

# THE PLAINVIEW EVENING HERALD

TWICE-A-WEEK

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PLAINVIEW, TEXAS, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1915

## BOND ELECTION IS TO BE CALLED BY SCHOOL BOARD

PRESIDENT H. E. SKAGGS HAS CALLED BOARD TO MEET WEDNESDAY EVENING.

## NEW BUILDING IS NECESSARY

Proposed to Issue \$50,000 in Bonds, and Voters Will Be Called on Thirty Days From Tomorrow.

That Plainview will have a new high school building by the opening of the next term is practically assured. H. E. Skaggs, president of the board of trustees of the Plainview Independent School District, in an interview with a representative of The Herald stated this morning that he had called a meeting of the board for Wednesday evening. At this time it is assured that an election will be called to be held within the next thirty days for the purpose of voting bonds for the Plainview Independent School District. Bonds to the amount of \$50,000 are proposed. It will be necessary, in order to issue these bonds, to take funds to retire them from the maintenance fund of the school. This the law allows the trustees to do. This may shorten the term of school two months next year, but this is thought to be highly improbable, for by the time funds are needed for carrying on the school the Legislature will have met and it is assured that an increase in the territory embraced in the district will be allowed by the Legislature. Then, there is the school land the county owns, which is an asset.

Miss Dalton Resigns.  
At a meeting of the school board Saturday evening Miss Virginia Dalton, who has been teaching in the Lamar school this year, tendered her resignation and Miss Anna Brown was elected to fill the vacancy.

## COMPLAINTS WERE FILED LAST YEAR IN CITY COURT.

\$688.60 Collected in Fines and Paid Into General Fund of the City.

Mayor J. L. Dorsett last night made before the City Council a summary of the proceedings of the corporation court from February 1, 1915, to February 1, 1916. He stated that there had been 73 complaints filed and investigated in the court. Three cases have been tried before juries, and resulted in two convictions and one acquittal. Two cases have been appealed to the county court. The aldermen have remitted three fines imposed by the court. Fifty-nine have entered pleas of guilty in the corporation court, and eight cases have been dismissed on account of lack of evidence. Five "vases" have been fined, but dismissed with the understanding that they leave town. "They did," the mayor asserts.

## MURPHY IS CANDIDATE TO SUCCEED J. N. JORDAN.

W. H. Murphy authorizes The Herald to announce that he is a candidate for Tax Assessor of Hale County to succeed J. N. Jordan, who is not in the race. Mr. Murphy has been in the Tax Assessor's office as a clerk for the past three years. He believes that he is qualified in every particular to fill the office. He has lived in the county eight years.

## MRS. PAUL TURNER IMPROVING.

P. A. Turner returned this morning from Hillsboro, where he has been with Mrs. Turner, who has been seriously ill. Mr. Turner yesterday accompanied Mrs. Turner to Mineral Wells, where she will remain some time. She is much improved.

## HARRISON BOGGS BETTER.

Harrison Boggs, who was seriously injured in an automobile accident, near the Y-L Ranch, several days ago is much better. It was stated by his physicians shortly after his wounds had been dressed that he had only a fighting chance for life.

## PROMINENT HOTEL MAN IS INVESTIGATING PLAINVIEW.

R. W. Cio returned Sunday from Elkton, S. D. He was accompanied by E. E. Gerlach, a prominent hotel man, who is interested in the Plainview country and is prospecting here.

## FLOYD COUNTY MAN FIRES ON MEN ENTERING HIS PASTURE

Examining Trial of J. F. Conner Held in Floydada Saturday Evening; Bond Fixed at \$1,000.

J. F. Conner, who lives 15 miles east of Lockney, was given an examining trial in Floydada Saturday afternoon, released on bond of \$1,000 and bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

A Seigler, a neighbor of Mr. Conner, is suffering from gunshot wounds, alleged to have been inflicted by Mr. Conner.

The report is given The Herald officially from Floydada that Mr. Seigler and E. J. Litterer, Texas loan manager for the St. Louis Cattle Loan Company, of St. Louis, were opening a gate to Mr. Conner's pasture, preparatory to driving into it. Mr. Litterer is a well known man in Panhandle and South Plains live-stock circles. It is said that Mr. Conner began firing on the men in their car. Seigler was injured, several No. 4 shot lodging in his arms as he raised his hands to indicate surrender. The car was shot up with bullets from a Winchester and shots from a shotgun.

It is stated that no one was seriously injured.

## DAIRYING A GREAT BUSINESS FOR SOUTH PLAINS FARMERS

Michigan Man Pleased With Country; Says We Should Build Wide Walks in Business Area.

L. B. Donnelly, of Cadillac, Mich., was in Plainview last week. Although he had heard much of the Southwest, this is Mr. Donnelly's first trip to the South Plains. He stated in a conversation with a representative of The Herald that the members of his party who were here were very favorably impressed with the country, around Plainview. "We were pleased with Plainview," he said, "but the sidewalks in the business district are too narrow. During our stay here we could hardly get about on the streets for the crowds. The streets are wide enough for any city, but I believe when more sidewalks are built sixteen- or eighteen-foot walks should be put in; for Plainview is going to grow."

"I should like to have seen more dairy farming in the Plainview country. The conditions here are conducive to success in that line. Up in my country there is a little town with not more than eight hundred persons living in it. In that community there are 3,200 head of dairy cows. There is a carload of cream shipped from that point every day. I see no reason why Plainview should not ship out large quantities of cream commercially. There should be good money in a large cheese factory here."

"I never saw a better hog country," he continued. "We raise immense crops of alfalfa in our country, but I have never seen such hogs as the Durocs on the alfalfa farms in the Plainview country. I don't see how a man could fall in the hog business here. The growing season for crops is long, and there is no necessity of feeding during the long, cold winter, like we must do in my state."

Mr. Connelly is a firm believer in the policy of "hogging down" crops. He says this method of feeding in the fields, allowing the hogs to follow cattle and horses, has proven more economical in his section than harvesting and feeding.

## HALE MAKING GOOD ON IRRIGATED FARM FIRST YEAR.

Gilbert Hale moved to the Plainview Country from New York State last spring. He made a good crop, and he and his family are highly pleased. Although he knew nothing of conditions of farming in this country, he has made good. Mr. Hale, it will be remembered, is a real "Tommy Dickie," having served in the British army in India and other parts of the East.

## IOWA BANKER VISITS HIS HALE COUNTY PROPERTY.

A. D. Berry, president of the Peoples State Savings Bank of Baxter, Iowa, was here this week looking after his land interests in Hale County. Mr. Baker feels that his property here is a splendid investment.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION OF CITY OF PLAINVIEW GOOD

OVER \$4,000 CASH IN HANDS OF TREASURER AT TIME ANNUAL REPORT WAS MADE.

## THE LIBRARY NEEDS QUARTERS

Council Has Offer From W. G. Phillips for Nine Lots for Market Place.

A committee from the Library Association appeared before the City Council last night in an effort to make arrangements to use one of the rooms of the City Hall longer as a library room. Conditions are such at the City Hall that all the room is needed, and it is probable that the public library will be moved elsewhere. A committee composed of W. R. Simmons and Roy J. Frye was appointed to confer with members of the association in an effort to find a suitable location.

Phillips Makes Offer on Lots.  
The council is still working on the proposition of providing a public market place. Mr. Frye presented to the council a communication from W. G. Phillips, owner of nine lots on block 17, in which he states that he will sell these lots to the city for a market place for a consideration of \$2,760-\$1,750 cash; and a note bearing ten per cent is to be assumed by the city. The proposition was passed up to the next meeting.

City Health Officer Dr. E. F. McClendon, reported three cases of contagious disease in Plainview during January—two of diphtheria and one of scarlet fever.

Bids for sidewalks were opened, and it was found that Penick & Bowden had offered bids of 12c per foot and Calhoun Bros. and L. L. Hudgins had bid each 11c per foot. The council ordered that the work be divided between Calhoun Bros. and L. L. Hudgins.

An order was also made that those in arrears for sewer and water rent be cut off immediately.

Ordinance 121 was passed, which provides that not more than ten head of sheep, horses, mules, cows, etc., may be fed within the corporate limits, unless in closed and covered barns, and then not more than fifty may be allowed in any one enclosure. The ordinance declares an emergency and was passed. This ordinance in no way repeals the old ordinance prohibiting the feeding of swine within the corporate limits.

City Secretary B. L. Spencer reported that sewer and water rents collected during January amounted to \$920.55.

City Tax Collector John Vaughn reported a total of \$14,955.48 collected in taxes during the month of January.

The statement of the city treasurer for the year beginning February 1, 1915, and ending February 1, 1916, was submitted by B. L. Spencer. It shows the city to be in good financial condition. For two years the city of Plainview has borrowed no money to meet its current expenses. On the first day of February there was a little more than \$4,100 cash in the city treasury.

Following is a summary of the treasurer's report:

General Fund Account.	
Receipts	\$ 9,780.20
Disbursements	9,281.53
Balance on hand	\$ 498.67
Street Fund Account.	
Disbursements	\$ 4,453.81
Receipts	3,691.57
Overdrawn	\$ 762.24
(This fund was overdrawn from 1915.)	
Water Fund Account.	
Receipts	\$ 3,914.79
Disbursements	2,899.57
Balance on hand	\$ 1,015.22
Sewer Fund Account.	
Receipts	\$ 3,058.21
Disbursements	614.32
Balance on hand	\$ 2,443.89
Street Improvements Fund Account.	
Disbursements	\$ 1,016.26
Receipts	654.63
Overdrawn	\$ 361.63
Sewer and Water Extension Fund Account.	
Receipts	\$ 898.76
Disbursements	861.66
Balance on hand	\$ 37.10
Interest and Sinking Fund.	
Receipts	\$17,226.36
Disbursements	4,025.00
Balance on hand	\$13,201.36
In above recapitulation, balances on hand and overdrafts on February 1, 1915, are included in receipts.	

## JUDGE JOINER DISMISSES JURY IN SEARS CASE

CIVIL CASES HAVE ENGAGED DISTRICT COURT SINCE MONDAY MORNING.

## WERE HOPELESSLY "HUNG"

It is Stated That Ten Wished to Acquitt; Speeches of Attorneys Took Up Nine Hours.

The jury in the Sears case was dismissed by Judge R. C. Joiner today. They have been out since Saturday evening, and have been unable to agree. It is stated that ten of the jury were in favor of acquitting W. G. Sears and two held out for conviction.

Civil cases have been before the court since Monday morning.

Saturday was a memorable day in District Court in Plainview. Judge Joiner called court at nine o'clock. Geo. L. Mayfield, district attorney, opened the speeches before the jury for the prosecution. He was followed by A. B. Martin, of the defense. Then W. W. Norris, county attorney of Briscoe County, who is with the prosecution, made a short speech. K. Ewing Bain, of Silverton, former county attorney of Briscoe County, spoke next for the defense. He was followed by Judge F. H. Chandler, of Stephenville, for the defense. Next came Judge J. F. Cunningham, of Abilene, for the prosecution. He was followed by Judge L. S. Kinder, for the defense. Judge A. J. Fires, of Childress, concluded the argument late in the night. Nine hours was consumed by the attorneys before the jury. Throughout the time the court room was crowded to overflowing. The night crowd was one of the largest that has ever been in the District Court room in Plainview.

The defendant and his counsel sat within the bar during the speeches, as also did Mrs. J. O. Long and child on the opposite side of the attorneys' table with the State's counsel and her relatives.

## JOE HESS BACK IN PLAINVIEW.

Joe Hess, who has been at Elkton, S. D., for the past few months, is again in Plainview. Mr. Hess has recently been ill, and is not now in good health. For the next few days he will visit with his sons in Crosbyton.

## UNDEERWOOD ABLE TO BE OUT.

W. W. Underwood, vice president of the Citizens National Bank, who was injured ten days ago when a taxicab ran over him, was able to be on the streets a while yesterday. He will return to his desk soon.

## BOY THROWN BY HORSE HAS BEEN UNCONSCIOUS FIVE DAYS.

Claude Allen, twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Allen, of the Halfway community, is seriously injured. He was thrown from his horse Friday, while on his way to the Halfway school house, where he attended school. He has been unconscious since. He is now at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Jones. His condition is very serious.

## FLOODS IN ARKANSAS.

Serious floods are reported in Arkansas from the Arkansas River. The levees in many places are washed away. Scores of towns are engulfed in the lake of flood water.

## EL PASO MAN RUNNING STOCK IN THE PLAINVIEW COUNTRY.

Wiley Franklin, a prominent stockman of El Paso, was here Monday. Mr. Franklin is running some cattle with J. J. Simpson a few miles from Plainview.

## FIRST-MONDAY CROWD LARGE.

There was an unusually large crowd in Plainview yesterday, Trades Day. The farmers are about up with their work and are wanting teams to use in their spring work. Many horses and mules were sold and exchanged.

## BAPTIST LADIES MAKE \$66 OUT OF CHICKEN-PIE DINNER.

The chicken-pie dinner given Monday, Trades Day, by the Baptist ladies was a success in attendance and in a financial way, \$66 being realized from the proceeds.

## ALFALFA FARMS COMPANY TO SELL CALLAHAN LANDS

Sales Organization Perfected; Dr. C. C. Cunningham and Associates Interested.

The Alfalfa Farms Company is the name of a sales organization which has just been completed in Plainview. Dr. C. C. Cunningham, T. J. Nolan and Lyman O. Perley, all of Omaha, Neb., are members of the company. They have contracted for the exclusive sale of the Callahan County school lands, consisting of 18,000 acres, with J. L. Wilkin, R. L. Wilkin and A. E. Harp. They will sell lands beginning with League 1, in tracts of forty acres and multiples thereof. Dr. Cunningham is now in the Eastern States placing his agencies.

