summer at her home, in Dallas.

Miss Stevens, primary teacher at Wayland Baptist College, is spending the summer at her home, in Cisco.

Mrs. H. E. McCabe, of Lakeview, was in Plainview today.

R. M. Ellerd, J. M. Adams, A. C. Hatchell and others attended the closing exercises of the Silverton Public School Monday night. There were sixteen graduates.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION MEETS MONDAY, MAY 31.

The Commissioners' Court of Hale County will meet Monday, May 31, in the capacity of a board of equalization. The session will last as long as business demands.

LAKEVIEW SCHOOL CLOSES.

Friday night the closing exercises of the Lakeview Public School were held. Mrs. H. E. McCabe and L. D. Griffith taught the school this year. The trustees are Elbert Overton, Jim Ellerd and True Rosser. Nine were given awards of honor for being present on time for the entire year.

KANSAS CITY STOCK MARKET IN DETAIL.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, May 21—Cattle gained strength steadily all week, and closed with good prospects for next week. Packer buyers are concerned about the cattle supply in the immediate future, and inquiries as to the probable run next week were made as to the probable run

RICHARDS BROS. & COLLIER

announce

to June Brides and their friends the carrying in stock

June first to thirtieth nineteen hundred and fifteen

extensive lines of high class Gifts—Cut Glass, Electroliers, Chinaware, Linens, Lingerie, etc.

Trousseau and Accessories

Your presence when making

selections desired

Mail orders filed

Goods sent to home if requested

next week. Order buyers bought some heavy cattle this week, and the competition developed during the week has lifted practically all the beef steers to \$8.00 and upwards. Heavy steers sold up to \$8.85, bulk of the natives \$8.10 to \$8.65, Colorado pulp-fed steers \$8.25 to \$8.75, Western hay-fed steers \$7.75 to \$8.25, Panhandle and Oklahoma fed Westerns \$7.85 to \$8.75, fed quarantine steers \$7.50 to \$8.35, South Texas grass steers at \$7.40, the latter medium quality, weighing 925 pounds. Prime cows sold up to \$7.75, best bulls \$6.50 to \$7.00, veal calves lower, tops \$9.50 to \$10.00.

The supply of cattle this week has run more to beef grades than usual, and the assortment of stockers and feeders has been limited. Shipments of stockers and feeders out has been lightest in several months, and the accumulated demand may cut some figure in the general market next week. Plain fleshy feeders sell around \$8.00, and stock steers \$7.25 to \$8.00, stock cows and heifers scarce and strong, good grades around \$7.00, and choice heifers up to \$8.00.

Hogs are 10 cents higher today, following advances of the last two days. Receipts have dropped down since Tuesday, on which day cool weather offered shippers a good chance to get hogs to market, and the supply reached 23,550 head. Buyers took the big run Tuesday readily, and have bought everything up clean since, at advancing prices, top today \$7.60, bulk of sales at \$7.55, receipts 3,200. Packers show great interest, and were right in front in the competition each day this week.

Sheep and lambs coming are mixed in quality, and deficient in numbers. Prices are not much changed, although Chicago reports a decline of 40 to 50 cents this week. Native spring lambs sold around \$11.00. Texas and Arizona furnish bulk of the supply, muttons at \$7.00 to \$7.85, fat goats \$5.00 to \$5.50, brusher goats \$4.90 to \$5.25. Goats show signs of weakness, but muttons and lambs are scarce and needed.

J. A. RICKART,
Market Correspondent.

Typewriter Paper at The Herald.

REINKEN'S

Clothing Furnishings Walkover Shoes

It is a Fact!

Men and Young Men Our Special Suits at

\$15.00 and \$20.00

Should Attract You to This Store

They are the best values in this city, and we can prove it, if you will make comparisons. The fabrics are in neat checks, overplaids, plain blues and fancy flannels.

Models new and snappy. Sizes for stout, slim and regulars

TRADE IN PLAINVIEW

Reinken's

We Do as We Advertise

LAYNE STEEL SHUTTER GREEN

Surpasses all other makes in point of efficiency, durability and strength.

The screen we are using in irrigation wells in the Plainview District is the same kind with which we are equipping the city supply wells of large cities.

Call at our office and let us tell you more about it.

Layne & Bowler Co.

Phone 505

Plainview, Texas

COW-TESTING A SUCCESS.

Associations Increase as Accurate Records of Milk and Butter Fat Prove Their Usefulness.

One hundred and sixty-three co-operative cow-testing associations were in operation last year in the United States. This is considered to be a rapid growth when it is remembered that the first association in this country was organized in Fremont, Mich., in 1895, and that as late as 1908 only six associations had been formed. The next year, however, the number rose to 25, and it has been increasing rapidly ever since. America is, nevertheless, in this respect still far behind Europe, where there are at the present time between 2,500 and 3,000 such associations, the first having been started in Denmark in 1885.

