

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

The Official Paper of the City of Portales and the Only Newspaper in Roosevelt County that is Read by the People

Volume II

PORTALES, ROOSEVELT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1915

Number 12

MANY WEALTHY AND INFLUENTIAL PEOPLE ARE COMING HERE

This Year to Invest Their Money and to Buy Homes and to Become One of Us

Let Us, Then, Get Together and Make Plans for Encouraging Progressive Citizenship

There are thousands of people in the United States who have from \$10,000 to \$50,000 to invest in a home if they can find the proper surroundings. These people want to know first of all that the people among whom they are to make their home are people of high attainments or people among whom it will be a pleasure to live, socially. They want to feel when they come into the community that there is an organized society in that community. Portales, heretofore, has not taken any steps toward organizing its good citizenship to make known the quality of its citizenship to the people coming in. The small investor with from \$500 to \$5,000 to invest is always welcome and will continue to come to this community. There is another grade of investors, however, who are looking for culture, convenience and comfort who can just as easily be brought to this Portales Valley as the small investor. What is the town of Portales doing to get these high grade men? Men can come here and build themselves \$5,000, \$10,000 or \$15,000 homes, have in these homes all of the comforts that they have in any city. Will they come? They will come and look at it and if the citizenship of the town will present to them just the truth about the quality of the citizens in the town, the social life and facts of the living of the community, it will be sufficient to keep such investors in this community.

Is this town going to develop into a commercial center? Certainly. With that development will come riches. These riches will be made locally and will be brought in by people who have made them elsewhere. It is time for the good citizenship of this town to get together; organize so that in a business way and in a social way this town can show that it has outgrown its frontier days. It is time to talk about how good things are, how valuable property is, not how cheap property is.

If a man were to walk into your place of business right now and say, "I have \$50,000.00 to invest in a home. I am looking for a place where I can live comfortably, etc.," what would you do? drop dead, stand tongue-tied, act bashful, make the man think you didn't know there was so much money in the world? Honest, now, what would you say and how would you convince him and get him to stop right here and invest? Think it over. That kind of men are coming. They are coming because of our healthful climate, our good water, our fertile soil, and because through the use of cheap electricity and shallow water, they can build themselves homes surrounded by all the comforts to be obtained anywhere in the United States. A comfortable home which is self supporting and makes some

profit. What more may a man require.

And you wouldn't forget to remind him to tell his wife that she could fix the toast and coffee herself at the table—by electricity. That she could have an ideal servant to assist her in keeping the house beautiful and tidy; an uncomplaining, always ready servant, to sweep, wash, iron, bake, ready for service always—electricity.

Now, will you help make it possible to offer this new investor electricity at all hours by getting sufficient day and night load to justify a continuous current. All things are possible if you do but desire them.

Another Sign of Prosperity

This week the News man noticed that there were a great many new wagons on the street and, upon inquiry at the Joyce-Pruit store, learned that that house had sold seven new farm wagons this week; also, that the Hardy Hardware company had sold quite a few of them, as had also Humphrey & Sledge. All of this goes to show that the big grain crop raised in Roosevelt county was bringing returns and encouraging the farmers to buy new farm implements. It also developed that the buyers in Portales are paying from three to five cents, cash, above the highest prices at Elida, or other grain buying points. Heretofore Elida has put one over on us by paying just a little more for grain than did the Portales buyers, but that day is past now. Instead of, as formerly, one man getting all the farm produce offered, there are now three cash buyers in the field and competition is keen. This is a good thing for the producer and the News hopes that even better prices may be obtained.

Carl Mueller Will Plant Sudan

There is always one safe, sure bet, and that is that Carl Mueller will never bring up the rear of any procession. He is one man who will not have to die in order to ride in the front wagon. He is always on the look out for the best in farming methods and the crops best adapted to the soil and climatic conditions of the locality wherein his farm is situated. For some few months he has been reading up on sudan grass, and his investigations have convinced him that it is the best forage crop that can be grown here without irrigation. He has, accordingly, bought a sack of state inspected seed and will put out a small acreage of it this spring. The News is prepared to furnish this seed in quantities of from one pound to car load lots. Prices vary according to the quality of the seed.

Judge Henderson Re-Elected

At the election held Monday for the purpose of electing a justice of the peace and a constable in this precinct, the candidates were Judge J. P. Henderson, for re-election, and C. W. Carroll, for justices, and Fred Stewart and Lewie Anderson, constables. In the justice contest, Mr. Henderson received one hundred and forty-seven votes and Mr. Carroll fifty-nine; for constable, Lewie Anderson received one hundred and sixteen and Mr. Stewart, ninety.

Court in Session this Week

This week Judge G. A. Richardson has been holding an adjourned term of the district court, hearing court cases only. It is reported that several such cases were disposed of, as well as various motions.

Sudan grass seed at the News office. Get it now.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS MEET AND DISTRIBUTE THE PUBLIC MONEYS

The News Endeavored to Save Taxpayers Some Hundreds of Dollars But Commissioners Remain True to Their Subsidized Organ

Surely None May Blame Them for Turning Down a Bid From a Newspaper Which Had the Temerity to Criticize Extravagance, Even Though the People Do Have to Dig Up the Money for It

Below is given the proceedings of the county commissioners, published free. The News offered to do the county printing for about one-seventh of the sum for which the job was let but, being persona non grata with the constituted authorities, its tender was reluctantly, oh, how reluctantly, declined and, with a solemnity that was truly impressive, aye, majestic in its austere dignity, the guardians of the public purse placed this lucious plum on the platter of the blushing and modest court favorite, while the presumptuous News was relegated to obscurity. This was a well merited punishment and the "ding busted" News will, may be, learn to keep its nose out of the county's business. It has no circulation yet the people all read it; its job printing is bum, yet particular folks will have none other. The News should be good and not criticize public extravagance. What does \$120,000.00 a year for county expense amount to for the millionaire farmers of Roosevelt county, anyhow? The proceedings follow:

County Commissioners' Proceedings

Proceedings of the board of county commissioners at the regular January term. All members present.

Minutes of previous meetings were read and approved, and adjournment taken until January the 5th.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 5.

The following accounts were allowed:

J. C. Clark, clerk of election and delivering box	\$5 30
Ralph R. Gore, clerk election and delivering box	4 54
J. O. Benson, registrar	3 00
W. J. Hobson, registrar and return of book	3 06
John Cox, registrar and judge of election	5 08
W. J. Phillips, judge of election and return box	3 20
J. C. Clark, registrar	3 00
S. E. Johnson, salary and expenses	141 55
D. K. Smith, salary and expenses	154 36
C. V. Harric, salary	100 00
Henry J. Kegley, registrar and return of book	3 12
W. F. Bays, registrar and election judge	5 00
Hugh Beasley, delivering election boxes	6 00
W. R. McGill, registrar	3 00
A. M. Sanders, registrar	3 00
A. R. Dillon, election clerk	2 00
L. W. Dillon, election judge	2 00
W. A. Goldston, registrar and election judge	5 00
Joe Throgmorton, registrar	3 00
T. L. Slocum, election clerk	2 00
J. J. Sanders, election judge	2 00
Chas. Davis, election clerk	2 00
W. C. Thornton, elec. judge	2 00
R. E. McAlister, elec. clerk	2 00
L. A. Miller, election judge	2 00
C. Gunn, election clerk	2 00
J. W. Russell, del. box	2 00
J. J. Pinson, election judge	2 00
J. M. Cheshire, registrar delivery of book	3 32
G. W. Jones, election judge and delivery of book	2 24
L. K. Jones, election clerk	2 00
A. Long, election judge	2 00
G. W. Stroud, election judge	2 00
R. Robbins, election clerk	2 00
L. Barker, election judge and return of box	5 50
E. C. Price, election judge	2 00
J. English, election clerk	2 00
A. Barger, del. of box	2 00
H. H. Rowland, election judge and del. of box	5 20
J. W. Armstrong, election clerk and del. of box	4 00
J. F. Vaughn, elec. judge and delivery of box	4 04
W. H. Creek, election judge and delivery of box	4 04
W. H. Rosson, delivery box	1 85
G. F. Robeson, registrar	3 00
Remington Typewriter Co supplies	3 00
A. A. Cribbs, exp. on poll book	95
J. T. Harding, election judge	2 90
W. I. Swain, election clerk	2 00
T. L. Beall, election clerk	2 00
I. C. Evans, election judge	2 00
J. W. Ross, election clerk	2 90
H. King, election clerk	2 00
J. T. Turner, election judge	2 00
J. E. Morrison, elec. judge	2 00
J. W. Ross, election judge	2 00
A. J. Goodwin, elec. clerk	2 00
M. Spencer, elec. clerk	2 00
H. E. Toombs, elec. judge	2 00
O. O. Ellett, elec. judge	2 00
J. M. McCormack, election judge	2 00
A. S. Pearson, elec. judge	2 00
J. H. Short, election judge and return of box	4 20
J. L. Paxton, election clerk	2 00
Hance Arnold, registrar	3 00
J. W. Thompson, elec. judge and completing poll book	4 75
A. P. Walker, registrar	3 00
N. H. Prince, elec. judge	2 00
J. D. Stevens, elec. clerk	2 00
Z. H. Woods, election clerk	2 00
W. M. Wilson, elec. judge	2 00
E. Eastwood, registrar and election judge	5 00
H. C. Scroggs, registrar and election judge	5 00
A. A. Cribbs, registrar and delivery of book	3 20
Joe Sherman, registrar and delivery of book	3 20
C. M. Johnson, registrar and election judge	5 00
J. W. McMahan, elec. judge	2 00
A. N. Cheatham, elec. judge	2 00
H. W. Davidson, elec. judge	2 00
J. E. McCall, sal. advance	600 00
J. C. Compton, salary	100 00
H. M. Plummer, elec. judge	2 00
D. L. Harding, elec. clerk	2 00
R. H. Todd, election clerk	2 00
H. W. Davidson, completing poll book	1 80
C. W. Carroll, salary and ex	120 70
C. C. Price, registrar and election judge	5 80
W. E. Patterson, medical services	22 00
W. Tood, election judge	2 00
A. L. Gregg, registrar	3 00

C. L. Russell, elec. clerk	\$ 2 00
W. Murphy, judge of election and delivering poll box	4 05
A. L. Wilson, delivering poll box	2 60
W. R. Tollett, election judge	2 00
S. A. Fry, election judge and delivering box	3 36
J. M. Manes, registrar	3 00
R. J. Kendall, elec. judge	2 00
L. L. Brown, clerk of elec.	2 00
W. Murphy, medical service	20 00
J. H. Sandifer, elec. judge	2 00
J. R. Hatfield, registrar and judge of election	5 00
J. E. Plummer, elec. clerk	2 00
J. A. Toombs, registrar	3 00
Arthur McFall, registrar	3 00
P. J. Keeter, judge of election and delivering box	4 88
Taiban Herald, printing proclamation	10 50
Braley & Ball, premium on official bonds	295 50
W. E. Keeter, registrar	3 00
Thomas Hendley, registrar and judge of election	5 00
A. S. Pearson, witness fee and mileage	5 00
Taiban Herald, printing election proclamation	10 92
Isaac M. Toombs, registrar	3 00
J. S. Click, registrar	3 00
Emmett Gore, elec. judge	2 00
R. A. Cromer, registrar	3 00
E. P. Williams, registrar	3 00
H. A. McCall, registrar	3 00
W. B. Crane, registrar	3 00
A. T. Wade, registrar	3 00
Taiban Herald, printing tax notices	5 25
Joe Rich, registrar	3 00
J. C. Loughridge, judge of election	2 00
G. A. Bailey, election judge	2 00
W. H. Ball, registrar	5 00
J. C. Crume, scrub broom	1 60
E. C. Cummings, registrar, election judge and exp.	5 86
J. C. Thurman, registrar	3 00
Herald Printing company, printing and supplies	203 88
Mrs. S. F. Culberson, office expense 4th quarter	25 50
Geo. C. Deen, fees earned	30 89
Geo. C. Deen, office expense	20 85
T. M. Littlejohn, supplies	4 70
Burroughs Adding Machine company, final installment on machine	55 00
J. E. McCall, office expense	66 78
Geo. D. Barnard & company, bill No. 519-1746	1 83
Connally Coal Co, coal	148 85
Kemp Lumber Co, supplies	4 50
Egbert Wood, supplies	4 90
Crane & Co., supplies	70 79
Hall Litho Co., supplies	5 60
J. P. Henderson, J. P. fees	8 45
Crane & Co., supplies	9 68
C. P. Mitchell, recording B and D certificates	5 25
J. J. Watson, work on toilet	2 00
M. B. Jones, office expense	69 13
C. M. Dobbs, supplies	59 23
C. V. Harris, supplies	33 30
W. A. Duckworth, registrar and clerk of election	5 00
C. T. Grimes, judge of election and delivering box	3 74
Wesley Rogers, elec. judge	2 00
S. F. Lane, judge of election and delivering box	4 06
G. W. Jolly, election judge	2 00
J. E. McCall, expense tax notices	2 24
C. P. Mitchell, office exp.	21 22
J. C. Compton, office rent and expense	20 25
Hardy Hardware, supplies	17 75
S. Howell, work and repairs on jail	43 70
S. Howell, work and repairs	2 75
Mrs. S. F. Culberson, salary 4th quarter, 1914	375 00
M. B. Jones, advance salary 4th quarter, 1914	675 00
Ed. J. Neer, supplies	9 70
Lithgow Mfg. Stat'y Co., term reports	5 00
Charles Goodloe, work on treasurers office	1 00
R. S. Adams, drayage	1 25
J. W. Ballow, deputy district clerk, 4th quarter	75 00
C. P. Mitchell, advance salary and deputy hire, 4th quarter, 1914	812 50

(Continued on last page)

LIVE STOCK INDUSTRY CONTINUES BRISK THOUGH NOT LARGE SALES

Charley Hart Buys One Thousand and Thirty Steers in Arizona and Brings Them Here

Other Small Sales Made During the Past Week and for Uniformly Satisfactory Prices

Charley Hart returned Saturday from Arizona with five hundred and thirty head of one, two and three year old steers. He also bought five hundred more for a little later delivery. This is a choice bunch of stuff and Mr. Hart bid adieu to a nice roll of "kale" before he acquired ownership in them.

Townsend Sells a Small Bunch

Henry P. Townsend, this week, sold and delivered to Ben Hall, of the Dereño community, fifty head of cows for \$45.00 a round. Mr. Townsend is another stock farmer who has made "the wolf quit a hanging around his door" by permitting a little bunch of cattle to grow him over to Plenty Street, where money is easy and "ham and" always waiting for his appearance. It is also true Ben Hall has made a wad of sangleon on his cattle holdings.

Dallas McDaniel Buys a Few

Dallas McDaniel came in from the ranch Thursday morning and before noon, annexed a bunch of thirty-one good cows which belonged to C. W. Terry, and for each one of which he bade farewell to forty-five perfectly good American dollars. The McDaniel brothers have a splendid ranch about fifteen miles northwest of Portales and are getting a bunch of good stuff around them.