Dr. Cunningham is a soil and water expert. He was formerly connected with the department of agriculture in the State of Texas.

T. J. Nolan is general attorney for the Union Pacific lines in Nebraska and other Northwestern States, and is a capitalist.

Lyman O. Perley is also an Omaha attorney representing large corporations.

J. L. Wilkin, president of the Wilkin-Hale State Bank, of Oklahoma City, and T. J. Nolan are trustees for the company.

The Callahan school land is known as one of the best tracts of land in this section, and the people of this section will learn of the proposed development of these lands with pleasure. The sales company which has been organized will sell mostly raw land, but there will be arrangements made to improve lands where the purchaser desires and to any extent desired, according to A. E. Harp, who gave out the details of the organization today.

## AGED MAN WITH NO RELATIVES DIES AT THE MISSOURI HOTEL.

Stated That He Has Life Insurance of Amount of \$25,000, Which He Wishes to Proprietress.

J. M. Tuggle, of Macon, Ga., died last night at the Missouri Hotel. He has been in Plainview for about four months, and has been ill with pneumonia for the past two weeks. He came to the Plainview country for his health, and has been working for R. L. Hooper.

It is stated that he is a Mason and a K. of P.

His body is being held at the E. R. Williams Undertaking Parlors.

It is authoritatively stated that a few days before his death he transferred his insurance in the New York Life Insurance Company to Mrs. J. D. Earnest, proprietress of the Missouri Hotel, and her daughters, in a will. His policy in this company and sundry cash, etc., bequeathed to them, it is understood amounts to \$25,000.

He was sixty years of age and without relatives.

## MISSOURIANS WILL MAKE PLAINVIEW THEIR HOME.

Frank Case and L. W. Case, of Matthews, Mo., have moved to Plainview. They were formerly engaged in the real estate business in Missouri. They will probably buy farm property near Plainview.

## BILLIE BURTON DEAD.

Little Billie Burton, aged four years, youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Burton, died early Sunday morning of bronchial pneumonia, after an illness of two days.

The funeral was held Sunday afternoon at three-thirty, at the Baptist Church, by Rev. O. L. Hudley and Rev. I. G. Gates, pastor of the church.

Interment was made in the Plainview cemetery, with Flake Garner, funeral director for E. R. Williams, in charge.

The floral offerings were many and beautiful.

## SHEEP-KILLING DOGS CAUSE J. N. JORDAN HEAVY LOSS.

J. N. Jordan, who is feeding a flock of sheep near Plainview, lost severely during the past week from sheep-killing dogs. Fifty-eight head were killed and several injured.

J. M. Glenn, nephew of W. G. Sears, left this morning for his home, at Bronte, Texas.

## KAISER WON'T DISAVOW SINKING OF LUSITANIA

GERMANY, HOWEVER, CONCEDES EVERY OTHER POINT AND WANTS TO MEET U. S. DEMANDS.

## WILSON AND LANSING CONFER

Diplomats State They Believe Early Settlement of Case Will Be Made.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—President Wilson and Secretary Lansing are expected to confer tomorrow on the latest tentative draft of the communication the German Government hopes will bring the negotiations over the Lusitania disaster to a satisfactory termination. Information that the outlook for an early settlement of the case again was promising was received tonight from various diplomatic and official quarters.

The President has had the tentative draft before him since Friday night. In it, German officials say, the Berlin Foreign Office has gone as far as it possibly can to meet the position of the United States. From high diplomatic quarters tonight came the statement that Germany believes she has, with the exception of making out and out disavowal of the Lusitania sinking, which she considers impossible, conceded every desire of the United States, and that the tentative proposal materially strengthens the assurances already given on the negotiations over the sinking of the steamship Arabic. It is also claimed that the tentative proposals cover all the fundamental issues involved in the conduct of submarine warfare in the North Sea.

## Arabic Sinking Disavowed.

It is explained that a direct disavowal was given for the sinking of the Arabic because that act was a violation of the instructions given the commanders of submarines. In the case of the Lusitania, however, the commander acted in accordance with orders. The general instructions not to sink liners without warning were given, it was disclosed today by high authority, on the day after the Lusitania went down. It was said that Germany withheld announcement of the fact for strategic naval reasons.

The position of Berlin officials is said to be that the act of the commander of a submarine can be disavowed, should he violate, disregard or fail to receive instruction, but that a Government can not disavow an act which was committed in accordance with its instructions and for which it is responsible.

## Submarine Warfare Modified.

In the latest proposal there is no attempt to deny responsibility for the sinking of the Lusitania. Germany assumes liability for the American lives lost, offers reparation by the payment of indemnity and assures the United States that the killing of Americans was without intent. The destruction of the liner was an act of reprisal for the British blockade under the order in council, according to the German view, and reprisals should not be applied to neutrals. The tentative communication also states that the method of conducting submarine warfare in the North Sea has been modified because of friendship for the United States and because American lives had been lost.

In this last connection it was said tonight that it was possible that some reference might be made in the presence of the communication, should it be transmitted formally to the United States, to the correspondence in the Arabic case. In a note to Secretary Lansing on September 2, Count Von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, wrote that his "instructions concerning our answer to your last Lusitania note contains the following passage: 'Liners will not be sunk by our submarines without warning and without safety of the lives of noncombatants, provided that the liners do not try to escape or offer resistance.'"

These instructions have not yet been made formal in connection with the Lusitania case directly. At the same time of the receipt of the communication Secretary Lansing declared that it appeared to be "a recognition of the fundamental principles for which we have contended."

Mrs. J. E. Files, who has been visiting Mrs. H. L. A. Frank for the last six months, left today for her home, at Hillsboro.

# Successful From Every Standpoint

Everyone who attended the Mighty Clean-Up Sale carried off some exceptional values and for the benefit of those who didn't participate in this great event, we are extending until further notice the sale on the remaining winter goods.

Our buyer, Mr. J. L. Jacobs, left Sunday for the markets, where with the buying powers of two progressive stores, he will purchase the very latest ready-to-wear, white goods, clothing and everything a progressive store needs at the best prices obtainable. You may expect something new and nobby, as Mr. Jacobs is an expert along these lines.

We have just received the very latest designs of satin stripe in crepe de chine in lavender and brown, and green and lavender. These will certainly catch your eye.

## MIGHTY CLEAN-UP SALE OF WOMEN'S COATS AND COAT SUITS

**LADIES AND MISSES COATS**  
 All \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.50, \$9.75 values now going at only . . . \$5.50  
 All \$11.50, \$12.50, \$13.50, \$14.50, \$15.00 values only . . . \$8.45  
 All \$16.50, \$17.50 and \$18.00 values now . . . \$11.75

**STYLISH COAT SUITS AT ONE-HALF PRICE**  
 If you need a coat suit you can't possibly make a mistake in taking advantage of this great cut—ONE-HALF OFF.

**Silk and Wool Dresses at Great Bargains**  
 All \$10.00 and \$10.50 values now . . . \$5.95  
 All \$13.75 and \$14.50 values now . . . \$9.75  
 All \$16.50 and \$18.50 values now . . . \$10.95



**OVERCOATS and RAINCOATS**  
 Our overcoats and raincoats are made by the best makers and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Come early as our stock is limited.

**CIVIC LEAGUE.**

Once upon a time a housewife swept and garnished her home. She dusted the furniture and placed each piece to her liking, and when the task was done she surveyed it all with a sense of satisfaction in the finished result and decided that it had indeed been worth her half-day's time. But the house had to be lived in, since that was the purpose for which it was built, and within a week the same cleaning process had to be all done over. You say, "Why, of course it did. Who wouldn't know that?"

Well, once upon a time we had a municipally appointed "clean-up" day in Plainview. Everybody cleaned up their own lots and the owners of vacant lots were appealed to and persuaded to clean up their properties, also. Yards were raked, front and back; trees and hedges were pruned; tin cans and unsightly trash of whatever character were placed in boxes in the alley at the rear of premises and were hauled off by teamsters paid for by the city officials. For a while it all looked so fine that we hardly knew ourselves, and everybody agreed that it had certainly been worth the trouble.

Recalling which, it was decided at the regular monthly meeting of the Plainview Civic League, Wednesday afternoon, to ask the Mayor to appoint another "clean-up" day some time soon and to try to get property owners all over the city to observe the date by cleaning up their own premises at this time.

Mention was made of an article in a recent number of the Dallas News describing an instance of city beautification that has been accomplished in Mineral Wells, Texas. It seems that for several years the club women of Mineral Wells have been planting flowers and otherwise taking care of certain vacant lots in the business part of the town. Of course, of course it is not difficult to obtain the lot owner's permission to adopt or adapt his lot for such use, and the

Civic League members think it might be possible to do something of this kind in PLAINVIEW.

We are expecting lots of company this year, including hundreds of home-seekers. And the League members think this an additional reason for "fixin' up."

Tree planting is a subject in which the members are always interested, and was discussed at length at the meeting Wednesday. One member reported having thirty trees planted this week. Another member suggested that if all property holders planting trees this year would report to the League how many trees they were planting, it would be interesting to keep a record of the matter just to show what had been accomplished in this way, and that the secretary of the Civic League would be glad to keep such a record. Another member suggested that now, while grape growers are pruning their vineyards, is a good time to start a grape arbor for the home premises by asking for such cuttings. Just dig a trench and stick the cuttings in the ground. They'll grow all right. So will cuttings from the California privet grow in this way, which makes it possible to start an ornamental hedge with very little trouble.

The committee from the rest room, in the Court House basement, reported a number of visitors during the month, many of whom made mention of how much the rest room and its conveniences are appreciated.

Why is a chicken ordinance? Yes, I presume that's slang; and we understand The Herald editor is a stickler for English "pure and undefiled," but here's hoping he lets that stand, for it does express forcibly the indignation of some of the League members who are expecting to plant flower beds soon and who are not pleased at the prospect of having the seeds and young plants dug up by the neighbor's chickens. PRESS REPORTER.

Mrs. W. R. Evans, of Abernathy, left this morning for home.

**RED SPRINGS CREDIT PLAN.**

East Texas Farmers Get Cheap Money and Freedom From the Credit System.

COLLEGE STATION, Texas, Feb. 3.—According to an announcement made today by the Extension Department of the A. and M. College, the Red Springs Farmers' Club, of Smith County, has executed a contract with the Peoples Guaranty State Bank of Tyler whereby members of the club obtain loans for crop making purposes at 8 per cent per annum interest.

The contract between the club and the bank is in writing and provides a guaranty fund which justifies the bank in making loans at this rate. All applications for loans are first passed upon by a committee of the club, and a prime requirement is that the borrower must raise enough food and feed for his family and his live stock.

The club has also approved a plan whereby, at the end of the year, the club will incorporate as a credit union, using the guaranty fund as its initial capital, and it is confidently believed that within two or three years the club will be able to finance its members without outside help.

Copies of the contract between the club and the bank and other information concerning this unique experiment in rural co-operation may be had by writing to the Director of the Extension Department, A. and M. College, College Station, Texas.

**REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.**

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in Hale County since last week:

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Fair to St. Mark's Episcopal Church, lot 14, block 44, original town of Plainview. Consideration, \$450.

C. F. Knight and wife to Mrs. Daisy D. Elrod, northwest quarter of section 26, block 8-1. Consideration, \$1,920.

Geo. J. Boswell and wife to Mrs. M. A. Rodgers, lots 7 and 8, block 81, Highland Addition to city of Plainview. Consideration, \$850.

J. H. Russell to E. D. Stansbury, lots 7, 8 and 9, Central Plains College and Conservatory of Music Addition to the city of Plainview. Consideration, \$500.

Thos. Porter to T. B. Phillips, 40 acres of the Thos. Porter tract. Consideration, \$1,000.

Mrs. Louella P. Emberton to Joe Gullup and wife, lot 5, block 2, Smyth Addition to city of Plainview. Consideration, \$300.

W. L. Harrington and wife to Ed Blair, lot 12, block 38, and house. Consideration, \$1,700.

**CARD OF THANKS.**

To all of our friends who so lovingly aided us during the illness and death of our beloved boy, we sincerely express our heartfelt thanks; also for the many beautiful flowers sent by loving friends.  
 MR. AND MRS. H. F. BURTON.

**SAWYER WILL NOT BE A CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR.**

I want to express my appreciation to my friends for wanting to submit my name to the people as Mayor of Plainview, but having served as one of your Councilmen for four years, I know it takes at least half of the Mayor's time to fill this office as it should be filled; therefore I cannot afford to give up my position with the Harvest Queen Mills to assume the duties of said office should I be

elected, but if I can serve my friends and the citizens of Plainview in any way that will not conflict with my present duties, I will gladly do so.  
 Yours for a progressive and moral Plainview.  
 T. W. SAWYER.

**Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's**  
 The Old Standard Grove's Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, cures Malaria, Enriches the Blood, Builds up the Whole System. 50

**Parents Attention**  
 Let your children see the beauties of their native land.  
**"SEEING AMERICA"**  
 every week at the  
**MAEL THEATRE**  
 Special matinee for school children every Saturday afternoon.

**COL. E. J. CHRISTOPHERSON AUCTIONEER**  
 12 years' experience as land and cattle and general farm salesman. My prices are right and satisfaction guaranteed. It will pay you to see me if you are going to have a sale. Write or see me at PLAINVIEW or get dates at Herald office.

**IT MEANS MONEY TO YOU—**

to have your home wired for electricity now, when you can have the work done at reduced prices and on the monthly payment plan.

For full estimate call phone 13.

