

# THE MIDLAND REPORTER

AND GAZETTE - EXAMINER

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Number 5-2

## HOW'LL YOU STAND BEFORE BAR OF PUBLIC OPINION?

Next week or the week after all those who have been assessed an individual quota in raising the Fourth Liberty Loan in Midland County, who have neither accepted this assessment nor appeared before the committee with a reason for failure to do so, will be subjected to the humiliation of having their names published to that effect. You will be adjudged by Public Opinion. If you are a slacker you should be routed out, shamed and publicly punished, no less than have been slackers who have sought to evade the selective draft.

Judge Chas. Gibbs has this week addressed a letter to us that prompts us in the above belief, and The Reporter is so indignant that some of our people seem reluctant in the discharge of a duty as sacred as the promise of Heaven is precious, that we shall urge the humiliation of slackers to the utmost.

The communication of Judge Gibbs is, this week, mildly propitiatory; also, judicious, argumentative, instructive. Take it from us, however, that he can be uncompromisingly severe—hateful, if you please—and at this time, when our country is calling for the manhood, the womanhood; when it is calling, calling to America's deepest sentiment and love of country for the one and possibly last supreme effort to tear down the beastly barrier to human freedom, unless you come out four square, your colors sustaining the censorship of public opinion, then, indeed, "another plan" will be adopted, other than one of propitiation. Remember, then, that old adage: that "hint to the wise." This week Judge Gibbs writes:

"Mr. C. Watson, City.  
"Dear Sir: Personally I dislike to consume so much of your valuable space, but the matter that I am most deeply interested in right at present is not my own personal affair but that of the Fourth Liberty Loan.

"I am glad to report that a little more than half of Midland County's quota of eighty thousand, two hundred dollars was subscribed for during the first three days of the campaign, and the committee is thereby assured of the patriotism of a majority of the people of the county. But there are some new situations developing which I desire to discuss that had not occurred to the committee.

"Some people have the idea that they must make their cash payment at the time they hand in their subscription cards. That is incorrect. The subscription cards are merely a pledge by which you respond to the call of the committee. The subscriber should sign and mail these promptly. The cash payment can be made at any time on or before October 18th, 1918. The subscriber should call at his bank on or before October 18th, and make the initial payment upon his bond and at the same time sign an obligation to pay the subsequent installments, or pay all cash, as the case may be. The committee is especially anxious for these subscription cards to come in promptly.

"A few people have refused to subscribe for the full amount of their individual quotas and have reduced their quotas and turned in their cards with such reduced subscription. This should not be done. It is not fair to the committee nor to the subscriber. It is not fair to the committee for the reason that such a subscription indicates that the subscriber resents the action of the committee, while the committee feels that it has acted fairly. The subscriber is doing himself an injustice in that such a subscription indicates that the subscriber is either unwilling to do his part or is unwilling to co-operate with the committee to the end that the individual quotas may be equalized fairly.

"The committee has notified the subscribers in the letter that accompanies the subscription card that it will sit this, Friday afternoon, Oct. 4th, and next Monday afternoon, Oct. 7th, for the purpose of hearing complaints from any citizen who feels that his individual quota has been placed too high. The citizens should either accept their quotas and sign and mail their pledge cards promptly or they should appear before the committee on one of the dates fixed for that purpose and explain to the committee why he feels that his individual quota is too high. A courteous, respectful and confidential hearing will be granted to any one that comes. It is not enough to mention the matter to members of the committee on the streets, for individually we have no authority but the matter should be taken up fairly with the committee at the time and place indicated in the letter you received.

"As chairman I intend to call the soliciting committee together the early part of next week for the purpose of asking them to publish the amount heretofore subscribed by each person for each bond and for War Savings Stamps. And also for the purpose of publishing the individual quotas finally fixed for this issue and the response thereto by each subscriber. This cannot be done until after the dates fixed by the committee for complaints, but it can properly be done after we have heard the complaints and made such readjust-

ments as we think fair and proper.

"This is public business; we are all trying to pay a common and just debt, and the people have a right to know who it is that is bearing Midland County's burden of this great struggle. I think I can assure you that made, but of course I do not know the nature and extent of same until after our soliciting committee of twenty-five members has been called together for the purpose of passing upon the suggestion.

"Be assured that Midland County's quota will be raised. If we have not adopted the right plan we will adopt another. Our county quota is not too high and it must be raised. The people of Midland County pay their debts and we propose to pay our debt to Uncle Sam first."

—Pay The President—

Our Camp Travis Letter.

"No cases of Spanish Influenza have been discovered in Camp Travis, Texas. Influenza of a mild form has been noted in a few cases during the past few months but in no instance has the influenza been of the virulent type now reported prevalent in the East."

This was the statement today of Lieut. Colonel L. W. Little, chief surgeon of the Eighteenth Division, located at Camp Travis.

Because of the prevalence of the virulent type in the east every case of influenza in any form is reported directly to the Surgeon General in Washington. Cases numbering 37, reported from Camp Travis, however have been of the very mild type and not to be classed as Spanish influenza. Every precaution has been taken and is being taken to prevent the introduction or spread of the infection now reported in many other camps.

There has never been a death reported from influenza from the Camp Travis base hospital or from among the soldiers at Camp Travis, notwithstanding the fact that there has been a total of from 25,000 to 40,000 practically all the time. All suspected cases are being carefully watched for symptoms of the influenza of the Spanish type.

According to Colonel Little, the Spanish influenza is different from the usual known type of influenza in the virulence of the factors. Climatic conditions have much to do with the status of the disease. It is notable that camps and cantonments of the United States west of the Mississippi river have been singularly free of influenza in any form whatever.

There is no reason for worry, as to the health of the soldiers in the cantonment at Camp Travis, unless very unexpected outbreaks of the influenza appear. This is deemed unlikely because of the preventive steps already taken and the general health conditions existing.

## STRONG APPEAL BY GOV. W. P. HOBBY

Declares That Texas Will Stand by Her Own Flesh and Blood to the Very End

Approximately 200,000 men have gone from Texas into the various branches of the United States army and navy. These men must be fed and clothed and supplied with the necessary equipment for carrying forward to a successful culmination the task to which they have dedicated themselves, their lives and fortunes.

The work of maintaining an army of 200,000 men is a stupendous task, and the cost is in proportion. As an individual, as private, non-commissioned or commissioned officer, the American soldier costs approximately annually per capita \$2,000. Of this amount \$430 goes for sustenance; \$280 for personal equipment; \$650 service; \$480 goes for pay (general average); \$80 housing, cantonment etc.; \$120, transportation here and abroad.

Of this computation of \$2,000, it will cost Texas \$400,000,000 annually to maintain her army of 200,000 men, not including guns and ammunition. Nothing less is expected of Texas.

In his report to the House Appropriations Committee, General March said there are now about 3,200,000 men under arms. Sixteen per cent of this number came from the Lone Star State. To the everlasting glory of a big state that does big things, it can be said that Texas did her duty by her country in giving her man power to this big cause for which our country went to war. And her task of meeting the gigantic cost of feeding, clothing and maintaining this huge representation of the greatest commonwealth in the greatest country in the world, will be accomplished with the same spirit of readiness with which she raised and sent into training and across the seas her army of 200,000 men, and with which she meets all big situations.

The message sent back to this country by the boys who are now in the thick of the fight is this: "We can do your fighting to a victorious finish if the folk back home are willing to 'stand the gauff'."

Texas is going to "stand the gauff." She has never admitted defeat. Conditions in the western section of the State have been deplorable by reason of an unprecedented drought. The answer to an appeal for relief of the drought sufferers was spontaneous throughout the State. And just as Texas arose to a situation that demanded the immediate financial assistance to citizens within the confines of the State, so will she lend the necessary backing for those boys, 200,000 strong, who have uncomplainingly, cheerfully, and with a smile on their lips, shouldered the responsibility of this war, which is your war and my war, as well as theirs.

I appeal to the patriotism and the honor of Texans. Do your part by these boys who are fighting for you.