The principle on which these associations work is both extremely simple and yet important. Year after year many farmers milk cows that do not pay for the feed they consume. Indeed, the average annual production of a cow in this country is approximately 4,000 pounds of milk, containing 160 pounds of butter fat. The best dairymen say there is no profit in such production, and of course there are vast numbers of cows that fall far below these figures. To make his herd a success, therefore, the farmer must weed out the animals that are costing him money and keep those that are bringing it in to him.

This, however, is not so easy as it may seem. Experiments continually show that it is impossible for any man, however experienced he may be, to estimate with any accuracy the yearly production of milk from any cow. Some animals start with a very good production and then drop to a very ordinary flow, while others give a much more regular yield. The latter may at the end of the year have given the farmer much more milk, but he will probably consider the former to be the profitable ones. As a matter of fact, a man can not guess within a quart how much milk there is in a pail, and if he is selling the product of his herd on a butter-fat basis, he knows even less of the yield from each individual animal.

The main purpose of the cow-testing association is to enable its members to hire a tester to keep the records, which in practice it is almost impossible for the farmer to keep for himself. The tester should arrive at the farm in time for the afternoon milking, weigh the milk given by each cow in the herd, and take a sample of it to test for butter fat. At feeding time he weighs the feed given each cow and estimates as well the amount of roughage. He also keeps a record of feed given to dry cows as well as those in milk, for it is obvious that the total cost of feed for the year must be taken into consideration. The following morning the individual production of the herd is weighed again, and if the ration is changed the feed also is weighed. Later in the day the Babcock test is used to determine the percentage of butter fat in each cow's milk. From these figures it is possible to estimate the amount of milk and butter fat given in a month by a cow and set against the amount of feed consumed. This method, of course, does not produce scientific accuracy, but careful tests have shown that the results are within 2 per cent of the cow's actual production.

Another feature of the tester's work is to watch the prices of various feedings and then to work out for the farmer the most economical ration. This, together with the weighing and testing of the milk, will occupy him until it is time for him to leave in order to arrive at the next farm to test the afternoon milkings. Thus the leader devotes one day a month to each member of the association, and limits the number of members to 25 or 26, the number of working days in a month, and defines within somewhat narrow limits the expenses of conducting the association. This has been found to be about \$550 a year, including the salary of the tester, the cost of the acid for the Babcock test, and miscellaneous expenses. All expenses are usually borne by the members in proportion to the number of cows they own. When the herds are large this may be \$1 a cow, but generally it is \$1.50 a year for each cow. To many farmers it may seem unnecessary to hire a man to do work which they themselves are perfectly capable of doing. The answer to this is that while the farmer unquestionably could do it, it is likely that during the pressure of other work he would slight his tests. As a matter of fact, the number of dairymen who actually do keep records of their work for the whole year is insignificant; moreover, it is really cheaper to have it done by the tester than to do it one's self. Experience has made the tester rapid and accurate; he has at his finger's ends the strength of the acid he uses, the amount to charge for roughage and concentrates, and the analyses of all the common feeds. It would take the average farmer a long time to become

familiar enough with all these details to do the work as well as the tester does.

That a cow-testing association actually does pay has been proved beyond all doubt. Since the first organization of this kind was formed, in 1905, 76 for one reason or another have been discontinued. On the other hand, the records of those in operation show excellent financial results. There are seven herds that have remained continuously in the Michigan association ever since it was formed, in 1905. In 1906 they included 50 cows, and in 1912, 69 cows. In 1906 the average yield for each cow was 5,855 pounds of milk and 231.1 pounds of butter fat; in 1913 it was 6,123.4 of milk and 284.7 pounds of fat. In the meantime prices of both feed and dairy products had risen. The profit, however, to the dairymen in the association rose as well. For each cow it was, in 1906, \$22.23, and in 1913 it was \$51.08, or an increase of \$28.85. It certainly paid these dairymen, therefore, to employ a tester, even if it cost them \$1.50 a year for each cow.

Not only do these records show which cows make or lose money for their owners, but they show to what extent each is profitable, the amount of feed given to each cow, and what kinds of feed at prevailing prices produce the most satisfactory financial results.

ORIGINAL O. HENRY MANUSCRIPT AT TEXAS UNIVERSITY.

Three pages of a six-page letter written to Harry Steger by O. Henry, the greatest short story writer since Poe, found on O. Henry's desk after his death, are in the hands of John A. Lomax, secretary of the Alumni Association of the University of Texas. The letter is written in a plain, legible hand with a pencil, as all O. Henry's works were written, and upon rough yellow paper. Mr. Lomax has had the three sheets photographed and has sent negatives to New York City, where cuts will be made from them. A reproduction of the fragments of the letter will appear in a volume of Harry Steger's own correspondence, to be published in the near future.

