

Better Bulls for Ranges

(By G. R. Jowell, Hereford, Texas, in American Hereford Journal)

About the year 1896 we stepped upon the threshold of a new era in the Southwest insofar as registered Herefords were concerned. Prior to that time we had boasted some registered Herefords, but there were very few purebred herds and not many ranches, and only the larger of these used registered bulls.

Before that time we had been in the habit of turning out bulls on the range from the herd as they were branded. This was a custom of long standing, begun long before I was born. We used to have quite a lot of argument about the relative values of the different beef breeds and talked about Herefords as not being large enough and not giving enough milk to raise their calves, and a lot of other such things.

The improvement in these conditions began under very unfavorable circumstances. About nine-tenths of the bulls brought to this section from 1896 to about 1904 were brought in by speculators, and they were the commonest bulls that could be found in Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Kansas and Nebraska. The reasons for this were that, in the first place, the western rangeland was not very well informed as to results to be expected from the importation of these bulls, and in the second place, he believed that any registered animal was as good as any other, especially after he owned him.

Undoubtedly this early misunderstanding of the entire theory of purebred bulls operated as a severe handicap to the industry, but in spite of it all the handicap was carried and we won, hands down. This condition did not exist all the way down the line, as we have, for a number of years, brought this way quite a lot of good ones—our share, at least, if not more. I have sold quite a number of bulls for \$500 and better to go to the range, and when you sell a rangeland one bull of this kind and he keeps him long enough to see the results you generally make out of him a rather particular buyer. At any rate, he will buy better bulls thereafter and won't have the other kind.

We have successfully passed the first stage in the educational work of building up better herds and have gotten entirely away from criticism of the Hereford from any source whatsoever. The best proof of this comes through the men who visit this section to buy young steers in the way of qualifying the seller before leaving town to look at the cattle. His first question is, or should be: "Are your cows all Whitefaces, and do you use a registered bull?" When the ranch is reached probably the first thing asked is: "Let's see the bulls." If not it should be.

If we are to continue the improvement in registered cattle the rangeland man will have to study the subject more thoroughly in the future than he has studied it in the past. I doubt if we have treated the rangeland man as we should have treated him. We undoubtedly can see herd bulls over the entire country that should be with grade cattle, and some of them in the steer pasture. However, I believe our herd bulls generally are better than 15 to 20 years ago, but I still will have to be convinced that we have individual bulls that are better than some we had then, if as good.

Take bulls like Wild Tom, Climax, Beau Real, Lamplighter, Beau Brummel, Corrector, Sir Bredwell, Thickset, Dale, Perfection, Christopher and Cherry Boy, and quite a few others. Most any of us could use these bulls and get by with them. Compare them with our better bulls today and see if they would do to put with them.

You remember Beau Real's Maid, a \$2,250 cow and sweepstakes winner in 1896 at five state fairs, and Dew Drop, Mischief Maker, Benison, Lady Laurel and Dolly 5th; and also Lady Matchless 2d, that stood second in a strong class at Kansas City uddling a bull calf 10 days too old to show as senior calf and standing first in the junior yearling class. Some record, is it not?

Well, we can improve them if we go at it in the right way. I would suggest that cattle showing with extreme flesh be disqualified and the judge instructed to pass upon the entries entirely from a breeding standpoint. This would make our shows breeding-cattle competitions rather than fat-cattle competitions, which appears to be the case now to a large extent. Of course they should be in good condition in order to prove what they will do toward carrying

the papers and quite a little was said about them.

Figure the same cattle on the Chicago market today. This has happened in the short period of 15 years. Do you think raising a good grade of beef cattle looks all right or not? We have more people to eat them now, far less open range to raise them on, and higher-priced corn to feed. And conditions are bound to continue in this direction, as western grass is not free now, to any great degree, and all of the best has long since gone.

We are gradually coming to the time when younger steers and better ones must go to the block.

GOVERNOR NOT YET ACTED UPON APPROPRIATION BILL

Governor Hobby has not yet acted upon the appropriation bills as passed by the legislature, but it is reported from Austin that some action will likely be taken today or tomorrow. He has until next Wednesday to dispose of the bills.

It is stated in the Dallas News of yesterday that the Governor will not veto any items on the educational bill unless he feels sure they are not warranted. He has been in conference with heads of several state institutions regarding the appropriation for these schools, and since he has not called Pres. J. A. Hill in conference, it is taken that all items of the Normal will be approved. No uneasiness is felt regarding any item of the bill excepting that for the new dormitory.



HAWAIIAN GUITAR

The Hawaiian instruments used by the Hawaiian Company at the Chautauqua, produce what is perhaps the most bewitching note yet sounded in instrumental music.

MRS. McCARTNEY OF RED CROSS IN CITY WITH LOCAL CHAPTER

Laying Before Randall County Chapter Plans for the Peace Program of Red Cross.

Mrs. Claude B. McCartney, Division Representative of the Red Cross, is in the city conferring with the Randall County Red Cross Chapter in regard to the Peace Program of that organization.

As was announced some time ago Red Cross national organization had planned to maintain the splendid organization which it had worked up during the war, and use the talent in a great Peace Program, which will extend into every community of the United States. The plans will be of untold benefit to each community. But the results of the Peace Program is mainly up to the community. The local chapter which puts forth the proper efforts will receive the benefits by improved local health conditions.

The Randall County Chapter has entered into the Peace Program and will carry on the work as outlined by the national organization.

Mrs. McCartney was well pleased with the hearty cooperation that is promised from Randall county.

FLOYD COUNTY IS COMING TO THE TEACHERS INSTITUTE

In section one of today's paper it is stated that Floyd county may come to the Teachers Institute. Prof. H. W. Morelock phoned the News after this section was printed that he had received advice from the County Judge of Floyd county that his teachers would attend the Institute this year.

The Episcopal Church.

(The Little Brick Church)

There will be service with a sermon by Archdeacon Garner at 8:30 p. m. next Sunday. There will be some good singing, and everyone will find a cordial welcome.

Senior Sunday School at 11 A. M. led by Mrs. Garner.
 Children's Sunday School at 10:00.

Building Active in Amarillo.

Permits were issued during the month of July for more than 18 new residence and business buildings in Amarillo, the edifices totalling more than \$100,000 in costs. Almost as many more buildings were begun prior to July 1st, and completed during the month.—Amarillo Daily News.

CARE of the TRACTOR

By HOWARD HUNTER

It is, of course, commonly known that the ignition system is for the purpose of igniting the mixture of air and fuel inside of the cylinder and is accomplished by means of an electric generator called a magneto, wires and spark plugs; but they will sometimes develop trouble and the novice can get into heaps of trouble by driving into the "mag" unless he knows what he is about. Therefore, for the benefit of the layman, I will attempt to dig into matters "pretaining" that he may get a little better acquainted with his ignition system on the tractor.

With no desire to specialize upon any one make of magneto, we will take for convenience sake, the K. W., which is the most universal equipment for the general run of all makes of tractors. In the high-tension magneto there are two windings or coils of wire. One is the primary or low tension coil and the other the secondary or high tension. The low tension coil is at the bottom center of the instrument, one end of which is connected with the frame of the magneto and the other connected with the flat piece of steel running from the post near the center, to the bolt through the flat spring to the center yoke, passing over to the screw and nut; thence down through the yoke, passing down to the screw and through the flat spring to the center of cap upon breaker box, the current passing through this to the breaker down to the screw below, passing through there to the insulated block on the inside of the breaker box.

When the breaker box comes in contact with the platinum point on the screw attached to the insulated block, the low tension current flows through the breaker arm to the frame of the magneto and thus completes its circuit. At the time when the cam on the armature shaft reaches the point where it hits the roller on the breaker arm, the platinum point on the breaker arm is forced away from the adjustable point of the insulated block, thus breaking the low tension circuit. This causes a very high tension current to be generated in the outside winding which passes up through the center of the hard rubber post directly over the coil to the flat spring of steel opposite the one referred to above. Passing to the right it passes through the bent wire down to the center of the distributor box and then by the distributor to the different segments, which are in connection with the different wires leading to the different cylinders.

The little porcelain cover under the arch of the magnets, with a brass rod running down and nearly coming in contact with a small post, is a safety cap. This for the purpose of supplying a path for the electric current through in case the wire should come off the spark plug or in any other way that the high tension circuit should be broken. It permits the current to flow between these points and prevents the breaking down of the insulation on the high tension winding. Therefore, this porcelain cap must always be in its place and be kept clean, as dirt upon its surface will allow the electric current to flow through it and partly short circuit or prevent the proper working of the machine. All of the thumb screws should be kept tight at all times, as they are electrical connections and the instrument will not work perfectly if they are not tight.

The entire circuit breaker is removable. Release the spring by pushing it aside with knob on end. Pull out complete breaker box and remove cover nut. This allows removal of circuit breaker cap and gives access to breaker parts. When the points fail to separate or when the distance is too far apart, adjust the lower point with small screw driver inserted through hole in the housing. The proper distance apart is 1-64 of an inch. A gauge is sent with every magneto.

While there is no guarantee on the platinum iridium points, they should, with proper care, last about 5,000 miles or more on auto engines and give equal service on large stationary or tractor engines. Don't fill the circuit breaker box with oil or grease. Once a month oil the wick in roller of breaker arm. See that no oil gets on contact points as oil destroys the contact and makes hard starting. The firing point of the magneto is just when the points are beginning to open or break circuit, not when they touch.

Remove the high tension lead by turning it to right, unfastening it at bottom. Unscrew nut above and remove the bridge or spider, thus releasing cap on distributor block which gives you access and a clear view.

Don't take off the magnets when disassembling a magneto. A keeper must be placed across the magnets before removal from the magneto before removal from the magneto.

Don't solder new contacts to the old parts as solder spoils the contacts. In replacing contacts get entire new parts.

Don't get busy to adjust the breaker box as soon as trouble develops. The trouble is very rarely found in the adjustment of the circuit breaker of a good magneto and if you take the time to check up the system complete, in nine cases out of ten the difficulty will be located elsewhere.

Don't tinker with the circuit breaker adjustment unless the points either fail to separate or the gap is too great. The proper distance of the points is about 1-64 of an inch break.

This technical explanation of the magneto may be hard to understand away from the instrument itself, so try reading it again with your magneto in close view.

Two Marriages This Week.

Wm Ward and Mrs. S. L. Cox were married yesterday by Judge A. N. Henson.

Alonso Buckhaults and Miss Viola Rutherford both of Tulsa were married yesterday by Rev. E. F. Frona-barger.

Very Hot Weather.

By far the hottest weather the Panhandle has seen this season has been upon us during the past week.

