RANDALL COUNTY NEWS

VOL XIX

CANYON, RANDALL COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1915.

PLAINVIEW SHOWS

There is "Nothing Shallow but the Water" at Plainview. The hospitality is deep seated. The entertainment for the stranger is royal.

The Panhandle Press association met in Plainview last Friday and Saturday and the newspaper people enjoyed for two days the greatest hospitality and entertainment ever presented by any town in this or any other state. With the meeting of the train Friday morning, until the visitors boarded the out-going trains Sunday morning there was never a minute of the time when some Plainview business man wasn't right by your side asking if there wasn't something he could do to make your stay more pleasant. Plainview had made great preparation for the gathering and the program was carried out to a nicety.

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The program proper for the newspaper people was very helpful. There were nearly forty present and the discussion of subjects was highly inspirational and beneficial. This program extended through Friday and Saturday mornings. At the business session Saturday morning Amarillo was chosen for the next meeting place. Canyon was put in nomination, Pres. Cousins extending the formal invitation. The sentiment was so strong for Amarillo since it is the junction point of all railroads, that Canyon withdrew before the vote was taken, giving Amarillo the unanimous ballot of the conven-

J. M. Adams of the Plainview News is the new president, L. G. Waggoner of the Miami Chief is the vice president and Miss Ida M. Farrell of the Glazier Review was re-elected secretary-treas-

The entertainment of the vis itors was remarkable and full of interest at all times. Friday af ternoon there was a reception for the ladies at 3 o'clock in the beautiful Elk's home. badges of the visitors was a pass to the three excellent motion picture shows at the will of the wearers. From five to seven Friday there was a general reception at the Elks' hall for all of the visitors. Large numbers of the town people joined in greeting the press gang.

Friday night the Plainview Choral Club repeated Von Flotow's opera, "Martha", for the benefit of the visitors. As a usual thing the town which is entertaining the press people take cognizance of the fact that they are interested in things of a material nature. Plainview not only displayed her wealth of materialistic wealth, but Friday night showed the visitors that her people were not too much wrapped up in making money as to forget the esthetical side of life and to develope that portion of man and his nature which long lives after the wealth that he may acquire in this world.

Plainview has a wonderful array of musical talent. For four hours the soloists and big for next Monday. chorus held the audience spell bound. Mrs. Ellen J. Lindsay headed the cast. Her wonderful soprano voice received great com- The value of time. pliments. Miss Mabel Wayland The need of perseverance. was greatly applauded for her The pleasure of working. contralto solos and her excellent The dignity of simplicity stage work. Albert Hinn sang The worth of character. the leading tenor with a clear, The power of kindness. smooth voice. Ross Wingo was The influence of example. the leading baritone. The The obligation to duty. chorus work was fine. The pro- The wisdom of economyduction was a rare treat and cost | The virtue of patience. the Choral Club much time and The improvement of talent. money for its repetition which The joy of originating.

You will find two PRESS GREAT TIME installments of the story in this issue.

was greatly appreciated by the

Saturday night there was a splendid banquet at the Ware Hotel, followed by an excellent toast program.

Saturday afternoon about twenty five cars took the visitors on a fifty mile trip through the irrigation district. The big Sydicate which has become so famous in the Panhandle has seventy wells in operation and are still at work drilling more. The wells are put down about 250 fee,t but the water stands so that the lift is always less than fifty feet. With the big engines and centrifigal pumps water is thrown out resembling a good sized river. The syndicate has bought more than a million and a half dollars worth of land and is spending that much more in developing the same.

The plan of selling sydicate land is this. A farm consists of 160 acres with a pretty house and home improvement, orchard, well and pumping outfit, with 20 acres planted in alfalfa. They are selling much land. Not only the sydicate, but large numbers of other Plainview people have wells and pumping plants, with large capacities and much land planted in alfalfa.

The News man revised his idea

of irrigation very greatly after the Plainview visit. In some other districts we have visited, irrigation is used principally for row-crop and wheat irrigation. We do not believe this will pay as the expenditure is too great since these crops will make good good yields most years in the Panhandle without irrigation, especially this being true of the row crops. Raising alfalfa on the high lands has been proven profitable by the aid of the irrigation plant. This combination has made the Plainview country famous. The syndicate also urges all farmers to raise hogs and are putting into practice their preachments with a large herd on each of the demonstrations farms which are scattered all over the county. On these farms are practical men to make practical demonstrations with various farm products. These demonstrations are proving greatly beneficial to the Hale county farmers. Great results have been obtained in the agricultural lines in Hale county.

Plainview is a pretty town with a growing population. The business district is growing. The town is kept good and clean.

The trip to Plainview will long be cherished in the memory of each visitor and the kindliest cumulated in the back yards and alleys and which is al feeling help for each and every man and woman who did so much to make the visit pleasant and profitable.

County Court Opens

County court opened Monday but no cases will be tried this week, The case of S. B. McClure vs. John T. Wiley was continued The criminal docket was set

Twelve Things to Learn.



TRACK MEET ON **NEXT WEDNSDAY**

The annual track meet of the Panhandle Athletic association will be held in Canyon next Wedwill be best meet the association will send this year are much stronger than ever before.

The following schools will send teams; Amarillo high, Hereford, Silverton, Tulia, Lubbock, Seth Ward of Plainview.

The Normal will have a team in the meet but will probably not have so many strong men as in some of the past years

Rain Last Night.

A good rain started to fa about 7:30 o'clock last night and continued a greater part of the night, three-eights of an inch in all. Rain is falling as we go, to

Monday evening.

most universal, and

premises and alleys.

P. O. Box 505

Choral Club in Amarillo.

A large number of the mem bers of the Canyon Choral club made the trip to Amarillo Monday for the joint rehersal with the Amarillo club. The rehersal was fine and showed great improvement in both nesday. From all evidence this clubs since the last rehersal. The regular rehersals of the the has ever had. The schools and Canyon club will continue on colleges of this section are taking Sunday afternoons and Tuesday more interest in this line of nighs until the Festival on April athletics and the teams they 29. In another column of this issue is the formal announcement of the Festival.

> Next Sunday afternoon Prof. E. F. Myers is coming from Amarillo to direct the local club, bringing with him some of the Amarillo singers. The rehersal will be held at the Presbyterian church and all of the members are urgently requested to be present at 2:30 p. m. sharp.

> Those making the trip Monday were Mesdames Thompson, Warwick, Roffey, Mayne, Tate, Tucker, Miss Kline, Messrs. Roffey, Roffey, Ingham, Dison, Guenther, Harter, Archambeau, Warwick.

We have a full line of paint Clyde Baird was in Amarillo brushes. Thompson Hardware

PROCLAMATION

ious and sundry kinds of waste material which has ac-

taken on the part of our citizenship to clean up this ac-

cumulated waste material, now therefore, I, F. M. Wil-

day and Saturday, April 16 and 17 as Clean Up Days

and I especially request all citizens to give personal at-

tention to the removal of rubbish and debris from their

W. D. Howren, Contracting Engineer

CONCRETE, PLAIN and REINFORCED

Call on or write to me regarding that watering tub,

NO TROUBLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS

tank, silo, dam or anything else you wish to build.

Room 26, First National Bank Building

Respectfully,

Whereas, my attention has been called to the var-

Whereas it is necessary that some united action be

COUNCIL TO PASS **GOOD ORDINANGE**

The city council met Tuesday to swear in the new members and organize for the coming year's work. Mayor Wilson appointed the following commit-

Street and bridge - Foster, Winkelman, Dison. Waterworks-Griffin, Foster,

Kleinschmidt. Sanitation - Marquis, Griffin

Marquis Finance - Griffin

Kleinschmidt. R. E. Foster was appointed street commissioner.

C. R. Flesher was elected city secretary with a salary of \$15 per month and water collector at \$10 per month.

Committees were appointed to draw up ordinances on the following subjects-Anti spitting. prohibiting sign printing on the sidewalks and posting on tele phone poles, regulating picture shows, fixing holes in cement sidewalks.

The council ordered the old opera house cleaned up and closed, also the old building west of Shotwell's coal yards.

Mayor Wilson stated that the council was determined to do much needed work around the city and began the first meeting. A meeting will be held tonight for the purpose of passing some of these ordinances.

Miss Moreland Wins Trip.

Miss Artie Moreland won the trip to the Panama Exposition given by the picture show in the son, Mayor of Canyon, Texas, do hereby proclaim Fri-contest which closed Monday night. She has not decided just when she will make the trip.

> I wish to thank very kindly all of my friends who assisted me in winning the Panama Exposition trip. I shall ever feel grate-F. M. WILSON, Mayor. ful to you.

Artie Moreland.

To the Ladies of Canyon

Pussy Willow organdie and lace work should first be started. flouncing, embroidered organ- The club voted to offer a prize of dies and voiles, plain organdies \$5.00 for some feature to be deand dotted Swiss, the newest cided upon at the next meeting. things from New York and just what you want for communcement dresses. Call and see the Panama Canal. them-Misses Taylor, 608 Polk St., Amarillo Texas.

Phone 1

Canyon, Texas

POTASH SUPPLY IS IN RANDALL COUNTY

Potash in large quantities has been discovered underlaying Randall and Potter counties. The following announcement was recently made by the Dallas Evening Journal:

"In view of the restricted imports of potash salts from Germany, the chief source of supply and the possibilities of developing potash fields in Texas, as cited by the Bureau of Economic Geology, University of Texas, are such as to quicken general inter-

"A bureau bulletin, now in press, will direct attention to discovery of potash deposits in the Texas Panhandle, with the view of encouraging closer and expert investigation which may lead to practical development.

"Should this result, the bureau will have rendered another distinctive service to Texas. But the mere hint of a possible development of rich and untouched resources stresses more strongly the State's need of one of the mining experiment stations which the late Congress author-

And the Dallas News makes comment as follows:

"The announcement is made by Dr. Phillips, its chief, that the Bureau of Economic Geology of the University will soon issue a bulletin dealing with the deposits of potash salts in this state. That there are such deposits has already been determined, the question being whether they are of such quantity as to make the commercial exploitation of them practicable. More important still is the hope held fourth in this announcement that the deposits in Texas are sufficient for that purpose.

"Dr. Phillips speaks of a very encouraging situation in Potter and Randall counties, where a much larger amount of potash has been found in deep borings. 875 to 1,700 feet, than has been reported from any such borings anywhere in the United States."

In a letter to W. A. Miller of Amarillo, Director William B. Phillips of the Bureau of Economic Geoglogy of the University of Texas, writes most encourageingly concerning the prospect. and masmuch as the United States, by reason of the European war, now stands in urgent need of potash supplies, it is quite likely that the Federal government will see fit to develop the prospect.

Normal Building Progressing.

Excellent progress has been made on the Normal building this week. All of the structural steel for the main part has been erected and Contractor Rau now has his men on the auditorium. The steel work will be completed next week. A large number of carpenters are on the job for the Gross Construction Co. making forms for concrete work.

Book Club Starts Civic Improvement.

At a meeting of the Woman's Book club yesterday it was decided to take up the work of civic improvement. A committee was appointed to investigate the best We have just received a line of method of procedure and what

> Mrs. D. A. Shirley read an excellent paper on the progress of

Come to Canyon to live.

By Charles Neville Buck

With Illustrations from Photographs of Scenes in the Play

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CHAPTER XV-Continued.

In two days, the grand jury, with much secrecy, returned a true bill, and a day later a considerable detachment of infantry started on a dusty hike up Misery. Furtive and inscrutable Hollman eyes along the way watched them from cabin doors, and counted them. They meant also to count them coming back, and they did not expect the totals to tally.

Back of an iron spiked fence, and a dusty sunburned lawn, the barrack-like facades of the old administration building and Kentucky state capitol frowned on the street and railroad track. About it, on two sides of the Kentucky river, sprawled the town of Frankfort; sleepy, more or less disheveled at the center, and stretching to shaded environs of colonial houses set in lawns of rich bluegrass, amid the shade of forest trees. Circling the town in an embrace of quiet beauty rose the Kentucky river hills.

Turning in to the gate of the statehouse enclosure, a man, who seemed to be an easterner by the cut of his clothes, walked slowly up the brick walk, and passed around the fountain at the front of the capitol. His steps carried him direct to the main entrance of the administration building. and, having paused a moment in the rotunda, he entered the secretary's office of the executive suite, and asked for an interview with the governor.

"Have you an appointment?" the secretary asked.

The visitor shook his head. Scribbling a brief note on a slip of paper, he inclosed it in an envelope and handed it to his questioner.

You must pardon my seeming mysernor will see me."

Once more the secretary studied his

His excellency opened the envelope and his face showed an expression of surprise. He raised his brows questioningly.

"Rough-looking sort?" he inquired. "Mountaineer?"

"No, sir. New Yorker would be my guess. Is there anything suspicious?" "I guess not." The governor laughed. "Rather extraordinary note, but send

him in." Through his eastern window the governor gazed off across the hills of South Frankfort, to the ribbon of river that came down from the troublesome hills. Then, hearing a movement at his back, he turned, and his eyes took in Callomb. a well-dressed figure with confidence-

inspiring features. He picked up the slip from his desk and, for a moment, stood comparing seemed to be in his mind some irrecon- the governor." cilable contradiction between the two. With a slightly frowning seriousness the executive suggested:

"This note says that you are Samson South and that you want to see me with reference to a pardon. Whose he shook his head. pardon is it, Mr. South."

"My own, sir." The governor raised his brows slightly.

"Your pardon for what? The news papers do not even report that you have yet been indicted." He shaded the word "yet" with a slight emphasis.

"I think I have been indicted within the past day or two. I'm not sure myself.

The governor continued to stare The impression he had formed of the "Wildcat" from press dispatches was warring with the pleasing personal presence of this visitor. Then his forehead wrinkled under his black hair and his lips drew themselves sternly.

"You have come to me too soon, sir," he said curtly. "The pardoning power is a thing to be most cautiously used at all times, and certainly never until the courts have acted. A case not yet adjudicated cannot address itself to executive clemency."

Samson nodded. "Quite true," he admitted. "If I an-nounced that I had come on the matter of a pardon, it was largely that I had to state some business and that seemed the briefest way of putting it." "Then there is something else?"

"Yes. If it were only a plea for clemency I should expect the matter will not leave Frankfort without my to be chiefly important to myself. In permission. You will take every prepoint of fact, I hope to make it equally caution to conceal your actual identity. nteresting to you. Whether you give You will treat as utterly confidential me a pardon in a fashion which vip all that has transpired here—and, and front shutters and doors closed lates all precedent, or whether I sur above all, you will not lef newspaper render myself and go back to a trial which will be merely a form of assas- ders. Report here tomorrow after their horses at the racks, they also sination rests entirely with you, sir. noon, and remember that you are my fell into groups well apart. The two right now." You will not find me insistent."

Then Samson launched into the story of his desires and the details of sins together, where shortly they were greetings, for the time had not yet had been powerless to remedy-be evening, the three dired at the execu- Hollmans began centering about the His handful of men stood close and cause they were outside influences. tive mansion, and sat until midnight

er to undertake the house-cleaning. and for a while must do work that his finger on section 2673. demic interest. He could not expect subordination to the civil power." to survive a trial. He was at present the governor was not of that mind he was now ready to surrender himself

"And now, Mr. South," suggested the governor, after a half-hour of ab- a city, sheriff, jailer or marshal." sorbed listening, "there is one point you have overlooked. Since in the end the whole thing comes back to the exercise of the pardoning power, it is after all the crux of the situation. You may be able to render such services as those for which you volunteer. Let us for the moment assume that to be true. You have not yet told me a very important thing. Did you or did you not kill Purvy and Hollis?"

"I killed dollis," said Samson, as though he were answering a question as to the time of day, "and I did not kill Purvy."

"Kindly." suggested the governor, give me the full particulars of that

The two were still closeted when a second visitor called and was told that his excellency could not be disturbed. The second visitor, however, was so insistent that the secretary finally con. die." sented to take in the card. After a

The door opened and Captain Callomb entered.

He was now in civilian clothes, back turned at the window. Then Samson wheeled and the two men recognized each other. They had met before only when one was in olive drab; grew troubled.

"You here, South!" he exclaimed. "I thought you promised me that I totally quiet until I pass the word." shouldn't find you. God knows I didn't want to meet you."