Fire in Arch Community

Last Tuesday night the home of Dr. E. T. Hensley, of the Arch community, was destroyed by fire, together with all of its contents. This home was one of the largest and most substantial country residences in the county, consisting of six large rooms equipped with all the modern conveniences possible to obtain outside of the city. The loss was a total one, there being no insurance on the premises.

Two More Cars of Hogs Shipped

This week J. B. Priddy, H. J. Farnham, L. C. Weimar, Mr. Fletcher and F. R. Smith shipped two cars of hogs to the Ft. Worth market. This makes about the third or fourth shipment this winter for Messrs. Priddy, Farnham and Weimar. The hogs shipped this time are of an average size and weight and should bring top prices.

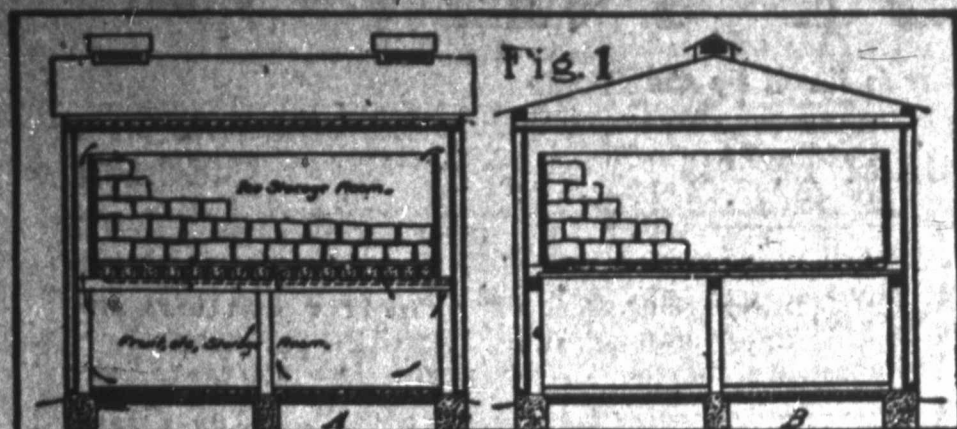
Puckett Buys More Cows

R. K. Puckett this week returned from an automobile trip through Texas on a still hunt for some cows. He located and bought some three hundred head of white faced cows. Puckett brothers have a goodly bunch of high grade stuff and they bought them worth the money.

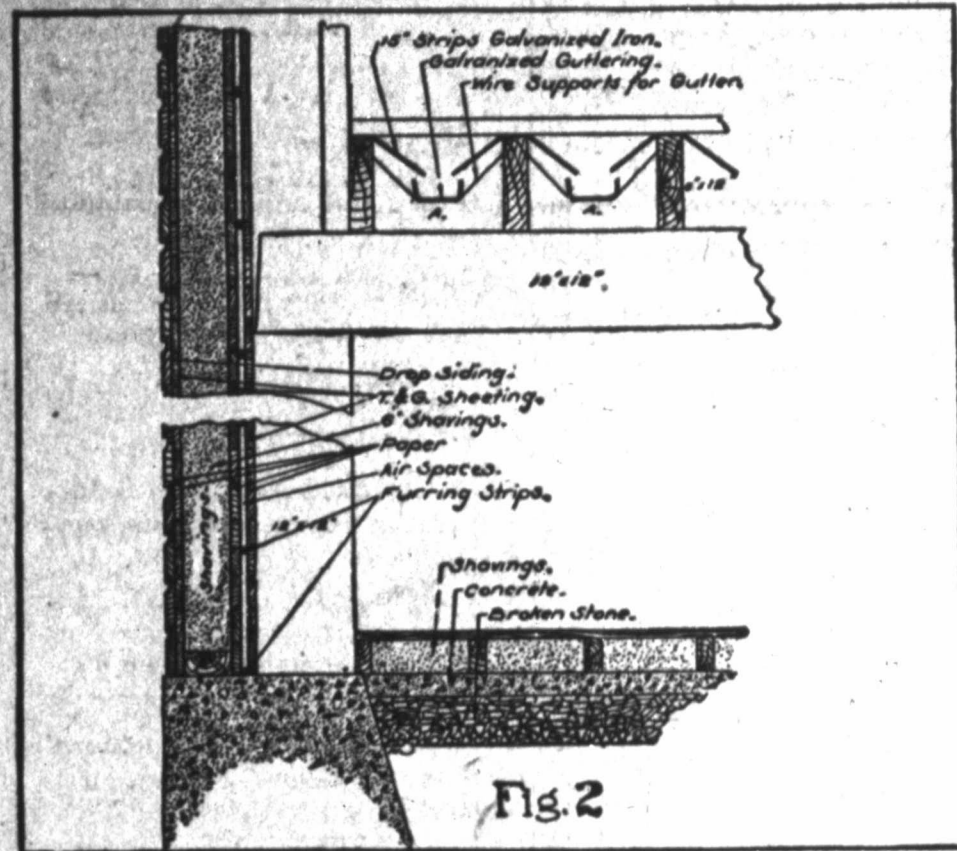
Broom Corn Commences to Move

Wednesday of this week four cars of broom corn were shipped from this place, billed for the east. There were three hundred and thirty bales in the four cars. The broom corn this year was exceptionally good and is bringing fair prices.

GOOD TEMPERATURE FOR FRUIT STORAGE



Diagrams Showing Cross Sections of a Building Planned for Storing Ice Above and Fruit Below—A, Longitudinal Section—B, Transverse Section.



Diagrams Showing the Wall Construction and Slat Floor Used in the Building Shown in Fig. 1.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In order that fruits may be held for long periods in storage it is necessary that a uniform low temperature be maintained in the storeroom. With many products a uniform temperature is of more importance than a low temperature. With apples, which is the crop usually held in storage, it is desirable that the fruit reach an advanced state of maturity upon the tree, but that the ripening process be checked immediately when the fruit is placed in storage. This sudden check cannot be effected in ordinary storage at picking time. It is therefore necessary that the storage house be provided with means for reducing the temperature to the required point and holding it there until natural conditions permit the introduction of cold air from the outside.

Several systems have been used for accomplishing this result. The simplest is to build the ice house as a two-story structure and to store the ice above and the fruit below. The ice may be stored at harvest time in an ice house or in an ice chamber arranged over the room in which the fruit is to be held, or the place may be simply a temporary storeroom, to which the ice is transferred at the time the first fruit is stored. Both these

plans have been followed, but the one to be used in any particular instance will depend upon the cost of handling the ice and the certainty of the fruit harvest.

The general principles involved in the construction of such a house hold for both plans. Where the structure is for combined ice and fruit storage the ice chamber will of necessity be much larger than when ice is used merely to lower the temperature of the house at harvest time. The details of construction shown in Fig. 1 may be so modified as to adapt the building for either use.

If the object is especially that of fruit storage, the ice chamber may be so reduced as to serve merely as a bunker in which to place several tons of ice at a time, to be replaced as needed. The detail of Fig. 2 shows a slat floor built of 2x4 inch Georgia pine supported on 2x12 inch or 3x12 inch joists, as needs may require. The joists are protected by a cap of galvanized metal 15 inches wide tacked to and formed over the top of the joists prior to laying the slat floor, so that the drip from each metal cap may be caught by the line of gutter (Fig. 2, A) which is suspended between the joists. This is one of the simplest types of floor construction possible for this style of structure.

HAVE HOUSES WARM AND COMFORTABLE

Close All Cracks to Prevent Drafts Striking Birds While on Roosts—Cull Drones.

Make your poultry houses warm and comfortable for the winter, overhaul them, see that no cracks are there to allow cold drafts to strike on the birds or the roosts, be sure that your roofs and north, east and west sides are perfectly tight, but allow for plenty of fresh air to come in from the south side, which ought to be the farthest away from the roosting section; this will insure a dry house. Houses may be warm and comfortable and yet well ventilated; a stuffy, ill-ventilated house that smells when you open the door in the morning is not a healthy place for your birds; when this is the case give more ventilation without drafts. Use plenty of charcoal. Supply a good dust bath; coal ashes or road dust is suitable for this purpose. Clean out droppings often, every day if possible. Weed out the undesirable, cockerels, pullets and old hens that you do not need to produce the best results. Only keep the useful birds, giving them all the room possible. Winter eggs bring high prices and you only can get best results by keeping the most promising layers. If you want eggs you must feed for them. Supply a good litter and plenty of it.

Pasteurized Milk Safe.

Heating milk or its by-products to 150 degrees and holding it at this temperature for a certain length of time, kills the germs of tuberculosis and other diseases that might be present. This process is called pasteurization. It is the most readily available way of rendering safe milk that is not known to be clean or is perhaps known not to be a high-class product. It makes no pretense of removing filth from milk, but it renders innocuous and harmless the impurities and disease germs contained in it.

CARING FOR CALVES DURING THE WINTER

Modern Plan Which Makes Good Cows Later—Give Youngsters Plenty of Bedding.

When the calf is taken away from the cow, it should be turned into a roomy pen which is light and as sunny as possible, and contains enough in the way of straw or hay to keep the animal busy. By all means must this pen be clean, and kept clean. Whatever the plan of feeding when the calf gets to the grain stage, only what it will eat up clean should be given; never have any grain, and especially wet feed, left in the box, for it is likely to take away the animal's appetite for the next meal.

At night see that the pen is clean and the floor dry, and give the calves plenty of bedding, being liberal with it if the night promises to be cold. During the pleasant days let the calves in to the yard for a run, but do not keep them there until they become chilled. Handle them every day, but do not play with them or tease them, if you expect to raise them as additions to the herd. A pet calf makes an unruly cow, nine times out of ten. Treat them kindly and so they will get used to you, but let your affection stop there.

Wrapping Apples.

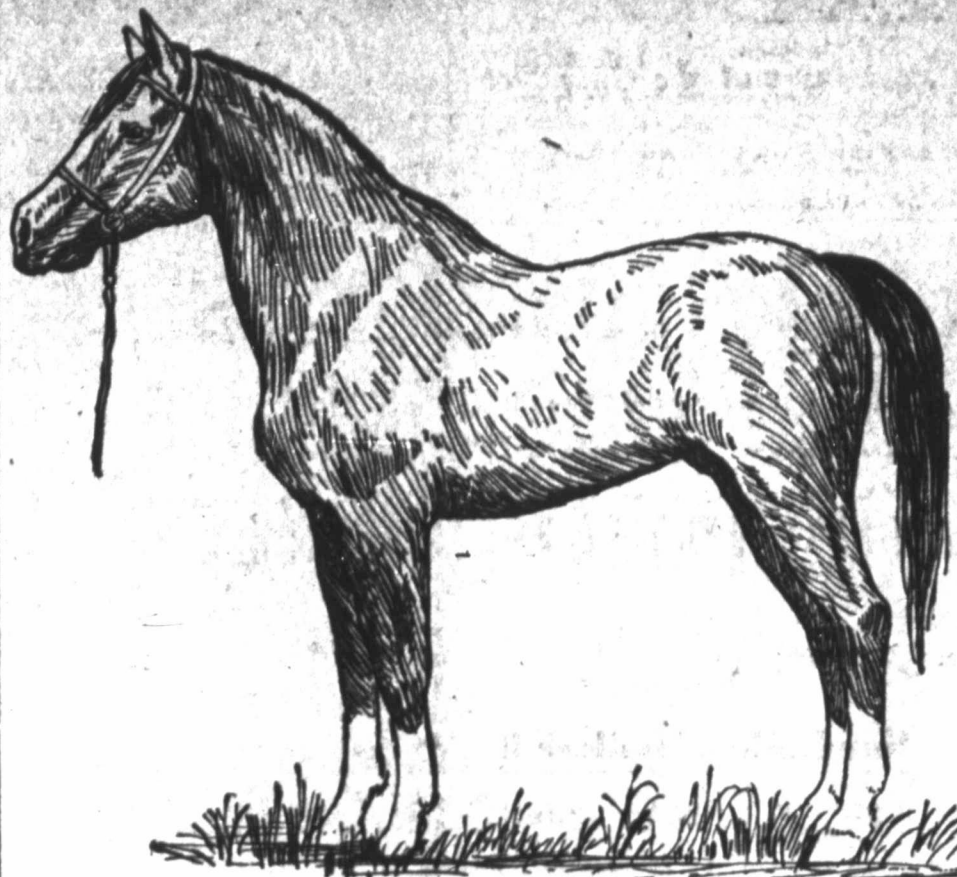
If apples are thoroughly cooled before storing they keep better if wrapped with oiled paper and put into tight boxes or barrels.

If put in storage when warm, tight boxes and wrapping make matters worse. Oiled paper is better than newspaper, because if one apple rots it is less apt to injure others if wrapped with such paper.

Profit in Feathers.

So little attention is usually paid to feathers, even on the farms where many fowls are dressed for the market; and yet they can be worked up into a profitable side line.

CO-OPERATIVE PLAN OF BUYING STALLION



An Arabian Horse.

Until we begin to pay more attention to the kind of stallions to which we are breeding our mares we will not greatly improve the stock of horses we are growing on our farms. There are scores of good horses in this and in other communities, but for some mysterious reason there are scores of men who will pass these good animals by every spring and lead their mares to some underbred animal whose get cannot begin to compare with that of the real stallions.

Of course it is not so very mysterious after all. The fee is the thing that stands in the way, says an Indiana writer in Farm Progress. It's funny that some men will pay a few dollars less and be fairly contented with a cat-hammed, scissor-hocked colt that will never be in demand by anybody for anything, when they might have added a few dollars to the stallion fee and had a colt that would be far more salable and worth a good deal more money.

It takes as much feed and pasture and fully as much care to make a second-rate animal out of one of these mongrel-bred colts as it does to make a real horse out of a colt that has some breeding on the sire's side. Stallion registration laws such as have been passed, but not enforced by many states, would help in wiping out much of this shiftless evil that is really costing many a country community a considerable amount of money every year.

As long, however, as there is a demand for the cheap and underbred stallion's services, and no law to drive him out of the country, he will linger in most communities.

It seems to me that a mare that is worth breeding at all is worth breed-

ing to a horse that is of some value and whose colts have the points that will make for future value in them. What is the sense in wasting good feed and barn room, to say nothing of pasture for two or three years, on a second or third-rate colt, when you might have one that had all the makings of a good horse about him from the beginning?

The difference in the amount that must be paid for the two classes of stallion service amounts to but little in view of the fact that the colt of the really good stallion may be worth twice as much to his owner as that of the underbred horse. It is one of those curious things that help to keep some men from ever getting as much out of their farming and stock raising as they should have.

Of course the co-operative plan of a few farmers in a neighborhood buying a good stallion is an excellent one if the horse is bought of an absolutely reliable dealer and is the right kind of an animal. This plan is being followed in a good many neighborhoods and is working out fairly well. Co-operation will not come, of course, until the people have awakened to the fact that the only kind of horses that are worth the trouble and cost of raising are those that are properly bred.

