

GREAT BED OF COAL FOUND IN CULBERSON

A great bed of coal has been found in Culberson county. The exact location of the find is being guarded as a secret by the finder till he is ready to give that secret to the public.

Several days ago a gentleman called at the Chamber of Commerce and exhibited what looked to the secretary like a chunk of coal and asked what it was. He explained that he had found a ledge of the substance 30 feet in thickness and that was exposed for many feet—he didn't know how far, but he should judge it to be several hundred feet in length. The secretary expressed some surprise at a ledge such as had been described could exist in Culberson county or anywhere else in West Texas and he escaped the notice of the thousands of oil land hunters and geologists who have made this section the state their stamping ground since oil was found in the shallow field of the Toyah Basin, ten or more years ago.

The gentleman persisted that he had found the ledge as described and he had come to the Chamber of Commerce with the hope that he would be told whether or not the ledge had commercial value. The sample was sent to the Texas State School of Mines, at El Paso, for analysis. The report follows:

Content	Per cent
Moisture	1.21
Volatile matter	26.14
Fixed carbon	50.23
Loss on ignition	22.42
	100.00

The heating power as expressed in British Thermal Units, (B.T.U.) was given in the report as 11,710.

The report goes on to say that the sample seemed to be from the surface and very much air dried, the moisture content was much lower than would be the case in a sample from depth. The idea was also expressed that it might be found that the average run of the coal bed would be the presence of sulphur which would reduce the heating value of the coal and a request for a fresher sample was made or suggested.

The report intimated that the coal was possessed of qualities which would have a value to give it an added value more making any positive statement that point a further analysis of the sample should be made.

The report has been submitted to A. Lee, a geologist who has had experience in examining coal fields, and to Charles Peyton, who has spent in the coal fields of West Virginia and there it is that if the coal is as good as the report shows it to be and the manner in which the sample was taken, the find is worth millions of dollars to the coal users of El Paso and westward as a whole.

The finder of the first coal to be reported in this section of the state cannot even be approximately located. He admits that to be made several miles of railroad would be required to be built but whether it will be built with the Texas & Pacific or Santa Fe, he will not say.

CRIMINAL COURT SESSION THIS WEEK

Criminal Court convened this week with Judge G. B. Presiding. The following cases were disposed of:

Force vs. J. M. Booth et al. Verdict of Labor Lien; judgment for plaintiff.

Kloh et al vs. Perkins Sirt and damages, judgment for plaintiff.

Erdnom vs. F. G. Ashe. Verdict, judgement for plaintiff.

Casey vs. Jose H. Salcedo. Verdict of deed of trust; judgement for plaintiff.

Donnelly vs. W. L. Connolly. Verdict, decree granted.

Bell vs. Margaret S. Bell. Verdict.

Texas vs. E. A. Norman. Verdict.

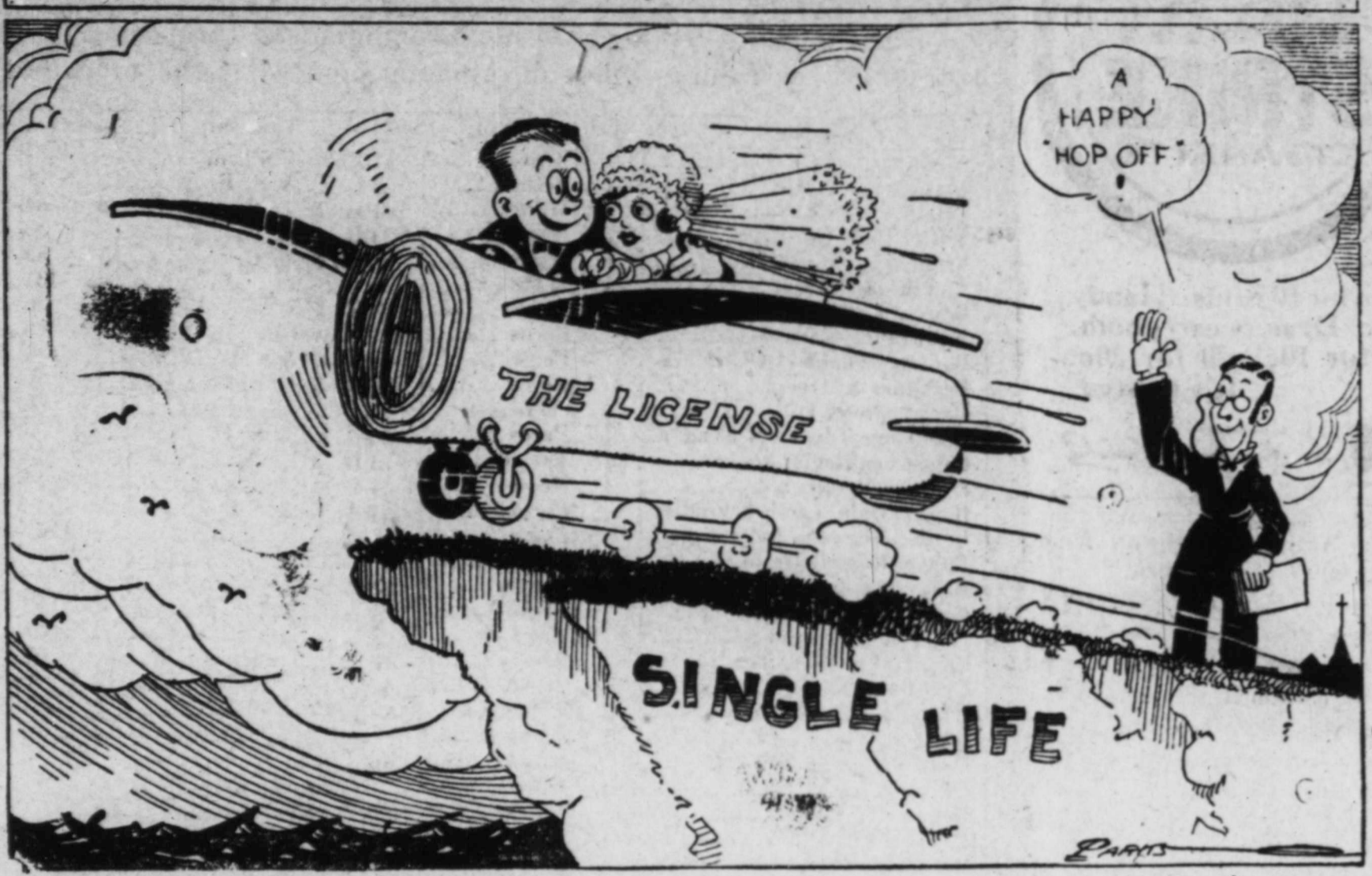
Charged to Van Horn, Culberson. Bond fixed at \$3000, defendant in jail.

Texas vs. Roby J. Eiland. Verdict of not guilty. Verdict sentenced to five years in prison. Motion for new trial granted.

Notice of appeal filed. Bond under bond of \$2500, furnished.

Mrs. Marcellous Alverton. Verdict of guilty sentenced to five years in penitentiary.

NOW THAT JUNE IS HERE —



TRAINING SCHOOL FOR S. S. WORKERS

The second session of the El Paso Training School for Sunday School workers will be held in El Paso June 7-15. This school is conducted by the Methodist church but all are invited to attend. Rev. E. L. Nance the field secretary is in Pecos this week in the interest of the meeting and he reports great interest all over the conference.

There will be very little expense attached to the session. The Lydia Patterson Institute gives the use of the rooms free and board at cost or about one dollar per day, the member attending must furnish the linen.

A large number from Pecos will attend. Rev. Fred B. Faust, Mrs. Faust, P. J. Rutledge, Margaret Nell Rutledge, Dr. H. N. Lusk, Mrs. Albert Sisk, Mrs. A. C. Waugh, Mrs. Mitchell, Miss Lillie Poe, Miss Cornelia Ligon, Donald Rullan, Mrs. Taggart and Miss Fanny Quillian are among the number who will attend for sure. Several others are considering going and may attend. Some of those who may attend are R. E. L. Kite, Mrs. Oram Green, Mrs. Butler, Mrs. O. T. Norwood, Mrs. A. E. Wilcox, Mrs. J. G. Love and others.

Subjects to be offered are: Methods of teaching beginners, ages 3-6. Characteristics of the primary pupil, 6-9. Junior lesson material, 9-12. Method of teaching the Intermediate senior pupil, 12-18.

The organization and classification of the Sunday School.

The character of the young people, 18-24. The principles of religious teaching.

The faculty are as follows named in order of the subject taught: Miss Mary Alice Jones, Miss Minnie E. Kennedy, Mrs. E. E. Smith, Prof. C. O. Shugart, Mr. L. F. Sensabaugh, Prof. Hahie Bronscomb and Miss M. Annie Moore. Bishop Duhose and Dr. George Stuart will give lectures. Some of the teachers and lecturers are the finest in the South.

PHILOSOPHY OF ADVERTISING

One of the saddest spectacles observable in American business life at the present time is offered by those merchants and manufacturers who have been so impressed by the existing wave of economy that they are cutting down on their advertising. The buying public today is very different from the buying public of two centuries ago, and what is more to the point, even of two decades ago. The modern public has been brought up on advertisements. The infant food it imbibes from its nursing bottle, the shoes it wears, are on its reluctant walks to school, the ring it slides upon a beloved finger as a token of the happy date of acceptance, the baby carriage it later invests in, even the ornate box in which it is at last laid to rest and the enduring stone that marks the spot are all bought because they have been advertised. What is not advertised is ignored as if it did not exist.

Yet it is better never to advertise at all than to advertise and then to stop. That is fatal—perhaps not at once, but eventually. It is taken as a confession of failure. People interpret it as meaning that the goods of the man who ceases to advertise have been tested in the great laboratory of public opinion and have been found wanting. It is as if he had his wares spread out in his window for examination and comparison, and should then suddenly board up the window. People view such action with suspicion.

An advertising appropriation should be a permanent charge, no more subject to arbitrary cancellation than the dealer's charge for shop rent or light. It can be made a far more profitable investment than the money spent for rent and light.

STATE PARK FOR WEST TEXAS

A movement is on foot to have a large area, including the picturesque and widely beautiful peaks and canyons of the Davis Mountains, set apart as a "state park." The object of the protagonists of the idea is to preserve, for public benefit, some of the most beautiful scenery, not only in Texas but in the whole United States; to conserve, for domestic use and for irrigation purposes, the great rainfall of the section which will be embraced within the proposed park; to protect the wild life which abounds but which is threatened with extinction, and to make a playground for the people of the state and for the thousands of automobile tourists who can be attracted to the park as they pass east or west, from coast to coast, going or returning, in the beauties of the park are advertised as widely and as well as they should be.

The "state park" idea is not a new one. It is older, even, than the idea of "national parks." Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania and other of the more populous states of the east and north, long ago began to designate certain mountainous areas as "state parks," not so much, at first, with a view toward preserving beauty spots as for the purpose of conserving water for domestic purposes.

Texas is seeing the light, rather late than the old adage, "better late than never" will apply. Now that west Texas has made a start in the right direction, it is more than likely that other sections of the state will wake up to the conclusion that natural beauty spots shall be preserved and that water for domestic purposes and for irrigation shall be conserved.

It is doubtful if there is a state in the American Union in which may be found so many beautiful bits of river, canyon and mountain peaks which should be set apart for public playground uses and it is absolutely certain that there is not another American state having greater need for water conservation.

The Hon. W. W. Stewart, representative of Reeves county in the Texas legislature, is the father of the "state park" idea and if his plans go through the first "state park" to take form will comprise in the neighborhood of 100 square miles of the most rugged portions of the mountainous region of Reeves and Jeff Davis counties and will take in the wonderfully scenic Limpia, Ajuba, Madera and other though lesser canyons of the Davis Mountains, rivalling in beauty and grandeur the peaks and canyons of the mountainous sections of Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona or the Pacific coast states.

To make the scenic portions of the proposed park accessible to tourists it is proposed to construct automobile roads through the mountains to all points of interest possible to reach and which will connect with the Bankhead, by way of Toyah, Pecos and Kent; with the Old Spanish Trail by way of Balmorhea and Fort Stockton and with the more southern routes by way of Marfa, Alpine and Fort Davis.

