

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

Portales Herald Consolidated with Portales Times March 27, 1913
Portales Valley News Bought Portales Herald-Times September 12, 1914.

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1918

Volume XVI, Number 40

Home Guards Mustered In On Wednesday Night

The Portales company of Home Guards were mustered in last Wednesday night.

- The roll:
- Joe Beasley, Captain
 - C. S. Turner, 1st Lieut.
 - D. W. Colligan, 2nd Lieut.
 - Bascom Howard, 1st Serg.
 - Ronald St. John, Duty Serg.
 - Privates:
 - W. L. Adams
 - J. W. Cunningham
 - O. R. Boren
 - R. G. Bryant
 - W. H. Braley
 - W. O. Dunlap
 - J. A. Fairiey
 - Charles Goodloe
 - J. W. George
 - S. N. Haucock
 - A. F. Jones
 - W. E. Keeter
 - J. S. Long
 - J. W. Maxwell
 - H. B. Rytter
 - J. M. Reynolds
 - Wat Stewart
 - G. W. Sheppard
 - S. J. Stinnett
 - R. S. Stokes
 - Carl Sullins
 - Jack Sullins
 - C. M. Taylor
 - Rev. W. W. Turner
 - C. J. Whitecomb
 - E. W. Warnica
 - W. M. Wilson
 - B. M. Schumpert

STORE FOOD HERE

America to Be Starvation for Allies Grain Supply.

The federal food board made public the text of a joint resolution adopted by the food controllers of the United States, France, Italy and the Great Britain.

The text follows: "Resolved, that while the increased production of the United States renders it possible to relax some of the restrictions which have borne with peculiar hardship upon all our peoples, yet it is absolutely necessary that rigid economy and elimination of waste in the consumption and handling of food stuffs, as well as increased production, should be maintained throughout the European allied countries and North America."

"It is only by such economy and elimination of waste that the transportation of the necessary men and supplies from North America to the European front can be accomplished, and that stocks of foodstuffs can be built up in North America as an insurance against the ever present danger of harvest failure and the possible necessity for large and emergency drafts to Europe. We cannot administer the food problem on the basis of one year's war. We must prepare for its long continuance if we are to insure absolute victory."

Likes Speedoline

Geo. E. Johnson, Portales, N. M., Dear Sir:—Since writing you this morning I happened to think of the Speedoline that you were looking up when I was in Portales. I was well pleased with the results, but learned after I left there that I knew nothing of it then. The morning we left Bovina after we got out a few miles I began to cut the gas down and kept cutting it down as long as it would work good. I had my tank full when we left Bovina and couldn't get in three when I got to Amarillo, and on all the plains roads I made 30 miles on a gallon. I made an average of 25 miles all the way. Altogether I made 1300 miles and did not have as much carbon in the engine, when using Speedoline as I would have had in 200 miles without it. I think it is great done.—W. J. Martin, Contractor, Oilton, Okla.

POP WON'T WIN WAR; MILK WILL

"Pop won't win the war but milk will," said Food Administrator Ely in announcing the new allowances of sugar to soft-drink makers during August. Ice cream makers were allowed a larger share, as ice cream is considered a food, but ice cream makers are urged to use corn syrup and honey. "Try our honey ice cream and candy we are boosting the food administration," is a good sign for such tradesmen.

HONORED OUR FIRST

Portales Honors her First Son to Fall in France

Memorial services were held at the Methodist church Sunday morning in honor of Carl McDermott, the first Portales boy to die for his country in France. The church was crowded with friends of the deceased, who met to honor his memory.

Judge George L. Reese, representing the Roosevelt County Defense Council was the speaker of the morning. He delivered a very able talk on the aims and the policies of our allies in the great war.

Rev. W. W. Turner spoke for ten minutes and in closing read the following obituary of Carl McDermott:

Carl McDermott was born in Comanche County, Texas, May 4th, 1892, where he lived with parents until they moved to Portales, N. M., in the year 1903.

After one year he returned to Comanche County to attend school, after one year in the Comanche High School, he entered Business College in Brownwood, and took a two years course in Civil Engineering. While there he was converted and joined the Methodist church. He followed engineering for several years. His health finally gave way and he came home. He stayed one year and his health improved and then he went to Wellington, Kans., to work for the Santa Fe. He enlisted at Wichita, Kans., April 18th, 1917. He was in training at Ft. Baker, near El Paso for five months. He was attached to the Medical Department of the 2nd Reg. Engineers, and landed in France October 17, 1917. He had been in the danger zone for eight months and had received the gold stripe of service on his sleeve. He was killed in action, June 16th, 1918.

RED CROSS NOTES

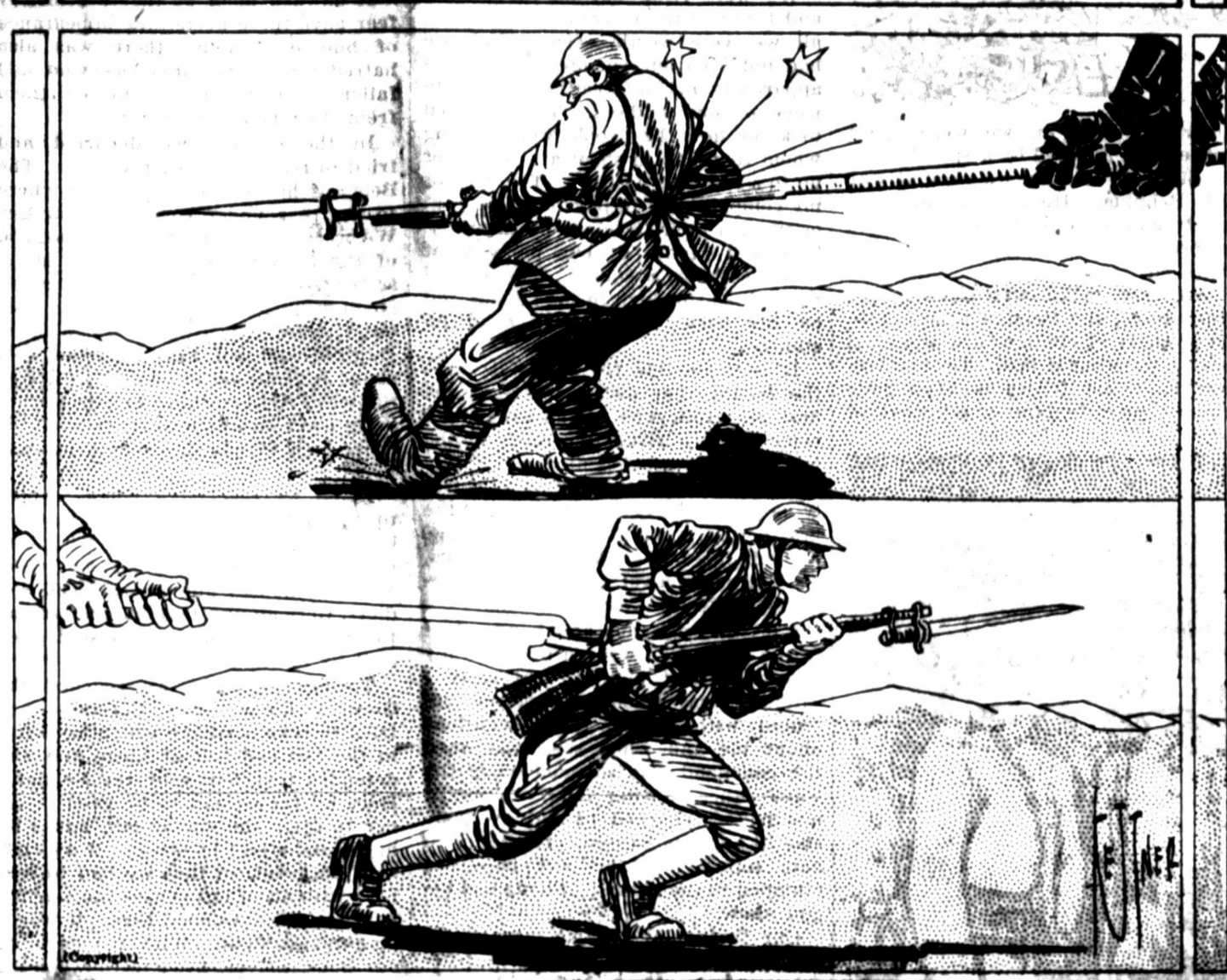
Mrs. A. F. Jones Secretary of the Roosevelt County Chapter of the Red Cross is in receipt of the following letter from Denver headquarters:

My Dear Mrs. Jones: We are in receipt of your requisition of July 23rd, for 10 pounds of sock yarn and 5 pounds of sweater yarn. Your allotment of yarn calls for 162 pounds sock yarn and 107 pounds of sweater yarn, and our records show that since the 1st of June you have had 225 pounds of sock yarn and 150 pounds of sweater yarn, more than sufficient to take care of your allotment.

At the present time our supply of yarn is very limited and sufficient to take care of the allotment and maybe not enough for that. Due to this fact, we have been compelled to cancel your order so that other chapters may have sufficient for their needs.

We exceedingly regret this situation and hope you will bear with us and carefully explain it to your workers.—Yours, F. W. Standart, Director Bureau of Supplies

Hun and American Morale



TO RECLASSIFY FOUR

Local Board Will Do So at Once—Orders from Highups

The local draft board will reclassify Class Four at once. The order for the work came in the last of the week. It is expected that the new classification will put quite a few men in Class I. However, Class Two will get most of the men whose ratings are to be changed.

In connection with this the federal aid and allotment from pay of the enlisted man. When a married man put up \$15 of his pay of \$30 a month, the government makes an allowance of another \$15 for the wife, making a total of \$30 a month. Wife and one child are allowed \$40 a month, wife and two children \$47.50 and for each additional child, \$5 a month.

A Good Cow

We are in receipt of the following letter from John V. Miller, of the Upton community:

Elida, N. M.
July 23, 1918.

Dear Friend:—Will send you Lucy's record which is as follows: Mr. Joe Howard brought an old Jersey cow to New Mexico from Oklahoma. She was born at Durant, Oklahoma, Feb. 17, 1897, her name was Lucy and all the old settlers of Portales remember her.

Well, the Lucy in question is her heifer and was born Sept. 22, 1914. She dropped a living calf May 10, 1917, and milked 422 days, giving 5348.3 pounds of milk containing 267.9 pounds of fat, she was dry 47 days, dropped another living calf and in 303 days has given 4260.1 lbs. of milk containing 207.9 lbs. of fat. She was dried off June 30th to fresh in about two months from that date. Then, June 30, she was 3 years, 9 months and 8 days old and had given 9608.3 pounds of milk containing 475.5 pounds of fat. She had been on the job 725 days. Her work was begun as a senior yearling.

Please remember how dry it has been since this heifer has been at work. I can't give you the full feed cost, but suffice to say she is a profitable producer or she would not have a place in John V. Miller's Jersey herd.

Rain Monday Night

A shower fell in Portales Monday evening. From here south to below the county line the rain was very heavy. Kenna Elida and other places in the southern part of the county report a big rain.

DRAFT AGE 18 TO 45

Secretary Baker Recommends the New Draft Ages Saturday

Secretary Baker Saturday made the announcement of the new draft ages and recommended to congress that the new ages be 18 to 45 years.

It was explained that under the provisions of the bill the men between 18 and 21 would be divided into three classes, subject to call in such sequence of years as prescribed. It was added that the calling of men between the ages of 31 and 45 would be made by a similar plan. The opinion is expressed however, that the younger men—those between 18 and 21—would be called first, and that it would not be necessary to call those from 31 to 45.

Secretary Baker said there was no intention of calling to the colors youths between 18 and 19, until the other classes had been exhausted.

This policy was decided upon, he said, in order to give the youths an opportunity to mature before they join the army.

Assumed Office Duties

Judge W. R. McGill assumed the duties of the office of the register of the land office at Ft. Sumner the first of August.

HALF MINUTE INTERVIEW

Ben Nash: If those fellows at Roswell had our soil they would think they were in heaven.

Dr. R. H. Bailey: I never saw a heavier rain than the one from Elida south to below the county line Monday evening.

A. D. Ribble: It will rain when the wind is in the east for three or four days.

John Ballow: Let's turn the Kaiser over to the Belgians.

F. T. McDonald: Mind what I tell you, you will be wanting the rain to quit before August is over.

Mrs. Maude Smith: My boy in France wrote that his company wanted to buy a 3 gallon ice-cream freezer, but as the price was \$22 they did not.

J. E. Camp: Nashville is on a boom. Near there a powder factory employs 15,000 people and the wages are from \$4 to \$10 a day.

Joe Beasley: I quit drinking grape wine 30 years ago when I saw Mexicans making it by trampling the grapes with their feet.

NOLAN ALSO HAS A PRIZE KNITTER

Nolan, N. M. also has a candidate to enter in the state-wide contest for the honor of having the prize knitter for the Red Cross. Mrs. H. O. Massie, who began knitting last January and since then has turned out 24 pairs of socks, 3 pair of wristlets and 19 sweaters, also her share of the general sewing. All this was accomplished despite the fact that she was in bed six weeks on account of illness.

NO CHRISTMAS GIVING

New Mexico Merchants Advised of Publicity Campaign.

All New Mexico merchants are hereby advised that a nation-wide campaign will soon be launched against Christmas giving. This warning is issued at this time so that merchants may provide against the possibility of being caught with excessive stocks on hand. The Council of National Defense and its advisory commission and the New Mexico Council of Defense urge that Christmas giving which involves the purchase of gifts be discouraged. This course is in harmony with the announcement of the government in urging thrift and economy upon the country so as to relieve to that extent the present heavy burden placed upon labor, transportation and other resources of the nation.

Rain At Floyd

A good rain fell at Floyd Monday night. South and east of the place there was a heavier rain.