"Nor I you," Samson spoke slowly. "I supposed you'd be raking the hills." Neither of them was for the moment paying the least attention to the governor, who stood quietly looking on.

"I sent Merriweather out there," explained Callomb, impatiently. "I wanted to come here before it was too late. God knows, South, I wouldn't have had this meetteriousness," he said, "but if you let ing occur for anything under heaven. me send in that note I think the gov- It leaves me no choice. You are indicted on two counts, each charging you with murder." The officer took man with a slightly puzzled air, then a step toward the center of the room. nodded and went through the door that His face was weary, and his eyes wore gave admission to the executive's of the deep disgust and fatigue that come from the necessity of performing a hard duty.

"You are under arrest," he added quietly, but his composure broke as he stormed. "Now, by God, I've got to take you back and let them murder you, and you're the man who might have been useful to the state."

CHAPTER XVI.

The governor had been more influenced by watching the two as they talked than by what he had heard. "It seems to me, gentleman," he sug-

gested quietly, "that you are both overlooking my presence," He turned to

"Your coming, Sid, unless it was prearranged between the two of you (which since I know you, I know was not the case) has shed more light on the name and the message with the this matter than the testimony of a man who had sent them in. There dozen witnesses. After all, I'm still troops. The drilling and disciplining

The militiaman seemed to have forgotten the existence of his distin- They were a slouching, unmilitary east. A dozen of the older Souths, guished kinsman, and, at the voice, his band of uniformed vagabonds, but they who had not become soldiers, met eyes came away from the face of the man he had not wanted to capture, and

"You are merely the head of the executive branch," he said. "You are as they had been before they were issued that the strident switching of a freight helpless here as I am. Neither of us state rifles. The battle, if it came, train could be heard down at the edge can interfere with the judicial gentry. would be as factional as the fight of 25 of town, he shook his head. As he met though we may know that they stink years ago, when the Hollmans held the sullen glances of the gathering in to high heaven with the stench of blood. After a conviction, you can house. But back of all that lay one es- son. pardon, but a pardon won't help the sential difference, and it was this difdead. I don't see that you can do ference that had urged the governor much of anything, Crit."

"I don't know yet what I can do, but I can tell you I'm going to do something," said the governor. "You can man himself. He was to take drastic What are they waiting for?" just begin watching me. In the meantime, I believe I am commander-in- the forms of law, and the state execu- him, "what tack I mean to take. They chief of the state troops."

"And I am captain of F company, but all I can do is to obey the orders of a bunch of Borgias."

"As your superior officer," smiled the governor, "I can give you orders. I'm going to give you one now. Mr. South has applied to me for a pardon in advance of trial. Technically, I have | Hollmans from the town and immedi- while the onlooking Hollmans stood the power to grant that request. Moral- ate neighborhood were there, but their back in surly silence to let him pass. ly, I doubt my right. Certainly, I shall not do it without a very thorough sifting of evidence and grave consideration of the necessities of the caseas well as the danger of the precedent However, I am considering it, and for the present you will parole your prisoner in my custody. Mr. South, you men discover you. Those are my or- to ride in by half-dozens, and to hitch prisoner."

Samson bowed and left the two coufitions which outside influences joined by the attorney general. That Some man of sufficient vigor and com- in the governor's private office, still yard, and entered the empty jall, and heavy air of storm-freighted suspense. "Tom," he said softly, "I wis prevension, acting from the center of deep in discussion. During the long overran the halls and offices of the

ume of the Kentucky statutes, and laid

would not be pretty. As far as he was "There's the rub," he protested, readpersonally concerned, a pardon after ing aloud: "The military shall be at trial would be a matter of purely aca- all times, and in all cases, in strict

The governor glanced down to the able to hold the Souths in leash. If next paragraph and read in part: "The governor may direct the commanding officer of the military force and permit matters to take their to report to any one of the followingnamed officers of the district in which the said force is employed: Mayor of

"Which list," stormed Callomb, "is the honor roll of the assassins."

"At all events"—the governor had derived from Callomb much information as to Samson South which the mountaineer himself had modestly withheld-"South gets his pardon. That is only a step. I wish I could make him satrap over his province. and provide him with troops to rule it. Unfortunately, our form of government has its drawbacks."

"It might be possible," ventured the attorney general, "to impeach the sheriff, and appoint this or some other suitable man to fill the vacancy until the next election."

"The legislature doesn't meet until next winter," objected Callomb. "There is one chance. The sheriff down there is a sick man. Let us hope he may

One day, the Hixon conclave met in glance at it his chief ordered admis- the room over Hollman's Mammoth Department store, and with much profanity read a communication from Frankfort, announcing the pardon of Samson South. In that episode, they with portentous news written on his foresaw the beginning of the end for face. He paused in annoyance at the their dynasty. The outside world was sight of a second figure standing with looking on, and their regime could not survive the spotlight of law-loving scrutiny.

"The fust thing," declared Judge Hollman, curtly, "is to get rid of these the other in jeans and butternut. At damned soldiers. We'll attend to our recognition Callomb's face fell and own business later, and we don't want them watchin' us. Just now, we want to lie mighty quiet for a spell-tee-

Samson had won back the confidence of his tribe, and enlisted the faith of the state administration. He had been authorized to organize a local militia company, and to drill them, provided he could stand answerable for their conduct. The younger Souths took gleefully to that idea. The mountain boy makes a good soldier, once he has grasped the idea of discipline. For ten weeks, they drilled daily in squads and weekly in platoons. Then, the fortuitous came to pass, Sheriff Forbin died, leaving behind him an unexpired term of two years, and Samson was summoned hastily to Frankfort. He returned, bearing his commission as high sheriff, though, when the news reached Hixon, there post, and none who cared to bet that he would live to take his oath of office.

That August court day was a memorable one in Hixon. Samson South was coming to town to take up his duties. Every one recognized it as the day of final issue, and one that could hardly pass without bloodshed. The Hollmans, standing in their last trench, saw only the blunt question of Hollman-South supremacy. For years, the feud had flared and slept and broken again into eruptions, but never before had a South sought to throw his outposts of power across the waters of Crippleshin, and into the county seat. That the present South came bearing commission as an officer of the law only made his effrontery the you can come back-if you want to:

more unendurable. Samson had not called for outside to stretch the forms of law and put such dangerous power into the hands murred the officer, with perplexity. of one man. That difference was the "Why don't they shoot you at once steps, but he was to take them under improved condition.

Early that morning, men began to the state and the world.' assemble along the streets of Hixon; and to congregate into sullen clumps unsmiling determination. Not only the creeks and covers, who came only at son said briefly: urgent call, and did not come without intent of vindicating their presence. in." Old Jake Hollman, from "over yon" on the headwaters of Dryhole creek, iffs." was the quietly insolent rejoinbrought his son and fourteen-year-old der. grandson, and all of them carried Winchesters. Long before the hour for the courthouse bell to sound the call which would bring matters to a crisis, women disappeared from the streets, themselves. At last, the Souths began factions eyed each other somberly, sometimes nodding or exchanging come to fight. Slowly, however, the

listurbance, must be armed with the session, Callomb opened the bulky vol- building itself. The Souths, now com- and others were crowding to the doors ing in a solid stream, flowed with equal unanimity to McEwer's hotel, side. Besides their rifles, they carried saddlebags, but not one of the unitained, nor one of the cartridge belts, | air/ had yet been exposed to view.

Stores opened, but only for a desultory pretense of business. Horsemen led their mounts away from the more public racks, and tethered them to back fences and willow branches in the shelter of the river banks, where stray bullets would not find them.

The dawn that morning had still been gray when Samson South and Captain Callomb had passed the Miller cabin. Callomb had ridden slowly on around the turn of the road, and waited a quarter of a mile away. He was to command the militia that day, if the high sheriff should call upon him. Samson went in and knocked, and instantly to the cabin door came Sally's slender, fluttering figure. She put both arms about him, and her eyes, as she looked into his face, were terrified, but tearless.

"I'm frightened, Samson," she whispered. "God knows I'm going to be praying all this day."

"Sally," he said, softly, "I'm coming back to you-but, if I don't"-he held her very close-"Uncle Spicer has my will. The farm is full of coal, and days are coming when roads will take it out, and every ridge will glow with coke furnaces. That farm will make you rich, if we win today's fight."

"Don't!" she cried, with a sudden gasp. "Don't talk like that." "I must," he said, gently. "I want you to make me a promise, Sally."

"It's made," she declared. "If by any chance I should not come back, I want you to hold Uncle Spicer and old Wile McCager to their pledge. They must not privately avenge me. They must still stand for the law. I want you, and this is most important of all, to leave these mountains-"

Her hands tightened on his shoulder. "Not that, Samson," she pleaded; "not these mountains where we've been together."

"You promised. I want you to go to the Lescotts in New York. In a year,



He Held Her Very Close.

but you must promise that." "I promise," she reluctantly yielded It was half-past nine o'clock when of his own company had progressed in Samson South and Sidney Callomb silence along the waters of Misery. rode side by side into Hixon from the were longing to fight, and Callomb had them there, and, with no word, sepabeen with them, tirelessly whipping rated to close about them in a circle of them into rudimentary shape. After protection. As Callomb's eyes swept all, they were as much partisans as the almost deserted streets, so silent the store and the Souths the court- the courthouse yard, he turned to Sam-

> "They'll fight," he said, briefly. Samson nodded.

"I don't understand the method," de

"They want to see," Samson assured tive believed that, having gone through want to let the thing play itself out. worse to better, he would maintain the They're inquisitive—and they're cautious, because now they are bucking

Samson with his escort rode up to the courthouse door and dismounted with set faces that denoted a grim, He was for the moment unarmed and his men walked on each side of him, shaggler, flercer brethren from remote In the office of the county judge Sam-

> "I want to get my deputies sworn "We've got plenty of deputy sher-

"Not now-we haven't any." Samson's voice was sharply incisive. "I'll name my own assistants." "What's the matter with these boys?" The county judge waved his

hand toward two hold-over deputies. "They're fired." The country judge laughed. "Well, I reckon I can't attend to that

"Then you refuse?" "Mebby you might call it that." Sampson leaned on the judge's table and rapped sharply with his knuckles. courthouse. They swarmed in the Callomb caught his breath in the ings, when Sam turned to his brother.

"I'm high sheriff of this county now," said Samson, sharply. "You are coun

near the square, and disappeared in- ty judge. Do we co-operate-or-fight?" "I reckon," drawled the other, "that's a matter we'll work out as we goes forms which some of these bags con- along. Depends on how obedient ye

"I'm responsible for the peace and quiet of this county," continued Samson. "We're going to have peace and quiet."

The judge looked about him. The indications did not appear to him indicative of peace and quiet.

"Air we?" he inquired. "I'm coming ba k here in a half hour," said the new sheriff. "This is an unlawful and armed assembly. When I get back I want to find the courthouse occupied only by unarmed citizens who have business here."

"When ye comes back," suggested the county judge, "I'd advise that ye resigns yore job. A half-hour is about es long as ye ought ter try ter hold hit."

Samson turned and walked through the scowling crowd to the courthouse

"Gentleme"." he said, in a clear, farcarrying voice, "there is no need of an armed congregation at this courthouse. I call on you in the name of the law to lay aside your arms or scat-

There was murmur which for an instant threatened to become a roar, but trailed into a chorus of derisive laugh-

Samson went to the hotel, accompanied by Callomb. A half-hour later the two were back at the courthouse with a half-dozen companions. The yard was empty. Samson carried his father's rifle. In that half-hour a telegram, prepared in advance, had flashed to Frankfort.

"Mob holds courthouse - need troops.

And a reply had flashed back: "Use local company-Callomb commanding." So that form of law was

The courthouse doors were closed and its windows barricaded. The place was no longer a judicial building. It was a fortress. As Samson's party paused at the gate a warning voice called:

"Don't come no nigher!" The body-guard began dropping

back to shelter. "I demand admission to the courthouse to make arrests," shouted the new sheriff. In answer a spattering of rifle reports came from the jail windows. Two of the Souths fell. At a word from Samson Callomb left on a run for the hotel. The sheriff himself took his position in a small store across the street, which he reached unhurt under a desultory Are.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NATURAL MEANS OF DEFEMSE

Possibility That Another Generation of Fighters May Utilize Their

Whiskers. Here is a war comment from George W. Monroe, the comedian:

The Russian army has one advantage over all other armies, and that is whiskers. It has an entanglement of whiskers that nothing can penetratenot even lyddite, shrapnel or slugs. A Russian soldier's whiskers are not the flossy kind that toss around with every passing gale. They are so durable that when he falls on them he does not even bend them; he drives them into the ground. The only time a Russian soldier is in danger is when he turns the back of his head to the enemy. The other armies may have the best tactics, armament, discipline, spirit and patriotism, but the Russian army has the chilled-steel whiskers.

The most difficult job a Red Cross nurse has to perform, after the Russian army has finished an engage ment, is to comb the bullets and must be the percentage that repair

shells out of the soldiers' whiskers. Fifty years from now, when the next great war is fought, it will not be a question of rapid-firing, long-range guns; it will be a question of whiskers. The world will ask which army has the best whiskers. Whiskers will decide the battle. Nations will no longer waste money in buying big guns and testing them. They will grow whiskers for national defense and they will test an army's efficiency by drawing up a company on the parade grounds and allowing a husky coal heaver to go down the line and hit each soldier in the face with an ax. Whiskers that won't make the ax bounce will be sent to the rear as unfit for the firing line.

Historic Fainting Spell. Prince Oscar, the kaiser's fifth son who has just returned to duty with the German army, left the fighting line after an engagement in which he saw the officers about him slaughtered by Turcos and himself collapsed from what has been pronounced a severe attack of heart trouble. In the Mexican war Brig. Gen. Franklin Pierce of New Hampshire fainted while in action from the pair of an injury sustained when his horse fell on him. This incident-this unmanly fainting at a time when other people were getting killed-was used unmercifully to make Pierce a target for ridicule in later years when he ran for the presidency.

Left the City Man Thinking. A city man once had occasion to visit a farmer on business, and remained for dinner. The piece de resistance was literally a very tough chicken. Those at table, including the farmer's two young sons, struggled unsuccessfully to make some impression upon their respective help-"Tom," he said softly. "I wish old

-Hartford Times.

ACTUAL COST OF GOOD ROAD

Various Methods of Financing Road Building and Retiring Debts Discussed by Experts on Subject.

While it is frequently easy for a county to issue bonds and borrow money for improving the local highways, the raising of the money to retire those bonds at maturity is often not so simple. Many counties, in borrowing money for bonds, figure that the amount of money raised represents the total cost of the road, forgetting that the road must be maintained and repaired if, at the end of the term of the bonds, the county is to have anything to show for its invest-

The question of financing county road building is discussed fully in Department of Agriculture Bulletin No. 136, entitled "Highway Bonds," which is written by the office of public roads in collaboration with James W. Glover. professor of mathematics and insurance, University of Michigan. In this bulletin the authors discuss fully the various methods of financing road building and retiring debts for road construction, and also deal frankly with the actual total cost of a road during the life of the bonds. On the total cost of a road, the authors cite the following two examples as affording at least a basis for estimating the total minimum cost of a mile of road:

Bituminous macadam: Cost of construction (\$10,500) under 5 per cent serial bond with interest for 20 years. \$16,012.50. Cost of annual repair and maintenance (\$600) for 20 years, \$12,-000. Total cost for 20 years, \$28,012.50.

Brick: Cost of construction (\$18,500) under 5 per cent serial bond with interest for 20 years, \$26,426.73. Cost of annual repair and maintenance (\$300) for 20 years, \$6,000. Total cost for 20 years, \$32,426.73.

The authors point out that the actual cost of building and maintaining a specific highway can be determined only after the character and volume of traffic and actual wear and tear have been studied for a series of



Good Road in North Carolina.

years. The figures quoted above, of course, will not apply to ordinary macadam, gravel or clay roads, but in all these cases the interest on the bonds must be met, and there must be expenditures to maintain them in condition. The poorer the drainage and the less permanent the character of the road foundation, the greater costs will bear to the first cost, Simflarly, the question of whether the actual surfacing is designed to withstand the character of traffic and weather to which it is subjected also has an important bearing on what it will cost the county to keep the road in such shape that when the bonds are paid the locality still will have a valuable property to show as a result of Its borrowing and repayment.

