

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

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PORTALES, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1917

Volume XV, Number 46

THE ROOSEVELT COUNTY CREAMERY'S BUSINESS

Continues To Increase: Ships Two Hundred and Forty-One Tubs Monday of This Week

Manufacturing Concern That Does More in Assistance of Farmers Than Any Other

Roosevelt County Creamery is still making a butter record Monday of this week the creamery made and shipped two hundred and forty-one tubs of butter, which made a car load. Same was shipped to Chicago Market Monday evening. This is still further evidence that it pays to stay with and patronize the home industry. If you will stand by the creamery the creamery will stand by you and all will succeed and prosper together.

S. E. Johnson, former county commissioner, and Mr. Anderson were callers at the News office this week.

Boquet for the News Force

Mrs. L. B. Tucker has the thanks and hearty good wishes of the entire News force for that beautiful boquet and bunch of fine raspberries. The boquet of flowers consisted of practically every kind of flower known to the florist. Thanks, Mrs. Tucker. If you want to see a real flower garden visit Mrs. Tucker's yard some of these fine mornings just after sun-up, while the sparkling dew is on, and see something wonderful.

H. E. Terry and wife left for Magdalena, this state, this week, where Mr. Terry will take a position with one of the large mining companies. Portales regrets to lose these young people and their many friends wish them well in their new home.

Musical Recital Called Off

A letter from John V. Miller, brother of Miss Miller, who was to have given a recital at Portales for the benefit of the local Red Cross society, states that it will be impossible for her to fill a date here this season, which she regrets very much, but will try to give a recital here some time next year.

Bailey Stewart left Wednesday for a visit in Chicago. Bailey says before his departure for Kansas with the next draft, he expects to have a good time, and spend some of his hard earned money.

Members of K. P. Take Notice

Special Notice: There will be a special meeting of the K. P. lodge, at the W. O. W. hall, Friday night, September 28th business of much importance.

Every member should attend, whether in good standing or not, what your future intentions are. Don't fail to come.
By Order of the officers.

W. B. Billings and wife, of ElCentro California, are visiting their son, Mane (Red) Billings, and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hardy returned Sunday from a week's visit at Ralls, Texas. They report a fine time.

Mrs. Jim Augwin and little son, of Victor, Colorado, arrived Saturday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Beck.

COMING EVENTS

Important Happenings All Over the State Scheduled for the Near Future

College of Agriculture & Mechanic Arts, Mesilla Park, opens September 26th;

University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, opens October 1st;

Torrance County Fair, Willard, October 3rd and 4th;

State Patriotic Week, Albuquerque, October 10-11-12-13;

Scottish Rite Reunion, Santa Fe, October 4-5-6;

New Mexico Grand Lodge, Las Cruces, October 8-9-10;

Grand Royal Arch Chapter, Las Cruces, October 11th;

Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, Las Cruces, October 12th;

Grand Chapter Order Eastern Star, Las Cruces, October 12-13;

General Election in the state voting on three proposed amendments to the constitution, prohibition, change in judicial districts and tax amendment, November 6th;

New Mexico Teachers' Association, Santa Fe, November 26-27-28.

University Announcement

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 17. — There will be no increase in necessary cost of living at the New Mexico State University during the coming college year which opens October 1 according to an announcement made officially by the university government today. As during the past four years living in the university dormitories and at the university dining halls will be lower in cost than at any other state university in the country having the dormitory system. This means that the student at the New Mexico University may have a comfortable room, first class table board and all required university fees and incidental charges for a maximum necessary expense of \$200 a year.

During the summer the university dormitories and dining halls have been thoroughly renovated and repaired and one new dormitory, Rose Cottage, has been added. Increase in number of students and in extent of the university plant has made it necessary to add a new officer to the executive staff. He is known as the purchasing agent and has direct charge of all buying for the institution, reporting direct to the financial committee of the board of regents. The theory of the university dormitory and dining hall system has been to supply good food and comfortable rooms for students, at actual cost. In spite of the low prices charged, careful business management has brought the dining hall and dormitory department out with a small profit each year, which has aided in enabling the institution to meet advances in food costs ranging from one to one hundred per cent, and still maintain the old scale price.

Fetters.

The use of fetters goes back to ancient times. Fetters were usually made of brass and also in pairs, the word being in the dual number. Iron was occasionally employed for the purpose.

Equal Rights.

Wife: Henry, if you didn't smoke I could have a new hat. Hobby: And if you would live on stewed prunes I could have a steam yacht. —Pittsburgh Press.

True.

"I don't see anything remarkable about that baby."
"Oh, but you would if it was yours."
—Detroit Free Press.

The child trusts because it finds no reason in itself why it should not.—J. G. Holland.

NINE BOYS DEPART FOR FORT RILEY

Ten Roosevelt County Boys Now in the Training Camp

Following is a list of the boys who constitute the second portion of the national army from this county, who left Wednesday morning of this week for Fort Riley, Kansas, to report for duty in the service of Uncle Sam:

Frank H. Bohn, Arthur J. Terry, John R. Langston, Elbert L. Sandefer, of Portales; Shelton L. Haynie, Arthur DeCow, John D. Martin, of Canton; Melvin E. Clemens, of House; Ernest Vaughn, of Texico. Thus making ten from this county at that place, Harry Shapcott having been there since the 5th of this month.

Of course, we hate to lose these boys from our midst, yet we feel proud of them and know that they will make a record for themselves wherever they may be placed. The next bunch will leave October 3rd.

Moving in New Quarters

The Security State Bank is this evening being moved into its new building on the south corner of the square. The officers and directors of this bank extend a hearty invitation to everyone to come and visit them Saturday at their new quarters, a special invitation being given to ladies. All visitors will be made to feel welcomed and will be shown all the beautiful new fixtures. They are justly proud of this new improvement for the town and want to show it to their customers.

Ways of an Orchid.

One of South America's curiosities is an orchid which has a peculiar tube that it lets down into the water when it wants a drink. At other times it is kept curled up.

Australia.

Australia is the largest island in the world. Its area is nearly three-fourths that of Europe.

PATRIOTIC WEEK TO REPLACE STATE FAIR

Albuquerque's Annual Celebration Different This Year

Albuquerque, New Mexico, September 15, 1917.

The Editor, News, Portales, New Mexico.

Dear Sir:

As the State Fair Commission has concluded not to hold a fair this year, the good citizens of the city of Albuquerque have decided upon a State Patriotic week, with a view of facilitating the opportunity of the many friends and relatives of the New Mexico boys now in the United States service located at Camp Funston, this city, to visit the camp and see the boys in action before their departure from here, and at the same time to provide them with pleasurable entertainment and the hospitality of this city.

Greatly reduced railroad rates from all over the state will be announced later, and a free camping ground with police protection and free water will be provided for those who wish to come by automobile and camp en route or while here.

The purpose is to make the trip as inexpensive as possible for those coming as well as those here, and for that reason we will have to depend largely upon the newspapers of the state to give these mere facts as much publicity as they can, and we know it will be much appreciated by the soldier boys as well as their relatives and friends, and may be the last opportunity to visit with the boys before going to the front.

Yours very respectfully,

D. K. B. SELLARS, Director.

Bryan Moore is here, visiting home folks for a few days, Bryan states that he likes the army life and all the boys are drilling and guarding day and night.

WILD ANIMAL CIRCUS COMING

Has Two Trains of Wild Animals, Four Baby Elephants, One Baby Tiger and a Singing Donkey

For years the Al. G. Barnes four ring wild animal circus has been the most popular tented exhibition in the country. This big jungle town will favor Portales with a one day's visit. This organization is now larger than ever before, and among the brand new attractions to be seen nowhere else is a donkey, educated to sing a scream? It certainly is. The show's program is the most elaborate, thrilling and sensational two hour's exhibition of wild and domestic animal education ever exhibited. Two steel arenas, and two sawdust circles, 1000 animal actors, electric fans, electric lights, one hundred and fifty animal educators, five hundred and six attendants, thirty piece military band. A program of 65 features acts full of zip and dash. Surely some circus! One that will easily out-class in interest and excitement anything on record in canvas show history. A two mile long, glittering, substantial, novel, costly and high class street parade at 10:30 a. m. show day, will at once give the best evidence of the originality and merit of this unusual show. Elephants drawing band wagons, zebras hauling big golden cages

of lions and tigers; even the racing and driving ostriches have their carts; camels attached to the funny clown wagons, sacred oxen, pretty band girls and animal educators in open dens with their jungle friends. This big street parade is a free donation to rich and poor alike and is really worth your looking it over even if you do not attend the exhibition. The management extends you a hearty welcome.

Following the magnificent and costly down town display there will be a free high dive at 1 p. m. just outside the entrance to the main tent. The all big feature act program will open with a most wondrous animal pageant, followed by a most bewildering array of rare educated animal performances of exceptionally educational value, clean, clever and wholesome. Comic interludes to relieve the tension of the thrilling and daring wild beast acts, animals of rare specie in rare circus acrobatic, juggling, balancing, high dive, leaping, horse back riding, wrestling, boxing, racing and equilibistic feats.

Doors open at 1 p. m. Tour of the animal tents under special lecturer at the same hour. Performances at 2 and 8 p. m.

State Bank Serial No. 66.

State Bank Report

Report of the condition of THE SECURITY STATE BANK of Portales, New Mexico, at the close of business September 11, 1917.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$110,151.98
Secured by real estate (including mortgages owned)	611.50
Secured by collateral other than real estate	90,890.25
All other loans	19,950.25
Overdrafts	NONE
Bonds, securities, etc., including premiums thereon	2,500.00
United States bonds	2,500.00
Banking house and lots	4,500.00
Furniture and fixtures	3,164.90
Due from banks	14,175.96
Checks and other cash items	1,301.25
Actual cash on hand	4,936.90
Gold coin	180.00
Silver coin	981.50
Currency	3,530.00
Cash not classified	10.40
Total resources	\$140,730.98

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Undivided profits (including accrued interest and any other amounts set aside for special purposes, less current expenses, interest and taxes paid)	2,447.69
Due to banks	NONE
Individual deposits subject to check without notice	96,844.38
Certificates of deposit	12,685.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,752.91
Total liabilities	\$140,730.98
Depositors (excluding banks)	457
Interest paid on deposits	457
County and state deposits	3 per cent
On time deposits	6 per cent
Dividends declared since last statement	NONE

President C. W. Harrison, Vice-President J. G. Tyson, Cashier Ben Smith, Directors J. B. Sledge and C. Howard.
State of New Mexico, County of Roosevelt, ss: Ben Smith, Cashier and C. W. Harrison, President and J. G. Tyson, Director and J. B. Sledge, Director and C. Howard, Director of the Security State Bank of Portales, New Mexico, a bank organized under the laws of the Territory of New Mexico, upon oath duly sworn, each for himself deposes and says that the above and foregoing statements of the resources and liabilities, deposits, interest paid on deposits and dividends paid on capital stock of the above named bank at the close of business September 11, 1917, are correct and true.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of September, A. D. 1917.
[Seal] ROY SMITH, Notary Public.
My commission expires October 26, 1920.

Movements Suspended

National guard movements that could not be completed by September 17 were suspended until September 24 according to notices served by the War Department upon local railroad officials. The movement of the draft contingent of 275,000 men began September 19 and will last until September 23, inclusive, and during that period there will be a suspension of all National Guard traffic.

Thus the railroads have two days in which to prepare for the draft movement when they will haul 55,000 men a day for five days and one day afterwards to prepare for resuming National Guard movements.

A similar interval will come October 1 and last until October 9, during which National Guard movements will be suspended in favor of the draft contingent.

Good Wages in Arizona

Globe, Arizona, Sept. 18, 1917. Mr. A. L. Gregg, Sheriff, Portales, New Mexico.

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your telegram recommending Elmer Watson and in explaining thereof, beg to advise that while Mr. Watson had all the appearance of the substantial, good recommendation you gave him nevertheless he being a stranger it was necessary he should have a recommend from some officer of the law who has known him for sometime.

In this connection would suggest your advising some of the young men in your, and the neighboring counties that there is employment for 500 men in this district, at wages ranging from \$4.50 to \$5.65 per day of 8 hours, and should they decide to come to this part of Arizona we can assure them immediate and permanent employment. We exact of them letters of credentials from the sheriff of their county or some other official assuring us they are loyal Americans and not members of or sympathizers of the Industrial Workers of the World.

Very truly,
GLOBE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
W. H. KEEGAN, Secretary.

I. R. Greathouse and other parties shipped two cars of beef cows to Kansas City Thursday of this week.

TOWN COUNCIL CLOSES DEAL FOR ELECTRIC POWER

New Arrangements Will Furnish the City With Electric Energy 24 Hours Per Day.

Will Extend the Lines to All Parts of the City. Contract to Run for Fifteen Years.

