

THE CISCO DAILY PRESS

COMBINED WITH CISCO DAILY NEWS AND CISCO AMERICAN AND ROUND-UP, NOVEMBER 1, 1937

CISCO—1,614 ft. above sea; Lake Cisco—three miles long .87 ft. deep at Williamson hollow concrete dam; fish hatchery; 127 blocks paving; A-1 high school; Junior college; natural gas, electric and ice plants; home of THE BOSS WALLOPER Work Glove.

CISCO—One of the healthiest areas in U.S.A., with a countryside devoted to blooded cattle, hogs, sheep, peanuts, cotton, fruits, feeds, poultry, gas, oil; two railroads; Bankhead highway; huge concrete swimming pool; bass and crappie fishing.

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CIVILIANS FLEE SAAR BASIN

Greyhound Could Add New Buses If Allowed to Do So

Of interest to Texans living along the route of U. S. Highway 80 from Dallas to El Paso and U. S. Highway 77 from the Oklahoma line to Dallas is the application of All American Bus Lines for intrastate or local rights, which is in direct competition to Dixie Motor Coach company serving from the Oklahoma line to Dallas and Southwestern Greyhound Lines serving territory and U. S. Highway 180 through Mineral Wells and Breckenridge to Abilene, and from Dallas to El Paso over U. S. Highway 80. Hearings have already been held in Gainesville and Breckenridge on the application.

Sixth War Loan Bond Sales Thru Friday \$54,737.00

Creeping upward altogether too slowly, Cisco Sixth War Loan Bond sales had reached a total of but \$54,737.50 at the close of business Friday afternoon. The quota for Cisco is \$146,242.50, of which \$62,262.50 must be of Series E.

Cisco Sales	
First National Bank	\$39,850.00
Palace Theater	8,100.00
Postoffice	6,787.50
Total	\$54,737.50

Jeff Hartness of Big Grocery Firm Dies at Age of 57

Jeff P. Hartness, president and general manager of the Hartness Grocery Co., died at his home in Weatherford Wednesday night and was buried Friday in the Weatherford cemetery, following funeral services at the Catholic church. Mr. Hartness was 57 years of age and had been ill for more than a year. With the exception of two years overseas during the first world war, deceased had devoted his life to conduct of the business established by his father many years ago. He was considered a most excellent man by all who knew him and greatly beloved by the large number of men and women employed by the company.

Two Eastland Co. Boys With the 90th Division In France

From a public relations office in France comes information that Corp. Floyd O. Rains of Eastland county is now fighting in France with the famous 90th division, one of the first divisions to land in the invasion of the continent. His regiment has received much praise for its magnificent contributions to the battle of France. Rains joined the division April 1, 1942, and is a jeep driver. He has been awarded the combat infantryman's badge.

POLYGAMISTS LOSE
SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 2.—The Utah Supreme Court today upheld the convictions of 15 plural marriage cultists by a lower court on charges of unlawful cohabitation. Attorneys for the fundamentalists said they would appeal to the United States supreme court.

BOASTING NAZIS
LONDON, Dec. 2.—A Stockholm dispatch quoted Nazi Labor Chief Albert Speer as saying that Germany's V-3 weapon would be ready for firing against New York by the end of December. No information was given as to the nature of V-3, if such a weapon has been perfected.

Further hearings are planned for Eastland December 4 and Abilene December 6. Witnesses to the number of 131 were heard at Gainesville and Breckenridge. These, it is said, were pretty well divided between those favoring the application and those opposing it.

Dixie Motor Coaches and the Greyhound Lines oppose the application on the grounds that the same application by the same applicant, after an extensive hearing in 1941, was denied by the railroad commission in 1942; also that any congestion of traffic at this time is strictly due to the war and unavoidable.

White Cisco has taken no official action in the matter, many citizens have expressed themselves to the Daily Press as favoring the stand of the Dixie Motor Coaches and the Greyhound Lines; that the service of the Greyhound in and out of Cisco has been as nearly perfect as could be expected during the war; that if more service is required on these routes the Dixie and Greyhound lines should be permitted to render that service, which they could quickly do if permitted to obtain the necessary equipment.

Cisco Will Have Usual Christmas Tree This Year

Although street decorations in the form of colored lights and so forth have been ruled out for the duration in order to conserve power, Cisco will have its community Christmas tree this year as it has had for many years. The tree, already received, will be put in place on west Eighth street next week and decorated with colored lights, the chamber of commerce announced.



GOING AFTER JAPS—Yank medium tanks and infantrymen move up to advanced positions of Leyte Island to press attack against bitterly resisting Japs. This area was infested with Niu snipers. Sharpshooters keep a wary eye out for them.



PASS THE AMMUNITION—Members of Negro mortar company of 92nd Division pass the ammunition and heave it over at Germans in almost endless stream near Massa, Italy. Commanded by Lt. Harry L. Cox of San Mateo, Calif., they blasted many machine gun nests, and forced rest of the Germans there to holler "Kamerad."



LONG TOM ON THE MUD FRONT—American First Army fighters move their 155mm Long Tom across muddy ruts of a battlefield in France as they launch an all-out drive into Germany.

MUST REVEAL FACTS
WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The Army-Navy decision against court martial proceedings because of the Pearl Harbor disaster and the refusal to make public reports from their boards of inquiry aroused intense antagonism in Congress Saturday. Demands were voiced for a full-scale congressional investigation to pin down responsibility for the successful sneak attack of the Japanese on Dec. 7, 1941.

War's Duration Hinges Largely On Action of Russia

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—It's three years since Pearl Harbor. Best sources here aren't sure we've even rounded the halfway mark in licking Japan. If European war lasts another 9 or 10 months—and few officials here talk any shorter time—end in the Pacific may be three years ahead. Answers seem to depend on Russia. Will she shorten European war with a powerful winter offensive? Will she fight Japan, or help us do so? In any case, Roosevelt fourth term will be concerned with foreign war policy; there'll be little time and attention for domestic legislation.

One politician here says the President will surprise Secretary of Commerce Jesse Jones by accepting the resignation Jones is expected to hand in (along with other cabinet members) when third term ends in January and fourth begins. But among others there's a conviction Jones will not get out unless ill health forces him to, that FDR won't fire him. Business journals already view with alarm possible Wallace appointment as Commerce secretary.

Harry Hopkins kept out of sight during the campaign, but since then the word has been "clear it with Harry." He was influential in Stettinius' appointment. Connecticut's ex-Gov. Hurler and California's Lieut. Col. Heller were Hopkins-picked for important Surplus War Property Board. So ramified are his interests and influence that day after he lunched with J. Edgar Hoover at the Mayflower, reports circulated of Hoover boom to succeed Judge Landis as czar of baseball. One by one White House favorites—Moley, Tugwell, Corcoran and Byrnes have lost out but not Hopkins.

Roosevelt plan for series of "Little TVAs" originated by now-defunct National Resources and Planning Board, will be pushed here by public power and reclamation advocates, but chances are slim. Similar plan was shelved in 1928 when house poll indicated two-thirds of members opposed it. Opposition is still strong; one main objection is that plan would curtail powers of Army engineers, who are Congressional favorites. Private utilities, coal interests, railroads, water carriers are mobilizing forces for repetition of 1937-38 fight.

Social Security And Deceased of The Armed Forces

Survivors of deceased servicemen who worked in employments covered by the Social Security Act prior to their entrance into the armed forces are urged to contact the nearest Social Security Board field office by Ralph T. Fisher, manager of the Abilene field office.

"In addition to any benefits payable from War Risk Insurance, there may also be some payment from the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance system," Fisher stated. "These payments," he continued, "can be made if the worker (the serviceman or woman) was insured under the Social Security plan; such payments are especially important if the deceased is survived by minor children, since monthly payments continue until the youngest child reaches age 18. "Delay in filing the claim after notice of death is received may result in some loss of benefit by the survivor," Fisher added.

BLOODY BATTLES OF ROER AND SAAR VALLEYS ARE NOW MOVING FAST TOWARD BLAZING CLIMAX

PARIS, Dec. 2.—American armies today seized another five-mile stretch of the Roer River barrier to the Cologne plain with a smash into the west bank fortress of Linnich, and to the south spearhead to within seven miles of the great industrial center of Saarbrücken. The bloody battles of the Roer and Saar valleys were roaring towards a blazing climax. German civilians in the Saar Basin, fearful of the approaching Allied tide, already were fleeing east along clogged roads reminiscent of France in the dark days of 1940. From the northern end of the 400-mile offensive front threatening Germany's lifeblood of fuel and arms in the Ruhr and Rhineland came the heartening news that flood waters of the Rhine and Mosel rivers had begun to subside—a sign that augurs well for the impending Allied struggles for river crossings.

Once the Roer and Saar have been forced and muddy terrain hardens under sunny skies and freezing temperatures, General Eisenhower can throw his tremendous weight of armor at full strength against the soggy lines in what may be the showdown battles for Germany.

Lt. Gen. Simpson's Ninth Army Infantry, slogging through mud that at places was hip deep, fought into Linnich, half way between Aachen and industrial center of Munchen-Gladbach, and engaged the garrison in bitter street fighting with Tommy guns, bayonets, grenades and flame throwers.

The thrust widened the Ninth Army's hold on the west bank of Roer River to approximately 15 miles and put advanced elements within 16 miles southwest of Munchen-Gladbach, 26 miles southwest of Dusseldorf and 27 miles due west of Cologne.

Supreme Headquarters reported Ninth Army infantry also drove into half a dozen additional towns along a 10-mile stretch south of Linnich, while other street battles swayed back and forth inside Flossdorf, Roardorf and Beech, west and southeast of Linnich.

The American First Army pushed a five-mile-wide battering ram across the approaches to Gey and Brandenburg for new gains on the southern flank of Duren. Roer River stronghold only 20 miles southwest of Cologne. First Army infantry still were battling the Germans in the streets of Inden, northwest of Duren, in one of the most deadly combats yet fought in the west.

(A Paris broadcast said the Allies had entered Duren, but more reliable reports said the First Army still was at least three miles from the city.)

Lt. Gen. Patton's Third Army, steadily expanding the Allies' second penetration of Germany, sent powerful armored and infantry forces into newly-won positions along a 10-mile stretch of the Saar River before the Siegfried Line fortress of Merzig in the Saar basin.

Other Third Army elements were fighting within two miles or less of the Saar at Saarlautern, 11 miles southeast of Merzig and five miles inside Germany, and closing a siege area toward Saarbrücken, capital and largest city in the basin.

SOVIETS SURGE FORWARD
MOSCOW.—Soviet legions surging westward through Hungary in multi-pronged drives apparently aimed at outflanking the capital,

city of Budapest sent the southern wing of their assault armies to within approximately 90 miles of the Austrian frontier Saturday.

While the main weight of the Soviet attack in Hungary was concentrated southeast of Lake Balaton, other reports indicated the Russians were seeking to shove a spearhead forward between Budapest and the lake which lies southwest of the capital.

Red Army troops farther north under command of General Petrov hammered ahead against strong Nazi opposition through bitter winter weather to reach within 20 miles of the important Czechoslovak communications center of Kassa.

Driving through fog, snow and flood, the Soviet fighters kept up the powerful momentum of their Czechoslovak offensive by forcing the River Ondava and capturing the junction of Trebisov on its western bank.

These impressive gains were reported in a Soviet high command communique which also announced that Marshal Tolbukhin's great offensive south of Budapest had swept over more than 60 towns and villages north of Pecs in southern Hungary.

SETTING NEW TRAP
Allied Headquarters, Philippines.—Two American columns, forging a new trap in muddy northwest Leyte, drove through drenching rains today to within a little more than a mile of a junction that would encircle Japanese troops in the northern tip of the Ormoc corridor.

(A Japanese communique said a Japanese "air commando" had landed on American airfield at Dulog and Buroquen in eastern Leyte last Sunday and was "believed to have scored great war results." The communique indicated that none of the commando returned.)

Lieut. Thos. Jones Graduates From a Bomber School

Victorville army air field at Victorville, Calif., has just graduated its 14th bombardier class of the year.

The men receiving their wings at this school are considered capable of navigating a medium type army bomber to and from the target on which he releases his bombs, thereby reducing the number of men required to man the plane by one person. Victorville graduates are also qualified aerial gunners.

Among the latest graduates was Second Lt. Thomas L. Jones, son of Mrs. Nannie Jones of Cisco. Lieutenant Jones is a graduate of Cisco high school and attended A. & M. college. Prior to entering the service he was an inspector in an aircraft plant.

ESTIMATE NAZI LOSSES
STOCKHOLM, Dec. 2.—The German army lost 2,400,000 men killed in battle action in Europe and Africa between Sept. 1, 1939, and Sept. 1, 1944, the Stockholm newspaper Aftonbladet said Saturday. Another 540,000 soldiers were seriously wounded and the injuries will affect them for life, it was said. The newspaper estimated some 480,000 Germans were killed as a result of Allied air raids.