Most Helpful Signs.

One of the most helpful signs of the present time is the attitude of the farmer and the business man towards greater permanency in building and improvements. This is seen in road building, in the very widespread use of concrete on the farm and in the tendency towards fireproof buildings in all of the small cities. Truly there are some places where concrete can be used to good advantage on your farm.

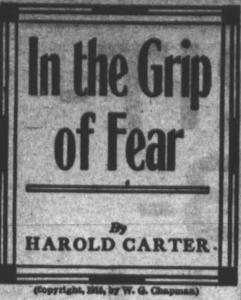
Good Road Benefits. Good roads broaden our sympathy. lessen distance and increase our usefulness.

Brings Market Nearer The good road brings the market nearer to you.

Profits in Stock Feeding. Much of the profits of stock feeding will depend upon the kinds of feed you have at hand and the quality of the animals kept through the winter.

Straw for Bedding. Straw for bedding animals should be safely housed in the barn and not allowed to go to waste in the stack.

Benefit of an Incubator. In handling an incubator the perversity of a ben's nature does not have to be reckoned with.



"Tomorrow!" said Cynthia softly. "Tomorrow!"

Charley Askew swung round in his chair and faced his wife decisively. "Cynthia, dear, I don't want you to

do it," he said. "Not once more, dearest? For the last time before we are free?"

"Oh Cynthia," he cried, "if you knew what it means to me. I sit here every night like a timid woman until the time comes to go round to the circus more will drive me mad, Cynthia."

"But you must bear up one night more, for both our sakes, dearest," his | that no harm could come to her, and young wife answered.

Three weeks before Charles Askew, a young clerk in a broker's office, saw no future before him. On twenty dollars a week, which might perhaps rise to forty by the time he was a middleaged man, he was trying to support pinning Cynthia beneath the wreck-Cynthia, whom he had married six how they bated the boarding-house! had died. How they longed for that home which always eluded them, phantomlike, even with the possibility of installment furniture, simply because it was impossible to get the bare monthly rent shead. They had married for love, and love was all-except the twenty dollars a week—that they had to live on.

However, they forgot their troubles in their mutual love until Cynthia developed signs of lung trouble. It was not as yet serious—it would never be into the street, and toward the circus come serious, and would probably become perfectly well if he could take his wife West. But that was totally out of the question.

They had dreamed all their lives of a little farm. Both were city bred; both longed for the country life as one in which they could find their highest ideal come true. And if only they strated that bemedaled functionary.



sould raise seven hundred dollars they saw their way clear. Seven hundred? They might as well have cried for seventy thousand.

Then Cynthia had done a daring thing. She had seen an advertisement for a young woman of courage-Cynthis felt sure she had courage—to play a small part in the circus. Cynthia thought it was with the lions. She had gone, and had found herself one of five hundred applicants. There were tall girls and short girls, stout and thin girls, spruce girls and slatternly ones-but she she was the one picked by the manager.

Indeed there was nothing strange about that, for she had that air and breeding which were a sine qua non for the task. But Cynthia thought it was a miracle.

She was to be strapped into an au tomobile which looped the loop every night. And for the five minutes which the whole duty required she was to receive fifty dollars nightly for three weeks-in all nine hundred dollars.

"There sin't no risk at all," the manager explained. "We've tried it out a hundred times. I'll show you." Cynthia saw the old performer, who

was retiring that week, go-through the performance. When the girl came white and shaking.

lained "They all do sooner or later. know why it is. They don't mind it drilled in this way may be gathered the first week or two, but a month's from the fact that a five-sixteenthsabout the limit for all of 'em. However, the show moves South in three ordinary sheet of window glass in weeks, and I ain't going to take you seven minutes. with us, because your time to lose your nerve would come as soon as we'd sld your fare to Cuba. So it's just

or three weeks. Are you on?"
Cynthia was "on." But, after she d signed her agreement and told Charley the hardest task lay before

At first he positively refused to ction it. It was only after a ten rible scene, in which Cynthia lied brazenly about the work she was to do, that her husband consented. And that was because he knew that if they couldn't earn this money it meant that Cynthia must die of the lung trouble that was becoming obvious.

Three nights passed, during which period Charley thought his wife was imply a passenger in a racing autooblie. On the fourth he went to the circus and discovered the truth. Then there was another scene. He even went to the manager, but that worthy showed him the agreement and laughed in his face.

"No money till Saturday," he said. "If she don't stay out the week she don't get a penny."

Cynthia stayed out that week, and another, and most of the third. This was the last night, the last Saturday, and Charley had pleaded with her to let the week's salary go and be content with the six hundred.

But three hundred dollars seemed a stiff price to pay for a single night, and at last he sullenly acquiesced. But when Cynthia had gone he sat in their room overwhelmed with the fears that would insist in creeping upon him, entrance for you. Even one night numbing his brain and paralyzing his

The last night! Reason told him yet in his mind's eye was a picture of that awful leap of the heavy automobile through space. He saw Cynthia upside down, strapped helpless, the automobile missing the track and hurling its tons of metal through the air, age. She would have no chance at all; months before. They boarded and she would never even know that she

The sweat dripped from his brow. He remembered their happy life together. On Monday they had planned to start for the West with their nine hundred dollars. He had already resigned his position. Now . . . was unbearable.

The fearful premonition would not down; it grew and grew until it became certainty. At last he flung on his hat and ran down the stairs, out

Something had seemed to snap in his heart, and he was sure now that Cynthia was dead. He tore, panting, along the street, reached the side door of the circus, and tried to force his way past the doorkeeper.

"Now then, young feller," remon-"My wife!" gasped Charley: but the doorkeeper saw in him only a jealous husband who had come perhaps to create a disturbance within. And Charley was too incoherent to explain. He struggled. The doorkeeper tried to fling him out. Circus hands came running up.

"I tell you my wife's in there!" rasped the frantic man. "She's dead! She's in the dip-of death. She-" They thought he was a madman now. And suddenly, as they were forcing him to the door, Cynthia stood

efore him, radiant. "Charley!" she cried. "This is my husband! How dare you strike him? Charley, what is it? Why . .

you were afraid for me?" He fell back, fainting from the reaction, while, under her directions the doorkeeper, changed from a lion to a lamb, fanned the man's face and tapped him in kindly fashion upon the

shoulder. "You didn't have an accident?" gasped Charley Askew faintly.

"Why, no, dear," cried his wife. "And I've got the money, too. Three hundred dollars—and we leave for the West Monday."

"Whoop!" shouted Charley, springing upon his feet and trying to embrace the doorkeeper. But that functionary had discreetly withdrawn, so Charley kiseed the next most accessible person-whom he had often kissed before.

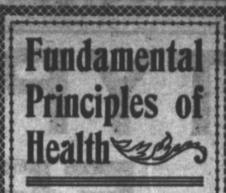
TO DRILL HOLES IN GLASS

Copper Wire With a Mixture of Emery and Oil, Will Do the Work Well and Quickly.

The following is a satisfactory method of drilling holes in glass: Take a piece of straight copper the size of the hole that it is required to drill. The tubing should have a wall of one-thirty-second of an inch or more in thickness, depending upon the diameter. The tube is set up in a drill chuck and driven at a speed corresponding to that of a twist drill of the same size. The tube is fed down on to the glass with an intermittent movement, and a mixture of emery and oil is dropped on to the glass at the point where the hole is to be drilled. After a ring has been cut in the glass on one side the work is turned over and the drilling contpleted from the opposite side. This will prevent chipping the glass when the drill nears the opposite side. The copper tubing is soft, so that it holds back from her terrifying ride, she was the emery, and as copper is an excellent conductor of heat it draws the "Lost her nerve," the manager ex- heat away from the glass, preventing it from being cracked. An idea of Then it's for the next one. No, I don't the rapidity with which holes can be inch hole can be drilled through an

> First Alds. "An invalided soldier was asked what gave him most comfort on tae

"What was his answer?"



By ALBERT S. GRAY, M. D.

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CAUSES OF INTESTINAL TROUBLE

An intimate knowledge of the manner in which profound changes in the mechanism of the gastro-intestinal tract may easily come about at a very early age is of the greatest importance to every person desirous of endowing his offspring with the fundamentals of a happy and successful life. To all can do; for we consist essentially of such persons an amount of study equiv- an organism built up around a group alent at least to that required of the average individual in order to attain the knowledge and technic necessary to fit him to operate a sewing machine or an automobile intelligently, and without risk of ruining the machine because of lack of that required knowledge, is most earnestly recommended. It is argued by many that such

knowledge is not necessary because natural instincts are alleged to be a sufficient guide. But this is not true, for humanity's environment has changed more during the last 50 years than during the previous 299,950 average state of health implies the years of its probable minimum existence, and "instincts" do not countwe have not sufficient time to develop "instincts" required by existing conditions, and must, therefore, try to use reason instead. The recommended information may easily be secured from a short study of the pictures all matter in nature is opposed to and diagrams contained in any stand- every change in the direction of its ard work on anatomy, such as may be found in practically every public li- psychological phenomena which inbrary, or from anatomical charts in

Particular attention is called to the large intestine comprising the cecum, the colon, the sigmoid flexure and the rectum. The cecum is the blind pouch or sac in which the large intestine begins and into which the ilium, or small intestine, opens from one side. The vermiform (wormlike) ap- the domain of opinion into that of pendix is attached to the cecum, and this is the little body which makes us jective. To array facts, then, in their so much trouble under the name of most comprehensive form is without appendicitis. The cecum constitutes doubt the most direct road to the ata sort of cesspool or catch basin low tainment of good health. And of all down in the right abdominal cavity, facts the most concrete and convincing and from it, running up the right side, are those founded on the common rises the ascending colon. Turning at a right angle, the ascending colon becomes the transverse colon, extending straight across the upper abdominal cavity to the left side, where it again turns and becomes the descendto the left lower abdominal cavity, where it once more turns, forming a loop known as the sigmoid flexure, which joins the rectum.

Every human animal still comes into the world a quadruped, a fourfooted animal, and a struggle extending over fourteen to twenty months is required of every individual before the physical development required for the general mechanical mastery of gravitation and the idea are attained ing animal. The first year tends to whereby we are able to assume the vertical and walk in the upright posi-But it is a grave error to assume that the attainment of the ability to overcome gravity ends the struggle, because it does not. Gravity is man's implacable enemy; it is persistently in operation tending to drag

With this idea firmly fixed in mind investigation makes it very clear that there are at least six points in the large intestine alone where the ordinary mechanical laws may easily produce serious physical changes whenever there is the least tendency toward enervation. The first point is in the cecum, which may relax and sag under gravitational pull in any weakened physical state. The second is at the point where the ascending colon turns and becomes the transverse colon. Functional obstruction similar to that resulting from a sharp bend in a water hose is not uncommon at this point. Sagging of the transverse colon in the middle, forming a festoon, a deep curve instead of a straight line across the abdomen, constitutes the third ach and bronchial difficulties. All the point. The downward turn of the transverse colon into the descending colon constitutes the fourth point, which obviously must be more likely to kink to be due to defective elimination, are the greater the degree of sag in the transverse colon. The fifth and sixth points are in the turns of the sigmoid flexure, between the descending colon and the rectum.

Under the conditions of modern industrialism the trunk of the body is maintained in the erect position, either standing or sitting, practically from the time we rise in the morning until we go to bed at night, and all the time the trunk is erect gravity is at work pulling the intestinal organs down and out of position. This tendency to drop or sag must very obviously be exaggerated by any condition of weakness, and therefore, because any food supply not of maternal origin is universally recognized as being de ficient in nutritive qualities and a general source of ill health, it is reason able to assume that all infants so fed

watchful for the earliest symptoms of suggested by the work of our many delayed functioning of the gastro-in-brilliant scientists.

testinal tract to give it immediate and rational treatment. It is generally safe to assume that the commonly called indigestion is usually an early evidence of such delayed functioning, and it must be noted that in infancy and early childhood indigestion is very much more serious than in adult life, because the nutritive material derived from the intestines must not only meet the demands of ordinary wear and tear, but in the child it must also furnish the material for the increase in new tissues required in the process of growth. If this material is not supplied then organic disease must inevitably result. Education should begin with strict instruction to visit the toilet at a certain fixed hour and peremptorily to obey the slightest warning of nature. Pills will never take the place of natural reactions,

PREVENTION.

It is easy to live in good health, and to be happy if one gets the right start, because it then becomes simply a matter of continuing a fixed habit, which is the very easiest thing one of fixed habits, all our fundamental vital functions being fixed habits. But if you fail to secure the right start, never having experienced it, you find the pursuit of health, like the pursuit of happiness, a vague, strenuous and exceedingly unsatisfactory occupation, because you do not always know when you have either. The desired goal ever appears to be something just a few paces ahead and seems always to dissolve and vanish like the will-o'the wisp just as we would grasp it.

It is perfectly obvious that any material change for the worse in one's necessity for a change of one's habits. But so completely are we subject to natural laws that the first time any new point of view is affirmed there inevitably must be opposition to it. It is the normal inertia of the mind which opposes such resistance just as forces. But, notwithstanding the fluence us all, the forces of fact are superior to every inertia and sooner or later must conquer. But always the pressure of material facts is required to drive us forward to change and improvement. No real advance can be made, except such as may be related to some tangible and material evidence whereby it is removed from fact, changed from subjective into ob-

familiar measurements. We know that from the instant of impregnation to complete development the human organism responds to definite rhythmic growing impulses, each of which has its specific reason ing colon, following down the left side and results both physical and chemical. It should not be deemed at all strange, then, that certain types should evidence definite tendencies all through life.

Measurements of a human infant

will show that the essential staturethat is, the length of the trunk and head compared with the total length from the heels to the top of the head -exceeds the length of the legs, and the human infant is essentially a feeda maximum development of the digestive organs with a corresponding increase in body bulk and fat, but where the subsequent development is normal maturity finds that a balance has taken place between these two sections, and they have become relatively equal. However, where this condition of balanced development is not found to exist we find an individual that either is robust or one that has been arrested in morphological development and retains the type and all the tendencies of a younger age, with all its penalties, a condition which makes it essential that these unfortunate individuals, to maintain a relative healthy state of body, are compelled to submit themselves to a severe hygienic regime throughout their entire lives. Unfortunately, our knowledge is not of a character that such steps are generally perceived to be necessary, and the inevitable end is not recognized until it has become a fact. These are the victims of gout, "chronic rheumatism," hemorrhoids and chronic liver, stomvast array of difficulties falling under the head of lithemia, an excess of uric acid in the system, and supposed without doubt to be attributed rather to an excessive formation of these elements in the system because of a constitutional slowing down in the metabolic reactions from defective construction in the beginning, grossly aggravated by an imperfect and improperly balanced diet thereafter. rather than the result of something "caught."

The early recognition of these tendencies is the certain prevention of the development of a vast number of distressing conditions later in life and a strong argument for a sane regime in handling those already suffering from the natural results of a prior condition. This would appear to be the reasonable explanation of the numberless bitter disappointments that have followed every alleged cure for these conditions since the very dawn of hiswill be peculiarly liable to intestinal tory, and a strong reason why an earnest effort should be made for a solu-Parents should be very alert and tion of the problem along the lines

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RANDALL COUNTY NEWS

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V-AVA cleans anything

but a guilty conscience

V-AVA will not injure the finest most delicate piano or mahogany finish, and is equally practical for cleaning mission, oak and painted surfaces.

V-AVA will thoroughly clean and polish woodwork, furniture, marble, metal, etc., and will not gum or veneer but will remove the dirt and grime, leaving a high grade polish.

V-AVA is an excellent cleaner for leather and burlap, and will not collect dust as readily as other preparations applied with a cloth.

V-AVA is a thorough deodorizer, disinfectant and a bug and germ exterminator.

"BRIGHTEN UP YOUR HOME" A LITTLE V-AVA ON YOUR DUSTING CLOTH **WORKS WONDERS**

OUR GUARATNEE

Satisfaction Guaranteed Or Your Money Back COULD WE MAKE IT STRONGER

Once you've tried V-AVA you'll wonder how you ever got along without it. Order a trial can today and your only regret will be that you did not know about it sooner.