## MIDLAND COUNTY'S DUTY TO HER BOYS

Some of the Imperative Reasons Why We Should Subscribe Readily to The Fighting Fourth

We want to tell the people of Midland and vicinity why they should subscribe the full quota of the fourth Liberty Loan assigned to them. Midland and the country immediately surrounding and tributary has sent 180 soldiers into service of the United States. They are in the army, the navy and marine corps. They are fighting the battles of this country; of this community. Midland has a vital interest in winning this war, the same vital interest that every other part of the country has in preserving the honor and integrity of America and safeguarding humanity for all time.

It costs in round numbers about \$1,000 a year to maintain a soldier. To send that soldier overseas, clothed, armed and equipped for modern warfare costs about \$1,000 more, and consequently the 180 men from Midland in the service of the United States cost the government \$360,000. Isn't that reason enough why we should subscribe our share to this Liberty Loan—The Fighting Fourth?

Of course we have already furnished the men, but just remember we are not doing the fighting. The boys are in the trenches and facing the storm of German shot and shell on that long battle line in France. We people of Midland have something more to do besides proudly waving our flags as our boys go to the front. We've got to help pay for keeping them at the front. They are making the supreme sacrifice. We are only required to make a sacrifice in money. Hold on, a bit! Is it a sacrifice to buy a government bond? Not a bit of it. The only sacrifice is in using the money that you have or the money that you can get in the next few months to buy a bond the best in the world, and which will pay you good interest on your investment.

Midland is going to subscribe her quota all right. We know that. But let's do it quick and get on the honor roll like we and a lot of other cities and towns did on the last loan. Let's make a record that will keep Midland on the map.

"Stand the gauff," and back them up to your last dollar, in order that they may soon return to us, having fought a good fight, to a victorious end.

W. P. Hobby,  
Governor of Texas.

—Pay The President—

The Invincible Union—Fighting Dollars and Fighting Men.

—Pay The President—

Outings.

Our Fall stock just received, only 23c the yard. This is about 10c the yard less than we can buy from the wholesalers.

—Pay The President—

THE MERCANTILE.

—Pay The President—

Dig in! Buy Bonds. Carry on! Buy more Liberty Bonds.

## PRIDE OF OUR PEOPLE BEING WEIGHED IN THE BALANCES

No man yet in Midland County has had to miss a single meal on account of the great war. No material sacrifice has been made by any one, and in our drive for the Fourth Liberty Loan—The Fighting Fourth—the very pride of Midland County is being weighed in the balances. Is it possible that we may be found wanting?

In discussing the present Fourth Liberty Loan drive, now on throughout the United States to raise the six billion dollar Liberty Loan asked for by the Government, Judge J. M. DeArmond had, the following to say relative to the campaign in this county to raise the quota fixed for Midland County:

"I believe the Midland County Citizens will accept cheerfully and in full the quota assigned to them by the Individual Quota Committee of the Midland County Liberty Loan Organization who were appointed by the Government authorities for this county. This rating plan, by which an effort is made to assign fairly and impartially to each man and woman the amount of bonds his or her resources should make him want to buy, is considered by those of the citizens of the town who have discussed the matter with me, as the fairest and most equitable plan the Government has yet devised in raising its Liberty Loans. No one has said to me that the plan was not fair and right. The Individual Quota Committee is composed of men who are intimately acquainted with every citizen of the county, and I believe that between them they have the necessary information regarding every man that will enable the committee as a whole to arrive at the amount of the bonds each man and woman ought to buy that will be just about right. Certainly no one can feel that he is doing more than his share or that his neighbor is doing less than his share. For these reasons I am confident that Midland County is going to co-operate splendidly with the committee, and is going to LEND as the boys 'over there' are GIVING. If any one should think that his quota has been, by mistake, placed too high he has the right and is invited by the committee to appear before it on the dates set and an effort will be made to equalize the matter and arrive at a fair and just amount for him to buy. Let every one back up this committee in their work. They comprise an important arm of the Government, are serving patriotically without price and are carrying out to the best of their ability their instructions from their government. Let there be no slackers in Midland County. It is just as much a disgrace to be a slacker in the first line trenches at home as it is to be a slacker in the first line trenches at the battle front. Ours is a meager and humble share, to lend

our money at 4 1-2 per cent—our boys at the front give their all. If they can give everything at a moment's notice and do it with a cheer and a smile, it does seem that we should not require three weeks in which to count and recount our dollars before making our subscriptions to the Liberty Loan. Let us secure an altogether higher and nobler view of our duty. To subscribe to this Loan is a glorious privilege extended to us. Let us not even wait to be solicited further in the matter, but go forward of our own accord and lay upon the altar of freedom our dollars. Our brave soldiers are not only placing upon this altar their dollars but their lives. I believe that the pride of Midland is such that no further appeal will be necessary."

—Pay The President—

## DUTY OUTLINED BY HON. J. W. HOOPES

To the People of Midland County:  
In the name of a quarter of a million men who have left this District to fight for us I appeal to the citizen ship of the Eleventh Federal District to subscribe and over subscribe the Fourth Liberty Loan, and I call upon them to do it quickly.

Let us put away as unworthy of ourselves and of this occasion the usual thoughts of our little, and really unimportant lives.

Men are fighting, braving and suffering death itself for you and me. As ordinary average decent human beings we should feel that we should support these men and provide them with the minimum amount the government asks of us. As men of pride in our race, birth and nationality, we must do more and make our response both prompt and generous.

To count our money while our sons are fighting for our lives, our homes and our future, is out of place and unworthy.

Conditions in this district of ours are not ideal and the burden of the Loan has been most carefully adjusted. Not a single man, not a single community has been asked to do more than is possible or reasonable.

Upon the wealthy men of this community rests a responsibility greater than that ever placed upon their shoulders before. They must lend to their country the accumulated wealth of past years and we know that they will do it.

Our boys went to our defense fearlessly, courageously, and with a smile on their faces. We must all lend as they have given. J. W. HOOPES,  
Federal Reserve Bank.

—Pay The President—

SOME HISTORY OF THE EPIDEMIC INFLUENZA

It has been thought advisable to make some statement regarding the present epidemic of influenza. In a bulletin just issued by the United States Public Health Service it is stated that:

"Epidemic influenza (Spanish influenza), an acute infectious disease, has prevailed in Europe this year, similar in many respects the disease which prevailed in pandemic form in the winter of 1889-90. It seems probable that in 1918, as in 1889-90, the earliest appearance was in Eastern Europe. By April cases were occurring on the western front. In Spain, according to reports, 30 per cent of the population were attacked in May. The 1889 epidemic, starting in Northern Europe, also fell heavily on Spain; the present ruler, then three years old, being one of the first attacked in Madrid. The king of Spain is said also to have been attacked in the present epidemic. The epidemic of 1918 was at its height in Germany in June and July. It has appeared in practically every section of Europe. In England the epidemic prevailed in May, June and July.

"Outbreaks have been reported from various sections of the United States, but the spread has been by no means so rapid as in 1889, when the disease occurred in America almost simultaneously with its appearance in Western Europe.

"It is thought that epidemic influenza and common gripe, an affliction so well known to us, are identically the same, this epidemic only being of a more severe form than has prevailed from year to year. The disease is so highly contagious and spreads so rapidly that quarantining for its prevention is considered impracticable. However, isolation of cases should be obtained, in order to minimize the exposures. Crowded places are potent factors in the spread of the disease, and should be avoided where possible during the epidemic.

"It is said the most dangerous form of human contact in the presence of epidemic influenza is, in all probability, that with coughs and sneezes. Coughing and sneezing, except behind a handkerchief, is as great a sanitary offense as promiscuous spitting, and should be equally condemned."

Put your dollars into khaki! Buy Liberty Bonds.

## Ladies' Ready-to-Wear

### Coats

We are showing a beautiful line of Coats in plush and cloth. Prices are reasonable. Come in and look them over.

### Dresses

You should see our new line of Dresses—"Cadillac" dresses for girls and misses, "Sperling" dresses for ladies. They will please the most fastidious.

### Skirts

We are just in receipt of a shipment of the newest things in Skirts. Prices range from

**\$5.50 to \$20.00**  
Exceptional Values

Our merchandise is bought right and we are in position to save you money.