But the playground feature of the new park will not be the only feature worth while. Mr. Stewart and his fellow park protagonists are utilitarian. They are practical men and while alive to the value of the proposed state reservation for the practical point of view, they have very clear ideas of the value of water for all purposes but very particularly from the view point of irrigated lands. They have in mind the conservation of the great volume of water precipitated on the peaks and in the canyons of the Davis Mountains, in the form of snow or rain and they also know that with that water carefully conserved in the artificial lakes which may be built in

ONLY ALL-LINOTYPE WEEKLY EVER PRINTED

Some few weeks ago The Enterprise received an unsolicited letter of commendation from the Mergenthaler Linotype Company, complimenting the typographical appearance of The Enterprise. The letter also requested 1000 copies of the next issue in which the entire paper was printed from their machines and on May 6th The Enterprise issued an all linotype edition of sixteen pages. The one thousand copies requested were sent the company by express and will be distributed to the Mergenthaler customers as samples of typographical possibilities by the use of the Mergenthaler Linotype Machine.

Mr. John Hibdon, Enterprise and Times, Pecos, Texas.

Dear Mr. Hibdon:

Today we received the 1000 copies of The Enterprise as per schedule.

As far as we know this is the first all Linotype edition of a weekly newspaper ever gotten out, and we are very much pleased with the Typographical appearance. Again appreciating your co-operation in this matter and congratulating you on this achievement, we remain,

Yours very truly,
MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.
F. W. BOTT, Manager.

APPRECIATION

It would take too much space to publish all the compliments The Enterprise receives from subscribers and contemporaries, but the following unsolicited letter coming from a new subscriber is worthy of our acknowledgment.

Altus, Okla., May 23, 1921.
Editor Pecos Enterprise,
Pecos, Texas.

Dear Sir:

I have today received my first copy of your paper for which I recently subscribed. I am so pleased with it that I cannot resist complimenting you. It so far outclasses any other western paper that I get, it is hard to realize it is a South Plain's paper. The character of the news shows it was not gained just by sitting in the office and waiting for some person to drop in or phone, and makes one wish that press day was again just tomorrow. Long may you splash ink and much may you prosper.

R. L. MISNER.

The proposed state park nearly, if not quite 100,000 acres of fertile lands may be converted into farms and furnish homes for thousands of contented settlers. They know, too, that unless the water is conserved the lands in question will continue to be given over to grazing and those who might cultivate them will be compelled to look elsewhere for the coveted homes.

The project, though in its infancy, is deemed worthy of the best thought of the best people of Texas and particularly of the most careful consideration of the law makers of the state. The setting apart of Representative Stewart's proposed state park in the Davis mountains will involve the expenditure of some money, out, like the proverbial bread cast upon the waters, it will come many fold through the thousands of tourists who will be attracted every year and through the conversion of thousands of acres of now waste lands into fertile and productive farms.

The establishment of the proposed park will add greatly to Toyah's importance as a station on the great east and west Bankhead highway. It will be the point from which thousands of tourists, desiring to visit the park will make their detour and if properly advertised Toyah will be made the great supply point for those tourists.—Toyah Basin News.

LATEST PECOS OIL FIELD NEWS SHOWS BUSINESS PICKING UP

TOYAH BELL GETS BIT

The bit lost in the Toyah Bell No. 2 on May 4th, was recovered May 28th. On the morning of May 29th a second bit was lost but was recovered and drilling resumed within a few hours time.

Mr. Willoughby sent cuttings, from the well to the U. S. Geological Department and received a reply in which it is stated that while it is impossible to say where commercial production may be encountered it is the belief that the well will have to be drilled several hundred feet deeper, possibly to 4000 feet. Mr. Willoughby says he is no longer to be fooled with seep oil and is buckling down to hard work and will go as rapidly as possible to the real oil bearing formation and as his information comes directly from the U. S. Geological Department he expects to get the oil within the next 1000 feet.

VERDICT OF GUILTY IN THE EILAND CASE

Although the parties to the suit of the State of Texas against Robie J. Eiland of Stanton, Texas, for seduction were not known to the majority of the people of Pecos the case attracted wide anxiety and speculation as to the outcome. The family of J. L. Ward, a farmer who resides about four miles west of Stanton, parents of Myrtle Ward, are well known to a number of the old West Texas residents in Pecos, all of whom bear testimony of its respectability. Myrtle Ward accused Robie J. Eiland of being the father of her child, about three years old. She claimed he accomplished her ruin under a promise of marriage and his punishment was handed to him by a Pecos jury.

Evidence of the unimpeachable character of Myrtle Ward was offered by the prosecution and no attempt to refute it was introduced by the defense. There was no evidence for the defense introduced except a futile effort to quash the indictment on the grounds that the alleged crime was not committed in Midland county. The county surveyor of Midland introduced maps showing the dividing county lines, but the evidence of Miss Ward that the occurrences all happened in a pasture which was known to be in Midland county effectually obliterated the plea of non-jurisdiction. Judge Gibbs charged that the testimony of Miss Ward must be corroborated to convict and the jury held that circumstances introduced in evidence were sufficient to consider her testimony as convincing.

B. F. Haag, the young and very promising county attorney worked up the evidence for conviction and his commendable efforts elicited very favorable encomiums from the Reeves county bar. John B. Howard assisted the prosecution, and although he was on the wrong side of the case, made one of his best efforts. An attempt to get the evidence before the jury that the defendant was a slacker was ruled out by the court, but Howard got there with it by exhibiting the defendant's photograph within full view of the jury and addressing his scathing denunciation to the picture. The defense offered objections at every point but were obliged to take the medicine. When the jury retired the first vote was ten for conviction and two for acquittal. The next vote stood eleven to one for conviction and was held that way until the verdict of guilty was agreed to. The defendant was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary and was taken from jail on a \$3500.00 bond furnished by relatives. Bond was given to hold during the appeal which will be argued before the Criminal Court of Appeals.

COPIOUS RAINS MAKE HAPPY WEST TEXANS

It has been showering at intervals all over Reeves county since last Friday when The Enterprise was last in any pastures which have not been published, and there are very few, been soaked. Really the ranges, as regards moisture, are in better conditions now than at this season for several years. On account of the drought and shortage of grass many head of cattle had already been shipped to pastures in Kansas and elsewhere, and many who have shipped now wish they had not.

While our stockmen are now hard pressed for money, the same as every other class of citizens of West Texas, they will be able to begin to put fat stuff on the market in from thirty to sixty days which will relieve them and therefore every business concern in the cattle growing section of the State.

It is impossible to even estimate the real benefit these rains have been to West Texas, but to say the least every one you meet wears a broader smile and is happier.

President Alfred Tinaly stated to The Enterprise this morning that the derrick of the Sunshine over the Laura which was recently burned down will be completed by Sunday. The management is doing everything possible to get the drill to going once more in this well. George Livingston and his family are here now and ready to go to work with the drilling as soon as the rig is completed.

Good progress is reported on many drilling operations in the Pecos territory during the past week, while several operations have been delayed by accidents.

The continued good showings in a number of wells east of the Pecos river carries promise of early production from that section, and the chief interests seem to be in that territory for the immediate future.

The Toyah Bell No. 2, which had been delayed for three weeks by a lost bit in the well is again drilling the bit having been removed Monday night. A second bit was lost the next day, but it was brought to the top without any difficulty. The hole is down more than 3000 feet, and a change of formation from lime to a hard metallic substance, regarded as favorable for oil was had late this week.

The Trans-Pecos which has had excellent showings of oil in a heavy sand formation, which interferes with the casing, is gradually working the casing through this sand, and the management believes that they will be able to set the string on a blue shale and sand formation struck at the bottom of the 900 foot hole.

The River No. 2 of the Arthur-Pitts people is down more than 1650 feet and at last report was drilling in a gray lime formation. Frequent breaks indicate that this bit has passed nearly all of the salt rock that will be found in the well. An excellent showing of oil in the salt is taken as an almost sure indication of paying production in the vicinity of the hole.

The Pinal Dome Oil Company has found its first water stratum at 830 feet, and has been engaged in setting casing to that depth, and in running a water line to a tank filled by the heavy rains of the past ten days. This well is in eastern Loving county and is a test being put down on a block of 30,000 acres.

A number of accidents to the machinery of the Bell well has delayed operations there during the past week. About 400 feet of the 1700-foot string of casing had been removed when the accident occurred, and it is doubtful if the crew will be able to set the new string before early in the week. The strong gas pressure continued in this hole.

The Helen S. a quarter mile south of the Bell has found an excellent showing in a brown lime at 987 feet, and is setting casing to that depth, before drilling on.

The Pecos Angeles, is underreaming down to 700 feet before drilling on. The Los Pecos Syndicate has removed a lost bit from the 880 foot hole and is drilling on in a good lime formation but is being delayed by an underreamer lug lost in the hole. The drill is being used to pound this to pieces.

In Eastern Culberson county the Owens No. 1, has started drilling operations on their No. 1, hole after moving the rig for the third time because of fishing jobs. The No. 2, well has resumed drilling at below 1400 feet in a dark lime formation after laying off for a week while the crew assisted in moving the drilling rig.

The heavy rains of the past ten days filled the tanks of the Pinal Dome and the Consolidated Sulphur Companies, and E. Berner, superintendent of the latter concern states that he has wired the company's headquarters in Los Angeles for permission to resume drilling operation. This company has a standard derrick erected on the sulphur fields of eastern Culberson county.

The Toyah Shallow Oil Company still engaged in a fishing job Cowan ranch well, in which sand was found at 505 feet. The company is also drilling well near the El Paso-Sar of Pecos, expecting to pick up low sand at between 400 and 500 feet.

L. R. Cox of the who has started a after the 200 foot the head office of Davenport, Iowa, to explain the plan He proposes to sink 200 feet in diameter down to the oil heavy Toyah) in the belief that to such a he will see in and that t he in large quantities, greatly increased production can be out to the side of such a shaft. His figures indicate that the work can be accomplished for approximately the same price as drilling a hole to that depth.

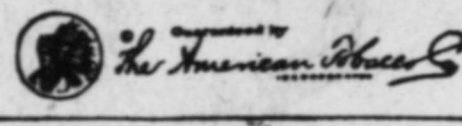
CARPENTIER HERE FOR DEMPSEY BOUT



Georges Carpentier, European heavyweight champion, is quartered in his Long Island training camp and at work for his battle with Jack Dempsey for the world championship title at Jersey City, N. J., July 2.



Ten for 10 cents. Handy size. Dealers carry both. 10 for 10c; 20 for 20c. It's toasted.



Bankhead National Highway Ass'n. It ain't the guns or armament, Or tunes the band can play, But it's close cooperation That makes us win the day. It ain't the individual Nor the army as a whole, But the everlasting team-work Of every bloomin' soul.

-Kipling.

A GEOLOGIST AS A PROPHET

An estimate made in 1915 by the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior, of the quantity of natural gas available to Dallas, Fort Worth, and other Texas cities has proved to be very nearly correct. Though recognized as a hazardous undertaking, it is evidently possible to make, on a sound scientific basis, a fairly close and very useful estimate of the quantity of unrecovered natural gas in any particular region.



Ship and Sail under the Stars and Stripes to all parts of the world

SHIPS with the Stars and Stripes blowing from their masts are once more sailing the seven seas. They are, by the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, ultimately to be owned and operated privately by citizens of the United States.

They are American ships, carrying passengers and, as President Harding has said, "carrying our cargoes in American bottoms to the marts of the world." Keep our splendid ships on the seven seas under the Stars and Stripes by sailing and shipping on them.

Free use of Shipping Board films Use of Shipping Board motion picture films, four reels, free on request of any mayor, pastor, postmaster, or organization.

SHIPS FOR SALE (To American citizens only) Steel steamers both oil and coal burners. Also wood steamers wood hulls and ocean-going tugs. Further information may be obtained by request.

For sailings of passenger and freight ships to all parts of the world and all other information write to

U. S. Shipping Board WASHINGTON, D. C.

It was also pointed out in 1915 that gas should be brought to Texas from Oklahoma, and this was done, lengthening the period of gas burning in these cities from three or four years to five years. Finally the belief was expressed that new fields containing both gas and oil would be discovered in Texas, and drilling in the region west of Fort Worth was urged.

This region has now been drilled and a large supply of gas has been made available, so that these cities may expect to have gas several years longer—for many years if waste could be eliminated.

5 ACRES FOR \$50 Section 4, Block B-20, one mile from drilling contract; has been cut into 5-acre tracts, which will be sold at \$50 each. D. A. DODDS, PECOS

DRILLING REPORT

Corrected to June 1, 1921.

