

THE ENTERPRISE

AND PECOS TIMES

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PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER, 21, 1921.

\$2.00 PER YEAR, \$1.25 FOR SIX MONTHS.

WILLOUGHBY NO. ONE SPUDS IN NEXT WEEK

The Willoughby Petroleum Company will spud in their No. One well on section 2, block C-13 Public School land, Reeves county, Texas, sometime next week. This well will be drilled on the well known Cowan ranch. C. H. Willoughby, president and general field manager for the company, asks that The Enterprise announce that all are welcome to come and watch the operations and especially the representatives of other companies, geologists or scouts and to say that a log of the well will be available at all times for the benefit of anyone interested in the development of the Pecos country.

Mr. Willoughby has proven that he is a stickler by the many months of faithful hard work done in keeping the Toyah Bell No. Two drilling. He resigned the presidency of the Pecos Natural Oil Company and organized the Willoughby Petroleum Company, giving it his name, and says that what he intends to do is prove to the world that real gusher oil is to be found in the Pecos field.

Note the half page advertisement of Mr. Willoughby in this issue in which he offers an opportunity to those who desire to get in on the ground floor of his proposition.

NEW PASTOR AND FAMILY ARE HERE

Rev. L. L. Thurston and family arrived Thursday afternoon from Texaco and took up their abode at the Methodist parsonage where they will be at home for the next twelve months at the very least. He comes to take the place of Rev. Fred R. Faust as pastor of the First Methodist church of Pecos.

His coming to Pecos will at least increase the Sunday School, for with him and Mrs. Thurston are seven children—two were left behind, one teaching and the other attending school. This bit of news will at least relieve some of our citizens who had variously estimated the size of the family all the way from seven to twenty-one. The editor passes that way usually four times per day and sometimes six and is pleased to note (which was not at all unexpected) that each and everyone of them whom he has seen were bright, good looking and courteous.

As to the man who is to be pastor for the Methodist flock for the ensuing year: As yet the editor has not seen him but the editor's wife has. He is neither fat or slim, tall or stubby, but just the sort of man we want. As to his hair, the editor does not know if he has any, or if he has, whether it is red, black, gray, brown or green, and if he did know he would not say for every member of the Methodist persuasion is expected to be in his or her seat on time Sunday morning to see for himself, or herself, just how they like him. As for the writer, he expects to love him just as much as he did Bro. Faust and that is passing no little compliment on our new minister. If half that has been heard about him on the streets be true, he is an exceptionally fine man and as an expounder of the gospel one of whom not a member of his church but that will be glad in future years to say that he was "my pastor."

We are all glad to have Rev. and Mrs. Thurston and their seven children with us and look forward with keen pleasure for the time when the other two children will join them. If the Enterprise is not badly fooled they will prove a valuable asset to our town.

WESTERN UNION HAS TWO CREWS IN PECOS

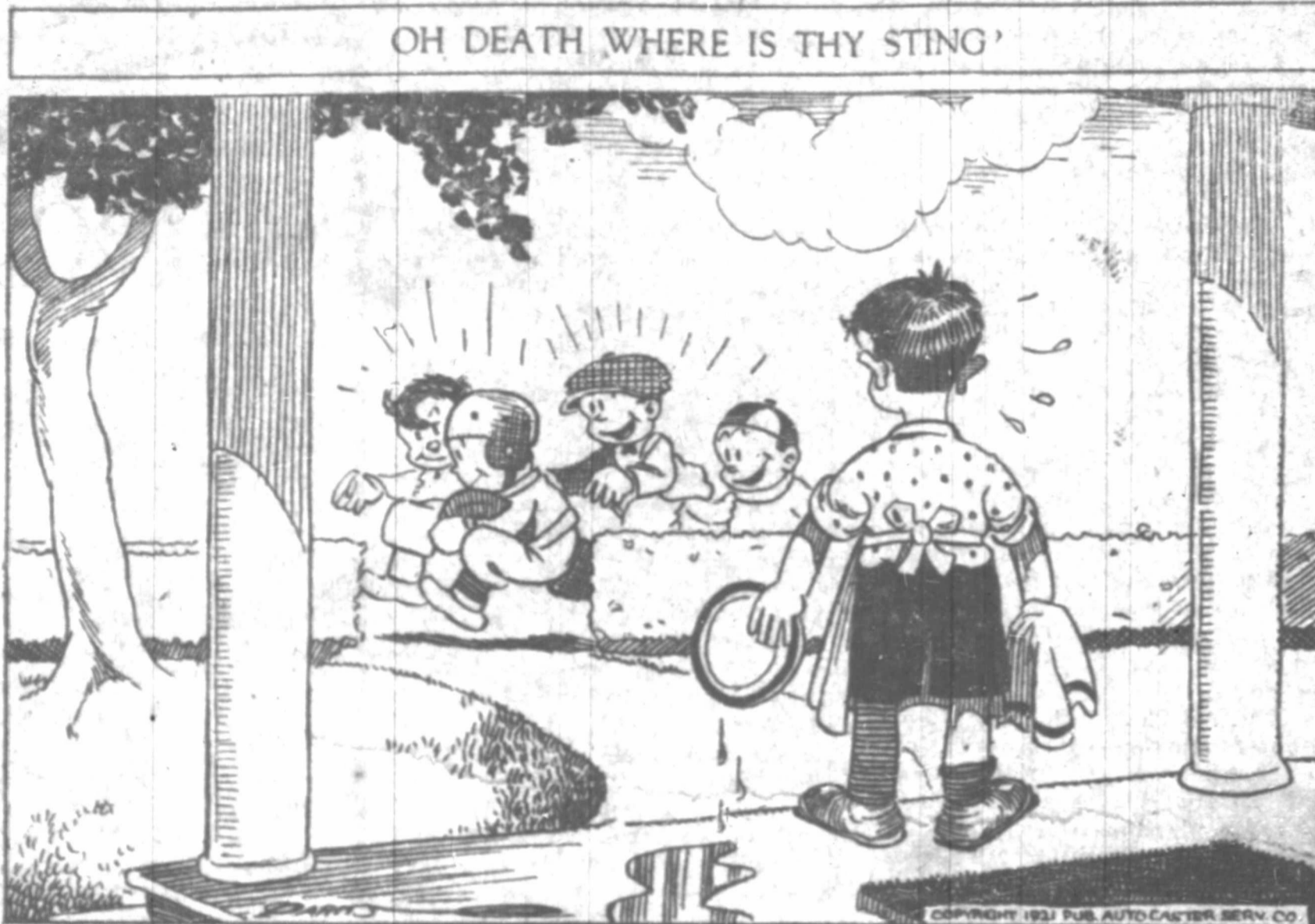
A second crew of fifteen men reached Pecos this week to assist in building the new pole line which the Western Union is stringing across Texas.

The first crew has been at work in Pecos for the past two weeks erecting forty foot poles in the city limits and moving the whole line to the edge of the railroad right-of-way in recognition of the early need of this space for additional trackage facilities.

The work has now been completed through this city, and the crews are working west of Pecos and between Barstow and Pecos.

The crews travel in a string of private cars which are set out on the railroad right-of-way. Included in this string is bunk space for the crew, a big recreation room, a dining room, kitchen and store room in addition to one space for use of the crew's horse.

The Western Union has done considerable improvement work during the past few months in this territory recently stringing five new through wires through Pecos, two of which are eight trans-continental wires going to Los Angeles.



OH DEATH WHERE IS THY STING'

PECOS MEN HURT IN T. & P. WRECK

A broken rail on the Texas & Pacific near the Wild Horse section house derailed five cars of the east bound Sunshine Special shortly after midnight Tuesday morning and resulted in slight injuries to a score or more of passengers two of whom were from Pecos.

Dr. W. B. Lynd and Morris W. Collie were riding in the reading room of the observation car with five others when the accident occurred. The entire party were thrown from their chairs and landed in a heap in the corner of the room as the car turned over on its side and stopped suddenly.

Dr. Lynd, who was returning to Pecos after several months spent on the coast at Los Angeles, was the most severely hurt. A two inch gash was cut in the back of his head as a result of striking a writing desk in his fall, and a severe painful bruise was suffered on his left shoulder. Mr. Collie suffered a wrench to his back which gave him some pain.

Jno. B. Howard was also a passenger on the train but was not injured.

Four Cars Leave Track.
The two Pullmans, the observation car and the diner left the track and turned over during the accident, and the fact that these cars were of steel is probably all that saved an appalling loss of life. The train was running rapidly at the time, being about forty minutes late. The track is banked but about a foot above the level of the prairie at the point where the accident occurred, and this was another factor that prevented a more serious disaster.

The tender of the engine was the first to leave the track, apparently. The two day coaches never left the track and were brought to Pecos about 9 o'clock the following morning after the wrecker from Toyah had placed the tender on the track. The train was sent on through from that point.

Dr. Jim Camp was called to go to the wreck and drove to Toyah in his car and caught the wrecker at that point to minister to the injured. Doctors from other nearby communities were also called.

Waiter Seriously Hurt.
Alonzo Bagan, a dining car waiter, was perhaps the most seriously injured. His arm was bruised and a bad bump on the head gave some promise of serious after effects.

All local men on the train aided in rescuing the sleepers from the two over-turned Pullmans. The fall of the cars had jammed the doors so that the only way out of the cars was by climbing out the upper windows. After hours of efforts the clothes of the various passengers were finally separated and the passengers were able to present a civilized appearance.

A track was run around the wreck on the level ground, and no delay of consequence resulted to other traffic.

The Toyah wrecker was kept on the job until the track was cleared. The list of injured as announced by the El Paso offices of the Texas & Pacific follows:

R. C. Miller, Fort Worth, left leg bruised; Max E. Phepp Stein, Dallas, right arm bruised; Gladis Nichols, Dallas, right shoulder bruised; L. E. Lockhart, El Paso, right leg scarred; W. M. Redman, Tulsa Okla., right hand cut, shoulder bruised; Sidney F. Armsby and wife, New Braunfels, slightly hurt; Mrs. E. Moore, Cleburne, foot injured; Mrs. M. D. Kemmer, Dallas, shoulder sprained; Dr. J. C. McMahon, Los Angeles, arm bruised; Paul A. Wisard, New York, slight cuts, bruised chest; M. W. Collie, Pecos, back slightly twisted; Sol Leeb, Los Angeles, sprained

HALF OF COTTON STILL IN FIELDS

Approximately 1900 bales of cotton have been ginned and sold in Reeves and Ward counties this fall, while more than that amount still remains in the fields.