**TEXAS UTILITIES COMPANY**



**If It Is a Question of a Home**

OF PROTECTION, in case of sickness—  
 OF INSURANCE, in case of accident—  
 OF INVESTMENT, when opportunities come—  
 OF INDEPENDENCE, when your clock is running down—

THE ANSWER: Lay the corner-stone TO-DAY by starting a BANK ACCOUNT.

**THIRD NATIONAL BANK**  
 PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

**OPEN**  
**SATURDAY, FEB. 10**  
 AT 10 A. M.  
 A NEW STORE IN WAYLAND BUILDING. COME AND SEE HOW YOU LIKE IT. WATCH THE WINDOWS.  
**LANDERS (BEN)**  
 "RIGHT PRICE" STORE  
 THE THINGS YOU BUY OFTENEST

# TRY A SACK OF RED STAR FLOUR

The best the milling fraternity can produce. Come in and let us tell you why.

PHONE 101

## CASH GROCERY CO.

PHONE 101

### THE ADVERTISER AS A PUBLIC BENEFACTOR.

A great deal is said about the value of advertising to the salesman, but very little about the value to the buyer. Yet it is obvious upon reflection that such an expensive piece of machinery as the modern system of advertising could not be maintained unless its benefits were mutual. It takes two to make a bargain, and this new method of bargaining, this new channel of communication between producer and consumer, must be giving satisfaction to both, although the said party of the second part rarely realizes how greatly to his advantage it is. The common saying, "It pays to advertise," has a wider meaning than it is generally credited with. Advertising, on the whole, pays all those concerned. Advertising pays the advertiser in case the money is wisely expended. Advertising pays the periodical, we are happy to say. Advertising pays the purchaser, for it puts him in the proud position of being the sought instead of the seeker.

As the maiden whose hand is sought by a throng of eager suitors is more happily situated than she who has none, so is the consumer today vastly better off than he was before the discovery of advertising. For the expenditure of five or ten cents he can summon to his presence in an instant salesmen of all sorts of goods who will spread out before him their most attractive wares and urge them with their utmost eloquence. If he is averse to investing, he has but to close the magazine and the solicitors of his patronage vanish as through magic. As long as he is willing to listen he is glad to talk business to him, though he has not a cent to spend. The signs we see in stores, "trouble to show goods," "No obligation to buy," are not to be taken literally, as a person known to be penny-wise would soon find to his chagrin that they do honestly apply to the silent and obliging salesmen who stand behind the pages of a periodical.

Now consider the lot of one who had the misfortune to live before the advertising era. He had first to discover for himself the want of something. Naturally this discovery was not usually made until something he already had gave out, and then he knew no better than to replace it with something of the same sort. This relation of consumer to producer was not merely troublesome to the individual, but a hindrance to progress. It put the burden of instigating innovation upon the person who was least capable of it, the purchaser. Let the reader imagine himself in the position of his great-grandfather. His clothes were wearing out. He must first hunt up a man who makes cloth and get from him enough for a suit. Then he must go to a tailor, if in a city, or wait till one comes around, if in the country, and get him to make it under his direction.

Nowadays a man has but to open a paper or periodical to have called to his attention the desirability of new clothes. Artists of ability with the aid of many models give him free advice on the cut of a coat or the tying of a tie. He learns of new books and musical instruments; he is told of the attractiveness of new foods and drinks. The advertiser is a public educator, more proficient in the art of teaching

than the graduates of our normal schools. It is due largely to him that in regard to the conveniences of life we live in another world than our ancestors. New luxuries are invented daily, and speedily become necessities through the medium of advertising.

No, advertising is not "one of the economic wastes of competition," as it is sometimes called. It is, on the whole, well worth what it costs to the community, and it is hard to see how the world can ever get along without it. Even if competition be some time eliminated, advertising of some kind will have to be kept up unless the race is to stagnate. Progress consists in the creation of new wants; happiness in the satisfaction of them. So both progress and happiness are facilitated by the efforts of the advertiser. He is not a producer; no, and neither is lubricating oil a fuel for the engine, but it is quite as indispensable as coal. The advertiser should not be regarded as a parasite upon industry, as an extravagance to be some time eliminated in the interests of economy of distribution. He is more likely to be regarded in the future as a person of greater importance than at present, for the training of the public in new habits and the introduction of new utilities will become more necessary as science

and invention become more active. When his real value to the community as an accelerator of civilization becomes recognized, historians will rank the discovery of advertising as an epoch-making event and not less im-

portant than the discovery of America.—The Independent.

### GERALDINE FARRAR TO MARRY.

The fact that Miss Geraldine Farrar,

American prima donna, will be married in New York today to Lou Tellegen will be of interest to Plainview citizens, as it has only been a short time since Miss Farrar appeared in "Carmen" at The Olympic.

Tellegen is a Hollander, twenty years of age. The romance began in California six months ago, when Miss Farrar and Tellegen were posing for the movies.

## Have You Seen Our Modern Home Display?

If you are contemplating building or if you enjoy looking at beautiful and attractive homes, you will find our "Ye Planry" display both attractive and helpful. We have hundreds of photographs of exterior and interior views and floor plans of attractive homes, both large and small. They are here for your convenience and we gladly answer questions and offer suggestions and furnish free, to our patrons, practical building plans. We have over 2500 designs of infinite variety for your selection.

Let us show you how reasonable that "home dream" may be realized. We can possibly help you in financing if desired.

We can help and save you money.

**A. G. McAdams Lumber Co.** EXCLUSIVE AGENTS "Ye Planry"

## FATHER WAS RIGHT - - - - - By GOLDBERG



**YOU'LL** always be right if you tie to "Tux," because that's the right tobacco, all right!

Get a tin right away. Then it'll be smoke-up and cheer-up without a let-up seven days in

the week and fifty-two weeks in the year.

A pipeful of "Tux" gives you that money-in-the-bank feeling, like finding a ten-dollar bill in the vest pocket of last season's suit.

**"A SHINE IN EVERY DROP"**

Black Silk Stove Polish is different. It does not dry out; can be used to the last drop; liquid and paste are of equal quality; absolutely no waste; no dust or dirt. You get your money's worth.

**Black Silk Stove Polish**

is not only most economical, but it gives a brilliant, silky lustre that cannot be obtained with any other polish. Black Silk Stove Polish does not rub off—it lasts four times as long as ordinary polish—so it saves you time, work and money.

Don't forget—when you want stove polish, be sure to ask for Black Silk. If it isn't the best stove polish you ever used—your dealer will refund your money.

Black Silk Stove Polish Works, Sterling, Illinois.

Use Black Silk Air Drying Iron Emulsion on grates, registers, stove-pipes, and automobile tire rims. Prevents rusting. Try it.

Use Black Silk Metal Polish for brass, chrome, nickel, tin-ware or brass. It works quickly, easily and leaves a brilliant surface. It has no equal for use on automobiles.

**Get a Can TODAY**



# Tuxedo

The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

The original "Tuxedo Process" brings out the unsurpassed mildness, delicate fragrance and mellow flavor of the leaf in a way that has never been successfully imitated. At the same time it refines the tobacco until every trace of harshness and "bite" disappears.

You will find in Tuxedo a smoke that is wholesome and in every way beneficial to both mind and body. Tuxedo is a mild, temperate tobacco that soothes and comforts with every whiff. Smoke all you like of Tuxedo!

YOU CAN BUY TUXEDO EVERYWHERE

Convenient, glassine wrapped, moisture-proof pouch **5c** Famous green tin, with gold lettering, curved to fit pocket **10c**  
In Tin Humidors, 40c and 80c. In Glass Humidors, 50c and 90c.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



R. L. GOLDBERG  
Famous Cartoonist—Creator "Foolish Questions"—"I'm the Guy," etc.

"I find in Tuxedo a good tobacco. Its fragrance and flavor are fine. I use it regularly and endorse it highly to all my friends."

# The Plainview Evening Herald

TWICE-A-WEEK

Published Every Tuesday and Friday Evening by  
THE HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
Corner Broadway and Second Sts.

HERBERT S. HILBURN, Editor E. B. MILLER, Business Manager

Entered as second class mail matter July 1, 1914, at the Post Office at Plainview, Texas, under the act of March 3, 1879

\$1.50 a Year; 75c, 6 Months. Advertising Rates on Application.

Success is the child of industry.—Israeli.

Prosperity on the South Plains? The best answer is Plainview's First-Monday crowd yesterday.

The Lockney Beacon reaches the exchange desk of The Herald this week with eight pages, all home print. Editor Ben F. Smith has installed a Linotype, and "the hand that keeps the world informed" is now helping make a better newspaper for the good people of Lockney.

### WISE MEN CHANGE THEIR MINDS.

When it comes to standing out for a vital issue or a principle, a sticker is admired. But the man who is too proud to change his mind on any subject is soon considered a crank.

Incidentally, it seems that Dr. S. P. Brooks' change of mind with reference to the President's preparedness policy is the part of wisdom. It is fairly well established that "wise men change their minds."

### FAVOR FARM DEMONSTRATOR.

Judging from the number of people who have expressed themselves on the subject, The Herald is inclined to believe that a farm demonstrator, employed by the Commissioners' Court of Hale County in conjunction with the State and National Governments, would be a popular move.

If Hale County has any interest which should be favored it is its stock farming and agricultural interests. We think of nothing which would give better service to the farming people than a live, wide-awake expert demonstrator.

### TOWNS NOT CREATED BY ACCIDENT.

Stanley H. Watson, at one time connected with the Temple Telegram in the capacity of contest editor, is writing a series of articles for the Midland Reporter on the subject of "Home Industry," in which he proposes to show the people of that town and section that it is the veriest folly to send money away from home for the purchase of articles one may need. His whole argument is to be based on the principle that towns are not created by accident nor as ornaments, but are the result of conditions and are destined to serve some economic purpose.—Brownwood Bulletin.

### ANONYMOUS CONTRIBUTORS TO NEWSPAPERS.

There is a rule among newspapers not to publish articles contributed by unknown parties. Just why a newspaper will not publish anonymous contributions many are unable to understand. Some communications of real merit are left unpublished because they are not signed.

A signature is evidence of good faith on the part of the contributor. It is usually the case that authors of unsigned communications do not wish their identity known. Publishers will withhold the name of a contributor when asked to do so; but for their own protection must know that the author is writing in good faith.

### THE SOUTH PLAINS AND DAIRYING.

"The dairying business should be profitably engaged in on the South Plains. Feed is abundantly raised and it is of the right kind. The climate is admirable." These are the words of Walton Potest, former regent of the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College, and special investigator of Texas' agricultural conditions. He made a close study of conditions here last August.

L. B. Donnelly, experienced in farming conditions in Michigan, was surprised to find the dairy industry so slightly developed in the Plainview country. He toured the district last week.

One farmer who lives near Plainview made a few chickens and dairy cows pay the running expenses of a two-hundred-fifty-acre farm during 1915.

Today J. N. Morrison, of the Plainview Creamery, stated that there is not enough cream brought into Plainview to supply the market that is open to his business. He has contracts with the large packers for all the surplus products of his dairy, but he has been SHIP-PING IN during the past few months butter to supply the local trade and his dealers in towns on the South Plains.

Walton Potest says: "It is encouraging to see the development of SMALL tracts in the Plainview country. It is the criterion of a day of intensive farming here."

Intensive farming and dairying go hand in hand. With intensive farming is coming dairying, and therein lies one of the big opportunities of the many open to South Plains farmers.

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE'S ESTIMATE OF MONTHLY PRICES OF HOGS FOR PAST 5 YEARS.

The following table gives the United States estimated average price per 100 pounds to producers of hogs, monthly for six years, 1910-1915:

DATE.	1915	1914	1913	1912	1911	1910	Average.
January 15	\$6.57	\$7.45	\$6.77	\$5.74	\$7.44	\$7.78	\$6.96
February 15	6.34	7.75	7.17	5.79	7.04	7.87	6.99
March 15	6.33	7.80	7.62	5.94	6.74	8.93	7.23
April 15	6.48	7.80	7.94	6.78	6.17	9.26	7.40
May 15	6.77	7.60	7.45	6.79	5.72	8.59	7.15
June 15	6.80	7.43	7.61	6.65	5.66	8.46	7.10
July 15	6.84	7.72	7.81	6.64	5.92	8.15	7.18
August 15	6.61	8.10	7.79	7.11	6.54	7.78	7.32
September 15	6.79	8.11	7.68	6.47	6.53	8.27	7.48
October 15	7.18	7.43	7.60	7.70	6.09	8.08	7.35
November 15	6.35	7.00	7.33	7.05	5.86	7.61	6.87
December 15	6.92	5.67	7.16	6.89	5.92	7.16	6.50
Average	\$6.59	\$7.57	\$7.49	\$6.71	\$6.29	\$8.16	\$7.14

### VARIATION IN MONTHLY SUPPLY OF SWINE.

Swine are born mostly in the spring months and are slaughtered mostly in the winter; in consequence of this difference in the monthly birth rate and death rate, the number on hand varies from month to month. The annual births in recent years have averaged approximately 71,000,000, distributed by months about as follows: January, 2,600,000; February, 4,400,000; March, 16,400,000; April, 15,400,000; May, 10,900,000; June, 5,200,000; July, 2,700,000; August, 3,100,000; September, 6,500,000; October, 4,700,000; November, 2,700,000; December, 1,900,000.

The disposition is distributed by months approximately as follows: January, 10,000,000; February, 6,400,000; March, 5,000,000; April, 4,300,000; May, 3,500,000; June, 3,600,000; July, 2,900,000; August, 2,300,000; September, 5,000,000; October, 7,100,000; November, 10,000,000; December, 10,700,000.