The following drilling report was compiled and furnished The Enterprise by W. A. Bennett and is accurate, according to best information, and will be of much interest to the public.

Table with columns: Company, Well, County, Sec., Township, Block, Depth, Remarks. Lists various drilling operations across different counties and townships.

The above list does not include many shallow wells in the Toyah field, and only those in actual operation in the Pecos Valley field. I know of no oil field that at the same stage of development (20 months) that had so many active operations, and the fact that migratory or seepage oil has shown to a remarkable amount proves beyond question that the big pools are surely here, and it is certain that some of these operations will go into them when they get deep enough, which may be anywhere from 2500 to 4000 feet.

INTERN THE GOSSIPS

"They say," "It is rumored," "I have been told," and kindred expressions have caused more heartaches, blasted more characters and thrown into bankruptcy more business institutions than any other combination of words in the English language.

Recently an unconfirmed rumor that a large bank in the city of Dallas was in trouble was circulated. The report spread throughout the city and within an hour depositors were crowding the lobby and extending out into the street, each one intent on fighting his or her way to the window, there to retrieve their savings before it was too late.

The neighborhood gossip, despicable as he or she may be, has a comparatively narrow influence. The peddler of rumors in the business world undermines the confidence of the public in institutions in which thousands are directly or indirectly interested.

Confidence is necessary in business. A good reputation is often better security than lands or bonds. At this period in the history of this Nation we need to restore confidence in our fellow men, in our business institutions and in ourselves.

WHERE TO BOOST YOUR OWN PRODUCT

In a country town, In a farmer's cooperative store, In the heart of a dairy community, In what is perhaps the nation's greatest dairy state, a product is being advertised and sold in large quantities that is helping to keep down the prices of dairy cattle,

milk, and other dairy products. This product is oleomargarine, and the farmer is said to be the best customer. Unfortunately, this condition is not limited to one town but is common to the entire state.

Produce clean milk. Use more milk. Use butter and cheese freely. Fight filled milk. Feed more milk on the farm. In this state, farmers, townsmen, city men—everybody—should boost the products of our farmers.

Letter From Director General Of Bankhead Highway Association Midland Reporter.

It was thoughtful and nice of J. A. Rountree, director general of the National Bankhead Highway Association, to send The Reporter a copy of a personal letter he has written to our townsman, Judge J. M. DeArmond. It is a nice letter, too, and we publish it with pleasure:

Birmingham, Ala. May 12, 1921.

Judge J. M. DeArmond, Director Bankhead National Highway Association, Midland, Texas.

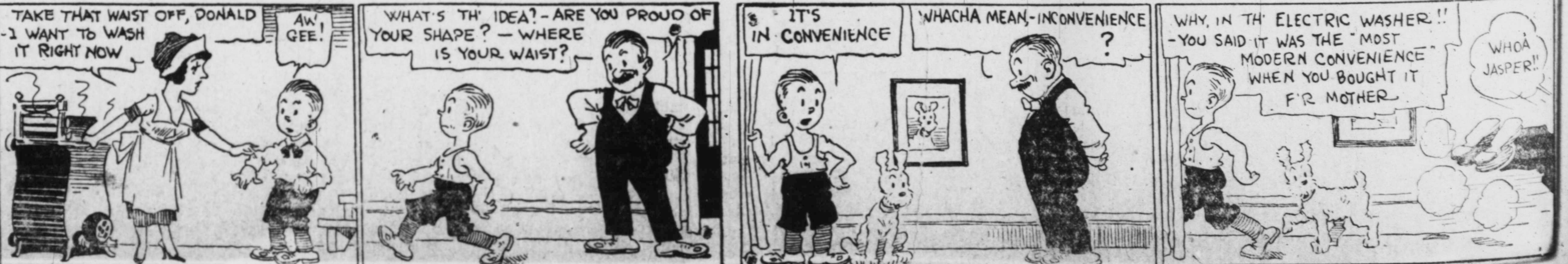
Dear Judge: I am delighted that you attended the fifth annual convention of the Bankhead National Highway Association which met in Greensboro, N. C., April 21 and 22. It was your suggestion at the meeting of the board of directors in Birmingham, January 3rd, that the constitution be amended, and also the by-laws of the Bankhead National Highway Association be amended so as to designate the main line of the Bankhead highway from Washington to San Diego, as well as the various branches that have heretofore been adopted.

Your suggestion, and the action of the revision committee in carrying it out, and the adoption of the same by the association and convention assembled, forever settled the disputes over the main line and branch lines of the Bankhead highway. You did a splendid service to the organization and the highway by making this suggestion and in leading the fight in the committee and securing the adoption by the association in convention assembled. The people of Texas should be proud of your splendid work, and I know they will after they have learned in regard to same.

Again allow me to thank you in the name of the association for your patriotic and splendid work, and congratulate the people of Texas on having you as a member of the board of directors of this great highway.

With very high personal regards, I am, yours very truly, J. A. ROUNTREE, Director Gen.

HOME SWEET HOME by JACK WILSON



DRILLING CORRECTION

The following letter to The Enterprise was called to the attention of W. A. Bennett, who compiles and corrects the drilling report published in The Enterprise each week. The report is in error and will be corrected next week. The two wells referred to are in Crane county and not in Ward as the drilling report shows.

Los Angeles, Calif., May 24, 1921.
Mr. John Hibdon,
Pecos Enterprise,
Pecos, Texas.

Dear Mr. Hibdon:—
We have been receiving The Enterprise each week for the past six months, and can assure you that we look forward to the coming of each issue, as it gives us all the important news regarding developments in the Pecos Valley Field.

In your drilling report we note that you do not show any hole made by this company in northwest Crane county, Section 10, Block B-46. In your last report you list this as being in Ward county instead of Crane county. Also note that you list the Toyah Basin Oil Company, in Section 2, Block 20, as being in Ward County. This test is also in Crane county, as you will note by consulting the map.

I am calling your attention to this knowing that it is your desire to have all matter appearing in your publication as near correct as possible.

Regarding the operations on this Company's McKnight Well No. 1, in Section 10, we wish to say that we have just finished setting casing at 600 feet, and drilling operations are progressing nicely. If everything moves along as we expect we should have a thousand feet of hole made in the next few weeks. Our drill is working in a red clay formation, and in this connection will say that our driller reported a slight showing of oil at a depth of 150 feet.

As many of our clients and leaseholders are readers of The Enterprise, we will make it a point to keep your paper better informed regarding progress on our well in the future. Since the spudding of this Company's well we have given out no drilling information whatever except to our leaseholders, but some of them are rather inclined to doubt us for the reason that they "do not see it in The Enterprise"—which goes to prove that they believe in The Enterprise, and what it says.

With very best wishes for the success

WATCH YOUR STEP

The Texas Oil Ledger has always made an honest effort to help, in its small way, the upbuilding of the oil industry, not only in the Lone Star State, but whenever we have been called upon by independent operators in any part of the United States: we have always tried to respond most heartily and have always without a single exception, granted their requests.

We have always felt, by supporting the wildcatter, that we could help upbuild the oil industry better than in any other way, and after bringing in a discovery well in any field, the wildcatter is no longer a wildcatter, but an independent oil operator.

It is probably because of our kindly feeling toward the wildcatter, the pioneer in the oil industry, the one who takes the long chances, that we have given our undivided support to the independent operators not only of Texas, but of the nation.

We cannot help but feel that the independent operators of Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and North Louisiana had better watch their step in this critical time. We noticed port announcing a meeting of the Independent Oil & Gas Men's Association of North Louisiana to be held at that city next Thursday for the purpose of organizing a Louisiana chapter of the Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association. The Independent Oil and Gas men of Louisiana had better investigate carefully before they take the proposed step. Texas has a chapter of the Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association. Oklahoma has a chapter of the Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association. The price of crude oil in Texas has recently been cut again, until it is now selling at \$1.50 per barrel. A few months ago it was selling at \$3.00 per barrel. The most recent cut in the price of Texas or Mid-Continent crude, came after an increase in the price of Pennsylvania crude, and after an increase in the price of Kentucky crude.

The Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association is not officered by men connected with independent oil companies. Frank Gilliland, Republic Oil Company, Standard subsidiary is its president, and J. Edgar Pew, of Dallas, vice-president of the Sun

of The Enterprise, we remain,
Very sincerely,
TEXOLAND LEASING SYNDICATE
By W. F. QUISENBERRY, Gen. Mgr.

Company, vice-president of the Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana division of that association.

Frank Haskell, vice-president and general manager of the Tidal Oil Company, a subsidiary of the Tidewater Oil Company, which is greatly interested in the success of the Standard Oil Company, is president of the Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association.

Officers of the Sinclair, Gulf and Constantin companies are members of the "executive committee" and their interests are the interests of the Standard Oil Company.

We do not only suggest, but we urge the independent oil and gas operators, not only of Texas, Oklahoma and Arkansas, but of Louisiana to watch their step.

There was a meeting of independent oil operators at Fort Worth several weeks ago, at which time the Independent Oil Operator's Association of Texas was organized. The officials of this organization are not the officials of the big independent companies who stand ever ready to respond to the beck and call of the Standard Oil Company, but are real, dyed-in-the-wool independent oil operators, seeking to make a success merely for the satisfaction of

success itself and to make a good living for themselves and for their stockholders. It is just such an organization that is going to be able to make a successful fight now, and it must have the support, moral and financial, of all true independents in

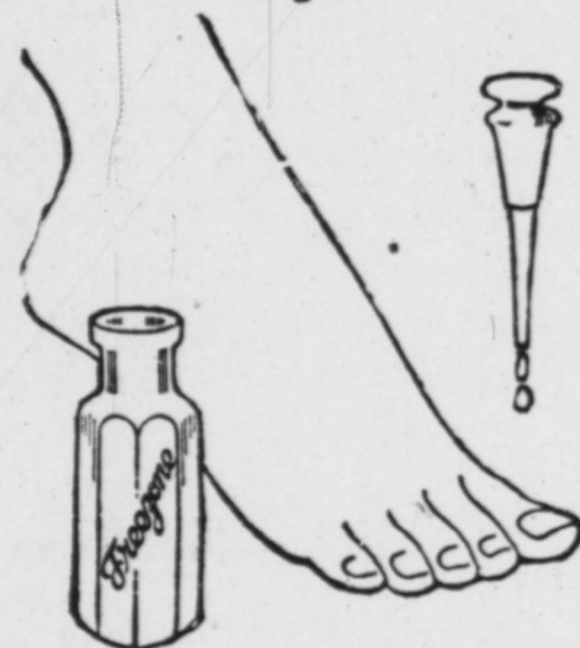
the Southwest States, the states now controlled by the Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association.

The greatest mistake the independent oil and gas operators of North Louisiana could make at the present time is to cast

aside their independence by joining the Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association. Our warning to you, North Louisiana independents, is to watch your step at the meeting next Thursday night.—Texas Oil Ledger.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.

A pipe won't burn your tongue if you smoke P.A.!



Get that pipe-party-bee buzzing in your smoke-section! Know for a fact what a joy 'us jimmy pipe can and will do for your peace and content! Just check up the men in all walks of life you meet daily who certainly get top sport out of their pipes—all aglow with fragrant, delightful, friendly Prince Albert!

And, you can wager your week's wad that Prince Albert's quality and flavor and coolness—and its freedom from bite and parch (cut out by our exclusive patented process)—will ring up records in your little old smokemeter the likes of which you never before could believe possible!

You don't get tired of a pipe when it's packed with Prince Albert! Paste that in your hat!

And, just between ourselves! Ever dip into the sport of rolling 'em? Get some Prince Albert and the makin's papers—quick—and cash in on a cigarette that will prove a revelation!



Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors and in the pound crystal glass humidors with sponge moistener top.

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

Sunshine Oil Corporation

OF TEXAS

CAPITAL STOCK \$300,000.00

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF STATE OF TEXAS, APRIL 17, 1918.

PIONEERS OF THE PECOS VALLEY

The President takes this opportunity of informing all shareholders, and leaseholders of the company, that work on erection of new derrick at Laura well has started and will be finished by Sunday, barring accidents and bad weather. The hole is in first class condition and drilling will be resumed as soon as rig is completed.

INFORMATION OF THE FIELD AND OUR PROPERTIES FURNISHED PROMPTLY UPON REQUEST

Head Office, Pecos, Texas

ALFRED TINALLY,

President and General Manager

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1897; Reeves County Record, established 1910; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times, June 1, 1917.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
JOHN HIBDON
 EDITOR, OWNER AND PUBLISHER

ADVERTISING RATES
 Display, per inch, first 50c
 Readers, per line 10c
 Classified wants, per word 1c
 Minimum 25 cents paid in advance.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
 One Year, \$2; Six Months, \$1.25.
 Paid in Advance
 No subscription taken for less than six months.

Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915, at the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.



THE REVIVAL

The Methodist revival goes merrily on and Bro. Zimmerman is preaching some splendid sermons which are well taken and appreciated by the splendid audiences which greet him at each service which did not rain out a few of those living off the side-walks.

The principal theme of his sermons has been tithing, and he has aptly said that "where your money is there also will be found your heart." It is very true, to show that his sermons have had their effect the Methodist church has been placed on the list of tithing churches and removed from the list of beggars. As soon as things can be straightened out you can go to the Methodist church in Pecos with the knowledge that you will not be bothered with the net or basket being passed.

This church has decided to tithe and trust the balance to God to take care of the necessary funds to keep things going. The editor for one is delighted with the change. You go to church and take your tithing and place it upon the altar. If you are one of those who absolutely will not tithe, then you can go as you please with your money and with God's money which He has entrusted to you. If you want to pay the Lord, good and well; if you do not it will be left with you and your money to settle at the pearly gates. Assuredly the begging will be stopped and you can go to church still and do as you please with your money and God's.

So far as this editor is informed no church has ever stopped tithing when it once started and no member of any church has ever stopped tithing when he once began. A man who has started has nor could he be induced to quit.

Bro. Zimmer has done lots of good besides this, he has had several conversions and things are just now beginning to come to a head. By the end of the week if he is allowed to continue and bring his arguments to a focus it is believed our people will count this as one of the greatest revivals Pecos has had in years.

The meeting will close Sunday night and if you have not been attending you have missed something you may never again have an opportunity to get.

On the 11th day of June, which is one week from tomorrow the people of Reeves county will have an opportunity to vote for or against authorizing the commissioner's court to annually levy and collect a special ad valorem tax on all the taxable property in the county at a rate of not to exceed fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of said property, such tax to be used for the support and maintenance of the public roads and bridges of the county. The election has been ordered and it is the duty of every tax payer to go to the polls and vote. As explained by our county judge, this will enable the commissioners to lower the valuation of Reeves county property, which has always been valued at a higher rate than is the same kind of property in counties surrounding Reeves, and also enable the commissioners to save to the county something like \$19,000 per year which is now going to the State. Some taxpayers claim that the rendition will not be lowered because they never heard of such a thing. To such it might be said that if you have not the confidence in your commissioners court to do the just and right thing and keep their promises there was no better time than last November to assert that fact at the polls. Two years from last November you will have a similar opportunity, and the taxes for the two years will break no one. If the commissioners will lower the rendition, as is promised, The Enterprise believes this will be a wise change and that our people will act sensibly by voting the increase in the road and bridge tax, which alone can make it possible for a lowering of the rendition.

What do you really think of a fellow who will take and read a paper for a year and a half and then because he gets a bad review it at the post office? We have one "pug nose" guy in the town that has done that, and if it wasn't for the respect for his wife, who made a mistake when

right out in school but the name of "pug nose" suffices as it expresses general contempt and familiarizes him with the public.—Shattuck Monitor.

So far as this editor's memory goes only one subscriber in the county has ever refused the paper and that because The Enterprise expressed the opinion that no man, except in the cause of self preservation, was justifiable in taking the life of a human being. That is just as much the truth today as ever. Several however, are avowed enemies of the paper because they were cut off the subscription for non-payment of subscription. In each case they had been notified and "dunned" but to no avail. The whole trouble was not in these men alone, but in their education. In probably every instance they had been allowed to run some four to six years without paying up and could not see why the new manager could not be as generous. They did not then think that those who were not collecting subscriptions were broke all the time and not only did not have any money to donate to charity but could not pay their bills. They were pauperizing the very institution which made it possible for them to live in Pecos.

The trial of Roby Eiland of Stanton for seduction of a very estimable, but unsophisticated young girl, culminated in a conviction of Eiland and a sentence imposed of five years in the penitentiary. The young girl told her story on the witness stand with modesty and impressive innocence. The gray haired father and mother of this unfortunate girl had the sympathy of our best citizens, which was generously expressed by all who were made acquainted with the unfortunate circumstances. The case had been tried once before and the jury disagreed by a vote of eleven for conviction and one for acquittal. The same condition experienced at this trial and when the case had been under deliberation for twenty-four hours the public began to get anxious.

We never knew very many editors who made headway but in the course of their editorial career made a few enemies. In kicking things out of the way they naturally run on to a few stumbling blocks that don't want to be molested and in doing so they distribute the peace and quietude of such gentry.—Shattuck Monitor.

The editor who never made an enemy never did anything for his people or his country. Remember Christ was the only perfect man ever to inhabit this earth and he was nailed to the Cross. The editor who can get by without making enemies would do well to look around and see if he can find something that will suit his calibre.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME
 These are the good old days of hot weather and B. V. D.'s, and one's thoughts naturally turn to vacation and the rod and worm. But not so with the oil man. No matter how hot and heavy old man Sol may pour down on good old mother earth, there is no let-up for him.

The cry is for oil, and he is indeed accomplishing a noble work in meeting the ever growing demand. The shade and a sip—oh, well, why bring up sad memories—has no place for him. It's work, more work and still more work. Some people seem to think the lot of the oil man is a bed of roses, but, if these same people could for a short time see him toil from early morn till dark, and then often from dark till late hours in the night, with perplexing and vexatious problems constantly confronting him, they would soon wonder how in the world the oil man stood the strain.

On top of this all, the independent operator constantly has the big fellow to fight, who, it seems, when the pioneer opens new fields, posts cuts in the price of crude, and in various and sundry other ways, tries to gobble up everything in sight.—Oil World.

TRUSTING THE LORD IN A STORM CELLAR

Some people say that when you take refuge in a storm cellar, you do not trust the Lord. Such people, to be consistent, if out in the rain or hail, should not go into a shelter, but see if the Lord would not stretch a big umbrella over them. When they pray for daily bread they should refuse to plant and cultivate the land and see if the Lord would not rain manna to feed them. We have no record of where God told men to build houses to keep out of the rain and snow. He created him to protect himself so far as he could. The best way to trust the Lord is to go into a storm cellar if you have one. If you

cannot reach a cellar, run due north and south to the first ravine, lie flat, and trust the Lord to do the rest. If you desire to trust the Lord for your daily bread, prepare your mind well, and trust the Lord for a crop. A person who would stand in the wake of a cyclone when he knew it was coming to him is either wanting in the wisdom of self-protection, or wishing to commit suicide. If you see danger flee from it.—Rev. R. C. Horn in McKinney Examiner.

L. B. Russell in the Commanche Enterprise: When I was born, which was in Texas in 1850, the state had only 212,592 population. Seventy years later it had 4,663,228, or about twenty-two times as many, doubling itself four times, with a million and a quarter to spare. In 1850 there were only seventy-seven counties, of which Harrison was the most populous containing 11,822 while Cooke county was next to the smallest in numbers having only 220, San Patricio being the smallest with 200. Bexar, of which San Antonio was then as now the county seat, had 6,052; Harris had, 4,668, Galveston had 4,529, Nacogdoches 5,193, Rusk, 8,148, Washington, 5,083, Dallas, 2,743. Texas has now 253 counties, four unorganized, in which San Antonio Bexar county, has alone within its city limits, 161,379; I haven't the number for the county; Dallas has within 2,000 of as many people as the whole of Texas did in 1850, being 210,551, and is the most populous county in the state, with 245.1 persons per square mile. When I was born there was not a foot of railroad in Texas. There was but one banking institution reported, which was the old Commercial and Agricultural bank of Galveston. It may be interesting to know that for two years ending June 31, 1850, among the crops reported in Texas was 66,897 pounds of tobacco, rice 87,916 pounds; ginned cotton 57,596 bales of 400 pounds each or 46,076 bales of 500 pounds; 1,048 pounds of flax; 41,689 bushels wheat; twenty-two pounds of silk cocoons, and fifty-nine bushels of buckwheat. The exports from foreign countries were valued at \$24,958, and imports \$25,650. I have not the figures for all these for last year, but when we remember that millions of bales of cotton alone are exported now every year in normal times it is apparent that the wealth and commerce has far outgrown the increase in population. It has been my lot to watch Texas grow for nearly seventy years and it has been an interesting sight.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Enterprise By
 The First National Bank In
 St. Louis.

The production of cane and beet sugar during 1920 reached record figures. The total production amounted to 1,266,148 tons or almost 12 per cent above previous crop year of 1916. 1920 production averaged 50 per cent above the low record of 1919. It was not until the year 1913 that beet and cane sugar production combined exceeded an output of one million tons. During the past 8 years the annual production has exceeded a million tons in all but two years, 1914 and 1919. Beet sugar makes up the bulk of the production comprising about 86 per cent of the total. Last year the yield per acre averaged 9.17 tons whereas in the previous year it averaged but 8.5 tons and the percentage of sugar extracted was 13.63 per cent in 1920 against 12.84 per cent in 1919.

Of the nine principal sugar producing states, Colorado leads with a total of over 200,000 acres of producing surface. About one-fourth of our best sugar is produced in the state of Colorado. Michigan, California and Utah have about the same volume of production averaging in the neighborhood of 150,000 tons during 1920.

According to a recent prediction regarding the future price of sugar made by Mr. Wooster, the purchasing agent for the Federal Refining Company, sugar prices should approach their pre-war level by October of this year. He bases this prediction on the increased sugar production of the world over. The continent of Europe is expected to show an increase of about one-half million tons beginning next fall on the basis of the area already under cultivation. With such a volume of production there will be no great importation by European countries of raw or refined sugar from this country or Cuba as their output will be about sufficient to meet the needs of continental consumers.

SARAGOSA NEWS

Miss Leola McNeil left Monday for her home at San Antonio.

Miss Ruth Fuqua left on the motor Monday for Pecos. Messers Edwin Mayer and Wynn Hamilton motored to Pecos Friday. Raymond Honaker was among the Pecos visitors Friday.

Bob Reid went to Pecos Saturday returning Sunday.

Mrs. Martha Adams, Miss Leola McNeil, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Honaker were Pecos visitors Friday.

Miss Mable Black entertained her friends with a birthday party Monday evening. A very enjoyable time was reported by all.

A heavy hail and rain with a strong wind struck this part of the valley causing considerable damage. In places the alfalfa, cotton and corn was almost completely destroyed.

Messes Bettie Watson, Jessie Heard and Floena Vaughn are the guests of Mrs. Martha Adams this week.

NOTICE

All Land Lease, Permit Holders and Royalty Owners

who are interested in development of the field in the vicinity of Section 8, Block C-20, public school lands, Reeves County, communicate with ARROHEAD OIL COMPANY, Pecos, Texas.

Permit Holders

If you want to block in your acreage and prove it up thru a well to be drilled in above vicinity advise us fully in your first letter what you have, give full description first letter.

ARROHEAD OIL COMPANY

PRE-WAR PRICES
Expert Auto Repairing—Guaranteed
\$1.00 Per Hour
PACE MOTOR COMPANY
 Phone 247 Concrete Block Bldg.

Everything Served the Market Affords
 AT THE
BOSTON CAFE
 PROMPT AND EFFICIENT ATTENTION
 RECOGNIZED AS THE LEADING RESTAURANT
 ONE-HALF BLOCK WEST OF
 PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK
JOHNSTON & CLAIR, Proprietors

NEW TOPS

 Vulcanizing, Gas, Lube.
 Free Air and Water
GOODRICH TIRES
Pecos Vulcanizing Co.
 Use The Enterprise Classified Ads.

THE VACATION BIBLE SCHOOL

WHERE?—Baptist Church.
 WHEN?—Daily beginning Monday, June 6, and lasting two weeks.
 TIME?—9-11 A. M.
 FOR WHOM?—Beginners, Primaries and Juniors of all churches.
 TEACHERS—Mrs. J. W. Brooks, Principal, Mrs. Cole, Mrs. Stine, Mrs. Kerr, Mrs. Jordan, Mrs. W. W. Dean and Miss Julia Magee.
 TUITION—Free.
 MATERIAL—Juniors bring a Bible, pencil and tablet.
 Dress as you would go to Public School for work

It will be many a day before Pecos Churches take a more progressive step than the vacation Bible School. Don't wait until it is about over before you realize that it is something well worth while for your child.