For Sale Exclusively by Randall County News

C. W. Warwick, Managing Editor.

Entered at postoffice at Canyon. Texas. at scond class matter. Office of publication West Houston street.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Six months. Phree month

In the last issue of the News was published a detailed report of the fire, condition of Canyon. There are a number of things the city officials may do to lower the cost of fire insurance in Canyon. An expenditure of a few hundred dollars by the city on some lines of improvements will ing class. save the people of the city many thousand dollars in insurance premiums. Of course, there are many things in the report which would be impossible for the council to do, but quite a number of the demands are within reach of the officials.

Half a dozen advertising grafters-and some other kindshave hit Canyon good and hard during the past few weeks. The News was caught in one instance and has yet an unpaid printing bill of one of these grafters. The merchants are getting mighty tired of being pestered by there human leeches and should organize to kill their little game.

Spring is here and the importance of cleaning up the city is very great. The mer chants of Canyon are making an effort to see that the city has much painting done this year. All the citizens need to do is expend a little Annual session Panhandle assoon the plains.

If you buy out of town, and every merchant buys out of town, and we buy out of town, what is going to become of our

"When my boy, Ray, was small he any other for this trouble. It always May 2. relieved him quickly. I am never without it in the house for I know it is a positive cure for croup," writes Mrs. W. R. McClain, Blairsville, Pa. For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.

King Re Elected Tuesday.

At a meeting of the school board Tuesday, Supt E. F. King was re elected as head of the public schools for another year. Mr. King has held this position for two years and has given emi nent satisfaction. His re-election will be pleasant news to the patrons of the school.

The election of trustees will be held May 1st, there being four men to elect. All of those whose term expires this year have consented to stand for re election-C. O. Keiser, P. H. Young, W. T. Moreland and T. C. Thompson.

The commencement exercises of the school will be held May 22. There are seven in the graduat-

Saturday night of this week seeling? six boys will debate, the two winners going to the district meet at Amarillo April 23, where they will meet teams from several other towns, the winners going to Austin to debate for the state championship. The boys to debate Saturday night are Arthur Gober, Paul Foster, Paul Rogers, Hugh Shotwell, Lorenzo Wirt and Chas. Lofton. Debating has been compulsory in the high school this year and has been greatly enjoyed by the stu-

Plans are being made for the annual declamatory contest to be held about the first of May. A number of prizes will be offer-



time and money and ours will be ciation Independent Order of the cleanest and healthiest town Odd Fellows, Clarendon, April 21-22. Fare and one-third for the round trip. Tickets on sale VanSant. April 20-21, limit April 24.

> Leading State Federation of Labor, Austin, April 19-24. Fare one year for only \$2.25. tf and one-third for the round trip. Tickets on sale April 18-19, limit April 26.

State convention W. C. T. U. was subject to croup, and I was always Houston, April 28-30. Fare and alarmed at such times. Chamberlain's one-third for the round trip. Cough Remedy proved far better than Tickets on sale April 26-27, limit

> R. McGee, Agt. P. S. F. Ry. Co.

tanding, Relieved by Cardui.

I read one day about Cardul, the wo-man's tonic, and I decided to try it. I had not taken but about six bottles until I was almost cured. It did me good than all the other medicines tried, put together.

My friends began asking me why looked so well, and I told them abo Cardui. Several are now taking it." Do you, lady reader, suffer from any

If so, let us urge you to give Cardui trial. We feel confident it will help you just as it has a million other women i the past half century.

Begin taking Cardul to-day. won't regret it. All druggists.

CLASSIFIED ADS

FOR SALE. - Incubator. Call News office.

For Sale - A beautiful little new upright piano, mahogany case. Inquire at News office. tf

For Sale-Team work mares, worth the money. J. A. Harbitf

For Sale-Two good young milk cows with calves, also a few good young mares. W. J. Flesh-

For Trade-One medium sized mare, heavy in foal for pigs or shoats. Value \$100. J. C. Coker, M Canyon.

For Sale-Few cherry trees from 5c to 20c. J. R. Harter. For Sale-Jersey cow. I. L.

For only a few weeks, you can get the Country Gentlemen and the Randall County News for

way, N. M. Box 427, Canyon, or phone 50.

For Sale-Home made ice box. Inquire at Canyon Cake.

Notice - Any one wanting windmill, well work, concrete and work of all kinds, notify me at Thompson Hardware Co. W. J. Hall

For sale-Windmill, towers and elevated tank. See Jno. T Wiley.

Don't send away your subscription to newspapers or magazines until you have seen what the News can save you on the bill. One dollar saved is two dollars made.

A few more cars of good alfalfa hay for sale promptly. John A. Wallace.

Dwarf kafir seed for sale Won second prize in Randall-Potter Co. contest last year. 4c per lb. Alfa Schramm, 4 1-2 miles south of Canyon.

Wanted-At once apprentice girl to learn dressmaking trade. Myrtle Hoff, room 27 First National Bank building.

For Sale -- One span fancy work mules at a bargain. On time or any other way. J. A Harbison.

Sudan grass grows 10 feet high, makes three crops yearly. Best seed officially inspected. 10 lbs. \$2.50. Good seed certified for half price. E. Van Deventer, Plainview, Texas.

Lost-Small round gold watch charm, initials W. K., in stores or on streets. Leave at Baltimore Hotel for reward.

Sick Two Years With Indigesti "Two years ago I was greatly be ben I was sick for two years wi

BONS A KINDS 60 GENTS your money

I kinds of carbon For Sale or Trade for Canyon property—320 acres near Midway, N. M. Box 427, Canyon, Daper at Very prices.

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CANYON GROCERY Co

We carry a full line of the celebrated WHITE SWAN groceries-none better.

CHASE and SANBORN tea and coffee.

WAPCO and SEAL flour.

In fact a complete stock of fresh, high grade goods.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing.

If so you will be interested in the "WALLACE" Bed Lamp.

See it at our office.

CANYON POWER CO.



NDER the provisions of the new FEDERAL RESERVE ACT your money is SAFER THAN EVER in this bank. The government stands guardian. Periodical examinations by government experts are made for the benefit of depositors. A large sum in absolute reserve against its liabilities is kept with the government. In addition, there is the PERSONAL INTEGRITY of the officers and directors back of this

NEW ACCOUNTS WELCOMED.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Clean Up; Paint Up Now

Paint Week

Place your order for paint next week with our store for future delivery. We will give you a discount of

10 per cent

for all orders and sales during the week. We handle the well known and guaranteed

Hughes Paints

which give you the best satisfaction.

HOLLAND DRUG CO.

Buy your paint brushes at our store

.. Make Canyon Clean...

With a liberal use of lime, a large part of the fly question will be solved. Disinfect the breeding places of the fly so that he cannot multiply when warmer weather comes.

Screen him out if you can't kill him. We will furnish you the screen doors.

Why not repair your house or fence or outbuildings, while this great clean up and paint up campaign is on? Our stock of lumber is complete.

Canyon Lumber Co.





10 per cent OFF

On all Sherwin-Williams Ready Mixed Paints and Varnishes and Chi-Namel.

This discount to apply to all sales and orders taken from Monday morning, April 19 to Saturday night April 24.



ENJOY LIFE.

BRIGHTEN UP YOUR HOME.

WE'VE GOT THE GOOD PAINTS.

IT WILL PRESERVE YOUR HOUSE AND BARN TO PAINT THEM: THIS PAYS.

ASK YOUR WIFE IF SHE DOESN'T WANT THE HOUSE PAINTED FRESHLY AND BEAUTIFULLY.

Thompson Hard= ware Company

Kayanize

The best varnish stain on the market. Thoroughly tested and guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.

During next week (from Monday morning until Saturday night) we will give a special discount of

10 PER CENT on all sales and orders

See our line of brushes

City Pharmacy

The REXALL Store

MOUND CITY PAINTS

During all next week I will give liberal discounts on our lines of mixed paints, lead, brushes and wall paper. I want to help you make Canyon the cleanest and prettiest town on the Plains.

S. V. WIRT

I have a full stock of oils



The Call of the Cumherlands

By Charles Neville Buck

With Illustrations from Photographs of Scenes in the Play

(Copyright, 1913, by W. J. Watt & Co.) CHAPTER XVI-Continued.

town, to remain for five minutes unthe intrenched Hollmans, and an cott. less than Souths, masquerading in the uniforms of soldiers.

briefly, joining Samson ' the store. take the courthouse and jail" was the

short reply. Callomb himself went forward with the flag of truce. He shouted his mes-

courthouse door. "Tell 'em." he said without redundancy, "thet we're all here. Come an' git us."

The officer went back and distributed his forces under such cover as offered itself about the four walls. Then a volley was fired over the 100f and instantly the two buildings in the public square awoke to a volcanic response of rifle fire.

All day the duel between the streets and county buildings went on with desultory intervals of quiet and wild in his letters to the Lescotts and Horoutbursts of musketry. The troops were firing as sharpshooters, and the courthouse, too, had its sharpshooters. When a head showed itself at a barricaded window a report from the outside greeted it. Samson was everywhere, his rifle smoking and hot-barreled. His life seemed protected by a talisman. Yet most of the firing, after the first hour, was from within. The troops were, except for occasional pot shots, holding their fire. There was neither food nor water inside the build-



"We Lays Down."

ing, and at last night closed and the cordon grew tighter to prevent escape. The Hollmans, like rats in a trap, grimly held on, realizing that it was to be a siege. On the following morning as the ridge, where the sheriff himself a detachment of "F" company arrived, would be waiting, and the cavalcade dragging two gatling guns. The Holl- struck into the hills. Men at whose mans saw them detraining, from their houses they paused to ask a dipper of lookout in the courthouse cupola, and, realizing that the end had come, re advised that they "had better light and solved upon a desperate sortie. Simul. stay all night." In the coloring fortaneously every door and lower win- ests, squirrels scampered and scurried dow of the courthouse burst open to out of sight, and here and there on the discharge a frenzied rush of men, fir- tall slopes they saw shy-looking chiling as they came. They meant to fight | dren regarding them with inquisitive their way out and leave as many hos eyes. tile dead as possible in their wake. Their one chance now was to scatter in frank amazement, though with deferbefore the machine guns came into ac ential politeness, at this girl in cord- have it otherwise, Sally wants you tion. They came like a flood of hu- uroys, who rode cross-saddle, and rode here." man lava and their guns were never so well. Yet, it was evident that he silent, as they bore down on the barri- would have preferred talking had not cades, where the single outnumbered diffidence restrained him. He was a company seemed insufficient to hold young man and rather handsome in a first." them. But the new militiamen, look shaggy, unkempt way. Across one ing for reassurance not so much to cheek ran a long scar still red, and Callomb as to the granite-like face of the girl, looking into his clear, intelli- turned gravely. Samson South, rallied and rose with a gent eyes, wondered what that scar fell back, desperately rallied, then her smile as she rode at his side, and and your brother and Wilfred, she was you." broke in scattered remnants for the asked. "What is your name?" brought back here trying to do for herself. I shelter of the building.

Old Jake Hollman fell near the door, both arms and dropped.

Then a white flag wavered at a win-

denly to quiet. Samson went out to said, quickly. meet a man who opened the door and said shortly:

"We lays down."

Judge Hollman, who had not parti ipated, turned from the slit in his shuttered window, through which he had since the beginning been watching the conflict.

"That ends it!" he said, with a despairing shrug of his shoulders. He picked up a magazine pistol which lay on his table and, carefully counting the muzzle against his breast.

CHAPTER XVII.

Then, again, silence settled on the autumnal zestfulness, Samson South lishy. I reckon this time the peace is wrote to Wilford Horton that if he goin' ter last. Hit's a mighty funny broken. The sun glared mercilessly on still meant to come to the hills for his way ter act, but 'pears like it works all clay streets, now as empty as a cen- inspection of coal nd timber the time right." diers clattered down the street at the speculators. Besides, Samson's and rode down to meet them. double time. For a moment or two fingers were itching to be out in the

house. They had seen no troops de the county had lain in a torpid paraly- hair had again grown long. train, or pitch camp. These men had sis of dread. Many illiterate feudists sprung from the earth as startlingly as on each side "emembered the directing Jason's crop of dragon's teeth. But, and exposed figure of Samson South when the command rounded the shoul- seen through eddies of gun smoke, and men: der of a protecting wall to await fur- believed him immune from death. ther orders, the ragged stride of their With Purvy cad and Hollman the vicmarching and the all-too-obvious beard tim of his own hand, the backbone of ing of the mountaineer proclaimed the murder syndicate was broken. Its them native amateurs. The murmur heart had ceased to beat. Those Hollturned to a howl of derision and chal- man survivors who bore the potentialilenge. They were nothing more nor ties for leadership had not only signed pledges of peace, but were afraid to break them; and the triumphant "What orders?" inquired Callomb Souths, instead of vaunting their victory, had subscribed to the doctrine of "Demand surrender once more—then order and declared the war over. Souths who broke the law were as speedily arrested as Hollmans. Their boys were drilling as militiamen and -wonder of wonders!-inviting the sage and a bearded man came to the sons of the enemy to join them. Of course, these things changed gradually, but the beginnings of them were most noticeable in the first few months, just as a newly painted and renovated house is more conspicuous than one that has long been respecta-

> Hollman's Mammoth Department Store passed into new hands, and trafficked only in merchandise, and the town was open to the men and women' of Misery as well as those of Crippleshin.

These things Samson had explained Men from down below could still find trouble in the wink of an eye, by seeking it, for under all transformation the nature c' the individual remained much the same; but, without seeking to give offense, they could ride as securely through the hills as through the Adrienne saw a stender figure. She streets of a policed city-and meet a readier hospitality. .

And, when these things were discussed and the two men prepared to cross the Mason-and-Dixon line and visit the Cumberlands, Adrience promptly and definitely announced that she would accompany her brother. No argument was effective to dissuade her, and after all, Lescott, who had been there, saw no good reason why she should not go with him.

At Hixon, they found that receptive air of serenity which made the history of less than three months ago seem paradoxical and fantastically unreal. Only about the courthouse square where numerous small holes in frame walls told of fusillades, and in the interior of the building itself where the woodwork was scarred and torn, and the plaster freshly patched, did they find grimly reminiscent evidence.

Samson had not met them at the town, because he wished their first impressions of his peoble to reach them uninfluenced by his escort. It was a form of the mountain pride-an honest resolve to soften nothing, and make no apologies. But they found arrangements made for horses and saddlebags, and the girl discovered that for her had been provided a mount as evenly gaited as any in her own stables.

When she and her two companions came out to the hotel porch to start. they found a guide waiting, who said he was instructed to take them as far water, or to make an inquiry, gravely

The guide led them silently, gazing

an answering smile to his grim lips. "Joe Hollman, ma'am," he answered; and his grandson, rushing out, picked and the girl gave an involuntary start. up his fallen rifle and sent farewell The two men who caught the name you remember?" mee from it as he, too, threw up closed up the gap between the horses, with suddenly piqued interest. "Hollman!" exclaimed the

halted in the :treet, the noise died sud- flushed. "I beg your pardon," she

"That's all right," reassured the man. "I know what ye're a-thinkin', but I hain't takin' no offense. The high sheriff sent me over. I'm one of his deputies."

"Were you"-she paused, and added rather timidly-"were you in the courthouse?"

He nodded, and with a brown forefinger traced the scar on his cheek.

"Samson South done that thar with his rifle-gun," he enlightened. "He's a down his chest to the fifth rib, placed funny sort of feller, is Samson South." "How?" she asked.

"Wall, he licked us, an' licked us so plumb damn hard we was skeered ter fight ag'in, an' then, 'stid of tramplin' Before the mountain roads were on us, he turned right 'round, an' mired with the coming of the rains, made me a deputy. My brother's a and while the air held its sparkle of corporal in this hyar new-fangled mi-

etery. A single horse incautiously was ripe. Soon men would appear Then, at the ridge, the girl's heart hitched at the side of the courthouse bearing transit and chain, drawing a gave a sudden bound, for there at the switched its tail against the assaults, line which a railroad was to follow to highest point, where the road went up of the files. Otherwise, there was no Misery and across it to the heart of and dipped again, waited the mounted outward sign of life. Then, Callomb's untouched forests and coal-fields. With figure of Samson South, and, as they newly organized force of ragamuffin sol- that wave of innovation would come came into sight, he waved his felt hat

"Greetings!" he shouted. Then, as after they came into sight only the hills with a palette and sheaf of he leaned over and took Adrienne's massed uniforms caught the eyes of brushes in the society of George Les- hand, he added: "The Goops send you their welcome" His smile was unalarmed murmur broke from the court- For a while after the battle at Hixon changed, but the girl noted that his

> Finally, as the sun was setting, they reached a roadside cabin, and the mountaineer said briefly to the otner

> "You fellows ride on, I want Drennie to stop with me a moment. We'll join you later."

