

The Pecos Enterprise

Largest Circulation of Any Weekly Paper in West Texas

AND PECOS TIMES

All the Authentic OIL NEWS of the Trans-Pecos Oil Field

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CITY MARSHAL LEE RODDY SHOT TO DEATH TUESDAY—A. E. HAYES HELD WITHOUT BAIL AT TRIAL

M. L. Roddy was shot down at about six o'clock Tuesday afternoon of this week in front of the office of the Service Motor Company and Arthur E. Hayes is held without bond charged with the killing.

Examining trial was held Thursday and today before Justice of the Peace Max Krauskopf and Hayes was refused bail. Hayes is represented by Attorneys Jno. B. Howard of Pecos and Judge Howell Johnson of Fort Stockton. District Attorney Birge Holt, assisted by Judge Ben Palmer have charge of the prosecution.

The evidence in the examining trial shows that Hayes shot anywhere from four to six shots and Roddy either one or two. Only one of the shots took effect and that from the gun of Hayes which struck Roddy in or in the vicinity of the heart and death was instantaneous.

The Enterprise does not know what lead up to the tragedy nor does it think it advisable to publish same if it did know.

Mr. Roddy was an old settler in Pecos and had been most of the time since coming here some sort of peace officer, acting in the capacity of constable part of the time and for the past few years marshal of the town. He was considered a crack shot and fearless.

Deceased was nearly forty-nine years of age when he came to his death. The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. J. M. Garner, pastor of the First Baptist church, at the home of Mrs. C. E. Brady, mother of the deceased, Thursday afternoon and interment made in Fairview Cemetery. The fire wagon lead the long procession to the cemetery. Deceased leaves an aged mother, Mrs. C. E. Brady, a wife, and son, Richard, to mourn his loss, all residents of Pecos, and to whom The Enterprise extends its sincere sympathy in this sad hour.

Mr. Hayes is prominently connected and has been a resident of Barstow and Pecos for years.

AGRICULTURAL LIVE STOCK CORPORATION HEAD VISITS PECOS

John N. Sparks, president of the Agricultural Live Stock Finance Corporation of Fort Worth, Texas, was a visitor to our city last week. He was accompanied by C. M. Honaker, of Saragosa; W. H. Browning, Jr., L. W. Anderson and J. C. Love of Pecos, down to the John Wendt farm where Mr. Wendt started up his engine and showed him the immense volume of water he pumps from the surface well with which to irrigate his splendid farm; then on down into the Toyah Valley where he was met by Sol Mayer and C. C. Boyd and was shown all over the valley.

This was Mr. Sparks' first visit to this section of the country and he expressed himself as being surprised at the great possibilities of this section of the country. This gentleman represents the only company that would make loans to our his company has been a great relief to this stock men in this part of the state and section. He is a pleasant gentleman of the first water and left a good impression with our people.

GETS \$14.25 FOR SPRING LAMBS

FED OUT AT BALMORHEA
J. W. B. Williams, one of the best and most prosperous stock farmers of the Toyah Creek country, returned Monday from Kansas City where he went with a shipment of lambs for that market. These lambs had been fed at his ranch and when marketed weighed out 88 pounds and brought him the handsome sum of \$14.25. He was all smiles when approached by The Enterprise man and apparently was well satisfied with the results obtained from his efforts.

Mr. Williams last year fed out a bunch of lambs and marketed them at the same place and made good money from his initial trial which encouraged him to do the same thing again this year.

ACCLIMATED DIGIT.

"Hey, waiter, you've got your thumb in my soup!"
"Oh, I don't mind, sir, it isn't hot."

R. E. THOMASON MADE DELEGATE TO PECOS MEET

The news that R. E. Thomason is made by Gov. Neff delegate to the meeting which will decide the fate of this section of the country in the lower Pecos Valley of Texas as to the division of water between New Mexico and Texas will be noted with pleasure. No man is more capable or more just as the Enterprise views it than Mr. Thomason. Furthermore it will be noted from the letter hereto attached from our congressman, C. B. Hudspeth, that he is busy all the time and never allows himself to forget the interests of his people. The following from a recent issue of the El Paso Herald will explain itself as also will the letter to Mr. Love from Hudspeth. Read them both carefully.

Governor Pat. M. Neff has appointed R. E. Thomason of El Paso as Texas delegate to the proposed conference between representatives of Texas, New Mexico and the federal government to consider plans for hadling waters of the Pecos river as provided for in the joint resolution passed by the state legislature.

Herbert Hoover or A. P. Davis, director of the reclamation service, may come to the southwest soon for a conference with representatives of New Mexico and Texas over the rights of the two states to waters of the Pecos river.

R. E. Thomason received notice Saturday of his appointment by Gov. Pat Neff to represent Texas in the conference and Gov. James A. Hinkle was expected Saturday to appoint a New Mexico representative.

Rights to the use of the waters of the Pecos have been in dispute for more than ten years. Since the Carlsbad irrigation project was established in New Mexico, it is claimed there has not been sufficient water to irrigate the land already under cultivation on the Pecos river in Texas.

Now New Mexico proposes to build a large storage reservoir at Carlsbad or at Fort Sumner, New Mexico. Texas has completed surveys for a dam at Red Bluff three miles north of the New Mexico-Texas state line, which would irrigate 90,000 acres in Texas. The dam would cost \$2,000,000 and store from 300,000 to 500,000 acre feet of water.

"This would be only half the acreage for which canals have been built," said Vernon L. Sullivan, consulting engineer for the Red Bluff project, "Only one sixth of the land land formerly under irrigation on the Pecos in Texas can now be cultivated due to the water shortage. It is doubtful if New Mexico built a dam that farming could be continued to any extent in Texas on the Pecos."

"Two years ago the Texas legislature authorized preparation of data for a suit against the state of New Mexico to determine the rights of each state to the water. Mr. Davis suggested that if a suit were filed it would likely go to the supreme court of the United States and require years for settlement while an agreement might be reached in a short time through a conference.

Date for the conference has not been set, but it is hoped it will be held and an agreement reached in time for ratification by the legislature of both states before adjournment. It is possible the conference may be held here or at Carlsbad Pecos or Santa Fe."

President Harding has been asked by Mr. Davis to name a representative which we hope will be Mr. Davis himself or Mr. Hoover."

W. J. Browning, Jr., is president and J. H. Boogher of Grandfalls, secretary, of the Pecos Valley Water Users' association of practically all the irrigation systems on the Pecos river in Texas.

Mr. J. G. Love,

Pecos, Texas.

Dear Jack:—

The Imperial Irrigation District of Arizona and California has invited the Irrigation Committee, and the Sub-Committee

Canaries for Mrs. Woodrow Wilson



Mrs. W. F. Beckingham, of New York, raised and trained two canaries which she is now sending as a gift to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. They will eat out of hand and do many clever and intelligent tricks.

LIGHT PLANT TO EXTEND--SCORING MACHINE ADDED

The Pecos Light & Ice Company are making preparations to spread out during the present year and are mapping out considerable improvements. One of the things contemplated and which is now being worked out is an extension of the service to Barstow on the east and also an extension to the west as far as the Alamo playgrounds.

Besides this the company will install an ice scoring machine for use during the summer. "The ice scoring machine is a great invention," says Mr. Neiderkorn, manager of the business here.

The satisfaction of the latest perfected ice-scoring machine is threefold. Customers are satisfied because it insures absolute accuracy in size and weight. Drivers are pleased because there can no longer be any reasonable complaint about short weights, the exact size and weight now being determined at the factory, where the scoring is done. Naturally the machine is satisfactory to manufacturers of ice because it eliminates any doubt in the minds of customers as to exact weight.

For years the problem of the manufacturer and also of the deliverer has been to give exact weight. We have gone through in turn use of the ax, saw and ice pick. This machine is the first thing to realize the dream of the ice men. It is mechanically correct. In other words the machine is more accurate than the ice man's eye.

YOU JUST KNOW IT

Said a flapper to a fellow named Lee, As she sat herself down on his knee.
"If you kiss me, of course,
You will have to use force—
But I'll bet you are stronger than me."

One of the Appropriations Committee, to visit that project immediately after the adjournment of Congress, the Imperial Irrigation Company paying all the expenses of both the Member and his wife. I think the invitation has been accepted by almost the entire Irrigation Committee, and I believe we will have practically everyone signed up to within the next few days. We will leave here within two or three days after the adjournment of Congress on the fourth of March.

I have just had the gentleman who extended the invitation in my office, Mr. Nicholson, and while it was originally proposed to route us through Salt Lake City, I have got this gentleman to agree to route us through Fort Worth and over the T. and P. to El Paso, permitting a stop at Pecos, of just what duration I cannot say at this time, but sufficient for us to drive over the farms adjacent to Pecos around Barstow anyway.

I know you will have the entire citizenship out to meet us when we arrive there as I want them to see the kind of people I represent, as well as the farms already under irrigation, and the possibilities with sufficient water of the Pecos Valley. I know that it will aid me greatly in the work I have undertaken, of securing a reservoir for the impounding of sufficient water to irrigate the entire Pecos Valley. Take this matter up with your citizens, and write me just what you would suggest, and I will do my best to comply with your wishes.

Very truly your friend,

C. B. HUDSPETH.

P. S. I will notify you of the exact date we will reach Pecos in ample time.

C. B. H.

PLANS BEING MADE FOR THIS SUMMER'S TRAINING CAMP

Word has been received from 1st Lieut. J. A. Giruth, Infantry, D. O. L. C. M. T. C. officer of the 8th Corps Area, which includes the states of Texas, Oklahoma, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico, that elaborate plans are now under way for the continuance of the government summer camps for young men which proved so popular last summer and the summer before.

Nearly three thousand young men received an outing at Government expense last year, some at Camp Travis, Texas, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, Ft. Logan, Colorado, and Fort Bliss, Texas.

According to present plans, camps are to be held at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, Fort Logan, Colorado, and Fort Huachuca, Arizona, this year. The branches of instruction offered may be slightly different from those of last year, but in the main will be in the same branches, which includes infantry, cavalry, field artillery, engineers, coast artillery, signal corps and air service.

The courses offered include a basic red course, which gives fundamental training but does not instruct in any particular branch of the service; advanced red course, which gives basic instruction in branches desired; white course, (for which graduates of last year's red course who were certified as eligible for admission to white course are qualified) fits student to be a non-commissioned officer in the organized reserves or the National Guard; and the blue course, (for which graduates of last year's white course who were certified as eligible for admission to blue course are qualified if of proper age and possess necessary educational qualifications) which fits candidate for commission in the Organized Reserve Corps.

The age limits are the same as for last year, 17 to 25 for the red courses, 18 to 26 for the white course, and 19 to 27 for the blue course. These age limits do not apply to those who attended a citizens' military training camp in 1921, veterans of the World War may be accepted up to 35 years of age.

Although formal application blanks have not been received, young men of proper qualifications will find it to their advantage to mail requests for applications to the C. M. T. C. Officer, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, at as early a date as possible. Although it will be possible to accommodate more than twenty-five per cent more candidates than were accommodated last year, it is expected that more will apply than can be admitted. By having your request for application on file, you will have opportunity to receive application blank early.

THE DOOR-TENDER.

When the general inspected an artillery outfit of colored negro soldiers in France he was struck by the snappy neatness and soldierly bearing of one particular member of a gun team.

"What are your duties, soldier?" queried the commander-in-chief.

"Tso doah tender to de Swasohng Kans," the lad replied.

"And what is that?" the general asked him.

"Why, I jus' opens de little doah in back o' de gun, and Rastus here throws a shell in and de corporal pulls de lanyard."

"Then what do you do?"

"We jus' drops back and say: 'Kaiser, count yo' soldiers.'"—Disabled Veteran Magazine.

BELL WELL DOWN 4,000 FEET LOOKS LIKE OIL WELL—OTHER WELLS IN PECOS FIELD BUSY

THE BELL WELL.

The Enterprise was unable this week to get very much news from the office of the Bell people. The hole is now down to about 4,000 feet and evidently they have something or think they have. From the office this afternoon the Enterprise was given the information that they were "haling out the water which was put in the hole to hold down the gas and oil which was or might be in the hole for the purpose of finding out just what they have." This is not much news after all but it is proof enough or gives a party leeway for thought. It is surmised that since they put water in the hole to hold down the "gas or oil" that there must have been considerable quantity of one or the other or both which made it appear necessary to place the water in the hole. There has been considerable street talk about this well all the week but apparently the head of the concern is not giving out much nor is much coming from those in charge of the work. As stated before, when they are sure they have the real thing they will divulge the fact and the Enterprise will apprise its readers. There will be no alarm given by them so The Enterprise believes which can be likened to the boy who cried "Wolf, Wolf" when there was no wolf. When The Enterprise cries "Wolf" for the Bell interests it feels sure that that will be the signal for an inrush of people who are interested in the oil business in this part of the country.