MOORHEAD CAFE
 The Oil King Grill Opened Under New Management
MRS. T. Y. MOORHEAD
 Has opened the former Oil King Grill and will be pleased to serve her old customers and the public in general with everything the market affords at moderate prices.
MOORHEAD CAFE

SOCIAL EVENTS

MISCELLANEOUS SHOWER FOR MRS. CARL EDDINS

One of the most enjoyable social affairs of the season was the miscellaneous shower given Saturday afternoon, May 28th, by Mrs. Joe Hollebeke on her beautiful lawn in honor of her cousin, Mrs. Carl Eddins, on of Pecos' recent and most lovely brides. After the guests had all arrived Miss Julia Magee beautifully played a march as the honoree appeared accompanied by little Misses Georgia Johnson and Jewel Hollebeke, becomingly gowned in white crepe paper escorted her to the prettily decorated brides chair. The escorts then returned and immediately returned with a lovely white basket filled to the brim with many handsome, useful and valuable presents for Mrs. Eddins, the dainty wrappings of which she removed, as she smiled her thanks to each generous donor.

These many pretty gifts bear testimony of the high esteem with which Mrs. Eddins is held by her many friends. At the conclusion of this very pleasant occasion delicious refreshments of ice cream and cake were served. The hostess was assisted by Misses Julia Magee, Jessy Heard, Mattie Lee Wilson and Evelyn Slack. The pleasure of the afternoon will long linger in the memory of all present and at seven o'clock the company began to disperse, thanking Mrs. Hollebeke for the pleasure of the occasion and wishing for the honoree all the good things of life.

ROUND UP AND BARBECUE

The hospitable ranch home of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Zisenwine was the

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Store Building at Hoban. Inquire at Enterprise Office. 32-tf.

IF you have Land for lease or Sale, list same with A. B. Clair, Orient Hotel, Pecos, Texas. 25-5t.

PIANO FOR SALE—6 1-3 octaves Good condition; height 4 ft.; width 2 ft.; length 4 ft 6 inches. Cheap for cash. Enquire at Enterprise Office.

Buy your Cedar Posts direct from producers and save money. We pay freight anywhere. Write Box 75, San Saba, Texas. 42-3t*

FOR SALE—1000 foot rig with 800 feet of practically new drill cable. Will sell with or without Fordson tractor. Cheap for cash.—Clyde Simmons. 1t*

FOR SALE—Starr Piano in splendid condition. Call at W. Plum and 7th after 5 o'clock. 42-tf.

FOR SALE—A block of land, Artesian well in center of it. A 3 room cottage, in west Park addition. Price reasonable, correspond with Mrs. Jeff D. White, Portales, New Mexico. Box 174. 42-1t*

FOR RENT

SLEEP COOL—Large cool rooms, also, sleeping porch rooms. First class. Cheap; close in. Phone 137, Mrs. S. E. Wilson. 42-tf.

FOR RENT—4 Room House nicely furnished. Studebaker car for sale.—I. E. Smith, Pecos, Texas. 41-tf.

FOR RENT—Either rooms or light housekeeping apartments, all nicely furnished—Michigan, Phone Mrs. H. S. Ross for information. 41-tf.

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms, also bed rooms. See Mrs. C. E. Brady on Hickory street, between second and third. 40-tf.

FOR RENT—Ours room house, furnished, good location. Inquire Mrs. D. A. Dodds, Pecos Hotel Building. 36-tf.

FOR RENT—A 3 room cottage in West Park Edition. A good location. Please correspond with—Mrs. Jeff D. White, Portales, New Mex. Box 174. 34-tf.

OIL LEASES

WELL DRILLING—I will bring back any flowing well in Pecos which has either stopped flowing or has failed to flow the usual amount. The prices will be reasonable and the work done under an absolute guarantee to do as I say or no money.—J. R. Simmons, Pecos, Texas. 40-tf.

REWARD

LOST—Goodyear Cord tire 32x4 lost between Barstow and River well or River well to Pecos. Rim also lost with tire. Return to Arthur-Pitts Oil Co. for reward. 1t*

LOST—One week ago a rubber coat, off of ice wagon in south or west part of Pecos. Finder will please return to The Enterprise office or to Lewis W. Thomas, ice plant. 42-1t

STRAYED—Yearling horse colt, black, branded X with dot under it, on right shoulder. Last seen May 2nd, in North Pecos. Leave colt or information with R. M. Davis, Pecos, Texas, and get reward. 40-tf.

PAINTING AND PAPERHANGING A. L. Oliver—Painter & Paperhanger. Paint any color, \$3.50 per gallon. Wall paper at lowest prices—Phone 381. 35-tf.

HEMSTITCHING

Hemstitching and Picotting attachment fits any Sewing Machine, easily adjusted. Price \$2.50. 41-tf.

scene Thursday and Friday of last week of true West Texas hospitality when "The fattest calf was killed" and the neighbors far and near were invited in to enjoy the feast of good things. Besides the juicy and deliciously prepared barbecued beef there was an abundance of pies, cakes, salads, pickles, bread, coffee, etc. The inner man was fully satisfied and the social feature was most gratifying. The occasion was the annual round-up on this ranch at which time the spring calves were marked and branded. The range because of the abundant rains is very good and the calf yield is satisfactory.

HEARD-EDDINS

Miss Leta Heard, who had been teaching at Pecos during the term of school just closed, was married last Friday to Mr. Carl Eddins, a young ranchman of that place. The bride, a daughter of our town-man, Mr. L. F. Heard, is a most excellent young woman and has many warm friends here who join in their congratulations and best wishes to the happy couple. The groom is not known here, but we are confident he is a deserving man else he would not have won the heart of this splendid Midland girl.—Midland Reporter.

THE CHURCHES

CATHOLIC CHURCH

Mass celebrated every second and fourth Sundays as follows: 8:00 a. m. for Spanish speaking population and ten a. m. for English speaking people of Pecos.

REV. J. R. CAMPOS.

DUBOSE SUNDAY SCHOOL

Sunday School is held every Sunday afternoon at 2:30 at the Dubose school house, up the river.

There are between forty and fifty in attendance each meeting. People from Pecos are cordially invited to meet with them when they can.

CHURCH OF CHRIST

The usual services Sunday except the evening preaching. The subject of the morning sermon will be "Small America follow the Christ or the Kaiser"? This is a live question just now, and the church of America needs to be awake.

The writer will teach a class in the vacation church school beginning next week to which we urge all the young people of the church to come, but we invite any person of any age who wishes to take the course, and we are sure it will be worth while. The following lessons will be given:

1. The Bible—What it is.
- 2 and 3. The Bible and its Divisions.
4. Christ—The central figure of the Bible.
5. The Christ of the Gospel record.
6. The work of the Holy Spirit.
7. The Plan of Salvation.
8. The Church.
9. The Ordinances.
10. Why the Church.

Bring a Bible, a pencil and a notebook, a skeleton outline will be put on the blackboard and each pupil will be expected to complete the outline in the notebook.

In the discussion of each subject, the Bible will speak for itself. People study too many books about the Bible, and too little of the Bible.

Come and enjoy and be benefited by the course. Class begins at 10 o'clock.

HOMER L. MAGEE.

MRS. MAGGIE BURNEY PASSES AWAY.

Mrs. Maggie Burney passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nannie Honnel, 4312 Clifton Street, El Paso, on Friday night of last week and the tired body laid to rest on Sunday at 2 p. m. in Evergreen cemetery in El Paso.

The deceased is survived by two daughters and two sons. Mrs. M. E. Randolph of Pecos, Mrs. Nannie Honnel of El Paso, Emory Wood of Chicago, and George K. Finch of Kansas City, all of whom were present when the end came.

The deceased was of ripe old age—83 years—and had spent a most useful life. For the past twelve years she has spent the winters here in Pecos with her daughter, Mrs. M. E. Randolph and just recently went to El Paso for a visit with her other daughter. She was taken ill Sunday and passed away peacefully and without a struggle on Friday fully conscious and with a willingness to go to her reward after a life of service to her Master.

The Enterprise joins in the common wish that the bereaved may be comforted in the knowledge that they are to soon pass over and join the aged mother who is now resting in peace and walking the golden streets.

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

AN AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY

Col. George Harvey, in London, has promptly broken with the dusty traditions of the Ambassadorial office. In his speech at the Pilgrim's dinner given in his honor on Thursday evening he entertained if he did not delight his distinguished audience by examples of a new taste in diplomatic discourse. From such an abundance of what is novel, what is unusual, and what is unprecedented, it is difficult to choose, for selection halts at every paragraph and countless phrases contest the honor of earliest mention. It is only as first among a galaxy of equals that we note the American Ambassador's passion for statistical exactitude in certifying to the high constitutional essentials of the Administration which went him across the ocean. Three times he informs his audience that the present Chief Magistrate of this Republic was chosen by a majority of more than 7,000,000 votes. We cannot recall that Sir Julian Pauncefote, Lord Bryce, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice or the present British Ambassador ever gave us any information whatever about the majority by which the British Ministry of the day came into power. Nor can we recall any occasion when a diplomat representative of any Power has dwelt at such length upon the public and frivolid virtues of the head of his State.

Again the American Ambassador added to the existing stock of useful information of the British public when he pointed out that it is not in the great cities of the Atlantic seaboard but in the boundless West that the heart of this Republic is to be found and that there genuine public opinion takes its rise. The warning will be useful to the Britons, but this is probably the first occasion on which an American Ambassador addressing an audience in a foreign land has found it well to divide his country into strips and grade them according to his personal judgment of their worth. "I come to London as an unalloyed American," he said. Colonel Harvey's Americanism is unimpeachable, we are not aware that anybody has ever called it in question. Moreover, we think that no Ambassador or Minister of any foreign Power has ever felt it needful to make a similar affirmation in respect to himself. But this is only one of the countless novelties of the Pilgrim's dinner address. These are perhaps minor matters. Deeper regret must be expressed for the inaptitude of the Ambassador's remarks concerning the motives and the manner of our entry into the war. But that is best passed over in silence.

Ambassador Harvey's observations concerning the League of Nations may be most easily explained, perhaps, by the theory that he was using for the purpose of the utterance some leftover editorial copy for Harvey's Weekly, denied publication by the sudden demise of that periodical. The Pilgrims' Society of London as we understand it, is not an official body, but the Ambassador seized the occasion to declare the political attitude of his Government in a manner commonly reserved for interviews with the Secretary of Foreign Affairs. In intent he said what Mr. Hughes has said, that we shall not enter the League of Nations. But, speaking in the presence of the Prime Minister and many leading public men of a great Power that is a member of the League of Nations, he spoke in a manner to convey the impression that the League is a disreputable organization, that we refuse to defile ourselves by joining it. There is an impression, he says, that "by hook or by crook, unwittingly and surely unwillingly," we may be "beguiled" into the League of Nations. "Now let me show you how utterly absurd any such notion is."

Forty-eight nations have joined the League, it would be "asurd" for us to be "beguiled" into entering, and our present Government "will not, I can assure you, have anything whatsoever to do with the League, or with any commission or committee appointed by it or responsible to it, directly or indirectly, openly or furtively." This disposes rather brutally of Mr. Root's permanent Court of International Justice, but where does it leave Ambassador Harvey's immediate official superior, the Secretary of State? In that troublesome statement signed by thirty-one leading Republicans last October it was declared that "we have reached the conclusion that the true course to bring America into an effective league to preserve peace" is not by insisting upon the election of Mr. Cox but "by frankly calling upon the other nations to agree to changes in the proposed agreement," and "for this course we can look only to the Republican party and its candidate." With these Republicans the question was not between a league and no league, but was "whether certain provisions in the proposed League agreement shall be accepted unchanged or shall be changed." That statement was signed, among others, by Charles E. Hughes, Herbert Hoover and Elihu Root.—New York Times.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with Worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood.

BALMORHEA BUDGET

One of those million dollar rains visited this section of the county Sunday evening, and was accompanied by a hail storm that did considerable damage in the lower part of the Valley.

Hay cutting is again under way, after a few days delay on account of the rain, the pea green alfalfa is being mowed, baled and loaded out from all sections of the Valley, and the price is a little better than heretofore.

The Legion boys are getting things in shape for the big celebration that will be held here on July 4th for three days, the location, near the Head Springs is being cleared, and the advertising committee will have out a large amount of advertising matter in the next week or ten days. It is going to be the biggest affair ever pulled off in West Texas, and there is going to be plenty and some to spare for all, and everybody is cordially invited to come.