O. Henry and Harry Steger were close friends. Steger suggested to his friend that he write a novel. O. Henry had never before written anything longer than a short story, and felt pessimistic at first. After considering for a while, O. Henry decided that he could write a novel, and wrote Steger about the plot, and the "hero" of the work. Death prevented the fulfillment of the author's task, and O. Henry's letter to Harry Steger is the only remaining clue to a dream that never materialized.

The letter reads: "The 'hero' of the story will be a man born and raised in a somewhat little Southern town. His education is about a common school one, but he learns afterward from reading and life. I'm going to try to give him a 'style' in narrative and speech—the best I've got in the shop. I'm going to take him through all the main phases of life—wild adventure, city, society, something of the characteristic phases of the phases. I want him to acquire all the sophistication that experience can give him, and always preserve his individual, honest, human view and have him tell the truth about everything. "It is time to say now that by the 'truth' I don't mean the objectionable stuff that so often masquerades

Doughnuts That will remain moist.

Every housewife who bakes her own bread knows that if a little potato is added to the sponge, the bread will not dry out as quickly. In this recipe potato is utilized to make doughnuts that will remain moist and fresh for several days.

K C will be found to have distinct advantages over any other Baking Powder for doughnuts. K C is a double acting baking powder with which a large batch of doughnuts may be mixed and fried a few at a time. The last will be as light and nice as the first.

K C Potato Doughnuts

By Mrs. Nevada Briggs, of Baking School fame.

3½ cups flour; 2 eggs; 1 cup sugar; 1 level teaspoonful K C Baking Powder; ½ teaspoonful salt; ½ teaspoonful mace; 1 cup cold mashed potato; 1 cup milk, or more if needed.

Sift three times, the flour, salt, spice and baking powder. Beat eggs with rotary beater, then still using rotary beater, gradually add sugar, then work in the mashed potato with a spoon and alternately add milk and flour mixture. Make a soft dough, roll into a sheet, cut into rounds, pinch a hole in the center with the finger and fry in deep fat.

Fat for frying should not be hot enough to brown the doughnut until it has risen. When the doughnut is dropped into the fat it sinks to the bottom. As soon as it comes up it should be turned and turned a number of times while cooking. This recipe is excellent as they do not take the fat in frying and will stay moist for days.

under the name. I mean true opinions, a true estimate of all things as they seem to the 'hero.' If you find a word or a suggestive line or sentence in any of my copy, you cut it out and deduct it from the royalties.

"I want this man to be a man of natural intelligence, of individual character, absolutely open and broad minded; and show how the Creator of the earth has got him in a rat trap—put him here 'willy will' (you know the Omar verse); and then I want to show what he does about it. There is always the eternal question from the Primal Source—'What are you going to do about it?'"

"Please don't think for the half of a moment that the story is going to be anything of an autobiography. I have a distinct character in my mind for the part, and he does not at all"—Here the letter leaves off.

These few words that follow form a striking paragraph: "So, as truth is not to be found in history, autobiography, press reports (nor at the bottom of an H. G. Wells) let us hope that fiction may be the means of bringing out a few grains of it."

Miss Spath, who taught in the Central School this year, is spending her vacation at Loraine.

ELLERD & KIRK
Lawyers
Plainview, Texas
Will Practice in All the Courts.

Free---a Pocket Coin Container

Call at the Citizens National Bank and receive one free—

It will help you to save the loose change that so easily slips away--You don't have to open an account.

Just say you saw this advertisement in The Herald.

Citizens National Bank
Capital \$100,000



Almost Like a Face-to-Face Chat

Mr. Jones had gone to a distant city on business to be away for several days, and had left his wife on the farm with no companion, except a small child.

But she was not lonesome, for each day her husband called up for a few 'minutes' chat by Long Distance Bell Telephone.

Have you a Telephone connected to the Bell System?
Southwestern Tel. & Tel. Co.

LIV-VER-LAX Acts Surely, Safely

Just because you are feeling the ill effects of a torpid liver is no excuse for buying a harmful medicine that has brought physical decay to thousands. Calomel is dangerous and as everyone knows is very disagreeable and weakening after effects. Medical science has found a natural, vegetable remedy, GRIGSBY'S LIV-VER-LAX that thoroughly cleanses the liver and bowels without causing any bad feeling. Children can take it with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 a bottle. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by J. W. WILLIS DRUG CO.

DR. S. C. ROSS, D. V. M.,
Veterinary Surgeon
and Obstetrician.
Graduated Kansas City Veterinary College April 8, 1915.
Calls Answered Day or Night.
Lockney, Texas.

CALOMEL DYNAMITES A SLUGGISH LIVER

Crashes Into Sour Bile Making You Sick, and You Lose a Day's Work.

Calomel salivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with sour bile it crashes into it, causing cramping and nausea.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful, and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker harmless to both children and adults.

Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine; no biliousness, sick headache, acid stomach or constipated.