An active local market, better by competitive bidding from a larger number of buyers than at any time in the history of local cotton has enabled the local growers to liquidate at good prices as fast as they were ready to deliver their products, and the influx of cash has had a good effect on all the business interests of this locality.

The falling price of the past week occasioned by the threatened railroad tie-up when buyers may not be able to move their cotton, has halted the sales somewhat and a few are holding on to their late deliveries in the hope of higher prices when the strike situation clears.

A considerable amount of long staple cotton has been grown and sold in the Pecos and Barstow districts this year, and this staple has brought premiums ranging from two to eight cents over the market price for middling cotton.

Much of this long staple seed was brought to the Pecos district last year and it is believed that the second year when the seed will have become more acclimated will produce crops that will beat the records made this year. The yield of the staple field has in many cases equalled in quantity the average yield of the short staples this year, and has in some cases exceeded.

The rich bottom land of the Pecos territory has long been favored by cotton men as ideal for the growing of staple, and the results of this year have seemed to prove that the stuff can be grown at a good profit over the short staples. While the premiums paid this year have not been up to the percent of premiums paid in former years there has been a very active demand for staple cotton, and most of the inquiries from cotton buyers regarding the local situation have contained inquiries regarding the staples, while a large number have failed to express any interest in any cotton other than staple.

The general opinion of cotton men is that the staple cotton will always find an active market.

TRANS PECOS

According to Manager B. J. O'Reilly of the Trans-Pecos Oil Co., they are making splendid progress on the Malita well and working two crews of drillers. Mr. O'Reilly is spending most of his time nowadays at the well in an effort to keep things moving and avoid delays.

The oil showings continue to show good and are very satisfactory to the management.

AT THE LAURA

The crew at the Laura well of the Sunshine Oil Corporation, is now pounding steadily in an effort to grind up an underreamer lug lost in this well sometime ago and are making very satisfactory progress. They expect to make better speed when this is removed.

shoulder; Dr. W. B. Lynd, Pecos scalp cut, left arm bruised; C. W. Greenwood and wife and two children, Little Rock, Mrs. Greenwood injured, shoulder and left foot bruised, other not injured; L. M. Clark, brakeman, El Paso, back injured; Alonzo Bagan, dining car waiter, Fort Worth, head cut and left arm bruised; J. P. Kelly, third cook, Fort Worth, bruised; Hollis Loyd, waiter, Fort Worth, bruised; Ed Milton, train porter, El Paso, bruised; J. R. McLeod, conductor, El Paso, bruised.

FOOD WOULD LAST PECOS FOR MONTH

A sufficient amount of food supplies are in storage in Pecos warehouses to last the immediate country for a month or more, according to the statements of store managers. The inquiries were prompted by the threatened railroad strike, and The Enterprise found the general opinion to be that there was no danger of suffering in Pecos, and that the belief of many was 'that the strike even if called would not prove serious.

Pecos is fortunate in respect to food supplies, as nearly all of the stores keep large reserve supply on hand, while two wholesale grocery concerns keep a large supply here for distribution to surrounding towns.

"I do not think there is any danger of food shortage," said H. A. Wren, buyer for the grocery department of the Pecos Mercantile Company. "We have a sufficient amount of flour, staples and canned good to supply our trade for a period of well over a month. Of course, there would be a lack of shipped-in vegetables if the railroad services was seriously crippled, and this situation would also apply to fruits."

"Should the situation warrant it we would be forced to limit the amount of supplies that could be purchased by any one family to their immediate needs, and thus prevent hoarding, if there was any tendency in that direction."

A surprising lack of frijole beans existed in Pecos, during the past week, and during the middle of the week none could be purchased at two of the larger stores, but this situation was due to temporary delay in receipt of cars and both houses reported big supplies of this staple as coming and due long before the strike is scheduled to take place.

A gasoline supply sufficient for a month of ordinary travel is usually kept by the oil supply houses of Pecos, and this situation would exist in case of a tie up. Of course, a much larger demand for gasoline may result if the railroad travel is seriously crippled, and this situation might result in a limitation of the amount of gas allotted to each customer per week, and might result in gasless Sundays or perhaps gasless week days for pleasure cars.

There seems to be no doubt as to the meat supply as Pecos could live for years on the supply immediately available at her doors, and the probable result of the strike would be an immediate and rising demand for more meat.

In other words, all that Pecos would experience from the strike would be the break in the usual routine and "slow" business until the normal course of trade is again resumed.

A general feeling that even if the strike is called that the roads will not be seriously crippled is felt by the majority of Pecos business men.

The Pecos Valley Southern would not be affected by the strike, it is understood.

Uncle Bill Kingston was down from his Davis Mountain ranch Saturday shaking hands with his "nephews" and other kinsfolk. Uncle Bill says he is pleased to be called by that cognomen for by that means he is made to feel that he is one of the large family of West Texans who appreciate a friend. Mr. and Mrs. Kingston are among the oldest settlers in this section and stand as high when it comes to hospitality and are honest-to-goodness people who not only enjoy life themselves but make all about them happy. Like Abou Ben Adhem, their names will lead the list in the "Lamb's Book of Life" of those who love their fellowman.

BUY PIPE LINE FOR TOYAH BELL-- SET CASING IN 3,000 FEET OF OIL

A contract for the construction of a four inch pipe line from the Toyah Bell to the Santa Fe railroad, a distance of about four miles, has been given by H. B. and B. Ramsey, managers of the Toyah Bell properties, and the pipe is expected to be shipped early next week.

The well is standing about 3,000 feet in oil, and efforts to bail it below that depth have not shown any diminution in the amount of oil in the hole. The gas continues to rise, and the general belief is that this well will prove a flowing proposition when the five and three-sixteenths inch casing is set to the bottom. Work of setting this casing in the 4360 foot hole started late Thursday and should be completed by Sunday.

Preparations are made to drill in as soon as the pipe is set. There is only 610 feet of casing in the well, and the remainder is an open eight inch hole with the exception of seventy feet above sugar loaf sand where the hole was reduced to six inch because of the exceptional hardness of the cap rock which was encountered at that depth.

Representatives of supply houses are in Pecos looking over the ground, and one of these concerns, the Oil Well Supply Co., has closed a deal for some land near the Arno station, where the drilling campaign will probably center.

Considerable delay in setting the casing this week was due to the faulty construction of the swedge nipple which came with the casing, and was to be used at the bottom of the string to give the casing a seat on the larger hole. This article could not be used and it was necessary to send Walter Jones, one of the drillers, to Ranger to supervise the construction of a new nipple. He arrived Thursday morning, and the nipple was immediately sent out to the well.

The very rapid progress made by the Pinal Dome Corporation on their Loving county lease, twenty miles north of the Toyah Bell, was halted for a time on Thursday by a broken drill screw. The broken piece was brought to Pecos for welding before work could be resumed. The hole is now down 2780 feet, and the drill has been working in salt and anyhrite formations for the past several hundred feet. John L. Goodwin, and Guy Goodwin, officers of the Pinal Dome Company have returned to the head offices of the company in Santa Maria, Calif., after about ten days spent in the field, during which, it is understood, they made arrangements to drill near the Toyah Bell after that well proves itself a producer.

The crew at the Pecos Angeles has been busily engaged for the past week in underreaming, and putting their 12 1/4 inch hole in shape for future drilling operations below 700 feet. Considerable progress has been made, although some boulder formations have made the underreaming work slow. E. F. Berry is in charge of operations at this well, while O. F. Sherer of the Los Angeles office of the company is here looking after the outside operations of the company. This well is located about five miles southwest of the Toyah Bell.

Almost every variety of fishing tool that ingenuity could devise has been employed by the crew of the Bell No. 1, during the past week in an effort to remove the three steel slips which fell into the hole from the fishing tool which was being used in an endeavor to fish out the string of tools. Other tools have been ordered, and operations are being carried on with the knowledge that one of the plans will prove successful, and that the crew would be able to soon drill on into the very favorable formation in which the drill was working at about 2200 feet when stopped.

Water troubles are bothering the drillers on the Toyah Shallow Oil Company's well in the vicinity of Saragoza. The hole has been drilled to 456 feet, and the drill has gone four feet into the sand which gives off some oil. As there is a leak in the casing efforts are being made to mud off with the casing before going farther.

R. E. Hoskins, representing the Oil Well Supply Company of Ranger and Fort Worth has handled the recent orders for tools and supplies on the Toyah Bell from Pecos where he has established temporary headquarters at the New Hotel. Mr. Hoskins has made tentative arrangements for a location of a supply yard near the drilling field when the well proves commercial production.

Frank Vance of Ranger, Texas, a drilling contractor with four Standard strings of tools has been in the Pecos territory for the past week

called by the excellent oil showing at the Toyah Bell and is seeking contracts for his tools. Mr. Vance has purchased some acreage in the vicinity of the Toyah Bell.

C. C. Staley of Davenport, Iowa, arrived Friday to look over prospective holdings in the Pecos territory with his friend, Richard K. Waite of Denver. Mr. Wait has been in the Pecos territory for the past week, and has made some purchases.

J. D. Schimmel, oil operator of Fort Worth, who has big holdings in the Pecos territory, left Friday for a short stay in Carlsbad, N. M., and will return to Pecos next week. Mr. Schimmel was called here by the excellent showings in the Toyah Bell.

NEW INTERESTS TO DRILL NEAR TROXEL

Pumps and casing have been shipped from El Paso for use in the Troxel well, while plans are being made for the start of three new deep tests in the same vicinity if the Troxel proves up to expectations on the pump.

This was the well received from El Paso early this week where Parker & Hancock, accompanied by J. L. Greenleaf of Perris, Calif., who represents a recently purchased controlling interest in the properties around the Troxel, went shortly after the shot was fired in the well a week ago Tuesday.

Mr. Greenleaf is reported to have been much pleased with the results of the shot and to have reported that the well gave prospects of making a 100-barrel pumper.

170 Feet Of Oil
Reports from the well this week are to the effect that the oil is standing 170 feet in the well. Considering the big cavity that must have resulted from the shot of 700 quarts of nitroglycerin, the general belief is that the oil is there in large quantities and that a pump will prove the field to be commercially productive.

Mr. Greenleaf was accompanied to El Paso by M. D. Allen of Los Angeles. The interests these men represent have large pumping well properties in California, it is understood, and believe that the Troxel field will prove to be one of good production and long life. In California where the oil is generally of a low grade, many wells are being pumped from 2000 to 3000 feet with a production of from 30 to 100 barrels daily.