The man who hopes to make a little money out of the colts he is going to raise ought to travel a long way to reach a high-priced stallion rather than to accept free the services of a poor horse kept on a neighboring farm. It will pay to ride two days, one going and another coming back, to reach the right kind of a horse. The other kind is the animal that is responsible for so many scrub horses at the present time.

TUBERCULOUS HOGS ARE NOT WANTED

Many Dairy Districts Known to Harbor Diseased Cows Being Discriminated Against.

It is a well established fact that hogs contract tuberculosis very readily from tuberculous cattle, being fed the diseased milk, or following stock cattle.

There has been a too-general objection to any method employed to rid the country of diseased cattle. The tubercula test has been declared a worthless test, the state laws have been drastically opposed as tyrannical. Farmers have declared it was nobody's business if they wanted to keep tuberculous cattle. It is somebody's business, and nobody's more than the farmers themselves. The consumer of milk and meat wants to be satisfied that he is getting wholesome foods, and every honest farmer is anxious to know that he is producing wholesome foods. But aside from this the farmer wants to know that he and his neighbors are producing wholesome foods because of the financial reaction that is bound to come soon if the disease is not stopped.

Just as sure as anything there is a time coming when the farmers will sell their cattle and hogs subject to inspection or not at all if they do not make every effort to get rid of tuberculosis. Many dirty districts now known to harbor tuberculous cows are being discriminated against in the hog markets. Their hogs are not wanted at any price. The dairymen in such localities could do not better than make a great effort to remove every cause for the discrimination. What is true of hogs will be true of cattle some day. Cattle are inspected at the stockyards but the day will come when there will be no buyers soliciting in certain localities where the farmers feel that it is "nobody's business" whether they have diseased stock or not.

Winter Protection.

Tender varieties of blackberries, grapes, etc., may be bent down along the row and covered with an earth blanket for winter protection in severe climates. If a little soil is removed from one side of the roots canes will bend down easier; if necessary they can be held in place with wooden pegs.

SUDDEN CHANGE OF FEED IS DANGEROUS

Dietetic Disturbances Cause General Disorder and Several Dead Sheep Are Found.

Loss of a few lambs in the feed lots is to be expected. But this loss in some instances is far greater than it should be.

When range lambs are placed on a fattening ration the change of feed is so sudden that dietetic disturbances cause a general disorder and several dead sheep are found in the pens each morning. This invariably leads to the suspicion that they are dying of some infectious disease.

In some cases the ration is not well balanced to secure the best gains and the conditions of care and handling might be better, but these things will account for only a very small loss.

The change from grass to alfalfa, corn, barley, molasses and straw ensilage, etc., must be made gradually and herein lies the secret of the heavy losses of lambs in the feed lots in the early fall. The desire to get the lambs on a fattening ration as early as possible and failing to appreciate the danger of too heavy feeding and change of ration, has helped to make lamb feeding an unprofitable business in some instances.

A sudden change of feed or over-feeding, should be guarded against with all domestic animals. But it is especially important with the horse and sheep.

Hardwood Ashes.

Ashes from hardwoods (deciduous trees) are richer in both phosphorus and potash than those from pines and other softwoods (conifers). Ashes from oak, elm, maple and hickory have more potash than those from pine. The ashes of twigs (tagots for example) are worth more for agricultural purposes than the ashes of hardwood taken from the middle of an old tree. In general, the smaller and younger the wood burned, the better the ashes. The ashes of coal do not contain enough potash to make them valuable in this connection.

Silage for Horses.

Silage which is not moldy or spoiled in any way is splendid horse-feed in amounts of from ten to fifteen pounds per head daily.

SMILES

PLAYED BOTH WAYS.

Down at a southern racecourse, which I shall designate no more than to say that it's a place where you can lose your money in the winter time, I took a young lady out to the track and she insisted on placing a bet on a horse. She wouldn't even let me help her do it.

The horse did worse than to come in last. He turned around and ran the other way. I said:

"Well, you lose your bet. The horse you had your money on is running the wrong way!"

She gurgled with satisfied glee.

"Shows that a woman's instinct can't go wrong," she answered triumphantly. "I played him both ways!"

—Cincinnati Plain Dealer.

Exceptional.

Mr. Bore—I can't see why people keep diaries, do you?

Miss Lenore—Why, to write down their thoughts, keep a record of their affairs and—

Mr. Bore (interrupting her)—But that's all foolishness. I can keep those in my head.

Miss Lenore—That's a very good way; but then, not everybody has the room!—Judge.

None Needed.

"What do you mean," said an irate guest at a Kansas hotel, "by sending me to a room with no curtains on the windows facing the streets?"

"Dot vas all right," replied the landlord, "der glass vas so dirty dat no gurtains vare needed."

Suffering Certain.

The heroes of the European conflict are as nothing now to what they will be when the cold European winter sets in.

"Do you mean to tell me those Highlanders dress that way in the winter, too?"

LEAVES HIM SOMETHING.



Mrs. A—Do you go through your husband's pockets every night?

Mrs. B—No; about one night a week I fool him.

Political Uncertainty.

The statesman takes exceeding care to keep his fences in repair. For though he has a great renown, He can't tell when they'll tumble down.

Anxious Solitude.

"My uncle you met the other day at our house is an anthropologist."

"You don't say! Is he taking treatment for it?"

Paw Knows Everything.

Willie—Paw, what is an open question?

Paw—"Who has a corkscrew?" my son.

Blow to a Landlubber.

"He asked me to go for a trip in his yacht."

"Yes?"

"I had visions of champagne to drink, the best of food and sumptuous surroundings."

"Yes?"

"And I discovered that the darned little tub didn't even have a roof on it!"

Newly Discovered Talents.

"Of course, I shrieked when I thought there was a burglar in the house," said young Mrs. Torkins.

"What did your husband do?"

"Charley looked at me with deep reproach and asked why I couldn't holler that way once in a while when the home team needed a boost."

What Jarred Him.

Mrs. Clayton (at the opera)—The opera seems to be boring you terribly, Paul. Why, you look absolutely disgusted!

Mr. Clayton (an efficiency expert)—The opera's all right, Emma, but that fool conductor is making hundreds of unnecessary motions!—Puck.

Skeptical.

"Now, as to this terrible gas gun the French are using—"

"I fear it is a hot air gun."

"Operated by hot air, you mean?"

"No, a product for the most part of imagination."

Appropriate Name.

"The bicycle is playing quite a part in the present war. Bodies of soldiers use them."

"What do they call themselves, the Mud Guards?—Boston Evening Transcript.

TIME WILL TELL.



First Farmer—I tell you, Hiram Skinnem had a lot of summer boarders down taw his place this year. Were they rich?

Second Farmer—Well, they was afore they came to board with Hiram.

A Happy Crew.

The gods upon Olympus
Were always feeling prime
And never knew the sadness
Of working overtime.

A Muffed Disappointment.

"Darling," whispered the ardent suitor, "I lay my fortune at your feet."
"Your fortune?" she replied in surprise, "I didn't know you had one."
"Well, it isn't much of a fortune, but it will look large beside those tiny feet."

Average Small Town.

City Man—What makes rents so high here?
Villager—This is an incorporated town.
"Things don't look very metropolitan."
"No-o, but the taxes are."

That Would Interest Them.

"I hardly know what sort of a speech to make before an audience of woman voters," declared the portly statesman.
"Better arrange to illustrate a few new tango steps," suggested his adviser.

'Twas Ever Thus.

Wife—I can read you like I can this book, Adolphus.
Husband—Why don't you, then?
You skip what you don't like in a book and linger over it in me.—Puck.

Sad Memories.

Guest in Northern Hotel—Here, waiter, take away that mint sauce!
Another at Adjoining Table—What's the matter with that fellow?
Third—I guess he's from Virginia.

Prepared.

"My dear boy, I think the rate at which you drive your motor car is shocking!"

"That's all right, auntie; I always use a shock absorber."

Progress.

Hicks—Did you get that raise of salary you asked for?
Wicks—No, but I have got something now to refer back to the next time I ask.

"On With the Dance."

"I hear you have taken up the dancing craze."
"Yes. I got so worried I kept walking the floor anyhow and I thought I might as well do it to music."

VERY MUCH SO.



Visitor—So this town is strongly opposed to corporal punishment?
Walter—Yes, sir. Why, mister, dey don't even let us serve whipped cream.

A Hint.

While you are flirting with success
And making plans to nab it,
Some other chap, who fusses less,
May righ' right up and grab it.

Melancholy More Appropriate.

Photographer—Look pleasant, please!
Sitter—Great Scott, man, I don't want to look pleasant! I am going to send this picture to my wife who has been for a year out in California.

Of Course She Would.

"Why is Jimpson bored all the time?"
"He says he doesn't know what to do with himself."
"Umph! He ought to get a wife, she'd tell him."

Dr. Marden's Uplift Talks

By ORISON SWETT MARDEN.

VIM IS THE POWDER OF SUCCESS.

There is no other success quality excepting honesty which is more in demand today in all lines of human endeavor than vim. Everybody believes in it; everywhere we hear: "Give us a man who can do something; a man who has push; a man with iron in his blood." Ability is worthless without the power to put it into action. Resolutions, however good, are useless without the energy necessary to carry them out. Push clears the track; people get out of the way of an energetic man. "Energy is what wins. Many men fail to reach the mark because the powder in them is not proportioned to the bullet." More men fail to attain success in life from lack of energy—that force which achieves, accomplishes, pushes its way through obstacles—than from almost anything else.

No matter how much ability a young man may have, or how clever, courteous or amiable he may be, if he lacks energy, the powder of success, he never accomplishes much. There is no success in weakness, no victory in the uncertain step, hesitating will, lagging hand, or languid brain of an exhausted man. Even small ability with great energy will accomplish more than the greatest ability without energy. If fired from a gun with sufficient velocity a tallow candle can be shot through an inch board.

He who is hampered by depleted vitality is constantly losing opportunities, because he lacks strength to grasp them, to hold on to them, and to use them. He is forced behind and sees men who have not half his mental capacity, but who have strong physiques and all their power intact, forge ahead of him and seize the prizes. The great problem, then, which everyone has to face is how to generate energy, how to conserve it, and how to keep oneself always at the top of his condition. Whenever you are angry or feel like grumbling or pouting—whenever you are gloomy, fretful or morose—you are consuming your energy, wasting your vitality, and opening the sluiceways in your mental reservoir. Instead of sending the power over the wheel to drive the mental machinery. Everything which frets, chafes, rasps or brings inharmonious into life is a vitality-waster. Whatever brings discord into the nervous system destroys power. Friction is a deadly foe to happiness and success. It grinds away the delicate bearings of life's machinery without doing any good or increasing any value. To free life from friction, to lubricate all the faculties and to stop all the leaks of energy is the first duty to oneself and to others.

Millions of people have made miserable failures in life by letting this precious energy, which might have made them successful, slip away from them in foolish living and silly dissipation. Much of the worst kind of energy-dissipation is not what is commonly called "immoral." It is often the result of ignorance, carelessness, or neglect; but it is dissipation, all the same.

If you would make your mark in the world, and do your part in advancing civilization, you must cut off everything which is an energy-waster or success-killer. Do not do anything or touch anything which will lower your vitality. Always ask yourself, "What is there in this thing I am going to do which will add to my life-work, which will increase my power, keep me in a more superb condition, and make me more efficient in the service of humanity?"

WORKING WITH DULL TOOLS.

I criticized a carpenter working for me recently for using dull tools. He excused himself by saying that he had been too busy to sharpen them. He had been working for weeks with a dull saw and with a plane which had notches in it, leaving ugly ridges on the boards he was planing. This man had probably wasted more time in working with dull tools than it would have taken to sharpen them several times, to say nothing of the inferior work he was turning out.

There are multitudes of people who never do good work because they never prepare for it, never put themselves in a position to do good work—they never sharpened their tools; never trained themselves for it, and they go through life botching their jobs.

Every youth should put himself in superb condition to make his life a success. He should prepare himself to do the best work of which he is capable.

One great reason why so many people make botches of their lives is because they didn't start right, they never learned their life trade. It does not matter what a youth decides to do in life, he should endeavor to be an expert in it, an artist instead of an artisan.

Our intelligence offices are constantly filled with people, no matter how good the times, who have never half learned to do any particular thing, never learned any trade. The great majority of house servants do domestic work because they never learned

to do anything else, and this was about the only thing they could do without preparation.

How often we see men who spend most of their lives as day laborers working on the street, on railroads and ships, on farms, in all sorts of places, where they get only very small wages, who have the natural ability to do something infinitely better and to earn many times as much money, but they never learned to do anything in particular, and so they drifted into the only positions they could fill without special preparation.

On the other hand, there are a great many who are in a position to prepare for their chosen lifework, who destroy all their chances of success by overdoing or by neglecting the laws of health. Through ignorance, indifference or carelessness their faculties, their tools, are so dulled that they are unable to do what they long to.

How often we see young people starting in life with great ambitions to make a place for themselves in the world and to do something worth while, and yet they are ruining the possibility of their doing anything very important by ignoring the laws of health, in all sorts of ways lowering their physical standards, devitalizing themselves so that they do not have sufficient force for any great accomplishment. The very thing that they are most dependent upon for attaining their object, a strong and vigorous vitality, they sacrifice.

One can accomplish wonderful things with no other capital than robust health and the determination to make something of oneself, but no matter how much ambition one has, if he devitalizes himself, if he ruins his health by vicious habits, devitalizes himself by an abnormal or irregular life, he knows that his only chance of accomplishing anything very important is gone.

Everything a man does gravitates to his physical condition. All of his physical defects, physical weaknesses will reappear in whatever he does, and his mental condition will always harmonize with his physical state. Plenty of good people who are capable of doing good work do very poor work because they do not keep themselves in a condition to bring out the best thing that is in them. Unless a man has kept his tools sharp, kept himself at the top of his condition, the best that is in him will not respond to his efforts. He may be satisfied with even a second or third best if his physical standards are down, if he is devitalized by violating the laws of existence or by irregularities of living.

The stream cannot rise higher than its fountain head. If the physical condition is low, if one is devitalized, his ambition suffers, his ideals are cloudy, his energies lag, his work is poor.

Dispelled All Doubt.

Speaking of the unsophisticated the other night, Congressman Robert L. Henry of Texas related how a young wife went to a butcher shop to buy a turkey.

The price named for the bird, the congressman said, was 26 cents a pound, whereas the young wife hesitated.

"Isn't 26 cents rather high?" she timidly queried. "If I remember rightly, the price across the way is 23 cents."

"With the feet on, I suppose," was the quick response of the butcher.

"No," hesitatingly returned the customer, "I think the feet were cut off."

"That's just what I thought!" was the confident declaration of the butcher, as he began to wrap up the bird. "When we sell a turkey, madam, we sell feet and all!"—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Blind Need Windows.