C. H. WILLOUGHBY RETURNS.

C. H. Willoughby, president of the Willoughby Petroleum company has returned from a trip to the land of his birth, the sunny land of Kansas. A direct appeal was made to old friends for the loan of sufficient funds to buy a string of tools and equipment of sufficient capacity to drill to any desired depth on the Willoughby No. 1 well.

This loan which runs far into the thousands of dollars was negotiated through old friends and as a personal loan to Mr. Willoughby. This shows once more the character of our determined operator. Shows his own faith in the oil possibilities of Reeves county and to quote Mr. Willoughby he said: "Like a homesteader, I have staked my claim and shall develop it. With the proper drilling tools nothing can prevent the completion of a well and it shall be completed."

TATUM WELL.

The Tatum well of the Tatum Lease Syndicate is now waiting a string of casing and a car of coal which have been ordered shipped and the crew is busy making necessary arrangements and repairs to continue the drilling to a depth of 2000 feet as E. M. Robinson of Detroit, C. W. Waddington and J. F. Lawney, the three directors of the Syndicate have returned from El Paso where necessary arrangements have been made with the Kent-Homer Company for additional acreage and other concessions that will justify drilling the well to that depth if oil is not found before. That syndicate has bought a 40 acre lease in the Moran shallow field and are drilling an offset to the Rio Grande Oil Company's well there and on completion of this well, which should be within another week, they will start two more offsets. The idea of the management is to get production for the syndicate and pay a dividend to the unit holders as soon as possible. This is what the management says, "Every day in every way we are getting closer and closer to a dividend pay."

WESNER WELL.

The Wesner well on the Sayles ranch is drilling at 2775 and have a string of five and three sixteenths inch casing on the road. Production is expected at around 3000 feet.

FRANCES NO. 1 WELL.

The Frances No. 1 of the Rodebaugh-O'Connell interests of Omaha is making satisfactory progress but the formation is very hard and drilling is slow.

C. H. Willoughby has returned from Kansas and Missouri and expects to resume operations and complete the wells he has begun at an early date.

Operations have not abated and operators say they will not relent until the Trans-Pecos region is a real oil field.

"FRANCES NO. ONE"

Word comes to us from the Frances Number One that they have gone through the hard slanting rock that has been holding them down to careful drilling as Superintendent Jack Reynolds says she must go down straight or not at all and as Jack is one of the kind of men who puts them over straight or not at all you can figure that this is one of the holes that you can put your casing in and take it out again.

L. J. Blake who has spent the greater part of his life in the oil game with the big companies is a new addition to the Frances crew.

The electric lights have been installed for the night work and from now on Reynolds says we will sure romp on her.

Cass Allison, a Wyoming driller, will work the second shift and as Mr. Allison knows this hard lime formation we sure have every reason to believe this will be one of the first wells in as Mr. Frank O'Connell, manager and brother of the financier states that they hope not to loose an hour from now till oil shows up as they are striking just what Rodebaugh, the geologist, had told them they would find which shows that Mr. Rodebaugh sure knows "His Berries."

THE RIVER WELL.

While in California recently C. M. Haughton took advantage of the visit to his family to investigate and look into the completion of the River well just below Barstow and which is located on his land. It will be remembered that the Arthur Pitts Company, which were the last to operate there abandoned the works when this well was apparently about ready to be brought in. A monkey wrench had been dropped in the hole and for some time this had occasioned a fishing job which was never completed owing to the fact that the cable was practically worn out and would break with every hard strain it was put to and to carry on the work it was necessary to secure a new cable. This well had every indication of coming in a producer at a very short distance deeper and drillers believed only a few feet would have been necessary. However, those in charge stopped work and allowed their leases to expire. Mr. Haughton laid the matter before this oil firm in California as said above and they were elated over the prospects and promised as soon as the president of the corporation could be interviewed to take the matter of completing the well up with him. He also had another strong bite which jerked the end of the pole clear under when a relative who has skads of money told him if the party with whom he was dickering did not come across to call on him and he would finish up the well since he had plenty of idle money and was willing to take a chance.

This the matter of completing the River well looks more encouraging now than for some months past, and the Enterprise sincerely hopes that this may be accomplished.

THE WHEAT WELL.

The Enterprise yesterday approached Jim Wheat for a report on his operation and he informed the editor that he would come around this morning with a report. He is a man of his word but evidently forgot his engagement or had other business which called him away. However, the work is going on out there preparatory to starting operations. All the old rig from the Lower well has been removed to the site and they are now about ready to begin the erection of the derrick. It is expected that they will be ready to go at an early date if something unforeseen does not prevent.

RAMSEY NO. 2.

In an interview with Mr. Ramsey yesterday he stated to the editor of the Enterprise that he had signed papers and some money had been placed in the bank to secure the completion of the Ramsey No. 2. Nothing definite could be given out at the present time but by next week, he said, he believed all matters would be closed and then the information could be given which would make a good article for this paper. It looks very much now like this proposition is to go ahead at an early date.

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FLOOD CONTROL APPEAL SENT SENATORS BY ENGINEER

Passage of pending appropriations of \$300,000 per year for two years for the Texas board of water engineers and the Texas reclamation service would mean the saving in a very few years on the one hand and the creation on the other of wealth to the value of more than \$50,000,000, Maj. John B. Hawley, Fort Worth engineer, declares in a letter addressed to members of the Texas Senate Saturday. Hawley addressed the members of the Senate as a member of the advisory council of engineers appointed by Governor Neff to advise with him on matters pertaining to reclamation and flood control.

The bill in question has passed the House, and is expected to reach a vote in the Senate Tuesday. The measure appropriates \$100,000 a year for two years for topographic surveys for levee projects by the reclamation board; a similar term for the board of water engineers for the survey of irrigation, city water supply, reservoir sites, and another appropriation for the same amount and term for the establishment of stations for taking measurement of the flow of the principal Texas streams.

In the past the reclamation board and the board of water engineers, the former with some help from the United States Geological Survey, has done some valuable work, Hawley declares. Without the appropriations asked, however, he contends that the surface can only be scratched.

In making an estimate of the \$50,000,000 of wealth which can be created in West Texas through irrigation, or saved in Central and South Texas through flood control, Hawley recalls to the Legislators' minds the September, 1921, and April, 1922, floods, on which he places estimates of loss at \$26,000,000 and \$12,000,000 respectively, or \$38,000,000 for these two seasons.

Irrigation projects on land without water worth \$2 to \$20 per acre can, on the average be increased to values of \$50 to \$300 per acre by an expenditure of \$20 to \$50 per acre on dams and canals, Major Hawley, estimates.

The mapping of reservoir sites he expects to stimulate such projects.

The letter closes with a quotation of a supposed remark by General Sheridan that "Texas was a wonderful State, somewhat lacking in water and good society."

"Since the general left us we have secured the good society; please help us get the water," Major Hawley urges.—El Paso Herald.

STATE BANKS SHOW HEALTHY CONDITION

Austin, Texas, Jan. 26.—A condensed statement of condition of State banks at close of business December 29, 1922, issued today by Commissioner of Insurance and Banking Chapman, shows a healthy condition, deposits having increased \$12,000,000 over the previous call of Sept. 15, 1922, and bills payable and discounts reduced approximately \$11,000,000. An increase of \$2,500,000 in assets as reported and there was a decrease of nearly \$3,000,000 in loans. Resources showed a total increase of \$1,600,000.

Banks making reports numbered 970, a decrease of seven under the previous call. As compared with the call of the year previous, as of Dec. 31, 1921, at which time 1,004 banks were reporting, the recent call shows a decrease in loans of \$20,000,000, an increase in cash and exchange of \$19,000,000, an increase in deposits of over \$25,000,000, a decrease in debts for borrowed money of \$18,000,000 and a total increase in resources of \$4,000,000.

"This comparison shows a very marvelous improvement in the financial condition of the State banks of Texas and indicates that Texas as a State, and its banking institutions, have emerged from a period of depression and has again placed its financial affairs upon a sound and solid basis," said Commissioner Chapman.

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JOKES ASIDE.

A business man of Oakland who has many relatives well enough off, but anxious to inherit his even greater fortune, recently called in his lawyer to draw up his will.

When the document was completed the client asked:

"Well, Thompson, have you fixed this thing as I want it?"

"I have done my best," said the lawyer anxiously.

"Then, there is another thing I want to ask you," continued the wealthy Oaklander, "as man to man who do you think stands the best chance of getting my property when I cash in?—The Argonaut (San Francisco)."

You get a whole year's reading of the Pecos oil field through the Enterprise for \$2. Send it to a friend.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Enterprise By The First National Bank In St. Louis.

Food exports of 1922 were approximately \$320,000,000 below 1921 similar foreign sales. Aggregate decline of grain and flour was close to 50,000,000 bushels, and of other food products 360,000 tons. Comparison contrasts sharply with much heavier outgo of a majority of meat products, especially from hog meat, in the fall 1922 than a year ago. With the exception of wheat, larger shipments and a better tone marked nearly the whole food export list in the closing months of 1922.

November food products totaled \$54,000,000, an increase of \$11,000,000 over November 1921, though somewhat less than \$60,000,000 for October 1922. Tonnage of all principal commodities increased over November, 1921, except beef, sausage, lard compounds, margarine, condensed milk, canned salmon, barley and wheat. Cottonseed oil exports for the year will be 90,000 tons less than in 1921 against a November gain of 1,200 tons.

Eleven months' wheat exports in 1921, \$420,389,881, carried up the total value of food sales for that period to \$1,028,331,749. Wheat exports for 11 months, 1922, totaled \$194,309,164. Total value of 11 months, 1922, food exports was \$707,234,806, a fall of \$321,096,943. Barley shipments were \$3,000,000 less; flour \$35,000,000; lard, \$24,000,000; bacon \$20,000,000; miscellaneous hog products and cottonseed oil each \$17,000,000.

Partly offsetting these severe declines were gains in both tonnage and value of corn, oats, hams and shoulders and canned goods.

SHOULD BE DEVOTED TO HIGHWAYS

Among the many proposals that have been made for increasing the revenue of the State is that of a per gallon tax on gasoline. Some of the friends of education have suggested this as one of the means of providing necessary funds for this purpose, and the suggestion has been made in connection with other purposes and as a measure to increase the general revenue. And then there is the proposal to levy such a tax for the specific purpose of providing part of the revenue for the State to build and maintain a state system of highways.

If it is found necessary to levy a gasoline tax certainly the revenue thus raised should be devoted to highways. Texas is faced with the necessity of placing the duty to build and maintain a system of state highways under the jurisdiction of the state government and in order to do this specific revenue must be provided. It will be the duty of the Legislature to provide this specific revenue, and in view of this, it seems to us that if a levy upon gasoline is to be made it should be provided that the revenue thus raised shall be devoted to the building and maintaining of highways.

There are many reasons for this, the chief one being that it would be more in accordance with economic law. For if the revenue raised on a gasoline tax is devoted to highways it will be rendering a direct return to the taxpayer and at the same time will be tending to increase the consumption of gasoline by providing better facilities for motor transportation. It would thus tend to increase the revenue from the tax itself and to increase also the service rendered by the State to the taxpayer in return.

When Secretary of the Treasury Mellon suggested last year that a tax on gasoline would be a proper method of raising general revenue for the Federal Government, it was pointed out that 18 states in the Union already levy a tax on gasoline for highway purposes and that in order to carry out the highway programs of other states it would become necessary for them to raise revenue in this way. Protest against the proposal was made by some of the states having such a tax and it was urged that the Federal Government should not enter this field for the specific reason that such revenues should properly be devoted to highways. These states, by the way, are Pennsylvania, Louisiana, Colorado, Washington, Oregon, Arizona, Arkansas, Mississippi, Kentucky, Florida, Connecticut, Georgia, Montana, South Carolina, New Mexico, North Carolina, South Dakota and Maryland, in every instance the tax is devoted to highways.

If it is found necessary by the Legislature, therefore, to levy a per gallon tax on gasoline, thus placing new taxation on motor traffic, the revenue raised in this way should be devoted exclusively to highways. The State is faced with the necessity of raising increased revenue for highway purposes and the problem of raising it equitably is not an easy one. In view of this the Legislature would be making its own task more difficult if it provided for a gasoline tax for any other purpose.—Star-Telegram.

The Still Small Voice

When the son of a millionaire can shoot to death an American sailor boy and walk out of court without even the formality of a trial—when the mother of his victim must stand outside the court and, as she weeps in vain, see the man who killed her son drive to his luxurious home in a high-powered motor car, telling his wife he "is so happy," it is time this country revamped its method of administering the law, or at least establish some form of recall that would enable the people to drive from both bench and bar those who maladminister a sacred trust.