Watch this Space

## Midland Mercantile Company

Grocery Phone No. 6

The Store that Saves You Money

Dry Goods Phone 284





## The Unseen Foe

Have you ever fought  
the unseen?

Do you know the fear  
of it?

Our boys do.

But they grit their teeth,  
remember their American  
birth, and go forward.

Are you anxious about  
meeting Liberty Bond pay-  
ments?

Feel that you don't know  
what the future has in  
store for you?

Man! your duty is clear.

Lend as our boys fight--  
Fearlessly, courageous-  
ly, with but one thought--  
victory.

Buy Liberty Bonds to  
your utmost.

As a part of their efforts to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion, this advertisement is endorsed and paid for by

W. J. MORAN, Real Estate and Loans

C. A. TAYLOR & SON, Druggists

D. H. ROETTGER, Jeweler





No time to count the cost as he jumps into the unknown, as he springs to success or eternity.

Ever worry about meeting a Liberty Bond payment?

Take another glance at the man who does not worry about meeting death.

Then, in a spirit of humility, of reverence, go out and

## Buy Liberty Bonds

To Your Utmost

As a part of their efforts to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion, this advertisement is endorsed and paid for by

The City Grocery Company

### THE MESSAGE OF A RETURNED SOLDIER

Over in France the soldiers of the United States army are known as the smiling Yanks. They have a wonderful spirit of confidence. They accept the fortunes of war with a gay whistle. They sing as they march forth to battle.

It is the consciousness that back home the volunteers of industry are working at full strength to supply every need that imbues the Americans with the splendid courage that makes victory certain. This is the message brought back by Private Charles C. McGonegal, who for seven months has been at the front, where he saw the hardest kind of service. Private McGonegal, Company B, 18th Infantry, which is known as General Pershing's "own," had a chance to find out just what the industrial army means to the army that bears arms. He was a mechanic before he volunteered from North Dakota in June 1917, and so he is fitted to pass judgment on the relation of the two armies.

Sitting on the porch of the workshop of Walter Reed hospital, Washington, D. C., Private McGonegal talked with J. F. Hodgson, first-class mechanic at the Washington navy yard. It happened that the two men who represent combatant and non-combatant service in the war, met at the hospital, because Private McGonegal lost both hands, Feb. 3rd, when he was on duty at an outpost on the French line of defense. German machine gunners made an attack, which was "unlucky." Private McGonegal thinks, for it cut short his service before he

had a chance to do more than make a beginning at beating the Huns. But he is still cheerful; he has brought back with him the Yank spirit for which the workers of the country are so largely responsible. And he will soon be able to return to the ranks of the workers—why, he drove a Red Cross ambulance for three weeks before he sailed for home!

"The main idea is that American pluck has put a new slant on the war the British, French and even the Moroccans," said Private McGonegal. "Those fellows over there have been in the war so long they had begun to think it wasn't going to end. Then our troops landed and it all looked different. The thing that made it look so promising was the way we were equipped. We had everything. Our regiments gave them the impression that we had endless stores to draw on and boundless supplies coming right along. Of course, we were proud to have such a welcome as they gave us, but, after all, it was the workers at home that made us look so good to them. They had been in the war game long enough to know just what labor means to the fighting forces.

"The French soldiers talked a great deal about what the men and women are doing in the shops and factories here in the United States. They had read about volunteers who were working for nothing and regular employees who were taking half pay and working over time. Why, those Frenchmen couldn't do enough for us, and they would have taken the coats off their backs if any of us had needed them. But we didn't need anything—that was the point. We hadn't thought much about what the hands at the

looms, for instance, were doing for us, but the foreign fighters made us realize what we owe to the workers."

### LEND AS THEY HAVE GIVEN—OR GOD PITY YOU

It is unfortunate that the heart can be stirred in times like these by only the direst calamity.

If appeals to reason could reach the deepest emotions our government would have all the money it needs. The torpedoing of one of our troop ships would bring it, in a grim, determined hurry, but at the same time it would be aroused to the fury of hell, and we might commit some overt act that would count against us at the peace table. To avoid such a possible tragedy, and consequent result, it is the duty of every citizen to furnish our government with all the funds it needs without the asking, so as to eliminate the enormous expense of these bond drives and release for other war activities the splendid services of the hosts of men thus engaged.

We want to say a word to the hundred dollar man without dependents, in an endeavor to bring him to a realization of his responsibility in this great war which we will win; and what we say to him can be applied, in the same ratio, to every man earning the same ratio, to every man earning \$125 and upwards, per month. It costs our government close around eighty dollars per month to maintain each brave man that is fighting for liberty of the world. Based upon the cost of the most menial labor the soldier is, at least, a hundred dollar man. He, therefore, is not only giving up his home ties; is not only offering his life but he is actually giving our government, with no expectancy of return or hope of reward, \$20 every month, in order that you may have an opportunity of earning your \$100 per month in perfect safety. Are you giving \$25 per month to our government to help win the war? No? Well, will you not lend our government \$20 every month for the duration of the war at 4 1/4 per cent interest? Is it not the least you can do, and, honestly, is it not your duty to do the most you can?

After this war is won, probably before, there is going to be another draft. A draft before the board of public opinion, and all men are going to be classified. There will be a class for the miser and a class for the slacker, and—may God pity them, for their fellowman will not.

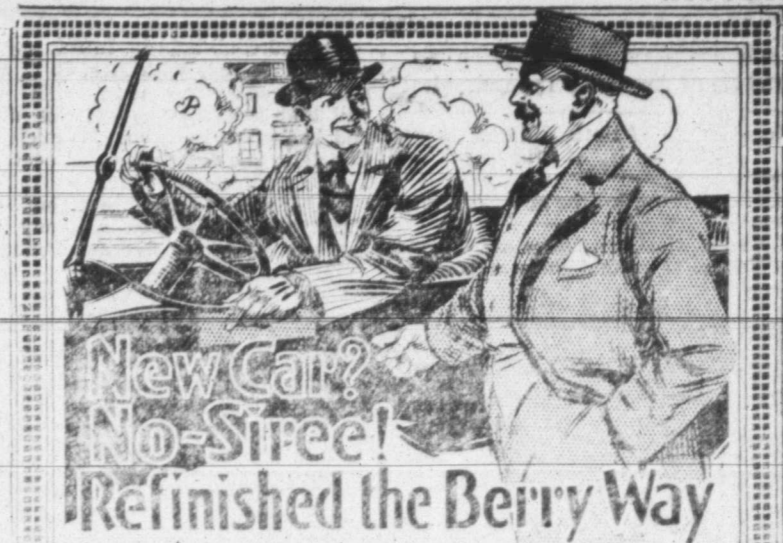
### SECOND LETTER ON THE FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

This is the second in a series of four letters prepared by the National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, of which Mrs. William G. McAdoo is chairman. The first appeared in last week's issue and dealt with government appropriations for the fiscal year, 1918. The letter, published below, explains the cost attached to the selective draft system. National headquarters urges that all possible publicity be given this information, and it was previously suggested that this letter, like the last, and the two to follow, will be read regularly in all chapter branch and auxiliary work-rooms.