All America now has no kick coming.—Lowell Courier-Citizen.

Now Italy wants a concession in China. Everybody gets a concession in China except the Chinese.—Dallas Times-Herald.

You can learn a lot from ADVERTISING

The main thing an advertiser wants to do is to tell you plainly just how and why his goods are worthy of your consideration.

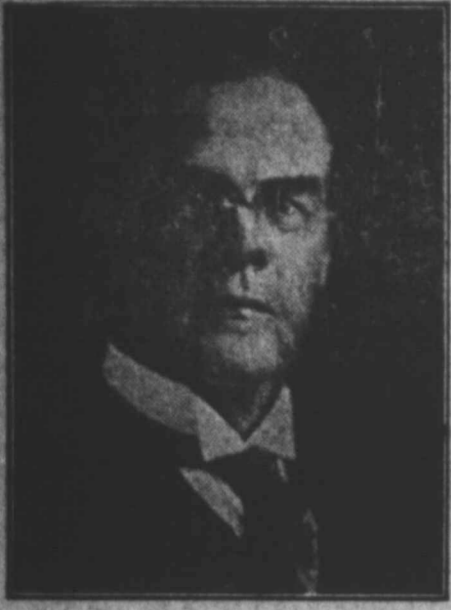
You can learn a great deal from that alone, because many things you see advertised are the things you buy and use in your regular daily life. By reading the advertisements, you can learn the names and read descriptions, of the things that are best and most satisfactory.

But advertising teaches even more than that. All advertisers try to make their advertisements themselves valuable to you.

A good many people have learned a whole lot about good music, good books, good food, good clothes, ways to keep healthy, ways to live comforta-

bly, ways to keep the house and grounds looking well—they've learned all these things and many other things just by reading advertisements.

Read the advertisements right along, and you will learn a great deal that will be helpful and valuable to you as you go through life.



DR. L. G. HERBERT.

Dr. L. G. Herbert is a great lecturer. He has possibly no superior in America as a Chautauqua speaker. On his tour over this circuit this summer he will give a timely address, "What Next?" a powerful and eloquent discussion of the problems of peace. Second night of Chautauqua.

After Grenade Banks.

Dallas, Texas, July—Thousands of boys and girls over the Eleventh Federal District have already begun to save their money for Thrift Stamps with which to earn one of the hand-grenade savings banks. Large numbers of adults are also laying by a certain amount of money regularly and putting it in Thrift Stamps, in order to obtain one of these war souvenirs.

"It is not necessary to wait for the grenade before beginning to save," Frank M. Smith, Federal District Director, points out, "and the surest way of saving towards a grenade is to invest the quarters in Thrift Stamps and thus have them 'tied down'. A loose quarter is apt to get away.

"Boys and girls can obtain a grenade by saving their money and buying one War Savings Stamp and adults by purchasing three or more War Savings Stamps, but these purchases must have been made later than Aug. 15, 1919 to count toward the souvenir.

"There are comparatively few communities in the District from which grenades have not been ordered. Those persons interested in securing one of these 'weapons of peace' should go to their local bankers at once and make arrangements to secure one, as the supply is limited. If the banker has not yet placed his order, impress it on him that the people of your community want him to do so. More orders can be filled, but the bank which waits long will have disappointed patrons, for when the supply gives out no more can be obtained."

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

Better Save Than Beg or Borrow.

After the Revolution, when questions of National finance were uppermost in the minds of all who desired the prosperity and success of the new government, Benjamin Franklin remarked: "A small increase in industry in every American, male and female, with a small diminution of luxury, would produce a sum far superior to all we can hope to beg or borrow from all our friends in Europe."

This observation of Franklin has its application to the building of a home. A little more industry, a little denial of luxuries, and one might add, a little foresight, will combine

to make home ownership a reality. One of the strongest inducements to the habit of saving is having in mind all the time a definite purpose; and of all the definite purposes one might have, none is more worthy, none sounder economically and none more promotive of happiness, and security than the building of a home.

Many a family struggles throughout its whole history without discovering that all its troubles are due to the single fact that its members will not so limit their expenditures as to leave a safe margin between income and outgo. While present necessity does not compel them to do so, they lack the foresight to see that future necessity that age and infirmity will force upon them. The man who today saves for buying a home does so because he can look a little farther into the future than the man who goes on spending all his earnings while living in a rented house, and leaves the "future to take care of itself." He lacks the imagination to project himself into the future ten, fifteen or twenty years, to a period of his life when ownership of a home would afford him the peace and comfort that no other possession can give.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

We Call It "Small Town" Stuff.

Japanese newspapers divide their news into two classes—"hard" and "soft". The former, says Prof. F. L. Martin of the University of Missouri, treats of serious and important events; the latter treats of all sorts of "human-interest" incidents. The third page of the soft-news department is devoted to trivial, gossipy stories, of which the following is a sample:

"Since Etsunaka, a resident of Osaka, has separated from her master, a coal dealer, she has lost a good opponent for her noted powers of quarreling. The neighbors are breathing freely again at the prospect that they need no longer hear embarrassing quarrels, which have made the neighborhood famous. The reaction has been down-hearted. She says, 'I feel sick, now that I have no one to quarrel with.'"

The Old Auto Tire.

The Popular Science Monthly is conducting a contest on "What You Can Do With That Old Auto Tire". Some of the suggestions offered in the June number are as follows:

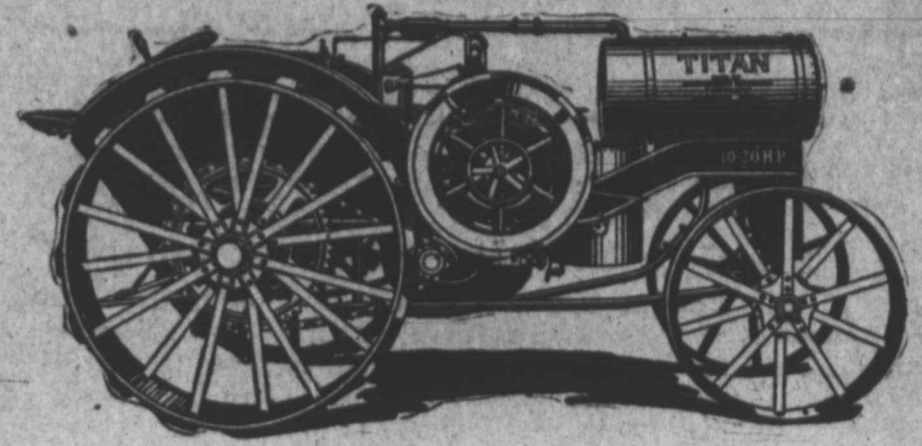
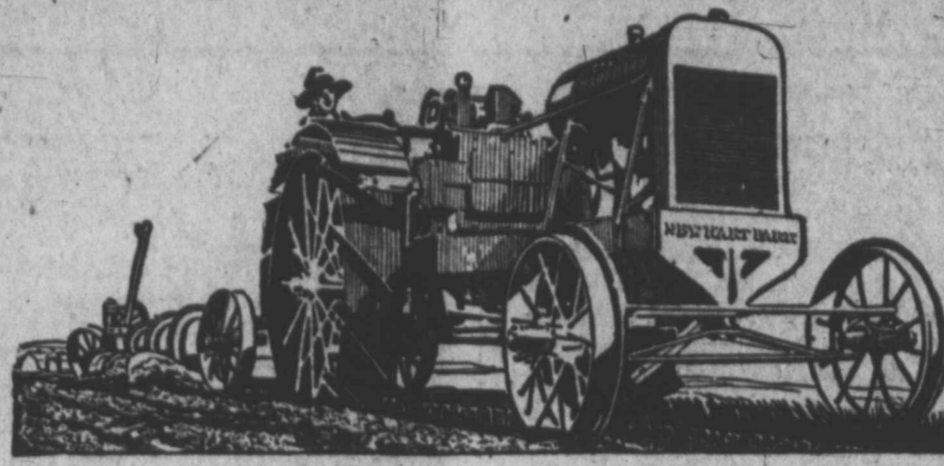
An inflated inner tube with several hooks and lines attached is said to beat a "trawl line" all hollow for results in fishing. The motion of the tube on the water causes the hooks to juggle and attract the fish's attention to the bait.

Four auto tires and two tackle blocks make a sling that can be used in lifting sick animals to their feet or supporting them while helpless.

Shoes to protect cuts in tire casings can be made from sections of old tires.

Two old tires will make baby a novel walking chair by the use of spokes which will support the one tire above the other, the lower end of the spokes terminating in free moving casters.

Cut into uniform sizes and laced



Big Tractor Demonstration

Thursday, August 14

just east of West Texas Normal College.

Practically every tractor having a distributor in Texas will be there, including:

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| J. I. CASE | FORDSON | AVERY | EMERSON |
| MOLINE | WALLIS | TWIN CITY | ALLIS-CHALMERS |
| CLEVELAND | MINNEAPOLIS | WATERLOO BOY | INTERNATIONAL |

and many others.

Tractors of different makes, types, sizes and prices will plow old land, covered with weeds, in preparation for wheat.

Come and see these tractors in operation before you buy.

Figure the cost per acre and the time saved. This demonstration is for your benefit.

Bring your family and make a day of it.

Picnic on the College Campus.

If you are figuring on buying a tractor you can not afford to miss this.

Big Tractor Demonstration

WEST TEXAS NORMAL COLLEGE, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Attention Farmers

Why pay the high prices for threshing your grain when we will sell you a good, slightly used grain separator and gas tractor engine to pull same or either of them at about one-half the price of new one and give you 3 seasons to pay for same. Need not pay any cash down, but make your first payment at the end of the present threshing season. Approved note will be all that is necessary. Outfit in good condition and ready for service. Be thrifty, club with your neighbors if necessary. You should make enough money each season to pay for outfit. We have purchased a large outfit and do, not now need this one.

Joe J. Mickle & Son

AMARILLO, TEXAS

For Dependable Tire Work Call On Us

Vulcanizing, Retreading and Half-Soles

All Work Guaranteed

We Carry the following Casings and Tubes:

Diamond, Michelin, Racine and Horse-Shoe Casings in Both Fabric and Cord

Little Tire & Rubber Co., Amarillo
206 West 5th Phone 1610

in pairs, sections of a pneumatic tire casing will make an efficient buffer casing for a launch or small boat.

Cut to proper lengths, old tires make excellent tree guards. Sew the cut ends together with waxed thread.

For basket ball practice the retired tire makes an improvised basket. The supports should be about a foot long.

A tire and some wire screening make an efficient ash sifter.