Walter S. Ward, of Westchester County, New York, son of the millionaire bread king, shoots to death Clarence Peters, formerly a sailor boy in the U. S. Navy. The police, hot on the trail, get dangerously near to solving the crime. Then the young slayer gives himself up and confesses the cowardly assassination.

Ordinarily, such a menace to society would be locked up, tried for murder, sent to the electric chair, to prison for life, or acquitted according to the facts developed. But this was not an ordinary murder. There were millions ready to save the young man from even the shadow of the chair. Father with his influence and untold wealth got into action. Forty thousand lines of bread advertising were placed with every influential newspaper in New York City. Soon the slayer son was turned loose without even the semblance of a trial.

The mother of the murdered boy? The voice of the mother was the still, small voice; so still, so small, that she cried as in the wilderness.

It will be to the eternal shame of America if the plea of this unhappy mother is drowned by the clink of gold. Governor Smith, of New York, has promised a new investigation. Every mother in America should write a letter to the governor of the great state of New York demanding that the investigation be searching, at least that it be more thoroughly undertaken than the travesty on justice that set free the gilded assassin.

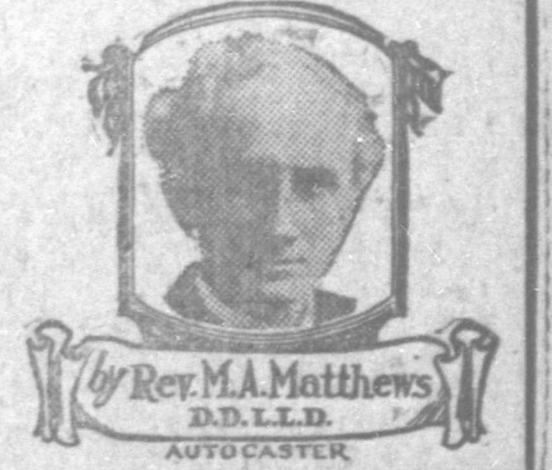
Dame Nature Teaches Farming

The silent but irresistible forces of nature have brought the comforts of man to their present standard and in all probability eventually will compel the application of a higher science to food production. The old-fashioned farmer may resist to the last "your new-fangled notions" but Dame Nature will have her way despite the reactionary tendency.

The time is now at hand when the farmer must solve the problem of the insect. The Agricultural Department has done much to help, but in all likelihood the farmer must work out his own salvation. The Hessian fly could not exist were it not for the growing of wheat, barley and rye; the Colorado beetle would run back to his native weeds were not potato crops supplied to him as food. The boll weevil could not exist where cotton is not grown.

There are few insects that have several food plants, though some may live a little time on any vegetation, but the habits and customs of the pests would indicate that though they are so numerous, it is impossible for the farmer to cope with them individually, their ill effects can be greatly overcome by a thoughtful system of crop rotation. Not all insects can be controlled in this way, but many of them can. Seemingly a natural compulsion is going to give us more scientific farming.

Punchettes



DEBAUCHERY PREVENTABLE
SOMEONE has said that the mother of debauchery is not joy, but joylessness.

If that is true, then you have a reason for the debauchery that has soaked the world in blood and death.

There is no joy in sordid materialism.

There is no joy in extreme selfishness.

There is no joy in loose passion, greed, and gluttony.

There is no joy in materialism, murder, war, disaster.

The real joy that feeds the soul is the joy that comes from the spiritual things and from the spiritual conception of things, and, from participation in the spiritual things of life.

Therefore, if materialism has produced debauchery, if the joyless life has resulted in the drunken debauch to drown the monotony and to awaken the sleeping cords of happiness, then let the people understand that they can come away from that deadly monotony!

He who eats of the material food will hunger. He who eats of that Bread which cannot be provided by the world never hungers, and he is never cursed with a joyless moment or with a dull, monotonous hour.

He has happiness that cannot be purchased, and he has pleasure continuously.

The debauchery of life can be prevented by the spiritual power of the spiritual power of Christ.

Richard Lloyd Jones Says Speeding May Be Stopped

The "Safety First" movement has done much to lessen danger everywhere except on our streets and country roads. There the auto still climbs. The Safety First movement has always been to make it safe for the auto rather than the pedestrian. We say "Don't jay-walk," but never "Don't jay-drive."

There are 10,000,000 automobiles in the United States. There are hundreds of legislators who are going to introduce in the forty-three legislatures now in session or about to convene laws that will move the Safety First movement out onto the street.

In their own interest the auto manufacturers, dealers and clubs should line up with the legislative advocates of Safety First,—yet in too many instances they stupidly stand the ground to resist any safety-first legislation.

For instance, the Chicago Motor Club puts out combative propaganda which, among other fool declarations, says, "There were 10,007 deaths in 1920 from influenza, and only 10,168 from auto vehicles." Can you beat that! Mere trifle.

Railroads won't allow a man in the locomotive cab who even drinks, let alone gets drunk.

The drunkard drives the auto. Honest lawyers assert that it is difficult to convict the driver who crashes or kills because "He didn't mean to,"—you can't establish the "intent to kill."

Among the many remedies proposed are three that are particularly practical and behind which there are many supporters.

The street car doesn't carry a bumper; it carries a basket for you or me to fall in if the motorman hits us without criminal intent. Unless jay-driving is promptly stopped—unless every jay-driver is promptly jerked out of his seat and not allowed to return to the wheel, we are all going to be compelled to take our bumpers off and put on baskets.

The second practical remedy provides for safety in our cities. Did you ever notice how all autos slow down before a two-inch plank that is laid across the road to protect a hose or pipe? They slow down to spare the springs on the auto. But they don't all slow down to spare the spinal column of the pedestrian. Well,—it is proposed to ridge every walk across street intersections with stones set two inches above the pavement. Then we will have some careful driving.

And lastly it is proposed to make every speedometer town-clock size, compel every car to be equipped with one, and put it on the back. There will be no room for it on the dash board. It will be the diameter of your tire. Then everybody will be able to read your speed.

And all this is no laughing matter. These legislators from Oregon to Florida, from Maine to California are in dead earnest. A people tired of jelly-boned judges, tired of amateur engineers, tired of drunken drivers, and the hurry-up fellows on the road, are going after safety first on the road.

The automobile is one of civilization's best blessings, but we do not welcome it to see which can win the death-toll race,—it or influenza.

Poem by UNCLE JOHN

The richest trait of any soul, in dividends at trifling cost, is when the man that wins control is tender toward the man that lost. . . . I hate the beast that rends again the valiant, though the vanquished form.—The man who joys in giving pain,—who keeps the fires of malice warm.

FOR THE UNDER DOG . . . In this old world of give and take, we know the fittest may survive,—we may surpass, but should not break, the heart that fain would stay alive. . . . We've passed the age of tooth and claw, when Cave-man tactics slew the meek,—we now obey the higher law, by which the strong upholds the weak. . . .

The Egot's transient badge of power may only last him for a day, and Justice holds the coming hour, when he, like chaff, shall blow away. The man who conquers in the game may honors reap, and love enjoy,—but MEN abhor the act of shame, when hellish instinct would destroy! Well may the powerful hand beware, if hatred lures to heinous crime.—For he who sits in kingly chair may howl for mercy in this time. . . . "That which men sow, they also reap" is true in State, in Heart, in Mind; Let us be mindful what we keep, in words that wound or ties that bind.

HONEY PHILOSOPHY for 1923

Business is bad. Isn't that good. Father is busted. Great news. Willie has the measles. Smile, mother, smile. Try to get him well, of course, but smile. When clouds are dark, when the bank roll's gone, when wolfish landlords press for rent and there's not a cent to meet it, when all the world seems sad and weary smile as you never smiled before, for there's joy right in your lap. Be not the hypocrite. Christ was crucified. Let us not pose as Christians if we wretch at carryin' the cross and dodge the burden every time it seems to come our way. If we all take a hand at the burden the load will be very light, and the road leads to human love and happiness.

To Stop a Cough Quick
Take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues. A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup. The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trade Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough. Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 35c. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

First Picture of French Forces in Essen



It was exactly 1:45 P. M. when the French cavalry rode into Essen, if the clock of the railroad station at the left was correct. This exclusive picture is the first taken of the actual occupation of the German coal center by the French forces. Streets were crowded by Germans out to see the entrance of the invaders.

STATE PRISON A DISGRACE; LEGISLATURE HAS NO TIME TO STUDY AND PASS LAWS

Lengthening of the regular sessions of the state legislature, so that more deliberation can be had on proposed laws and appropriation bills before it, was advocated before Rotary Thursday by state senator R. M. Dudley.

The present state legislature is composed of a high class citizenship and is a credit to the state. Mr. Dudley said. There are many problems that are to come before the legislature of vital importance during the next few weeks and from all indications the legislature will do more good work this year than any previous legislature has ever done, he said.

"We have two great problems," Mr. Dudley said. "They are taxation and finance, and will require careful organization. There is the good roads problem."

"Above all things, Texas' penitentiary system must be improved. The system is a disgrace on the face of this world and would be a disgrace in hades. It costs the state \$3,000 a day or about \$1,800,000 a year to operate. There is not hardly a man in the state who would not give the state \$1,000,000 for a lease on the penitentiary and come out a millionaire. This is one of the principal problems that we must cope with."

"What we need in Texas is a survey of the prison system and its reconstruction on modern ideas. The educated males should be separated from the uneducated males; various prisoners should be segregated according to conduct, education and other qualities. All this has been studied out by experts, but when we talk of getting some of them, there is usually the cry of 'Yankee heads' because most of these prison experts happen to be eastern and northern men. We can have an accurate survey made for about \$12,000—just what we lose in operating the present system four days—but I doubt if we do it."

"This great question, the good roads question, the financial question and dozens of others must be discussed and acted on in 60 days."

"What we need is an adequately paid legislature to sit six months every year and give a careful study to every question that comes up."

"You say we have too many laws now. Well, it is because we pass them without study."

"With the legislature trying to study all the subjects brought before it and give an accurate decision in 60 days, it is the merest accident if a good law is passed during the entire time."

"No matter if we have the highest class of men today in the Texas legislature that we have ever had, they can't judiciously decide so many questions in 60 days."

Dr. F. M. Bauchert, who, Julius Krugner, chairman of education, said, was never on his feet in a Rotary meeting before, won the day's prize for a talk on "What Rotary Has Done For Me." It was awarded by O. H. Binford, judge for the day. Mr. Binford was accompanied to the day. Mr. Binford had accompanied to the meeting by his only brother, Homer Binford, a visitor.

Other speakers were O. J. Allen, A. H. Anderson, Charles Andrews and Jack Biggy. H. W. Broadus will be the judge next week, Mr. Krakauer.

President Porter Thede read a communication from United States attorney general H. M. Daugherty on the duty of every citizen to obey the laws of the country first, then assist city, county, state and national officers in the enforcement of the law.

Mr. Thede announced the appointment of H. W. Broadus to take the place of Glen O. Everman on the boys' work committee.

J. Frank McLaughlin, Abe Glodstein

and A. H. Anderson were appointed a committee to insure attendance of Rotarians at the mass meeting February 6 to arrange to advertise El Paso.

Mr. Goldstein presided at Thursday's meeting.

Rolf Sedan, Charles Jordan and Miss Leona Pritchard, assisted by a chorus of Leith-Marsh girls, entertained at the meeting—El Paso Herald.

SCOTLAND TODAY DOES HONOR TO MEMORY OF BOBY BURNS

Burns and Caledonian societies tonight will hold entertainments of a strictly Scotch flavor, and needless to say, over all the land of the oat-cake the anniversary of the birth of the poet will not be neglected.

Burns' genius was truly a tragic one, and never in his life did he know affluence. He wrote to his brother in his last days of life asking a loan of 10 pounds so that he might not die in debtors' prison.

Yet the treasure of song which he gave to the world far, far surpassed the humble aim which as a young man he stated:

That I for puir auld Scotia's sake
Some useful plan or book could make,
Or sing a sang at least.

Robbed of his royalties, lauded but financially neglected by the great folk of Edinburgh, he knew at last to return to the humble circles whence he had come.

His espousal of the French revolutionary cause lost caste for him, as it has gained esteem in later decades. Nothing now can be done to return to Burns the tribute which he never had—nothing but to sing his songs and to enjoy and marvel at his poetry.—By H. P. Stephenson.

EVERY ONE SHOULD TAKE PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

Austin, Texas, Jan. 31.—"The time is now at hand when every person in Texas should have an inspection of their physical machinery," said D. E. Breed, Executive Secretary, Texas Public Health Association.