Lescott nodded. He remembered the cabin of the Widow Miller, and Horton rode with him, albeit grudgingly.

Adrienne sprang lightly to the ground, laughingly rejecting Samson's assistance, and came with him to the top of a stile, from which he pointed to the log cabin, set back in its small yard, wherein geese and chickens picked industriously about in the sandy known?"

A huge poplar and a great oak nodded to each other at either side of the door, and over the walls a clambering profusion of honeysuckle vine contended with a mass of wild grape, in joint effort to hide the white chinking between the dark logs. From the crude milk-benches to the sweep of the well, every note was one of neatness and rustic charm. Slowly, he said, looking straight into her eyes:

"This is Sally's cabin, Drennie." He watched her expression, and her The curved up in the same sweetness of smile that had first captivated and helped to mold him.

"It's lovely!" she cried, with frank delight. "It's a picture.

"Wait!" he commanded. Then, turning toward the house, he sent out the long, peculiarly mournful call of the whippoorwill, and, at the signal, the door opened, and on the threshold had called the cabin with its shaded dooryard a picture, but now she knew she had been wrong. It was only a background. It was the girl herself who made and completed the picture. She stood there in the wild simplicity that artists seek vainly to reproduce in posed figures. Her red calico dress was patched, but fell in graceful lines to her slim bare ankles, though the first faint frosts had already fallen.

Her red-brown hair hung loose and in masses about the oval of a face in which the half-parted lips were dashes of scarlet, and the eyes large violet pools. She stood with her little chin tilted in a half-wild attitude of reconnoiter, as a fawn might have stood. One brown arm and hand rested on the door frame, and, as she saw the other woman, she colored adorably,

Adrienne thought she had never seen so instinctively and unaffectedly lovely a face or figure. Then the girl came down the steps and ran toward them.

"Drennie." said the man, "this is Sally. I want you two to love each other." For an instant, Adrienne Lescott stood looking at the mountain girl, and then she opened both her

"Sally," she cried, "you adorable child, I do love you!"

The girl in the calico dress raised her face, and her eyes were glistening. "I'm obleeged ter ye," she faltered. Then, with open and wondering admiration she stood gazing at the first "fine lady" upon whom her glance had ever fallen.

Samson went over and took Sally's

"Drennie," he said, softly, "is there anything the matter with her?" Adrienne Lescott shook her head.

"I understand," she said. "I sent the others on," he went on quietly, "because I wanted that first we three should meet alone. George and Wilfred are going to stop at my uncle's house, but, unless you'd rather

"Do I stop now?" the girl asked. But the man shook his head

"I want you to meet my other people As they rode at a walk along the lit-

tle shred of road left to them, the man "Drennie," he began, "she waited for

question my feelings toward you. Do

She met his eyes, and har own eyes were frankly smiling.

you then that it was the moon talk-

moon. I have since then met that fear that way." the best that a man can have, the honest worship of friendship. And," he for me, too, and, thank God! I have said: that same friendship from you. Haven't

For a moment, she only nodded; but her eyes were bent on the road ahead of her. The man waited in tense silence. Then, she raised her face, and it was a face that smiled with the serenity of one who has wakened out of a troubled dream.

"You will always have that, Samson, dear," she assured him.

"Have I enough of it, to ask you to do for her what you did for me? To take her and teach her the things she has the right to know?"

"I'd love it," she cried. And then she smlied, as she added: "She will be much easier to teach. She won't be so stupid, and one of the things I shall teach her"-she paused, and added whimsically-"will be to make you cut your hair again."

But, just before they drew up at the house of old Spicer South, she said: "I might as well make a clean breast of it, Samson, and give my vanity the punishment it deserves. You had me in deep doubt."

"About what?" "About-well, about us. I wasn't quite sure that I wanted Sally to have you-that I didn't need you myself. I've been a shameful little cat to Wilfred.'

"But now-?" The Kentuckian broke

"Now, I know that my friendship for you and my love for him have both had their acid test-and I am happier than I've ever been before. I'm glad we've been through it. There are no doubts ahead. I've got you both."

"About him," said Samson, thoughtfully. "May I tell you something which, although it's a thing in your own heart, you have never quite

She nodded, and he went on. "The thing which you call fascination in me was really just a proxy,



Want You Two to Love Each Other."

Drennie. You were liking qualities in me that were really his qualities. Just because you had known him only in gentle guise, his finish blinded you to his courage. Because he could turn 'to woman the heart of a woman,' you failed to see that under it was the 'iron and fire.' You thought you saw those qualities in me, because I wore my bark as shaggy as that scaling hickory over there. When he was getting anonymous threats of death every morning he didn't mention them to you. He talked of teas and dances. I know his danger was real, because they tried to have me kill him-and if I'd been the man they took me for, I reckon I'd have done it. I was mad to my marrow that night-for a minute. I don't hold a brief for Wilfred. but I know that you liked me first for qualities which he has as strongly as I-and more strongly. He's a braver man than I, becuse, though raised to gentle things, when you ordered him into the fight he was there. He never turned back or flickered. I was raised on raw meat and gunpowder, but he went in without training."

The girl's eyes grew grave and thoughtful, and for the rest of the way she rode in silence.

- There were transformations, too, in the house of Spicer South. Windows had been cut, and lamps adopted. It was no longer so crudely a pioneer abode. While they waited for dinner, a girl lightly «crossed the stile, and came up to the house. Adrianne met her at the door, while Samson and Horton stood back, waiting, Suddenly, Miss Lescott halted and regarded the newcomer in surprise. It was the same girl she had seen, yet a different girl. Her hair no longer fell in tangled masses. Her feet were no longer bare. Her dress, though simple, was charming, and, when she spoke, her English had dropped its half-illiterate peculiarities, though the voice still held its

bird-like melody. "Oh, Samson," cried Adrienne, "you two have been deceiving me! Sally, yell to meet them on bayonet and stood for. Adrienne had the power me, all those years. What I was helped you were making up, dressing the part take his pen in hand. Today, it seems, smoking muzzle. The rush wavered, of melting masculine diffidence, and to do by such splendid friends as you back there, and letting me patronize he takes his typewriter on his knee."

Sally's laughter broke from her told you back there the night before I throat in a musical peal, but it still left that I was afraid to let myself held the note of shyness, and it was Samson who spoke.

"I made the others ride on, and I got

dow and, as the newly arrived troops | "Then, you-" She stopped and | Samson," she told him. "I warned | strive pride. "I wanted you aret to see my people, not as they are going to be. but as they were. I wanted you to "No," he said firmly, "it was not the know how proud I am of them-just

and analyzed it. My feeling for you is That evening, the four of them walked together over to the cabin of the Widow Miller. At the stile, Adadded, "I have analyzed your feeling rienne Lescott turned to the girl and

"I suppose this place is pre-empted. I'm going to take Wilfred down there by the creek, and leave you two alone.' Sally protested with mountain hospitality, but even under the moon she

once more colored adorably. Adrienne turned up the collar of her sweater around her throat, and, when she and the man who had waited, stood leaning on the rail of the footbridge. she laid a hand on his arm.

"Has the water flowed by my mill, Wilfred?" she asked. "What do you mean?" His voice

trembled. "Will you have anything to ask me

when Christmas comes?" "If I can wait that long, Drennie," he told her.

"Don't wait, dear," she suddenly exclaimed, turning toward him, and raising eyes that held his answer. Ask me now!"

But the question which he asked was one that his lips smothered as he pressed them against her own.

Back where the poplar threw its sooty shadow on the road, two figures sat close together on the top of a stile, talking happily in whispers. A girl raised her face, and the moon shone on the deepness of her eyes, as her lips curved in a trembling smile.

"You've come back, Samson," she said in a low voice, "but, if I'd known how lovely she was, I'd have given up hoping. I don't see what made you come.

Her voice dropped again into the tender cadence of dialect.

"I couldn't live withouten ye, Samson. I jest couldn't do hit." Would he remember when she had said that before?

"I reckon, Sally," he promptly told her, "I couldn't live withouten you, neither." Then, he added, fervently, "I'm plumb dead shore I couldn't." THE END.

TAKES ISSUE WITH EDISON

Here Is One Man Who Does Not Believe the World Will Give Up Sleep.

Mr. Edison says sleep is a bad habit, and that we shall some day get over it. Like drinking and smoking, it is, to be among those things which we shall try in time to give up on the first of the year. He says people called him crazy when he said electricity would supplant all other motive power in where, it is with respect to the pleasand some of his associates worked at | year, something for a given period of time 21 hours a day, and they all gained weight! He leads us to infer that it is what we do when we are not working that wearies us. Thinking over it briefly, we believe there is something in that. Probably half the things we do in our leisure time is very hard work. The celebrated tired business man is only tired when his wife wants him to go out somewhere after dinner. It is the opera and the tox trot that wear him out. Still, think of giving up sleep! If it is a habit, it is a nice one. We have got some glimpses of what Mr. Edison means when we have tried to sleep in a chair car, but given a feather bed and a soft pillow. we don't get him at all. Last night. for instance. Wasn't the habit delicious last night?-St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

On Tolerance.

At the German-American Chamber of Commerce in New York Dr. Adolph Muller, an agent for the purchase of woolens, said:

"A hetter spirit, a spirit of tolerance, is now manifesting itself. On the boat coming over a French shoe buyer and an English cloth buyer shared my table with me and we got on well.

"'Gentlemen,' I said to those chaps one morning, 'we Germans and you English and you French are not all thieves, vandals and murderers. With us it is like the dog riddle.

"'Why is a dog like a man?' a boy asked. "'Give it up.' said another boy.

"'Because it's bow-legged.' "'But,' said the second boy, 'all dogs are not bow-legged.' "'Well, neither are all men."

Modern Method. Apropos of an elderly Chicage bank-

er, whose wife had threatened to divorce him on account of his affection for a beautiful stenographer of seventeen years, George Ade said:

"A tragedy, this, of a not uncommon kind, a tragedy due to our medern business methods. The grand old merchant prince of the past used to

Greatest Wind Storm.

Probably the greatest destruction by a wind stormiwas that wrought in Galveston, Tex., September 8, 1900 when 9,000 lives were lost and proper Sally to meet you just as she was when ty valued at \$30,000,000 was suddenly I left her to go East." He spoke with destroyed. If there has ever been "You were very complimentary, a touch of the mountaineer's over-sen- worse storm we have no record of it



SURPLUS FEED MAKES EGGS

Hens Require Balanced Ration to Be Well Fed-Winter Layer Brings the Profite.

Farmers do not realize that their flocks of hens should be as carefully ted and cared for as any other stock on their place. Most farm flocks are allowed to rustle for most of their living, and if they do not get it, they suffer.

Hens will first apply the feed provided to keeping them in good, strong, healthy condition, and then, if there is a surplus, they will use it to supply eggs. Only in the spring, when the reproductive instinct is predominant, will they lay under other conditions. The wise farmer realizes this and feeds his hens all they will eat at all times.

There is another thing to take into consideration. We can practically starve stock with plenty of food handy. Feed a man on any food containing one element alone, and he will soon be practically starving for some other element it does not contain and which his body requires. It is the same way with the hens. They require a balanced ration to really be well fed. Corn, wheat, oats, kafir, all contain elements in different proportions, and if they are alternated, and then a liberal supply of meat meal, alfalfa meal and green stuff or vegetables are given them, they do not lack any element needed. The result is they are happy, contented, healthy, and will lay the year round if they are of the right breeds. It is the yearround hen that pays. Some hens will have larger records than others that will not be nearly as profitable, for they do their laying when eggs are lower in price. The winter layer brings the profits.

LIME IN THE POULTRY YARD

Especially Valuable Where Chicks Run -Tends to Sweeten Soil and Destroy Certain Germs.

tates to say that he is crazy about cause of gapes in chicks to the too free anything. However, we will hazard a sating of earth worms and the germ guess that if he is off his box any- of the gapes remains in the ground from year to year so that such ground ant custom of indulging ourselves in a occupied by chicks with gapes should good sound snooze. How else we are never be used the second year without to refresh ourselves from the day's renovating. It is always a good plan work we cannot imagine. The trouble to be on the safe side and thoroughly with this objection, as it applies to lime the ground on which young Mr. Edison, is that he doesn't think we chicks are to run even though it was are wearied by the day's work. He not occupied by chicks the previous

> The best way of doing this is to cover the ground thickly with unslaked time and spade it in a few inches; then go over it with a roller of some kind to firm it and then sprinkle a thin coating of fine lime all over the surface before allowing it to be used by



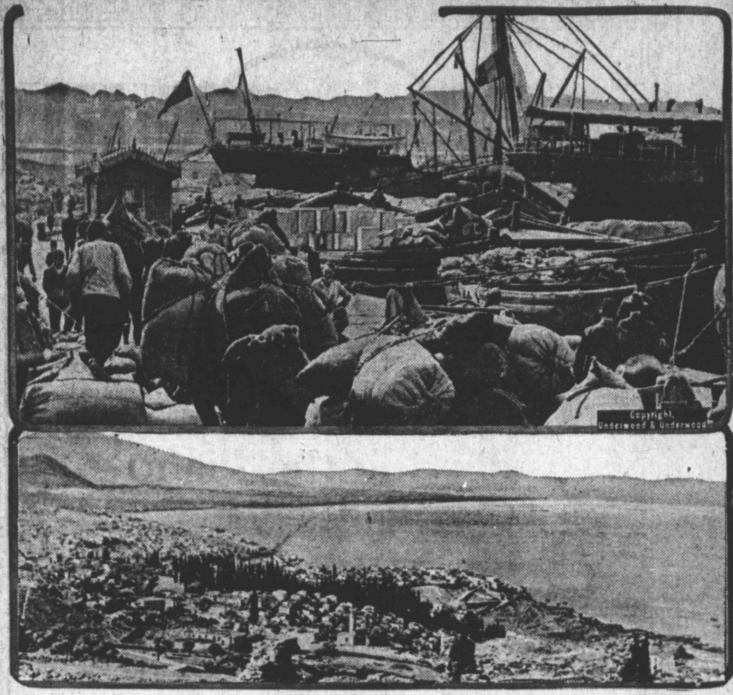
Large Losses Are Sustained Where Hens and Chicks Are Allowed Free

the chicks. It is also a good plan to use lime freely in the yards occupied by growing chicks or by mature fowls. It tends to sweeten the soil and destroy certain germs that are more or less injurious. It will be found an exsellent plan to sprinkle lime over the poultry yard at least once a month during the entire summer, not forgetting to use it freely in the houses also.

Comfortable Chicken House. If your chicken house is not real warm and tight, get some burlan and make a curtain to hang around the perches at night. Hang the curtain to the roof, and have it long enough to reach the floor. This will cost little and will pay well.

Ducks Lay at Night. The duck generally lays at night. It thrives best on soft, succulent food. Strong, vigorous birds can be successfully bred at four years of age. When properly fed, when at eight weeks of age, green ducks will weigh nine pounds to the pair. At ten weeks they should weigh ten to eleven pounds to the pair. The best prices for green ducks are given about May 1. Then the price gradually decliner until the month of July.

SMYRNA BOMBARDED BY THE ALLIES' FLEET



Busy scene on the docks at Smyrna and a general view of the city as seen from the citadel on Mount Pegasus.

AUSTRIAN INFANTRYMEN FIGHTING IN THE SNOW



The Austrian tactics separate the men into small detachments of a dozen each. These detachments scatter in different sections of the territory and harass the enemy. These squads have been found efficient in repelling charges of infantry or cavalry. In the picture one of these detachments is shown fighting in a snow-covered field back of a small village in Bukowina.