Split open a tire, hang it under the old grindstone under the stone, fill with water and you have an automatic stone-wetter that won't rust.

Prophecies!

Lord Northcliffe offered the big prize for the first trans-Atlantic air flight, which was recently awarded Captain Aleock and Lieutenant Brown. In his letter of congratulations to the British airmen, the great London newspaper man revealed some of the underlying motives which may have been in his vision when he offered the big prize.

He says, "surely do I believe your wonderful journey is the warning to the cable monopolies and others to realize that within the next few years we shall be less dependent upon them." Ironically, he adds, "your voyage was made more quickly than the average press message of 1919." Evidently, the far-seeing, the practical side of the scientific mind.

He then paints another picture of the future: "Moreover, I look forward with certainty to the time when London morning papers will be selling in New York in the evening, allowing for the difference between British

and American time, and vice versa in regard to New York evening journals reaching London the next day." Still dealing in practicalities—urging further material progress by means of a gigantic prize for a scientific accomplishment.

City Taxes Due.

Notice is hereby given that city taxes are due and payable August 1st. I will be in my office during all of the month ready to receive taxes. A penalty of ten percent will be added to taxes not paid before September 1st.

1814 J. E. ROGERS, Collector.

If they keep on establishing republics at the present rate in the old country, pretty soon there won't be any titles left except in American lodge-rooms.—Parsons (Kans.) Sun.

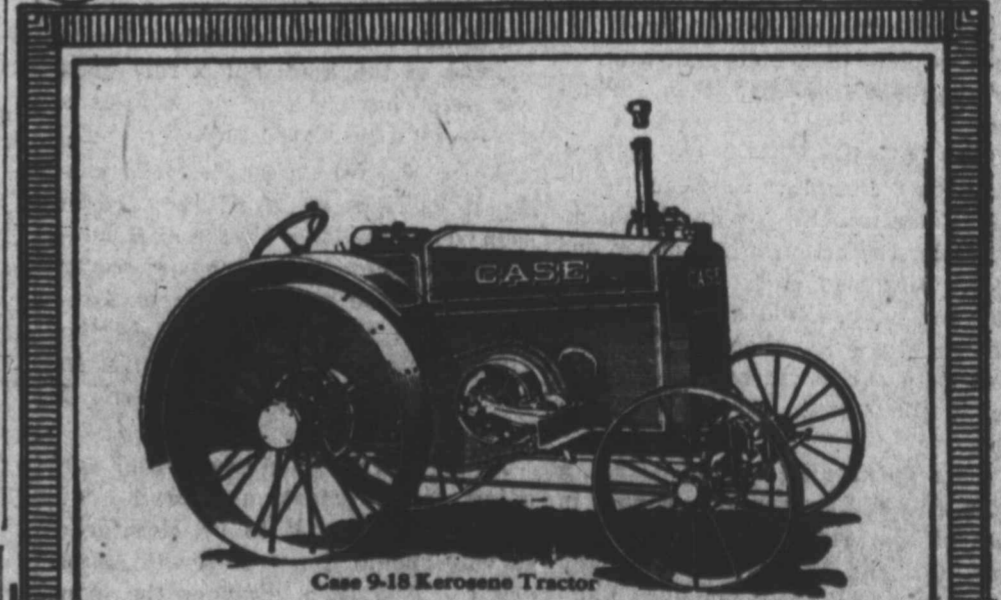
That Tennessee girl didn't trust Sergeant York around loose very long when he came back a hero.—Charleston News and Courier.

Most houses now on the market have two stories—the buyer's and the seller's, and then there is the tenant's—but that's another story.—Brooklyn Eagle.

An Eastern contemporary recently printed the heading, "Senate Orders Probe of Leak." Probing a leak usually makes it bigger.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Up to the last report the packers haven't yet cornered all the drinking water in the United States, but give 'em time, boy, give 'em time.—Polo (Mo.) News-Herald.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect. Price 60c.



Case Tractors Lead All Others

Case outfits are the most dependable. The Case is made for every sized farm, made in five different sizes. On account of the scarcity of farm labor this year it will be necessary for every farmer to own a tractor in order to keep up the production that the government expects from Randall county.

I have the Case Tractor and Separator agency in Randall county and ask you to call upon me for further information and demonstration of this tractor before buying.

L. T. LESTER

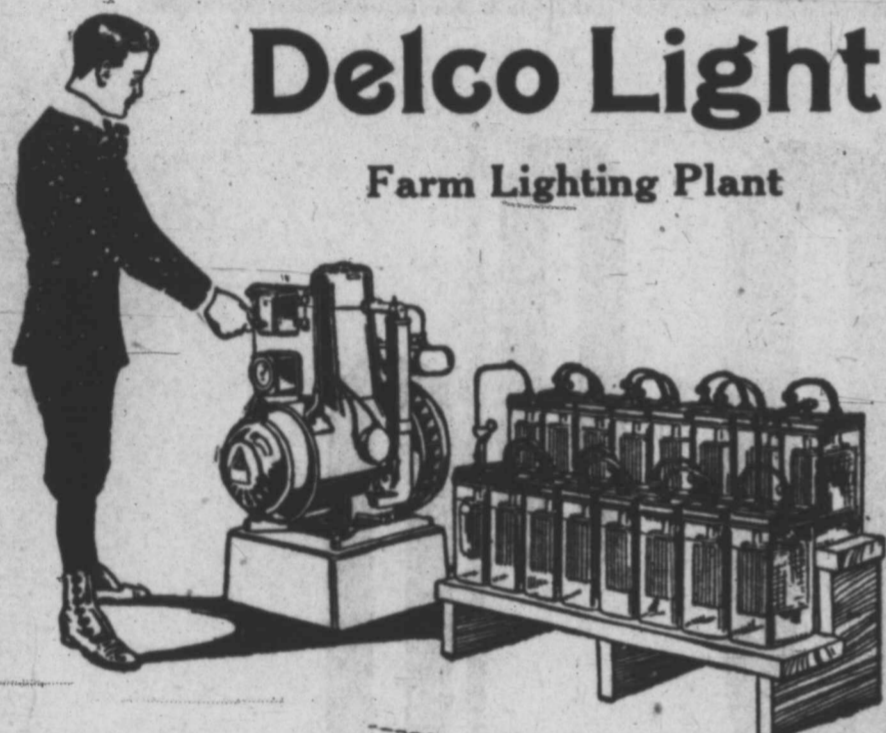
CANYON, TEXAS

READ THE ADS IN THIS EDITION

We Like the CANYON LADIES

to come to our store with their husband, their father, their brother, their grandfather, their "feller," when "he" comes in for that Suit, Hat, Shoes, Shirt, etc. We are that sure we can please you both. We have the finest merchandise on the market, and our prices have always made us "famous".

Stein Bloch **The Famous** Manhattan
Clothes Shirts
A MAN'S STORE—SIXTH AND POLK—AMARILLO, TEXAS



Delco Light Farm Lighting Plant

You can have Electric Lights, Fans, Irons, Power for Churns, Washing Machine, Cream Separator, etc., right at home.

Write for Catalog.

THE T. M. CALDWELL CO.
119 W. Fifth St. Amarillo, Texas

WE STILL HAVE A FEW \$25 SUITS FOR \$14.35

\$5.00 PANAMA HATS FOR \$2.50
\$7.50 BEACON SHOES FOR \$4.95
\$6.00 LADIES GEORGETTE AND CREPE WAISTS \$3.95

LOOK FOR THE NAME

THE RELIABLE

Sam Fred Prop. 419 Polk Street Amarillo, Texas

Everything for the Home

Furniture, Rugs, Talking Machines.

Your credit is good here—Easy Terms

PEOPLES OUTFITTING CO.

609 Polk St. Amarillo, Texas
The Classy Store with the Classy Goods

LIST YOUR LAND NOW

I am now lining up a large list of prospective buyers of Plains land. I can turn your property if the price and terms are right.

Eight years experience selling land in Randall County.

S. B. McCLURE

Office Phone 275 West Side of Square
Residence Phone 229 Canyon, Texas

MRS. W. B. SHEFFEY, PIONEER OF HALE COUNTY, DIES

Plainview News: Mrs. W. B. Sheffy died at the family home five miles south of Plainview Tuesday morning at 8:45 o'clock. The funeral was held at the Methodist church yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock and interment followed in Plainview cemetery.

The funeral service was held by her pastor of many years ago, Rev. G. S. Hardy of Sweetwater, and Rev. E. E. Robinson, her pastor when she passed to her reward. There was a large concourse of sorrowing friends, and the floral tributes were numerous.

She was born in Rockwall county Nov. 22, 1858, and her name was Sarah Alice Sherwood, her father being Capt. J. E. Sherwood, a captain in the Confederate army. She was married in Rockwall county Oct. 11, 1877, to W. B. Sheffy. Later they moved to Clay county. In 1892 the family moved to Hale county, settling south of town near the present home. She was the mother of twelve children, seven now living; they are Mrs. M. A. McCraw, Miss Minerva Sheffy, L. F. Sheffy (teacher of history in Canyon Normal), First Lieut. Sim E. Sheffy (with the 12th U. S. infantry, stationed at Newport News, Va.), Mrs. James McHan (of Wellington), Ray and Sidney Sheffy. All of whom were present when the end came.

She was a life-long Methodist, and was a devoted Christian. One of her brothers is a Methodist preacher.

Grand Jurors Chosen.

The following is the list of Grand Jurors chosen for the term of the district court which begins September 1st.

Walter E. Johnson	R. O. Allison
Harry Gray	Emil Schaffer
W. A. Carney	I. W. Scott
J. B. Younger	J. T. Service
T. V. Slack	R. G. Oldham
B. T. Johnson	G. G. Foster
J. M. Craig	H. R. Riggs
J. B. Hensley	

The following are chosen for the petit jury for the first week:

E. W. Reid	W. L. Deeke
Rector Lester	W. E. Finley
Otto Rahfs	Aton Beckman
Ed Mickle	J. A. Gazzaway
R. S. Pipkin	G. M. Peet
Lewis Foster	E. M. Zachery
C. F. Zoellers	Jno. A. Moore
Carl Hill	W. E. Tucker
S. C. Moon	R. E. Prewitt
Jesse Pierce	G. J. Graves
J. B. Knox	J. F. Hood
R. H. Caler	A. N. Burgan
Herman Wragge	Wm. Ash
E. W. Meyers	R. B. Gist
C. D. Coffee	W. E. Prichard
J. L. Dysart	Milt O'Rear
J. A. Tibbetts	J. A. Wilson
Lewis Hicks	Herman Kuhlman

The following have been chosen for the petit jury for the second week:

S. B. Orton	C. B. King
J. T. Campbell	W. H. Belles
J. F. Shelton	R. L. Wagner
Ed Rae	M. O. Slack
E. Gatewood	W. B. Hardin
J. L. McReynolds	L. J. Fulton
J. E. Walker	H. M. Gregg
E. J. Helms	J. T. Hileman
J. B. Gamble	E. M. Shenefelt
F. C. Gruner	J. D. Key
E. F. Haines	A. A. Umbarger
G. S. Ballard	Andy Costley
M. W. Lemons	B. C. McCormick
Jacob Dinkle	R. L. Campbell
R. A. Rusk	Chas. Sutton
Alvin Wesley	Grayson Bell
Wm. H. Boehning	Geo. Molyneaux

CULTIVATE THE HABIT OF SENDING IN NEWS

One of the things that ought to become fixed habits in every household in Canyon and Randall county is that of sending the News the news items which you may know of, telling us of your news and any neighborhood items which might be of interest to yourself, your neighbor or your friends.