#### Letter No. 2

Early in the summer Secretary Baker announced that there were 1,200,000 troops in Europe. Immediately a German war official proclaimed to the German people that this statement of Mr. Baker's was not true, because it could not be true. He said we didn't have an army of that size and that if we had it would have been impossible for us to have sent the men to Europe because of our lack of ships, and that even had we boats enough to carry them, the German submarines would have sent them to the bottom before they reached their ports of destination. He concluded this remarkable house-that-Jack-built statement with the assurance that German soldiers would never have anything to fear from American soldiers. Our enemy looked on with sneers and jeers and contempt followed by fear and panic, while Democracy built an army. Our Allies watched with hope and with doubt, while a democracy turned its citizens into soldiers and sent the finished product to the battle fronts of Europe. You will remember the 5th of June a year ago, when between dawn and dark ten million men—to be exact, 9,586,508 men between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-one, were enrolled for military service, how within forty-eight hours, practically all registration returns were assembled by telegraph at Washington. The same process was repeated last June, and again in August, when something like 850,000 men, the new 21 years olds, were enrolled; and now the fourth registration which Congress has just authorized includes 13,000,000 more, up to forty-five years of age and down to eighteen. That will leave in the country only about five million able-bodied men; the rest will be boys and gray-heads. At first glance the biggest thing about the draft appears to be its size, but great as that is, the numbers are hardly as remarkable and as significant as the fact that the people raised their own army. Every town, city and county nominated its best men, and they were put in charge. No mighty federal war machine composed of army officers was sent from Washington and intruded everywhere into the frame work of local government. At the Capital Provost Marshal General Crowder with a force of forty officers perfected the plans and directed the work assisted by five hundred clerks, mostly women. The selective draft was put into effect by thirty thousand civilian officers and was administered by home town people, friends and neighbors. It was the finest demonstration ever made of local self-government. As to the cost, it is to be noted that the bill for the draft is far less per man than for volunteering. In 1914 it cost \$24.48 for recruiting a man into the volunteer system; in 1915 it was \$19.14, and for the nine months just before we went to war it was \$28.95. During the first year of the war down to the seventh of April, 1918, official reports show that the cost for registering each man was 54 cents. The cost for each man called was \$1.99, and the cost for each man accepted for service came to \$4.93. The appropriations for the Provost Marshal General's office were \$19,134,903, and the expenditures were \$13,054,634.44 and included among its largest items the salaries of local and district clerical boards, \$4,210,000; salaries of clerical assistants to district and local boards \$3,900,000 and \$2,548,413 was spent for printing and other expenses. Our army is, every American believes, the finest body of human beings the sun ever shone on. It is fit to fight that the world may be made safe for democracy, and it is built strictly on the lines of democracy. The millionaire and the humblest laborer march side by side. Officers are drawn from every walk of life. No man is exempted because he is rich. None are drafted because they are poor. Men are measured by their willingness or their capacity. Past, or caste, or creeds are not taken into account. Thus the selective draft has become a badge of honorable service. Sincerely yours, Antoinette Funk, Director, Propaganda and Speakers' Department.

Pay The President—  
He buys best who buys quickly. Buy your bonds now.  
Pay The President—  
CLOCKS MOVED BACK OCT. TWENTY-SEVENTH  
At 2 o'clock a. m., Oct. 27th, will be the time to move the clock back an hour under the federal daylight saving act. Previous announcements that the time might be changed Oct. 1st were in error. The law reads: "At 2 o'clock, antemeridian, of the last Sunday in March each year (March 31, 1918) the standard time of each zone shall be advanced one hour, and at 2 o'clock, antemeridian, of the last Sunday in October in each year (October 27th, 1918), the standard time of each zone shall, by the retarding of one hour, be returned to the mean astronomical time of the decree of longitude governing the said zone."  
Pay The President—  
Buy Bonds and back the guns that hit the Huns.  
Pay The President—  
Buy today. Save and pay.



New Car? No Siree! Refinished the Berry Way

YOU, too, can refinish your own car at a nominal expense and reproduce the original lustre by using

BERRY BROTHERS' Auto Color Varnishes

Made in all standard colors and black and white, so that you can have just the color combination you prefer, plus quick service and no finishing charges.

Equally applied, cover well, wear well and give a rich, smooth gloss that will make you proud of your car and your own handiwork.

We have a descriptive folder showing color combinations and giving expert directions for the various finishes, quantities of materials required, etc. Call at our store and get one.

BASHAM, SHEPHERD & CO. (635)

### WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO SAY TO THESE BOYS?

There are 180 of them who have left Midland County. These boys you know—these boys who left your own town—our neighbor's home, maybe, to fight in blood and dirt that you may be secure.

And what are you going to say to their mothers and fathers, your friends and neighbors, who have given flesh of their flesh and bone of their bone to stand between you and the German fiends that threaten you?

When the boys heard the call, "Your country needs you," they did not begin to argue about crop or trade conditions; not one of them said, "I can't afford to go." They gave up home, loved ones, income and wages; went into hard training, braved submarines, lived in trenches, and when the time came they went against those Germans and covered themselves with glory that has added a new lustre to the American name and flag.

They did not do it complainingly, grudgingly, as though they were doing some one a favor. No! They went with a smile, they marched with a song on their lips, they bled with a grin, and some—God rest their souls—died like heroes.

Friends and neighbors! Can't you see that we have to support these boys of Midland County, these boys of ours, even if we have to starve ourselves to do it? Argument about this Liberty Loan business is out of the question. Our very sense of decency alone compels us to lend to the uttermost dollar.

For us to talk about our dollars as though they were sacred, when the boys of Midland County are giving their flesh and blood, is impossible. We are to be pitted that we can do so little—let us at least do that little gladly.

Let us lend as the boys of Midland County have given.

### DESTROYS SLEEP

Many Midland People Testify to This

You can't sleep at night With aches and pains of a bad back When you have to get up from urinary troubles.

If the kidneys are at fault Set them working right with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is Midland proof of their merit. George Wein, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have been a wonderful help to me for several years. My back was at one time in a terrible shape. It ached and was weak. When I bent down, I could hardly straighten up again. The secretions were highly colored and too frequent and burning in passage. I had to get up at night on that account. I used Doan's and haven't had much trouble since. When I have noticed any symptoms, however, I get Doan's at Taylor & Son's drug store. They never failed to relieve me in a short time."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Wein had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y. adv. 51-2t

Pay The President—  
Bonds buy food for soldiers. Buy Liberty Bonds.

Pay The President—  
Can Now Eat and Sleep in Comfort

If troubled with indigestion or sleeplessness you should read what Miss Agnes Turner, Chicago, Ill., has to say: "Owing to irregular meals and carelessness regarding the ordinary rules of health, gradually undermined it until last fall I became a wreck of my former self. I suffered from continual headache, was unable to digest my food, which seemed to lay as a dead weight on my stomach. I was very constipated and my complexion became dark, yellow and muddy, and I would awake as tired as when I went to sleep. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and found such relief after taking them that I kept up the treatment for nearly two months. They cleansed my stomach, invigorated my system, and since that time I can eat and sleep in comfort. I am today entirely well." For sale by C. A. Taylor & Son. adv 1mt



### Remember!

Your Money gets into a Bank whether you put it there or not. If you spend all, some successful man deposits your money.

### Open a Bank Account

You will be surprised to find how short a time it takes to accumulate a surplus.

We Welcome Your Account

RELIABILITY - ACCOMMODATION - STRENGTH & SERVICE  
THE MIDLAND NATIONAL BANK  
OF MIDLAND

### GOOD EATS CAFE

Grocery and Confectionery

A nice line of groceries delivered to any part of city. A modern, sanitary restaurant where the best the market affords, is served to eat.

An up-to-date confectionery, where choice confections and soft drinks are dispensed.

We Solicit Your Business

Lee Hoard & Son, Props. - Phone 147



The Midland Reporter, "Printers of Anything Typographical"

Official Organ of Both Midland County and the City of Midland

C. C. WATSON, Editor and Proprietor

Entered at the Post Office at Midland, Texas, as second-class matter

\$1.50 THE YEAR

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1918

W.S.S. DOLLAR MARK YOUR PLEDGE W.S.S. PAY THE PRESIDENT

SOCIETY

Beautiful Birthday Party

Master Scharbauer Eidson, who is a manly, loyal little patriot, and is doing a jolly big share of war work by buying not only thrift and war savings stamps, but also liberty bonds, was host to about twelve of his small boy shuns on Friday afternoon of last week. The party was given in honor of his ninth birthday. The house was prettily decorated in the beautiful colors of Old Glory, and many attractive things were planned and cleverly developed for the entertainment of the young guests by Scharbauer's mamma, such things as truly loving mammas can devise for small sons. Miss Henkel also added much to the pleasure of the party by entertainingly telling them stories. As a beautiful climax to an altogether delightful afternoon, the youngsters were invited to the dining room, where centering the table was a wonderful pink birthday cake ablaze with nine pink and white burning candles. This cake was presented to Scharbauer by Mrs. Chris Scharbauer. Each of the little nine-year-old guests blew out a candle and made a wish for their young host, and then Scharbauer blew out the last candle, making a wish for all of them. Pink ice cream also was served and each received a flag as a favor.