A periodic physical examination by your physician at least once a year is one of the best methods of combating tuberculosis and other preventable diseases. At these examinations one is enabled to have located minor defects and have them corrected before they become serious. Out of the average group of one hundred men, women and children 70 percent will have various defects and impairments of the body ranging from minor infection of the teeth to a serious condition of the lungs or heart.

If an inspection of your body reveals some slight impairment that can be remedied at a very little expense think what a saving would be accomplished if it was remedied at once. If allowed to develop into tuberculosis or some other disease that would take hundreds of dollars to cure or treat. The time to prevent disease from sapping your vitality is before it gets a foothold. You will find it much better to pay a doctor to keep you well rather than to pay him to get you well.

PROVERBS OF METHUSELAH

Hearken unto me, my son, and be wise—for a woman's last kiss does seem better than her first.

Give a man enough rope—and verily will he smoke himself to death.

Like unto Dumb Dan is the absent-minded prof. who, leaving his home in the morning doth throw his wife out of the back door and kiss the garbage can good-bye.

Verily I say unto thee, my son, when amongst women, let not thy "right" girl know what thy "left" girl is doing.

When a man taketh unto himself a wife, verily he hath then a better half. But ye bachelors hath better quarters.

Be wise, my son, be wise.

FREE CATALOGUE

You do just four things: You think you remember, you imagine, you act. Learn to think better, remember better, imagine better, act better and increase your efficiency and therefore your income. Perhaps you are successful now, but think how much benefit a practical business education will be to you. You agree with us that to violate a part of the laws of business means a partial failure and to observe all the laws of business means complete success. Our aim is to help you observe a higher percentage of the laws of business success. The late Prof. James of Harvard declares that the average man uses only ten percent of his brain power.

Suppose you are twice as capable as the average man; even that would mean you are only reaching twenty percent of your maximum possibilities. Isn't that poor consolation for the ambitious? The purpose of our course is to produce a greater efficiency and with less effort. Did you ever stop to think that eighty-five per cent of the men of this country are earning only \$18.00 per week or less? That ninety-two percent fail in business between the ages of 40 and 50? That ninety-five percent have no money at the age of 60? We have been successful in getting thousands of men out of the eighty-five, the ninety-five and ninety-two percent class.

We have been marvelously successful in raising salaries of young men and young women as is conclusively shown and proven in our catalogue, by letters from former students. The business world wants thinkers and doers. There's a famine of high priced men today; there are thousands of men worth a thousand dollars a year, but only a few worth ten thousand a year. Be a ten thousand dollars man. You can! We know that a man is not worth much from the chin down, selling muscle, but as much as a hundred thousand dollars a year, from the chin up, selling brains. Be a chin upper and sell brains; but remember you must develop them before you can sell them.

Take our thorough, practical courses of Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Cotton Clipping, Business Administration and Finance, Penmanship, Telegraphy and Radio. Learn how to think, to remember, to imagine and to act.

We will teach you and will get you a good position. Our large catalogue is free for the asking. Fill in and mail the following blank at once.

TYLER COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
Tyler, Texas.

Name _____
Address _____
Name of paper _____

BILL WOULD FORCE PAPERS TO FURNISH BOND AGAINST LIBEL
Austin, Jan. 26.—Newspapers published in Texas that do not own property in the state of an assessed value of at least \$10,000 would be required to furnish bond of \$10,000 to \$25,000 with the county clerk as protection to persons obtaining judgment against such newspapers for libelous statements, under a bill introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Jacks of Dallas. The amount of bond required would vary with a newspaper's circulation.

The bill sets forth that "there are now being published in Texas certain newspapers that own no property in the state by means of which they could be held liable in a civil suit for libelous and slanderous statements they make against the names of the good citizens of Texas," and further that "such newspapers publish only the sensational and vulgar news of the day, or practice what is known as 'yellow journalism,' and are operated by absolutely irresponsible persons, morally and financially, and are libeling and

RECORDS ON 80,000 CATTLE PROVIDE VALUABLE FACTS

In order to compile dependable data on problems of beef production, the United States Department of Agriculture in the past four years has taken records on about 80,000 steers in various States of the Corn Belt. When the work is finished at the end of another year there will be records on approximately 100,000 steers fed for the market.

In the territory covered—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska—most of the feeders are finished on corn and legume hay, or on corn and silage supplemented with a protein meal. The kind of hay grown in a particular locality usually determines the ration used, and a survey shows that about equal numbers of steers are fed each year by these two methods. Where clover or alfalfa is grown abundantly the standard ration is corn and one of these hays. In other places, where most of the hay is mixed, silage is included in the ration, and cottonseed or linseed meal is fed as a supplement to supply protein.

The information collected during the four years shows some interesting comparisons of the two methods of making beef. To make the same amount of total gain required less time where corn and alfalfa hay was used, but required more grain than was needed in the corn-silage-cottonseed-meal ration. With the first ration the steers put on an average of 2.07 pounds of gain a day, while those getting silage and meal in addition to corn put on an average of 1.63. In the first case it required 146 days to put on the 302 pounds and in the other 185 days. It should be remembered that these figures are based on the records taken on approximately 20,000 steers a year for four years.

The feed consumed by the average steer in these two groups is given below:

Corn	52 bushels
Alfalfa hay	1,043 pounds
Straw	239 pounds
Corn	30 bushels
Cottonseed meal	177 pounds
Mixed hay	600 pounds
Silage	5,583 pounds
Straw	612 pounds

Other phases of beef production are being studied in addition to fattening rations.

slandering the good name of some good citizens of the state without civil responsibility."

R. P. HICKS TRANSFER
Coal, Wood, Kindling and Hay
PIANOS MOVED
Without a Scratch
Baggage Hauled Day or Night
PHONES—Residence 181; Office 42.

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days
"LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It Stimulates and Regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.

You get a whole year's reading of the Pecos oil field through the Enterprise for \$2. Send it to a friend.

Tutt's Pills
The first dose astonishes the invalid, giving immediate relief, regulating bowels and digestive organs, inducing
GOOD DIGESTION

MOTHER! MOVE CHILD'S BOWELS
"California Fig Syrup" is Child's Best Laxative

Even a sick child loves the "fruity" taste of "California Fig Syrup." If the little stomach is upset, tongue coated, or if your child is cross, feverish, full of cold, or has colic, a teaspoonful will never fail to open the bowels. In a few hours you can see for yourself how thoroughly it works all the constipation poison, sour bile and waste from the tender, little bowels and gives you a well, playful child again. Millions of mothers keep "California Fig Syrup" handy. They know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

A Tip to Our Merchants: Tell It With Pictures

We leave it to any woman living in this town if she doesn't read the grocery advertisement that is illustrated first and the one that is unillustrated second if at all.

It's because of that trait of human nature, the love for pictures, that this paper procured the exclusive right to the local advertising illustrations of the Publishers Autocaster Service.

A picture for every line and for every season of the year!

Maurice Beresov
ADVERTISING DESIGNER AND ARTIST

Marion Fox
WOMAN FASHION AUTHORITY

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1897; Reeves County Record, established 1910; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

JOHN HIBDON
EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER

ADVERTISING RATES
Display, per inch, flat..... 40c
Readers, per line..... 10c
Classified wants, per word..... 1c
Minimum 25 cents paid in advance.
Copy must be in the office not later than Wednesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Year, \$2; Six Months, \$1.25
Positively in Advance
No subscription taken for less than six months.
Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915, at the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



The rains of the past week while not enough to do material good in this county lead hope that we may yet have good seasons during the present year and that the stockman and farmer will both prosper and make money. It will also stop the necessity of feeding stock during the early spring months.

Every tragedy adds just that much opprobrium to our town. It's such a pity in this day of enlightenment that men cannot settle differences in a legitimate and gentlemanly manner, but probably not until the end of time will this be even approached. Resorting to brute force to settle differences never did accomplish the end sought, but only made bad matters worse.

Probably never before in the history of the county has as many taxpayers allowed their property to go on the delinquent rolls as this year. There have been fewer poll taxes paid than is usual even during off election years, but the payment of personal and property taxes has even been worse. At that it is probable that Reeves county is no worse than other West Texas counties is conceded by all. West Texas is in sore straits for money just now and it behooves all to live economically.

The accessible timber of the world is inadequate to the requirements of modern civilization, says the Forest Service United States Department of Agriculture. We now draw one-third of our paper requirements from Canada. There is an embargo on the export of pulp wood from the crown lands of Canada, and this is likely to be extended to all forest lands in the Dominion, completely shutting off the supply of raw material for the paper industry of the United States. This illustrates the hazard of becoming dependent upon foreign supplies of timber, it is pointed out.

Slightly more than one-third of the United States has been surveyed by the Bureau of Soils of the United States Department of Agriculture. A little more than half of this area has been covered by detail surveys showing the extent and distribution of the various soils by types; the rest has been covered by reconnaissance maps showing the soils in larger groups. There are in some of the Western States large areas of mountainous lands and deserts, where there is no immediate prospect of irrigation or of grazing, and for which there will likely be no need of soil surveys.

THE TROY WELL

Judge Howell Johnson, in town this week from Fort Stockton, in conversation with The Enterprise, assured us that it is his firm belief that the Troy well is a real producer but as yet it is not possible to tell just how strong it will go. It is now believed by the conservative citizens of this country as well by the oil men who are also conservative, that there is oil and plenty of it all along the Pecos river from Artesia to the Troy well at least. This would make some oil field but it is evident that this is to be some oil field if it is ever properly developed and that will be done some day. When the times come the fact will be made known that this is a real oil field the extent of which is not equaled in the whole world. The bits keep going down and it is sure to strike one of the pools some of these days and then it will be no trouble to again secure the funds with which to develop the field. It is not guess work any longer that the Toyah-Bell is a real producer. The Artesia well is now pumping twenty-five barrels per day and down Fort Stockton way the Troy well is another proof of the existence of oil in this part of the world. Some day it will all work out and we will all be right in the heart of the greatest oil field in the world. Watch if this is not true.

FEWER LAWYERS AND BETTER LAWS.

Law is an honorable profession dating back to the beginning of civilization, but that fact should not give the profession a monopoly of the business of making laws. No doubt lawyers could, if they would, frame laws that would stand the test of the Constitution, when applied by the Supreme Court, but they don't always succeed in this respect. They are often more apt to make the law ambiguous and fill them so full of technical phrases that they can be interpreted in seven different ways. While they may not intentionally do this, it is a great help to business.

It has got so these days that the first thought of the young lawyer, after he has framed his sheepskin and nailed it to the wall, is to run for office in order to secure an acquaintance and get enough money out of the public treasury to tide him over until he can secure sufficient practice to keep the wolf from the door. No matter how immature he is; how little business experience he has and how small his knowledge of governmental affairs, his gift of gab, developed at mock trials in the law school, makes him a pretty good stump speaker. As a rule he can put it all over the business man or farmer who know more in a minute about what the country needs than he does in a week. Not that the young man is without ability but that he is without experience and mature judgment. His oratory, however, is the deciding factor, for the gift of gab is often erroneously taken as an index of much knowledge. He goes into office and gets the habit and perhaps develops into a clever politician instead of a good lawyer, as had been his former intention.

The number of lawyers in our various State Legislatures and in Congress greatly exceeds that of any other two professions or business. Wouldn't fewer lawyers and more substantial business men and farmers in the ranks of our law making bodies bring about an answer to the old slogan so frequently heard a few years ago in Texas, "Fewer laws and better laws?"—Farm & Ranch.

FLOOD CONTROL BILL PASSED BY SENATE

Austin, Jan. 30.—The Rountree bill appropriating \$600,000 in two years for topographic surveys of watersheds of the State, which is the agreed conservation, reclamation and water power development program of the State was passed by the Senate Tuesday morning by a final vote of 23 to 7 and was sent to the Governor for his approval. The bill was passed in the House several days ago.

The organizations which have been active in advancing the reclamation and flood control program outlined at the Waco meeting of the Texas conservation association, were highly gratified by the passage, under the suspension of the constitutional rule of the bill which carries an appropriation of \$300,000 for each of two years. "In the enactment of this measure," said Leonard Tillotson, president of the state association, "Texas has definitely entered upon a broad progressive and constructive program of reclamation development. No similar expenditure by the State can equal that authorized in this bill in the preservation of taxable property valuations, or is calculated to lead to the early development of so great an amount of new revenue producing wealth."

Under provisions of the bill, direction is given to the board of water engineers and to the reclamation engineer, as the law defines their respective duties, to cause to be made an adequate topographic and hydrographic survey of the several watersheds, to the end that flood control water conservation and economic utilization in reclamation development may be made practicable.