Every lodge, church body or social organization should have some representative who will look promptly and carefully after its news reporting. If you think some organization has better news service than your own, it is probably because that organization looks after such matters better.

Write your items and send them in when possible. You can telephone them, but please don't ask that long lists of names be taken over telephone, as it not only requires much time, but usually errors occur in lists.

Above all, be early. Never wait until publication day to send an item in that can be sent in before.

The News telephone number is 41.

Cold's Cough Grip and Influenza
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVES' signature on box. 30c.

Each man should learn what is within him, that he may strive to mend; he must be taught what is within him, that he may be kind to others.—R. L. Stevenson.

Now is the Time to Build a Home.

With an abundance of employment at high wages and the recent stimulus to economy provided by the war, there is more money in the United States; that could be utilized for home-building than has been available for many years. In the face of these facts, building materials are relatively low in price. The advance in cost of materials has not kept pace with the increases in wages and in other commodities. Hence, now is the time to build a home, whether it be the modest home of the workman or the more pretentious home of the capitalist. As a competent writer has lately said:

"The present moment is favorable to the building of homes of all classes, from those of the millionaire to those of the workman. The object in building a home is comfort. The opportunity for home building and owning comes with the possession of surplus means which can be invested in that way. Many person of wealth have largely added to their fortunes through the war, even after deduction of income and profit taxes. The present is a favorable period for the use of such gains in the immediate building of new homes, so that the desired increase of comfort or of luxury may be enjoyed at an early date. Many wage earners, recently earning more than ever before, have prudently laid aside a part of their earnings and have now accumulated, either in Liberty bonds or in savings banks, considerable sums with which they can begin home construction. Delay may result in the spending or the unwise investment of such savings. It is the best form of investment for the part of wisdom to begin promptly

—the past week has brought many

New Arrivals

—In

MILLINERY—
SUITS—
COATS—
DRESSES

—we invite your inspection.

THE FAIRSEX
The Woman's Shop for Values

OLYMPIC BUILDING AMARILLO PHONE 2108

workingman—a home for himself and his family."

In Columbia and Venezuela the American dollar is at a discount of 20 per cent. Here at home it is at a discount of about 50 per cent.—Paterson Chronicle.

He that won't be counseled can't be helped.—Benj. Franklin.

Let us not dream that reason can ever be popular. Passions, emotions may be made popular; but reason remains ever the property of an elect few.—Goethe.

Few that wander in the wrong way mistake it for the right; they only find it more smooth and flowery, and indulge in their own choice rather than approve it.—Samuel Johnson.

Special Trades Day

WE WILL GIVE A SPECIAL DISCOUNT OF TEN PER CENT ON ALL OUR STOCK, GOOD FOR

ONE DAY ONLY

TRADES DAY, AUGUST 11

GOULDY FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING COMPANY

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
Day Phone 220 Night Phone 157



NO use arguing about it, or making chin-music in a minor key! If you've got the jimmy-pipe or cigarette makin's notion cornered in your smokeappetite, slip it a few liberal loads of Prince Albert!

Boiled down to regular old between-us-man-talk, Prince Albert kicks the "pip" right out of a pipe! Puts pipe pleasure into the 24-hours-a-day joy-us class! Makes cigarette rolling the toppest of sports! P. A. is so fragrant, so fascinating in flavor, so refreshing!

Prince Albert can't bite your tongue or parch your throat! You go as far as you like according to your smoke spirit! Our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch!

Toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and—that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moisture top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.



ATTEND PANHANDLE C. OF C. MEETING HELD IN AMARILLO

County Chairman J. W. Reid of the Panhandle Chamber of Commerce was in Amarillo yesterday attending the regular meeting of the organization. He was accompanied by Pres. J. A. Hill and Oscar Hunt.

The meeting was highly interesting, directors and representatives being present from several Panhandle counties.

The letters published below are examples of the many being received by the Panhandle-Plains Chamber of Commerce with its offices in Amarillo:

Canton, Texas, July 24, 1919.
Mr. F. R. Jamison, Sec'y-Treas.,
Panhandle-Plains Chamber of
Commerce, Amarillo, Texas.

Dear Sir:
I have just received your little folder, outlining the plans and scope of work of the Panhandle-Plains Chamber of Commerce, and I hasten to congratulate you upon the vision that seems to govern in the organization of this important work.

This section of the State is a geographical unit of marvelous natural resources. It only needs intelligent and systematic development to make it one of the richest and best countries of the world. It seems to me that your organization has an unparalleled opportunity. If this part of Texas needs anything, it needs concerted effort in the development of what we already have and in the movement of our relations with the rest of the State and other sections of the country. Our opportunities are unsurpassed; our interests are one; our destinies inextricably interwoven. Let us get together in one long, hard pull for our common welfare and the good that we can do.

Faithfully yours,
J. A. HILL, President.
Dalhart, Texas, July 30, 1919.

Mr. F. R. Jamison, Sec'y-Treas.,
Panhandle-Plains Chamber of
Commerce, Amarillo, Texas.

Dear Sir:
The time was when the success of any enterprise depended solely upon individual effort, hence, history records the names of individuals who stood out more prominently than their fellows. In the future, and in the general in which we are now living the greatest achievements will be those of associations of individuals, or organizations, if you please. Individual effort will be assimilated by the cooperative plan. The result of the "World War" has popularized the word "Allies" and demonstrated that success can come only by united activity, known in the commercial world as cooperation. In such organizations a convenient unit must be adopted, whose component parts have common interests.

The Panhandle plains region of the State of Texas, seems to fulfill all the requirements for an organization, whose activities will fit into one section, as well as another, inasmuch as all climatic, economic, and political conditions are similar. The Panhandle Plains Chamber of Commerce seems to have a correct vision of the needs, as well as the opportunities of this section, and deserves the support



M. H. JACKSON.

Lecturer, globe-trotter, humorist and educator is M. H. Jackson. He is a leading speaker at the Chautauqua this year. Last summer he made a lecture tour of 100 dates under White and Myers auspices, and was the hit of the circuit. His lecture, "Shamrock and Heather," is brimful of inspiration, philosophy and fun. Fourth afternoon.

of every citizen throughout Northwest Texas. As was so forcibly demonstrated during our great world war, the necessity of unity of command was and is imperative. With our organization this has been complied with, we having the best talent in this section of the State of Texas to head the Chamber of Commerce. It is now the duty of each and every member of this organization to put his shoulder to the wheel and work for the success of the Panhandle-Plains Chamber of Commerce.

Assuring you that the citizenry adjacent to the "Eye" of the "Handle" of the Panhandle is in hearty cooperation in this movement and standing ready to carry their part of the burden in the fight for the success of the Panhandle-Plains Chamber of Commerce.

Very truly yours,
W. T. S. KRETZ, Director.

Submerged Statesmen.

New York Evening Post: Ex-Governor Sulzer emerged momentarily the other day, in connecting with the inquiry into the fraudulent methods of a stockbroking firm. He has made two or three such reappearances since his great disappearance of six years ago. Meanwhile, what has he been doing in his time of obscurity. The public neither knows nor cares. It supposes the former Governor to be attending to his law practice, probably. He never figures prominently in the courts. He comes and goes unrecognized, except by the few who are familiar with his not very statuesque beauty, and who look rather pityingly upon the man now unnoticed in whose nostrils popular attention and public notoriety were but a short time since the very breath of life.

Is such a man really to be pitied? Ought he not perhaps to be congratulated? If disappointment and time have brought him the philosophic mind, he may have gained something by his submergence beneath the political flood. None better than he can estimate the true value of popular favor, fickle even when seeming most secure. With a kind of amused sympathy he can watch the heroes of the

hour. How long will it be before they, too, fall from the public view and go about unregarded by their fellows? Then what a relief it must be not to be obliged always to assume a public, frock-coated manner? To bear one's self as a simple citizen, no more to be compelled to produce wisdom on demand and to keep oratory on tap, not continually to have fingers pointed and heads wagged in one's direction, must make up for many chagrins. Moreover, to get rid of the sycophantic hangers-on, greedy for notice by the great man and for favors from his hand, ought to be one of the permanent satisfactions of the life of the retired statesman.

The case of ex-Governor Sulzer may not be wholly typical. He had such an immense publicity for a season that the contrast with his present obscurity is doubtless more violent than is experienced by the ordinary man who retires from public life. And it may be doubted if Mr. Sulzer is precisely the one to extract from adversity philosophy's sweet milk. We have seen, however, in the streets of New York many another man passing unheeded who had but a short time before been the center of all eyes in Congress or in great political conventions. There was Speaker Reed, for example, who deliberately turned his back upon public life after the thwarting of his presidential ambitions. His large and vivacious nature never showed signs of having been soured by disappointment. He remained a keen, if cynical, observer of the passing political pageant; and was often heard to say that no trip of his to Washington aroused in him even a momentary longing for the old contests and the old applause. It was like a famous college athlete going back to the football field and, unidentified himself, smiling quizzically at the heroes who had risen in his stead.

Senator Spooner's recent death reminded the public of his voluntary withdrawal from public life when at the very climax of his powers and the height of his reputation in the Senate. Another Senator, with whom Mr. Spooner often collided in debate, has also passed from the scene of his greatest public displays. We mean Senator Baily of Texas, whose mental powers were never questioned, if his judgment and his taste admittedly faulty. His retirement was not wholly self-willed. Political events and the people of Texas had something to do with it. But he has to be thought of as another public man who has become so private as to be able to pass anywhere without a single digito monstrari.