A scouting party, to secure scenes in the Davis mountains for the proposed state park, will leave Balmorhea the last of this week and will spend several days in the mountains securing photographs to be submitted to the people who have the organization of the park in hand.

Judge Ross and family are now at home at the Kosenbaum place near the Head Springs, where they are spending their summer vacation. The boys are having the time of their lives, fishing, swimming and horse-back riding, and the Judge wears that contented smile that won't rub off.

Mrs. I. L. Barlow and daughter, Miss Mary, are in El Paso this week, attending the bedside of her mother, who is very ill.

The Balmorhea baseball club hiked themselves over to Fort Stockton Sunday evening for a game, and while we have not received it officially, a little bird told us, that they got walloped to the tune of 8 to 0, and had some hard motoring coming home Sunday night through the rain storm.

W. W. Stewart, our efficient representative in the Legislature, transacted business in Pecos Wednesday.

Mrs. M. C. Lucky will leave Saturday for a visit with relatives in Missouri and Arkansas, and "jigs" will be turned loose on the townsite, until she returns, but we have no doubt but that he will take care of himself.

W. L. Kingston and the boys are going over the range this week, branding and marking the larger calves, but we understand that nothing will be shipped at present, as the price is too low and the range is good for a while longer.

TICK-ERADICATION WORK MAKING RAPID PROGRESS

Reports from several of the Southern States, where cattle-fever ticks have hindered the progress of the livestock industry, show that tick-eradication work this spring has made rapid progress. Work was begun early in the spring, for experience has shown that ticks killed during March will prevent the development of thousands of blood-sucking parasites later in the season. The eradication work in Georgia is especially noteworthy, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

In that State approximately half a million cattle were dipped during March and 83,434 in April, the work being done under the supervision of Federal, State, and county officials. This is a large number of cattle to be dipped, the specialists say, in a cotton-growing State, where the cattle industry has in the past been neglected on account of the presence of ticks. There are 3,291 dipping vats in operation in Georgia, in which the cattle are immersed every 14 days.

The number of people who want to work the papers for free advertising seem to have multiplied an hundred fold since the war. We receive anywhere from one to a dozen letters each day, mostly from colleges, hundreds of miles away from Baird, sending "news items" that are pure advertising matter. Then comes the state and federal governments, with a lot of free advertising matter, some of it good, but we could not find room for one-third of this junk if we gave every inch of space we have for reading matter. We are sick and tired of the whole blamed, blasted graft business.

We are running a newspaper mainly to make a living, but some people seem to think we are running a paper to boost every good, bad or grafting concern in the universe. If we should publish all this free junk sent us we would have to make The Star twice its present size and employ two extra printers. The gall of some of these boosters is amazing. It is needless to say that nearly all this junk is dumped into the waste basket unopened. Some people seem to have an idea that all editors are worried to death about something to fill up their papers. The only thing that worries us is to get what matter we select set up and in right. We are never worried about writing copy.

The editor can write and select more copy in one day than the "force" can set up in a week. Don't worry about us needing something to fill up the paper. All we need is

WHAT DO YOU WANT?

If you own a lease or have a dollar in anyway invested in the Pecos Valley, you want some one (anyone) to bring in a real oil well.

Direct from the United States Geological Department, I am informed that our well, The Toyah Bell No. 2, will probably have to be drilled to 4,000 feet before we get commercial production. Quit fooling yourself. We are no longer to be fooled by seep oil. Our well is drilling night and day below 3,000 feet, but we positively must have cash at once or abandon the well. Hundreds of people own 2 1/2 acres tracts and up to 40 acres leases and larger in section 79, block 1, W. & N. W. railway survey, Loving county, Texas, and other sections joining our well. If we get a big well these leases should be worth up to \$1000.00 per acre or even more. But we cannot continue drilling without money. Our stock will be valuable and is worth buying and besides your leases will make you rich when the well is drilled in. If you appreciate the truth and expect to make one dime out of your leases near the Toyah Bell No. 2, it is high time for you to throw out The Life Line and do it quickly. By this I mean send me your check for every dollar you can spare at once. Nothing else will prevent our abandoning the well. Send checks to C. H. Willoughby, Pecos, Texas, and certificates will be issued at once, and drilling continued. I am speaking to everyone. What do you want? C. H. WILLOUGHBY.

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days

"LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It Stimulates and Regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.

VACUUM SWEEPERS FOR RENT.

Electric Irons Repaired Electric Appliances of All Kinds. Housewiring and Fixtures. Telephone and I will call and give you an estimate on the cost of the wiring and fixtures that you have been figuring on having placed, probably the price will be much lower than you thought it would be. Telephone 66

THE ELECTRIC SHOP

M. W. Collie

Toyah Valley Title Co.

PECOS, TEXAS.

ABSTRACTORS OF TITLE IN REEVES AND LOVING COUNTIES

ABSTRACTS PREPARED WITH DISPATCH AND ACCURACY

OFFICE—First Door South of Western Union

HOW IS YOUR

Pep Pep Pep

BRACE IT UP WITH

Cream Cream Cream

One dish of our delicious ice cream will pep you up. Another dish will make you step up. And an occasional dish will keep you both peppy and steppy.

CITY PHARMACY

All of the latest soft drinks and dishes for the summer trade

Uncle Johns Josh

THE OTHER WOMAN IS ALWAYS THE FATTER, OF COURSE.



ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin in cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacid-ester of Salicylicacid.

Insurance means protection. Protection means quick payment of losses. That is our motto. If you loose, we pay. For lowest rates see E. L. Collings, Insurance.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. 30c.

LET'S NOT GROUCH

It's true it's pretty dry out here in West Texas, and more particularly in Shackelford county. And notwithstanding we had a light rain Sunday morning, still it's dry and crop prospects are not very flattering, but shuckins folks, it could be much worse. Why there is China and Russia, Poland and nearly all of Europe, they are crying for bread and raiment, and lots of them are dying of starvation and oh God, the debt, and the wreck and ruin of war, it's appalling to think of it. So let's not grouch but let's look up and thank our stars, and our forefathers who came here and blazed the trail and set up housekeeping in this glorious country and built this house of liberty wherein we dwell. Ain't it glorious though to be a citizen of this great commonwealth, where a fellow can do just as he doggone pleases, just so long as he pleases to do the right thing, and where you can make an honest living, and lay something away for a rainy day, provided you will work and save and be honest. Then why grouch brother? The cattle and the sheep and the goats out there in the valleys and dales are fat, and the Johnson grass patches are thriving, and the population is not going to starve with all this fat juicy beef, and then beside, the good old summer time will soon be here, and we won't need much raiment. You know folks, I am elad that I am an American and get eladder every day that I can claim the citizenship of this Western Empire. Oh yes, we get up every morning, and tura a hand-spring over the foot rail, face east, and watch old Sol come up over the undulating hills, and watch his rays flirt with the dew drops, and convert them into fields of diamonds, hear the song birds, and catch a whiff of fragrance from the wild flower garden which bloloms and grows without cultivation. Why shouldn't I be proud that I am an American? And I want to say that I want the one hundred per cent kind too, I don't like the hyphenated kind, the half-breed sort, as they ain't worth a durn in time of peace or war either. All this strike business, union labor troubles, the despotism of the closed shop, the battle between capitol and labor, it's of alien birth, and just transplanted over here. So folks let's travel along down the road and be pleasant and smile, as it will be better further on.—Albany News.

SAFETY FIRST

"What part of the fowl do you prefer? Brother Evangel. Preacher—"Oh, I'm not particular." Little Willie—"Pa, give him the neck."

A CURE FOR RECKLESS DRIVING

Reckless driving on our city streets and public highway is a disease easy of diagnosis. It is not incurable although it requires a remedy rather drastic in nature—a bitter dose to swallow, but entirely without danger to the patient. The remedy has been suggested in Farm and Ranch heretofore. We repeat it: License every driver of a motor vehicle. Make the fee nominal and the penalty for driving without a license or permit, a term in jail. Cancel the license of every driver, who violates the traffic and highway laws, for terms varying from thirty days to twelve months. Enforce the law to the letter. This prescription, if filled and the remedy applied, would reduce violations to a minimum and save several hundred lives which are annually sacrificed in Texas and other Southwestern States, to the speed maniac and other drivers who are indifferent to the rights of others. It is said that crime is a disease of the mind. Reckless driving is a crime. It is indulged in by brainless idiots, pin headed young squirts, who try to show off, and irresponsible men and boys with smart-Aleck dispositions. In cities and towns the most dangerous drivers are boys piloting laundry cars and other delivery vehicles, including some big truck drivers. Why should men and boys of this character be allowed to endanger the lives and property of others? License all drivers and cancel the license of law violators. It will cure the disease.—Farm and Ranch.

Lieutenant-Governor Lynch Davidson may yet outshine the chief executive. In an address before the Houston Press club last week he opposed the drastic law taxing trucks and said it would be better for Texas to build roads to accommodate trucks rather than to pass laws taxing trucks for making their own roads. The proposed law taxing trucks would prove pernicious to say the least, and would be of no ultimate benefit except to probably increase the salaries of railroad lobbyists.—Stamford American.

To Stop a Cough Quick

take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues. A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup. The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough. Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 35c. Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

SILKEN SLACKERS

One of our friends sends State Press an editorial from the Van Alstyne Leader and asked if it is not, indeed rather inconsistent in Southern people to ask other people to wear cotton clothing while we wear silks and such like. State Press says it does, if he may use that idiomatic phrase without risk of being accnsed of slanginess. "Silk has become the rage," declares the Van Alstyne contemporary, sorrowfully and with a hint of indignation altogether becoming to a cotton-raising editor. Unless the American people return to the svelt though not spectacular cotton checks and calicoes which made our grandmothers glad some to the eyes of our grandfathers and saved our family archives housing unpaid bills and divorce papers, we may as well hang up the cotton-chopping hoe and do away with the annual ceremony of the crop mortgage. Although such a policy might be vastly unpopular, considering that the ladies are now voters, State Press would be in favor of enacting a law forbidding any person of any gender from wearing a thread of anything but cotton and authorizing any citizen with well-grounded suspicions to search out and seize any garment not conforming to the spirit and letter of the statute made and provided. If we

mean to keep on raising cotton in this country we have got to begin wearing it to the exclusion of other textiles. For Southerners to wear silks and satins is as reprehensible as for a saloonkeeper to stay sober. A thing that we sell to others is a thing we should use ourselves. "Don't chaw tobacco, son," admonished a North Carolina mother, "but raise it for other boys to chaw." That is the wrong spirit. People who raise tobacco ought to eat it, people who peddle poisonous liquor ought to drink it, people who raise cotton ought to wear it. And as every man, woman and child in eleven Southern states raises cotton, either primarily or secondarily, it behooves every man, woman and child in the South

DODSON KILLING CALOMEL HABIT

Don't sicken or salivate yourself or paralyze your sensitive liver by taking calomel which is quicksilver. Your dealer sells each bottle of pleasant, harmless "Dodson's Liver Tone" under an ironclad, money-back guarantee that it regulates the liver, stomach and bowels better than calomel without making you sick—15 million bottles sold.

MILK MILK MILK

Fresh Milk delivered at your door twice each day

12 1/2c per Quart

ROY M. ROBERTS

Phone 97-1-1-1

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 45, 47, 53, 55, E. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4; and Nos. 43; 45; 47 and W. half of 5 in Block 5. The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the artesian belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections. Also, surveys Nos. 49 in block 6 and Nos. 9, 13 and 15 in block 7. Also, surveys Nos. 1, 3, and 5, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and Nos. 19 (a river survey) Pecos county. Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 3 surveys in block 12. None of these are river lands. All are in Pecos county. All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be made subject to encumbrances. J. G. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and applies dies should be made to him for the purchase of same. There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to purchase any of same should apply to the undersigned. EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact. AUSTIN, TEXAS

to wear cotton. Blamed be the day when Dame Fashion, fresh from Paris, vamped the American people into the silk lingerie habit. Blamed be the Southern man who imagines his hide is too tender for anything but silk housing, and blamed be any Southern lady who doesn't demand the mercerized substitutes in preference to the cocoons' pauper product.—State Press in Dallas News.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

- CLEM CALHOUN ATTORNEY AT LAW SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS
HUDSON & STARLEY LAWYERS OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS
W. W. HUBBARD LAWYER OFFICE IN SYNDICATE BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS
JOHN B. HOWARD LAWYER PECOS, TEXAS
J. A. DRANE ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE OVER PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK PECOS, TEXAS
BEN PALMER ATTORNEY AT LAW OFFICE IN FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING PECOS, TEXAS
ROY I. BIGGS LAWYER PECOS, TEXAS Office upstairs across street from Postoffice

J. A. LEE MINING AND PETROLEUM ENGINEER REPORTS, ESTIMATES Superintending For Non-residents TOYAH, TEXAS

J. G. MURRAY FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY Phones: Day 18; Night 76

F. P. RICHBURG REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE RENTALS A SPECIALTY

D. R. W. B. LYND OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN Thomason Building Phone 55

JOHN F. GROGAN DRILLING CONTRACTOR Phone 276 P. O. Box 547

JOHN HIBDON PRINTER AND STATIONER ENTERPRISE OFFICE PECOS, TEXAS

SAM DICK PEARCE BROS EXPERIENCED RIG BUILDERS GET OUR FIGURES ON COMPLETE RIGS, MATERIAL, RIG IRONS, OR LABOR CONTRACTS PECOS, TEXAS BOX 246 PHONE 61

Read The Enterprise and keep posted on the oil situation in Pecos territory.