The engineers are to begin this work in those places where, in their judgment, the need is most imperative, and shall report progress as soon as possible on such portions of the work as they consider sufficient to designate the character and extent of improvements necessary.

After the passage of the bill a number of the friends of the legislation, including Representative Lee Rountree, John W. Gaines, Leonard Tillotson, Homer D. Wade and A. D. Jackson, called on Governor Neff to express their appreciation of his active support for the conservation and reclamation movement.

Senator Holbrook and other proponents of the bill successfully defended it in the Senate against amendments seeking to cut the appropriation, first to \$300,000 and then to \$360,000. These amendments were offered by Senators Floyd and Darwin.

Senators voting against adoption of the Strong, Thomas and Woods. Those favoring it were Cousins, Darwin, McMillin, Rice, King, Wade, Bailey, Baugh, Bledsoe, Bowers, Burkett, Clark, Davis, Doyle, Dudley, Fairchild, Floyd, Holbrook, Lewis, Murphy, Parr, Pollard, Ridgeway, Rogers, Stuart, Turner, Watts, Wirtz, Witt. It was pointed out this was the measure

evolved from Governor Neff's conference of engineers held here last Summer and that it answers a demand of the State Democratic platform.

Reference to the state convention was made when Senator Bailey, favoring the measure, referred to the fact that the State Democratic convention went on record favoring the measure. Senator Rogers asked: "Do you mean the San Antonio?" which brought a laugh from the Senators.

Between 100 and 150 engineers of the Federal Department will be loaned the State, at nominal salaries, to make these surveys, which, if the bill is approved, will begin shortly after June 1, it was said. Simultaneously, it was declared, and the the most important streams will be made under present plans.

work will be completed within two years, Senator Fairchild predicted the bill may be vetoed.

When the bill came up as special order a motion was pending to refer it to the finance committee for further consideration. This was defeated, after amendments offered were voted down 18 to 11 in each case.—Stillman Evans in Star-Telegram.

A NEW START

One of the fine things about life is the unending supply of opportunities for making new starts it is constantly offering. An unusual event, or a thing insignificant in itself even may furnish the occasion for an effort which will eventuate in that which is wholly worth while. On the fly leaf of a bible these words were written: "January, 19—, this day a new life begun." How often is it true that the reading of the Bible, the hearing of a sentence, the recurrence of a birthday, or the coming of a new year, supplies the stimulus to search for better and finer things!

In the old-fashioned plan of making resolutions at the beginning of the year there is something exceedingly worth while. For, if it does nothing more, it at least has called the attention for a time to the things of value. But it goes far more than that, for it often results in a firm hold on better things, which go into the making of richer lives and finer characters.

The world is always a little better and a little finer place for humanity when the idea of being a blessing and a help gets hold of some one. There is not much in store for the person who lives with the thought of getting all possible from the world and giving as little as possible in return. Do good now, for it may not be yours to do so tomorrow. A flower in a living hand is worth more than one on a dead breast.

The ability to see and understand what is beautiful and attractive in nature and in human heart is no mean accomplishment. It was a distinguished characteristic of Christ. It is found in some lives of his followers. It could be cultivated in more. Living in the realm of the mean, the little, the sordid, the sorrowful, gives a tone and color to life that is neither hopeful nor helpful. But to live with the thought of seeing and giving expression to the things which are beautiful in nature and in the moral realm is to start into life's best year.

A great many difficulties are solved when God's best will is written into the thought. No one is capable of remaking himself. A nature that has been warped by sin and that has deteriorated under bad habits and slovenly ways, can be redeemed only by Divine Power. It is therefore, a sign of wholesome moral fiber, when in making a new start, God is given the right of way.—Texas Christian Advocate.

BRITISH JUDGES ARE NOT INFORMED ON ORDINARY MATTERS

London, England.—One has to know considerable law to become a judge in England, but apparently there are a lot of other things known to most folks that English judges do not have to know.

The bland query that recently came from a Tottenham magistrate who wanted to know "Who is Mary Pickford?" is given the palm by those who delight in cherishing examples of judicial "ignorance." Right alongside it is recorded the instance when Sir. Wallace, K. C., asked "What is the ace of spades?" and caused the card to be brought into court.


Judge Wills, recently deceased, is believed, however, to have held something of a record for unfamiliarity with ordinary human experiences. The learned judge admitted that he had

- Never used a telephone.
- Never ridden in a subway.
- Never gambled.
- Never borrowed money.
- Never run in debt.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets.) It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 36c



THE ENTERPRISE OBTAINS EXCLUSIVE AUTOCASTER SERVICE FRANCHISE



A Drop of Ink Makes Millions Think

AN AMERICAN MAGAZINE reporter once asked John Wrigley, the fifty million gum magnate, what he attributed his huge business success to, and the man replied that it was 90 per cent advertising.

Mr. Wrigley is used as a study among journalism classes as the man who accumulated three fortunes and each time spent them for advertising, after which he started in over again.

It is a well known fact that he spent one million dollars advertising his gum products on Broadway, New York, alone.

THE FUNDAMENTAL FACT —



however, is that after the gum king had spent three fortunes on advertising he did not stop. He let drop a secret that may well be applied to any business, however big, or however small:—

"That advertising is a good deal like feeding a furnace—you have to keep shoveling in the coal in order to keep the fire alive."

A little "ad" dropped here and there in your local paper is really of little value. It is the persistent, weekly and daily call that makes the people sit up and take notice.

WHAT THE ENTERPRISE CAN DO

It can place advertising, based on the inch rate, in 2,300 homes, virtually circulated among 11,500 people for 50 cents. To attempt to reach the same number of people by post card, the only other means of communication, would cost \$115.00.

It can readily be seen that there is no argument from an economic standpoint as the cheapest and most effective way of reaching the public.

THE PECOS ENTERPRISE

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—State Leases or Permits on lands in Pecos County. Address, J. E. Bowen, 1101 Montana, El Paso, Texas.

FOR SALE—Lumber worth the price. A few thousand feet ceiling, flooring, boxing and 2x4s and 2x6s. Phone 110. E. F. Fuqua, Pecos, Texas. 25-tf.

FOR SALE—Cultivators, mowing machine rakes, one plow, drag harrow, grinding stone, emery stone, fresno, disc harrow, one mule, and other tricks too numerous to mention. Call and see what I have that you will need. The prices are right.—Can be seen at the Experiment Station. 25-2t*

FOR SALE—Hamilton Rifle No. 22. T. H. Bomar.

FOR SALE—Day old Chicks and setting eggs. Cocks from Farrow and Hirsch & Company, Peoria, Ill. R. I. Reds. Phone 7-R22, Mrs. Elmer Wadley. 24-4t

FOR SALE—Alcona Eggs, \$1.00 per setting of 15 eggs. Leave order at Woody's Shoe Shop. 23-1t*

FOR SALE—New home-made quilts for \$6.50 at the Pecos Mercantile store. 15-tf

FOR SALE—My five passenger Nash car. Cheap. Good condition. If you are in the market for a car look at mine. Mrs. B. R. Stine. Phone 202, Pecos, Texas. 13-tf

FOR SALE—Or will consider drilling contract, tracts forty seven and forty nine, section eighty-six, block thirty-three, of the H. & T. C. Survey Loving county, Texas. Located between the Toyah-Bell and Bell No. 1. The title is good and the rental is paid to January 1923. Write J. A. Law, 4284 South Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif. 49-tf.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A nice 4 room house furnished.—I. E. Smith. 17-tf.

FOR RENT OR SALE—4 Room house close in. Reasonable. Apply to J. B. Sullivan. 9-tf.

WANTED

WANTED—Middle aged woman to work in Home Laundry. Room and board with salary. Address box 546. 21-tf.

LOST

LOST—Airdale pup, age two months. Tail cut short. Black all over except brown legs and mouth and white spot under and between front legs. Had name Gyp engraved on collar. Last seen on January 29. Owner, T. A. Slack, New Hotel. Reward. 1t*

MISSCELLANEOUS

PLAN TO PLANT ANOTHER TREE. Raise your own fruit at home. Raise fruit to sell. Make your home grounds beautiful forever. Catalog free. Ramsey Nursery, Austin, Texas.

PASTURAGE—888 acres for lease in Section 29 and 37, in Block 34, south of Pyote. Not fenced. Write I. B. McFarland, Box 1815, Houston, Texas. 23-4t*

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the commissioners court for Reeves county will at its regular term on Monday, February 12, 1923, receive proposals from any banking corporation, association or individual banker in Reeves county that may desire to be selected as the depository of the funds of the county.

Any banking corporation, association or individual banker in the county desiring to bid, shall deliver to the County Judge on or before the first day of February term of the court (February 12, 1923), a sealed proposal, stating the rate of interest offered on the funds of the county for the term between the date of such bid and the next regular term for the selection of a depository. Said bid shall be accompanied by a certified check for not less than one-half of one per cent of the county revenue for the year 1922 as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the bidder and that if this bid should be accepted, he will enter into bond as provided by law. Upon failure of the successful bidder to give bond as required by law, the amount of such check shall go to the county as liquidated damages. Rights reserved to reject any and all bids.

This notice is given in accordance with Arts. 2440, et seq., Vernon's Sayles' Texas Civil Statutes, 1914, and amendments thereof, to which reference is hereby made.

JAS. F. ROSS,

County Judge.

January 15, 1923. 23-3t

BIG CONTRACT WILL BOOST

TEXAS SULPHUR INDUSTRY
With a contract for delivery of 100 tons of crude sulphur-lime-fertilizer of Campden and Bayliss, distributors, Dallas, the Great Southern Sulphur company, headquarters at Toyah, promises to become the largest manufacturing industry in the Pecos river section, according to Leland P. Hart, manager and chemist of the company.

The company controls 2000 acres, he said, in northeast Culberson county, in which the sulphur strata range from a few inches below the surface to 40 feet deep. The property is 18 miles from Orla, station on the Santa Fe.

Mr. Hart has about perfected, he said, a process for rendering the sulphur pure.

There are about 12,000 acres in all with rich sulphur deposits, ranging in some pockets above 75 percent sulphur. The Texas Sulphur Company controls a large acreage in the section, and is now operating.—El Paso Herald.

TEXAS & PACIFIC OFFICIALS

INSPECT WORK AT EL PASO
H. D. Earl, general superintendent, Dallas, and A. E. Pistole, superintendent of the Rio Grande division of the Texas & Pacific, Wednesday afternoon inspected the work in progress on enlargement of the local shops, which will mean an expenditure of \$200,000.

A 100-foot turntable is being installed to take care of the largest engines used by the company and some rearrangement of the tracks at the roundhouse is necessary. Fifty persons are at work on the job. A turntable of equal size is being installed at Toyah.—El Paso Herald.

NOTICE MR. CAR OWNERS.

Did you know that tires have advanced from 12 1/2 to 20 per cent? And on the strength of this I have bought 250 tires and five hundred tubes in order to take care of your wants on the old prices. I will sell this number of tires and tubes at the old price. If you are going to be in the market for a tire or tube it will pay you to buy now. Every tire includes fresh stock, and all guaranteed. 25-tf.

MARSHALL H. PIOR.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

In The Pecos Enterprise. Rates 4 cents an inch or 10 cents a line for readers.

AN ISSUE WORTH A FIGHT.

To the point of boredom the opinion has been repeated that old political issues are dead and that there is no real difference between the parties. To a degree this is true, though not nearly to so great a degree as is pretended by those politicians who found their hope of satisfying ambition on destruction of parties. But there is a great issue before the American people which must be fought to a decision unless all American institutions, political, economical and social, are to be fundamentally changed. It was an address delivered at Chicago by John W. Davis president of the American Bar Association and ex-Ambassador to Great Britain:

"The battle may not come tomorrow, but soon or late the grapple must come in this country between the doctrine of individual liberty under which we have grown to greatness and the philosophy of collectivism which can bring in its train nothing but stagnation and decline. On one side is the conviction that unit of society is the individual and his freedom the State's greatest care; on the other, the theory that human society is a concrete whole and the individual its mere servant."

Mr. Davis thus sets American individualism in contrast with European socialism. Individualism, though long antedating the foundation of this Republic, has been practiced with less restraint and with more brilliant success in this country than in any other. Socialism is of European origin and is the reaction from evils inherent in the European system of government and social organization. The movement to convert this Nation from an individualist into a socialist Republic is an attempt to administer a supposed remedy for evils that exist in Europe to a country into which those evils have crept in slight degree and from which they could be banished by stern opposition to all forms of paternalism, that being the form in which socialism begins its insidious attack. Socialism is not the true cure for the ills of the Old World; it is rank poison to the New World, where those ills do not prevail.