What submerged statesmen actually think of themselves and of the ongoing public life from which they have disappeared, they seldom say. They are sometimes visited by old friends who approach them as political "sages". But they ordinarily disown the attribution, or play the role of being accounted wise for saying nothing. Their attitude, their outlook on life, will be largely a matter of temperament. Some of them incline to melancholy and to think of the men still in the thick of the fight which they themselves have abandoned as only shadows pursuing shadows. But we have happily seen many instances of robust and healthy natures quitting public life and playing a man's part on the private stage that remains to them, without vain regrets and without bitterness.

The American Legion.

More than 1400 posts of The American Legion representing every state in the Union have been chartered since the soldier, sailor and marine delegates who met at St. Louis in May ratified the action of the A. E. F. delegates who met in Paris in March and launched the national organization of American Veterans of the great war. The organization of local posts in each state is progressing so rapidly that it is impossible at this time to estimate the Legion's approximate membership.

Take these sixteen states representing all sections of the United States:

States	No. of Posts
Massachusetts	110
New York	113
Pennsylvania	100
Florida	37
Texas	56
Illinois	50
Indiana	26
Ohio	23
South Dakota	16
Iowa	92
Idaho	41
Montana	22
Arizona	8
Oregon	17
Washington	8
California	46

The American Legion has been endorsed as the national organization of American veterans of the recent war by Secretary of War Baker; Secretary of the Navy Daniels; General March; General Pershing; Admiral Sims; Major-General Barnett; Lord Northcliff; former President Taft and the G. A.

R., Spanish War Veterans, and Confederate War Veterans.

Veteran organizations which grew up in the early stages of demobilization while The American Legion organization was getting under way are joining the Legion. The latest to join was the World War Veterans of Montana, who voted unanimously to join the American Legion in a body.

Dividends On Junk.

Numerous useless or unused articles are to be found in almost every home which could be easily converted into Thrift and War Savings Stamps and thus put to work earning money. Unserviceable jewelry, old gold and silver and trinkets of various kinds which have been discarded for one reason or another might be salvaged and made to yield an income instead of lying about useless and forgotten.

Attics and barns in countless homes are repositories for broken on cast off furniture. The demands for this is great and second hand furniture is selling for the highest prices in history. There is always a ready sale for old rags, bones and scrap metal and rubber.

Have a clean-up day! Gather up all the rubbish and sell it. Turn the money into Thrift and War Savings Stamps. Getting the junk out of the way will improve the looks of your home. And you will be surprised at the returns in interest bearing securities.

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

Threshers Accused of Discriminating.
Following receipt of information to the effect that threshermen are discriminating against the small grain producer in the matter of threshing because of the biggest profit on the larger threshing contracts, the corporation commission yesterday directed A. I. Thompson, head of the railroad department of the commission, to go to Bridgeport and take over the operation of a thresher at that place.

It is charged that the threshermen are passing up the small grain producer and going to those who can give large threshing contracts. If the facts are found to be as reported, it was stated at the commission's office, that the threshermen will be proceeded against under the law which prohibits discrimination in trade.—Hobart (Okla.) Republican.

Wheat Ruined By Black Rust.

The Banner is sorry to learn of a serious loss suffered by W. H. Mil-

ler. He has about 400 acres of land in the vicinity of Tulia which had been planted to wheat, and up to the time of harvest it was looking well, and apparently promised a good yield, and Mr. Miller was counting on this as a means of adding a big roll to his bank account, but the imp of disappointment is now lurking in his bosom, for when the harvesting was about to commence, it was discovered that black rust had ruined the entire crop, and not a stalk of it was cut.—Ralls Banner.

Thresher and Wheat Burned.

H. A. Hull west of Gate lost his separator by fire Monday afternoon, with a couple of stacks of unthreshed grain. The origin of the fire is unknown yet it is supposed it was caused by a hot box.—Gate (Okla.) Valley Star.

\$35,000 Church For Hereford.

As a result of the remarkable campaign recently made by the Methodists of Hereford, a \$35,000 brick church building is to be erected at once.—Hereford Brand.

Average Weight of 1919 Fleeces.
The average weight of wool fleeces in New Mexico this season is 6.3 pounds.—Pt. Sumner (N. M.) Review.

Come to Canyon to live.

TRADES DAY

REFUND

20 CENTS

AT THIS TIME WE HAVE ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE STOCKS TO BE FOUND IN EVERY LINE, AND FOR TRADES DAY WE ARE GOING TO REFUND YOU 20 CENTS OUT OF EACH DOLLAR YOU TRADE WITH US.

YOURS FOR A BIG TRADES DAY

REDFEARN

& CO.

Trades Day Specials

MONDAY, AUGUST 11

Special Prices on

- Compound
- Hams
- Lard
- Bread

ANOTHER OVERLAND CAR

I have another good Overland car for sale or trade. See me for a bargain.

Vetesk Market

PHONE 12

KEEP IT SWEET
 Keep your stomach sweet today and ward off the indication of tomorrow—try
KI-MOIDS
 the new aid to digestion. As pleasant and as safe to take as candy.
 MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
 MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

LOCAL NEWS

Get your auto top work done at Thompson Hardware Co. tf

Mrs. J. C. Compton and children, Miss Helen and James of Portales, N. M., are visiting at the parental B. T. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Johnson and Paul and Nannie and Mrs. J. C. Compton of Portales, N. M., are spending today in Amarillo at the Mrs. J. M. White home.

Coming—"FIRES OF FAITH" at the OLYMPIC. Watch for it. 1

Mrs. E. F. Miller and granddaughter Miss Gwendolene Black left yesterday for Memphis, where they will spend a couple weeks with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. King returned yesterday to their home in Colorado City, after visiting at the home of their son, Austin King.

Regular meeting of the Masonic Lodge will be held Friday night, Aug. 8, at 8:00 o'clock. tl

Wm M. Bock and son of Rulo, Nebraska, arrived in the city this morning and are going out to their land in the southeast part of the county. They will spend a few days in looking ground, especially in seeing the canyon, and will then help in threshing Randall County's monsted wheat crop. Mr. Bock is very highly pleased with the fine crops he finds here this year.

We have plenty of help to wait on you promptly. Give us your gas and oil business. Kuehn Garage. tl

F. Weismueller of Umbarger was in the city this morning on business. His daughter will furnish the News with Umbarger news after this week.

B. Frank Buie returned Friday from Boulder, Colo., where he spent two weeks with his family.

Coming—"FIRES OF FAITH" at the OLYMPIC. Watch for it. 1

Mrs. J. T. Holland returned last week from a two weeks visit with her daughter in Lockney.

Jos. Luvosky's son from Omaha is here visiting. Mr. Luvosky is the boot and shoe repair man.

WM. S. HART at the OLYMPIC Friday and Saturday August 15 and 16. A GREAT PICTURE tl

E. F. King was called Saturday from Colorado by the serious illness of Austin King's daughter.

D. A. Park and family spent Sunday at the Park ranch in the northeast part of the county.

Auto top repairing at Thompson Hardware Co. 13-tf

Lown Davis and wife returned Monday to their home in Quanah after a two weeks visit at the parental Henry Bradford home. Miss Tip Bradford accompanied them home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hicks returned Monday to their home in Brownsfield after visiting at the parental John Knight home.

Come to Canyon to Live.

LOCAL NEWS

P. M. Wilson is home from Kansas where he has been working for some time.

Ray McReynolds is home from Oklahoma where he has been working in the harvest.

Full line of auto tires. We can save you money. Kuehn Garage. 1

Mr. and Mrs. P. V. Winstead were in Hereford Sunday.

Mrs. C. M. Hunt and daughter, Miss Matie, returned last week from Lubbock where they spent a week.

Do you need a drive belt or rubber belting of any kind? Let us get it for you. Prompt service. W. W. Kuehn Garage. tl

J. D. Weller and daughter, Miss Grace left Tuesday for Canon City, Colo., where they will visit their son and brother, Wesley.

A. W. Hamill went to Iowa Monday. His family will return with him to Canyon in a short while.

T. C. Thompson has sufficiently recovered from his recent operation as to be able to come down to the store for a short while each day. His friends are glad to know that he is rapidly regaining his strength.

Get your auto top work done at Thompson Hardware Co. tf

O. N. Gamble left Sunday for the St. Louis market to buy goods for the Canyon Supply Co.

Mr. and Mrs. T. V. Reeves were here Monday and Tuesday visiting at the parental M. C. Reeves home.

Coming—"FIRES OF FAITH" at the OLYMPIC. Watch for it. 1

Miss Lizzie Jo Redfearn of Plainview is visiting with relatives in the city.

J. B. Garner of South Dakota is here visiting at the home of his father, W. L. Garner. He went to Plainview yesterday to spend a few days with Marvin and Flake.

Regular meeting of the Masonic Lodge will be held Friday night, Aug. 8, at 8:00 o'clock. tl

Mack Garner and family have moved back from South Dakota where they went about a year ago.

R. O. C. Brumley has returned from a business trip to Eastland and Burkburnett.

WM. S. HART at the OLYMPIC Friday and Saturday August 15 and 16. A GREAT PICTURE tl

Mrs. S. H. Heyser left Tuesday for Kansas City where she will buy goods for the Variety Store.

Mrs. W. T. Moreland of Amarillo visited this week at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Everett Conner.

Coming—"FIRES OF FAITH" at the OLYMPIC. Watch for it. 1

Mrs. Suggs, Mr and Mrs. Lipscomb of Hereford visited Sunday at the J. T. Holland home.

FOR SALE—A steel grain bin. Hold 1000 bushels, at my place 9 miles west of Canyon.—Nick Hollenstein. 19p2

FOR SALE—A Chevrolet car. W. J. Flesher. tf

Prohibition is cutting down the production of bottles. The News should cause umpires to smile in relief. —Baltimore American.

A philosopher is one who can look an empty glass in the face and smile. —Baltimore American.

Must Test Cattle for Tuberculosis.

Beginning July 1, 1919, the shipment of cattle interstate without having their properly tuberculin tested will be prohibited—with a few exceptions by a regulation issued by the Secretary of Agriculture. The enforcement of this new regulation will, it is believed, be of great assistance in preventing the further spread of tuberculosis among live stock, and having the work practically under State and Federal supervision at all times will serve to bring about uniformity.

The Department of Agriculture, through its Bureau of Animal Industry, is now actively cooperating with the State live stock sanitary officials and cattle owners of 42 States in the eradication of tuberculosis from live stock.

Recent legislation in several of the States has made it possible to proceed with the work where heretofore it has been impossible to do so. Federal funds available for the work are insufficient to meet present demands and now that the cattle owners are finding the work to be of such advantage and importance the demands will increase rapidly.