In a statement regarding the Troxel well, Mr. G. H. Hancock said:

"The hole had been drilled to a depth of 1,936 feet, through 55 feet of oil bearing sand and shale, until it reached a stratum of hard gypsum rock. The top of this oil bearing formation was struck at 1,871 feet, in this respect differing from the old Texas well, three-quarters of a mile south, where the top of the sand was struck at 1,815 feet. Immediately after striking the bottom of this 65-foot sand, drilling was stopped, as it was feared that deeper drilling might get a water stratum. This was some four months ago, when further operations ceased owing to some difficulty regarding title. As soon as this was satisfactorily settled, arrangements to shoot the well were made.

Rush Of Oil and Gas.

"Last Tuesday afternoon 400 quarts of nitro were let down the hole, and on top of this 300 more quarts were poured, and the fuse was lighted. At 5 o'clock the shot was fired. The explosion of the cap was distinctly heard and then a dull rumbling, followed by a rush of oil and gas, the oil shooting high over the derrick and covering acres of ground around the same. This lasted a short time, followed with a very strong flow of gas. The well is only partially cased from the top, leaving 800 feet of open hole. A large quantity of material was thrown up from the hole and it is probable that a large cavity has been formed and the hole above is filled with material, which is being bailed out to clear the hole.

"A large photograph was taken of the well immediately after the shot was made, which shows the black cloud of oil and gas spouting high above the top of the 85-foot derrick, appearing like one of the gushers of East Texas fields.

"A pumping plant has been purchased in El Paso and casing ordered to be shipped this week. When they are installed, pumping will begin to determine the capacity of the well. Tuesday night following the shot the force of gas threw the oil above the top of the casing again. Bailing is going on at the present time and oil is being brought with every bail."

FOR SALE
Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17
Block 81, Pecos
**ONE THOUSAND
DOLLARS, CASH**
504 San Francisco St.
ELPASO, TEXAS

5 ACRES FOR \$50
Section 4, Block B-20, one mile from
drilling contract; has been cut into 5-acre
tracts, which will be sold at \$50 each.

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**Board Employs
A New Teacher**

The Board of Trustees met in called session Monday afternoon to consider the employment of additional teaching force. The enrollment this year has been so great that the present teachers are overcrowded. After going over the financial situation the board decided that it could not employ another teacher without charging tuition from overers and those who were not entitled to free tuition.

The board voted unanimously to employ another teacher and to ask Mrs. Carl Eddins to apply. We all remember Miss Heard. She is the same Miss Heard if she has changed her name. Mrs. Eddins has accepted the position and will begin work Monday. There is much rejoicing in the camp of the intermediate grades. Miss Heard was a great favorite in the intermediate department during the three years she taught there. Her time will be divided between the High School and the intermediate department.

The addition of another teacher makes possible the completion of a plan to give individual assistance to those students who fail in their work. It is hoped this plan will reduce failures to promote to a very low percent this year—Whirlwind.

**TO COMMERCIAL STUDENTS
WHO ARE NOT REGULAR
HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS**

At the outset it was the intention of the school authorities to open the Commercial work to all students alike and without tuition. But the enrollment in the Commercial department has gone much beyond expectation and the attendance in school is greater than at any previous time. The conditions are such that it becomes necessary to employ another teacher, which teacher will relieve Miss Hilliard of her other work and thereby make it possible for her to give closer attention to commercial subjects.

Since the pupils under age are required to pay tuition, the Board of Trustees voted at its meeting Monday afternoon to ask the Commercial Students who are not regular students in school to pay a tuition at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per course per month. One taking all three courses would be required to pay \$7.50 tuition. Typewriting rent will be in addition to the tuition.

The Board took into consideration the fact that a Business College would charge a much higher rate and board and room would be in addition. If a student took the full course for nine months the tuition would be only about one-half to one-third that of a Business College. Music pupils are required to pay six dollars per month for two lessons a week; the school will give five forty minute periods each week to typewriting and shorthand, and eighty minute periods to bookkeeping.

P. J. RUTLEDGE, Supt.
—The Whirlwind.

**The Pecos
School Problems**

SHALL WE HAVE A GLEE CLUB?
One of the problems that confront the student body of the High School is the question of school organizations. Last year we formed a Glee Club and gave several entertainments and visited several of the neighboring towns with benefit performances which caused much favorable comment from the general public. This year we have been called upon, by several visitors, to sing and our reply has been our old standby "America." In schools which can not boast the enrollment we have they have organizations which are credits to the community. Here we have the talent, the instructors, and the desire but we have never put into effect any of them. Students, let us meet and discuss this problem and if we decide we need such an organization let us meet and practice some of the popular selections of the day in order that when we are called upon to show our musical talent we will not be found wanting

APPLICATION.

A school is judged by the pupils enrolled and by the showing they make in school in both athletic and scholarly attainments. Pecos High School has never won in Austin any of the literary events. Let us start now and begin our study of the question of debate, our declamation, and begin to gather material for our essays. The best way to gather material for these different contests is to apply one's self to the studies outlined by the faculty as the beneficial course and gather knowledge which can be used in the various contests we enter.

FOOTBALL PRACTICE

The past week, we have been informed, so few students reported for football practice that it was impossible to put into execution any of our ground gaining plays. High School, get behind your team and persuade your members who have not been reporting for practice to come out and try for the team. The second team has been practicing hard and if we do not practice they will defeat us so badly that we will be afraid to play them.

A father in the east has disinherited his daughter because she bobbed her hair. Cut off without a cent.—Detroit News.

**Pecos Second
Team vs. Barstow**

The second team invaded Barstow territory on Friday the fourteenth and brought home the larger end of a 12 to 0 score.

The game proved to be an interesting one to those who attended it. Several Pecos people were there to see the game and gave the team all of the support that they needed. The game was as follows:

In the first quarter Wade of Barstow kicked. Greer of Pecos received the ball on the twenty yard line, and scored a touchdown on the kick-off. Eisenwine failed to kick goal. Greer of Pecos kicked and Summers of Barstow received the ball and advanced it to the forty yard line. After a series of bucks and end runs Barstow fails to make her ground and the ball went over to Pecos, with but a few minutes of play Pecos failed to score.

During the third quarter Pecos crossed Barstow's goal, but because of penalties the ball was taken back to the fifteen yard line. Rhulen scored however on the next play.

Barstow received the ball but failed to make ground kicked to Greer who returned the punt. End of third quarter.

In the last half neither team scored but fought back and forth during the whole half within fifteen yards of Barstow goal. The star plays for Barstow were made by Wade and Black, while the Pecos team played fine ball, then interference was perfect, then tackles sure, and their head was fine. The line held like a stone wall, the ends broke up play after play and it was impossible to complete passes against them. The individual stars for Pecos were Rhulen and Capt. Greer for their broken field running, Eisenwine for his plunging the line and Hudson for his interference. The line-up for Pecos was: Reynolds, center; Wilson, R. G.; Poer, R. T.; Morehead, R. E.; Sudbrook, L. G.; Rhodes, L. T.; Ross, L. E.; Hudson, Q. R.; Rhulen, one; Eisenwine, H. B.; Greer, F. B.—The Whirlwind.

**Pecos Hi vs.
Midland Hi**

First quarter: Midland chose to receive and Pecos kicked. Midland was tackled on their thirty yard line where Pecos held them for four downs without much gain, Midland punted to Pecos, twenty yard-line where she recovered the ball and made a touchdown on an end around run.

Pecos receives and are downed on the fifteen yard line, after slight gains the ball goes over and Midland makes another touchdown. This ends the first quarter.

Second quarter: Midland kicks Pecos. Pecos is tackled on the thirty yard line. Midland holds and Pecos punts and tackles Midland on the thirty yard line. Midland completes a forward pass and makes a gain. Pecos receives the ball on forty yard line and there held, Pecos punts, Midland makes good gains for a few yards but she lacks a yard and a half, she tries a line buck but holds and the ball goes over. End of first half.

Second half: Pecos receives and are forced to punt. Rhodes covers the ball about midfield. Pecos is held and punts out of bounds. Midland punts out of danger and Pecos is held for four downs. Midland gets the ball and makes a good gain on a forward pass, then another touchdown on the end around-end run. Pecos receives and gains about half the field, Hefner makes a good gain on a forward pass. End of third quarter.

Fourth quarter: Pecos is held and punts. Midland is held and punts. Pecos punts out of bounds. Midland is forced to punt, Midland intercepts a forward pass and is downed. Midland tries the end around-end run and is downed. Pecos holds and the ball goes over. Pecos punts out of danger. End of game. Score 19 to 0.—The Whirlwind.

**"NUF SAID
From The Whirlwind.**

A man much accustomed to traveling was aboard a train one day and there was also aboard the same train a mother with several children, one of which was very small. The traveler being fond of children began playing with the small one and the mother was very much pleased. That night their berths were just opposite and the next morning when the man awoke he saw a small foot protruding from the berth opposite him. He reached over and got one of the toes of the foot and began reciting the story about: "One little pig went to market, one little pig stayed at home" and just as he started on the last part of it a cold elderly voice from the inside said that that would do and withdrew the foot.—Dusty.

**LET US REMEMBER
(Smart Set.)**

How can it matter what comes now, Winter, and summer, and day and night; Sorrow may tangle the paths we seek, Let us remember we held delight.

Another excellent frontispiece for a war history would be a life-size portrait of a tax receipt.—Akron Beacon-Journal.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Enterprise By
The First National Bank in
St. Louis.

The quantity of rice exported from the United States in the seven months ended July 1921, was 373,000,000 pounds against 393,000,000 in the full calendar year of 1920, which broke the record of rice exports of the United States. From all present indications, the exports of rice in the calendar year 1921 will approximate 650,000,000 pounds against 393,000,000 in 1920, 168,000,000 in 1918; 68,000,000 in 1915; and 28,000,000 in the year preceding the war, 1913. In other words, it is estimated that the exports for 1921 will be about twenty-five times as much as in the year preceding the war and approximately 50 per cent above the former high record year of 1920. This does not include shipments to Porto Rico or to Hawaii, which will approximate 150,000,000 pounds, making a grand total of 800,000,000 pounds of American rice passing out of our ports in 1921.