D. W. Jones, C. M. Dobbs, W. P. Egrey and Ed J. Neer went to Clovis in the Neer car the last of the week and met a few Clovis men and arranged for the marking of the Postal Highway from Clovis to Portales, in a few days a party of Portales men will go to Elida to get the bus for SE mess men of that town to help in marking the Postal on through the county.

Notice to Old Confederates

There will be a meeting of the Old Confederate Veterans on the Court House lawn in Portales, on Saturday August 26th. Dinner will be served on the ground and a good time all day. All of the old veterans and their families are cordially invited to come with well filled baskets and let's have a good time.—J. P. Henderson, Captain, Bedford Forest Camp.

Allied Drive Being Held Back By Heavy Rains

The war situation for Tuesday is summarized as follows:

Conditions along the Vesle between Soissons and Rheims are unchanged. No developments in the line from Montdidier west. It both regions there is a tension which seems to forecast big events.

Heavy rain doubtless is having more to do with the holding in leash of Marshal Foch's troops than the opposition the Germans are throwing in the way.

The Germans tried to gas the Americans but failed to do any damage, as the Americans were prepared for it. The wind later changed, blowing much of the gas back onto the Germans.

At one point the American engineers were protected in the building of a bridge so effectively that the German machine gunners opposite them were wiped out.

Army and marine corps casualties in the fighting on the Marne-Aisne salient made public Tuesday numbered 498, or made the total since the toll of victory began to arrive yesterday to 1213 and the number of all casualties since American forces first landed in France to 16409.

The lists in Monday and Tuesday do not represent any one days fighting, but probably include the losses for several days.

Custodian of Alien Property Palmer has taken over over 500 million dollars worth of German and Austrian money and property in the United States since the war began. He has invested all the money in Liberty Bonds.

The complete success of the Allies is indicated by a confidential message reaching the chief of staff from an officer who at the time of writing had just returned from Fere-en-Tardenois. This officer reported that it was seemingly impossible for any army to gather the number of guns and shells that were abandoned by the Germans in their retreat.

The message added that the Germans had been driven back without time to bury their dead and the bodies of Germans lay so thick it was impossible to advance without walking over them.

In the opinion of Sir General Haig, the end of the fourth year of the war saw the crisis passed. The Russian disaster released a large number of Germans for duty on the Western front, but with the daily increasing number of American troops, the balance has returned to the Allies.

General Pershing is in command of over one million men, since the transfers of American troops to his division from the British.

Up to August 2nd, the maximum retreat of the Germans was 16 miles.

All kinds of legal blanks at The News office.

THE DANFORTH WAGON YARD

formerly the Boucher yard. Will appreciate all business. We handle feed of all kinds.

DRIVE IN

M. O. Danforth, Mgr.

The Confessions of a German Deserter

Written by a Prussian Officer Who Participated in the Ravaging and Pillaging of Belgium

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CHAPTER I.

I am a German soldier. Naturally at the time when the war started we did not know that there would be such a war as is being waged today.

Daily we soldiers were told that France and Russia wanted to attack us and that the kaiser was doing everything possible for our protection. Already on July 20 we were armed to the teeth and prepared to march away. During these preparations, which showed us all that war had to come, 18 men of my company deserted.

The government published, during this time, bulletins almost hourly to prepare the people for the war, a subterfuge that succeeded perfectly. Consequently two days before war was declared, the people were overwhelmingly for war, but they were certain that it was only to be between Germany and France.

Of the intervention of Belgium, Russia, England and Italy, the country had as little thought as it did of any participation of the United States. All thought only of the promenade to Paris, which, to the disappointment of the people, and also, surely to the disappointment of the autocracy, has been longer drawn out than had been wished for.

In these days of uncertainty the soldiers, contrary to the cruel treatment which they had experienced before, were treated liberally with great quantities of supplies, delicacies and beer, so that most of the soldiers were so drunk continuously that they were unable to realize the seriousness of the situation.

And yet the majority of the soldiers could not be enthused over the war. They cheered and were enthusiastic because they knew it was the orders. On July 31, 1914, one day before the declaration of war, we left, after being brought to war strength, for our garrison at Mainz-am-Rheine.

Where the enemy toward which we were to point our bayonets was we had not the slightest idea. All we did know was that we had to be transported somewhere to protect the border.

There were stirring times as we started out. Tens of thousands of people threw flowers at us and all wanted to shake hands. All—even soldiers—cried! Many embraced their wives or young brides. The bands played farewell songs and people laughed and cried all at the same time. Strangers embraced and kissed each other. "A veritable witch's holiday" of emotion was loosened and engulfed the populace like a storm. No one, not even the strongest, could resist its powers. Yet even this was surpassed by the leave-taking at the depot, where last farewells had to be said. This scene will never leave me! How desperately many women clung to their men! Many had to be forcibly removed.

But this was at last done and then we were placed in cattle cars. Night came and we had no lights. The train went slowly toward the Rhine. It went smoothly enough. Our company, which had had days of great excitement, welcomed the rest that the journey afforded. Most of the soldiers slept with their knapsacks as pillows. Others looked dreamily into the future. Still others secretly pulled pictures from their breastpockets and only a very few killed time by discussion and comment on their possible destination.

"Where are we going?" Yes, where? No one knew. Then after endless hours, the train stopped. We were in Duren. What were we there for? We did not know. The officers only shrugged their shoulders at our questions.

After a brief pause we went ahead. On the evening of August 1 we reached a farmyard near Duren. Our company was billeted in a barn. No one knew what we had to do. Ignorant of the purpose of our being sent so near the Belgian border we laid down on our backs.

Women's white Keds, \$1.25 value \$3 White Canvas insole, both low cut Broken lots and One lot of ladies 10 per cent off

Remember

short. At 1 a. m. we were again aroused and honored by a speech from our captain. He said we were at war with Belgium. He told us to show ourselves brave, deserve the iron cross and bring honor to Germany. Then he continued:

"We only make war against the armed force, the Belgian army. Life and property of civilians are protected under international law. Yet you soldiers must not forget to keep your lives for the fatherland or sell them as



Honored by a Speech From Our Captain.

dearly as possible. Unnecessary shedding of blood we will prohibit to the civilian population. Yet I ask you to consider that too much consideration borders on cowardice and that will be punished very severely."

After this speech of our captain we were loaded on our autos and at 4 a. m. crossed the border into Belgium. In order to make this a historical occasion we were ordered to give three cheers. On the speedy autos we reached our goal at 10 a. m. It was a beautiful little rural village. Inhabitants of the villages we had passed looked at us in astonishment, so that we all got the impression that these country people never knew why we came to Belgium. They were frightened out of their sleep and looked out at us from their windows.

As we halted and left our autos, the farmers came out and offered us coffee, bread, meat, etc. We were still without a field kitchen, so that we enjoyed the enemy's offerings more so since those of the better class of villagers refused any pay. They told us the Belgian soldiers had departed to some unknown destination.

After a short rest we marched on. The autos returned. Hardly had we marched an hour when we were overtaken by cavalry, dragoons and hussars, who reported that the Germans were marching all over the neighborhood on all roads. Right behind came the bicycle corps.

This was comforting. We no longer felt alone, isolated in a strange country. Another bicycle division overtook us and passed on. Angry words were now uttered by members of our company. The others could ride but we had to walk. What we had always taken for granted suddenly became great injustice. If it did no good our grumbling at least was a diversion from the weight of our packs.

The heat was oppressive. The sweat came from all pores. The new and stiff leather trappings rubbed us sore, especially upon our hips. It was a relief at 2 p. m. to halt at an abandoned farm and rest on the grass. We might have lain down about ten minutes when suddenly we heard firing. We jumped up like lightning and hurried to our guns. The firing which was about three kilometers away grew more lively. At once we were on the march again.

From the expressions on the faces of the soldiers we could read the minds of the men. Something took possession of them which they had never experienced before. As for myself I became very restless. Fright and curiosity lashed my brain. Everything whirled around in my head and my heart was beating wildly. But I strove to conceal my fright from my comrades. I am sure that I succeeded better than my companions.

Although I knew we would be in the fight in an hour, I tried to persuade myself that our interference would not be necessary. I clung tight-

ly to everything which might strengthen this hope.

The bicycles lying in the road indicated that the bicycle division was in the fight at this point. How strong the enemy was we did not know as we raced toward the firing line. Everybody crouched down as low as possible while jumping to the right and left. Before and behind us the bullets were flying continuously, yet we reached the firing line without losses. We were greeted joyously by our hard-pressed comrades. The bicycle regiment had not suffered any losses except for a few slightly wounded men who were still able to take part in the fight.

We were lying flat on the ground and firing in the direction ordered for all we were worth, even though we had not seen our enemies. That was apparently not interesting enough to some of our soldiers. They wanted to know how the people were looking whom they had to shoot at. They got up to a kneeling position. Two men of my company had to pay for their curiosity with their lives almost instantly. The first victim of our party went down without a sound. The second threw his arms high in the air and fell on his back. Both were dead instantly.

It is impossible for me to describe the feeling that overcame me in the first real volley as we advanced and came directly within the range of the fire. I no longer felt any fright, only an impulse to get into action as quickly as possible. Yet at the sight of the first corpse a terrible fear seized me. For minutes I was completely stunned, lost all self-control and was absolutely unable to think or do anything.

I pressed my face and hands close to the ground. I wanted to clutch my gun and shoot blindly. Presently I calmed down. I suddenly became contented with myself and conditions about me and when soon afterward the command was sounded along the whole line, "Spring out!" "Forward march!" I charged as did everyone else like one possessed. The order to halt followed. Like wet bags we plumped to the ground. Firing had begun anew.

Our firing now became more lively momentarily and increased to a fearful loudness. If we had occasion to say anything to our comrades we had to shout so loudly in their ears that it hurt our throats.

Under the effect of our fire the enemy grew restless, the fire weakened and his line wavered. As only 500 meters separated us from them we could observe exactly what happened there. We saw about half the enemy retire in the following manner: Every other man quit the line, leaving his alternate in his place. Those remaining held on until the retiring party halted. We used this moment to inflict the most severe losses on the retreating enemy. As far as we could scan the horizon to the right and left we saw the Germans advancing in several sectors. Also for our detachments the order came to advance as the enemy retreated.

The task of clinging to the heels of the retreating enemy so tenaciously that no time would be allowed to make a new stand fell to us. We followed the Belgians, scarcely stopping to breathe on the way, in order to prevent their fortifying themselves in a village situated just ahead. We knew that a bloody house-to-house fight lay before us, yet the Belgians never attempted to establish themselves, but managed to escape with astonishing cleverness.

In the meantime we received reinforcements. Our company was now pretty well scattered and fought with whatever unit was nearby. The body I joined had to remain in the village to search systematically for scattered soldiers. From this village we saw that the Germans had gained on all sides. Field artillery, machine gun detachments and other equipment arrived and we were all astonished at their coming so quickly.

But there was no time to be spent in speculation. With fixed bayonets we went from house to house, door to door, and while the results were negligible because we found no soldiers we did not come out quite empty-handed. We made the inhabitants deliver all guns and munitions and so forth in their possession. The mayor, accompanying the soldiers, explained to every citizen that all found with arms after the search would be punished according to the rules of war and German rules of war in Belgium meant execution.

An hour might have passed when we were again aroused by the sound of artillery and gunfire. A new battle had begun. Whether the artillery was busy on both sides could not be judged from our village. The bombardment was tremendous. The ground shook from the growling and moaning that rolled backward and forward, always seeming to become stronger.

The ambulance columns now brought in the first wounded. Couriers sped by us. War had set in in all its phases.

Darkness came over us before we had finished our house-to-house search. We dragged all the mattresses, straw sacks and feather beds that we could lay our hands on, to the community school and church to care for the wounded. They were made as comfortable as possible. From other surrounding villages now came the first fugitives. They may have been marching, for they looked tired and utterly exhausted.

Women, old men and children were huddled together in one mass. They had saved nothing except their bare lives. In baby buggies or on wheelbarrows these unfortunates carried whatever the rude force of war had

left them. In contrast to the fugitives, whom we had met before, these were extremely frightened, appearing to be in mortal terror of their enemy. Whenever they looked upon one of us German soldiers they cringed in terror.

How different these were from the inhabitants of the village where we had first stopped, who had met us in a friendly, even polite manner. We tried to learn the cause of this fright and discovered that the fugitives had witnessed in their village bitter street fighting. They had become acquainted with war—had seen their houses burning, had seen their little property destroyed and could not forget the sight of their streets filled with corpses and wounded.

It dawned upon us that not merely fear gave these people the appearance of hunted animals; there was also hatred toward the invaders who had fallen upon them and driven them from their homes by night.

In the evening we departed and tried to reach our own regiment. The Belgians had concentrated somewhere to the rear under cover of darkness. We were quite near the neighborhood of the fortified city of Liege. Many settlements through which we passed stood in flames; the inhabitants driven out, passed us in droves. Women, children and old men were buffeted about and seemed to be everywhere in the way. Without aims or plans, without a place on which to lay their heads these poor people dragged themselves by.

Again we reached a village, which to all appearances had been inhabited by contented people. Now indeed nothing but ruins could be seen. Wrecked houses and farms, dead soldiers, German and Belgian, and among them many civilians, who had been shot by military order.

Toward midnight we reached the German lines. The Germans had tried to take a village which lay within the fortified belt of Liege and was defended tenaciously by the Belgians. Here all forces had to be used in order to drive the enemy out, house by house and street by street. It was not very dark yet, so that we had to witness with all of our senses the terrible fights which developed here. It was a man-to-man fight. With the butts of our guns, knives, fists, teeth we went against the enemy.

One of my best friends fought with a giant Belgian. The guns of both had fallen to the ground. They hammered one another with fists. I had just closed an account with a twenty-two-year-old Belgian and was going to assist my friend because his antagonist was of superior strength. My friend succeeded suddenly in biting the Belgian on the chin so deeply that he tore a piece of flesh out with his teeth. The Belgian's pain must have been terrible. He released my comrade and ran away with an insane cry of pain.