Mrs. W. H. Spaulding has recently returned from a most delightful month's visit in various parts of Kentucky. She was a guest of her sister in Louisville and very especially she enjoyed a visit with her brother in Elkton, Ky., her childhood home, where she renewed many acquaintances and visited scenes of auld lang syne. Mrs. Spaulding was accompanied by her daughter and the latter's husband, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Allen. Mr. Allen has gone to Louisville, where he is now in training at Camp Taylor. Mrs. Allen, after visiting with her mother, has joined her husband in Louisville for a visit.

Master J. C. Scharbauer, who has been a very patient little sufferer the past six weeks while confined to his bed with a broken leg, is now able to walk on his crutches, much to the delight of not only himself but also his little boy chums, with whom he is a great favorite.

The '99 Club held its initial meeting of the club year with Mrs. C. C. Watson Thursday afternoon. The Club will take a history course this winter and has started off very auspiciously. Charlemagne was the subject for Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. N. A. Ham-mack had a very interesting map study, while Mrs. Ben Anthony's paper was especially fine and beneficial.

Carroll Stanley is the pretty name already bestowed upon the handsome eight and a half pound baby boy born to Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Holloway on Tuesday, September 24th. His young father, who is at home on a furlough, and will have to return to his post of duty next week, is enjoying thoroughly with the young mother this wonderful new acquisition to their little home circle.

Dr. J. F. Haley, who for a few days in the early part of the week was ill from a severe attack of grippe, is now convalescent.

Circle No. 2 of the Women's Auxiliary of the Baptist church promises to have an interesting meeting Monday afternoon at 3:30 at the residence of Mrs. Jno. Hix. All members are urged to be present.

Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Cowan motored to San Angelo Wednesday, where Bro. Cowan had a committee meeting.

Friends of Mr. H. A. Lawson will be interested in learning that he has recently been promoted from second to first lieutenant in Camp Hancock, where he has been in training.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Carper and children, who have been recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Graves, will leave Sunday for their home in Roswell, N. M. They will be accompanied upon their return by Mrs. Carper's niece, Miss Elma Graves.

Misses Minnie and Verda Kelley, of Midlothian, Texas, arrived Tuesday to be house guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wolcott.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Wadley, two of our most estimable and revered citizens, left this week to spend the winter visiting with their children in Dallas, Greenville and Houston. The Reporter wishes these good old friends "bon voyage" and a safe return home. Mrs. Buchholz accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Wadley as far as Kerrville, where she, too, will visit for a time.

The Baptist Ladies Auxiliary meets at the Baptist church Monday, Oct. 7, at 3:30 p. m. Rev. Hull will conduct the Bible study. Every woman in town is cordially invited.

The Methodist Missionary Society will hold the regular meeting at the church Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

Norman Benedict, who is in A. & M. College, has been reported quite sick for several days, but a message from President Bizzell yesterday says he is improving. Norman was in the last draft age and is getting ready for a trip to France about next Spring.

On the fourth Wednesday in this month, it being the 23rd day of October, at one of the churches in the afternoon, there will be an election of



Fight With Him

BUY LIBERTY BONDS TO YOUR UTMOST

As a part of their efforts to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion

Rockwell Bros. & Co.

Burton-Lingo Co.

officers for the local Red Cross chapter. A suitable program will be arranged, and it is hoped all members will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Jay left Tuesday for a few days' visit in Roswell, N. M.

Circle No. 1 of the Baptist Ladies' Auxiliary will meet with Mrs. J. H. Barron for an all day quilting next Wednesday. Come and bring a dish of eatables.

Pay The President

SUNDAY AT THE CHURCHES

Christian Church Bible School meets at 9:45 a. m. Preaching at the usual hours by the regular minister J. T. McKISSICK.

Baptist Church Regular services will be held at the Baptist church Sunday. Preaching by the pastor both morning and evening. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

O. J. HULL, Pastor.

Junior League Program Leader—Myrtle Whitmire. Subject—A Day's Work at a Time. Song—No. 176. Sentence Prayers. Song—No. 343. Scripture—2 Tim. 4:7 and Matt. 25:21—Olive Allen. Twenty-third Psalm in concert. Roll call and response with a Bible verse. Reading—Birdie Bradshaw Piano Solo—Willie Ramsay. Reading—Sadie Bradshaw. Piano Solo—Lucile Dowdy. Reading—Mary Puckett. Song—Velma Puckett and Drotha Johnson. Reading—Myrtle Whitmire. Piano Solo—Ruth Inman. Announcements. Benediction.

Sunbeam Band. Leader—Pearl Wimberly. Scripture—Luke 2:8-16—Vernon Logan. Recitation—Burette Karkalits. Piano Solo—Beatrice Logan. Recitation—Mary Hobbs. Song—Elizabeth Smith. Piano Solo—Wallace Wimberly.

Recitation—Clinton Dunagan. Scripture Verses. Song—Five girls. Announcer—Lois Alexander.

Pay The President

Ladies, have your white shoes made brown by Dorsey Boot & Shoe Co.

Pay The President

CATTLE SHIPMENTS IN THE LAST TEN DAYS

Inspector J. F. Conner reports the following cattle shipments made from Midland and nearby points since our last issue:

Sept. 28th—Tom Bingham, two cars cows from Seminole to Ft. Worth.

Same date—Blakey, Hughes & Robinson, two cars cows, Seminole to Ft. Worth.

Same date—Roberts & Morrison, one car cows and calves, Seminole to Ft. Worth.

Same date—Lyman Bros., six cars cows, Seminole to Ft. Worth.

Same date—W. H. Baggett, one car calves, Seminole to Ft. Worth.

Same date—D. M. Pinnell, two cars cows, Florey to Ft. Worth.

Same date—W. H. Baggett, two cars cows, steers and calves, Florey to Ft. Worth.

Same date—Cowden & Irvin, one car cows and one car calves, Florey to Ft. Worth.

Sept. 30th—J. D. Clewis, five cars cows and yearlings, Florey to Ft. Worth.

Oct. 1—T. D. and J. R. Love, fourteen cars 3-year-old steers, Midland to Sierra Blanco.

Same date—Eb. Dickerson to W. F. Scarborough, 82 calves; one car went to Monahans and one to Florey; loaded out of Midland.

Oct. 2nd—I. H. Terry, three cars cows, Seminole to Odessa.

Same date—W. M. Owens, two cars cows, bulls and yearlings; shipped from Fasken to Ft. Worth.

Same date—J. W. Owens, one car horses and mules, Fasken to Fort Worth.

Same date—T. E. Harris, one car cows, Fasken to Ft. Worth.

Pay The President

A Beautiful Woman.

Do you know that a beautiful woman always has a good digestion? If your digestion is faulty, eat lightly of meats, and take an occasional dose of Chamberlain's Tablets to strengthen your digestion. Price 25c. For sale by C. A. Taylor & Son. adv 1mt

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between R. D. Healy and Will Manning, and doing business under the firm name and style of the Midland Auto Company, has dissolved by mutual consent, the said Will Manning selling his entire interest to Will Gates, who in turn sold to Traflet Yarbrough. All persons indebted to the old firm are urged to call at the old place of business, or upon either of the partners aforesaid, and make satisfactory adjustments. Signed: R. D. HEALY, WILL MANNING.

Pay The President

Bronchial Trouble

Mrs. A. E. Sidenberder, Rockfield, Ind., states: "For an attack of bronchial trouble which usually assails me in the spring I find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the only thing that gives me relief. After using it for a few days all signs of bronchial trouble disappears." For sale by C. A. Taylor & Son. adv 1mt.

NED WATSON GOES TO PINE BLUFF, ARK.

Ned Watson, brother of The Reporter, left Tuesday evening for Pine Bluff, Ark., where he will spend possibly two months, on a much needed vacation. In the meantime he has accepted a temporary position on the Pine Bluff Commercial, as linotype operator. After his sojourn there he will return to Midland and resume his position as operator in this office.