With this distribution, the numbers on the first of each month are approximately as follows: January, 62,000,000; February, 51,000,000; March, 52,000,000; April, 59,000,000; May, 79,100,000; June, 77,400,000; July, 79,000,000; August, 78,800,000; September, 79,000,000; October, 80,500,000; November, 78,100,000; December, 70,800,000.

### TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS IN GOLD

Free to the Farmers of Texas. Sixth annual offer of the Texas Industrial Congress. Last year Baylis Stoncker Lewis Stoncker and Willard White, of Plainview, won \$25.00 in gold each on pigs they fed; this, of course, in addition to what they sold the pigs for. Farmers interested in the contests, or boys or girls who want to enter, can learn the full particulars by calling at The Herald office. It's absolutely free.

### MARK TWAIN STORY.

"He read more than anyone guessed. At night, propped up in bed—a habit continued until his death—he was likely to smoke until a late hour. He enjoyed smoking at such times, and had made himself a pipe with a large bowl which stood on the floor and had a long rubber stem, something like the Turkish hubble-bubble. He liked to fill the big bowl and smoke at ease through the entire evening. But sometimes the pipe went out, which meant that he must strike a match and lean far over to apply it just when he was most comfortable. Sam Clemens never liked unnecessary exertion. One night, when the pipe had gone out for the second time, he happened to hear the young book-clerk, Brownell, passing up to his room, on the top floor. Sam called to him:

"Ed, come here!" Brownell poked his head in the door. The two were great chums.

"What will you have, Sam?" he asked.

"Come in, Ed; Henry's asleep, and I'm in trouble. I want somebody to light my pipe."

"Why don't you light it yourself?" Brownell asked.

"I would, only I knew you'd be along in a few minutes and would do it for me."

"What are you reading, Sam?"

"Oh, nothing much—a so-called funny book. One of these days I'll write a funnier book myself."

"Brownell laughed.

"No you won't, Sam," he said. "You're too lazy ever to write a book."

"Years later, in the course of a lecture which he delivered in Keokuk, Mark Twain said that he supposed the most untruthful man in the world lived right there in Keokuk, and that his name was Ed Brownell."—Albert Bigelow Paine, in St. Nicholas.

### ABOUT THE STRAWBERRY CROP.

The Bureau of Crop Estimates has compiled figures showing the acreage in strawberries in the earliest centers of production. Detailed estimates follow:

**Florida**—Starke Section (including Bradford, Clay, Baker, Duval, Nassau, Putnam, and Suwanee Counties), 2,522 acres in 1916 as compared with 2,139 acres in 1915, an increase of 18 per cent.

**Plant City-Lakeland Section** (including De Soto, Hernando, Hillsborough, Manatee, Osceola, Polk, and Suwanee Counties), 1,753 acres in 1916 as compared with 1,342 in 1915, an increase of 31 per cent.

**Louisiana**—Including Livingston, St. Helena, St. Tammany, and Tangipahoa Parishes, 16,500 acres in 1916 as compared with 15,000 in 1915, an increase of 10 per cent.

**Texas**—Alvin Section (including Brazoria, Galveston, Harris, and Matagorda Counties), 1,177 acres in 1916 as compared with 1,035 in 1915, an increase of 14 per cent.

**Carrizo Springs Section** (including Atascosa, Cameron, Dimmitt, and Hidalgo Counties), 622 acres in 1916 as compared with 249 in 1915, an increase of 154 per cent.

**California**—Los Angeles County, 1,290 acres in 1916 as compared with 1,660 in 1915, a decrease of 25 per cent.

### SPECIAL CENSUS OF EL PASO.

A special census of the city of El Paso, Texas, made at local request and expens, and taken as of January 15, 1916, shows the population on that date to have been 61,902 within the corporate limits of the city. The increase since April 15, 1910, when the population was 39,279, has been 57.6 per cent. The present population comprises 32,737 persons of Mexican descent, 27,359 whites other than of Mexican descent, 1,514 negroes, 243 Chinese, 44 Japanese, and 5 Indians. The census was taken by local enumerators under the supervision of Emmons K. Ellsworth, an official of the U. S. Bureau of the Census, of Washington, D. C.

In addition to the population above shown, there were in the corporate limits counted as a part of the bona fide population 7,047 refugees or persons temporarily in El Paso awaiting settlement of conditions in Mexico, and 1,763 soldiers. Of the 7,047 refugees, there were 6,554 of Mexican descent, 482 whites other than of Mexican descent, and 11 negroes.

### Things We Should Know

The members of the President's Cabinet are:

Robert Lansing, Secretary of State; William Gibbs McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury; Lindley M. Garrison, Secretary of War; Thomas Watt Gregory, Attorney General; Albert Sidney Burleson, Postmaster General; Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy; Franklin Knight Lane, Secretary of the Interior; David Franklin Houston, Secretary of Agriculture; William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce, and William Bauchop Wilson, Secretary of Labor. Their duties consist in directing the affairs of their respective departments.

### TREE-PLANTING TIME.

The Plainview Evening Herald, writing about tree planting, says: "This is tree-planting time in the Southwest. Plant a tree of some kind. A few fruit trees around the place will improve its appearance, furnish some shade, and fruit in season is another blessing. Shade trees in the yard or in parked curbs will make Plainview more attractive. Plant a tree."

What is true of Plainview is true of Amarillo and of every town within the whole of Northwest Texas.—Amarillo Daily News.

### HAS COST OF LIVING INCREASED?

The cost of food products in the retail stores of twenty-five of the leading cities of the United States for 1915 was identical with that of 1914, according to statistics just completed by the Department of Labor of the Government.

### WANTS PLAINVIEW'S TONNAGE FROM NEW YORK FOR SUNSET.

J. E. Harwell, soliciting freight agent for the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Railway, was in Plainview yesterday and today. His mission is to line up freight from New York to Plainview via the Southern Pacific Steamship Lines, Morgan line.

### EDUCATION.

Education, beyond all other devices of human origin, is the great equalizer of the conditions of men—the balance wheel of social machinery.—Horace Mann.

### HOG-RAISING HINTS.

Disadvantages of Low Market May Be Overcome by Timely Breeding and Good Care.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 24.—The low prices received for hogs during the past year have been discouraging to some of the hog raisers of the country. The hog should be a paying animal. He requires less labor, less equipment, less capital, makes greater gains on 100 pounds of concentrates, reproduces himself faster and in greater numbers, and returns the money faster than any other farm animal. The fact remains, however, that prices paid for hogs are low and discouraging. In spite of these prices the animal that possesses the above advantages can still lift mortgages for his owner if he will study and apply some of the fundamental principles underlying the business.

To begin with, the best can be made of a poor market by having the hogs ready at the time when they are most wanted by that market. This normally occurs during the spring and again during early fall. The September and October market is usually the highest. How can the farmer take advantage of these facts to the greatest degree? In the first place, the hog wanted by the market usually runs between 175 and 225 pounds. Fortunately this is the most economical weight at which to dispose of the hog. Up to this point

(Continued on Page Eight.)



For Chronic Constipation

Six glasses of water daily and

Rexall Orderlies

The laxative tablet with the pleasant taste

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

We have the exclusive selling rights for this great laxative. Trial size, 10 cents. DYE DRUG CO., INC. THE REXALL STORE

Get "Merry War" Lye here for worms in your hogs. PLAINVIEW PRODUCE COMPANY.

### BOY WANTED.

WANTED: Live, energetic boy, who wishes to work a few hours each afternoon and on Saturdays. Position for right boy through summer. Apply HERALD OFFICE.

Have you joined the **HALLMARK WATCH CLUB?** WEAR WHILE YOU PAY

A High Grade Watch 50c to \$1.00 per Week



The Hallmark Watch The Jewelers' Choice

Carry one of these high-grade watches. Make a small cash payment and the balance in weekly payments of 50c to \$1.00.

Let us explain the plan in detail to you.



Wilbert Peterson Jeweler and Optician

# COMING SURE

Don't be disappointed at the last minute by finding that all of the tickets have been sold to the

## CONCERT EXTRAORDINARY

OF

# MILLE. DE TREVILLE

She will appear at the Methodist Church Friday Night of This Week.

Get your tickets today at any of the drug stores or from any member of the committee.

**\$1.00 AND \$1.50**

# SOCIETY

Telephone Number 72

## CLUB CALENDAR

**Wednesday**—  
Halcyon Club, with Mrs. Ben O. Sanford, on Restriction Street.

**Friday**—  
"As You Like It" Club, with Mrs. J. F. Garrison.

The Home Economic Club will meet Friday afternoon, with Mrs. George Bennett, on Jones Street.

**Saturday**—  
Travel Study Club, at Woman's Club room.

## MISS DALTON ENTERTAINS WITH SIX-O'CLOCK DINNER.

Miss Pattie Dalton, 401 South Pacific Street, was hostess this week at an attractively appointed six-o'clock dinner, honoring Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Allen Caldwell, who are leaving in a short time for South America.

Carnations, pink and white, carrying out the color motif selected by Miss Dalton, were given as favors. A pot of blooming primroses of the prevailing color, centered the table, and in the living room the same colors were featured.

An informal musical program was given after dinner.

Covers were laid for Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell, Misses Georgia Brashears, Flora Mae Scudder, Virginia Dalton and the hostess, and Messrs. Z. E. Jenkins, Earl Gray Owens, Newell Hammons and Morey McGlasson.

The following elaborate menu was served:

Fruit Cocktail. Tomato Bisque.  
Oysters a la Horley.  
Fruit Salad. Cheese Croquettes.  
Stuffed Dates.  
Olives.  
Pink and White Cream.  
Angel Food Cake.  
Cafe Noir. Mints.

## MARK'S AUXILIARY MEETS WITH MRS. F. C. VICKERY.

Auxiliary of St. Mark's Episcopal met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. F. C. Vickery, 400 Pacific Street, as hostess. Mrs. Edna Mayhugh presided, and Anderson leading the devotions.

Of vital interest to the members were discussed. Among them the coming of the rector, Rev. J. S. Jones, who expects to move to Plainview about April first.

Delightful refreshments were served by Mrs. Vickery.

## HONORING BRIDE TO BE.

Mesdames E. H. Humphreys, H. C. Randolph and R. C. Joiner Hostesses for Miss Casey's Friends.

Miss Effie Casey the bride of the month, was the guest Friday afternoon at a matinee party, which in appointment and detail was one of the most attractive of the season. The affair was given by Mesdames E. H. Humphreys, H. C. Randolph and R. C. Joiner.

Only the intimate friends of the popular bride-to-be were invited. Meeting at the home of Mrs. Humphreys, the party went to see Marguerite Clark in "The Prince and the Pauper," at the Olympic. Later they returned to the Humphreys home, where an elaborate four-course luncheon was served on a table where the motif was effectively carried out in green and white.

A pot of blooming narcissus centered the table, while clusters of the same flower were given as favors. Ferns and vines of delicate greenery gave a touch of grace to the attractive scene, which was lighted with white candles tied with bows of green tulle. The chair of the guest of honor was designated by a bow of white tulle.

Beginning with grape fruit and ending with cafe noir and mints, the menu included oysters, salads, ices and cakes.

## BIBLE STUDY CLUB MEETS WITH MRS. H. C. RANDOLPH.

The newly organized Bible Study Club held its first meeting this morning, at the home of Mrs. H. C. Randolph. The president, Mrs. T. P. Whitis, presided and also led the devotional exercises.

Mrs. Charles Saigling resigned as secretary. Miss Edna Mayhugh was elected to fill her place. The ten members present began their systematic study of the Bible by a resume of the first eleven chapters of Genesis.

It was decided to change the time of meeting from the first Tuesday morning in each month to the afternoon of the fourth Monday of two-thirds.

## "AS YOU LIKE IT" CLUB PROGRAM FOR FEBRUARY 11.

Following are the questions for the "As You Like It" Club for Friday, February 11:

1. As to the time of its composition, with what group of comedies does this one belong?
2. What elements does it possess in common with these?
3. Where did Shakespeare derive suggestions for the play?
4. What are the speculations as to the occasion of the writing of this play?
5. What celebration is approaching at the opening of the play?
6. How has Theseus wooed Hippolyta?
7. State the complaint against his daughter that Egeus brings to the Duke.
8. What penalty is threatened for the refusal of Hermia to obey her father?
9. Is there any particular differentiation in the character of the two lovers?
10. Who is Helena, and what is the story of her love affairs?
11. What is the plan for the flight of Hermia and Lysander? What does Helena propose in relation to it?
12. Has Scene II been foreshadowed?
13. Mention the people here introduced and the characteristic attributes of each.
14. How has Shakespeare effected the removal of scene from the city?
15. Indicate the lines of action laid down in the first act.

## "PLAY A FACTOR IN EDUCATION" SUBJECT FOR LAMAR MOTHERS.

The Lamar Mothers' Club will meet at the Lamar Building Friday, February 11. The subject is: "Play as a Factor in the Education of a Child as Affecting—"

- (a) "Its Physical Development"—Mrs. A. G. Harrison.
- (b) "Its Mental Development"—Miss Beulah Posten.
- (c) "Its Moral Development"—Mrs. F. P. Powell.

Readings—Elizabeth Powell and Adrienne Hanby.  
Music—Victrola.

## Mlle. de Treville Sings Here.

Famous Grand Opera Prima Donna Will Appear Friday Evening at Methodist Church.

Yvonne de Treville, famous grand opera prima donna, a native of France, appears in Plainview Friday evening, February 11, at the First Methodist Church, under the auspices of the Federated Clubs of the city, in her costume song recital, "Three Centuries of Prime Donne."

Beautifully costumed, de Treville will sing prima donna parts representative of famous singers of the three last centuries. The historical interest of the concert is not contained alone in the arias and songs sung by the prima donna to which that part is dedicated, but as well in the contemporary songs of other nations. These are made more pleasing because they are sung in the native languages.