Everything developed by seconds. The blood of the Belgian ran out of my friend's mouth; a terrible nausea and indescribable loathing seized him. The taste of warm human blood brought him almost to the verge of insanity. In the course of this night battle I came in contact for the first time with the butt of a Belgian gun. During a hand-to-hand fight with a Belgian, a second enemy soldier struck me on the back of the head with the butt of his gun so hard that my helmet was forced down over my ears. The pain was fearful and I fainted.

When I revived, I was lying in a barn, with my head bandaged, among other wounded men. My wound was not severe. I only had a feeling as if my head was twice its normal size. The other wounded soldiers and the ambulance men said the Belgians had been forced back within the forts and that hard fighting was still in progress.

Wounded men were brought in continuously and they told us that the Germans had already stormed several forts and had taken a number of main and auxiliary defenses, but could not hold them because they had not been sufficiently supported by artillery. The defenses inside the forts and their garrisons were still intact. The situation was not ripe for a storming attack, so the Germans had to retire with enormous losses. The reports we received were contradictory. It was impossible to get a clear picture. In the meantime the artillery bombardment had become so intense that it horrified even the German soldiers. The heaviest artillery was brought into action against the steel and concrete defenses.

No soldier so far knew anything of the existence of the 42-centimeter mortars. Long after Liege was in German hands these soldiers could not understand how it was possible that the defenses, which consisted of double six-meter walls of steel and concrete, were reduced after only a few hours' bombardment.

I myself could not take part in these operations, being wounded, but my comrades told me later how the capture of the several forts came about. Artillery of all caliber was trained on the forts, but it was the 21-centimeter mortars and the 42s which performed the real work.

From a distance the 42-centimeter projectiles were heard to arrive, to the accompaniment of a fearful hissing that sounded like a long drawn-out screech which filled the whole atmosphere. Wherever it fell, everything was destroyed within a radius of several hundred meters. The air pressure which the bursting of the projectile produced was so terrible that it made breathing difficult for those of us who were holding the advanced positions.

To make this witches' holiday complete the Zeppelins appeared during

(Continued on Page 7)

Stockmen's pocket size bills of sale at News office.

24x36 carbon paper for fancy work 15c at News

A Real Drug Store

We feature our stock of drugs and drug sundries and want to call your attention to our line of

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Braley's Insurance Agency

INSURANCE OF EVERY KIND
— THAT INSURES

"WE KNOW HOW"

Braley's Insurance Agency

Notice!

Owing to the excessive increase in the cost of materials, from 50 to 300 per cent, and the fact that the wholesale houses sell for cash, I am forced to ask my many friends and customers that they pay me cash for my work. Also the high cost of living and all expenses have so increased that I am compelled to adopt this plan.

By cash work I am enabled to hold down the rising costs of blacksmithing work.

The war has made the iron and steel market very strong and as the Government comes first in this line, we can only get what materials we can and when we can.

J. L. FERNANDES
THE BLACKSMITH

..This is Windmill Weather..

We handle Leader, Star and Challenge Windmills and a general line of piping, casing and sucker rod. Also repairs for all kinds of mills. : : : :

..J. B. Sledge Hardware Co..

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When you have your plumbing done by a practical plumber. I carry bath tubs, sinks and full line plumbing fixtures.

S. HOWELL, The Plumber.

An American of Long Patriotic Lineage—1776 to 1918

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

C. L. Tallmadge

OF SOCORRO, N. M.

For Fifteen Years, Mr. Tallmadge has given his every effort to the internal development of New Mexico. We believe he can best continue this great work in the Senate of the United States. And we believe that President Wilson and the Nation need now the active aid of such men as C. L. Tallmadge.

THE DEMOCRATS OF SOCORRO COUNTY.

Endorsed in Mass Meeting and By Committee

"Resolved, by the Democratic Central Committee of the County of Socorro, that the Democrats, of this County and State generally, request of Hon. C. L. Tallmadge that he become a candidate for the nomination and subsequent election as United States Senator for the State of New Mexico, at the coming fall election.

MELITON TORRES, Chairman."

This resolution was endorsed by a mass meeting of Socorro County citizens.

We believe:

That Mr. Tallmadge is the strongest candidate we can put before New Mexico's voters in the Fall election and we point out the great desirability of electing a Democrat.

That Mr. Tallmadge, if elected, will prove an able, whole-hearted supporter of our great President and of America's part in the war for world freedom.

That Mr. Tallmadge would prove in the

United States Senate a powerful force in procuring for New Mexico the necessary federal aid for her great drainage and irrigation projects.

That Mr. Tallmadge would prove an effective advocate of changes in banking laws which New Mexico's Stock Raisers, Farmers and Bankers as well know are necessary for the proper development of our state and of the Great New West.

C. L. TALLMADGE AND WHAT HE HAS DONE FOR NEW MEXICO

Mr. Tallmadge is a Westerner by birth, by upbringing, in education and in heart. He was born 45 years ago in Nebraska and graduated with high honors from the University of Nebraska. He practiced law for a time, but gave up a good practice, leaving his wife and baby, to answer McKinley's call for volunteers in the war for free Cuba.

Upon his discharge he turned his attention to the needs and possibilities of the Southwest. Mr. Tallmadge is the pioneer of the great movement to

the Southwest which has resulted in the recent rapid development of the country. He is himself heavily interested in New Mexico.

His neighbors are his friends. When Mr. Tallmadge took up the Bosque del Apache Grant, a score of families whose people for generations had occupied and cultivated portions of it were informed by him that he would not question their rights to the land. He sent his engineers to stake out the territory which each claimed, and gave to each settler a deed to his property.

It was he who introduced the idea of low railroad rates to the Southwest; who educated the people of the north to come here; who convinced the railroads of the advantage of building up the Southwest.

Prosperity in New Mexico followed his efforts; bank deposits in old towns doubled, new towns sprang up; railroads which hitherto had not paid expenses began to share in the revival, and farmers, stockmen and workmen found readier markets for their produce and labor.

MR. TALLMADGE'S PLATFORM OF PRINCIPLES

Honorable Meliton Torres, Chairman Democratic Central Committee, Socorro, New Mexico.

My dear Mr. Torres: I have your communication of recent date enclosing the resolution passed by the Democratic and County Central Committees and approved by mass meeting of Socorro County Democrats. This resolution requests me to become a candidate for the nomination of the office of United States Senator before the Democratic State Convention.

While I deeply appreciate the compliment which is expressive of the kindly thought of my neighbors and friends, I am moved more by the reference to the work which I have been able to accomplish in the past fifteen years in developing the agricultural resources of the state and the bringing within its boundaries many thousands of people who have become prominent citizens and are contributing to the upbuilding of the commonwealth in all lines of activity.

The first problem for every citizen is to decide "what can I best do to aid and end the war," which can only be accomplished by a complete victory over any enemy which is moved by greed for power and lust of passion to rule mankind and destroy all that is good and which, if it were to succeed, would bring slavery, poverty and misery to every home in our fair land.

Therefore, I must decide in considering your request whether

I can contribute more to the common cause by serving in such capacity. Without doubt such office would put me in position to strengthen and uphold the regularly constituted authorities in their conduct of the war, and this will be demanded of anyone placed in this high office, and anything less will not be long tolerated by the citizens of New Mexico of its senator.

Further, my thought and work for the past few years has been to assist in working out a plan to reclaim the lands of the Rio Grande valley, which have been so beautifully favored by nature in giving all factors necessary to make this one of the most productive sections of the world and at the same time has been one of the most neglected.

This is probably one of the oldest farmed sections of the United States. The early pioneer Spanish-American settled and fully developed irrigation without governmental or financial aid. He laid out and constructed his irrigation ditches without level or transit, but with a degree of intelligence that has not been equal in similar undertaking in like circumstances. He improved and farmed the lands which, together with stock raising, enabled him to sustain himself and family and built up one of the most productive communities in the country.

The Rio Grande, being an international and interstate stream, is directly in the control of the federal government. This took the distribution of its water out of the hands of the water users and through inequitable and improper diversion and storage

many thousands of acres of the richest land in the world have become worthless so far as crop yield is concerned. Aside from the personal loss to those people it has put New Mexico out of its rightful place as one of the great sugar, wheat and other cereal producing states and just at a time when the world's supply of sugar, flour and other food products necessary to sustain the lives of the millions of laborers engaged in war producing activities is so urgently required.

The time has arrived for us to overcome this deplorable condition if we are to do our part in the present emergency. Let us not lament over our present condition, but correct it. The first thing to do is to increase sugar by growing sugar beets; increase flour by planting and growing wheat; increase meat production by growing more cattle, sheep and hogs. To do this means drainage and drainage means money.

The present crisis has proven that there is just one banker with sufficient resources to finance every enterprise necessary to win the war, and that is our Uncle Sam. His performance from the day war was declared has proven that he is willing to do so, and on a fair business basis. Let us organize our drainage districts and vote our bonds and ask the federal government to loan us the money necessary to do the construction, to aid us in getting the necessary machinery delivered quickly.

We have the labor to do the work and grow the crops. The war finance corporation was created by Congress with authority to loan three billion dollars to enterprises necessary to the prosecution of the war. Through this agency of the government or some other, New Mexico can get the funds necessary to contribute its share.

I have been told by a very high government official that five million acres of land with water available has not been farmed from the lack of funds. Millions additional pounds of meat products can be added if the stockman can secure the funds necessary for his business. His enterprise is certainly an essential one and should not be permitted to suffer for lack of funds.

If our present banking laws are inadequate changes should be made so that longer time paper can be carried in order to aid the stockman and farmer.

The interest of every property holder, every business and professional man and every laborer is linked with this development. Let us concentrate our thought to the purpose of correcting a bad condition and not allow our minds to become water-logged. We will have to meet obstruction; red tape and bureaucracy is done away with in nearly every department of the government, and let this be done in the departments which have to do with the developments of land and increased food production so that we can contribute our share in sustaining the men who have pledged their lives that our government may live.

If the Democrats think I can be more useful in working out these and other problems in the capacity mentioned, I am willing to serve.

Sincerely yours,
C. L. TALLMADGE.

The time is short before the state convention, but reports to the Committee show that Mr. Tallmadge's strength is growing in every precinct. Let us show the voters of New Mexico that the Democrats can unite on a candidate whose worth is known to all and who is in accord with the nation's leaders in their policies and with the best thought for the progress of our state.

Respectfully submitted by
MELITON TORRES, Chairman. Democratic Central Committee of the County of Socorro.

COULDN'T WALK FOR TWO LONG YEARS

Takes Tanlac and Can Now Go All Over Town—Gains Eighteen Pounds.

"I have actually spent three hundred dollars for medicines of different kinds—my druggist said I was the best customer he had—but nothing seemed to reach my case until I began using Tanlac," said Mrs. A. M. Richards, 808 13th Street, Denver Colo., recently.

"Three years ago," continued Mrs. Richards, "I began suffering with rheumatism and stomach trouble. The rheumatism was inflammatory and while it affected me all over, I suffered mostly in my hands and feet. Medicines failed to help me and I went to Idaho Springs for treatment but came back no better. For two years I couldn't walk—some days I couldn't use my arms at all—and when I went to the Springs I had to take a lady with me to help me along. My stomach was in a dreadful condition and I was weak, nervous and dizzy.

"Well, the results Tanlac has brought have been nothing less than wonderful. Last winter I weighed just one hundred pounds and I'm sure I weigh all of one hundred and twenty pounds now—and, oh, I do feel so much better. I can walk all over town and look after my house without any trouble. I am already practically relieved of pain—my dizziness is all gone and I certainly do feel better than I have in three years."

Tanlac is sold in Portales by Ed J. Neer. Adv.

Dr. Swearingin's Dates
Drs. Swearingin and Presley, oculists of Roswell, will be at Neer's drug store 20th day of each month to treat diseases of the eye, ear, throat and to fit glasses.

Wanted
Hand sacks of all kinds. You cash.
J. A. Saylor

ELIDA

(From the Elida Enterprise.)
S. F. Myles has installed a set of wagon scales for use in his coal and grain weighing.

J. F. Smith, of Houston, Tex., is here for an extended visit with his sister, Mrs. H. E. White who he had not seen for nearly twenty years. Mr. Smith is in poor health and hopes for some benefit from a few months in this climate.

A. A. Woods, J. C. Halburton, Bob Hollingsworth, and Earl Roberts, who were over in Texas harvesting and threshing, came back the first of the week. They report good wages where they were, northeast of Amarillo.

Reuben Cothorn, a young man whose parents reside near Claudell, is down with typhoid at the home of his brother, John, in Elida. His mother is here taking care of him and he seems to be getting along very well.

Mrs. A. A. Beeman, of Elida, and Mrs. E. E. Hoagland, of Portales, accompanied their husbands to Roswell last week to view the Shriner's parade and for an enjoyed outing and auto trip.

L. L. Kyle has brought his cattle in from where he was grazing them north of Portales.

J. C. Hayes is buying up another bunch of cattle for shipment.

A Sunday school convention is to be held at the Oklahoma school house, Redlake, on the 18th. Rev. L. L. Kyle is one of the invited speakers for the occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Stieg have gone to Ft. Sill, Okla., to visit their son at camp. He is expecting to be moved from there soon and wanted to enjoy a visit with his folks while in easy distance.

A baby girl was born Wednesday to Mr. and Mrs. Ted Wilmes, of Elida.

R. V. McCray is reported to

be down with an attack of fever.

F. C. Ruckman is moving his cattle to grass over near Melrose.

Mr. Frank Parker, of Nobe, was an over night visitor in Elida this week again. Rams have been very light in his locality, the grass is short for his Jerseys. They want Hooverize, but demand either grass or alfalfa and accept no substitutes.

ROCK VALLEY ITEMS

(From the Kenna Record.)