Pay The President

Sincere Gratitude

Mrs. William Bell, Logansport, Ind., writes: "I deem it my duty to express my gratitude for the good Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy did me when I had a severe attack of diarrhoea three years ago. It was the only medicine that relieved me." For sale by C. A. Taylor & Son. adv 1mt.

J. S. Tidwell is with us this week from near Clyde, and is a guest of his children here.

The Wife Kicks

I've beamed when you hollered, "O, Girlie!" I've hopped when you hailed me as "Hey!" I've fallen for "Dearie" and "Missus," And everything else till today. But there's one thing that's got to be different From now till the great war is done— Unless you're prepared for a riot, You've got to quit calling me "Hun!"

We can and will serve you efficiently in the true sense of the word. Our SERVICE is at your command.

ROCKWELL BROS. & CO.

In the Gloaming

When you sit alone, thinking of other and perhaps happier days, don't you ever feel need of the comfort music can bring? The old familiar heart-songs of your childhood—you still idealize them—their simple sweetness thrills your very soul when occasionally you hear one of them.

Or when friends arrive, and together you make a happy little group, don't you ever long for music to bring its sentiment, its romance, its comradeship into your midst?

These and an infinite variety of other pleasures may be yours if you will take into your home

The NEW EDISON

If you have never heard this marvelous musical instrument, that contains within itself and yields at your pleasure whole treasures of musical art, do not let another day pass without listening to its magic. Its music cannot be distinguished from the living tones that go into the making of its "Re-Creation."

Come, and we will gladly demonstrate at your pleasure, Mr. Edison's latest, most wonderful achievement, "The Phonograph with a Soul."

C. A. TAYLOR & SON, Dealers

BUSINESS DR. C. H. DEN OF Second Gary & Bu

Dr. J. Phy Office Gary & Phone

B. FRA L Practice s Phor Midla

E. R. Attorn Will practice State and Fed tention given tice. Office of Bank.

L. J. Painter and All Wor Phc Midla

LLANO B PUCKET Pr Courteous I Sanitar Your Patr PHONE

Midland W. W. V Manufact Carbon Phones

Walt All kind and Stoves, Fl room Fix tings, etc. I will app rance. Phon

HEE Will P

South PI CAP Office with

O W. H. B. Will A. B. C. Gu MI

MISS I who has of the tors of Landon and Am Chicago, io open The big tained. gan. S

Bonds b Bonds.



BUSINESS CARDS

DR. C. H. TIGNER
Dentist
Office
Second Floor
Gary & Burns Building.

Dr. J. F. Haley
Physician
Office Gary & Burns Building
Phone No. 12.

B. FRANK HAAG
Lawyer
Practice all the Courts
Phone No. 2
Midland, Texas

E. R. BRYAN
Attorney at Law
Will practice in all Courts both
State and Federal. Especial at-
tention given to Probate Prac-
tice. Office over First National
Bank.

L. J. FARROW
Painter and Paper Hanger
All Work First Class
Phone 90-b
Midland, Texas

LLANO BARBER SHOP
PUCKETT & JOHNSON
Proprietors
Courteous Expert Workmen
Sanitary Specialties
Your Patronage Solicited
PHONE 278

Midland Bottling Works
W. W. WIMBERLY, Mgr.
Manufacturers of All Kinds of
Carbonated Drinks
Phones 26-Y and 26-J

Walter Jerden
All kinds of Plumbing
and Tin Work
Stoves, Flues, Tanks, Bath-
room Fixtures, Pipe it-
tings, etc., in stock.
I will appreciate your pat-
ronage.
Phones 19-J-19-Y

HERRMANN
Will do your Paper
Hanging
PHONE 368

South Plains Cattle Loan
Company
CAPITAL, \$100,000.00
Office with the Midland Nation-
al Bank
OFFICERS:
W. H. Brunson - - - President
Will A. Martin, Vice President
B. C. Girdley, Sec.-Treas.-Mgr.
MIDLAND, TEXAS

MISS LYDIE G. WATSON
who has been a Piano Student
of the most eminent instruc-
tors of Galloway, Searcy, Ark.,
Landon Conservatory, Dallas,
and American Conservatory, of
Chicago, Ill., now has her Stud-
io open for the term 1918-19.
The highest standards main-
tained. Thoroughness the slo-
gan. Study with definite aim

Bonds build tanks. Buy Liberty
Bonds.

Carry On!

BUY BONDS!

Down where the Marne meanders
Through the fields of green and red,
Out on the plains of Flanders,
Heaped with their hero dead,
There where the planes are flying
High in the misty blue,
There are our brothers dying,
Dying for me and you.

Here where the cannon thunder
Their symphony of fright,
The lord of pelf and plunder
Reels back in headlong flight.
There where both dead and living
Still bar the passage through,
All are our brothers giving,
Giving for me and you.

Here where the Trinity splashes
On banks of rustling green,
Here where the sunlight flashes
On hill and plain serene,
Thoughtless and gay we wander,
But, sure as the truth is true,
The voice of the dead out yonder
Will ask, "What did you do?"

We cheer when the news is posted,
Mayhap we murmur prayers,
And O, the boasts we have boasted—
We—in our easy chairs.
We talk of their pain and sorrow,
Forget in a moment, too,
But the voice of the dead tomorrow
Will ask, "What did you do?"

They give of their blood full measure
And only ask of you
That you—match their lives with treas-
ure
Enough to see them through.
Will you fail in the test of giving—
They never failed for you—
Or be proud when the dead and living
Shall ask, "What did you do?"

Burton - Lingo Co.
31 Years in Midland
Sheriff's Sale
The State of Texas,
County of Midland.

Walter Jerden
All kinds of Plumbing
and Tin Work
Stoves, Flues, Tanks, Bath-
room Fixtures, Pipe it-
tings, etc., in stock.

HERRMANN
Will do your Paper
Hanging
PHONE 368

South Plains Cattle Loan
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tors of Galloway, Searcy, Ark.,
Landon Conservatory, Dallas,
and American Conservatory, of
Chicago, Ill., now has her Stud-
io open for the term 1918-19.

Bonds build tanks. Buy Liberty
Bonds.

LETTERS FROM OUR SOLDIER BOYS

(Some of our boys in camp show poetical natures and they, once in a while The Reporter receives strings of verse that abound in sentiment that, really boys, you ought to keep to yourselves. For instance, our latest is entitled, "The Girl I Left Behind Me.")

Another is thus introduced: "The last selected men from Midland were the dirty eight," while two or three others are to be commended more for their vigor of expression than for regard to meter, rhythm, scansion, etc. Now boys, we are sorry not to use this line of communication, but we simply can't. Were we to publish the verses that one of you send in, then it would be up to us to publish all; and some of you are entirely too pronounced in your expressions. God bless every one of you; we know that your thoughts and your environment prompt your souls to burst into song, at times, but we are going to ask you to stick to prose. In prose we shall permit almost any license: "Damn the Kaiser," and "To hell with the huns" to your hearts' content, and if, out of the depth of your feeling, some lines are absolutely necessary, confine them to not more than a verse or two. Now, boys, don't be peeved at this request of ours. Remember, we love you, honor you as heroes who are out in a crusade for the cause of righteousness and human freedom; we honor you as willing to go the full length of human sacrifice that the world may be made safe for democracy, and we want to hear from you often and at length, but we beg that you stick to prose wherein you may express yourself, and be less liable to accidents.—The Editor.)