The large exportation as compared with former years, is due to enormous increases in our domestic production which advanced from 10,000,000 bushels in 1900 to 25,000,000 in 1910 and 52,000,000 in 1920, while the farm value increased from \$7,000,000 in 1900 to \$17,000,000 in 1910 and \$110,000,000 in 1919. Meantime, imports have fallen from 290,000,000 pounds in 1913 and 364,000,000 in the fiscal year 1919 to 97,000,000 in the fiscal year 1921.

This big increase in exports and corresponding reduction in imports is due to the fact that the United States is now the chief rice producing country of the world, our product being double that of Italy, four times that of Spain and ten times that of Brazil, the other rice producing countries of the world. However, nine-tenths of the rice crop of the world is still produced in the Orient.

THE MODERN HEALTH CRUSADE

Four Texas schools have received recognition from the National Tuberculosis Association for having the highest score for doing health chores in the state of Texas during the spring months of the past school year. The chores were performed by children competing in the Modern Health Crusade movement which is conducted by the Texas Public Health Association under the direction of Miss Pearl N. Hyer, Children's Secretary.

To win a National pennant every student in the grade which enters the contest is required to do at least 54 of the 72 chores each week for a period of fifteen weeks. To win a banner each student must do all the 72 chores for the same period of time.

The Modern Health Crusade is conducted for the purpose of teaching the students health habits, which consist of keeping the hands, face, neck, teeth and body clean, eating nourishing food, taking the proper exercise, sleeping with the windows open and their value in building up resistance against disease. The health habits taught the students will be carried on after they leave school. These health facts were taught to over six million school children last year in the United States and several foreign countries.

The 1921-22 Modern Health Crusade is starting now in Texas and the different schools are determined to bring more of these pennants to Texas this year. Plans have been completed to make the Crusade this year the most successful ever conducted in Texas.

If it were as easy to get a job as it is to get a pistol, the crime record would not be so bulky.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Habitual Constipation Cured
in 14 to 21 Days
"LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It Stimulates and Regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60¢ per bottle.

(Advertisement)

LUCKY STRIKE
CIGARETTE

**It's
toasted**

Notice this delicious flavor when you smoke Lucky Strike — it's sealed in by the toasting process



SCHOOL SUPPLIES

School opens September 19th. Why wait until the last moment to purchase your supplies? We have on hand an ample stock Before the rush is on lay in your supplies of

- | | |
|----------|----------------|
| Paste | Bags |
| Fountain | Straps |
| Pens | Pencil Holders |
| Pencils | Erasers |
| Tablets | Pen Points |
| Rulers | Ever Sharp |
| Ink | Pencils |

CITY PHARMACY

MRS. D. A. DODDS

**LANDS AND OIL AND GAS
LEASES—FIVE ACRES TO
FIVE HUNDRED ACRES**

**MRS. D. A. DODDS
PECOS, TEXAS**

ARTHUR E. HAYS

THE PECOS OIL MAN
Phone 44
Office Upstairs in First National Bank Building

I have moved and am now prepared to serve you better than ever in
OIL AND GAS LEASES

FOR
IRRIGATED FARMS AND REAL ESTATE
SEE ME!

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU

With Power and Ice
Wiring and Repairing of All Kinds
Why Work?
Let Electricity do your work.
PECOS POWER & ICE COMPANY
PHONES: Office 41, Plant 151

J. L. LANCASTER ELUCIDATES ON LABOR QUESTION

Dallas, Texas, October 20, 1921.—
Declaring any further reduction in rates was absolutely out of the question unless the railways are permitted to make a corresponding reduction in wages, and that if the threatened strike materializes, the railways will win if the public the railroads serve give the roads their moral and active support, J. L. Lancaster, President and co-receiver of the Texas & Pacific, who has just returned from Chicago, where he attended a conference of railway executives representing practically every important line in the country, today gave out the following statement:

"Between January, 1917, when through passage of the Adamson Act, the Government took charge of railway employees' wages and July 1, 1920, when Governmental authority made the last increase, labor costs of the railroads jumped from \$1,468,

000,000, annually to \$3,700,000,000 an increase of \$2,232,000,000, annually. In the light of these figures, it is manifest that the recent twelve percent reduction in wages authorized by the Labor Board in no sense meets or solves the problem of labor costs, and in no way makes it possible for the roads to make any reduction in their revenues, and any suggestion that this be done without a corresponding further reduction in wages, is out of the question. Right now, many roads are paying around forty cents an hour for unskilled labor, when similar labor is working alongside the railroads, and could easily be had by them at twenty cents an hour. Last year, the railroads paid unskilled labor alone a total of over \$1,300,000,000, and regardless of how desirable it might appear to pay to such a high wage, it is evident such costs cannot be paid out of railroad earnings unless the industries which use the roads are capable of meeting such charges. Working rules and conditions inherited from Federal control, and since upheld by the Labor Board, prevent economic operation of the railroads, and add to the burden of the public which pays the bill, these rules and conditions preventing the roads from dealing equitably with labor costs in accordance with rapidly changing conditions and the great variety of local conditions which ought to control wages in different parts of the country. It is these rules and working conditions which the roads are seeking to have abrogated. In an effort to meet these cases where a hardship was evidently being worked on some particular commodity or industry, the railroads have had between four and five thousand reductions in freight rates during the past year, these reductions amounting on some roads to more than the wage reductions so far made, while on many other roads, the reduction in wages allowed no net return on operation, but merely provided against a further accumulation of a deficit. In the crisis created by this impending strike, the officers of the Texas & Pacific Railway fully realize their responsibility to the public, and will do their utmost to meet the transportation needs of the communities we serve. Just how nearly this can be done if a strike of the magnitude threatened occurs, will depend on the extent to which we receive the active support and assistance of the citizens along our line in supplying persons to take the place of striking employees, and in fully protecting those who undertake to operate the property from in-

terference by strikers and their sympathizers. Prompt and vigorous preparation should be made for the threatened strike, each community organizing for the purpose of assisting officers of the railway in providing and maintaining necessary train service. With the full support that the public can give, the railways will be able to fill the places of employees who may strike, and if the public will make the fight theirs, as they should, by giving the railways their vigorous, active and moral support, the inconvenience suffered will be of short duration. Moral support alone will not win the fight, however. Vigorous, active assistance will be necessary—but if that is given, the fight can and will be won."

Mr. Zero would probably agree that fires are seldom put out by the man who rings the bell.—Boston Herald.
Reformer Crafts shouts ecstatically that he has discovered the sin in cinema.—St. Paul Press.

DR. W. B. LYND OSTEOPATH

OFFICE IN THOMASON BUILDING PHONE 27



Prince Albert's a new note in the joys of rolling 'em!

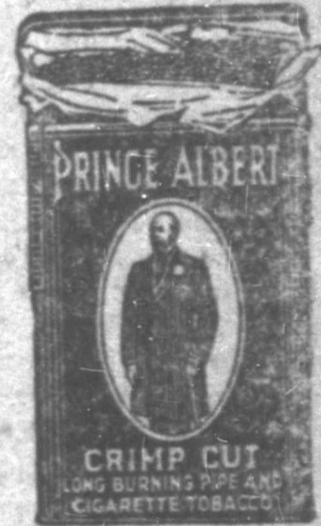
Talking about rolling your own cigarettes, we'll tell you right here that Prince Albert tobacco has 'em all lashed to the mast!

You've got a handful-of-happiness coming your direction when you pal it with P. A. and the makin's papers! For Prince Albert is not only delightful to your taste and pleasing in its refreshing aroma, but our exclusive patented process frees it from bite and parch!

And, for a fact, rolling up Prince Albert is mighty easy! P. A. is crimp cut and stays put and you whisk it into shape before you can count three! And, the next instant you're puffing away to beat the band!

Prince Albert is so good that it has led four men to smoke jimmy pipes where one was smoked before! It's the greatest old buddy-smoke that ever found its way into a pipe or cigarette!

Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tippy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin handcars and in the grand crystal class hamidor with sponge moisture top.



Copyright 1921 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. Winston-Salem, N. C.

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

HAVE DIVIDED

Section 12, Block 34, H. & T. C. Survey Ward County into TEN acre blocks. Will sell a limited number of these at TEN DOLLARS per acre if taken now. With price of crude headed for a higher mark than 1920 and present drilling activities near this lease, values are liable to jump any day. Have "88 form" lease covering this section with four year to run. Will deliver assignments through your bank draft attached. Look at the map and investigate character of companies operating near this lease and then wire or write

FRANK R. COOKE
29 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill
How Many Acres Do You Want?
11*

GET OUR PRICE

FOR

DRILLING DEEP WELLS

We Furnish Our Own Fuel and Water

KERSEY-CONRAD CO.

Carlsbad, N. Mex. Bowling Green, Ky.
Box 823 Box 496
10-3*

SHOULD MARRIED WOMEN WORK?



The Commander of the Barbara Fritchie Post of the American Legion in New York is a woman—Mrs. Julia E. Wheelock, the writer, who during the World War recruited 16,000 men for the United States navy. Mrs. Wheelock has urged married women who work unnecessarily to give up their jobs in favor of unemployed ex-service men.

It would be much easier to locate escaped criminals if the detectives were fired and bill collectors hired in their places.—Baltimore Sun.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Bleed, Bleeding or Protruding Piles usually relieves itching Piles, and you can get useful sleep after the first application. Price 60 (Advertisement)

One Hundred Dollars Bring Fortune

This is no idle talk. It has brought a young fortune to many and will do the same again when the Willoughby Petroleum Company brings in its first real gusher. All those big quick fortunes were made by the companies bringing in a big well and selling out.

SELL OUT AND DIVIDE

Who cares anything about being all greased up taking care of a lease, marketing or refining the oil? What I want is money. That is what everyone wants. The large oil companies are entitled to the oil and will pay handsomely for a big well and a lot of leases. We have 1,280 acres of leases and are most surely hoping for and expecting to bring in a real Texas Gusher. When we do WE WANT THE MONEY. WE WILL SELL AND DIVIDE THE PROFITS. \$100.00 in the Hog Creek Oil Company paid back \$13,500.00. \$100.00 with the Burk-Waggoner paid \$15,000.00. The Fowler Farm Company paid around \$19,000.00 on the \$100.00 risked just because they GOT A BIG WELL AND SOLD OUT AND DIVIDE THE MONEY.