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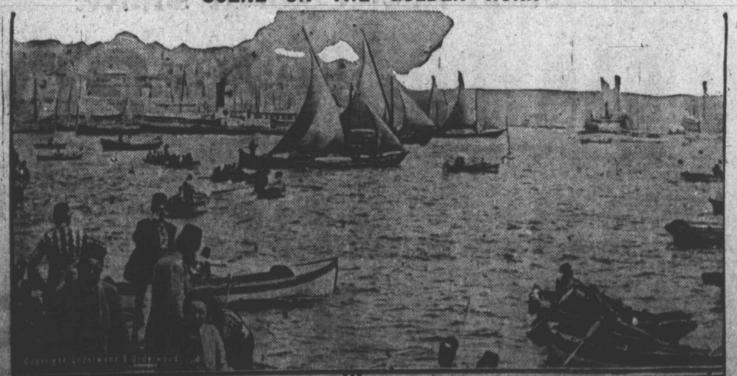
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TRUNKS OF FRENCH OFFICERS DEAD IN BATTLE



All these little trunks (only one is allowed to each officer in the field) belonged to officers of the French army who fell on the field of battle in a severe action between the French and the Germans in the region of Soissons. The little trunks, which hold all the personal property of their former owners and which bear the officers names, addresses and rank, are here gathered at the depot to be forwarded to the widows or the nearest relatives.





Point to which the ailies' fleet is attempting to force its way. Freighters, ferries and ocean liners on the Golden Hors. The scene is looking northward to Galats.

COME TO THE PANHANDLE THIS YEAR

MAN has acquired a hunger for land which he can call his own. The supply is limited—the demand unlimited! Land values have risen to prohibitive prices in older settled states!

The Panhandle is Ready for the Farmer

Here is a deep, rich soil, ready for the plow. An ample rainfall and a most healthful and splendid climate. Adequate railroad facilities by which to reach the markets of the world.

A return to normal climatic conditions, a greatly increased acreage of winter wheat, spring wheat, oats and barley, an unqualifiedly successful demonstration that Kaffir corn and Milo maize cannot be excelled as material for ensilage, the "better farming" spirit and the results of studying and developing this land assures a prosperous year.

Farms can be bought here now cheaper than they can later on, at prices which are certain of a steady advance as the summer and fall emigration stimulates the demand.

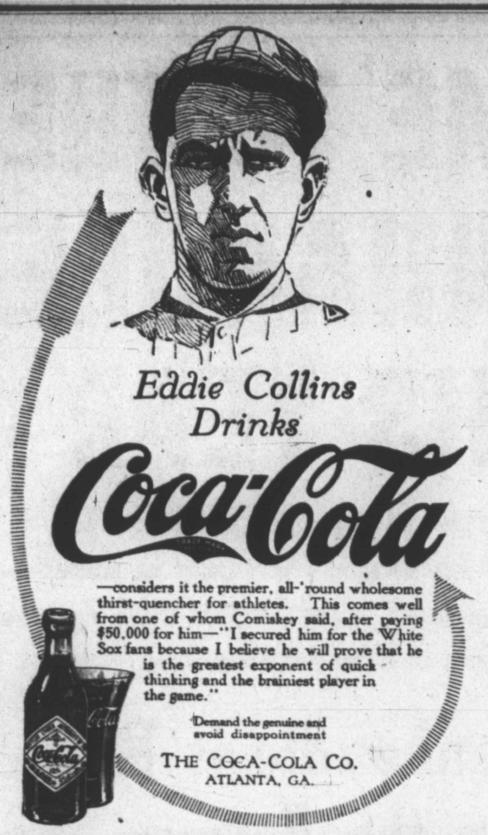
My farms are all favorably located, as regards towns and railroads and give the buyer a wide range in selection. All the improved farms are rented to good farmers and will produce a substantial revenue this year.

I am in a position to give terms to suit the purchaser.

C. O. KEISER

Canyon, Texas

Keota, Iowa



Wealth and Happiness or Poverty and Misery



It is not a pleasant thought to picture yourself getting old, but as sure as night follows day, old age is sure to come. Which picture

will you represent?

The Only Time To Save

save when you are not making it.

Think it over. There is

no time like the present.

The First State Bank

THE GUARANTY FUND BANK



R. L. WAGNER, Plumber, Agent

Canyon, Texas

ball team Saturday at Amarillo and Monday at Canyon, the first game resulting in a score of 2 to 4, while the later was won with a 7 to 10 score.

NORMAL LOSES TWO GAMES.

The Amarillo Military Academy defeated the Normal base-

Both games were lost principally on errors. In the game at Amarillo three double plays were made which retired the Normal team just when they were in position to score.

In the game here Monday the locals made 11 errors. In the fifth inning the visitors run in five scores, all of which were made on errors.

Clarendon will be here Monday and Tuesday for games. On May 4 and 5, Goodnight will come for games. Games are being ar ranged with Plainview.

Clean Up.

Now let us give the war a rest, the siege, the sally, and gayly shed our coat and vest, and go and clean the alley! Let's gather up the dogs and cats which have their lives departed, and let the tin cans and bricks and hats off to the dump be started. In winter you may voice your views, which you believe important, and base long sermons on the news but in the spring you'd ortn't., Then every able bodied man should whoop the 'clean up' slogan, and chase the old tomato can, the castoff hat and brogan. So let us clear our bulging brows of trifling thoughts and narrow, and gather up the old dead cows, and work the rake and harrow. The rubbish left by careless men and lazy human chesses, will bring a host of germs again, and they'll bring punk diseases... And forty billion flies will come, as many microbes bearing, and round our weary heads will hum, and keep us busy swearing. Clean up! Clean up! Ou every block let all the wor sers rally! No man should stand a ound and talk until he's cleaned his alley! - Walt Mason.

To Drive Out Malaria
And Build Up The System
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S
TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know
what you are taking, as the formula is
printed on every label, showing it is
Ouinine and Iron in a tasteless form.
The Ouinine drives out malaria, the
Iron builds up the system. 50 cents

Senior Epworth League.

Program for next Sunday

vening;

Leader - Prudia Prichard.
Subject - "Seizing one's chance
to save: or meeting the crises in
another man's life."

Talks on subject Lottie Lofton Thelma McGee, Hazel Park, Paul Foster, Ray McReynolds, Ross Craig.

New Auto Owners.

The following auto purchases have been made in Canyon during the past week:

J. C. Pipkin, W. L. Garner, C, P. Money, and J. A. Edwards, Ford cars. Also Chas. Sutton of Happy a new Ford. R. McGee has a new Studebaker.

C. R. McAfee has traded for a Flanders.

Love.

Kind hearts are the gardens,
Kind thoughts are the roots,
Kind words are the blossoms,
Kind deeds are the fruits.
Love is the sweet sunshine,
That warms into life
For only in darkness
Grow hatred and strife.

Sick Readaine

Sick headache is nearly always caused by disorders of the stomach. Correct them and the periodic attacks of sick headache will disappear. Mrs. John Bishop of Roseville, Ohio, writes: "About a year ago I was troubled with indigestion and had sick headache that lasted for two or three days at a time. I doctored and tried a number of remsdies but nothing helped me until during one of those sick spells a friend advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. This medicine relieved me in a short time." For sale by all dealers.—Advertisement.



Playing the Piano is Easy

All you have to do is to put the right finger on the right key at the right time.

Still there is only one Paderewski, and all the amateur playing put together will not equal the playing of a scale by that master of his art.

The oil business is easy. All that is necessary is to get the right crudes, manufacture them properly and arrange for their delivery at the proper time.

Still there is only one Texaco mark and only one Texaco quality. The "Made in Texas" quality distinguished by the Red-Star-Green-T emblem, world-famous in the oil business.

Buy the Texaco oils from our agent in your town.

The Texas Company General Offices, Houston, Texas



J. W. JOHNSON'S
VIRGINIA

Concert Band.



World's Best Colored Show.

MINSTRELS

Air Caliope.



"7"—SURE MONEY GETTERS—"11"
SINGING, DANCING, WIRE-WALKERS, HOOP ROLLERS, JUGGLERS,
FIRE-EATING, CONTORTION ACTS. HEAR OUR QUARTETTE.

World Best Colored Show.

CANYON

TUESDAY APRIL

20

Insurance of ALL KINDS
J.E. WINKELMAN

Clean Up and Paint Up Now.

W. W. Stephenson of Tulia

Brightening up time! Get

your paint, glass and wall paper

of S. V. Wirt. Best line in the

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Mattox of

Amarillo visited over Sunday at

the parental Joe Foster home.

that spring painting.

on the toast program:

Phone 88.

morning.

at Hico.

attended.

Phone 88.

Garage.

Haynes.

the west.

Variety Store.

work you wish.

and Miss Rogers.

Get your oils and lead

Thompson Hardwaro Co., for

Pres. R. B. Cousins and J. W.

Reid returned Sunday from

Sweetwater where they visited

the country schools for a week.

They stopped at Plainview Sat

urday to attend the Press asso

ciation, Mr. Cousins appearing

For all kinds of plowing trees,

gardens and all other kind of

work. Once a customer, always

a customer. Hughes Trans.

Dr. E. E. Robinson, presiding

elder of the Methodist church,

preached Sunday at the local

church and held the second

quarterly conference Monday

Phone 101 for moving van,

L. T. Lester was a business

Call BOB'S Transfer, phone

Revs. B. F. Fronabarger and

Until June 30th, new subscrib-

ers can get the Dallas Semi-

Weekly News and the Randall

Owing to the rains on Thursday

Phone your Baggage and Ex-

press orders to Hughes Trans.

Calls answered day or night.

Prompt and reliable service.

Among those who went to

Amarillo Monday were Rev. and

Mrs. Mayne, W. E. Bates, Mrs.

A good rain fell last Thursday

Will deliver good fresh cream

every Saturday morning at 20

cents a pint. Phone 22. A. B.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Steen return ed last week from a pleasant

visit in California with relatives. They visited the big fair while in

A. S. Howren was a business

NEW GOODS-Crepe de chine,

silk poplin, voil, mull, lace cloth,

organdie, plisse, marquezene,

of the new goods received at the

Mrs. John Mathes and daugh-

I have a special man and out-

fit for plowing gardens. Great-

caller in Farwell Monday.

at the C. Eakman home.

teed. J. A. Harbison.

Mrs. Leo Mc Dade Sunday.

night and another Friday morn-

County News for only \$2.15.

J. T. Burnett have been holding

baggage and house moving.

Prompt and reliable service.

caller in Lubbock Saturday.

visited in the city Monday.

A Lesson from the Past

Years ago, before baking powders were so well known, the housewife sometimes made her own from cream of tartar and soda.

These materials were then comparatively expensive and processes of refining had not been devised to bring them to the high state of purity of the presentday well known cream of tartar baking powders, such as Dr. Price's; and 'yet she never thought of buying alum, then as now a cheap and inferior substitute for cream of tartar. She wouldn't think of permitting an ounce of alum to enter her kitchen.

Yet housekeepers are to-day asked to buy alum baking powders with which to make food for their children.

The statement on the label affixed to every can naming the ingredients of which the baking powder is composed affords a method of protection against the use of undesirable kinds.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER Made from Cream of Tartar



Rev. R. L. Robeson has gone of his daughter.

See Harbison for moving van, draying, baggage and house Brownwood. moving. Prompt and reliable service.

N. W. Uselding of Happy was D. N. Redburn. a business caller in the city Monday. He reports that there is a pretty warm fight on in Happy over the new independent school district.

Bring in your harness which you wish repaired. Thompson Hardware Co.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents. Phone 88.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Park left to Goodnight to visit at the home Monday night on a two weeks 79 for bus to trains or any part visit with friends and relatives of the city. at Midlothean, Temple and

The oil market seems to be a very successful revival meeting stationary. 5 gallons for 40 cents, at Happy.

J. A. Muse of Cleburne is visiting at the W. T. Garret heme.

Why be troubled with dirty gasoline when Guthrie has night the mission rally at the thoroughly filtered his before Baptist church was not largely selling it to you. The prices are

Gordon Holden returned Monday from Dallas where he has been taking a course in a business

Phone Hughes Transfer for all kind of light and heavy hauling.

for Amarillo those present report a most enshoppers and others

Figured and striped crepe Regular 20 to 40c. ial 12 1-2 to 25c.

tf Figured and striped Voile Reg. 20 to 40c. Spec. 12 H. T. Shelnutt left Friday for a three weeks visit with relatives 1-2 to 25c.

> Figured Grenadine Reg. 40 Spec. 25.

Wash Organdies Reg. 20 Spec 12 1-2c.

Silk voile Reg. \$1.25 Spec. News Office, at a very low price. tf and mention the Canyon Weekly Rau-The Leader.

We have just received a pick up in comforts and cotton blankets. The price is very low.

Hill, Mrs. Allen, Miss Pickerill Come in and see the new summer clothes for men. The gasoline I sell is carefully Palm beaches and blue son Hardware Co. filtered so that you will not be troubled with water or other serges of the good kind. foreign substances. Guthrie Price will please you.

and embroidered voil are some At The Leader. They are worth the money.

Thompson Hardware Co. has Get your groceries of The

est of care in plowing around

We want your eggs at 15

RALPH NEWS.

We certainly are having beautiful weather and the people are busy in the fields, preparing for a bumper crop.

J. B. Gamble is still sowing

ed at a big Easter dinner and for more than twenty years from kidjoyable time.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Slack, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Hickcox and Miss Lancaster spent Easter at hours I could see that I had been the E. C. Prichard home.

Mr. and Mrs. -J. B. Gamble spent Monday in Amarillo.

Mrs. R. W. Bruce is improving after her recent illness.

A new telephone line has been run out from Happy and reaches within two miles of E. C. Prich-

R. E. Prichard and family spent Sunday with his brother Ernest.

Tom Slack and family spent Sunday at E. C. Prichard's and while there their team broke lose Spec- and started home on the run but 1406 Center St. Portsmouth, Ohio. were stopped near the J. M. Craig home without much damage being done.

> Why pay 75 cents for typewriter ribbons when you can buy them for 60 cents at the News

Rev. A. B. Haynes, Mrs. C. M. Prove What Swamp-Root Will do for You Ackerman and T. C. Thompson attended the meeting of the Amarillo Presbytery in Vernon bottle. It will convince anyone. You last week.

is pure and sanitary. That's all drug stores. why our trade is growing so rapidly.

A marriage license was issued to Roy B. Parsons and Dorthy A. Greathouse of Kansas City yesterday morning.

morning for a six weeks visit the church but cannot come un-

Bargain rate good only until June 1, Farm and Ranch, Hol land's Magazine and Randall County News all for six months, only 85 cents.

Joseph Manuel arrived this morning from Ardmore, Okla., to accept a position in the Harness department of the Thomp-

Mrs. W. D. Morrel and son are visiting relatives at Sher

Pleasantview Items.

After several weeks of rain and snow we are having genuine Panhandle weather, the glorious sunshine.

The prairies are getting green and the old cow don't hang caller in Channing over Sunday. around the feed lot as in days

S. A. Fletcher has about recovered from his sickness. He came home from town the first of the week.

Oats and barley are looking fine although it is late, the amount of moisture they will come along very fast.

Wheat is not doing as well as some would like but is making the fields look green with the help of the thistles.

You can see more than one team in most fields at work listing and plowing.

H. G. Breckenridge made a short visit in Iowa last week. He says he don't want to live back in the old state.

Ed Gibson and family visited H. G. Breckenridge Sunday.

Miss Ruth Schramm who has is slowly improving.

D. L. Hickcox is overhauling his gas engine, preparing to do some plowing.

DERFUL RECOVER

I wish to inform you of the great penefit I have derived from the use of Mr. and Mrs. Roles entertain- Swamp-Root. I had been a sufferer ney and liver trouble and was almost constantly treated by the most eminent physicians who could only give me temporary relief. I had been in bed ten weeks when I began the use of Swamp-Root. Inside of twenty-four greatly benefited. I continued to use Swamp-Root until I had used setteral bottles when I really felt that my old trouble was completely cured and I am positive that any person suffering with kidney or liver trouble can be cured by the use of this preparation. I am now in the best of health, betterthan I have been for ten years or more. I do not know how to express myself as strongly as I desire, in favor of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, as I am sure that it saved my life and that my good health is due entirely to this great remedy. I heartily recommend it to every sufferer and am confident they can be benefited as I have been. It is a pleasure for me, gentlemen, to hand you this recommendation.