From George Wein
Chemical Warfare Service, Edgewood Arsenal, Maryland.
Mr. C. C. Watson, Editor Midland Reporter.
Dear Sir: At the present writing I am still here at the arsenal and think that I will be stationed here for some time yet. I would sure like to go across and get into some real fighting. There is not much excitement here, only when some gas gets away and then things "sure do pick-up." We work eight hours and change shifts every two weeks. Every one has his "special job, no matter how large or how small. I am working in the compressor room handling five 25-ton ice machines. The gases have to be in a frozen state before being put in large gas drums. The arsenal here is one of the largest arsenals in the United States. Tear gas, mustard oil and phosgene are the main gases used in the present war. Tear gas effects the tear glands and kills the optic nerve and causes convulsions which lead to instant death. Mustard gas is the terror of them all. No matter if it gets on your clothes it is bound to get next to you. It does not burn but, blisters. Gas masks are of not much use against mustard gas. Phosgene forms on the lungs and causes violent coughing, effects the heart. Either one of them means death if the one who is gassed is not reached in time. It takes from two to three months for a small mustard oil burn to heal. The gases have a tendency to go down in a cloud along the ground. So if the huns are in their trenches when the gas reaches them, which it will, they are coming out. D. Q. This will give the American gunners a better shot at them. So we have them either way they go. So if Uncle Sam does not let me go over to use some cold steel on them, I hope this gas will get them. I remain
George Wein.

From Elijah G. Pepper.
Elijah G. Pepper is a nephew of our esteemed townsman, Col. W. H. Pepper. He is in France, and on July 24th he addressed an interesting letter to his brother, Jno. W. Pepper, of Madison, Ill. The latter sent it to our townsman, and it follows:
Dear brother: Just a few lines to let you know I am still alive, and all right. I guess you think I never was going to write any more. I have not had a chance to write in six weeks. I guess you have read about our doings over here of late. Jack, it certainly was a sight to see after we got through bombarding with the big guns. The infantry went over the top and we swept on for three days and nights. The fields were strewn with dead Germans; forests leveled to the ground and along the roads long lines of prisoners were marching back. I talked to some who could speak English, and they said they were satisfied to be taken prisoners. The dead were so thick when we moved up with our guns that we had to bury some of them to make room. We don't have time to bury all of them and they are beginning to smell bad. There are guns of all descriptions scattered over our battlefields. We captured eleven batteries of big guns and turned them on the fleeing Germans, as they left plenty of ammunition behind in their haste to get away. I came through with a few scratches, so I consider myself very lucky. I guess you will hear some more about us in a few days. Well, Jack, we are going to fire in a few minutes, so I will close for this time. Hoping to hear from you soon, and with best regards to all, I remain,
Your brother,
Pvt. Elijah G. Pepper.
American E. F. via New York.

See that new picture moulding in national colors, the very thing to frame your soldier boy's pictures. Satisfaction guaranteed. Basham, Shepherd & Company's, adv 50tf
Pay The President
Bob Scraggs returned Sunday from a visit with relatives in Houston and other South Texas points. He made the trip on his motorcycle.
Pay The President
Buy Liberty Bonds and keep them.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE—Remington, new, having been used very little. Will sell at bargain in the event of a cash sale. Apply at this office. 48-tf

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One 1916 five-passenger Ford and five cows. Will trade for ponies. Will also buy a few ponies, if priced right. C. M. J. Stringer, phone 123. 44tf.

FOR SALE—Two good underground gasoline tanks and pumps for filling stations. Western Auto Supply Company. 47-tf

FOR SALE—One Hoosier cabinet, a Majestic range, a refrigerator, a practically new tent, a bird's-eye maple bedroom set and a brass bed. Apply to Mrs. Bert Ramsay, phone 399. 44tf.

FOR RENT

ROOMS—For light housekeeping. Bath, electric lights, telephone, etc. only 1-2 block east of Llano Hotel on Wall Street. Mrs. Jemison, phone 224. 41-tf

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR RENT—Two blocks north from the high school. All conveniences, 7 rooms and bath. Also, for sale, piano comparatively new, and a good Jersey cow. Apply to Mrs. R. W. Cowden, phone 81. 49-tf

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On last Tuesday a ball of sweater yarn, containing about a hank and a half. It is the regular gray yarn for soldier's sweater and the garment cannot be finished without it. Lost between residence of W. W. Wimberly and T. P. depot. Finder please return to Mrs. W. W. Wimberly or to the Red Cross sewing room.

LOST—Pair of bi-focal spectacles. Lost between the bank corner and postoffice. Please return to Mrs. Geo. T. McClintic or to this office and receive suitable reward.

BUSINESS NOTICES

NOTICE—Service can be had in a Holstein-Friesian bull that is in high ancestry registry. Fee is \$5.00. Also bulls for sale. C Holzgraf. 51-24-pd

NOTICE—Members Cattle Raisers' Associations. Can obtain Germ Free Blackleg vaccine at 28 1-2 cents plus 2 per cent war tax. It is 100 per cent immunity. Ask any users. C. Holzgraf, agent. 51-24-pd

Notice of Trustee's Sale
The State of Texas,
County of Midland.

Whereas, by virtue of authority vested in me as trustee named and appointed in a certain deed of trust recorded in Volume 4, pages 531-534, inclusive, Deed of Trust Records of Midland County, Texas, and also recorded in the Deed of Trust Records of Ector County, Texas, executed and delivered to me on the 1st day of July, 1914 by Henry R. Houston, for better securing the payment of five certain promissory notes of \$400.00 each, more fully described in the deed of trust executed by the said Henry R. Houston, payable to the order of Midland Farms Company, a corporation, duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas, at Midland, Texas, due on the first day of July of 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918 and 1919, respectively, each bearing 10 per cent interest per annum from date until paid, interest payable annually, both principal and past due interest to bear interest from maturity until paid at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, and provided that failure to pay any of said series of notes or any installment of interest thereon when due or to faithfully keep and perform the covenants and agreement in said deed of trust, shall at the option of the holder of any note of said series fully mature all of said notes, and providing for the usual attorney's fees clause, the said notes being given as part of purchase money for the following described land:
The northeast 1-4 of Survey No. One (1), Block No. Forty-one (41), Township 1-south, Texas and Pacific Railway Company Original-Grantee, containing 160 acres of land, in Ector and Midland counties, Texas.

And, whereas, the said Midland Farms Company is the holder and owner of said notes and the said Henry R. Houston has made default in the payment of the fourth of said series of notes above described, the same being due on the first day of July, A. D., 1918, and the same being now past due and unpaid, the said Midland Farms Company has declared each of said notes and all of said notes and heretofore so notified the said Henry R. Houston in writing.
And whereas, each of said notes are past due and unpaid now aggregating, principal, interest and attorney's fees about \$1100.00.

And whereas, I have been requested by the said Midland Farms Co. to enforce said trust, I will offer for sale between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. at public auction to the highest bidder on the first Tuesday in November, A. D., 1918, the same being the 5th day of November, 1918, at the court house door in the town of Midland in Midland County, Texas, the following described property, to-wit:
The southeast 1-4 of Survey No. One (1), Block No. Forty-one (41), Township 1-south, Texas & Pacific Railway Company grantee, containing 160 acres of land, in Midland and Ector counties, Texas, with all the rights, members, and appurtenances thereto in any wise belonging.

Witness my hand this 1st day of October, A. D., 1918,
J. M. Caldwell, Trustee. adv. 52-4t.



This Bank

Stands committed to the vast undertaking of assisting our citizenship to successfully "go over the top" at every patriotic opportunity, with the least possible interference or inconvenience to this community, and with never a forgetfulness of the tremendously large task of justly aiding to the uttermost limit its large host of customer-friends.

Buy War Savings and Thrift Stamps

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MIDLAND, TEXAS

Citation by Publication
The State of Texas. To the sheriff or any constable of Andrews County, Texas—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. R. Bell by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not then in any newspaper published in the 70th Judicial District of Texas, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Andrews County, Texas, to be held at the court house thereof in Andrews on the 6th Monday after the 1st Monday in September, 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 10th day of September, 1918 in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 173, wherein J. D. Clewis is plaintiff and J. R. Bell is defendant, said petition alleging sale of leagues 315, 316 and 317, Parmer County school land by Parmer County to one F. E. Wilson and alleging that the lien was retained by Parmer County to secure the payment of the principal sum thereof and also to secure the payment of each of the installments of interest due thereon, and further alleging that by subsequent and mesne conveyances the plaintiff herein has become the owner of said lands, subject to the right of Parmer County to all of said land except 320 acres owned and held by J. R. Bell. That the said J. R. Bell defendant has failed and refused to pay the installment of interest due on September 5th, 1917, and that the lands held by him had never been segregated from the original contract, and that in order to maintain the contract with Parmer County as to the remainder of the said three leagues of land, plaintiff was compelled to pay the interest due by said J. R. Bell on said date, and thereby became subrogated to the rights of Parmer County to foreclose upon the lands held by J. R. Bell, which said lands are particularly described in the original petition and consist of 320 acres out of league 315.