THIS MAY BE "AN OLD SONG"

Call this "an old song" or what you may. We are going to drill the well and sell out and hundreds of thousands will NOT BE BENEFITED ONE DIME if we pay ten thousand dollars for every one hundred invested. We are not attempting to "change any man's mind." If you have cold feet, no nerve and no money you will die poor. We risk our own money and time, and work like the devil knowing that we have the Wild-Catter's chance to make a cold MILLION. My work on the Toyah Bell No. Two, the well that was actually "drilled" to below 4300 feet, to find the oil speaks for itself.

The company has a 1,280 acre drilling block, is capitalized at \$200,000.00 divided into 200,000 shares of the par value of \$1.00 each and those who buy these shares and help me bring in my first gusher will be called "Lucky."

NERVE, NOT LUCK, TO TAKE THE GAM-
BLER'S CHANCE WITH THE WILD-
CATTER BRINGS HOME THE
THOUSANDS

City _____ Date _____
WILLOUGHBY PETROLEUM COMPANY,
PECOS, TEXAS.
Gentlemen:
Inclosed find _____ Dollars (\$) for _____
shares of Willoughby Petroleum Company stock.
It is understood that this stock is fully paid, non-assessable, will share the profits from all holdings, wells or other properties the Company owns or may later acquire and that as a stockholder, I am exempt from any personal liability as such.
I also understand that as soon as a bona fide offer is made that will justify selling, you will sell the Willoughby No. One Well and some portion of the leases, set aside 75 percent of the net profits from such sale for division amongst the stockholders and that no part of the said 75 percent of net profits shall be used or spent in drilling or other development work.
Sign Plainly _____
Address _____

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1877; Pecos County Record, established 1916; consolidated Nov. 23, 1921. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

JOHN HIBDON
EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per inch, first 50c
Second, per line 10c
Classified, per word 1c
Minimum 25 cents paid in advance.

Copy must be in the office not later than Wednesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, \$2; Six Months, \$1.25.
Postpaid in Advance

No subscription taken for less than six months.

Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915, at the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



PALO DURO CANYON

When the state of Texas acquires the Palo Duro canyon as the site for a State Park, as all Texans hope it will, it can start the foundation for a great buffalo herd. From a few head about ten years ago the federal government has developed a herd of buffalo of more than 150 head at the federal game preserve in the Wichita mountains near Fort Sill and the herd is increasing from season to season. Conditions for the propagation of a herd are not less favorable in the Palo Duro country than they are in the Wichita mountains. In fact some of the conditions are better. It would be a fine thing for the state of Texas to preserve the buffalo so that future generations might see the kind of animals that once roamed its plains in countless herds of teeming thousands. It is none too early for Texas to start the founding of a herd of such animals. Fortunately it is not too late.—Wichita Daily Times.

REMEMBER MOTHER.

Life has its sorrows, its pains and its tears. It also has its joys. As I look out my office window I see many mothers pass along the way, accompanied by little children. Sometimes they are in baby buggies, sometimes the mothers hold them in their arms and hug them to their hearts, too poor to buy a buggy. Often the children are old enough to walk, and most of them are seen running, jumping and otherwise manifesting the energy that is pent up in their little bodies, to later be turned loose upon a waiting world, either in good deeds and service or in evil deeds and hindrance to government. There is no more exquisitely beautiful sight to me than a happy young mother, as she lovingly watches her baby walking by her side, holding confidently her little hand, or else smiling as she watches the pride of her heart tripping along in front of her, dreaming of the days to come when the boy or girl will take charge of the duties laid out for him or her, (rising above the multitude, to honor and bless the mother who suffered in bringing the soul into life.) As I ruminates upon life, its woes, its tragedies, its disappointments and its sorrows, I cannot but help feeling, no matter what may happen, any mother who has had the glorious privilege of being trusted with the care of a human body should, in the love that flows out from this special honor, find full recompense for any hardships nature may demand as pay for the wondrous joy of soul that brought into play. Another thought comes to me, how can a boy or girl forget mother, no matter how they have dealt with the bloom of her cheeks or the edge of her temper? It seems to me her agony and her toil and her days and nights of weary, loving vigil is enough to warrant her kind words, soft replies, tender care and loving solicitation, from all her children.—Cleburne Enterprise.

LARGE FAMILIES

When the harried chief executive of a great country takes time to plead for a better-paying job for the father of sixteen children the first thought of the average observer is that of the vast numbers of other families in similar straits and the impossibilities of obtaining special treatment for them all. Domenico Zaccaria may receive a few more dollars a week through President Harding's intercession, but the fathers and mothers of the majority of families must stand on their own feet and face the world with unusual responsibilities as best they can. Under the old economic order, sixteen children were an asset instead of a liability. When the country was populated and opportunities grew on every bush, children were like money in the bank. Communities were grateful, for every added individual; to be prolific was to be a respectable, solid and virtuous member of society; large families became the American tradition. Times have changed, when sixteen children are recognized as such a handicap that

the president of the United States must put in a word to save the situation. And because times have changed, the tradition must change. If the large family cannot take care of itself it is no longer commendable.—New York World.

PRESIDENT HARDING

Lots of Mr. Harding's most glibful ilwishers find great pleasure in pointing out his several limitations—or adoptions—of policies and methods followed by Mr. Wilson. The present chief magistrate, however, is evidently a Catholic in his borrowings. He takes his models where he finds them. The world is his oyster. He opens it at will. Now he has taken to writing letters to ladies of large family—the first of whom rejoices in nineteen children. He read about her in a newspaper, and couldn't restrain himself from a personal line of congratulation and commendation. This somehow reminds of the late T. Roosevelt, that relentless crusader against race suicide. Here the president confirms his acquisitiveness to the orthodox ranks of his own sainted political party—if we can ever forget T. R.'s transient aberration into Progressivism. Modern history, supported by that of the ancients, contains countless names worthy of anybody's emulation. If the president can imitate each of them at least once during his term of office, he will be revered as a great statesman. And if there be any force in numbers he may finally be rated greater than any of those whose manifold excellencies he shall have combined in a single personality.—New Orleans Item.

TOTAL ACREAGE IN ALL FIELD CROPS IN 1921

The following figures are representative of conditions as of October 1, 1921, by E. M. Johnston, Agricultural Statistician.

The total acreage in all field crops, as reported to this office October 1st, is 25,708,000 acres. This is 95 percent of the total acreage in 1920. The only crop having a material reduction of acreage this year was cotton and approximately 16 percent of this reduction was taken up in increased acreage of corn and other feed crops. Since most of the crops have had a fairly favorable season the state is well situated as regards its feeding possibilities for the coming winter.

Corn.

The average condition of corn remain practically that of last month. Present prospects point to an average yield of 25.96 bushels per acre and a total production of 175,368,000 bushels for the state.

Harvesting of this crop has moved very slowly and most of the crop is still a-field. The storm damage to corn in a few of the central southwestern counties during the past month seems not to have been as severe as at first reported and has made no appreciable difference in the prospects for the state as a whole.

Wheat.

The marketings of this year's crop to date have been 14,440,000 bushels or approximately 82 percent of the total production for the state. The movement since harvest began has been heavy throughout the season and a considerable quantity has been taken by the local mills of the state, most of it, however, going for export.

Oats.

The report on average yield per acre for oats indicated an average of 22 bushels per acre and a total production for the state of 41,580,000 bushels.

Rice.

The condition of rice at the time of harvest is estimated to be 68 percent of a full or normal crop indicative of an average yield of 36.08 bushels, of 45 pounds per acre and a total state production 5,578,000 bushels.

The harvesting and threshing period for this crop has been fairly satisfactory with, except for the last week of September, but little wet weather. The late deliveries have contained some damaged rice but the great bulk of the offerings have been in good condition. Some of the lowest yields this year are reported for the Beaumont territory while Chambers county has a crop rather above the average conditions elsewhere over the belt. A week or two more of clear weather should see the major part of the crop under shelter and since the prices are very satisfactory the planter will realize something for his work to offset last year's losses and no doubt will have a stimulating effect on the acreage planted the coming year.

Grain Sorghums.

There has been no change in the condition of this crop since the last report. The average indicated yield is 27.88 bushels per acre; the acreage 2,058,000 acres and the production 57,377,000 bushels.

Harvesting is well advanced with most of the crop that is intended for grain headed and threshings under way. The movement of this crop has been very sluggish and has not kept pace with market demands resulting in a sharp advance in price during the latter part of September. Speaking for the Panhandle as a whole the production is high and will

furnish an abundance of excellent feed for the winter months.

Pastures and Ranges.

A marked improvement has been had for range conditions during the last two weeks of September. Rains have been rather general over all of the drier portions of extreme West Texas extending even into El Paso, and throughout the Panhandle with an advancement in condition from 77 percent to 82 percent normal and gives improved prospects for winter grass.

Barley.

The average yield per acre, in bushels of 48 pounds, for barley is reported at 24 bushels and quality at 86 percent of a high medium grade. The total production for the state being 240,000 bushels.

Cabbages.

The average yield for the state as a whole is reported at 3 short tons per acre. The percent of a normal yield per acre is 80 and the acreage harvested has been 85 percent of the usual.

Onions.

The average yield of onions is placed at 210 bushels of 57 pounds per acre which is 60 bushels lower than 1920. Average conditions have run 82 percent of normal and 90 percent of the usual.

Popcorn.

The average yield, on a basis of planted acreage is 360 pounds of brush per acre.

Field Beans.

The average condition of this crop for grain is 74 percent of normal; for forage 87 percent of normal.

Peanuts.

The condition of peanuts on October 1st, was 76 percent of normal, or an advance in condition of three points during the past month. This condition is equivalent to an average yield of 25.08 bushels per acre and a prospective production of 4,891,000 bushels for the state as a whole.

Sorghum Cane For Syrup.

The acreage of sorghum cane estimated to be used for syrup purposes is 7,500 acres; the average condition at this date is set at 81 percent of normal, an advancement of two points since last month, which indicated an average yield of 87.48 gallons per acre and a total production of 656,000 gallons.

Sweet Potatoes.

The condition of this crop has advanced three points during the past month due to beneficial rains. The present condition is 76 percent of normal indicative of an average yield of 92.82 bushels per acre and a production of 8,633,000 bushels. The prospects for a fairly favorable October crop is promised.

Other Crops.

Minor crops reported on are as follows: Average yield of alfalfa for seed 4 bushels per acre; condition for apples 47; conditions for field peas 69; condition for grapes 70; condition for pears 54; percent of normal yield per acre for tomatoes on total crop 77.