In the first part, garbed as Mlle. de Maupin, Louis XIV's favorite, she sings the arias of Lulli, the kitchen-boy, who became court composer to Louis, as well as songs by Rameau, Hasse and the Englishmen, Hood and Carey.

In the second part she appears in the 1850 picturesque costume of Jenny Lind—to whom, when singing at the Royal Opera of Stockholm, de Treville has been compared.

In the third part of the program she sings modern arias her own operatic repertoire and English, French, German and American songs written and arranged especially for her.

One of the decorations worn on her Paris frocks is the golden order of "Benemerito," bestowed upon her by His Majesty King Carlos, of Roumania.

All arrangements have been completed, and it is definitely assured that Mlle. de Treville will appear in Plainview. The recital by her in Dallas Monday night, under the auspices of the Shubert Choral Club, is highly spoken of by the Dallas press. In fact, if recommendations from the metropolitan press and the leading musical technical journals are to be considered, Mlle. de Treville is indeed excellent.

H. B. Emple, of North Platte, Neb., was in Plainview this week.

County Attorney Chas. Clements is in Llanito today on business.

Minor Counts, of Roaring Springs, is here visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Shafer.

## IS DEMONSTRATING FLOUR FOR CASH GROCERY STORE.

The demonstrations conducted this week by Miss Hewey, of Wichita, Kansas, for the Red Star Flouring Mill, of that city, is attended by large numbers of interested ladies.

The demonstrations are at the Cash Grocery. The front part of the store has been conveniently arranged for the comfort of those attending.

Miss Hewey gives her recipes while she deftly mixes the ingredients, and later serves the dainties cooked. The following excellent cake recipe was used this afternoon:

- 2 cups Red Star flour.
- 1½ cups light brown sugar.
- ½ cup butter.
- ½ cup sour milk.
- 2½ squares of chocolate (melted).
- 2 eggs, whites beaten separately.

## LAMAR MOTHERS' CLUB GETS NEAT SUM AT SCHOOL FRIDAY.

The members of the Lamar Mothers' Club served chocolate and cake at East Side School Friday noon. The receipts were something near \$10.

The funds received will go for the benefit of the school.

## BIRTHS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Denny, February 3, a girl.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. O. N. Crow, of Abernathy, January 31, a boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Laird, of Abernathy, February 4, a boy.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Harve Locke, Runningwater, February 4, a girl.

## STATE-WIDE S. S. CONVENTION.

Adult and Teen Age Classes of All Denominations in Texas to Meet in Dallas February 24-27, 1916.

The first annual State-wide Convention of Organized Sunday School Classes in the adult and teen-age divisions, of all denominations, will be held in Dallas, in the First Presbyterian Church, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, February 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th, 1916.

World-wide noted leaders and many Texas leaders and specialists will speak and conduct conferences and outline a forward campaign among all classes of men and women and of older boys and girls for greater efficiency in teaching and training.

Mrs. J. F. Russell and children, of Tulsa, came down Monday to visit relatives.

A. A. Highbarger has returned from a trip to his old home, at Bay City, Texas.

Mrs. C. D. Boyd is visiting relatives at Colorado City.

W. A. Shofner has returned from a visit to Killeen, Brownwood and other points south.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sanders have returned from a visit to San Antonio.

Mrs. S. J. Storm, of Amarillo, was the guest last week of her brother, Claude Nobles.

George Brinsfield, of Hale Center, went to Lubbock this morning.

A. B. DeWald, who has been up here on business, returned to Abernathy today.

Sam Beringer, of Ballinger, is in Plainview on business.

G. C. Grinshaw, of Pittsburg, Calif., is here on business.

Thos. F. Turner, of Amarillo, is in Plainview today.

D. C. Gillespie, of Spence, Iowa, was in Plainview Saturday on business.

Red Cardboard for Valentine decorations at THE HERALD OFFICE.

Get "Merry War" Lye here for worms in your hogs. PLAINVIEW PRODUCE COMPANY.

## —do you

—take a day off and tramp the country over if you're contemplating buying a farm?

—do you get out on the street and walk it from one end to the other when you are in search of a place to live—a room, a house, or an apartment?

## —no you don't

—nor does anyone else. Men and women are too busy to search the country or town over looking for "for sale" and "for rent" signs.

## —but they do

—search the classified ads in THE HERALD.

—therefore, if you have property for sale or "for rent," the quickest way is the best, and that is to have your ad where people are reading.

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—search the classified ads in THE HERALD.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Reynolds, of Alley, were in Plainview Saturday.

O. L. Pace, of Hillsboro, was here Saturday.

E. J. Litter, Texas manager for the St. Louis Loan Company, was here Saturday morning.

J. H. Reagan, of Floydada, was here Saturday.

L. H. Eszes, of Floydada, was a business visitor in Plainview Saturday.

Brant Jones, of Floydada, was here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Cross, of Canyon City, were in Plainview Saturday and Sunday.

Ben Thorp, of Dallas, representing the Federal Life Insurance Company, was here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Winn, of Lubbock, were here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Higginbotham, of Lubbock, were here Sunday.

P. G. Kroeker, of Cheney, Kans., was in Plainview on business yesterday.

F. K. Pipkin, of Amarillo, was here attending court yesterday and today.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy K. Bruner, of Floydada, were here yesterday.

Geo. E. Smith, of Comanche, attended District Court in Plainview this week.

George and Bert Sears, brothers of W. G. Sears, left this morning for their home, at Lipan, Texas.

F. M. Keasey, of Abernathy, returned home today.

Mrs. Lloyd T. Mayhugh is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. Walter Archibald, at Durant, Okla.

T. J. Craighad, of Little Rock, Ark., was here this week on business.

Mrs. W. H. Bloomer, of Ferguson, came up today on a shopping expedition.

C. E. McMurray, of Belleview, Clay County, who has been visiting relatives in Plainview, left for home this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Glenn and son, of Buena Vista, Texas, left for home today.

O. W. Harrison, of Amarillo, was here this week on business.

P. H. and W. E. Farmer, of Comanche, who have been attending court in Plainview, left this morning.

Miss Mary McKinnon, of Floydada, left today for Houston.

Miss Clara Gray, of Lockney, left today for Clovis, New Mexico.

Rev. M. S. Leveridge returned Monday from his appointment at Cone.

Mrs. S. E. Sears, of Lipan, Texas, left for home this morning.

S. R. Hawks, of Amarillo, traveling salesman for the Red Star Flouring Mill, of Wichita, Kansas, left this morning.

Mrs. T. E. Holgate, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. H. P. Webb, left this morning for Artesia, New Mexico.

E. T. Brady, of Sweetwater, is attending District Court here.

Pat Sneed is here from Sweetwater.

M. V. Johnson, of Sweetwater, is here on business.

C. E. Haile is here from Sweetwater on business.

T. J. Coggin, of El Paso, had business in Plainview Monday.

Fred Bartsch is in Littlefield on business.

## RICHARDS BROS. & COLLIER

Want it known far and wide that theirs is

### A STORE WITH A PURPOSE

That purpose is to give the people of the South Plains A BETTER PLACE TO TRADE.

NEW SILKS NEW DRESS GOODS  
NEW SUITS NEW SHOES

Come to their store expecting to find what you want.

REMEMBER:—The Remodeling Sale is over when the lumber, glass, marble, paint and mud arrive, so don't expect the big cut in price after that day.

*Richards Bros. & Collier*  
WHERE PEOPLE WHO DRESS BEST TRADE

Earl Wakefield, of Denton, is visiting his sister, Mrs. John P. Crawford, 800 Restriction Street.

Frank Ford, of near Lockney, was in Plainview yesterday.

S. J. Hayden was in Amarillo Friday on business.

Otis Trulove, of Amarillo, was in Plainview this week on business.

F. J. Goerdmandt, of Kansas, was here yesterday.

L. A. Knight and J. K. Milwee left Monday to attend the Kansas Live-Stock Association, which convenes in Wichita today.

Mrs. W. H. Johnson, of Floydada, left yesterday for Whitney.

Rev. J. M. Harder returned Monday from his appointment at Post City. He reports a good meeting and eleven additions to the church on Sunday.

Miss Alice Williams left yesterday to visit relatives at Somerville, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fields, of Lockney, were in Plainview yesterday en route from Lampasas.

Mrs. A. P. McKinnon, of Floydada, left yesterday to see a daughter in Houston who is very ill.

G. F. Graves was in Amarillo on business Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Pipkin, of Amarillo, came down yesterday.

Mrs. T. E. Durham, of Lockney, motored to Plainview yesterday to meet Mr. Durham and Tom E. Jr., who had been to Fort Worth.

Tom Garrett returned to Lubbock yesterday, after a visit to relatives in Plainview.

Horace Lindsay, of Amarillo, came down Sunday to visit his parents, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Lindsay, returning Monday.

Mrs. Joe Barrett has had as her guest for several days her cousin, Mrs. J. H. Thornton, of Clovis, New Mexico.

W. E. Barrett, of Los Angeles, Calif., is in Plainview for an indefinite visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Barrett. Probably Mr. Barrett will like Plainview well enough to locate.

H. P. Betts and Charles Stevenson visited Canyon and Amarillo Sunday.

Miss Cora Rountree returned Saturday from an extended visit to Colorado City, Texas.

J. R. Bowman, of near Lockney, was in Plainview today.

# \$8,000,000

We have contracted for the new \$8,000,000 Mutual Program. An all star all feature program comprising the releases of the worlds most noted film producers.

Beginning the week of February 7th the Mutual Program will consist of three FOUR AND FIVE REEL MUTUAL MASTERPIECES; two THREE-REEL BROADWAY STAR RELEASES every week; five TWO-REEL BANNER FEATURES every week; nine ONE-REEL FEATURE COMEDIES every week; two ONE-REEL ALL-STAR DRAMAS every week; one ONE-REEL MUTUAL WEEKLY OF WORLD EVENTS every week. In these productions ON THE MUTUAL PROGRAM you'll find stars whose fame in film circles and on the speaking stage is world-wide. It will be the policy to put into single reel productions the same high quality found in four- to six-reel productions—the same great stars, the same expensive costumes, the same costly settings, and the same high-priced direction. And this QUALITY POLICY will be maintained always in ALL Mutual Program releases whether they be single reel productions or those of greater length. This gives us a variety program that is bound to please. We have also just installed a new and up-to-date motion picture machine which enables us to give our patrons continued show. In fact we will not spare any time or money in making our theatre the most up-to-date house in West Texas. Pay us a visit, you will be pleased with our show.

**MAE I. THEATRE**  
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT  
"HOME OF MUTUAL PROGRAM"

One Cent a Word



JAMES FRANCIS DWYER

# GRAFT

Each Episode Suggested by a Prominent Author  
Serialization by HUGH WEIR and JOE BRANDT  
Produced by the Universal Film Manufacturing Company  
(Copyright, 1918, by the Universal Film Manufacturing Company.)

### SYNOPSIS.

Dudley Larnigan, district attorney, because of his fight on the vice and liquor trusts, is killed by an agent of a secret society, the committee of fifteen. The fight is continued by his son, Bruce, who is elected district attorney. When Larnigan saves the children of one of the conspirators this man agrees to expose the trust and is murdered. Dorothy Maxwell, whose father is head of the insurance trust, over the dictaphone hears of a plot to kill Larnigan, with whom she is in love. She warns him, he escapes, and two more of the conspirators are killed. When Bruce Larnigan goes to Chicago to fight the grain trust he is assaulted and thrown overboard. He is rescued by his brother Tom, who takes up the fight. Dodson, head of the grain trust, fearing exposure, kills himself. Tom Larnigan opens a fight on the textile trust. Ayres, the head of the trust, in an effort to kill Tom, kills his own son. Tom, Ben Travers and Stevens go after the railroad monopoly. An attempt is made to wreck the special train on which Tom and Ben travel. When Kitty Rockford, the railroad president's daughter is saved by Tom and Ben the railroad president declares he'll help expose the grafters. The conspirators next plan to involve this country in war in order to sell munitions. Bean, an inventor, makes a machine to blow up an interned warship. Tom Larnigan gets Bean drunk. He gives away the plot, and Carney, another of the graft conspirators, is killed.

### EIGHTH EPISODE

#### "Old King Coal"

Suggested by JAMES FRANCIS DWYER, Author of "The Spotted Panther," "The White Waterfall," and "The Blue Moon"

"DUNN—this sort of nonsense has got to stop!" said Stanford Stone, with a grim meaning in his tone. "Every time these Larnigans escape from your traps, I'm beginning to think that you forget that I'm in a position to enforce the orders I give you."

"Well—I got an idea," said Dunn. "It looks good. Bean's sore—he's afraid he won't get any more money. He thinks Tom Larnigan put over something pretty raw, and he's got it in for him. So here's the lay out. Bean says that if he can get into the Larnigans' flat he can fix things so that anyone who goes inside the front door will never come out again! I say—it's worth while. Let him make good."

Dunn went off to find Bean. And an hour or so later he telephoned to Stone. "Bean's been there—and you never saw a prettier job!" he reported, enthusiastically. "He's got the whole place wired—and every wire leads to some explosive!"

"Fine work!" said Stone. "I believe you've got them this time, Dunn. Well—we got Dudley Larnigan when he was



"Let him come! I've got ways of taking care of him!"

district attorney of New York, and it would be a strange thing if we couldn't put these two sons of his out of the running!"

