

GIVEN OVIATION

New Minister of the Interior Is Received Cordially By All Classes, Upon His Arrival at the Capital

MANY CHANGES TO BE

It Is Expected That He Will Not Leave Anything of the Former Administration and the Police Department Will Become Independent

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 26, 1:30 p. m.—Interior Minister Prince Sviatopolk Mirsky's reception here today upon his arrival from Vilna was in the nature of an ovation, both at the railroad station and at the ministry of the interior. A great deal is expected of him by the public and the newspapers. While liberal, the expressions contained in his interview with a correspondent of the Associated Press at Vilna Friday were not published here. His statements both to representatives of the Russian press and a deputation of Jews at Vilna Saturday served to increase the favorable impression created by his appointment. Much genuine accomplishment is based upon knowledge the prince comes into power enjoying to a peculiar degree the confidence of the emperor. Sweeping changes in the ministry of the interior are anticipated. Little of the Von Plehve regime is expected to survive. The police department, it is understood, will be entirely separated from the interior ministry and Count Shovalof, former prefect of police at Odessa, will become chief of an independent department.

Sturmer, under secretary of interior, who was Von Plehve's chief assistant, has already been promoted out of the ministry to the council of the empire.

M. Vatzaze, former governor of Ekaterinow, it is now said, will succeed M. Durnovo as under secretary in charge of posts and telegraphs.

Upon assuming active direction of the ministry Prince Sviatopolk Mirsky will deliver a speech, while it will not be definite statements of policy in the American sense, is nevertheless expected to indicate the aims of the administration. The prince will go shortly to Saratoff to pray for strength and guidance at the shrine of Seraphim.

In an interview the new minister says: "I realize fully how many and how complex are the problems of internal administration. These problems cannot be academically solved. Their magnitude is hardly grasped abroad. Ultra-radicalism, as well as ultra-conservatism, should be avoided.

"We must discharge our duty to the present and leave our work to the future. What the situation of the Russian empire a century hence will be who can tell? Abroad people speak of a new constitution for Russia. Such a thing is impossible under present conditions, but there is such a thing as a self-government.

"There are other internal problems of great importance, and, above all, the Jewish question, in which I am deeply interested. For Jews of the higher and better classes have done so much for the Russian empire that it is not possible to ignore their needs. The desire earnestly to give them larger opportunities for life and work.

"Generally speaking, without going further into detail, I may say the emperor's manifesto of 1903 represents the firm upon which I enter upon the ministry of the interior. Concentration and decentralization are its basic principles. If interpreted in a liberal spirit we should have tranquility, progress, and development in the interior of Russia."

THE FRIENDLY RECEPTION

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 26.—The novelty referring this morning to the friendly reception by Prince Sviatopolk Mirsky (formerly governor general of Vilna and now Russian minister of the interior) of newspaper representatives at Vilna, says:

"It has been a long time since Russian journalists have heard such favorable news from such a high source. The Russian newspapers have long been watching with admiration, not unmingled with envy, the growth in power and prestige of the press in foreign countries, where the newspaper plays such an important part in moulding not only political but general opinion.

"The kind words of Prince Sviatopolk Mirsky will not, of course, immediately raise Russian journalism to the high plane of its foreign contemporaries, though it gives ground for brighter hopes. Every one, however, must remember that it is useless to expect anything in the way of real usefulness on the part of the Russian press while it is bound by the restriction of the censorship.

"The only condition under which it can really rise to greatness and be effective, power for the government, is a condition of absolute freedom."

AN EXTENSIVE MOVEMENT

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 26.—A dispatch received from General Kuropatkin announcing the Japanese are preparing an extensive training movement eastward. A large force is advancing from Liao Yang by way of Tatche, to Tsian Schan. Skirmishes occurred in the valley of the Hun river and at Impu, between Bentzlapute and the railroad. There were many casualties at Impu.

RUN DOWN BY TRAIN

GREENSBURG, Pa., Sept. 26.—Three engineers were instantly killed and one fatally injured early today by a fast passenger train on the Pennsylvania road. The men were employed by the railroad and were walking along the tracks on their way to work.

THE LAWYERS

The Most Notable Gathering of the Attorneys of This Country Is Now in Session on the World's Fair Grounds

FOREIGN JURISTS THERE

Some Important Questions Are to Be Taken Up By Convention, and There Is General Interest in the Discussion Which Is to Follow

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—The largest and most representative gathering in the history of the American Bar Association marked the opening session of the twenty-seventh annual convention of the association, which convened today in Festival Hall on the World's Fair grounds. Among the 600 members of the association who are in attendance, are Associate Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court; Hon. John W. Foster, former secretary of state, and Sir William Kennedy, chief justice of the high court of England. During the convention which continues until Wednesday noon, when the universal congress of lawyers and jurists will assemble, under auspices of this association, it is expected several important discussions will arise, chief of which will be the question of the "Alaskan Boundary Case."

Of the several committee reports which will attract particular attention, the report of the commercial committee is most frequently mentioned. This is due to the fact that at the 1903 convention this report was the center of controversy, and it is understood that certain points at issue that a satisfactory settlement was not reached. The meeting was called to order by James Hagerman, of St. Louis, president of the association. It is the most notable gathering of members of bench and bar that ever assembled in this country.

The two gatherings have brought together many of the most eminent jurists of the United States, together with a considerable number from Europe. Prominent among the foreign delegates are Maitre Labori, who won world-wide fame by his defense of Captain Dreyfus. Judge Amos M. Thayer of the United States circuit court, delivers his annual address before the American Bar Association. Other speakers of prominence include Benjamin F. Abbott of Georgia and J. M. Dickinson of Illinois.

Among the subjects to be considered by the international congress are the following:

"The promotion of the settlement of international controversies by resort to The Hague Tribunal or reference to special commissions."

"The preferable method of regulating the trial of civil actions with respect to pleading and evidence."

"A review of the four Hague conferences on private international law, the object of the conferences and probable results."

"The protection which should be accorded to private property on the high seas in time of war."

NEW TEXAS INDUSTRIES

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 24.—The progress in southern industrial development for the week just closed, as reported to the Tradesman, includes the following new Texas industries as among the most important:

Fort Worth—Rolling mill. Jacksonville—\$20,000 box and basket factory.

El Paso—Ice factory. Dallas—Telephone system. Austin—Cement works. Wichita Falls—\$15,000 electric light plant. Longview—\$25,000 telephone company.

DENOUNCES FLIRTING

He Does Not Like Billing and Coaling in the Church Walls

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Dean Lefroy, preaching in the historic cathedral of Norway, has denounced, says a Herald dispatch from London, flirting between the young men and women in the sacred edifices during service.

"I ask you," said the dean to the congregation, "to pray that conduct which would not be tolerated in the theater or the concert room may not be permitted or indulged in within the walls, hallowed by the prayers of years. I ask you to save this ancient shrine and this still more ancient city from such a scandalous and disgraceful act.

"I have taken means of a legal kind to prevent this, but I prefer to rely upon the moral support of those who love these services."

NEGRO FOUND DEAD

HILLSBORO, Texas, Sept. 26.—Sam Young, a negro, aged about 60 years, was found dead in bed in Fretown last night. He is supposed to have been dead since Thursday night. He was gathering corn in the country and came in Thursday evening and died the next morning. He and his wife were rooming together with John Bullock. John and his family are in the cotton patch. Fletcher came in last night and was horrified to find him dead in bed. He is supposed to have died of heart disease.

TOM ABEL DIES SUDDENLY

WACO, Texas, Sept. 26.—A telegram to Alfred Abel conveys the sad news that his young son, Tom, who was at school in Missouri, died very suddenly. The remains will be taken to Waco for interment. The boy was only about 17 years old. He was a fine young fellow. Mr. Abel is one of the best known and most prominent citizens of Waco, and was for several years in charge of the Waco and Northwestern railway.

SENATOR HOAR'S CONDITION

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 26.—The following bulletin on Senator Hoar's condition was given out this morning: "The senator slept all night and is in a stupor this morning. He did not take food or medicine during the night. The end is not immediately expected."

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"FAIRBANKS' LITTLE JOURNEYS TO MANY STATES."



"DIVORCE MILLS MUST NOT BE IDLE AND INFANT INDUSTRIES MUST BE PROTECTED."—(Applause.)

PEACE DESIRES

Representative Batholdt of Missouri Discusses Meeting of Interparliamentary Union, Which Will Have Effect

HE IS VERY GRATEFUL

A Year Ago He was the Only Member of Congress in the Union—Today There Are Nearly a Hundred—War in Orient Created Sentiment

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Representative Richard Bartholdt of Missouri, delegate to the inter-parliamentary union, the members of which have just arrived here, after a tour of the country, said great strides can be taken to decrease the danger of conflicts between nations.

"I hardly have words to express my gratitude for what has happened," he said. "A year ago I was the only member of congress in the inter-parliamentary union. The United States recognizes the union by inviting it to hold its twelfth session in this country.

"This very war in the Orient has created a desire for some way of preventing such a horrible catastrophe. The president's call for this conference, followed by the ideas put forward there, will result in making it plain how great strides can be taken to decrease the danger of such conflicts between nations. They can be decreased only as violence between states and between individuals has been decreased, by political organization so as to substitute recognized principles of law and judicial proceedings for arbitrary judgment, followed by war."

William Randall Cramer of England, one of the originators of the union, said: "This is an epoch-making event. Individuals may further or impede the movement, but no man or combination of men can arrest it."

A REMARKABLE PASTORATE

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Rev. Dr. J. Balcom Shaw, who accepted the pastorate of the Second Presbyterian church in Chicago, preached his farewell sermon in the West End church yesterday. At least 5,000 persons attended the services and witnessed the closing of probably the most remarkable pastorate of this city. Less than seventeen years ago Dr. Shaw took charge of a small Sunday school on the upper West Side. The church was organized in a real estate office soon after and grew to a membership of 3,000 persons, ranking fifth in 7,000 churches of the denomination.

AN ENDOWMENT FUND

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 26.—The Public Ledger says a contribution, supposed to amount to \$500,000, has been made to the University of Pennsylvania to form the nucleus of an endowment fund to meet the current expenses of the institution. The actual amount of the gift and the identity of the donor will be given later.

THE RELATIVES FAIL TO LET BRAIN BE USED

Cornell Physiologists Do Not Get Gray Matter of a Doctor, as His Will Did Not Provide for It

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WALLACE HOME

Chief Engineer of the Panama Canal Reaches Chicago After Spending Summer on the Isthmus

CLIMATE IS HEALTHFUL

He Denies the Stories of Unhealthy Conditions—Some of the French Work Is to Be Utilized—Canal Will Cost Two Hundred Million

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—John F. Wallace, chief engineer of the isthmian canal commission, has returned to Chicago after spending the summer inspecting the work done and done before the two oceans are linked.

He says that at present there are 1,500 men in the field at Panama. Of this number 500 are in the sanitary department under Colonel Gorgas, who is assisted by Major Ross, Colonel Le Garde and Major Carter, the last named being chief quarantine officer. There are six divisions of engineer corps at work, each corps in charge of a resident engineer, who reports to Mr. Wallace.

The engineering and clerical departments are almost entirely Americanized and nearly every arriving steamer brings fresh additions from the United States. The majority of the common laborers, as well as a few of the skilled men, are English speaking negroes from Jamaica.

CLIMATE FAIRLY HEALTHFUL

Mr. Wallace declares that the bad sanitary reputation Panama has had in the popular mind is due to the fact that until lately the heterogeneous population had paid little attention to the ordinary laws of health. Under such conditions it was but natural those who drank hard water not careful as to food, did not sterilize the water they drank, and otherwise disregarded hygienic precautions should find the isthmus not a healthful country.

He says that most of the men who now hold responsible positions in connection with the canal work are sober, industrious, and ambitious, and that many of them are college graduates. They find conditions in Panama excellent and cases of sickness among them are comparatively few.

MEAN TEMPERATURE 84

The mean temperature this summer was 84 degrees, and Mr. Wallace does not remember that he ever passed a summer in the United States when the weather was pleasanter than it was this summer in Panama.

The sanitary corps has paid special attention to stamping out malaria and yellow fever. Of all the men at work on the canal this summer Mr. Wallace says that only two died of yellow fever and only one of those two, a man 60 years of age, was an employe of the government.

SOME FRENCH WORK TO BE UTILIZED

Mr. Wallace says that of the work done by the French company in building the canal before the United States bought it perhaps 10—maybe 15—percent can be used. It all depends on the plan finally decided on for the completion of the canal. Whether the

YOUTH IMPALED ON A STUMP IS DEAD

He Falls From a Tree and the Sharp Point Enters His Breast, Penetrating Lung, Injury Proving at Once Fatal

HE FALLS FROM A TREE

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Impaled on the stump of a tree by a large splinter that had penetrated his right breast to the lung, Alphonse Pede of Brooklyn has died in the presence of a score of horrified boys and girls with whom he had been chestnut hunting near Jamaica.

Pede had been sitting on the branch of a tree, knocking the chestnuts down to his companions, when the limb on which he sat broke and he fell horizontally and face downward upon a jagged stump below. Most of the children became frightened and ran away. When a doctor arrived he found the youth dead. One of his playmates was praying beside him.

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canal is to be at sea level or thirty, sixty or ninety feet above sea level will not be determined until the surveys of the engineers now in the field are completed. The work of experiment done by the French company, Mr. Wallace says, will be of great value to the United States, as it will make unnecessary much preliminary work that would have been unavoidable otherwise.

Some of the machinery turned over to the United States by the French company is still useful, but much new machinery must be bought, as a great deal of that in use by the Frenchmen is now either worn out or antiquated as compared with modern machinery.

SURVEY WILL TAKE TILL 1906

The preliminary work of thoroughly surveying the canal route with a view of determining at what level the canal is to be cut and the exact line it is to follow will consume, Mr. Wallace says, the remainder of the year 1904 and all of 1905. By spring of 1906, he says, he expects to have the campaign entirely mapped out and the actual work of excavation in systematic progress. Then it will take eight years to complete the work.

THE LINE ALREADY MARKED OUT BY THE FRENCH COMPANY WILL BE FOLLOWED PRETTY CLOSELY, MR. WALLACE BELIEVES, EXCEPT WHERE POSIBLY BECOMING STRAIGHTENED. THE LINE OF THE CANAL WILL BE FOR ABOUT TWENTY-FIVE MILES ALONG THE CHAGRES RIVER, THEN ALONG ONE OF THE BRANCHES OF THE CHAGRES, PASSING THROUGH THE MOUNTAINS OF THE HILLS KNOWN AS THE CULEBRA CUT, TEN MILES FROM PANAMA, AND THENCE ON BY THE RIO GRANDE RIVER TO PANAMA BAY.

WILL COST \$200,000,000

Mr. Wallace estimates that the completion of the canal will cost \$150,000,000. This sum, added to the \$40,000,000 paid to the French company for the canal property and the \$10,000,000 paid to the Panama government for the grant of land, will make the total cost \$200,000,000.

The people are friendly toward the United States, though some of the thirty shopkeepers seem put out at finding that the Americans are not as free spenders as the French. The English language is rapidly becoming the predominant tongue in the canal zone, though German, French and, of course, Spanish are to be heard also.