E. M. JOHNSTON,
Agricultural Statistician.

BOOKS ADDED TO CARNEGIE LIBRARY BY BOOK COMMITTEE

- "When Polly was eighteen" by Emma C. Dowell.
- "Laramie Holds the Range" by Frank Spearman.
- "Outwitting Our Nerves" by Josephine Jackson.
- "By Advice of Counsel" by Arthur Train.
- "To Let" by John Gaiworthy.
- "Uncle Danny's Neighbors" by F. E. Pearson.
- "Eat Wing" by Sar Rohmer.
- "Moon Calf" by Floyd Dell.
- "Life of Queen Victoria" by Lytton Strachey.
- Donated by A. H. Weaver 27 copies, "Confederate Veterans."
- MRS. M. ROSE, Librarian.

Thirty locations, selected leases, Pecos field, near principal development, W. W. Dean, Owner, Pecos. 1 (Advertisement)

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine."
E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 50c. (Advertisement)

HOUSEWORK IS A BURDEN

Women's lot is a weary one at best. But with backache and other distressing kidney ills life indeed becomes a burden. Doan's Kidney Pills have made life brighter for thousands of women. Read what Mrs. J. H. Shepherd, Baird St., Midland, Tex., says: "Quite a few years ago I had occasion to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I had a great deal of trouble with my kidneys and back. At times my back would feel so sore and lame, the least work would be a drudgery. I would have headaches and on stooping over, I would get so dizzy, everything would turn black in front of me. I was caused a lot of inconvenience to the too frequent action of my kidneys, and I was all played out, with no ambition to do anything. I started taking Doan's Kidney Pills and they cured me entirely. I haven't been troubled since."
Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Shepherd had. Frost-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Uncle John's Ash

ALL SOME MEN HAVE IS A BIG BANK ACCOUNT.

NEXT DOSE CALOMEL MAY SALIVATE YOU

IT IS MERCURY, QUICKSILVER SHOCKS LIVER AND ATTACKS YOUR BONES.

Calomel salivation is horrible. It swells the tongue, loosens the teeth and starts rheumatism. There's no reason why a person should take sickening, salivating calomel when a few cents buys a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone—a perfect substitute for calomel. It is a pleasant vegetable liquid which will start your liver just as surely as calomel, but it doesn't make you sick and can not salivate. Calomel is a dangerous drug, besides it may make you feel weak, sick and nauseated tomorrow. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone instead and you will wake up feeling great. No salts necessary. Your druggist says if you don't find Dodson's Liver Tone acts better than treacherous calomel your money is waiting for you. (Advertisement)

I. J. Sims returned Wednesday from a business trip to Dallas. He also went over to Denton for a short visit to his daughter, Miss Zara, who is in School there.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness or ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 50c. (Advertisement)

Eat At

The Johnston Cafe

"The Place of Quality and Service"

We Serve the Best the Market Affords At Popular Prices

PRUETT LUMBER CO.

Twenty-five years experience in Pecos should give us an idea about how to supply your wants. We are always on the job. Lumber prices have hit the bottom. Now is the time to get ready for the next oil boom which is expected daily.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

A Drop of Ink Makes Millions Think

AN AMERICAN MAGAZINE reporter once asked John Wrigley, the fifty million gum magnate, what he attributed his huge business success to, and the man replied that it was 90 per cent advertising.

Mr. Wrigley is used as a study among journalism classes as the man who accumulated three fortunes and each time spent them for advertising, after which he started in over again.

It is a well known fact that he spent one million dollars advertising his gum products on Broadway, New York, alone.

THE FUNDAMENTAL FACT —

however, is that after the gum king had spent three fortunes on advertising he did not stop. He let drop a secret that may well be applied to any business, however big, or however small:—

"That advertising is a good deal like feeding a furnace—you have to keep shoveling in the coal in order to keep the fire alive."

A little "ad" dropped here and there in your local paper is really of little value. It is the persistent, weekly and daily call that makes the people sit up and take notice.

WHAT THE ENTERPRISE CAN DO

It can place advertising, based on the inch rate, in 2,300 homes, virtually circulated among 11,500 people for 50 cents. To attempt to reach the same number of people by post card, the only other means of communication, would cost \$115.00.

It can readily be seen that there is no argument from an economic standpoint as the cheapest and most effective way of reaching the public.

THE PECOS ENTERPRISE

RAMSEY INDORSES DIVERSIFICATION

Dallas, Texas, October 5.—Judge W. F. Ramsey, Federal Reserve Agent of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas indorses the Campaign for Better Agriculture. Judge Ramsey states:

"I have very carefully read the address issued by the committee having in charge the United Campaign for Better Agriculture and cordially indorse same. The personnel of this committee, under the able management of Mr. Nathan Adams, should insure the success of this great movement. This year, of all years, is a demonstration of what can be accomplished by diversification. I am hoping for the greatest success in the work of this committee. This year has demonstrated more than any in the history of the State, in my recollection, that we can get along without putting all of our faith and all of our hopes in cotton. I look for and hope for a substantial reduction in cotton acreage next year. I am looking for and hoping for a general diversification of crops and that our people will turn more and more to raising livestock in a modest way on small farms; to the raising of fruits and vegetables for sale and the better and more general practice of home gardening. If we do this and continue to practice the same severe economy that we have in the past, I have no sort of doubt that another year, with fair crops and fair prices will put the State in a ready good condition."

CLASSIFIED

(Advertisements)

FOR SALE

IF you have Land for lease or Sale, list same with A. B. Clair, Orient Hotel, Pecos, Texas. 25-tf.

FOR SALE—305 feet of 4 inch Black Pipe, never been run.—I. E. Smith. 52-tf.

FOR SALE—Drilling tools, Standard rig, casing, all big hole stuff good for new, complete two full outfits for sale cheap for cash. Casing all sizes write or wire, W. P. Dunham, Copperton Cove, Texas. 8-tf.

FOR SALE—Good, gentle jersey cow with young calf. Gave four gallons last year. Phone 311. 2-tf.

FOR SALE—Fort Davis Apples for cooking, eating and for winter use. Both wholesale or direct to the family. We have a fine stock of select apples. Also are wrapping the Black Twig Apples that will keep fine till Christmas and after. Boxed uniform sizes running 64 to 180 to the box. Write us for prices delivered. Burnett Gro. Co., Fort Davis, Texas. 1t.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

1 Good 90 Overland Touring Car; 1 Good 83 Overland Touring Car; 1 Good New Ford Truck complete. Will trade for choice pea-green or No. One Alfalfa hay. Write, wire or phone, Joe B. Neel, Big Spring, Texas. 8-4-t*

OIL LEASES

OIL LEASES—Oil Leases in small or large tracts, near wells now drilling.—I. E. Smith. 46-tf.

OFFER subject to prior sale 88 form lease on section 147, and 149, block 34, H. & T. C. E. R., survey in Ward county, at \$10.00 per acre. I also have for sale lease on South half of section 3, block C-27 Loving county. Write Box 494, Gainesville, Texas. 8-3t*

FOR SALE—Texas Pacific Leases, rentals paid to Dec. 1921, in Block 54, Township 4; Block 53, Township 4; Block 55, Township 5; Block 54, Township 5; Block 58, Township 6; Reeves County, write for prices and description.—J. E. Bowen, 1101 Montana, El Paso, Texas. 8-tf.

FOR RENT

VACANT—The Best Rent House in Pecos, New 5 Rooms, Bath, Screened in Sleeping Gallery.—I. E. Smith. 5tf

PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING

A. L. Oliver—Painter & Paperhanger. Paint any color, \$3.50 per gallon. Wall paper at lowest prices—Phone 381. 35-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I. E. Smith, M. D. Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist. Special attention paid to fitting of Glasses. 5-tf.

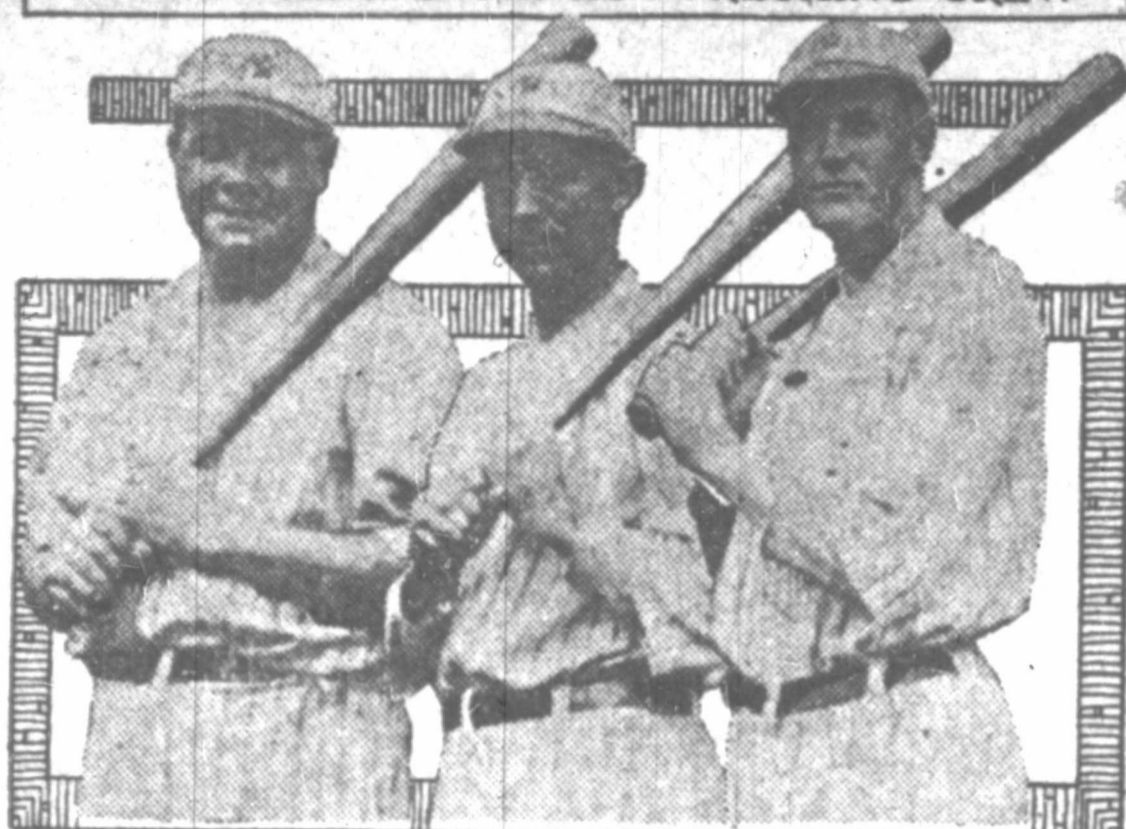
LOST AND FOUND

LOST—At Baptist church or between there and residence, diamond bar pin. Finder please return to me and receive reward.—Chas. F. Manahan. 9-2t.