The very beginnings of the American colonies were made by individuals, acting in voluntary cooperation, and so they grew into the Republic. Though their govern-

ments were established by royal charter, they grew through the enterprise of their robust citizens, and the Revolution cast off the last check of this characteristic. Companies of pioneers crossed the Alleghenies into what is now Tennessee and founded the Republic of Watauga in preparation for statehood. Other companies went to Texas and fought for and won that great state for the Union. A host of others crossed the plains to Oregon, but not until their forerunners had taken the land and by agreement among themselves as individuals had formed a provisional government. Each for himself made a farm and built a home. All by voluntary cooperation cut roads and trails, fought Indians, made mining laws and built schools and churches. They would have scorned the thought of waiting for a government to do many of these things for them, though some are the proper work of the government. Whatever common action there was came from the spontaneous, voluntary spirit of the people, not from a paternal government setting a lot of paternal officials over them.

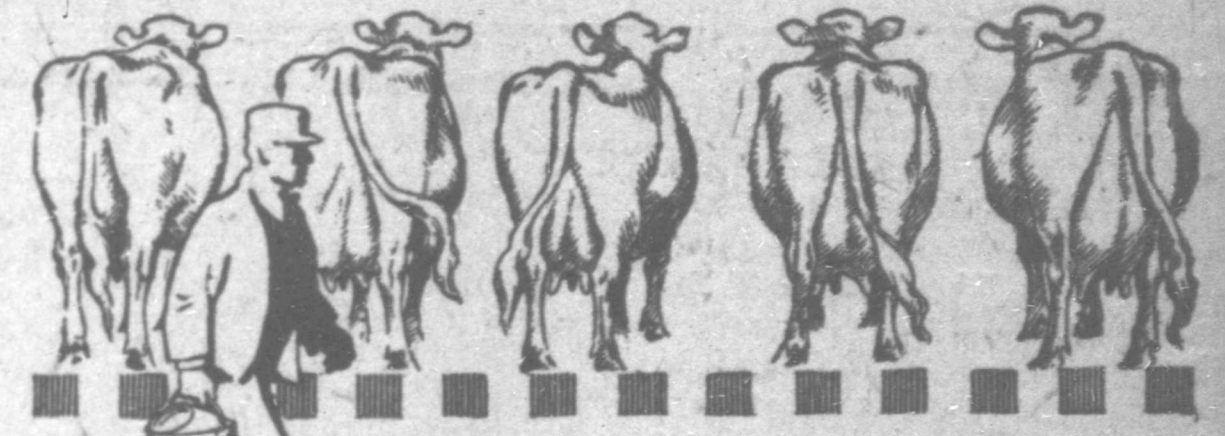
Here is an issue on which true Americans can unite—the issue between the principle of individualism under which this Republic has grown to its present envied greatness and principles of socialism which is the outgrowth of that system which the first colonists left behind in Europe. Advocates of the American principle would have to contend against men at both extremes of political parties, both those who seek special privilege for a few and those, who in the name of the many would make servants of the state, both on the specious plea of the public welfare. The question is whether we shall Europeanize America.—Portland Oregonian.

WEST TEXAS GETS.

COPIOUS RAINS WHICH WILL MAKE THINGS HUM

The daily papers carry reports of good rains all over West Texas during the past week and an immense amount of good done to growing crops and ranges. San Angelo and the country surrounding appears to have had the heaviest downpour, yet considerable rain, has fallen over a good portion of the western part of the state.

It will prove a blessing wherever it has rained sufficiently to give the proper moisture to the growing crops and ranges. In Reeves county the rains have been rather light so far as the Enterprise has been able to learn, yet in some parts of the county it has been sufficient to do a vast amount of good. In other portions it was so light as to be of little benefit to grass or crops. Several rains or showers have fallen during the week, however, and the indications are good that there will be more and our people are hopeful that good rains will come before the spell lets up.



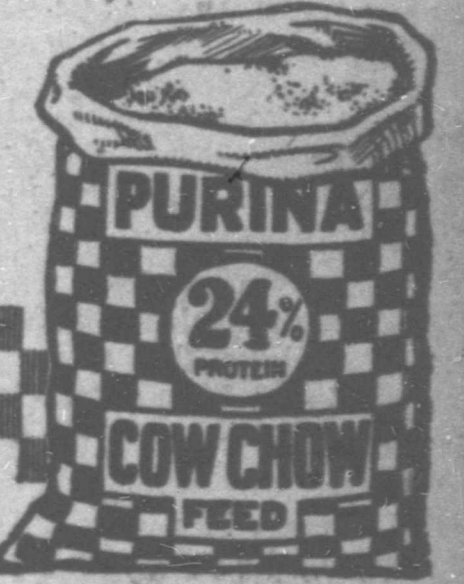
More Milk

HALF a gallon more milk from each cow every day, will more than pay your feed bill.

Nearly every cow owner gets that increase with Purina Cow Chow.

It costs about a dollar a month more to feed Cow Chow, but that difference is more than made up in the first week. The rest of the month you get your extra milk for nothing.

Feed out of the Checkerboard Bag and you will get more milk.



Sold in Checkerboard Bags Only

LEADER GROCERY COMPANY

You don't advertise so that you may see your name in the paper but that others may see it. An advertisement in the Enterprise will be read because it has the circulation. Watch the mails and see the sacks going out—all Enterprises.

Furnished Rooms for light house-keeping or residence, furnished, for rent. Close in. Apply to—

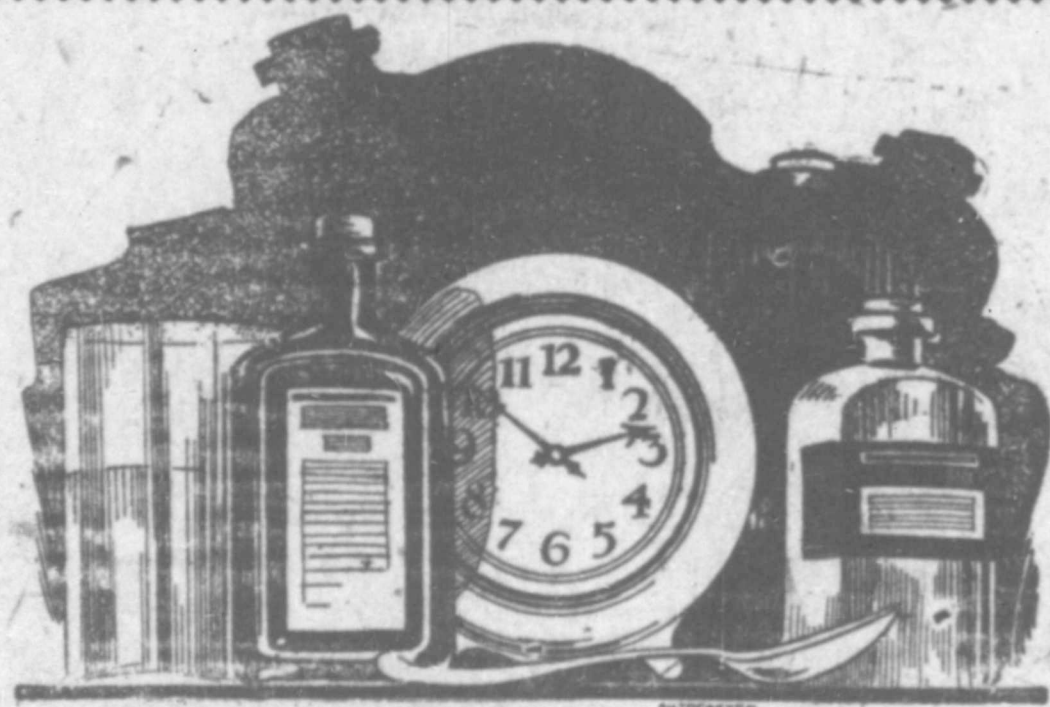
MRS. J. W. PARKER

The Cheapest Health Protection You Can Buy

Ice is an actual Health Insurance Policy—a mighty small Premium indeed.

It is far and away the cheapest health protection you can buy. A well filled refrigerator—kept filled the year round—insures pure, wholesome, nourishing foods.

PECOS LIGHT & ICE COMPANY



For Winter Ills

Every family has its winter ills to contend with. It is also true many big sickness bills could be avoided if precaution was taken to get after "little symptoms" whenever they appear.

Nine Times out of ten the failure to start curing, before dangerous conditions have developed, is caused through not having simple little remedies on hand.

Come here and let us stock your medicine cabinet with simple home remedies. It may save you hundreds of times the expense in the long run—aside from unnecessary suffering.

This is the age of "prevention."

CITY PHARMACY

GATES TIRES

The Tire with the Wider and Thicker Tread

Another Surprising Record—

In our whole ten year's experience, winter sales have never before kept our factory working as it now is—24 hours every day. It's happened often enough in summer but now it's occurred in mid-winter.

This is just another indication of how many more motorists are now asking for the tire that has the wider and thicker rubber tread—the Gates Super-Tread Tire.

MARSHALL H. PIOR

THE MOTHER'S VOICE OF BOY HE SLEW IS YOUNG WARD'S NEMESIS

Written Specially for The Enterprise
By Edward Percy Howard

New York, Feb. 1.—Walter S. Ward, son of George S. Ward, the millionaire bread king and political boss of Westchester County, N. Y., now has the privilege of wondering whether growing public pressure will even yet drag him to the bar of justice to answer for the shooting of Clarence Peters, the unfortunate penniless ex-gob he shot to death more than six months ago on a lonely road in his father's political bailiwick.

Up to date, though the young man, has confessed the killing, he has been able to laugh at the law, and smile on the unfortunate mother of his victim whose every effort to bring to trial the slayer of her son has failed.

Without money or influential friends the unfortunate woman has been pushed into the background until today she stands as a mere incident in the case.

Driven either by conscience or fear of detection, young Ward gave himself up three days after the killing and confessed to the shooting. The fear of public indignation reflected through the press resulted in his indictment for murder in the first degree. When the grand jury finally did return a true bill charging murder in the first degree there was a public sigh of relief—a feel that after all justice would come into her own.

Month upon month passed after the killing without seeming effort on the part of the district attorney, to bring the young man to trial.

The outstretching hand of the elder Ward and the weight of his political domination however were possible factors that seemingly were not taken into account. What part, if any, they played in the eventual result may not be known. The fact is that six months after the indictment the young slayer was taken before Justice Seeger in the N. Y. Supreme Court and there set free without a trial. The court announced no evidence had been produced against the prisoner. He had confessed killing the victim but that did not appear to have much bearing on the case.

It now develops that while clever lawyers and busy brains were hard at work trying to save young Ward from the shadow of the chair in a legal way, the elder Ward was planning an intensive newspaper advertising campaign. Vitovim Bread was thrown on the market. Forty thousands lines of display advertising were placed with a number of influential New York newspapers of undoubted selling power, and so the stricken mother of Peters soon had the privilege of reading in place of news of the killing of her boy display advertisements announcing that the inventive genius of the elder Ward had resulted in the producing of a new life-giving bread.

There was an unfortunate side to this campaign so far as Mrs. Peters was concerned. Newspaper columns are not elastic, and the Ward advertising copy was very large, so large in fact that possibly it seemed to crowd out of the news columns to a large extent further intimate details

Still Small Voice Cries for Justice in Shooting of Son



Geo. S. Ward, millionaire bread king and political boss, father of Walter Ward, the self-confessed slayer of Peters.

Judge Seeger, of N. Y. Supreme Court, who dismissed, without trial, the indictment against Walter Ward.

Walter S. Ward, son of Millionaire Bread King and political boss, leaving court a free man. He confessed to shooting ex-gob Peters three days after Peters' body was found by the roadside. With Ward is his wife, whom he is telling, "I'm so happy."

Mrs. E. O. Peters, mother of Sailor Peters, who was shot down by son of wealthy baker Ward, has gone to Gov. Smith of New York, pleading for a thorough investigation of the dismissal of the murder indictment against the man who shot her boy.

and investigations in connection with the Ward case.

Even when the young man was set free without trial the incident did not appear greatly to arouse the editorial mind of the great New York dailies.

The mother? Her hopes now rest in Governor Smith of New York, who at her urgent request has ordered an investigation to find out if possible why this gilded youth is still at liberty—why he never was taken before a jury of his peers to justify shooting the Peters boy to death or to answer for the crime of wanton murder.

Every mother in the United States who reads these lines should sit down and write Governor Smith at Albany, N. Y., insisting that his investigation be most thorough and justice done.

Summed up the chronology of the Ward case bears the ear marks of a scandal of sufficient proportion to shake the country to the foundation:

May 16, 1922—Peters shot through the heart and killed.

May 19, 1922—Walter Ward confessed shooting, intimating blackmail and self-defense. Released on \$10,000.