Most activities are in the "accredited-herd" work: with the owners and breeders of pure-bred herds of cattle who wish to free their herds from tuberculosis and have them placed on the list as "accredited."

Some "area work" is being conducted. Under this plan a community or county or some other unit decides to have all the cattle in the area tuberculin tested with a view of completely eradicating the disease as soon as possible. In order that the "area work" may be successfully carried on, the fullest cooperation of the cattle owners in the territory must be obtained, and any attempt to proceed with the work without the good will and hearty cooperation of the people will fail.

Appropriations by the States for the coming fiscal year for live stock tuberculosis eradication aggregate about two million dollars. Part of this sum will be used to indemnify partially the owners of cattle found to be tuberculous. Most of the States now have laws permitting the payment of indemnity and the Federal Department also pays some indemnity when funds are available. With the exception of valuable breeding animals, it is found most advisable to consign the tuberculous cattle for slaughter and thereby dispose of them to the best advantage. In the greater portion of "reactors" the disease is found to exist to but a slight extent, making the meat fit for food—thereby causing a great saving. The carcasses of such cattle, after being passed for food by trained inspectors, usually bring about the market price, which sum, deducted from the appraised value of the live animal, leaves the amount of loss. Under the more recent laws, this loss is divided between the owner, the State, and the United States—each standing one-third—except that in most cases the State is limited in the amount that it can pay and the United States is always limited to the payment of \$50 for a pure-bred animal and \$25 for a grade.

Owners realize that these slightly diseased cattle may at any time become a source of danger to the healthy animals of the herd and that they themselves may break down from the disease and die or become of little or no value. The value of healthy cattle in any herd, after the tuberculous ones are taken out, always increases, and it is a source of great satisfaction to the owner that he has a healthy herd or that he is doing everything in his power to make it so. Cattle from accredited herds are commanding increased prices over those that are not, and those from herds that are in the process of being accredited are also being sold at advanced prices.

The second list of accredited herds and those that have successfully passed one tuberculin test in preparation for the accredited list is expected to be ready for distribution July 1. Requests now received indicate that 100,000 copies will be required to meet demands. This pamphlet of about 100 pages will contain the names and addresses of about 4,000 cattle owners, representing about 91,000 cattle, whose herds have passed one or more successful official tuberculin tests applied under the cooperative plan for accrediting herds of tuberculosis-free cattle.

Up to April 1, 1919, the total number of herds under supervision for the eradication of tuberculosis was about 9,800, containing about 200,000 cattle; and since that time a large number have been added to the list.

These cattle owners have realized the great importance of trying to maintain a healthy herd, and have pledged themselves to cooperate with the State and Federal officials in every possible way to free their cattle from the disease.

Experience covering a period of

several years has proved beyond a doubt that a herd can be freed of tuberculosis and kept free, and that the procedure is entirely practical and within the power of a large percentage of cattle owners. But to accomplish the desired results everyone connected with the project must do his best to follow plans, in every detail, that will bring it about. The fullest cooperation on the part of the herd owner is very important. A herd of cattle may be declared to be free from tuberculosis by the officials in charge of the work, and then, through some oversight or by carelessness, diseased animals may be added to the herd or members of the herd may be allowed to associate with tuberculous cattle. In such case infection may again be introduced and cause further losses and much trouble.

Since the inauguration of cooperative tuberculosis eradication work the number of cattle tested with tuberculin each month has increased. A total of 252,114 cattle were tested from July 1, 1918, to May 1, 1919. Minnesota leads among the Northern States with about 25,000. Virginia leads the Southern States with 15,796—followed closely by Alabama with 15,694.

Common Sense and Reconstruction. (By Dr. Frank Crane)
 Yesterday it was the problem of winning the War; today it is the problem of reconstruction. To solve the former we had the spur of danger; in the latter we are threatened with the soporific of overconfidence.

The first meant fight, the second work; and a fight is always simpler than work; more perilous perhaps, but soon over, one way or another, and we are done; but work is never done. In considering the task before us we note these points:
 1. The prime essential is unity of purpose in the nation. We could not have got two million men drafted and sent across the sea and provisioned if we had not been enthusiastically united; and we are not going to get these two million to their jobs, and start the wheels of peace and prosperity, without a similar fusion of spirit.
 2. We found out, during the War, what we could do by Drives, such as Liberty Loan Drives and Red Cross Drives. Let us now have a Reconstruction Drive.
 3. This Drive should have two slogans, "Buy Now" and "Spruce Up."
 4. By the cry "Buy Now" is meant that we should turn from our war-

To Our Farmer Friends

We give special attention to the needs of Farmers and we are thoroughly equipped to handle all business transactions for you.

An account in this bank is a convenience you cannot afford to be without.

This is the bank where you feel at home.

The First State Canyon Bank Texas

State Guaranty Fund Bank A GOOD COMBINATION Member Federal Reserve System

(THE ONLY GUARANTY FUND BANK IN RANDALL COUNTY)

time skimming and saving, and buy wisely but courageously what we need. This applies to everything from new underwear to new machinery.
 5. By "Spruce Up" is meant that, as in war we sacrificed all to the production of war-essentials, and let repairs go, so now we should give attention to maintenance, refurbish the factory redecorate the house, and, in fine, whet our axe and polish our armour.
 6. Prices are high, but we should not hold out too long for present prices. To start general buying, prices should be reduced, new methods of stimulating sales adopted, advertising increased, the margin of profit cut so as to swell the volume of sales.
 7. This does not mean that extravagance should be encouraged. It means that Thrift has two edges; that it implies intelligent spending as well as intelligent economizing.
 8. Optimism is good, but not the kind that fatuously believes our national problems will settle themselves. The kind of optimism we need is that which says, "We will succeed because I am going to help make it succeed."
 9. Those politicians who, in the Senate and out, are willing to delay peace to gain partisan ends, should (Continued on page 8)

United States tires are Good Tires



The Real Thing Right Through

Put United States Tires under your car and you'll find them the real thing.

They're built to wear—to give you the kind of economical service you want. And that's just what they do.

Hundreds of thousands of regular users will vouch for that—lots of them right around here.

There are five distinct types of United States Tires—one for every need of price or use.

We have exactly the ones for your car.

We Know United States Tires are Good Tires. That's Why we Sell Them. J. A. GUTHRIE HAPPY GARAGE, Happy, Texas

Make Men Happier

Build a Home first

Canyon Lumber Co.

BUILD YOU A HOME

'LISTEN

"Here's a concern advertising shirts without buttons," said the married man. "Nothing now about that," said the bachelor, "I've been wearing them for years. Shame on you old Bach. Get Married."

Drink
Coca-Cola
DELICIOUS and REFRESHING

You can't think of "delicious" or "refreshing" without thinking of Coca-Cola.

You can't drink Coca-Cola without being delighted and refreshed.

Demand the genuine by full name—
—nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.



Sold Everywhere

Citation By Publication.
THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Randall County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded that by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the County of Randall, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, you summon E. Van Metre, S. S. Wright and J. W. Wright, who are non-residents of the State of Texas, and B. F. Gerken, whose place of residence is unknown, and the unknown heirs, their heirs and legal representatives of B. F. Gerken, deceased, whose names and places of residence are unknown, to be and appear before the District Court to be held in and for the County of Randall, at the Court House thereof in the City of Canyon on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1919, the same being the first day of said month, then and there to answer the petition of W. H. Ground, as plaintiff, filed in said court on the 21st day of July, A. D. 1919, against E. Van Metre, S. S. Wright, J. W. Wright, B. F. Gerken and the unknown heirs, their heirs and legal representatives of B. F. Gerken, deceased, as defendants, said suit being numbered 881; the nature of which demand is as follows:

Suit for title and possession, and for removal of cloud from title, to the following described land situated in Randall County, Texas, to-wit Survey No. 63, Block No. 6, Certificate No. 1822, I & G. N. R. R. Co., Patent 684, Volume 61, containing 662 79-100 acres by re-survey, described by field notes in petition; plaintiff alleges that on December 31, 1908, Mark T. Cox, Thomas R. White, Jr., and John J. Phelps were the owners of said land and are common source of title, and sold same to the said Van Metre and Wrights, retaining the vendor's lien securing payment of notes, and that the latter in the firm name of American-Canadian Land Company made a contract of sale to B. F. Gerken dated March 6, 1909, to the southeast quarter of said survey; that thereafter foreclosure suit was brought, judgment rendered and land sold by Sheriff of Randall County to Thomas R. White, Jr., John J. Phelps and Charles W. Cox, May 12, 1913, and plaintiff has a regular chain of title thereunder; petition more fully sets out proceedings. Plaintiff prays for judgment, title and possession of said land, cancellation of said contract of sale, removal of cloud from title thereby and general and special relief.

Herein Fail Not, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

WITNESS, O. W. Gano, Clerk of the District Court of Randall County.

Given under my hand and seal of office in Canyon, Texas, this 31st day of July, A. D. 1919.

(SEAL) O. W. GANO,
Clerk of the District Court, Randall County, Texas.

A true copy I certify.
WORTH A. JENNINGS, 1874
Sheriff Randall County, Texas.

Citation By Publication.
THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Randall County—Greeting:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED to summon Clifford Nolan by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published there in, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 47th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 47th Judicial District,

to appear at the regular term of the Honorable District Court of Randall County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Canyon, Texas, on the 1st Monday in September, A. D. 1919, the same being the 1st day of September, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1919, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court as No. 880, wherein Mrs. Vera Nolan is Plaintiff, and Clifford Nolan is Defendant, and said petition alleging:

Your petitioner, Mrs. Vera Nolan, hereinafter styled Plaintiff, complaining of Clifford Nolan, hereinafter styled defendant, would show to the court that plaintiff resides in Randall county, Texas, and has resided in Randall county, Texas, for the last six months prior to the filing of this suit and is now and has been continuously for the last past twelve months a bona fide resident citizen of the State of Texas.

That the residence of the defendant, Clifford Nolan is unknown to plaintiff at this time.

That plaintiff was duly and legally married to the defendant Clifford Nolan on the 26th day of September, 1916, at Covington, Indiana, and lived with said defendant as his wife until the 24th day of February, A. D. 1918, when it became insupportable for plaintiff to longer live with defendant as his wife, for which reason she separated from him and has not since lived with him as his wife.

That during the said marriage there was born unto plaintiff and defendant on July 6th, 1917, a child, a girl, Opal Bybee Nolan, which said child has lived with plaintiff and been supported by plaintiff since its birth.