Stone was smiling as he made his way to the home of Roger Maxwell, head of the insurance trust and the father of Dorothy Maxwell, the girl whom both Stone and Bruce Larnigan loved. Dorothy alone knew the truth concerning Stone, and though she loved Bruce, and hated Stone, she was constrained to silence because she knew that her father was in Stone's power, that he was deeply involved in the criminal machinations of the gang that the Larnigans had sworn to run to earth. Stone had threatened, more than once, that if she betrayed him he would see to it that her father was ruined, and she had, therefore, had to content with doing what she could in secret to help Bruce. And in this, for some time, she had had the aid of Kitty Rockford, her best friend, whose betrothal to Tom Larnigan Dorothy expected to be announced at any time. Dorothy saw Stone come in; she knew that already a number of other

men, prominent in the Graft trust, were in the house.

"We'd better keep our ears open, Kitty," she told her chum. "I think those men are planning some new deviltry."

"I heard Mr. Welsner talking about interference with his business," said Kitty. "He said that if any outsiders came skulking around the coal mines they'd better look out—that there was trouble enough there already without bringing in any more from outside."

"They'll talk in the library," said Dorothy. "If we slip in there now and go into the little alcove, we can curl up in that big settee. If they find us we can pretend to be asleep."

They put their plan into execution, and, as they expected, they soon heard the voices of the members of the syndicate—the survivors of the original fifteen. Stone spoke first.

"Welsner—you needn't worry," he said. "I saw Larnigan just now—met him as he came from the station. He's taken his mother and his brother down to the country. He explained to me that he wanted them to be where was safe and quiet, because he had to go down to Pennsylvania!"

"And you'll keep him away, I suppose," said Welsner, with a sneer. "Me—I don't trust you or your arrangements, Stone! You've had plenty of chances at these Larnigans, and you've messed up every one of them! Let him come, say I! I've got ways of taking care of him if he turns up!"

The two girls couldn't hear all of the conversation. It was Welsner's voice, heavy and powerful, that was most plainly audible; Stone, from a more highly developed sense of caution, pitched his tone low, so that only an occasional word that he uttered was clear and distinct. And so the two girls did not realize that Tom would be in peril even before he left New York; they thought that for him the danger would begin to be acute when he reached the coal fields. As soon as they could they stole out and managed to get away unobserved.

"Suppose we went down?" suggested Dorothy. "Down to Pennsylvania? I don't believe Tom realizes the dangers he will face down there—and we might save his life! I'm sure we could be of some use."

"I'm willing," said Kitty, eagerly.

Tom, meanwhile, had gone unsuspectingly toward his flat. He meant to accept Stone's invitation. Stone could, he knew, give him valuable information as to conditions in the coal fields, and he had offered to do so. He did not see the spy who lurked in the lower hallway of his apartment house; it was with the utmost unconcern that he inserted his key in the door. He stopped for a moment, holding the door open with his foot, and bent down to stroke a cat that had rubbed against his leg. The cat, he guessed, must belong to his neighbors. Then he straightened up, and pushed the door open. But just then a mouse ran across the doormat; the cat sprang after it, in hot pursuit. Instantly there was a blinding flash; a deafening roar, and a great explosion hurled Tom half way down the stairs. He was bruised and shaken, but he was not seriously hurt; no bones were broken. And, even as he picked himself up the spy, hearing the explosion, ran off to report that he had walked into the trap.

Stone was appalled and astonished when Tom came, as he had promised to do. But he was able to conceal his astonishment and his dismay.

"You must spend the night," he told Tom. "You can get an early morning train—you might as well have one more night of comfort. I'm afraid you'll find it pretty rough down in the coal fields. The hotels are poor, and everything is upset and disorganized by the strike, so that it will be even worse than usual."

Tom agreed, and Stone, after Tom had retired, sent for Dunn.

"He's fooled us again," he said, bitterly. "I don't know how—and I don't care! But I've arranged a last chance for you! He's in this apartment, asleep! You can get through the window—and this time take no chances!"

"Suppose I'm caught—it's murder you're asking me to do!" gasped Dunn, growing pale.

"You've done it before—and I still have the proofs!" said Stone, fiercely. "Which would you rather do—have me hand those proofs to the prosecutor, with the certainty that you'll be convicted, or take the chance that you won't be caught? Who is going to catch you? There's no one to give the alarm except myself!"

Dunn hesitated. But he knew that Stone held the whip hand.

"I'll do it," said Dunn, gloomily. "All right," said Stone. "There's the way you can get in."

And at once he went downstairs and notified the hall boy that he had seen

a burglar, trying to get into his room! Treachery was the very breath of life to Stone.

"I caught a burglar for you, Mr. Stone," said Tom, when he saw Stone returning, with two or three of the employees of the house. "He's tied up in there!"

"Good work!" said Stone. The man had missed his vocation; anyone who had seen him then, and had known, too, what his real plan would have been, would have been convinced of that. In him a great actor was lost to the stage. He concealed his fury, his dismay at the sight of Tom Larnigan, who had once more escaped. Tom had been too much for Dunn, that was all.

Down in the coal country Dorothy and Kitty saw much of the misery inevitably attendant upon a strike. The miners were grim and determined; certain elements among them had begun to riot and to try to destroy the property of the mining companies. The militia and the state police suppressed all violence ruthlessly, but the temper of the men was growing uglier, and there could be no doubt that, sooner or later, they would organize and seek to settle the matters in a pitched battle.

But the two girls, although they saw much that was of vital interest, did not, for a long time, discover where Tom Larnigan was, nor what he was doing. Tom, as a matter of fact, knew that he could not hope to accomplish much unless he was able to discredit Welsner. It was Welsner's claim that the shortage of coal, and the resultant



The Temper of the Miners Daily Was Growing Uglier.

high prices in the cities, were chargeable to the strikers, and this had done much to inflame public opinion against the men. Tom, on the other hand, was sure that Welsner was resorting to an old trick, and holding back great reserves of coal.

So he was making his hunt off the beaten path, looking daily, for some evidence that would support his belief, since he knew that a guess, no matter how close it might prove to be to the truth, would be useless against such enemies.

And one day, on a specially built siding, he found a long string of coal cars, fully loaded. There was proof of the most glaring sort that he had been right, for, across the track, a shanty had been built by tracklayers—right in the path of the loaded cars! Tom began at once to take notes and photographs and in this occupation Welsner surprised him.

"Who are you? What right have you got to come butting in?" asked Tom, angrily, when Welsner began to abuse him.

"I'll tell you who I am—and in a hurry!" said Welsner, with an oath. "I'm Welsner—the boss of this whole country, and don't you forget it!"

Tom's anger was too strong for his discretion. In a moment he and Welsner were grappling, in a primitive, savage combat. Tom, with a fair field, could have killed his opponent, but some of Welsner's henchmen hurried to his assistance, and in a few minutes Tom, unconscious and bound, was thrown into the tool shanty. Welsner, raging, went up the hill along which the siding ran, and stopped, at the top, where the first car stood. Suddenly an evil light came into his eyes.

"He wants the coal moved, does he?" he snarled. "Well—moved it shall be!" At once he sprang to the car, uncoupled it, and began to try to move it, so that, getting on the grade, it would roll down upon the shanty by the force of gravity.

And at the same moment Dorothy Maxwell, who chanced to be within hearing, understood his purpose, and suspecting that Tom was in the shanty, ran desperately toward it. The car gained momentum; Dorothy saw that she would be too late. But Kitty Rickford, nearer the bottom of the hill, understood Dorothy's frantic gestures.

She ran toward the shanty, not knowing what she would see, but realizing that there was some danger for some one inside, since she could see the car racing down. And, just in time, she dragged Tom outside—and a moment later the car ploughed through the frail structure, smashing it to kindling wood.

The two girls freed Tom. And then they saw a group of men gathered on the hill about half way up. Tom went up; he returned, sober faced, in a few moments.

"Welsner's foot caught as he started the car—caught in the brake," he said. "He was dragged along and killed."

Tom could not avert much of the trouble that followed, but Welsner's death and the government action that followed Tom's report brought about a speedy settlement of the strike. And one more name was crossed off the original list of fifteen.

[Episode No. 9 Next Week.]

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Prompt Service Day or Night  
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DR. E. L. ATMAR, Dentist  
Grant Building, Suite 25.  
Phone 560.

DR. E. O. NICHOLS, Specialist in Diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE, and THROAT.  
Office in The New Donohoe Building, First Door South of Olympic Theatre—Upstairs.  
Telephone 58.

A Bell Telephone  
Always a Friend in Need  
In case of sickness or accident, the doctor can be summoned by telephone in less time than it takes to harness a horse. If he is some distance away, he can give instructions over the telephone that may save a life.  
It is a time-saver when time is most valuable.

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YOU CAN RELY ON  
Rexall Orderlies  
The laxative tablet with the pleasant taste  
If you are bilious or constipated  
They keep your System as clean as a stone jug rinsed with cold spring water  
10¢ 25¢ 50¢  
We have the exclusive selling rights for this great laxative. Trial size, 10 cents.  
DYE DRUG CO., INC.  
THE REXALL STORE

FARM AND RANCH LOANS  
-:- R. A. UNDERWOOD -:-

Get It Where They Have It and Guarantee the Quality  
THE R. A. LONG DRUG STORE

Santa Fe  
Round-trip excursion fares account annual meeting Department of Superintendent National Education Association, Detroit, Mich., February 21-26.  
Tickets on sale February 17-18-19, final return limit March 2nd. Fare \$53.05. For further information and other information phone 224.  
JOHN LUCAS, Agent

RANCH LOANS  
\$10,000 TO \$20,000  
We have for immediate placing funds in above amounts on ranches and stock farms. Money ready now and satisfactory rates.  
The Citizens National Bank  
PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

Do Not Forget How to Save Money  
Our business has been fine and we are trying to save each customer a few dimes.  
We have just received a carload of Missouri flour and are now in shape to furnish you an awful good flour at an awful good price.  
No order too small and no order too large.  
We guarantee everything we sell or your money back.  
G. E. LEWIS  
Phone 116 Wayland Bldg.

We Have Moved  
To the Opera House Building which has been especially fitted for our needs. In our new location we will be able to buy in larger quantities and assortments and therefore sell at even better prices than you have enjoyed at our store. We will be pleased to have you pay us a visit of inspection.  
PHONE 95 W. E. WINFIELD PHONE 95  
"If It Isn't Good We Make It Good"

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ONE CENT PER WORD
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THE EVENING HERALD'S
LIVE WANT AD PAGE
TELEPHONE NO. 72

THE MARKET PLACE
OF THE
SOUTH PLAINS

Say "LONG-HARP DRUG CO." to your doctor, and we guarantee the service. Phone 161.

FRESH FISH and OYSTER received Monday and Thursday of each week at BARTSCH'S MARKET. Phone 437. 2t.

We are in the market for Dry and Green Hides. Highest prices. ALLEN & BONNER, Coal and Grain Dealers. Adv. 1t.

Say "LONG-HARP DRUG CO." to your doctor, and we guarantee the service. Phone 161.

ONION SETS now on hand at PLAINVIEW PRODUCE CO. 1t.

WANTED—To buy or rent incubator. Phone, write or see A. W. OBERSTE, at Egge's Garage. 3t-pd.

AUTO CURTAIN FOUND. Owner may have same by calling at Herald Office and paying for this ad. 1t.

FOR SALE—Starr Piano—good as new—at a bargain. Will trade for any kind of livestock. See BEN GARDNER, at Roos' Garage. 1t.

ONION SETS now on hand at PLAINVIEW PRODUCE CO. 1t.

FOR SALE—Cows and heifers, 3 to 5 years old; freshening every day. See C. K. THOMAS or ODA THOMAS, care Third National Bank, Plainview, Tex. 4t-pd.

Don't forget to say "LONG-HARP DRUG CO." Phone 161. Free delivery. 2t.

We are in the market for Dry and Green Hides in any quantity. RUCKER PRODUCE COMPANY. 1t.

FOR RENT: One furnished room. Herald, Phone 72. 1t.

FLOURS cost you just a little more are just a little better than brands. HARVEST QUEEN 1t.

CITY STOCK MARKET IN DETAIL.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS. b. 4.—A stronger tendency on cattle this week has been the feature, a demand for prime finished steers coming to the surface, with buyers willing to pay \$9.00 to \$9.15 for the right finish and weights not too heavy. Some big steers weighing almost 1,600 pounds brought \$8.60, and an extra large percentage of the beef steers sold above \$8.00 on Wednesday. Bulk of the steers range from \$7.25 to \$8.25, the lower edge being only the warmed-up kind. A few shipments of pulp-fed western steers were here this week, fair quality steers but lacking flesh selling at \$7.75, weighing 1,170 pounds, and a car of pulp-fed steers which included two head of cows selling at \$7.50, 1,150 pounds average. Choice pulp-fed steers were wanted, and would bring \$8.25 to \$8.50 here this week. Cows and heifers sold stronger, best heavy cows \$6.50 to \$7.00, medium cows \$5.75 to \$6.25, good heifers \$7.00 to \$7.75, choice up to \$8.75, most of the bulls \$5.65 to \$6.25, common ones \$5.00 to \$5.50, choice \$6.50, veals \$8.00 to \$10.50. A few shipments of quarantine cattle are coming, steers of plain to fair quality this week at \$6.75 to \$7.75. Best stockers sold at \$7.00 to \$7.55, some Colorado yearlings at \$7.50, Oklahoma stock steers \$6.35 to \$7.25, feeders mostly at \$6.90 to \$7.25, a few up to \$7.75. Receipts have been much

These cool mornings and evenings make New Mackerel, Imported Codfish and Fresh Oysters sound mighty good. VICKERY - HANCOCK have them. Phone 17. 1t.

FOR SALE—20 young male Poland-China hogs, from 4 to 6 months old, and 20 young Hereford bulls, from 8 months to a year old. Can be seen at my Hale County farm two miles south of Hale Center. J. J. ELLERD. 1t.