May 25, 1922—Public indignation results in Ward's rearrest. He sent to jail without bail.

May 27, 1922—Released on \$50,000 bail.

June 6, 1922—Grand Jury hears details of killing.

June 9, 1922—Ward's father called by Grand Jury but is missing.

June 15, 1922—Walter Ward indicted by Grand Jury for alleged murder in first degree.

June 26, 1922—Ward demands immediate trial but district attorney announces "not ready." Wards motion that indictment be dismissed is denied. Release on \$50,000 bail.

November 23, 1922—Second motion to dismiss indictment is denied.

January 2, 1923—Indictment dismissed on third appeal. Young Ward, self-confessed slayer, is freed.

SIXTH OF LIVE STOCK IN THE UNITED STATES

The United States, with only one-sixteenth of the world's population, has one-sixth of the world's live stock, says the United States Department of Agriculture. It has one-half of the world's 9,000,000 mules, one-third of the 169,000,000 swine, one-fifth of the 100,000,000 horses, one-seventh of the 492,000,000 cattle, and one-ninth of the 465,000,000 sheep. As consumers of meat per capita, we stand fourth in the list, with an annual consumption per person of 281 pounds, Australia with 263 pounds, and New Zealand with 213 pounds. Canada follows us closely with 137 pounds and the United Kingdom with 120. The figures for the United States are the average of the 10 years from 1912 to 1921, while the figures for all other countries are pre-war figures. The meat consumption of a number of other nations, beginning with Germany which had an average per capita figure of 115 before the war, gradually decreases down to 47 for Italy in the following order: Germany, France, Denmark, Switzerland, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Austria-Hungary, Norway, Sweden, Poland, Russia, Spain, Italy.

DON'T TRY THIS ON YOUR FLIVVER Here lies the body of William Jay, Who died maintaining his right of way; He was right—dead right—as he sped along.

But he's just as dead as if he'd been wrong.

TRUTH IN TWELVE WORDS Five per cent in the bank is worth 10 in the bottle.

TRAIN SCHEDULES TEXAS & PACIFIC	
Westbound:	
No. 1, Sunshine Special,	
Arrives	5:30 a. m.
No. 15	1:30 p. m.
Eastbound:	
No. 2 Sunshine Special	
Arrives	12:59 a. m.
No. 16	3:25 p. m.
SANTA FE	
Daily Except Sunday.	
No. 91 Arrives:	
Mountain Time	11:55 a. m.
Central time	12:55 p. m.
No. 92 Leaves:	
Mountain time	2:55 p. m.
Central time	3:55 p. m.
PECOS VALLEY SOUTHERN	
Motor Car:	
Leaves	7:30 a. m.
Arrives	12:30 p. m.

A TONIC
Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 80c.

ASPIRIN
Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Earache	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid (Advertisement)

IF BILIOUS, SICK! TAKE NO CALOMEL

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Straightens You Up Better Than Salivating, Dangerous Calomel and Doesn't Upset You—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Read Guarantee

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleaning you ever experienced just take a spoonfull of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a bottle of Dodson's

Liver Tone for a few cents under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and can not salivate. Give it to your children.

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 45, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4; and Nos. 43; 45; 47 and W. half of 57 in Block 5.
The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the arctesian belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections.
Also, surveys Nos. 49 in block 6 and Nos. 9, 13, and 15 in block 7.
Also surveys Nos. 1, 3, and 5, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county; and Nos. 19 (a street survey) Pecos county.
Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 3 surveys in block 12. None of these are river lands. All are in Pecos county.
All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be made subject to such leases.
J. G. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and application should be made to him for the purchase of same.
There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to purchase any of same should apply to the undersigned.

EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact AUSTIN, TEXAS

FRUIT TREES AND ORNAMENTALS

Add many times their cost to the value of a home. Plant a fruit tree. It will work. Plant cotton, and you will work. We have the surest bearing varieties of fruit trees, pecans and berries for your section.

MAKE YOUR HOME GROUNDS BEAUTIFUL FOREVER
With hard, native and standard, climate-proof trees, evergreens and shrubs. Let us help you!
WRITE FOR CATALOG. We are glad to give information.

THE AUSTIN NURSERY
F. T. RAMSEY & SON
Austin, Texas



MR. MERCHANT

You Need the Newspaper

The newspaper of today is the most powerful medium of advertising on earth. In the old days the merchant may have thought he was a benefactor and that he was contributing his bit "as a public-spirited citizen" when he carried a two-inch space in the village paper every week in the year and generally without change of copy. Possibly he was.

But that is changed now. A new order has arrived. People read advertisements. Many find their greatest interest in looking over the advertising pages to get news that will save them money, and take it from John D. Rockefeller, the way to save your dollars is first to save your pennies.

Advertisements today are right up to the minute. They are as fresh as the news of the world or the latest baseball score. Live merchants cater to live people and they know they must not alone be up to the minute, but they must be some distance ahead. They must anticipate the wants of their customers.

And they do. Turn to the advertisements in this paper right now. Just read what the merchants are offering. Notice how attractively the advertisements are set up and how inviting they are.

Business men—that is the successful ones—know advertising pays big returns. Unsuccessful men don't advertise because they are unsuccessful. That's the answer. Look over your town right now and pick out the big firms. They're the advertisers. Advertising is the tonic that puts dividends in the banks.

Everybody reads advertisements today. Mr. Merchant, is your advertisement in this paper?

(Legal Advertisements)

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Pecos River Railroad Company will be held at the General Offices of said Company in Pecos, Texas, on Wednesday, March 7th, 1923, at the hour of 12:00 noon, for the purpose of selecting a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before such meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the Directors of said Company will be held on the same date and at the same place, immediately after the meeting of Stockholders.
24-5t
J. C. LOVE, Secretary.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. See.

(Legal Advertisements)

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.
By virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the honorable District Court of Reeves county, on the 11th day of January, 1923, by S. C. Vaughan, Clerk of said Court, against R. C. Warn for the sum of Three Hundred Sixty-two and 45-100 (\$362.45) Dollars and costs of suit, in Cause No. 2307 in said Court, styled W. S. Marshall versus R. C. Warn et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did, on the 11th day of January, 1923, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves county, described as follows, to-wit:

All of Block Seventeen and Forty-one in College Addition to the Town of Pecos City in Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said R. C. Warn and on Tuesday, the 6th day of February, 1923, at the Court house door of Reeves County, in the Town of Pecos City, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. I will sell said real property at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said R. C. Warn by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Enterprise and Pecos Times, a newspaper published in Reeves County.

Witness my hand this 11th day of January, 1923.

E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County,
By R. G. MIDDLETON,
22-4t Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued by the Clerk of the District Court of Reeves county, Texas, on the 2nd day of January, 1923, in a certain cause wherein George G. Armstrong is plaintiff and Sunshine Oil Corporation and Federal Service & Development Systems, Inc., are defendants, in which cause a judgment was rendered on the 21st day of November, 1922, in favor of said plaintiff, George G. Armstrong, and against said defendants Sunshine Oil Corporation for the sum of Seven Hundred Ninety-One and 10-100 dollars, and against defendants Sunshine Oil Corporation and Federal Service & Development Systems, Inc., for 1,113.90 dollars with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date of judgment, together with all costs of suit, I have levied upon and will, on Wednesday, the 17th day of January, 1923, at the Court House door in Reeves county, Texas, the consent and agreement in writing of said defendants having been given that said sale be held at said place without the property hereinafter described being present, within legal hours, proceed to sell for cash to the highest bidder all the right, title and interest of the Sunshine Oil Corporation, a corporation, and The Federal Service & Development Systems, Inc., a corporation, in and to the following described personal property, levied upon as the property of the Sunshine Oil Corporation (a corporation) and Federal Service & Development Systems, Inc., (a corporation), To-wit:

1 Armstrong Kerosene drill with 15 horse power special drilling engine Ladder Type Derrick; Derrick braces, Guy Lines; Guy Line Stakes; Drive Belt; Belt clamps; and cranks for rope spool, together with the following drilling tools: 1 rope socket; 2 drill stems; 6 drill bits; 1 bit gauge; 1 set driver clamps; 2 tool wrenches; 1 B. & C. tool tightener; 2 ballers; 2 chain wrenches; Miscellaneous small tools; 1200 feet of 5-8 inch drilling cable; 600 feet of 5-16 wire sand line; 1 6-inch earth socket; 1200 feet 3-8 sand line; 1 set drill jars.

The above sale to be made by me to satisfy the above described judgment for \$701.10 and \$1,113.90 in favor of George G. Armstrong, together with the costs of said suit, and the proceeds applied to the satisfaction thereof.

(Legal Advertisements)

ment for \$701.10 and \$1,113.90 in favor of George G. Armstrong, together with the costs of said suit, and the proceeds applied to the satisfaction thereof.
E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.
This the 3rd day of January, 1923.
By R. G. MIDDLETON,
21-2t Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.
By virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 11th day of January, 1923, by S. C. Vaughan, Clerk of said Court, against Max Ritz and Maud Ritz for the sum of Two Thousand Four Hundred Forty-five and no 100 (\$2445.00) Dollars and costs of suit, in Cause No. 2250 in said Court, styled First National Bank of Pecos Texas, versus Max Ritz et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 11th day of January, 1923, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 7, 8, 9 in Block 18, West Park Addition to the Town of Pecos City, in Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said Max Ritz and Maud Ritz, and on Tuesday, the 6th day of February, 1923, at the Court house door of Reeves County, in the Town of Pecos City, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Max Ritz and Maud Ritz, by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County.

Witness my hand, this 11th day of January, 1923.

E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas,
By R. G. MIDDLETON,
22-4t Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 4th day of December, 1922, by S. C. Vaughan, Clerk of said Court, against W. Earl Bell and Ira J. Bell for the sum of Twenty-one Thousand Two Hundred Sixty and 73-100 (\$21,260.73) Dollars and costs of suit, in Cause No. 1936 in said Court, styled David F. Brooks, receiver of the Wabash Fire Insurance Co., versus W. Earl Bell and Ira J. Bell, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 10th day of January, 1923, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, described as follows, to-wit:

All of Section No. Twenty-two (22) and Twenty-eight (28) in Block Two (2), H. & G. N. survey, Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said W. Earl Bell and Ira J. Bell, and on Tuesday, the 6th day of February, 1923, at the Court house door of Reeves County, in the Town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said W. Earl Bell and Ira J. Bell, by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise a newspaper published in Reeves County.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of January, 1923.

E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas,
22-4t Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Execution and Order of Sale issued out of the honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 11th day of January, 1923, by S. C. Vaughan, District Clerk, against R. C. Warn, J. T. Craig and Jim Robinson, Jr., for the sum of Four Thousand Six Hundred and Seventy-two and 49-100 (\$4,672.49) Dollars and costs of suit in Cause No. 2251 in said Court, styled S. M. Daniel versus R. C. Warn, J. T. Craig and Jim Robinson, Jr., and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did on the 11th day of January, 1923, levy on certain land and premises situated in Reeves County, described as follows, to-wit:

All of Section No. Two Hundred and Thirty-seven (237), Block No. Thirteen (13), H. & G. N. Ry. Company survey, according to the record-

(Legal Advertisements)

ed map or plat of said survey on record in the Deed Records of Reeves County, Texas, containing six hundred and forty acres of land more or less, and levied upon the property of said R. C. Warn, and on Tuesday, the 6th day of February, 1923, at the Court house door of Reeves County, in the Town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. I will sell said land and premises at public vendue for cash to the highest bidder as the property of R. C. Warn by virtue of said levy and said execution and order of sale.

And in compliance with law I give this notice by publication in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County.

Witness my hand, this 11th day of January, 1923.

E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas,
By R. G. MIDDLETON,
22-4t Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 4th day of December, 1922, by S. C. Vaughan, Clerk of said Court, against Ira J. Bell for the sum of Eighteen Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-one and 28-100 (\$18,871.28) Dollars and costs of suit, in Cause No. 1937 in said Court, styled David F. Brooks, receiver of the Wabash Fire Insurance Co. versus Ira J. Bell, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 10th day of January, 1923, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, described as follows, to-wit:

The north eighty acres of Subdivision One (1) and all of Subdivision Three (3), Five (5), Seven (7), Eight (8), Nine (9), Eleven (11), Thirteen (13), in Section No. Two (2), in Block No. Two (2), in H. & G. N. Ry. Company survey, in Reeves County, Texas, according to a map or plat of said subdivision of said Section No. 2 of record No. Two (2) of record in the County Clerk's office of Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said Ira J. Bell and on Tuesday, the 6th day of February, 1923, at the Court house door of Reeves County, in the Town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Ira J. Bell, by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of January, 1923.