A package of Bryant Candy is ready for you at THE HERALD OFFICE. Get the want ad. —Adv. if

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 25c.

bowels. It doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all the next day like violent calomel. Take a dose of calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak, sick and nauseated. Don't lose day's work! Take Dodson's Liver Tone instead and feel fine, full of vigor and ambition. —Adv.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NAT. BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Smiles of the Satisfied Are the Smiles That Count

In thousands and thousands of homes this morning, and yesterday---for years and years---there have been happy smiles over

Post Toasties

---and cream.

These crispy, sweet bits of choicest Indian Corn, wonderfully seasoned, cooked and toasted, were never better than they are now.

Post Toasties

---the Superior Corn Flakes

With cream or fruit, how "The Memory Lingers!"

Take a Sack of Harvest Queen Flour

On your auto-camping trip. You can have fresh bread and it won't dry out--the ants and bugs won't bother and you'll enjoy the trip more. No matter what the occasion if there's eating to be done Harvest Queen Flour will serve you well.

HARVEST QUEEN MILLS

Plainview, Texas

FIVE THEATRE TICKETS
FREE EACH ISSUE. GIVEN TO
THE FIRST FIVE PERSONS
PHONING MISPELLED WORD
IN THE WANT ADS.

THE EVENING HERALD'S
LIVE WANT AD PAGE
TELEPHONE NO. 72

BRYANT CANDY PACKAGE
FREE TO EVERY CHILD WHO
BRINGS TO THE HERALD PAID
WANT AD AMOUNTING TO 25
CENTS OR MORE.

We are in the market for Dry and Green Hides in any quantity. RUCKER PRODUCE COMPANY. —Adv. tf.

We are in the market for Dry and Green Hides. Highest prices. ALLEN & BONNER, Coal and Grain Dealers. —Adv. tf.

HOGS FOR SALE. A few choice registered Duroc-Jersey Boars. HELEN TEMPLE FARM. —Adv. tf.

FARM AND RANCH LOANS

Six per cent; five years' time; optional payment privileges. M. F. YOUNG, Gen. Agt. Office, north side square. tf.

Go to the City Bakery and see DAVENPORT'S Crispette Machine. 4t.

Strawberries and all of the Fresh Fruits and Vegetables which come to the local markets will be found at VICKERY-HANCOCK'S. tf.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Good rubber-tired top buggy and harness. A classy young man's buggy. J. F. DUNCAN, JR. tf.

If you have a Ford you want to get rid of or are looking for a good second-hand Ford, see W. E. WINFIELD & SON. 1t.

FOR RENT—2 unfurnished rooms; light, phone and water. First house north of Young's Boarding House. MRS. R. M. HARP. 2t.

WANTED. Vendor Lien Notes, or will make loans. RUSHING LAND CO. June 18.

FOR RENT—Either one or two rooms for light housekeeping. Electric lights and bath. Will rent them for three months to couple without children. Inquire of MRS. J. B. MAXEY. Phone 418. 1t.

FOR SALE—1913 Hupmobile; in good condition. See HUBBARD BROS. 2t-pd.

Go to the City Bakery and see DAVENPORT'S Crispette Machine. 4t.

COOK WANTED: Apply at once at MISSOURI HOUSE. 1t.

MONEY WILL DISCOUNT VENDOR LIEN NOTES OR LOAN ON HALL COUNTY LAND. SHALLOW WATER LAND CO. 4t.

OUR FLOURS cost you just a little less and are just a little better than other brands. HARVEST QUEEN MILLS. —Adv. tf.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. Half section good level land; sixty feet to water; unimproved. Will accept part cash or good trade as first payment; long time balance, 8 per cent. Address OWNER, care Herald. —Adv. tf.

FOR SALE—Pumpkin Yam Sweet Potato Plants, for delivery May 10th to 20th. O. E. WINSLOW. Adv. tf.

BOARD AND ROOM \$5 per week. Board \$4. ANDERSON HOTEL. Ad. tf.

FOR SALE—Recently overhauled Ford touring car, in first-class condition; new tires. PAUL A. TURNER. tf.

Recleaned German Millet and Red Top Cane Seed at PLAINVIEW PRODUCE CO. tf.

WANTED—Bargain in two-row John Deere lister. Address HERALD, giving price and condition. 4t.

Home-grown Vegetables as soon as they are for sale are to be found at VICKERY-HANCOCK'S. tf.

BAKERY

For sale, rent, or trade for most anything. J. B. JOHNSON, at Largent's Shop. 2t.

WANTED.

Girl for general house work. DAVIS BOARDING HOUSE, 310 North Prairie Street, or Phone 388. —Adv. tf.

Don't leave the distasteful old furniture around the house. We will trade you new furnishings for it or buy it for cash. W. E. WINFIELD. 1t.

Go to the City Bakery and see DAVENPORT'S Crispette Machine. 4t.

WANTED—Four second-hand dressers, one second-hand wardrobe, three second-hand iron beds, springs and mattresses. Must be in good condition and cheap. Phone 444. W. A. NASH. 1t.