Plaintiff alleges and shows to the court that all during the time she lived with defendant as his wife she conducted her household affairs with prudence and economy, was loyal, faithful and true to defendant and performed every duty and act in her power to make the married relation and life between plaintiff and defendant what it should be but the defendant unmindful of his marriage vow and obligation to this plaintiff, on or about the 15th day of May, 1917, began a course of harsh, tyrannical and cruel treatment toward this plaintiff and kept same up continuously until February 24th, 1918, when it became insupportable for plaintiff to longer live with defendant as his said wife at which time she separated from him as aforesaid.

Plaintiff says that on account of the outrages and cruel treatment and excesses of the defendant toward this plaintiff it was insupportable to longer live with him when she separated from him on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1918.

Wherefore plaintiff prays that citation issue in terms of the law commanding defendant to appear and answer this petition and that said citation be published for four successive weeks in a newspaper published in Randall county, Texas, as the law directs and that on final hearing hereof she have judgment dissolving the marriage contract between plaintiff and defendant and forever divorcing plaintiff from defendant and for custody of her said child together with all costs in this behalf expended.

Herein Fail Not, and have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND and the Seal of said Court, at office in Canyon, Texas, this the 31st day of July, A. D. 1919.

(SEAL) O. W. GANO,
Clerk, District Court, Randall County, Texas.

A true copy I certify.
WORTH A. JENNINGS,
1874 Sheriff Randall County, Texas.

Contemporary Thought.

Christian Science Monitor: Any American citizen who is conscientiously in doubt as to whether the League of Nations covenant ought to be ratified by the United States can hardly be recommended to a more illuminative bit of reading than those pages of history which cover the period in United States affairs when the several States were in process of ratifying the Federal Constitution. If the doubts and fears, the hopes and the faiths, of one political situation were ever closely paralleled by those of another, widely separated from the first in point of time, those of the trying days when the Constitution was pending before the thirteen original States now have their striking counterpart in the doubts, fears, hopes, faiths, of the Nation as it faces the question of ratifying the League of Nations covenant. And just as the States rose over their misgivings in those days, finding a way in which to ratify and yet to provide for desired changes, so today it might be argued that misgivings of exactly similar nature, though of wider range, are going to be overcome by the Nation. Now, as then, if there is anything in the historical argument, the alternative to ratification is the force that will ultimately lead the Nation to ratify.

In those days when the Constitution was hanging in the balance, the State of Massachusetts offered the parallel to the Nation in this present question of the League of Nations. If Massachusetts should refuse to ratify, it was generally felt that an effective Federal Union would be impossible. Yet Massachusetts was intensely devoted to the idea of the independent rights of the State. Its people felt it to be important that they should manage their own affairs, instead of having these managed by other people. To Massachusetts folk, therefore, the new Constitution seemed to delegate too much power to a governing body, necessarily remote from most of its constituents, thus opening the way to some sort of tyranny. It was feared that the Congress established under the Constitution might contrive to perpetuate itself; it was assumed that, because the way would be open to abuse of the Federal power, the Federal power would never be properly used; it was asserted that the wealthy classes framed the Constitution and would use it as a means of exploiting their poorer fellows. On the other hand, some of the broader views advanced were to the effect that the Constitution were to the effect that the Constitution offered orderly government, in place of the anarchy of Shaysism through which the State had been passing; that it would be better to make trial of such benefits as the Constitution provided than to suffer the continuance of the evils incurred through its lack; that while the wealthy might find their interests subserved by the Constitution, their poorer fellows would benefit in exactly the same way, if not to the same degree.

How the Massachusetts decision was long held in the balance, how popular meetings outside were employed to influence it, how charges of corruption were bandied about, it told by John Fiske in pages of his "Critical Period of American History" that might, with a few nominal changes, almost be made to apply to the discussions of the great covenant now pending. The parallelism is perhaps most clear, however, in those words, in which, at the crisis, Washington "suddenly threw himself into the breach with the infallible judgment of his which always saw the way to victory," and conjured up a vision of the alternative. "If another Federal convention is attempted," he said, according to Fiske's account, "its members will be more discordant, and will agree upon no general plan. The Constitution is the best than can be obtained at this time. The Constitution or disunion are before us to choose from. If the Constitution is our choice, a constitutional door is open for amendments, and they may be adopted in a peaceable manner, without tumult or disorder."

This advice of Washington solved the difficulty for Massachusetts and for the other States that wished to ratify, but felt that changes in the Constitution were imperatively needed. They saw that, in the circumstances, conditional ratification might prove as disastrous as rejection. It would not do to hazard a second convention, in which the good work already accomplished in the pending draft might be undone. Ratification, therefore, was made absolute, and the desired amendments were offered at once, in the hope that favorable action would be taken on them as soon as the new Government should go into operation. "This forecast," says Fiske, "proved quiet correct, and it was in this way that the first ten amendments were originated, which were acted on by Congress in 1790 and became part of the Constitution in 1791."

Perhaps it cannot be maintained that

Camel Cigarettes

They Win You On Quality!

Your enjoyment of Camels will be very great because their refreshing flavor and fragrance and mellowness is so enticingly different. You never tasted such a cigarette! Bite is eliminated and there is a cheerful absence of any unpleasant cigarette after-taste or any unpleasant cigarette odor!

Camels are made of an expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos and are smooth and mild, but have that desirable full-body and certainly hand out satisfaction in generous measure. You will prefer this Camel blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Give Camels the stiffest tryout, then compare them with any cigarette in the world at any price for quality, flavor, satisfaction. No matter how liberally you smoke Camels they will not tire your taste!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.



18 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

the method here reverted to could be as readily employed in 1919 as it was in 1788, yet the relief afforded for an earlier situation that in many ways paralleled the situation now before the country was so immediate and so conclusive that it ought not to be lost sight of now.

Bryan has announced the probable nominee of the Democrats next year. He says it must be a man who has always been right on the liquor question. He might name the unlucky wight if he was not so backward.—Los Angeles Times.

Greatness is a spiritual condition, worthy to excite love, interest, and admiration; and the outward proof of possessing greatness, that we excite love, interest, and admiration.—Matthew Arnold.

The Harvest

—OF—

TEXAS' GREATEST GRAIN CROP IS AT HAND

Don't lose your crop by fire while waiting for a thresher. We write insurance on grain, in stack or in granary.

WE PROTECT YOU FROM LOSSES BY FIRE FROM THE TIME THE GRAIN IS CUT UNTIL IT IS SOLD.

C. R. Fleisher

CANYON, TEXAS

Come to Canyon to Live. Come to Canyon to live.



PAIGE

The Most Beautiful Car in America

Now for a Paige Vacation

Pick your route, pack your bag, get aboard a Paige—and leave all your troubles behind you.

For the first time in years Americans are enjoying touring without restraint. The large proportion of Paige cars used by summer vacationists is the result of choice based on practical considerations—quality that guarantees reliability in cross-country driving and sufficient power.

There's abundant comfort, too, in a Paige.

PAIGE-DETROIT MOTOR CAR CO., DETROIT, MICHIGAN

E. BURROUGHS, Agent

RELATING TO SPECIAL TAXES BY CITIES, TOWNS AND COUNTIES FOR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS, PUBLIC ROADS, ETC.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 20. Proposing an amendment to Section 9 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by changing said Section 9 so as to provide for the levy of taxes by counties, cities and towns...

Section 1. That Section 9 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that the same will hereafter read as follows: Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools...

Section 2. The sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of publishing the necessary tickets and blanks for use in said elections.

Section 3. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Section 4. That Section 9 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that the same will hereafter read as follows: Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools...

Section 5. That Section 9 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that the same will hereafter read as follows: Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools...

Section 6. The Legislature shall have power to amend Section 9 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by changing said Section 9 so as to provide for the levy of taxes by counties, cities and towns...

Section 7. That Section 9 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that the same will hereafter read as follows: Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools...

Section 8. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Section 9. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Section 10. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

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Section 46. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Section 47. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Calomel Surges and Makes You Sick. Acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver and you lose a day's work. There's no reason why a person should take sickening, salivating calomel when a few cents buys a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic...

Professional ROYAL CAFE. Good Meals—Reasonable Prices. SOUTH SIDE SQUARE, CANYON. S. B. McCLURE, Real Estate Broker. List your land or property with me. I look after your interests. Canyon, Texas. DR. S. L. INGHAM, DENTIST. The Careful and Conservative Preservation of the Natural Teeth a Specialty. W. J. FLESHER, LAWYER. Complete Abstract of all Randall County Lands. All Kinds of Insurance.

Reliable Standard Windmills. All piping and well material. McDADE BROS. Well Contractors - TELEPHONE 162. Myrtle M. Powell, C. D. Powell. POWELL REALTY COMPANY. Real Estate and Rentals. Amarillo, Texas. 608 Polk. Res. Phone 2275. Bus. Phone 716. FOR SERVICE—CALL 197.

I now have two good buses and can answer all calls promptly. L. Long, Bus and Transfer. WM. F. MILLER, Dealer in REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE, RENTAL AND LOANS. HAPPY. . . . SWEAKS. FOR PAINTS, VARNISHES, WALL PAPER, GLASS, PICTURE MOLDING, ETC., SEE S. V. Wirt. PRICES RIGHT.

Eight hundred and fifty thousand shares of stock in pumped-dry oil-land were sold to investors, according to post office officials. This is a class of mail which, for some reason or other, never fails to get there.—Detroit News.

Catarthal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarthal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarthal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless this inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarth, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. Hall's Catarth Medicine acts through the blood on the mucous surface of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarthal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarth Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, etc. J. J. CATARTH & CO., Toledo, O.



SERGEANT EDWARDS.

Sergeant Edward Edwards, escaped war-prisoner, survivor of the original Princess Pats of Canada; hero of the "Englander Shwein" in the Saturday Evening Post, and "The Escape of a Princess Pat" (Doran & Company) will appear in person at the local Chautauqua on the third afternoon. He will tell how his famous regiment was wiped out; how he was captured by the Germans, of his experi-

visiting friends in Canyon this week. Nick Richards of Lockney spent the week-end in Canyon.

Among those who attended the buffalo hunt at Goodnight ranch last week were Messrs. Sink, Mahan, McCarter, Dufflot, Morslock and Hill. Misses Alto and Lucy Mae Hull were Amarillo visitors Monday.

Miss Freda Durham spent Saturday in Amarillo.

William Gibson of Abilene spent Sunday and Monday in Canyon, visiting friends.

On next Friday evening the Y. W. and Y. M. will give a birthday party in room 105 of the Normal building. All are invited to come, and each is requested to bring as many pennies as he is years old.

This week the Y. M. and Y. W. are conducting a special service campaign.