E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas,
By R. G. MIDDLETON,
22-4t Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE

The State of Texas,
County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 10th day of January, 1923, by the Clerk of said Court against Katie Ruhnan and Frank Ruhnan her husband, for the sum of Thirteen hundred eighty-eight and 15-100 (\$1388.15) Dollars and costs of suit No. 2270 in said Court, styled M. S. Bolinger versus Katie Ruhnan and her husband, Frank Ruhnan, and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 10th day of January, 1923, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Reeves County, Texas, described as follows to-wit:

The West one-half of Section No. Thirty-six (36), Block No. Fifty-six (56), Tsp. 2, T. & P. Ry. Company's survey, containing 320 acres of land in said Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said Katie Ruhnan. And on Tuesday, the 6th day of February, 1923, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the town of Pecos City, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Katie Ruhnan, by virtue of said levy and said Order of Sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas.

Witness my hand, this 10th day of January, 1923.

E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas,
By R. G. MIDDLETON,
22-4t Deputy.

TEXAS STANDARD FORM LEGAL BLANKS

THE ENTERPRISE HAS IN STOCK AND FOR SALE A COMPLETE LINE OF THE FOLLOWING BLANKS

- Contract
- Bill of Sale
- Warranty Deed
- Stock Mortgage
- Quit-Claim Deed
- Oil and Gas Deed
- Affidavit in Effect
- Chattel Mortgages
- School Land Deed
- Power of Attorney
- Vendor Lien Notes
- Transfer of Royalty
- Sale Option Contract
- Mineral Transfer Deed
- Affidavit to An Account
- 88 Form Oil and Gas Lease
- Permission to Take Deposition
- Assignment of Oil and Gas Lease
- 88 Form Producers' Special Lease
- Release of Mortgage or Deed of Trust
- Petroleum and Gas Prospect Application
- Mettalic and Non-Mettalic Mineral Application
- 88 Form Trans-Pecos Oil, Gas and Mineral Lease

THE ENTERPRISE IS PREPARED TO PRINT ANY OTHER BLANKS ON SHORT NOTICE

JUST SO IT'S PRINTING, THE ENTERPRISE CAN DO IT AND DO IT JUST A LITTLE BETTER THAN THE OTHER FELLOW. THERE'S A NIFTY, PLEASING APPEARANCE ABOUT EVERY JOB TURNED OUT OF THIS OFFICE —AND YOU AND THE ONE TO WHOM YOU WRITE OR SEND PRINTED MATTER KNOW IT IS AS GOOD AS THE BEST

THE PECOS ENTERPRISE

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Wagon and Mr. and Mrs. Gould of Balmorhea, were shopping in Pecos Tuesday of this week.

B. C. Lanier was over from Toyah on business Thursday of this week and looking as gay and happy as a two-year-old. Clint is one of Toyah's best citizens.

Mrs. Ida S. Hines was up to spend the week with friends in Pecos this week. She called on The Enterprise and ordered this paper sent to her for the coming year at Balmorhea.

Mrs. Ray Camp and baby left today for their home at Fort Worth after a visit to relatives in Pecos for several weeks. She and Mrs. H. T. Collier visited Mr. and Mrs. Joe Camp at Fort Stockton Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Avart has been spending the week with friends in Pecos and looking after business interests. Mrs. Avart has many friends here who are always glad to see her.

J. S. Johnson of Fort Worth, representing the Miller Petroleum Co. of that city, was a business visitor in Pecos the forepart of the week, selling oil for his house. Mr. Johnson says the wife and babies are fine and well.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Latschaw left Thursday for their home at Los Angeles, California, after a visit of several weeks to her sister, Mrs. B. A. Toliver. During their visit here Mr. Latschaw had an attack of la grippe.

Mrs. J. K. Davis and little daughter arrived Thursday from Mineral Wells for a visit to Mrs. Hibdon, and her brother, Hugh Padgett and family on the V H ranch and sisters, Madames Ira and Geo. K. Jackson on ranches out from Van Horn and Toyah.

F. A. O'Connell, manager for the O'Connell-Rodebaugh interests, drilling Francis No. 1, in the southwestern portion of the county, was a pleasant visitor at The Enterprise office this week and promised to keep the editor posted on their work.

Sheriff H. J. Wade of Ward county, was a business visitor in Pecos Wednesday of this week. Mr. Wade states that the people of Ward county have been very slow this year in paying up taxes, either property or poll, and that many of that county will go delinquent this year.

Ed P. Stuckler was in from his Brogado home Wednesday looking after business matters and shaking hands with Pecos friends. Mr. Stuckler is one of Reeves county's prosperous and prominent citizens and has many friends all over this section of West Texas.

Ira Bacon, representing the Metzger-Linotype Company, was a business visitor in Pecos Wednesday of this week. He came down the Pecos Valley from up in New Mexico and was on his way to Midland where he was called to put the machine of the Reporter on its feet again.

Jean Burwell Chapman is a new arrival at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Chapman. The young lady arrived Sunday, January 28th, and immediately took charge of the home affairs. The Enterprise extends congratulations to the happy parents and hopes the young Miss will always be a dutiful daughter.

Frank Seay was among others from Toyah to visit Pecos this week.

Mrs. Ida S. Hines will remain over Sunday before returning to her home at Balmorhea.

Deputy Sheriff R. C. Middleton is back at his post in the sheriff's office after a siege with the flu.

There were quite a bunch of citizens of aming trial of Arthur E. Hayes. Barstow over yesterday to attend the ex-

Miss Rela Kiser has accepted a position with the Pecos and Northwestern Telephone Company.

Mrs. Oglesby is at home from an extended visit to relatives at Silver City, New Mexico and other points.

B. P. Van Horn of Toyah, was a business visitor in Pecos the early part of this week.

Deputy United States Clerk Joe Caroline was a Pecos visitor the forepart of the week, taking advantage of his proximity to Pecos on business to call on his family and friends in Pecos.

Mrs. I. E. Smith and little grandson, Walter Smith, arrived Wednesday from Shreveport, La., where Mrs. Smith had been visiting her sons, Carl and W. C. Smith.

Mrs. Chas. A. Young and baby daughter returned last week from a visit of several weeks from a visit several weeks to home folk at Kileen and Temple.

J. W. Rayner of El Paso and representing the El Paso Herald was a pleasant visitor at this office this morning. He is representing a good paper and finds it easy to get renewals in this part of his territory.

Mrs. R. E. Gentry, formerly postmaster at Pecos, now a resident of Fort Worth, writes the editor as follows: "Thank you for the paper. I got it the first thing on Monday evening when I came home and read it immediately. It is the best paper in Texas." Many thanks for the compli-

C. M. Haughton has recently returned from a visit to his wife and children who are sojourning for the present in California, and like most of our people who visit that state, was elated and says it is undoubtedly the finest country in the world. I could hardly make up my mind to return to Texas, he said. Mr. Haughton is not only one of our very best citizens but one of the most prosperous stock farmers in the country, raising lots of alfalfa and cotton on his farm across the Pecos. He was over yesterday laying in a supply of groceries for his farm and invited the editor over to "fill up" and from the order taken on this occasion this writer is prone to believe that he could be "filled" at that most hospitable of homes.

CELEBRATES THIRTIETH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Colwell on Wednesday of this week celebrated their 30th wedding anniversary by inviting a few of their intimate friends to a sumptuous six o'clock dinner. Those attending and who say the "feed" was all that could be desired and cooked to a queen's taste were:

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Bryant, Mrs. Sam Prewit, Mrs. H. L. Magee, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Ruhlen and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Turner.

Mrs. Tom Hart of Toyah was operated on for appendicitis this morning at the sanitarium. She is doing nicely.

Mrs. R. B. Stine left Tuesday for Dallas for the style shows and to attend lectures on millinery. Mrs. Stine is associated with Miss Poe in the millinery business.

THE CHURCHES

BAPTIST CHURCH.

On Tuesday night of next week there will be a general get together meeting at the Baptist church. Every member of the church and Sunday School, and every other organization fostered by the church, also the members of the families of church members are urged to come. We will be guests of the W. M. S. and that spells a good time for all. The hour of meeting is 7:30.

All regular services will be held Sunday. A fine spirit always prevails. The public is invited.

J. M. GARNER, Pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Sunday School is more than holding its own in attendance notwithstanding the flu epidemic. The lessons are unusually interesting.

Preaching at the usual hour.

Bro. Thurston's sermons are heart-touching, far reaching and greatly appreciated.

Epworth League is marked by an increase of attendance and interest taken by young people in subjects treated.

Prayermeeting just naturally brings blessings to those who attend and to know the young people do their work in the meetings is commendable.

MRS. J. A. HARDY DIES.

Pecos was again shocked when it was announced Tuesday morning that Mrs. J. A. Hardy had just passed away in a sanitarium at Dallas where she had gone for treatment. She had undergone an operation and apparently was recovering until a short time before the end came. Her husband, J. A. Hardy and son, Jessie, left immediately for Dallas in response to the sad message. Dallas being the family home burial was made there in Greenwood cemetery following funeral services held at the home of her brother, W. H. Langley, 1518 Beaumont avenue Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Mrs. Hardy was a good woman, which is the testimony of neighbors and intimate friends. She was gentle, loving and unassuming. Being endowed with christian virtues, was a member of the Baptist church. The Enterprise extends deepest sympathy to the bereaved.

The following is from the Dallas News: Mrs. Nellie Hardy, 37 years old, of Pecos, Texas died Tuesday morning at a local sanitarium. She is survived by her husband, J. A. Hardy, and a son, Jesse Hardy, both of Pecos, and three brothers, W. H. Langley, D. J. Langley and C. D. Langley, all of Dallas. Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at 4:00 o'clock from the residence of her brother, W. H. Langley, 1518 Beaumont avenue. Burial will be in Greenwood Cemetery.

MARRIED AT FORT DAVIS

Ronald Roberson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Roberson and Miss Cornelia Biggs, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Biggs stole a march on their friends by going to Fort Davis Sunday, January 21, and were married that afternoon at the Presbyterian manse by the pastor of the church, Rev. R. L. Irving. These young people were both practically reared in Pecos, were educated in our schools here and have many friends who wish for them much happiness and prosperity on the journey of life.

EDMONSON-LIGON.

W. C. Edmonson and Miss Cornelia Ligon were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Ligon, at Menard, Saturday, January 27, 1923. Mr. Edmonson has resided in Pecos for the last few years and is engaged in the market business. The bride, with her parents lived in Pecos for two or three years the family moving to Menard a few months ago. They both are splendid young people and have many friends in Pecos who are interested in their prosperity and happiness. They arrived Tuesday and are at home at Mrs. J. W. Brooks.

\$2.50 PER YEAR.

The Sunday edition of the El Paso Herald which contains 8 full pages of comics, 6 of which are in 4 colors; 2 pages of "Herald Junior" for boys and girls, and 2 pages of magazine features, together with 24 pages of news and other good reading matter, is now sold to mail subscribers at \$2.50 per year. Every ranchman and every household in the Pecos Valley ought to have the big Sunday El Paso Herald, the greatest newspaper value for the money in the southwest." (Advertisement)

Try one of those 25c want ads and make some money. Others do it; why not you?

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

I have lost my wife and spent all the money I have and want to ask those indebted to me to come to my assistance and pay me something.

J. A. HARDY.

Mrs. I. Hershenson came in this week from Chicago and deciding to remain for awhile to hurry up the work on the Hershenson well wired for her car to be shipped to her at once.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

In The Pecos Enterprise. Rates 40 cents an inch or 10 cents a line for readers.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 50c

The Pecos Enterprise, the big new newspaper.

Examinations and Reports made on Mineral, Oil and Ranch Lands

JOSEPH A. DANIEL
VAN HORN, TEXAS

1923

Start the New Year right! Resolve to save more of what you earn. \$1.00 will start an account here and will be welcome.

Pecos Valley State Bank

A GUARANTY FUND BANK
MEMBER OF FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

THE ENTERPRISE CLASSIFIED ADS GET RESULTS.

**OUR BUYER
Mr. Hinkle**

Is now in the East purchasing our stock of spring merchandise.

We are receiving daily new merchandise.

Come in and see our NEW SUITS. They are nifty and up to now.

New Tafeta and Crepe Dresses ranging in price from \$25.00 to \$37.50.

See our line of new Bandana Silks.

Pecos Mercantile Company

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT



FIRE

That dreaded agent of destruction that is stealing the wealth of the nation at the rate of a million dollars a day.

Fire makes no discrimination. YOUR house may be next.

Have you protected yourself against this menace? Have you taken out a Fire Insurance policy in a strong, financially responsible organization? It is your only guarantee that your loss by fire will be replaced promptly and fully.

A reliable insurance agency should be your first consideration. Consult us.

W. W. Dean
INSURANCE

There is no loss