MRS. H. J. PRICE, Personally appeared before me this 13th of September, 1909, Mrs. H. J. Price, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

R. A. CALVERT, Notary Public.

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys Very best carbon paper at the and bladder When writing, be sure dall County News. Regular fifty cent Milk from Hollabaugh's Dairy and one dollar size bottles for sale at

(Advertisement)

PRESBYTERIAN SERVICES.

There will be preaching every Sunday merning at the Presbyterian church, Rev. David Tem Mrs. J. R. Cullum left this picton has accepted the call of with her mother at Mineral Wells til the middle of June. Rev. Haynes will preach Sunday mornings until he arrives in the city.

THOMPSON ELECTED DELEGATE.

T. C. Thompson of this cityhas been elected a delegate from the Amarillo Presbytery to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church to be held in Rochester, N. Y. during the month of May. The trip will take in many of the large cities of the east and all of the expenses will be paid. Mr. Thompson contemplates a very fine trip if he is able to go.

I do all kinds of light hauling hauling on quick notice. Harbison, phone 101.

W. J. Flesher was a business

beautiful from plexion beau-

low the use of the "Prescription."
All women require a tonic and nervine at some period of their lives. Whether suffering from nervousness, dizziness, faintness, displacement, catarrhal inflammation, bearing-down sensations, or general debility, the "Prescription" is sure to benefit.

GUARANTEED SEEDS

Catalogue Free C. E. WHITE SEED CO

Plainview, Texas

AMARILLO, TEXAS April 28-29

Three big programs. Artists recital evening of the 28th and afternoon of the 29th, and Handel's "MES-SIAH" evening of the 29th, given by 125 voices and 10 piece orchestra with celebrated vocal Soloists.

Tickets may be reserved on and after April 19th

Prices-Boxes, with four or five chairs, \$10 and \$12.50 Choice first floor and balcony seats \$2.00 All other seats

NOTE-These prices cover season tickets, no one performance tickets will be sold.

A block of seats will be reserved for the people of Canyon and placed in the hands of C. W. Warwick for your convenience.

For further information write

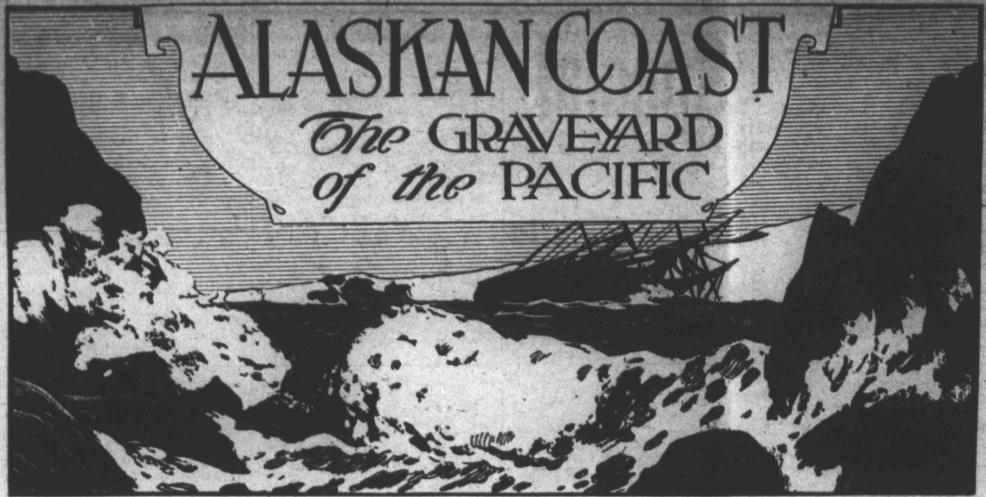
Geo. M. Waddill, Amarillo, Texas

ter Elizabeth, and Mrs. Howard Williams of Amarillo are visiting

a new harness and repair man. He can do any kind of repair Leader. They are fresh.

15c is cheap enough for been sick in Canyon for 9 weeks trees. First class work guaraneggs. Why take 'less for A son was born to Mr. and

lavigorating to the Pale and Sickly



HE weather was clear, unusually clear for Alaska. On August 17, 1913, the steamer State of California was steaming through Gambier bay. She was in the regular steamer course. The chart showed clear water on all sides of her. Suddenly there was a terrific shock. The vessel's bow rose in air. So sudden was her check that men

were thrown flat on her decks. In fifteen minutes she had gone down, taking 31 humans and a cargo worth \$300,000 with her. She had struck, right in the customary steamship course, an uncharted pinnacle of rock.

When word of the fate of the State of California reached Washington it added energy to a movement which Secretary Redfield of the department of commerce and labor had been agitating for some time. This movement was to prevail upon congress to increase the appropriation for the work of the department of geodetic and coast survey, the department that has charge of blazing the ocean trails.

At the present time there are three vessels employed in coast survey work in Alaska. One was a Confederate gunboat during the war. She had a one-cylinder engine. She is capable of eight knots in still weather, six knots against a breeze, and nothing at all in a blow.

The other two were not Confederate gunboats, but in other respects they are fully as antiquated as the first. Secretary Redfield has termed them unseaworthy, dangerous, inefficient old tubs. And to these craft alone is allotted the job of guarding the safety of 43,339 passengers who traveled Alaskan waters last year, in addition to \$30,000,000 worth of cargo and ships.

And the government records show that the State of California is but one of many wrecks that occur on uncharted rocks along the Alaskan coast yearly. The peculiar formation of the region is responsible for narrow spires of rock that rise out of the sea floor to within a few feet of the surface in localities where all around them the water is navigable. Soundings of the ordinary sort seldom reveal these instruments of death in the way of ships. To locate them properly the coast survey has designed an apparatus known as a "wire drag." This is a wire sunk below the surface save at both ends, where it is buoyed with floats. The coast survey ships drag this device along. and cover great sweeps of sea at a time, the rock spurs being detected when the wire catches on them. They are then either buoyed or destroyed

"Alaska," the man in the East is apt to say, "why, who ever goes up on the Alaska coast except gold hunters and explorers? What's the use of spending money up there?"

There is but one answer to this. The Alaskan coast is equal in extent to the distance between Charleston on the Atlantic coast and San Diego on the Pacific coast. And then, as mentioned before, more than 43,000 persons traversed it in ships last year. Have those 43,000 citizens not a right to protection? asks the hydrographic office.

President Wilson realizes what inefficiency in charting the Alaskan coast means. For on that subject he wrote:

"There is another matter of which I must make special mention, if I am to discharge my conscience, lest it should escape your attention. It may seem a very small thing. It affects only a single item of appropriation. But many human lives and many great enterprises hang upon it.

"It is the matter of making adequate provision for the survey and charting of our oceans. It is immediately pressing and exigent in connection with the immense coast line of Alaska, a coast line greater than that of the United States themselves, though it is also very important, indeed, with regard to the older coasts of the continent. We cannot use our great Alaskan domain, ships will not ply thither, if those coasts and their many hidden dangers are not thoroughly surveyed and charted.

"The work is incomplete at almost every point. Ships and lives have been lost in threading what were supposed to be well-known main channels. We have not provided adequate vessels or adequate machinery for the survey and charting. We have used old vessels that were not big enough or strong enough and which were so nearly unseaworthy that our inspectors would not have allowed private owners to send them to sea. This is a matter which, as I have said, seems small, but is in reality very great. Its importance has only to be looked into to be appreciated."

Perhaps those best qualified to know the perils of this great extent of coast are the sailors who ply it. Charles T. Moritz, mate of the steamship Spokane, writes:

"Since I am going to make the business of piloting vessels through the waters of south-eastern Alaska my life's work I take more than an ordinary interest in locating hidden dangers.

an ordinary interest in locating hidden dangers.

"The men who have gone" before me have pointed out all the dangers on the surface and many that are beneath; the cost of locating some of the latter has been many human lives and many good, ships.

good ships.

"Must I lose the lives of a shipload of passengers to discover some filden danger? Others have done so, and until we know just where all the dangers are located more will do the same

the dangers are located more will do the same.

"That such dangers exist, and that there is a very easy means of locating them, I hope to show by the Notice to Mariners, issued by the United

States coast and geodetic survey, that I will append.

"If some of the persons who have it in their power to vote funds for this work saw this notice, perhaps it would move them to keep the good work going. Could you bring this to their notice?"

R. D. McGillinay, pilot of the steamship City of Seattle, writes:

"I would like to add that I was pilot of the steamship Cottage City when the party of congressmen and their families, headed by Speaker Cannon, made an excursion to Alaska. Fortunately we had a successful trip. Little did they think-of the dangerous waters they were traveling. If we had hit one of these planacles then they would have looked out a little better for our protection and the ship owners' interests, as well as the lives of the citizens of the country.

"I must say that I have sailed all over the world, and Alaska has the poorest surveyed waters that I have ever navigated."

And now what of the men who have been laboring for years against tremendous odds to do the charting of these coasts with hopeless equipment in Secretary Redfield's "unseaworthy old tubs." To push into those northern seas with their fogs and gales for long cruises in stanch vessels would be risky enough; but to go into them in single-cylinder, leaky, antiquated little junk heaps of steamers for a work that is far more perflous than the layman conceives requires real grit. And it is this sort of grit which stands out prominently in the makeup of the men of the coast survey, who have for so long been grappling with the fog and ice and gales of Alaskan regions.

The endlessness of the coast surveyors' work may be gathered when it is considered that never does a shore line or a channel remain precisely the same. New sand bars are made; old ones obliterated. Volcanic activity casts up new pinnacles of rock under the sea and lowers old ones. Between 1835 and 1908 Rockaway beach grew to the westward at the rate of eight inches a day. In 73 years Coney island's western end has shoved

itself westward fully 1,000 feet. "It is a risky game," said an officer who had served on one of the three old-fashioned survey ships on the Alaskan coast. "Three times during eight months of service on her we were carried 70 miles out of our course by only moderate gales, and this despite the fact that we did our best with full steam to hold the craft up to the wind. But she wouldn't hold; she was too old. She should have carried 110 pounds of steam, but we could not hold more than 80. The engine was one of the old type single cylinders in use in Civil war times, and in anything more than a full sail breeze our limit of speed to windward was two knots. With favorable winds and no sea we could sometimes churn along seven knots.

"Once we lay to a mile off shore for four days in a gale, expecting every minute to be washed in on a lee shore and ground to pulp, but lacking the power to claw off to clear water.

"Most of the time we had our men at the pumps. For the old thing leaked badly, and we were always having to put back to have her calked. In any sea we were all awash, for we had no free-board, and did have open gangways, and the sea just sliced across us as though we were a sunken

"And it was mighty uncomfortable. We had an open wardroom-everyone slept, ate and lived in a single room, and we had no bathroom on that old ark. So you can imagine that we had a tough time of it on an eight-month cruise. It's just as tough for the fellows there now-they have the same boat, and her accommodations aren't any better. But we did the best we could. It was difficult getting correct soundings and first-class work out of a rig such as that, but we did pretty well. When we missed a rock it wasn't our fault. We never knew it, anyway, until some steamer with a few hundred passengers aboard went into it and sank. Then, if we were around, we'd help rescue those in the water, if we could, and the government would put up a light or a buoy on the rock that the sunken ship had located.

"It's just the same up there now. As Secretary Redfield said, rocks were being located regularly by vessels striking them and going down."

The work of probing ocean trails is interesting.

In ascertaining the depth of the water and locating all the under-water obstructions to navigation, a careful record of the fluctuations of the tide while the soundings are being made must be kept. It would not suffice to measure the depth of the water if its height above mean low sea level were unknown for the moment of measurement. To determine this a registering tide gauge is used—a sort of float attached to a mechanism in which a pen traces the rise and fall of the water on a roll of paper which a clock causes to revolve under the pen.

under the pen.

Two methods of sounding are used, the one employing the lead line and the other the wire sweep. In lead-line soundings the process is about as follows: A party goes out in a rowboat or launch, among its members being two observers with saxtants and a map showing the shore line and the objects whose positions have been determined by triangulation; a recorder with a clock and record book; a leadsman and a steersman. The officer in charge directs the recorder to make a note of the position of the boat, which is determined by the observers, and the leadsman casts his line and calls out the depth in feet or fathoms as he draws it up. The recorder makes a note of this and also of the course along which the boat

is headed. At intervals of a minute or more the leadsman casts his lead, while every three or four minutes the observers take observations until the end of the course is reached, where a final set of observations locate the end of the line. The boat then runs other lines in the same way until the entire bottom of the surveyed area has been sounded.

The lead-line method of sounding suffices to record the lay of the bottom with sufficient accuracy where there are no extraordinary obstructions; but in regions like the coast of Maine and that of Alaska, where there are many isolated pinnacle rocks and ledges under water, or along shores like those of Florica, Porto Rico and the Philippines, where coral reefs abound and coral heads fringe the coast, special investigations have to be made. The lead line might be cast all around a pinnable rock—might even strike it a glancing blow—and still fail to discover it.

An instance of this kind occurred in Buzzard's bay, Massachusetts, in 1902. Although more than 91,000 soundings had been made, more than 16,000 angles observed and 1,462 miles of sounding lines run, a rock whose head was 18 feet below the surface was run upon by the cruiser Brooklya during the naval maneuvers of that year.

In order to discover such obstructions in much frequented waters a new instrument, the wire drag, has been devised. It consists of a long wire, sometimes more than a mile long, weighted down at intervals with sinkers and supported at any desired depth by surface buoys. Power boats are hitched to it, usually one at each end and one in the middle, and with these it is drawn around a harbor much as a farmer drives his binder around his field of standing wheat. If it strikes no obstruction the hydrographers know that the harbor bottom is clear to the depth of the drag.

Another line of information the mariner must have is about the movement of currents, so that his ship may not be carried around by currents whose presence he does not suspect. Information concerning them is gathered by means of current rods, as a rule. A current rod is an instrument made to float vertically beneath the water, with only its tip showing above the surface, so that it is not disturbed by the wind. Its movement is observed, and the observations give definite information concerning the currents.

HIGH COST OF ARMY FEEDING

Comparisons That Illustrate Germany's Bills for Feeding Her Army.

The question of subsistence is a vital one to an army, and many battles have been lost from the failure of food supplies. The commissary department of armies in all civilized countries is in the hands of men who are in reality dietetic specialists on a large scale. The present war is the supreme test for the quartermaster's department

"Rations," as the daily food supply of the soldiers is known, vary in each country according to racial tests or climatic conditions. Thus the meat ration of France is quite different from that of Germany. For the purpose of comparison we have taken the daily field ration of the German army, which is as follows:

Seven hundred and fifty grams of fresh bread, or 500 grams of biscuit.

Three hundred and fifty grams of raw meat (fresh or salted), or 200 grams of smoked beef, pork, mutton, bacon or meat sausage.

One hundred and twenty-five grams of rice (groats), or 250 grams of pulse or flour, or 1,500 grams of potatoes.

Twenty-five grams of salt.

Twenty-five grams of coffee (roasted), or 30 grams of coffee (green), or 3 grams of tea and 17 grams of sugar.

This supply for a week compared with the huge mass of Cologne cathedral shows results very surprising, for we have a loaf of bread weighing 60,130,000 pounds and 393 feet high, which bulks well alongside the lofty edifice. Meat is represented by a side of bacon, but in practice this might be varied by sausage, smoked beef, fresh beef, salt meat, or mutton. The bacon is 180 feet long and would weigh 16,030,000 pounds. Potatoes are the heaviest item, weighing 120,330,000 pounds. The bag would be two feet less in length, while the sugar bag would measure 38 feet high and would weigh 1,365,000 pounds. Such amounts of food seem almost incredible.—Scientific American.

TEST OF HIS THEORY.

"Wombat" used to argue that it cost no more for two to live than one."

"Well?"
"Retribution overtook him all right. The stork brought twins as a starter."

HARD TO SUIT.

"How did you like the comedian's song without a chorus?"

"Why, when I heard it I fancied I would have preferred the chorus without the song."

IN THE SANCTUM.

Reporter—How much of an obituary do you want about the man with a subber neck?

City Editor—Stretch it to half a column.

Hints to Farmers

Now is the time that you realize on your season's work.