Misses Maggie and May Cooper came in Saturday from Texas to visit relatives and friends, for a few days.

Mrs. Sallie Shafer spent the day with Mrs. Myers Sunday.

Miss Dorothy Ketcher spent Sunday with Miss Leha Haynes.

Mrs. P. L. Baker and daughter spent the afternoon with Mrs. W. T. Cooper.

T. T. Brooks and family and P. L. Baker went to Roswell Monday on business.

BOAZ NEWS

(From the Kenna Record.)

The sand storm on Tuesday night was followed by a quarter inch rain.

Mrs. L. E. McClish and children and Mrs. Forest Procter were Sunday callers at W. L. L. Parkers.

T. Betenbaugh returned from a trip to McDonald, New Mexico, on Monday of this week.

Mrs. Frost, of Taiban, was a business visitor at Boaz the latter part of last week.

News want ads for results.

Dastardly Deed

Last Sunday night the lights were turned off at eleven o'clock without a moments notice. This caught the Baptist church crowded with people. The southwest Utilities Company apparently cares nothing for the good will of its patrons. Give service or get out. Texico Farwell News

Want Ads

RATES:—One cent per word for each insertion. Payable when ordered. Try these want ads, as people read them every week.

Those wishing to study expression see Ester Haning, phone 96 3 rings. 31tf

LAND LOANS—See W. B. Oldham or W. B. Oldham. 1tf

WANTED—Cows from 3 to 8 years old—G. W. Robertson, Portales. 30tf

Good 12 foot red wood combination counter cabinet for sale at rare bargain.—Valley News.

I shall teach a summer class in piano and violin. Ruth Haning phone 96 3 rings. 31tf

See Over The Top, at The Cozy Monday night. The same story The News completes this issue.

FOR RENT—House with city water and lights on north side of track—C. O. Leach. 39tf

With the new linotype we are able to print your sale bills so you can tack them up on the road home. We give real service in job work.

WANTED—A second hand one row binder. State condition and price in first letter. Dr. R. H. Bailey, Portales. 11

For Sale or Trade—Good seven passenger Studebaker car, in good shape, only been run 8000 miles. Terms to responsible parties. See A. D. Ribble at Portales Lumber Yard, Portales. 401f

FOR SALE—Good Dodge car, a bargain. Would trade for right kind of stuff. Also one set of good leather harness and an Al Frazier saddle. S. N. Hancock, Portales, N. M. 371f

IT will pay you to get our prices before you order

SALE BILLS

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, at Ft. Sumner, New Mexico, June 29th, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that James C. Blanchett, of Floyd, N. M., who, on May, 1st, 1915, made Homestead entry, No. 012544, for SW 1/4, Township 1 S, Range 32 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge in his office at Portales, N. M., on the 2nd day of Sept., 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Edward C. Price, Peter E. Wikel, James E. Spear, James P. Nash, all of Floyd, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register 35.5 t

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, at Ft. Sumner, New Mexico, June 29th, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that Walter M. Hughes, of Elida, N. M., who, on April 5th, 1915, made Original Homestead Entry, No. 012461, for SE 1/4, Sec. 7, and on July 6th 1915, made additional Homestead entry 012671, for NE 1/4, Sec. 18, Township 2 S, Range 32 E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before James A. Hall, U. S. Commissioner in his office at Portales, N. M., on the 21st day of August, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: U. S. Markland, of Elida, N. M., W. G. Upton, of Elida, N. M., Clarence Newman, of Floyd, N. M., A. E. Banister, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register 35.5 t

FORBES

Auctioneer
Glovie

DR. L. R. HOUGH
THE DENTIST
Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
Office in Reese bldg., over Dobbs.
PORTALES, NEW MEX.

DR. J. S. PEARCE
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office at Pearce's Pharmacy
Office phone 34. Residence 23
PORTALES, NEW MEX.

DR. D. B. WILLIAMS
Office in Reese Bldg.
PORTALES, NEW MEX.

DR. N. F. WOLLARD
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office at Neer's drug store, phone 67 2R. Residence phone 169.
PORTALES, NEW MEX.

DR. JAMES F. GARMANY
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Main office and residence at the JF-bar ranch, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Benson, N. M. Address either Portales or Benson.
Portales Phones — — 193 or 188

COMPTON & COMPTON
Attorneys at Law
Practice in all courts. Office over The News, Portales, N. M.

All kinds of legal blanks at The News office.

THE DANFORTH WAGON YARD
formerly the Boucher yard. Will appreciate all business. We handle feed of all kinds.

DRIVE IN
M. O. Danforth, Mgr.



The Portales Valley News

PROX TO FRUIT
"Covers Roosevelt County Like The Sunshine."

Portales Herald and Times Combined with The News Sept. 1916.
A DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER
Published in the greatest shallow water district on earth.

SUBSCRIPTION:—In County \$1 per year, outside \$1.50.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

- FOR JUDGE, 5th JUDICIAL DISTRICT**
Sam G. Bratton
Charles R. Brice
- FOR REPRESENTATIVE, 5th DISTRICT**
J. S. Long
- FOR PROBATE JUDGE**
Cleve Compton (re-election)
- FOR SHERIFF**
Arch Gregg (re-election)
- FOR COUNTY CLERK**
Seth A. Morrison (re-election)
- FOR COUNTY TREASURER**
John Ballow (re-election)
- FOR TAX ASSESSOR**
Burl Johnson (re-election)
- COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT**
Sam J. Stinnett (re-election)
- COMMISSIONER PRECINCT 1**
Dr. J. S. Pearce (re-election)
- COMMISSIONER PRECINCT 2**
Ed Wall (re-election)
- COMMISSIONER PRECINCT 3**
Charles S. Toler

STAND BY WILSON

WIN THE WAR
Rep. Scott Ferris, Chairman of the Democratic National Congressional Campaign Committee speaking at the Iowa Democratic State Convention said:

"There is but one issue before the nation today. That is to lift aloft the banner of democracy and maintain the freedom of mankind and to stamp out once and for all time German militarism and German autoeracy. There may be other ways to achieve it but I know of only one. That is to stand by the regularly constituted officers of the Government, stand by them to the end. Stand by the President should and will be the shibboleth of this campaign. Stand by the flag, stand by the country, stand by the President, for these during war times, are synonyms.

In the great Civil war, President Lincoln and his every political adviser said, 'Stand by the President, stand by the country.' The Nation obeyed the summons. During the Spanish-American war, President McKinley, Theodore Roosevelt, and every political adviser, said 'Stand by the President' and the country obeyed.

"Today in a war that is far more reaching than all the rest when the Nation is trembling from turret to foundation stone there is but one appeal that should be made and heeded by every citizen of the land, of what ever political party, of whatever creed—'Stand by the President, Stand by the flag and stand by the country.'"

Marriage Licenses

The following marriage licenses have been issued in the last week by Clerk Morrison:

Mellie B. Small	Elida Earl Roberts
Ada R. Roger	Portales
J. Harve Baker	Portales
Allie May Dendy	Portales
John P. McDonald	Portales
Emma A. Warren	Portales
T. S. Gaines	Comanche, Tex.

Walton Stays on Job

Congressman W. B. Walton, who is a candidate this year for the Democratic senatorial nomination, will not return to the state during the brief time congress is in recess, to look after his political fences.

His attitude is commendable and should strengthen his candidacy his supporters argue since the important business at this time is to win the war and New Mexico's representative is giving what aid he can to bring this about.

The attitude of Mr. Walton is in striking contrast with that of U. S. Senator A. B. Fall, who returned to the state several weeks ago to attend a Republican junta at Santa Fe and confer with his party leaders relative to his own candidacy and the probable line-up for a state ticket.

KENNA

(From the Kenna Record.)
W. A. Stansell is up from Lovington this week attending to business matters.

Mrs. Jim Clubb returned from a short visit with relatives at Amarillo, Texas.

Woodie Southard and Bennie Good were Elida visitors Saturday.

W. B. McCombs is transacting business in Amarillo this week. Mrs. McCombs and baby are visiting relatives here and attending the meeting during his absence.

Revs. Todd and Carter who are conducting a revival meeting here are preaching some very able sermons. You will miss a treat if you do not hear them.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Morrow and daughter were down from Elida Saturday.

C. S. Wilson, of New Hope, visited his daughter, Mrs. R. R. Hedspeith here the first of the week.

M. R. Kirkley of the U. S. Biological survey, is in the vicinity directing the killing of prairie dogs for a number of our citizens and anyone wishing such rodents killed should make arrangements with Mr. Kirkley either at the G. T. Littlefield or W. A. Fry ranches. This movement should not have to be encouraged when government statistics show that sixteen prairie dogs kill and destroy annually as much grass as a cow.

Mrs. T. O. Elrod and son returned home Tuesday from an extended visit in Indiana.

The rain Tuesday night was accompanied by a strong wind which blew the top off a box car that was standing in the A. T. & S. F. yards.

Mrs. H. C. Williams and daughter, Fay, and son, Jack, of Roswell are the guests of Mrs. E. E. Lee this week.

Misses Maggie and May Cooper left Tuesday for Lockney, Texas, after a brief visit with relatives and friends here. They will return in time to resume their duties as teachers in our city schools.

PORTALES SPRINGS

Will Turner was ordered by Uncle Sam to report to Camp Travis, but failed in the physical examinations. He reports good oats and plenty of sleep while he was gone.

T. W. Austin took in the wheat harvest in Kansas. While there he made \$6 a day stacking and is now threshing for \$5 a day and board.

C. F. Moon received a telegram from his sister in Montana saying that her husband was drowned and that the body could not be found. Mr. Moon left at once for Montana.

Lee Carter and sisters, Misses Nell and Edna and Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Landers spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Austin. All enjoyed the supper under the shade trees.

Lee Burrows and sister, Mrs. E. H. Wright, of Fleetwood, Ok., are here for Mrs. Wright's health. C. Robertson and family spent Saturday night and Sunday with his nephew west of Portales.

Miss Blanch Nash and Mrs. Earnest Carter and son and daughter spent Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Burrows.

Mrs. Sarah Stanford came home last week and sold her cattle, leased her grass and returned to Turkey, Texas, to spend the remainder of the year.

Banking Efficiency

The test of the service of your banking connection is whether or not it fills your wants: whether it furthers the vital interests of your business.

OUR AIM IS SERVICE
and to give you the maximum of results.

We respectfully solicit your consideration.

SECURITY STATE BANK

"Under State Supervision"

She was called to Turkey some weeks ago by the death of her granddaughter, Miss Bertha May Meacham. Miss Meacham was ironing with a gasoline iron and it exploded. She died the same evening of the burns received. Mrs. Meacham's hands and arms were badly burned in trying to save her daughter.

Mrs. Eva Ward and daughters Eva and Ara of Arch, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Roy Austin.

We build auto tops.—Portales Garage.

"No Quarter, Slaughter Everybody"

Such were the orders of the German officers on the march of the Prussian troops through Belgium. One who witnessed the horrible deeds describes them in

Confessions of a German Deserter

A remarkable story by a young Prussian officer whose conscience revolted at the atrocities and who made his escape to this country after the battle of Mons. Don't miss the installments in

This Newspaper

We can handle your sale bill in short order. With the New linotype, we can print them so you can put up bills going home.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., July 31st, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that Emily L. Greenhaw, of Dora, N. M., who on July 29th 1914, made Homestead entry, No. 011481, for NE 14, S 12 NW 14 NW 14 NW 14 Sec. 5 and NE 14 NE 14, Sec. 6, Township 58, Range 34 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Three Year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge in his office at Portales, N. M., on the 17th day of Sept. 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Zenes Wilmoth, Thomas L. Parks, James Dutton, George Bryant, all of Redlake, N. M.
A. J. Evans, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 25th, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that John T. Turner, of Benson, N. M., who on May 15th, 1918, made homestead entry, Act 122916, No. 016168, for SE 14, NE 14 SW 14, E 12 NW 14 NW 14 NW 14, Sec. 17, Township 1 S, Range 30 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, in his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of September, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Legrande P. Morgan, of Benson, N. M., John O. Benson, of Portales, N. M., Abner A. Cribbs, of Portales, N. M., Albert S. Pearson, of Portales, N. M.
A. J. Evans, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

012911
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office, at Ft. Sumner, N. M., July 3rd, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that John W. Lacey, of Portales, N. M., who on Sept. 1st, 1915, made Homestead entry, No. 012911, for NW 14, Section 15, Township 3 S., Range 34 E. N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, in his office at Portales, N. M., on the 16th day of September, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: George W. Lacey, Sam Harris, Dock Whit, John Sanders, all of Portales, N. M.
A. J. Evans, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., July 17th, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given that Thomas P. Chalk, of Arch, N. M., who on Feby. 21st, 1914, made Homestead entry, No. 011193, for SE 11, Sec. 8, SW 11, Sec. 9, Township 2 S., Range 37 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, probate judge, in his office, at Portales, N. M., on the 3rd day of September, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Ben F. Allis, Henry P. Townsend, William W. Hassell, Ben Townsend, all of Arch, N. M.
A. J. Evans, Register

Ever Try Honey as a Substitute For Sugar?

The dealers were cut down another 60 per cent in the amount of their sugar supply, the first of August. This is now 20 per cent of the sales, when there were no restrictions on sugar. The amount allowed to be sold to consumers was cut the first of August to the rate of 2 pounds per person per month.

We urge the use of substitute sweetening. Karo and other corn syrups are off the market at present but we will have it as soon as obtainable. We have a great variety of other syrups.

Honey as a sweetening agent has been overlooked by a great many housewives. We have it in ten pound, gallon buckets, the pure strained goods at per bucket \$2.00

Honey has as much or more sweetening value as sugar and is very reasonable in price. Try some and help our boys in France.

Sugar is fighters' food. It is assimilated into human energy faster than any other food known to man. Our boys need it. Let them have it by saving sugar in every way.

JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY

The First War Time Duty

of every loyal citizen is to firmly back up the Government and all its institutions.

The Federal Reserve Banking System is a government institution established for the protection of the banking public. This institution is a member of the system.

It is the patriotic duty of every citizen to save and economize as they have never done before and invest their savings in War Savings Stamps.

Remember! The men in our army and navy do not expect luxuries. Should we at home expect them? Buy only the necessities and War Saving Stamps. We can supply you.

The First National Bank

"THE BANK WHERE YOU FEEL AT HOME"

CRO...
Fairly gen... cooler weathe... half of the w... benefit to ra... southern dist... sufficient in s... lands. Range... southwest pla... are ending. T... wheat is pra... rye-begun, als... wheat which i... weeks early... affala in un... counties in un... in southern. C... and fruits are... ing for fall gr... ern valleys.

Port Summe... days numerou... the country... Range condit... years.

East Las V... ers Friday at... well over the... ing a big bea... and greatly be... pastures.

Carlsbad: I... continued ov... materially in... conditions. Cr... ject are goin... acreage, even... project.

Agricultural... cloudy sky du... light showers... phere. Con... shipment of... loupes under... yields.

Roswell: Ra... light, not eno... ranges to the... eastward. Or... exceptionally... dropping badl... ing marketed.

We build a... Garage.

CALLED

Six Years Ago... She is

Royce City,

man, of this p... birth of my litt... menced to hurt... to bed. We c... treated me... got worse and... was unbearable... three months an... that I was just... I told my hu... me a bottle of C... I commenced ta... evening I calle... me... for I kn... many days unle...

CE...
God...
We own... acres...
Libera...
Created... proposition... carries wi...

P...
Plainview

Program of the Eighteenth Annual Session of the Roosevelt County Teachers to Be Held at Portales, August 26th to 30th, Inclusive

CROP REPORT
 Fairly general showers and cooler weather occurred the last half of the week, affording much benefit to range and crops in southern districts although insufficient in some southwest low lands. Range is coming up in southwest plains and stock losses are ending. The harvest of winter wheat is practically finished and rye-begun, also some early spring wheat which in localities is three weeks early. Second cutting of alfalfa in central and northern counties is under way and third in southern. Corn, beans, gardens and fruits are doing well. Plowing for fall grain begun in southern valleys.
 Fort Sumner: During last ten days numerous good showers over the country but light locally. Range conditions poorest in many years.
 East Las Vegas: Heavy showers Friday afternoon extending well over the county and assuring a big bean crop, also forage and greatly benefitting range and pastures.
 Carlsbad: Local showers have continued over Eddy county, materially improving farming conditions. Crops under the project are good; largest cotton acreage, even growth on the project.
 Agricultural College: Partly cloudy sky during the week with light showers, cool humid atmosphere. Crop conditions excellent; shipment of pears and cantaloupes under way, with good yields.
 Roswell: Rainfall for the week light, not enough to benefit the ranges to the west, but heavier eastward. Corn and beans doing exceptionally well. Apples still dropping badly; cantaloupes being marketed.

MONDAY, AUGUST 26TH	
8:00	Enrollment
9:30	Opening Session
	Song
	Invocation, Rev. W. W. Turner
	Welcome Address, Prof. J. S. Long
	Response, Supt. Edwin G. Taylor
	Music
	Address, Superintendent Sam J. Stinnett
10:40	Primary Work, Mrs. Katie Kenady
	Afternoon
2:45	Roll Call
	Special Music
	Announcements
	The Teacher and Home Economics, Mrs. O. S. Strickland
	Address, Dr. E. L. Enloe, President, New Mexico State Normal School
	Address, Dr. R. B. Cousins, President West Texas State Normal
	Evening
8:30	Special music
	Address, Dr. E. L. Enloe
	Address, Dr. R. B. Cousins
TUESDAY, AUGUST 27TH	
	Morning
8:30	Discussion, The first day of school
	Leader: J. R. Shook. Round table discussion—Miss Lillian D. Norvell, Miss Mignon Jones, Mrs. J. W. King
	Discussion, Grading pupils in rural schools
	R. A. Palma, Miss Lillian Marshall, Miss Esther Marrs and A. C. Woodburn.
	Discussion, Patriotism and History
	J. H. Brashear, Miss Esther Tinsley, Miss Mabel Burke and J. W. King
10:40	Primary Work, Mrs. Katie Kenady
	Afternoon
2:45	General Exercises, Announcements, Etc.
	Sectional Meetings

	Address, Mrs. Ruth C. Miller
	Address, Superintendent John Milne
	Evening
	At Methodist Church
	Special Music
	Address, Mrs. Ruth C. Miller, State Vocational Leader
	Address, Superintendent John Milne, Supt. Albuquerque Schools
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28TH	
	Morning
8:30	Model Class in Geography (Demonstration) Miss Ethel Crawford
	Discussion, Language in the Lower Grades, First and Second Grades, Miss Maggie Cooper and Mrs. J. W. Taylor, Third and Fourth Grades, Miss Linnie Forrest and Miss Pollie Sparks
	Miss Maud Wallace
	Discussion, How to Teach Percentage in Arithmetic, by Judd Miller
10:40	Primary Work, Mrs. Katie Kenady
	Afternoon
2:45	Boys and Girls Club Work, Mrs. J. S. Long
	Demonstrations in Club Work, W. T. Conway, Mrs. Koger
	Address, Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, Pres. New Mexico Normal University
	Address, Dr. R. K. Morgan, of Fayetteville, Tenn.
	Evening
8:30	At Methodist church
	Special Music
	Address, Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts
	Address, Dr. R. K. Morgan
THURSDAY, AUGUST 29TH	
	Morning
8:30	Model Primary Class, How I Teach Beginners to Read, (Demonstration), Miss Ida Johnston
	Discipline, J. W. Taylor, L. L. Brown, Edwin G. Taylor, Mrs. C. M. Frances, Miss

	Beatrice Cooper, Miss Doris Reed
	The County Board of Education, Its Duties, Mrs. G. L. Reese
	Merits and Demerits of the County Board, Supt. Sam J. Stinnett
	Has Our School System Been Benefited by Having the County Board? State Supt. J. H. Wagner
10:40	Primary Work, Mrs. Katie Kenady
	Afternoon
2:45	Meeting on Court House Lawn
	Special Meeting for Patrons, Directors and Eighth Grade Pupils
	Address, State Supt. J. H. Wagner
	Address, Dr. J. D. Sandefer, President Simmons College, Texas
	Evening
8:30	At Methodist church
	Special Music
	Address, State Supt. J. H. Wagner
	Address, Dr. J. D. Sandefer
FRIDAY, AUGUST 30TH	
8:30	Discussion, The Teacher and the Community, Miss Genevieve Campbell and Miss Della Boon
	What High School Subjects Can be Taught Successfully in the Rural Schools? Mrs. W. F. Greer
	Dramatization (Demonstration) How Does Dramatization Help Pupils? Miss Eula May Terry.
	Teachers Reports, Supt. Sam J. Stinnett
	Afternoon
2:45	General Exercises, Announcements, Etc.
	Address, Dr. David R. Boyd, President State University
	Address, Dr. D. E. Phillips, President Denver University
	Evening
8:30	At Methodist church
	Special Music
	Address, Dr. David R. Boyd
	Address, Dr. D. E. Phillips

We build auto tops.—Portales Garage.

Spark plugs of all kinds, inner and outer boots at Braley's Garage.

FORD DOING HIS SHARE
 Big Plant Turning Out Eagles, Tanks, Motors, Tractors

W. G. Upton leaves for Clovis where he accepts a position with the Santa Fe.

Suttee.
 The English government, after long discouraging suttees, by the agency of Lord William Bentinck formally abolished them in December, 1829, but they have since occasionally taken place.

CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royse City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Kullman, of this place, says: "After the birth of my little girl... my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me... but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable... I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up like a knot... I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it... I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me... for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for

the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this."
 Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and jagg-ed-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial.

The magnitude of the war work being done at the Ford factory at Detroit has only come to light recently. There are right at 50,000 men on the pay roll. Ford cars are being produced at the rate of 1611 a day. June 10th the company had on file orders for 110,644 cars. Ford has war orders, now for over 350 million dollars worth of war materials. Light tanks, 50,000 of them are to be made. There are 25,000 Ford ambulances on duty across the sea. One hundred and fifty Liberty motors are being made every day in the factory. Thirty of the new Ford tractors have been shipped to France and Belgium, where they are helping feed the people. Eagles, destined to chase the U-boat off the sea, cannons, helmets, ambulances, liberty motors airplane engines to the number of 400,000, trucks, tanks are being made with the well known Ford speed.

Miss Ferrin returned home Saturday from Las Vegas, where she has been attending the summer normal. Miss Ferrin will teach the Upton school during the 1918-19 term.



Food
 Will Win the War—Don't Waste It—Save it Now.
 Have your vulcanizing done at Braley's Garage.
 Defining the Necessary.
 A nonessential is something that belongs to somebody else and that he should be forced to go along without.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Singing Makes Work Easy.
 Singing makes the daily work easier of accomplishment. Sailors were among the first to recognize this and they sang as they stored away the cargo, keeping time with the music as they pulled on ropes and windlass, changing to presto when the work demanded it. Here is a favorite ditty:
 A Yankee ship and a Yankee crew,
 Tally hi ho, you know.
Are There Such?
 We care not who sings the nation's new popular songs as long as our apartment has sound proof walls.—Indianapolis News.

Confessions of a German Deserter :-:
 A thrilling story of the pillaging of Belgium as told by a young Prussian officer who participated and who, escaping after the battle of Mons, made his way to America and is now registered as an alien enemy.
 Be Sure to Read This Remarkable Narrative In This Newspaper

PORTALES GARAGE
Good Farm to Lease
 We own and offer for lease places containing 320 and 640 acres, all good farm land.
Liberal Crop or Cash Rental Terms
 Located east of Plainview, Kress and Talia, Texas. Our proposition of especial interest to stockmen, as each place carries with it excellent pasturage.
 Write today for full information
Price Brothers
 Plainview, Texas Care Citizen's National Bank

Wantland Bound Over.
 The preliminary hearing in the case of State vs. C. E. Wantland was held in justice court this week. Wantland plead not guilty of the charge of shooting John Trotter. His bond was fixed at \$1,500.
UPTON
 Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gore are the proud possessors of a fine little baby girl.
 Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cook are boasting of the same good luck.
 The Upton Red Cross Auxiliary met Wednesday. Most of the members had completed the work allotted them and are ready for more.
 A letter from the Upton boys who are working in the mines at Miami, Arizona, report that they are well and making money. There is always a chance for the fellow who wants to do.
 The cattlemen of this neighborhood who were forced to put their cattle on the market, owing to the continued drought, report very unsatisfactory returns. It's too bad to see the fine cattle sacrificed at such a loss.

Young Men, 18 Years of Age and Under 21

ATTENTION!

Your country needs college trained men in all branches of the military service. It has all the untrained men it needs. Therefore the government urges that every boy between the ages of 18 and 21 put in the time put in the time until he is drafted, in attending college, while taking regular military training. By doing this you will be serving your own best interests; you will be following the wishes of your government and you will be preparing to serve the government to best advantage when called. The Federal Government has established a

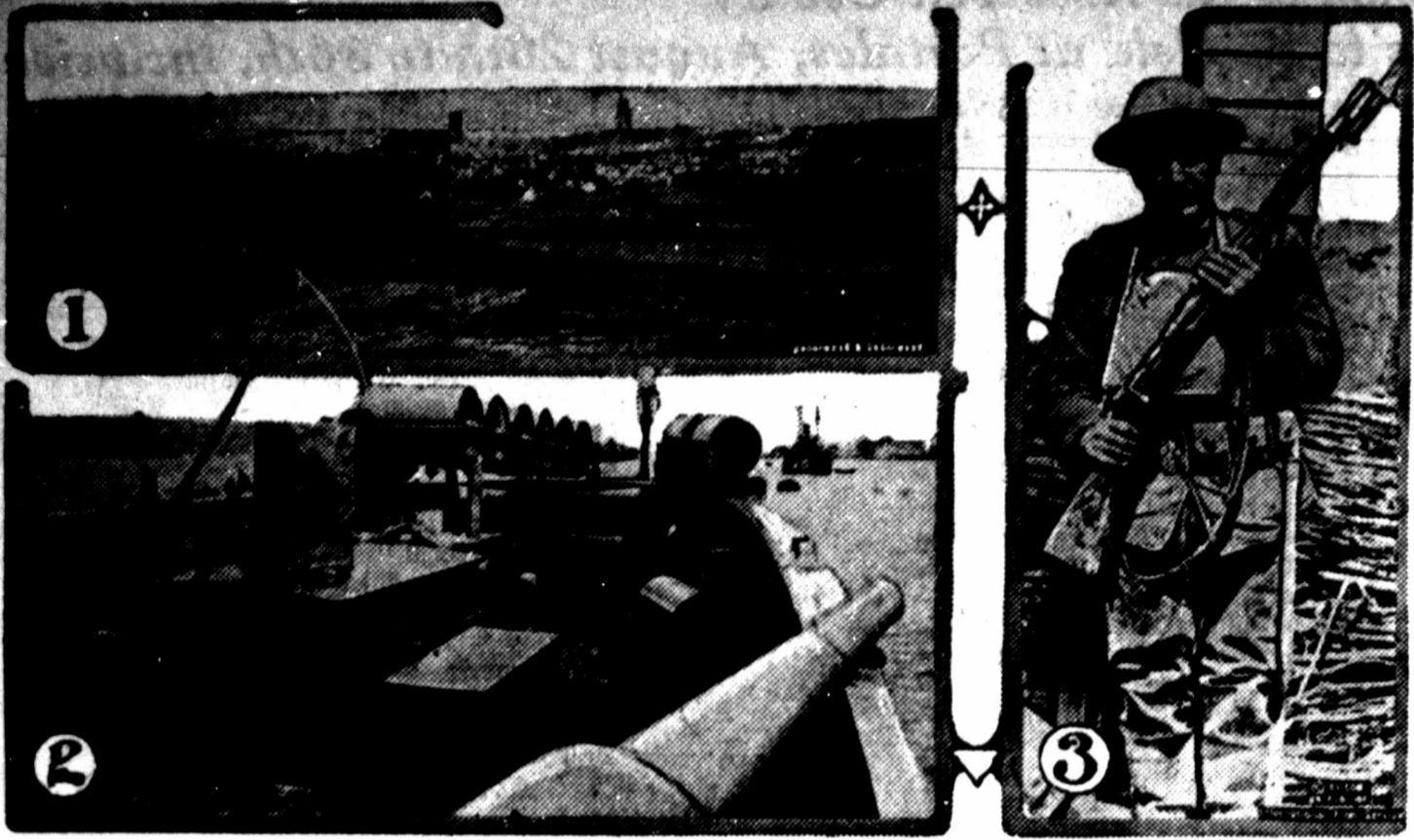
THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

a department of military training; effective with the opening of the fall term, October 1, 1918. It will be directed by a regular detained army officer.

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE TO SERVE YOUR COUNTRY IN THE MOST EFFECTIVE WAY

DONT DELAY ANOTHER MINUTE. WRITE FOR DETAILS TODAY

Address **DAVID R. BOYD, President**
 University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, New Mexico



1—View of Soissons, at the northern end of the allied offensive in the Alsne-Marne region. 2—Depth bombs on the Harvard, formerly a yacht, now an American patrol boat in European waters. 3—Victor Vandermerck, an American soldier who killed a German with the butt of his rifle in battle in France.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE GREAT WAR

General Foch Is Squeezing the Crown Prince's Army Out of Soissons-Reims Salient.

HUNS IN PERILOUS POSITION

American Troops Are Highly Praised for Their Fine Work—British in Flanders Take Meteren—Silly Exploit of U-Boat Off Cape Cod.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

"We've got 'em on the run" was the joyful cry of America as the news came in of the victorious progress of the allied troops in the Soissons-Reims salient.

In a measure this was true, for the Germans were being gradually squeezed out of the salient, and there was every reason for elation over the splendid fighting of the allies. But to hail the success as a great decisive victory was premature and foolish.

Such running as the Huns did was done only at the start of Foch's offensive, when they were taken by surprise. Their commanders quickly regained some measure of control, and thereafter the enforced retreat was conducted skilfully and slowly, every bit of ground being bitterly contested in order that as many guns and as much supplies as possible might be saved. Realizing that his entire army south of the Alsne was in grave danger, the crown prince sent in more and more of his reserves until 40 divisions were engaged, and desperate efforts were made to stabilize their lines of defense. However, nothing was allowed to stop the steady forward movement of the allies on three fronts of the salient, and the path of retreat was narrowed day by day. All of the territory yet held by the enemy was brought under the fire of the heavy guns, and the airmen in great numbers flew over the region day and night, working havoc with their bombs and machine guns.

At the beginning of the week there were highly successful operations on the west front of the salient, in both of which the Americans played an important part. At the tip of the German advance Chateau Thierry was taken by storm and a large section north and east of it was cleared of Huns. Here thousands of Germans were killed, other thousands captured, and great numbers of cannon and quantities of supplies were taken.

From this point northward to Soissons the Franco-Americans swept eastward until Neuilly St. Front was taken. On Chateau Thierry itself brought under gunfire and the very important railroad from there to Chateau Thierry crossed at so many places that it could no longer be used by the enemy. This drive, to be wholly successful, had to be carried to Fere-en-Tardenois, through which ran the only remaining railway which the Huns could rely upon to get their war supplies out of the way of Foch's pincers, and before the week closed the French and Yankees were moving steadily toward that town from the west and south. It must not be supposed that their progress was easy. The Germans counter-attacked repeatedly and fought brave and stubborn rear-guard battles. The village of Eplede, for instance, after being taken at the point of the bayonet by the Americans, was recaptured by the Huns, and again won by the Yankees, who then advanced their lines far beyond it.

Some of the fiercest fighting took place along the Marne east of Chateau Thierry. At first the Germans retreated across the river so hastily that the movement amounted almost to a rout. From the heights of Jaulgonne, Barzy and Passy, the American guns poured a deadly hail upon the fleeing foe, many of whom, throwing away their rifles, sought to swim the river, and were drowned.

When Foch was secretly preparing for his great strategic attack he called

a strong force of English and Scott troops down from the north, and they quietly slipped around south of the Marne toward Reims. At the appointed time these seasoned fighters hit the German lines southwest of the cathedral city a mighty blow. In the succeeding days, acting as the east arm of the pincers, they pushed forward into the salient from the Mountain of Reims toward Ville-en-Tardenois and Fismes. Their progress was slower than that of the Franco-Americans on the west, for the country in which they were fighting was much more difficult. East of Reims the French and Italian held their own and even made some advance, though the plan did not call for a drive by them.

When Foch's offensive was a week old it appeared probable that Ludendorff would attempt to make at least a temporary stand on the half-circle running from Soissons through the outskirts of Oulchy, below Fere-en-Tardenois and across toward the Mountain of Reims. Competent observers believed his troops were too disorganized to hold this line for long, and that he would be forced to fall back to the Vesle river, which runs almost due west from Reims, joining the Alsne near Soissons.

The main efforts of General von Boehm, the immediate commander of the Germans in the salient, were directed to keeping open the roads of retreat. He was given the assistance not only of most of the crown prince's reserves, but also of nine divisions from the army of Crown Prince Ruprecht of Bavaria. Already he was having great difficulty in feeding the men he had there, and the additions did little but stiffen his resistance and add to his commissary troubles.

At the time of writing, the full scope of General Foch's plans is not revealed. He has the initiative, and may elect to continue the offensive with all his strength in the effort to drive the Huns beyond the Alsne and as much farther as they can be forced; or he may find it prudent to hold them at the Vesle and await the arrival of more Americans. It is a noteworthy fact that 70 per cent of the allied troops engaged in the present battle are French. A considerable portion of the remainder are British and Italians. If so much can be done with so comparatively small a force of Americans taking part, ask observers, what will happen to the Huns when a million Americans are in the fighting line and another million at least waiting their turn for action? And this state of affairs will be reached by October, it is predicted.

Paris and London are loud in their praise of the quality and behavior of the Americans in the Alsne-Marne battle, and the newspapers there relate many instances of their bravery, coolness and determination. They are admittedly as fine troops as ever were seen, and even the least experienced of them have no idea of anything but winning every fight they go into. Their marksmanship, both with the rifle and with larger weapons, is remarkable; their doggedness is tempered with an unquenchable humor, and their stamina is such that at times bodies of them fought for many hours without food or drink, declining to halt their advance to let the commissary catch up with them. These splendid troops, with their gallant and competent officers, have done their full part in stopping the German offensive and converting it into an allied offensive, and if they are now called on to stop and await the arrival of more of their countrymen, America should rest satisfied, patient and proud. The American casualty lists will be longer and longer each day for a time, but the bravest ones may well take example by the proud, unwept grief with which Colonel Roosevelt received the news of the death of his gallant son, Quentin.

In Flanders the British carried out an important operation that resulted in the capture of Meteren. They have been devoting themselves to preparing for the new offensive which, according to the logic of the situation, Ludendorff must undertake and which, according to military experts, probably will be directed against some part of the line held by the British. Such an offensive would be largely to influence public opinion in Germany and direct

attention away from the crown prince's disastrous attempt on the Marne.

General Foch has not had to call into action the bulk of his reserves. In the midst of the biggest battle he found time to order a swift and fierce attack by the French along the Avre in the Montdidier sector. The positions aimed at were feebly held by tired troops that did not expect an attack, and the objectives were gained within a few hours, large numbers of prisoners being taken.

Rome received the information from some source that the Austrians were preparing a triple offensive against Italy. This, according to the story, is to consist of a great land attack on the Piave river line, a naval attack on Italy's Adriatic coast and an extensive counter-attack in Albania. The Italian commanders have no doubt of their ability to repulse any or all of these attacks. In Albania their forces, with the French, have kept moving forward and are now in very strong positions. The threat of a serious naval operation by Austria seems most foolish of all.

President Wilson completed his pronouncement of plans for the participation of the United States in the Russian expedition and was awaiting only the reply of Japan to the American proposal. It had been thought Japan had agreed to these, but dispatches from Tokyo told of an exciting controversy over them, two influential groups strongly opposing intervention. Moscow advised said general mobilization of the Russian army—meaning the bolsheviks—had begun, but this did not worry the allied statesmen. The plans of the British, Americans and French for the protection of the Murman region against the Germans and Finns are believed to be all settled. The people will be fed and their internal affairs will not be interfered with by the expedition that will be sent.

General Horvath, provisional ruler of Siberia, is co-operating with the Czech-Slovaks, and matters look more promising in that country.

Conditions in the Ukraine grow more unsettled daily, and now the Germans and Austrians are called on to face a great uprising in Roumania, where the people are disgusted with the peace with the central powers and with the treatment they are receiving. Probably half a million Teutonic troops are tied up in these two countries, which helps some.

The Atlantic seaboard was amazed rather than alarmed by the sudden appearance of a large German submarine close to Cape Cod. The vessel attacked a tug and sank the three-toned tug and a lot of ammunition in this footless operation. Other U-boats bagged bigger game when they sank the British transport Justicia, 22,234 gross tons, off the Irish coast. The transport, which was westward bound after carrying 10,000 American soldiers to Europe, was attacked by a fleet of six or eight submarines and fought them for ten hours. Of her crew of some 600 only ten were killed.

So foolish as scarcely to merit mention is the latest list of German peace terms, which it is said will be offered through Spain. They disclose any desire for annexations or indemnities on the west front, but would leave Belgium, the Balkans and the self-determination of peoples for the peace conference to settle; the peace treaties with Roumania and Russia not to be questioned, and all Germany's colonies to be restored. Also the seas are to be free and Gibraltar and the Suez canal defenses dismantled.

The British government is having trouble with the pacifists, who have permeated all the war material factories, and last week caused strikes of thousands of munition workers. The cabinet decided, it was reported, that if the strike continued the strikers of military age would be drafted immediately into the army.

Finally authentic word of the death of the former czar came out of Russia. He was ordered shot by a local bolshevik official because of counter-revolutionary plots, and his son is said to have died of exposure a few days later.

Pithy News Items Gathered From All Over New Mexico

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

COMING EVENTS.
Aug. 7-11—Round-up and Sports Carnival at Magdalena.
October—Annual meeting New Mexico Public Health Association.

The Methodists will build a new church at Hops.

Bear grass has been crowned king in Roosevelt county.

A million pounds of wool has been shipped from Magdalena.

The contract for Socorro's new \$60,000 hotel has been let.

A Taos bank has paid its usual dividend in war savings stamps.

Motorists are improving the road between Valmont and Escondido.

Women of Dona Ana county have been asked to volunteer for work on farms.

The soldiers' hospital being built by the American club at Belen is about completed.

A \$79,000 contract has been let for additional Indian school buildings at Crown Point.

Magdalena will hold an election to vote on a bond issue of 75,000 for a school building.

The Cowboys' Reunion at East Las Vegas was a financial success, as well as a great roundup.

The state fuel administrator calls upon all New Mexicans to place their orders for fuel now.

Again Camp Cody at Deming, for the fourth week in succession, is at the top for healthfulness.

The Indian trading store at Crown Point was destroyed by fire, and the man in charge was burned to death.

Two alleged I. W. W. organizers were given a tarring at East Las Vegas, and escorted to the city limits.

Santa Fe business men made their second annual trip into the Estancia Valley—the bean growers' paradise.

Several Las Vegas boys who left home recently with the draft contingent have been reported as having arrived in France.

Among the missing from the U. S. armored cruiser San Diego, blown up and sunk off Long Island coast, is David Thomas of Raton.

Total sales and pledges of War Savings Stamps in Grant county have passed the quarter million dollar mark and are still climbing.

More than 170,000 acres of land in tracts varying in size from twelve to 35,000 acres were sold by the state land office at Clayton.

The collections for auto licenses in 1916 amounted to \$47,864.78 while in 1917 they increased to \$80,998.25, a gain of practically 67 per cent in one year.

The governor pardoned Robert C. Starks, who is serving a jail sentence in San Miguel county, because of the serious shortage of labor due to the war.

Mrs. Washington E. Lindsey, wife of the governor, entertained at luncheon at Santa Fe in honor of Mrs. Jose Montaner of Taos. The guests were all women engaged in war work.

All negroes in New Mexico in class one of the draft have been called to Fort Riley, Kan., during the five-day period beginning Aug. 1. There are twenty-nine men of this class in New Mexico.

A drive is being begun by the people north of Santa Fe to have a rural postal route established through the Tesuque valley, to the towns of Nambé and Pojuaque, and returning by way of the Bishop's ranch.

Five thousand bushels of wheat will be harvested in the Toyah valley, according to the estimate made by W. B. Van Derhen of Balmores, at Pecos.

Theodore Roosevelt Llewellyn, a Las Cruces man, was on board the cruiser San Diego, torpedoed off Fire Island, N. Y. His father, Major W. H. H. Llewellyn, received a telegram stating that he had landed safely.

Additional mounted police for the state who are to serve without salary were appointed by Governor W. E. Lindsey. They are Frank W. Eator of Fort Bayard, J. W. Akers of Santa Fe and E. S. Olmsted of Lordsburg.

The Department of the Interior has approved Federal Aid Project No. 2 for the first link in the road from Santa Fe to Roswell, this extending from Sunmount, Santa Fe, to the Pankey gate, on the Eaton grant, south of Roswell.

Tax rolls received from six counties of the state record an increase of property valuation of \$5,090,132 over last year. Bernalillo shows an increase of \$322,853. The values given in 1917 were \$20,910,143, and for 1918 \$21,019,099.

Telephone rate increases in the service in Albuquerque and Roswell were authorized by Commissioners Williams and Montoya of the State Corporation Commission. It amounts in each case to raises of 50 cents per month in business phones and 25 cents per month on residence phones.

Appropriations of \$6,000 for a ten mile stretch of road, Lincoln to Captain, has been approved by the state department as has a similar appropriation of \$4,000 to be expended on the 50-mile stretch in road three from Carrizozo to Corona.

GEORGE L. REESE
Attorney-at-law
Practice in all courts
Office upstairs in Reese building.
Portales, New Mexico

ED J. NEER
Funeral Director
and Embalmer

PHONES
Undertaking Parlors 67-2
Ed J. Neer, residence 67-3

R. S. (BOB) ADAMS

will do your hauling on short notice and at reasonable price. Will appreciate your patronage.

TELEPHONE NO. 71

V. J. CAMPBELL
AUCTIONEER

Will appreciate your business. Farm sales are a specialty. Will make your stuff bring all it is worth

LONGS, NEW MEXICO

See Over The Top, at The Cozy Monday night. The same story The News completes this issue.

HENRY GEORGE
AUCTIONEER

Sale first Saturday in each month at Portales. Farm sales a specialty. Six years experience as a salesman. References upon request.

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ABSTRACT COMPANY
Incorporated

We have complete indexes of all real estate in Roosevelt and Curry Counties. Abstracts made promptly. Office, upstairs in Reese Bldg. Phone 63

TATE & RAMEY
AUCTIONEERS

Reference—Any bank, business man or county officer in Clovis. Satisfaction guaranteed. CLOVIS, — — — N. M.

Bevo or Puritan
"Hits the Spot"

Ice Cold—Other Bottled Soft Drinks.

...LIGHT LUNCHES...

W. L. ADAMS

Wall Board!

Why be bothered with plastered walls and ceilings all the time cracking and falling off when you can get Upson Wall Board, a material much more substantial and warmer than plaster and just as cheap. It is just the thing you have been looking for to make a nice cozy room out of your attic, can also be used for panels, boxes, cupboards, doors, etc.

We can supply you in any length from 6 feet up, just received a large shipment, so when you are in town call and look at it.

KEMP LUMBER CO.

Phone 25 Portales, N. M.

FOR SALE

Often you can get a used car for a price that will save you big money and give you good service; we have at now

3 Used Fords and 1 Dodge

come in and look at them.

We specialize in rebuilding tires. We have a large stock of rebuilt and also used tires. This is another chance for you to save money.

PORTALES GARAGE

Stewart Bros. Portales, New Mexico

I AM LOOKING AFTER THE INTERESTS OF THE

Gates Half Sole Company

of Denver, Colorado, Service Station at Clovis, N. M.

Give me your tires and I will have them equipped with Half Soles at Clovis and return them to you the following day. These half soles are fully guaranteed for a distance of

3500 Miles

and that without a puncture. This is undoubtedly the best thing afloat for the motorist today. Call phone 49, Portales, New Mexico.

C. W. KNAPP,
Representative Gates Half Sole Service Station
Clovis, New Mexico

Confess German

Written by a Who Partly Ravaging of E

(Continued)

the night to part destruction. The heard above the of propellers and for. The Zepf They were not di my until they w which immediat



Played the Se

searchlights at ti hunting the firm foe. The whirl of the airships s stead, high in th appeared, the se pelin, which, for ed the entire lan Suddenly all b few moments la tions revealed t pelin had throwi went on a long lowed explosion. by clouds of fre. shrapnel which fired at the airsh The whirling of up again, directl became quieter powerful ships o from our vicinity Thus the forts sands of Belgian and under the fo buried. A gen followed. Liege the Germans, w alone in this bat (To be

Etiquet

Travelers thr many peculiar (the temperament of these are fo tions hundreds o ers date from m is a prevailing, that there is ba of three and y combination of t to the land in arette.

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First B

The Soldiers the first instit United States, v A tract of lanc acres in extent. sum of money I Scott on the Cl war with that c several branches and state houses

Something H

Little George table: "Now w my feet won't when I walk a floor, just as Woman's Home

The Confessions of a German Deserter

Written by a Prussian Officer Who Participated in the Ravaging and Pillaging of Belgium

(Continued from Page 2)

the night to participate in the work of destruction. The soldiers suddenly heard above their heads the whirling of propellers and the noise of the motors. The Zeppelins came nearer. They were not discovered by the enemy until they were close to the forts, which immediately played all the



Played the Searchlight on Them.

searchlights at their disposal on them, hunting the firmament for the flying foe. The whirling of the propellers of the airships stopped suddenly. Instead, high in the air a brilliant light appeared, the searchlight of the Zeppelin, which, for a moment, illuminated the entire landscape.

Suddenly all became dark again. A few moments later powerful detonations revealed the fact that the Zeppelin had thrown off "ballast." That went on a long while. Explosion followed explosion. These were followed by clouds of fire. In the air, exploding strappels which the Belgian artillery fired at the airships could be observed. The whirling of the propellers started up again, directly above our heads. It became quieter and quieter, until the powerful ships of the air disappeared from our vicinity.

Thus the forts were leveled. Thousands of Belgians lay behind the walls and under the fortifications, dead and buried. A general storming attack followed. Liege was in the hands of the Germans, who had paid, in dead alone in this battle, 28,000 men.

(To be Continued.)

Etiquette in Mexico.

Travelers through Mexico report many peculiar customs which reflect the temperament of the people. Some of these are founded upon superstitions hundreds of years old while others date from more recent days. There is a prevailing belief in the country that there is bad luck in a sequence of three and wherever possible the combination of three is avoided. This is shown very often to persons strange to the land in the lighting of a cigarette.

In the United States one often sees three men light their pipe from one match. It would be a gross insult in Mexico to offer a man a light from a match that had already started two cigarettes going. Instead one must blow out the match and give him a light from the ignited coffin nail.

Really Man's Friends.

If the snakes, owls and hawks were able to write and vote, they would probably undertake a "campaign of education" on their own behalf to foster public understanding of such protective laws in congress. As man is the only writing and voting animal it is clearly his duty to understand the snakes, owls and hawks. With understanding will come intelligent protection.

First Soldiers' Home.

The Soldiers' home at Washington the first institution of the kind in the United States, was established in 1851. A tract of land for the purpose, 200 acres in extent, was purchased with a sum of money levied by Gen. Winfield Scott on the City of Mexico during the war with that country. There are now several branches of the national home and state homes in twenty-seven states.

Something He Didn't Understand.

Little George said the other day at table: "Now when I sit in my chair my feet won't touch the floor, but when I walk around they touch the floor, just as well as anybody's."—Woman's Home Companion.

THE EARLY BIRD

By ELIZABETH NOLAN.

(Copyright, 1912, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Get up, for goodness sake, Beth Moore. This is the third time I've called you. You said we should go in bathing every morning before breakfast, and here a whole week of our vacation is near gone and we have not been in the water once."

"All right," groaned Beth, as she sleepily rubbed her eyes. "I'll get right up. You go ahead and I'll be down in a minute."

"Now, be sure," said Jennie, as she ran downstairs, out onto the beach and to the water's edge, where she comfortably seated herself to await Beth's arrival.

The two girls had planned months past for this big vacation—the first two weeks of August. Hunting through vacation books and time tables they finally had settled upon Salisbury Beach. Of course, the bathing was to be their greatest amusement as both were expert swimmers. Quite contrary to their plans, however, dancing and bowling had occupied most of their time up to the first week's end.

Jennie waited for nearly half an hour and then decided that Beth must have turned over, only to fall asleep, on the other side, as she had so often done before. Knowing that it must be near breakfast time she thought she would take one plunge before returning. At first the water seemed icy cold, but after a few minutes she was wishing that she had longer to stay, the water was so invigorating. Just one more good swim and then she would go and dress for breakfast, she said to herself. But alas! It was one swim too many for Jennie Dever. Carried out by the mighty waves and held by the strong undertow, she could not swim an inch nearer the shore. To scream would be of no use as there was not a soul on the whole beach, so courageously she fought the waves, still hoping to be able to make some progress. To her great surprise and relief she could now see the form of someone in the distance hastening toward her. Oh! thought Jennie, will they ever get here?

Tom Hurd, clerk at the "Castle Mona," had been watching the "early bird," and now, convinced that she was in distress, ran down the beach and hastily seized the life-saving boat, dragged it into the water. Rowing out as quickly as possible, he was just in time to rescue the prostrate form from sinking. Others had now gathered round the boat ready to receive them, with all things necessary to make the victim as comfortable as possible. Tom deposited his burden in the great warm blankets and hastily they carried her to the hotel.

Poor Jennie, too exhausted to speak, soon found herself resting comfortably in her own bed, while Beth, eyes brimming over with tears, lamented the fact that she had fallen asleep again almost immediately after Jennie left her.

"How nice that fellow was who rescued you. I've seen him around here all week," continued Beth. "I think he must be employed here." Gaining no reply from Jennie she did not enquire further over the hero of the day. Noticing that Jennie was dozing she quietly took a magazine and tried to interest herself in it. Presently a gentle knock on the door announced the arrival of Miss White, the proprietress, with breakfast for the two girls. "Gracious," said Beth, "how kind of you. I had completely forgotten that it was past eating time."

Jennie roused herself sufficiently to take a few sips of coffee while Beth fairly devoured the delicious corn muffins.

A good sound sleep greatly improved Jennie, and the afternoon found her seated in an easy chair on the spacious veranda, while Tom Hurd occupied the chair by her side.

After supper that evening Jennie retired quite early, and Tom found himself wondering how he had spent other evenings. Tonight there seemed to be no place to go, or nothing worth while to do. But tomorrow evening she would be able to stay up, and possibly to go to the dance, too. The thought alone was consoling to him, and in idle dreams he spent the evening until locking up time arrived.

Jennie rested all day, and finally yielding to Tom's coaxing, she agreed to take a short stroll along the beach after supper.

Was it to be wondered at that Dan Cupid completed his errand in that one evening? What more powerful weapons could there be than the "silvery moon," combined with the enchanting "sad sea waves" to work successfully on two loving hearts. "Just as soon as I finish medical school," added Tom, "and how glad I am this is my last year."

Arm in arm they returned to the "Castle Mona." Jennie too happy for words, and Tom convinced that he had won the sweetest girl in the whole world.

When Jennie returned to her home how surprised were her friends to see a sparkling diamond on the third finger of her left hand, for as Beth explained to her acquaintances that was the morning that "the early bird caught the worm."

Seemed to Be Both.

Maid—There's a gentleman calling, sir.

Man of the House—In person or on the telephone?

"Yes, sir; he's calling in person on the telephone, sir."

DOSS-SHELBY

The drought has been broken by several light rains lately. Grass is looking up green in localities and stock is feeling the effects already.

Mrs. Morgan Oliver is visiting relatives at Chillicothe, Texas. Mr. and Mrs. Schumpert returned lately from taking a vacation.

The ladies of our chapter have several pairs of socks knitted and will soon be ready for more.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Moore received word a few days hence that their eldest son, Ned, had arrived safely in France.

Mrs. Eliza Thomas got word that her youngest son, Charley, was enroute to France.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Meadows are domiciled in the Charley Bostick place, Mr. Bostick and family having left for Texas recently.

Mr. Fred Kaptina and children spent the day last Sunday with Mrs. E. V. Salter.

Miss Jennie Carter, sister of Mrs. R. Meadows, and who taught the Doss school last term, has accepted a school at Mountair, New Mexico.

Miss Ida Stewart, who has had her eyes closed for some three weeks, has them open again. She also abstained from food during this period.

Mrs. L. L. Harris and Mrs. E. A. Grove were in town last Wednesday purchasing refugee garments to be made by our Red Cross members.

Crops are coming up and are growing rapidly since the rain.

Miss Esther Tinsley will teach the Doss school the coming term. The proceeds of the Doss-Shelby chapter at the rally July 20th amounted to \$14.00.

Should Delphos get their high school, for which they are working, several 9th grade pupils of Doss will attend there.

Preaching was held by Rev. F. G. Callaway, Sunday, August 4th, at Shelby.

Prayers were held at Shelby Sunday, July 28th, for the boys in the service and in France.

Mrs. E. V. Salter became critically ill Monday, July 28th, and the probabilities are that she would have succumbed if it had not been for the timely aid of Dr. S. B. Owens and Mrs. Watt Williams who happened to be there at the time.

Miss Esther Tinsley entertained a few of her friends at her home July 30th.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Moore bought the Doss-Shelby service quilt for their son, Ned, when he returns from France.

Samuel Grove has been helping Benjamin Salter with the dairy work for several days, while his mother is convalescing from her recent illness.

Little Doubt About It.

Mary and Bobby were playing on a picket fence when Mary accidentally slipped and her little dress caught on one of the pickets and held her suspended about a foot from the ground. Bobby tried and tugged, but in vain he could not release her, so he said: "Never mind, Mary, I'll go and call my mother." And poor little Mary, hanging by the lone picket, replied earnestly: "All right, Bobby, and I'll wait for you here."

A well assorted stock of casings and tubes. Don't buy until you see them.—Braley's Garage.

We can handle your sale bill in short order. With the New Linotype, we can print them so you can put them up going home.

TAKE IT IN TIME

Just as Scores of Portales People Have.

Waiting doesn't pay. If you neglect kidney backache.

Urinary troubles often follow. Doan's Kidney Pills are for kidney backache, and for other kidney ills.

Portales citizens endorse them. Mrs. Samuel H. Roberson, Portales, says: "For one whole winter I suffered with my kidneys. It just seemed as though my back would never stop aching. My hands and feet became swollen and my kidneys acted irregularly. I felt miserable and was so bad off I had to take to my bed where I remained for some time. Many times I had awful dizzy spells when specks

floated before my eyes, blurring my sight. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and several boxes of this medicine completely cured me. My cure has lasted for more than seven years."

60c at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Comfort in Rat's Companionship. Once in a great prison a prisoner showed me a gray rat that he had made friends with and had trained to become comparatively fearless. A bit nibbled at the piece of bread that he held in his hand he said with a whimsical smile: "It's pleasant to have a little creature for a friend that doesn't care or doesn't even know whether you're a prisoner or not and likes you just because you've had a chance to show a little kindness."—Exchange.

News want ads for results.



How France Has Been Fed

"Before the war, a distinguished French Officer, General Maitrot, wrote a series of articles in the 'Echo de Paris' to warn France, that in case of war, the French meat industry would be unable to supply the French army in the field with fresh meat,—owing especially to the lack of modern refrigerating plants and of refrigerating transportation,—and too, owing to the deficiency in the national herd."

"Since the war began the French army has never been short of fresh meat, thanks mainly to the prosperous condition of the American meat industry, and too, to the American live stock breeders."

The foregoing statement was made by a representative of the Allies now in the United States.

Another representative of the Allies said recently:

"that the American packers have been of the greatest possible assistance to the Allies and have, by their efficient cooperation, contributed in the utmost degree to the successful prosecution of the war."

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

J. L. GILLIAM

ALL KINDS OF DRAY WORK

Phone 140 or 13

COL. BILL GORE

AUCTIONEER

Being a ranchman I naturally cater to the stock business. When contemplating a sale see me.

Elida or Upton

MY NEW TRUCK

has arrived and I am again in position to do hauling on short notice and at a reasonable price. Your patronage will be appreciated.

W. T. ELROD

Germ-Free Blackleg Vaccine

GERM FREE BLACKLEG VACCINE—Aggressin

Immunes 100 per cent. Permanently.

JOE BEASLEY PORTALES, N. MEX.

THE CITY EXPRESS

H. V. THOMPSON, Prop.

Any and all kinds of light hauling done quickly and at a reasonable price. Will also do garden plowing.

Phone — — — 27 or 113

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR EYES; PROTECT THEM

Get Guaranteed

And Perfect Glasses that will fit you—and relieve the strain. I guarantee to furnish you good glasses—, and fit them by perfect test. Don't delay its dangerous.

DR. W. J. SMITH, Elida, — — New Mexico

NOTICE—Have a 9-18

Case tractor only plowed

90 acres, that I am offering

for sale cheap for cash or

good note. Must be sold

at once.—J. F. Sellers, Clo-

vis, N. M. 363t

We can handle your sale bill in short order. With the New Linotype, we can print them so you can put up bills going home.

..The Leach Coal Company..

FOR HIGH GRADE FUEL COAL

Chandler Lump

We are agents for Chandler Lump, one of the very cleanest and best coals that can be bought from Colorado. Give it a trial. : : : : :

American Block

Telephone Number 3

Portales, New Mexico

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

News want ads for results.

Burl Johnson is still confined to his home by illness.

The Junceales of W. S. S. in Roosevelt county was \$1857.57.

Melrose is to have a union revival starting August 11th.

We build auto tops.—Portales Garage.

Harley Thompson has 600 head of cattle over in Texas.

J. D. Cyphers has returned from Kansas City, where he sold his cattle.

Earl Williams, of Dallas, came Monday for a visit with his mother, Mrs. A. A. Williams.

Miss Irene Molinari has come to Portales from Santa Fe. Her father accompanied her home.

R. M. Sanders, Ben Nash, W. M. Wilson and John Bennett were in Roswell last week.

Carl Moss has returned from a business trip through the Panhandle of Oklahoma.

Lovington voted for a new \$42,000 school house the other day. The vote was 86 to 16.

All kinds of headlight and tail light bulbs, lubrication oils and greases at Braley's Garage.

Jule Stone, who enlisted in the navy some time back, has been called to report August 10th.

Judge Mears moved his law office Saturday to the rooms in the new First National Bank building.

Charles Stinnett, of Dickens, Texas was here the first of the week visiting his brother, Sam J. Stinnett and family.

The machine gunners fought and died the other day at the bend of the Marne for you. What did you do?

B. R. Anderson went to Amarillo last week, where he will work as assistant boiler maker for the Nissley Creamery Co.

Dr. J. E. Camp returned Saturday from near Nashville, Tenn., where he has been visiting his mother for two weeks.

New Mexico's quota of unskilled labor to be sent to war work in the next two months is 585.

Extra Sweet has been brought back from Globe, Arizona, where he was arrested charged with seducing a Melrose girl.

A. C. Elliott left this week for Deming, New Mexico, where he has accepted a position with one of the newspapers at that place.

"Shoot Down the Red Cross Flag"

—Kaiser's Orders.

"The wounded who lay in No Man's Land were left to perish. The French tried to rescue them under the Red Cross flag but we only sneered at them and shot it to bits. The Red Cross flag had lost all its value for us when it was raised by the French. Mutual assistance among us. We were told that the enemy snatched the flag and that we must shoot down the men who have it."

Here is an admission of a German soldier—a confirmation of Prussian "kultur." It is only one of the striking paragraphs in

Confessions of a German Deserter

The real "inside" story of Prussian militarism about to appear in installments in

This Newspaper

Plenty of fresh dry cells at Braley's Garage.

Governor Lindsey has decided not to call a special session of the legislature to give the soldiers a vote this fall.

S. F. Lane, of Brownfield, Tex., was here the first of the week on business affairs. Mr. Lane lived near Floyd at one time.

Dr. R. H. Bailey was here Monday for a short time. He returned Tuesday to his ranch 24 miles south of Roswell.

Ira Greathouse, of Benson, returned Monday from a business trip to Bentham. Bent Clayton accompanied him.

C. E. "Shorty" Brown left Sunday for St. Louis, where he will work as bookkeeper in the Harvey System offices there. Mrs. Brown will leave shortly.

We build auto tops.—Portales Garage.

Dry the peaches, apples, plums, and grapes. Dry the peppers, okra, and pickle the cukes. Can the tomatoes, beans and corn. Every can means that much more towards canning the Kaiser.

Keep your bread in the icebox and it will be sweet and moist in hottest and driest weather. The old time buttered tin bread box is a thing of the past for modern house keepers.

In the case of Fred Maxwell vs. Holland in the justice court at Portales, the jury found a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. The suit was over the commission on a sale of cattle.

The Santa Fe is placing new 85 pound rails from a point 3 miles south of Portales to Clovis this week. The heavy steel was already in up to the place, south of town where work started.

Three New Mexicans were on the casualty list the last week. They are Reynold Maestas, Cimarron, John Gatti, Allison, and Verdine J. Mc Reynolds, of Cloud, a small town in Curry County, of Clovis.

Jack Callaway left Saturday for Bokchito, Oklahoma, to take charge of the Rockwell Brothers lumber yard at that place. Jack has been working for the past year for the Portales Lumber Company.

Two U. S. Department of Agriculture investigators are in El Paso gathering information and sending samples of the sotol weed to Washington. The possibility of the weed as a sugar source are being investigated.

Graef Foglesong, former instructor in the Portales schools came in the last of the week for a visit with his sister, Mrs. Walter Jackson, of west of town. Miss Foglesong will leave shortly for Idaho Falls, Idaho.

Tuesday morning there was a rainbow in the west and if there is anything to that, especially as there were two big sun-dogs Tuesday evening, we are in for a rainy spell.

A fine program of musical given at the Methodist church numbers and recitations was last evening by the Woman's Home Mission Society. The silver collection taken up was for war missions and war work.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Oldham, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Oldham and Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Waggoner left Saturday morning for Dallas. Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Oldham will stay at Dallas and other Texas points for some time, while Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Oldham will return to Portales shortly. Mr. Oldham will then assume his duties as cashier of the First National.

News want ads for results.

New Mexico, on July 26th, owned approximately \$700,000 of War Savings Stamps, or about one-tenth of our quota for 1918. The total owned and pledged in this state on the same date was \$2,251,711.69, or about one-third of the year's quota. Only one county, Luna, has reached its quota in stamps owned and pledged, although complete reports from other counties, it is expected, will show several more near or over the quotas.

The J. A. Latta Grocery Co. has been formed in Clovis with a capital of \$22,000.

Miss Leta Smith returned yesterday from Clovis, where she had her tonsils removed.

Morine Seay and Milton Hardy grandchildren of R. Hardy are visiting him. The children live in Ardmore, Okla.

FOR SALE.—1917 Ford, good as new. See S. N. Hancock. 40 ft

J. A. Saylor, who has been confined to his bed by illness was able to be up town yesterday for the first time.

W. H. Braley received a telegram yesterday from his son, Leo saying that he had been moved to Jacksonville, Fla. Leo has been at school a Austin.

A letter has reached Portales that India Humphrey and family are at present in Corvallis, Ore. They enjoy their trip through several of the western states.

Alvin George, of Rogers, failed to pass the physical examination for the navy at Roswell last week and returned to Portales. He is in the draft and will probably be called with the next call.

Mrs. A. B. McCloud, of Kingville, Texas, came in yesterday for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. D. Gilman, of Albuquerque, who is staying this summer at the home of Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Bailey for the benefit of her hay fever.

DELPHOS

Dock Herndon returned from Kansas this week.

J. H. Bollinger arrived in Delphos Sunday after a short stay in the harvest fields.

Mrs. Cummings and son made a flying trip to Lovington a few days ago.

Leslie Nichols has been up in Oklahoma helping save the grain.

Mr. Archer, of Kenna, was here this week on business.

R. A. McAllister has returned from a visit in Texas.

Mrs. Randolph, of the Smith ranch, has been visiting in Lovington, but got back to God's country this week.

An Oklahoma cattle buyer has been here lately looking over Walter Anderson's bunch of cattle. Walter has a good herd of stuff and they will command a good price.

Tom Smith was looking for a few hanks the first of the week. He has a ranch a mile south of Delphos, but lives in Ft. Sumner.

Mrs. Collins formerly of Elida but now of Artesia has been a guest at the Bollinger home recently.

A train failed to take a siding for one of Clint Hayes calves one day this week and the result of the head on collision was that the calf got much the worse of it.

We hear that Preacher Hawes has sold his farm to Mr. Harris.

Miss Fannie Kate Price, of Andrews, Texas and Miss Carmen Smith of Ft. Sumner, were visiting in the Delphos community this week.

Miss Minnie Parish stopped off on a visit at her father's last Thursday. She is a trained nurse and will leave for France before long, she expects.

G. A. Chumbley shipped a car of cattle Thursday.

G. W. Best and daughter, Miss Lucy, are in Delphos. They came after a bunch of horses they had left at Bollinger last winter.

Rev. Webb conducted services at the school house Sunday. Sunday School followed.

A business meeting of the Red Cross will be held Wednesday night.

Joshua Page was here Sunday. Quite a number of young folks visited Florence McAllister at her services up Lord's Day.

Quite a number of people of this part of the county will go to Roswell to pick apples.

Jim Terry returned from a trip to Oklahoma today.

A protracted meeting will begin at Delphos August 20th followed with a conference on the 23rd.

Household Goods for Sale

As I am going to St. Louis, I will sell my household goods cheap to avoid moving them. The list contains:

2 rockers	Kitchen cabinet
Porch swing	New range with hot water tank,
Sectional book case	30 gallon capacity and all connections
Shades	New wringer
Dining table	Dishes and cooking utensils
6 dining chairs	Ice box
Ivory chiffonier	50 foot new garden hose
Bed complete	Coal bin
Child's bed complete	Many other things
2 bed room rockers	
Bed and springs	

The above may be seen at my home

C. E. BROWN.

When a person gets something for nothing, and something usually contains a joker or has a string attached to it. For instance, a certain preacher received from a patent medicine company an offer to provide his church with song books free of any charge. It was explained that there would be a few ads in the front and back of the books, but that these ads would not be offensive to members of the congregation, since the books were being secured for nothing. The preacher gave the order and the books arrived. He found the ads to be mildly worded and decided to use the books. He explained from the pulpit how the books had been secured, and announced that they would sing

No. 274. Imagine the people's surprise when, on reaching the second verse they found themselves singing "Hark, the Heavenly angels sing, Johnson's pills are just the thing: Angelic voices meek and mild—two for man and one for child."

All kinds of legal blanks at The News office.

Joyce-Pruit Co.

Our Summer Clearance Sale

IS NOW IN FULL SWING

8 more days of Bargains in

Dry Goods, Shoes, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Ready-to-Wear.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY BUYING NOW

Sale Closes Saturday, August 17th

For Best Service We Advise That You Shop in the Morning Hours.

Literary Men Feed of Cats.
Johnson's successor in Shakespearean scholarship, the late Doctor Furness, confessed that he could not work without having his big black cat somewhere about the library. William Butler Yeats likes cats; and he has remarked with a fine touch of natural observation, "There is a time at twilight when all cats are gray and all men are handsome."

"On the Stump."
In early times in this country it was the custom of campaigners in a political canvass to travel through the country and make open air speeches. Public halls and platforms were rare and the stumps or trees were numerous and furnished convenient places from which to speak. Hence the words, "stump speaker," "stump orator" and "stumping."

Young Diplomat.
David, recovering from a long illness, was given an egg-nog daily, much to his delight, and much to the envy of his sister, Mary Jane. White David was drinking his, one morning, Mary begged for one too, but mother said, "No," whereupon mother heard David whisper to his sister: "Here, Mary, you drink this one quick, and when it is all gone, I'll cry for another one."

When You Are Ready For Summer Tours

Bring your car here and we will rehaul it completely so that you can enjoy your trip without car troubles.

Expert mechanics who know their work, and reasonable prices make our work appreciated. Telephone No. 45.

Braley's Garage