LOST.

Diamond bar pin on premises. Reward paid. MRS. H. W. HARREL. 1t.

Styles change in Visiting Cards. Are yours of the approved size and letter? Our Engraved Cards come from the best copper plate engravers. Call 72. —Adv. tf.

Hupmobile
CAR OF THE AMERICAN FAMILY

Ask the Hupmobile Dealer



Ask him why he continues to sell the Hupmobile year after year.

He will tell you: "Because the Hupmobile grows better year after year."

He is not afraid to meet any man to whom he has sold a Hupmobile.

His customers last year, are his customers this year.

And better than that—they are his friends, as well as his customers.

They go out of their way to help him make Hupmobile sales.

From twenty-five to fifty per cent of his new buyers, come, he will tell you, from the recommendations of old friends.

He does not hesitate to refer to them—they do not hesitate to endorse the Hupmobile.

Do you know of another car of which this is so widely, so enthusiastically, true?

Where the average man buys one car, the Hupmobile dealer buys scores, or even hundreds.

He pays his money for these cars, the same as you pay for yours.

He had to be sold on the Hupmobile before he would make this investment, the same as you have to be sold.

The Hupmobile dealer, naturally, is prejudiced in favor of the Hupmobile.

But isn't that very prejudice—that extreme enthusiasm—the strongest endorsement you could ask?

If he has held the friendship of his Hupmobile owners through all these years, he will hold your friendship, too.

What is true of Hupmobile dealers generally is true of us. Let us show you the 1915 Hupmobile.

Hubbard Bros. Plainview, Texas



LOW ROUND TRIP SUMMER TOURIST EXCURSION FARES

on sale daily after June 1st. Low rates to all the principal points in the United States. Are you going to the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco? Let us help you plan your Summer Vacation. Phone 224.

R. F. BAYLESS, Agent

No. 7

LITTLE TALKS BY THE DOCTOR

Once upon a time a pretty spring upon the mountain side that had furnished cool, refreshing water to weary travelers for many years all at once became stagnant and impure. One thirsty traveler, disappointed at not being able to quench his thirst as usual, decided to locate the cause of the stagnant condition of the spring. He made his way toward the source, and presently found a large stone that had fallen across the bed of the brook, thus turning the pure, running water out of its course. By removing the stone and allowing the brook to resume its natural course, the water in the spring soon became as sparkling and wholesome as before.

This illustrates the principle of Osteopathy. If you have kidney trouble, for instance, there is some obstruction to the free and natural flow or circulation of pure blood to and through all parts of the kidney. This obstruction may and usually is not in the kidney itself, but in a large majority of the cases it is near the source of supply of nerve energy and center of control of circulation of blood, the kidney center in the spine.

In the same way that the spring is restored to a wholesome condition, the Osteopath locates and removes the cause of kidney trouble, which is either a bony or muscular lesion, or both, along spine, interfering with and weakening the kidney center. This allows nature to clear away congestion and restore circulation to the kidney, and you are well.

Next week we will tell something of the wonderfully intricate vaso-motor nervous mechanism of the body.

DR. N. B. MAYHUGH, Osteopath, Grant Bldg., Plainview, Texas

OUR FLOURS cost you just a little less and are just a little better than other brands. HARVEST QUEEN MILLS. —Adv. tf.

Fresh Oysters, Fresh Fruits, and a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries at right prices at VICKERY-HANCOCK'S. Phone 17. —Adv. 2t.

See ROY IRICK for Real Estate Loans. —Adv. tf.

BOARD AND ROOM \$5 per week. Board \$4. ANDERSON HOTEL. Ad. tf.

We are in the market for Dry and Green Hides. Highest prices. ALLEN & BONNER, Coal and Grain Dealers. —Adv. tf.

BOARD AND ROOM \$5 per week. Board \$4. ANDERSON HOTEL. Ad. tf.

Your Visiting Card reflects your personality. Are yours truthful? Ask THE HERALD for printed and engraved samples. —Adv. tf.

FOR SALE—REGISTERED FOX AND BEAGLEHOUNDS.

We register each puppy or dog in purchaser's name free of charge; also Setters and Pointers, Newfoundland, St. Bernards, Boston Terriers, Scotch Collies, Bloodhounds, and all other breeds named in catalogue. Chester White, Poland-China, and Registered Duroc-Jersey Reds. Ferrets, Belgian Hares, Pigeons. List of Poultry. For 10c we mail the most comprehensive descriptive illustrated catalogue in existence of all breeds. Whoever sends for one, and is not satisfied with it, can have his dime back. SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY KENNELS, Tunkhannock, Pa. —Adv. June 8.

FOUND—Bunch of keys near Gilbert's livery barn. Finder may have same by calling at The Herald office, and paying for this ad. 3t.

NATIVE ALFALFA SEED FOR SALE AT PLAINVIEW PRODUCE COMPANY. —Adv. tf.

On the trip to the Exposition or back home—wherever you go—you will want attractive, serviceable luggage. See our line of Traveling Goods. W. E. WINFIELD. 1t.

Go to the City Bakery and see DAVENPORT'S Crispette Machine. 4t.

FOR SALE—Clean millet hay at \$5 per ton. Must sell quick to give warehouse room. TEXAS LAND & DEVELOPMENT CO. Phone 66 or 465. 1t.

COOK WANTED: Apply at once at MISSOURI HOUSE. 1t.

Highest quality or medium quality Second Sheets at THE HERALD OFFICE. We deliver them to you in a hurry. Phone 72. —Adv. tf.

MONEY TO LOAN for irrigation improvements, on approved security. Application must be in early. LAYNE & BOWLER CO. —Adv. tf.

While others are talking low-priced Groceries, we invite you to get our prices and compare both the quality and prices of our goods. VICKERY-HANCOCK GROCERY CO. Phone 17. —Adv. tf.

VICKERY has the Groceries. You need them. Prices are right, so let's get together. Phone 17. —Adv. 2t.

VICKERY provides the real table needs as well as the fancy groceries which go to make up an elaborate menu. Phone your next order to Phone 17. —Adv. tf.

JOHN TOSH, Scientific Horseshoer, has charge of this work at HATCHER'S BIG SHOP. See him for Corns, Diseased Feet and Faulty Gaits. Have your horse shod right. —Adv. tf.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE. HERALD PUBLISHING CO. —Adv. tf.

FOR SALE ON TIME.

In numbers to suit purchaser, good grade cows with good calf crop. Also limited number of two- and three-year-old steers. Will sell on time with approved security. Write J. H. NATIONS, El Paso, Texas. June 4.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

At a bargain, furniture sufficient to furnish four rooms complete. Extra good quality; used very little. This is Al stuff. Phone 72. —Adv. tf.

PLAINVIEW MATTRESS FACTORY—Mattresses made to order; old mattresses made new. Telephone 295. June 11-pd.

A new Papering of the walls will add much to the beauty of your home without costing much. Our stock of Wall Paper justifies your inspection. W. E. WINFIELD. 1t.

Manuscript Covers at THE HERALD. —Adv. tf.

FOR SALE.

Full-blood Jersey Cows, fresh in milk. Two young males. All our raising. See S. S. DANIEL, Alfalfa Dale Jersey Farm. Phone 9025. 1t.

Stop at VICKERY'S as you go home tonight. There is always in stock some Fresh Fruit and Vegetables which will appeal to the family and help vary the menu. —Adv. tf.

FOR SALE—Cadillac car, 1910 model; in good condition; newly painted. Call or write P. O. BOX 142. Plainview, Texas.

WHEN driving a binder it's aggravating to have to stop because "the twine went wrong." Sometimes the trouble is a bad spot in the twine—sometimes a tangled ball. Such delays are the real price you pay for cheap twine.

PLYMOUTH TWINE

speeds up the work—cuts down the costs. Plymouth is stronger and ties more bundles than any other brand. The quality never varies and the balls don't fall down. If you want an easy and economical harvest, get your twine from us. And take our advice, order Plymouth EARLY.

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Before Purchasing Your Harvesting Machinery
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Binders, Mowers and Rakes

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\$1,285
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Equipped with the famous Delco Starting and Lighting System.

Every new feature of efficiency, convenience, utility, comfort that has made the Oldsmobile famous are in these models.

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SCIENTIFIC STOCKINGS
FOR
Men, Women and Children
Assure
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BECAUSE:
Re-enforced with Cadet Linen made of intertwined yarn elastic knit, dyed with non acid process. Can not burn feet. Faultless materials, expert workmanship and scientifically finished. All styles, all weights, guaranteed. **25C A PAIR** and up.

SEE OUR BEAUTIFUL Mid-Summer Hats

The Large White Felt Sailors Are The Newest Ideas for Mid-Summer Wear

\$2.50

A Pretty Showing of Dainty Sport Hats. Just the Thing for Early Evening Wear

Dainty White Mid-Summer Dresses

In late models also in colored designs trimmed in all the newest laces and embroideries. The variety is large and prices most reasonable.

A pretty line of wash dresses for the little Miss 75c to **\$5.00**

Palm Beach Suits for Men, Women and Boys

Palm Beach Suits Have Come To Stay for Women As Well As Men. Wear Better, Are More Comfortable and Look Better Than Any Suit Near the Price



Ready-to-Wear Department

The hit of the season—Women's Palm Beach Suits, made of genuine Palm Beach Cloth. A shipment pretty near every day of the superb leading models in plaited back, modified and regular Norfolk effects, with belt all around strictly tailored, with 4 pockets, skirts the regular circular cut styles, perfect fitting and well tailored. Popular Prices.

THE MEN'S PALM BEACH SUITS

Stylish Models, Every Suit Well Tailored In Self-Colored Checks Stripes or Plains, Also in Dark Greys, Escos-tos, etc.

\$8.50 \$10 \$13.50

Palm Beach Shoes

To match the suit. A genuine Goodyear welt, flexible sole. For comfort they have no equal. Easily cleaned. In low quarters, lace, button. All sizes at

\$3.50



Here's One of The Newest Hats for The Season. Note the Particularly Smart Air About It. You Will Like It. **\$3.00**

Plainview Mercantile Company

W. A. SHOFNER, Manager

ITALY IS NOW AT WAR WITH AUSTRIA HUNGARY

(Continued from Page One.)

Prince von Bulow, an astute German statesman, whose wife is an Italian woman, was sent to Rome to save the situation. He labored indefatigably for months, but in vain. He offered Italy certain parts of Austrian territory as the price of her neutrality, but her answer was always, "It is not enough." It now appears Austria did not really believe Italy would enter the field against her.

War Party Arose.

In the meantime there had arisen instantly a war party, led by "Irredentists," which made its voice heard in no uncertain terms. Dispatches from Rome for months have indicated sentiment for active participation in the

war was stronger by far than that on the side of continued neutrality.

The Cabinet of Premier Salandra resigned early in May. This was the signal for violent demonstrations in favor of war. A wave of patriotic fever swept the country, and the people were loud in their demands for a beginning of hostilities. Troops had to be called out to maintain order, but everybody and everything which represented continued neutrality was denounced and decried. Even relations of King Victor Emmanuel were hooted, and there was talk of revolution. The Emperor of Austria-Hungary was burned in effigy in Rome, and Ex-Premier Giolitti, leader of the pacifists, was driven into seclusion.

Populace Demanded War.

These evidences of the popular determination had their effect. The announcement was made the Ministry of Premier Salandra would continue in office, whereupon there was instant calm throughout the country. Having

gained their point, the people quieted down as quickly as they had risen and turned to await the call for arms.

For months the diplomatic exchanges between Vienna and Rome had been constant. The Triple Alliance was denounced by Italy on May 4, but even after this, diplomatic endeavors were continued, Austria offering Italy further concessions as late as May 10.

Move on Austrian Frontier.

Italy's first move on land undoubtedly was against the Austrian frontier. Large numbers of her troops are mobilized in this territory, and the forces of Austria-Hungary are lined up on the other side of the boundary. The very mountainous character of the terrain, the southern part of the Austrian Alps, promises fighting of the most difficult nature. For several weeks both the Austro-Hungarians and the Italian armies have been engaged in fortifying and otherwise adopting protective measures each on its side of the dividing line.

So far as known, the Italian fleet is mostly in the Adriatic, under the command of the Duke of the Abruzzi, who is known to many Americans through his visits to the United States some ten years ago. It is generally believed the fleet will proceed promptly against the naval strength of Austria in these waters.

On the Adriatic are the Austrian ports of Trieste and Pola, and Fiume, in Hungary. The Dalmatian coast is also Austria's. The Dardanelles are less than 800 miles from Southern Italy, and her participation in the operations against these Turkish positions should be expected.

One great purpose of Italy in entering the war is to secure "unredeemed Italy," a sweep of Austrian territory to the north and east near the head of the Adriatic Sea. This region, which includes Trent and Trieste, is Italian in all but nationality. To attain it has long been her cherished ambition.

The territory in dispute may be defined roughly as the sections of Austria south of a line drawn in the Rhaetian Alps, where Italy, Austria and Switzerland meet, eastward to the Carnic Alps and thence southward along the Italian Alps and again eastward so as to include Fiume. The first part of this territory forms a wedge penetrating Italy between Lombardy and Venetia and cutting Lake Garda, while the second portion includes the Peninsula of Istria, and runs northward to the Julian Alps between the Tagliamento and Save

Rivers. This territory is called "Italia Irredenta" (unredeemed Italy), because it once formed part of the Italian States of the Middle Ages, and because the majority of the people are of Italian stock. For the same reason the Dalmatian Islands are considered to be a part of "Italia Irredenta."

The district of the city of Trent, known in Italy as the Trentino, once formed part of the Roman colony of Tridentini, which in 1027 passed under the rule of a Bishop and then, after various changes, came into possession of Austria, together with Lombardy and Venetia. After the defeat of Austria in 1859 by Piedmont and France and even after Piedmont had taken over Lombardy and the Kingdom of Italy had been formed, in 1861, Austria continued to hold Venetia, until her defeat in the Austro-German War of 1866 gave it to Italy. There was left in possession of Austria, however, the wedge of the Trent district as a menace to Italy.

The territory to the eastward, which Italy desires is made up principally of Istria. In early days a part of the Republic of Venice, it passed to Austria, together with Dalmatia, with the abolition of the republic, in 1797. In 1805 Austria was compelled by Napoleon to cede Istria to France, but in 1805 Austria seized it, and has held it since that time.