This Space Reserved FOR THE San Martine Oil Syndicate OF Los Angeles, California

TO OUR HEROES BRAVE



MUSINGS OF ELDER MOSES

From The Alpine Avalanche.

"Elder," said Brother Biteoff the other evening as we were walking home from prayer meeting. "I understand you are in favor of woman's rights. Now tell me, can you point to a single thing useful or necessary that a woman can do better than a man can?" I asked him how he would like to nurse his own baby? Then he began to talk about the weather.

Because it is cloudy today is no reason for you to be cast down. The clouds have always rolled away, and they will do it again.

For a good many years I have observed that Monday always comes the day following Sunday.

The worst sinner in the world is the church member who fails to set a good example before the world. I have oft noticed, too, that the outsider always comments on the shortcomings of the church member long before he notes the same misstep for the world one. The fact is, the world loves to see the consistent man or woman.

The crusaders against tobacco are working under a handicap—nowhere in the Bible is the weed mentioned.

"The present day styles of woman's apparel is simply a shock," a Chicago preacher told his congregation recently. True, but if the girl happens to be the right shape, she acts as a mighty good "shock absorber."

"Stop, look and listen" is good advice, but don't stop your automobile on the crossing to do it.

"The Lord never made a fool," said Bill Sunday in a recent sermon. Maybe not, Bill, but he gave a good many of them tongues after the devil made them.

Sister Sobeye called on me in my study the other day and after spending, a half hour talking about the shortcomings of her neighbors, said she had been intending to speak to me about some things. "We have been discussing you at our sewing circle," she finally blurted out. "We like you in many ways, but you have some habits we do not think becomes you. You chew tobacco and smoke and it is rumored that you are not averse to taking a drink of grape juice and some other things you do that do not fit nicely with your calling. Don't you think you could give up these practices for the good of the cause?" I confess that I have some habits that do not conform to the general idea of "ministerial fitness." But brethren, hear me. Should I quit all these habits that annoy Sister

Sobeye and others, think how I might acquire others and sink low in debauchery. I might take to the lecture platform; I might become a traveling evangelist and preach for the money instead of the love for humanity; I might take to knocking on the town and never let an opportunity pass to impress the stranger that the town was on the toboggan slide and the people all robbers; I might—O hellicadam, brethren, better let me alone with the little sins I have than force me into greater ones.

Every war leaves three great armies in its wake—one of invalids, one of mourners, and one of idlers ready to commit crime.

Why should the world want wars?

If we only knew as much about ourselves as our neighbors know about us, we would be wise indeed.

In Oregon they have produced a breed of chickens that roost in the tree tops and go to setting in squirrel nests. That is nothing much to brag about. An Alpine man is trying to produce a breed that will lay *eggnog eggs*.

An honest heart and a bottle of "hooch" are oft concealed between a ragged vest.

This very unkind thrust was sent in by a man-hating old maid: "The Lord made a mistake by taking a bone, to make a woman, out of the man's side instead of out of his head."

SOME TALK

"I am not going to talk long this evening. I have been cured of that. The other night I was making a speech when a man who had been imbibing Bevo and raisins entered the hall and took a seat right in the front row. I had not been talking an hour when I noticed he was becoming fidgety. Finally he arose and asked: "Shay, how long have you been lecturin'?" "I smiled good-naturedly at the interruption and replied: "About four years, my friend." "Well," he remarked, as he sat down, "I'll stick around—you must be d—near through."

HEAVY LABOR

Lazy Mike: "I have a new position with the railroad company." Weary Rhodes: "What ja gona do?" Lazy Mike: "You know the fellow that goes alongside the train and taps the axles to see if everything's all right? Well, I help him listen."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60¢.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Enterprise By The First National Bank In St. Louis.

The government reports covering our foreign trade for the month of April show a continued decline. Exports last month totalled \$340,000,000 as compared with \$387,000,000 in March, 1921, and \$685,000,000 in April of last year, and for the ten months ended April our shipments to foreign countries amounted to \$5,850,000,000 this year against \$6,735,000,000 for the same period of last year. Imports during the month of April showed a slight increase. This makes the third consecutive month that a gain has been recorded since the low mark reached for this item in January. The balance of shipment in our favor was only \$35,000,000 in April against \$135,000,000 in March and \$189,000,000 in the same month a year ago; and for the ten months period ended April the excess of exports over imports increased from \$2,480,000,000 last year to \$2,539,000,000.

While our foreign trade as measured in money has fallen off somewhat in the past year or more, the actual decline in the physical volume of this trade is considerably greater than the money figures indicate. A recent study prepared by the Federal Reserve Board shows that the value of our foreign trade at average 1913 prices of a selected and fairly representative number of commodities, show that exports for the month of March 1913 were 51 percent higher than those for March of 1920. If March of this year is compared with the same month in 1913, a decline of about 30 percent is recorded. In a similar manner the index of exports during March 1921 shows that while out-bound shipments were larger than those of March 1913 by about 14 percent they were also 30 percent under the figures for the corresponding month of 1920.

THE LAST LAUGH

He was a very young officer, who looked as if he should still be wearing knee-breeches.

One day when his company was up for inspection at the training camp, one of the men remarked in a tone of deep sarcasm: "And a little child shall lead them."

"The man who said that, step forward," was the immediate command. The entire company stepped out and repeated the quotation.

The lieutenant looked up and down the line.

"Dismissed," he announced shortly.

The men thought they had gotten the better of him, but not for long, for that night at retreat, when the orders for the following day were read, they heard: "There will be a twenty-five-mile hike tomorrow with full equipment, and a little child shall lead them—on a d—good horse."

FREELY DONATED

"Good morning, ma'am," began the temperance worker. "I am collecting for the Inebriates' Home, and—" "My husband's out," replied the lady, "but if you can find him, I'm sure you are entirely welcome to him."

THOROUGH WORK

How a Pecos Citizen Found Freedom From Kidney Trouble.

If you suffer from backache—From urinary disorders—Any curable disease of the kidneys, Use a tested kidney remedy. Doan's Kidney Pills have been tested by thousands. Pecos people testify. Can you ask more convincing proof of merit? Mrs. Lou Duncan says: "My kidneys were weak and I suffered much from inflammation. At times I was most uncomfortable. I had a dizzy, swimming sensation in my head when everything seemed to be dense in front of me. I had heard of Doan's Kidney Pills, so I started using them and they certainly helped me wonderfully. Doan's relieved the congestion and rid me of the disagreeable feeling in my head." Price 60¢, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Duncan had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

A CHILD WISH
Six-year-old Margaret often played with Nellie, a neighbor's little girl. One rainy day the two were just starting across the clean kitchen floor at Margaret's home when the latter's mother, seeing their muddy shoes, headed them off and sent them out to play on the porch. After a moment Nellie remarked: "My mother don't care how much I run over the kitchen floor." There was quite a long interval of silence. Then Margaret said: "I wish I had a nice dirty mother like you've got, Nellie."—Exchange.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

SHERIFF'S SALE
The State of Texas, County of Reeves.
By virtue of a certain Execution issued out of the Honorable Supreme Court of Austin, Texas, on the 22nd day of March, 1921, by F. T. Connerly, Clerk of said Court against Spencer B. Pugh, et al for the sum of One Hundred and Forty Seven and 60/100 (\$147.60) Dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 2273 in said Court, styled Anna Co-Operative Irrig. Co. et al versus Spencer B. Pugh et al and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 15th day of April, 1921, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Reeves County, described as follows, to-wit: Sections Nos. 21, 23 and 25, in Block No. 2, H & G. N. R. Survey, in Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of Spencer B. Pugh, and John B. Dabridge, Randridge and Pugh, Leslie A. Newham, Individually, and as trustee of the Stockholders of the Trans-Pecos Irrigation Company I. O. Carroll, and Earl H. Prince.
And on Tuesday, the 7th day of June, 1921, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the Town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said Premises at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Spencer B. Pugh et al by virtue of said levy and said Execution. And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Enterprise a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas.
WITNESS, my hand, this 15th day of April, 1921.
E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE
The State of Texas, County of Reeves.
By virtue of a certain Execution issued out of the Honorable County Court of Reeves County, on the 4th day of May, 1921, by S. C. Vaughan, Clerk of said Court, against Jose Bargas for the sum of Two Hundred Ninety-Three and 85/100 (\$293.85) Dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 665, in said Court, styled O. J. Green Mercantile Company versus Jose Bargas and placed in my hands for service, I, E. B. Kiser, as Sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 4th day of May, 1921 levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: Part of Section 9, in Block No. 5, H & G. N. R. Co. Survey; beginning at iron pipe set in ground for S. W. corner of tract of land sold by W. D. Johnson to Juan Arriola, thence N. 33 1/4 W. 100 feet to N.W. corner of Arriola tract; thence S. 56-45 W. 100 feet; thence S. 33 1/4 E. 100 feet; thence N. 56 45/8 E. 100 feet; and levied upon as the property of said Jose Bargas. And on Tuesday, the 7th day of June, 1921, at the Court House door of Reeves County, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M. I will sell said premises at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Jose Bargas by virtue of said levy and said execution. And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Times and Enterprise, a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas.
Witness my hand, this 4th day of May, 1921.
E. B. KISER,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

ARTHUR E. HAYS

THE PECOS OIL MAN
Phone 44
Office Upstairs in First National Bank Building

I have moved and am now prepared to serve you better than ever in OIL AND GAS LEASES

FOR IRRIGATED FARMS AND REAL ESTATE SEE ME!

MRS. D. A. DODDS

LANDS AND OIL AND GAS LEASES—FIVE ACRES TO FIVE HUNDRED ACRES

MRS. D. A. DODDS

PECOS, TEXAS

THE ENTERPRISE CLASSIFIED ADS GET RESULTS.

EFFICIENCY

The word efficiency is yet in its infancy. Only within the last few years has it been used to any extent. It was first applied when it was discovered that a particular workman could do a job, not only better than the average man, but could do it in less time with a greater degree of accuracy.

Skill, speed and accuracy are responsible for the coining of this word efficiency, and they are made possible through the employment of the latest types of machinery.

TWO WAYS OF DOING A THING

THE NEW WAY

A \$6,000 Linotype machine that casts new type for every job and advertisement.

Does the work of four men.

Equipped with 32 different faces of type that can be changed on a minute's notice.

Also casts ornamental printing material, rule, border, etc.

Metal saw that cuts machine products into any design and measure.

LATEST MODEL MACHINE MADE

THE OLD WAY

When printing was done by hand it required six times as much time as by machinery.

Type was laid in cases, became worn, the printing surface scratched; rules were bent, nicked and battered and in a few months the office could not possibly do first-class work. Neither could they afford to buy new.

The Linotype has done away with this method.

REASONS FOR QUALITY PRINTING

THE two Linotype machines in THE ENTERPRISE office are capable of handling any work that falls to them in the shortest possible time—with no exceptions. The now Model 14 is one of the best equipped machines in the State—this is fact.

Without the machines we would have to employ four times as much labor, our floor space increased and additional rent; we could not give you new material with every job; our methods of production much slower, but everyone knows the difference between machine and hand work—it is a short story: Either the hand work costs you much more or the job is done in a haphazard way to meet the low price of the machine work.

THE ENTERPRISE has the only machines in the county and the best skilled workmen on the market.