Light has use, even if men cannot or will not see it. Baring-Gould tells of an institution for the blind that was built in England without windows. "Why," argued the committee, "should we provide windows for those that cannot see out of them?" So scientific ventilation and heating were provided, but the walls were left unperforated by any pane of glass. But soon the poor inmates grew pale, and a great languor fell upon them. They fell sick, and one or two died. Then it was that the committee decided to open windows in the walls. In came the healing light, and the human plants responded to it at once in revived spirits, ruddy cheeks and restored health. Light is good, the Light of the World is good, even for those who shut their eyes.—Christian Herald.

As to Kissing.

The kings and high officials of Europe, when they meet, always embrace and kiss each other, no matter what their relations have been in the past or may be in the immediate future. This is a kiss of respect. It may be given on the lips, the cheek, the brow or the beard and is nicely adjusted, according to the age and rank of the giver. From this close personal contact it passes through many forms: kissing the hand, parts of the clothing and even the ground trodden upon, according to the idea of respect or fear inspiring the one who performs the act.—Christian Herald.

Slighted.

"I saw Blobson out this morning with his wife and her dog."
"Was he trailing behind his wife and her dog?"
"Why, no."
"I guess she was making a concession for the sake of appearances. That is his usual status at home."

Confessions of a Mail Order Man

By Mr. M. O. Z.

Revolutions by One Whose Experiences in the Business Covers a Range From Office Boy to General Manager

HOW WE DIVIDED THE MONEY.

The furniture department in our catalogue was a great and immediate success. The "fake" illustrations caught the eye of the people and the orders poured in with every mail. We found out that whenever a customer ordered one article there were always a number of others included with the first. And the orders were all cash, of course. I don't remember in those days that we ever had an inquiry for credit. They seemed glad to get the goods by paying the cash and they seemed to get the money together in some manner.

We were busy. We moved away from the city where the business was started and now had a big establishment in one of the biggest of the eastern cities. Our tiny leaflet of a catalogue had increased to over fifty pages and there seemed to be no limit to our prosperity.

My work was now almost entirely connected with the catalogue. I wrote the descriptions, ordered the illustrations made by the wood engravers, superintended the printing and mailing departments and was up to my collar in work all of the time. Whenever anything of importance arose in connection with the business I was always called into a conference with Y and Z and we settled any question that arose.

One day I was called in and the doors were shut and locked. There was something of importance to be discussed.

"Look here, X, we are going to incorporate this business," said Y with a peculiar expression in his eyes. I had seen this expression before and I held myself on guard, in readiness to be very careful of my speech and action as I knew I had need of caution. It was like the "hands up" of a highwayman, that look was.

"Yes, we are going to incorporate and we are going to take you in as one of the incorporators," supplemented Z.

I held my peace. Here was something worth listening to.

Seeing that I asked no questions and was waiting for them to go ahead they looked at each other until finally Y said: "We are going to incorporate for one hundred thousand dollars." He continued to explain, with interpolations by Z and an occasional question by myself until it came about that they had decided to make me a present of one thousand dollars of the capital stock.

Soundly generous, don't it? Well, it didn't do me. We had always discussed the possibility some day of incorporation and it had always been held out to me that I was to have a good slice of the capital stock. So I took up the burden of the argument. I explained my viewpoint, recited the various services I had rendered, the departments I had introduced, the improvement in the business, etc., for all of which I claimed a good part of the credit. It was due me, too, because I had developed into the handy man about the shop for doing all of the hard work.

We nearly had a row over it. I was determined that if they did not treat me with fairness, that I would withdraw and I knew where I could interest capital if necessary to start another mail order business. In fact, I had the capital myself, for by this time I was drawing a salary of three thousand a year, about \$60 per week, and I had saved a good share of my salary. I told them so with all frankness.

It resulted in their giving me \$15,000 of the capital stock and an increase in salary to \$5,000 a year. Y and Z took each \$25,000, which took out \$66,000 of the stock. It was decided to sell out the other \$34,000 of stock at par if they had a buyer for cash and of this sum I was to have 15 per cent.

The deal was put through and I found myself a comparatively rich man. Later, when the capitalization was increased to millions, I got my share of the increased valuation so that I have made pretty well out of it. Of course in this matter I am giving fictitious figures. I will not give any more details now because it would be too easy for you to guess more, for it is no part of my plan to tell you too much about the interior workings of our organization.

We have figured it all out many times just what becomes of your dollar that you send in to us with an order.

About one-half of it goes for payment for the goods ordered. The rest is divided into dimes and cents for the payment of postage, printing, maintenance of plant, insurance, office help, etc., and last and best of all into dividends for the stockholders.

The families of Y and Z are now looked upon as merchant princes. They have their yachts, their automobiles, their racing stables, their various establishments. They take their annual tours in various parts of the world and they live off the best the world can supply. And why? Because you have sent your dollars to the mail order house, established by their fathers many years ago. Each year you send more dollars and the wealth piles up in the banks.

All because of the clever wording of our catalogue descriptions. All be-

Sledge & Sledge IMPLEMENTS

WILL PAY CASH—I will buy and pay the cash for chickens, turkeys, beef, hides and all country produce. Bring your stuff to me. Curd's door and Hand store. 2-17

NEER'S TOILET CREAM will cure chapped hands and chapped lips. It is a new prescription and I can assure you that there is none better. Price, 25c. at Neer's drug and furniture store.

FOR SALE—One span of good work horses. Also fresh milk cows. See Wiley Thompson, R. F. D. No. 1, Fortales, New Mexico. 7-4tp

FOR SALE—Eight head of Jersey cattle and three head of horses. Good age. For particulars see John W. Landberg. 11-17

to manage with little money to represent the oil gas burner. See demonstration in Portales this. Address M. Brockett, care News office. 1tp

FOR SALE—Registered Jersey bull, eat, 6 good milk cows, two heifer yearlings, 24 head of shoats, one Charter and range and household goods. W. C. Brown, Portales, N. M. 8-17

minutely easily deceived. The gilded palaces of revelry in Paris and Vienna, the unwholesome cabaret of St. Petersburg and Brussels, the gambling hall of Monaco, the glittering vice halls of Cairo—are all maintained by American dollars. We support them. We make them rich. We have made champagne a necessity, we have made truffles and mushrooms both expensive and desirable.

It's the history of life. Every creature shall prey upon the weaker. And we are the weaker who lavish our money on this sort of foolishness. It is really true that it is you, the people of the soil, the dwellers in the country, who are the wiser, after all. We seek dissipation and spend our energy and health as well as our dollars in looking for excitement.

It is to you, in the country, that the nation looks in time of war. Why not in peace also? The strength lies with you. The power is within your grasp. All you must do is to exercise your rights of franchise and your good sense and judgment.

Try it. Get together among your selves in your scattered communities. Hold meetings. Discuss among your selves what you ought to do to improve conditions. Talk it over—how to keep the money at home. Simply feather your own nests, that's all. Make your efforts count to your own advantage.

Is it possible that the dissensions and petty jealousies that are popularly supposed to exist in all small communities cannot be done away with so that you can all combine for the good of the whole? What if an armed power were on the way down the county road to burn and sack your town and cut the throats of your women and children? What would you do? Would you sidestep a mass meeting, called to create a defense because Bill Jones or Hank Buncomb was going to be there? Would you snik and refuse to have a thing to do with the defense plan just because you had some grievance, real or other wise, against somebody who would be there?

Net on your life. It would be a grand rally. It would be "Hello Bill" and "Hello Hank." "Gimme a lift with this pesky cannon." "Cut a buck's hole in this strap for a belt to hold up my sword." "Hand over the powder there, I want to fire a few bullets at the enemy."

That's the spirit. Unite for the common interest with "trade at home" as your slogan.

Messages on Cannon Balls.

The habit of sending messages on shells and cannon balls is a very ancient one.

In a museum at Calcutta you may see a silver cannon ball—a real ball, not a modern projectile—and on it are still visible certain engraved characters.

This was picked up in the jungle near the ruins of the old city of Anandnagar, and its history is a strange one.

Many years ago Anandnagar was ruled by Princess Candee. The Moguls invaded India, and, conquering one state after another, attacked Anandnagar. The plucky princess fought to the last, and when all the other metal in the town had been used up, took the gold and silver from her treasury and had it molded into bullets, on which were engraved maledictions against the oppressor.

These were fired at the enemy, and when at last they were used up, and the town forced to capitulate, the victors found precious little in the way of spoil.

Sail and Rudder.

The sails of boats are our emotions, the rudders are our characters. Our sails are breathed upon by gentle zephyrs of affection, and inclination, of hope, and love, and of hate. They are torn by sudden gusts of passion. We are blown hither and yon by conflict of quarrelling winds, driven from our course by angry squalls. The only force by means of which we can counteract the effect of the winds and hold our course is the rudder of character.

We know that we shall be blown upon all our lives by various influences, good and bad; that our emotions—those white sails that respond to every breeze—will be played upon by every human appeal and desire. What will become of the craft that has not a firm hand on the tiller?—Youth's Companion.

Dancing Frock of Taffeta and Lace



NET TOP laces over foundation skirts of taffeta silk are so excellent for making dancing frocks that the girl who is devoted to dancing cannot make a better choice of materials. The taffeta is just crisp enough and the lace has just body enough to keep a dancing gown from becoming crushed and "sleazy-looking," and taffeta seems somehow especially well suited to youthful wearers. It is an unpretentious material with a shining surface which looks particularly well under laces.

The Quaker, or shadow laces, if selected in the right patterns, look just as well as the net laces and are a little less in price. All of them are reasonable enough.

A very fine model for a party gown is shown in the picture. The under-skirt of taffeta is cut full enough for dancing, with a slight flare. There is a full ruche of the taffeta box-plaited about the bottom. Three founces of lace are set on the skirt with only moderate fullness. There is a narrow box-plaiting of taffeta at the head of each one of the two lower founces. The upper founce terminates in the waist line.

In the very simple draped bodice the taffeta silk is draped over the underbodice, reversing the order of things in the skirt. The lace extends beyond the silk, forming a short sleeve, drapery for the arms and a chemise at the front of the bodice. The bodice and skirt are joined at the waist line.

A very wide girde and sash is made of the taffeta. It is laid in folds about the waist and extends from just below the bust to a few inches below the normal waist line. It is kept in shape with stays tacked to the front, sides and back, on the underside. The ends cross at the right and are brought down below the waist at the back, where the sash is finished with two big loops without ends.

For the too slender girl an underbodice of plain net with long sleeves, or one of chiffon, may be added to this dress. Sleeves and gumpes of chiffon over net are still better, and the arm may be made to look much more plump by shirring chiffon over a net foundation.

The model is better adapted to slender young girls than to others, and to the tall figure it is most becoming.

Waved and Unwaved Coiffures



NOT all of the new coiffures are waved and curled, but those that are not are rare enough to prove the rule that the new modes favor waves and curls about ninety-nine times out of a hundred. Both types are shown in the illustration, and both are beautiful, but the waved coiffure is far more becoming to the average woman.

A very smart and elegant arrangement of waved and curled hair is shown in the figure at the right. For she who is not the possessor of much hair it is an ideal coiffure. To dress it, the hair is waved all around the head and combed forward while the back hair is combed up to the crown, twisted in a light coil and drawn through an opening in a light support or pad that is pinned to place. The back hair is then spread and pinned over the support.

The waved hair is parted at one side and brought back to the coil, where the ends are either curled or pinned under. If the hair will not curl successfully or is very short, the small, soft curls may be bought ready to pin in. They are very light and naturally curly, and are used in many ways in the new styles. They are pinned down with invisible wire pins, making a fascinating finish along one side of the coil.

At the left a coiffure is pictured suited to the woman who has plenty

of hair. If it is short and thin she will have to help out its length with a switch, but if it is long and thick no extra hair will be needed. The curious fact is that hair dressers prefer scantier locks helped out with acquired pieces, to very abundant natural tresses.

In this coiffure the back hair is arranged in a French twist, which is spread out so that it looks soft, and pinned to place with small shell pins.

The front hair is "huffed" and combed back in a pompadour, with the ends pinned under the coil. It is then parted in a very shallow part at the front and fastened with invisible pins in pretty, soft waves about the face.

For the young woman with regular features it is a delightful style, showing off the abundance of her own hair to the very best advantage.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Smart Handkerchiefs.

Colored handkerchiefs are being used. Made in fine linen to match the costume, if the color is light, to go with dark gowns the handkerchiefs must be vivid, such as red, orange, green or purple. They are made of an exquisite quality of linen and hand hemstitched, the hems being about a quarter of an inch wide. The monogram is embroidered in a darker shade than the handkerchief.

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

J. E. HENDERSON, Editor and Proprietor

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Published weekly at Portales, New Mexico, and devoted to the interests of the greatest country on earth, the Portales Valley and Roosevelt County.

ADVERTISING RATES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, ONE DOLLAR FOR ONE YEAR

Why so Much Agitation About Low Salaries for County Officers and Such Profound Silence About Stipends of the Judiciary?

How does it happen that every little, rattle brained nincompoop in the state, who has a polical bee buzzing in his bonnet, develops a mania for putting the county officers on salaries much below those provided in most of the other states, yet are never heard to complain of the princely stipends thrust upon our district judges and prosecuting attorneys? The constitution provided salaries for district judges that are double in amount what is paid by other and richer states, yet the legislature augmented this extravagance by providing that their transportation and hotel bills should be paid by the public. It will scarcely be contended that we are getting our money's worth, or that talent equally as brilliant as that of any judge occupying the bench in New Mexico, could not be had for half the salary now being paid. It is also highly probable that the press of the state will continue to either maintain a strict neutrality on this matter of judicial extravagance, or they will flock to the support of the overpaid judiciary. It is also common knowledge that those who are holding jobs as district attorneys have not proved that they are possessed of more than very ordinary legal ability, yet they are drawing but little less money for their services than are the district judges, besides, they are allowed an assistant at a salary of \$1500.00 a year, or about \$500.00 more than they or their principals can earn at the practice of law. Why don't some of these low salary fiends have a go at the exorbitant wages paid to prosecuting lawyers and their apprentices? Are you afraid to break a lance with those in high places?

Coming to the matter of salaries for county officers, there are none, not even the officers themselves, who are contending for extravagant pay, but if we are going to be lavish and over generous with our judges, our prosecuting lawyers and their helpers, then let us not be niggardly with our county officers, our neighbors, our friends. Let it not be said of us that we are too miserly to be just, too hypocritical to be honest. If we are going to inaugurate a campaign for salary reduction, let us begin at the top; let us amend the constitution and divide the judicial salaries by two, cutting off their travel pay; let us reduce the wages of the procrastinating lawyers to \$1000.00 a year and their apprentices to \$500.00 but, in the name of common justice, until some action along these lines has been taken, call off the fight that is now being waged against men of your own community until such time as you have trimmed the munificent pensions of those higher up. The money that is paid to those holding positions of trust within your own county, is for services actually rendered, and it is expended in the same community in which it is earned, instead of going out of your county to help to maintain some stranger in luxury and opulence.