As you sell your grain, stock or produce, place your money on open account with a reliable Bank.

Pay your bills by check which makes the best kind of a receipt, and avoid the worry and danger attending the carrying of large sums of money.

Our offices are always at the disposal of our customers and friends.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CANYON

CAPITOL, \$50,000.

SURPLUS \$10,000.

SEE THE

NEWS

For the superior kind of

COMMERCIAL JOB PRINTING

Randall County News

S. A. Shotwell & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Coal, Grain, Hides and Field Seeds

Best Grades of Nigger Head and Maitland Coal

TERMS CASH

Plainview Nursery

Has the largest stock of home grown trees that they have ever had. Varieties well adapted to this elimate, hardy and absolutely free from disease. All kinds of garden plants.

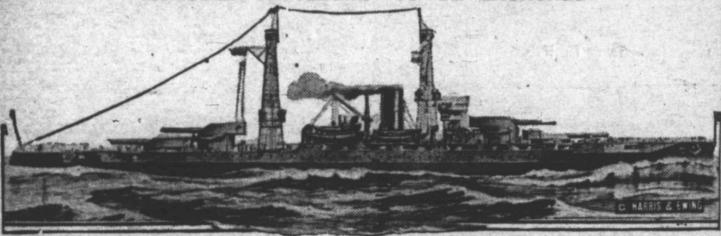
Agents Wanted to Sell on Commission

Plainview Nursery



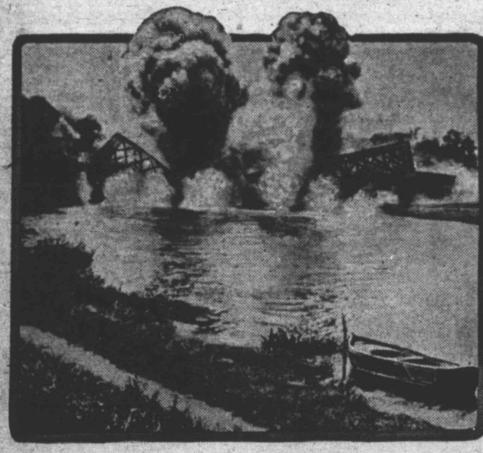
Large letters painted on the side of this Dutch vessel proclaim her strict neutrality. The name was painted on before she sailed from Hoboken for Rotterdam recently.





The battleship Pennsylvania will be launched at Newport News on March 16. Miss Elizabeth Kolb of Germantown, Pa., will be the sponsor. The Pennsylvania will be the largest vessel in the United States navy, being 699 feet long, 97 feet beam and 31,000 tonnage.

GERMANS BLOW UP A BRIDGE



Remarkable photograph taken at X—, where the Germans blew up the

AEROPLANE SCOUT RETURNS TO REPORT



This picture shows one of the armored aeroplanes of the British corps, snapped just as it returned to its base after having gone on an important acouting expedition. The lieutenant, who had been making observations of the enemy's positions, is hurrying off to report his findings to the commander of the division.

HE HAS GREAT TASK



This is M. Bark, the minister of finance of Russia, who is confronted with the difficult problem of raising the immense sums needed by Russia to prosecute the war.

To Aid Cattle Raising.

Brand Whitlock, American minister to Belgium, notifies the state department that he has received from the German military authorities a copy of an order issued by them relative to the exemption of cattle and their food from military requisition when imported by the Comite National de Secours et d'Alimentation. Mr. Whitlock forwards the text of the order as fol-

"In order to restore the breeding of horses and cattle, which through the military events have been disturbed, it is herewith ordered that stallions, bulls, and other male beasts used for breeding, as well as female animals with young, and female animals of special value to breeding, also mares with foals, cows with calves, and other female animals with young, and lastly cows which have no more than two teeth, are exempt from requisition.

"The above is made known to horse and cattle breeders by a proclamation, with the invitation that each procure apropriate male breeding animals in cases where there are none or not enough at their disposition."

COME TO THE PANHANDLE THIS YEAR

MAN has acquired a hunger for land which he can call his own. The supply is limited—the demand unlimited! Land values have risen to prohibitive prices in older settled states!

The Panhandle is Ready for the Farmer

Here is a deep, rich soil, ready for the plow. An ample rainfall and a most healthful and splendid climate. Adequate railroad facilities by which to reach the markets of the world.

A return to normal climatic conditions, a greatly increased acreage of winter wheat, spring wheat, oats and barley, an unqualifiedly successful demonstration that Kaffir corn and Milo maize cannot be excelled as material for ensilage, the "better farming" spirit and the results of studying and developing this land assures a prosperous year.

Farms can be bought here now cheaper than they can later on, at prices which are certain of a steady advance as the summer and fall emigration stimulates the demand.

My farms are all favorably located, as regards towns and railroads and give the buyer a wide range in selection. All the improved farms are rented to good farmers and will produce a substantial revenue this year.

I am in a position to give terms to suit the purchaser.

C. O. KEISER

Canyon, Texas

Keota, Iowa

With You never tasted daintier, lighter, fluffier

biscuits than those baked with Calumet They're always good — delicious. For Calumet insures perfect



The Star-Telegram and Randall County News until Dec. 1 for only \$2.75. This offer good only during April.

Make your Cars run better and your stoves burn better by using Magnolia Petrolium. Call C. C. Hughes, Agt.. Phone 88



Valuable to You

From seed time to harvest and all the year through, every farmer occasionally has business to transact in distant towns.

Letters go slow and traveling is expensive. Why not let the Long Distance Bell Telephone lines carry your message? Have you a Telephone

connected to the Bell System?

THE SOUTHWESTERN TELEGRAPH & TELEPHONE COMPANY. 12-9-14



Mr. Cousins and Mr. Reid re turned Sunday morning from their visit to the Nolan County schools. Mr. Reid spoke to the student body Tuesday morning in chapel.

The Freshman class entertained the Juniors at a reception Saturday night. Several musical selections were given during the evening and refreshments were served.

The April party given by the Y. W. C. A. Monday night was a grand success. One of the most interesting numbers on the program was the Folk Dance Afterward games were played and refreshments were served. George A. Vaughn from Tulia

visited the school Saturday. A Burns program will be given by the Juniors Saturday night. There will be Steroptican slides and post card projections.

The organization known as 'the Sons of Herman" has for its purpose the improvement of the teaching of German in the U. S. This improvement must come through the schools that teach German. In order to en courage the students of German, the organization spends yearly, fifteen hundred dollars in prizes. Each student must reach a certain standard to be eligible. Where a number are eligible the contest becomes competitive. In our school the following recently received prizes.

FIRST YEAR

Miss Mable Rogers, first prize, Miss Ruth Bumgardner, second prize, Miss Ruth Wakefield and Miss Tedenburg tie for third.

SECOND YEAR

Earl Sparks, first prize, Mr. Allen, third prize.

THIRD Year

Miss Erna Guenther, first prize Mr. Archambeau, second prize.

FOURTH YEAR

Y. M. C. A. PROGRAM SUNDAY Opening Prayer-Alford Black. Scripture Reading - Brick Eidson.

A twenty minutes talk.-Mr.

Quartette.-Messers, Marquis

Baker, Haney, Hale.

Y. W. C. A. PROGRAM SUNDAY. Song.—Association. Scripture.-Miss Cotton. Prayer.-Mr. Cousins. Music.-Misses Terrel and

Cousins. Address .- Mr. Cousins.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Straub Sunday night. They live on the Oscar Hunt place near Umbarger.

WHY IT SUCCEEDS

Because It's For One Thing Only, and Canyon People Appreciate This.

Nothing can be good for every-

Doing one thing well brings uccess.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for one thing only. For weak or disordered kid-

Here is reliable evidence of their worth.

F. J. Trigg, 805 S. Pierce St., Amarillo, Texas, says: "I have had a satisfactory experience with Doan's Kidney Pills. They relieved me greatla when I was suffering from kidney and bladder trouble and was convirced of

their worth." Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy, get Doan's Kidney Pills-the same that Mr. Trigg had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props. Buffalo, N. Y.

be made rich and pure and active by tak-ing Scott's Emulsion after meals. The cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion warms the body by enriching the blood; it peculiarly strengthens the lungs and throat, while it upbuilds the resistive forces of the body

to avoid colds and prevent consumption. If you work indoors, tire easily, feel languid or nervous, Scott's Emulsion is the most strengthening food-medicine known. It is totally free from alcohol or any stupefying drug. Avoid substitutes.



The Merry Maids and Matron club met in regular session Thursday afternoon, with Mrs. W. G. Word. A musical program was the feature of the afternoon, Mrs. Luke, Misses last. Kline, Cousins and Terrill being on the program. Refreshments were served of ice cream, strawberries with whipped cream and cake. The invited guests were Mesdames Winkelman, Burrow, Park, Grundy, Hoff, Haynes, Gober, Thompson, Cousins, Stafford, Hanna, Clements, Hood, Brier Oldham, Black, Misses Kline, Ritchie, Cousins, Terrill, Guenther.

The Thimble club was entertained yesterday afternoon by Mrs. J. H. Archambeau. The afternoon was pleasantly spent at fancy work and conversation. The guests were Mesdames Buecher, second prize, Baston King and Harter. Fruit was served by the hostess.

Measuring Time By Moons.

The Indians measure time by moons. They count 12 for the Miss Agnes Zehlman, first prize year, and then add one more, which they call the "lost moon " They have a descriptive name

> for each month thus: January, the cold moon. February, the snowy moon. March, the green moon. April, the moon of plants. May, the moon of flowers. June, the hot moon. July, the moon of the deer. August, the sturgeon moon. September, the fruit moon. October, the traveling moon. November, the beaver moon.

Ever Stop to Think of This?

December, the hunting moon.

You owe a lot to truthful advertising. For one thing you owe something of your good health.

Today the grocer sells more articles in sanitary packages and cans than

Today the butcher sells meat that is more thoroughly inspected and guarded than ever.

Today the baker furnishes you with bread, pastry, etc., made under more sanitary conditions and with better materials than ever.

Advertising as a whole has done this. Our local advertisers know you expect the best, and they give it.

Wayside Items

The protracted servichs Fairview was brought to an unexpected close on Tuesday when Rev. W. R. Triplett was called home to his wife who was very sick. J. C. Mayo took him in his car same night leaving about sunset for Dimmit, the pastor home. Later report says Mrs. Triplett is improving.

Wm.Payne and wife, with her parents, W. J. Sluder and wife went to Tulia last Thursday. On Saturday an operation was performed on Mrs. Payne for appendicitis at the residence of Mrs. Vashti Rice. The patient thought to be doing well.

Geutle rains have fallen in our ricinity which will be of great

J. E. Cates and wife moved to the Wilson place Thursday last. He is slowly impreving from a recent operation.

Ladies of the vicinity were invited to a "hen party" on the King place Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Bryant.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sluder enjoyed dining with D. A. Mc-Spaddin and family Sunday

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

Cathedral In The MMs.

Jake H. Harrison.

An Altar built by Nature's hand Among the wooded hills, vista reaching far and wide Which all one's being thrills: A ceiling azure in its tint,

An altar cloth of green, A daisy-dotted, verdant rug, And velvet leafy screen.

On either wall a picture hangs, By Nature's peocil made, Which in its colors lights and shades Makes tame the artist's trade; Correct perspective crowns the work, And laughing limpid brooks, Where leaping trout are seen at play,

Wind down through shady nooks. A choir of songsters hymning praise Enrich the healthful air: No organ man has ever made

Produce notes so rare; A solemn gladness reigns supreme. And now the priest appears, In shining robes, the morning sun, And all creation fears.

"Praise God!" all nature sings aloud. Alive with warmth and light, 'Praise heaven for protecting care And safety through the night!" The grass is shedding tears of dew, The winds sigh as they pass, And in the sun the lake appears

A sheet of of molten glass. The boughs like banners proudly wave Above the altar stone, As they, like sentient human hearts. The Lord of earth would own; The breezes whisper loving praise As they steal softly by-

Glad nature bows in humbleness To the All Seeing Eye. Then Praise Jehovah, Oh My Soul! Raise up your voice in song In this cathedral of the hills, And join the earnest throng

That worships at the altar here, Where cooling breezes blow; And where you feel the living truth And all its sweetness know.

Cures 0:4 Seres, Other Remedies Wen't Cure The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Mesdames S. R. Griffin and The State of Texas urday.

Chamberlain's Cough Hemedy-Th Mothers' Favorite.

to my children when they have colds or coughs," writes Mrs. Verne Shaffer, Vandergrift, Pa. "It always helps them and is far superior to any other cough medicine I have used. I advise anyone in need of such a medicine to give it a trial." For sale by all dealers .- Adver-





Appetite Makes Eating A Pleasnr

Loss of appetite is the first signal of disorder and decay. The usual loss of appetite is often caused by functional disturbances in the stomach. The stomach fails to do the work required, the appetite is gone and the body suffers. Such a stomach needs to be cleaned and sweetened.

TONIC DIGESTIVE s made especially to assist the stomach to digest food and promote a healthy appetite. This remedy is sold on our positive guarantee, and we kindly ask you to give it a trial. It is a genuine tonic. Price \$1.00. For sale by

HOLLAND DRUG CO.

ANNUAL EXHIBIT

Of Randall County Finances from February 1st., 1914, to January 31st., 1915, inclusive. Receipts and disbursements.

JURY FUND

| To balance on hand Jan. 31, 1914 To amout received during year | \$5299.96 2472.65 | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Po amount paid out during year To balance | | \$1886.06 5986.55 |
| | 7772.61 | 7772,61 |
| Balance now on hand | 5936.55 | 1 7 3 |
| ROAD AND BRID | GE FUND | |

To balance on hand Jan. 31, 1914 \$5839.96 To amount received during year 2653.46 To amount paid out during year \$8474.66 To balance 5018.76 8493.42 8493.42 5018.76

Balance now on hand

To balance

GENERAL FUND To balance on hand Jan. 31, 1914 \$5146.17

To amount received during year 3675.14 To amount paid out during year \$6842.57 1978.74 8821.31 8821.3

1978.74 To balance now on hand COURT HOUSE AND JAIL FUND

To balance on hand Jan. 31, 1914 \$2911.96 To amount received during year 1048.88 To amount paid out during year \$ 942.12 0010.77 3960.84 To balance now on hand 3018.72

SINKING FUND

To balance on hand Jan. 31, 1914 \$9710.90 To amount received during year 3204.93 To amount paid out during year \$8044.43 To balance 9871.40 12915.83 12915.83 To balance now on hand 9871.40

CEMETERY FUND

To balance on hand Jan. 31, 1914 \$ 5.75 To amount received during year 46.36 To amount paid out during year \$ 9.51 To balance 42.60 52.11 52.11 To balance now on hand 42.60

ESTRAY FUND To balance on hand Jan. 31, 1914 \$156.72 To amount received during year 38.00 To amount paid out during year \$ 1.66 To balance 198.06 194.72 194.72 193,06 To balance now on hand

RECAPITULATION

To balance on hand, all funds Jan. 31, 1914 \$29071.42 To amount received, all sources during year 13139:42 To amount paid out, all funds, during year \$16151.01 26059.83 To balance 42210.84 42210.84

To balance on hand, all funds

F. P. Luke were in Amarillo Sat- County of Randall J. I, T. V. Reeves, Clerk of the County Court of Randall County, Texas, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct exhibit for the year ending January 31, 1915, as shown by the Finance Ledger of said county, as requir-"I give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy ed by article 824b General Laws of Texas.

> Given under my hand and seal of said Court in my office at Canyon, Texas, this 31st. day of March, A.D. 1915.

T. V. REEVES, County Clerk, Randall County, Texas.

Gentle Jabs.

A contented man may be too azy to kick.

If a man is handsome he exaggerates to himself.

The witness was a negro woman, whose reply to every query was "I think so." Finally the opposing lawyer rose and pound. air ed on the desk. "Now, you look here," he roared, "you out out the open air." that thinking business and answer my question. Now talk."

"Mr. Lawyer Man." said the witness, Mr. Lawyer Man, you all will have to 'scuse me. I ain't like all 'terneys. I can't talk without thinkin'."

An eminent French physician prescribes three health rules for

1. Let them live in the open

2. Encourage them to live in

3. Make them live in the open