Specify LONG-HARP DRUG CO. for everything in the Drug Line. Phone 161. Free delivery. 2t.

FRESH FISH and OYSTER received Monday and Thursday of each week at BARTSCH'S MARKET. Phone 437. 2t.

FOR SALE—A small country store. Goods will invoice about \$1,400.00; fixtures about \$300.00. Store house and dwelling house. No land, but some that can be leased. This property is located at Mickey, Texas. Near a \$5,000.00 brick school building. Eight miles from Floydada. Eleven miles from Lockney. Good community. Something good for the right party. If interested write or phone CARL W. SMITH, Mickey, Texas. Feb. 11 1t-pd.

WANTED—An incubator. See or write W. OLIVER ANDERSON, at Post Office. 1t-pd.

Don't forget to say "LONG-HARP DRUG CO." Phone 161. Free delivery. 2t.

FOUND: Bunch of keys. Owner may secure same at The Herald Office. 1t.

Kalamazoo Celery, New Mackerel, Imported Codfish, Fresh Oysters, at VICKERY-HANCOCK GROCERY CO. Phone 17. 1t.

Half car East Texas Yams due Wednesday, the ninth, at the CAR-LOAD HOUSE. Phone 391. 1t.

PLOUGHING CONTRACT WANTED. Will contract to plow sod or old ground; prefer section of sod. O. E. WINSLOW. 1t.

lighter this week than heretofore, and if the run continues moderate conditions favor stronger prices, cold weather favoring meat distribution. Hogs sold 10 cents higher today, following two days of moderate declines, and the market is within 5 cents of the high time, top \$7.95, bulk \$7.55 to \$7.85. Supplies show signs of falling off, 10,000 less here this week than last, run today 5,500 head. Hog slaughter continues to show a big increase over last year, and average weight is not as much short of the average a year ago as it has been running. These are the bear features, together with the fact that present prices are 80 to 90 cents higher than a year ago at this time. Sheep and lambs regained recent losses since the first of the week, and sold at the season's top today, although the market lost its edge before the close. Receipts are running light, and prospects favor continued light supplies. Best lambs sold at \$10.80, only 10 cents under the best price on record here, paid last May. Ewes sold at \$7.85 today, a new high figure for this winter, and prime wethers are worth \$8.25, yearlings \$9.50. Lambs weighing 88 pounds brought the top this week on different days, as well as lighter lambs, showing there is no discrimination on account of weight. Feeding and shearing lambs are worth \$9.65 to \$10.00. J. A. RICKART, Market Correspondent.

Specify LONG-HARP DRUG CO. for everything in the Drug Line. Phone 161. Free delivery. 2t.

We are in the market for Dry and Green Hides. Highest prices. ALLEN & BONNER, Coal and Grain Dealers. Adv. 1t.

FOR SALE—"Old Trusty" Incubator, 100-egg size; perfect condition. Price, \$5.00. Address MRS. JEANNETTE HARTWELL, City, Ellen Route. 2t-pd.

We appreciate your trade. Try us and be convinced. LONG-HARP DRUG CO. Phone 161. 2t.

FRESH FISH and OYSTER received Monday and Thursday of each week at BARTSCH'S MARKET. Phone 437. 2t.

Three large unfurnished rooms for rent. Bath and water in house. Phone in hall. For particulars phone 271 or 76. 1t.

FOR RENT. Three-room house, furnished. See A. B. BELLIS, Ellerd Building. 1t.

FOR SALE—New bungalow; never occupied; 5 rooms; bath, electric lights, hot and cold water; built-in cupboard, mantel and grate. Small cash payment; balance easy. L. C. PENNY, owner. Phone 82. 3t.

VICKERY says he has New Mackerel, Imported Cod Fish, Fresh Oysters and Kalamazoo Celery. 1t.

FOR RENT—4 choice office rooms in Wayland Bldg. Phone 61. 3t.

LOST—Last Saturday, a gray overcoat on West Third Street between Pacific and Jones Streets. Finder please leave at Bennett's Grocery Store. T. B. IRWIN. 1t-pd.

New car Colorado Blacktwig and Gano Apples at the CAR-LOAD HOUSE. Phone 391. 2t.

FOR SALE—"Safety Hatch" Incubator can be seen at GEO. FARRIS' GROCERY. 1t.

WANT ADS. TRY THEM. RESULTS TRY THEM. FROM A. H. WANT ADS.

Worst Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure. Dr. Carter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. Relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured. Local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly. The Old Standard general strengthening Tonic, GROVE'S FAVORABLE TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, builds up the system. A true Tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

ATTENTION. Those hot driks are now ready at the KASH KANDY KITCHEN. 1t.

Get the habit of getting it at VICKERY'S. If it's to eat, we have it. Phone 17. 1t.

Rubber Gloves for dish washing, 40 cents, at LONG-HARP DRUG CO. Phone 161. 2t.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping. Mod rn. Phone 284. 3t.

Oysters, Fish, Pickles, Fruits and Fall Vegetables. You will always find at VICKERY'S if they are to be gotten. Phone 17. 1t.

Rubber Gloves for dish washing, 40 cents, at LONG-HARP DRUG CO. Phone 161. 2t.

WANTED—Sudan Grass Seed in any quantity. PLAINVIEW PRODUCE CO. 1t.

A RARE BARGAIN—5 Men's Clothing Cabinets for sale. RICHARDS BROS. & COLLIER. 2t.

We appreciate your trade. Try us and be convinced. LONG-HARP DRUG CO. Phone 161. 2t.

A RARE BARGAIN—5 Men's Clothing Cabinets for sale. RICHARDS BROS. & COLLIER. 2t.

FOR SALE: 25 or 30 pigs; some calves. O. E. WINSLOW. 1t.

FOR SALE—Furniture of four rooms. Must be sold by 15th. Cheap. DR. W. A. CURTIS, opposite Gayton-Nichols Sanitarium. 2t.

Attend the "RED STAR" COOKING SCHOOL each afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock at the Cash Grocery. A special representative will give you practical recipes. It is really worth your while. Remember the store—CASH GROCERY CO. 1t.

A RARE BARGAIN—5 Men's Clothing Cabinets for sale. RICHARDS BROS. & COLLIER. 2t.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Herald is authorized to announce the candidacy of the following men for the political offices designated, subject to the action of the Democratic Primaries, July 22, 1916:

- For District Attorney: AUSTIN C. HATCHELL, GEO. L. MAYFIELD. (Re-election.)
For District and County Clerk: B. H. TOWERY. (Re-election.) J. P. HOWARD. W. M. JEFFUS. JO. W. WAYLAND. JAS. F. DUNCAN, JR.
For County Judge: CHARLES CLEMENTS. AUSTIN F. ANDERSON.
For County Attorney: L. D. GRIFFIN.
For County Treasurer: JNO. G. HAMILTON. (Re-election.)
For County Tax Assessor: ROY IRICK. R. E. BURCH. W. H. MURPHY.
For Public Weigher, Precinct No. 1: J. L. OVERALL. TOM THOMPSON. (Re-election.)
For Sheriff: J. C. HOOPER. (Re-election.) J. C. TERRY.
For County Commissioner, Precinct No. 1: J. T. (DADDY) PHELPS. W. J. ESPY. (Re-election.)
For Commissioner Precinct No. 2: J. W. ROBERSON. (Re-election.)
For Mayor: ROY J. FRYE.
For City Secretary: B. L. SPENCER. (Re-election.) R. B. (BOB) TUDOR.
For City Marshal and Tax Collector: JOHN VAUGHN. (Re-election.)

It's time to buy fall Groceries. We have a complete line of Pickles, Oysters, New Walnuts, Breakfast Fish, and all of the usual line of staples. VICKERY - HANCOCK GROCERY CO. Phone 17. 1t.

We have a deal for you on Liquid Smoke for curing meat. LONG-HARP DRUG CO. 2t.

FARM AND RANCH LOANS.

Am in position to make Farm and Ranch Loans on patented lands in Hale and adjoining counties. Long time; reasonable rate of interest. J. F. SANDER, East Side Square, Plainview, Texas. 1t.

We have a deal for you on Liquid Smoke for curing meat. LONG-HARP DRUG CO. 2t.

SMITH'S INVINCIBLE WHITE ROCKS

Are the very best strain in Texas today. They have been and are still leading winners at Texas' and Oklahoma's biggest shows. Stock and eggs for sale. Write for prices. SAM W. SMITH, Abernathy, Texas. Apr. 1. 1t.

FOR RENT—Nice home to responsible parties. Also household furniture for sale; Singer sewing machine, extra good cooking stove, also home-canned fruit. Phone 347. MRS. J. W. VINES. 1t-pd.

The CAR-LOAD HOUSE is located at north end of Pacific Street, near Depot. Phone 391. 2t.

For the best loaf of bread made from "RED STAR" we are giving a 48-pound sack of flour; bread to be in by 4 o'clock Saturday. Free flour samples at CASH GROCERY CO. 1t.

FOR SALE: Four Single-Comb White Leghorn and two White Wyandotte cockerels; all thoroughbred, first-class birds. Also five Indian Runner ducks. See or write W. OLIVER ANDERSON, at Post Office. Eggs for hatching later. 1t-pd.

All of the Fresh Breakfast Foods for the fall breakfast menus at VICKERY'S. Phone 17. 1t.

WANTED—Sudan Grass Seed in any quantity. PLAINVIEW PRODUCE CO. 1t.

Fresh car Bananas at the CAR-LOAD HOUSE. 2t.

SPELTZ SEED for sale. J. C. WOOLVERTON, near Seth Ward College. 4t-pd.

FOR SALE—Save this and if you come to Plainview look up this 190-acre farm, improved; fine wheat. Must sell before April if at great sacrifice. Six miles southwest. All stock goes if wanted. \$2,000 down. Long time. MRS. CORA STEVENS. 1t.

WANTED—A modern residence in Plainview or good land near in exchange for 160 acres in East South Dakota, or would sell land for \$30.00 per acre, easy payments, 6 per cent interest. F. A. BAYLIES, Hale Center. 3t-pd.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—640 acres, partly improved, next to a good small town in North Dakota. \$32.00 per acre; easy payments, or good land near Plainview. F. A. BAYLIES, Hale Center, Texas. 3t-pd.

FOUND: New work glove. Call at Herald Office. 1t.

WANTED—Cow to board for her milk. Address THAD ELLIOTT, City. 2t-pd.

TO TRADE for South Plains land—320 acres rich, black, sandy loam land, improved, near White Rock, Pueblo County, Colorado. This land can be put under irrigation for about \$15 per acre, from a large irrigating dam which is being built near it. When under irrigation this land will probably be worth \$100 per acre. Present price, \$25 per acre. I also offer 60 or 120 acres of my land, improved, here (12 miles north of Lockney) at \$15 per acre. J. B. SNIDER, R. F. D. No. 1, Lockney, Texas. 2t-pd.

CALOMEL DYNAMITES A SLUGGISH LIVER

Crashes Into Sour Bile Making You Sick, and You Lose a Day's Work. Calomel salsivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with sour bile it crashes into it, causing cramping and nausea. If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful, and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine; no biliousness, sick headache, acid stomach or constipated bowels. It doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all the next day like violent calomel. Take a dose of calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak, sick and nauseated. Don't lose day's work! Take Dodson's Liver one instead and feel fine, full of vigor and ambition. Adv.

We have Macaroni Spring Wheat Seed for Sale here and at Aiken. Come and get it while we've got it. COBB GRAIN CO.

New Blacksmith Shop Just Opened Your repair work solicited and appreciated J. M. COOK with the E. N. EGGE AUTO CO.

FOR SALE
One good second hand Ford Car, thoroughly overhauled, for \$275
Plainview Machine and Auto Shop
E. E. ROOS, Proprietor

# Germany and Russia

By ROBERT HERRICK.  
in Chicago Tribune

The Germans have their own atrociously grievances against the Russian Cossacks, whose doings in Eastern Prussia in the fall of 1914 must console them when too many unpleasant truths are being said about Belgian atrocities. Very likely the charges against these wild Russian tribesmen are true. They have a reputation for ferocity. But remembering what went on in Belgium and northern France in the summer of 1914, one has somewhat less interest in the reprehensible activities of Cossack raiders, in spite of the well known axiom that two wrongs do not quite make one right. Germans have always feared Russian "barbarism." An old folk saying with which to quiet children used in Prussia not over fifty years ago was, "The Cossacks are coming!" It is an antipathy that must go back to remote causes in a time when the two peoples were more nearly on a "kultur" level than latterly.

German statesmen seem to have kept alive this almost unreasoning terror of the vast "undisciplined hordes" ever ready, as they imagine or tell their people, to pour over Germany from the lark east. Some wise men think it was this instinctive fear of Russia, of what she might be plotting, what she might be able a few years hence to accomplish, that stirred Germany to egg Austria on into this war. "If Russia were allowed to complete those strategic railroads in Poland already under way, if Russia reorganized and improved her army, if Russia developed another ten years in industrial ways as she has developed in the past ten," etc., etc. We all know this sort of hypothetical argument. I do not pretend to understand the rights of the question. It is plain enough that Germany hates and despises her great neighbor—fears the sheer weight of her population in too close proximity as a dangerous influence through "infiltration" in lowering the high standard of German civilization.