Aside from the Dalmatian Islands, the territory sought by Italy includes about 8,000 square miles, with more than one million inhabitants.

When the great European war began Italy's army was considerably below the normal peace footing, estimated at 300,000 men. Almost half of these troops were in Tripoli. Now the active first line army numbers more than 1,000,000 men of all arms.

The age limit of active service in Italy is 32. Men between that age and 49 form the territorial army, consisting of eight classes amounting to 1,150,000 second line troops. There also are about 1,000,000 men trained, but exempt from military service, who, in case of urgent necessity, could be called to arms. Volunteer corps likewise could be formed, so that Italy's total war strength, including resources of all kinds, is figured at about 4,000,000 men.

In eight months she has spent \$400,000,000 in military preparations. Profiting by the lessons of the war to date, particular attention was paid to artillery, and her equipment in this arm, from machine guns to heavy siege pieces, is said to be unexcelled in the world's armies. Her heavy guns are

reported to be superior to the now famous German and Austrian type, and in military circles there have been rumors that she has evolved a field-piece of about three inches caliber exceeding in range, accuracy, ease of handling and effectiveness of projectile even the famous French "75."

Italy has a powerful fleet of modern warships. The Duke of the Abruzzi, cousin of King Victor Emmanuel, who is the chief naval officer of Italy, recently assumed command of five dreadnoughts, the most powerful squadron ever assembled under the Italian flag. In addition, Italy has eight warships of the pre-dreadnought type, nine armored cruisers, thirteen protected cruisers and the usual complement of destroyers and torpedo boats. She also has twenty-five submarines.

Italy's population (1913) is given as 35,238,000. Military or naval service is compulsory and universal.

BEST ASPARAGUS RECIPE BY MRS. J. W. LONGSTRETH.

Two weeks ago The Plainview Evening Herald offered a prize for the best recipe for the preparation of asparagus. The committee on awards has selected recipe No. 6, by Mrs. J. W. Longstreth, as best.

The prize recipe is:

In preparing asparagus the first essential is that it be clean. Many who know nothing of how asparagus grows cannot understand why, in spite of many washings, it is sometimes "gritty." If the head and stalk are carefully examined it will be seen that the tiny folds may each cover some sand. Remember that this stalk has grown in one day and night. If there has been a dust storm, some of the dust grew in the folds; if it rained just as the head pushed through the ground, much fine dirt was beaten into the tender growth if it was a frosty morning, the stalk will have a bitter taste, and if the wind blew very hard the stalk will be bent, away from the wind. In purchasing asparagus the housewife should know how the difference in the way it has been cut will affect the flavor of the dish she wishes to serve. For cream of asparagus soup, the large white butts are the thing. If too tough to cook tender they are richer in flavor for soup making. Your gardener knows they were cut several hours under the ground. When you will have nothing but the short, white tips, you admit yourself always to have been accustomed to

canned asparagus. Some of the finest bunches may be had after the stalks are from eight to ten inches above the ground. Every bit of these stalks is tender and of delightful flavor.

Try this dish with some of the long growths that have nearly "gone to grass."

Wash under a faucet or through two or three waters, shaking each head separately. Cut in two-inch lengths, and cook until tender in boiling, salted water. Lift carefully into a flat serving dish and surround with slices of hard-boiled eggs. Serve with this curls of bacon, and pour over the asparagus the fryings from the bacon while very hot. If the flavor of bacon is not liked, use the same amount of melted butter to season.

GALVESTON TO HAVE OFFICE OF COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

On June 1, 1915, the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey will open a sub-office at Galveston. Mr. J. B. Boutelle, a competent assistant in topography and hydrography, will be in charge. For the present the work of the sub-office will be confined to securing information relative to local conditions, but it is hoped that in the future a launch may be permanently stationed at Galveston, which would make the Survey's work more efficient in the Gulf.

CITY AND COUNTY OFFICIALS CLASH IN FORT WORTH CASE.

The county jail of Tarrant County is located within the fire limits of the city of Fort Worth. The jail is in a bad condition, and the city has declared it a menace to public health and safety, and has ordered it removed, stating that if the county does not have it torn down the city fire department will be instructed to raze it. Members of the bar are disgraced as to which has authority in the matter, the city or county.

CLARENDON PLANS BIG CELEBRATION FOR JULY.

For many years the people of Donley County have been celebrating the Fourth of July with an open town entertainment. Visitors from all sections of the Panhandle attend. This year the celebration will be held July 1, 2 and 3.

Manuscript Covers at THE HERALD. —Adv. if.



ATTENTION!

The modern soldier fights with modern weapons, and the business man, who is constantly on the FIRING LINE, cannot hope for success unless he also goes into battle fully and modernly equipped.

A BANK ACCOUNT is ALWAYS at ATTENTION; A PROTECTION in times of PEACE — A STRENGTH in times of WAR.

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