On next Saturday evening the picture show at the Normal which has been free to the students during the summer, will be under the auspices of the Y. M. and Y. W. organizations, and an admission of twenty cents will be charged.

Misses Maples Gray and Bertha Belle McClain had as guests Sunday, several Tullia friends.

Irene Hutton, a former student, is visiting friends here.

Miss Maxine Jennings entertained several friends Saturday evening with a masquerade party in honor of Miss Redfern of Plainview.

W. B. Mahan spent last week-end in Tullia.

Miss Lelia Waldron of Hedley is the guest of Vada Jackson.

Miss Mable Vaughn spent last week-end with her parents at Kress.

Miss Rushing is visiting her sister, Viola this week.

Miss Malone pent the week-end in Amarillo.

Among Monday's Amarillo visitors were Mr. Allen and family and Misses Burkhalter, Pierce, Anderson and Cantrell.

Word has been received that Mody C. Boatright has returned from overseas. He is now at Camp Pike and expects to be discharged about the 7th of August.

Frank Day had his face burned at a picnic Sunday when the lid was blown off a coffee bucket, and boiling coffee threw over his face. He is recovering nicely.

Pres. Hill bought the buffalo head which was offered for sale at Good-

was visiting friends in Canyon last Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Day and Miss May Day of Kress spent last week-end in Canyon the guests of Frank Day.

Mrs. Glenn, representative of the southwestern division of the Red Cross, gave an instructive talk in chapel Wednesday morning on the reconstruction work to be accomplished by this organization.

Mrs. Lee Clark visited chapel on Wednesday morning.

Miss Winnie Jenkins, a former student here, is visiting Miss Jim Carrie Lindsey.

Mr. Savage was a Tullia visitor on Monday.

Misses Mary Clark and Edith Cousins spent last week-end in Amarillo.

Thurman Wood left Friday for his home in Hedley.

Evelyn Monahan, Lora Kibbie, Clara Nell McLaughlin and Pat Elliston spent the week-end in Hereford.

Miss Jessie Green of Floydada is



Misses Dressie and Ona O'Keefe of Panhandle, former students of the Normal, were visitors in the training school department Tuesday.

Miss Docia Crawford of Texico visited her sister, Miss Eva Crawford last week.

Miss Dessa Patrick, who was called home last week, returned to school yesterday.

Miss Dixie Wood of Waco has been with the West Texas State Normal the last few days, exhibiting D. C. Heath and Company's readers.

Mr. Chas. Collier of Lubbock, who has just returned from war service,

Written In The Fabrics

Carrying on the greatest ready-to-wear business in the Panhandle and seeking in it the most serviceable feature to make it properly known to the public, we find that the one really valuable advertisement of the annex and its fashions is—

Written In The Fabrics

It is in the merchandise—the variety and its fashions. Merchandise sound and true. The quality of the goods and the reliableness of the fashions. Add to these the fact of superior assortments and you have sufficient reasons why people from all over the Panhandle come to the Annex when they want the newest and best in fashion.

Early as it is the—

Autumn Style Show

—is taking on new interest every day and assortments now are full and satisfactory.

WOMEN WHO LIKE TO WEAR THE NEW THINGS FIRST—are asking about the modes of Autumn. We are answering with some delightful new fashions in suits and dresses. Also a great many new coats of fine fabrics or fine furs—all of these we shall be glad to have you come and see.

HUNDREDS OF NEW HATS ARE READY—and among the most striking features are Feather hats—small and very attractive.

Small hats in all new materials—as well as the hats of silks and velvets are especially good in fashion.

Large hats will have their place as usual—one noticeable feature is the neotized materials, silver and gold, as a whole or as trimmings and it seems we have never had a season of such variety and richness in colors and trimmings and such pleasing wearable shades.

Mrs. Gass of St. Louis will have charge of all hats made to order this season. Mrs. Gass has had extensive experience with the finest city retail trade and also as a pattern designer. Those who have trouble in finding a really becoming fashion will find the way easy after talking it over with Mrs. Gass.

White & Kirk

The Place To Buy Shoes
AMARILLO, TEXAS

night last week. It will be placed in the school.

The Normal Student attendance at the various Sunday Schools last Sunday was as follows:

- Christian Church—Boys 0 girls 10.
- Methodist—Boys 7, girls 30.
- Baptist—Boys 8, girls 50.

Skim Milk is Valuable on the Farm.

Everyone is becoming aware of the cash profits to be obtained from dairy cattle on the dry land farm. The weekly cream check is becoming more appreciated as time passes. For we know that the dairy business on the farm is a source of steady income that makes the living and pays for the groceries as they are bought. It buys supplies, improves the home and leads to contentment and satisfaction with the farm life.

Farm dairying encourages home conveniences and improvements such as buildings for shelter of stock, a good water system, cool storage equipment, sanitation and makes the silo a grand opportunity if not an absolute necessity. Dairying encourages better live stock for quality and breeding is shown quicker in dairy production than in any other animals. All of these things are leading toward farm home building and improvement and better rural life and happiness and contentment on the farm.

But aside from the cream check which is receiving so much attention and praise there are other products of the farm dairy industry. The skim milk on the farm often proves of as great a value as the cream sold.

Whole milk is the nearest to a perfect food of any produced or manufactured. It contains every element necessary for growing animal life and has them in proportions needed in the body. Except in the case of fat which is more abundant than necessary for proper growth. This has been due to the breeding and selection of cows for high butter fat production in order to yield greater income from butter fat sold.

When the cream is separated from the milk and sold practically all the other food is left in the skim milk, consisting of milk sugar, albumin and mineral matter. By adding to a ration a little oil meal or other fat abundant feed to take the place of the butter fat taken out almost a perfect food is made for calves, pigs, lambs and poultry. After a few

weeks of age calves, pigs and lambs will grow as well on skim milk as on whole milk. This fact has been proven in feeding skim milk compared with whole milk. The young stock may be grown on skim milk and pasture requiring but a small amount of grain in the ration. The value of the calves is great as you know the people of this country are accustomed to depend entirely on the calf for all returns and profits in range herds.

Sheep are now considered the animals producing the greatest percent profit of any farm animals as they yield both lambs and wool and are good for meat purpose. It is simple matter to raise a few lambs on skim milk on the farm. Hogs are known as the mortgage lifters of the farm and the successful raising of hogs is dependent on the skim milk and other byproducts of the farm dairy, or with the least expense in original investment and will yield returns quicker than any other farm animal and yields among the greatest returns on the investment. Sour milk is the most healthful food available for poultry at any age for the baby chicks to the old stock and it supplies the elements that are most expensive in the poultry ration.

Give the cow credit for her share in the production of these smaller farm animals and that are largely dependent upon her for their profits and the farm dairy cow will at once rise in your estimation.

A great many experiments have been conducted on feeding animals of all kinds on skim milk. The results are quite various but all showed evidently its great value as food for these animals. The nearest definite results obtained have been in proportion to the food value of corn, one pound of corn being equal to six pounds of skim milk. This would give skim milk a value of 33 1-3 per hundred when corn is worth \$2.00 per hundred.

Careful utilizing of skim milk will make a great increase of the profits from the dairy and this should be closely watched as well as the returns from the butter fat from the dairy—Union County (N. M.) Farmer-Stockman Exchange Bulletin.

When a prominent politician referred to himself as forward-looking, he generally means to 1920.—Columbus Ohio State Journal.

Common Sense and Reconstruction.

(Continued from page 5)

be rebuked. The damage they do is incalculable. They are worse than enemies to their country, they are enemies of mankind.

10. Reconstruction is going to be successful only as The People understand it, take hold of it and put it through. It will not be carried to a happy conclusion by Government officials. This is a Democracy. Every man must put his house in order, and sweep before his own door-step. This is no time for untried theories. Common sense is theory enough. And common sense says, "Get Busy! Buy Now! Spruce Up. And give a soldier a job even if you don't need him."

Cattle Quarantined Account of Scab.

Union county has been quarantined on account of cattle in the southern part of this (Union) county having scab. All cattle have been ordered dipped by the State Sanitary Board.—Folsom correspondent in Des Moines (N. M.) Swastika.

The Best Crops Ever Grown.

Jim Walker was in town Tuesday from his home two or three miles to the east of Spur. He told us that he and J. C. Weir had the best crops now that they ever made in West Texas. They said they had a hundred acres of maize from which they would get at least one hundred tons of grain.—Spur Texas Spur.

Come to Canyon to live.

You Do More Work,

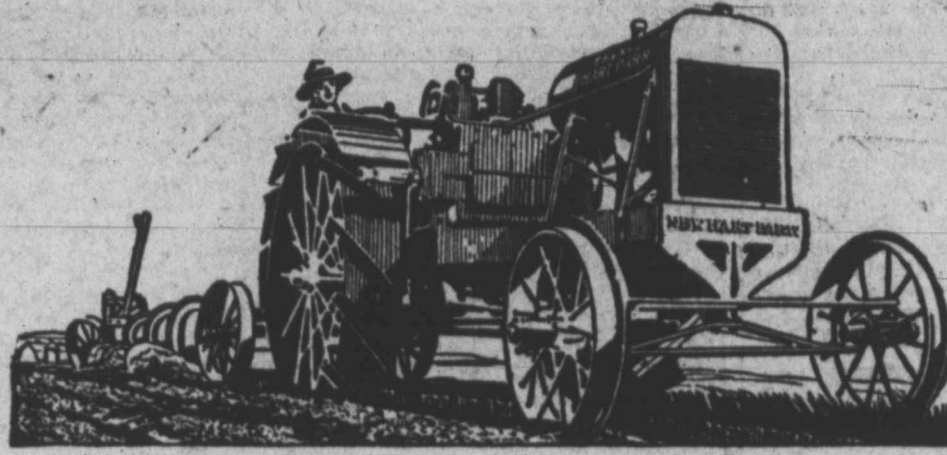
You are more ambitious and you get more enjoyment out of everything when your blood is in good condition. Impurities in the blood have a very depressing effect on the system, causing weakness, laziness, nervousness and sickness.

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value.

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC is not a patent medicine, it is simply IRON and QUININE suspended in Syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs Quinine to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. These reliable tonic properties never fail to drive out impurities in the blood.

The Strength-Creating Power of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC has made it the favorite tonic in thousands of homes. More than thirty-five years ago, folks would ride a long distance to get GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC when a member of their family had Malaria or needed a body-building, strength-giving tonic. The formula is just the same today, and you can get it from any drug store. 60c per bottle.

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Does both belt and drawbar work—takes care of all power needs of the farm.

No more simple or accessible tractor built—made of the best material money can buy.

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