To Stop a Cough Quick

take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues. A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup. The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough. Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 5c. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

"BABE" HEADS YANKS WRECKING CREW



"Babe" Ruth, "Home-Run" Baker and Bob Meusel are the three leading batsmen of the big leagues. With three such sluggers batting in order they form a combination which has a record of smashing not only balls but also morales of opposing teams. In base-ball circles they are known as "The Wrecking Crew."

HARDING ENDORSES HEALTH CRUSADE

Austin, Texas—President Harding has definitely indicated his interest in the Modern Health Crusade by personally presenting to Frank W. Ballou, Superintendent of Schools, Washington, D. C., the silver cup awarded by the National Tuberculosis Association to the school children of Washington for having the highest enrollment of Modern Health Crusaders in the inter-city tournament.

In making the presentation, President Harding stated: "If I were to offer a prayer it would be first for spiritual excellence of our nation and next for its well being in health. In order to effect the physically perfect nation, I would expect to begin with the children."

In recognition of the work that is being achieved by the Modern Health Crusade movement, the President sent the following letter to Charles M. De Forest, Crusade Executive of the National Tuberculosis Association:

"I was very much interested today in presenting, on behalf of the National Tuberculosis Association, the silver cup won by the school children of the District of Columbia because of their larger enlistment, relatively, in the Modern Health Crusade, particularly in their enlistment to make effective warfare against tuberculosis. I may quite sincerely express the hope that in every American city and country district a like large proportion of boys and girls will make themselves health knights by faithful attention to their own habits and their care and concern for the health of the nation."

The Modern Health Crusade is conducted in Texas by the Texas Public Health Association as a means of teaching children the fundamentals of hygienic living, in order to build up their bodily strength and prevent infectious diseases, particularly tuberculosis.

BASKET BALL GAME

The basket ball team of the Fort Stockton High School will play the Pecos High School team on the local ground Saturday at 2:00 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

FOOT BALL

The second football team of the Fort Stockton High School and the Pecos High School will test their qualities on the local field on Saturday at 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon at which an admission of 50 cents will be charged. At 4:15 p. m., of the same day the first teams of these two schools will play a game of football. The admission of 50 cents includes both football games.

SIX FREE SCHOLARSHIPS

Send today the names and addresses of five young people likely to be interested in training at College or by Mail for \$75 to \$100 guaranteed office positions, and we will not only send you an interesting remembrance, but will also enter your name in our free scholarship contest, in which six scholarships, \$25 in cash, and ten \$25 tuition checks are to be given away absolutely free, as explained in details we will send you. This is your opportunity to get the world-famous Draughon training. Write today. Abilene Draughon Business College, Box S., Abilene, Texas. 1t* (Advertisement)

Leases, 5 acres to sections lots, Loving county, near Toyah Bell—W. V. Dean, Pecos, Texas. 1t

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 45, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4; and Nos. 43, 45, 47 and W. half of 5 in Block 5. The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the arroyos both in the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections. Also, surveys No. 49 in block 6 and Nos. 9, 13 and 15 in block 7. Also, surveys Nos. 1, 3, and 5, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and Nos. 19 (a strip survey) Pecos county. Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 3 surveys in block 12. None of these are river lands. All are in Pecos county. All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be made subject to such lease. F. G. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and application should be made to him for the purchase of same. There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to purchase any of same should apply to the undersigned. EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact. AUSTIN, TEXAS

Taste is a matter of tobacco quality

We state it as our honest belief that the tobaccos used in Chesterfield are of finer quality (and hence of better taste) than in any other cigarette at the price.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended

"They Satisfy"

Read The Enterprise and keep up with the Trans-Pecos Field

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THE PECOS LAND MAN OIL LEASES A SPECIALTY

When you are in the market for or want to know anything about

OIL LEASES, FARM OR RANCH LANDS OR TOWN PROPERTY

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Pecos, Texas

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ALL TITLES GUARANTEED

Office Located in First National Bank Building

COLLEGE ENTRANCE AND GRADUATION

From The Whirlwind. Every student entering college must solve the problem of entrance into the school of his choice.

Most colleges require fifteen units for entrance. However, the fifteen units required differ as much as the schools differ.

Many students hesitate to take a subject which has not been affiliated by the department of education.

The High School at the present time has nineteen accredited units with the State Department of Education.

The High School offers the following subjects some of which are seeking to be accredited this term:

Spanish, three units; Stenography, one and one-half units; Bookkeeping, one-half unit; Home Economics, one additional unit; Physical Geography, one-half unit; Physiology, one-half unit; and Civics one-half unit.

Let us remember that once we two listened and quivered, and heard the call of the nesting bird, and the budding seed.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. The LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets) is the only one that cures colds and coughs in one day.

"Castles in Spain" have often figured in poetry, but American capital has given castles in Austria a status of prosaic reality.

San Diego school offers a course in scenario writing. May as well let them get it over with while father foots the bills.

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers.

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Frezzone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Frezzone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Frezzone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

The first speaker was Edmund Carline. He made a fine talk and put forth some good argument.

The question that was debated was: Resolved that written English is of more importance than oral English.

Those on the affirmative were Edmund Carline and George Kesler. On the negative were T. B. Pruet and A. J. Moran.

The rebuttals were much better than the opening speeches however. Edmund did especially well.

With The English Classes

From The Whirlwind. (The first of a series of articles on the work of the various classes in High School; written in order that the patrons of the school may read of the progress of their children in their studies.)

SENIOR ENGLISH. The Senior English class of nine exceedingly bright seniors has a long but interesting course to complete this year.

We, the members of the Senior English class assure Mr. Humphrey, our instructor, that it will not be so difficult a task, as we are very interested in our work and are willing to do our best.

The second term will consist of a review of grammar, a study of unity, coherence and emphasis in the four kinds of discourse with Nuttall, Huxley and Greenough; specimens of prose compositions and studies of essays, short stories and ballads; a study of the Literary Digest.

We took up the American Literary Reading last Friday and we all seem to enjoy it very much and hope to accomplish much this year.

JUNIOR ENGLISH. We have missed our fellow student, Betty Watson, very much. She was absent all last week and we hope to see her back soon.

Thursday morning as we walked into our class-room we were stared in the face by nine hard questions. After lingering over them for the extent of our period, we found them easier than we anticipated.

Mrs. Brooks has made the following Halloween assignment: Tell of the Scottish families and English peasants as seen in Burns, Cotter's Saturday Night and in Scott's, The Monastery.

Our course of work for the first semester consist of the following: Long's English Literature to page 235. Study Washington's Farewell Address, Webster's Bunker Hill Oration, Lincoln's Address at Cooper Institute; an outline for one of Shakespeare's plays; a book report; a long theme for each of the four forms of discourse; memorize two hundred lines of poetry.

Juniors, this is a hard course but it is our duty to complete this work. Remember our Motto: "Rowing but not drifting."

SOPHOMORE ENGLISH CLASS-SECTION TWO. Friday Section Two of the Sophomore English class had one of the most interesting recitations of the year.

The assignment was as follows: 1. Tell why the English called John Paul Jones a pirate and a rebel. 2. Read and outline the first chapter of "Ivanhoe" and be able to tell it.

John Wilson gave one of the best discussions on John Paul Jones. His reason why the English called John Paul Jones a pirate was especially fine. He also mentioned the fact that the man's name was not John Paul Jones but John Paul. We do not know for what reason he added the name Jones.

One of the best outlines of Chapter 1 of "Ivanhoe" was presented by Mary Stine. She told the story of the chapter very well laying particular stress on the social and political situation of England at the time of the story.

A great many students gave interesting facts they have learned in school this year. Among them were: Lorena Furr gave an interesting and picturesque account of the origin of the Sphinx and told how it came to be known that there were some tombs and a temple on the inside.

Balsar Hefner made a good talk also, however it was on the subject of observation. Last but not least was the debate. Of course you must realize that all this was not as monotonous as it seems to you on reading this. On the contrary it was very lively.

The question that was debated was: Resolved that written English is of more importance than oral English.

Those on the affirmative were Edmund Carline and George Kesler. On the negative were T. B. Pruet and A. J. Moran.

The first speaker was Edmund Carline. He made a fine talk and put forth some good argument. The next speaker, T. B. Pruet, refuted some of these arguments and made some good ones himself, then passing the discussion on to George Kesler who supported Edmund's argument with additional information.

The rebuttals were much better than the opening speeches however. Edmund did especially well.

Another interesting debate and some themes on Halloween are expected soon.

During the first half of the course in English 2 we are to stress the exercises in Herrick and Damon Rhetoric.

Each week we are to have at least one oral or written composition. Much interesting material will be furnished us for composition by the on-coming holidays: Armistice Day, Thanksgiving, Christmas, Halloween and others.

The Sketch Book, by Irving, is to be read during the first half of the course and used near the end of the term to illustrate the principles of Rhetoric.

A long novel is to be reported on also. The students are now debating in their minds what book to read. The following may be chosen: The Spy, Lorne Doone, Tale of Two Cities, and Last of the Mohicans.

We have not yet decided on what magazine we will take but hope to soon. The Literary Digest seems to be the one most likely to serve our purpose best.

In the native city of Caruso, Naples, a memorial has been erected to mourn his death. It is in the form of a large candle and is so gigantic that if burned every night it would last for about five years.

"Along the Rio Grande Valley extending as far east as Sierra Blanca, there is a very common weed called the wax weed. When the wax is extracted from this weed it has a commercial value of \$40.00 per pound. It is used for making phonograph records. The weed is easily cultivated, and the crop this year will be valued at about one million dollars.

LOCALS FROM ENGLISH TWO. We have a number of new pupils in our English. Olean and Hershall Rhodes are new pupils in our class.

Hattie Sudbrook is also a new pupil, very promising. Hershall Rhodes was absent a few days last week.

Willie Ruth Hines has been the only absentee from the Section Two of English. Both sections have done good work so far but we hope to improve as we go. We are stressing written work and we are finding it hard as usual but many interesting compositions have been written.

FRESHMEN. We have two new additions to this section, Richard Sedbrook of St. Louis and Eamer Dick from Alabama.