Plaintiff prays for judgment for said interest amounting to \$80.00, and for establishment and foreclosure of the lien and for order of sale and delivery of the land to J. R. Bell in and to 320 acres to be seized and sold as under execution and proceeds applied as the law may direct. He also prays for costs of suit and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof this writ with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same.
Witness Dora Douglas, clerk of the district court, Andrews County, Texas.
Given under my hand and seal of said court in the town of Andrews on this 10th day of September, 1918.
Dora Douglas,
Clerk District Court, Andrews County, Texas.

UNNECESSARY BUILDING WILL BE DISCONTINUED
Notice to The Public: The Government has ordered that unnecessary building be discontinued until further notice. In order to construct in Midland County any house of any consequence or any other building now or an size, outside of ordinary repairs, it is necessary to obtain from the County Council of Defense a permit. Blanks for these permits are at the office of the chairman, J. M. Caldwell, where the same may be had in case it is absolutely necessary for some one to engage in building activities. It is strongly urged that all building activities be stopped except those that are absolutely necessary.
Pay The President
Money means munitions. Buy Liberty Bonds.

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F. L. L. MARNEY, D. V. M., President
U. E. MARNEY, D. V. M., Sec.-Treas.

GERM-FREE BLACKLEG VACCINE (Aggression)
U. S. Veterinary License No. 120

The U. S. Blackleg Serum Co.

(Incorporated)
OKLAHOMA CITY

One Vaccination--Permanent Immunity
25c Dose GERM FREE 25c Dose
SAFE AND PURE

Original Germ Free Blackleg Vaccine (Aggression)
(Kansas Experimental Station Method)
NOT A FILTRATE OR MIXTURE
No Distributors or Middlemen

THE COWMAN'S COMPANY
Shipped From

AMARILLO, TEXAS P. O. Box 1099
OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA. P. O. Box 882





## WAS "THE BOY" THERE?

*Paris, August 5th.---"The Americans covered themselves with glory... The fighting is said to have been the bitterest of the whole war, the Prussian Guards asking no quarter and being bayoneted or clubbed to death as they stood by their machine guns."*

This is not ancient history, or the story of some people you have never seen or know nothing of. It is the record of our boys--maybe your own boy.

It is not a question of "How much can I afford to lend to support these boys?"

The question is "If I give up everything in life but the barest necessities, will I, even then, be worthy of them"?

At least lend as they fight--fearlessly--courageously. Let nothing matter but victory.

## Buy Liberty Bonds To Your Very Utmost

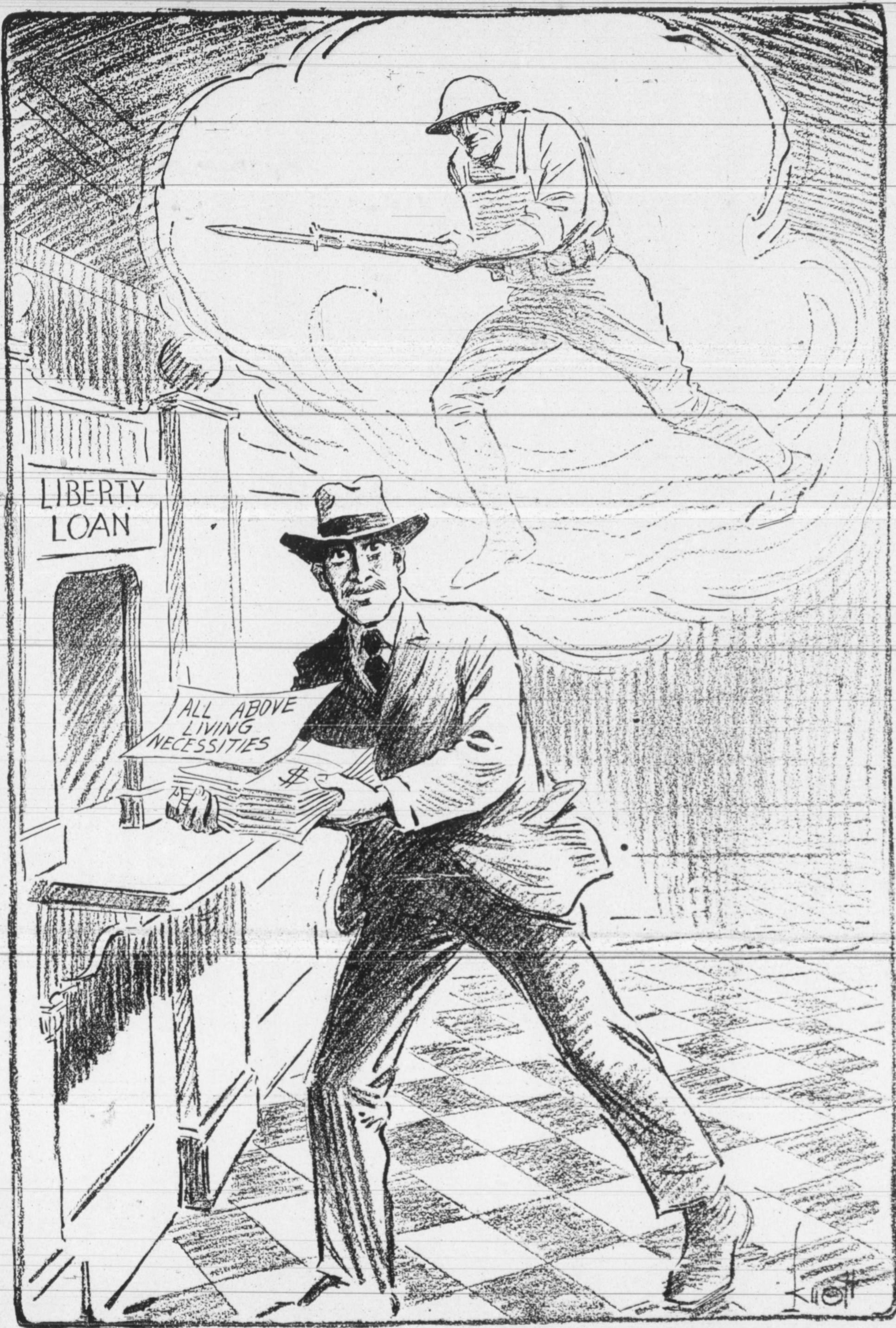
As a part of their effort to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion, this advertisement is endorsed and paid for by

**Midland Auto Company**  
**Western Auto Supply Company**

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# Lend as Our Soldiers Have Given

Lend the way they have given--these men who have enough to eat, enough to wear, a few dollars in their pockets, and have devoted the balance of their earning power as a gift to their country.

Here is your Liberty Loan quota, your inspiration and your guide---provided by these men who have given up income, loved ones, everything, to fight for you.

They expect you to lend as they have given "everything above living necessities," to work, strive, sacrifice and save every moment of every day to

## BUY LIBERTY BONDS

As a part of their efforts to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion, this advertisement is endorsed and paid for by

Midland Mercantile Company

Wadley-Patterson Company





## WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO SAY TO THE KID?

Jimmy Allbright is a fifteen-year-old bugler in Uncle Sam's Marines.

Jimmy was at Chateau Thierry with the boys.

The little beggar threw away his bugle, seized a bayonet, and went after Germans.

He stuck one, too---and the blade broke in the Boche.)

What did Jimmy do?

Stood and howled, with tears running down his face, because he couldn't stick any more Huns.

What are you going to say to the kid?

"Can't afford it," or are you going to buy

## LIBERTY BONDS

TO THE LIMIT--AND THEN SOME?

As a part of their efforts to bring this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion, this advertisement is endorsed and paid for by

J. E. HILL, Grain and Feed Supplies

W. S. HILL, Grain and Feed Supplies

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