DENIES REPORT OF FRICTION

Mr. Wallace took occasion also to deny the report of friction between himself and General Davis, governor of the canal zone. General Davis, he said, had done remarkable work.

After a two weeks' rest at his home in Flossmore, Mr. Wallace will go to Washington, where on October 5 the bids will be opened for machinery and material to be used on canal construction. These bids were advertised for.

Mr. Wallace will deliver an address entitled "The Isthmian Canal," at a dinner to be given by the Illinois Manufacturers' Association next Friday evening at the Auditorium.

THIRTY SEATS TO FILL

Whatever may have been the democratic candidate's motive, the fact remains that of the thirty seats in the senate to be filled by March 4 next twenty-three are now occupied by republicans. One of these, now held by Louis McComas of Maryland, has already been filled with a democratic candidate, Rayner, and of the remaining twenty-two twelve will be elected by the legislatures of states which the democrats now claim to be doubtful. Among the senators who must seek reelection for themselves or for republican successors in the coming winter are Messrs. Aldrich of Rhode Island, Bard of California, Clark of Wyoming, Depew of New York, Beveridge of Indiana, Dietrich of Nebraska, Foster of Washington, Henry of Connecticut, Keane of New Jersey, Quarles of Wisconsin, Scott of West Virginia and Stewart of Nevada. Were these twelve to be succeeded by democrats that party would control the senate by two votes.

Mr. Parker's accession was therefore, at least a repudiation of the claims of his campaign managers. Perhaps no sane person believes that the democrats can gain control of the legislature in all the states they claim, but were they to elect the president and secure a majority of the senate, they would control the government for two years hence, when thirty more seats must be filled, including ten now occupied by republicans, would be so materially enhanced that there is no doubt among those most competent to judge that they would attain their end, thus giving the democracy entire control of all the branches of government in the second half of Parker's term. Nor does this prospect seem extravagant when it is reflected that all the federal patronage would be in their control and all the power which a democrat in the White House and a democratic majority in the house imply would be theirs.

BURGULARS USING CARBOLIC ACID ON VICTIMS

They Blind Those Whom They Attack and Make Identification Impossible, Even If They Are Caught

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—There is no abatement in the terrorizing operations inaugurated by highwaymen and burglars a month ago. The newspapers are filled with reports of the acts of holdup thugs and housebreakers, and the police are apparently helpless.

The Chicago Journal is demanding the removal of Chief O'Neill and the appointment of a "real policeman."

The use of carbolic acid to render victims helpless is becoming an effective weapon in the hands of highwaymen.

Blinded by the acid and frantic with the terrible pain, the victim is an easy prey.

Identification of the thugs is practically impossible after such an onslaught, as even the memory is paralyzed by the nervous shock.

The carbolic acid fiends have sprung into existence within the last few weeks, and since that time have plied their terrible work with increasing frequency.

Miss Nellie Warrnick, who lives in a fashionable boarding house at 370 Dearborn street, is the latest victim of the brutal acid holdup men.

She was dragged into an alley where the robber stashed her clothing for money, cutting open one of her stockings.

He was frightened away before he reached the other stocking in which was a small sum of money.

Pedestrians in the vicinity heard the girl's screams and came to her aid. She was taken to the Passavant hospital, where it was found that her mouth was not badly burned. The carbolic acid evidently had been diluted, as in previous similar cases.

The handkerchief used for a gag was of plain cambric and bore in one corner an almost illegible mark, looking like "T. Tiffin."

Miss Warrnick was slightly injured by the knife with which the robber cut her dress and stockings.

Miss Warrnick says the attack on her was so sudden that she did not have time to scream.

When the handkerchief came in contact with her lips, she felt all the horror of a person who has taken poison, and then she says, she lost consciousness.

The police are inclined to blame the druggists for this latest phase of the "carnival of crime." It is pointed out that carbolic acid, although a deadly poison, may be procured freely at any apothecary store in Chicago.

CHURCH RAISES COTTON

WACO, Texas, Sept. 26.—A novel plan for raising money for church purposes has been tried by the congregation of the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Comanche Springs, near McGregor, in the western portion of this county. Early last spring members decided to do some farming and use the proceeds for missions, education, ministerial relief, etc. Several acres of land were secured, labor was contributed by first one and then another, and the land was cultivated, having been planted in cotton. The effort was crowned with success, and one bale has been sold at a fancy price, with two more to come. It looks as though from a hundred and fifty to two hundred dollars would result from the venture. The committee in charge of this plan consisted of C. L. Ramsey, Lee Connally and Rev. W. M. Baker. The scheme was in every way successful.

TO OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY

SHERMAN, Texas, Sept. 26.—Members of the lodge are today sending out invitations to a "smoker" to be given Tuesday evening in honor of the fifty-fifth anniversary of Sherman Lodge No. 45, I. O. O. F., on which occasion addresses are to be delivered by high officers of the order, among these being Hons. J. R. Gough of McKinney, C. R. Gibson of Waxahatche and B. F. Gafford of Sherman.

A number of distinguished visitors from a distance are expected and a great time is anticipated.

SCWAB IN FRISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 26.—Charles M. Schwab has arrived here from Bathe, Me., accompanied by a party of friends. It is presumed he is here to be in attendance at the sale of the Union Iron Works, a property of the defunct United States Shipbuilding Company.

NEXT SENATE

New York Tribune Washington Correspondent Shows That Under Certain Circumstances the Democrats Might Control

HE NAMES THE STATES

Sensation Is Credited By Publication of the Political Forecast and It Is Stirring the Republicans Who Will Make Greater Efforts to Control

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The Washington bureau of the New York Tribune has created a political sensation in its prognostications of the senate. The correspondent claims that were the democrats to carry all the states claimed by such of their leaders as Taggart and Sheehan this fall they would control the senate after March 4, 1905, by two votes; tariff revision, based on their platform assertion that "protection is robbery," would become not "impossible," but in evitable, and the "irrevocable established" gold standard would be at the mercy of such stanch "gold bugs" as Henry M. Teller, Francis G. Newlands, Fred T. Dubois, Thomas M. Patterson, Champ Clark, David A. De Armand and Henry D. Clayton, not to mention William J. Bryan, who hopes soon "to arrive" in the senate.

Were Parker to be barely elected president, with the votes of only a portion of the states claimed by his campaign managers, a democratic majority in the senate after March 4, 1907, the middle of Parker's term, would, in the judgment of the shrewdest politicians in Washington, be practically assured.

"Talk in Washington over this situation turns largely on the motive which prompted Mr. Parker to say in his speech of acceptance:

"It is a fact, and is frankly conceded, that, though our party be successful in the coming contest, we can not hope to secure a majority of the senate during the next four years, and hence we shall be unable to secure any modification of the tariff."

Mr. Parker's assertion was therefore, at least a repudiation of the claims of his campaign managers. Perhaps no sane person believes that the democrats can gain control of the legislature in all the states they claim, but were they to elect the president and secure a majority of the senate, they would control the government for two years hence, when thirty more seats must be filled, including ten now occupied by republicans, would be so materially enhanced that there is no doubt among those most competent to judge that they would attain their end, thus giving the democracy entire control of all the branches of government in the second half of Parker's term. Nor does this prospect seem extravagant when it is reflected that all the federal patronage would be in their control and all the power which a democrat in the White House and a democratic majority in the house imply would be theirs.

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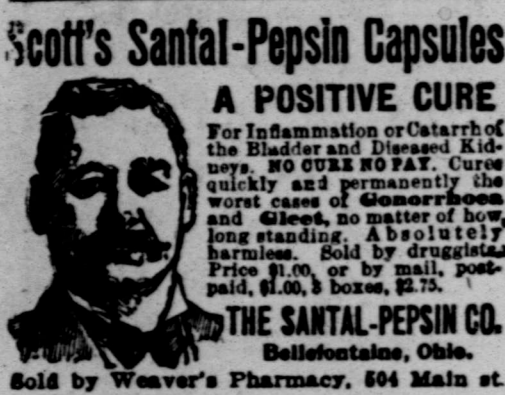
SCWAB IN FRISCO

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 26.—Charles M. Schwab has arrived here from Bathe, Me., accompanied by a party of friends. It is presumed he is here to be in attendance at the sale of the Union Iron Works, a property of the defunct United States Shipbuilding Company.



Going for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Don't put yourself in this man's place, but keep a bottle of this remedy in your home.



THE SANTAL-PEPSIN CO. Bellefontaine, Ohio.

BANK OF COMMERCE, FOURTEENTH AND MAIN STREETS. CASH CAPITAL: ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

THE CROPS IN TEXAS

Parties who have been in the vicinity of Anadarko and that portion of the territories, report a most peculiar condition of affairs existing among the cotton raisers.

PULLMAN SHOPS ARE OPENING ONCE MORE

Old Employes Are Being Taken Back, but Wages Paid Them Is Decreased by Ten and Twenty Per Cent

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—The Tribune today says: Work will be resumed today after a brief period of idleness in the car shops of the Pullman Company.

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

Has stood the test twenty-five years. The first and original tasteless chill tonic. 50 cents.

RAILROAD NEWS

Abolishment of all Sunday excursions on all lines will be the chief topic of discussion at the coming forty-ninth annual convention of the General Passenger and Ticket Agents.

roads was scarcely up to the expectations of the passenger agents, the excursions being the lightest run this season.

WACO EXCURSION The excursion run to this city yesterday from Waco was one of the largest Sunday excursions from a single point to this city ever run.

ZURN HOME City Passenger and Ticket Agent J. F. Zurn of the Texas and Pacific returned home yesterday from attendance at the Knights Templars convocation.

RAILROAD NOTES Vice President Fieking of the Frisco is making a trip over the northern part of the line.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 6.—John Temple Graves, editor of the Atlanta News, in a leading editorial, defends lynching and advocates the Ku Klux clans for terrorizing the negroes.

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MONNIG'S 1302, 1304, 1306 MAIN STREET

An attractive display of the "Newest" to be found in our "Ready-to-Wear Department" in the lines of Ladies' Walking or Dress Suits, Skirts, Shirt Waists, Silk Underskirts, Furs, Capes, Wraps, Wrappers, Kimonos, etc.

WE SHOW THE BEST LINE OF TOURIST COATS Made right—in fancy mixtures, covert and broadcloths—medium or heavy weight, handsomely trimmed. Our prices—guaranteed for values—the lowest.



FALL AND WINTER STYLES IN RAIN COATS Made from the best grade of Priestley's Cravanettes. These garments are beautifully tailored and confined to us exclusively.

Ladies' Highly Tailored Suits, just received, embracing all "Length Coats" and in all fabrics—made from the most select materials and many exclusive styles, not to be found elsewhere.

HERE ARE A FEW LEADERS IN SKIRTS One of Our Newest Models

Made in a skillful way—every detail up-to-date; made from a fancy Melton Cloth, ornamented with tabs and buttons, as well as stitched; a seven-gore cut. This is a \$4.50 value; sale price \$3.00



MELTON CLOTH SKIRT Six rows of pleating, with tabs and buttons down front; this week \$4.00

Nothing to Compare to It for Its Price Ask to see our Skirts at \$5.00 to \$7.75. You will be astonished at the values and extreme styles found.

Table with 4 columns: Station, Max, Min, Rain. Lists weather for Memphis, New Orleans, Oklahoma, Omaha, Phoenix, Pittsburgh, St. Louis, San Diego.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN

Following is the weather record for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Monday, September 26, 1904:

Table with 4 columns: Station, Max, Min, Rain. Lists weather for Abilene, Ballinger, Beville, Blanco, Brenham, Corpus Christi, Corsicana, Cuero, Dallas, Dublin, Fort Worth, Galveston, Greenville, Hearne, Henrietta, Houston, Huntsville, Kerrville, Lampasas, Longview, Mexia, Nacogdoches, Palestine, Paris, San Antonio, San Marcos, Sherman, Temple, Tyler, Waco, Waxahatchie, Weatherford, Wharton.

WEATHER FORECAST

Another warm wave is reigning in the state, the temperatures yesterday being much higher and the 100 degree mark being reached at Beville.

FORECAST

The forecast for Texas east of the one hundredth meridian, issued at New Orleans, is as follows: East Texas, partly cloudy tonight; showers in interior. Showers Tuesday.

WEATHER CONDITIONS

D. S. Landis issued the following statement of weather conditions this morning: Generally cloudy weather prevails in both the upper and the middle Mississippi valley, also about the lake regions.

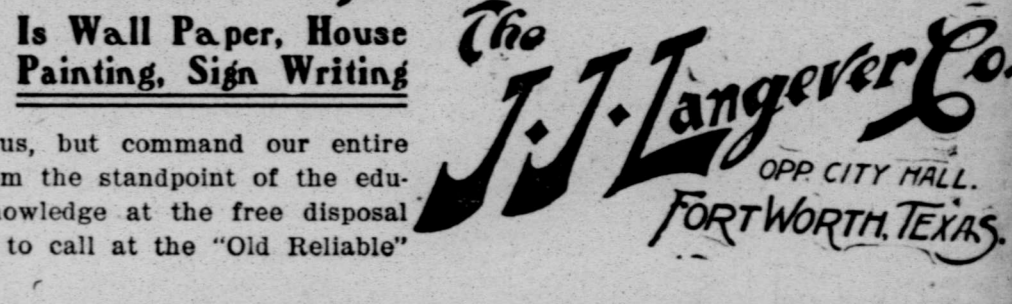
WEATHER RECORD

Following is the weather record for the last twenty-four hours—minimum and maximum temperature, wind in miles per hour at 8 a. m. and rain in inches:

Table with 4 columns: Station, Min, Max, Wind, Rain. Lists weather for Amarillo, Atlanta, Chicago, Denver.

Our Business

Is Wall Paper, House Painting, Sign Writing They are no "Side Issues" with us, but command our entire attention.



Knights, they making two runs in the first inning. The Denvers got their first man across the plate in the third, their next run came in the fifth.

NASH HARDWARE CO. IMPROVES STORE HOUSE

The increased business and increased Stock Call for a Better and a Larger Place in Which to Handle the Trade

FAST BALL GAME

In one of the fastest amateur games played in Fort Worth this season, the Knights of Columbus defeated the Denver second team at Haines' park yesterday by a score of 4 to 5.

MELLIN'S FOOD

Tired babies become rested babies when fed on Mellin's Food. Mellin's Food nourishes.

You will be glad that you sent for a sample of Mellin's Food when you see how eagerly baby takes it.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MYSTERIOUS VOICE FRIGHTENS THE NEGROES

The establishment have heard the noise of hammer and saw as the numerous artisans engaged in completing the enlargement, are busy at their work.

LAKE BEING DRAINED

DENISON, Texas, Sept. 25.—Grassy lake, the greatest ducking grounds in the Indian Territory, is being drained.

Weak Lungs

Possibly a case or two of consumption in the family. Then don't neglect your coughs and colds. Heal your throat with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask your doctor about this.

THE INCREASED BUSINESS AND INCREASED STOCK CALL FOR A BETTER AND A LARGER PLACE IN WHICH TO HANDLE THE TRADE

The increasing importance of Fort Worth in a business way appears evident every day, and not only is this shown in the new buildings going up and being immediately occupied, but buildings already occupied are being improved in every way.

WHILE THEY STAND ABOUT POOL IN THE CAPITAL YARD, A JOKER TALKS TO THEM THROUGH THE DRAIN PIPE OF FOUNTAIN

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 25.—One of the most amusing incidents to the spectators ever witnessed on the capitol campus occurred yesterday evening.

LAKE BEING DRAINED

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Weak Lungs

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J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Advertisement for Armour & Co. featuring 'Helmet Brand OF CANNED MEATS' and 'No Other Goods will Give You the Same Satisfaction'.

Market Quotations

NORTH FORT WORTH, Sept. 26.—Receipts of cattle today were moderately liberal, with about sixty-six cars in the pens; total receipts figured close around 2,500.

Offerings of steers were light, but the few offerings in were composed of all kinds, from light thin feeders to well finished grades. There was a fairly good demand from both packers and feeder buyers, and the general trade ruled steady. Several loads of well finished grades were good enough to sell around \$4 to \$4.25, but the bulk went around \$3.50.

The butcher stock supply was fairly liberal and seemed to be fully enough to go around. Local packers were slow making bids, and with little competition from the outside, the general trade ruled barely steady, the bulk going at a range of from \$1.75 to \$2.25.

There was little or no change in the bulk market. Selling was fairly active, at a range of from \$1.50 to \$2. Salesmen were up against a hard proposition in the calf trade today. Buyers seemed to want few and the general trade was slow and draggy, salesmen working hard to get steady prices.

The run of hogs amounted to a fairly liberal number today. At the opening of the market sixteen cars were in the pens, with about three cars stacked, and total receipts were estimated to figure about 1,500.

The quality was fairly good, and from the start packers began taking the supply on a strong basis. Reports continued to show strength at other points and closing sales ruled about 25 higher than Saturday's. The bulk of sales today was at a range of from \$5.75 to \$5.85, with the top at \$5.97 1/2, which was paid for one load averaging 230 pounds.

R. R. Russell of Kaw, Okla., had on the market today seventy-six steers that averaged around 1,240 pounds and topped the market at \$4.25. These cattle were highly graded 4-year-old short horns and were raised on Mr. Russell's ranch near Menardville, Texas. It is the smoothest quality bunch of steers seen on the yards for some time and were double wintered in the territory.

TODAY'S SHIPPERS

Table listing shippers and their respective quantities of cattle and hogs.

TODAY'S RECEIPTS

Table listing receipts for cattle, hogs, and sheep.

TOP PRICES TODAY

Table listing top prices for various types of cattle and hogs.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES

Table listing representative sales for steers, cows, hogs, and calves.

M. H. THOMAS & CO.

Bankers and Brokers, Cotton, Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds. Members New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, Liverpool Cotton Association, and Chicago Board of Trade. Direct private wires to exchanges. Removed to 709 Main Street, Fort Worth, Texas. Phone 2912.

W. LANDMAN

MANAGER. FORT WORTH BROKERAGE AND COMMISSION CO. Cotton, Grain, Stocks and Bonds. Private wires to New York, New Orleans and Chicago. Phone 469. 106 West Eighth Street. Daily letters mailed on application.

FOREIGN MARKETS

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 24,000; market opened steady and strong and closed strong to higher; beefs, \$3.90 @ \$6.35; cows and heifers, \$1.50 @ \$4.40; stockers and feeders, \$2.25 @ \$4.40. Hogs—Receipts, 17,000; market opened with prospects higher and closed with a steady advance; mixed and butchers, \$3.85 @ \$6.25; good to choice heavy, \$5.00 @ \$6.30; rough heavy, \$3.70 @ \$5.90; light, \$5.90 @ \$6.30; bulk, \$5.60 @ \$6.10; pigs, \$4.40 @ \$4.50. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 14,000. Sheep—Receipts, 35,000; market steady; sheep, \$2.50 @ \$4.25; lambs, \$4.25 @ \$6.00.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 21,000; market lower; beefs, \$3.75 @ \$6.10; cows and heifers, \$1.40 @ \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 @ \$4.10; Texas and western, \$2.00 @ \$2.25. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; market steady; mixed and butchers, \$3.85 @ \$6.25; good to choice heavy, \$5.00 @ \$6.30; rough heavy, \$3.80 @ \$5.90; light, \$5.80 @ \$6.30; bulk, \$5.50 @ \$6.00; pigs, \$2.75 @ \$5.60. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; market lower; lambs, \$4.50 @ \$5.25; ewes, \$2.75 @ \$3.50; wethers, \$3.25 @ \$3.55.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000, including 3,500 Texans; market strong; steers, \$4.65 @ \$5.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.40; Texas steers, \$2.50 @ \$3.50; cows and heifers, \$2.60. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; market stronger; pigs and lights, \$4.50 @ \$5.70; packers, \$3.90 @ \$6.20; butchers, \$4.60 @ \$6.30. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market steady; sheep, \$3.50 @ \$3.75; lambs, \$4.65 @ \$5.50.

COTTON

PORT RECEIPTS (By Private Wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) Accumulative receipts, compared with the receipts of the same time last year.

Table comparing cotton receipts from various ports like Galveston, New Orleans, Mobile, etc.

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS

Table showing estimated receipts for New Orleans, Galveston, and Houston.

LIVERPOOL SPOTS

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 26.—The cotton market was easier in tone, with a limited demand. Spots were quoted at 4.6d for middling. Sales 4,000 bales. Receipts 12,000 bales, of which 11,500 were American. F. o. b., 400 bales. Yesterday's close: Middling 6.82d. Sales 2,000 bales. Receipts 4,000 bales. Tons irregular. Futures had the following range today:

Table showing futures prices for various grades of cotton.

NEW ORLEANS FUTURES

(By Private Wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 26.—The market was steady. Following is the range in quotations: Open, High, Low, Close.

Table showing futures prices for New Orleans.

NEW YORK FUTURES

(By Private Wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The market in cotton today was quiet. Following is the range in quotations: Open, High, Low, Close.

Table showing futures prices for New York.

NEW YORK SPOTS

(By Private Wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The spot cotton market was quiet. Prices and receipts were as follows: Today, Yesterday.

Table showing spot prices for New York.

GRAIN

(By private wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Wheat—3 1/2c lower. It took its tone wholly from the large primary receipts. While there was again a good cash business in all the markets it was no better than heretofore, and possibly a little less sharp. Traders, however, seem to take the view that the movement is likely to continue large for some weeks to come, and that with only a milling demand, this demand is likely to be filled up as stocks are likely to accumulate quite rapidly. This view has withdrawn some of the best recent buyers from the market, and a good many are disposed to hold off for a while. Thrashing returns in the West are also in many instances better than prevailing expectations. Cables only partially follow our advance here, and anyhow, cables are not much of a factor. The visible supply increased 1,192,000 against 1,312,000 last year, and is now 15,203,000 against 17,239,000 last year. Corn—3/8 to 1 cent lower. The May is the weaker, and the nearby options are the steeper. There were moderate high temperatures throughout the west, and scattered showers, but showery weather is predicted. The second return of frost encourages the retail absence of bearish sentiment. Both country and local traders are disposed to work on the short side. The visible supply increased 819,000 against 8,326,000 last year. Country offerings corn moderate and there is a fair demand. Market is quite largely over-sold, par-

tecularly for May. Oats—3/8 to 1-2 lower. There is doubtless an increasing shipping demand for oats, but the increase in the visible supply of 2,975,000 against a decrease of 181,000 last year, condenses the condition. The load is getting pretty heavy and the visible supply is now 18,154,000 against 6,154,000. There is undoubtedly also a much greater amount of oats in interior elevators hedged in this market than last year. The action of the market is not encouraging. Provisions—About 15 to 17 higher. While it is not active it is strong and shows an advancing tendency. Receipts of hogs continue small and the distributing demand good. We look for higher price.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN CABLE

(By Private Wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) LIVERPOOL, Sept. 26.—The following changes were noted in the corn and wheat market today: Wheat opened 3/4d up, at 1:30 p. m., 7/8d up, closed 3/4d up. Corn opened 3/4d up, at 1:30 p. m., 3/4d up, closed 3/4d up.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

(By Private Wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—The grain and provision markets ranged in prices today as follows:

Table showing grain and provision prices in Chicago.

STOCKS

NEW YORK STOCKS

(By Private Wire to M. H. Thomas & Co.) NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Stocks opened and closed as follows on the New York Stock Exchange today:

Table showing stock prices for various companies like Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, etc.

COMPLETE CAR IS BEING BUILT AT THE SHOPS

The first car ever built by the Northern Texas Traction Company at their shops in this city is about completed and will shortly be placed in service on the Interurban between Dallas and Dallas. The new car has been made completely in the shops of this city. It is an express car of the type already in service on the line. The construction of the car has been under the direction of Master Mechanic Quimby and Chief Carpenter Hutter and it is a fine specimen of the rolling stock that can be put out by the new car shops of the company.

The car has been constructed to meet the demands of the rapidly increasing express business of the company, the traffic from both this city and Dallas to the various intermediate towns being enormous. A special increase in this business has been noticed with the past few weeks, as a result of the picking up of the fall trade. The traffic is not being confined to small parcels, shipments as large as half car lots having been sent over the line recently.

RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE

Clyde D. Jones of the South McAlester and Amarillo railway postoffice has been transferred to the Newton and Fort Worth Railway postoffice. William A. Worley of Ardmore, I. T., has been appointed to the South McAlester and Amarillo railway postoffice. Matthew G. Crosby of Alto, Texas, has been appointed to the Palestine and Galveston railway postoffice. Harley A. Kewley of the Silcock Springs and Shreveport railway postoffice has been promoted from class No. 1 to class No. 2. Victor C. Meltzer of the Denison and Houston railway postoffice has been transferred to the Denison and Taylor railway postoffice. Edward C. Smith and Charles G. Denison of the Denison and Houston railway postoffice have been reduced from class No. 4 to class No. 3 on account of reorganization of service.

FOUND DEAD IN BED

EL PASO, Texas, Sept. 26.—Abner Lambert, aged 65 years, who has resided here sixteen years, was found dead in his room this morning. Investigation on the suicidal theory is being made. Lambert has no relatives here and is said to have formerly lived in Washington county, Ohio.

WONDERFUL RESOURCES OF THE WEST

If you are looking for a home and want to visit the West you can do so with very little expense, as the Union Pacific will sell One-way Colonist Tickets every day at the following rates: From Missouri River terminals: (Council Bluffs to Kansas City, inclusive.)

SEPTEMBER 15 TO OCTOBER 15

Table showing travel rates for various destinations like Ogdenville, Salt Lake City, etc.

A NEW BOARD AT HIGH NOON

State Secretary W. M. Lewis of the Y. M. C. A. Has Been Here for a Couple of Weeks Arranging Reorganization

FOR A BUILDING NOW

L. E. Jones Is to Act As Secretary for the Board and Some Effort to Improve Property Now Owned in This City will Be Made at Once

For two weeks Messrs. W. M. Lewis and L. E. Jones, secretaries of the state committee of the Young Men's Christian Association of Texas, have been working in Fort Worth on the reorganization of the board of directors of the local association.

The work has just been completed and the directory of the Fort Worth Association is now composed of the following well known business and professional men: Ralph P. Smith, W. C. Stripling, Noah Harding, W. B. Paddock, William D. Williams, F. W. Axtell, M. S. Bogart, Bert Rose, A. M. Young, E. C. Campbell and Dr. Frank Douglass Boyd.

At the first meeting of the new board the following officers were elected: Ralph P. Smith, president; W. F. Axtell, vice president; Noah Harding, treasurer, and W. B. Paddock, recording secretary.

Plans for general improvement of the property now owned by the association have been discussed and the following committee appointed to carefully study the situation, outline definite plans of improvements and report to a future meeting of the board: D. C. Campbell, chairman; W. C. Stripling, W. F. Axtell and M. S. Bogart.

The matter of the election of a permanent secretary was discussed and at the suggestion of State Secretary W. M. Lewis, L. E. Jones of the state committee was engaged to give his time for an indefinite period to a complete reorganization of the work and carrying out the work of improvement as determined on by that board.

Mr. Jones has had many years of experience in this line and will give his best thought to this work. Permanent committees of the board and association have been appointed as follows:

Finance—A. M. Young, D. C. Campbell, W. C. Stripling with Noah Harding, treasurer ex-officio. Committees on Vacancies—W. F. Axtell and Dr. Frank Boyd.

Auditing Committee—Bert Rose and Clyde Jack. Each man who has accepted a place on this board is in earnest and fully determined to build up the work of the Fort Worth Young Men's Christian Association and place it on a basis where it will equal that of other cities of the state and be of inestimable value to the city.

HON. S. B. COOPER OF BEAUMONT IN THE CITY

Hon. Samuel Bronson Cooper of Beaumont, member of congress from that district, was in the city yesterday, a guest of the Young Men's Christian Association. Congressman Cooper is probably one of the best known in the Texas delegation, and one of the most influential. He is a careful conservative man, who works unceasingly for the interests of his constituents, and during the campaign it was hardly believed by any one that the nomination would go to another. It did, however, and he is to retire after the present congress.

Since he has been in congress, Mr. Cooper has accomplished a great deal for his section of the state. Under his earnest work the attention of the rivers and harbors committee has been directed to the need for improvement at Sabine Pass, and the government has spent quite a large amount there, and more is to be spent. Mr. Cooper is now going to Washington to make an effort to get the fund which is now available for the work of cutting a channel across Sabine Lake, which is to connect the Neches and the Sabine rivers with the deep water of the sea. He expects to secure quite a good deal for this work at once.

From here Mr. Cooper goes to St. Louis to spend a few days at the fair, where members of his family are now visiting, and from there will go to Washington. Congressman Cooper is a sanguine of democratic success in many congressional districts which have heretofore gone republican, and believes the democrats will have the next house. He believes Parker is growing strong, and favors the navy and conservatism of the democratic nominee for the presidency.

INSPECTOR IS HERE FROM DALLAS

John Devereaux, who has charge of the improvements being made to the Federal building in Dallas, will visit this city this afternoon to make plans for the equipment of the building in this city with fire escapes.

It is also possible that while Mr. Devereaux is here he may investigate the changes that would be necessary in enlarging the building here according to plans already drawn. The appropriation for this enlargement is expected to be passed at the next session of congress.

The equipment of the building with fire escapes has been pending for a long time, the large force of clerks employed in the headquarters of the railway mail service on the third floor of the structure making loss of life and injury almost sure in case of a serious conflagration, as all the stairways are of wood and as elevator shafts invariably become choked with smoke and flames at large fires. It is expected the large escapes will be attached to the sides of the building, being available in this way from both ends of the long halls running through the building.

BOSSIE GARRETT

Bossie Garrett, aged 13 years, son of W. M. Garrett of Smithfield, died yesterday morning at about 11 o'clock. Funeral services were held this afternoon at that place.

ELLIS COUNTY CRIME

WAXAHACHIE, Texas, Sept. 26.—The fall term of district court convened this morning at 10 o'clock, with Judge J. E. Dillard of Kaufman on the bench. The first five weeks being devoted to the trial of civil suits. The first day of the term was devoted to the trial of the case of the grand jury was empaneled immediately after court was called to order.

J. A. DANFLETS

The death of John A. Danfleets, aged 53 years, a prominent resident of Handley, occurred at his home yesterday afternoon after a long illness. Mr. Danfleets, who was well known in this city, has been for many years a resident of Tarrant county and was formerly proprietor of the Gate City restaurant. Surviving him he leaves a wife, two sons and a daughter. Funeral services were held this afternoon from

Railroad Officials and State Engineer Accept the Big Interlocking Plant Which Has Just Been Completed

At 12 o'clock today the \$75,000 interlocking plant recently completed in the Texas and Pacific yards was formally turned over to the railroad company by builders and put into operation in the presence of a number of railroad officials and the engineer of the state railroad commission.

FINAL TOUCH TODAY

All morning gangs of men were at work under the direction of the various foremen, connecting up motors, putting up brand new white and red signal blade boards and oiling up the entire apparatus so it would be in the best possible condition for the final test. All morning the men who are to have charge of the tower were being put through the instructions necessary to work the keys and were also drilled on the signals and the workings of the system.

Promptly at 12 o'clock the plant was formally accepted and from now on few switches in the large yards will be turned by hand. Everything at the start worked nicely and experts present pronounced it the finest equipped plant they have ever seen.

The railroad officials present this morning when the plant was accepted were L. S. Thorn, vice president; J. W. Everman, assistant general manager; H. L. Redfield, assistant general freight agent; Page Harris, division superintendent; W. S. Polhemus, superintendent of joint track; Murray Harris, constructing engineer in the yards, and C. H. Long, civil engineer, all of the Texas and Pacific; also C. W. Pendell, chief engineer of the Santa Fe; J. W. Petherm, engineer of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas; W. Hall, superintendent of telegraph on the Katy, and M. Hovey, signal engineer for the Houston and Texas Central.

R. A. Thompson, the engineer for the state railroad commission, was also present and accepted the plant for the state. He has looked over the plant at various times during its building and today pronounced it as being as thoroughly complete as one of its kind could be with no detail lacking.

The time consumed in getting the yard in proper condition and the laying of the many tracks needed to properly erect the plant and the time consumed in its building has taken almost a year and has to a certain extent hindered the business being handled in the yards.

to Look Over the Structure and Decide Where Safety Devices Should Be Placed

FEDERAL BUILDING TO HAVE FIRE ESCAPES

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The steps for the improvement of the building have been taken without the knowledge of the custodian, that official declaring this morning that he knew nothing of the matter.

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The death of John A. Danfleets, aged 53 years, a prominent resident of Handley, occurred at his home yesterday afternoon after a long illness. Mr. Danfleets, who was well known in this city, has been for many years a resident of Tarrant county and was formerly proprietor of the Gate City restaurant. Surviving him he leaves a wife, two sons and a daughter. Funeral services were held this afternoon from

FARM LANDS -ALONG- "THE DENVER ROAD" -IN- NORTHWEST TEXAS (THE PANHANDLE) Are advancing in value at rate of 20 per cent per annum. Do You Know Any Equal Investment? As our assistance may be of great value toward securing what you need or wish, as regards either Agricultural Properties or Business Opportunities, and will cost nothing, why not use us? Drop us a postal. A. A. GLISSON, Gen. Pass. Agt. Fort Worth, Texas.

EVERY DAY IS CHEAP DAY NOW \$13.60 Except Thursday and Friday. ST. LOUIS and RETURN SATURDAY, SUNDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY. EVERY WEEK UNTIL NOV. 30. NOW WILL YOU GO TO ST. LOUIS? The arrangements for the DON'T WORRY CLUB are still in effect. You buy the ticket and we do the rest. Don't worry about anything you can get us to do for you. Trains always leave on time, 10:30 morning; 9:15 night. If you want the BEST TIME to St. Louis, the BEST TIME in St. Louis, and the BEST TIME out of St. Louis— Take the Cotton Belt Route Use our phone, No. 229, when you want to know. Use our office in Fort Worth National Bank Building. Use us. Use our line. In fact, we are for use, not ornament. IT DON'T COST A CENT TO ASK US. WE KNOW. JNO. M. ADAMS, C. P. & T. A.

A VERY LOW RATE TO THE GOLDEN STATE \$25 to CALIFORNIA, September 15 to October 15. BACK TO OHIO, INDIANA AND KENTUCKY, September 13, 20, 27 and October 11, one fare plus \$2 round trip. Ten days either way at St. Louis if desired. LOW RATES Daily to CHICAGO and ST. LOUIS. COACH EXCURSIONS to Kansas City and St. Louis at frequent intervals. ONE FARE and \$2 Kansas City and return, October 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, Royal Stock Show. Only Line with Through Sleepers Texas to Chicago. V. N. TURPIN, C. P. & T. A. Telephone 127. Cor. Fifth and Main.

CALIFORNIA & Intermediate Points ONE WAY—\$25.00—ONE WAY On Sale September 15 to October 15 HOUSTON and Return \$4.25 GALVESTON and Return \$4.50 On sale September 24. T. P. FENELON, C. P. A., 710 Main St. Both Phones, 193.

ONE-WAY RATES Every day from September 15th to October 15th, 1904, inclusive, the Union Pacific will sell one-way tickets from Missouri River Terminals (Council Bluffs to Kansas City, inclusive) as follows: \$20 to Ogdenville and Salt Lake City. \$20 to Helena and Butte, Montana. \$22.50 to Spokane and Wenatchee, Wash. \$22.50 to Huntington and Nampa, Idaho. \$25 to Portland, Tacoma and Seattle. \$25 to Vancouver and Victoria. \$25 to Ashland and Astoria, Oregon, via Portland. \$25 to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Correspondingly low rates to many other California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Utah and Idaho points. Through tourist cars run every day on Union Pacific between Missouri River and Pacific Coast; double berth \$3.75. For full information call on or address E. L. Lomax, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb. The only Western newspapers which resemble those published in other countries are those issued in India and Egypt, which copy English models. The few papers published at Tcherana contain little beside the shah's proclamations and pictures of prominent officials.

THE TELEGRAM

BY THE FORT WORTH TELEGRAM CO. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Entered at the Postoffice as second-class mail matter.

EIGHTH AND THROCKMORTON STS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES In Fort Worth and suburbs, by carrier, daily, per week, 10c. By mail, in advance, postage paid, daily, one month, 65c.

Subscribers falling to receive the paper promptly will please notify the office at once.

Mail subscribers in ordering change of address should be particular to give both NEW and OLD ADDRESSES, in order to insure a prompt and correct compliance with their request.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS Business department—Phone 177. Editorial rooms—Phone 678.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The Fort Worth Telegram will be gladly corrected upon due notice of same being given at the office, Eighth and Throckmorton streets, Fort Worth, Tex.

The Telegram absolutely guarantees a much larger paid daily circulation in the city of Fort Worth and surrounding territory than any other daily newspaper printed.



JUDGE PARKER'S LETTER

None the less braver than the sending of the gold telegram to the St. Louis convention is the letter which Judge Parker gives to the people of the country today, accepting the nomination for the presidency. Not only is he exhibiting bravery in his letter, in accepting and disposing of made issues, but he shows an absolute devotion to his party in the acceptance of the trust conferred upon him. In his concluding sentence he says: "I have put aside a congenial work, to which I had expected to devote my life, in order to assume, as best I can, the responsibilities your convention put upon me. I solicit the cordial co-operation and generous assistance of every man who believes that a change of measures and of men at this time would be wise, and urge harmony of endeavor as well as vigorous action on the part of all so minded."

It is a patriot who leaves that life work which he has because of his desires and ability selected, and undertakes another to which a portion of those throughout the country calls him, and as men have left the plow, the home and the workshop in other days in this country, to do the bidding of those who were willing to trust them, so has Judge Parker laid aside that judicial ermine which he has worn with so much credit to himself and to his profession, to undertake a trust which a spontaneous expression of democracy wishes to give into his keeping. If the people will by their votes accept him, it is not to be doubted that the purity which has characterized his judicial life will show in the executive.

His bravery is shown in the manner in which he accepts the challenge regarding the pension order. "I will revoke it," says Judge Parker, and there and then he proposes to the people of this country whether they desire to continue a man who by personal action usurps the power of the legislative branch, or whether they want to accept one who will guarantee the right protection to all veterans, but at the same time will protect the people's interests.

His discussion of the Dingley tariff act shows a very close knowledge of those affairs, and very ably does he point out the monstrosities which are veiled under the beneficent name of "free-protection." He is absolutely in favor of freedom for the residents of the far off islands which are now used as the dumping ground of those to whom political favors are due, and he emphasizes the fact that the American idea of government does not impose upon this people the duty of patrolling European countries in the interest of law and order. Official extravagance is very properly denounced as a crime, and on the

subject of extravagance he presents a serious indictment against the present administration. Taken altogether, while not as long as that of Mr. Roosevelt, it is much the stronger document, and its reading will have a great influence on the pending campaign.

AFTER PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

The Parker Constitution Club, of New York, is after the president with a sharp stick, on account of his pension order of March 15, which is characterized as "unconstitutional, lawless and most reprehensible." In a public document just given out, the club says: "It is a fair inference that the action of President Roosevelt three months before his nomination, was a bid for the pension vote. If Judge Parker should today announce that his pension commissioner, when appointed, would give a certificate to everybody who was 60 years old, and that his secretary of the treasury would honor this certificate, the reception of such a pronouncement by the people of this country may well be imagined.

"Why, then, should they receive differently the order of March last? Indeed, the president's act is far more serious, because he has, without warrant of law, and seizing the opportunity of office, in effect, appropriated the nation's money for his own campaign fund.

"The order in question is practically an announcement that the department will give a pension certificate to every applicant 62 years old. Such was the evident intention of the executive, as it is beyond intelligent supposition that anybody 62 years old, who applied for a pension, would trouble the department with affirmative proof that he was not disabled. Hence, the question of the constitutionality of the president's act depends upon whether the statute of congress granted pensions because a man was 62. If not, the order becomes a faithless departure from the law instead of a faithful execution of it."

After asserting that there are about 182,000 survivors of the civil war not on the pension rolls prior to this executive order and that if all these were to be placed on the rolls the result would be about \$15,000,000 increase in the annual expenditure, the article continues:

"In this aspect of the case President Roosevelt deliberately disregarded article 1, section 9, of the constitution, providing that 'No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law.' When congress appropriates money for the payment of pensions it provides for pensioners who have been placed on the rolls 'under the provisions of any and all acts of congress.' The president is prohibited from authorizing a dollar to be paid out of such appropriations except to a pensioner created by law."

The disposition so often manifested by President Roosevelt to deliberately override the plain and unmistakable provisions of the constitution is what has had such a tendency to arouse and alarm the people all over the country. They are afraid that there is no limit to the impetuosity of the man, and his desire for the accomplishment of some purpose will lead him to more rash ventures in the future than he has been guilty of in the past. He seems to be very much wedded to the opinion that his own will is supreme, and as president of the United States he is serving the people as their master instead of their servant. He has no regard, apparently, either for law or precedent. If the project meets with his personal approbation, that is all that is necessary. The people, the constitution and everything else can go to hades, if they stand in the way of personal predilection.

With regard to this pension order of which complaint is made, it was asserted by press and public men freely at the time it was made that there was no warrant of law for it. That it was not only unlawful, but it was contrary to the provisions of the constitution, and could not stand. But it was an idea of the president's and he

has made it stick up to the present time. What his object can be other than influencing the old soldier vote, no one can see or understand. The country has remained silent when other bribes of the kind were tossed out to the old soldiers, but this one is so flagrant that it could not escape general condemnation. Its purpose was too plain for it to be passed as a mere act of justice to the men who saved the Union.

With the rapid and continued increase in this pension graft, the common people may well stop and consider the question as to whether this is a government of and for the people, or a government of and for the old soldiers who are loyal under all circumstances to the republican national ticket. That now seems about the size of the situation, and the evil is constantly growing. Under present conditions it appears there is no limit to this graft. It has become so interwoven into the politics of the day that even the president of the United States, for the sake of personal popularity and profit, would deliberately set aside the sacred instrument binding the sisterhood of states in perpetual union, and throw open the door of the national treasury to the men he believes will aid him in obtaining election to the exalted position he now holds by virtue of a deplorable accident. Truly, politics in the United States have attained a very low ebb when such things are thus foisted upon the people.

And this is a man who is sworn to defend and be governed by the federal constitution. He is the head of the greatest nation on the face of the earth, and should in reality be a man among men. It is such a striking exhibition of smallness as to convince any fair-minded man that the best interest of the nation demands the repudiation of Rooseveltism at the November election in the most effectual manner in which it can be accomplished. Is it any wonder that statesmen who have grown gray in the service of the people look aghast upon the methods of this man who thus rough rides over the bill of rights of the masses? Is it any wonder that men of average understanding actually tremble for the future of the country, if it is again entrusted to the guidance of this erratic hand?

The personal honesty and integrity of President Roosevelt has not been called in question. It is the impetuous, erratic and dangerous disposition of the man that has caused such widespread apprehension. Under his continued administration of the affairs of this nation there can be no foretelling the results. Enough is known from his past actions, however, to stimulate the belief that he will accept election as indorsement of all his official acts, and he already stands pledged to conduct affairs in the future just as he has in the past. If he would stop there, the country might live over four years more of his administration, but he will not. Swollen with the pride of political success, and drunk with the wine of his personal vanity, four more years of Theodore Roosevelt would be pregnant with the promise of grave disaster to the American people.

John D. Rockefeller Jr. has given \$5,000 to a college. Wonder what it is that we'll have to pay more for?

S. J. Pierpont Morgan intends to take a rest. Welcome news. Thought maybe he might decide to take the rest.

The Russians claim to have a surprise in store for the Japs at Mukden. Maybe they don't intend to retreat.

Governor Mickey of Nebraska admits he rides on a railroad pass. Probably everybody in Nebraska knew it. The

Sully, the cotton man, is said to be at it again. But then there isn't a great deal of difference between "at it" and "up against" it.

This altogether meritorious production with a cast of very unusual strength, which includes such talented players as Miss Eva Montford, Mr. Elmer Grandin, Miss Mai Estelle and others whose names are assurances of good acting, will doubtless command well deserving patronage at Green-

Advertisement for Uneda Biscuit 5c. Text: Fresh in every climate: Hot or cold, wet or dry. Adapted to every condition: Rich or poor, sick or well. Suited to every color: White, black, red, yellow. Used by every age: Childhood, youth, manhood, old age. Good at all times: Breakfast, lunch, dinner, supper. And in all places: At work or play, by day or night. Uneda Biscuit 5c. NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

AMUSEMENTS

"DARKEST RUSSIA" is a play, the title of which plainly indicates a dealing with the intrigues and misdeeds of the government officials of the czar's mighty empire. It is a play that has done a very considerable toward opening the eyes of the world to the oppression and despotism existing in that woe-stricken country.

The remarkably large demand for seats to witness the performance of Jane Corcoran and her company in "Pretty Peggy" at Greenwall's opera house Saturday matinee and night, October 1, indicates that a record-breaking audience will greet this clever-

wall's opera house Wednesday and Thursday nights and Thursday matinee, September 28 and 29.

MASON AND MASON Mason and Mason in their new musical comedy "Fritz and Snitz," under the direction of Messrs. Broadhurst and Currie will be seen at Greenwall's opera house Friday night, September 20.

TO MEET HALF WAY NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—A letter published from ex-Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, in which he sharply characterizes the attitude of Lord Rosebery in respect to the fiscal question and vigorously condemns him, according to the London correspondent of the Times, for his views of the motives and intentions of these British colonies in supporting a policy of preference with the mother country.

"PRETTY PEGGY" The remarkably large demand for seats to witness the performance of Jane Corcoran and her company in "Pretty Peggy" at Greenwall's opera house Saturday matinee and night, October 1, indicates that a record-breaking audience will greet this clever-

er young star and her metropolitan success. Miss Corcoran has not been seen here for some time, and since her last local appearance she has scored a brilliant "hit" that has placed her in the very foremost ranks among the most popular of stage celebrities.

EDITOR TELEGRAM Your "Lay Sermon" in Sunday morning's Telegram is well worthy of commendation. If such examples and exhortations appeared more frequently in the secular press, the influence for good could not be computed.

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very much alive. Are you not surprised to see Eustace?" "Indeed I was." Colonel Ashmore had descended the steps. Evelyn turned away to hide her tell-tale countenance, which she feared might reveal to Barbara the joy she felt in meeting her old admirer again.

"AU BORD DU LAC"

BY MRS. ARTHUR A-BRACKETT.

Mrs. S was seated in the garden of the hotel, a mass of chiffon, auburn hair, flowing draperies, open-work stockings and brown, high-heeled shoes. On her knees lay a sketch of the snow-capped mountains as seen from the distance. Drawing was the chief accomplishment in which she excelled.

"I feel beautiful, Spot," said she, addressing her faithful fox terrier, who wagged his tail intelligently in response to her remarks. "I feel beautiful and also pleased, for am I not gowned for table d'hote? No more dressing today, my dear Spottie. How do you like my frock?"

"Tis not my only—I have better still, And what you see is but my dishabille.

"It is a pity, isn't it, Spot, that there's no one to see me but you, the mountains, the lake, and the buzzing, buzzing flies?"

The sun had just touched the luxuriant red-brown hair with a deeper, richer tint when Miss Amos became conscious that two tourists, Anglians decidedly, were coming across the gravel path.

Evelyn Amos had of late questioned herself very frequently of rejecting such a desirable offer—distinguished, rich and, moreover, a most agreeable man. She could never satisfactorily answer herself.

What was the good of marrying a man with whom all the rest of the women were in love? Why should she follow the common, senseless herd? She, a beauty and an heiress!

Barbara Montgomery, Evelyn's particular friend, had judiciously pointed out the advantages and disadvantages of such a matrimonial venture, and in her summing up the former considerably outbalanced the latter. Evelyn thought Barbara's suggestion vulgar when she quoted the hackneyed saying that "There are as good fish in the sea as ever came out of it." This did not seem to her pertinent as applied to herself and Colonel Ashmore. The idea that, perhaps, he would console himself in a richer and more beautiful direction Evelyn repudiated in disdain.

"More beautiful!" She was vain enough to think that, with auburn hair undyed, fair complexion non-massaged, perfect figure, feet and hands, she could carry the world before her; in fact, she was proud of anything and everything that belonged to that marvelous vision of beauty, Evelyn Amos.

little creature, who could scarcely string together a couple of sentences grammatically! Had not she, Evelyn, been the belle of every place she had honored with her presence? Fly from her, indeed! What nonsense; and here was a proof.

So on the glorious June day, when Colonel Ashmore stood beside her, she felt no sort of surprise whatever. What more natural than that this man, who, a season and a half ago, had been her veriest slave, should now have returned to his allegiance? Here he was on the very first available opportunity hurrying to meet her again. Gratiified vanity made her eyes sparkle, although she flattered herself that she looked as if she saw no one for whom she felt the slightest interest.

"I am delighted to meet you, Miss Amos," said Colonel Ashmore. He was not in the least nervous, but, then, men don't carry their hearts on their coat sleeves—this was Evelyn's comforting reflection.

"I heard you were coming to Lausanne," he continued, extending his hand. Evelyn condescendingly offered hers and at the same time wondered why she had never realized before the charm of this man's personality. Many of the steamer sex look well in their silk hats, frock coats, and smart dress suits; this man, in whatever clothes he wore, seemed exactly suited to the place and the hour.

"No need, Miss Amos, to ask how you are?"

Evelyn smiled most graciously, fully aware that the accommodating sun was still lighting with its golden hue her oceans of chestnut hair.

"This is my cousin, Norton," he continued. "Mr. Herman Norton is, like yourself, a painter, and you two ought to become great friends."

But Evelyn could only think of the tall, upright man before her. Had he ever asked her to marry him? Had she dared refuse him? Surely she must have dreamed this episode of her career—it could not be true. Could he ever forgive her bad taste and the harm it must have done him? After all, it had only been bravado. Now—well, it would have been a brave person who would have dared to have said anything in his deprecation in her presence.

Barbara Montgomery's words occurred to her: "Eustace Ashmore is as good as he is handsome, as true as he is tall, a man absolutely devoid of swagger and conceit."

She agreed with Barbara and thought so, too.

Absence often works wonders in making us remember as well as forget, and Evelyn had of late remembered a great deal, and now Eustace was beside her once again—of his own accord.

little of their friends and their affairs, as both Evelyn and her aunt had tabooed all correspondence, so for the space of fifteen months they had been practically out of the world that finds its boundaries in London life.

Now they were both en route home and beginning to hear the echoes of the park. Her heart was full, for she realized that she was near the man of all others she most desired to see, "Eustace, the Rejected," as Barbara laughingly had christened him, was at her side to bid her welcome back.

"Because I was a fool once," she thought, "there is no reason why I should be a fool again, and, thank goodness, it is as easy to say yes as no. Everything comes to him or her—which is it?—who waits."

Pleasantly conscious that her mind was fully made up, she turned to respond to Herman Norton's brainy tittle-tattle on arts and books, thinking to herself that he was a good civilian copy of his military cousin.

Presently the boom of the dinner gong sounded across the sward. Colonel Ashmore shook his limbs as he got up from his seat, remarking: "How well you draw, Miss Amos; that's a capital cast."

"That's no castle, you duffer!" laughed Herman, as he offered to relieve Colonel Ashmore of Evelyn's sketch. "That's the large hotel on

the hill at Evian les Bains, over yonder.

"Oh, Lord! and I thought it was the castle of Chillon. I wondered at it having raised itself to such an exalted position so many miles above the level of the lake or sea."

Laughing, they made their way toward the Beau Rivage mutually pleased with one another and more than pleased with their individual selves. Herman Norton wondered how it was that Eustace had not spoken much in praise of this handsome and clever girl. He was himself quite in a fair way to succumb to her fascinations. Evelyn was telling herself that it was natural that Eustace should wish her to be on rapport with his relations; never in her life had she felt so happy and so much at peace.

As they entered the hotel and mounted the parapet they were joined by someone else. A vision in a white frock, blue sash, curly dark hair, a nez retrousee and laughing brown eyes. "You truant, you! you will be dreadfully late for dinner, you! You've found Evelyn, have you? Oh, you've found Evelyn, have you? The brown-eyed girl made a dart at her blue-eyed friend and demonstratively embraced her.

"Barbara!" Miss Amos was genuinely surprised. "Whoever expected to see you here of all people in the world? Is it really Barbara, or her astral body?" "I am no astral body, Evelyn; but

very much alive. Are you not surprised to see Eustace?"

"Indeed I was." Colonel Ashmore had descended the steps. Evelyn turned away to hide her tell-tale countenance, which she feared might reveal to Barbara the joy she felt in meeting her old admirer again.

L'amour ne se commande pas. "Of course, he has told you?" and Barbara scaped down the stairs following in the wake of the colonel. "Told me what?" and Evelyn looked toward Herman Norton inquiringly. "I suppose she meant my cousin's marriage; but, of course, you knew he was married a year ago?"

"Married! Married!" There was a pause.

"And whom has he married?" "Barbara"—The Tattler.

Advertisement for Calmet and Cluett. Text: CALMET. Cluett. QUARTER SIZE QUARTER COLLAR. CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., BAKERS OF CLUETT AND BORDERS SHIRTS.

Knights Bargain Bulletin For Tuesday!

Table listing various goods and their prices, including broadcloths, damask, napkins, and gloves.

Knights Dry Goods Co. 311 @ 313 HOUSTON STREET

JILTED LOVER IS ENTITLED TO HIS RING

A Maiden Who Failed to Keep Her Engagement Is Called Into Court and Forced to Return the Diamond

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—Engagement rings must be returned when young women decide to recall their promises to marry.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES ST. ANDREWS SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

VICTOR KUZDO, Solo Violinist, can be engaged for Sept. 29 for Concerts, Musicals, Entertainments, Ensemble playing and Instruction.

AMUSEMENTS Greenwall's Opera House

Wednesday and Thursday Nights, Sept. 29-30—Matinee Thursday 2:30 p. m. Sidney R. Ellis' all-star cast will present an elaborate scenic production of "DARKEST RUSSIA."

Friday Night, Sept. 30, MASON AND MASON In Mark E. Swan's latest successful Musical Comedy, "FRITZ AND SNITZ."

I. & G. N.

7:30 a. m. and 3:40 p. m. trains are the best and most convenient for

Waco and Marlin

Ask about our special round trip Marlin rate.

Remember

our 3:40 p. m. train carries a nice Parlor Car, seats free.

CITY OFFICE, Phone 219, 809 Main St.

R. W. TIPTON, C. T. A.

SAVES A CHILD

A Story of Railroad Life in Texas Which Reads Like Fiction, and Which Will Arouse Human Interest

A BABE ON THE TRACK

While Engineer Tries to Stop the Iron Horse, the Fireman Climbs over the Footboard, Leaps to the Ground and Beats Engine to the Child

TEMPLE, Texas, Sept. 25.—One of those thrilling incidents which the life of a railroad man is replete in fiction, but not so frequent in real life, occurred near the old Santa Fe stock pens three miles south of town a few days ago and the main principals of the affair have not yet succeeded in getting their respiratory organs to perform normally.

It was a brave deed, performed by a brave man. The mother of the child, Mrs. Claude Mahler, was a farm housewife.

DIVORCE BELLS RING

To the ordinary observer it would not appear that domestic discord is more prevalent in Bell county than elsewhere and the probabilities are that such is not the case.

PLAYS NO FAVORITES

The collector of Bell county's taxes, who is F. H. Goff, an old ex-Confederate soldier with only one arm, believes that he has no power or authority to construe its meaning to be anything else than what it says.

"PORT ARTHUR MY TOMB"



(Drawn from a pencil sketch taken from life since the investment of Port Arthur by the Japanese.)

REDMOND CAUSES MUCH TALK IN ENGLAND

LONDON, Sept. 25.—John E. Redmond's home rule speeches in Chicago, which have been widely quoted in the United Kingdom, are agitating ultra-unionist circles.

NEED THE CATHOLIC VOTE AGAINST SOCIALISM

ROME, Sept. 25.—Italo-Vatican relations are notably improving. The alarming and increasing influence of the anti-monarchic socialists over the masses evidenced by the late strike indicates the advisability of securing the vote of the Catholics in the coming election.

PRINCE OF AUSTRIA MIXED IN SCANDAL

LONDON, Sept. 25.—An extraordinary scandal has broken out in the imperial family of Austria. The name of the delinquent is withheld, but so much is known, that he is a near relative of the heir presumptive, a former officer of the army, from which he has recently been removed by reasons of the scandal.

Big Rooms Big Meals Small Cost

Notwithstanding malicious reports to the contrary, the Inside Inn at the World's Fair, St. Louis, has thoroughly sustained the high reputation of Mr. E. M. Stalter, its manager, for giving first-class accommodations at reasonable rates.

HIS CONSCIENCE HURTS FOR THIRTEEN YEARS

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 25.—A right remarkable case of restitution, the result of conscience, occurred in Austin today.

After the Stork

Advertisement for Anheuser-Busch's Malt-Nutrine, a food product for mothers and children.

GET THE HABIT

Advertisement for The Radium Rays, a studio offering portrait photography.

Advertisement for Martin's Best, a product emphasizing age, quality, and flavor.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 25.—George S. Lyon, Canadian golf champion, defeated Howard Chandler Egan, American national champion, on the Glen Echo Country Club links today for the Olympic golf championship of the world by the score of 3 up.

THE NEW NAME CINCINNATI, Sept. 25.—President Eugene Zimmerman said tonight: "We decided today to call our system the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Erie Marquette system."

DESTROYED BY FIRE BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 25.—The pattern and construction apartment and a paint shop of the Bethlehem Company were destroyed by fire this afternoon.

A NEWSPAPER FOR SALE SHERMAN, Texas, Sept. 25.—At a recent meeting of creditors it was decided to advertise the Weekly Courier plant for sale and accordingly sealed bids will be received until October 8, the date set for the sale.

SOME STOCK SALES CLARENDON, Texas, Sept. 25.—Will Lewis has returned from the Bell ranch in New Mexico, where he bought for Lewis & Moleworth 1,800 yearlings and big steers at p. t.

FIFTEEN YEARS IN PRISON BEAUMONT, Texas, Sept. 25.—Judge Watts this afternoon overruled a motion for a new trial for Jeff Scott, charged with murder, and sentenced him to fifteen years in the penitentiary.

Large advertisement for MALARIA medicine, including text about impure air and SSS brand.

JUDGE PARKER'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE

Sept. 26, 1904. To the Hon. Champ Clark and Others, Committee, Etc.

Gentlemen—In my response to your committee at the formal notification proceedings I referred to some matters not mentioned in this letter. I desire that these be considered as incorporated herein, and regret that lack of space prevents specific reference to them all.

While I presented my views at the notification proceedings concerning this vital issue, the overshadowing importance of this question impels me to refer to it again. The issue is oftentimes referred to as constitutionalism versus imperialism.

If we would retain our liberties and constitutional rights unimpaired we cannot permit or tolerate at any time or for any purpose the arrogation of unconstitutional powers by the executive branch of our government.

Already the national government has become centralized beyond any point contemplated or imagined by the founders of the constitution. How tremendously all this has added to the power of the president!

The magnitude of the country and its diversity of interests and population would enable a determined, ambitious and able executive, unimpaired by constitutional limitations and fired with the lust of power, to go far in the usurpation of authority and the aggrandizement of personal power before the situation could be fully appreciated or the people be aroused.

The issue of imperialism which has been thrust upon the country involves a decision whether the law of the land or the rule of individual caprice shall govern.

Whether there is any common law which can be applied and enforced by the federal courts cannot be determined by the president or by a candidate for the presidency.

The determination of this question was left by the people in framing the constitution to the judiciary and not to the executive. The supreme court of the United States has recently considered this question, and, in the case of the Western Union Telegraph company versus the Call Publishing company, to be found in the one hundred and eighty-first volume of the United States supreme court reports, at page 92.

The tariff reform is one of the cardinal principles of the Democratic faith, and the necessity for it was never greater than at the present time. It should be undertaken at once in the interest of all our people.

The Dingley tariff is excessive in many of its rates and, as to them at least, unjustly and oppressively burdens the people. It secures to domestic manufacturers, singly or in combination, the privilege of exacting excessive prices at home and prices far above the level of sales made regularly by them abroad with profit, thus giving a bounty to foreigners at the expense of our own people.

It contains many duties imposed for the express purpose only, as was openly avowed, of furnishing a basis for reduction by means of reciprocal trade treaties, which the Republican administration, impliedly at least, promised to negotiate.

Even now the argument most frequently urged in behalf of the Dingley tariff and against tariff reform generally is the necessity of caring for our infant industries. Many of these industries after a hundred years of lusty growth are looming up as industrial giants. In their case at least the Dingley tariff invites combination and monopoly and gives justification to the expression that the tariff is the mother of trusts.

For the above mentioned reasons, among many others, the people demand reform of these abuses, and such reform demands and should receive immediate attention.

The two leading parties have always differed as to the principle of customs taxation. Our party has always advanced the theory that the object is the raising of revenue for support of the government whatever other results may incidentally flow therefrom.

This difference of principle still subsists, but our party appreciates that the long continued policy of the country, as manifested in its statutes, makes it necessary that tariff reform should be prudently and sagaciously undertaken on scientific principles, to the end that there should not be an immediate revolution in existing conditions.

In the words of our platform we demand "a revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses, and for the common weal, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and discriminations."

It is true that the Republicans, who do not admit in their platform that the Dingley tariff needs the slightest alteration, are likely to retain a majority of the federal senate throughout the next presidential term and could, therefore, if they chose, block every attempt at legislative relief. But it should be remembered that the Republican party includes many revisionists, and I believe it will shrink from defying the popular will expressed unmistakably and peremptorily at the ballot box.

The people demand reform of existing conditions. Since the last Democratic administration the cost of living has grievously increased. Those having fixed incomes have suffered keenly; those living on wages, if there has been any increase, know that such increase has not kept pace with the advance in the cost of living, including rent and the necessities of life.

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In my address to the notification committee I said that tariff reform "is demanded by the best interests of both manufacturer and consumer." With equal truth it can be said that the benefits of reciprocal trade treaties would accrue to both. That the consumer would be helped is unquestionable. That the manufacturer would receive great benefit by extending his markets abroad hardly needs demonstration.

The statute relating to civil service is the outcome of the efforts of thoughtful, unselfish and public spirited citizens. Operation under it has frequently been of such a character as to offend against the spirit of the statute, but the results achieved, even under a partial enforcement of the law, have been such as to both deserve and command the utterance of the Democratic party that it stands committed to the principle of civil service reform and demands its just and impartial enforcement.

Our martyred president, William McKinley, appreciated this situation. He pointed out in his last address to the people that we must make sensible trade arrangements if "we shall extend the outlets for our increasing surplus."

This argument was made in the interest of our manufacturers, whose products, he urged, "have so multiplied that the problem of more markets requires our urgent and immediate attention." He had come to realize that the so called stand pat policy must give way; that there must be a reduction of duties to enable our manufacturers to cultivate foreign markets.

An isthmian canal has long been the hope of our statesmen and the avowed aim of the two great parties, as their platforms in the past show. The Panama route having been selected, the building of the canal should be pressed to completion with all reasonable expedition.

The methods by which the executive acquired the Panama canal route and rights are a source of regret to many. To them the statement that thereby a great public work was assured to the profit of our people is not a sufficient answer to the charge of violation of national good faith. They appreciate that the principles and healthy convictions which in their working out have made us free and great stand firmly against the argument or suggestion that we shall be blind to the nature of the means employed to promote our welfare.

Our commerce in American bottoms amounts to but 8 per cent of our total exports and imports. For seventy years prior to 1860, when the Republican party came into power, our merchant marine carried an average of 75 per cent of our foreign commerce. By 1877 it had dwindled to 27 per cent. Now we carry but a contemptibly small fraction of our exports and imports.

In some quarters it has been assumed that in the discussion of the Philippine question in my response the phrase "self government" was intended to mean something less than independence. It was not intended that it should be understood to mean nor do I think as used it does mean less than independence.

Recent disclosures, coupled with the rapid augmentation of government expenditures, show a need of an investigation of every department of the government. The Democrats in congress demanded it. The Republican majority refused the demand.

The foreign relations of the government have in late years assumed special importance. Prior to the acquisition of the Philippines we were practically invulnerable against attacks by foreign states.

We are justly proud of the officers and men of our army and navy. Both, however, have suffered from the persistent injection of personal and political influence. Promotions and appointments have been frequently based on favoritism instead of merit.

The national Democracy favors liberal pensions to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents on the ground that they deserve liberal treatment. It pledges by its platform adequate legislation to that end. But it denies the right of the executive to usurp the power of congress to legislate on that subject.

A vast expanse of country in the west, portions of which are to be found

In each of the sixteen states and territories mentioned in the law, is directly affected by the national statute—the outcome of intelligent and persistent efforts of leading citizens, providing for the reclamation of the arid lands for the benefit of home seekers. During the years of the development of the measure which finally received the vote of every member of the upper house of congress it encountered opposition, based to a large extent upon the view that the aim of its promoters was to secure the benefits of irrigation to private owners at government expense.

In 1902 the main canals and ditches in the region affected aggregated more than 69,000 miles, and the work of reclamation is but in its infancy. The total cost of construction of the necessary head gates, dams, main canals, ditches, reservoirs and pumping stations was at that time a little over \$35,000,000, which of itself suggests the hundreds of millions that may eventually be invested in the territory covered by the statute.

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It is said that "this order was made in the performance of a duty imposed upon the president by act of congress," but the provision making the imposition is not pointed out. The act to which the order refers, which is the one relating to pensions to civil war veterans, does not authorize pensions on the ground of age. It does grant pensions to those "suffering from any mental or physical disability or disabilities of a permanent character, not the result of their own vicious habits, which so incapacitate them from the performance of manual labor as to render them unable to earn a support."

The war closed nearly forty years ago. In the meantime many of our soldiers and sailors long survived the age of sixty-two and passed away without receiving any pension. Skillful pension attorneys, hunting through the statute, failed to find there a provision giving a pension to all who had reached sixty-two. Many prominent veterans urged the justice of congressional action giving a service pension to all veterans. Bills to that effect were introduced in congress. And not until March of this year did any one ever claim to have made the discovery that the president had power to treat the statute as if it read that when a claimant had passed the age of sixty-two years he is necessarily disabled one-half in ability to perform manual labor and therefore entitled to a pension.

The present pension commissioner indicated his view of the order when in a recent address he thanked the president for what he had done and advised his hearers to use their influence that a law might be passed to the same effect. Full confidence, after all, seems not to have been placed on the defense of justification, for it is pleaded in mitigation that a former Democratic president did something looking in that direction. Even if that were so, which is not admitted, our present duty would be none the less plain and imperative. Our people must never tolerate the citation of one act of usurpation of power as an excuse for another. The first may possibly be due to mistake; the second, being based on the first, cannot be. In explanation, however, it should be said that the order relied on simply provided that the age of seventy-five years should be regarded as evidence of inability to perform manual labor. Few men are able to perform manual labor at that age, but nearly all men are at sixty-two. The first order is based on a fact that experience teaches; the other is based on the assertion of that which is not true as a general rule.

The old inquiry, "What are you going to do about it?" is now stated in a new form. It is said by the administration, in reply to the public criticism of this order, that "it is easy to test our opponents' sincerity in this matter. The order in question is revocable at the pleasure of the executive. If our opponents come into power they can revoke this order and announce that they will treat the veterans of sixty-two and seventy as presumably in full bodily vigor and not entitled to pension. Will they authoritatively state that they intend to do this? If so, we accept the issue."

This suggests the suspicion at least that the order was made to create an issue; that it was supposed to present a strong strategic position in the battle of the ballots. But as the making of that order was, in my judgment, an attempted though perhaps unwitting encroachment upon the legislative power and therefore unwarranted by the constitution, the challenge is accepted. If elected I will revoke that order. But I go further and say that, that being done, I will contribute my effort toward the enactment of a law to be passed by both houses of congress and approved by the executive that will give an age pension without reference to disability to the surviving heroes of the civil war and under the provisions of which a pension may be accepted with dignity because of the consciousness that it comes as a just due from the people through their chosen representatives and not as largess distributed by the chief executive.

The foreign relations of the government have in late years assumed special importance. Prior to the acquisition of the Philippines we were practically invulnerable against attacks by foreign states. Those tropical possessions, however, 7,000 miles from our shores, have changed all this and have in effect put us under bonds to keep the peace. The new conditions call for a management of foreign affairs the more circumspect in that the recent American invasion of foreign markets in all parts of the world has excited the serious apprehension of all the great industrial peoples. It is essential, therefore, more than ever to adhere strictly to the traditional policy of the country as formulated by its first president and never, in my judgment, wisely departed from—to invite friendly relations with all nations while avoiding entangling alliances with any. Such a policy means the cultivation of peace instead of the glorification of war, and the minding of our own business in lieu of spectacular international meddling with the affairs of other nations.

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affairs by us is limited to the single office of enabling its people to work out their own political and national destiny for themselves free from the coercion of any European state.

Reform in Governmental Expenditures. Twenty-eight years have passed since the Democratic party of the state of New York in convention assembled recommended to the national Democracy the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden as its candidate for the presidency and declared it to be "their settled conviction that a return to the constitutional principles, frugal expenses and administrative purity of the founders of the republic is the first and most imperative duty of the times—the commanding imperative demand for reform in the administration of public affairs. As the expenditures of the last fiscal year amounted to the enormous total of \$68,000,000, it is evident that a thorough investigation of the public service and the immediate abandonment of useless and extravagant expenditures are more necessary now than they were then. This astounding increase is out of all proportion to the increase of our population and finds no excuse from whatever aspect we view the situation. The national Democratic platform declares that "large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without the impairment of the efficiency of any branch of the public service." Can there be any doubt of the accuracy of this statement? Between the expenditures of the year 1888, amounting to \$24,000,000, and those of the year 1904, amounting to \$68,000,000, there is a difference so great as to excite alarm in the breasts of all thoughtful men. An expenditure of \$24,000,000 paid for the Panama canal rights and to the state of Panama, the expenditures of the last fiscal year exceeded the sum of \$32,000,000, being more than double the expenditures of the government for all purposes during the fiscal year of Mr. Cleveland's administration.

The expenses of the first four years succeeding the last Democratic administration amounted to the enormous average of \$11,000,000 per year. This large expenditure was due to a considerable extent to the cost of the Spanish-American war, which occurred during that period. But the termination of that war brought about a saving of the treasury of \$20,000,000. The annual expenses of the government during the three subsequent years ending June 30, 1904, were about \$19,000,000, which is the largest sum hitherto reached during a like period since the close of the civil war.

This draft upon the revenues of the country has had the effect which might have been anticipated, and now we have presented the reversed situation, which led to the famous observation, "It is a condition and not a theory which confronts us," for, although the present incumbent found at the close of the first fiscal year a surplus of \$20,000,000, control of the administration of surplus receipts over expenditures of more than \$21,000,000, there was an excess of expenditures over receipts at the close of the fiscal year of \$2,000,000, and the official monthly reports made by the treasury department show that the expenditures are continuously and rapidly increasing, while the receipts are diminishing.

In this connection it is interesting to note the recent administrative orders forbidding government officers from making public any statement of estimates on which future appropriations are to be based.

If a man of ordinary intelligence and prudence should find in the operating expenses of his business such a tremendous percentage of increase, would he not promptly set on foot an inquiry into the cause of the waste and take immediate measures to stop it, especially when trusted employees have been found dishonest and convicted and a widespread impression exists that a thorough investigation may discover other cases of malfeasance? When the chief executive reported to congress that "through frauds, forgeries and perjuries and by shameless bribery in the courts, the interests of the public service in general and to the due administration of the post-office department have been notoriously violated," was there a general popular demand for a rigid, sweeping investigation by congress in addition to that undertaken by the executive himself? Such an investigation the Republican majority in congress would not permit, although the investigation insisted that the interests of good government demanded it. And the minority was right. The liberality, patriotism and national pride of the people should not be made an excuse for waste of the public funds. Official extravagance is official crime.

There is not a sentence in the Republican platform recommending a reduction in the expenditures of the government. Not a line suggesting that the increase in the cost of the war department from \$24,000,000 in 1888 to \$115,000,000 in 1904 should be inquired into, and not a paragraph calling for a thorough investigation of those departments of the government in which dishonesty has been recently disclosed.

The people, however, can by their votes, if they desire it, order such an investigation and inaugurate a policy of economy and retrenchment. It is sad to say that this will not be accomplished by endorsing in the polls the Republican majority of the house of representatives which refused the investigation and made the appropriations, nor by continuing in power the administration which made the disbursements.

Reform in expenditures must be had in both the civil, military and naval establishments in order that the national expenditures may be brought on a basis of peace and the government maintained without recourse to the taxes of war.

I have put aside a congenial work, to which I had expected to devote my life, in order to assume as best I can the responsibilities your convention put upon me. I solicit the cordial co-operation and generous assistance of every man who believes that a change of measures and of men at this time would be wise, and urge harmony of endeavor as well as vigorous action on the part of all so minded.

The issues are joined, and the people must render the verdict. Shall economy of administration be demanded or shall extravagance be encouraged?

Shall the wrongdoer be brought to bay by the people, or must justice wait upon political oligarchy?

Shall our government stand for equal opportunity or for special privilege? Shall it remain a government of law or become one of individual caprice?

Shall we cling to the rule of the people, or shall we embrace beneficent despotism? With calmness and confidence we await the people's verdict.

If called to the office of president I shall consider myself the chief magistrate of all the people and not of any faction, and shall ever be mindful of the fact that on many questions of national policy there are honest differences of opinion. I believe in the patriotism, good sense and absolute sincerity of all the people. I shall strive to remember that he who serves his party best who serves his country best. If it be the wish of the people that I undertake the duties of the presidency I pledge myself, with God's help, to devote all my powers and energy to the duties of this exalted office. Very truly yours, ALTON B. PARKER.

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CITATION

The State of Texas, in the District Court, Tarrant County, Texas, October Term, A. D. 1904.—To the Sheriff or any Constable of Tarrant County, Greeting:

You are hereby Commanded, That, by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the County of Tarrant four weeks previous to the return day thereof, you summon P. F. Burham, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the District Court, to be held in and for the County of Tarrant, at the Court House thereof, in the city of Fort Worth, on the second Monday in October, A. D. 1904, the same being the 19th day of said month, then and there to answer the petition of J. O. Burham as plaintiff, filed in said court, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1904, against P. F. Burham, as defendant.

Said suit being numbered 23248, the nature of which demand is as follows, to-wit: That plaintiff and defendant were duly and legally married on the 1st day of July, 1898, and lived together as husband and wife until the 4th day of July, 1901, when on account of harsh, cruel and inhuman treatment on the part of defendant, toward this plaintiff, their further living together was rendered insupportable. Plaintiff further states that defendant was an habitual drunkard, which fault plaintiff discovered a few weeks after their said marriage. That plaintiff and defendant jointly purchased lot 3, in block No. 17, on Rosen Heights addition to North Fort Worth, Texas, for \$125, paying \$10 cash and executing twenty-three vendors lien notes for the sum of \$5 each. That a short time after said purchase defendant left Tarrant county and plaintiff has not since heard from him. The deed to said property is executed to plaintiff and defendant jointly. Wherefore, plaintiff prays for divorce and that the above described property be set apart to her as her separate estate, and for the care and custody of their child, Dewey Burham, and for costs of suit and general relief.

Item Fall Not, but have you then and there before said court, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Jno. A. Martin, clerk of the District Court of Tarrant County, Texas, Given under my hand and seal of said county in Fort Worth, this 27th day of August, A. D. 1904.

JNO. A. MARTIN, Clerk District Court, Tarrant County, Texas.

By M. H. HARDIN, Deputy.

ONE-WAY RATES Every day from September 15 to October 15, 1904, the Union Pacific will sell One-Way Colonist tickets at the following rates, from Missouri River terminals: Council Bluffs, to Kansas City inclusive: \$20 to Ogden and Salt Lake City. \$20 to Butte, Anaconda and Helena. \$22.50 to Spokane and Wenatchee, Wash.

\$25 to Everett, Fairhaven, Whatcom, Vancouver and Victoria, via Huntington and Spokane.

\$25 to Portland and Astoria; or to Tacoma and Seattle, via Huntington and Portland or via Huntington and Spokane.

\$25 to Ashland, Roseburg, Eugene, Albany and Salem via Portland.

\$25 to San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and many other California points. From Chicago and St. Louis proper, seasonably low rates are in effect by lines connecting with the Union Pacific to all above points.

For full information call on, or address E. L. Lomax, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

THE BEST NEW YORK HOTEL On 46th street between 5th avenue and Broadway is located the famous Hotel Gallatin. This house is in the heart of the fashionable district of New York and convenient to theaters and big stores. During the summer months extremely low rates are made to transient guests. All rooms have electric lights, private telephone and private baths, yet the rate is only \$2 a day for two people.

Use Big 43 for unsteady discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of the mucous membranes. Painless, and not irritating or poisonous.

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\$13.60 VIA M. K. & T. RAILWAY TO ST. LOUIS AND RETURN COACH EXCURSIONS. Tickets on sale every Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday from September 17 to November 30. Limit 7 days from date of sale for return.

T. T. McDONALD, City Ticket Agent.

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE THE DIRECT LINE TO THE

WORLD'S FAIR

ST. LOUIS FROM ALL POINTS South and Southwest FASTEST TIME SERVICE UNEXCELLED

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Free Reclining Chair Cars Dining Cars (Meals a la Carte)

Folder containing diagram of World's Fair grounds, Map of St. Louis and complete information will be sent free on application to the nearest agent of the Mountain Route

H. C. TOWNSEND, GENERAL PASSENGER AND TICKET AGENT, ST. LOUIS.

Home Visitors Excursions TO OHIO, INDIANA and KENTUCKY VIA B. & O. S. W. R. R. One Fare Plus \$2.00 Thirty-day return limit.

Tickets on sale from points in Texas via all local lines, Sept. 6, 13, 20 and 27 and Oct. 11. Ten-day stop-over at St. Louis, either direction.

J. P. ROGERMAN, T. P. A. P. O. Box No. 3. DALLAS, TEXAS.

\$14.50 TO ST. PAUL OR MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN FROM KANSAS CITY

The Chicago Great Western Railway will on September 23, 29 and 30 sell tickets at above low rates. For further information apply to S. Greve, G. A. A.

WE STILL HAVE LEFT A FEW MORE OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL LOTS Note This: This sale is only on for a limited time DISSEL ADDITION HEATON & BURY CO., Victoria Bldg. Opp. Worth Hotel 810 Main Street

OLD COINS WANTED. WE BUY OLD COINS, SEND FOR free list B. Max Mehl, Fort Worth.

EUREKA REPAIR SHOP Bicycle Sundries and Expert Key Fitting. H. H. DERROUGH, Prop.

THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of September, 1904, the Texas and Pacific Railway Company will sell at the depot of its freight house in the city of Fort Worth, Texas, the following unclaimed property, to-wit: One carload of yellow pine lumber, 48,000 pounds, T. and P. car 781, consigned to J. Thomas & Co., Meriden, Kan., same having remained in possession of said railway company until there is danger of a total depreciation and loss of same.

Said sale shall be made at public auction and the proceeds, issuing from said sale, shall be applied on proper charges on and cost of sale, and the surplus, if any, shall be subject to the order of the owner, as provided by law.

Witness, the said Texas and Pacific Railway Company, by and through its duly authorized agent, this 19th day of September, 1904.

THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY. By—JOHN G. HARRIS, Agent.

UMBRELLAS WANTED—1,000 umbrellas to recover and repair. Corner Second and Main streets, Chas. Baggett.

MISCELLANEOUS Rent your fans from Bound Electric Co. FOR ALL KINDS of scavenger work, phone 918. Lee Taylor.

EXCHANGE—Furniture, stoves, carpets, matings, draperies of all kinds; the largest stock in the city where you can exchange your old goods for new. Everything sold on easy payment. Ladd Furniture and Carpet Co., 704-6 Houston street. Both phones 552.

WE HAVE A CUSTOMER FOR A SEVEN-ROOM house, not less than 100-foot lot, in southwest part of the city. Tempel, Dickinson & Modlin.

HAIRDRESSING Mme. L. Pratt, hairdressing, shampooing, facial and electrical massage, manicuring, chiropody and electrolysis. Residence calls a specialty. Am a late graduate of Chicago. 810 Calhoun, telephone, 2428.

"WINONA MILLS" "WINONA MILLS"—Seamless hosiery, knit underwear—will call on postal card request with full line samples. H. B. Simmons, salesman, Lock Box No. 1.

MINERAL WATER MINERAL WATERS, Gibson, Texas, Carlsbad, Wotan, Milford, Marlin Wells water delivered daily. Old phone 2167. New phone 919. Mineral Water Depot, 1002 Houston st.

MONEY TO LOAN Do you want a little money weekly or monthly payments on your salary? Empire Loan Co., 1212 Main.

HELP WANTED—MALE WANTED 100 men to buy a pair of Solid Blue \$3.50 shoes. Apply at Monday's

SCHOLARSHIP FREE for one month, day or night; call or write for particulars. Draughton's Practical Business College, Fort Worth, Board of Trade building, corner Seventh and Houston streets.

MAN—Under 45 to prepare for position as letter carrier in Fort Worth. Salary good. Position permanent. Entrance examination soon. Address immediately, box 570, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

BY MANUFACTURING house, trusty assistant for branch office, \$18 paid weekly. Position permanent. No capital required. Previous experience not essential. Address Branch Manager, Como block, Chicago.

WANTED—A good honest active white boy to clean up physician's office early in mornings and assist in drug store after school hours and on Saturdays and Sundays. Whittitt's Pharmacy, Boaz and Elizabeth streets.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE WANTED—Two girls to do chamber and dining room work. 1004 Lamar street.

SITUATIONS WANTED LADY WANTS A POSITION AS CASHIER. Maud Coe, 212 Belknap street.

GOOD competent clerk wishes position; wholesale house preferred. Apply, Zimmerman, police headquarters.

WANTED \$10 pays for a four months' scholarship, night school, at the Nelson-Draughton Business College, corner Sixth and Main street. J. W. Draughton, President.

WANTED—To buy or rent, a high-wheel invalid's chair. Address, H. B., Box 98, or phone 56-1 ring or 1648.

WANTED—Two good collectors. Call Telegram office 8 a. m. or 4 p. m.

WANTED 500 overcoats; will loan money or buy them. Simon's Loan office, 1503 Main street.

MOTHER and daughter wish two unfurnished rooms with board in private family on South Side. Permanent. Address, J. H.

WANTED TO RENT—House with seven or eight rooms, close to car line; modern conveniences. Apply Mrs. Phillips, 1307 Granger street.

WANTED TO REPAIR and refinish your furniture. Evers & Truman, 208 Houston street. Phone 1954-1 ring.

KING'S REPAIR SHOP—Machinist and electrician. New phone 789.

WANTED—One hundred old feather beds. Will pay good price. Please send your address to S. Sternsheim, Ft. Worth, general delivery. Will stay ten days.

WANTED—BOARDERS WANTED—Boarding block of car line, 1109 Galveston avenue. Mrs. E. W. Turner. Phone 1730.

FOR SALE ONE OF THE FINEST ranches in the state for sale by W. H. Graham, Cuero, Texas.

\$200 for \$275 upright piano, used three months. \$6.00 monthly. Alex Hirschfeld.

ICE 25c PER 100 at car back of Stewart & Elmyon. Phone 753. J. A. GOODWIN, wood yard.

FOR SALE—A first class Olds Mobile cheap for cash. Apply 1611 Hemphill.

FOR SALE—Fine cigar show case, bevel plate glass, cherry wood work, cost \$90; will sell for \$40; good as new. The J. J. Langover Co., opp. City Hall.

FOR SALE Two choice paper routes. Apply 8 a. m. to City Circulator.

PIANO BARGAINS—SLIGHTLY USED upright pianos at about one-third their value. Vose & Son, 1125; Schiller, 1189; Evers & Pond, 1175; first class condition; easy terms. Alex Hirschfeld, 812 Houston street.

FOR SALE—Automobile, fine condition, red body, single or double seat. Will sell at a great sacrifice as I am leaving city. Address Auto, this office.

FOR SALE—Nice, four-room cottage, water and gas connections; good barn and out buildings; large lot; fine shade trees; conveniently located. Address owner, P. O. Box 16, City.

FOR SALE—AN OLDSMOBILE. Apply at 1511 Hemphill street.

FOR SALE—Small upright piano and graphophone, cheap. 300 South Harding street. Phone 1962-300.

WANTED—TOBACCO TAGS TOBACCO TAGS bought at Sam Gubert's, 1211 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES FURNITURE WANTED We will always pay more for cash or exchange and \$1.00 per week will furnish your room complete.

NIX The Furniture Man, 302-4 Houston St. Both Phones.

OH, PAPA, I'm going to have my picture made. You get two dozen big for this for 25 cents at Hudson's Studio, Sixth and Houston.

DR. D. H. HARRIS has moved his dental office to 509 Main street.

CARPET RENOVATING WORKS—Carpets, rugs, feathers and mattresses renovated, made to order. Phone 167 1 ring old phone.

GET YOUR LAWN MOWER sharpened at Bound Electric Co., 1006 Houston st., by an expert.

GLASSES FITTED by my method will permanently stop headaches, indigestion, constipation, neuralgia, dyspepsia, epileptic fits and straighten cross eyes. No knife or medicine. Dr. T. J. Williams, Scientific Refractionist, 315 Houston street.

KING'S REPAIR SHOP—100 East Second street.

We Have Found It! Our method will not keep out the ordinary bills, but mosquito bills are no more when you use Agee Bros.' fourteen-mesh wire.

AGEE BROS. SCREEN CO. SEE L. J. HAWKINS at once for surplus dirt on Jennings avenue, where he is cutting the street down to be graveled. Phone 1633.

Special inducements to distant applicants. Splendid demand for graduates. Top wages paid. Can nearly earn expenses before finishing. Write nearest Branch, Moler Barber College, St. Louis, Mo., or New Orleans, La.

WANTED TO REPAIR and put up your stoves. Evers & Truman, 208 Houston street. Phone 1954-1 ring.

WE HAVE A CUSTOMER FOR A five-room house on the South Side, east front \$100 down and \$100 per month. Tempel, Dickinson & Modlin.

WANTED TO BUY WANTED TO BUY—A standing desk. Acme Laundry.


SKATING RINK. Come and learn to skate. Lessons free. Open at 10 a. m. Private parties solicited. 101 9Houston street.

TO EXCHANGE WANTED To trade fine new piano for good, well located lot in Fort Worth. Address Piano, care Telegram.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Tarrant county and Fort Worth residence property to trade for improved farm. F. L. Jones, Smithfield, Texas.

FOR EXCHANGE—Fine \$810 automobile, will exchange for diamond or good city lot, or will pay dime packing house; on corner lot anywhere on South Side or on East Side north of Fourth. Address Manager, care this office.

FOR RENT H. C.



BUYERS OF PRINTING COME TO DALLAS

THE PRINTING CENTER OF THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST

THE HOME THE DORSEY PRINTING COMPANY

The Largest and Best Equipped Establishment of Its Kind in America

Catalogues for all Departments Write DORSEY for the one you want

at the Spiritualist temple October 2. Miss Alma Johnson has gone to Los Angeles, Cal.

Ben Levy and his father, L. Levy, left last night for Chicago and St. Louis on a two weeks' trip.

R. R. Trimble, secretary of the general freight agent of the Missouri Pacific, was in the city yesterday. He was formerly in the Frisco office here.

W. H. Rook, the immigration inspector, is expected home from a trip through the north tomorrow, after an absence from Fort Worth of nearly thirty days.

WANTED—Messenger boys at the Western Union Telegraph Office, 501 Main street.

The clock in the tower of the Texas and Pacific depot has been repaired and is once again looking down on the world with the correct time on its face.

"He that will use all winds must shift his sail," and the merchant who would catch all breezes of trade must change his ad as often as the seaman changes his sail.

Work began today on the excavation for the pillars for the Rosen Heights car line bridge. The entire structure will be completed in about thirty days.

A building permit was issued at the city engineer's office today to Robert Andrews to erect a one-story frame dwelling house, cost \$1,600, in the Patislo addition, near the standpipe.

WANTED—Meat cutter who can help in grocery store at clerk, T. H. Mueller, 814 East Third street.

The pink and white social which is to be given by the ladies of All Saints' Hospital Wednesday night at No. 15 Broadway, promises to be a delightful affair, and the ladies hope to have a large patronage because upon the future of the hospital depends the raising of funds at once.

E. E. Leberman, the Pullman conductor who had his leg broken about four months ago at Taylor, has recovered sufficiently to return to his duties, and left this morning for St. Louis on his initial trip since the accident.

E. S. Scott, passenger conductor on the Katy, while coming south on the "Flyer" Saturday night, received a message at Denison announcing the death of his mother in the wreck of the Southern, near Knoxville, Tenn., on Saturday. She had just left him but two days before.

George B. Johnson, the chief dispatcher in the joint track office of the Texas and Pacific, yesterday received a telegram telling of his brother's death at Bonaparte, Iowa. He left last night for Fort Worth, his home, to attend the funeral. The brother was county attorney of Johnson county, Iowa, and a very prominent lawyer.

A young Mexican, who was just being locked up at police headquarters yesterday, made a dash for liberty and escaped through the front door. Repeated commands of "halt" brought no results, but a 45-calibre six-shooter, fired by an officer, soon had the desired effect on his hasty flight. He was recaptured and locked up.

Officials of the Texas and Pacific depot are up in arms against the large number of persons who congregate in the depot Sunday night with no other intention than to make the place one of meeting and gossiping for the evening. They are determined to break up this habit and will use more efficient methods than in the past.

Under the direction of Major Phil M. Hunt there will be a meeting tonight to perfect the organization of the new cavalry troop. Several members have already been sworn in and since the last meeting a number have expressed a desire to join the troop. It is expected, therefore, that tonight's meeting will see enough new members to make the required fifty and that the troop from now on will be a permanent organization.

WILL BET 30 TO 1

The Harvard Bachelor Apartments are the quietest, cleanest, coolest and sweetest in town, 400 Main street. (Rooms.)

POSTPONED

The thimble party that was to have been given at Mrs. Holdens, 204 Bessie street, has been postponed on account of death in the family.

LETTER TO LOWE BROS.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Dear Sirs: Shuffert Hardware Co., Hickory, N. C., bought a car load of paint; after selling it a few months, found out it measured seven pints a "gallon." Returned it to the maker and credited customers with what they had lost from short measure.

What do you think of a short-measure paint? Don't you think it half whitewash? Half the paints are part whitewash.

Go by the name: Devoe lead-and-zinc. Not whitening, but full-measure besides. A gallon Devoe is worth two of whitewash paint. Yours truly

F W DEVOE & CO

BEALL GOES TO ERATH

WAXAHACHIE, Texas, Sept. 26.—Congressman Jack Beall will go to Erath county, Texas, part of this week to make campaign speeches for the county democratic ticket. Part of the offices of that county are now filled by populists and they have a full ticket in the field in opposition to the democratic ticket. Mr. Beall goes to the county at the request of the campaign committee.

Mr. Beall went to Lancaster yesterday and delivered an oration at the unveiling ceremonies held by the Woodmen of the World.

Reporting upon the "Little Italy" of one of London's most crowded districts the health officer of the district says that the Italians are "generally superior" to the English persons who are their neighbors. They also take more care of their children, among whose the death rate is low, and they are sober.

A COMMITTEE IS TO CENSOR ALL RESOLUTIONS

R. E. Lee Camp Members Want Harmony in Everything and Hereafter Resolutions Go to the Committee First

The members of the R. E. Lee camp, No. 158, U. C. V., met at their headquarters in the court house Sunday afternoon with a splendid attendance for this period of the year. Lieutenant Commander H. C. Cantrell Sr. presided in the absence of Commander E. W. Taylor. The camp was opened with prayer by Acting Chaplain, M. J. Pankey.

Three new members were taken into the camp. They are John F. Waller, private, Company C, Eleventh Mississippi, third brigade, Jackson's division, J. E. Johnson's corps; R. B. Potts, private of Company K, Thirtieth Virginia regiment, Holmes' brigade, Pickett's division of Northern Virginia's army of Northern Virginia, and J. D. Spain, a private, Company H, Twelfth Alabama, Rhodes' brigade, D. H. Hill's division.

J. H. Dunlavy tendered his resignation as a member of the membership committee. On a vote the resignation was accepted and M. J. Pankey was appointed to succeed him.

Adjutant W. P. McConnell spoke to the camp concerning the approach of winter and of the fact there is but little money in the treasury and that it needed replenishing. In the course of his remarks he stated that a committee had been appointed to arrange an entertainment for raising funds. Comrade Ball of the committee then reported on the progress which had so far been made toward an excellent program. The entertainment is to take place early in October.

Comrade M. J. Pankey addressed the camp on the social side. He told of the lethargy the camp had been in during the summer and wished to caution the members about permitting it to continue throughout the winter. He advised all to work for the purpose of bringing into the camp the right spirit and to treasure those sentiments which all held so dear. He further advised the members to live in peace and harmony toward all.

A resolution, which was carried, was offered by Adjutant W. P. McConnell, who advised the appointment of such a committee. This committee is to be empowered to pass upon all resolutions before being presented to the camp. The following committee on resolutions was appointed: M. J. Pankey, W. T. Shaw and Dr. George Jackson.

The camp adjourned with prayer by the chaplain.

THE SONS OF VETERANS

Yesterday afternoon following the meeting of the veterans, the first meeting for several weeks was held by the members of R. E. Lee camp No. 229, U. S. C. V. The meeting although brief was an enthusiastic one.

On the absence of Commander Booth, the meeting was presided over by Commander in Chief N. R. Tisdal.

Assistant Adjutant Ball of the veterans' camp was asked to address the meeting and told an interesting reminiscence of the war days when he and his church meeting in the mountains of Alabama at Window Springs, near Tuscaloosa, by capturing the majority of the male members of the congregation who were deserters

THE NON-IRRITATING CATHARTIC

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

from the army. His story was an interesting one and evoked considerable mirth, while being told.

Commander Tisdal made a short talk on the interest the members should take in the camp and besought all to work for its continual upbuilding and permanency.

Miss Nona Leach played several selections on the piano to the delight of those present. To arrange a suitable program for the next meeting Miss Fanny Yates and C. S. Welch were appointed as a committee with power to act.

S. L. Blount was elected as a member of the camp.

No further business coming before the meeting it adjourned to meet on next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The annoyance of having dessert that is "just a little off" in flavor is obviated by always using **Burnett's Vanilla Extract**. Try it.

ONE MAN KILLED THREE INJURED IN WRECK

Washout on the Burlington Causes a Train to Be Ditched.

Heavy Rain Occurs Which Affects the Streams

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 26.—As a result of a washout on the Burlington railroad near Elmwood, two passenger cars were ditched today. One man was killed and three persons probably fatally injured. The wreck occurred at the junction of a small stream and the Kickapoo creek. The terrific rain storm visited this section last night, and the roadbed was washed out for a short distance, leaving the rails suspended in the air. The train struck the unsupported rails at a high speed, the engine shot across and left the track, but remained upright. The baggage car was hurled into a deep ditch and the smoker on top of it. The chair car remained on the track. The dead:

JOHN BOCK,
Fatally injured.
Rev. J. Kenniston, Elmwood.
Frank Reading, Galesburg.
M. Lentz, Galesburg.

THEY ARE COMING HOME

HOUSTON, Texas, Sept. 26.—Mrs. R. E. Perry of Fort Worth left for home this morning taking her two small children brought here last week by her husband.

Some time ago Mr. and Mrs. Perry were divorced, and the court issued a decree ordering the custody of the two small children to Mrs. Perry. Mr. Perry left Fort Worth and took the children with him. It was thought that he had come to Houston, where he has an aunt living, with the children.

The police department succeeded in locating him and the children and communicated the fact to the authorities at Fort Worth. Mrs. Perry left Fort Worth at once, provided with a warrant for his arrest. Now Mrs. Perry refuses to prosecute.

DISTRICT COUNCIL ELECTRICAL WORKERS

Will Meet in This City Next Month—Comprises Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and Indian Territory—Labor News

Another convention has been landed for Fort Worth, announcement being made by the Electrical Workers that the council of their organization for this district will meet in this city October 5.

The district comprises the states of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and the Indian Territory and it is expected that a large number of delegates will be in attendance.

The sessions of the council will be held in the Labor Temple. A program is being arranged but has not yet been announced. One of the national organizers and several officers of the organization from other states will be present.

PLUMBERS

No decision has yet been made by the employing plumbers regarding the advance asked by the plumbers of this city October 1, as announced in The Telegram. One of the leading plumbers, however, stated that a decision would be announced within a few days.

RETURN FROM CONVENTION

C. W. Woodman and a number of the delegates from this city returned yesterday from attendance at the Galveston convention of the Texas State Federation of Labor and express satisfaction at the work accomplished.

WASHINGTON INDICATIONS

Arkansas—Tonight and Tuesday, partly cloudy with local showers and cooler Tuesday.
Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Tonight and Tuesday, fair, cooler.
East Texas (north)—Tonight, partly cloudy with showers; Tuesday, showers.
East Texas (south)—Tonight, partly cloudy, with showers in interior Tuesday, showers, light to fresh west winds on coast.

UNABLE TO HARVEST

MUKDEN, Sept. 26.—Doubts are beginning to be felt as to whether it will be possible to continue the campaign through the winter, which begins in November. The Chinese have been unable to harvest the crops and there will probably be much distress, as it is very difficult to bring up stores from China for the native population.

Interesting facts regarding the question of physical degeneracy have been furnished by the use in England of old tailor measurements for comparison. A firm in the north of England has compared the measurements for clothing made two generations ago with those of today, the results going to show that chest and hip measurements are now three inches on the average more than they were sixty years ago.

The Welland and St. Lawrence canals were made free of all tolls during 1903 and it appears that the effect on trade was satisfactory, traffic of all kinds increasing.

ENDLESS CHAIN

The Humane Work of Capt. M. B. Loyd Is Increasing Every Day, and There Are Now Many Dogs in the Pound

SAME DOGS ARE RETAKEN

Boys Rob Emancipated Curs Which Have Escaped the Executioner of the Collar and Tags and Canines Are Again Put in Pound

Captain Loyd has a pretty big proposition on his hands as a result of his announcement that he would see no dog killed in the pound.

As a result of Captain Loyd's humane action seventy-odd dogs were released from the pound Saturday morning. But the story is not yet finished—there are considerably more than seventy stray dogs in the city of Fort Worth and since Captain Loyd announced his intention of paying them all out, Dog Catcher Moss has redoubled his efforts to capture them. Wagon after wagon load of assorted dogs have been arriving at the pound. With each load Dog Catcher Moss sighs a sigh of content.

"Well," says he, "if Captain Loyd is willing to pay 'em out I'm more than willing to put 'em in."

It is evident, therefore, that Captain Loyd has a pretty big job on his hands if he intends to pay out all the canines brought in by Dog Catcher Moss. Another complication of the affair is this: The dogs which were tagged on Saturday by Captain Loyd are being robbed of their collars by street urchins, so that the selfsame dogs are being recaptured and locked up.

In this way Captain Loyd will be the victim of a sort of endless chain movement and if he carries out his promise will pay the same dog out three or four times.

Police officers are uniting with Dog Catcher Moss to help bring in more dogs. While they were in favor of Captain Loyd's action from a humane standpoint, they believe as many others do that his paying out the stray dogs robs the ordinance of its desired effect. The fact that the loose curs have collars and tags does not keep them from being worthless and dangerous.

Again, some persons of their own accord notified the dog catcher to catch some worthless canines around their premises. The dog catcher did this, but when Captain Loyd paid the dogs out these same dogs went back to their old haunts to the great annoyance of the persons living there. "I guess I can't stop Captain Loyd paying them out," said Dog Catcher Moss this morning, "but I know one thing, he has got a bigger thing on his hands than he bargained for."

Dogs are still arriving at the pound. Captain Loyd refused to discuss the matter this morning when a reporter called at his office.

Curse DRINK

Drunkennes Cured to Stay Cured by White Ribbon Remedy

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquor after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and deterring to resist temptation.

Informed by Members of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Mrs. Anna Moore, Press Superintendent of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Los Angeles, Cal., states: "I have tested White Ribbon Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. I cheerfully recommend and endorse White Ribbon Remedy, and advise any woman to give it to any relative suffering from drunkenness."

Sold by druggists, 50c and \$1.00, and by Weaver's Pharmacy, 504 Main Street, Fort Worth.

\$25.00 To California

One Way Tickets. Sell Daily to Oct. 15.

\$10.60 Galveston and Return. Sell Oct. 9-10—Limit, Oct. 14.

\$13.50 Corpus Christi and Return. Sell Daily—60 days' limit.

E. A. PENNINGTON, C. P. A.,
Phone 458. 811 Main St.

AN EASY WAY TO GET ROOMS IN ST. LOUIS

For the benefit of its patrons the Passenger Department of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. has arranged to provide rooming quarters at St. Louis for

World's Fair Visitors

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Queen Quality Starch. Try it.

Picture frames at Brown & Vera's.

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Fashionable dressmaking. Mrs. Dora Boone, 1300 Huffman street.

Manning's Powder for Piles. Guaranteed by H. T. Pangburn & Co.

Dr. F. D. Thompson has moved into his new offices in the Fort Worth Nat. Bank building, Fifth and Main.

Manning's Powder for Tan, Freckles and Pimples. Guaranteed by H. T. Pangburn & Co.

It will always be found a little better and perhaps a little cheaper at the William Henry & R. E. Bell Hardware Co., 1615-17 Main.

Sydney L. Samuels has gone to Tyler for a short visit.

R. J. McDonald of Omaha, Neb., is visiting in the city.

H. Mueller returned yesterday from Chicago.

Miss Mabel Wyatt has returned from the World's Fair.

The warm weather of yesterday attracted large crowds to the City Park.

Jeff D. Hagler, a prominent cattleman of Vernon, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. G. V. Morton and wife have returned from St. Louis.

Miss Louie Hardison will leave this week for St. Louis, to spend her vacation.

John L. Wortham, financial agent of the state penitentiaries, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. E. J. Hargrove of Waco is in the city, visiting her son, M. L. Hargrove of 312 Bessie street.

Dr. Lyman A. Barber has returned from a two weeks' vacation on a West Texas ranch.

L. P. Robertson and wife returned yesterday from California, where they attended the conv. of Knights Templars.

J. M. Murray, general superintendent of the Fort Worth Telephone Company, has gone to Chicago and the World's Fair.

William P. Hobby of Houston, secretary of the democratic state committee and managing editor of the Houston Post, was in the city for a visit yesterday.

Miss Sadie Cornwell has returned from Galveston, where she was attending the medical department of the State University.

R. T. Roberts, who has been living in this city for some time, has gone to Portland, Ore., to make his home in the future.

The work of erecting poles for the new trolley line along Summit avenue has been begun by the Northern Texas Traction Company.


Harvey, the 2 1/2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Tucker, 109 South Boaz street, died late yesterday afternoon. The burial occurred today.

J. A. Chamberlain, a civil engineer of the Texas and Pacific, with headquarters at Boyce, La., is in Fort Worth today on company business.

W. M. Shedd, who has been absent in Houston several days on a business trip, returned Saturday quite sick and is now confined to his bed at his home on Adams street.

Cards have been issued by Rev. D. C. Limbaugh, announcing that services will be resumed by the Unitarian congrega-

THE OLD MAN OF THE SEA



The trial of Mildred Clifton, charged with the killing of Ab Patterson, is on trial in the Seventeenth district court room. A number of witnesses are in attendance, a number being from Cleburne. Patterson was killed December 23, 1903. The case was called at 2:30 this afternoon.

In the county court an adjournment followed the calling of the non-jury docket, which is set for this week. A number of cases were continued.

There was no business reported in the justices' courts.

NEW SUITS FILED

Two new suits were filed in the district clerk's office today:

Minnie Polk vs. John Polk, divorce.

John A. Richardson vs. Fort Worth Produce Company, personal injuries.

FINES ON WITNESSES

Judge Smith fined a number of absent jurors \$10 each for non-attendance on his court as commanded by subpoena.

COURT NOTES

There was an absence of entries in the marriage affidavit book in the county clerk's office.

State Senator D. W. Odell of Cleburne will assist in the prosecution in the case of the state against Mildred Clifton, charged with murder. Ex-County Judge W. D. McCoy of Johnson county and Mayor Nat. T. Higgins are attending the trial as witnesses.

WIFE OF BANKER FOUND IN A CANAL

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Sept. 26.—Mrs. W. E. Richards, aged 20, wife of a banker of Fairfield, Texas, was found dead this morning in a canal in Brackett Park. She escaped from Dr. Moody's sanitarium near the park Friday night by slipping the door key from the nurse while she was asleep. The remains were shipped to Fairfield tonight.

FOR SALE!

DOWN TOWN ROUTE ON TELEGRAM. IT WILL PAY \$25.00 PER WEEK TO THE RIGHT MAN. SEE W. H. CALKINS, THIS OFFICE.