Some Legislative Necessities

Of course every one knows that it is a case of misapplied energy to recommend wholesome legislation to a New Mexico legislature, probably, on the theory that "Nothing good comes out of Nazareth," yet it is difficult to refrain from occasionally hinting to our wise and learned citizens who are employed as engineers in the state law manufactory, that a little beneficial legislation would prove to be an agreeable and refreshing surprise. For one thing, the law relating to the working of the public roads should be repealed, and a statute enacted in its stead that would bear the ear marks of sanity and common sense, coupled with specific provisions for removing it as far from politics as human effort may do. There should be some step taken to break the strangle-hold the school book trust now has on the trachea of the proletariat. There should, likewise, be some radical changes in our tax system, as well as some restrictions placed upon the expenditures of county commissioners. There should be a revision of our laws as a whole, to the end that lawyers, at least, may be enabled to arrive at correct conclusions by a study of the laws. That provision of the constitution which abolished the fee system and provided salaries in lieu thereof has proved an expensive experiment, and should be submitted to a vote with a view to its repudiation. There is much that is needed in the way of safe and sane legislation, but there is but little hope entertained for any reform measures or acts calculated to rebound to the public good from the political gathering now holding out at Santa Fe. This is an unfortunate condition for the state and one that will require heroic treatment at the hands of the voters before any remedial measures may be expected.

THE PORTALES

CO-OPERATIVE PLAN



Notice of Pendency of Suit

In the District Court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico. Ida Koenig, plaintiff vs. Grace E. Lawrence and Howard W. Hyatt, defendants. No. 1082. The State of New Mexico, by Grace E. Lawrence and Howard W. Hyatt, Greeting: You will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein Ida Koenig is plaintiff and you, the said Grace E. Lawrence and Howard W. Hyatt, are defendants, said cause being numbered 1082 upon the civil docket of said court. The general objects of said action are as follows: The plaintiff seeks to recover judgment upon a promissory note and mortgage executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fain and Celestia I. Fain to the plaintiff on the 7th day of March, 1910, in the sum of \$275.00 with interest thereon at twelve per cent, per annum from the 7th day of March, 1910, till paid, ten per cent, additional upon said amount as attorney's fees and all costs of suit; to have plaintiff's said mortgage declared first and prior lien upon the said premises as against any claim of the defendants, who are alleged to have received conveyance of said property, subsequent to, and with due notice of plaintiff's said mortgage; to have plaintiff's said mortgage foreclosed upon the lands covered therein to plaintiff, described as follows: The southwest quarter of section thirty-four in township one south of range thirty-four in the New Mexico meridian, New Mexico, to have said property sold for the satisfaction of plaintiff's said judgment and demands upon said promissory note and mortgage and for the sum of \$121.15 paid by plaintiff for taxes assessed against said land and for costs and general relief. The plaintiff further notified you to enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 29th day of January, 1914, judgment by default will be taken against you and the relief demanded in the complaint. George I. Reese is attorney for the plaintiff and his postoffice address is Portales, New Mexico. Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 29th day of December, 1914. C. P. MITCHELL, Clerk. (SEAL.) By J. W. BALLOW, Deputy.

Notice of Pendency of Suit

State of New Mexico to Ellen W. Jones, J. W. Jones and Leon Jones, defendants. No. 1083. You will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein M. C. Roswell is plaintiff and you, the said Ellen W. Jones, J. W. Jones and Leon Jones, are defendants, said cause being numbered 1083 upon the civil docket of said court. The general objects of said action are as follows: The plaintiff seeks the defendants to foreclose a mortgage deed executed and delivered to the plaintiff by Hobson F. Jones, Henry Pevey Jones and Ellen W. Jones, on the eighth day of November, 1910, for the sum of \$1050.00 with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent, per annum, payable annually, from the 8th day of November, 1910, till paid, ten per cent, additional upon the amount due upon said promissory note as attorney's fees, the sum of \$988.17 paid by the plaintiff for taxes assessed against the land hereinafter described, and being for the sum of \$1294.30, which said judgment running against the land hereinafter described, and being for the sum of \$1294.30, which said judgment at the date of sale hereinafter mentioned will amount to the sum of \$1294.42, with all costs of suit; and whereas in said decree said mortgage in favor of the plaintiff, securing said debt, was foreclosed upon the following described property, to-wit: The east one-half of the southwest quarter and the west one-half of the southwest quarter of section five and the north half of the northwest quarter of section eight, in township one south of range thirty-four east of the New Mexican meridian, in New Mexico, containing 240 acres and all the improvements thereon, and lot two and the southeast half of lot eleven in block seventeen and all the improvements thereon, situated in the town of Portales, New Mexico. To have said property sold and the proceeds of such sale applied to the satisfaction of plaintiff's said demands and costs of suit; to have said mortgage declared a superior lien to any claim or title of the defendants or either of them, the said defendants, J. W. Jones and Leon Jones claiming an interest in said property as heirs of said Hobson F. Jones who died since the execution of said note and mortgage; and the appointment of a receiver to take charge of and collect rents of above property and for general relief. You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 12th day of February, 1915, judgment by default will be taken against you and the relief demanded in the complaint. George I. Reese is attorney for the plaintiff and his business address is Portales, New Mexico. Witness my hand and seal of said court this 29th day of December, 1914. C. P. MITCHELL, Clerk. (SEAL.) By J. W. BALLOW, His Deputy.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale

Number 1085. Whereas, on the 12th day of November, 1914, in a certain cause pending in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein M. C. Roswell is plaintiff and George Grass, or George Grass, is defendant, said cause being numbered 1085 upon the civil docket of said court, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree upon a promissory note and mortgage given for their security, executed and delivered by Joseph F. Ownby and Mary Ownby, on the 18th day of May, 1910, to the plaintiff herein, said judgment running against the land hereinafter described, and being for the sum of \$1294.30, which said judgment at the date of sale hereinafter mentioned will amount to the sum of \$1294.42, with all costs of suit; and whereas in said decree said mortgage in favor of the plaintiff, securing said debt, was foreclosed upon the following described property, to-wit: The east one-half of the southwest quarter and the west one-half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-two in township one south of range thirty-four east of the New Mexican meridian, New Mexico; and whereas, in said decree the undersigned, T. J. Molinari, was appointed by the court as special commissioner and directed to advertise and sell said property according to law, and to apply the proceeds of such sale to the satisfaction of plaintiff's said judgment and demands. Therefore, by virtue of said judgment and decree and the power vested in me as such special commissioner, I will, on the 19th day of February, 1915, at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., at the northeast front door of the court house in the town of Portales, New Mexico, sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment, interest and costs of suit. Witness my hand this 19th day of December, 1914. T. J. MOLINARI, Special Commissioner.

You Are Next to the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and the most up-to-date hair cut you ever got when you get in one of the chairs at The Sanitary Barber Shop

Notice of Foreclosure Sale

No. 1081. Whereas, on the 14th day of November, 1914, in a certain cause pending in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein A. Rogers is plaintiff and F. T. Burke and the Portales Lumber Company are defendants, said cause being numbered 1081 upon the civil docket of said court, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree upon six promissory notes and a mortgage given for their security, executed and delivered by F. T. Burke to the Portales Irrigation Company on the 29th day of December, 1909, and duly assigned to the plaintiff herein, said judgment running against the land hereinafter described, and being for the sum of \$5394.00, which said judgment at the date of sale hereinafter mentioned will amount to the sum of \$5597.84 with all costs of suit; and whereas, in said decree said mortgage in favor of the plaintiff, securing said debt, was foreclosed upon the following described property, to-wit: The south one-half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirteen in township one south of range thirty-four east of the New Mexican meridian, New Mexico; and whereas, in said decree the undersigned, S. E. Ward, was appointed special commissioner and directed to advertise and sell said property according to law, and to apply the proceeds of such sale to the satisfaction of plaintiff's said judgment and demands. Therefore, by virtue of said judgment and decree and the power vested in me as such special commissioner, I will, on the 20th day of February, 1915, at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., at the northeast front door of the court house, in the town of Portales, New Mexico, sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment, interest and costs of suit. Witness my hand this 19th day of December, 1914. S. E. WARD, Special Commissioner.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale

No. 1011. Whereas, on the 2nd day of September, 1914, in a certain cause pending in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein A. Rogers is plaintiff and W. J. Zolner, Lillis A. EnEarl, Hugh M. Kilvington and Stark Brothers Nurseries and Orchards company are defendants, said cause being numbered 1011 upon the civil docket of said court, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree upon six promissory notes and a mortgage given for their security, executed and delivered by Mitchell M. Bounds, S. J. Bounds and Z. Othridge Bounds to the Portales Irrigation Company on the 20th day of December, 1909, and duly assigned to the plaintiff herein, said judgment running against the land hereinafter described, and being for the sum of \$1713.39, which said judgment at the date of sale hereinafter mentioned will amount to the sum of \$1797.63, with all costs of suit; and whereas, in said decree said mortgage in favor of the plaintiff, securing said debt, was foreclosed upon the following described property, to-wit: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section five in township two south of range thirty-five east of the New Mexican meridian, New Mexico; and whereas in said decree the undersigned, S. E. Ward, was appointed by the court as special commissioner and directed to advertise and sell said property according to law and to apply the proceeds of such sale to the satisfaction of plaintiff's said judgment and demands. Therefore, by virtue of said judgment and decree and the power vested in me as such commissioner, I will, on the 19th day of January, 1915, at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., at the northeast front door of the court house, in the town of Portales, New Mexico, sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment, interest and costs of suit. Witness my hand this 19th day of December, 1914. S. E. WARD, Special Commissioner.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale

No. 1049. Whereas, on the 14th day of November, 1914, in a certain cause pending in the district court of the Fifth judicial district of the state of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein A. A. Rogers is plaintiff and Eleanor Dyrart, John C. Dyrart, Anna Robinson, Thomas McBride Dyrart, Eleanor Dyrart, executor of the estate of Joseph W. Dyrart, deceased, and all unknown claimants of interest in the premises hereinafter described are defendants, said cause being numbered 1049 upon the civil docket of said court, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree upon six promissory notes and a mortgage given for their security, executed and delivered by Thomas H. Turner and Ella Turner to the Portales Irrigation Company on the 26th day of December, 1909, and duly assigned to the plaintiff herein, said judgment running against the land hereinafter described and being for the sum of \$1925.80, which said judgment at the date of sale hereinafter mentioned will amount to the sum of \$1985.04, with all costs of suit; and whereas, in said decree said mortgage in favor of the plaintiff, securing said debt was foreclosed upon the following described property, to-wit: The northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-eight in township one south of range thirty-four east of the New Mexican meridian, New Mexico; and whereas, in said decree the undersigned, S. E. Ward, was appointed by the court as special commissioner, and directed to advertise and sell said property according to law and to apply the proceeds of such sale to the satisfaction of plaintiff's said judgment and demands. Therefore, by virtue of said judgment and decree and the power vested in me as such special commissioner, I will, on the 20th day of February, 1915, at the hour of two o'clock, p. m., at the northeast front door of the court house in the town of Portales, New Mexico, sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment, interest and costs of suit. Witness my hand this 19th day of December, 1914. S. E. WARD, Special Commissioner.

Dissolution Notice

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Charles Goodloe and D. W. Wiley, under the firm name of Goodloe & Wiley, has been dissolved, and that the said Charles Goodloe has succeeded to the business and property of the firm heretofore mentioned. Parties having claims against the said firm are notified to present them at once for payment. Dated at Portales, New Mexico, this the 29th day of December, 1914. 10-3t D. W. WILEY, CHAS. GOODLOE.

Dr. Swearingin's Dates

Dr. Swearingin, of the firm of Doctors Presley & Swearingin, specialists, Roswell, New Mexico, will be in Portales, at Neer's drug store, on the 20th, 21st and 22d of each month, to treat diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and to fit glasses. 1-tf

Estrayed from Pasture

One high grade Hereford bull, four years old, branded two-four on left side and lightening on left hip and tally-bar low on left thigh. Estrayed from my pasture south of Battenfield's. Will pay \$2.00 to know where he is or \$5.00 for his return to me at Portales, N. M. URSI KEEN.

Dr. L. R. Hough will be in Elida

on Friday before the first Saturday in each month, and at Melrose three days preceding the last day of each month to do all kinds of first class dental work.

Our Aim and Effort Is to give such service to our customers that they may profit by our dealings and recommend...us to their friends... FIRST NATIONAL BANK Portales, New Mexico Member Federal Reserve System

WE HAVE WE ALSO WRITE INSURANCE WE KNOW HOW Braley & Ball.

Kohl's Garage AND REPAIR SHOP... Automobile repairing and automobile supplies. Red Top Tires for Fords and Firestone Non-Skids. All guaranteed and worth the money. Don't wait until your machine is ready for the scrap heap. A little work now will save you much money later. KOHL'S GARAGE LOUIE KOHL, Proprietor

THE PORTALES LUMBER COMPANY FOR All Kinds of Building Material... G. W. CARR, Manager

Bring in Your Catalogues We'll Duplicate the Goods and Prices Whitcomb & Larrabee, Jewelers

SEE US BEFORE BUYING YOUR LISTERS
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THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK HOLDS A STOCKHOLDERS MEETING THIS

Week and Elect Officers for the Ensuing Year. Now Entering Upon 14th Anniversary

This is One of the Strong Financial Institutions of the State and is Well Officered

On Thursday of this week occurred the annual election of officers for the First National bank of this place. At this meeting all of the stockholders who live in the city were present, John W. Puckett, of Amarillo, alone being absent. The election resulted as follows: President, W. O. Oldham; cashier, P. E. Jordan; assistant cashier, A. W. Freeman; directors, W. O. Oldham, P. E. Jordan, Ed J. Neer, G. W. Carr and John W. Puckett.

This bank will, shortly, enter upon the fourteenth year of its usefulness, and it has been under the active management of Mr. Oldham since its organization, who, through his judicious administration, has made of it one of the strongest financial institutions in the state. It may, also, be said that Mr. C. O. Leach, the retiring president, has, by his strong individuality and uncompromising business integrity, been of material advantage to his associates. The relations of the stockholders, one to the other, has always been the most cordial, in fact, there has always been a bond of warm, personal attachment, as well as business interests, to bind and cement the friendships thus called into being. Mr. Leach is retiring for the sole reason that Mr. Jordan wanted more stock, wanted it badly, and offered such a handsome premium for it that Mr. Leach accepted his proposition. It is very doubtful if there is another national bank in the state whose stock will command the price for which this block was sold. Mr. Leach has held the presidential chair in this institution for a matter of twelve years and his retirement was a cause for much regret to his associates.

Mr. Jordan, the newly elected cashier, is a live wire; energetic, industrious and a booster. He is, also, an experienced banker, safe and conservative in his capacity as cashier, yet broad and liberal as a citizen.

Mr. Freeman, the assistant cashier, is a mighty pleasant and agreeable gentleman, as well as a qualified banking official. He has many friends and you'll like him, too.

The First National begins the new year under most auspicious conditions. Its affairs are in the hands of thoroughly competent officers, and its last statement is more than sufficient evidence of its soundness.

Methodist Church

Rev. W. M. McIntosh and his able singer, L. J. Anderson, of Iuka, Mississippi, will be with us Sunday to lead in a co-operating revival meeting. These men are evangelists of rare ability and are so recognized throughout the land. We ask the special prayers and hearty co-operation of all the christian people of every name. Let us put much into this meeting and we will be sure to reap largely.

A. C. BELL, Pastor.

Grain Goes Higher

Sometime near the middle of the week, Frank Shaw, who has heretofore confined his operations to buying broomcorn, broke into the grain buying business, making the fourth buyer on the street. Just about this time business began to pick up for the fellow who owned the feed and, for once, at least, in his whole life, he was able to rear back on his hunkers and watch a bunch of frantic grain buyers squabble among themselves to see who among them could hand Mr. Farmer man the biggest bundle of money for his load of maize. Time was when the reverse of this picture was true, when the farmer with the grain was the one who was on the anxious seat. It was a right pleasant change in the program, and one that was well calculated to bring a grin of pleasure to the countenance of "the salt of the earth." The highest price paid heretofore was eighty-eight cents for bulk grain, but before noon it had reached ninety-seven, where it still remains. J. B. Priddy, of the Warren-Fooshee company, was the first cash buyer in the field, and he was soon followed by a representative of the Cozart people. The Joyce-Pruit company have, all the time, paid higher than the market price, in trade or on account. Those who want the top price will do well to bring their grain to Portales.

Hotel Clerk Who Got It Not Afraid of Ominous Warning That Accompanied It.

The superstitious among his fellow clerks at the McAlpin were a little "leery" of R. G. Elbert, the room clerk, when, after anxiously admiring the big scarpin they had just seen Col. J. Harry Behan of Washington present him, they learned that every previous owner of the pin had killed somebody, by accident or otherwise.

Colonel Behan, who drove his automobile over here, has not escaped the ill-luck engendered by the possession of the pin, which is a dark stone, on which is carved a head that might be that of a Viking or a Hindu demon. Colonel Behan did not murder a man, but six months after the pin came into his possession his automobile struck an old man in Washington with fatal results. He told Elbert that he had since given the pin to three or four other persons, and that each had returned it to him after a spell of nervous prostration. He offered the pin to Elbert, but the latter hesitated. Yesterday Elbert jokingly remarked that he would take that pin and the risks accompanying it if Colonel Behan was really in earnest. The colonel took the pin from his tie and passed it over.

According to the story that goes with the pin, it was at one time the property of an Indian prince. Elbert says he is not superstitious, but he

W. O. W. Banquet

On last Monday evening a very unique banquet was pulled off at the Woodmen hall. At 7:30 the members of Woodcraft and their families met in the hall. After the installation of new officers, a splendid program was rendered. Miss Haynes entertained the audience with two good readings after which the orchestra of five pieces gave some fine music. The climax was reached when the happy crowd surrounded the long table that was groaning under the load of good things to eat. Everyone seemed to enjoy the bounteous spread. We hope this will be a successful year for Woodcraft.

Presbyterian Church

We will have Sunday school at 10 a. m. and preaching at 11 a. m., just as usual. We hope to see every member of the Sunday school and congregation present at these services. A cordial welcome awaits all who will come and worship with us. We will not have any night service on account of the Methodist meeting which is to begin Sunday. Drs. Gass and Winder will spend the first week in next month with us.

HUGH M. SMITH, Pastor.

Sudan grass seed at the News office. Get it now.

Baptist Notes

Last Sunday was a very satisfactory day at the Baptist church. Fine attendance in the evening service. The pastor is delighted with the interest that the young people are taking in the night services. We will have our regular service next Sunday at 10 o'clock. All our people are urged to attend the morning service for the reason that we will not have any evening service. The Methodists will begin a protracted meeting next Sunday and the other churches will call off at night during the meeting. It is to be hoped that we will have a great revival of old fashioned religion. I would like to say that I think that our town has missed a great opportunity in not having heard Rev. H. B. Lewis' lecture on "Hereditary Influences." To my way of thinking he delivered one of the most masterful lectures that has been given in this community in a long time. If the opportunity be offered you again please hear him, it will be time well spent. Please remember you are welcome at the Baptist church.

W. E. DAWN, Pastor.

Harmony Concert Company

Music lovers should not forget the Harmony Concert company at the Cosy Monday night. This company has the reputation of delivering the goods and this number of the lyceum course promises to be worth the money. Reserved seats at Neer's drug and furniture store.

Williamson and Oldham Buys Cattle

Williamson and Oldham this week bought three hundred head of cows from Hugh Anderson. Mr. Williamson says they are sure good ones, and he knows.

J. B. Priddy left this week for Nocona, Texas, in response to a telegram stating that his stepfather, H. C. Moody, was not expected to live.

Judge G. L. Reese left Thursday for Arkansas, where he was called on account of the serious illness of his mother.

Till Trammel broke into the cow business this week to the extent of buying forty cows.

WANTS

FOR SALE—Two highly bred registered Jersey bulls. H. C. Bedinger.

Nice span of horses for sale. Ursi Keen. 1tp

FOR SALE—One horse and buggy. J. B. Sledge. 4-tf

Have good Fuller & Johnson gasoline engine for sale. Ursi Keen. 1tp

SUDAN grass seed for sale. Curd's Second Hand store. 11-tf

FOR TRADE. A good young jack, for serviceable automobile. J. W. George.

WANTED—To buy some mule colts. See Wm. Kelly, Portales, N. M. 2tp

Cover your floors with Lakeoleum, costs less, wears longer. For sale by C. M. Dobb.

FOR SALE—Young horses, mares and mules, or will trade them for maize. Curd's Second Hand store. 6-tf

FOR SALE—Good as new surrey, a bargain if taken at once. See G. L. Reese.

FOR SALE—Some nice choice shoats. See them at Boucher's wagon yard. Ursi Keen. 1tp

Horses and Automobiles to trade for land. See A. E. Siegner at Travelers Inn. 12-tf

BROOM CORN—Any one having small lots of broom corn bring it to the Portales Broom factory. 6-tf

WANTED—All kinds of poultry. Pay the highest cash price. J. A. Saylor, at Saylor's Cafe. 12-tf

ED. J. NEER is agent for the Clovis Green house. Parties desiring cut flowers may give their order to him.

FOR SALE—Three colts; one coming two years old and two yearlings, good draft mare colts. See or address L. L. Brown, Portales, N. M. 4-5p

WILL PAY CASH—I will buy and pay the cash for chickens, turkeys, eggs, beef hides and all country produce. Bring your stuff to me. Curd's Second Hand store. 2-tf

NEER'S TOILET CREAM will cure chapped hands and chapped lips. It is my own prescription and I can assure you that there is none better. Price, 25c at Neer's drug and furniture store.

FOR SALE—One span of good work mares. Also fresh milch cows. See Harley Thompson, R. F. D. No. 1, Portales, New Mexico. 7-4tp

FOR SALE—Eight head of Jersey cattle and three head of horses. Good terms. For particulars see John W. George. 11-tf

Manage with little money to represent the oil gas burner. See demonstration in Portales this. Address M. T. Brockett, care News office. 1tp

FOR SALE—Registered Jersey bull, two good milch cows, two heifer yearlings, 24 head of shoats, one Charter Oak range and household goods. W. E. Brown, Portales, N. M. 8-tf

H. C. McCALLUM...

Dray and Transfer Baggage & Express

Telephone 104

Prompt and careful attention is given to all work intrusted to my care. Will appreciate your patronage and serve you to the best of my ability.

Portales, New Mexico

WASHINGTON E. LINDSEY

Attorney at Law

United States Commissioner. Final Proof and Homestead Applications. Office second door south of postoffice

DR. W. E. PATTERSON

Physician and Surgeon

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GEORGE L. REESE

Attorney at Law

Practice in all courts. Office up-stairs Reese Building

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DR. L. R. HOUGH

Dentist

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COMPTON & COMPTON

Attorneys at Law

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Mrs. F. J. Hardin

(NEE KINMAN) NURSE and MIDWIFE

Box 344 Portales, New Mexico

BURL JOHNSON

Auctioneer

See me at Court House to arrange date and prices

Portales, New Mexico

You Are Next

to the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and the most up-to-date hair cut you ever got when you get in one of the chairs at

The Sanitary Barber Shop

The High Water Mark

Cream reaching 52 test, and bringing 26c. NOT BAD. Bring us your cream. We would certainly be glad to have some of your grocery business. Phone 11.

Strickland & Bland



W. M. MCINTOSH, EVANGELIST

Methodist Church, Sunday, January 17

The Portales Bank and Trust Company

There is just enough "fellowship" in our bank to make you feel that you are amongst home-folks when paying us a visit. We always like to meet you for a little talk-fest.

Portales Bank & Trust Co.
Portales, New Mexico, U. S. A.

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(Successor to Portales Drug Company)

Drugs, Proprietary Medicines, Sundries
Toilet Articles, Perfumes and Jewelry
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A FISH-CHOWDER FEUD

By JOHN BARTON OXFORD.

From the galley companion came the noisy clanging of the supper-bell. Twelve men hurriedly dropped the galleys they were baiting and crowded into the narrow forecastle. Tom Dennis, the thirteenth man, was rather more leisurely.

His way across decks to the forecastle took Tom past the galley, and at the companion hatch he stopped to sniff.

"Fish-chowder again!" he grunted, in complaining and soulful disgust. "Fish-chowder all the time! Nothin' but fish-chowder on this old tub!"

Even as he stood there, mumbering his complaint, Ervie Bishop, the trawler's fat cook, came puffing up the companionway with a big flat basket filled with heavy crockery mugs on his arm. In his other hand he bore a huge and steaming coffee-pot.

Tom glared savagely at the cook. Then he sniffed the odor drifting up from the galley and glared harder.

"Fish-chowder!" he snorted again. "All the time it's fish-chowder on this here craft! What's the matter with yer, Ervie? Can't you make nothin' but that eternal fish-chowder?"

Now fish-chowder—his particular variety of fish-chowder—was the pride of fat Ervie Bishop's simple heart. Any one who maligned that chowder touched Ervie on the cheek.

"The boys seem to relish that chowder pretty much," said Ervie with cold and crushing scorn.

"Well, I don't," snapped Tom. "I've et chowder till I'm ashamed to look a decent fish in the face."

"There's them as says they couldn't never get enough of that chowder," Ervie declared with pride.

"Well, that ain't me," growled Tom. "Seems to me it's time we had some thin' else for supper once in a while."

"What's the matter with the chowder I make?" Ervie demanded, and his tones made the question a challenge.

Tom shrugged his big shoulders and threw out his hands, palms upward, in a despairing gesture.

"What ain't the matter with it would be a simpler way of puttin' it," said he.

The blood surged into Ervie's thick neck, and thence to his leathery cheeks.

"Don't you go to malignin' my vittles," he said hoarsely. "That's a good chowder. I've been told by any quantity of folks that my chowders was the best they ever et. It's only ignorammerses like you that ever finds fault with it—folks that ain't never been used to nothin', anyway—block-headed ignorammerses, that can't even read," he emphasized his most telling shot.

With his nose high in the air, he swept grandly past Tom Dennis and into the little forecastle.

Tom waited there until Ervie, grinning maliciously at the way his grin had gone home, came out of the forecastle again.

In a moment Tom's big fingers were gripping tightly the cook's left forearm.

"Say, yer wante take that back that yer jest said about me—about my bein' ignorant," he hissed.

"Huh! I do—do I? Yer can't even so much as read," the cook taunted again.

"You eat them words of yours—you eat 'em right now!" bawled Tom, giving the arm a more execrating twist.

Ervie still had the big coffee-pot in his hands. Now he lifted it quickly and turned a good pint of the scalding fluid onto the back of the hairy hand that was twisting his arm.

With a yowl of rage Tom caught up an iron capstan bar. What he might have done with it there is no telling, but at that moment the skipper, attracted by the uproar, came poking out of the cabin.

"Here! What's goin' on here?" he roared. "No fightin', now. What's the trouble between you two? Drop that bar, Tom! Drop it, I say! And you, cooky, stop a menacin' of him with that coffee-pot. Now you git into yer galley; and you, Tom, go into the forecastle and git yer supper."

"I'll git that darned cook before I'm done," Tom threatened to the men about the table. "Jest went and scalded me, he did."

The fishing was good that trip. In five days' time they were running for T wharf with a full fare. They swept past the lightship just after dark.

Tom Dennis, tumbling aboard after the last of the mooring-lines were fast, almost collided with Ervie Bishop, just coming out of the galley. For a moment they glared at each other. Then the cook spoke.

"Tom," he said, "we been a chewin' away at each other and neither one gittin' any satisfaction. Whatever yer say if me and you goes ashore and settles this man to man fashion? If I wallop you, you buy me the best dinner I can eat up to Cotter's, in Dock square, and if you put it over me I'll buy the dinner for you. Is it a go?"

"Yer bet it's a go," said Tom with alacrity.

T wharf is no place for settling such difficulties, so they poked down the avenue, crawled through the gate of a wharf below, found an ideal little spot, even enough and properly lighted, and peeled off their coats.

There was a moment of cautious steepling; then they closed. The nearby freight-sheds echoed to grunts and

half-choked oaths and thudding blows. The cook drew first blood on Tom's nose, but a moment later he spat forth two of his front teeth. Then a bolt of lightning, or a cannon-ball, or a mule kick, or something of the sort caught him full on the jaw.

When the whole solar system had ceased to sparkle before his eyes and he scrambled weakly to his feet another bolt of lightning—or was it a 14-inch shell?—caught him once more.

Tom stooped and pulled the cook to his nose too steady pins.

"Now yer can buy me the feed. I'm hungry for a good feed," said he.

"Yer'll get it as soon as we can git to Cotter's," declared Ervie.

Cotter's in Dock square was well-nigh deserted when they got there. Tom was rubbing his battered nose, and looking at Ervie with a new and decidedly respectful interest. A waitress brought them red-bordered napkins and laid a bill of fare before each.

Tom picked him up, blinking at it solemnly.

"Anything you want, yer know," Ervie invited.

The respect in Tom's eyes grew. Also he grinned across the table at his companion—a grin that lost somewhat in effectiveness by reason of Tom's badly split lip.

"Yer're a game little man," declared Tom, whacking the table with one mighty fist. "Yer put up a peach of a fight. I wouldn't 'a' believed yer had it in yer. I know a game one when I see him, Ervie; and that bein' the case, yer'll not be findin' me bleedin' yer any. Just bring me—"

Tom paused. He wrinkled and unwrinkled his heavy brows as he scanned that bill of fare. Ervie noticed he was holding it upside down.

"Bring me some of this and a cup of coffee," said Tom pointing a pudgy finger at random to a line on the page.

And to the unbounded credit of Ervie Bishop, let it here be stated that he did not so much as change a muscle of his face when the waitress set before the open-mouthed Tom a large and steaming bowl of fish-chowder!

(Copyright.)

GAVE AWAY HARD-LUCK PIN

Hotel Clerk Who Got It Not Afraid of Ominous Warning That Accompanied It.

The superstitious among his fellow clerks at the McAlpin were a little "leery" of R. G. Elbert, the room clerk, when, after enviously admiring the big scarfpin they had just seen Col. J. Harry Behan of Washington present him, they learned that every previous owner of the pin had killed somebody, by accident or otherwise.

Colonel Behan, who drove his automobile over here, has not escaped the ill-luck engendered by the possession of the pin, which is a dark stone, on which is carved a head that might be that of a Viking or a Hindu demon. Colonel Behan did not murder a man, but six months after the pin came into his possession his automobile struck an old man in Washington with fatal results. He told Elbert that he had since given the pin to three or four other persons, and that each had returned it to him after a spell of nervous prostration. He offered the pin to Elbert, but the latter hesitated. Yesterday Elbert jokingly remarked that he would take that pin and the risks accompanying it if Colonel Behan was really in earnest. The colonel took the pin from his tie and passed it over.

According to the story that goes with the pin, it was at one time the property of an Indian prince. Elbert says he is not superstitious, but he isn't going to walk under any ladders.

—New York Times.

FORMATION OF CALIFORNIA COAST.

The geologists tell us a strange story of the California coast. Ages ago its mountain peaks, mere reefs in a great expanse of sea, rose to such a height that Santa Barbara channel was a vast valley over which roamed the elephant, camel, lion, saber-toothed tiger and other animals whose fossil remains are scattered over the country and some of which are found on the islands.

Then the land again sank beneath the sea and again rose, and marine fossils are found in abundance along the shores and on the mountain tops many miles from the sea. Numerous gold hunters have been surprised to find the skeletons of whales at an elevation of 2,000 feet and two miles inland.

HAPPY HOLIDAYS

We wish you "many happy returns"—but happiness is really only a reflection of health. It depends largely on the digestion. If you are poorly as a result of a weak stomach, inactive liver or clogged bowels we urge a trial of

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It brings back appetite, aids digestion and is beneficial to the entire system. Start today.

MODERN LIVING COMES HIGH

Observer Thinks There Are Too Many "Necessities" in Demand at the Present Time.

"One of the reasons for the cost of living," observes a wise chubman, "lies in the fact that people buy wholly unnecessary things. I had a conversation with the proprietor of a novelty shop in Fifth avenue a few days ago. A shiny object had attracted my attention, and I required about its use.

"Those," said the proprietor, "are gilded pincers to pick up letters one has placed on the letter-scales."

"And that ivory stick, carved and forked at the end?"

"People use that to fish out things they have dropped into carafes."

"That square of morocco, about the size of a nut—what is that for?"

"That's a tampon—used to press down stamps after sticking them on envelopes."

"That ornamental box with a whole battery of little brushes?"

"Those are to clean other brushes; brushes to clean hair-brushes, brushes to clean tooth-brushes."—New York Evening Post.

STARTING THE DAY WRONG.

There was gloom on the face of the farmer.

"What's the matter, Elijah?" asked his nearest neighbor. "Flapjacks given out over to your house?"

"Worse'n that," said Elijah. "You know, 'twasn't apple year, and wife says we can't have any more apple pie for breakfast."

"Can't you make out if you have apple pie noon and night?"

"I can, because I've got to," said Elijah. "But, I tell you, it upsets me, starting the day wrong like that."

AT THE FIRST SIGNS

Of falling hair get Cuticura. It works wonders. Touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment, and follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. This at once arrests falling hair and promotes hair growth. For free sample each with \$2-p. Skin Book, address post card: Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

THE DRUMMER'S WORK.

"Are these moving pictures of the war authentic?"

"Of course. All but the rumble of artillery. That's imitated by the drummer."

WAR STYLES.

"Have you heard anything about the fall fashions as yet?"

"Not as to how the gowns will be made. I suppose the girls are bound to wear cartridge belts, of course."

THE BEST LINIMENT.

For falls on icy walks, sprains and bruises, rub on and rub in Hanford's Balsam of Myrrh. Apply this liniment thoroughly and relief should quickly follow. Adv.

THE TEST.

"Is he a good lawyer?"

"I should say he is. He's acquitted some of our most notorious criminals."

A WOMAN'S WAY.

"Your doom is sealed," cried the villain.

"Ha!" laughed the heroine defiantly. "I guess I can steam it open."

THE VIEW.

"There is a story in that face!"

"You must be seeing it out of the tale of your eye."

SMILE, SMILE, BEAUTIFUL CLEAR WHITE CLOTHES.

Red Cross Ball Blue, American made, therefore best. All grocers. Adv.

EXPERIENCE IS A GOOD INVESTMENT ONLY WHEN YOU DON'T PAY MORE FOR IT THAN IT IS WORTH.

For any cut use Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

Good wine needs no bush, and a gold brick needs no hodcarrier.

PROBABLY COULD DO WORK

Soldier's Occupation in Civil Life Certainly Should Have Fitted Him for the Job.

Real war conditions sometimes give rude shocks to the professional soldier trained to arms in the well-ordered days of peace. Here is a case in point. A Prussian Landwehr company was being mustered into service and there were many things to be done. Uniforms, equipment, rifles, were to be distributed, rolls prepared, reports made out, and quartermaster's lists checked up. The captain had his hands full. He ordered his first sergeant to find a noncom. who could write neatly and figure a little. The first sergeant was equal to the emergency. Corporal Kammermeyer was promptly summoned the crisply detailed for duty as company clerk. The corporal reported to the captain, who looked him over with a mixture of wonder and distrust.

"So you can figure, corporal," he said.

"A little, sir, at your service."

The captain still looked dubious.

"What is your trade in civil life, anyway?" he said.

"I am professor of mathematics, captain," was the reply.

Wouldn't Stand for It.

She wore a determined look as she entered the drug store.

"Look here, young man, if a tall man with a red mustache comes and asks you for a prescription you're not to let him have it."

"Really, madam, I—"

"No, you mustn't let him have it on any account. He's come here for a month, and says he wants something to improve his appetite. He's boarding at my establishment, young man."

And with a muttered threat the landlady passed from the shop leaving the druggist's assistant pale and trembling.

SUITED EITHER WAY.

Miss Lucy Price, Cleveland's leading anti-suffrage speaker, tells of a funny incident which happened in New England while she was campaigning there. She was walking down the street after having made what she thought was a particularly effective talk against suffrage when a woman stopped her.

"Miss Price," she said, "I want to tell you how much I liked your speech. It was one of the best I ever heard."

"I am so glad you are with us," responded Miss Price, "and I hope you will come to our other anti-suffrage meetings."

"Oh," exclaimed the astonished woman, "I thought that was a suffrage meeting you spoke at."

FAILURES AS STEPPING STONES.

John Wanamaker, in a recent address in Philadelphia, urged his audience to persevere.

"Every successful man," he said, "has probably had more failures, far more failures, than the nonentity has had."

"Success, after all, is nothing more than failure with a new coat of paint."

SEEKING WORTHY OBJECTS.

"Dodsworth tells me that he is a practical philanthropist."

"That's just what he is. Before offering a dime to a beggar Dodsworth asks him so many disagreeable questions that the poor devil is glad to escape without the dime."

INCONSISTENT.

"The English are queer people."

"You think so?"

"Yes. In time of peace they treated Tommy Atkins with contempt and made him sore, and now in time of war they treat him with so much good liquor that they make him drunk."

QUITE SAFE.

"What did that man want with you, Henry?"

"He was after my scalp."

"Goodness gracious!"

"Don't be frightened. He's only a hair specialist."

IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

CONSCIENTIOUS.

"He's one of the most conscientious men I know."

"So?"

"Yes. He always says 'Give me a match, please,' instead of 'Lend me a match.'"—Detroit Free Press.

HAD DEBTS OF HIS OWN.

Nodd—Here's a list of European war debts. Don't they stagger you?

Todd—Well, they might, old man; but I've just been looking over my monthly accounts.—Life.

START THE YEAR BY GETTING HANFORD'S BALSAM.

You will find frequent use for it. Adv.

A girl refuses to let a man kiss her because she knows that he will do it anyway.

WAITING FOR YOU

160 ACRES
FARMS IN
WESTERN CANADA
FREE

Yes, waiting for every farmer or farmer's son—any industrious American who is anxious to establish for himself a happy home and prosperity. Canada's hearty invitation this year is more attractive than ever. Wheat is higher but her farm land just as cheap and in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

160 Acre Homesteads are Actually Free to Settlers and Other Land at From \$15 to \$20 per Acre

The people of European countries as well as the American continent must be fed—thus an even greater demand for Canadian wheat will keep up the price. Any farmer who can buy land at \$15.00 to \$20.00 per acre—get a dollar for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre is bound to make money—that's what you can expect in Western Canada. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools, markets convenient, climate excellent.

Military service is not compulsory in Canada but there is an unusual demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for service in the war. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to

G. A. COOK
125 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo.
Canadian Government Agent.

COSTLY METHOD OF REVENGE

Procedure in Europe Reminded Andrew Carnegie of a Somewhat Humorous Incident.

Andrew Carnegie, in a recent interview on peace, said to a New York reporter:

"A lad of twenty killed a man and woman in Sarajevo. All Europe is now fighting to avenge this wrong. England alone is spending \$35,000 a minute, according to Sidney Webb, on gunpowder.

"Well, this is such an expensive way to avenge a wrong that it reminds me of the man at the banquet.

"A man entered the cloakroom, at the end of a banquet, and began to smash in silk hat after silk hat.

"Hold on, boss! What 'yo' smashin' all dem high hats?" demanded the attendant.

"I'm looking for my own," the gentleman answered. "It's an opera hat—collapsible, you know. None of these seem to be it."

TRAVESTY ON REAL FAISTAFF.

Yarmouth has a claim upon all Englishmen quite independently of its associations with the breakfast bloater, remarks a writer in St. Nicholas. For it was the home of Shakespeare's Falstaff, who appears to have been a man of exemplary piety. The Falstaffs were an old Yarmouth family.

"A Falstaffe or Falstaff," writes John Richard Green, "was bailiff of Yarmouth in 1281. Another is among the first of its representatives in parliament, and from that the members of that family filled the highest municipal offices. John Falstaffe, a man of considerable account in the town, purchased lands at the close of the fourteenth century in Calster, and became the father of Sir John Falstaffe, who, after a distinguished military career, was luckless enough to give his name to Shakespeare's famous character. In Yarmouth, however, he was better known as a benefactor to the great church of St. Nicholas.

WALKING GRAVEYARD.

Some of the Indian princes have given over two million dollars apiece to Britain for the war. Beside such gifts, the gifts of London business millionaires seem small.

"In fact," said James Douglas, in an interview, "in fact, the gifts of the nizams of Hyderabad and the maharajah of Mysore and the gawkwar of Boda give our English merchant princes, who owe England so much more, a look of avarice; and you know the definition of avarice.

"Avarice, like a graveyard, takes in all it can get, and never gives anything back."

POOR BURGLAR.

"A burglar got into my house about three o'clock this morning when I was on my way home from the club," said Jones.

"Did he get anything?" asked Brown.

"I should say he did get something," replied Jones. "The poor devil is in the hospital. My wife thought it was me."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

HIS FAVORITE ROLE.

"Dubson entertained some friends at dinner last evening."

"Entertained," you say? Why, Dubson invariably makes an ass of himself."

"That's how he entertained them."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU

Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

MARBLE TO RETAIN.

Knicker—Jones has a remarkable memory.

Bocker—Wonderful; he remembers a winter that wasn't just like this.

Few of the men who are willing to give you a recommendation would give you a job.

For sore feet rub on Hanford's Balsam. Adv.

Many a man who boasts of his blue blood has a streak of yellow.

WHY THOMAS CONCURRED.

Whack, whack, whack! Tommy was undergoing a painful punishment at the hands of his loving mother for eating the jam.

"Tommy," she said seriously, when she was forced to pause, "this hurts me far more than it does you."

And when Tommy was alone with his brother he produced a square board he had concealed, and unthoughtfully murmured:

"I thought all along that bit of wood wouldn't do her any good!"

DIORTED VEGETARIANISM.

"So long as you find the cost of living high," said the friendly adviser, "why don't you and your husband become vegetarians?"

"What do you mean?" asked the worried-looking woman.

"Why, eat only vegetable products."

"Couldn't think of it. What I'm trying to do now is to persuade John to take to beefsteak and quit tryin' to live on liquor and tobacco."

HIS ONLY POSSESSION.

Al Rogers was traveling through a lonely section in the suburbs of Boston one night, a short while ago, when he was startled by hearing this piteous appeal:

"Will the kind gentlemen please help a poor unfortunate man? I—"

At this point Al felt to locate his watch. The other continued:

"I have nothin' in the world but this loaded revolver."

SIGNS OF WAR.

So many of our busy burghers are standing in front of the war maps, arguing and declaiming, that dozens of safes and pianos are being hoisted into high buildings with almost nobody to observe the phenomenon.

And on Broadway a man repaired a tire to a gallery of four boys.—New York Tribune.

THE PEELING KIND.

"Mamma," said a little boy, "the place where I got stung last Sunday down at Uncle Jim's is all peeling off."

Brother Bruce took a look at the injury.

"That's so," he grinned, "I guess you must have been stung by a husk-ing bee."

UPSETTING HIS THEORY.

"The heavy explosions of a battle always cause rain. It rained after Waterloo; it rained after Fontenoy; it rained after Marathon."

"But Marathon was fought with spears and arrows, my dear."

"There you go. Always throwing cold water on anything I have to say."

CAUSE REMOVED.

"Did you notice how few Sunday school picnics there were this season?"

"I did in a way."

"How in a way?"

"I did remark how little rain we had."

BEAUTIFUL, CLEAR WHITE CLOTHES DELIGHTS THE LAUNDRESS WHO USES RED CROSS BALL BLUE.

Many a man is so constituted that he makes friends with every one except himself.

If you have nothing to worry about ask your wife; she can always supply you with a because.

FOR OLD AND YOUNG

Tutt's Liver Pills act as kindly on the child, the delicate female or infirm old age, as upon the vigorous man.

Tutt's Pills

give tone and strength to the weak stomach, bowels, kidneys and bladder.

W. N. U., Oklahoma City, Mo. 52-1914.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA OREOLE" HAIR DRESSING. PRICE, \$1.00, Retail.

Buggies, Wagons and Farm Trucks,
 Charter Oak Stoves and Majestic Ranges
 Cole's Hot Blast Heaters, Aluminum, Gran-
 iteware, Tinware and Leather Goods

Hardy Hardware Co.

Telephone Number 91

Listers, Feed Mills, Corrugated Iron,
 Roofing, Nails, Barbed Wire, Ammu-
 nition, Windmills, Pump Cylinders,
 Lubricating Oils and Dry Cell Batteries

COUNTY COMMISSION- ERS PROCEEDINGS

(Continued from Page One)

Geo C Deen, board of pris-
 oners, October, 1914..... 6 00
 Geo C Deen, board of pris-
 oners, November, 1914..... 36 75
 Geo C Deen, board of pris-
 oners, December, 1914..... 3 00
 Geo C Deen, expense for
 sheriff's office..... 249 25
 Geo C Deen, advance salary
 4th quarter, 1914..... 825 00
 Joyce-Fruit Co., supplies..... 24 35
 Humphrey & Sledge, sup..... 18 05
 Portales Lumber Co., sup. 45 95

It is now ordered that court
 adjourn until tomorrow morning
 at 9 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1915

Court convened pursuant to
 adjournment of yesterday, pres-
 ent and presiding as then.

In the matter of the adjust-
 ment of the bonded indebtedness
 of Old Texico school district,
 motion was made by Mr. Elder
 and seconded by Mr. Smith, that
 boards of county commissioners
 of Roosevelt and Curry counties,
 in joint session, hereby delegate
 authority to the superintendents
 of said counties to ascertain the
 amount of bonded indebtedness
 on the old Texico school district
 prior to the creation of Curry
 county, and to divide said bond
 indebtedness cause by creation of
 new districts out of Old Texico
 district and to pro rate the in-
 debtedness in each school district
 according to the assessed valua-
 tion in each district in the year
 1910, and that said superinten-
 dents, jointly, shall decide proper
 disposition of the school building
 now located just north of the
 Roosevelt-Curry county line and
 known as Fairview school house,
 the question being called and the
 vote taken with the following
 result: Those voting aye, were
 Elder, Doughten, Harris, Johnson
 and Smith; those voting nay,
 none. Motion made by Mr.
 Smith and seconded by Mr. John-
 son, that Curry county school
 district No. 12 issue warrant in
 favor of Roosevelt county cover-
 ing indebtedness in the sum of
 \$236.79 existing against school
 district No. 62, now No. 12 at the
 time Curry county was cut
 off from Roosevelt county, vote
 being taken and those voting aye,
 were Elder, Doughten, Harris,
 Johnson and Smith; those voting
 nay, none.

It is the order of the board that
 Dr. W. E. Patterson be and he
 is hereby appointed county phy-
 sician for the year 1915.

The following accounts were
 examined and approved and the
 clerk was ordered to draw war-
 rants in payment of same, to-wit:
 Joe Beasley, election judge \$ 2 00
 J M Price, election judge. 2 00
 F M Lassater, registrar and
 judge of election and deliv-
 ering box..... 6 75
 H H Walker, judge of elec-
 tion and returning poll
 book..... 2 25

There being an insufficient
 amount to the credit of the wild
 animal bounty fund to pay all
 claims in full and upon advice of
 the assistant district attorney the
 board was instructed to pro rate
 said claims, and it being shown
 that there were enough funds
 with which to pay all claims on
 a basis of 65 per cent, it was
 therefore ordered that the clerk
 issue warrants on the wild animal
 bounty fund on a basis of 65 per
 cent for the following claims, to-
 wit:

Dr F Croft, 10 coyotes..... \$13 00
 C E Butts, 11 coyotes and
 1 bob cat..... 15 60
 J B Hart, 1 coyote..... 1 30
 W R Hoover, 1 coyote..... 1 30
 H T Ward, 3 coyotes..... 3 90
 E M Jones, 15 coyotes and
 3 bob cats..... 23 40


Paul Graves, 1 coyote..... \$ 1 30
 Monroe Honea, 8 coyotes
 and 1 lobo..... 20 15
 Joseph Beasley, 10 coyotes
 and 4 lobo..... 52 00
 J H Pendley, 12 coyote..... 15 60
 A B Cares, 6 "..... 7 80
 G Langston, 2 "..... 2 60
 C Greathouse, 1 "..... 1 30
 Peter Norin, 2 "..... 2 60
 J W Buckelew, 5 "..... 6 50
 M A Baysinger, 8 bob cats
 Jere Hart, 1 coyote..... 1 30
 L C Thomson, 1 "..... 1 30
 C Newman, 5 "..... 6 50
 J F Corbin, 7 "..... 9 10
 George Cane, 8 coyote and
 20 bob cats..... 36 40
 L V Brown, 1 coyote..... 1 30
 H Berry, 13 "..... 16 90
 E D Walker, 1 "..... 1 30
 B N Hill, 1 "..... 1 30
 Bob Kornegay, 2 "..... 2 60
 A J Allen, 1 "..... 1 30
 A B Cares, 4 "..... 5 20
 S H Harris, 6 "..... 7 80
 J T Espy, 3 "..... 3 90
 W R M'Collum, 1 "..... 1 30
 J E Black, 2 lobo..... 19 50
 Frank May, 3 coyotes..... 3 90
 C S Hart, 1 "..... 1 30
 S A Davidson, 1 "..... 1 30
 J V Miller, 1 "..... 1 30
 C B McClain, 1 "..... 1 30
 W F Hallford, 5 "..... 6 50
 Chas Thomas, 1 "..... 1 30
 J W Williams, 1 "..... 1 30
 G F Bengel, 2 "..... 2 60
 Guy E Ross, 1 "..... 1 30
 J M Hudgins, 1 "..... 1 30
 A P Hodges, 1 "..... 1 30
 Ervin M Jones, 11 coyote
 and 1 bob cat..... 15 60
 J W Hawks, 1 coyote..... 1 30
 C S Hart, 2 "..... 2 60
 W T Elrod, 4 "..... 5 20
 W J Ward, 3 "..... 3 90
 S W Whitener, 1 "..... 1 30
 J J Williams, 1 "..... 1 30
 W J Ward, 4 "..... 5 20
 Robert Little, 1 "..... 1 30
 L R Jones, 3 "..... 3 90
 C B McClain, 1 "..... 1 30
 W D Klutts, 1 "..... 1 30
 Bert Tibbets, 1 "..... 1 30
 L K Terrell, 1 "..... 1 30
 W M Campbell, 9 "..... 11 70
 J I Pendley, 4 "..... 5 20
 L R Jones, 2 "..... 2 60
 J C Dodgin, 8 lobo..... 78 00
 J A Peterson, 1 coyote..... 1 30
 Lex Baker, 2 "..... 2 60
 J E Battenfield, 1 "..... 1 30
 Ben Hall, 23 "..... 29 90
 J L Holley, 60 coyote and
 24 lobo..... 312 00
 J G Fort, 1 coyote..... 1 30
 W J Ward, 1 "..... 1 30
 W F Loden, 1 "..... 1 30
 Geo Herlihy, 2 "..... 2 60
 C S Hart, 1 "..... 1 30
 Joe Rich, 1 "..... 1 30
 M Cauley, 1 "..... 1 30
 Coe Howard, 1 "..... 1 30
 J R Stevenson, 3 "..... 3 90
 J L Williams, 1 "..... 1 30
 H T Ward, 1 "..... 1 30
 C Greathouse, 4 "..... 5 20
 W M Preese, 1 "..... 1 30
 J E Black, 1 lobo..... 9 75
 J C Hoover, 4 coyotes..... 5 20
 Wm. Bates, 1 "..... 1 30
 B A Stewart, 1 "..... 1 30
 R H Evans, 1 "..... 1 30
 L E Butts, 7 "..... 9 10
 E D Brown, 1 "..... 1 30
 M Cauley, 2 "..... 2 60
 F L Swagerty, 1 "..... 1 30
 Willis Slaten, 2 "..... 2 60
 J J Williams, 3 "..... 3 90
 Joe McGregor, 3 "..... 3 90
 H T Ward, 2 "..... 2 60
 R R Kimbrel, 2 "..... 2 60
 O J Richmond, 1 "..... 1 30
 H T Ward, 3 "..... 3 90
 P B Butler, 1 "..... 1 30
 Gene Clark, 8 "..... 10 40
 Emil Borèr, 2 "..... 2 60
 C H Greathouse, 1 lobo..... 9 75
 L V Brown, 2 coyote..... 2 60
 H Townsend, 1 "..... 1 30
 J J Pinson, 4 "..... 5 20
 Ray Allen, 1 "..... 1 30
 Jno L Holley, 1 "..... 1 30
 W J Ball, 1 "..... 1 30
 J H Pendley, 8 "..... 10 40
 J L Holley, 1 "..... 1 30
 J W Buckelew, 14 "..... 18 20
 J A Phillips, 5 "..... 6 50
 W R M'Collum, 3 "..... 3 90

G D Toland, 2 coyotes..... \$ 2 60
 C Greathouse, 3 "..... 3 90
 A Sportsman, 1 "..... 1 30
 J J Sanders, 1 "..... 1 30
 L V Brown, 1 "..... 1 30
 A J Southers, 1 "..... 1 30
 J W Parker, 1 "..... 1 30
 S A Davidson, 1 "..... 1 30
 C B Blaken, 1 "..... 1 30
 F O Henry, 4 "..... 5 20
 B M Chenault, 1 "..... 1 30
 J W Buckelew, 4 "..... 5 20
 W Bender, 1 "..... 1 30
 W J Ward, 1 "..... 1 30
 A P Hodges, 1 "..... 1 30
 T S Harvey, 2 "..... 2 60
 B F Edward, 1 "..... 1 30
 H R Cowart, 1 "..... 1 30
 C Keen, 14 "..... 18 20
 C Greathouse 12 "..... 15 60
 J S Knighten, 3 "..... 3 90
 B F Allis, 2 "..... 2 60
 M Cauley, 3 "..... 3 90
 J H Lee, 3 "..... 3 90
 Chas Moore, 4 "..... 5 20
 W B Orner, 2 "..... 2 60
 Marion Sage, 2 "..... 2 60
 J S Maulding, 1 "..... 1 30
 J R Law, 4 "..... 5 20
 A J Allen, 1 "..... 1 30
 N Spurlock, 1 "..... 1 30
 C Newbury, 5 "..... 6 50
 T McDermott, 1 "..... 1 30
 W F Loden, 10 "..... 13 00
 Sam Rash, 1 "..... 1 30
 H C Kachel, 6 "..... 7 80
 C Greathouse, 4 "..... 5 20
 A R Dillon, 5 "..... 6 50
 J H Pendley, 5 "..... 6 50
 J C Jones, 1 "..... 1 30
 J A Sanders, 4 "..... 5 20
 A J Allen, 1 "..... 1 30
 J B Garrett, 6 lobo..... 68 50

The board now having consid-
 ered the various bids submitted
 by the newspapers for the county
 printing for the year 1915, and
 having carefully investigated the
 cost of the county printing for
 the past year, as well as esti-
 mated the amount and kind of
 printing that will be required for
 the ensuing year, is of the opin-
 ion that the ten per cent dis-
 count on job work, offered by
 the Herald-Times, constitutes a
 much better bid for the taxpay-
 ers of the county than does any
 bid submitted which offers to
 print the commissioner's proceed-
 ings free; and, after careful con-
 sideration, the board is also of
 the opinion that the bid sub-
 mitted by any other publisher in
 many other respects and, it is
 ordered that the Herald-Times, a
 newspaper published weekly at
 Portales, New Mexico, and the
 paper with the largest circulation
 in the county, be and the same
 hereby is, designated and ap-
 pointed as the official organ of
 Roosevelt county, New Mexico,
 for the ensuing year, on the terms
 and conditions set forth in their
 bid, as follows, to-wit:
 "Commissioners' proceedings
 to be set in eight point type, four
 cents per line; tax notices and all
 other publications required by
 law to be printed, two-thirds of
 the present legal rate. On all
 job work, a discount of ten per
 cent from the current prices
 charged by us to other custo-
 mers for the same work, of like
 quality and of like amount."
 J. R. Darnell."

THURSDAY, JAN. 7
 The following accounts were
 allowed:
 J E Morrison, commission
 on taxes..... \$ 7 13
 G F Jones, registrar..... 3 00
 Town of Portales, repairs. 15 10
 Town of Portales, sewer,
 light and water..... 99 00
 J A Murphy, registrar..... 3 00
 In the matter of the petition of
 W. K. Moore, et al, for a public
 road, heretofore filed, the follow-
 ing were appointed as a board
 of viewers: J. S. Knighten, J. H.
 Powell and Jesse Baysinger, be-
 ing three freeholders of Roose-
 velt county, New Mexico, and
 said board will meet at the post-
 office in La Lande, New Mexico,
 at the hour of eight o'clock in the
 forenoon on the 30th day of Janu-

The Portales Valley News



We have that Sudan Grass seed in stock and are pre-
 pared to furnish it in quantities of from one pound
 to one or more tons. It is seed that has been in-
 spected and pronounced good and free from Johnson
 grass and other foreign seeds. If you are interested
 in the greatest non-irrigated forage crop in the world
 come in and talk the matter over with us.

The Portales Valley News

Portales, New Mexico

ary, 1915, and immediately pro-
 ceed to the discharge of their
 duties under the law.

FRIDAY, JAN. 8
 The quarterly report of J. P.
 Henderson, justice of the peace
 in precinct No. 1, was received
 and approved.
 There being no further busi-
 ness, the board adjourned until
 Friday, the 15th.
 C. V. HARRIS, Chairman.
 C. P. MITCHELL, Clerk.
 By J. W. BALLOW, Deputy.

Dr. Swearingin's Dates
 Dr. Swearingin, of the firm of
 Doctors Presley & Swearingin,
 specialists, Roswell, New Mexico,
 will be in Portales, at Neer's
 drug store, on the 20th, 21st and
 22d of each month, to treat dis-
 eases of the eye, ear, nose and
 throat, and to fit glasses. 1-tf

Estrayed from Pasture
 One high grade Hereford bull,
 four years old, branded two-four
 on left side and lightening on left
 hip and tally-bar low on left
 thigh. Estrayed from my pas-
 ture south of Battenfield's. Will
 pay \$2.00 to know where he is or
 \$5.00 for his return to me at Por-
 tales, N. M. URSI KEEN.

Dr. L. R. Hough will be in Elida
 on Friday before the first Satur-
 day in each month, and at Mel-
 rose three days preceding the
 last day of each month to do all
 kinds of first class dental work.
 Sudan grass seed at the News
 office. Get it now.
 FOR SALE—Three colts, one com-
 ing two years old and two yearlings,
 good draft mare colts. See or address
 L. L. Brown, Portales, N.M. 4-5p

Home Made ..CANDIES..

Our home made candies
 are pure, clean and whole-
 some. Why not get the
 best, the home made, the
 kind we have, exclusively?

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Kandy Kitchen

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