Every current event we learn interesting facts about interesting things, for everyone has some enlightening facts to tell about subjects that concern our nation. In our construction of sentences we tell only things that are interesting.

We are proud of our Athletes. Cecil Wheat and W. C. Hudson are on the football team and many others have made the "Scrub." We have also some star tennis players in the form of Bill Dean and Charles Fitzgerald.

Japan's position seems to be that she is willing to give back Shantung to China, diplomatically, but insists on keeping it, actually.—Tulsa Tribune.

Money back without a question! HUNT'S GUARANTEED SKIN DISEASE REMEDIES (Hunt's Salve and Soap) fail in the treatment of Itch, Ringworm, Ringworm, Tetter, or any itching skin disease. Try this treatment at once!

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ASPIRIN Name "Bayer" on Genuine

Take Aspirin only as told in each package of genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during 21 years, and proved safe by millions.

Take Aspirin only as told in each package of genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during 21 years, and proved safe by millions.

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PERSONAL

Mrs. Carl C. Morrison of El Paso is here on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Mann and family.

Mrs. S. E. Wilson asks The Enterprise to state that in the article recently published in this paper and clipped from the Sweetwater Reporter was in error in that the jury in the case of J. W. Forrester, charged with killing Posey and wife, at or near Roby in Fisher county, stood seven for conviction and five for acquittal instead of the opposite as appeared in said article.

Postmaster H. N. McKellar returned early in the week from Dallas where Mrs. McKellar underwent an operation last Saturday for the removal of an inward goiter. Mrs. McKellar is improving rapidly according to word received from Dallas this week and is expecting to be able to leave the hospital late this week and go to the home of relatives in that city.

Mrs. Arch Bell is in Dallas for several days this week, attending the State Fair and visiting relatives.

I. L. Barlow of Balmorhea, spent Monday in Pecos visiting his mother, Mrs. M. E. Randolph. On his return home he drove a Studebaker car, purchased from the Pecos Mercantile Company and arriving home sprung quite an agreeable surprise on his family. I. L. is not only agent for the Pecos Valley Southern down there but is also engaged in farming and has a nice herd of fine jerseys, and registered hogs and is prospering.

Ernest Goeth, representing the Dallas branch of the paper house of E. C. Palmer & Co., was a business visitor in Pecos Sunday and Monday forenoon and took along a nice order for stock from The Enterprise office. Mr. Goeth is a fine fellow and was the editor's guest Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Green McComb visited relatives for a few days in Pecos this week from their Guadalupe Mountain home.

Wednesday morning at 1 o'clock the stork visited Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Stalling at their home in Barstow and left them a beautiful little 8 1/2 pound daughter. Mother and baby are doing nicely under the expert nursing of Mrs. B. G. Gunn.

Mrs. G. B. Finley returned Sunday from San Angelo where she had been for the past few weeks with a sister who was ill.

Mr. and Mrs. John Z. Means of Valentine, were in Pecos Sunday and Monday visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. H. Browning, and in attendance upon the Baptist revival in progress.

Mrs. Frank Rarey of Ranger, came up last week for a visit to her mother, Mrs. A. J. Cookney.

O. T. Norwood has returned from New York where he has been purchasing goods for The Pecos Bargain House.

Dr. W. B. Lynd, who has been spending the summer months at his home in Los Angeles, Calif., returned to Pecos Wednesday morning, and has again opened his office at the same place.

Mrs. W. H. Browning left Saturday for her home at Lampasas after a two week's visit to her little grandson, Walter Browning, Jr., infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Browning. She also visited while here her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Brooks and sons, W. H. Browning, Jr., and Walter Browning.

County Judge James F. Ross is confined to his bed at his farm home at Toyahvale with a bad attack of stomach trouble suffered Wednesday night.

John Cowan is reported to be showing signs of improvement, following the severe operation which he underwent several weeks ago, although he is still far from a convalescent stage.

Mrs. John Adams of Saragosa was a business visitor in Pecos Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Honaker of Saragosa, were shopping in town Wednesday.

Mrs. T. L. Cross and her granddaughter, Mae Chancey, of Merkel, came to Pecos recently for the health of the little girl who suffers with asthma. So effectual has the change of climate been that she has not suffered an attack since coming to Pecos three weeks ago. The mother of the little girl, Mrs. H. C. Chancey, and two other children came Sunday and the children have entered school. They will probably spend the winter here.

Mrs. W. A. Hudson returned last week from Waxahachie, where she was called a short time ago on the sad mission of attending the funeral of her father, who passed away while visiting a son in Houston. Mrs. Hudson has the deepest sympathy in this sad bereavement of her many friends in Pecos.

Mrs. Elmer Jones and children are visiting her mother, Mrs. G. T. Loby this week.

TO AUTOMOBILE AND FORD OWNERS

I have opened the Slover Garage in the building known as the Pecos Motor Service Co. Garage where I am prepared to do your repair work promptly and efficiently. Ford Motors overhauled for \$15.00. No charges for examination. All my work is guaranteed and any customer not satisfied with my work can have his money back. A share of your work will be appreciated.

WALTER SLOVER (Advertisement)

BAPTIST REVIVAL A GREAT SUCCESS

The revival now in progress at the Baptist church has attracted widespread attention and been very successful up to date. Probably the largest crowds seen at a religious gathering in years have been in attendance on these services. Twenty-four have united with the church up to the close of the services Wednesday night and the interest seemed to be growing.

The music has been of a very high order, Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds are widely known as musicians and leaders of songs, and justly so. Many have been the compliments concerning these accomplished people. Dr. Neal is one of the strongest preachers of the state and has won his way into the hearts of the people of Pecos.

The meeting will continue through Sunday night. If you have not been in those services you are the loser. Hear the good music and preaching before Sunday night.

METHODISTS START TREATING 'EM RIGHT

The Methodist congregation of Pecos believe in doing the right thing by their in-coming pastor even if they do allow him to leave with a good portion of his salary unpaid and in accordance with their custom they started in early to prepare a feast and lay in a supply of eats for the new pastor. Word came that they would arrive on Tuesday and it was supposed they would come in on the Santa Fe. Instead they came through in a Ford and had the usual—if not more than the usual—amount of experience en-route.

The ladies of the Missionary Society had prepared a nice, warm dinner of baked hen and everything else they could think of and had the table set for two or three hours before their arrival but it remained "sot" just to show what the Pecos ladies could do. Besides this the Missionary Society with the help of Bro. Curtis, called on all Methodists for a donation for a "pounding." About \$60.00 was raised and a bill of goods made out and ordered delivered at the parsonage which left out nothing, even to the smallest detail, to keep them from stepping in and feeling at home. It was a nice gift and one which was very much appreciated by the in-coming pastor and his family.

Thirty locations, selected leases, Pecos field, near principal development, W. W. Dean, Owner, Pecos. 1 (Advertisement)

Mrs. C. E. Buchholz returned Saturday from a three weeks visit to her daughter, Mrs. Addison Wadley, at Midland.

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Daniel came in from New Orleans the forepart of the week where Mrs. Daniel had been visiting relatives and friends for sometime. Dr. Daniel, who is vice president of the Toyah Valley Sulphur Co., went to New Orleans a week or so ago for Mrs. Daniel and to see after business matters at the head office of the company.

Leases, 5 acres to sections lots, Loving county, near Toyah Bell—W. W. Dean, Pecos, Texas. 1t (Advertisement)

H. G. Russell, recently of Midland, is now a citizen of Pecos, having moved here this week. Mr. Russell is not unknown to our people as he formerly lived at Barstow and was at one time associated with Ben Palmer in the practice of law. The Enterprise extends to Mr. Russell and family a warm welcome to Pecos.

OIL LEASES, one to ten miles of Toyah Bell No. 2—W. W. Dean Owner, Pecos Texas. 1t (Advertisement)

FORMIN GOOD READING HABITS

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RED BLUFF MAPS TURNED OVER TO U. S.

Maps and blue prints pertaining to the Red Bluff reservoir site have been forwarded to the U. S. Reclamation Service at Denver, Colorado, by Vernon L. Sullivan, engineer of El Paso, in compliance with the terms of the contract signed last week by the Pecos Valley Water Users Association.

In a letter Mr. Sullivan reports that he has forwarded the following:

"Map, three by eight feet showing all of the land lying under present constructive irrigation systems in Texas excepting the lands being irrigated by pump at Porterville. One map about three by seven feet of the proposed Red Bluff reservoir showing the contours of the reservoir the section line, the proposed dam site and soforth for a reservoir with a maximum of about eighty foot depth which should be increased to about ninety feet, one map showing cross section of the river at the dam site and cross sections of the proposed dam and outlet by the Toyah Lake Irrigation Company, one cross section of the River and plans of proposed dam by Mr. Scougalt and one cross section of the dam by Mr. Scougalt."

These maps and cross sections will save considerable preliminary work on the part of the Government geologists when they arrive to start operations and will cut down the expense.

These maps were prepared by Mr. Sullivan at the expenditure of considerable time and money, while Mr. Sullivan has also been a contributor to the fund providing for the survey.

In closing his letter to the Reclamation Service he says: "The importance and the necessity of this reservoir on as large a scale as

practical to provide adequate water for the farmers under these already constructed systems can hardly be over-estimated."

U. S. MEASURES FLOW OF THE PECOS

Additional gauges are to be placed in the Pecos River by representatives of the U. S. Geological Survey State Board of Water-Engineers in order to obtain more accurate measurements of the flow of the river and its possibilities for irrigation purposes.

The State Board has stationed R. G. West, one of its engineers in Pecos, and his territory will be the Pecos river from Malaga in New Mexico down to the Rio Grande.

The statistics secured by these gauges will prove to be important in furthering the Red Bluff project, and will show more accurately the number of acres that could be placed under the Red Bluff dam.

Gauges are now placed in the river at Malaga, at Red Bluff and at Grandfalls. The board plans to install new gauges at a point just above the Porterville district, at a point

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just below the Barstow district and below the Zimmerman district, and also in some of the main irrigation canals in order to determine the amount of water consumed by each.

Measurements have been taken with the old gauges for sometime, but as the readings were made at irregular periods the information has not been as accurate as the engineers would like to have it. C. E. Ellsworth, chief engineer

of this district was here with Mr. West this week acquainting him with the work.

A full report of the water measurements will be made to the Chamber of Commerce, through arrangements made by Secretary Walter N. Sutherland.

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