On Wednesday evening of this week, after long deliberation, the town council closed a contract with the State Line Utilities company, of Texico-Farwell, whereby the Utilities company contracts to furnish electric energy for a term of fifteen years, the service to be installed as soon as lines can be erected and equipment put in. The Utilities Company people say they will have everything completed and furnishing us day and night current before Christmas. This new arrangement will mean much to Portales and her people. The people will be able to get continuous service for lights and power which enables them to utilize the many wonderful electric appliances in the home, the shop or business place, also the yard and truck patch, which heretofore they could not get on account of our limited service. This will also enable the town to extend its lines to every person within its limits who may desire service, something which has been impossible in the past, for lack of finances and ability to handle the additional load. The Utilities company will build a substantial and up-to-date high tension line and all equipment will be strictly up to the letter, and will also aid the town in every way possible to extend the service here, both in volume of business and efficiency.

T. D. Walker and wife, of Christian County, Mo., is visiting a few days with Thad Rice and family. Mr. Walker reports that crops are very fine in his county.

E. B. Hawkins, Mayor

J. P. Deen, having resigned as mayor, the town council this week elected Mr. Hawkins as a member of the board of trustees and also mayor, to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Deen.

Mr. Hawkins is well qualified for this position as is well known, always gives any matter personal and careful attention, especially along the line of conserving the town's finances and resources. Mr. Hawkins qualified, put on his working harness this week.

C. W. Harrison, president of the Security State Bank, was in Portales Wednesday, of this week inspecting the new bank building which is just about completed.

Mexican Killed at Roswell

Roswell, N. Mex., Sept. 17. — Rafael Gonzales is dead and Tomasco Gonzales, his brother, probably will die as the result of an encounter with special Officer J. M. Poteet today. Officer Poteet said he opened fire when the men resisted arrest.

S. B. Edwards, a prominent real estate man, of Hereford, Texas, was in the city Thursday with a bunch of prospectors. Mr. Edwards is interested in considerable ranch property in Roosevelt county.

Dr. J. S. Pearce is in Dallas, Texas, this week on a vacation and, incidentally, purchasing his holiday goods.

GREATEST YIELD NOT ALWAYS PROFITABLE



Silage Corn Growing on a North Carolina Farm.

(Excerpt From "Some Outstanding Factors in Profitable Farming" by J. R. Cates, Yearbook, United States Department of Agriculture, 1915.)

The factor of profitable farming which has probably heretofore received more attention than any other has been what might be termed efficiency, that is, the crop yield and production per animal. As a rule, crop yields for a community are considerably below what would be the most profitable, and production per animal is decidedly below what has been shown to be the most profitable. In the case of crop yields, however, investigations have shown that the biggest yield is not, by any means, always the most profitable yield. As a rule, the most profitable yield of crops for a community ranges from 15 to 30 per cent above the average yields produced by the good farmers of that community. If the yield rises much above this figure, the profits of the farmer's business are usually found to decrease. It is possible to suffer in getting too big crop yields. Quite a few American farmers have reached this point. The optimum yield for greatest profit, of course, varies widely with different soils and economic conditions.

Studies of one large group of Pennsylvania farms showed, when the yield of crops reached a point about 35 per cent above the average for the region, that there was a sharp decrease in profits. The price of products as related to the relative costs of yields of different magnitudes seems to be the governing factor in determining the most profitable yield. Survey studies indicate that very few farmers are producing as large crop yields as existing economic conditions warrant. Farm practice, in the aggregate, always responds to changed prices of commodities but this response by the individual farmer, in the majority of cases, is made far more slowly than the greatest profit would indicate.

To illustrate how the yield is determined by prevailing price of a product, the case of corn in North Carolina may be cited. In the decade previous to the last, the average price per bushel of corn in that state was about

55 cents. The yield per acre was around 13 bushels. During the past decade the price has ranged around 85 cents a bushel, and the yield has increased to about 20 bushels per acre. The explanation of this probably lies in the fact that under the higher prevailing price it became profitable to use more fertilizer and legumes and give better tillage to the crop than under the low scale of prices.

Survey studies have never disclosed, however, a group of farms on which the yield per acre had reached a point above which profit decreased. There does seem to be a point in yield per acre above which increased yield is not accompanied by much further economy of feed. Recent studies of feed cost as related to milk yield, made on four farms located respectively in Michigan, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, and North Carolina, running for five years and involving careful, complete yearly records of 443 cow-years, indicate that this point is reached at a yield of between 6,000 and 7,000 pounds of milk.

The cost of feed per 100 pounds of milk decreases rapidly up to about 6,000 pounds yield, after which the decline in cost is very slight. The lesson from this study is that it is of much greater importance to increase the milk yield up to between 6,000 and 7,000 pounds than it is to attempt to get the yield above this figure, as far as the economy of the use of feed is concerned. It is easier to increase the quantity of milk when it is low than when it is high. It is also easier to better a low crop yield than it is to increase already high ones. Furthermore, in both cases improving a low yield is the most profitable thing to do. In dairying, a high standard of production per cow is usually the keynote of success. According to the recent Pennsylvania study of 280 dairy farms, 48 of these farms showed a yield per cow of less than \$50. The labor income of these farms was 45 per cent below the general average. Twenty-eight farmers of the group had incomes per cow of more than \$120, and their labor income was 75 per cent above the average.

The Pritchett Studio guarantees to make ugly people pretty and pretty people handsome. ft

Private Money FOR Farm Loans

I have located at Portales and am able to offer you some home money on your farm securities. Will be glad for you to call, get acquainted and favor me with your wants in this line.

W. C. HOOVER
Office in the Molinari Building

A Free Loaf Every Day

Every day I am putting a coupon into my dough; someone gets it in his loaf. Bring it to the bakery and get a free loaf.

Leave your order for Cookies, Cakes and Pies
O. S. Strickland
The Baker
Telephone - - No. 126

Ladies' silk serge and poplin dresses in all the popular shades smartly tailored.
C. V. Harris.

A PLACE TO PLAY AT LIFE.

Trivial Affairs Assume Great Importance in Quito, Ecuador.

Every one appears to be entitled to three guesses on the population of Quito, capital of Ecuador. The figures range from 50,000 to 80,000, with the truth somewhere near the 75,000 attributed to it in Stevenson's time. Though more in touch with the outside world than Bogota, it has much the same atmosphere of a city apart, a peaceful restful spot, with some of the principal modern conveniences of a crude, break-down-often sort, but with little of the complicated life of the great centers of modern days.

It is a splendid place to play at life, to lie fallow and to catch up with oneself, with nothing more exciting to stir up existence than the evening concert in the Plaza Mayor, where few of the inhabitants do not come to stroll at least once a week. A score of carriages rattle over its cobbled streets. The rails of a street car line had already been laid years before our arrival, but the requisite cars had not yet even been ordered.

We of more powerful nations hardly realize what it means to live in so small a country until it is brought home by some such incident as hearing the entire congress of Ecuador debate two hours whether it shall or shall not order two electric light bulbs put up in front of the government palace.—Harry A. Franck in Century Magazine.

Beautiful line of ladies' waists at C. V. Harris.

For Sale or Trade

About 40 head of good mares. Also a 5-passenger, 1917 model auto. Will consider land or anything of value. See

COE HOWARD

Babbit metal, 10c per lb., News Office



For the boys in khaki



Bevo is a great favorite with the Army Cadets, where none but pure, soft drinks may be sold. After dull or marshy days are sure to see a lot of them and duty-bound soldiers buy a gallon of Bevo for Bevo. They know that pure liquid is the best for full refreshment and pure with no mess.

At home or abroad—at work or play—between meals or with meals, you will appreciate Bevo but we have done for you in making this triumph, this triumph. You will find Bevo at lunch restaurants, in hotels, in homes and in the stores, in the bars, in the camps, in the barracks and in the parks where refreshing beverages are sold.

Bevo—the all-year-round soft drink. Guard against substitutes. Have the logo on the top of your Bevo bottle. The seal is broken and the crown top is not tight. Sold in 12 and 24 bottle cases.

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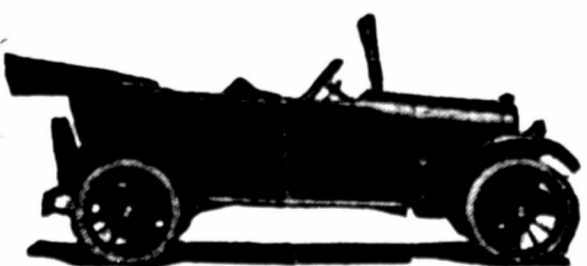
But we have refined and developed the Maxwell.

The new compensating under-slung rear springs mean comfort for you and preservation of your car.

This is the type of spring used in the newest models of many of the highest priced cars.

The wheel base is six inches longer—the frame has been strengthened—the windshield sloped, the body lines made more graceful, and the body made roomier.

But the Maxwell price stands at a figure which still makes it "the world's greatest motor car value."



Touring Car \$748

Roadster \$748; Coupé \$1098; Berlin \$1098; Sedan \$1098
All prices f. o. b. Detroit

PORTALES AUTO CO.
MONROE HONEA, Manager
Portales, - - New Mexico

Commissioners Proceedings
Portales, New Mexico, Monday September, 10th, 1917.

At a special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of Roosevelt County, held in the court house in Portales, New Mexico, on the above date, the following were present, to-wit: J. S. Pearce, chairman; Ed L. Wall, commissioner; and Seth A. Morrison, Clerk: the following resolutions were adopted, to-wit: Be it resolved by the Board of County Commissioners of Roosevelt County: That State road 18, Section 1, (from Curry County line to east limits of Portales) should be maintained jointly by the State Highway Commission and the county of Roosevelt, and for that purpose the sum of \$450.00 is hereby appropriated out of the county road fund, and the County Clerk is hereby directed to draw a warrant on said fund for \$450.00, payable to the State Highway Engineer for said purpose, to meet a like sum to be provided by the State Highway Superintendent is hereby empowered and directed to file formal application for said state aid. Be It Further Resolved, by the Board of County Commissioners of Roosevelt County, State of New Mexico: State Road 18, Section 2, beginning at the west limits of the City of Portales and extending to the station of Kermit, should be maintained and improved jointly by the State Highway Commission and the County of Roosevelt, therefore the sum of \$450.00 is hereby appropriated out of the County Road fund for said purpose, and the Clerk is hereby empowered to draw a warrant on said fund for \$450.00 payable to the order of the State Highway Engineer to meet a like amount to be provided by the State Highway Commission out of the state road fund, and the County Highway Superintendent is hereby directed and empowered to make formal application for said state aid. Be it further resolved, by the board of County Commissioners of Roosevelt County: That state road 18, Section 4, beginning at West Corporate limits of the town of Elida and thence extending to the county line of Chaves, should be improved jointly by the State Highway Commission and the county of Roosevelt: Therefore the sum of \$250.00 is hereby appropriated out of the county road fund for said purpose, and the County Clerk is directed to issue a warrant for said amount payable to the State Highway Engineer, said sum to be met by a like sum to be provided by the State Highway Commission, and the County Highway Superintendent is hereby directed and empowered to file formal application for said state aid. Estimate of funds required to pay outstanding bills and labor for month of September, 1917, account of special road fund, made by D. W. Jones, County Highway Superintendent, in the sum of \$1700.00, and the Clerk is hereby instructed to draw warrant in the sum of \$1700.00 in favor of the County Highway Superintendent, to pay such bills and for labor during the month of September, 1917. The following accounts for labor, material and supplies, received by the board, and the same were examined and approved and referred to County Highway Superintendent for payment.

Sup't, traveling Exp., Road 18, Sec. 2	1.70
Percifull and Rocky, Sup. Joyce-Fruit Co., Portales, supplies, (gasoline and auto casing)	16.40
W. I. Taylor, Portales, blacksmithing,	26.05
Joyce-Fruit Co., gas and Lub. oil, wire nails and staples,	10.57

No further business appearing it is ordered that court adjourn subject to call of the Chairman.
J. S. PEARCE, Chairman.
Attest: SETH A. MORRISON, Clerk.

Double your tire mileage by having us vulcanize our hand made inner liners in your casings. Portales Garage. 39-1f

Babbit metal 10c lb. News office.
Legal blanks - News office

V. J. Campbell
AUCTIONEER
Will appreciate your business. Farm sales a specialty. Will make your stuff bring all it is worth.
Longs, New Mexico

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Cash Grocery
Phone 64
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Frying chickens and eggs wanted. Bring them in.

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Tank building, house moving and freighting. Prompt service. Phone 152 or 29, or write or leave word at the News office.
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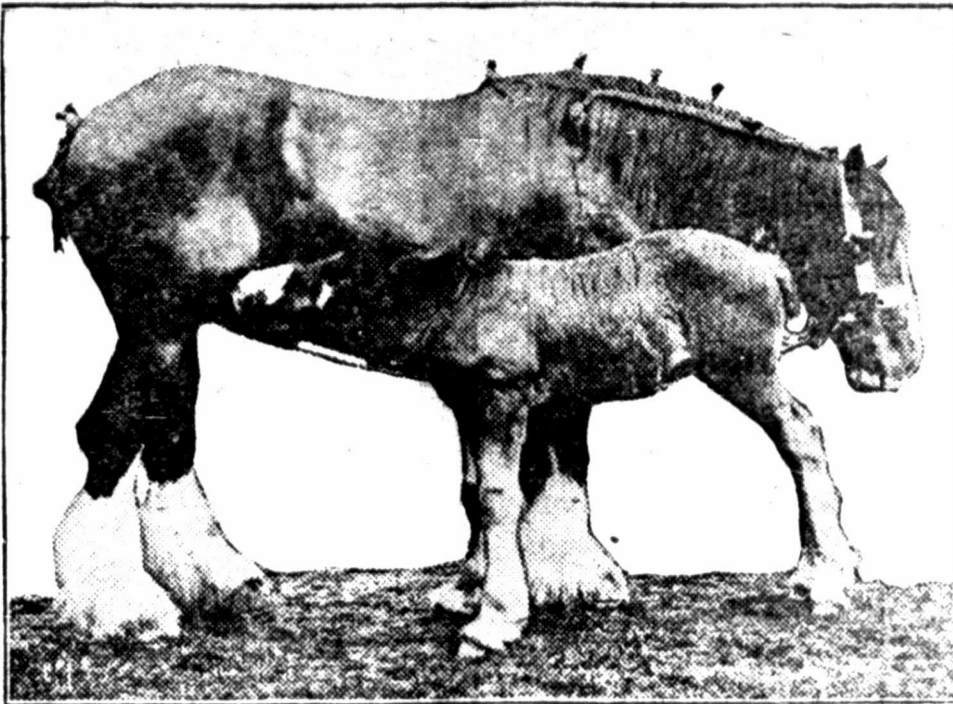
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Car of Eclipse Wind
Mills and Gasoline En-
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Pipe, Cylinders, Pump
Rod, Implements, Wag-
ons and Wire.
INDA HUMPHREY
Hardware

Blank Notes at the News office

WEANING TIME IS IMPORTANT TO COLT



PUREBRED SHIRE MARE AND FOAL.

(By W. L. BLIZZARD, Department of
Animal Husbandry, Oklahoma A. and
M. College, Stillwater.)

Weaning time is a very important pe-
riod in a colt's life. Every colt should
be taught to eat at a month old. He
should have his own box of ground
oats and be given all he will clean up
of both oats and hay. A colt eating
well and receiving regular feed will
not be stunted by weaning. The colt
is usually weaned at from four and
one-half to six months of age, depend-
ing upon circumstances.

Take him away from the mare per-
manently and milk the mare out by
hand three or four times daily for a
few days. The mare should be kept at
work or else her grain ration cut
down, and, if on pasture, should be
changed to dry feed. The greatest mis-
take horse breeders make is the turn-
ing out of young colts to rustle for
themselves the first winter. Often in
a few weeks during weaning time the
colt changes from the growing, sleek,
milk-fat colt to a stiff-haired and un-
thrifty, stunted individual. The colt,
if properly cared for, need lose but lit-
tle of his flesh and bloom.

Colts are much better contented if
two or more of them are placed to-
gether. Especial care should be taken

to see that the new quarters where
they are to be kept are so constructed
and arranged as to make it impossible
for them to injure themselves in case
they make a demonstration of their re-
sistment at being so treated.

At this period, it is well to see that
the colt's feet are level and the toes
comparatively short; a little attention
will prevent the development of crook-
ed ankles and unbalanced action later
on. The bony structure is pliable now,
so that much can be done to remedy
faulty action, which will be impossible
after the bones have hardened and
stopped growing.

It is absolutely necessary and very
profitable to properly care for the feet
of growing colts. If left to nature, the
foot does not always grow out full and
strong and of the proper shape. When
the feet are let go, they do not wear
properly, and the result is that the
feet split, become uneven and very of-
ten the entire leg may be altered in
form. This is one reason we have so
many bad-footed horses on the streets
of our cities. The blacksmith may get
the blame, but most of the trouble
really began upon the farm. To grow
feet in the proper way, the colt's feet
should be looked after at least once a
month.

IMPORTANCE OF PLANTING AND THINNING



CROP OF CORN FOLLOWING ALFALFA.

A successful planting of corn, a sat-
isfactory stand of plants, and a profit-
able yield are largely assured by get-
ting the seedbed in perfect condition
for early planting and then waiting to
plant until the soil is warm and moist.

There are many questions concern-
ing implements, methods, distance be-
tween rows, thickness of planting, etc.,
that should be definitely settled before
planting time. These questions are gov-
erned to a large degree by local con-
ditions.

A distance of 33 feet between corn
rows is suggested for the majority of
cases. Some two-row planters are
more easily adjusted to three foot four
inches, which is equally satisfactory.
More space is required for tall-grow-
ing than for smaller varieties. It is
well to drop somewhat more kernels
than the number of stalks desired. On
good soil this familiar saying may be
profitably followed: "One for the
blackbird, one for the crow, one for the
cutworm, and three for to grow." One
secret of a good corn crop consists in
having the proper stand of stalks, each
one of which yields well. On poor land
and also in very dry sections larger
grain yields can be secured with a thin
stand of stalks. Under such conditions,
however, some other crop can usually
be grown more profitably than corn,
for corn requires much moisture and
fertility. Where the annual rainfall is
less than 25 inches a thin stand of
stalks is preferable unless moisture is
supplied from some source other
than rain. Where soil moisture is likely
to be deficient during the silking pe-
riod a stalk for each 20 inches of row
(the rows being 33 feet apart) is suffi-
cient and will make possible a yield
of 113 bushels per acre if the stalks
average a pound of grain each.

Record Yields.

With an abundance of fertility and
soil moisture throughout the silking pe-
riod a stalk for each 12 inches of row
will make possible a yield of 188 bush-
els per acre, the stalks averaging one
pound of grain each. With rich soil
and ample rainfall 12,000 or more
stalks to the acre are necessary for ob-
taining record yields.

In planting corn in hills practically
all corn planters drop all the kernels
of the hill in a bunch. Bunch planting
results in unnecessary crowding both
above and below ground, weaken-

ing the stalks and reducing the yield.
Kernel-spaced checking combines the
advantages and overcomes the disad-
vantages of drilling and checking, and
there is need for an implement that
will combine the advantages of kernel
spacing and hill checking.

Planting by hand has some advan-
tages, but the labor saved by the use
of planters is so great that for profit-
able corn growing their use is indis-
pensable. Moreover, if the seed is in
proper condition any good planter can
be made to cover corn as satisfactorily
as it can be done with a hoe, and
seed ears having kernels of uniform
size be selected and the small and
misshapen kernels at the extremities
of the ears be rejected, good modern
corn-planting machines can be made
to drop with sufficient accuracy for
practical purposes. However, the yield
depends to such an extent upon the
proper number of stalks and their even
distribution that too much stress can
hardly be placed upon the necessity
for selecting seed ears having kernels
of uniform size and plating for the
planter that will drop the right number
at the required distance. Every spring
the planter should be thoroughly test-
ed and adjusted until it will drop uni-
formly the seed to be used. The kernels
of different kinds of corn vary so much
in size and shape that it is necessary
corn to be planted. There are some of
the many essentials that can be attend-
ed to before the rush of planting time
arrives.

Use of Checkrower.

Perhaps more corn is now planted
by means of a checkrower than by any
other device. This implement is ad-
justable, so that the spacing of the
rows and the distance between the
plants or hills in the row can be regu-
lated to suit the requirements of the
soil. By means of a wire chain
stretched across a field one man and
team can plant in straight rows in
both directions across the field 12 or
15 acres per day, thus admitting of
cross-cultivation. Corn planted in this
way can be kept free from weeds and
well cultivated without costly hoe-
ing or cutting of the weeds. A
summary of numerous tests made
by various state experiment sta-
tions shows that there is practi-
cally no difference in yield of corn
planted in hills of several stalks each
or drilled so that the stalks stand sepa-

ately in the rows, provided there is
the same number of stalks per acre
in each case. The former system facili-
tates cultivation, and the latter pro-
vides for a more equal distribution of
roots throughout the soil. Checkrow-
ers are best adapted to large and com-
paratively level fields free from trees
or stumps. Hillsides and sloping
ground cannot be planted in checks
without increasing the liability to soil
washing.

Depth to Plant.

The proper depth to plant must be
governed by the quality and moisture
of the soil. If the soil is a stiff, heavy
clay containing plenty of moisture at
planting time, one inch is sufficiently
deep; but if it is a light, open, dry soil,
three or four inches is a satisfactory



Poor Field of Corn.

depth. If the corn is planted deeper
than four inches much of the food sup-
ply stored in the seed will be consumed
before the young plant can reach the
surface and expand its leaves. Plants
cannot be made to send their roots
deeply into the soil by planting the
seed deeply. They can be better forti-
fied against dry weather by planting
a furrow, covering it slightly, and then
gradually cultivating the furrow full of
soil as the plants grow. This requires
some care, however, as the furrows
should not be filled to any great depth
until the plants have attained a height
of two feet or more and have estab-
lished their root system at the desired
depth. This method of planting is es-
pecially well adapted to deep soil,
where dry weather is likely to prevail
during the middle or latter part of the
growing season. The lister, the im-
plement with which a large part of the
corn is planted in the prairie states
fulfills the requirements of this meth-
od of planting.

Some successful growers of corn
have found it profitable to use a two-
row planter set the same width as
the checkrower. The checkrower fol-
lows in the deep furrows, thus secur-
ing all the advantages of both listing
and checking.

Replanting seldom increases the
grain yield. Cultivating up the first
planting and planting the entire field
the second time is better than replant-
ing a poor stand.

Thinning.

For highly profitable crops heavy
planting and thinning are advisable,
though not always practicable in ex-
tensive planting. Thinning should be
performed as soon as the stalks are
hard for cutworms to cut off, and
before they are a foot tall. A flattened
iron stick or a similar stick to which
is fastened a flattened piece of iron,
three to four inches wide, is of great as-
sistance in thinning, as it is necessary
to remove the stalks below the sur-
face of the ground to prevent further
growth. Slightly more stalks than a
good stand should be retained, so
that the cut stalks, or feeble stalks,
which are removed later without reduc-
ing the yield below that required for
the best grain yield. Such stalks should be
cut near the ground and removed as
soon as their inferiority is evident.

Make your bear grass earn and
keep up part of your expenses.
See Shorty Brown at Security
State Bank.

For Fast Shooting.

The rifle for rapid firing should have
shorter weight, shotgun balance, shot-
gun trigger pull, shotgun fit, and the
strokes must be such as can be caught
naturally without effort in alignment.
The hands grasp the piece firmly, not
with the rifleman's loose grip, while the
right arm pushes forward while the
left arm draws back, and the trigger is
pressed by transferring the drawing
back force to the trigger finger and
not by any conscious crooking of that
finger. The moment the head covers
the mark, the bullet must be under way,
be it aim good or bad. -Outing.

The Little Lacking.

My daughter, how splendid of
you to do that job! I'm so glad he
got the military medal. Mrs. Mullins
said to be outdone. Yes, miss. And
he could have got it, too, if he'd
been bold to have taken the risk. -London
Dial.

Diplomatic.

Green Gaffer to caddie:—What are
you looking there for? I must have
given it fifty yards farther than that.
Diplomatic Caddie:—Yes, sir, but some-
times they hit a stone and bounce back
a terrible distance, sir.—Boston Tran-
script.

THE LATEST IN JEWELRY

When you want a wedding ring, you want something
good. I have just received a fine line of wedding
rings and the very latest in bracelet watches that will
please you. Call and see them.

C. J. WHITCOMB, The Jeweler
We make your watch run on time



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Brand Salad Dressing is ready for
immediate use and is no trouble to
serve. Made of absolutely fresh
eggs, finest imported olive oil, En-
glish mustard and the right season-
ing in exact proportions.

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Automobile Doctors



When your auto breaks a leg.
Gets the measles or whooping cough
Call us up at Number One-Eight
And your troubles will soon be off.

All kinds of repairing and
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and at right prices. : : : :

The Portales Garage

**I Recommend Peruna To
All Sufferers
Of Catarrh—**



Mrs. William H. Hinckhiffe, No. 20

I Do
Not
Think I
Ever Felt
Much
Better

Myrtle St., Beverly, Mass., writes: "I
have taken four bottles of Peruna,
and I can say that it has done me
a great deal of good for catarrh of
the head and throat. I recommend
Peruna to all sufferers with catarrh.
I do not think I ever felt much bet-
ter. I am really surprised at the
work I can do. I do not think too
much praise can be said for Peruna."
Those who object to liquid medi-
cines can procure Peruna Tablets.

**75 years ago
everyone wore homespun—**

and, likewise, everyone used hand-mixed
paint. To-day, when machine-spun cloth
is so much better and cheaper, no one
would think of wearing homespun. Many
people are still using hand-mixed paint,
however, because they do not know that

DEVVOE
THE GUARANTEED
LEAD AND ZINC PAINT
FEWER GALLONS - WEARS LONGER



will save them money and
labor. Devvoe Lead and Zinc
Paint is simply made of the
same ingredients the old-time
painter used: Pure White
Lead, Pure White Zinc, and
Pure Linseed Oil. The only
difference is that Devvoe is
mixed by machinery, 500
gallons at a time. Therefore,
it is always absolutely uniform in strength,
color and covering capacity.

We guarantee Devvoe Lead and Zinc Paint to be pure.
We know it contains no whitening, silica or other worthless
materials. Stop in and ask for Color Card.

THE GOODLOE PAINT CO.

Paints, Oils, Paper, Glass and Supplies

Contracts Taken, Estimates Furnished

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO
PAINT DEVVOE PAINT

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

Portales Herald consolidated with Portales Times March 27, 1913.
Portales Valley News purchased Portales Herald-Times Sept. 12, 1916.

W. H. BRALEY, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR

Entered as second-class mail matter November 14, 1913, at the post office at Portales, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

DEMOCRATIC IN THINGS POLITICAL

Published weekly at Portales, New Mexico, and devoted to the interests of the greatest country on earth, the Portales Valley and Roosevelt County, New Mexico.

ADVERTISING RATES
Display Advertising, per inch 15 cents
For Local Readers, one insertion, per line 10 cents
Want Ads in Want Column, one insertion, per word 1 cent

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR



Three Hundred Thousand Soldiers Moving

Three hundred thousand men, the flower of the nation, were called into the army service of their country September 19th. At almost every county seat touched by railroad, men were given farewells by relatives and friends. There were pathetic scenes which suffused the eye with tears, and there were demonstrations which engender a more pronounced spirit of patriotism. Nothing like it has ever before occurred in the United States.

Many are the communities which will miss the boys who were called. Their places can not be readily filled either in the business in which they were engaged or in the hearts of relatives and friends left behind, but there goes with them a spirit of interest and goodwill and a prayer that they will fight resolutely and escape unscathed so as to return home in triumph.

It is only a few days until there will be as many more of the nation's best manhood called into the service. Do we realize what this means; what a noble work it is? And after all, we true-born, red-blooded, liberty-loving Americans still tolerate and endure among us some people who, if not openly, are quietly working for the Kaiser, as against these sturdy fellows, who are willing to lay down their lives—their all—for the perpetuation of democracy, and to destroy Kaiserism for ever.

Keep the Cow

There has been a tendency for the last few months to sell the cows, especially by the farmer with only a small herd. We attribute the long drouth this year and the exceeding high price of feed as the cause. We are not a prophet nor do we gamble in futures, but anyone who will take the time to reason out the conditions that we are facing, and will face for the next few years, can not arrive at any other conclusion than that good cows are going to be very high and in demand. This country has had good rains and grass is making fine, and, though your feed is short, sell what few cattle you have that are not especially adapted for dairy purposes, and buy a little feed for those that will produce the most butter fat. If you can't feed them well take them through the winter the best you can. We think butter is high now, but, if things don't change, look out about next spring; see what it will be then. Butter is around forty cents now; we look for sixty cent butter before another year. If you have to sell your cows sell to your neighbor, or someone who will keep them in the county. Don't let good cows go to the butcher market, especially your young cows. Keep the good cows at all hazards. Trade one cow for feed to keep the rest—KEEP THE COW.

Austria Nears End

Conditions in Austria-Hungary are resolving themselves into trouble for Germany. When a great part of the inhabitants of a nation make pilgrimages to shrines imploring for divine intercession, something is in the wind that shows the people are tired of a continued state of disruption. It is not a secret that Austria has been desirous of peace for months. Upheld by the glamour of success so potently depicted by Germany she has resolutely prayed for its ending. But her hopes have been shattered; she realizes the futility of winning against adds. And Austria has been a nation dominated by Germany. Even German representation is found in her higher courts, while Germany refuses to permit her representatives voice in the reichstag. Too long has Austria been hoodwinked. Only terror at this moment restrains Austria from laying down arms.—Amarillo Daily News.

Which is some more evidence of what it means to be dominated by the bloodthirsty Hohenzollerns, whose only ambition and purpose is to rule the world with an iron hand and a rod of steel.

The Food Administration has asked that hereafter only "Hooverized" food be used on the stage and in movie productions. It is argued that a pasteboard sandwich will do just as well as a real one for the films and there'll be one more sandwich for the allies. Poor Charlie Chaplin will look worse than ever eating pasteboard pies.

Lines To Be Remembered

We mount to heaven mostly on the ruins of our cherished schemes, finding our failures our successes.—A. Bronson Alcott.

If the habit of women going to war shall spread, what will mere men escape by joining the armies?—Columbia Record.

A Hard Job

Billy Sunday is going to have a hard time getting the Los Angeles people into heaven. They think they're there already.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A fellow isn't sure he's right until some one tells him he's wrong.

Iron workers of Frisco are striking for more iron men.

"Sink without leaving a trace," the bloody injunction by Count Luxburg, may apply in his case since he has departed from Argentine.

Women's skirts won't be materially shortened during the war period. Some of them really can't be and at the same time serve as skirts.—Evening Herald.

Commissioners Proceedings

Portales, New Mexico, July 5, 1917.

At a special meeting of the board of county commissioners of Roosevelt County, New Mexico, held at the court house in Portales, New Mexico, on the above date, the following were present, to-wit:

J. S. Pearce, chairman; Ed L. Wall, commissioner; Seth A. Morrison, clerk; and the following resolution was adopted, to-wit:

WHEREAS, it is the desire of the board of county commissioners of Roosevelt County to co-operate with the federal government and state of New Mexico, for the construction, improvement and maintenance of roads and bridges within Roosevelt County; and

WHEREAS, it is essential that all public roads within the county be properly declared public highways and plats of the same filed with the county clerk; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary, in order to secure federal aid, that public highways and bridges conform in standards of construction to the standards adopted throughout the state of New Mexico; and

WHEREAS, it is provided by law that a uniform system of counting be used in all counties of all expenditures from the county road fund; and

WHEREAS, it is required that counties availing themselves of state and federal aid agree to pay not less than fifty per centum of the cost of maintenance of the state highways constructed with state and federal aid within said counties; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary that provision be made for prompt payment for work done by contract in order that the contractors may be able to comply with the law requiring semi-monthly pay days; and

WHEREAS, the law requires that the county highway superintendent be required to give bond in the sum to be fixed by the county commissioners;

Now therefore, be it resolved that the board of county commissioners of Roosevelt County does hereby, on behalf of said county, agree to avail of the provisions of the act of the legislature of New Mexico, entitled "an Act Relating to Public Highways and Bridges," approved March 9, 1917, and of the act of congress entitled "An Act to Provide that the United States Shall Aid the States in the Construction of Rural Post Roads, and for Other Purposes," approved July 11, 1916, and that said county will co-operate with the State Highway Commission in carrying out the provisions of said acts; And it is further agreed that said county will make the necessary levies and furnish its proportion of the amount of money necessary to meet the allotments which may be made by the Federal Government for construction and improvement of roads within said county; and Be it further Resolved, that said Board of County Commissioners, will forthwith take the proper steps to lawfully designate and declare all public roads in said county to be Public Highways, and to arrange with the State Highway Engineer to make proper plats of said roads, copies of such plats to be filed with the County Clerk of said county, and in the office of State Highway Engineer; and Be it Further Resolved, that said county will adopt the standards for con-

struction and maintenance of roads and bridges which may be prescribed by the State Highway Commission of New Mexico and approved by the road officials of the United States; and Be it Further Resolved, that the said county will adopt and use the system of accounting which may be prescribed by the State Highway Commission for all expenditures from the county road fund of said county; and

Be it Further Resolved, that said county will make the necessary levies and furnish funds sufficient to pay not less than fifty per centum of the cost of maintenance of State Highways and Highways constructed or improved by State or Federal Aid within said county; and

Be it Further Resolved, that the County Highway Superintendent for said county be required to give a proper Surety Company bond for the faithful performance of his duties, in the sum of two thousand dollars. Resolved that the State Highway Commission is hereby requested to Supervise all work of construction, improvement, repair and maintenance of the County roads and bridges within the county of Roosevelt, unless other specific provision shall be made by the Board of County Commissioners.

Be it Further Resolved, that the County Highway Superintendent, employed for the county of Roosevelt, is hereby directed and empowered to carry out in behalf of the Board of County Commissioners of said county, the provisions of Sections 5708 and 2706 inclusive, of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated.

Be it Further Resolved, that the County Clerk is hereby requested to mail a certified copy of this resolution to the State Highway Commission.

No further business appearing, it is ordered that court stand adjourned, subject to call of the Chairman.

J. S. PEARCE, Chairman.
Attest: SETH A. MORRISON, Clerk.

ORDEAL OF GRAMMAR.

How It Came to Be Inflicted Upon an Unoffending Public.

The world reached its highest known stage of intelligence before grammar was even invented, much less studied. I have had some curiosity to find out where and how so great a blight upon young life first came into being and why it ever became a school study, and I find that the Greeks knew it not; that their triumphant literature and their matchless oratory came to flower before grammar was dreamed of, that it was not in any sense one of the great arts which they wrought out and with which they armed the human race.

I find that after Greece had declined a barbarous Macedonian made himself the owner of all Egypt, and in order to surround himself with the most spectacular form of ostentation of which his vain mind could conceive he set to collecting not only all the rare and precious objects and books and manuscripts there were in the world, but he capped it all by making a collection of the living men of the world who had any reputation anywhere for knowing and thinking. Taking them from their homes where they had some relation to the daily necessities of human beings and had really been of some use, he shut them up for life in one of his palaces at Alexandria, which the folks there were in the habit of calling "the henocop of the muses," and out of sheer desperation, since they could do nothing better to amuse themselves, they counted the words in the books which real men had written and prepared tables of the forms and endings which the users of words employed.

The lifeless dregs of books which their distilling left we now call grammar and study instead of books and even speech itself. In their lowest depth of indifference to the moving, pulsing life of man not even the Alexandrians sank so low as that.—Ernest C. Moore in Yale Review.

Chemistry of Human Body.

The average human body, besides the carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen of which it is chiefly composed, contains three and three-fourths pounds of lime, one pound eleven ounces of phosphorus, two and two-thirds ounces of potash, two and one-half ounces of sodium, one and three-fifths ounces each of magnesium, sulphur and silica and about one-sixth of an ounce of iron.

A Japanese Bridge.

One of Japan's most interesting monuments of antiquity is the bridge of the Brocade Girdle, built in the sixteen hundreds, a mass of pegs and crude joints—not a nail of metal in the entire length of 750 feet, and as good today as when built.



I am the chap that started the scrap,
That developed the snap that put
Portales Drug Store on the map.

The stock is nice and fresh and new
And will without doubt satisfy you.

Then come in and secure your share,
And a smile you'll ever wear.

As to prices, they are right
And will give you much delight.

Portales Drug Store

"STORE OF SERVICE"

—P. S.—

When you are lonely, weary and sad,
Come let the New Edison make you glad.

Notice of Sale

O. C. Lawson, Trustee, and The Avery State Bank, Plaintiffs
vs.
Amos H. Whiteman and Pearl Whiteman, defendants.
District Court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a judgment rendered in the district court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico, on the 11th day of May, 1917, wherein the above named plaintiffs obtained judgment against said named defendants, Amos H. Whiteman and Pearl Whiteman, his wife, for the sum of \$705.20 and all costs of suit, and in which said final judgment the undersigned was appointed special master and empowered to advertise and sell the lands and property described in said decree, to-wit: The southeast quarter section 20 in township 2 south of range 34 east of the New Mexico principal meridian, Roosevelt County, New Mexico, except forty acres along the north boundary of said quarter section beginning at the northeast corner of the said southeast quarter of said section twenty, thence west 800 yards, thence north 220 yards to the place of beginning; said tract to be sold containing 120 acres, and all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging. I will at the front door of the court house in Portales, New Mexico, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of the 9th day of October, 1917, offer for sale and sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, in accordance with the decree of the court, the said lands and apply the proceeds thereof in satisfaction of said judgment, interest and costs.

Witness my hand this 12th day of September, 1917.
ROY SMITH, Special Master.

When the Worm Turns.

The human element in the great mass of the populace, in sharp contrast with the inhumanity of the dark forces arrayed against it, underlies all that happened during the revolution in Russia. Bureaucracy failed in its last desperate stand for prerogative and privilege because it underrated the ability of the average Russian believed to be dulled by years of oppression to ultimately decide between right and wrong. Pushed to the limit by deception and disloyalty in a grave hour of national peril, the worm turned and carried all before him. Apply this elemental fact to what transpired in Russia and everything stands revealed.—Isaac F. Marcossion in Everybody's.

PUBLIC Auction Sale!

At Gryder's Feed Yard, Portales, New Mexico
Saturday, September 29th

I will sell on the above date, the following:
1 Span of Good Young Mares,
1 Wagon and Harness,
Bunch of Angora Goats

and any other stuff that might be brought in for sale. Remember these sales are held at this place each Saturday afternoon and anything you have to sell bring it in.

TERMS: 9 months time at 10 per cent interest with approved security on sums over \$10.00. Sums under \$10.00, cash without discount.

Also, if you need an auctioneer for your individual sales, it will pay you to see me, or leave word at Gryder's Feed Yard.

O. R. LIGHTFOOT, Auctioneer
BEN SMITH, Clerk

WANTS

If you want a loan see W. O. Okham.
For sale, trade, or rent—Walker Caswell.

For Sale—The prettiest 5 acre home in Portales or will trade for unimproved land. John R. Hopper. 45 2t

FOR SALE—1 Jersey milk cow, just fresh; see W. E. Curtis or call at this office. 45 2t

WANTED—Gallon and half gallon buckets with lids; cash paid; at the White House.

If you want a loan see W. O. Okham.

For Sale—Northwest quarter sec. 11, Twp. 2 south, range 35 east, adjoining Mrs. Lizzie Burrows place, in proven water belt. Reasonable price and terms on part. Address E. S. Anderson, 212 Main St., Denison, Texas. 40 1t

WANTED—Careful kodak finishing by skilled photographers; twice daily service. Remember; satisfaction guaranteed. Send your finishing to a reliable, established firm. We pay return postage on finishing. Hanna & Hanna, Master Photographers, Albuquerque, New Mex. 45 4t

The Government needs Farmers as well as Fighters. Two million three hundred thousand acres of Oregon & California Railroad Co. Grant Lands. Title reverted in United States. To be opened for homesteads and sale. Containing some of the best land left in United States. Large copyrighted map, showing land by sections and description of soil, climate, rainfall, elevation, temperature, etc., postpaid, One Dollar. Grant Lands Locating Co., Portland, Oregon. 35-48

LIGHT OF THE FIREFLY.

The Luminous Organ of the Insect and How It Operates.

A study of the luminescence of the firefly, and especially of the chemical elements involved, by F. Alex McDermott has brought forward several very interesting points.

So far as is known, two constant chemical factors, water and oxygen, are necessary for the production of light by living organisms. The third necessary factor, the substance oxidized, may be and probably is variable.

The luminous organ of the firefly consists of two layers of material under the outer transparent covering. The inner of these two layers consists mainly of guanine, a compound similar to uric acid, and this probably serves as a reflector. The outer layer consists of a mass of cells normally of a pale yellow color.

Both layers are penetrated by innumerable minute tracheae (ducts), which unite in the interior of the insect to form larger passages and run together in the outer layer of yellow cells, forming a network somewhat resembling the finer veiling of a leaf.

It is practically certain that in life these passages are filled with air, and it seems probable that the photogenic process is accompanied by the evolution of carbon dioxide and the consumption of oxygen of the air.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Slight Soreness.

"Was there any soreness after the doctor vaccinated you?"

"A trifle. I thought he charged me entirely too much."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Fool and His Tongue.

When Demaratus was asked whether he held his tongue because he was a fool or for want of words he replied, "A fool cannot hold his tongue."—Plutarch.

Same Thing.

"You say she always wears a touch me-not air?"

"No; but it's always a case of fresh paint."—Kansas City Journal.

High Praise.

Friend—Have you got a good lawyer? Prisoner—The very best. Hon. est, B.N. he ever been a burglar.—Life

According to the proverb, the best things are the most difficult.—Plutarch



International made-to-measure Clothes are tailored exclusively for yourself. Every detail is carefully observed and the finished garment is guaranteed to be right in all respects. If it isn't right, you have no right to take it.

Jim Warnica

Santa Fe New Mexico Bar Association Meeting

Roswell, N. M., Sept. 18th, 19th and 20th, 1917.

For above occasion tickets will be on sale September 17th and 18th for one and one third fare for the round trip. Good for return September 21st.

Convention New Mexico Federation Women's Clubs

Gallop, New Mexico, October 2-5, 1917

For above occasion tickets will be on sale September 30th, October 1, 2 and 3, 1917, at rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip. Return limit Oct. 7, 1917.

J. W. GUNNINGHAM, Agt.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

Cut out and burn the old blackberry and raspberry canes as soon as they've fruited.

Keep the hoe and cultivator going in the strawberries, but cease cultivating the bush fruits.

Don't be in a hurry to "lay by" the potatoes. It is well to keep up shallow cultivation as long as the vines will permit. To prevent blight the foliage must be kept covered with bordeaux until the crop is matured.

Look out for sun scald on trees that have not sufficient foliage to shade their own trunk and main limbs.

Limestone judiciously used by each farmer whose land is too acid will augment the supply of food by a surprising number of bushels.

KEEP UP MILK FLOW.

Short Pastures Should Be Supplemented With Other Feeds.

This is the season of the year when the milk flow always falls off and the size of the milk or cream check decreases accordingly, writes a correspondent of the Kansas Farmer. The successful dairyman will do all he can to prevent this decrease or at least to make it as small as possible. Too often, though, the blame for this decrease is not placed in the proper place, but is attributed to the heat or the flies.

These, of course, are factors to consider, but careful experiments have shown that they are not as important as is commonly supposed. As a rule, the controlling factor at this time is the food supply. The grass at its best is not as fresh and succulent as earlier in the season, and therefore the cows



DAIRY COW—GUERNSEY TYPE.

will not eat as much, and, in addition to this, in many cases the pastures are dry and have been pastured so close as to produce a positive shortage of feed.

Later in the season, when cooler weather arrives and the grasses freshen up, the cows will tend to increase in their flow again, but if they have dropped decidedly in milk flow it will be difficult to raise the production again; therefore the dairyman will find it advisable to supplement the pasture with some other feed. Silage will be the best and by far the cheapest feed if it is available. Lacking that, it may be found advisable to cut some of the green corn and feed of an evening.

Where neither of these feeds is available good alfalfa or clover hay might be fed, although the present price is nearly prohibitive, but if it is on hand without having it to buy it would perhaps be advisable to use it. Feed only a few pounds to each cow. In many cases a few pounds of grain daily will give good returns. As a rule, a mixture of several grains will give better results than one alone. This grain mixture should contain a large amount of laxative feeds to counteract the effect of the dry pastures.

FERTILIZING WHEAT.

Manure Re-enforced With Phosphate Will Increase Grain Yield.

Manure re-enforced with either acid phosphate or raw phosphate rock may be the only plant food added to wheat following corn this year, according to specialists of the Ohio agricultural experiment station. Increased crop yields have far more than paid for this fertilizer in experimental tests.

Wheat seeding is hurried after the corn crop is cut in a three year corn-wheat clover rotation. After the wheat is seeded fertilizers may be added. A few tons of manure per acre may be applied if available. With it should be mixed raw phosphate rock or acid phosphate.

Manure alone has had a value of \$3.65 a ton in increasing crop yields in such a rotation at the experiment station for seventeen years at Wooster. This value has risen to \$4.48 by the addition of forty pounds of raw phosphate rock to each ton of manure and to \$5.41 by the use of a like quantity of acid phosphate.

If raw phosphate rock is used some decaying vegetable matter, such as manure, will make it more effective. The decomposition of the manure increases the availability of the phosphorus in the fertilizer.

Banish the Hessian Fly.

Full grown Hessian fly maggots called "flaxseeds" are in the wheat stubble; in September they become flies and lay eggs in young winter wheat and volunteer wheat. Deep plowing of wheat stubble immediately after harvest is cheap insurance against the Hessian fly. Hessian flies on your neighbor's farm will infest your wheat fields. Organize a community campaign to bury the "flaxseed." Don't let a Hessian fly spend the winter on your farm or in your neighborhood.

Sow a Patch of Rye.

Sow rye for pasture and save grain. Corn ground from which the crop has been cut for early feed makes a good place for a patch of rye.

BURIED TREASURES

Valuable Prizes That May Be Had For the Mere Asking.

UNCLE SAM THE CUSTODIAN.

He Can Tell You Many Methods by Which Big Money May Be Made, and He Is Not Only Willing but Anxious to Give You This Information.

"Scattered through my reports on agriculture," says Uncle Sam, "are hundreds of ideas for making money. I have heard of men who have spent huge sums in fitting out expeditions to recover covered or sunken treasure. If they would only dig up the treasures that lie buried in the millions and millions of pages that I have written on soil improvement, on utilizing waste woods and stumps, on growing new, valuable fruits that even Burbank never dreamed of, on preventing canned vegetables from spoiling and on converting anything that grows into a salable product!

"If the farmers would only realize that if all the knowledge that I have gained and that I am ready to impart free of charge were to be applied by the farms of the country the value of their crops would be increased \$10,000,000 for each growing day in the year.

"A fortune can be made in this country by growing such medicinal plants as belladonna, Japanese mint (from which menthol is obtained), digitalis (prescribed by physicians for heart trouble) and a hundred others. I am experimenting with drug plants in Virginia, in Maryland and in the upper Mississippi valley, so that I know just what the cost of production and marketing should be. Why doesn't some one write to me about this?"

"Most of our red pepper and paprika is imported. In a country with such a varied soil and climate as ours why can't we raise our own red pepper? I asked myself that question some years ago. Now, I can indicate very clearly how paprika can be successfully grown here. Why not take the trouble to read my Department Bulletin No. 43 on the subject and find out whether it would not pay you to become a paprika grower?"

"Man alive, I could string the list of chances out until you would be weary of reading it.

"Four years ago I began an investigation to determine if there were not some way of making pure apple cider that would endure transportation without the use of preservatives. I found that if the cider is frozen, crushed and whirled in a centrifugal machine it can be concentrated for less than 20 cents a gallon and that the finished product can be transported to market without the use of preservatives. One plant has been erected to make use of this success. Why are there not more such plants?"

"I have chemically studied eggs which are unfit to eat, and I am convinced that denatured egg yolk can be used in tanning without injuring leather. Why am I not overwhelmed with an avalanche of letters from tanners imploring me to tell them about my results?"

"Two years ago I began an investigation of enameled cooking utensils in the bureau of chemistry. I have cooked all kinds of foods in enameled ware to discover what kind of enamel is least affected by the food and what kind is therefore the safest to use. The man who first conscientiously carries out in actual practice the scientific procedure that I have evolved ought to die rich. Who is he?"

"I wonder who will be the first to take advantage of an investigation that I am now conducting to determine why wagon and haystack covers mildew, who will learn from me how a book-binders' leather can be made that will not deteriorate, who will introduce my economical methods of making potato starch; who will buy the waste yeast of breweries and convert it into a fattening cattle food in a way that I will explain, who will build a machine that I have designed for packing sardines in cans efficiently and cheaply, and who will profit by the study of coffee roasting that I have made?"

"Where is the Cortez who will conquer the south with my methods of economically utilizing the long leaf yellow pine? Where are the Balboas and Pizarros whom I am ready to arm so that they may triumph in the art of paper making?"

"I must stop here simply to catch my breath and not because I could not recite hundreds of business opportunities, hundreds of processes that I am ready to disclose to any American citizen, whether he be a manufacturer or a farmer.

"And Americans, supposed to be the most agile minded, the most astute people in the world, say they haven't a chance!"—Waldemar Kaempffert in McClure's Magazine.

City of Originators.

Newark, N. J., claims to be the city of originators. Its list of inventions includes patent leather, malleable iron, the electric dynamo, celluloid, brushes imbedded in rubber and the one piece collar button. The mother of pearl button, now a universal institution, was perfected in Newark.—Exchange.

Ready For It.

"There's a girl who is always anxious to take my part."

"A devoted friend, eh?"

"My understudy," explained the star simply.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Doubt of all kinds can be removed by nothing but action.

In the Arena of Sports

Senators' Third Baseman.

Clark Griffith's shift of Eddie Foster from second base to third seems to have had a good effect on the playing of the Washington American league team. At least that is what Eddie's friends say. Since a month ago the



EDDIE FOSTER.

Senators have been playing as good ball as any team in the league, not excepting the White Sox and the red hosed men. Last year Foster performed in both positions on the diamond and played fine ball. Ball fans believe, however, that if kept at third, which is his best place, he would make a still better showing. He is considered one of the best hit and run players in the game.

An All Star Team.

Damon Runyon, a sporting writer on the New York American, makes the following selections for an all star baseball team: Sister, first base; Eddie Collins, second base; Chapman, short; Velt, third base; Spunker, Cobb, Rousch, outfielders; Walters, Schalk and Schang, catchers; Toney, Ruth, Alexander, Johnson and Caldwell, pitchers. Bobby Veach would be the utility outfielder and Helme Grob the utility infielder, for he plays second, short and third with equal facility.

Harvard to Help Football.

Although Harvard university has canceled its varsity football schedules for next fall, the sport will still be encouraged. The rule barring freshmen from the varsity team probably will be waived and informal games with New England colleges arranged.

Blacklist For Mamaux.

Pitcher Mamaux, who was suspended for breaking discipline, has been blacklisted by the Pittsburgh Nationals. President Dreyfus recently notified the national commission that he had taken this course.

Banana Has High Food Value When Fully Ripe

Mary Swartz Rose, assistant professor in the department of nutrition of the teachers' college at Columbia university, gives bananas this value:

Bananas may be regarded as a staple fresh fruit, high in food value, low in price and easy to prepare. They are oftenest cheapest when at their best, when the skins have darkened and the fruit is soft, though still firm. Digestive difficulties usually arise from eating them too green or too fast. As they ripen, considerable starch is changed to sugar, so they have a blch or flavor as well as greater digestibility when fully ripened.

Baking ripe bananas in the skin, if properly done, produces a more succulent food of fine flavor. They must be quickly baked till soft and the juice begins to flow, but no longer or the juice all oozes out and they become tough and dark and lose much of their flavor. Bananas baked before the skins darken will never be as palatable as the fully ripened ones, though they are more digestible than if eaten raw.

Ripe bananas are best baked without the skins and basted with a syrup. These may be used as a dessert, while those baked in the skins may take the place of a vegetable in the menu. Bananas can be mashed and stewed with a little water, flavored with lemon juice and sugar, making a palatable sauce.

+++++ SAID OF LYING. +++++

Children and foolies cannot lye.

—Heywood

A lie never lives to be old—

+ Sophocles.

+ Aristotle was once asked what those who tell lies gain by it.

+ Said he, "That when they speak truth they are not believed."

+ Diogenes Laertius.

+++++

Using the Old-Style Jack

Using the Weed Chain-Jack

WEED Chain-Jack

Simply a few pulls on its chain and the heaviest car is raised or lowered without danger and without exertion.

Every motorist has dreaded using the ordinary jack—an unpleasant operation, to say the least, and constantly fraught with danger and annoyance in its work. Now all the unpleasant, disagreeable features have been *entirely eliminated* by the Weed Chain-Jack. With it, whether raising or lowering the car, you are always *out of harm's way*. No knocking of head, or sliding of clothes against springs or other projections. *No shinning of hands*, or flying up of a "handle"—*No chance of the car coming down*, often resulting in serious bodily injury—Ininitely easier to operate than any jack on the market.

To operate a Weed Chain-Jack it is not necessary to get down in a crouched, strained position and to push or pull or to dust under a car to work a "handle" that is apt to fly up, with unpleasant results. To lift a car with the Weed Chain-Jack, simply give a few pulls on its *Chain* while you stand erect, clear from springs, fire carriers and other projections. To lower a car pull the chain in opposite direction. Up or down—there's no faking.

Once in place you need have to touch a Weed Chain-Jack only once in a while to stand steady and to hold the car or lower the car and after the car is lowered you had better get out from under the car in the clinic. *Make a superior motorist*—economy, quality, simplicity and construction.

You will never be satisfied with any other if once you use a

Weed Chain-Jack
Powerful—Safe—Easily Operated

Has a strong cap provides the kind of support from which a car can be raised, while a broad base prevents the jack from upsetting or moving. *Every Weed Chain-Jack is submitted to a long test and will support over 1000 lbs. without a hair's breadth. Never gets out of order.* Guards the Chain-Jack is protected by a strong steel casing. Chain heavily plated to prevent rusting.

Size	HEIGHT WHEN		WEIGHT
	LOWERED	RAISED	
8 inch	8 inches	12 inches	14 lbs.
10 inch	10 inches	14 inches	18 lbs.
12 inch	12 inches	16 inches	22 lbs.
12 inch Truck	12 inches	16 inches	22 lbs.

MADE IN FOUR SIZES

8 inch 10 inch 12 inch 12 inch Truck

HEIGHT WHEN LOWERED 8 inches 10 inches 12 inches 12 inches

HEIGHT WHEN RAISED 12 inches 14 inches 16 inches 16 inches

WEIGHT 14 lbs. 18 lbs. 22 lbs. 22 lbs.

WEIGHT WHEN RAISED 14 lbs. 18 lbs. 22 lbs. 22 lbs.

WEIGHT WHEN LOWERED 14 lbs. 18 lbs. 22 lbs. 22 lbs.

WEIGHT WHEN RAISED 14 lbs. 18 lbs. 22 lbs. 22 lbs.

WEIGHT WHEN LOWERED 14 lbs. 18 lbs. 22 lbs. 22 lbs.

When in operative position this step will be raised to the position of the Jack.

Come in and try it yourself

KOHL'S GARAGE
Portales, - - - - - New Mexico

PUBLIC SALE!

I will sell at my place four and one-half miles southwest of Redland, one-half mile east and one-fourth mile south of Allie postoffice, the following described livestock and other property, on

Thursday, Sept. 27th, 1917

- 4 Jersey milk cows with calves.
 - 1 Jersey cow, stripper giving milk now.
 - 1 Jersey cow, will be fresh soon.
 - 3 three-year-old heifers, Jerseys.
 - 1 Jersey yearling heifer.
 - 2 steer calves, part Durham.
 - 1 fine large Poland China brood sow.
 - 1 Poland China male, weight about 100 pounds.
 - 4 shoats, weight 60 to 100 pounds.
- FARMING IMPLEMENTS:**
- 1 riding Rock Island lister.
 - 1 P. & O. walking lister and planter.
 - 1 60-tooth section harrow.
 - 1 P. & O. go-devil, been run one season.
 - 1 Deering row binder.
 - 1 blacksmith forge.
 - 100 feet of rubber hose.
 - 1 feed crusher.
 - Lot of light farming tools and household goods too numerous to list.

TERMS:—All sums under \$10.00 cash; on amounts of more than \$10.00, ten months time will be allowed on approved security, or 5 per cent discount for cash.

Sale starts at 11 o'clock sharp. Free lunch at 12

W. E. LOLLACE, OWNER
O. R. LIGHTFOOT, Auctioneer

Are You in Doubt as to Your Future?

Is there likelihood that during the coming year you may be called into your country's service, or that others may be called whose absence may make it impossible for you to proceed with your education after three, six or nine months?

Conditions created by the great war crisis caused the UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO to adopt the all-year schedule with forty-eight weeks of college work in each year.

Under this schedule young men and women who have but three or six months available for college work this year may take but three or six months' work in the University of New Mexico. If it then becomes necessary for them to discontinue college work for three or six months, or longer, they may re-enter the University at the end of the period of delay without interruption of courses or loss of credits. This may be followed from year to year as the necessities of the student demand, and all work done leads steadily toward the degree sought.

HERE IS THE IMPORTANT POINT: If you have that three or six months, DO NOT WASTE IT, no matter how uncertain your future may be. BEGIN YOUR EDUCATION WHILE YOU CAN. Serve your country when your country needs or calls you, and complete your education when that service ends. THE VERY IMPORTANT THING IS TO BEGIN.

The University opens Monday, October 1st, for the 1917-1918 college year. There is still time for you to arrange to enter. Write today for full information to David R. Boyd, President, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, N. M.

..FRED C. BROADHEAD..

(Successor to J. M. Reynolds)

FRESH AND CURED MEATS

Buy and sell live stock of all kinds. Will pay top prices for hides. Telephone No. 11

Notice for Publication

Non-coal 010477
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., August 28, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that Dink Broyles, of Rogers, N. M., R. No. 1, who on Oct. 28, 1912, made additional homestead entry No. 010477, for SW 1/4 sec. 34, township 5 south, range 35 east, N. M. P. Meridian has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before Will A. Palmer, U. S. Commissioner at his office at Redland, N. M., on the 25th day of September, 1917.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Sallie E. Morgan, Charles J. Partin, Sarah J. Bradford, John Uzer, all of Rogers, N. M.
A. J. EVANS, Register.
40-45

Assignment of Mortgage—News

Health About Gone

Many thousands of women suffering from womanly trouble, have been benefited by the use of Cardui, the woman's tonic, according to letters we receive, similar to this one from Mrs. Z. V. Spell, of Hayne, N. C. "I could not stand on my feet, and just suffered terribly," she says. "As my suffering was so great, and he had tried other remedies, Dr. — had us get Cardui. . . I began improving, and it cured me. I know, and my doctor knows, what Cardui did for me, for my nerves and health were about gone."

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

She writes further: "I am in splendid health . . . can do my work. I feel I owe it to Cardui, for I was in dreadful condition." If you are nervous, run-down and weak, or suffer from headache, backache, etc., every month, try Cardui. Thousands of women praise this medicine for the good it has done them, and many physicians who have used Cardui successfully with their women patients, for years, endorse this medicine. Think what it means to be in splendid health, like Mrs. Spell. Give Cardui a trial.

All Druggists

Says Phosphates Make Beautiful Women and Strong, Healthy, Vigorous, Robust Men

Physicians All Over the World Are Prescribing Phosphates to build up Run Down Enemic Conditions and Those Who Have Treated Their Patients With Argo-Phosphates Are Changing Thin, Enemic Women With Tonelass Tissues, Flabby Flesh, into the Most Beautiful Rosy Cheeked and Plump Round Formed Women Imaginable

Atlanta, Ga. Dr. Jacobson said in a recent interview that 90 per cent of emema comes from nervous breakdown, which can only be corrected by supplying the necessary phosphates to the nervous system that is lacking in the food you eat, and this can be quickly supplied by taking one or two 5-grain Argo-Phosphate tablets after each meal and at bed time. It will in many cases make a pale scrawny face the picture of health in a few days. I have seen women that I expected would have to be kept under treatment for months restored to perfect health in one or two weeks time.

SPECIAL NOTICE. The Argo-Phosphate recommended by Dr. F. H. Jacobson contains phosphates such as are prescribed by leading physicians throughout the world, and it will be found the most effective form for treating patients with nervous depression, stomach troubles, brain fog and nervous prostration. It will renew youthful vim and vigor and build up the whole body. If your druggist will not supply you with Argo-Phosphate, send one dollar for two weeks treatment to Argo Laboratories, 10 Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

Make your casings 90 per cent puncture proof by having us vulcanize our liners in your casings. Portales Garage. 39-1f

We have on hand 7,330 tablets and if divided properly would furnish each student in the county two and one fourth tablets, or about thirteen and one half tablets to each scholar in school district No. 1. C. M. Dobbs' Confectionary. 42tf.

We pay cash for old tires and tubes. Portales Garage. 39-1f

Colored People Delighted With New Discovery To Bleach the Skin

Atlanta Ga.—Says that recent tests have proven without doubt that swarthy or sallow complexions can be made light by a new treatment recently discovered by a man in Atlanta. Just ask your druggist for Cocotone Skin Whitener. People who have used it are amazed at its wonderful effect. Rid your face of that awful dark color or greasy appearance in a few minutes. It costs so little that you can't afford to be without it. Just think how much prettier you would look with that old dark skin gone and new soft, light skin in its place. Men and women today must care for their complexions to enter society.

If your druggist will not supply you with Cocotone Skin Whitener, send 25c for a large package to Cocotone Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Poultry Farming

CHICKS IN SUMMER.

Special Care Needed to Keep Them Thrifty in Hot Weather. (Prepared by United States Department of Agriculture.)

Chicks hatched just before the beginning of hot weather must receive especially good care if they are to be raised successfully. In fact, the care of growing chicks during the summer is one of the most important factors in poultry raising. The chicks may have been carefully brooded, but unless the proper attention is given them during the warm months their growth may be seriously retarded.

Growing chicks should be provided with a house that will give them a place to stay in bad weather and at night. No particular style of house is recommended, but it should be so built that it will provide the chicks with ample ventilation, dryness, sunlight, freedom from drafts and be so arranged that it can be cleaned easily and frequently.

The lumber from plano and dry goods boxes can be used in building such a house and when covered with ordinary roofing paper so as to keep out the rain will make desirable quarters. It is suggested that such houses be built on the colony plan so that they can be moved from place to place, thus providing the chicks with fresh ground to range over. Elevating such a house six inches above the ground will assist in keeping the floor dry by means of the circulation of air, and such space will also provide shade for the chicks.

Feed for growing chicks may be divided into three classes—grain feed, dry mash and green feed.

In addition to the grain feed that the chicks are likely to find when on free-range a grain mixture should be given them morning and evening. The following rations should produce good results:

Equal parts of cracked corn and wheat. As the chicks increase in size oats may be added. To cheapen this ration it may be changed to two parts cracked corn and one part wheat. When one part of oats is added to this mixture, as the chicks increase in size, the ration may be changed to three parts cracked corn, one part wheat and one part oats.

In addition to the above feed a dry mash should be fed in a hopper to which the chicks have access at all times. The following mixtures are suggested:

No. 1.—Two pounds of cornmeal, one pound of middlings, four pounds of oatmeal, two pounds of wheat bran and two and one-half pounds of beef scraps.

No. 2.—Two pounds of cornmeal, one pound of middlings, two pounds of



SILVER PENCILLED WYANDOTTE HEN.

wheat bran, and two and one-half pounds of beef scraps.

No. 3.—Three pounds of wheat bran, three pounds of middlings, three pounds of cornmeal, one pound of crushed oats and one and one-half pounds of beef scraps.

Charcoal, grit and oyster shells should be provided so that the chicks can help themselves whenever they want to.

If a continued supply of sour milk can be obtained it may be fed separately in a pan provided for the purpose and the beef scrap in the above rations reduced one-half. Sour and sweet milk should not be fed alternately, as such practice is likely to cause bowel trouble. Whenever it is possible growing chicks should be allowed free-range so they may obtain as much natural green feed as they need in addition to bugs and worms. When green feed cannot be obtained on range such feed as sprouted oats, cut clover, mangel wurtzel beets, etc., should be fed daily.

The importance of clean fresh water for chicks cannot be overemphasized. In very hot weather fresh water should be given to them twice a day. Whenever possible the pan of water should be placed in the shade to keep cool. The water pan should be cleaned every day before fresh water is added.

Plenty of shade should be provided for growing chicks. When allowed to range in an orchard or cornfield they will not only find ample shade and green feed, but will benefit the trees or corn as well as themselves by destroying bugs and worms. Sometimes sunflowers are grown for shade. Artificial protection against the sun's rays may be obtained by supporting frames covered with burlap a few feet above the ground.

Dr. Swearingin's Dates

Drs. Swearingin and Von Almen, the specialists of Roswell, will be in Portales, at Neer's drug store, on the 4th day of each month, to treat diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and to fit glasses.

Let's talk about your bear grass.—Shorty Brown, at Security State Bank.

ARMY DOCTORS.

Their Great Services to the World and to Medicine.

War has always had a great influence on medicine, first developing the priest physician, then the barber surgeon and later the army medical officer. In wartime Pare devised the ligature for arteries, although he was not the first to employ it.

Napoleon, who was often at a loss to supply his army with food, made awards, which, from an empiric and practical standpoint, developed canning and the preservation of food before bacteria were known.

The American medical profession will ever be under obligation to our army medical officers for their services to the world in the discoveries of numerous diseases, their causes and prevention, said Dr. Charles H. Mayo in an address reported in the New York Medical Journal.

Our army medical officers stand pre-eminent in science. To Beaumont we are indebted for the first report on digestion, digestive fluids and gastric movement from direct observation of a patient with gastric fistula. To Surgeon General William Hammond we are indebted for the development of the army medical museum.

Surgeon J. S. Billings fostered the second largest and the best medical library in the world. Surgeon General Sternberg discovered the pneumococcus and founded the army medical school and the government laboratories of bacteriology and hygiene. Under Sternberg's administration Major Walter Reed, with James Carroll, Jesse W. Lazear and Aristide Agramonte, proved the mosquito to be the agent transmitting yellow fever.

We have received our first shipment of school books and supplies. Better get yours before the rush and while we have a complete line. Dobbs' Confectionary. 42tf.

Notice for Publication

non-coal 011212
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., August 28, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that Lewis C. Deatherage of Benson, N. M., who on Feb. 20, 1914, made homestead entry No. 011212, for north half section 13, township 1 south, range 30 east, New Mexico principal meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge Roosevelt county, N. M., at Portales, N. M., on the 9th day of October, 1917.
Claimant names as witnesses:
John M. Price, of Benson, N. M.; Arthur S. Davidson, of Floyd, N. M.; Abner A. Criddle, of Benson, N. M.; John O. Benson, of Benson, N. M.
A. J. EVANS, Register.
43-47

Notice for Publication

non-coal 011521
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., August 23, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that James R. Edmondson, of Redlake, N. M., who on Aug. 18, 1914, made homestead entry No. 011521, for northwest quarter section 10 and southwest quarter section 8, township 5 south, range 34 east, New Mexico Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of October, 1917.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Robert L. Yachum, Thomas I. Park, Lee Evans, Mather S. Gresham, all of Redlake, N. M.
A. J. EVANS, Register.
43-47

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE ROOSEVELT COUNTY

(Republication.)
Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico.
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico and the rules and regulations of the State Land Office, the Commissioner of Public Lands will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at 2 P. M. in the town of Portales, County of Roosevelt, State of New Mexico, in front of the Court House therein, the following described tracts of land, viz: Sale No. 778, All Sec. 18, T. 4S., R. 36E., containing 640 acres. The improvements on this land consist of fencing, value \$300.
No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than \$10.00 per acre which is the appraised value thereof.

The above sale of lands will be subject to the following terms and conditions, viz: Except for lands selected for the Santa Fe and Grant County R. R. Bond Fund, the successful bidder must pay to the Commissioner of Public Lands, the offer for advertising and appraisal and all costs incidental to the sale herein, and each and all of said amounts must be deposited in cash or certified exchange at the time of sale, and which said amounts and all of them are subject to forfeiture to the State of New Mexico if the successful bidder does not execute a contract within thirty days after it has been mailed to him by the State Land Office, said contract to provide that the purchaser may at his option make payments of not less than one thirtieth of ninety-five per cent of the purchase price at any time after the sale and prior to the expiration of three years from date of the contract, and to provide for the payment of any unpaid balance at the expiration of thirty years from the date of the contract, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of four per cent per annum payable in advance on the anniversary of the date of the contract, partial payments to be credited on the anniversary of the date of contract next following the date of tender.
The Commissioner of Public Lands of New Mexico, or his agent, holding such sale, reserves the right to reject any and all bids offered at said sale. Possession under contracts of sale for the above described tracts will be given on or before October 1st, 1917.

Witness my hand and the official seal of the State Land Office this 11th day of July A. D. 1917.
ROBT. P. ERVIEN
Commissioner of Public Lands, State of New Mexico.

First publication July 20, 1917.
Last Publication September 21, 1917.

FARM LOANS!

Money Ready When Papers Are Signed

Coe Howard

Office at Security State Bank

..This is Windmill Weather..

We handle Leader, Star and Challenge Windmills and a general line of piping, casing and sucker rod. Also repairs for all kinds of mills. : : : :

..J. B. Sledge Hardware Co..

J. L. GILLIAM

ALL KINDS DRAY WORK

You Are Next

to the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and the most up-to-date hair cut you ever got when you get in one of the chairs at

Phone 140 or 11 The Sanitary Barber Shop

Portales Electric and Machine Co.

GET PRICES ON

Irrigation Equipment Installation Machine and Electrical Work

PARTS CARRIED FOR WITTE ENGINES

BOWERS & NORRIS

Telephone 36

If you need Deeds, Mortgages, Notes or other Legal Blanks - Portales Valley News

Babbit metal, 10c per lb., News Office

Your Uncle Sam

has sent out word that he needs every bit of farm produce that can possibly be raised. : :

Help Him Along!

by stopping the leaks—fix up your barns, sheds and granaries and if you need new buildings, don't you see that it will pay you well to erect them now? Not only from a financial standpoint but in satisfaction, knowing that you, too, "have done your bit."

We have the lumber—Quality and Prices are Right—will be more than glad to serve you and serve you well.

..Kemp Lumber Company..

"EVERYTHING IN LUMBER"

Making the Farm Pay

KEEP PIGS GROWING.

Animals on Pasture Need Grain Ration to Secure Good Results.

Keep the spring pigs growing all through the summer. It is the pig's business during this time to develop a good frame, to grow bone, muscle and vital organs and to lay on fat. Plenty of pasture, some grain, exercise and good sanitary quarters are all necessary if the spring pig is to be thrifty and profitable, say specialists of the United States department of agriculture.

Give the spring pigs plenty of good pasturage. They should be kept on pasture as long as possible and gain the benefit of its cheap nutrients, especially mineral and protein and its tonic and digestive qualities. But pigs on pasturage alone, even alfalfa, need some grain supplement. The amount of grain or other concentrated feed used would depend on how much pasturage is available, on the cost factor of grain or other feeds, on the age and condition of the pigs and the time at which the farmer expects to market them. To be ready for the early fall markets spring pigs must be fed a heavier grain ration than pigs intended for the winter market.

Less protein supplement is needed when pigs are run on leguminous pastures. Under most farm conditions the pigs will gain well on a 1 to 2 per cent grain ration. The self-feeding method makes for cheap and rapid gains. If the grain ration is limited the hand feeding method is better. By feeding once a day in the early evening pigs take greater advantage of the pasture and graze hungrily during the cool of the morning or afternoon. Plenty of fresh, clean drinking water always should be available.

Pigs on pasture usually get enough exercise. They should have a clean,



PIGS ON PASTURE.

dry, well ventilated shelter to guard against exposure to storms and to supply shade. A concrete wallow will add to the pigs' comfort, and a layer of oil on the water will keep down lice. Clean bedding also helps to keep away lice, as will an oiled sack on a rubbing post or sprinkling the pigs with crude oil every two weeks.

To supply mineral matter and a tonic the following mineral mixture is good. It always should be accessible. Dissolve the copperas in hot water and sprinkle over the mixture: Copperas, two pounds; sulphur, four pounds; slaked lime, four pounds; salt, eight pounds; wood ashes, one bushel; fine charcoal, one bushel.

WORMS IN CABBAGE.

Spraying the Best Means of Controlling Destructive Pests.

Cabbage worms, the most destructive insect enemy of cabbage, cauliflower and related crops, continue their havoc until the crop is harvested, says the American Agriculturist. Spraying with a pound paris green in fifty gallons water or four pounds arsenate of lead in fifty gallons of water with two

pounds dissolved soap as a spreader and sticker will kill the worms. This is used whenever the worms are numerous up to the time the heads are half formed.

After heading begins one part pyrethrum to four parts fine lime or flour is preferable. This may be dusted over infested plants once a week when the leaves are wet with dew or rain. A fine material like road dust, lime or flour stops up the breathing pores of cabbage worms. Often it is used alone as a means of control.

Sackville Street, Dublin.

Dublin is one of the finest cities in the British empire, and its public buildings are second to none. Two very different men have united in its praise. Goldwin Smith said that Phoenix park was the most beautiful of all the parks he had seen, and Greville, even more enthusiastic, wrote: "I am greatly struck by the fineness of the town of Dublin and of its public buildings especially. Dublin is, for its size, a finer city than London, and I think they beat us hollow in their public buildings. We have no such square as Merrion square nor such a street as Sackville street." Sala in a "Bells of Shandon" vein reviewed all the great streets he had promenade from the Nevski Prospect to Piccadilly. Of them all he says by far the finest is Sackville street, Dublin, as it stretches from the river Liffey to the rotunda and its gardens.

Plow Early For Wheat.

The earlier ground is plowed for wheat the better. The longer the plowing is delayed the smaller the yield, says the Kansas Farmer. The loss is about one bushel per acre for every week the soil preparation is delayed. The average wheat yield at the Kansas experiment station for the last six years on ground prepared in the middle of July is twenty-two and one-half bushels per acre, while the average for the land prepared in September is only fifteen bushels. If the land cannot be plowed the next best thing is to disk it. This will help get the soil ready and will kill the weeds that sap the moisture from the earth.

WANTED! MULES AND HORSES



I Will Be At



Elida, New Mexico, Monday, September 24th,
Melrose, New Mexico, Tuesday, September 25th,
Clovis, New Mexico, Wednesday, Sept. 26th,
Texico, New Mexico, Thursday, Sept. 27th,
Portales, New Mexico, Friday and
Saturday, September 28th and 29th,

TO BUY

MULES, 4 to 9 years old, 15 to 16 hands high.
HORSES, 5 to 9 years old, 15¹/₂ to 16 hands high, that will weigh from 1000 to 1300 pounds.
All stock must be sound. Bring them in and get the HIGHEST CASH MARKET PRICE for them.

D. H. PERSHALL

N. B.—No Grey or Light Colored Horses Wanted

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC tobaccos—Blended



A new combination—Mild, yet they "Satisfy"!

Yes, this new cigarette is more than just good tasting, it delivers a new and important thing to smokers—

Chesterfields "reach home," they let you know you are smoking—they "Satisfy"!

Yet, they're Mild!

Don't be surprised—the new blend of Imported and Domestic tobaccos does it. And the blend can't be copied.

Let Chesterfields give you new cigarette enjoyment.

Legal & Myers Tobacco Co.

Wrapped in glassine paper—keeps them fresh.

20 for 10¢

They "Satisfy"—and yet they're Mild!

Method of Washing a Car To Keep Varnish Bright

The high gloss on a new car in many instances is lost in a short time because it is irreparably marred in the first washings. The varnish on a new car requires a month as a minimum time in which to set properly. In warm weather it is often advisable with a newly purchased automobile to shower the body, hood and fenders with clear cool water. This will aid in hardening the varnish coating and so reduce the danger from scratching and abrasion.

The life of the finish on any car does not depend on the polishing action that is given in washing, but on quite the opposite. The body should not be rubbed any more than is absolutely necessary. In case the car is muddy it is always well to remove the foreign substance as soon as possible to avoid spotting. This should be done with clear running water, first thoroughly soaking the mud and then washing it off. On account of its scouring effect water under pressure should never be used for this purpose.

Perhaps the greatest enemy a high body finish has is a sponge in which sand or grit has collected. Even in the case of dust it is better to remove this with slow running water. Dusters which are employed by many owners seriously affect the paint by turning the dust into an abrasive.

When the body surfaces have been well cleaned off by running water they should be gone over with a new sponge, care being taken that the sponge is always moved in a straight line. Following this treatment, the finish is to be thoroughly rinsed and then dried with a chamois skin, which should be thoroughly washed and wrung out during the drying process.

Foolish Question.

An official who was making up an assessment roll because of some recent street improvements called at each house on the improved street to learn the names of the property owners. At one house he climbed out of his car, went to the door and knocked.

"Who owns this property?" he asked. "Why, I do," the woman answered. The official got her name and put it down in his book. Then he took a squint at the size of the lot.

"How many feet?" he asked. "Two, of course," the woman snapped, wondering whether he thought she was a centipede. Indianapolis News.

Aluminum.

Bauxite is a mineral that contains aluminum in a combination which the electric furnace will tear apart, thus producing the metal. Clay also contains it in vast quantity, but the trick has not yet been turned to set free the aluminum in clay. So bauxite is used. New York Sun.

Surgery in Stone Age.

A flint knife has recently been found in Fraserburgh, Aberdeenshire, which had been used in performing surgical operations in the stone age. It is almost identical with the operating knife adopted by surgeons within the past few years. London Mail.

One of the Elect.

"Sir," said the haughty dame to the poor inventor, "you don't belong in the upper classes."

"I think I do, ma'am," he replied. "for I live in an attic." St. Louis Star.

Not Being Done.

He: "What did you think of the play?" She: "It wasn't true to life." He: "How so?" She: "Well, the wife continually asks for money and gets it." Lamb.

Many Like This in Portales

Similar cases being published in each issue. The following case is but one of many occurring daily in Portales. It is an easy matter to verify it. You cannot ask for better proof of merit.

Mrs. C. M. Dobbs, box 8, Portales, says, "I was troubled a great deal with my kidneys some four years ago. I had headaches and dizzy, nervous spells bothered me frequently. Every time I tried to bend over, sharp pains caught me in my back and I could hardly straighten. I felt miserable when I bought Doan's Kidney Pills at the Portales Drug Store and used them. This medicine removed the complaint very quickly and I soon felt like a different person. I have used Doan's Kidney Pills since as a kidney regulator and they have kept my kidneys in good condition."

Price 60¢, at all dealers.

Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Dobbs had.

Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Subscriptions taken for all kinds of magazines and newspapers at Dobbs' confectionery. If

BUICK

THEY ARE THE CARS YOU SEE 'EM EVERYWHERE

The Leach Coal Co.

Dealers in COAL, GRAIN AND HAY

OUR SPECIALTIES:--CHANDLER LUMP, "NIGGERHEAD," AND SMITHING COAL

Statement of the Condition of

The First National Bank

OF PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

As made to the Comptroller of Currency at the close of business September 11, 1917

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$395,112.70
U. S. Bonds	51,000.00
Stocks and Bonds	13,450.00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	12,400.00
Other Real Estate	6,300.00
Cash and Exchange	73,463.67
Total	\$551,726.37
LIABILITIES	
Capital	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus	50,000.00
Undivided Profits	4,853.31
Bank Notes in Circulation	49,100.00
Deposits	397,773.06
Total	\$551,726.37

CONFIDENCE

It is with a feeling of gratification, coupled with thankfulness to our loyal customers and friends, that we call your attention to the confidence imposed in this institution, as reflected by the deposits shown in the statement, particularly in view of war time conditions.

PRESTIGE

Leadership and Prestige, which have been this bank's portion for years, is most sacredly regarded by the officers and employees of this institution, and used solely for the good to be accomplished by their aid.

SECURITY

A glance at the statement will demonstrate the force of our use of the word.

SERVICE

Confidence, Prestige and Security combined enable us to give unexcelled Service.

The First National Bank

THE BANK WHERE YOU FEEL AT HOME

Council Proceedings

Portales, New Mexico, September 18th, 1917. The town council met in regular session and, upon roll call, the following trustees were present: Charles Goodloe, Humphrey, Jordan, and Williamson. The town council voted unanimously instructing the town clerk to proceed to collect all delinquent occupation licenses, and in all cases where any one liable under any of the town ordinances to pay occupation license either fails or refuses to pay said occupation license, then the clerk is hereby authorized to file complaint against any such persons. James A. Hall was appointed to act as town attorney. The council, after discussing the matter of the contract with the State Line Utilities Company, took a recess until Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock.

Jordan and seconded by Goodloe, that Inda Humphrey be and is hereby elected treasurer of the voluntary fire department of Portales. Those voting "Aye," Goodloe, Humphrey, Jordan, and Williamson. The town council voted unanimously instructing the town clerk to proceed to collect all delinquent occupation licenses, and in all cases where any one liable under any of the town ordinances to pay occupation license either fails or refuses to pay said occupation license, then the clerk is hereby authorized to file complaint against any such persons. James A. Hall was appointed to act as town attorney. The council, after discussing the matter of the contract with the State Line Utilities Company, took a recess until Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock.

E. B. HAWKINS, Mayor.
Attest - W. H. BRALEY, Clerk.
The latest novelties in dress goods at C.V. Harris.

Light colored heavy weight outing flannel, 12 1/2 a yard. C. V. Harris.

Nicest line of pocket knives in the city at C. M. Doob's confectionery. 49-1f

Miss Nola Keen has been visiting with friends in Amarillo the past week.

Kangaroo Mother's Bravery.
During a severe drought in a certain section of Australia the owner of a country station was sitting one evening on the porch when he saw a kangaroo lingering about, alternating approaching and retiring from the house, as if half in doubt and fear what to do. At length she approached the water pails and, taking a young one from her pouch, held it to the water to drink. While her baby was satisfying its thirst the mother was quivering all over with apprehension, for she was but a few feet from the porch where one of her foes was watching her. The baby, having finished drinking, was replaced in the pouch, and the old kangaroo set off at a rapid pace. The spectator was so much impressed by the astonishing bravery of the affectionate mother that he made a vow and kept it never again to shoot a kangaroo.

PAIN IN THE BACK.

It Should Not Be Ignored, as It May Mean Serious Trouble.

Backache, like headache and many another ache to which the human frame is subject, is a symptom that may be caused by a great many different conditions.

A chronic pain in the back may mean very serious trouble. Tuberculosis does not respect any part of the human body. When it attacks the spinal column it is called Pott's disease. Among the initial symptoms is a backache that the patient complains of long before signs of deformity show themselves. If the backache is ignored much valuable time may be lost. A careful examination at the earliest complaint of pain and stiffness may give the physician an opportunity to prescribe a course of treatment that will arrest the disease before it causes deformity. The tuberculin test enables the physician to make sure that the backache is not caused by a less serious condition. A negative tuberculin test means that he must look further for the cause of the pain.

Much backache could be spared young adolescents if they would persistently carry out a system of simple callisthenics designed to strengthen the back. If they begin it in childhood it will prevent many of them from outgrowing their spines. Of course all children should use the seats and desks that enforce a good attitude.

In many cases of young adolescents who have grown very rapidly it will be found advisable to permit the wearing of a carefully fitted support or belt. In older persons who suffer from constant backache the cause may be a weakening of the abdominal muscles. In that case an abdominal belt becomes a necessity. Youth's Companion.

Squash Vine Borer.

If a squash vine is covered at intervals with soil, roots will start at the joints covered, says the Ohio agricultural experiment station. It then does not depend on only one root, and if squash vine borers infest it their injuries will not be particularly noticeable. These borers attack pumpkins and related crops as well. They are white larvae about an inch long and feed within the stem. Writings of the vines soon follows their attacks. Experiment like sawdust is found on the ground near their burrows. If bisulphide of carbon is put in an oil can and injected into these burrows it will kill the borers hiding in them. Where only a few occur they may be removed by cutting a longitudinal slit in the vine, killing the pest and tying the wound with a small piece of cloth.

Poplar Canker.

Poplar canker is a fungous disease evidently imported in recent years from Europe. It somewhat resembles chestnut blight, but its attacks seem to be confined to poplars and cottonwoods. More important yet, it is severe in its effect upon stored and transplanted nursery stock. It is now prevalent in a large number of states from New England to New Mexico. Owners of diseased poplar or cottonwood trees are asked to advise the department of plant industry at Washington.

Notice of Contest

Cont. 2924
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Fort Sumner, New Mexico, September 11th, 1917.

To John C. Keasling, record address, St. Vrain, N. M., contestee.
You are hereby notified that Carroll E. Barton, who gives Portales, New Mexico, as his postoffice address, did on August 20, 1917, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead entry, serial No. 01389, made July 8th, 1916, for N 1/2 NE 1/4 sec 30, township 1 north, range 31 east, N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said entryman has wholly abandoned said tract of land since about the first day of March, 1916, that said land has not been cultivated. Contestant further alleges that said abandonment is not due to military service in the army and navy of the United States.
You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, a copy of your said entry will be cancelled without your further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.
You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.
RAYMUNDO HARRISON, Receiver.
Date of first publication September 21, 1917.
Date of second publication September 28, 1917.
Date of third publication October 5th, 1917.
Date of fourth publication October 12, 1917.

Dr. Swearingin's Dates

Drs. Swearingin and Presley, the specialists of Roswell, will be in Portales, at Neer's drug store, on the 20th day of each month, to treat diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and to fit glasses.

Gingham, 15c per yard at C. V. Harris.

Rabbit metal 10c lb. News office.

Ladies' silk serge and poplin skirts, the latest shades. C. V. Harris.

MOVED!

We are at last in our new building. We think it a beauty and want all our friends to come in and look it over.

Our statement elsewhere in this paper shows you what we have done in less than five months. It is highly gratifying to us and we certainly appreciate it. Look it over carefully. If we have your account, we want you to know we appreciate it. If not, we want a chance to talk it over with you.

...Security State Bank...
Under State Supervision

JUNK!

I will buy all kinds of Junk Iron, Brass, Copper, Lead, etc., and will pay you cash for same.

"Do Your Bit" in helping to furnish the necessities for making munitions of war by gathering up this junk around your place and bringing it to me and at the same time get the cash for it.

Walter Crow
AT THE CREAMERY
Will also buy your Poultry, Eggs, Hides, Etc.

Hats and caps for men and boys at right price.---C. V. Harris.

Complete line of Ingersoll watches at Dobb's Confectionery.

Conklin's Fountain Pens, the best on the market. See them at C. M. Dobb's confectionery.

Notice for Publication

Non cont 01447
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., September 11, 1917.
Notice is hereby given that Henry T. Gese, of Benson, N. M., who on Sept. 16, 1916, made homestead entry No. 01447, for north half of section 12, township 20 north, range 31 east, N. M. P. meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before James A. Hall, U. S. Commissioner at Portales, N. M., on the 11th day of October, 1917.
Claimant names as witnesses:
A. A. Gibbs, of Benson, N. M.; A. S. Ford, of Upton, N. M.; J. C. Dodgins, of Upton, N. M.; V. F. Newman, of Benson, N. M.
A. J. EVANS, Register.

SPECIALS FOR THE COMING WEEK

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24TH
A big thriller. "THE NINETY AND NINE," from the stage success. Speeding a train through a burning forest is just a mild incident.
STARS: William Courtenay, Lucille Lee Stewart.

STARTS PROMPTLY 7:45 P. M.

THE COSY THEATRE

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26TH
THE HAWAIIAN PHOTOPLAY, THE WORLD'S HIT
"ALOHAOE" (Farewell to Thee)
Staged in the South Sea Islands. Also Douglas Fairbanks in "THE MYSTERY OF THE LEAPING FISH" A Triangle Comedy.

ADMISSION 10 AND 20 CENTS

SPECIALS FOR THE COMING WEEK

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29TH
"THE MAGNIFICENT MEDDLER." A young Eastern reporter tries to mould the destinies of a frontier town and succeeds. Mary Anderson and Antonio Moreno. Made in the west by daredevils more at home in saddle than elsewhere.

STARTS PROMPTLY AT 7:45 P. M.

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