For Russia, according to the German view of things, is manifestly in a far inferior state of cultural development than herself—truly barbarian—and Germany seems to think that this menace of Russian barbarism ought to be self-evident to every intelligent western European and American. A year or so ago the German propaganda had much to say about this Russian menace and the necessity of forming a "buffer state" between the high kultur of Germany and the low barbarism prevailing in Russia. Since those early months of German propaganda the world has had to ponder the alternative between two sorts of barbarism and decide which kind it might prefer to be overrun by—the intelligent, submarine, poison-gas sort, or the unintelligent, wild-Cossack sort. And the world, after a year and a half of contemplation and pretty thorough instruction, seems at present writing to prefer the more remote to the nearer barbarian. It may possibly not be compelled to accept either.

It is easy enough to understand why the Germans consider the Russians to be so obviously beneath them in civilization. For the two races represent essentially opposed principles of life. Mr. Stephen Graham, in his enticing book, "The Way of Martha and the Way of Mary," has pointed out this antagonism between the spirit of the west and that of the east by unmistakably vivid instances. His is one of the most moving books I have come across in months; it makes me long to see Russia and realize a little what that mysterious, obscure Slav force is like, as anything Russian of Tolstoy or Gogol or Dostolevsky always makes me curious about the spirit behind this vast nation.

Of course, a German with his tidy cities, his thrifflily cultivated fields, his industrious and efficient bureaucracy, his excellent technical schools, and all the rest that go to make his boasted kultur, must despise Russian filth, poverty, ignorance, and graft—also the atrociously inefficient Russian government and the primitive industrial conditions. Everything that the German prides himself in the Russian ignores, and those things that Russians seem to consider the only really vital human interests the Germans often speak of as "soft sentimentality."

What would you? If a man is to be considered primarily as a successful economic machine and the end of his life the accomplishment of increasing wealth and luxury—of more telephones, telegraphs, fast trains, big ships, huge factories, semi-detached cottages, etc., etc., of course Russia lags woefully behind the western world in the race for the kingdom of heaven. Germany is in many respects—and I say this with no belittling intention—the supreme expression of human materialism, of the dominant creed of western Europe that man's first and last duty on this earth is to himself, his first obvious obligation being to make his abode healthier, plas-

anter, richer, more luxurious. The country that has achieved the most civilization is the one where the average of physical well being is the highest, and with this test the two modern states that are admittedly foremost in spreading the blessings of industrial science farthest and deepest are these United States and Germany, and I suppose every one would admit that Germany has employed her resources more intelligently than we have. Russia is perhaps the only great country left on the earth whose people seem to consider that man's first duty in this life is not to himself but to God, and that consequently it matters very little what he makes of himself industrially and materially provided his soul has entered into right relations with its Maker.

I shall not try to say which I think to be the founder view of human life and destiny. Sufficient for my present purpose to realize that two great peoples holding sincerely these two opposed views of human life must misunderstand each other forever and that the materially minded one must fear the other minded one because of the danger of loss of the things which the materially minded care for quite as much as life itself—that is, comfort and security. The one principle utterly excludes the other. If the western or German ideal should get the upper hand, either peacefully or through force, then inevitably the Russian ideal must change. Mr. Graham says that under German influence, especially with aid of favorable tariff arrangements, a considerable western European bourgeoisie or middle class has sprung up in Russia during the last decade, with our own ideals of comfort and progress.

If the German ideal represented by these manufacturers and traders were to prevail, Russia would get more factories, develop her rich mines, in short, become what we call "a modern, progressive state," which naturally Germany would very much like to have happen if she could obtain the position of guide, philosopher, and friend to "awakening Russia." Incidentally the enervation produced by material development would eliminate that peril of Russian barbarism.

What might happen if the Russian hordes should pour over Germany? It would be harder to predict. They might become westernized and lose their racial faith more rapidly than the conquered peoples of western Europe could assimilate the Slav religious fatalism. Yet something surely of the Slav ideal would remain in the composite, and I for one believe that there is much need of certain Slav elements in the thought that animates today industrial Europe and America.

For the Slav, as every one knows, is first and last a religious person, not the Czar's entourage, nor the army, nor the bureaucracy, nor the new middle classes—the elements that control the government of the great Russian nation—but the people themselves, the numberless millions of moujiks, those "hordes" of which the Germans have such contempt and fear. Even the corrupted, westernized upper classes, with all the cynicism of our civilization, seem to have retained the religious instinct, the feeling that possibly this life of material accomplishment is not all. We speak of the Slav religious manifestations as superstition, medieval. We have little "use" for their ikons, their monasteries, their hermits and saints and coddled beggars. We seem to think they belong to an era in man's experience through which we "enlightened peoples" have passed and left behind in the gloom of the dark ages.

In leaving behind these simple religious symbols, have we not also abandoned the essential moving spirit as well? It is not that the Russian plasters his dwelling with ikons or still goes on pilgrimages that makes him to us "primitive"; it is because he is more concerned with the state of his soul than with his material comfort. We cannot imagine a sane, healthy human being who would abandon a good home, his position in the world, and wander over the roads in search of some inner satisfaction which should resolve the enigma of existence.

It is just because I have seen so much material progress around me, so many "improvements," so much industrial "development" and their accompanying selfishness and bestiality, that I for one am growing skeptical of the pretensions of our western ideal—even when fulfilled by expert, efficient Germans! "What profits it for a man to have all these and lose his soul?" comes to my lips as I look over our skyscrapers, hotels, railroads, millionaires, automobiles, express steamships, etc., etc. Has the inner spiritual life risen on the average one kilogram through the enormous increase in national wealth the last twenty years, both in Germany and the United States? Is it not really at a lower level

in all vital manifestations than ever before—in art, in literature, in politics, especially in leadership? And is not that nation which has pressed the material method of winning the world farthest just the one that any merciful, benign God would forever exclude from His heaven? Have we done so much to exterminate human wretchedness, to raise the mental and spiritual life in the mass, that we feel superior to the benighted Russian peasant, who seems chiefly concerned, when he is not drunk, with his God?

Russians have not developed telephones and telegraphs, railroads and automobiles, stock markets and trusts, and all the rest of what the ordinary man means by civilization. Their inns are said to be filthy; poverty abounds. Life is altogether on a low plane, judged by the standard of German smugness. With cities composed of large, grandiose buildings, with many churches and shrines, pilgrims and saints and ikons, endless talk over the samovar of unrealities, the Russian seems to belong to another, remote world, possibly to a fresher, sounder world that remembers the finite nature of the body. What profits a man to possess the world in the German and American sense if he has no personality, no soul fit to enjoy it—or govern it?

Is there not something which both Germany and the United States have to learn from "the Russian hordes"—and that to reckon the satisfactions of the body at a little less?

### HINTS ON HOG RAISING.

(Continued from Page Four.)

his gains are made very cheaply. Beyond 300 pounds it is doubtful if under general conditions feeding can be made a profitable business. The hog if properly fed can readily be put upon the market at 200 pounds in six or seven months. Therefore, have the pigs for the September market dropped in the latter part of February or during March. This will require that the breeding of the sows begin about the latter part of October or November first, continuing, if necessary, during the first week in December. The pigs for the April market should be dropped in early September. These pigs can then be weaned before the November breeding season starts. To have the pigs dropped in September it will be necessary to breed the sows during May or June. Under certain conditions it may be impossible to bring hogs to the 200-pound mark at six months;

however, a great effort should be made to attain this goal, as time means money, and the longer hogs are held the greater will be the labor and overhead charges. The cost of feed for maintenance also will be increased.

Further, in connection with the relation of markets to hog raising, it will be noticed in going over the history of some of the leading markets for the last ten years or so that there is a recovery every two to four years. It might be well, therefore, to remember that this is a poor time to close out, as a reaction may be expected and the wise farmer will be ready when it arrives.

### Breeding, Farrowing, Weaning.

On the average farm there should be radical improvement in breeding and the care of details during farrowing, weaning, etc. There are many complaints throughout the country either of small litters or else a great mortality in pigs. By keeping the production records of sows and selecting from those that produce and raise large average litters a breeder can raise to its most efficient point the size of his litters. This probably runs between seven and eight to the litter. The hog raiser can prevent losses, other than those caused by disease, by providing proper shelter for the sow at farrowing time. In the South this shelter can be constructed very cheaply, and even in the North it can be provided in most cases at a moderate cost. The farmer should always be present at farrowing time, but should not interfere with the sow unless necessary calls for his assistance. The raiser should always cultivate the confidence of his animals by quiet and humane handling; this care and attention in times of necessity will pay big returns. The pigs upon arrival should be rubbed dry with a gunny sack and quietly removed to a place of safety. For this purpose it is well to provide a covered basket or hamper containing gunny sacks. In cold, damp weather it may be well to warm up the new arrivals. If the sow sack, and place it in the basket to warm up the new arrivals. If the sow is very long in farrowing it may be well after two or three hours to place the little pigs carefully and quietly where they can get some nourishment, and then replace them in the basket until the mother is through.

For twelve hours before farrowing and for 24 hours afterwards the sow should have no feed. During this period all the fresh, clean water that she may desire should be accessible. The water should have the chill taken off. The first feed after farrowing should be very light, preferably a bran

mash. The best indicator of the amount of feed necessary for a sow and her pigs is her condition and the condition of the youngsters themselves. The sow should receive enough to keep her and her pigs in a fair condition (not bony), and yet she should not be overfed. Overfeeding of the sow often causes scours in the pigs.

The pigs should be weaned at six or eight weeks of age. By this time they should be eating readily and should be continued for two or three weeks on the same mixture that their mother was receiving, after which the feed can be changed gradually to a growing, fattening ration if the pigs are intended for market. The addition of a little sweet skim milk to their ration at weaning time is especially helpful to young pigs. Castrating should be done a week or ten days before weaning. Spaying does not pay.

### Feeding.

The best information on the feeds available in the farmers' locality can be readily and accurately given by his State experiment station. Pigs make the best use of concentrates. These can be fed in a self-feeder and can be supplemented by various slaughterhouse, bakery, or table by-products, etc. A by-product, to be economical, should be fairly concentrated, should be moderate in price per 100 pounds of nutrients, and should be fresh and free from taint. During the winter leguminous hays fed in addition to the concentrate help reduce the cost of production. In the summer, pasture crops such as rape, alfalfa, bar clover, crimson clover, rye, etc., make very economical and efficient supplements for hog feeding. In practically every farming district in the United States cheap and efficient forage and grain crops are available for hog production. These should be diligently studied by the farmer with the aid of the State and Federal forces, and used in the most profitable manner.

The self-feeder is greatly reducing the labor cost in hog production, and the principles governing its use should become a part of every hog grower's equipment. It is especially useful in feeding growing, fattening stock, which is the largest part of hog production on most farms.

Hogs require continually mineral supplements to their feed. These have been furnished in some of the Southern States by allowing them free access to the following mixture:

- Charcoal ..... 1 bushel
- Hard-wood ashes ..... 1 bushel
- Salt ..... 8 pounds
- Air-slaked lime ..... 8 pounds
- Sulphur ..... 4 pounds

Pulverized copersa ..... 2 pounds  
Mix thoroughly the lime, salt, and sulphur, and then mix with the charcoal and ashes. Dissolve the copersa in 2 parts of hot water and sprinkle over the whole mass, mixing it thoroughly. Keep some of this mixture in a box before the hogs at all times.

### Diseases and Parasites.

The prevention and cure of diseases are always more readily accomplished where cleanliness and sunshine prevail. Probably the commonest and worst troubles of hogs are hog cholera, internal parasites, and lice. The farmer should make a thorough study of the methods of preventing and treating these troubles. This study should be made by consulting State and Federal authorities, who will gladly give information on the subject.

If the hogs are already wormy, turpentine can be given in the slop each morning for three mornings at the rate of one teaspoonful for each 80 pounds of live weight. Turpentine, however, is not very efficacious, and is liable to injure the kidneys.

Santonin, which was formerly widely used as a remedy for worms in hogs, is practically unobtainable at the present time, owing to foreign trade conditions. The following treatment has been found to be very effective in experiments by the Department. Withhold all feed and water for 24 hours, then give each pig a tablespoonful of castor oil to which has been added oil of American wormseed as follows:

- Small pigs 2 to 3 months old . 35 drops
- Pigs weighing 50 to 100 pounds ..... 50-100 drops
- Larger pigs ..... 1 teaspoonful

Each pig should be dosed separately if the best results are to be obtained. In case separate dosing is impracticable on account of lack of assistance or other circumstances, the pigs may be sorted out into lots of half a dozen each according to size. Thoroughly mix the castor oil and wormseed oil in proper quantities with a small quantity of milk or mash, and give it to the pigs, watching them carefully to see that none gets more than his share. Attempting to dose too many pigs at the same time will result unsatisfactorily, as some will get more and others less than they should. This treatment should be repeated in a week or ten days to secure 100 per cent efficiency.

Crude oil makes an excellent dip for hogs. It can be mixed half and half with water and sprinkled on a sprinkling can. Kerosene oil is another excellent thing for pigs of lice.

# DRESSES— Women's and Misses

Made of Serge, Taffeta, Poplin, Messaline and Crepe-de-Chine.  
Distinctive styles. Special sale.

- Three \$17.50 dresses
- One \$19.50 dress
- One \$20.00 dress
- One \$22.50 dress
- One \$25.00 dress
- One \$27.50 dress

CHOICE  
\$10.00

- Six \$12.50 dresses
- Four \$13.50 dresses
- Four \$14.50 dresses
- One \$14.75 dress
- Three \$15.00 dresses

CHOICE  
\$7.95

Three \$7.50 dresses, choice - \$2.95 One \$9.50 dress, one \$10 dress, choice \$5

Purse Special A special selection of womens purses, all black leather and leather lined, splendid values at \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00, choice now - \$1.25

BOYS' KNICKERS—All boys winter weight Knickers at special prices.

## CARTER-HOUSTON'S

"GOODS THAT SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES"