

Wichita Weekly Times.

VOLUME XXII

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1911.

NUMBER 14

\$75,000,000 FOR FINANCING COTTON

PRESIDENT BARRETT ANNOUNCES THAT ENGLISH-FRENCH SYNDICATE WILL LOAN THAT AMOUNT.

INTEREST AT 6 PER CENT

Details of Plan Are Being Worked Out At Montgomery, Ala., Meeting.

By Associated Press. Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 14.—That the National government be memorialized by the Cotton Growers Convention now in session here to discontinue issuing all crop and acreage reports was recommended in a resolution submitted by N. P. Blackwell, the editor of a Dallas cotton paper. The resolution recommended also the suppression of ginners reports if the government cannot secure figures on cotton stock in spinners warehouses at the same time.

The Southern cotton growers estimate this year's crop at 12,240,000 bales.

President Barrett, of the Farmers' Union announced that a French and English syndicate has guaranteed \$75,000,000 to finance the South's cotton crop. The money to be loaned at six per cent interest. Details are to be perfected by a committee to be appointed here today.

One thousand men from every State in the Union, are in attendance.

One of the principal speakers was Senator E. D. Smith of South Carolina, who attacked the accuracy of the Government cotton report and said that the Southern farmer had lost money enough because of it to establish an insurance department or to insure proper figures. He declared, too, that Attorney General Wickham attempted to break a so-called monopoly to boost the price of cotton but took no action against combinations trying to force the staple down.

WOULD TWO SHOWS COME HERE SAME DAY?

Effort Will Be Made to Induce Wallace Hagenbeck and Sells-Floto to Come Here on Same Date.

The Wichita Falls Route this morning made a contract with the Sells-Floto circus from Altus to Wichita Falls, and back again the next day to Frederick, which the circus shows the day following its appearance here.

Advices from the railroad offices are to the effect that a movement is on foot to have the two circuses which are billed here on October 10 and 11 come on the same day instead of following each other. By such an arrangement it is thought that the patrons of the shows can be better pleased and a bigger crowd will come as a result. It is thought that where the people can come from a distance and see one show in the afternoon and the other at night, there will be a larger attendance at each than if it is necessary for people to stay over night or come again the next day in order to see both circuses.

Circus men say this is the only way that either of the shows can make any money, and certainly the plan would be to the benefit of the patrons as well as to the city.

The Sells-Floto show made this arrangement with another company showing at Austin this year, with the result that the biggest crowd, with one exception, ever in the city was in attendance.

CONCRETE TOMBS FOR 2,000.

Cincinnati Company to Erect \$100,000 Structure of Fireproof Material

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 13.—A monster mausoleum, capable of holding the bodies of 2,000 people, will be built in St. Joseph's Cemetery by the Cincinnati Mausoleum Company at a cost of over \$100,000. Ground for the improvement, which will be the first one of its kind erected in this part of the United States, will be broken next Friday afternoon, the first spadeful being turned up by Oscar J. Verkamp of the corporation, which has secured the necessary charter from the Secretary of State.

The building will be absolutely fireproof and of concrete construction, being reinforced with steel, and will have dimensions of 160x120 feet. The crypts will be large enough to hold the biggest coffin yet made, and in case a family desires to bury a member in this manner an opening will be picked out. The unconquered body will be slid into the opening, and as soon as mourners leave the premises, workmen with mixed concrete, will immediately cover up the opening, thereby hermetically sealing the coffin and its contents.

JUDGE FELDER WAS ACQUITTED

Special Judge Holds That County Judge Under Constitution and Statutes Is Given Right to Carry Pistol

County Judge C. B. Felder was acquitted before Judge Edgar Scurry, sitting as special judge in the county court this morning on charges of carrying a pistol and rudely displaying a pistol. Authorities were cited yesterday showing that a county judge has a right to carry a revolver. The county attorney could find no authority to the contrary.

Revenue Officers to Confer. Detroit, Mich., Sept. 13.—Between 200 and 300 internal revenue officers of the United States will meet in this city next week to discuss plans for the betterment of the service. The conference will be the first of its kind ever held, with the exception of a preliminary meeting held in Washington last year for organization purposes.

FLYNN SHOWS SPEED IN TRAINING

Pueblo Fireman Confident He Will Take Measure of Carl Morris.

New York, Sept. 13.—Carl Morris crawls over the Jim Flynn rocks on the road to the heavyweight championship fight fans will certainly regard him as the real white hope. That is the impression the Pueblo fireman has created since he struck the training camp at Johnson's roadhouse. Flynn is working like a beaver to blast the hopes of the Oklahoma giant, and he feels certain that he will do it. Any way, he is working to attain that end.

Three men almost as big as Morris have been helping Flynn get into shape and their lives have been made miserable by the fireman. He spares not a blow and seldom lets one go that does not hit the mark aimed for.

In the early part of the day Flynn took a long run on the road, not with the purpose of taking off any weight, because he has none to spare against such a mountain of flesh as Morris, but for the purpose of strengthening his wind for he expects work next Friday night at Madison Square Garden against Morris that will test his strength to the limit.

Mexican Veterans to Disband Chicago, Ill., Sept. 13.—Two aged survivors of the Mexican war, Francis Bentor and Thomas H. Wood, will disband the Western Association of Mexican War Veterans at its last camp fire and reunion in this city tomorrow. At the same meeting the Western Association of California Pioneers will be disbanded.

DISCOVERS MALTA FEVER AT DEL RIO

Four Goat Herders Contract Disease In Drinking Goats Milk—Fever Highly Fatal.

By Associated Press. Del Rio, Texas, Sept. 12.—Four cases endemic Mediterranean Malta fever are reported here by the U. S. surgeon. The patients are goat herders and the fever is said to result from their drinking goat's milk. This is the first demonstration of the indigenous occurrence of this disease in the United States. In the Mediterranean countries it is regarded as highly fatal.

REFINERY COMPANY'S REPRESENTATIVE COMING

A representative of a big oil refinery will be in Wichita Falls this week to look over the ground with a view of opening negotiations for the establishment of a refinery here. Secretary Day of the Chamber of Commerce received a letter today from the president of the company, with which he has been in correspondence for several weeks, saying their representative would be here.

Candy Factory Damaged By Fire. By Associated Press. Waco, Texas, Sept. 13.—The factory of the Rotan Candy Company was damaged about \$10,000 by fire this morning. A large supply of sugar was damaged.

Big Cattle Sales Agency Being Planned. By Associated Press. Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 13.—Plans for a three million dollar cattle sales agency here are being made by the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association executive committee.

GUMBEL'S SLAYER HELD WITHOUT BAIL

EMOTIONAL INSANITY WILL LIKELY BE PLEA OF MAN WHO SHOT WICHITA FALLS REAL ESTATE DEALER.

APPEARS UNCONCERNED

Man Charged With Murder Shows No Emotion When Arraigned—A Letter His Wife Wrote Gumbel

Special to The Times. Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 13.—Robert F. Curtis, the slayer of Henry C. Gumbel, the Kansas City and Wichita Falls real estate man, was held without bond Monday on a first degree murder charge.

The arraignment was at the prosecutor's office, the accused walking upstairs to face the charge and make his plea and then returning to his cell. He pleaded not guilty. It is believed his defense will be "emotional insanity."

When the name of Robert F. Curtis was called in the prosecutor's office a heavy set man of middle age arose from a chair. He flecked some ashes off the cigar he was smoking and laid it on the edge of a table behind the table sat Justice Setzler.

"Are you Robert F. Curtis?" Judge Setzler asked.

The man nodded. His lawyer stepped to his side and informed the justice that he would answer for his client. The judge picked up the long and rather technical complaint. He read: "That one Robert F. Curtis, willfully, premeditatedly and in a cool state of blood, did with malice aforethought upon the person of one—"

"That's enough," the lawyer interrupted. "We waive the reading of the complaint."

"Not guilty," the lawyer answered.

The judge turned toward Curtis. He merely nodded. He looked wanly out of the window. He picked up the cigar, absent mindedly and puffed on it. The other arm hung down his side. The fist was clenched. That was the only trace of emotion.

The preliminary will be Saturday at 10 o'clock in the courtroom at Independence and Forest avenue. Mr. Ahearn, the lawyer, asked if bond could be arranged for. Justice Setzler replied: "In cases of first degree murder where the proof is evident and the presumption great, bail is not permissible. Mr. Marshall, take charge of the prisoner."

But a marshal wasn't needed to take Curtis. He shook hands with a friend. He nodded to another there, walked down stairs to jail. There he asked to use the telephone, before being locked up in his cell. He took the telephone and called a number.

"Then he drew from his pocket an order blank.

"This is Curtis," he said, as he got the connection. "Take these orders, will you?"

He read off to a clerk at the Niles & Moser cigar store a list of orders he had taken Saturday shortly before going to the Kupper Hotel, where he shot fatally the man he believed had had improper relations with his wife. He hung up the receiver and walked to the cellroom door. It clanked behind him.

The oldest deputy at the jail says there never has been a man quite like Curtis behind the bars there. Curtis's friends and the state say it was a mad infatuation for a faithless wife that caused him to become a slayer. But Curtis disapproves and does not meet any qualification of the man popular imagination would have you picture as the type that would kill for love. As he sat in the prosecutor's office this morning he was the keen, calculating business man. He wasn't worried. He wasn't brooding over his troubles. At least, no worry was apparent.

IGNOMINIOUS END FOR LIBERAL UPRISING

Attack on Juarez Falls for Want of Weapons and Liberal Band Has Disbanded.

Juarez, Sept. 13.—The attack upon Juarez by a band of 100 Liberals warning of which threw this city into great excitement today failed to materialize through the inability of the Liberal Junta in El Paso to supply arms and ammunition. The Liberal band composed of about thirty Americans, a few Italians and Germans and a hundred or more Mexicans, gathered on the banks of the Rio Grande to receive the arms promised. A member of the junta delivered them three rifles and an old pistol saying, "This was the best the Junta could do" and the invaders disbanded. It is said the Liberal uprising is over.

PROS ARE LEADING BUT WETS WILL WIN

PROHIBITIONISTS ARE AHEAD 500 VOTES BUT PROHIBITION PAPER SAYS MAINE HAS GONE WET.

IS CLAIMED BY BOTH SIDES

Big Lead by Wets, Overbalanced by Pros and Now Seems About to Turn Bare Majority for Antis.

Portland, Sept. 13.—Late this afternoon the bulk of the indications were that Maine had gone dry. The count of the pro majority varying from 505 to 389.

By Associated Press. Portland, Me., Sept. 13.—The prohibitionists lead on the face of the official returns to date by about five hundred but the Portland Evening Press, a prohibition paper, says the state has gone wet by five hundred.

Portland, Me., Sept. 13.—Revised returns on the question of the repeal of constitutional prohibition at 1 o'clock this morning reduced the majority against repeal to 235. The total vote stood as follows: For repeal 60,216 Against repeal 60,511

Portland, Me., Sept. 13.—After a day of almost constant surprises, during which the result was many times hanging in the balance, it appeared last night on the face of the official returns from town and city clerks all but 196 towns and plantations that prohibition had won in the special election of Tuesday by 465 votes. Most of the towns yet to be heard from have been unofficially reported with small majorities favoring retention of the prohibitory amendment in the constitution and any change in the vote of those places is likely to help the prohibitionists.

In addition to the 465 majority shown by the clerks' returns, there are fifty more "dry" votes known to exist in Portland which are not included in the city clerk's report because of an admitted error. If necessary the anti-repealers will petition for a recount.

The change from an apparent victory for the "wet" side by 700 votes to 500 votes in favor of the "dry" came as a big surprise. The prohibitionists had practically conceded defeat while representatives of those who sought repeal had sent out numerous statements on the strength of their apparent safe majority.

On the other referendum questions before the people Tuesday, that proposing to make Augusta forever the capital of the state, and that favoring the direct majority, according to returns at hand late last night.

Mrs. L. M. Stevens, president of the National W. C. T. U., made a statement last night in which she said the "final day of the overthrow of the liquor traffic has been hastened."

Frederick G. Fassett, "secretary" of the Maine non-partisan local option league, said: "We do not concede that the amendment has been confirmed. We shall await the official canvass of the vote and at that time shall decide whether to take steps to secure an inspection of the ballots."

MILLER CONVICTED TO SERVE LIFE TERM

WOODWARD, OKLA., JURY TAKES BRIEF TIME TO DECIDE MURDER CASE.

THE PRISONER IS STOLID

With Smile for Family He Marches Off to Cell After Hearing Sentence.

Woodward, Okla., Sept. 12.—It took twelve men of Woodward county just seventy-five minutes Tuesday to decide that N. L. Miller of Alva caused the death of Mabel Oakes, the 18-year-old girl who was his stenographer during part of the time he was justice of the peace there.

When the jury retired shortly after 2 o'clock, many of those who had crowded into the little court room to hear the closing arguments of attorneys left, believing that no verdict would be reached for some hours.

About 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon there was a knock from the jury room, and when the bailiff unlocked the door the twelve men filed out, their faces solemn with the knowledge that in doing what they believed to be their duty they were taking away the liberty of a fellowman.

Crowd Gathers. The report that a verdict had been reached spread like wildfire, and hundreds who had left the room tried to rush their way back. The men who occupied seats and lined the walls in the face of Miller to know that he had heard the verdict as the foreman read it to the jury, he sat silent and stolid in his chair, his brow slightly clouded by a frown. As the foreman, reading the jury's verdict, reached the word "guilty," Miller looked up with an interested expression, but immediately his face grew calm again and he made no sound while the reading was going on.

When the verdict had been read and the sheriff came to take him to his cell, he turned and smiled at his family and marched away, his step steady and his bearing erect.

The closing day of the case found the interest keyed to the highest pitch. Not within the history of Woodward county has any case excited so wide an interest. The morning was occupied by the closing plea of Judge Wilson for the defense and the Pruleit of Oklahoma City for the state.

Arraignment Bitter. Never in the history of criminal trials has the Woodward county court house rung with such bitter denunciation as poured from the lips of Pruleit as he traced to the jury the various steps along the path that finally led N. L. Miller to the bar charged with killing Mabel Oakes. The case went to the jury at 2:30 and when the news went abroad at 3:45 that they were back in court it was supposed they deposited instructions.

Instead they delivered a verdict of guilty, fixing the punishment at life imprisonment. All through the trial Miller has proved and acted as the least interested of those present.

\$10,000 FIRE LOSS AT GREENVILLE TODAY

By Associated Press. Greenville, Sept. 13.—A lamp explosion at 1:45 this morning in the home of O. B. Brooks started a fire which destroyed seven residences and two barns with a loss of nearly \$10,000. W. F. Faulkner and family barely escaped. A Kingsbridge car ran over his leg and broke it.

The leg was made of wood. Cobb says it's one on the motorman.

Joe Agler, of the Newark team, is the star among the first basemen of the Eastern league. Out of 1,264 chances he has made just 15 wobbles.

LOW RATES FOR BIG LOG ROLLING M.W.A.

People of Grandfield Making Extensive Preparations to Entertain Visitors There Sept. 15 and 16.

For the occasion of the joint picnic and log rolling of the Modern Woodmen of America and the Woodmen of the World, to be held at Grandfield, Okla., on Sept. 15 and 16, the general passenger department of the Wichita Falls route has authorized an excursion rate of one and a third fare for the round trip. The tickets will be on sale Sept. 14, good returning Sept. 17.

For the event the Wichita Falls degree team of the M. W. A. will go in a body and enter the contests for prizes offered for the best drilled team as well other teams along the Wichita Falls route in Oklahoma. The people of Grandfield are making preparations to entertain the largest gathering ever brought together in the country, but mainly those of the railroads in making rates, expect to have visitors from every part of Southwest Oklahoma and Northwest Texas.

SECOND AVIATOR ENTERS HEARST CONTEST

James J. Ward Starts From New York On Flight to Pacific Coast for \$50,000.00 Prize.

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 13.—James J. Ward started at 9:08 o'clock this morning from Governor's Island for his flight from the Atlantic to the Pacific for the \$50,000 prize offered by William R. Hearst.

He arose easily clearing Governor's Island and expecting to fly at a height two thousand feet. He carried a message from General Grant to the Los Angeles military post. He is the second aviator to start for the Hearst prize, Fowler being the first.

Discuss Deeper Waterways. Richmond, Va., Sept. 12.—The betterment of waterways throughout the entire country, but mainly those in the eastern part of the United States, is the subject to be discussed by the 1,000 delegates who assembled in Richmond today for the annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association. The purpose of the convention is to pass upon measures that may best bring about the opening of such waterways and to promote the project for a chain of inland waterways from Boston to Beaufort, N. C., and thence to the Keys of Florida. Several of the links in the proposed intercoastal route are already completed or under construction.

I. X. L. CAFE WILL OPEN SUNDAY

Under the name of the I. X. L. Cafe, the restaurant heretofore known as the Saratoga, will be opening Sunday under new management and after a complete overhauling and remodeling.

The old Saratoga has enjoyed a fair patronage and apparently did a successful business. Through the slack summer months business has dropped off considerably, and the owners have determined to completely re-arrange the business methods as well as remodel the interior of the place, and improve the service.

As stated above, the intention is to open the place on next Sunday and to make for that occasion, as well as succeeding Sundays a feature of the table d'hote dinner. For these dinners no expense will be spared to give the very best cuisine and service to be had at a price within the reach of all.

In the re-arrangement, while it is the intention to conduct a strictly first-class cafe, the prices will remain the same as heretofore.

MT. ETNA ERUPTION BECOMES A DISASTER

By Associated Press. Catania, Sicily, Sept. 13.—The eruption of Mount Etna is assuming the proportions of a real disaster. The lava stream whose path crosses the railway in approaching the city station to the north is threatening the depots at Moio and Alcantara which were abandoned today.

Meeker On Trial at Dalhart. By Associated Press. Dalhart, Texas, Sept. 13.—The trial of Charles M. Meeker, charged with passing bogus paper on the banks here which began yesterday is of national interest. Meeker transacted business with banks in several southwestern states. He had London, England connections.

WILL CELEBRATE 29TH BIRTHDAY

LADIES OF CIVIC LEAGUE WILL GIVE ENTERTAINMENT ON CITY'S BIRTHDAY.

PROGRAM IN MAKING

Many Attractive and Interesting Features Are Being Planned—Entertainment to Be Given in Theatre.

The twenty-ninth anniversary of the founding of Wichita Falls will be celebrated by the Ladies of the Civic League with an entertainment at the Wichita Theatre on the night of September 27.

The program has not been completed, but it will include music under the direction of Dr. Dunavski, of the Wichita Falls Conservatory of Music, addresses by some of the founders of the city and other features. An effort will be made to depict Wichita Falls at the town site sale on September 27, 1882, and also represent Wichita Falls of today.

It is expected that several who were present at the sale of the town site will take part in the entertainment.

The announcement of the entertainment has met with an enthusiastic reception and a very successful celebration is looked for. In former days when the anniversary was celebrated a band of Comanche Indians would give a war dance on the hill top adjoining the city. It is probable that a war dance by make believe Indians will be staged at the entertainment. Sketches of Wichita Falls as the town site appeared in 1882, and at several different stages in the city's history together with sketches of some of the pioneers will be thrown on a curtain with a stereopticon.

Among those now living here who were here when the town site was sold in 1882 are: Judge J. H. Barwise, Mrs. A. H. Carrigan, W. E. Brothers, Alonzo Dickinson, W. J. Howard, Ed Wilson, M. H. Barwise, J. C. Ward and R. E. Huff.

WHY WE SHOULD VOTE FOR THE BONDS

To The Times: After traveling over many miles of the Dallas county graveled roads, it has made a believer of me, that good roads is what we need in Wichita county. While I believe we have made some mistakes in their construction that we might profit by, yet they are a success. The land has increased in value in spite of short crops. We will be benefited in various ways by voting for the coming bond issue.

First, it will turn some money loose in the county. Second, it will be a benefit to our town and country. Third, a large per cent of the money will come from the railroads and other corporations. If the heads of these railroads are willing to vote these bonds, why not all of us? We should not look at the few extra dollars that we would have to pay out, but look at the benefit it will be to our town and country. We can't get something for nothing. Let's build these roads, and run the risk of making a good crop next year. If we have both, all the better for us.

J. P. JACKSON.

TRIAL AT LOS ANGELES.

McNamaras to Be Tried in California City Instead of Indianapolis. According to Judge.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 13.—Judge Bordwell, before whom John J. and James J. McNamara will be tried Oct. 11 on indictments charging them with dynamiting and murder in connection with the blowing up of the Los Angeles Times plant, ruled that John J. McNamara must be tried in Los Angeles and not at Indianapolis, from which city it was claimed he had been kidnapped, as the defense had requested.

The bill of exceptions filed by the counsel for the defense questioned the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, but the court held it had jurisdiction. Cyrus McNutt, of the attorneys for the defense, stated there would be no appeal from his decision.

To Stop Jewel Robberies. New York, Sept. 13.—Representatives of eight jewelers' societies of the United States and Canada met in this city today to devise plans for the better protection of those engaged in selling jewelry and precious stones. The jewelers have been aroused to action by the unprecedented number of assaults and robberies reported by the trade during the past year. It is expected a large reward will be offered for the capture of the murderers of Adolph Stern, the clerk who was killed in the daylight raid on a Sixth Avenue jewelry store some months ago.

EARLIEST GINNING IN COTTON HISTORY

TOTAL OF 771,415 BALES HAD
BEEN GINNED UP TO SEP-
TEMBER 1.

DROUTH IS THE CAUSE

Some Counties in Texas Have Ginned
Practically Entire Crop.

Special to the Times.
Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—Cotton
ginned up to September first was
771,415 bales from the growth of the
1911 crop compared with 353,011 gin-
ned to the same date from the growth
of 1910. Texas ginned 559,114 bales,
compared with 325,435; Oklahoma
4,205 compared with 398; Louisiana
7,616 compared with 1,101; Arkansas
370 compared with 28. Alabama ginned
the greatest number, in her his-
tory, 40,500 bales. Round bales ginned
were 6,994 and Sea Island bales
639.
This report shows the ginning of
the 1911 crop to September 1 as more
rapid than in any similar period in
the industries history. Continued dry
weather especially in Texas, was the
principal cause. It is reported that
some Texas counties have ginned
practically their entire crop.

AUTO TURNED TURTLE, ONE BADLY HURT

Aaron Henson Sustained Three Broken
Ribs, His Wife Fractured Arm.
Tom Burnett Slightly Hurt.

Aaron C. Henson, a ranchman and
farmer living near Iowa Park, was
seriously injured late yesterday even-
ing when an auto driven by Tom
Burnett in which he and Mrs. Hen-
son were the passengers turned tur-
tle on the Iowa Park road about two
miles out from town. Three of Hen-
son's ribs were crushed in and he
was severely bruised. It was at first
feared he had been laterally injured
but no serious complications have yet
developed. Mrs. Henson was also
severely injured, one of the bones of
her forearm being fractured just be-
low the elbow and her left knee-
cap was dislocated. Mr. Burnett escaped
with slight bruises and was able to
drive home in another car last night.
Mr. and Mrs. Henson are at Miller &
Walker's Sanitarium, where they are
doing as well as could be hoped for.
The party had spent the afternoon
in town and were on their way home
when the accident happened. They
were running at high speed and had
been looking toward the oil special
on the Fort Worth & Denver along
which the public road runs, when
they reached a mud hole. Mr. Burn-
ett turned the steering wheel to
avoid the hole and the machine went
over upon its occupants. Mr. Burnett
was able to extricate himself without
much difficulty and assisted Mr. and
Mrs. Henson who occupied the rear
seat to release themselves. The ac-
cident had been witnessed from the
train and it was stopped and the vic-
tims placed aboard and brought to
this city. They were taken to Miller
& Walker's Sanitarium. Upon ex-
amination it was found that Burnett's
injuries were slight and a few hours
later he secured another machine and
drove home.

GOOD ROAD MAKING MATERIALS FOUND

T. R. T. Orth has on display at the
Water and Light Company's office
samples of crude asphalt and lime-
stone which it is believed will be
splendid materials for road construc-
tion.
Mr. Orth says that there are prac-
tically inexhaustible supplies of these
materials along the Katy railroad
within sixty-five miles of Wichita
Falls.
The samples will be submitted to
an expert.

STRENUOUS TIME FOR BRIDEGROOM JUDGE

Mon. Tom Simmonds Rushed in Patrol
Wagon to Court House, Where
Mock Trial Was Held.

Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 12.—Judge
Simmonds of the Sixty-seventh dis-
trict court arrived here this morning
with his bride from Little Rock, Ark.
He was rushed in a patrol wagon to
the court house where two other dis-
trict judges sat in mock trial until
he jumped the rail and fled. The bride
meanwhile was entertained by prom-
inent women of the city.

RAMSEY, CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNORSHIP

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF SUPREME
COURT TO ENTER LISTS
SOON.

CHAMPION OF THE PROHIS

Plans Are Shaping in Camp of Dry
to Put Out Many Aspiring
Campaigners.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 8.—From a
reliable source the information came
last night that Associate Justice W. F.
Ramsey of the supreme court will
soon be an avowed candidate for the
governorship in opposition to Governor
O. B. Colquitt in his contest for re-
election. Judge Ramsey was book-
ed for a political conference with T.
M. Campbell and other friends in
Dallas during the early part of the
week and it is said that this meeting
was for the purpose of perfecting
plans for his candidacy. It is also
said that the meeting of the prohibi-
tionists at Dallas, September 16 will
probably find him to the fore.

Judge Ramsey has been known to
have an ambition to be governor of
Texas for some time. In fact his
name was only recently mentioned
when the pro state committee met
ere during the session of the legis-
lature and at that time he spent much
time in the hotel corridors shaking
hands with "the boys." He has re-
acted his ambition to be a member of
the supreme court of Texas through
the appointment of T. M. Campbell
and it is now said that he will aspire
to the governorship at the instance
of his friends. It is also said that he
will not resign as a member of the
supreme court to allow Governor Col-
quitt to appoint his successor, but
will continue on the bench during
the campaign, simply allowing the
democratic party to nominate his
successor and retiring next January
regardless of his success in the gov-
ernor's race.

At the Dallas conference which
Judge Ramsey was booked to attend,
M. Campbell was present. This is
taken by many as an indication that
Campbell may be a candidate for the
United States senate as a running
mate for Ramsey and has called up
the old theory that Cone Johnson
and Poindexter might both be
offered places on the supreme court
by the pros, one to succeed Ramsey
and the other to oppose J. B. Dabell,
Colquitt's appointee. Later these two
men have been mentioned as pro-
candidates for congressman at large,
but they might like a place on the
supreme court. Still, according to the
general idea at the time that the pro-
ceeding was held here, it will be re-
membered that Thomas B. Love, who
was also in the Dallas conference,
was mentioned for the railroad com-
mission in opposition to John L.
Worham, another appointee of Gov.
Colquitt.

MOUNT ETNA IN VIOLENT ERUPTION

GREAT STREAMS OF LAVA COVER
FORESTS ON THE MOUNTAIN
SIDES.

NEW FISSURES OPENED

Dense Pall of Smoke Hangs Over
Mountain and Inhabitants Fled
in Panic.

Special to the Times.
Catania Sicily, Sept. 12.—The erup-
tion from Mount Etna increases in
volume and violence hourly and panic
prevails. From the northeast base of
the volcano a great stream of lava
flows, moving at the rate of 1250 feet
per hour. Sixteen new fissures have
opened about the crater within the
last twenty-four hours and the rivers
of lava have covered the forests of
larche and pine around the base of
the mountain, which have been grow-
ing many centuries.
The shocks are growing in violence
and a panic prevails. The fear of the
people is augmented by the great
heat and suffocating atmosphere. All
the country around is covered with
ashes and seems under an immense
funeral pall.
The people of the villages on the
slopes of Mount Etna have abandoned
their homes. Several houses have
been damaged by the earthquakes
and hundreds of men, women and
children, without shelter, go about
from place to place, carrying pictures
of the saints, crying and imploring
mercy.
At Giarre, sixteen miles from
Catania, the patients were carried out
of a hospital, who feared the building
would collapse.
A new fissure has opened above
Linguaglossa, which lies at the foot
of Mount Etna, and brilliant flashes
are seen. Lava now is descending
and threatens the villages. Even the
streets of Catania are covered with
ashes.

FREEAR-BRIN'S

SECOND-HAND STORE

817 Indiana Avenue—Opposite Colonial Theatre—The Blue Front

BIG GENUINE BARGAINS

Cash or Easy Payments






Good Second-Hand 9x12 Rugs **\$1.50**

\$20.00 Pedestal Table for **\$9.85**

350 Iron Bed for **95c**




\$10 Refrigerators **\$5.85**

Remnants of 65c Linoleum, **35c** per yard, for

\$5 RCKER **\$1.95**

ROGERS OF DECATUR TO RUN AGAINST STEPHENS

Present Congressman From the Thir-
teenth District to Have Opposition.
(Fort Worth Star-Telegram)
A. D. Rogers of Decatur will be a
candidate for congress in opposition
to John H. Stephens of the Thirteenth
District, according to information ad-
vanced by friends of Mr. Rogers.
Mr. Rogers is now serving his first
term in the Texas legislature, as rep-
resentative from Wise county. He
has held only one other political office
besides this, that being when he was
elected county treasurer. He has,
however, always taken an active in-
terest in politics, his influence hav-
ing elected several of his friends.
Mr. Rogers has become a leader
among the prohibitionists in the
house of representatives, despite the
fact that this is his first term. He
has shown himself an able debater,
not allowing himself to be perturbed
by any interruption or comments
which would have floored other speak-
ers.
He was proponent of the "tare"
bill in the regular session, requiring
the tare to be stamped on cotton
bales.
The district now represented by
Mr. Stephens, in which Mr. Rogers
will oppose him, is the second largest
in Texas in number of counties
being composed of forty-seven. The
largest, the Sixteenth, is represented
by William R. Smith, with fifty-eight
counties. Mr. Stephens has served
eight terms in congress.
The counties composing the Thir-
teenth district are Archer, Armstrong,
Baylor, Briscoe, Cason, Cas-
trot, Childress, Clay, Collingsworth,
Cooke, Cottle, Dallas, Dear Smith,
Denton, Dickens, Donley, Floyd, Hall,
Foard, Gray, Hansford, Hardeman,
Hartley, Hemphill, Hutchinson, Jack,
Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Montague,
Moore, Motley, Ochiltree, Oldham,
Parmer, Potter, Randall, Roberts,
Sherman, Swisher, Throckmorton,
Wheeler, Wichita, Wilbarger, Wise
and Young.

WANTED—SOMEONE TO SHAKE THE BOTTLE

IT CONTAINS WHITISH LIQUID
AND LIES BESIDE THREE
FEET OF FUSE.

WAS LEFT AS A SOUVENIR

By Two Prisoners Who Escaped From
the County Jail This Morning.
A Lurid Story.
From Saturday's Daily.
Prisoners at the county jail today
are walking about in their stocking
feet and every three one of them
coughs or sneezes the hairs stiffen
on his companion's heads. They talk
in low soft tones and keep away
from a corner of the run-around
where lies a small bottle containing
a light whitish fluid beside which
lies about a yard of fuse. They say
that the bottle contains nitro glycer-
ine and that the fuse is part of a
yeggmen's outfit and some of them
admit they know a yegg outfit when
they see it.
The prisoners tell a lurid story
about these articles and a hole under
one of the windows in the run-around
through which two guests of the
hotel de Randolph made their exit
last night without the formality of
getting their names off the register.
The two men who made their es-
cape gave their names when arrested
yesterday in connection with the
theft of a pair of shoes hung in front
of a shop on Indiana avenue; as Mike
Thompson and J. L. DeLaney.
They said when arrested they were
from Fort Worth and had just blow-
ed in yesterday morning.
Thompson was arrested by Deputy
Sheriff Humphries and DeLaney was
taken in by Deputy Constables Yeary
and Skoen. When searched at the
jail a clothes brush was found in
Thompson's pocket, but nothing was
found on DeLaney. Neither had a
cent in money.
This morning at about one thirty

BRYAN AND TEDDY CONFER IN NEW YORK

NEBIASKAN SPENDS NEARLY TWO
HOURS IN OFFICE OF THE FOR-
MER PRESIDENT.

New York, Sept. 9.—"What does it
mean? Can it be that there is some-
thing after all in the threat of a new
alignment of parties in the next
Presidential election?"
These and many other questions
and speculations ran through political
circles today when it was learned
that W. J. Bryan and Theodore Roose-
velt were having a heart-to-heart
talk in the ex-President's editorial of-
fices in the Outlook Building, 287
Fourth avenue.
Mr. Bryan was in the building
nearly two hours and spent most of
that time with the former President.
Mr. Roosevelt was in the finest of
spirits when he got through talking
with his former rival and shook
hands most cordially with him on the
way to the elevator. When he saw a
reporter a minute later, he was all
smiles and the famous teeth glisten-
ed.
"Mr. Bryan has been in to see you,
Mr. President?" was suggested.
"Yes," with a regular Roosevelt
smile. "Mr. Bryan and I have had
quite a nice visit. We had a general
talk on interesting subjects. That
was all."
Mr. Roosevelt further explained:
"Now I said Mr. Bryan came in to
see me. The fact is, he came into the
Outlook Building, and I was one of
several he came to see."
"Was it about forming a new
party?" he was asked.
This seemed to tickle Mr. Roosevelt
a lot. He threw his head back and
almost roared. Then he sobered
quickly and said softly a long-drawn-
out, peculiarly inflected "No." Then
as the significance of the situation be-
came more clear Mr. Roosevelt ex-
plained further:
"Now I said Mr. Bryan came in
to see me. The fact is, he came into
the Outlook Building, and I was one
of several he came to see."

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of
Wichita County Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to sum-
mon H. W. Widner by making pub-
lication of this citation once in each
week for four successive weeks pre-
vious to the return day hereof, in
some newspaper published in your
county, if there be a newspaper pub-
lished therein, but if not, then in any
newspaper published in the 30th
Judicial District; but if there be no
newspaper published in said Judicial
District, then in a newspaper pub-
lished in the nearest District to said
Judicial District, to appear at the
next regular term of the District
Court of Wichita county, to be held
at the court house thereof, in Wich-
ita Falls, Texas, on the 1st Monday in
December A. D. 1911, the same being
the 4th day of December A. D. 1911,
then and there to answer a petition
filed in said court on the 23rd day of
August A. D. 1911, in a suit, number-
ed on the docket of said court No.
4131, wherein Elmer Widner is plaintiff,
and H. W. Widner is defendant, and
said petition alleging that plaintiff
and defendant were lawfully married
on or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris,
Texas, that they lived together as
husband and wife until about July
21st, 1908, when defendant abandon-
ed plaintiff and has not lived with
plaintiff, but contributed to her sup-
port from said 21st day of July, 1908.
Plaintiff alleges that because of the
above facts she is entitled to an ab-
solute divorce from defendant. Plain-
tiff also alleges that during their mar-
riage four children were born to
plaintiff and defendant—three girls and
a boy, aged fifteen, ten, seven and five
years. Plaintiff alleges that she is
fully able to care for, support and
educate said children, that defend-
ant has abandoned them and should
not control said children.
Premises considered, plaintiff sues
prayer for service to defendant as re-
quired by law and upon final hearing
for an absolute divorce for exclusive
care and custody of said children for
all costs of suit and general relief as
she may be entitled.
Herein fail not, but have before
said court, at its aforesaid next regular
term, this writ with your return there-
on, showing how you have executed
the same.
Witness, A. F. Kerr, Clerk of the
District Court of Wichita county.
Given under my hand and the seal
of said court, at office in Wichita Falls,
Texas, this 23rd day of August,
A. D. 1911.
A. F. KERR, Clerk District Court
Wichita County,
w-11-ft



More Home Baking.
Better every way than the ready made foods
DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder
 A pure Cream of Tartar Powder
 Made from Grapes
 No Alum No Lime Phosphate

HAS A RIGHT TO CARRY SIX SHOOTER

Attorneys for Judge Felder Contend That He Has Violated No Law.

From Tuesday's Daily. That the county judge is a peace officer under the constitution and therefore has a right to carry a revolver at any and all times in the county in which he is county judge, was the contention of the attorneys for County Judge Felder at his trial before Special Judge Edgar Scurry in the county court this morning on an indictment charging him with carrying a pistol.

Judge Felder's attorneys cited a case from the supreme court in which a decision was rendered to that effect. County Attorney T. R. Boone, who is prosecuting the case asked for time to examine authorities and was given until nine o'clock tomorrow morning.

It is reported that an agreement groves of the oil palm. He moves in the case of two huge palms groves aggregating 800,000 trees situated near Usambura at the northern end of La Tanganyika, in which the natives rapidly dying off. There was formed a dense population in the groves. It now there are only about 200 persons left, and the physicians say that half of these were affected, and it only a question of time, and not very long time, till the groves will be completely depopulated and revert to wilderness. All this is of no little economic significance for the colonies where the Germans have been vigorously exerting themselves to promote the cultivation of coffee, sisal, rubber, cotton, and palm trees.

The generosity of the late King Chulalongkorn of Siam has brought the little town of Homberg, the emperor's favorite watering place, to some trouble. Upon the occasion of his last visit to Homberg several years ago, the King announced a gift to the city of a temple-like pavilion cover a spring which had been named in his honor. He also promised a sum of about \$5,500 for erecting it after its arrival from Siam. It was built and shipped according to plan, but the King died before sending the money for erecting it and now the city is wondering who will bear the expense of putting it up.

It is announced that the Bayre summer opera season will be repeated next year, the Wagner family has departed in this instance from usual practice of having the opera given only on alternate years. The reason for this change appears to be connected with the expiration of Parsifal copyrights at the end of the year after which that famous opera would naturally be placed upon the repertoire of all the leading opera houses of Germany.

The State railroad administration determined in future to keep its personnel in the highest condition of physical and mental fitness, and to avoid as much as possible the recurrence of accidents or its arising from breakdowns of the health. Orders have just been issued for the holding of a series of stringent tests, to which all locomotive engineers, firemen, signalmen, switchmen and other track employees are to be immediately subjected. Up to the 15th of these tests are to be repeated every five years, sight, hearing and nervous condition being submitted to thorough investigation. After the 15th of the examination is to take place every three years, and after 60 or 70 years, while in case of doubt

GREAT MEAT RATE INQUIRY IS BEGUN

Investigation That Opened at Oklahoma Will Directly Affect Live Stock and Meat Product Shipments.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Sept. 11.—What is regarded as one of the most important freight rate investigations ever conducted by the Interstate Commerce Commission was inaugurated here today with the initial hearing for the taking of evidence in regard to the rates on live stock, packing house products and fresh meats. The inquiry is to be a wide one. The purpose of the commission being not only to secure a parity of rates but to establish by definite order rates which the commission shall regard as reasonable and not unjustly discriminatory. The investigation will affect directly not only the live stock and packing house product rates throughout the Central West, but also those east of Chicago and west of Denver. The investigation is based upon complaints of the rates filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission by the Railroad Commission of Oklahoma, the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, the American National Live Stock Association, and other interested in live stock and meat product shipments. Following the taking of evidence in this city the commission will hold hearings in other cities, including Fort Worth, Kansas City and Chicago. A final determination of the proceeding is not expected before next spring.

ACTIVITY IN LEASING AROUND PETROLIA

Reported That 99 Company Has Entered Good Sand Below the Gas.

Petrolia, Texas, Sept. 9.—There is considerable activity here now in leasing land on account of the 99 Company's well two miles west of town which it is thought will be a good one as they are now drilling night's only and have men it is said watching the well. It is understood that a deep strata of good sand has been found and land in that country around the well for several miles is being leased. The following have been here the last few days looking after leases: Bean and Markowitz, Wichita Falls, H. G. Heslop, Fort Worth, J. E. England, Little Rock, Ark. E. H. Short, Orange, Texas. Mr. Birmingham of Houston, with the 99 Co.

The Producers well on the Stein tract 4 miles east is expected in any time, and it is thought will be a good one.

Maccabees to Boost Rates.

Port Huron, Mich., Sept. 12.—The special session of the Great Camp of the Knights of the Modern Maccabees, called to take action on the proposed increase in assessment rates, opened today with every prospect of a lively meeting. Like other fraternal insurance orders the Maccabees has reached that stage of its career when an increase in rates appears necessary to meet the losses resulting from the maturity of the first class certificates issued to the early members and carrying old age annuity as well as death benefits. A considerable element of the membership is strenuously opposed to the increase in assessments. Their representatives will introduce a resolution to meet the loss not by a raise in rates but by abolishing a number of highly paid offices that are declared to be superfluous and by otherwise reducing the expenses of maintaining the order.

H. C. GUMBEL KILLED IN KANSAS CITY

WICHITA FALLS REAL ESTATE MAN DIES FROM SHOTS FIRED BY CIGAR SALESMAN.

THREE SHOTS WERE FIRED

Dying Man Destroys Letters That Might Have Explained Motive for Shooting.

Henry C. Gumbel, who purchased the Wilson ranch in Archer county a few months ago and who has been engaged in the real estate business here having an office in the Kemp and Kell building, died Sunday from bullet wounds, the shots having been fired by Robert F. Curtis, a cigar salesman of Kansas City. Mr. Gumbel left Wichita Falls several weeks ago to look after his interests at Kansas City. Sunday morning the shooting and a dispatch from Kansas City says he died there yesterday.

The following account of the tragedy is reprinted from the Kansas City Star: The trembling fingers of Henry C. Gumbel, as he lay with three bullets in his body, tore to pieces three letters that probably would have explained why Robert F. Curtis shot him on the fourth floor of the Kupper Hotel at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The wounded man, still conscious and suffering intensely, deliberately destroyed the evidence in the presence of persons who had gone to his aid.

Curtis is a cigar salesman for Niles & Moser. He recently brought suit for divorce from his wife, naming Gumbel. Gumbel's mother formerly owned the Gumbel building at the southeast corner of Eighth and Walnut streets.

Went to Sheriff's Office. Curtis fled from the hotel after the shooting. Nobody saw him leave. He went to the sheriff's office in the county courthouse and offered to surrender. A deputy in the sheriff's office telephoned the marshal's office and Thomas Malone, a deputy went to the courthouse and took Curtis to the county jail. Curtis handed Joseph Strauss, the jailer, his revolver and calmly announced: "I shot him four times and I believe every shot took effect."

He was smoking a cigar and did not appear excited. Curtis stood in the office and telephoned his attorneys and other friends and wasn't locked up for forty-five minutes.

Three Bullets Took Effect. Gumbel was taken to the University Hospital. Curtis shot four times. Three of the bullets struck Gumbel. One hit him in the right shoulder and came out of his arm. Another hit him in the right breast, ranged down and came out his back. The third bullet entered his right breast a few inches below the other shot, ranged downward over the liver and into the stomach. This bullet was not extracted last night, as Gumbel's condition was too weak to allow it. Dr. Gordon A. Beedle, who attended Mr. Gumbel, pronounced his condition as critical last night.

Curtis evidently gained access to Gumbel's room, No. 422, and fired three of the bullets which passed through Gumbel's body made impractical on the wall opposite the door to 422, indicating that Gumbel was getting away at the time. The plaster was slipped where the leaden missiles had flattened themselves against the wall. Three shots were fired in quick succession. The fourth followed ten seconds later, while Gumbel was fleeing down the corridor.

Telephoned For Help. Gumbel ran west the full distance of the corridor and then turned to the south to another wing of the hotel open. The wounded man evidently tried to escape by getting into another room, but he failed to find a refuge until he reached the door of the last room in the south corridor. This room, 425, was the one Curtis had occupied and it was through the telephone in Curtis's room that Gumbel shouted to the telephone operator:

"Send help quick. I've been shot." The head of the bed was close to the telephone and one side was covered with blood where the injured man had supported himself while telephoning. When John McGarren, a clerk, reached the fourth floor landing, Gumbel was bleeding from his wounds and was staggering back toward his own room.

"Telephone my mother I've been shot," Gumbel said as he told McGarren his mother's telephone number. McGarren hurried down stairs to notify the police and bade the telephone operator notify the wounded man's mother.

"Curtis Shot Me." F. A. Benson and a guest were the next to arrive on the fourth floor. With the aid of a bellboy they carried the wounded man into his own room and laid him on the floor. Gumbel was revived only in his underwear and was fast weakening from the loss of blood. While Benson was telephoning the office for a physician and assistance, the guest spoke to the wounded man.

"Who shot you?" the guest inquired. "Curtis," Gumbel replied. "What Curtis?" Benson interrupted. "Robert Curtis," was the wounded man's answer. "Why did he shoot you?" "He thought I was fooling with his wife," Gumbel declared. The wounded man then turned to Benson, who had finished telephoning. "Saw Through The Trick" "Get me those letters under the bed covers," he ordered. Benson reached under the covers and took out

three letters. Two were addressed. The third, which was more bulky than the others was unaddressed. Gumbel tore two of the letters in small pieces and requested Benson to destroy the third. Benson attempted to slip the unaddressed letter in his pocket, but Gumbel saw him.

"I asked you to destroy that letter," Gumbel remarked. "Give it to me."

Then he tore it in small pieces and lay back and waited for medical aid to arrive. No one thought to look for the man who did the shooting. None of the hotel employees saw Curtis leave the floor, and it was believed he had left the building by climbing down a fire escape. All the window screens near the fire escape were unopened, however, and it is believed that Curtis went downstairs in the elevator and left the building unobserved. He was not seen again until his arrival at the sheriff's office, where he surrendered.

COUNTER PROPOSALS DISPLEASE FRANCE

IF ACCEPTED GERMANY WILL HAVE ADVANTAGE OVER EVERY OTHER POWER

END OF PROTECTORATE

Germany Demands Recognition of All German Concessions in Morocco.

By Associated Press. Paris, Sept. 11.—Germany's counter proposals to France over Morocco have affected the French government circles unpleasantly. It appears that Germany asks that every claim of German subjects to concessions in Morocco be recognized by France; that no new enterprises be recognized by France and that no new enterprise be started under the French protectorate without being internationalized equally, which it is said would give Germany advantages over every other power, even over France.

SCHOOLS OPEN; ATTENDANCE LARGE

From Monday's Daily

A triple force of clerks is sweating and toiling desperately at Martin's Book Store today in an effort to meet the insistent demands of fifteen hundred and more school pupils all of whom want to be waited upon at once. Other stores which handle school supplies were crowded all afternoon. Children streamed toward the school buildings from every direction this morning and before the opening hour all the buildings were filled.

With a generalship that seemed remarkable, a semblance of order was instituted in the school rooms and the pupils were assigned to their classes as rapidly as possible. This afternoon the pupils are buying their books and tomorrow class work will be started. While an estimate of the attendance was not obtainable today it is believed the enrollment has been the largest for the opening day in the history of the city.

POLITICAL FORTUNES HAVE BEEN JOINED

Campbell for Senate and Lightfoot for Governor to Campaign Together.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 11.—That the political fortunes of former governor, T. M. Campbell, as a candidate for the United States Senate and of Attorney General Lightfoot as a candidate for Governor during the coming campaign will be closely associated and under practically the same management seems to be an assured fact. A meeting of their friends was held Saturday night and another is scheduled here for tonight.

MEXICO PREPARING FOR ANOTHER OUTBREAK

Entire Fifth Battalion Will Be Stationed at Juarez Until After Election.

By Associated Press. Juarez, Mexico, Sept. 11.—The Mexican government is evidently preparing against an outbreak in the part of the Republic on Sept. 16. The entire fifth battalion now stationed at Torreon will be brought here early this week to be stationed here until after the election.

Nathan Straus at Berlin Congress.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—Nathan Straus of New York, whose work in establishing and maintaining pasteurized milk depots for the benefit of the poor of the large cities has placed him in the front rank of practical philanthropists, is in Berlin as the official representative of the United States at the Protection of Infants Congress, for the protection of infants. The congress, which had its formal opening today, is attended by delegates from many countries. The sessions will continue an entire week and will be devoted to the consideration of the problem of infant feeding in all its phases.

FOOD PRODUCTS GENERALLY LOWER

WITH EXCEPTIONS OF COFFEE, SUGAR AND POTATOES—FOOD COMMODITIES CHEAPER

NEW HIGH RECORD PRICES

Sugar Higher Than For Twelve Years. Coffee Higher Than Since Civil War—Potatoes Also Up.

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 11.—While thousands are starving in China and France is overrun with riots against high food prices, there is renewed attention in the United States to the high cost of living because sugar has reached its highest price in twelve years. Coffee prices are also at a new high record and potatoes are selling up to \$1.10 per bushel in the field. It is learned that with the exception of these three staples the month of Sept. in the United States began with food prices more favorable to the consumer than in September last year. Mess pork for example, was \$19 per barrel against \$24 at the same time last year.

Can Raise Cane in Texas.

San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 11.—With a bound, sugar has leaped into the center of the stage and is monopolizing for the present the limelight. In connection with this spectacular performance on the part of this usually retiring commodity, it is interesting to note that that valuable product will probably not be able to maintain its fictitious value very long, for it is reckoning without considering the important role the fertility of Texas soil is beginning to play. Commissioner of Agriculture Kone, in a bulletin recently issued, says cane grows very luxuriously in Texas and possesses a large amount of saccharine matter. Many of the counties of Southwest Texas are making a specialty of cane with such success that the return from this crop is estimated at \$8,200,000. In Cameron county alone, two sugar mills, at a cost of \$2,000,000, are being constructed to take care of this winter's crop. There are already two mills in operation in that county, and farmers are awaking to the great possibilities of the growing of cane.

Largest Vaudeville Theatre.

New York, Sept. 11.—In the new Bushwick Theatre, which was opened with a matinee performance today, Brooklyn lays claim to having the largest theatre in the country devoted exclusively to vaudeville. The new playhouse cost \$250,000 and has a seating capacity of 2,500. In its interior, furnishings and equipment it compares favorably with the finest of the modern theatres. The house is to be identified with the Percy G. Williams circuit.

SEN. BAILEY WILL NOT LEAVE TEXAS

Gainesville, Texas, Sept. 9.—Senator Bailey will not remove to New York nor remain in Washington after he retires from the senate in 1913, but will continue to reside in Texas. Furthermore, nothing can induce him to reconsider his withdrawal. His official career will end with his present term.

SEN. BAILEY WILL NOT LEAVE TEXAS

These positive statements were made this evening by several of the senator's friends who came this morning and spent the day with him. They were Col. R. M. Johnson, of Houston, John L. Wortham of Austin, Judge Nelson Phillips and J. J. Simmons of Dallas and Clarence Osmonly of Fort Worth.

COTTON CONDITION SEPT. 5, 67 PER CENT

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, Sept. 9.—The Department of Agriculture today announced that reports from six hundred and forty-five correspondents show the condition of the Texas cotton crop on Sept. 5 was 67 per cent against 68 per cent, which was the U. S. Government report for Aug. 28. The State report gives the August gainings as 421,005 bales, against 240,877 bales last year.

The present week of seven days, wholly dissociated from solar and lunar cycles, was adopted by Egyptian astronomers more than 3600 years ago. Senator Bailey will go to Fort Worth tonight and will be the guest of Capt. Burk Burnett and George Reynolds at the Seibold hotel for dinner. He will remain in Fort Worth until after the producers' conference. A new alarm indicator for firemen switches on an incandescent light at a point on a map corresponding with the place from which the alarm is sent. The electric dredges which are cutting the new state canal across New York have a capacity of more than 10,000 cubic yards of earth a day.

OFTEN MAKES A QUICK NEED FOR THE CURE THAT'S SURE
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR COUGHS AND COLDS WHOOPING COUGH AND ALL TROUBLES OF THROAT AND LUNGS
 PROMPT USE WILL OFTEN PREVENT PNEUMONIA AND CONSUMPTION
 PRICE 50c and \$1.00 SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Transfer of 5710 Acres of Oil Leases Recorded

A transfer of oil and gas leases on 5710 acres of land in Wichita county and 1580 acres in Clay county from Andrew Benson to Samuel Bell was filed for record in the county clerk's office.

Among the conditions of the transfer are that Bell will start drilling a well on the Douglas lease at Electra on or before September 15th and will drill two other wells at places to be designated by the said Benson. The wells are to be drilled to a depth of 2000 feet or until oil or gas in paying quantities is struck.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR FLIES 350 MILES WEDS MISS FORCE WITH 6 PASSENGERS

BEAUTIFUL GIRL OF EIGHTEEN BECOMES BRIDE OF MILLION. AIR DIVORCEE. ZEPPELIN DIRIGIBLE CRAFT COMPLETES A MOST NOTABLE TRIP.

A CARPENTER PREACHER STARTED ON SEPT. 6TH

Performed the Marriage Ceremony at the Summer Home of Col. Astor. Feat Regarded As the Most Notable in the History of Aviation. Berlin, Sept. 9.—The Zepppelin dirigible air craft the Schwaben, with six passengers aboard arrived at Berlin this morning completing its three hundred and fifty mile journey from Baden Baden, which began on Sept. 6. The feat is regarded as the most notable in the history of the aviation.

CATTLE RAISERS LOST \$100,000,000

PACKERS HAVE ARBITRARILY REDUCED PRICES PAID FOR LIVE STOCK.

MEETING IN FORT WORTH

By Associated Press. Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 12.—Consumers and producers conference for a direct attack on high cost of living opened here this morning with representatives of the Farmers Union, working men, professional and business men and of the Texas Cattle Raisers Association, planned to discuss a central selling agency and also the establishment of independent packing houses at some central point in Texas in order to reduce the cost of living. President Ed C. Lassiter, of the Texas Cattle Raisers Association, presided. He said he thought the cost of raising cattle had not decreased yet the total loss to that industry in the year ending July 31, 1911, was \$100,000,000 owing to the packers reducing their buying price of livestock.

Newest Well at Electra is Producing 600 to 1000 Barrels

Advices from Electra are that Red River well No. 1 drilled in the Chapman tract late Thursday evening is producing better than 600 barrels. Some estimates place the production close to 1000 barrels every twenty-four hours. The sand was struck at a depth of about 1000 feet. The Clayco people are expecting to bring in their No. 4 on the Woodruff tract within the next forty-eight hours. Oil men expect this to be one of the best wells in the field.

Daughter of Wealthy Banker. Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 9.—Mrs. Jones is the daughter of the late John S. Hagler, a wealthy cattleman and banker.

The Wichita Times

Published at The Times Building, Corner Seventh Street and Spott Avenue

The Times Publishing Company (Printers and Publishers)

Officers and Directors: Frank Kell, President; R. E. Huff, Vice President; Ed Howard, General Manager; G. D. Anderson, Sec'y. and Treas.; T. C. Thatcher, J. A. Kemp, Wiley Blair.

Subscription Rates: The Year, \$1.00

Entered at the Postoffice at Wichita Falls as second-class mail matter.

Ed Howard, General Manager

Hon. Jake Wolters has been presented with a beautiful cut glass punch-bowl by admiring friends. His "punches" have won him more fame than any of the other of his many accomplishments.

In order for the Texas Senate to have endorsed Senator Bailey's tariff policy it would have been necessary not only to rebuke Senator Culberson but the entire Texas Congressional delegation and in addition to that the National Democratic party.

The Record believes Senator Bailey has rendered his state a good service in making his retirement from the United States Senate, and completely withdrawing from state and national politics.

That, in the humble judgment of the Times, is the correct way of putting it. No one, not even Senator Bailey's bitter political enemies, have ever accused him of being a fool, and most men look upon him as an intellectual giant.

LORIMER THE LEADER.

Those who regard the initiative, referendum and the recall as a menace to our government have at last found a leader worthy of the cause.

"Since I was a boy I have heard it said that this government of ours must fall, but I have always believed it was indestructible so long as no laws can be placed on the statute books except they first be acceptable to the greatest minds of the country."

"But of late I am convinced that there is a method by which the government can be destroyed. We have been denouncing everybody and everything. 'Do the people rule?' they ask. Of course, the answer is 'Yes'."

"But we can only trust ourselves by some method whereby every statute enacted is first investigated by careful minds as to its effect on the people. Can anyone who thinks that laws placed on the statute books by the initiative and referendum will be put there after intelligent consideration? That is absolutely impossible."

"Talk about the intelligence of the people! Tell me, is there any man here who knows anyone whom he will trust, and follow on every question that could be presented? When we are willing to give up representative government we will accept the initiative and referendum."

After years of experience I am convinced that if we want a law on the statute books all the people combined are not capable of putting it there intelligently, but must appoint some one to draft it and be responsible for it.

"There is a mania just now for passing all kinds of laws. You men must rise up and stamp out this socialism and anarchy. This struggle means as much to us as the war of the rebel lion."

"I wish I knew one honest man who would act in accordance with his conscience regardless of what might happen. God gave it to me to live with human beings from the time I was at the bottom until I reached the top ring of the ladder, and I've found but few honest men who have the courage of their convictions."

"How long can a man hold public office who is unfaithful to the people? Not more than one term. The power is in the people right now. We need no recall."

Mr. Lorimer also tells the veterans that their work is "not yet done;" that "it is not always necessary to carry a gun that the people's government may live;" that "sometimes it can be protected at the ballot box" (an excellent sentiment, by the way.)

Here we have it from the highest authority on corrupt government that the initiative, referendum and recall are the very essence of anarchy and socialism—that the struggle means as much "to us" as the civil war. It means even more to "us" for whom he speaks.

The initiative, referendum and the recall mean more than war to the Lorimer brand of politicians; war means defeat to one side with peace afterward, but the initiative, referendum and recall mean extermination to the system of exploitation for which Senator Lorimer stands.

JOSEPH WELDON BAILEY.

(Dallas Times-Herald)

Senator Joseph Weldon Bailey has been the issue in Texas for ten years. His brilliancy, his magnetism and his most remarkable ability to make and hold friends, won for him first a seat in congress and then the position of United States Senator.

These lines are written in retrospect. Senator Bailey has stepped down and out. He may still be a factor in Texas politics, but the most brilliant part of his career lies behind him. He has much to be proud of and his enemies believe they have much to gloat over.

In later years when Bailey had won his re-election time and again with lame or feeble opposition he became the idol of Texas and won the admiration of the country. His brilliant speeches in the halls of congress picked the galleries. Foreign diplomats came to hear the eloquent Texan. The entire nation paused as he spoke.

There was nothing too good for this transplanted Mississippian in the opinion of the voters of the Lone Star state. He had spread the fame of this commonwealth to all parts of the globe. "You are from Texas, are you?" remarked the stranger. "Oh, yes, that's the place Joe Bailey comes from."

The derricks near Electra are now twenty miles apart, and coming closer to us all the time. Soon we hope to realize that the biggest oil field in the United States is right at our door. And by the time we are enjoying the comforts of two cent gas, we shall wonder how we ever managed to do so long without it.

The difference between the rich mail order houses and the local merchant is this: The mail order houses know that advertising is an investment, whereas the local merchant too often imagines that it is an item of expense. That is why the mail order houses are so hard to compete with.

Now that the prohibition question has been settled at Amarillo the citizens of that place are getting together for the building of a bigger and better town. They have gathered together on common ground and a platform of progressiveness, designed for the general advancement of Amarillo.

San Antonio is certainly blessed with a bunch of live, wide-awake men who are engaged in the mercantile business. As an evidence of this, the special industrial edition of the Express, issued on the 7th and containing 128 pages, giving a comprehensive and detailed account of the limitless resources and wonderful possibilities of the Southwest Texas, one of our goods establishments filled one entire section of 12 pages in telling the readers of this splendid paper of what it had to sell.

On Monday night there will be a meeting of the tax-paying citizens of precinct No. 1 held at the court house in this city for the purpose of selecting three citizens whose duty it will be to serve on a board with the county judge and the county commissioner of precinct No. 1 and superintendent of the building of good roads for this precinct.

The candidates to be selected for these three positions should be representative business men who have some practical knowledge of road building. There are such men in Wichita Falls, and in commissioners' precinct No. 1, and inasmuch as two-thirds of the money with which the bonded debt of \$150,000 will be discharged will come from taxes levied on property within the corporate limits of Wichita Falls, two of the three commissioners to be elected should be residents of this city and one from the country.

It is now said that Judge W. F. Ramsey, associate justice of the Supreme Court, will soon announce as a candidate for governor in opposition to Gov. Colquitt for a second term, and that Cone Johnson and Judge Poindexter will be the candidates for Congressmen at large.

The derrick near Electra are now twenty miles apart, and coming closer to us all the time. Soon we hope to realize that the biggest oil field in the United States is right at our door. And by the time we are enjoying the comforts of two cent gas, we shall wonder how we ever managed to do so long without it.

The difference between the rich mail order houses and the local merchant is this: The mail order houses know that advertising is an investment, whereas the local merchant too often imagines that it is an item of expense. That is why the mail order houses are so hard to compete with.

Now that the prohibition question has been settled at Amarillo the citizens of that place are getting together for the building of a bigger and better town. They have gathered together on common ground and a platform of progressiveness, designed for the general advancement of Amarillo.

San Antonio is certainly blessed with a bunch of live, wide-awake men who are engaged in the mercantile business. As an evidence of this, the special industrial edition of the Express, issued on the 7th and containing 128 pages, giving a comprehensive and detailed account of the limitless resources and wonderful possibilities of the Southwest Texas, one of our goods establishments filled one entire section of 12 pages in telling the readers of this splendid paper of what it had to sell.

On Monday night there will be a meeting of the tax-paying citizens of precinct No. 1 held at the court house in this city for the purpose of selecting three citizens whose duty it will be to serve on a board with the county judge and the county commissioner of precinct No. 1 and superintendent of the building of good roads for this precinct.

The candidates to be selected for these three positions should be representative business men who have some practical knowledge of road building. There are such men in Wichita Falls, and in commissioners' precinct No. 1, and inasmuch as two-thirds of the money with which the bonded debt of \$150,000 will be discharged will come from taxes levied on property within the corporate limits of Wichita Falls, two of the three commissioners to be elected should be residents of this city and one from the country.

The recent rains have made it certain that Wichita and surrounding counties will produce an abundance of feed crops, perhaps the largest in several years.

Virginia is a dangerous state in which to commit crime. Henry Clay Beattie perhaps, realizes this fact now. It is the only state in the Union where it is the custom of the jury to hold prayer and ask for Divine guidance, and it really looks as if the Lord had directed the verdict in that case.

In Germany before a person is allowed to preside at the steering wheel of an automobile he must spend at least a week in a "school" of an auto factory that made his machine in order to gain a knowledge of the mechanism of it.

The Times was in error when it made the statement that there were only eight producing wells in the Electra oil field. What it meant to say was that there were eight flowing wells in that field. There are a number of wells being pumped. The Times also understands that two more flowing wells were brought in last week which now increases the number to ten flowing wells in all.

Frank Gotch earned \$21,000 in cash in Chicago in 15 minutes and 56 seconds Monday afternoon. His work consisted in picking up a much scared, pale and nervous Russian "lion" and hurrying him to the floor. More than 35,000 persons who have never seen that much money in their lives paid to watch Gotch go through his physical culture exercise.

Some of the larger counties of the State are agitating the question of creating the office of County Road Superintendent. This strikes the Times as a most splendid idea.

The estimated Dallas News has added to its already able staff of editorial writers George Waverly Briggs, who has made good on several of Texas' best papers, including the San Antonio Express and Austin Statesman.

The first reports of the election in Maine yesterday were a victory for the wets by a majority of less than 1000. Considering that the total vote of the State was in the neighborhood of 120,000, it shows that the result was just about as close as that in the Texas election.

All the good that yellow journalism may do is entirely unbalanced by the harm it does, says the Danville Commercial-News.

The recent rains have made it certain that Wichita and surrounding counties will produce an abundance of feed crops, perhaps the largest in several years.

The best mud-hole in the best built city in Texas, is the "wording of a sign nailed to a stick and driven in the center of the mud-hole in the business part of the city. This could be removed by a few loads of gravel, but so far as the Times is concerned it trusts the sign will be allowed to remain where it is until it attracts the attention of the street commissioner.

And the gushing oil wells continue to "come in" in the Electra field. Two is the record for last week, the last one having a daily capacity of something like 1000 barrels.

In Germany before a person is allowed to preside at the steering wheel of an automobile he must spend at least a week in a "school" of an auto factory that made his machine in order to gain a knowledge of the mechanism of it.

The Times was in error when it made the statement that there were only eight producing wells in the Electra oil field. What it meant to say was that there were eight flowing wells in that field. There are a number of wells being pumped. The Times also understands that two more flowing wells were brought in last week which now increases the number to ten flowing wells in all.

Frank Gotch earned \$21,000 in cash in Chicago in 15 minutes and 56 seconds Monday afternoon. His work consisted in picking up a much scared, pale and nervous Russian "lion" and hurrying him to the floor. More than 35,000 persons who have never seen that much money in their lives paid to watch Gotch go through his physical culture exercise.

Some of the larger counties of the State are agitating the question of creating the office of County Road Superintendent. This strikes the Times as a most splendid idea.

The estimated Dallas News has added to its already able staff of editorial writers George Waverly Briggs, who has made good on several of Texas' best papers, including the San Antonio Express and Austin Statesman.

The first reports of the election in Maine yesterday were a victory for the wets by a majority of less than 1000. Considering that the total vote of the State was in the neighborhood of 120,000, it shows that the result was just about as close as that in the Texas election.

All the good that yellow journalism may do is entirely unbalanced by the harm it does, says the Danville Commercial-News.

The recent rains have made it certain that Wichita and surrounding counties will produce an abundance of feed crops, perhaps the largest in several years.

The best mud-hole in the best built city in Texas, is the "wording of a sign nailed to a stick and driven in the center of the mud-hole in the business part of the city. This could be removed by a few loads of gravel, but so far as the Times is concerned it trusts the sign will be allowed to remain where it is until it attracts the attention of the street commissioner.

HIS TROUBLE NOT OF HEART

Real Facts in Regard to F. R. Huffman's Illness. Relief Obtained by Curing His Stomach Ailments.

Waynesville, N. C.—Mr. F. R. Huffman, of this city, says: "I suffered dreadfully with what I thought was heart trouble, and tried various medicines in vain. After other remedies had failed, Theodor's Black-Draught restored me to health. I would not feel safe without Black-Draught in the house. I consider it worth its weight in gold."

It cured my indigestion, and by this means I was restored to health. I can not express my gratitude for its benefits. Good health depends on the condition of your digestion. Poor digestion and good health do not go together. Theodor's Black-Draught will thoroughly cleanse and set in order your digestive system.

It has done this for others, during the past 20 years, and is today the most popular vegetable liver remedy on the market. Try it. Insist on Theodor's. Price 25c.

day errors in statements are sometimes made in the most conservative papers, but they are unintentional, not deliberate. No newspaper ever printed that was perfect in text or typography, for mistakes will occur in spite of every precaution.

The Peoria Star affirms that "the yellow journalism is just as willing to print a lie as the truth. To him the character of no man or woman is safe from attack. Fear of libel suits will not prevent him from publishing statements about people that he knows are false. He does not care if he injures reputations or ruins lives so long as he furnishes his public a sensational story—one that will set tongues wagging in offices, shops or parlors. Many a good woman has been compelled to live under the shadow of a false story told about her in a yellow newspaper. Many an honest business man has been deprived of public favor through the publication of a flippant or lying paragraph. It is gratifying to state that the vogue of the yellow newspaper is nearing its end. Less and less importance is attached to its utterance, and the public regards with suspicion the news it prints. Decent journalism was never better appreciated than it is today."



THE STATE OF TEXAS.

I, the Sheriff or any Constable of Wichita County greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon H. W. Widner by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 20th judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said District, to appear at the next regular term of the District court of Wichita County, to be held at the court house thereof, in Wichita Falls, Texas, on the 1st Monday in November A. D. 1911, the same being the 4th day of December A. D. 1911, and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 23rd day of August A. D. 1911, in a suit, numbered 10,000, wherein Ella Widner is plaintiff and H. W. Widner is defendant, and wherein the plaintiff prays that the defendant be lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together as man and wife until about July 1st, 1908, when defendant abandoned plaintiff and has not lived with plaintiff and contributed to her support and maintenance, that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married or about July 10th, 1895, in Paris, Texas, that they lived together

HEART
TO F. R.
Chief Ob-
His
R. Huffman,
d dreadfully
hart trouble,
a vein.
illed, The-
red me to
afe without
I consider
nd by this
ath. I can
s benefits."
e condition
gestion and
light will
order your
during the
y the most
dy on the
e 25c.
sometimes
ive papers,
not deliv-
er printed
ytophaphy,
pite of ev-
that" the
willing to
o him the
nan is safe
suits will
publishing
he knows
e if he in-
ves so long
a sensa-
tious tongue
or parlors.
n compell-
of a false
low news-
ness man
ible favor
a slipant
afflying to
be yellow
nd. Less
chd to its
gards with
s. Decent
r appreci-
is.
ble of
to sum-
ing pub-
in each
s pro-
of, in a
your pub-
in any
30th
be no
Judicial
publish-
at 30th
at the
District
holden
Wichita
day in
being
1911,
settion-
day of
umber-
rt. No.
ainiff it,
and
ainiff
married
Paris,
her as
July
and
l with
r sup-
1908,
of the
Plain-
t mar-
to and
id five
the is
t and
end-
should
snes as
re-
aring
lucive
n. for
let as
before
gular
there-
outed
f the
y.
seal
falls,
enat,
ourt.

GERMAN EMPEROR

URGES SOBRIETY

AMERICAN MODEL OF STUDENT LIFE IS RECOMMENDED TO GERMAN STUDENTS.

DRINKING OUT OF DATE

Students Advised to Substitute Athletics Instead of New Records for Beer Swallowing.

Berlin, August 8.—Emperor William now seldom misses an opportunity of warning German students to moderate their drinking habits, and to adopt rather the American model of student life. Several days ago, upon the occasion of presenting a flag to the Gymnasium at Cassel where he was prepared for the university, in order to commemorate his connection with that school, he made a brief address to the students of the senior class, advising them, when in the university, to use least alcohol. The traditional drinking customs, he said, were no longer adapted to a time in which Germany must struggle for its position in the world's markets. Then he praised the abstemious life of American students and he had often been impressed, he said, with their ability. German students, His Majesty repeated in a line with what he has often said to other student assemblies, must give more attention to sports of all sorts, including fencing and rowing, instead of trying to create new records for the amount of beer that they can swallow.

Emil Zimmermann, a German writer who has recently been traveling in German East Africa, announces an important fact bearing upon the spread of the sleeping sickness in that colony. Hitherto it had been supposed that the tsetse fly, the cause of the disease, bred almost exclusively in grassy or lightly wooded strips of land bordering on lakes or rivers, keeping about the paths where animals come to drink. Hence the chief method of combating the pest has hitherto been to cut down the trees along the lakes and rivers and to prevent the shoreland from becoming overgrown with high grass and weeds. Zimmermann found, however, that the fly finds one of its favorite haunts in groves of the oil palm. He mentions the case of two huge palm groves aggregating 800,000 trees situated near Usambura at the northern end of Lake Tanganyika, in which the natives are rapidly dying off. There was formerly a dense population in the groves, but now there are only about 200 persons left, and the physicians say that fully half of these are affected, and it is only a question of time, and not very long time, till the groves will be completely depopulated and revert to wilderness. All this is of no little economic significance for the colony, where the Germans have been vigorously exerting themselves to promote the cultivation of coffee, sisal grass, cotton, rubber and palm trees.

The generosity of the late King Chulalongkorn of Siam has brought the little town of Homburg, the Emperor's favorite watering place, into some trouble. Upon the occasion of his last visit to Homburg several years ago, the King announced a gift to the city of a temple-like pavilion to cover a spring which had been named in his honor. He also promised the sum of \$3,500 for erecting it after its arrival from Siam. It was built and shipped according to promise, but the King died before sending the money for erecting it and now the city is wondering who will bear the expense of putting it up.

It is announced that the Bayreuth summer opera season will be repeated next year, the Wagner family having departed in this instance from its usual practice of having the operas given only on alternate years. The reason for this change appears to be connected with the expiration of the Parsifal copyrights at the end of 1913, after which that famous opera will naturally be placed upon the repertoire of all the leading opera-houses of Germany.

The State railroad administration is determined in future to keep its personnel in the highest condition of physical and mental fitness, and thus to avoid as much as possible the occurrence of accidents on its system arising from breakdowns of the men's health. Orders have just been issued for the holding of a series of stringent tests, to which all locomotive engineers, firemen, signalmen, switchmen and other track employees are to be immediately subjected. Up to the age of 45 these tests are to be repeated every five years, eight, hearing and nervous condition being submitted to thorough investigation. After the age of 45 the examination is to take place every three years, and after 60 every two years, while in case of doubt as

to any man's condition he will be sent before the examining board much more frequently, and in the event of deficiency of some kind being confirmed he will be pensioned.

RECOUNT NECESSARY IN MAINE ELECTION

RETURNS SO CLOSE IN PROHIBITION ELECTION THAT EITHER SIDE MAY WIN.

ANTI LEAD 168 VOTES

Later Returns However May Throw Victory to the Prohibitionists.

By Associated Press. Portland, Me., Sept. 12.—(Bulletin)—Official returns from 225 cities and towns and plantations, used in revising the unofficial figures of last night have reduced the anti majority to 168 votes. At 1:45 o'clock this afternoon the returns indicated that the prohibitionists might win. Former Mayor Adam P. Leighton of Portland, president of the no-license league, announced today that steps would be taken for a re-count of the vote unless the official returns materially increase the majority for repeal of the amendment.

Early Reports Favor Anti's

Portland, Me., Sept. 12.—At 8 o'clock this morning it seemed almost certain that statewide prohibition had been defeated in yesterday's Maine election. At that hour with fourteen towns still to hear from the vote to remove the prohibitory clause from the State Constitution gave the repeal majority of 963.

Negro Cotton Pickers Are Beaten Up to Intimidate Them

By Associated Press. Waxahatchie, Tex., Sept. 11.—White caps last night are reported to have badly beaten three negroes between Middleham and Venus in Ellis and Johnson counties respectively. The negroes are leaving that section in large numbers today, leaving the farmers without help. The whippings seem to be an attempt to drive negro cotton pickers from the country. The officers are investigating.

ALLEGES THAT BOOZE CAUSED ACCIDENT

(Henrietta Independent)

A damage suit for personal injuries received in an automobile accident, the first damage suit of this character ever filed in the county, was filed in county court Wednesday.

John Riley vs. John Horn is the title of the case and the amount of damages prayed for is \$375. Mr. Riley is a chauffeur, alleges in his petition that on August 25th, he was engaged by the defendant to drive his automobile from Wichita Falls to Petrolia; that some seven miles from Wichita Falls the machine was stopped and plaintiff got out to fill the radiator with water, and that while he was so doing the motor was started, Horn who was in an intoxicated condition, got into the driver's seat and refused to permit plaintiff to run the machine, but persisted in running it himself; that he ran it at such a careless manner that it was overturned and plaintiff was thrown to the ground and painfully hurt. The injuries are specified as a broken collar bone, besides bruises about the head, neck, shoulders, bones and muscles.

It is stated that the reason that a larger amount of damages was not asked is because the defendant hasn't property sufficient to satisfy a judgment for a larger amount.

INCREASE CAPITAL TO \$75,000.00

At an adjourned special meeting of the stockholders of the Wichita Falls Fishing Mill Co., held at the office of Anderson & Patterson this morning, the capital stock of the company was increased from \$25,000 to \$75,000 by a two-thirds vote of the capital, and the name of the company was also ordered changed to that of the Wichita Falls Sash and Door Company.

The object in raising the capital stock was, as stated by the president of the company, Mr. W. Lee Moore, to engage exclusively in the wholesale business, and in order to do this it was necessary to build additional warehouses and carry a larger stock. The planing mill company has been organized a little more than a year, and during that time has made a splendid showing, declaring a dividend of 10 per cent on its capital stock for the first years' business. The president of the company anticipates but little if any trouble in placing every dollar's worth of the new stock to be issued and thinks there is no better opening anywhere than right here in Wichita Falls to establish a large sash and door factory.

News From the Oil Fields

The Clayco Company drilled in one of the best wells in the Electra field Saturday afternoon in a stray sand at a depth of less than 1,000 feet. This well is located near their No. 2 well and the sand is an entirely new discovery in this field. Oil men consider it of considerable importance. The well is now flowing at the rate of 800 barrels in twenty-four hours, according to the most reliable reports that can be obtained. Following the bringing in of the Red River No. 1 which is said to be better than 600 barrels on Thursday, made last week one of the best in the way of new production in the history of the field.

There seems to be a growing belief that one of the leading companies operating at Electra is concealing some important developments, which it is said they will be unable to hold down much longer.

More Wells Near Byers

Byers will have another well drilled in the near future in search of oil and gas. The well will be put down some few miles northwest of town, either on the Wells or Chorn land. Mr. J. D. Chorn, who owns several hundred acres in that section and whose land the well will probably be drilled on, came down from his home in Missouri a few days ago accompanied by a gentleman who wanted to put down a well. They went to work on the proposition at once, securing leases and other things that had to be attended to. And yesterday we were informed that the leases had been secured and drilling would begin in ninety days, and possibly sooner, as they are very desirous of getting the well started at the earliest possible moment.

This well will be put down in a new territory, as no well has ever been drilled near this one, and the men who have looked over this field have every reason to believe that this is a very desirable location, and they fully anticipate the biggest well and the best field yet undeveloped anywhere in this part of the state and are showing their good faith by putting down a well at once and starting things to moving. Should this territory prove to be good, there will be many wells drilled there as soon as possible, as these people will develop this entire country surrounding the first well put down.

With the drilling of the well east of town going right along and the certainty of another being started at an early date, it seems that the "oil people" believe that the big pool of oil that has never been punctured is somewhere near Byers, and are determined to find it.

Work on the oil well started again Monday and they are now working "both" night and day, and will continue until the well is completed. They have the casing, plenty of it, and everything else that is necessary for the finishing up of this well. Drilling has been prevented this summer for want of casing, being short on water and several other things, but now, nothing is wanting and drilling is going right along, and the well will probably be brought in, in the near future. They fully expect to finish this one before making another well. We are of the opinion that the well is down to something like 1500 feet, and if this be the case, it will be only a short time until we will know just what is in old mother earth, two miles east of town.—Byers Herald.

W. J. Boyard, of Independence, Kansas, is late arrivals here. They are at Electra today.

A. R. Davis, a well known oil man, is expected here tonight from Sallis, Okla. Mr. Davis is making the trip in an automobile. Another oil man whose name has not been learned is accompanying him.

Overman and Neff are reported to have disposed of their interest in the best well drilling north of Electra. From the north of town, a well, 1,200 feet deep, which is now down over 1,200 feet has been dry in all the shallow sands.

Samuel E. Bell, who is associated with A. E. Little and Andrew Benson in the oil field here, is confined to his rooms at the Westland Hotel with illness. Mr. Bell is one of the most popular oil men in the country, and his many friends everywhere trust that he will soon be out again.

Petition For Passenger Train

A petition was placed in circulation among the oil men asking the Fort Worth and Denver to operate a special passenger train between Wichita Falls and Electra, leaving Wichita Falls early in the morning and returning in the evening. The present service is tiresome and inconvenient as the crew on the mixed train now operated between Wichita Falls and Electra, stops at Iowa Park and other points for switching, three and four hours sometimes being occupied in a trip between the two points.

The travel between Wichita Falls and Electra has grown to such proportions that it is now believed the operation of a special train would not only be a great convenience to the oil men but would be profitable as well. The Chamber of Commerce has already taken steps to secure this service and it is believed that since the oil men are now petitioning for it that the arrangement will be made.

The Corsicana Petroleum Company has something like twelve miles of eight inch pipe here and will immediately begin laying an oil pipe line from here to Petrolia where it will connect with lines running east. The remainder of the pipe will be unloaded at Burk Burnett and Petrolia.—Electra News.

The Producers Oil Company are this week building a loading rack immediately west of the Corsicana loading rack in order to be able to take care of their oil production until they have their pipe line to Petrolia completed. The company has its 37,500 barrel tank about full and it has become necessary to begin making shipments.—Electra News.

The National Supply Company have their house almost completed and will soon be ready to put in its extensive stock of oil well supplies. The company has its entire three hundred feet of right of way and are daily unloading pipe and other heavy material.—Electra News.

The Brown & Cross well No. 1 was drilled into the 1000 foot sand last Wednesday morning but at last account had not been finished. This is a well that has been closely watched as it will serve to show up some comparatively new territory. It was shut down for several weeks and was only recently started again and record breaking time has been made since work was resumed.—Electra News.

The Frick-Reid and Atlas Supply Companies have their houses about completed and it will not be but a few days until they will be ready to receive their stocks of supplies. Both of these establishments are well established and well known and it speaks well for the Electra oil field that they have decided to place branch houses at this place.

The Oil Well Supply Company will soon begin their store house and it is rumored that there is still another that will locate here.—Electra News.

Work is progressing nicely on the Showers well, a depth of 1286 feet having been reached up to Friday morning, according to driller, McIntire's statement. We understand that up to the present time good indications for oil have been had.—Harold Times.

J. W. Dyson, and Geo. Akin started overland by automobile from Hartsville to Electra, Texas, where they have a contract for drilling for oil. They arrived safely at Tulsa last night with only one slight mishap. In crossing Bird creek about dark, the machine snagged a stump and Mr. Akin's hand went through the glass windshield. He luckily escaped with only a scratch.—Tulsa Democrat.

Leases Contracted.

One hundred acre lease sold to Farrot for \$3.50 per acre, unproven territory; 40 acre lease sold to Short for \$5.00 per acre; T. J. McGuire leased his farm near Mabledean, price not known; Mr. C. Paul and P. J. McMan have been quiet busy this week leasing land west of town.—Petrolia Round-Up.

Another wild cat proposition is being figured on by a company from Pennsylvania, and will probably be located on what is known as the J. D. Chorn place, four miles north of town just across the Wichita River. Mr. Chorn who resides in Missouri, has been down in this country for the past ten days with a representative of the company who has been securing leases in that community. We understand that the company is offering the land owners the same lease contract that is made by some nearer into the proven field, one-eighth royalty. He promises to complete a well in four months time after the lease contract is signed. This company purchased 40 acres in the Electra oil field recently for which they paid \$300 per acre, this being the first time for them to enter the State of Texas.—Petrolia Round-Up.

Considerable excitement was created here Monday morning when the report reached town that the 99 Pumping Company who has a location on the old Bob Tyeedy place two miles west of town had drilled into the oil sand at a depth of about 1000 feet. This well is being drilled by Hammond and Presley and is a wild cat proposition. Everything is being kept as quiet as possible by the company and we are unable to learn anything positive about what has been struck, but the report is that they are about twenty or thirty feet into the sand and it shows up good, and it is generally known that they have not drilled any this week.—Petrolia Round-Up.

Dead Engineer's Hand Grasped the Reverse Lever

Brookshire, Texas, Sept. 11.—With his hand grasping the reverse lever in a grip which it required strong men to loosen, the dead body of L. W. Hull was removed this morning from beneath the boiler of a Katy freight engine which covered his entire body except the head. The engine was backing when the tender jumped the track and the engine rolled down a tea foot embankment,

NEW FALL WOOLENS

My Fall Woolens

Have arrived and now is the time for you to make your selections—We want to show you our FALL LINE of SUITINGS in the St. Regis Browns, Oxford Soft Finish Mixtures, English Weave and the newest weaves in fashionable blue novelties,

Georgian Coronation

Browns—such as were worn at the Coronation of King George. Remember that we are TAILORS—every job made right here at home, and tried on and tailored before it is made up. Place your order now for October or November delivery and have your suit ready when you want it.

716
INDIANA
AVE.

J. M. HOOPER
FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILOR

716
INDIANA
AVE.

A Defense of the Piker

Written by an Oil Man

The Wichita Times, Gentlemen:

By way of introduction, I wish to state that there is no city on earth, not excepting Duluth, Minn., that demonstrates so conclusive to the visitor, the broad gauged, broad-minded and progressive spirit of its citizens. God has not been very lavish in surrounding Wichita Falls with the natural resources that other cities claim as a foundation to build on. Hence the honor is greater for the builders, and they can look with just pride on the magnificent structure that they have erected, and can point with pleasure to a great future in store for Wichita Falls.

There is a preponderance of evidence that Wichita Falls has men behind her guns that have red blood in their veins and that they built better and stronger than they knew. An other evidence is that "Christian Science" when applied in practicable life is not the vision of a paralytic mind back in Massachusetts, but a demonstrative problem in municipal government, as this city shows. The Wichitaian thinks he has a great city, he tells it to his neighbor, and he thinks so, with the result that they all think so; all want to help make it bigger and better with practical results. There is a natural gas, that will undoubtedly create a new epoch in this city, by bringing to it manufacturing. In a short time the darkness of the night will be illuminated by stacks, belching forth their flames from the heated iron and glass chimneys the business of the sky, (and I have never saw it anywhere so blue) will be changed by the heat radiating from the furnaces. This together with what Wichita already has, will put her in the front rank of Texas cities.

This present and future greatness of Wichita Falls has been brought about by "what process?" Evolution? No! It reminds me of a story of the early days of railroading when the Irish handled the shovels. They were having a speech at one of their camps and an orator was enthusiastically asking questions: He said "Who builds the railroads in America?" The answer came from the audience "The Irish." "Who builds the court houses and the canals?" again the answer came "The Irish." "Who builds the penitentiaries?" The Irish. "Who fills them?" "The Irish." It was after this last response that the coroners were sent for.

There is but one answer to who builds the railroads or the cities, or for that matter all great enterprises. They are called by some promoters by others "boosters" in the oil region they are called pikers. Now I have broken the shell and my future remarks will be in defense of the latter men. Before we are through we will vivisect him and see what he

is. And what part he has played in oil country history. Your readers do not know him, and you do not know him or you would not take a fall out of him in almost every issue of your paper. I would like to have your readers know something of this man's past before he is libeled by the press and public opinion. I am not going into ancient history, this is all modern history and if I make one mis-statement, I am willing to be taken to task for it.

We are not going into the fatherland of oldtime for our citations; we are going to start west of the Mississippi River. At Casey, Ill., Robinson, Ill., or any other Illinois oil field. The Casey oil field was started by a piker. He had heard that there had been traces of oil found when drilling for water. He interested Mr. Hobbisell in his dream, and Casey was turned into a magic city forthwith. A little gentleman who lives in Texas by the name of Talmage Finley. He was a piker, leased his land, peddled it through three or four states and finally sold enough to drill the great Shire well and the Robinson oil field has been making history ever since. A one-legged piker drilled the first well at Bridgeport. His name was Frank Fox, he also pioneered the Centralia oil field. Twenty years ago a piker came to me with a dream that there was oil in the Indian Territory. His brother quietly told us that he was not quite right in the head. However, we got together and investigated. Found some foundation in his story, interested a man by the name of Amos Steel-smith, with the result that a well was drilled and that caused other wells to be drilled, and the great Oklahoma oil field was found. Between the years of 1859 and 1907 there has been drilled 291,158 oil wells, 233,629 of these were in operation in 1907. The past year, 1910, America produced 214,587,366 barrels of crude petroleum. Of which I say on a conservative estimate that the piker was the means of 65 per cent of the discoveries. I have known one field in the past ten years to be discovered by a large company—that is the Electra field. I believe that I am right when I say that the Producers Oil Company pioneered this development. Being one of the fraternity of oil men I have nothing but good words to say of the people of Wichita Falls. They are what their city would indicate that they are. A big broad gauged crowd. And the cordiality that I have been received here makes life worth while, but I cannot see why you newspaper men want to know what is termed the pikers. You can believe me, they are the men who do things, and I am safe in saying that Robinson, Ill., would give thousands of dollars for the same crowd that Wichita Falls

has now within her city. If the papers want to help to develop the country they must stand by the pikers. Otherwise the large companies will get the leases and there will be the same old delays that are characteristic of all large concerns.

Very truly yours,
W. G. LONG.
P. S.—I would thank you if you gave this space in your paper.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—The columns of The Times are an open forum and we invite communications just like the foregoing. In the same spirit several months ago we published a communication from another citizen warning farmers to be on their guard in giving oil and gas leases, so that they would not lose their lands up for a period of years, and receive nothing in return therefor. This we believe has been the only mention of the matter in The Times so far as we can remember, other than to report the recording of leases, the developments of the field and such other legitimate information as we could obtain. In the communication referred to the word "piker" may have been used but a stronger and more proper term would better have fitted the man who takes advantage of the ignorance or credulity of the owner of land and induce him under various pretenses to sign over without any consideration the oil and gas right of his lands for a period of years, or virtually in perpetuity as that communication. The term "shyster" would have been far more appropriate than "piker" used by our correspondent. The Times would have been redemptive to its trust and ungrateful to those farmers who have been its subscribers and the backbone of its support for many years, if we had refused to give publicity to that communication.

For the "piker" the man who will risk his little in the hope that developments will make it much and who will assist in the development, Wichita county people have the highest consideration, because that's what they all are. They have invested what little they have and they could borrow and have then set to work to make good. That's the kind of a "piker" we believe about ninety-nine out of a hundred of the oil men now here are, and there isn't anything too good that the Times and the people of Wichita Falls can wish for them.

The man who invests his money in leases in an unproven territory, we fully realize, is playing an uncertain game, and his reward should be commensurate with his risk.

There is little question but that the "pikers" will force the testing and the development of the greater oil field we all hope extends from Petrolia to Electra.

We very cordially invite Mr. Long to become a regular reader of The Times so that he may learn just what we do think of the "piker" and oil men generally. We are certain from his letter that he has never read a copy of The Times.

For low priced Fall Millinery see Misses Simmons at their new place, 618 Eighth street, next door to Anderson & Patterson. 712-10

GUMBLE'S SLAYER HELD WITHOUT BAIL

(Continued from Page 1.)

outlining his defense. Those letters friends of the accused say, might explain what prompted Curtis to drop suddenly the role of a seen business man, assume that of a man slayer and then just as quickly drop back to the business man again.

One of the letters Gumble tore to pieces has been restored to legibility. It was addressed to Gumble and is signed "Lucie," the first name of Mrs. Curtis.

The letter follows: Sweetheart: I am so all fired spoiled by your sending my letters special that I can hardly wait for 4 o'clock to come when the postman brings your letters. I have been especially impatient today, for I am terribly worried about the outcome of your meeting with X. I have let my imagination play horse with my nerves and I haven't slept four minutes since I received your wire at noon yesterday.

I know you will say I am foolish, but dear sweetheart you know there is such a thing as not being able to control one's thoughts and being nervous as I am, it only makes things look worse to me. If somebody knew I would not be so desperately anxious. It is the uncertainty that kills me.

I haven't time or the inclination for doing anything but think of you, dear. I am not really fit to associate with anyone and I am sure Ethel is thoroughly disgusted with me. She has to beg and insist on me going with her and then gets sore at me when I am stupid and uninteresting to her friends, but I don't want to go. I want to be left alone with my thoughts of you, baby. I am much more contented. She went downtown this noon in a bad humor with me because I refused positively to go with her.

By the way, she is in a lot of trouble in regard to her divorce. Mr. Alford's lawyers are going to cheat her out of getting anything from him and she may have to go to Adrian, Mich. on the 11th. Her mother is still very ill, and if she is out of the hospital in two weeks she will be doing very well. Of course Ethel will go back to the store next week, as she can't afford to be idle and I don't recall the idea of being alone all day.

I wish we could be together somewhere, darling, but it seems not—I'll try to be patient dear. If ever a poor devil was relieved of a nervous strain, I am it. I have saved my feelings, darling, and deep down in my heart I have made one prayer to the God of all things good, but I still have no cause for uneasiness, dear. Really, I can hardly wait for the utter relaxation of my nerves.

Do you know what I expect next? I will tell you—a suit for alienation of affections (Affections underscored). It wouldn't surprise me any moment if he sprung that on me. I would rather see you a bankrupt than let him have a penny of your money, and I would fight him tooth and toenail to beat him in it.

So you met him and he didn't have the nerve to even say "boo" at you. I am not worried about him saying or doing anything to you, darling for you are my own brave little man. While not much on the Sandow order, still I am sure you would take a licking like a gentleman if you could not help it.

So you think you are being watched. Well, dear, it takes money to employ detectives and he'll get tired of it after while. I approve of you sticking around where he can watch everything you do. Be careful about your mail, dear, and don't keep my letters for it may not require much effort for someone to get them. It is easy to bribe a maid or a bellboy to go through your things, so read them and get rid of them.

Don't be careless now. When are you going to Texas? Are you still so busy in K. C.? And how about your Swope Park Boulevard suit? Settled it yet? There are several more pages of the letter that had not been deciphered at 2:45 o'clock.

HELPFUL WORDS.

From a Wichita Falls Citizen. Is your back lame and painful? Does it ache especially after exertion? Is there a soreness in the kidney region? These symptoms indicate weak kidneys.

There is danger in delay. Weak Kidneys fast get weaker. Give your trouble prompt attention. Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly. They strengthen weak kidneys. Read this Wichita Falls testimony. R. P. Cummings, Sixth and Indiana Aves., Wichita Falls, Texas, says: "I can vouch for Doan's Kidney Pills being alright. They cured me of a lame back that had failed to yield to other medicines and which was often so bad that I was unable to attend to my daily work. Doan's Kidney Pills also corrected a kidney weakness that had bothered me and this trouble has not returned."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBreen Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A post-season series of games will be played between the pennant winners of the Wisconsin-Illinois and the Minnesota-Wisconsin leagues.

GOOD PROGRAM DRY FARMING CONGRESS

Practical Subjects Will Be Discussed By Practical Experts.

A very practical and interesting program has been arranged for the West Texas Dry Farming Congress to be held on September 27-28 as indicated in the following outline: "The Soil Mulch," by an original soil mulcher, Prof. R. R. Clearidge, agricultural commissioner, I. & G. N. R. R.

This lecture deals with the mulch in its relation to soil moisture; when to mulch, how to mulch, and explains the scientific reasons for it, by a man who is fully competent to tell them.

"Forage Crops and Legumes for Dry Regions," by Prof. A. B. Connor, of the Bureau of Plant Industry, U. S. Department of Agriculture. Prof. Connor has at his command all the information acquired by the National Government from all parts of the world and by hundreds of experiments made in the drier regions of this country, hence his lecture should be unusually valuable.

"Dry Land Cropping Systems for West Texas," by Prof. B. Youngblood now on the staff of the Texas A. & M. College and formerly for a number of years one of the most practical and successful farm demonstrators for the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

"Diversification and Crop Rotations in Dry Farming," by Hon. Ed. R. Kone, State Commissioner of Agriculture. Judge Kone's well known ability and his long experience as a farmer in Western Texas makes it certain that his address will contain a valuable message for our farmers.

"Seed Selection and Development of Drouth Resisting Varieties," by J. W. Neill, director of Farmers' Institutes. Mr. Neill is a practical and successful West Texas farmer who is qualified by experience and study to advise about the lines indicated in the title of his lecture.

"Growing Cotton in Semi-Arid Regions," by Prof. J. L. Quicksall of the U. S. Department of Agriculture farm demonstration work for the Western District of Texas. Prof. Quicksall will also explain in another address the Government's system of co-operative farm demonstration work.

"Good Roads, How to Build and their Importance," by Judge T. A. Hedges, of Abilene. Judge Hedges has made a marked success in direct-

ing this work in Taylor county and his address will be interesting and valuable.

Besides the foregoing there will be short talks on pertinent local questions by farmers. A free opening for questions and discussions following each lecture.

Tariff As a Destroyer. (Waco Times-Herald)

According to the Cincinnati Enquirer seven ready-made clothing manufacturing firms will go out of business in that city by January 1, and nearly 2000 hatters, cutters, salesmen and other employes will be deprived of employment. Among the firms which have liquidated or now liquidating is Mayer, Scheur, Officer & Co., which dates to 1855 and has the distinction of having been the foundation of the international banking house of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

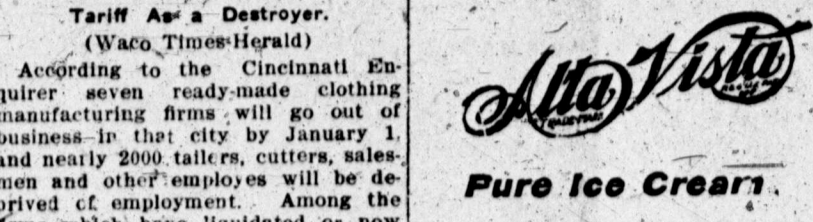
It appears that these industries have been killed by too much tariff, and the 2000 workers will be out of work for the same reason.

It is said that the liquidation of these seven houses is the most serious blow that industrial Cincinnati has suffered in many years; but their profits have been steadily decreasing, not because of the loss of business or sharp competition, as the losses have been in manufacture due to the poor quality of goods on the market. The manufacturers say this poor quality of goods is due to the high protective tariff on wool and woolsens.

"The greatest drawback to the wholesale clothing business," said one manufacturer, "is the high tariff on wool. The industry was prosperous under the McKinley law, and also for the first few years under the Dingley law. That was because of the great competition in the woolen business; it produced good cloths. Then the American Woolen Company came along and absorbed thirty-two of the best mills in the country. Since then conditions have been unfavorable to the clothing manufacturers; prices advanced and the quality of cloths deteriorated."

To Fight for Bantamweight Title. London, Sept. 13.—Considerable interest is manifested in sporting circles in the fight at Liverpool tomorrow night in which Digger Stanley is to defend his title of English bantamweight champion like Bradley. The two fighters will meet in a twenty-round bout for a purse of \$2500 and a side bet of \$1000. Eugene Corri, the well known London sporting man, has been selected to referee the contest.

A Dandy Delight To-Day



Marchman's Drug Store 702 Indiana Ave. Phone 124 FREE DELIVERY.

News From the Oil Fields

Elks Notice On next Tuesday night, Sept. 19, the local lodge of Elks will give an entertainment and social session to all the visiting oil men in the city. A hearty welcome is hereby extended to all the oil men and the entire membership of the lodge is requested to be present.

A. H. BRITAIN, E. R. V. G. SKEEN, Sec. The Fort Worth & Denver has a crew of men at work at Electra building a new switch track.

P. Y. Krohn, of St. Louis, is here looking after his interests in the oil field.

Ed R. List and wife of Centralville, Ill. are the newest arrivals at the oil colony at the Westland.

The Texas Company is building new loading racks at Electra which will give them a capacity for handling between thirty and forty tank cars daily.

F. D. Woodruff, W. J. Sheldon and R. H. Cook, of Electra, are in the city today in connection with the transfer of property in the oil field.

Woodruff and Sheldon expect to let the contract for a new garage at Electra within the next few days. Automobile men here and at Electra, are reaping a big harvest from the oil men.

Red River No. 2 has been drilled into the 975 foot sand and is one of the best producers in the field. The derrick is now being skidded over about fifteen feet and another hole will be sunk into the deeper sands.

W. C. McBride, the big St. Louis operator, is building a rig on the west part of the McCrary farm about 2 miles northeast of Electra. This well will test the field half a mile beyond any other well.

The Producers Company brought in Stringer No. 3 late yesterday evening. The flow is estimated at 500 barrels. This well which is only about ten rods from the first Clayco gusher was brought in with a Star rig.

The Electra Development Company and Sol Williams are today transferring the Electra Development Company's section to J. M. Guffey and Company, who will develop this section at once. The Matthews Oil Co. already has a well started on this section.

The Electra Oil Field Company is starting a rig on section 32 two and one-half miles southwest of Electra. This section adjoins the Texas Company's leases and is in very promising territory. The development of this section will be pushed rapidly from now on.

A. J. Kline, of Oklahoma City, was here today for the purpose of arranging for the sinking of an oil well on a 160-acre tract near Loveland, Okla. Mr. Kline has secured leases from land owners in the vicinity of his tract. He says that several rigs are going up in the vicinity of Loveland and he believes he will strike oil.

The Magnolia Petroleum Company has a force of between two and three hundred men at work laying pipe lines connecting the wells in the field with its tanks on the William Eckelkany's farm near Electra. The Magnolia Co. has started the construction of four 40,000 barrel steel tanks on the farm. A pumping station is being erected there and it is the intention to lay a pipe line to Petrolia. Arrangements have been made for the unloading of pipe for this line at Burkburnett.

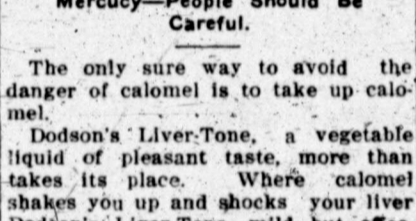
From an authentic source comes the prediction that the Honaker-Electra well will be brought in within the next twenty-four hours. The drill is now down over 800 feet in this well. The results in the well are being watched with the closest interest and if a good flow of oil is struck all doubt as to the extent of the field will be removed. That the company itself is confident of the outcome is indicated by its purchase in fee simple at a long price of a tract adjoining that on which the well is being drilled.

The deep well reached the two hundred and eighty mark yesterday and drilling has been suspended today long enough to get the casing in. This casing is twelve inches in diameter by inside measurement. It is screwed together at the mouth of the well being let down by cable as it is joined together. Hereafter a slightly smaller bit will be used in drilling and after going as far as possible without a cave in more casing will be let down. This casing will be of a diameter sufficiently small to allow its passage through the casing now being put in. The second casing will be joined together and brought to the mouth of the well, exactly as the two inch casing can be pulled out and be used elsewhere. This process of putting in a smaller casing each time and digging with a slightly smaller bit until more casing is required will be continued until the well is completed. Only the smallest and innermost casing will be left in the well. The rest will be removed. Altus Times.

CALOMEL IS DANGEROUS Is a Powerful Chemical Made from Mercury—People Should Be Careful.

The only sure way to avoid the danger of calomel is to take up calomel. Dodson's Liver-Tone, a vegetable liquid of pleasant taste, more than takes its place. Where calomel shakes you up and shocks your liver, Dodson's Liver-Tone, mild but effective, builds up and strengthens. It "lives up the liver."

It may be taken without any restriction of diet or habits. You can give it to your children with fine results. Get a bottle at Miller's Drug Store and if it doesn't do all that you think it ought—if it doesn't make biliousness, spells more trifles—if it doesn't live up your liver, your money will be waiting for you.



Wichita Falls Odd Fellows are looking forward to the state encampment at Dallas Oct. 6 and 7 with great interest and it is probable the local lodge will be well represented.

The following program has been announced for the encampment: Monday, Oct. 16—9:30 a. m. opening exercises. Music, Widows and Orphan's Home band. Address of welcome, Mayor W. M. Holland.

Address on behalf of the Odd Fellows of Dallas, Deputy Grand Master W. H. Hingworth. Response, Grand Patriarch William Wignoll. Response, Deputy Grand Sir, C. A. Keller.

Music, Widows and Orphan's Home band. 10 a. m.—Session of grand encampment. 2 p. m.—Session of department council. 5 p. m.—Automobile trip for delegates and visitors. 8 p. m.—Encampment degrees by the Terrell degree staff.

10:30 p. m.—Banquet to degree staff. Orphan's Home Band and visitors by Dallas and Elmira Rebekah lodges. 11 p. m.—Patriarch Millant degree. Tuesday, Oct. 17. 11 a. m.—Parade. (Decorations of Chivalry will be conferred immediately after the parade. The public is invited.) 2 p. m.—Session of department council.

Curtis, the former Boston Red Sox catcher, now forms a battery for the Philadelphia Quakers.

Iowa Park News Items. The revival meeting which has been in progress for the past two weeks at the Methodist church closed Sunday night. Rev. H. B. Johnson, the pastor was assisted in the services by Rev. Mark Hines of Bailey, and Rev. Harris of Grapevine, conducted the singing during a part of the time. Nine new members were received into the church at the close of the meeting.

The Wichita County Baptist Association met here last Thursday. A large number of delegates and visitors were present among them being Revs. J. P. Boone, and King, Mr. Will Brown, Miss Mary Brown and Mrs. Stayton from Wichita Falls; Mr. Hawkins and Mrs. Ferguson, from Burkburnett; Rev. Ferguson and Messrs. Scott and Rogers from Pleasant Valley; Mr. Mahaney and Miss Mary Smith, from Pond Creek; Mr. John Jackson, from Jonesdale; Messrs. Thomas and Linly from Day Station; Mr. and Mrs. Will Swearingen, from Allendale; and Mr. and Mrs. Kemp, from Electra. The association closed Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Carl Lane stopped off here while on his way to Memphis, Tenn., and spent the first of the week with his sister, Mrs. J. J. Cobb.

Messrs. Eugene Ialey and Roy Setz, of Wichita Falls, were visitors in Iowa Park Sunday.

Some of the Wichita boys came up Monday and played ball with the Iowa Park boys. The game did not prove to be a very exciting one, resulting in the score of 23 to 3 in favor of the Iowa Park team.

Mrs. Womack and little daughter, Hiawatha, who are visiting Mrs. Womack's parents here, went to Wichita Falls Monday to visit with friends there for a few days.

Mrs. Carr of Duncan, Texas, arrived here yesterday on her way to New Mexico, where she will visit her sons. Where here she is the guest of her nephew, Mr. A. D. Butcher and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Sissel are expecting to leave Friday for Coleman county where they intend to spend the winter.

Friberg-Thornberry. Misses Altha Friberg and Agnes Andree visited with Mrs. Minnie Bell at Thornberry Monday.

Mrs. Elbert Reed of Fort Worth is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stephens.

Miss Ruth Bentley, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Bentley is with relatives in Oklahoma and attending school there.

The Thornberry school began Monday with an enrollment of 60 pupils. Only two of the three rooms opened. Rev. W. L. Cunningham moved out of the Friberg parsonage Tuesday evening, and left for their new charge in Illinois Wednesday morning.

I. O. O. F. Encampment at Dallas. Wichita Falls Odd Fellows are looking forward to the state encampment at Dallas Oct. 6 and 7 with great interest and it is probable the local lodge will be well represented.

The following program has been announced for the encampment: Monday, Oct. 16—9:30 a. m. opening exercises. Music, Widows and Orphan's Home band. Address of welcome, Mayor W. M. Holland.

Address on behalf of the Odd Fellows of Dallas, Deputy Grand Master W. H. Hingworth. Response, Grand Patriarch William Wignoll. Response, Deputy Grand Sir, C. A. Keller.

Music, Widows and Orphan's Home band. 10 a. m.—Session of grand encampment. 2 p. m.—Session of department council. 5 p. m.—Automobile trip for delegates and visitors. 8 p. m.—Encampment degrees by the Terrell degree staff.

10:30 p. m.—Banquet to degree staff. Orphan's Home Band and visitors by Dallas and Elmira Rebekah lodges. 11 p. m.—Patriarch Millant degree. Tuesday, Oct. 17. 11 a. m.—Parade. (Decorations of Chivalry will be conferred immediately after the parade. The public is invited.) 2 p. m.—Session of department council.

Curtis, the former Boston Red Sox catcher, now forms a battery for the Philadelphia Quakers.

In 1895 Manager John Ganzel, of Rochester, organized and manager the first champion baseball team in the Hawaiian Islands.



IVORY SALT

Is so different; so much better.

Every grain is like a little diamond.

Examine with your reading glass.

If you are not using IVORY pour a little of what you are using slowly into a glass of clear water.

The powder that remains on top is not salt.

TRY IVORY

Additional out by the formation of rates in other cities.

At Greenville cents per kilowatt minimum of 7 city owns its street light charged for additional light of \$45 cents from 25 cents gallons with cents to domestic meters. The run from 10 There is no new gas company a franchise over 16 cents per first three years and five years after. There is no for street lights cents per minimum charge month.

Wreckers in Newark By Mistake Tear Down the Wrong House. Laborers at Newark, N. J., removed the roof, one side, all the windows and everything above the second floor of a house at 121 Summit street, and then discovered that they were wrecking the wrong house.

Rev. Peter Freda, his owner, is now applying to have the house put back.

Four Feet of Hall Destroys Crops and Kills Stock in Wyoming. Hall that piled up twenty-five feet deep at the foot of Round Top Mountain, Wyoming, has destroyed crops for a radius of twenty miles and killed much stock.

Four feet of hall fell all over the storm area.

Honor Aged London, Sept. 13.—London, England, today to his evangelist Kingdom. The motor car at days. Not two years the head of the ing forward his coming v

PROPERTY WILL Property of from the meet night will participate candidates for missions, with diture of 10 cents in com

This is four money as the will regularly years, so that office is impo It is planned candidates w on the ballot. highest number ed.

Pick up any cook book and a great majority of the recipes call for cream (not milk) How often do you have the cream? We have just received a shipment of Dahl's Double Thick Cream in tins. This is just what its name implies—Just Cream—Double Thick Cream. Not a thing added and can be used for any recipe that calls for cream. Keep a few tins in the house and you can make any recipe calling for CREAM and can always have CREAM in your coffee and to serve with your fruits and breakfast foods. Now don't confound this with any condensed or evaporated milk or so called evaporated cream—this is PURE CREAM from which all milk is extracted by centrifugal force and reduced to a thick paste. Made in Norway and now being introduced for the first time in America. It will pay you to investigate. O. W. BEAN & SON 608-610 Ohio Avenue GROCERS AND COFFEE ROASTERS Phone 35 and 604