HOME SWEET HOME

HELLO: IS THIS GOODMAN'S MARKET?—THIS IS MRS. WICKENS SPEAKING—WHAT DO YOU MEAN SENDING ME THIS TOUGH LIVER?

HERE YOU ARE, MOM! WAS I GONE LONG?

NO,—AND NOW WE'LL HAVE SUPPER IN A JIFFY

I BET I TELL THAT BUTCHER A FEW THINGS—TAKING ADVANTAGE, JUST BECAUSE I SENT A CHILD

WAIT A MINUTE—I'LL CALL THE BOSS

SHE WANTS YOU, MR. GOODMAN

WHAT'S WRONG?

MRS. WICKENS.—LIVER COMPLAINT!

by JACK WILSON

OVER 600 FEET OIL IN TROXEL WELL

Your Opportunity—

2 1/2 ACRE LOTS, well located, at \$100 each, IN FEE—YOU ABSOLUTELY OWN ALL OF IT. Terms: \$25.00 Cash, Balance, 30, 60, 90 days.

IT'S YOUR MOVE—SHOOT 5 Year Lease, 160 Acres, \$10 per Acre Want Drilling Contract On Close-in Section, on Cottonwood Draw

R. C. WARN, PECOS, TEXAS

PERSONAL

Major D. J. Brady of the Sunshine Oil Corporation, left Sunday morning for Los Angeles, Calif., where he will visit with his family for about two weeks before returning.

The Messers Cooney, interested with Mr. Southard in the Texas Drilling & Development Co., now putting down the Helen S., left Sunday for their homes in Chicago. They have been in the field for the past two or three weeks and are absolutely confident the Helen S. will come in a real oil well in a very short time. They will go on down and make it a deep test if pay sand is not struck before. These gentlemen are business men of the first water and have the money with which to accomplish their every purpose.

W. R. Rhodes and family left the first of the week for Pecos, where they will make their home in the future. We were hoping they would remain permanently in Midland, but we commend them highly to the people of Pecos, and wish them a good luck.—Midland Reporter.

Miss Eda Mae Ardoin of El Paso, is here on a visit to the family of her aunt, Mrs. M. E. Ranouph.

Sewell Hicks left this week for Chicago for awhile. He will stop over on his way in several of the big oil towns. Mr. Hicks says he has the utmost faith in the Pecos oil field and expects to return to Pecos in July or earlier, and says he sincerely believes that by that time at the farthest Pecos will have a gusher. At any rate he says he will return to Pecos on the first train after he gets word that a gusher has been brought in. Mr. Hicks will keep posted on all things pertaining to this country through The Enterprise until his return.

J. Ed Bartlett of Santa Anna was a Reeves county visitor this week. Mr. Bartlett was a four-sectioner when the wife of this writer was living up her four sections some twelve or fourteen years ago, but moved back to his old home. Mr. Bartlett is prospering and still owns land near Toyah which he hopes will some day make him rich. He is a constant reader of The Enterprise and has been for years and believes it the best country weekly he knows anything about. While in Pecos he advanced his dates to July 1st, 1922.

Mrs. B. F. Knapp and little son, Bleecker, Jr., of Balmorhea came up Thursday for a visit to her mother, Mrs. W. Z. Wilson. They returned to their home Monday morning via P. V. S. railway.

Little Misses Norabel Hollebeck and Florence Johnson are each tussling with the measles this week. It is hoped they will come out conquerors.

Mr. and Mrs. John Z. Means have returned to their home in El Paso after a visit to their daughter, Mrs. Woody Browning and family.

Mrs. J. B. Howard and children have returned from Midland where they had been on a few days visit to Mrs. Howard's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Ray.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wilson of Loving, New Mexico, were week-end visitors to Mrs. Wilson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Collings.

Mrs. Shellenberger of Fort Stockton visited friends in Pecos last week. Miss Bessie Lena Wilson of Union Springs, Alabama, arrived Thursday of last week for a visit through the summer to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Wilson and sisters, Misses Mattie Lee and Frankie Wilson and Mrs. B. F. Knapp of Balmorhea.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Otto are the happy parents of a fine daughter born to them Tuesday morning. They now have a family of even fourteen—seven boys and seven girls—all strong and healthy. Mrs. Otto, who has been ill for some time is much improved and both the mother and daughter are doing nicely. The Enterprise extends congratulations.

Miss Charlie Burns returned last week from Midland where she has been in school of the Christian college the past year.

Mrs. Elmer Jones and children are in town from the ranch visiting her mother, Mrs. C. T. Looby.

Mrs. Sid Kyle and son, Mac, have returned from Dallas where they have been the past year and where Mac has been in

PRICES OF FARM CROPS

BELOW PREWAR AVERAGE
The prices of six of the important crops on May 1 of this year were below the prewar average prices for that date, according to figures collected by the Bureau of Crop Estimates, United States Department of Agriculture. These crops are corn, oats, barley, flax, potatoes, and cotton. The report showed that the prices of the three grains—wheat, rye, and buckwheat—were above the prewar average prices. During April the average price of wheat declined from \$1.50 to \$1.23 per bushel. The report shows that in general the industrial crops, such as flax, cotton, and broom corn, are the most depressed in price, and that food crops, such as wheat, rye, potatoes, and apples, show relatively less decline.

The prices in various parts of the country vary with South Dakota being the center of the low-price district, the May 1 report shows. The average price of wheat in that State was 90 cents per bushel, and in some counties it was as low as 70 cents. Corn was selling at an average price of 32 cents per bushel in South Dakota, while the average price for the United States was nearly 60 cents. The price of oats was 23 cents per bushel in South Dakota, the average for the United States being 36.8 cents. The report showed a big decline in the price of old potatoes, especially in Michigan, where the average was 29 cents a bushel, which was 20 cents below the average for the United States.

THE WORD "NO."

The principal cause of the immoral wave sweeping over the country was struck by Major Williamson as he lectured two young people arraigned before him on charges of immorality.

In this connection the mayor said he realized that young people were not always wholly to blame for going wrong—that often they are indulged, humored and pampered by parents until they have acquired tastes and habits utterly impossible to maintain. Then, in the effort to live "easy," to keep peace with others of greater financial means, it is only one short step to immorality and dishonesty.

This is placing the blame where much of it belongs—on thoughtless fathers and mothers. We are so full of the idea that "our" boys and girls cannot make mistakes and that they are entitled to nothing less than the best, that we indulge them far beyond the limit and give them liberties that the well balanced fathers and mothers of other days would not have considered for a minute.

One trouble with most parents of today is they have forgotten how to say "no." This word seems gone from their vocabulary. But, if we are to save this generation and the next, the word "no" must be revived and kept in daily use.

On rare occasions you hear an expression like this from a child: "Don't count on me to go; mother has said I can't, and when she says anything she means just that."

Too often, however, you hear this: "Sure I can go; mother hasn't agreed as yet, but I can handle her."

You don't have to be continually antagonistic to your children, but if they are to develop into honorable, energetic, worthwhile men and women, you their guardian, must exercise control over them during the formative period.—Cisco Round-Up.

A DISAPPOINTED DRUMMER

A thirsty knight of the grip was the victim of foul play here this week. In visiting one of our business houses he remarked that he would give most anything for a quart of corn. The Big Springite thinking to have a little fun remarked that he could let him have a quart of white corn for \$2.50, and the appreciative drummer was most effusive in thanks. A quart bottle was sent to feed store and filled with white shelled corn, carefully wrapped and addressed to the thirsty one. He immediately purchased some soda pop to serve as a chaser and inviting a friend to enjoy a treat, motored out a mile or so from town to open his prize. He has not returned to town to claim his \$2.50 or to tell how well he likes white corn.—Big Spring Herald.

PROCLAMATION

To All To Whom These Presents Shall Come: WHEREAS, there was, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1921, presented to the Commissioners' Court of Reeves County, Texas, a petition signed by more than two hundred (200) qualified property-tax-paying voters of Reeves County, Texas, petitioning said Court to order an election to be held to determine whether the Commissioners' Court of said Reeves County shall be authorized to annually levy and collect a special ad valorem tax on all the taxable property in said Reeves County of and at the rate of not to exceed fifteen cents (\$0.15) on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) valuation of said taxable property, such tax to be used for the support and maintenance of the public roads and bridges in said Reeves County; NOW, THEREFORE, KNOW YE THAT I, JAS. F. ROSS, County Judge of Reeves County, Texas, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and Laws of the State of Texas, do hereby order that a Special Election be held in said County of Reeves and State of Texas, on the second Saturday in June, A. D. 1921, same being the 11th day of June, A. D. 1921, for the following purpose: To determine whether the Commissioners' Court of said Reeves County shall be authorized to annually levy and collect a special ad valorem tax on all the taxable property in said Reeves County of and at the rate of not to exceed fifteen cents (\$0.15) on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) valuation of said taxable property, such tax to be used for the support and maintenance of the public roads and bridges in said Reeves County; such tax, if voted, to be levied and collected for the year A. D. 1921, and annually thereafter unless and until it be discontinued as provided by law. The polling places for such election shall be the same as are provided by the Commissioners' Court for a General Election, and all persons may vote in such election who are qualified resident property-tax-paying voters of said Reeves County. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand in my official capacity and caused the seal of the County of said Reeves County to be hereon impressed, this 3rd day of June, A. D. 1921, at Pecos, Texas, on this the 11th day of June, A. D. 1921. JAS. F. ROSS, County Judge, Reeves County, Texas.

"STAY AT HOME THIS SUMMER."

This sentence which has been brought up in nearly every Pecos home has probably brought disappointment to those who have been in the habit of enjoying a trip to the coast resorts each year. There is no reason for such a feeling, according to officials of the Chamber of Commerce who are now corresponding with a large number of people in regard to vacation trip to the Davis Mountains. These officials point out that there are plenty of places in this territory, worthy of anyone's consideration as summer playgrounds.

Many of these are convenient, easily accessible and make it easy for heads of families to keep in touch with their business and be with their families for week-ends or longer. Naturally this keeps money at home, which would otherwise be spent away from here, and from which no local benefit would be experienced. This money kept in the home channels this year will aid in tiding over the quiet period of the summer months and put the community in position to meet the tide of rising prosperity with confidence and ability to care for itself.

VACATION CHURCH SCHOOL
When? June 6, 9-10 a. m.
Where? Baptist Church.
By whom? The protestant churches of Pecos.

For whom? Everybody of Bible school age and over. Come at 10 o'clock.

Why? To teach concerning Christ, the Hope of the world.
A fine thing for Pecos. Let's everybody take hold of it.

C. H. Willoughby left Friday for E. Paso, on business.

PECOS ABSTRACT CO.

WARN BUILDING.

An Abstract of Title is of no value, unless you can RELY upon it.

Our Abstract Can Be Relied On
PECOS CITY, TEXAS
Opposite First National Bank

PRUETT LUMBER CO.

Twenty-five years experience in Pecos should give us an idea about how to supply your wants. We are always on the job. Lumber prices have hit the bottom. Now is the time to get ready for the next oil boom which is expected daily.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

1921

Will your funds be protected during 1921? They will if deposited in this bank — a State Guaranty Fund bank.

The non-interest bearing and unsecured deposits of this bank are protected by the State of Texas State Bank Guarantee Fund.

THE PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK

GUARANTY FUND BANK
Member Federal Reserve Bank

Can You Guess Beans?

Don't forget Saturday afternoon we will give valuable premiums in "Wear Ever" Aluminum Ware to ladies guessing nearest to number of beans in jar on display in our window.

Register your guess today and be sure to visit our store for the **BIG DEMONSTRATION** Of Perfection Oil Stoves, Saturday, June 4th from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.

NEW PERFECTION Oil Cook Stoves and Ovens



Insure delicious cooking and perfect baking—lighten the housewife's burdens—

Because the Long Blue Chimney burner lights and heats instantly—drives the intense heat from any flame directly against utensils. No smoke, soot or disagreeable odor. There's Speed, Steady, Clean, Intense heat for every cooking purpose—just right for perfect baking too. Let us demonstrate its Long Blue Chimney burner

A factory representative will be in charge of the demonstration.

Whether you contemplate buying a new stove or not we invite you to attend this demonstration. Perhaps you might learn more about the Perfection you are now using, or if you expect to need a new stove you will learn the superiority of the Perfection.

We assure you of something good to eat and a pleasant afternoon to all.

SO COME!

PECOS MERCANTILE CO.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT