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FALLACIES OF REPUBLICAN CONSTITUTION EXPOSED BY A LADY SPEAKER

Dr. Jessie H. Russell Tells Women They Have no Hope on Account of that Document

Must Turn for Relief to Congress If They Expect to Secure the Privilege of the Ballot

Tuesday afternoon of this week Dr. Jessie H. Russell made an address to the suffragettes of the city. She was introduced by Mrs. Washington E. Lindsey, who stated that she had been engaged by the state Republican chairman to make a campaign over the state in the interest of this movement. That the state Republican party had declared for votes for women and that this tour was in pursuance of that declaration. Dr. Russell stated, among other things, that owing to the cumbersome and unworkable constitution of the state that an amendment to that constitution providing for woman's suffrage would be impossible to get, and that the only hope of the suffragettes was through the federal government. This statement by the lady speaker should be borne in mind by those who believe that women should vote. If the address of the speaker could have had any effect upon the audience, it must have been to impress upon their minds that they could not hope for relief in New Mexico because the constitution, the document that was written in its entirety, by the Republicans of the state, or at least, the four most prominent ones. They should realize that had the Republicans had any intention of enacting any legislation in the interest of women, they had the opportunity to do so when they drafted the constitution. As to receiving aid from the national administrator, who would be the most apt to lend them assistance, a man who had voted for their proposition in his own state, or one who would not even take the trouble to go to the polls, on that day, and cast his ballot one way or the other. President Wilson is on record by his vote for this proposition while Candidate Hughes is the gentleman who would not go to the polls on election day. Will the ladies of Portales and of New Mexico please remember that whatever of difficulty they are in at this time in getting an amendment to the constitution that they may have some prospect of getting at some time legislation enacted that will permit them to vote, it is due entirely to that same Republican party that is today trying to make them believe that they are in favor of allowing them to vote. When they drafted the constitution they were building for the future and may, perhaps, have foreseen the very problem that confronts them now, and they may have decided to effectually bar the way for all time by making the constitution so difficult of amendment that their efforts would be futile. They may well afford, at this time, to champion the cause of votes for women because they know full well that they have made it forever impossible to get any relief within the state, and they are pinning their faith upon the federal government to leave this matter ex-

clusively in the hands of the states for settlement. Subterfuge is the synonym for Republican politics, and this latest move is in line with many more of like reprehensibility. Votes for women will never be accomplished by voting for any state officer running upon a Republican ticket, and this statement is also good as to Hughes and his henchmen.

Can the Leopard Change Its Spots?

Frank Hubbell who is a candidate for United States senator today is the same Frank Hubbell who aroused such a storm of indignation against himself by reason of his career as an official of Bernalillo county—the Frank Hubbell of the assessment cinch and the school visiting trips.

Holm O. Bursum, who is once more asking to be made governor of New Mexico, is the same Holm O. Bursum who made a record as superintendent of the penitentiary—a record to which neither he nor any of his supporters dare make any reference in urging his claims for election.

Is Hubbellism any different now from what it was when Hubbell was in power? Is Bursum any improved since Bursum ceased to hold office?

Would Hubbell make any better United States senator than he did a county assessor? Would Bursum as governor be any improvement on Bursum as superintendent of the penitentiary?

All that Hubbell's friends can say when reminded of his record is that that was several years ago and that it would be different if Hubbell were returned to power now. How do they know? Hubbell himself has not said so. On the contrary, he has never, at any time, admitted that there is anything wrong in his political past.

Bursum's friends declare that all his troubles as superintendent of the penitentiary came through his efforts to shield his friends. Will Bursum give any assurance that as governor he would not have an ever increasing number of friends to shield at the expense of the state?

The kind of politics represented by Frank Hubbell and Holm O. Bursum brought New Mexico to the lowest ebb ever reached in its history. It was only when Hubbell and Bursum and their sort were thrown out of power that the state began to experience its normal development—began to go forward as one of the enterprising commonwealths of the union.

If you want to know what Hubbell and Bursum stand for, read what "Cap" Gillenwater said about them in 1911. And "Cap" knew.

Frank Hubbell and Holm O. Bursum belong to a former generation of politicians. New Mexico has outgrown them—Albuquerque morning Journal.

Creamery Raises Prices

This week the Roosevelt County creamery has been paying the highest price for butter fat that was ever before paid in the county, the price being thirty-two cents per pound. They are now making an average of nine hundred pounds of butter per day. They have also put in a poultry and egg department, not for the purpose of making money out of this department, but as they say, for the purpose of guaranteeing to the producer the very highest market price for these commodities. Walter Crow is in charge of the new department. The creamery changes its prices on butter fat and all other products handled by it; at least, once every week and, in this way, gives the farmers the top prices all the time.

THE SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN WILL NOT SELL ITS CIRCULATION TO REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE

To be Used in Libeling Governor McDonald and His Administration of the Affairs of the State, and It Comes Out in the Open and Gives Reasons for Its Fight

"The New Mexican is Fighting the Ring and Its Candidates Because It Believes That It Would be a Calamity to New Mexico to Permit this Octopus to Wind Its Tentacles Around the Seat of Government and the Treasury of the State"

The New Mexican in this state campaign is fighting the attempt of the most notorious political ring in the west to secure control of the state government in New Mexico.

This ring is controlled by corrupt men and corruptionists. It is a deadly menace to the prosperity, the progress, the growth, the welfare and the safety of the state of New Mexico and to the happiness and well-being of her people.

Its chief candidates are men of notorious political and official records, whose public careers have been to the grave detriment of the public service; devoted to the interests of their political organization, the interests of powerful corporations, to their own selfish, private financial interests and political ambitions.

The Republican state machine in past years in New Mexico has been identified with notorious political banking, notorious corruption of courts, notorious misuse of funds; it has been identified with the notorious looting of school funds, with the notorious mismanagement of state institutions, with the passage of notorious special and unconstitutional legislation, the stealing of elections, the purchase of votes, the terrorizing of the public, the wasting of New Mexico's patrimony of lands, with every political method and act that does violence to public decency and private self respect.

The New Mexican is fighting the ring and its candidates because it would be a calamity to New Mexico to permit this octopus to wind its tentacles again around the seat of government and to secure control of the public funds in this state.

The New Mexican is fighting this ring openly and sincerely. It is fighting it fearlessly and fighting its own record, which it dares not and does not deny. It is working for the election of candidates whom it knows and whom the Republican ring knows to be honest and square and efficient.

It has no personal grudges against any Republican candidate; it is fighting for the benefit of the people of New Mexico.

The Republican ring, headed by a professional politician who is in the fight to satisfy his own private desire for revenge, and whose methods and record are well known to the people of the state, in trying to buy the support of state newspapers because no self respecting newspapers will volunteer to support it.

It apparently has only two kinds of ammunition; an attack

on the candidate for lieutenant governor because of his alleged negligence as governor in protecting depositors of a state bank, and an attack on the New Mexican because the latter is the only paper whose circulation it cannot buy for its libels and the only one it fears in this campaign.

Some "political advertising" is legitimate. In all political advertising the publisher must reserve the right to reject. When a newspaper, moreover, in accepting "political advertising" becomes through such advertising the virtual organ of the party and the candidates which it is fighting, it becomes all "advertising" arguments to the contrary notwithstanding, a traitor to the party and the candidates which it is ostensibly supporting; and the plea that it is "paid for it" only makes the offense the more flagrant.

The Albuquerque Morning Journal is a case in point. We refer to it because we believe it is unfortunate for the cause of good government that the Morning Journal with its admitted large circulation, has forsworn the manly fight which it waged in former years against the men and the influences now controlling the Republican ring, and against the very candidates now offered by this ring.

The Morning Journal's fight on Frank A. Hubbell and H. O. Bursum is historic. It was one of the most fearless and most admirable campaigns ever waged against undesirable political influences and candidates in New Mexico. It earned it the respect and the allegiance of the decent and honest citizens of New Mexico and the hatred of the ring politicians.

The circulation and the influence of the Santa Fe Daily New Mexican, however much coveted by the Republican ring, cannot be bought. When it seeks under the guise of political advertising to make the New Mexican a tool for the consummation of its evil purposes, its slush fund is no temptation to this newspaper.

We submit that this is the only possible course open to a newspaper which is loyal to its principles and its candidates and not openly venal. Santa Fe New Mexican, September 28, 1916.

Town Council Proceedings

The town council met in regular session October 3, and upon roll call the following members were found present: J. P. Deen, mayor; S. A. Morrison and G. M. Williamson, trustees. Absent, P. E. Jordan and Charles Goodloe. Minutes of previous meet-

ings read and approved. The following claims were presented and after having been examined and audited were ordered paid: W E Keeter, freight \$.95 Continental Oil Co 2.16 Inda Humphrey, supplies .70 Portales Valley News, ptg. 3.50 J L Fernandes, blacksmithing and supplies 17.00 J B Crow, supplies 8.00 Deen-Neer Co., supplies .50 Roy Connally, premium on bond 5.00 Nunn Electric Co, supplies 14.81 W E Keeter, salary 100.00 M E Duncan, salary 60.00 H L Atkinson, salary 50.00 S A Morrison, salary 25.00 B B Clayton, salary 25.00 W H Braley, salary 25.00 C J Whitcomb, rent for fire department 10.00 W H Braley, postage 3.00 C O Bickham, hauling dogs 4.50 Joe Spikes, weed cutting 1.00 Jas. Kelley, " " 18.00 G Doyal, " " 8.00 Clyde Doyal, " " 1.90 Jim Brown, " " 8.00 Joe Boren, " " 4.20 V Marshal, " " 1.80 E Moreland, " " 5.25 T P Sitton, " " 14.00 J E Deen, " " 8.00 Tinson Carrol, " " 1.00 Earl Riley, " " 2.80 Jack Johnson, " " .80

The council entered into an agreement with C. J. Whitcomb to pay ten dollars per month for the rear part of the building occupied by Whitcomb for room for the fire department.

The council instructed the manager of the water and light plant to put a light in the office of the chief of the fire department.

There being no further business, council adjourned.

J. P. Deen, Mayor.
Attest: W. H. Braley, Clerk.

Grand Jury Report

To the Honorable John T. McClure, Judge of the Fifth Judicial District of the state of New Mexico, sitting within and for the county of Roosevelt.

We, the grand jury, duly empaneled, sworn and charged at this October term of the district court for Roosevelt county beg leave to report as follows:—

We have investigated all matters brought before us, and have examined into all violations of law, and have returned into court five true bills and six no bills.

Committees were appointed by our foreman to examine into the various offices of the county. We find the sheriff's office in good condition, and the books neat and clean, and the jail in a good sanitary condition, and the prisoners well kept. The treasurer's office we found to be in good condition, and the books neatly and well kept, but we recommend that new tax rolls for the years 1907, 1908, and 1910 be furnished, and they transcribed on the new rolls from the old rolls. We examined the clerk, assessor and superintendent's offices, and found them all in first class condition. Upon examining the court building we found the roof in bad condition, and would recommend that a new roof replace the old one.

We desire to thank the various officials, the judge, assistant district attorney, the stenographer and those others with whom we have come in contact, for their very kind and courteous treatment during our session.

Thus having completed our labors, we respectfully ask to be discharged.

THE GRAND JURY

By S. A. Morrison, Foreman.
Attest: W. H. McDonald, Clerk.

BURSUM HENCHMEN PULL ANOTHER BONEHEAD IN IMPERIAL SOCORRO

Would Confine New Mexican President in Socorro County Bastile Without Bond

Arrested on a Charge of Criminal Libel Bond Is Later Fixed by a Santa Fe Justice

The latest grand stand play by the minions of Bursum and Hubbell was the attempt to arrest and confine without bail Mr. Bronson M. Cutting, president of the New Mexican printing company on a charge of criminal libel. The complaint was sworn out by one, Henry Dreyfus, before another henchman of Bursum, A. E. Green, a justice of the peace in the imperial province of Socorro, the same bailiwick wherein a poor bill poster and a crippled movie picture show proprietor were notified that they must post no Democratic bills, nor run any Democratic slides in the show, under pain of a revocation of license and a decree forbidding them the privilege of pursuing their avocations in the aforesaid imperial province of Socorro. The attempt to commit Mr. Cutting without bond proved a failure, through the intervention of a justice of the peace of Santa Fe county, who placed bail in the sum of \$2000.00 which was promptly furnished. The complainant is the party who was charged by the New Mexican of having, under the administration of Governor Hagerman, torn down the American flag and stamped on it. Come on boys, you are making Democratic votes much more rapidly by these grand stand plays than all the spellbinders in the world could possibly do were they to work night and day. The full story of this latest outrage will appear in the News next week.

The Robert Hicks Place Sold

This week W. H. Ball sold the Robert Hicks two hundred and sixty acre irrigated farm to W. N. Smiley, of Stafford, Kansas. The price paid was a large one, but the place was well worth the money. Mr. Smiley has made three trips to the Portales Valley looking over the country, and then returning and hunting elsewhere for a home. The last time was in the spring. After leaving he visited many other farming localities and finally settled upon this as the place where he believed the natural opportunities were best. He has returned to Stafford for the purpose of getting his affairs arranged preparatory to moving to his new home at the earliest opportunity.

A Big Lump of Coal

The C. O. Leach Coal company has a lump of Cerrillos coal at the yard that weighs four hundred and sixty pounds, it is from the New Mexico coal fields and is something of a curiosity. This Cerrillos coal is free from slack and considered of the best quality. It sells for \$8.50 per ton.

Rev. W. M. Daily is Called

The members of the first Baptist church of Portales have called Rev. W. M. Daily to the pastorate of the church and he has accepted. Rev. Daily preached here last Sunday and is considered a minister of much ability and power.

TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

When to Encourage and When to Neglect the Child.

"CUNNING" AGE IS PERILOUS

Little One Then is Apt to Receive Too Much Attention, and Not Enough Later, When It is Needed.

By SIDONIE M. GRUENBERG.

Every child is sometimes in need of encouragement, and every child can profit from wholesome neglect. But we are very likely to apply our neglect when sympathetic attention is most needed, and we are just as likely to bestow admiration at the very moment when calmly ignoring a child would do him the most good.

A new baby is always interesting, and usually receives attention out of all proportion to his needs, and also out of all proportion to his special merits. Still, he may escape without receiving any real injury from the eyes and hands of doting friends and relatives. But when the child gets to the "cunning" age it is different, especially if he happens to be one of the "irresistible" kind. For then the child must receive all kinds of sense stimulations and opportunity to exercise his muscles. But there is no special need for him to become conscious of his own charms. Indeed the greatest charm of childhood, its utter unconsciousness, too quickly loses its bloom just because we find the cunning tricks and the awkward speech so irresistible.

A mother of three was comparing notes with a mother of four. The first observed that the youngest had reached the point where she would call mother and nurse and the older children to witness everything she was doing. At first this was looked upon as just a little cunning trick, then it became a nuisance. Finally the mother began to have misgivings. Perhaps, she had thought, the child is getting too much notice. What had happened was that the child, having derived much satisfaction from the approving smiles and admiring remarks of the elders, had acquired the habit of depending upon these manifestations of affectionate regard for her own comfort and happiness. The mother feared that perhaps the child was becoming too conceited. The other mother had had a similar experience, but she thought that it was only the youngest child that passed through this stage. The youngest receives attention from the adults, as did the older children, but he gets the same kind of attention from the older sisters and brothers.

If the youngest child in the family is spoiled more frequently than any of the others, it is probably because of the overstimulation of his self-regard no less than because of the various indulgences showered upon him by the other members of the household. He suffers for the want of an opportunity to work out some of his own problems in his own way.

When the child gets to be in the neighborhood of nine or ten years, when all the cunningness of childhood has worn off and before the new interests of adolescence have made their



Tearing Bessie's Book Was Readily Forgiven Because Jeanie Was So Young and Did Not Understand.

appearance, he is likely to be least attractive. It is now that he reflects most completely the manners of the elders, and it has been observed that these reflections are not always of a most agreeable kind. One can, therefore, understand that people are likely to overlook the girl and boy at this period. If they are the older children in the family the younger ones take all of our attention. And if at this age they are the youngest the parents are likely to have grown somewhat weary and the novelty has worn off.

Thus it happens that at the very time when the young child can find enough to keep him busy exploring the qualities of the objects and materials he finds about him we intrude upon his mind with irrelevant praise of his awkward performances in a manner that draws his attention from the outside world to his own feelings, his own likes and dislikes, his own moods. But later in life, when the child comes to be concerned with questions of mine and thine, when he is wondering about relations between man and the outside world, when he longs for the power to give expression to his uneasy stirrings, we leave him to his own resources, we let him flounder about as best he

can, we allow him to take his discommodations from the hands of unkind strangers and unkind accident. When sympathy and encouragement are most needed the supply is apparently exhausted.

The demand that the youngest makes upon the other children must be considered chiefly from its effect upon the youngest. Bessie happened to be "sensible" and accommodating as a child, so that there was no difficulty whatever in getting her to make concessions to the younger Jeanie. Tearing Bessie's book was readily forgiven, because Jeanie was so young and did not understand. Bessie would take a dose of bitter medicine just to encourage Jeanie. Bessie stayed home from the picnic or the party because Jeanie would cry because left behind. Bessie divided her apple and her cake because Jeanie wanted more after consuming her own.

If Bessie suffered from this excess of sacrifice and "considerateness" it was probably in the direction of becoming more and more indifferent to the things that a normal child should care about. But the injury to Jeanie was the cultivation of the attitude that took for granted the satisfaction of every desire and every whim. To have allowed Jeanie to cry after Bessie went



We Leave Him to His Own Resources; We Let Him Flounder Around as Best He Can!

to her party, to have reprimanded her for injuring Bessie's property, to have left her without more cake after her own was eaten, would have helped her more than the indulgences she received.

A household consisting of adults and children of various ages is a complex establishment to manage, and it takes thought and tact and insight to allot to each what is his due. And in considering what is due to children, we must not overlook their share of education—the education which comes through neglect and disappointment, as well as that which comes through sympathy and encouragement.

MISSOURI MOTTO WORLDWIDE

All Persons Want to Be Shown, Thus Proving Themselves Human Beings.

The Connecticut youth who bit into a golf ball displayed a thoroughly human curiosity. He wished to prove for himself whether what he had heard about the deadliness of the core was true. From the time manufacturers began making the present style of ball they have warned people against its danger.

A boy begins his experiments when against the admonitions of his parents he burns his fingers on a hot plate. He continues when he takes his first watch to pieces to see how the wheels go round. A Californian, who declared that snake venom could not possibly be fatal to a man, recently permitted himself to be bitten by a newly discovered serpent scientist declared was deadly. He succeeded in proving that the snake expert was right. Many folks have always mistrusted sea stories about the man-eating proclivities of the shark. Before another year has passed there will be those who will insist on more proof than has just been furnished on the Jersey coast.

The motto of Missouri is the motto not of a state, but of humanity. All want to be shown. Men undertake adventures in political, social and business life, risk their lives in scientific experiments in unknown, dangerous lands because they believe that they can succeed where others have failed. If they did otherwise they would not be human.—New York Sun.

Japanese Politeness.

Mr. C. E. Donohue, the brilliant war correspondent, who succeeded in wiring the fullest and quickest description of the Portugal revolution by hiring a yacht and escaping from Lisbon to Vigo, was kept in Tokyo recently much longer than he wanted.

He was making a survey of the East, intending to reach the Russian front via Serbia, and had trouble in making the difficult journey.

He tells this story: "A little Japanese policeman who had been watching me glanced furtively at a conversation handbook, and then crossed and spoke in English:

"How do you do," he said in careful tones, "sir or madame, as the case may be?"

Why Orchestras "Tune-Up."

"Why," asked a visitor to the theater the other day, "do members of the orchestra always worry people possessing nerves, like myself, by tuning up their instruments?" It is all a matter of thermometer, according to a musician. The temperature in different parts of the building is different and the instruments have to be tuned in the temperature of the place in which they are going to be played. As a rule, the air in a theater becomes warmer as the performance progresses and so the instruments have to be tuned several times.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

DISHES FOR HOT DAYS.

My message in its fashion shall be an appeal to enthusiasm in things in life, a call to do things because we love them, to love things because we do them, to keep the eyes open, the heart warm and the pulse swift, as we move across the field of life.—David Starr Jordan.

It is not necessary to eliminate meat entirely from the diet in hot weather, but those who serve it in small quantities and less often, replacing it with foods which contain the elements of the meat without its heat-producing qualities will find they are better able to endure the heat.

Salmon Salad.—Chop fine two hard-cooked eggs and a dozen small cucumber pickles; add to a can of salmon that has been flaked. Mix with a mayonnaise dressing and serve on crisp well chilled lettuce.

Another hearty salad is prepared with boiled rice seasoned with finely chopped onion and French dressing. Arrange on a salad plate and garnish with drained sardines and minced parsley and pickled beets.

Take a crisp young cabbage hollowed out for a bowl and shred the tender portion, mixing it with equal parts of celery and a little chopped onion. Serve with a good boiled dressing.

Very ripe quinces peeled and sliced, seasoned with minced chives and served with French dressing are also a welcome variety. Bananas are nearly always with us and they are good with nuts.

Apples with celery and nuts is another well-liked combination as well as sliced apple and shredded green pepper with nuts, served with mayonnaise dressing.

By cooking a double portion of vegetables one day you have ample for salads for the next. Salads that can be served as substitutes for meats are easily made, economical, and save the cook as well as the overworked digestive system.

Baked Bean Salad.—Place in a bowl a few slices of onion and turn over them a pint of baked beans, season and mix lightly; add two tablespoons of olive oil, a teaspoonful of sugar and a quarter of a cupful of vinegar. Mold and garnish with hard-cooked eggs and serve on lettuce. Chopped green peppers and tomatoes are good mixed with beans and served with French dressing.

SEASONABLE DISHES.

We never really gain anything by pretense; we only think that we gain and make others think it. The bottom of the matter is life and it is therefore valuable. One of the greatest delusions of the world is the apparent triumph of humbug and cant and insincerity. These things always remain what they are, in spite of gliding and tinsel. Let us not be such poor creatures as to be deluded by them.—Arthur Salmon.

For a dainty dish on a special occasion try using a small French potato

scoop to cut out pink balls from the heart of a watermelon. Put in glasses, cover with orange juice and top with a sprinkling of powdered sugar. Most of us are reasonably satisfied with a well-chilled good-flavored muskmelon, but for special times the melon halves may be filled with ice cream and garnished with bits of candied ginger cut in the form of seeds.

Cantaloupe Sherbet.—Choose the smallest ripe netmeg melons for this recipe. Cut in halves and remove the seeds, then scrape out all the ripe pulp and put through a sieve; to a quart of the pulp add a cupful each of orange and grape juice and one and a half pounds of sugar, well dissolved; add two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice and put into the freezer; add a beaten white of an egg and freeze as usual. Serve in the cantaloupe shells, well chilled.

Muskmelons spiced as pickled peaches or preserved as watermelon rind are very delicious dainties which add to the housewife's store of good things for the winter table.

Cantaloupes and watermelons make excellent fruit salads. Dice and serve on lettuce with French dressing. A grating of nutmeg is liked on cantaloupes by many.

Duchess Apples With Onions.—A most appetizing dish is this: cut in small pieces, after peeling, a half dozen green duchess apples; cut three onions in slices and put into an omelet pan with a little fat from salt pork; cook until the onions are a light yellow, then add the apples and sufficient water to cook them without burning. As the apples are quite tart, a little sugar improves the dish as to flavor and looks, as it browns better with the sugar. Season with salt and serve hot as an accompaniment to pork chops.

French Custard.—Beat three eggs until light; add one pint of whipped cream, sweetened and flavored to taste. Serve in tall glasses with grated nutmeg over the top or garnished with fresh berries.

LITTLE ECONOMIES.

Leaders of men have ever been precedent breakers. Timid people, no matter how able, never make leaders. Fearlessness and originality are characteristics of all men of progress.

It seems a small thing to mention, but there is great waste in the preparation of vegetables, especially in peeling potatoes. In the days before the potato peeler was invented a public-spirited man gave a large endowment to the college visited by his agent that showed the greatest economy in peeling potatoes. Perhaps the old tale of the prince looking for a bride, who asked for the bread bowls in the homes of several charming maidens, wishing to feed his horse with the scrapings, might be well to revive. Those who saved much dough, thinking to gain favor were disappointed for he chose the girl with the bowl so clean that there were no scrapings, as that indicated to him a careful, frugal wife, for which he was looking.

Where vegetables are to be served alone, select the best looking ones, leaving the less sightly ones for soups, seasonings and stews.

A tablespoonful of peas or tomatoes should be saved and added to the roast beef gravy on the morrow or to the vegetable salad. A single fresh tomato may be quartered and served as a garnish.

A half cupful of peas may be added to tomorrow's omelet and thus make a tasty dish rather than a plain omelet.

Water in which rice is cooked added to milk makes a fine cream soup for dinner.

One cupful of mashed potatoes will make several croquettes, or patties, or fish balls.

The green tops of the celery are just as good for flavoring the stew or soup as the more tender portions.

Muffins left from breakfast may be pulled apart and toasted. Pieces of cake served with a simple custard and a sliced banana, is a dainty dessert and one easy to prepare.

Save the tea leaves and sprinkle them, well moistened, over the carpet before sweeping. They brighten the carpet and keep the dust from flying.

Use the ham bone to cook with cabbage. Take off every little bit of meat and serve it in a white sauce on toast.

Mayonnaise may be colored green with spinach juice or red with beet juice, or tomato catchup or the coral of lobster.

REFRESHING PEACH AND PEAR.

To meet with cheerful heart what comes to me,
To turn life's discords into harmony,
To share some weary worker's heavy load,
To point some straying comrade to the road,
To know that what I have is not my own,
To feel that I am never quite alone,
This would I pray from day to day,
For then I know my life will flow
In peace until it be God's will I go.

These two fruits are general favorites and may be eaten with no ill effects if not overripe or green.

Peach Ice Cream.—Wipe, pare and cut ripe peaches into small pieces, sprinkle with sugar and let stand two hours, then force through a puree strainer. To the pulp thus obtained add twice its measure of cream, two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice and sugar to make it not too sweet, add a pinch of salt and freeze. Serve in sherbet cups with a quarter of fresh peaches for a garnish.

Peach Salad.—Arrange halves of peeled peaches on head lettuce, sprinkle with shredded almonds and finely chopped celery, then add well seasoned French dressing and serve chilled.

Peach Roly Poly.—Make a rich pastry and roll out very thin. On this heap sliced peaches and roll up. Place in a deep granite baking dish and cover with a cupful of brown sugar, a tablespoonful of lemon juice and three-fourths of a cupful of boiling water, two tablespoonfuls of butter and bake in a moderate oven for one hour. Have the lap of the roll up on top so that it will bake without being soggy.

Pear Salad.—Take peeled pears, cut in halves, roll in chopped nuts and place in lettuce; add a tablespoonful each of finely chopped celery, shredded almonds and pineapple. Serve with any desired dressing. Mayonnaise, if well seasoned, is especially good with this salad.

Pears baked with sugar, butter, lemon juice and a little water makes a delicious accompaniment to a meat course.

Pears cut in strips with celery and French dressing on lettuce is another most appetizing salad.

Soup meat with seasonings may be made into a nice tasty loaf for luncheon.

Nellie Maxwell

In Woman's Realm

Supreme Charm of Feminine Apparel Is Daintiness, and Manufacturers Have Done Their Share in Turning Out Proper Materials, Such as Shown in the Negligee Pictured Below—Description of the Season's Styles in Veils.

Daintiness is the unfailing charm of women's apparel, and some little hint or touch of it is surely within the reach of every woman. Soft gay colors, sheer materials, the luster of ribbons and the charm of lace are all carried out in cotton as well as silk weaves.

Plaited crepe de chine in a lace-trimmed slip is the foundation for an ample coat of net in the exquisite negligee shown. The slip is accord-

the picture. Black silk lace and white chiffon are joined by hemstitching in this novelty, and the veil is bordered by a wide hemstitched hem. It is a striking variation of the regulation chiffon veil for the motor car, and is worn with either the lace or the chiffon over the face, or thrown back, as required.

After a variety of combinations of lace or net and chiffon the veil liked best is made of net having a border



DAINTY NEGLIGEE OF CREPE AND NET.

plaited and has a girde and yoke of cream-colored lace banding. It is suspended from the shoulders by narrow pink satin ribbon. The ribbon shoulder straps extend to the lower edge of the yoke, passing under the lace. They are met at this point with a bow and hanging ends of the same ribbon.

The very full coat of net looks more like a rosy cloud or mist than like an earth-born fabric. It is finished with a deep flounce which makes opportunity for additional fullness, and has long and very full sleeves which are in reality flounces set on to an upper portion that covers the shoulders.

Not every one finds use for a boudoir garment as pretentious as this. There are short coats, made of accordion plaited chiffon, or crepe, that are draped with the most cobweb-like laces.

of chiffon nine inches, or less, in width, hemstitched to it. In light and taupe gray, in purple and in white it is the veil of the hour. Veils of fine net, with a flower and foliage tracery over them, in gray or white, are late arrivals from Paris. They form the decoration, or part of it, on the dresser street hats. Others to be worn with any hat are smaller and are made of plain net bordered with two or three ruffles of very narrow ribbon. They are shown in black and taupe gray mostly.

The pretty floating veil of midsummer delayed its arrival until the middle of August this year, but, in colors, it promises to remain longer than usual. Just now a close-fitting purple hat with a purple veil, or a taupe gray or white hat with a taupe gray



LATEST DESIGN IN FLOWING VEILS.

Although they look so fragile, sheer silks wear well and they will stand careful washing. Fine laces are not injured by soap and water, if gently handled. Silk fabrics and laces should be ironed on the wrong side, and before they dry.

Net and chiffon, or lace and chiffon, are combined in the new veils, and an extreme of the type is shown in

veil, proclaim the wearer abreast of the times in fashions.

Face veils of the airiest texture and in most inconspicuous designs are the only ones that survived the heat of midsummer.

Julia Bostandy

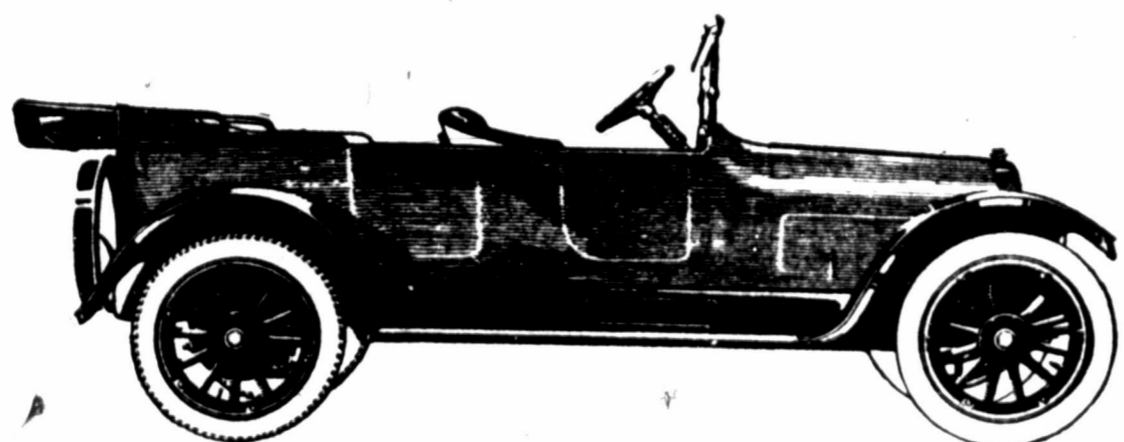
\$795

Model 85-4 f. o. b. Toledo

Overland

\$795

Model 85-4 f. o. b. Toledo



You Ought to Own This Car

Its possession will enrich your life and the lives of every member of your family. The freedom and wider range of activity made possible by such a car are worth many times its price. The price is by far the lowest at which so big and fine and comfortable a car ever sold. Big—the wheelbase is 112 inches.

Fine—it's a beautifully finished, luxurious car. Comfortable—it has cantilever springs and 4-inch tires. Model 85-6, 35-40 horsepower six cylinder motor, 116-inch wheelbase—\$925. Come in today—we can't get them as fast as we sell them—so order yours right away.

E. L. Kohl, Portales, New Mexico, Telephone Number 45

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio
"Made in U. S. A."

SAFETY!



ABOVE EVERYTHING

in the principles of good banking is that of safety. It is the one thing of all others that should influence the depositor as to placing a Bank Account. We call attention to the recent sworn statement, as to the condition of this bank, and know that it will convince you of the safety of your deposit with us.

Portales Bank & Trust Co.

Portales, New Mexico, U. S. A.

Carrying Coal Is No Joke



at any time it is "Love's Labor Lost" when the coal is mixed with useless slate, dirt, stones, etc. Buy your coal here and get all coal. Then you won't have so many tons to buy. It isn't what you pay but what you get for your money that makes for economy.

Telephone 3
"Do It Now"

THE LEACH COAL COMPANY



STOP THOSE PAINS AT ONCE RHEUMATISM Neuralgia-Headache

The fame of this remedy has traveled from Snyder, Okla., to Boston, Mass. Read the following letter:

"I heard of Hunt's Lightning Oil from a friend of mine living in Snyder, Okla., R. F. D. No. 2. Her name is Mrs. Rowland—she writes, 'If you ever use Hunt's Lightning Oil you will never be without it—and neither would I. It is invaluable for Rheumatic pains, especially for holding the heat with a flannel application.'—writes Mrs. B. H. Everett, 581 Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass. Especially fine for Neuralgia, Headaches and the like. Cuts and Burns are instantly soothed."

HUNTS LIGHTNING OIL

Sold and Guaranteed Locally by

Dr. J. S. Pearce



What Roosevelt Would Have Done

Theodore Roosevelt's opinions of Theodore Roosevelt are never important, but they are always interesting. After 16 months of aimless abuse of President Wilson in respect to the Lusitania case, the colonel has finally decided what he would have done had he been President:

"I would instantly have taken possession of every German ship interned in this country, and then I would have said, now we will discuss not what you will give but what we would give back."

That is what the colonel says he would have done, but he would have done nothing of the sort. Had he attempted it the United States courts would promptly have chased him off the German ships and kept him off. Those ships are private property. They do not belong to the German government, and there is no law under which they could be seized.

Col Roosevelt would be talking just as intelligently if he were to say that he would have taken Prof. Hugo Munsterberg's watch and kept it until the German government relented. Albuquerque Evening Herald.

Don't Overlook National Issues

In the general clamor and bustle incident to the defeat of the corrupt Republican ring that is seeking control of the state, national affairs should not and must not be forgotten. The perpetuity of the nation demands that President Wilson and the national Democratic party be retained in power for, at least, another four years. The acute conditions of America, at present, demands a strong hand and a cool head at the helm. That Mr. Hughes fills neither of these specifications, even his friends are compelled to admit. The pronouncement of Mr. Roosevelt, the real conscience and the ego of the Hughes candidacy, that were he the president of the United States, he would immediately seize upon the merchant craft of Germany and hold it as a hostage for the safety of American citizens on the high seas, is significant of the attitude of Mr. Hughes, himself. Such a course would be without any warrant of law, in direct contravention of international precedent and tantamount to a declaration of war.

Either Mr. Roosevelt was again playing to the galleries or he was making a statement which said, in effect, that, regardless of law, he would take such action as he saw fit in all matters pertaining to our foreign relations, even though such action plunged the country into a useless and sanguinary strife that would threaten even the existence of the government. If this is the Roosevelt attitude it is, necessarily, the Hughes attitude. It will be remembered that before Mr. Roosevelt would accept the Hughes candidacy he must have a private interview with him in which he, Roosevelt, would interrogate him as to what he would and would not do with reference to our foreign relations. Immediately after this interview, the Roosevelt seal of approval was put upon Candidate Hughes and he was pronounced a full fledged candidate, acceptable of Roosevelt and his following. That Mr. Hughes was compelled to promise to put into acts all that Roosevelt demanded no one, who knows anything of the character and the political heresies of Roosevelt can doubt. It naturally follows then that Roosevelt, in his campaign speeches and his public utterances, is voicing and forecasting, as well as irrevocably binding, Candidate Hughes to those things which he declares he would do were he in power. Are the people of the United States prepared to put in the place of President Wilson an irresponsible person who is bound and pledged to Roosevelt regardless of consequences? Have they no ambition above strife and bloodshed? Are they willing to give up the much they have for the little promised? Is it possible that the sober, sane citizens of the nation will repudiate the achievements of the present administration for the empty promises of Wall Street, Roosevelt and Hughes? Will the people of the United States lend the power of the government for the sole purpose of wreaking vengeance upon another nation, or nations, for the sole gratification of an unnatural hatred borne that nation or nations, by Mr. Roosevelt? The perpetuity of this nation demands the retention of President Wilson and the Democratic party in power, in state, county and nation.

Best grade Colorado nut coal, \$8.00 per ton. J. M. Gryder

The International Soil Products Exposition

Ten years of ever increasing success have clearly demonstrated that this is the greatest exposition of soil products in the world. Here are annually displayed the results of modern, scientific, up-to-date farming from twenty states, and from many nations and provinces. Here are to be found those object lessons which exert such a tremendous influence toward a better agriculture. The results of the research work of national and state experiment stations are here displayed in concrete form. Delegates from a majority of the American states, from all of the Canadian provinces, and from twenty other countries are always present, to study the exhibits in all lines. The latest and most improved farm implements and machinery are displayed and demonstrated at this exposition. Progressive farmers can well afford to, and do, travel hundreds of miles to attend, as they are thereby enabled to keep fully abreast of all development affecting agriculture and allied industries.

It would be a mistake to class this exposition as an agricultural show and nothing else. Manufacturing, industrial and commercial exhibits are just as prominent, and are given the same attention.

A dairy show and sale, and a show and sale of beef cattle, hogs and sheep will be a strong section of the exposition at El Paso. Breeders who desire to consign stock to this show and sale or those who desire further information concerning it, should write for special folders.

The exposition will be staged near the business center of El Paso. Special buildings are being erected, covering several acres in extent, in which the agricultural, commercial and educational exhibits will be placed. One large building will be devoted solely to the automobile section, which will in itself surpass any previous automobile show ever held in the southwest. A special grandstand and very large amusement stage are being built. New, modern stalls and pens for cattle, sheep and hogs are being provided, while arrangements with local stock yards will be made to take care of any overflow, and of range and grade cattle.

The greatest single exhibit is that of the U. S. department of agriculture. This exhibit represents an investment of more than one hundred thousand dollars, and additional special features are provided for by an appropriation of \$20,000, made by the government. The Canadian government will have a large and splendid exhibit. The United States reclamation service and the Indian bureau will each be strongly represented with up-to-date exhibits. Twenty states of the United States, several provinces of Canada, and a number of nations, will fill the Interstate and International building with displays illustrative of their agricultural, industrial and commercial resources. A magnificent Counties building will house the exhibits assembled by progressive counties, districts and individuals. The commercial and varied industries exhibits, motor car and accessories show, dairy and livestock



Start Right

by buying a good bull and grade up your dairy herd. Our herd is headed by Segis Belle Topsy. He by Arcady with 40 A. R. O. sisters and whose dam gave 25 pounds butter in 7 days at 2 years old. Arcady is by Pierterge Hengerfeld, he by King Segis who sold for \$20,000.00, the best bull of the breed. Our bull's dam gave 60 lbs. of milk with first calf, was put on test last winter and under ordinary farm conditions gave 82 lbs milk one day, and 21 lbs. fat, equal to 25 lbs. of butter in seven days. We have two bulls old enough for service out of above bull and dams sired by \$3,000.00 bull. Will also sell 3 or 4 cows to make room for heifers coming on. Remember 75 per cent of all the dairy cattle in the best dairy sections are Holsteins and hold the world's record by a large margin. At farmer's prices. Also have three good mares for sale or trade for good young mules. All the above stock of my farm 9 miles southeast of Portales. Come and see them.

..C. F. MOON..

Phone No. 198 5-rings.

Portales, New Mexico

show, gas and electric show, mining machinery exhibit, silo show, boys' pig exhibit, woman's achievement department and other sections will all have ample space.

Bands of national and international fame, including the famous United States and Mexican military bands. A complete "Circus Royale" presented from a mammoth, specially constructed stage, embracing a dozen complete acts of a most highly sensational and amusing character, and requiring two hours each afternoon and evening.

The entire exposition is blended into one harmonious whole, constituting an opportunity for entertainment, instruction and amusement probably never before offered.

The annual sessions of the International Farm Congress (The Dry Farming Congress) will be held October 18, 20 and 21. The program will comprise lectures, addresses and reports covering the various divisions of scientific achievement in agricultural and allied progress, with open discussions of the same. The subjects of soil tillage, conservation of moisture, irrigation, drainage, distribution and marketing, farm tenancy, rural education, good roads, stock feeding and breeding, and public questions affecting the farming and live stock industries will be given full attention. The annual session of the International Irrigation Congress will be held at El Paso, October 16-18, after formal assembling of the organization at the Elephant Butte Dam dedication, on October 14.

Dr. Swearingin's Dates

Dr. Swearingin, of the firm of Doctors Presley & Swearingin, specialists, Roswell, New Mexico, will be in Portales, at Neer's drug store, on the 20th, 21st and 22d of each month, to treat diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and to fit glasses. Will, also, be in Elida the 25th of each month. 1-tf

FOR SALE—45 red and red and white faced cows and calves and 2 unbroken horses. See Harley Thompson, Portales, New Mexico, four miles west of town.

Record of H. O. Bursum As Superintendent of the New Mexico Penitentiary

CLEAR AND CONVINCING STATEMENT PRESENTED BY
FORMER GOVERNOR HERBERT J. HAGERMAN, THE RE-
PUBLICAN EXECUTIVE WHO FORCED BURSUM TO RE-
SIGN AND WHO INVESTIGATED HIS PRISON MANAGE-
MENT.

FACTS IN CONNECTION WITH HIS "VINDICATION" ARE BROUGHT OUT

Bursum's Record as Penitentiary Superintendent Was an Issue in
the Campaign of 1911, When the People of New Mexico Re-
pudiated Him. It is an Issue Before the Voters Today.

Holm O. Bursum, repudiated
Republican candidate for governor
of New Mexico in 1911, who is this
year the candidate of the same
party for the same high office, was
removed from the position of su-
perintendent of the New Mexico
penitentiary by Herbert J. Hager-
man, a Republican executive, in
1906. Immediately thereafter an
investigation of the penitentiary
under his management was made at
the direction of Governor Hager-
man.

There were reasons for Governor
Hagerman's actions. In view of
the fact that Mr. Bursum is again
seeking the highest honor in the
gift of the people of the state, the
voters of New Mexico are vitally
interested in knowing what those
reasons were. They are vitally in-
terested in knowing what prompted
a Republican executive—an execu-
tive of the party to which Mr. Bur-
sum belongs and in which he has
been prominent for years—to re-
lieve Mr. Bursum of the adminis-
tration of one of the most impor-
tant of New Mexico's institutions
and to investigate his management,
and what was discovered as a re-
sult of the investigation made.

Ex-Governor Hagerman has
stated his reasons for the removal
and investigation of Bursum, and
the results of the investigation,
many times. On several occasions
during the campaign of 1911 he an-
nounced them from the public plat-
form. He never stated them more
clearly than in a speech at Dem-
ing, N. M., on the night of October
28, 1911. This speech was printed
in the Albuquerque Journal of Oc-
tober 29, 1911.

No statement made by Hager-
man at that time has ever been
disproved. Every statement he
made still stands, and he is ready
now to back up everything he said
then. Hagerman is a man whose
personal integrity has never been
questioned.

In his speech at Deming Hagerman
said:

"When appointed governor of the
territory I soon became aware that
the penitentiary was not being well
administered. I secured the opinion
of a prison expert from another part
of the country and in his judgment
the physical and moral conditions
were bad.

"Mr. Bursum's friends said he had
not the time to give personal at-
tention to the management, and had left
the direction of the penitentiary af-
fairs to subordinates.

"When I insisted that he should re-
tire if he could not give proper at-
tention to the duties, his friends insisted
that he should remain there for the
purpose of furthering the political in-
terests of the Republican party.

THE "VINDICATION" PRO- CESS.

When the report of the Ref-
eree was presented to the court
and judgment asked, it was stip-
ulated by the attorneys that the
report of the Colorado expert
who had made the Penitentiary
investigation should not be in
any way presented, considered
or passed upon. The attorney
general of the territory was the
personal and political friend of
Bursum.

The report of the Colorado ex-
pert, therefore, was not affected
by the judgment, not being be-
fore the Court. The Referee's
report was presented to the
Court and no real hearing was
had thereon. No evidence in con-
tradiction of the report was pre-
sented and there was no hearing
on the objections.

The vindication rests entirely
upon the report of the Referee.
If the report of the Referee is
false then the judgment amounts
to nothing.

How was the report arrived
at?

By a most extraordinary pro-
cess. No proper notice of hear-
ing was given by the Referee.
He examined the books and
called in witnesses from time to
time and took their testimony.

The Attorney General dropped
into the Referee's office from
time to time, but took no part
in the proceedings, and no one ex-
amined, or cross-examined the
witnesses on behalf of the state.

No evidence was introduced
in behalf of the state and there
was no hearing of the arguments
on the proposed finding.

"Mr. Bursum did not retire for
several months after I requested his
resignation, and during the interval,
according to a statement by Mr. New-
comb, the clerk of the penitentiary,
Mr. Bursum instructed Mr. Newcomb
to rewrite the journal, the cash book
and the ledger, two of which books
had been in use since 1889, and Mr.
Bursum, according to his own state-
ment, then had the old ledger de-
stroyed. As to the other books, Mr.
Newcomb says they were put away
and he never saw them again.

"When Mr. Bursum's successor
went into office and an expert was
secured to audit the accounts of the
penitentiary, the books could not be
found. They could not find the re-
written journal, which Mr. Bursum
said, in a subsequent letter, was the
only book of original entry. Mr. Bur-
sum had taken it with him to his
home in Socorro, where he kept it
until the return was demanded.
"I ask you in all candor—I ask Mr.

"I ask you in all candor—I ask Mr.

A COSTLY "ERROR."

"Socorro, N. M., July 27, 1906
Honorable J. H. Vaughn,
Treasurer,
Santa Fe, New Mex.

Dear Sir:—
In checking over my accounts
with the penitentiary, I find er-
ror to the amount of \$1,727 and
enclose remittance for credit.
Penitentiary Convicts' earnings,
fund to cover. This error oc-
curred as follows: One pay-
ment by A. Windsor, \$1,027, Oc-
tober, 1902, having been omitted
and no credit seems to appear
on the journal. The other item
for \$700 which shows on the
Treasurer's books to have been
paid May 26, 1899, during my ad-
ministration, but upon investi-
gation I find that said money
was paid in by Col. H. H. Berg
man and therefore I was not en-
titled to credit therefor.

Kindly acknowledge receipt
and oblige,
Yours,
H. O. BURSUM.

That letter was written by Mr.
Bursum while his accounts were
under investigation. Mr. Bursum
made the "error" as to the \$700
on May 26, 1899, and did not
discover it until July 27, 1906,
when his accounts were being
investigated. The "error" as to
the \$1,027 was made in October,
1902, and was not discovered
until Mr. Bursum's accounts
were being investigated in July,
1906, some four years later.

Bursum himself—if any man who had
nothing to conceal would, when he
knew he was going to be removed, go
to work and have all the books of an
institution rewritten, and destroy
at least one of the original books, have
two others concealed so they were
never found by his successor, and
carry away one of the new books to
his home at a distant point and keep
it there for a period of several
weeks?

"Mr. Bursum knows that every
statement I have made is true, yet he
says it is not an issue in this cam-
paign.

"Before the investigation into Mr.
Bursum's accounts was completed he
sent to the territorial treasurer the
sum of \$1,727, which he said he had
kept by mistake. He had part of the
money for seven years, and the re-
mainder of it for more than three
years, before he discovered his error,
and in my opinion he would never
have discovered that large error, had
it not been that he knew an expert
was digging into his financial trans-
actions.

"Mind you, \$1,727 was returned be-
fore any demand had been made upon
Mr. Bursum, and afterwards when de-
mand was made he returned \$2,470.38.
Examination by experts showed that
from all the books available there
were shortage of from \$5,000 to
\$8,000, and expenditures of \$19,000 to
\$20,000 demanding explanation.

"I do not say that Bursum embe-
zled this money. But I do say that a
man who, after holding public office
for seven years, does not know
whether the territory owes him more
than \$4,100, or whether he owes the
territory more than \$4,100, is so care-
less, inefficient, incompetent or di-
shonest that he has no right to aspire
to the high office of governor of this
great state.

"Mr. Bursum says that the court
subsequently cleared him of all
charges brought against him, and that
his record is not an issue. I will ven-
ture the assertion that any lawyer,
after having read the entire court re-
cord, will say that it presents an un-
precedented case of 'whitewash.'

"Mr. C. V. Safford, the referee ap-
pointed, was Mr. Bursum's secretary
of the Republican territorial central
committee.

"The judge before whom the case
was tried—before whom it was speci-
fically arranged it should be tried—
was the close personal and political
friend of Mr. Bursum.

"BY THEIR FRUITS SHALL YE KNOW THEM."

(Extract from speech deliv-
ered by Hon. Herbert J. Hager-
man, former Governor of New
Mexico, at Deming, N. M., Oct.
28, 1911.)

"Mr. Bursum says none of the
penitentiary books were de-
stroyed, and refers for his vin-
dication to the records of the
court. These very records, a
copy of which I hold in my
hand, state unequivocally that
one of the most important
books of original entry was de-
stroyed. Mr. Bursum himself
wrote a letter in which he said
he had that book destroyed. Still
he comes before the people and
says none of the books was de-
stroyed. He also says his re-
cord as superintendent of the
penitentiary is not an issue in
this campaign. I say his record
is an issue. If he was incompe-
tent or dishonest in that
position of trust, how do we know
that he will not be incompetent
or dishonest if elected to a high-
er and more responsible
position? By their fruits ye shall
know them. By his acts we
shall judge him."

No man can read Mr. Safford's re-
port as referee without coming to the
conclusion that he exhausted his in-
geny in defense of Mr. Bursum.

"Let me give one illustration of just
what I mean. Mr. Bursum claimed to
have spent \$365 for freight in the
year 1900. He could show neither re-
ceipt, voucher, or cancelled check.
Mr. Safford reported to the court:
These amounts were paid for freight
and Mr. Bursum has produced the
check stubs showing payment.

Will Mr. Bursum, should he be-
come governor, recommend to the
State Legislature the passage of a bill
making check stubs conclusive evi-
dence of the payment of public and
private accounts? If he regards him-
self as having been vindicated by Mr.
Safford's report he should be willing
to allow others the same privilege be-
fore courts of justice that were ac-
cepted by him.

"There were things shown in the
first investigation that were not
touched by Mr. Safford in his white
wash report. The first investigation
showed that at one time there was
bought for the penitentiary 1,058
yards of cloth at 50 cents a yard,
when the local market price of that
cloth at that time was only 29 cents
a yard. Who pocketed the \$222.18 1/2?

The next year the penitentiary bought
1,050 yards of cloth at 47 1/2 cents a
yard, when the local market price for
the same cloth was only 16 cents a
yard. Who pocketed \$330.75?

"Here were two little transactions
in cloth where somebody got a rake-
off of \$552.93. Mr. Safford offered no
explanation, and the judge required
none. Still Mr. Bursum says he was
vindicated.

"I could cite many other instances
of like nature where someone was
allowed to filch money from the terri-
tory.

The laws of the territory state ex-
plicitly that if any officer or employe
of the penitentiary shall be interested
in any contract or sell any supplies
to the penitentiary he shall be sub-
ject to removal and guilty of a crime
for which he may be fined in the
sum of \$2,000.

"Yet it appears from the books that
on Dec. 1, 1904, Mr. Bursum sold 350
head of sheep to the penitentiary, and
that on January 4, he sold 230 head
of sheep to the penitentiary. Out
of the 350 head of sheep sold in De-
cember only 105 were ever delivered,
so far as the records show, and of
the 230 head sold and for which Mr.
Bursum received payment in violation
of law, only thirty-four were ever de-
livered, so far as the records show.

"I do not charge that Mr. Bursum
cheated the territory out of the sheep
he sold to the penitentiary illegally,
but those transactions are of the
same character with many others that
would never have been made by a
competent man if he was honest.

"Still Mr. Bursum says his penitentiary
record is not an issue in this
campaign."

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competent man if he was honest.

"Still Mr. Bursum says his penitentiary
record is not an issue in this
campaign."

A SPLASH OF WHITEWASH?

A warrant of the Territorial
Auditor, No. 3138, for \$400.75
was made payable to "Jack
Donovan or bearer." This war-
rant was endorsed and cashed
by H. O. Bursum. Donovan
made an affidavit that he knew
nothing about the warrant, had
never turned it over to Mr. Bur-
sum and was not entitled to re-
ceive that sum from the Peni-
tentiary. On the hearing before
the Referee, with no cross-exami-
nation, Donovan endeavored to
explain this transaction in a
light favorable to Mr. Bursum
by claiming that the \$400.75 re-
presented part of his salary that
Mr. Bursum had advanced to
him, although in his affidavit he
stated his salary as being \$60
per month. Mr. Donovan made no explana-
tion of how or why he made the
affidavit in question and the
Referee did not ask him one sin-
gle question in regard to ex-
plaining that affidavit, did not
even call his attention to the
contradictory statements ap-
pearing therein and ask for an
explanation thereof. The Ref-
eree's attitude is shown by a
comparison of a portion of the
testimony with the Referee's
finding thereon. Mr. Donovan
testified as follows:

Q. "Mr. Bursum had no per-
sonal interest in your salary, di-
rectly or indirectly, did he or
not?" A. "Why no." And yet
the Referee in his finding says:
"Mr. Donovan was not looking
to the Penitentiary for any sal-
ary or wages that might be due
him, but was looking to M. O.
Bursum."

BUILD \$40,000 K. P. HALL

GRAND LODGE TAKES STEPS FOR
CASTLE AT ALBUQUERQUE.

T. L. Kinney Elected Grand Chan-
cellor for the Coming Year—Next
Year's Meeting at
Albuquerque.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Albuquerque, N. M.—The first step
toward the building of a Pythian cas-
tle hall in Albuquerque was taken by
the grand lodge, Knights of Pythias,
the committee on building having re-
ported favorably. The grand lodge
will take over the Pythian corpora-
tion which is now held by individual
Pythians of Albuquerque. Although
funds must reach \$40,000 before build-
ing is started and the raising of such
sum is expected to take several years,
the Pythians of New Mexico feel elated
over the fact that the castle hall
proposition is now on a definite ba-
sis.

The following grand officers were
elected: Grand chancellor, T. L. Kin-
ney, Dawson; grand vice-chancellor, C.
L. Gunton, Gallup; grand prelate, J.
M. Rose, Roswell; grand master at
arms, L. V. Medley, Magdalena; grand
inner guard, George Bingwall, Carrizo-
zo; grand outer guard, C. E. Seib-
schner, Las Vegas; grand tribune, W.
W. Risdon, Albuquerque; grand keeper
of records and seals, J. E. Elder,
Albuquerque; grand master of exche-
quer, J. A. Smiley, Socorro; deputy
grand chancellor, A. H. Colgan, Albu-
querque.

The grand lodge, Knights of Pyth-
ias, will meet in Albuquerque again
next year during fair week.

Mrs. Mae McKenzie Heads Rebekahs.
Albuquerque.—The Rebekah assem-
bly, in final session at A. O. U. W.
hall, decided on Albuquerque as next
year's meeting place during state fair
week, elected and installed officers
for the next year and transacted a
large amount of routine business.

The following officers were elected
and installed: President, Mrs. Mae
McKenzie, of Raton; vice-president,
Mrs. Vyra Ullrey, of Dexter; warden,
Mrs. Belle Schwartz, of Gallup; sec-
retary, Mrs. Mary E. Comstock, of Las
Vegas; treasurer, Mrs. Sarah Brown
of Springer; home board, Mrs. Jean
nette Spears, of Gallup, three-year
term, and Mrs. Martha Brixner, of Al-
buquerque, two-year term.

Life Sentence for Mexican.

Silver City—Gregorio Mendrquez
convicted of a statutory offense
against a 4-year-old child at the Ty-
rone mining camp last spring, must
spend the balance of his natural life
in the state penitentiary at Santa Fe.
Sentence was pronounced on Mendri-
quez by District Judge Colin Neblett.
The crime of which Mendrquez was
found guilty was one of the most re-
volting in the annals of the country.
At the time of the attack on the child
Mendrquez narrowly escaped lynching
at the hands of the infuriated peo-
ple of Tyrone.

Museum Assured for New Mexico.

Santa Fe—A group of wealthy mer-
chants connected with the Phelps Dodge, Chi-
copper and St. Louis, Rocky Moun-
tain and Pacific railroad interests are
the chief contributors to the fund o-
ver \$30,000 made up by private
subscription to meet a state ap-
propriation for the new state muse-
um building here, which, when com-
pleted, will cost \$100,000.

Boy Takes Own Life.

Silver City—Because of a love af-
fair, Valentine Gutierrez, a 15-year-old
boy of the Pinos Altos mining camp
north of this city, shot and killed
himself. He left letters explaining
the cause for his rash act.

Salaries Increased.

East Las Vegas—Postmaster E. V.
Long, Assistant Postmaster Orrin
Blood and Clerk Fred Lewis, of the
East Las Vegas postoffice, have been
notified that their salaries have been
increased, because of an increase in
the amount of business done by the
office during the last fiscal year. The
receipts were nearly \$30,000. This is
the largest amount of money handled
by the office in its history.

E. W. Sele Pleads Guilty.

Las Vegas—E. W. Sele, former E.
P. & S. W. agent at Vaughn, who
shot and killed Vincent Strickland at
that place, who was to have been tried
before Judge David J. Leahy, sitting
at Santa Rosa, pleaded guilty to man-
slaughter. Sele had been indicted by
the grand jury for murder, but his
plea of manslaughter was accepted by
the court.

Guards to Participate in Shoot.

Santa Fe.—The New Mexico Nation-
al Guard will participate in the na-
tional rifle shoot in Jacksonville, Fla.,
Oct. 20 to 26.

Guard Sentenced for Scoring Officers.

Columbus—Private Hugh Clark of
Company D, Second Massachusetts In-
fantry, was sentenced to six months at
hard labor in the disciplinary barracks
at Fort Leavenworth, together with a
dishonorable discharge from the serv-
ice. Clark shortly after his arrival at
the border wrote letters to a newspaper
of Holyoke, Mass., from which his
company came, charging his company
officers with neglecting the men, and
his captain with misappropriating
company funds.

NEW MEXICO STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

COMING EVENTS.
Oct. 10-13—Donna Ana County Fair at
Las Cruces.
Oct. 5-15—Annual Convention of South-
western Holiness Ass'n at Moriarty.
Oct. 19-20—Curry County Fair at Clo-
vis.

The Santa Fe woman's club is to
have a new home.

Montoya stockmen are buying man-
registered Herefords.

Twenty births were reported in Al-
buquerque in September.

J. C. Barnett, of San Jon has re-
covered from a rattlers bite.

The annual conference of the M. E.
church south, was held at Clovis.

Arthur Stokes, of Gallup, was stab-
bed by a negro named Chas. Scott.

The state fair at Albuquerque was
largely attended, and the exhibits
fine.

Gold ore, worth \$6, has been found
in the Hopper Mining district in Quay
county.

Burglars took a lot of knives and
other small articles from a Tucumcari
hardware store.

A Guadalupe county jury returned
a verdict against Thomas Riddle, who
was tried for larceny of cattle.

Governor McDonald and wife led the
grand march at the Montezuma ball
in Albuquerque during state fair
week.

In the death at her home near Ty-
rone of Mrs. G. L. Turner, another
pioneer woman of New Mexico passed
to her final reward.

Eastern New Mexico farmers are
sowing a large acreage to wheat, and
next year's crop in that section will
probably exceed a million bushels.

First of the feature events marking
Albuquerque day, the annual fair pa-
rade scored a striking colorful open-
ing for the biggest day of fair week.

Richard Graham, age 12, son of Wil-
liam Graham, a prominent rancher,
living near Nolan, north of Wagon
Mound, was run down and killed by
an automobile.

J. Lonney, agent of the Denver &
Rio Grande railroad at Monero, Rio
Arriba county, is dying from a blow
on the head made with an iron poker
by a man who broke into the station.
An Italian coal miner named Lucchitti
has been arrested charged with the
crime.

Grant county had one of the most
interesting and attractive exhibits at
the state fair in Albuquerque, car-
ried off the first prize for minerals, be-
sides a large number of cash prizes
and blue ribbons for exhibitors from
the various mining districts of the
county.

The Mora county commissioners are
planning the construction of a bridge
across the Canadian river on the road
connecting Wagon Mound and So-
lano, and have sent a profile to the
state engineer's office. The bridge
will be more than 300 feet long, and
will be a steel structure.

The three-day cowboy roundup at
Tucumcari was of unusual interest to
the people of that part of the state.
The Taxpayers' association of New
Mexico, held the first of its two open
sessions, for the discussion of tax-
ation problems at the high school au-
ditorium at Albuquerque.

Thomas Mix, motion picture impres-
sario, well known in Las Vegas, Santa
Fe and Albuquerque, in which cities
he took motion pictures of cowboy
and other dramas, has been sued for
divorce. A well known picture ac-
tress is given as one of the reasons
by Mrs. Olive Stokes Mix, who is
also well known in New Mexico.

A voluntary petition in bankruptcy
was filed in the U. S. district clerk's
office at Santa Fe by Noble M. Lan-
don of Albuquerque. He is a boiler
maker by occupation. He gives his
assets as \$105 and his liabilities as
\$389.95.

Just before adjourning the I. O. O.
F. grand lodge decided to meet in
Albuquerque again during fair week.
Adoption of a new constitution both
for the grand lodge and subordinate
lodge was the most important work
transacted.

Vernal Williams is in the county
jail at Silver City charged with mur-
der. Leslie Butler is dead and Annie
Smith is in the hospital suffering
from probably mortal wounds as a re-
sult of a shooting affair at Fort Bay-
ard, nine miles from Silver City. All
the parties to the tragedy are negroes.

Batteries B and C, Colorado nation-
al Guard, with Maj. W. F. Sharp, com-
manding, unloaded at Camp Deming
in forty-seven minutes. They made
a record. The two batteries arrived
in fine shape—without a man ill.
They pitched their tents next to the
Wyoming infantry. The infantry of
Arkansas and Delaware are close by.

A thorough discussion of the effect-
iveness of the present bounty law oc-
cupied the attention of the executive
board of the New Mexico Cattle &
Horse Growers' association at their
meeting at Albuquerque, and plans for
a better bounty law were proposed.

Voters at the November election can
fill in any blank space on a ticket
with a sticker, or by writing the name
of some person, with the object of
voting for some one for an office for
which no nomination appears, accord-
ing to Attorney General Cline.

..Be on Time..

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HOME

A NOVEL

GEORGE AGNEW CHAMBERLAIN

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SYNOPSIS.

Alan Wayne is sent away from Red Hill, his home, by his uncle, J. Y. as a moral failure. Clem drinks Alan's health on his birthday. Judge Healey defends Alan in his business with his employers. Alan and Alix, Gerry's wife, meet at sea, homeward bound, and start a flirtation. At home, Gerry, as he thinks, sees Alix and Alan, planning to drop everything and go to Pernambuco. Alix leaves Alan on the train and goes home. Gerry leaves Pernambuco and goes to Piranhas. On a canoe trip he meets a native girl. The judge fails to trace Gerry. A baby is born to Alix. The native girl takes Gerry to the ruined plantation she is mistress of. Gerry marries her. At Maple house Collingford tells how he met Alan—'Ten Per Cent Wayne'—building a bridge in Africa. Collingford meets Alix and her baby and gives her encouragement about Gerry. Alan comes back to town but does not go home. Gerry begins to improve Margarita's plantation and builds an irrigation ditch. In Africa, Alan reads Clem's letters and dreams of home. Gerry pastures Lieber's cattle during the drought. A baby comes to Margarita. Collingford meets Alix in the city and finds her changed. Alan meets Alix, J. Y., and Clem, grown to beautiful womanhood, in the city and realizes that he has sold his birthright for a mess of pottage. Kemp and Gerry become friends. They visit Lieber.

If, in a day of desperate weakness you had embezzled your employer's money and had to flee the country, do you think you could resist the desire to return, even after years? Does home seem to you to be "the anchor of a man's soul?"

CHAPTER XX—Continued.

The veranda at Lieber's was like that of Fazenda Flores only much bigger. It looked out upon a wide stretch of desert but away at the rim of the desert one could feel the river. The roar of the falls mumbled in the ear. It came from so far away that one had to strain one's ears to actually define it. After supper they gathered on the veranda. They sat in rude, rawhide chairs which were comfortably strong and tilted them back to the national angle. Lieber and Gerry smoked corn-busk cigarettes but Kemp stuck to his yellow papers. Gerry did not want to talk. He sat where he could watch the strange pair whose companion he was for a night. Into the souls of Lieber and Kemp the long silences of solitude had entered and become at home. They were patient of silence. Speech had its restricted uses. They still had their hats on. Lieber's was pushed back, Kemp's was drawn forward. Kemp was whittling. Kemp's words of farewell came back to Gerry. "It's a long trail from the Alamo to New York, but the whole country's under one fence." Texan, Pennsylvania, Dutchman and New Yorker might be social poles but tonight they seemed strangely near to each other.

The next morning Gerry was up early, nervous after his first night's absence from Fazenda Flores. Kemp watched him saddle his horse. "That ain't one of the five," he remarked.

"No," said Gerry. "I traded the roan for the iron-gray. Do you think I was done?"

"I ain't sayin'," said Kemp cautiously. "I don't want you should think I was teachin' you, Mr. Lansing, but that boss ain't no iron-gray. There ain't no such color for a boss as I ever heern tell on. That boss is a blue an' he's a true blue."

"All right, Kemp," said Gerry, smiling. "You've named him true blue and True Blue he is from this day."

Lieber came out in pyjamas and called them for coffee. When they were seated he proposed to Kemp that he make his headquarters at the ranch for a while. The advantages were evident. It was a congregating point for the natives from miles round. Goat-skins came into Lieber's from hundreds of miles up country. They came singly, in donkey loads or in whole packtrains. Sometimes they passed directly into his hands from the producer; sometimes they ran through a chain of transfers, from hand to hand. All news centered at and radiated from Lieber's. The same men that brought in goat-skins would be glad to add orchids to their stock in trade.

Kemp grunted his thanks. He had waited two years for this offer. The realization of the obligation Lieber was putting him under embarrassed him. He began to talk. "These greasers," he said, "take a lot of teachin' sometimes, an' sometimes they don't. For instance, you can tell 'em that Cattleys are worth money and that the rest o' their parasites ain't, 'nd after they seeen you throu' Bul'in'tonias an' Oncidiums an' Miltonias into the discard fo' three months steady, they begin to soler down to jest Cattleys 'nd realize that it's no use holdin' a four-flesh against a workin' pair."

At the scientific names dropping so inconspicuously from Kemp's lips, Gerry stopped eating and looked up. Lieber's face wore the smile of one who had heard it before but is quite willing to hear it all over again.

"But," continued Kemp, "yo' c'n pull 'em yo're bilin' an' you can't head

em around to see that unless a Cattleya has eight leaves, it's too young to be packed an' no good to the market besides bein' a victim to race suicide.

"As to their bringin' in Bul'in'tonias an' Oncidiums an' Miltonias, I never get onpatient o' that. How c'n a greaser get onpatient o' that. How c'n a greaser ever learn that a Miltonia Spectabilis Moreliana that looks like pigeon's blood in a pup's shadow ain't a commercial proposition, while the Cattleya is? When he's in the woods an' a small straight f'm heaven draps its rope on him an' he looks up an' sees a droopin' spike o' snow, how you go in' to teach him that a Bul'in'tonia Fragrans ain't just as good business as a Labiata?"

"Time was when orchids was an ambition; now they's jest a business. In Eurup, it's some different. They's collectors hunkerin' after new varieties an' houses that keeps men lookin' for 'em but in America, you mak' me, if an orchid don't make up well on the missus' bodice or on the table, it ain't business; an' they's a few million children growin' up to the idea that if it ain't a Cattleya it ain't an orchid."

Kemp came to himself, blushed and hurried out as if on urgent business. Lower looked at Gerry's thoughtful face and smiled. "Who'd have thought he'd ever talk that way in daylight?" he said.

"I think," replied Gerry, "it was your offering to let him make this place his headquarters. It rattled him and started him off. I could see he was grateful."

"Perhaps that was it," said Lieber. "He's a queer one. He never asked me. It just occurred to me to suggest it because I'm getting to enjoy havin' Kemp around."

Gerry nodded. His eyes fell on the clock and he got up with a start. The sun was at its highest when he reached Fazenda Flores. "Thou has been away a long time," said Margarita reproachfully.

Gerry jumped off his horse and kissed her. Then he picked up his son and set him in the saddle. Margarita screamed. True Blue arched his neck and looked cautiously around at his featherweight burden. The young horse stood very still while Margarita fought past Gerry's arm and dragged the Man from its peridious perch to her bosom. And manlike the Man protested with a bad-tempered, whole-lunged wail that rent the air and brought Dona Maria to the corner of the house to peer at them with eyes shaded under cupped hands.

A few days later the rains came in earnest, passed and Gerry contracted with Lieber for labor to be paid for in produce. Fazenda Flores blossomed and bore fruit. People began to come in from afar to barter for produce and a buyer appeared and took over the whole of the little cotton crop. Gerry poured money into Margarita's lap—more money than she had ever seen—and sent her under escort of Dona Maria and Bonifacio and the Man to purchase all of comfort and fun below that the tny market of Piranhas could supply.

They were to be gone two days and Gerry left the Fazenda in charge of his foreman to go and spend the time with Lieber and Kemp. He found Kemp in a sort of controlled elation over the greatest shipment of commercial orchids the trade had ever known. Just after Gerry's arrival two men appeared bearing a monster plant of over two hundred leaves strung, like the grape cluster of Eschol, on a pole.

Kemp's deep-set eyes seemed to grow out of his head as he made out their burden. "Hi!" he yelled and rushed off to the corral where he threw himself on to an astonished heifer. For one second she squatted and then went mad. With yell and flogging that Kemp poured oil on the fire of her frenzy. She bucked and twisted and all but somersaulted in her efforts to rid herself of the demon on her back. On the veranda, Lieber and Gerry held their sides and roared at the most grotesque fine riding they had ever seen. Finally, with a desperate lunge, the heifer breasted the corral fence. It caught her middle and she teetered over. Kemp turned a hand spring from her back and landed on his feet. The heifer scrambled free from the fence and tore, wild-eyed, out into the desert. Laughter rang from every side. Three herders threw themselves on to their horses and rode, shouting, after the heifer. Kemp straightened out his hat, put it on, and walked sedately over to the veranda. There was only a faint glint in his eye as he bought the monster plant to crown the monster shipment.

Chapter XXI

That dry season saw the beginning of a drought that will long hold the

blackest page in the annals of the Sao Francisco basin. It seemed but days after the rains when the sparse grass and new-leaved bushes of the wilderness began to shrivel up. Day after day the sun leaped brazen, from the horizon to the sky, his first level rays searching out the scant, stored moisture of wilting foliage, and the very sap of the hardy brush. While the cattle were still fat they became weak and turned to cactus for nourishment. They broke down the sickly branches with their horns and rubbed them in the sand to free them of the worst of the thorns. Herders rode the rounds on weakening horses and dismounted time and again to pull out splines from the snouts of passive, panting cows. Bulls died of broken pride. They would not subject themselves to the pain of eating cactus. The river—the great river—was no longer great. It gumbled with a weak voice from deep down in the gorge. Gerry watched its falling level with anxious eye and one day sent an urgent call to Lieber for help.

Lieber came. He brought with him an army, every man bearing with him the tool that had come soonest to his hand. Spades were few and hoed; the bright shares of a pick or two caught the light like lances. Most of the men depended on the heavy sheath knives they carried at their sides. They looked like an army of sansculottes as they swarmed into the ditch and began to dig. In two days they had sunk it to the required level. When they finished Gerry rode back with them to help bring down Lieber's weakening stock.

Kemp had stayed in sole possession at Lieber's. Digging was not in his line, so he had volunteered to hold the fort against the return of the garrison. He welcomed Lieber and Gerry to a supper of his own making in approved cowboy style: sour-dough biscuits made by a master hand, steaks cut from a freshly killed calf and fried before toughness set in, a pile of creamy mashed spuds. There was a homeliness about the meal that made them eat in silence. They felt as though for years they had been worshipping false culinary gods. The pile of steaks, the heaped potatoes, the hot biscuit, were exotic, strayed into a land of pepper sauces and garlic.

The silence on the veranda that night was even longer than usual. Gerry's mind went back to a French book that he had bought in desperation at Pernambuco. He had ploughed through half of it and with a catch in his thoughts he remembered that it lay open on the table when he left his little room in Piranhas on the morning of mornings that had broken life in two. Some of its phrases, come over and over again in his struggle with the half-forgotten idiom, came back to him. "La parole est du temps, le silence de l'éternité." He smiled to himself at the twisted meaning the long silence of his companions gave to the words.

Then the smile left his face. He remembered the argument. The instinct we all have for superhuman truths tells us that it is dangerous to be silent with those we would keep at a distance, for words pass and are forgotten between men, but silence—active silence—is forever ineffaceable. True life—the moments of life that leave a trace—is made up of silence. Not passive silence; that is but another name for sleep. But the active silence that breaks down barriers, pierces walls and turns the life of every day into a life where all is intense, where there is no non—nothing forbidden—where laughter dare not enter, where subjection is submerged and where all—is remembered.

Gerry felt that this active silence had come upon them. These men were being borne into the silent sphere of his own soul. He felt restless—afraid. He decided to speak. He was on the point of speaking when Lieber let down his chair softly, clasped his hands and broke the silence.

"Last night I dreamed I heard the blast of a steamer's horn and when I woke up the cold sweat was on my forehead because I know that there is no desert, no wilderness, so far from the things you would forget that dreams cannot follow you to it."

He stopped and silence fell upon them again. Lieber stared straight in front of him, out into the night. His face worked as though he were struggling to keep his lips closed. When he began to speak again, the words were scarcely audible. "I don't know why I want to tell you two about why I am here, unless it is that as we sat here so quiet I felt that you knew it all—that you knew all that I know and that I was on the point of knowing all that you have known. The little lies of life suddenly become big and hateful and I saw in my life a monster lie that the silence was exposing."

"There are lots of men with the beginning of my story. It's common and takes little telling. I was born in Pennsylvania. We were mighty poor farmers but I got all the schooling there was within walking distance of home. My old man saw to that. When I was still a boy our little bank took me in. It wasn't doing much business then but a couple of years later the region struck oil and the bank's business soared by leaps and bounds. It turned into as good a spouter as any of the wells. The family that ran it became rich and went to higher jobs or out altogether. The staff was shored up and about the time I was of age I was handling more money than I'd ever known was in the world. The amount I stole was an even thirty thousand and I got away with it. It was easier to do thirty years ago than it is today. I got away with it and then it got away with me. It lasted me a year and four months and I saw the end of it up the coast at Pernambuco.

"I date my birth from the day I spent the last dollar and woke up. I worked. Nothing was too small or too big for me to handle. I got something to risk and then I risked it. I risked it again and again. After ten years I could draw my check for thirty thousand plus interest and I did. I sent the check to the little bank back home. I waited two months for the answer and then it came; my check torn across and a short letter saying that the loss had already been met by a bankers' surety association. I wrote the association a dozen letters and some of them took some writing. In the last I offered fourfold the theft. There had been plenty of Bible in my bringing-up. They wrote back that it was no use—that I could keep on climbing in peace but it was their business to jail me for fifteen years the first chance they got and they'd do it the minute I set foot where they could grab me.

"That letter frightened me. I began to realize that what I'd been working for wasn't money, or honor, or rehabilitation but just the right to go back—the right to go back home.

"Nobody had been harder on me than my old man. For years nobody in the house was allowed to say my name and if he saw a letter from me he threw it in the fire, opened or unopened. But somehow it got to him that I had offered to pay fourfold and that I had been refused and that turned him. It was the fourfold that did it—the divine and sacred measure of justice. He started to fight for me as hard as he'd ever fought against me. And then he died and my old mother died. Letters stopped. My brothers and sisters were coming up in the world. They couldn't afford to own a thief much less fight for him. So the letters stopped.

"I spent money then. I built me a house in Pernambuco that was a wondrous palace and I started in to forget. But when you've been remembering with all your might, the color of the paper on the walls of home, the lay of the wood-pile, of the sheds and the tumbling barn and stables, the holes in the fence, the friendly limbs of apple trees and the smell of hay; when you've been coddling bare memories of simple things like those for fifteen years, you can't turn around on your inside self and forget.

"There's a flag the sight of which makes my heart come up into my throat and tears to my eyes. You



"Thou Has Been Away a Long Time."

think I mean the Stars and Stripes, but I don't. I mean the Blue Peter that flies at the balyards of big ships and says to everybody that takes the trouble to look. "We sail today! Over the tops of the houses I've seen that flag blinking in the heavens like a bit of deep blue sea wafted to a white cloud and to me it always said, 'We sail for home today.' I'd shut my eyes or close the blinds but what was the use of that? Night and day I could hear the bellows of the great horns—a blast for good-by and another for a challenge to the sea—as the big boats headed out for home."

"I couldn't stand it. I came up here And now, last night, I dreamed that I heard it in my sleep—up here. Gentlemen, a man without a country is in a bad way but a man without a home, even if it's a hovel—well—we all know the old song." He paused to master his voice. Then in a whisper that they just caught he added, "Home is the anchor of a man's soul. I want to go home."

Lieber stopped talking. The revealing silence had done its work. It had brought them close—so close that he had spoken lest they take his soul by assault. He left them and went to his own room. They saw he was an old man, beyond the years he had disclosed. They did not speak. They were nervous. Kemp made a cigarette, puffed at it once or twice and then threw it away, to roll another a moment later. His thoughts were winging away to the fork of Big and Little Creek where a three-room shack stood in the shadow of the White mountains of New Mexico. He had thought it small, miserable, cramped. But out here in the wilderness, thousands and thousands of miles away, it came back to his vision, glorified. A swelling came into his throat. He tried to cough it up. But as long as he thought of the mountain, the thickness stuck in his throat. He took from his pocket a treasured cake of tobacco and with

strong teeth tore off a generous portion. Then he rose and walked off to the corral.

Gerry sat alone. Thoughts were troubling him, too. What was he doing here? Who was this Margarita that had twined herself into his life? Was it his life? And her little boy—black-haired, black-eyed, olive-tinted—he was his boy, too. He was Gerry Lansing's son. No, not that—not Gerry Lansing's son. Gerry Lansing belonged to a time that was far away, to a hill where white houses with green blinds peered out from the darkness of domed maples, from the long shadows of up-pointing firs and from the eaves of flaring elms, the wine-cups of heaven. A sigh came quivering through all his body and escaped from his trembling lips. "I am alone," he breathed to himself.

CHAPTER XXII

Deep in South America, on the ragged fringe of the outskirts of progress, Alan Wayne was pushing a long bridge across a dried-up watercourse. He was sick, tired, disgusted. Over and over again he had gumbled to McDougal that it was a job for a mason and McDougal had patiently answered, "I'm the mason, Mr. Wayne. Do you lie by a wee and gie the fever a chance to get out of the body." But Alan stuck jealously to his job. Ten Per Cent Wayne might retire on his laurels but he could never be beaten.

Every third day the fever in his bones seized his body in a grip that could not be denied, shook it till it rattled and cast it down limp, cold and hot, teeth chattering and then clenched, and then chattering again. But on the days between Alan made up for the lapse. He became a devil hanging on the backs of his men and driving them to superhuman efforts. Terror held them. They were Italians, far from home. A wilderness stretched between them and the sea. The sea itself was none of theirs; it was but an added barrier. A madman had them in thrall. Terror drove them. It was a race to finish the bridge before he killed them. "I am going to be sick," he had told them in cold, rapid words. "I am going to be sick, but before I'm finished the bridge is finished or—I'm smiling and made a gesture with his hand to show how he would brush them all off into the dry gorge. His smile terrified more than the raised hand.

The giant gang-boss, McDougal, stood by and nodded solemn confirmation. When Alan was ill by day, McDougal left him and drove the men in his stead, but when the hour for knocking off came with the sudden eclipse of the sun by the horizon, he hurried to Alan's tent, fished him out from some corner on the floor, wrapped him in blankets, dosed him with quinine, tempted him with poor, weak broths and nursed him, unprotesting, through the night.

McDougal had followed Alan into strange lands and strange places and seen him in many a deep hole, and through it all Alan had been the same—a purring dynamo at work. He had been the same until this trip into the Brazilian wilderness, and here a change had come over him. There were times when he talked and what he said was, "No more trips for me, McDougal. I'm a consulting engineer from this on." McDougal had heard more than one man talk like that under fever and he frowned, trying to remember one of them that had ever come back.

Alan was lured, to river fever. He had fought it often, and when he saw the fetid pools of stagnant water in the dried-up watercourse he knew he would have to fight it again. Somehow, some night, a mosquito was bound to get at him, and the fever would begin. He doubled his preventive dose of quinine, but he could not double his spirits for the battle. He came to the field with a gnawing at those sources of health, a calm mind and sure sleep. Sleep did not come as of old after the day's work. Instead he tossed and twisted on his narrow cot and finally would turn on the electric torch to read two letters over and over again.

One he read with a curl of the lip. It was from a pretty woman that had fluttered into his life and out. He had forgotten her and now she had come back to buzz words in his buzzing ears. She said, "It costs a woman to learn that happiness is not really tangible. Between being fortunate and happy a gulf is fixed. I was fortunate—just not miserable—and stood on the brink of the gulf. Happiness brushed me with its wings. I reached out to catch it and the gulf took me. How long will it be before I climb back to the height that seemed not so very high when I possessed it? I don't know. . . I do not hate you—I only myself. You have known many women, but you have not known me. That is the bitter part. You do not know what I gave you. One thing I ask you and the words as I write are blurred with tears like my eyes—if ever a foolish woman, honest and true as I was, offers you the same sacrifice, do not take it. I have suffered for all the women you will meet."

"Fool," said Alan to himself, "fool, not to see that I turned her wish-washy weakness into strength and loosed a dumb tongue."

What sort of a reply do you suppose the cynic Alan wrote to this sorrowing woman? What does he deserve for his sneering attitude?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



Both contain less heat producing properties than heavy meats. Try them for summer luncheons and picnic tidbits.

Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago



COTTON
We handle cotton on consignment only and have the finest concrete warehouses with almost unlimited capacity, where your cotton will be absolutely free from all weather damage. Highest classifications and lowest interest rates on money advanced. Write us for full particulars.
GOHLMAN, LESTER & CO.
The oldest and largest exclusive cotton factors in Texas.
HOUSTON, TEXAS

Ask for and Get **SKINNER'S** THE HIGHEST QUALITY **SPAGHETTI**
36 Days Recipe Book Free
SKINNER MFG. CO., OMAHA, ILLA.
(LARGEST MANUFACTURING FACTORY IN AMERICA)

THE HIGH QUALITY SEWING MACHINE
NEW HOME
NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME
Write for free booklet "Points to be considered before purchasing a Sewing Machine." Learn the facts.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.

Field for Him.
"You don't get much expression into your portraits."
"Then you think I can't make a living at art?"
"I don't say that. You'd be just the man to design kings, queens and knaves for playing cards."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of **CASTORIA**, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the signature of **Dr. J. C. Fletcher**
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Just Once.
"Van Skian is an awful tightwad. I don't suppose he has ever been known to give a cent to charity."
"Oh, yes, he has. He gave a plugged nickel to a blind man once, but only after he had made perfectly sure that he couldn't pass it on anyone else."

There is No Art in Taking Medicine.
Just follow directions on every bottle of "Plantation" Chill Tonic and see how quickly those dreadful chills will leave you. It leaves the liver in healthy condition and yet contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

He Got It.
"Please, mother, can I have a pie of cake?"
"No, Freddie."
"Just a teeny little piece?"
"No, Freddie. You cannot have any cake at all."
"Can I have a cookie then?"
"No."
"Aw, please. Just one little cookie."
"No, Freddy. You have just had your luncheon, and you can't possibly be hungry so soon. Run away and play, and don't bother me any more."
"Don't you like to have people appreciate your cooking, mother?"

Nervous Women

Find Sure Relief in STELLA-VITÆ

Nervousness is one of the most certain signs of derangement or weakness of the female organs. Do you get "fidgety" or upset when things go wrong? Do you often feel as if your nerves were on edge? Are you depressed and irritable? You should go right to the root of the trouble and supply a tonic that will restore your feminine organs to their normal condition. Stella-Vitæ has been a godsend to thousands of nervous, worn-out, discouraged women. It is guaranteed to help you. You need risk nothing. Buy a bottle from your dealer, and if you are not benefited he will give you your money back. \$1 a bottle at your nearest dealer's.
Theas Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

Portales Herald consolidated with Portales Times March 27, 1913. Portales Valley News purchased Portales Herald-Times Sept. 12, 1916.

W. H. BRALEY, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR

Entered as second-class mail matter November 14, 1912, at the post office at Portales, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

DEMOCRATIC IN THINGS POLITICAL

Published weekly at Portales, New Mexico, and devoted to the interests of the greatest country on earth, the Portales Valley and Roosevelt County, New Mexico.

ADVERTISING RATES
Display Advertising, per inch 15 cents
For Local Readers, one insertion, per line 10 cents
Want Ads in Want Column, one insertion, per word 1 cent

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR



In Darkest Socorro

There is a legal subdivision of the state of New Mexico known as Socorro county, the capital of which is Socorro which, in the good year of our Lord, 1916, was ruled over by one Holm O. Bursum, he that before statehood was granted to the territory of New Mexico, was governor of the territorial bastille at Santa Fe. This county of Socorro is an absolute despotism, the laws of the state and of the nation are not applicable to that particular portion of the state, but justice is dispensed by a dictator from whose mandates there is no appeal. The Republican press and the Republican state central committee have continuously wailed a tale of woe because of the fact that no decent Democratic newspaper would sell its space and its honor for the purpose of libeling Governor William C. McDonald and falsifying the record of the present administration of the state. There has been a great roar gone up from the dictator of Socorro which has also been taken up and passed along by his henchmen and ally, Whispering Gillenwater, and his committee, because they are debarred from the free and untrammelled use of the Democratic press for the dissemination of their falsehoods and their spurious records, to the exclusion of the record as it is, and one would, naturally, be led to the opinion that in the bailiwick where Mr. Bursum presides over the destinies of its subjects, such things would not be permitted. That a spirit of absolute fairness would prevail; that all parties would be given an opportunity to present their side of the case in the coming campaign. How different are the facts. Last week a poor bill poster, who relies for the support of himself and family, upon the meagre income derived from the posting of bills on a few bill boards he had within the city of Socorro. He accepted a proposition from the state Democratic committee to post some of the bills sent out by that committee and did post them on the boards referred to. Immediately he was waited upon and the edict of the mayor, Mr. Bursum, was read to him, which, among other things, notified him that unless that poster was covered up before noon of that day his license would be revoked and he would never be allowed to post another bill within the confines of Mr. Bursum's domain, Socorro county. It also happened that there was a picture show and a pool hall owned and operated by the same man who, in the course of his business, run advertising slides during the entertainments at the show. This man was also employed to run some of the slides sent out by the Democratic committee and, at the first performance, he was also waited upon by the royal messenger of the mayor, Mr. Bursum, and notified that unless he immediately discontinued the showing of those slides his license for both the picture show and the pool hall would be revoked and he would never be allowed to conduct either within the territory ruled over by Bursum. It also happens that Portales has a picture show, the proprietor of which is a Republican, and he, also runs slides for advertisers. There is, at this time, to be seen at the picture show here a series of slides sent out by the Republicans that are both libelous and unfair. They are a series of misrepresentation and falsehood, devoid of truth and contrary to the known record, yet the Democratic mayor of Portales, nor his Democratic council presided over by him, have waited upon the proprietor of this picture show and threatened him with a revocation of his license, or otherwise intimidated him, in order to compel the discontinuance of these slides, and Portales is intensely Democratic. There is no Bursum to rule Portales, such a despotism would not be permitted here. If the proprietor of this picture show is willing, for a few dollars, to disseminate falsehood and misrepresentation to his patrons, that is a matter between him and his own conscience and, while it may be poor business, yet it is his own affair and he will not be molested in the conduct of his business by the Democrats whom his pictures libel. Will Mr. Bursum, in his speech at Portales, Saturday, tell the people of Roosevelt county how it comes that his subjects in Socorro county are thus deprived of their liberties and denied the privilege of making a living within his town and county unless they observe unswerving loyalty to him in all matters political? Will he tell them how it happens that in Democratic Roosevelt county no such high proceedings may be had, and that only in Republican strongholds are the people held in vassalage by professional politicians? Ask him these questions when he visits Portales and hear what he will say about them.

The Truth Unwittingly

Last week's New Mexico State Record unwittingly tells the truth about the Portales Valley News. In an article which is criticizing the Roswell Record for refusing to give space to the Republican libels, it quotes this paper as being one that unhesitatingly tells the truth; as one that is not afraid of having all the facts of the present campaign laid on the table that every voter in the state may know whom he is voting for; what his past record in office has been and what he may be expected to stand for in the event of his election to office. This is the truth, but the News scarcely expected the Record to acknowledge it. This seeming frankness on the part of the Santa Fe publication was something of a surprise and must have been published under the illusion that the News was one of those cheap little sheets that knows no policy above the dollar mark. That any sort of lie or libel will be gratefully received so long as it is accompanied by the usual publication fee. It has not heretofore boasted of its loyalty to principle for the reason it has not deemed it fitting to make its principles a matter of vulgar advertisement. It seeks no commendation for turning down the character of stuff sent out by the Republican state committee. The News would not have rejected any matter sent for publication that was not libelous, or contrary to known facts and the record. This paper will not, and cannot, in justice to itself and to its readers, give space to matters that are false on their face. The few dollars that might be derived from a policy of a political brigandage would be but a poor recompense for dishonor and disloyalty and no newspaper that has any regard for either will prostitute its columns to dollar politics. It is a matter of congratulation that not many Democratic journals, and no honest Republican papers are making themselves participants criminis in the systematic libeling of Governor McDonald and his official acts.

Democratic Ticket

Election to be held Tuesday, November 7th, 1916

- President Woodrow Wilson
Vice President Thomas R. Marshall
Elector James N. Upton
Elector Felix Garcia
Elector Jose G. Chavez
U. S. Senator A. A. Jones
Congress William B. Walton
Governor E. C. De Baca
Lieutenant-Governor W. C. McDonald
Secretary of State Antonio Lucero
Treasurer H. L. Hall
Corporation Com. Bonifacio Montoya
Attorney-General Harry L. Patton
Supt. Public Inst. J. L. G. Swinney
Com. Public Lands G. A. Davison
Auditor M. A. Otero
Associate Justice N. B. Field

County Nominees

- State Senator R. G. Bryant
Representative G. W. Stroud
District Attorney R. C. Dow
Recorder S. A. Morrison
Treasurer J. W. Ballou
Sheriff A. L. Gregg
Assessor Burl Johnson
Supt. Schools S. J. Stinnett
Probate Judge J. C. Compton
Surveyor J. R. Darnell
Commissioner, Prec. 1 J. S. Pearce
Commissioner, Prec. 2 Ed Wall
Commissioner, Prec. 3 J. G. Tyson

By Their Counties Ye Shall Know Them

The best and most logical evidence of a man's fitness for public office is his record in public office. The best criterion of a man's fitness for state office is his record in county office.

The best criterion of a man's fitness to be put in control of state affairs is the record of his control of county affairs.

The best test of the fitness of a man to govern or represent the people of a whole state, or look after their interests in the United States senate is the record of how he looked after the interests of the people of his community.

The best test of the fitness of a man to take charge of the public moneys of a commonwealth is the record of the management of public finances in a county and community dominated and controlled by that man.

The record of H. O. Bursum, Republican candidate for governor, as boss of Socorro county and mayor of the city of Socorro is well known.

The record of county administration in Socorro county as under H. O. Bursum's dictatorship as disclosed by a report of the assistant traveling auditor to the governor is familiar to the people of the state.

The record of the wild animal bounty; of missing license fees; of the kiting of county funds; the record of the Morris chairs bought by county funds for county officers homes; the record of the car of cement that dissolved into thin air; the record of Mr. Bursum's road building exploits; the record of eight barren years of H. O. Bursum as mayor of Socorro—all this is on file.

The record in Bernalillo county when that county was under the dictatorship of Frank A. Hubbell is well known. The record of the padded school visit bills; the record of the grand jury which declared the evidence indicated that \$13,000 had been filched from the school children of Bernalillo county; the record of the political courts, of the selection of juries, of the rotten elections, of the Hubbell primaries of the community terrorism, of the neglected roads, of the feeding of the prisoners, of the Sunday law violations, of the gambling law violations, of the violations of the Bateman law; the record of the dilapidated school houses, of the "assessment cinch" and all the other things which prevailed, may be found in the official files, in the archives of the courts, in the charges of prosecutors or the files of the daily papers of Bernalillo county. This record, made when Frank

A. Hubbell was the supreme boss in Bernalillo county, is known from one corner of the state of New Mexico to the other.

This record of county administration in McKinley county under the supreme dictatorship of Gregory Page, Republican candidate for state treasurer, who has made Gallup one of the best known whiskey distributors in the southwest, is likewise well known. The political and official methods which have prevailed in McKinley county under the Page bossism are startlingly similar to those in Socorro and Bernalillo counties under the bossism of H. O. Bursum and Francisco A. Hubbell. No further comment on the financial methods which prevailed in McKinley county affairs is needed than the following extract from the audit of the affairs of Gallup made public in the Taxpayers' Review:

"Not only were the town funds consistently overdrawn, bills incurred with no prospect of lawful payment, revenues largely allowed to go uncollected and the funds embezzled, but the large cash overdrafts of the bank reached such a point that a town warrant even when issued could not be cashed. In this emergency the clerk retained cash receipts amounting to \$1,950.27 and paid therewith the laborers and town officials in violation of section 1228 of the statutes and, so far as the record discloses, without authority of the town board."

The New Mexican does not believe, in view of the conditions in three important counties of the state while under the complete political domination of these three men, that the people of New Mexico are going to elevate them to important and responsible state offices.

The New Mexican does not believe, in view of the record for efficiency and economy in Socorro county offices under the reign of H. O. Bursum, that the business men of New Mexico want a man of that stripe in the governor's chair.

The New Mexican does not believe, in view of the record for efficiency and economy of the administration of Bernalillo county under the reign of Frank Hubbell, that the business men of New Mexico want a man of his stripe to represent the important interests of this state in the United States senate.

The New Mexican does not believe, in view of the record of management of public business in McKinley county under the reign of Gregory Page, that the business men of New Mexico want a man of his stripe to take charge of the finances of the state.

We submit that the case is clear and logical.

These three men have been all powerful, each in his own county.

Each had an opportunity to demonstrate by his rule of his own county, his fitness for larger trust and responsibility.

How they stood the test is a matter of public record, a matter of public knowledge. Their county records are undenied. They are indefensible and undefended. This campaign presents the remarkable spectacle of campaign managers who are silent on the official records of their candidates, the only credentials which can properly be considered when they come before the people seeking honor and preferment.

The county records of County Bosses H. O. Bursum, Frank A. Hubbell and Gregory Page disqualify them for the office which they seek.

The Legislature

The defeat of the Republican candidate for United States senator is a "cinch." It will be the easiest thing of the campaign.

The defeat of the candidate for governor will not be so easy,

owing to the power and the cunning of the Republican machine, and the shrewdness of Mr. Bursum, with his carefully cultivated pose of the rugged, honest frontiersman and friend of the people, a pose giving the lie by every official act of his record, his affiliations with the corporations and his years of close connections with the evil political influences of New Mexico.

The defeat of men like Malaquias Martinez and Gregory Page by overwhelming majorities cannot be questioned without inferentially questioning the political decency and intelligence of every voter in the state.

The crux of the situation, however, it must always be born in mind, is the legislature. The honest Republicans, the independents, the Progressives, the Democrats and the plain every day average voters in every county in the state are urged to keep this in mind every minute of the campaign. It is Republican legislatures which have been the curse of this state, the drag on progress, the brakes on prosperity; which have made the laws and constitution a laughing stock, which have burdened the people with taxes that wealthy corporations might escape, which have thrown out elected members which have passed laws for the relief of crooked Republican office holders, which have whitewashed and protected looters of the public treasury, which have legislated to permit the robbery of the school funds, which have defied public sentiment, sneered at the public interest, which have made the "jimmy" famous, which have abrogated the franchise, which have passed unconstitutional laws to insult and humiliate honest executives, which have done everything conceivable to damage the reputation of the state abroad and held back its development and growth at home.

The last election showed the handicap under which a straight governor must labor with a crooked legislature on his hands. The record of the past legislature showed that the ring is prepared to go as far as ever in defiance of decency and law in the hall of representatives and the senate chamber. It drove home in the people the fact that if the taxpayers are to have relief, if we are to get laws in the interest of the average citizen, if the state is to have a chance to develop, if there is to be a square deal for the 350,000 residents of this state, the legislature must be wrested from the control of the men who made the record of rottenness two years ago.

Find out where your candidates for legislature stand. Find if they are owned by the Hubbell-Bursum outfit. Find out if they will be "houn' dawgs" to the bosses. Find out if they will go to the legislature for you or for the Republican organization. Find out these candidates and vote accordingly. Get out and work and talk every day for the men whom you can trust to make your laws, for the men who don't wear the halter, for the men who have some ideas of representing their constituents. —Santa Fe New Mexican September 21, 1916.

The Man of Promises

As a campaign promiser H. O. Bursum is in a class by himself.

During campaign after campaign in this state and territory Mr. Bursum has been flooding New Mexico with promises. He has promised roads and bridges and buildings, dams and reservoirs, drainage and reclamation, irrigation and sanitation, reformation and appropriation, beneficent laws enough to make a Utopia out of the commonwealth, reduced taxation, curbed corporations, relief for the toiler, prosperity for the farmer and rancher, money in

the bank for everybody, peace and contentment and happiness, world without end, amen.

Mr. Bursum is still promising. On another page you will find what the county of San Juan thinks of Mr. Bursum and his promises.

It isn't because Mr. Bursum hasn't been able to deliver the goods. Mr. Bursum has come nearer being absolute boss of the New Mexico legislature than any other one man, with the possible exception of Charles Springer. The bossism of these two celebrated members of the third house, however, doesn't generally come into conflict. It has always been bossism for the benefit and in the interest of the corporations and the Republican office grabbing ring. Mr. Bursum has been in a position generally to make legislatures do just about what he wanted. But he has never used his influence for the purpose of redeeming any of his glittering and innumerable promises.

Mr. Bursum's road promises, as pointed out by the Farmington Times-Hustler are among his most familiar. There are others still fresh in our minds.

Mr. Bursum promised taxation reform previous to the last legislature. He then assisted the legislature in turning down a taxation reform bill, a splendid, up-to-date, effective law drafted and introduced by Republicans, and secured the passage of a law which is not workable and never was intended to be workable. A law was passed with Mr. Bursum's active assistance for the taxation of mine corporations which is practically a law for the benefit of mine corporations.

Mr. Bursum promises, but he never performs.

During the campaign he promises every conceivable measure for the relief of the taxpayers; when Mr. Bursum's legislature convenes it tells the taxpayers to be damned!

Mr. Bursum can get what he wants from his legislature when he wants it.

If Mr. Bursum wants a special law to whitewash his penitentiary record he can get it.

If Mr. Hubbell wants a law to enable him to get pay for school visits 400 days in the year, he can get it from Mr. Bursum's legislature.

If Mr. Bursum wants a Hawkins bill to oppress the railroad man, he can get it.

If Mr. Bursum's legislature wants to throw out regularly elected members, rob the voters of the franchise and elect its own members, Mr. Bursum doesn't stand in the way.

But when the people demand the fulfillment of Mr. Bursum's promises from Mr. Bursum's legislature—they DON'T get it!

For twenty years during state campaigns, Mr. Bursum has been going up and down the length and breadth of New Mexico making promises.

For twenty years during sessions of Mr. Bursum's legislature he has never delivered the goods.

Aren't you getting about enough of Mr. Bursum and his promises?—Santa Fe New Mexican, September 25, 1916.

FOR RENT—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at this office.

Wanted to trade for cows, one good horse and buggy, see U. N. Hall, drayman

FOR SALE or TRADE—Eighty acres in Fisher county, Texas, will trade for good milk or stock cows. Enquire at this office.

WANTED: District agent wanted to sell life, accident and health insurance combined in one policy. We can make exceedingly attractive offer to right man. Whole or part of time. Apply, Occidental Life Insurance Co., Albuquerque, New Mexico. 46-4t

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Portales Mill and Elevator Company

Is in the market for all kinds of first class grain. Have easy method to unload. Get our prices before selling. PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 4, 1916. Notice is hereby given that C. Evelyn Fort...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office at Ft. Sumner, New Mexico, Sept. 14, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Cornelius M. Doherty...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, New Mexico, August 27, 1916. Notice is hereby given that James R. Dutton...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 3, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Lee Lottin of Bruce...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 3, 1916. Notice is hereby given that James F. Maxwell...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., August 30, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Ruby A. Brewer...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., August 30, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Hazel Hamilton...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 6, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Lewis A. Little...

Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 4, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Hazel Hamilton...

Notice to Public

I, as city health officer, will come to each place of business, and residence and remove trash, tin cans, and weeds, if you don't take time and do this yourselves...

Notice of Contest

F. S. 07106, Roa. 02842, Cont. 2566 Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., September 18, 1916.

Notice of Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., September 18, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Ulysses S. Markland...

Notice of Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 18, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Alice A. Pew...

Notice of Contest

F. S. 0621 Cont. 241 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Fort Sumner, N. M., Sept. 25, 1916.

Notice of Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 16, 1916. Notice is hereby given that John C. Garner...

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Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Ft. Sumner, N. M., Sept. 14, 1916. Notice is hereby given that Lawrence H. Randolph...

Notice of Foreclosure Sale

Whereas, on the 19th day of August, 1916, in case No. 1294 pending in the district court of Roosevelt county, New Mexico...

Notice of Contest

F. S. 0621 Cont. 241 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Fort Sumner, N. M., Sept. 25, 1916.

Notice of Contest

F. S. 0621 Cont. 241 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Fort Sumner, N. M., Sept. 25, 1916.

Notice of Contest

F. S. 0621 Cont. 241 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Fort Sumner, N. M., Sept. 25, 1916.

Notice of Contest

F. S. 0621 Cont. 241 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Fort Sumner, N. M., Sept. 25, 1916.

Honorable Holm O. Bursum TAX EXPERT ON OTHER PEOPLE'S TAXES

In 1915 the New Mexico legislature passed what is known as the Bursum Tax Law. Mr. Bursum was not a member of either house, but it was his legislature and his idea, so the law was named for him.

Mr. Bursum is quite an expert when it comes to drafting laws and making suggestions to get other people to pay their taxes. Here is how expert he is in paying his own taxes:

The tax books of Socorro county show that during the nine years from 1907 to 1915, inclusive, taxes amounting to \$5,199.77 were assessed against Holm O. Bursum personally.

Of that amount, up to September 7, 1916, Holm O. Bursum had paid just \$88.26.

Table with 2 columns: Year and Taxes Assessed/Amount Paid. 1907, Taxes Assessed, \$722.01; amount paid, Nothing. 1908, Taxes Assessed, 715.18; amount paid, Nothing. 1909, Taxes Assessed, 742.37; amount paid, Nothing. 1910, Taxes Assessed, 686.53; amount paid, Nothing. 1911, Taxes Assessed, 651.57; amount paid, Nothing. 1912, Taxes Assessed, 569.09; amount paid, Nothing. 1913, Taxes Assessed, 904.57; amount paid, Nothing. 1914, Taxes Assessed, 88.26; amount paid, \$88.26. 1915, Taxes Assessed, 93.19; amount paid, Nothing.

Now, to be fair to Mr. Bursum, it was over a month ago that these figures were obtained. He may have paid up his back taxes since that time. Being an expert on taxation, let's hope that he has. But up to September 7, 1916, Mr. Bursum, expert on taxation, had, according to the books of Socorro county, paid only \$88.26 of a total amount of \$5,199.77 assessed against him in a period of nine years.

And not until Max Montoya, a Democrat, was elected Treasurer of Socorro county, was Mr. Bursum's property even advertised for sale for taxes.

Mr. Bursum is posing before the voters of New Mexico as a road builder and an expert on taxation. Is he running on his record, or away from it?

...Monuments...

Agent for Sweetwater Marble works, Bills Brothers and Jones-Rapp Monument companies. Glad to show samples.

...Inda Humphrey...

You Are Next to the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and the most up-to-date hair cut you ever got when you get in one of the chairs at The Sanitary Barber Shop

DR. W. L. JOHNSON, Office at the Nash boarding house Portales, New Mexico

Mr. Bursum will speak here Saturday. Ask him why he is so insistent on other people's taxes and so lax about paying his own.

(Advertisement in Albuquerque Morning Journal)

The Blind Man

By H. M. EGBERT

(Copyright, 1914, by W. G. Chapman.)

The lonely blind man came slowly along the passage of his big house, thumping his cane. At the door of the parlor he stopped, hearing voices.

The voices ceased. A charming woman came forward and gave the blind man her arm.

"Are you coming in to tea, dear?" she asked.

Charles Hawley, the blind man, gripped her arm tightly. "Who is with you?" he asked.

"Only Lionel," answered his wife. "I don't think—yes, I'll come in and see Lionel," said the blind man.

Lionel Graves had been Hawley's best man at his wedding eight years before. Both were prosperous architects, members of the same firm. Then Hawley had suddenly gone blind. The attack came on him without any warning as he sat at his desk one day. By the time he reached home he lived in a world of darkness.

There was no organic trouble that the specialists could discover. His light had simply gone out. They pronounced it to be atrophy of the optic nerves, and incurable.

Charles Hawley gave up his work and withdrew into the seclusion of his home. He had plenty of money, he had a charming wife, but the light was gone out of his life as well as out of his eyes. His little daughter, their only child, had died the year before. Life now seemed utterly purposeless.

At first he thought that he would break down under the strain. He grew nervous and despondent. He



Looked With Amazement Upon the Gaunt, Haggard Man.

hired a man to read to him and accompany him abroad, and then he blamed Letty for allowing the care of him to fall into the hands of the attendant. In his increasing suspicion he believed that his wife found him a nuisance. He suspected her of caring for Lionel, his best friend.

As the blind man's eyes closed, his ears opened. He heard every sound in the house, conversations on other flights; he fancied that Lionel was constantly there unknown to him. Gradually his wife and he became estranged. Letty was too proud to question him and withdrew into herself also.

No matters went on for several years. They hardly met now, and Letty's rare approaches were received by Charles with coldness.

"I believe you can be cured," Doctor Abergavenny, the specialist, put down the flash mirror and spoke. Hawley looked at him with his blind eyes.

"The trouble is," said Abergavenny, "the optic nerve has ceased to function. But it is intact. There is no atrophy. I think the whole question resolves itself into a case of stimulating it. A few electrical treatments should restore the tone. Then, if your sight returns, it will return completely. I had such a case last month and the treatment proved a success."

"When shall I come to you for treatment?" inquired Hawley. "I can come to your house."

"No, I prefer to come to you," said Hawley.

"Then let us begin right away," the doctor answered.

After an hour's treatment the blind man was as hopelessly blind as before. He returned daily and the treatments had no result whatever. He grew discouraged.

"When the sight returns it will come like a flash," said the specialist. "I can see an improvement. You may suddenly see—"

"Or I may never see?"

"The oculist admitted that. 'There is no use continuing the applications,' he said. 'If the sight does not come back you might try another course in six months' time. But, frankly, I don't understand why your sight has not come back of its own accord.'"

Hawley knew that the specialist

tactfully admitted failure. He paid him five hundred dollars and went home. And now he began to pray for the gift of sight.

He wanted to look for one moment upon his wife's face when she was with Lionel Graves. For that privilege he felt that he would give ten years of his life. Either he had bitterly wronged her or he, was deeply wronged.

Lionel continued to be their visitor. He and Letty were alone a good deal. Hawley did not know how much. Sometimes he fancied that he passed a waiting figure in the hall, or on the stairs. He read guilt into his wife's voice, he wondered where she went when she was out of the house. He grew more and more irritable, and at last dismissed his attendant, declining his wife's offers of assistance. He was completely cut off from the world. He read nothing. He lived like a hermit in an upper room of his big house.

III.

Charles Hawley saw! He awoke one morning to discover that vision had come back to him completely. He sprang out of bed and ran to the mirror. He looked with amazement upon the gaunt, haggard man, with lined face and graying hairs who stared at him out of the mirror.

His first impulse of joy was to tell his wife. His second was to restrain that motive. He felt that at last his chance had come.

He made his way downstairs, tapping with his cane as usual. He saw his wife for the first time in years. He noticed that she, too, seemed to have aged.

"Dear, I am thinking of going out for the afternoon," she said to him. He nodded as if he did not see her, though his eyes scanned her face.

"I have some shopping that must be done," she continued. "Is there anything I can do for you?"

"Nothing," he answered. From his window upstairs he watched her leave the house after luncheon. As soon as she was in the street he slipped on his overcoat and put on his hat. He followed her. Ashamed and yet determined to probe her acts, he dogged her footsteps on the opposite side of the street.

She hired a taxicab and he took another, ordering it to drive in pursuit. As he had suspected, it stopped at Graves' house. Letty went in.

Charles Hawley waited in the door of a big apartment house opposite. He never took his eyes from the door till Letty and Graves came out.

They walked for blocks, and always the man who had been blind followed them. They were approaching a suburban district and it was beginning to grow cloudy. Hawley wondered why they still walked on together.

They turned into a little yard that led toward a church. On one side was the building, on the other the graveyard. It was an old parish church which had stood there for nearly a hundred years—since the days when the metropolis was only a distant blur on the skyline, and this an independent village.

Hawley remembered what was familiar about this church. He had been married here. And—his child had been buried here. It was only a few years before, but the time that had passed seemed then seemed infinite.

They were approaching the grave of the child. Hawley clenched his fists. Anywhere but there, he thought, if they had gone anywhere but there. They were so absorbed in their conversation that they did not hear him approaching; nor might they have recognized him in the shabby, muffled man who glided into the doorway behind them.

Hawley's sharp ears could now hear their conversation. "She was all that united us," Letty was saying.

"It was good of you to bring me here. I appreciate your confidence and understand how much it means to you," said Lionel.

"If only Charles could understand what he means to me. I have tried so hard to regain his love, and it means nothing at all to him. While our little girl lived he cared for me; but since she died and he has become blind he cares for no one. And I would give my whole heart to comfort him."

"Yes," said Lionel. "I don't know what can be done—except to wait and hope."

"I ought not to have told you this," went on Letty. "I should never have told anyone but you, and that only because you are his only friend."

"Was," said the other. "I have felt that I hold that friendship no longer."

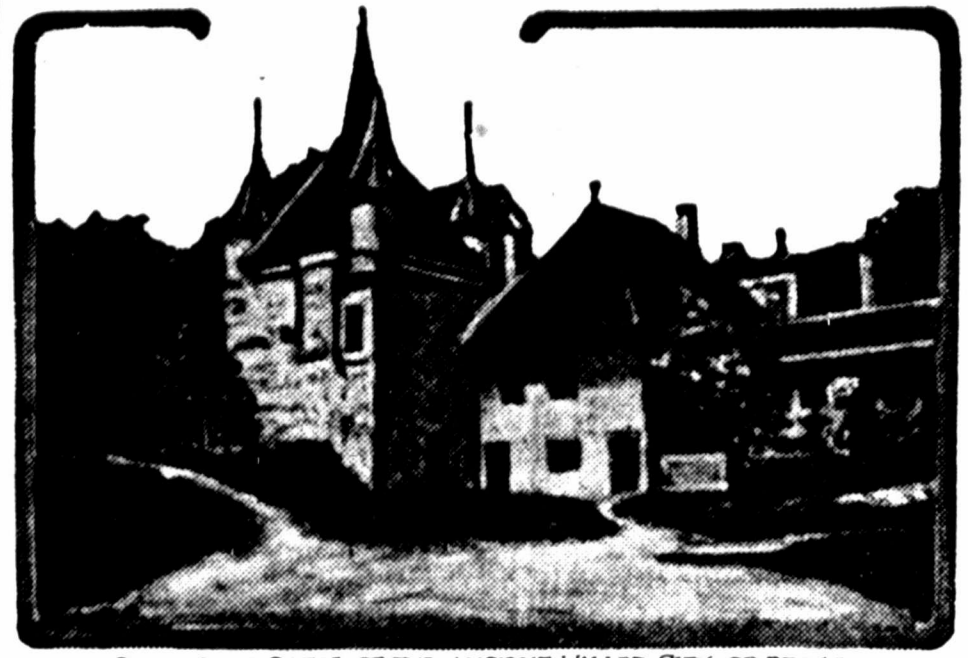
Letty turned her eyes on him; and suddenly Hawley, with bursting heart, realized that neither of them understood the suspicions that had been in his heart. He had been blind—blind, not only with his physical but with his moral faculties.

He stepped out from the porch. They turned and stood amazed at his appearance. Charles drew his wife to his heart.

Japs as Sugar Barons.

The sugar production of Formosa has risen since the island was taken over by the Japanese in 1895 from 75,000 to 350,000 tons annually. Millions of dollars have been invested by Japanese in sugar mills in Formosa, and the war has further stimulated the trade in sugar there. According to the Manchuria Daily News, 31,000 tons of Formosa sugar are to be sent to Australia, 3,000 tons to Hongkong, 15,000 tons to Canada, and 25,000 tons to India, China, Manchuria and Korea.

In Transylvania



ONE OF THE GATES OF THE ANCIENT WALLED CITY OF BRASSO

ALL NATIONS of the world have their eyes fixed on the colossal struggle which is shaking civilization to its very foundations, but by none is it watched with more breathless eagerness than by that province on the western side of the Carpathians which is cut off from its kindred and bound by fetters of iron into a sheaf of alien races, Magyar, Slav, Bosnian, Croatian, Teuton—with his fellow-subjects of Kaiser Franz Josef the Latin inhabitant of Transylvania has absolutely no sympathy. On the contrary, he detests them, one and all, though he reserves his deadliest hatred for his hard taskmaster, the Hungarian. But with the Roumanian on the farther side of the Transylvanian Alps he has all things in common, blood, language, descent, Roumanian, the Roman's land; Transylvania, that part of the Roman's land which lies beyond the forests. And that part which lies beyond the forests looks with unspeakable longing for the deliverance which the Hapsburg's overthrow will bring, for that victory which will reunite her to her kin, writes J. M. Dodginton in Country Life.

It is an interesting land, that which lies beyond the forests, and there is, perhaps, no quarter town in Europe than its ancient capital, Kolozsvar. Embosomed in trees, its ancient houses straggle over several hills, its two rippling rivers are crossed by picturesque covered wooden bridges which rival those of Lucerne and Florence. Its narrow, unpaved streets are lighted by electricity, but sanitation, in each and all of its branches, is totally ignored, and in its main thoroughfares, beside the lines of the electric tramway, run open sewers. These discharge themselves into the two rivers. I may add that the visitor has a not altogether agreeable sensation when he observes the brown-skinned washerwomen pounding his linen on the banks of the said streams and subsequently rinsing it in their turbid waters!

In these narrow, unpaved streets there are many lofty and spacious mansions, tenanted by the haute aristocratic of the country. Like the palazzi of Florence and of Rome, the ground floors of these are entirely occupied by shops. On the first floor, the piano nobile, lives the owner (if sufficiently well off to afford such lodgments). The upper floors are let to tenants of many degrees, whose station varies in inverse proportion to their altitude. If the owner of the mansion is a poor man, he himself "goes up higher."

Standing solitary on a hill outside the town is a whitewashed fortress from which one has a superb view over hill and dale, over forest and river, away and away to the far blue line of the Carpathians. Kolozsvar also possesses a fine public park, under whose fragrant lime trees a magnificent Tzigany band discourses wildest music.

Market Day in Kolozsvar.

But the greatest charm of the little town (it has a population of but a bare 20,000 souls) is its market day. Then, under the largest and most gorgeously colored umbrellas in Europe (I should imagine) do groups of the most picturesquely attired countrywomen assemble, surrounded by piles of the most delightful fruit and vegetables, downy peaches, crimson plums, luscious grapes—purple, yellow and white—rosy apples, blue-black figs, blood red pomegranates, gigantic melons and cucumbers, huge red peppers, produce of garden and orchard of every color and form, and all framed in garlands of roses of every imaginable hue. Present everywhere, roaming and rooting among the stalls, are flocks of long-necked geese and herds of the peculiarly hideous swine of the country whose happiest hunting grounds are the Transylvanian forests.

Most beautiful forests they are which clothe the foothills, magnificent oaks and beeches, with here and there a clump of silver birches or an avenue of stately pines. At rare intervals comes a clearing in which nestles a little cluster of mud huts backed by a miniature village church. The small fields which surround the tiny hamlets are carpeted with wild flowers, Campions and poppies of immense size and most brilliant coloring, orchids of many varieties, cornflowers—blue, purple and amethyst—wild roses of a vivid pink and with thornless stems, yellow snapdragons, delicate harebells and fragrant pinks—there is no end to the variety of blossom.

The air is exhilarating as champagne; though the heat in summertime is very great during the noontide hours, at sundown a refreshingly cool breeze invariably springs up and a heavy dew begins to fall. It is a most delightful experience to roam then through the beautiful forest, listening to the tinkle of the bells as the herds of sheep, cattle, pigs, buffaloes wander down the magnificent aisles, to the flute of the shepherd and the horn of the guardian of the swine. Equally pleasing it is, during the heat of the day, to spend long hours of dolce far niente on a springy bed of wild thyme by the side of a brawling streamlet—I may add that for the inveterate angler it is an even more enjoyable experience to extract from its dark pools and alluring stickles many a lusty trout. For almost all of these forest "burns" abound in fish—not very large. It is true, but vigorous fighters, giving excellent sport.

Big Landowners the Rule.

There are very few tenant farmers in the country; immensely big landowners are the rule, and these, with the aid of a host of bailiffs, manage their own estates. They devote each farm to some special object; one, for instance, is the ox farm, another the sheep farm, a third is set aside for horses, a fourth for donkeys, another for poultry, another for pigs, and yet another is the dairy farm. It is, by the way, rather a curious fact that cows' milk is despised by all, rich man and peasant alike. It is looked upon as only fit for pigs and calves, or to be mixed with other milk in the making of cheese. Only buffalo milk is considered fit for human consumption; this is, however, to an English palate, far too rich, both in quality and flavor.

Outside almost every village in Transylvania is the gypsy quarter. Outside it, not in it, for the despised Tzigany is never allowed to dwell among the villagers or to mix with them on equal terms. He is the basket-maker, occasionally the brickmaker, of the neighborhood—but always and everywhere he is the music-maker. The gypsies are the orchestra of every town and village, at every festa they play untrillingly, hour after hour, while the peasants dance. Men and women alike are dowered with the gift of music, and the wild Czardas crashed out by a Tzigany band makes even the cool blood of a Northerner tingle in his veins.

But fiddling is not the gypsy's only accomplishment; he is also a most expert thief. In fact, a legend of the country says that when a Tzigany baby makes its entrance into this vale of tears it is laid on its back upon the ground, while a purse is placed on its right side and a fiddle on its left. According to the direction in which it first extends a tiny fist its profession in life is determined!

A fair, fair land that "beyond the forests"—a more than interesting people, varying infinitely in rank, in character, in customs, even in beliefs, but united in one overpowering longing: to free their necks from the Magyar yoke, and to be reunited with their kindred on the farther side of the Transylvanian Alps.

American Hardware the Best.

American-made hammers lead the world not only in quality and workmanship but in price, the adz eye feature being typical of hammers made in this country and adding much to their practicability. American hardware manufacturers can compete with all their lines in most foreign markets, but can only hope to obtain control of them by sending into those fields capable and experienced representatives, whose duty it should be to demonstrate to both dealer and the workman the superiority of their tools. A shortage of hardware supplies exists all over the world. Wherever people sow and reap, mine, lumber, construct or build, there are markets for American hardware and this is especially true at present in Latin America, China, Russia, Australia and South Africa. Co-operation in selling to foreign markets is especially necessary in this line, owing to the expense of opening territory. —Leslie's.

Plain Talk.

Helress—I like you very much, Mr. Ardup, but I cannot marry you. Ardup (picking up his hat)—I will be equally frank with you, Miss Bullion. I don't like you at all, but I would marry you in a minute. I am more self-sacrificing than you are. Good evening.

CALOMEL IS MERCURY, IT SICKENS! STOP USING SALIVATING DRUG

Don't Lose a Day's Work! If Your Liver Is Sluggish or Bowels Constipated Take "Dodson's Liver Tone."—It's Fine!

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick, you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your

sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children! Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

When Hogan Telephoned.

Hogan, the elder, was doing useful work in the stables, since most of the younger men in the nearby little market town had enlisted.

One day he was sent by his employer to telephone to a dealer for various loads of hay, straw and oats. After many struggles with that terrible instrument which is supposed to save time, he got into communication with the dealers at last.

"I say, we're waitin' fer that last order fer hay, straw and oats. We want it at once. Hay, straw and oats."

Back came the answer: "Very good. But who's it for?" "Arr, now. Would ye try to be funny with an old man what's doing his bit? It's fer the horses av course."—London Mail.

BABY'S ITCHING SKIN

Quickly Soothed and Healed by Cuticura. Trial Free.

Bathe with hot water and Cuticura Soap. If there is any irritation anoint gently with Cuticura Ointment on end of finger. Refreshing slumber for restless, fretful babies usually follows the use of these super-creamy emollients. They are a boon to tired mothers.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

His Regiment.

"Regiments! Regiments!" said Prof. Hilary McMastels before the Harvard Medical school.

"There are too many nonsensical regimens, young gentlemen. I prefer the regimen of Mark Twain to all such rubbish."

"Mark had a very strict regimen, you know. He never smoked but one cigar at a time, and never smoked while sleeping. He never ate meat except with his meals, and he never drank except at meals and between meals. His father took a drug store for a bad debt in Mark's boyhood, and among the stores were nine barrels of cod liver oil. These lasted Mark seven years. The rest of the family had to get along with the ipecac and nuxvomica, Mark being the pet. He was, in fact, the first oil trust. He got it all."

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price \$1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

Effective.

"I was awakened last night by a peculiar rapping sound, and when I went downstairs I found a burglar about to walk off with my silver."

"What was the rapping sound that aroused you?" "My watchdog was lying under the dining room table, wagging his tail at the burglar."

If Only.

President Wilson said one day, during his Princeton presidency, to an athlete who had flunked:

"My, boy, it's too bad you do so wretchedly in the lecture room and so well on the gridiron! Ah, my boy, my boy, if people only hopped up and cheered us when we quote Greek the same as they do when we score touchdowns, eh?"

King George's Collection.

King George of England is making a collection which may some day prove very valuable. It is a complete set of the trench periodicals that are being issued for private circulation by the men at the various fronts. Many of them are extremely curious.

Intimidated.

Aunt—Why didn't you scream when he kissed you?

Niece—He threatened me.

Aunt—Threatened you?

Niece—Yes; he said if I did he'd never kiss me again.

Respite.

"Poor Mr. Grimes next door is laid up with rheumatism."

"That so? I thought it was funny I hadn't heard that darned old player piano of his for the last three or four days."

Natural Surmise.

"Dear me! What is that awful noise? Is it a new freak auto horn?"

"No, I think it is Clarise Cashley's new sport skirt."

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS

"Femmina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price \$1.00 and 50c. Adv.

WHEN FOES MEET IN AIR

German Lieutenant Tells of Engagement in Which French Aviators Lost Their Lives.

"One afternoon a French flyer appeared," says a German lieutenant "It circled over Douaumont and then rose high above the clouds. For a long time it seemed to be just hanging in the air. And then—from our side there arose a buzzing, a fierce sharp buzzing, and it made straight like a bee line for the little French flyer. It went through the clouds and disappeared. Nothing could be seen. The clouds covered all. Five minutes of suspense passed, and then a shot, and after that a roaring. We waited breathlessly, and then two little black spots were seen breaking through the clouds. Tiny little spots, and these spots were the two French aviators. They grew bigger as they fell. A moment after the men came the flaming machine. It came down roaring and crashing. Its wings were set on fire, and the red, white and blue of the tri-colors looked like a revolving American barber pole. Everything crushed to the earth, a hopeless mangled mass. Again a spot broke through the clouds. It came swift and straight, without any spectacular showing. It was Boelcke returning home."

Farm Lands Increase in Value.

The value of farm lands of the United States is estimated at \$45.55 per acre, as compared with \$40.85 a year ago, \$40.31 two years ago, \$38.10 three years ago and \$36.23 four years ago. The census reported the value of farm lands in 1910 as \$32.40, and in 1900 as \$15.57 per acre.

In recent years the value of farm lands has been increasing at the rate of about 5 per cent a year, or approximately \$2 per acre per year. The exceptional increase of the past year may be explained partly by the reaction in the southern cotton states following a temporary depression last year, and partly by the stimulus given by the war to prices, particularly of grain.

One of Life's Mysteries.

"Singular thing, isn't it?"

"What?"

"That people who are different from us seem to be satisfied with themselves."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Grape-Nuts

Gets Attention—

First, because of its wonderfully delicious flavor—

Then again, because it is ready to eat—fresh and crisp from the package.

But the big "get attention" quality is its abundance of well-balanced, easily digestible nourishment.

For sound health, every table should have its daily ration of Grape-Nuts—

"There's a Reason"

MOONLIGHT SCHOOLS

TO BE REORGANIZED IN SANTA FE COUNTY THIS YEAR.

First County in New Mexico to Begin Night Instruction to Exceed Last Year's Practical Benefits.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
Santa Fé—Superintendent Conway sent out instructions to the Santa Fé County teachers directing them to reorganize the moonlight schools. Last year the moonlight schools afforded the adults of the rural communities an opportunity to receive free instruction.

Over fifteen hundred adults enrolled in the night classes and some excellent results were reported by the teachers. The large enrollment was due to the fact all were admitted whether illiterate or not. This year an effort will be made to conduct the classes solely for the purpose of reaching the illiterates. By doing this the superintendent believes more substantial results will be accomplished.

The superintendent will offer a substantial prize to the individual teacher and the school making the best showing and presenting proofs through letters of the results accomplished. There will be quite a competition between the teachers and various schools.

Santa Fé Lawyers Suspended in Court

Santa Fé—The State Supreme Court, in an opinion by Justice R. H. Hanna, orders the suspension of State Treasurer O. N. Marron and Attorney Francis E. Wood, composing the law firm of Marron and Wood of Albuquerque, from practice before the Supreme Court for a term of one year. Charges of unprofessional conduct formulated by the State Bar Association are sustained. District Judge Neblett, who sat for Chief Justice Roberts, and Justice Parker concur in the findings. The defendants were previously suspended by Judge Pope from practice in the Federal Court for a term of two years.

Claim Villa Not in Columbus Raid.

Columbus—Army intelligence agents are making an investigation of a report that adherents of Villa were here to secure information to prove that Villa was not at Columbus on March 9, but that the raid was led by Pablo Lopez, who was executed in Chihuahua City because of his alleged leadership at the Santa Isabel massacre, when eighteen Americans and other foreigners were massacred. In this connection it is reported that Villa is preparing a manifesto disclaiming responsibility for the Columbus raid and placing the blame on Lopez.

\$75,000 for Education and Missions.

Santa Fé—The Presbyterians are spending approximately \$75,000 annually for general educational work and missions in New Mexico. All of the funds used for these two purposes are contributed by Presbyterians outside the state. From \$40,000 to \$45,000 is being spent on the general education work and over \$30,000 on missions. Only eight of the fifty-six churches in the state are what is known as "supporting churches." These are among interesting facts gleaned from the meeting of the synod at Santa Fé.

Odd Fellows Elect 1916-17 Officers.

Albuquerque—The annual meeting of the Grand Encampment of the Odd Fellows elected the following officers: Grand patriarch, J. J. Votaw, Albuquerque; grand high priest, M. Ream, Hagerman; grand senior warden, C. L. Dotson, Silver City; grand junior warden, W. J. Howell, Raton; grand scribe, O. A. Doty, Roswell; grand treasurer, J. C. Spears, Gallup; grand representative, W. W. Ogle, Roswell.

Ladies' Broncho Riding Prize.

Tucumcari—Some of the best broncho riders in the world will enter the contests in the First Annual Cowboys' Reunion to be held in Tucumcari, Oct. 2, 4, 5. The executive committee has arranged an additional event, to be known as a ladies broncho riding contest, with a purse of \$100.

Gen. Adams Bids Farewell to Army.

Deming—Brig. Gen. Granger Adams, who reached the age limit for active service, bade farewell to the United States army at a banquet given in his honor by officers of the Fourth separate brigade. Col. E. F. Glenn of the Eighteenth regular infantry took command of the Deming camp.

Legislature Acted Within Its Rights

Santa Fé—In providing that the Clark public monies bill should not become effective until Jan. 1, 1917, the last State Legislature was wholly within its rights, according to a decision of the State Supreme Court.

Prisoner Shot by Jailer.

East Las Vegas—A county jail prisoner, known to the authorities as Jack Hendy, was shot and killed by Amador Ullibarrri, the jailer. The jailer fired, it was said at the jail, after Hendy had fired a shot which pierced Ullibarrri's hat with a revolver he secured where it had been left on a bed by a deputy jailer. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide. Other prisoners told the authorities that Hendy's correct name was Heaney.

THE MAN OF PROMISES.

As a campaign promiser H. O. Bursom is in a class by himself.

During campaign after campaign in this state and territory Mr. Bursom has been flooding New Mexico with promises. He has promised roads and bridges and buildings, dams and reservoirs, drainage and reclamation, irrigation and sanitation, reformation and appropriation, beneficent laws enough to make a Utopia out of the commonwealth, reduced taxation, curbed corporations, relief for the toiler, prosperity for the farmer and rancher, money in the bank for everybody, peace and contentment and happiness, world without end, amen.

Mr. Bursom is still promising.

It isn't because Mr. Bursom hasn't been able to deliver the goods. Mr. Bursom has come nearer being absolute boss of the New Mexico Legislature than any other one man, with the possible exception of Charles Springer. The bossism of these two celebrated members of the third house, however, doesn't generally come into conflict. It has always been bossism for the benefit and in the interest of the corporations and the Republican office-grabbing ring. Mr. Bursom has been in a position generally to make legislatures do just about what he wanted. But he has never used this influence for the purpose of redeeming any of his glittering and innumerable promises.

Mr. Bursom's road promises are among his most familiar. There are others still fresh in our minds.

Mr. Bursom promised taxation reform previous to the last Legislature. He then assisted the Legislature in turning down a taxation reform bill, a splendid up-to-date, effective law drafted and introduced by Republicans, and secured the passage of a law which is not workable, and never was intended to be workable. A law was passed with Mr. Bursom's active assistance for the taxation of mine corporations which is practically a law for the benefit of mine corporations.

Mr. Bursom promises, but he never performs.

During the campaign he promises every conceivable measure for the relief of the taxpayers, when Mr. Bursom's Legislature convenes it tells the taxpayers to be damned!

Mr. Bursom can get what he wants from his Legislature when he wants it.

If Mr. Bursom wants a special law to whitewash his penitentiary record he can get it.

If Mr. Hubbell wants a law to enable him to get pay for school visits 400 days in the year, he can get it from Mr. Bursom's Legislature.

If Mr. Bursom wants a Hawkins bill to oppress the railroad man, he can get it.

If Mr. Bursom's Legislature wants to throw out regularly elected members, rob the voters of the franchise and elect its own members, Mr. Bursom doesn't stand in the way.

BUT WHEN THE PEOPLE DEMAND THE FULFILLMENT OF MR. BURSOM'S PROMISES FROM MR. BURSOM'S LEGISLATURE—THEY DON'T GET IT!

For twenty years during state campaigns Mr. Bursom has been going up and down the length and breadth of New Mexico making promises.

For twenty years during sessions of Mr. Bursom's Legislature he has never delivered the goods.

Aren't you getting about enough of Mr. Bursom and his promises?—Santa Fé New Mexican.

The 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Robbins, living southwest of Estancia, died from pneumonia caused by sucking a bean into its windpipe, which then passed into its lungs.

According to Charles Tamme, clerk of the board of education, there are 290 more children of school age in East Las Vegas this year than there were at this time in 1915.

The Rio Grande Gun Club will protest against the shortening of the duck shooting season. The club will ask that the opening day be advanced from Oct. 16 to Oct. 1 next year.

Superintendent of Insurance Jacobo Chavez revoked the certificate of T. H. Rixey at Clayton, Union county, as agent of the Kansas City Life Insurance Company on the charge of rebating.

The Pecos River Oil & Gas Company, of Artesia, Eddy county, filed articles with the State Corporation Commission. The capital stock is \$100,000, and the company starts with \$3,000 subscribed.

It is stated that Eddy county will have a \$100,000 wool clip this year.

Governor McDonald has appointed 114 delegates, fifty-one to the International Dry Farming Congress meeting in El Paso Oct. 17, and fifty-nine to the International Irrigation Congress meeting in El Paso Oct. 14 to 18.

In Probate Court at Albuquerque, M. Mandell was appointed sole executor of the last will of Major Ernest Meyers. The value of the estate as estimated in the report of Mr. Mandell as special administrator is about \$45,000.

NEW MEXICO STATE NEWS

COMING EVENTS.

Sept. 27-29—First annual Cowboys' General Roundup at Tucumcari.
Sept. 28—Fair at Greenville.
Oct. 3—Woman's Clubs' annual meeting at Las Vegas.
Oct. 4-6—New Mexico Bankers' Association Convention at Grand Cañon, Ariz.
Oct. 10-13—Dona Ana County Fair at Las Cruces.
Oct. 5-15—Annual Convention of Southwestern Holiness Ass'n at Moriarty.

Magdalena is to have better mail facilities.

A big barbecue emphasized beet sugar day at Las Cruces.

A rifle meet will be a feature of the state fair at Albuquerque.

The Camp Deming Y. M. C. A. hall has been formally dedicated.

A political debate was a feature of the opening day at the State Fair at Albuquerque.

Contrary to the general impression, the 640-acre homestead measure is not yet law.

Tuscado, a Navajo Indian, was killed near Defiance station by being run over by a train.

Deming now claims the largest auditorium in the state—built by private individuals.

Ground has been broken for Magdalena's new high school. The building will cost \$22,000.

The home of Mrs. Jennie Gallegos, of Albuquerque, was destroyed by fire, with all its contents.

Roswell has practically completed a fund of \$12,000 for advertising the climate in the east.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Price Watkins, at Hollywood ranch, near Deming, celebrated their silver wedding.

Cattlemen will go to sugar beet raising in the Mesilla valley according to reports received at Santa Fé.

Gen. Eugene A. Carr's saddle, used throughout his military career, has been presented to the State Historical Society.

Suit for \$5,000 damages for personal injuries was instituted in Federal Court at Santa Fé by R. T. Holton, of Curry county, against John N. James.

August saved the situation for New Mexico crops, according to the climatic report for the month past issued by the U. S. Weather Bureau.

Louis Caretto, charged at Gallup with seduction, was arrested at Albuquerque by Chief J. R. Galusha and City Marshal Chris Christian of Gallup.

Geo. Anderson, who lived southeast of Tucumcari, was shot and killed by his brother-in-law, Lee Anderson, according to a confession made by the latter.

The total receipts from the sales and rentals of state lands in New Mexico, up to November 30, will likely be \$700,000 this year, a gain of \$200,000 over last year.

A petition in voluntary bankruptcy has been filed in Federal Court by Austin Hugh Ullin of Clovis, who gives his occupation as a laborer, his liabilities at \$463.81 and his assets at \$82.

"Centralization of the cattle interests of New Mexico is needed," says Senator B. F. Pankey of Lamy, one of the executive board of the New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association.

W. O. Van Arsdale, of Wichita, Kas., was in Clovis a few days ago, and announced that his company was putting in 2,500 acres in wheat on their large body of land, twenty-seven miles northeast of Clovis.

Business men of Roswell have taken steps toward a vote of a bond issue of \$100,000 for good roads in Chaves county.

Recruits who went to Columbus to enter the National Guard and who were rejected, or who met delays before being mustered in, are to be reimbursed for their outlay in transportation and for loss of time.

Governor McDonald has appointed the following notaries public: Edith Geyer, Roswell; O. P. Hunt, Captain; Alfred H. Long, Rosa, Alberto C. Ortega, Pastura; J. A. Hurst, Dawson; F. W. Rosenfeld, Silver City.

Thirty thousand dollars damages are asked by E. D. Sibley in a suit filed against the Santa Fé Railroad Company. Sibley, while motoring in the Mesilla valley was struck by the train from Albuquerque and received personal injuries.

With one accord the co-eds of the University of New Mexico have united to take a swat at the high cost of high living. They have put a ban on taxicabs. That is, they have announced they will not ride in a taxicab with the boys to dances or other affairs.

Beginning Oct. 1st, the El Paso & Southwestern railroad intends inaugurating a regular daily passenger service connecting with the main line, which parallels the Mexican border, and Tylene, where is located the properties of the Burro Mountain Copper Company.

A rattlesnake which made its home in the cellar at the homestead of J. K. Dunlap in Curry county, sank its fangs into the leg of the 18-month-old child of Dunlap. Despite all that medical aid could do, the child died from the poison.

Deen-Neer Company

"The Square Deal Clean Grocery"

**THEY HAVE IT
THEY'LL GET IT
or IT'S NOT IN TOWN**

THEIR business is run on CASH BASIS, at prices consistent to a Successful Business, **GOODS SOLD AT CASH PRICES.** To accommodate their customers, they run monthly accounts, and in return for this accommodation, they expect prompt settlement the **FIRTS** of the Following month.

They give **FREE ALUMINUM WARE COUPONS**, with CASH purchases, and with accounts, paid on or before the 5th of the month following purchase. Furnish your kitchen with **20-year guaranteed aluminum ware** free of cost to you.

They have a full line of staple and fancy groceries, feed, etc., and guarantee satisfaction on everything they sell, or money refunded.

They Lead---Others Follow

Deen-Neer Company
PHONE 15---AUTO DELIVERY
Portales, - New Mexico

BURSOM VS. THE TRUTH.

"During these five years," said H. O. Bursom, Republican candidate for Governor, in his speech of acceptance, "not one sentence of constructive legislation has been proposed by Governor McDonald."

This is a fair sample of the glaring misstatements of facts with which that speech abounded.

To the first session of the first State Legislature Governor McDonald recommended:

Placing the state educational and the state penal and charitable institutions respectively under one general board, for efficiency and economy.

A law giving the counties a fair rate of interest on their own funds.

Larger appropriations for the penitentiary.

Adequate banking laws, and a state banking commission in view of "recent disastrous failures of banking institutions." (Under Republican administration)

Adjustment of county salaries fair to officials and taxpayers.

Adjustment of gross inequalities of taxation and wider powers for board of equalization.

Turning over of entire Old Palace to State Museum.

Better support of education, improved school laws, free text books.

Legislation "to provide promptly for the administering of the public land trust with a maximum degree of safety and at a minimum cost," doubtless including a provision whereby \$200,000 of public funds, for instance would bring in interest for the people.

Abolishment of coal oil inspector incubus on consumers.

Another assistant to traveling auditor.

Increase in mounted police force.

Enforcement of liquor regulation laws and passage of effective anti-gambling law.

Revision of statutes.

Inheritance tax law and ratification of income tax law.

Direct primary and modern election laws and initiative and referendum.

Repeal of language qualification in constitution as unjust to Spanish-American citizens.

New apportionment to replace one characterized as "unjust, unfair and unequal."

At the last legislative session Governor McDonald recommended:

Wider powers for corporation commission.

A board of immigration.

Closer supervision of state educational and penal institutions.

Revision of statutes.

Stricter enforcement of liquor laws.

Higher rate of interest for public funds.

Further improvement of highways.

Workmen's compensation law.

Strengthening of corrupt practices act.

Creation of state tax commission.

"Not one sentence of constructive legislation," says H. O. Bursom in the face of this record, "has been proposed by Governor McDonald."

After a statement like that, can you believe anything that H. O. Bursom says during this campaign?

...The News Gives the News...

*Custom tailoring
Hand cutting
Hand tailoring
Hand finishing
Hand pressing*
**Better Appearance
it's sure
to add up correctly**

QUITE as logically as "two and two make four," the methods of custom tailoring always and absolutely result in better appearance.

Beginning with hand cutting from carefully taken measurements and following with hand tailoring, hand finishing, and hand pressing these methods lead to better appearance with unerring regularity.

The Continental Tailors of Chicago are specialists in Better Appearance.

...Portales Tailoring Co...
JIM WARNICA, Proprietor
CLOTHES CLEANED AND PRESSED
Portales, New Mexico



\$50,000,000⁰⁰
DIVIDENDS PAID

\$20

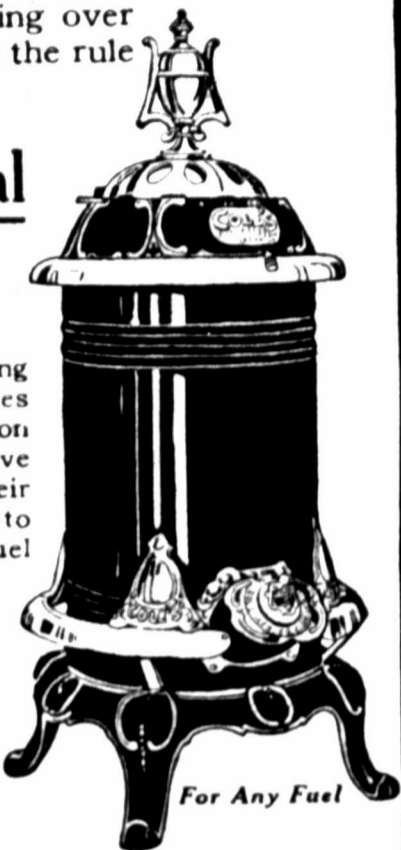
Cole's Hot Blast in your home will make your fuel saving dividend equal a \$500.00 Savings Bank Account! \$15.00 to \$25.00 annual saving over previous Fuel Bills is the rule with families using

Cole's Original Hot Blast

The Cole Manufacturing Co. of Chicago, estimates that their first half million Hot Blast Heaters have paid dividends to their owners amounting to \$50,000,000 in actual fuel bills saved.

Now is the time to replace past fuel waste and poor results.

"Cole's Hot Blast makes your coal pile last." To avoid imitations look for Cole's on fuel door.



For Any Fuel

J. B. Sledge Hardware Co.

"The Best for the Least"

Portales, - New Mexico

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Commissioners' Proceedings

Proceedings of the board of county commissioners of Roosevelt county, at the regular October term thereof, held at the court house in Portales, New Mexico, Monday, October 2, 1916.

Present: C. V. Harris, chairman; S. E. Johnson and D. K. Smith, commissioners; and J. W. Ballow, clerk.

The proceedings of the meetings held July 3, July 20, Sept. 4, and Sept. 20, 1916, were read and approved.

The following bills were examined and approved and the clerk was ordered to draw warrants in payment of same, to-wit:

D. K. Smith, salary and exp., 3rd quarter	\$156.00
C. V. Harris, salary and exp., 3rd quarter	111.50
A. T. Cheshire, J. P. fees	1.25
Herald Printing Co., ptg. and supplies	38.90
Herald Printing Co., ptg. and supplies	39.75
Herald Printing Co., ptg. and supplies	7.20
Hand supplies	26.10
Herald Printing Co., ptg. and supplies	10.52
Herald Printing Co., ptg. and supplies	98.55
Geo. C. Deen, test'g scales	102.50
T. A. Taylor, work of sq.	25.60
J. C. Compton, sal 3d qr.	100.00
Portales Valley News, ptg.	9.24
J. W. Ballow, salary 3rd quarter	600.00
S. E. Johnson, salary and expenses, 3rd qr.	172.70
Miss M. C. Woods, steno. service	25.71
T. A. Higgins, con. fees	3.40
Crane & Co., supplies	13.58
Ed J. Neer, supplies	3.75
Remington Typewriter Co. supplies	1.70
G. C. Deen, fees earned	56.75
J. P. Henderson, J. P. fees	25.30
C. L. Carter, stamps	1.00
C. V. Harris, supplies	40.90
Geo. D. Barna rd& Co., supplies	31.15
C. L. Carter, surveying	30.00
W. D. Pipkin, help survey	9.00
J. W. Ballow, office exp.	47.22
J. W. Ballow, recording B. & D. certs.	4.20
C. W. Carroll, salary and expenses, 3d quarter	157.15
Mrs. S. E. Culberson, sal. 3rd quarter	375.00
Mrs. S. F. Culberson, exp.	62.50
Mrs. S. F. Culberson, stmps	14.99
Evening Herald, teachers registers	26.25

Joyce Fruit Co., supplies	22.72
J. B. Sledge, supplies	9.60
Luie Kohl, windmill work	1.00
J. B. Crow, work and sup.	2.85
Sallie Nash, board for indigentm	40.00

It is the order of the board of county commissioners that Moses B. Jones, treasurer, be and he is hereby authorized to transfer the sum of \$1500.00 from the salary fund and place same to the credit of the general county fund.

It is further ordered that the clerk certify a copy of this order to Moses B. Jones for his authority in the matter.

It is ordered by the board that Dr. N. F. Wollard be and he is hereby appointed county physician for the balance of the year 1916.

It is now ordered that court take a recess until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1916

Court convened pursuant to recess of yesterday, present and presiding as then.

G. E. Deen, jailer, 3rd qr.	\$180.00
G. C. Deen, sal. 3rd qr.	600.00
Guy P. Mitchell, salary, 3rd quarter	200.00
B. B. Clayton, salary, 3rd quarter	200.00
M. B. Jones, office exp.	30.72
M. B. Jones, sal. 3rd qr.	600.00
J. E. McCall, office exp.	43.80
J. E. McCall, sal 3rd qr.	600.00
L. Solomon, indigent fund.	23.00
Town of Portales, light and water	116.34
Clarke & Courts, sup.	3.15
C. L. Carter, surveying	40.00
L. M. Anderson, con. and sp. deputy sheriff fees	32.00
Dr. J. F. Garmany, st. wk.	6.00
W. C. Parkey, help surv.	5.00
J. W. McMahan, help surv.	5.00
W. M. Hughes, help surv.	5.50
U. S. Markland, help surv.	4.25
Leach Coal Co., coal and ice	36.50
G. C. Deen, beard of pris.	62.50

The quarterly report of J. P. Henderson, precinct No. 1, and of A. T. Cheshire, No. 10, were examined and approved.

It is now ordered that court take a recess until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 4, 1916

Court convened pursuant to recess of yesterday, present and presiding as then.

The following accounts were examined and approved and the clerk was ordered to draw war-

rants in payment of same, to-wit:
Inda Humphrey, office rent \$ 22.50
Mt. States T. & T. Co., rent and calls 16.43
J. E. Morrison, com. on tax 10.86
Kemp Lbr. Co., lumber 5.10
Dr. J. S. Pearce, sup. 15.15
New Mexico Brd. of Exp. Mgrs., bal. donation 212.50

The resignation of C. L. Collins, justice of the peace of precinct 2, was received and accepted and it was ordered by the board that John Slack be and he is hereby appointed as justice of the peace for precinct No. 2, to serve the unexpired term of C. L. Collins, upon his making and filing a good and sufficient bond in the sum of \$500.00 within 30 days from date hereof.

It is ordered that J. A. Hadley be and he is hereby appointed as justice of the peace for precinct No. 17, upon his making and filing a good and sufficient bond in the sum of \$500.00 within 30 days from date hereof.

The quarterly report of J. W. Cowart, justice of the peace of precinct No. 5, was examined and approved.

The road petition of A. M. Stephens et al praying for a public road "Commencing at the west end of the county road at the northeast corner of section three, township 2 south, range 31 east, and thence west five miles on the range line between One south and Two south to the southwest corner of section thirty-six; thence south four miles by Ingram, N. M., to the southeast corner of section twenty-three township 2 south, range 30 east; thence west five miles to the northeast corner of section twenty-five in township 2 south, range 29 east; thence south two miles on the range between ranges 29 and 30 east, to the corner of Chaves county; thence east two miles on the township line between 2 and 3 south; thence south one mile to the southwest corner of section 4, township 3 south, range 30 east; thence east four miles to range line between ranges 30 and 31; thence south five miles to the township line between 3 and 4 south; thence east one mile on the same township line to the southwest corner of section thirty-two, township 3 south, range 31 east; thence south one mile to the southwest corner of section 5, township 4 south, range 31 east; thence east three miles to the southwest corner of section 2, township 4 south, range 31 east; thence south two miles to the northwest corner of section 23, township 4 south, range 31 east; thence east one quarter of a mile between sections 14 and 23; thence south one half mile between the northeast and the northwest quarters of section 23, township 4 south, range 31 east, to the Elida townsite" was received and duly considered and found to be in compliance with law and the following were appointed as a board of viewers, to-wit: M. S. Servis, Mitt Price and A. S. Pearson, being three freeholders of Roosevelt county, New Mexico, and said board will meet at the beginning point of said proposed road at 8 o'clock, A. M. on Monday, November 6, 1916, and immediately proceed to the discharge of their duty under the law. The county clerk will see that the proposed road is properly posted and that a viewers warrant is issued and served in accordance with chapter 24 of the laws of 1905.

It is the order of the board of county commissioners, that the following named persons be and they are hereby appointed as judges of the election to be held Tuesday, November 7th, 1916.

- Precinct 1. Joe Beasley, J. A. Fairly, Tom Taylor;
- Precinct 2. G. W. Robertson, Tyre Beal, C. L. Collins;
- Precinct 3. Edgar Foreman, J. E. Catching, Ben Hall;
- Precinct 4. E. C. Price, J. B.

- Purvis, N. B. Bingham;
- Precinct 5. B. A. Morris, I. E. Evans, A. E. Jeter;
- Precinct 6. Hance Arnold, H. H. Talley, J. A. Murphy;
- Precinct 7. J. B. Crawford, H. P. Townsend, E. L. Trammell;
- Precinct 8. H. W. Davidson, M. S. Gresham, J. W. Ross;
- Precinct 9. A. M. Sanders, W. P. Hart, H. C. Boswell;
- Precinct 10. W. M. Wilson, L. E. Davies, J. W. King;
- Precinct 11. W. W. VanWinkle, J. D. Autry, J. S. Fraser;
- Precinct 12. Arthur Littlejohn, S. H. Harris, G. W. McMahan;
- Precinct 13. F. A. Williamson, O. D. Douglas, J. B. Stephenson;
- Precinct 14. A. R. Self, Oscar Evans, J. W. Wilmore;
- Precinct 15. G. W. Jones, J. H. Baugh, U. S. Frazee;
- Precinct 16. E. P. Williams, T. J. Mullins, J. B. Vernon;
- Precinct 17. J. W. Franse, P. H. Morris, C. C. Price;
- Precinct 18. J. V. Miller, J. A. Pipkin, Emmet Gore;
- Precinct 19. Joe Rich, H. A. McCall, J. F. Morgan;
- Precinct 20. M. E. Cooper, O. T. Mathis, Will Scott;
- Precinct 21. J. T. Turner, M. S. Servis, J. W. McMahan;
- Precinct 22. W. T. Witt, S. E. Franklia, J. H. Latham;
- Precinct 23. J. M. Price, P. J. Keeter, W. H. Beck;
- Precinct 25. T. A. Higgins, Ed McAllister, W. W. Hensley;
- Precinct 26. G. W. Dye, O. N. Miller, E. G. Holmes;
- Precinct 27. Arthur Bird, W. J. Hobson, H. P. Hardt;
- Precinct 28. C. E. Butts, E. C. Webb, Art Hall.

The following places were designated as the places for holding said election in the various precincts, to-wit:

1. Sheriff's office.
2. Old Campbell barber shop.
3. Fry's store.
4. Shock's store.
5. Sherwood's store.
6. School house.
7. Horton's store.
8. School house.
9. Spencer building.
10. Wilson Bros.' old store.
11. Anderson's store.
12. Deen-Neer Co. store.
13. Union school house.
14. Latson house, 1 mile west of W. J. Ball.
15. Mann store building.
16. Williams' store.
17. Price's store.
18. Gore's store.
19. Macy school house.
20. School house.
21. Benson's store.
22. Perry school house.
23. School house.
25. Cummings store.
26. Hawkeye school house.
27. Cox's store.
28. Lasater's store.

No further business appearing at this time, it is now ordered that court take a recess until the next regular meeting unless sooner convened by order of the chairman.

C. V. Harris, Chairman.
Attest: J. W. Ballow, Clerk.

FOR RENT—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at this office.

Wanted to trade for cows, one good horse and buggy, see U. N. Hall, drayman

WANTED: District agent wanted to sell life, accident and health insurance combined in one policy. We can make exceedingly attractive offer to right man. Whole or part of time. Apply, Occidental Life Insurance Co., Albuquerque, New Mexico. 46-4t

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We have complete indexes to all real estate in Roosevelt and Curry counties. Abstracts made promptly. Office, upstairs Reese building, telephone 63.

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HENRY WAGGONER, ASSISTANT CASHIER

The **First National Bank**

Portales, New Mexico

Preparedness Safety First...

Preparedness is just as applicable to the banking business as it is to the defense of a nation. Preparedness at this bank means preparedness to supply the legitimate needs of our clients. Safety first is applicable to those far sighted people who believe that a moderate bank account is the best safeguard against poverty in old age. Commence that account today. Get the depositing habit before you grow old, it's easily acquired.

Ask about our Christmas Savings Department It will interest the Children and the grown-ups

The **First National Bank**
Portales, New Mexico

NOTICE
Cash Only, After Oct. 15th

On and after October 15th, 1916, we will not charge any Gas, Oil, Work or Supplies to anybody.

This rule will apply to Bankers, Farmers, Cow Men, Merchants, Doctors, and without exception, and one and all will please take notice and save some embarrassment by not asking to have anything charged on or after that date. We pay cash and will sell for small margin for Cash Only.

If You are Unable to Pay CASH, We Cannot Handle Your Business

Highway Garage Co. Kohl's Garage
R. L. BLANTON, Manager E. L. KOHL, Mgr.

PEOPLE WILL TALK



And it is to our advantage that they do, for our regular patrons cannot help but tell their friends of the good qualities of our Drugs, Medicines, and Toilet Articles, and the moderate prices we charge for them. We make a specialty of putting up doctors' prescriptions, and our charges are modest. Moreover, you may rely upon prompt service.

A Sanitary Fountain Should Appeal to You

The Portales Drug Store

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO



The Lumber Question

is easily answered. Consult us about your plans, our advice is free. We can supply you with the best lumber at short notice. Only well seasoned stuff is kept here. No matter how large or small your order is we want it and assure you that you will buy satisfaction with the lumber. A trial will convince you.

KEMP LUMBER COMPANY
M. H. CAMPBELL, Manager

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 & \$5.00 ANS WASH.

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearers protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centers of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other makes. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas Boys' Shoes But in the World \$3.00 \$2.50 & \$2.00
President of W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

Laura Jean Libbey's TALKS ON HEART TOPICS

FRINDLY STRANGERS.

The faults of others with freedom we blame, But tax not ourselves, though we practice the same.

Believe me, there is more truth than poetry in the old saw: "A new broom sweeps clean." This is especially applicable to the hands of a dapper young man who suddenly appears in a small town and captures, without effort, the hearts of all the girls whom the home beaux had been all their lives striving to win. The average girl finds it difficult to enthrall the young man she has known from boyhood up.

There is no romance in walking home from church with a youth whom she remembers seeing once upon a time with a jam-bearded face and knickerbockers sadly in need of patching at both knees, to say nothing of elbows out of his jacket, and freckles. People seldom forget a ludicrous picture of that kind.

A girl who has known a boy from the cradle up, knows pretty well what he is going to talk about before he opens his lips. There are few, if any, subjects he can introduce which she is not quite as well informed about as he is. If he attempts to talk seriously to her there is no responsive chord in her heart to touch. He fluds—love-making, up-hill business.

Let a handsome young stranger come to town, and the interest of all the marriageable maidens is aroused at once. They ask of each other "who is he?" and they cogitate over whether he is married or single. If he is fortunate enough to secure an introduction to one esteemed family in which there are young girls, his social success is assured. Little affairs are given for him that he may meet the most desirable girls in the community. Every door is thrown open to him and the young women vie with each other to make his calls pleasant and themselves pleasing. If he is a fairly good conversationalist the girls vote him "splendid company," his flattery falling upon willing ears.

He has no difficulty in cutting out the diffident town beau. He can dance like a professional, sing in a way that makes feminine hearts flutter, put a world of meaning in a lingering glance, or clinging handclasp. He selects the prettiest girl to make love to, but she must have the wealthiest of family. The poor but lovely young girl he passes by. He has no taste for love in a cottage.

When he has made such quick time in his moving that his betrothal to the wealthiest girl in town is announced in a few weeks after he has met her, the young man who has known and loved her all his life, but had not the courage to propose marriage, begins to sit up and take notice. He wonders what the girls in the home town of this paragon think of him and if he is as popular with them. After a personal investigation, he discovers the man bears too sporty a reputation in his home town for the young women to extend him an entree into their homes. That a girl's fair name would suffer if she were seen talking with him, or accompanying him to any place of amusement, that he will work only until he can accumulate a few dollars with which to try his luck here and there hessing hunting. It is a kindly impulse which prompts receiving an agreeable stranger into one's home on friendly terms. If he proves worthy of every confidence, well and good. When he asks for daughter's hand and heart, it will not do the least bit of harm to do a little investigating, quietly. If he bears an excellent reputation in his home town it's a big feather in his cap. If he is all that he purports to be, he will court investigation, instead of showing resentment at a doubt.

GIRLS DRESS ON VACATION.
An exile, ill in heart and frame, A wanderer, weary of the way, A stranger, without love's sweet claim On any heart, go where I may.

It's the girl who has never been away from home before and is to have a few weeks outing who is all at sea as to what to take with her and how she ought to dress.

The problems of the newly rich, in this respect, are worth hearing about. The poor tradesman who has just inherited a windfall of wealth from an uncle or someone else who had kept out of his way during his lifetime is at first too bewildered to plan how he is to commence to get rid of it. His wife rises to the occasion. They'll not live over the store a day longer than it will take to buy a new house, furnish it, install in it servants and move into it. The servants will be placed in charge while the family live

themselves to the most fashionable resort she can find.

Saleswomen are not always a help to the newly-rich woman who brings in her daughter "to be costumed to appear in the best society." The result is, the family arrives at its destination with three loaded trunks filled with finery for daughter, one for mother and a suitcase for father. The girl and her mother have read of white silk sport clothes at Palm Beach and suppose the same dressing holds good for the girls at the mountain-top resort.

One glance as they enter the dining room for breakfast and mother and daughter look at each other with perturbed faces. Scores of girls are there, but there's not one white silk frock to be seen. Sport suits reign supreme, gay striped white wool skirts, shirt waists and sweaters bright as rainbow hues, heavy boots for mountain climbing and tam-o-shanter or wool sport hats. The flesh pink silk sweater daughter has in the very bottom of her largest trunk is not the thing at all. The luncheon dress of dove gray tulle is quite as much out of place, for the rest of the girls, just returned from a ten-mile mountain tramp, scurry into the dining room, hungry as young bears, just as they are, for there's golf on the program for the afternoon, with little if any change in the morning's sport attire. The girl dressed up like a doll, sitting on the porch, is looked at in wonder. Everyone knows it is her first outing, but girls are too tenderhearted to make cruel comment.

Evening brings out butterfly raiment on the girls—tulle and simple organdie and ribbons. The stiff silk imported costumes of the newly-rich girl suffer by comparison. Her parents cut their vacation short. On the next vacation they know what daughter should wear.

ARE FLIRTATIONS DANGEROUS?
So you think you love me, do you? Well, it may be so. But there's many a way of loving I have learnt to know. Having seen what looked most real Crumble into dust. Now I chose that test and trial Shall precede my trust.

Are flirtations dangerous? That depends less on how it begins than on how it ends—whether the affections have been stirred, or—only friendship's waves have been rippling from a merry breeze.

There are some women, happy of heart, fun loving and sensible, who could be brought into contact with the most pronounced, fascinating "lady killers" without experiencing an extravagant heart throb. There are others who were never intended, presumably, to have a beau who had no matrimonial intention, because they were sure to fall headlong in love although the man in the case stopped carefully at the crossroads of a mild flirtation.

Such young women are really more to be pitied than censured, for the reason that their feminine intuition has led them far afield, as it were, leaving them unable to decide as to just what value to place on his whispered words or the lingering clasp of his hand.

All women will tell you they go on their summer vacations for the sole purpose of gaining the benefit derived from a change of scene and air.

While this is true, it is also quite true that the majority of winsome maidens are not averse to finding at the place they have chosen for recreation an agreeable, unattached young man who will also help them pass the vacation days pleasantly. If he pays a bevy or more of girls the same amount of attention, favoring one more than the others, he is simply a very agreeable new acquaintance. If he singles one girl out, talking, walking, golfing, yachting, dancing with her almost exclusively, the busy-bodies will be burning with curiosity to discover whether it is a real heart affair or only a flirtation.

Unwise is the girl who attaches more importance to his attentions than his conversation warrants. Pleasant companionship is one thing, tender sentiment quite another. The girl who is only intent upon a very slight flirtation should not lead a young man on or allow him to believe that his suit would meet with acceptance should he propose marriage. Men have hearts quite as susceptible to the tender passion as those that beat in women's bosoms. Where one or the other has "no future intentions" he or she should not monopolize entirely the society of the other.

Flirtation is a dangerous game. Frankly acknowledged friendship—simply that but nothing more—is always wisest and best in the long run. It is by no means a compliment for a man or woman to become recognized as an acknowledged flirt. Many enter into a flirtation with a laugh on their lips which ends in a sigh or a tear.

Not to Be Beaten.
A Highlander who prided himself on being able to play one tune on the pipe, perched himself on the side of one of his native hills one Sunday morning and commenced blowing for all he was worth.

Presently the minister came along and, going up to MacDougall with the intention of severely reprimanding him, asked in a very harsh voice, "MacDougall, do you know the Ten Commandments?"

MacDougall scratched his chin for a moment and then, in an equally harsh voice, said:

"D'ye think you've beat me? Just whistle the first three or four bars, and I'll have a try at it."—Youth's Companion.

THE BLUE THAT'S TRUE.
Red Cross Ball Blue gives to clothes a clear, dazzling white, whiter than snow, not a greenish yellow tinge like cheap bottle blue. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue for next washday. You will be happily surprised. Large package at your grocers, 5 cents.—Adv.

Like a Man.
Two bankers were talking about a financier who had failed.

"And did poor Joe accept his failure like a man?" asked the first.

"Exactly like a man," the second answered. "He blamed it on his extravagant wife."

Standard Maple Sirup.
The state of New Hampshire has adopted a standard for maple sirup, and all that is sold in or sent from that state must now conform to the following:

"Maple sirup is a sirup made by the evaporation of maple sap or by the solution of maple concrete, and contains not less than 35 per cent of water and weighs not less than 11 pounds to the gallon."

Explained.
Patience—And you say he kissed her several times while she was at the piano, singing?

Patrice—Yes.

"But did her father notice the interruption?"

"There was no interruption."

"Why, how in the world could she keep singing when he kissed her on the mouth?"

"Oh, she always sings through her nose, you know."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it to the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Inconsistent.
"Why are you so sore at Doctor Jones?"

"The old hypocrite charged me ten dollars for advising me to confine myself to a diet of crackers and milk, and the very next evening I saw him in a restaurant blowing in my teeth on lobsters and champagne."

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 50 cents.

A Cautious Girl.
"There's a mouse in this corner."

"Poke him out, Vanessa. Here's a foot rule."

"Not for me. I want a yardstick when I poke at a mouse."

Veratilis.
A lady stopping at a hotel on the Pacific coast rang the bell the first morning of her arrival and was very much surprised when a Japanese boy opened the door and came in.

"I pushed the button three times for a maid," she said sternly, as she stared under the bed covers.

"Yes," the little fellow replied, "me she."

At the Collum place, Saco, Me., on the Old Orchard road, is a southern rosebush 100 years old.

It's Foolish to Suffer

You may be brave enough to stand backache, or headache, or dizziness. But if, in addition, urination is disordered, look out! If you don't try to fix your sick kidneys, you may fall into the clutches of kidney trouble before you know it. But if you live more carefully and help your kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills, you can stop the pains you have and avoid future danger as well.

An Oklahoma Case
Francis A. Lewis, 918 Seventh St., Lawton, Okla., says: "I was in misery and the doctor said I had catarrh of the bladder. Finally, he gave me up as incurable. The pain I endured is beyond description and the kidney secretions were in bad shape. I lost a lot of weight, too. On a neighbor's advice, I took Doan's Kidney Pills and they restored me to good health."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION

Did you know that hundreds of persons with consumption, asthma and their kindred troubles are getting relief by using Lung-Vita? Are YOU using it? I bet you are depriving YOURSELF of an aid that will multiply your chances for health. Lung-Vita is not an experiment, it has proven its worth.

BRONCHIAL ASTHMA
Mrs. Minnie Baker Hill Grundy St., Nashville, Tenn., says: "I can truthfully say Lung-Vita cured me of my asthma after twenty years of suffering. I can't say too much for this medicine. Buy a bottle TODAY. Your druggist, or if he hasn't it by mail, prepare Fifteen-day treatment, \$1.00; thirty-day treatment, \$1.75. NASHVILLE MEDICAL CO., Dept. B, Nashville, Tenn."

TAKE LUNG-VITA

PREVENTION
better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time are not only a remedy for, but will prevent SICK HEADACHE, Biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Pills

"ROUGH ON RATS" Rhine, Raco, Mico, etc. Use outdoors. Use and E.

The name **Heliotrope** would not be so important on the grocery list if it were not for the superior quality of the **Flour** which it represents. The word Heliotrope is merely a trademark by which the better quality of flour is known—so, to know Heliotrope by its name—and to ask for it by its name is a guarantee of flour satisfaction.

The grocer who offers a substitute may really think it is just as good—but, it isn't!

OKLAHOMA CITY MILL & ELEVATOR CO. OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

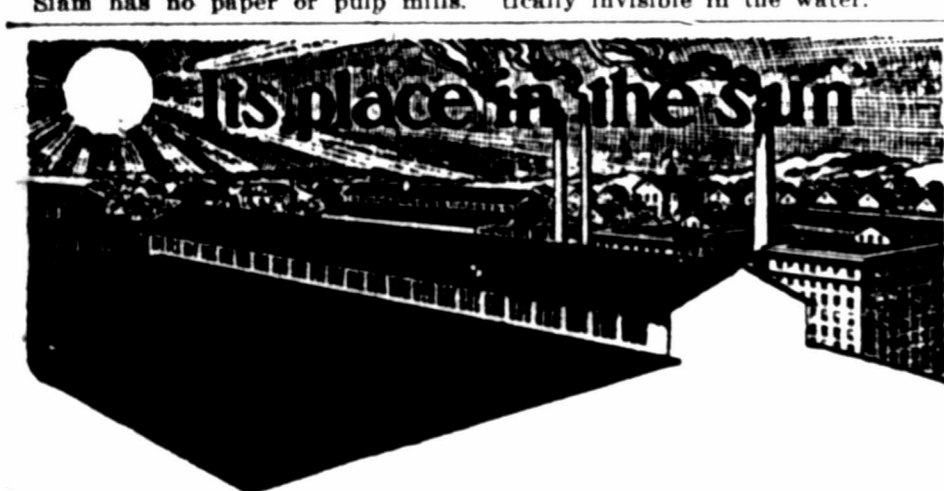
Promoters of Vigilance.
"Aren't you afraid your course will make you some enemies?"

"I'll have to take a chance," replied Senator Sorghum. "Sometimes it's better to have a few enemies so as to keep you from getting too good-natured and careless."

Mixing Comparisons.
"Don't you think that Jones would be a good one for our best man?"

"Oh, I know a better."

Siam has no paper or pulp mills.



To hold "its place in the sun," is the avowed purpose of a great nation's conflict. To hold "its place in the sun," is the object of every business in the great fight for industrial and commercial supremacy.

To be able to hold "its place in the sun," is the supreme test of an asphalt roof. It is the sun, not rain or snow, that plays havoc with a roof. If it can resist the drying out process of the sun beating down upon it, day after day, the rain or snow will not affect it except to wash it clean and keep it sanitary.

Certain-teed Roofing

takes "its place in the sun" and holds it longer than other similar roofing, because it is made of the very best quality roofing felt, thoroughly saturated with the correct blend of soft asphalt, and coated with a blend of harder asphalts. This outer coating keeps the inner saturation soft, and prevents the drying out process so destructive to the ordinary roof.

The blend of asphalts used by "The General" is the result of long experience. It produces a roofing more pliable than those which have less saturation, and which are, therefore, harder and drier.

At each of the General's big mills, expert chemists are constantly employed to refine, test and blend the asphalts used; also to experiment for possible improvements. Their constant endeavor is to make the best roofing still better.

The quality of CERTAIN-TEED is such that it is guaranteed for 5, 10 or 15 years, according to thickness (1, 2 or 3 ply). Experience proves that it lasts longer. Behind this guarantee is the responsibility of the world's largest manufacturer of roofings and building papers.

General Roofing Manufacturing Company
World's Largest Manufacturer of Roofings and Building Papers
New York City Chicago Philadelphia St. Louis Boston Cleveland
Pittsburgh Detroit San Francisco Los Angeles Milwaukee Cincinnati
New Orleans Minneapolis Seattle Kansas City Indianapolis
Atlanta Birmingham Des Moines Houston Duluth London Sydney

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Tell your dealer that **Curtis, Booth & Bentley Co., Oklahoma City** are wholesale distributors of Certain-teed Products.

Its place in the sun

A Woman's Problem

How to Feel Well During Middle Life Told by Three Women Who Learned from Experience.

The Change of Life is a most critical period of a woman's existence, and neglect of health at this time invites disease and pain. Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs. Read these letters:—

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I started the Change of Life five years ago. I always had a headache and backache with bearing down pains and I would have heat flashes very bad at times with dizzy spells and nervous feelings. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I feel like a new person and am in better health and no more troubled with the aches and pains I had before I took your wonderful remedy. I recommend it to my friends for I cannot praise it enough."—Mrs. MARGARET GRASSMAN, 759 N. Ringgold St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Beverly, Mass.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for nervousness and dyspepsia, when I was going through the Change of Life. I found it very helpful and I have had them try it and they also have received good results from it."—Mrs. GEORGE A. DUNBAR, 17 Roudy St., Beverly, Mass.

Erie, Pa.—"I was in poor health when the Change of Life started with me and I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, or I think I should not have got over it as easy as I did. Even now if I do not feel good I take the Compound and it restores me in a short time. I will praise your remedies to every woman for it may help them as it has me."—Mrs. E. KISSLING, 931 East 24th St., Erie, Pa.

No other medicine has been so successful in relieving woman's suffering as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women may receive free and helpful advice by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Such letters are received and answered by women only and held in strict confidence.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills & Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

The Perpetuity of the Nation Demands the Continuance of Woodrow Wilson and Democracy in Power

Democratic Rally at Portales

Court House, Tuesday, Oct. 17, at 7:30 P. M.

This will be the first Democratic meeting in Roosevelt County and every citizen of the county should be present. This is not only an important state campaign in which you should be vitally interested, but it is a national campaign in which the present peace, unprecedented prosperity and even the very existence of this great Republic is threatened, should Democracy and Woodrow Wilson meet defeat on November 7th next.

...Honorable Lee Cruce, Former Governor of Oklahoma...

Mr. Cruce is an able talker, well posted on the real issues involved in this campaign. He will discuss the achievements of the Wilson administration and point out the fallacies, hypocrisy and deceit of the Republican contentions. Every citizen of the county should hear this talk. Ladies are especially invited.

Immediately after the speaking a Woodrow Wilson Club will be organized and all those who are opposed to the methods of the Republican highbinders, both in state and nation, are cordially invited to join this club.

G. L. Reese, Chairman County Committee

W. H. Braley, Secretary



LISTEN

We have been engaged in the Lumber Business in this city for a long while, and during all this time no man has failed to get full value for his dollar spent with us. We are better equipped than ever to serve our patrons - Let Us Serve You.

PORTALES LUMBER CO.

R. V. LAWRENCE, Manager

(Advertisement)
Charley Gunn

To the voters of Roosevelt county:
I wish to announce my candidacy for the sheriff's office on the Socialist party ticket. I have not the opportunity to make a personal canvass of the county, so I will try to speak to you through the Portales Valley News as I suppose the majority of the voters of the county read this paper. I am a farmer. I came from Comanche county, Oklahoma, about ten years ago and settled on a government claim where I have resided ever since. I came here broke and a wife and nine children to support. It is useless to state my experience through all the hard times, for all the old timers know the rest and the new comers can't be told. As to my reputation as a citizen it is open to investigation. I have no reputation as an official. I never held a salaried office, nor any other except as constable which I have held for two terms. But up to the present time I have not had any official work to do. I

think that speaks well for the settlement in which I live. If I should be elected I would not promise to please everybody but I will promise to discharge the duties pertaining to the office to the best of physical, mental and moral ability, and I believe that I am qualified to do the work successfully and I think I am, perhaps, as deserving of your support as anybody, as I have earned my living by hard work and honest effort from early youth and will soon be fifty years old. However, I would not ask your support for that reason only for I am still able to dig. As I am not a candidate for the state legislature I will not mention political issues but will state that I endorse the principles of the national platform of the Socialist party which, in my opinion, is the most truly democratic of all political party platforms. The county sheriff is a public servant whose duty it is to help enforce the law, free from political prejudice and without discrimination he should endeavor to bring real criminals to justice, (those who commit crime

and not one who kills jack rabbits without hunter's license) though I think all prisoners should be treated with as much courtesy as circumstances will permit consistent with public safety. Not all the laws are just nor all the convicts criminals. In conclusion, I will ask your consideration and your support at the election provided you can give it, consistent with your best judgment.

Yours for justice,
CHARLEY GUNN,
Upton, New Mexico.

Honor Roll, Portales Schools

Pupils who have a standing for the month of at least 90 per cent in each subject, and a grade of at least 90 per cent in department, and who have not been tardy more than three times during the month are put upon the honor roll. Following is the honor roll for September:

- High School—
Emma Knapp, Junior
- Eighth Grade—
Geo. Ellis, Irene Norris,
Mae Ferguson, Mary Jones,
Sylvia McRae, Alice Mueller
- Seventh Grade—
Marshall Morrison, Ralph Jackson
- Sixth Grade—
Kenneth Bell, Dorothy Ham,
La Von Brown
- Fifth Grade—
Johnnie Lester, Jack Hopper
- Fourth Grade—
Lillian Bell

Notice

All parties owing me on account will please call and settle at once. After Oct. 15th everything will be strictly cash to everyone. There will be no exceptions to this rule.
49
KOHL'S GARAGE

Mrs. P. J. Spencer, of Hereford, Texas, visited J. B. Hext and family this week.

J. S. Suydam, special agent of the Home Insurance company, was transacting business with his agent, Roy W. Connally, Wednesday of this week.

Dr. Jessie H. Russell Speaks

Dr. Russell, who is in the state under the auspices of the Republican state central committee, comes from California, and tells the women of New Mexico what the ballot is doing for bettering laws for women, children and humanity in general in California.

In her talk at Portales last Wednesday Dr. Russell stated definitely that the women, and especially the mothers, of California did not neglect their homes or children to engage in the civic affairs of town or state but that when their home duties were attended to their time was at the disposal of the government. That noted men of the nation as well as women were glad to come and talk to them on the various problems which were engaging their attention. That these talks were without expense to the women; that because they were voting constituents they were enlightened upon these questions gladly.

That the five years of suffrage to California women had proven entirely satisfactory to the men of that state as well as the women, and that economic questions which had been hard of solution and legislation were now taken up with energy and determination; at one election there were forty-two of these problems in the list for the voter to write "yes" or "no" after.

The question often thrown at women that "redlight" women will offset the vote of mothers was taken up. Dr. Russell said the assertion was made so persistently during the campaign in California five years ago, that she personally investigated and found that the law stating that a voter must live so long in the state, so long in the county and precinct, generally precluded this migratory class from voting even if it was so inclined, which ob-

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reservation and facts proved was not usually the case.

She also stated that the men of California welcomed the women in helping them solve problems by the ballot. They did not look upon them as meddling in any sense of the word but worked hand in hand with them for better laws. That the women would not stand for "blind pigs" nor for the escape of an owner renting his property for immoral purposes from publicity.

The meeting at Portales was attended by men as well as women and all were enthusiastic and appreciative of the arguments made. After the meeting a picture was taken by a "movie" man of the suffrage club of Portales which numbers about thirty.

Eat at Siegner's. 49tf

Bring your family along for something different to eat, at Siegner's. 49tf

Strayed or Stolen—From the Santa Fe stock yards, September 30, one cow, rather small, white spot in forehead, about five years old, no brands. Clifford Deen, Portales. It

J. W. Cowart, of Tolar, was a visitor at the News office this week.

Where is Siegner's? In the old baking building. 49tf

For Sale

One fine young jack - will trade for two year old whiteface heifers. 25 head of young red cows and 25 head of one year old whiteface steer calves for sale. One 10 year old gray mare, good buggy and three year old colt to sell for one hundred dollars. Phone 187. M. F. Fowler.

TO TRADE—80 acres 8 miles northwest of Portales to trade for house and lot in Portales. Address Dallas McDaniels, Route 1, or Joe Beasley, Portales, New Mexico. 37 6t

Pure Apple Cider 50 cents per gallon at Siegner's. 49tf

Try a Merchant's Lunch at Siegner's. 49tf

Prompt Delivery

For fresh meats, fruits, clean groceries, feed, courteous treatment and close prices, see

Strickland & Bland
Phone No. 11

HOLD ON SHOUT NEWS BUT P

He Blushing Had Paid But H

W. E. Linds Angelic P Past I

Mr. Bursu didate for New Mexic

house last mixed crov people. Ir was, proba publicans, ladies and who had go Mr. Bursun as to the the Portales charges we extracts fr of the statu the reignin perial prov corro," pre ing. He c with havin things alle; untrue, th been exon competent if he was News he s fined in ja room the s truth or u alleged in the memo Portales, throughou very thing per were candidate on Mr. B W. E. Lin against Lindsey f ter of his tude one is certain did Mr. wrong fo is doing v at this ti at the S have noti not enthu tion of hi and his r tion rath that it w rather th forming. In refe have cre through blushing the thirt a reside had actu ury of th munific year's t he rest aut in t produce year. I his spee sections thing h nor McL vigor s largely sence. give hir for the Anotl his ad ally es possibly ting s imagin posed t of Rooc