

COURT OF ROOSEVELT COUNTY
Filed _____ day of _____
A. D. 1915 at _____ o'clock
Recorded in _____
Page _____
Probate Clerk
[Signature]

PORTALES HERALD-TIMES

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF ROOSEVELT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Volume Thirteen

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY MAY 20, 1915.

Number 22

COUNTY TEACHERS INSTITUTE

Faculty Selected And Session Promises To Be Very Successful

COUNTY SUPT. DESERVES CREDIT

Coming Session Opens June 28th And Will Last Four Weeks

The Roosevelt County Summer Institute has the reputation of being and is one of the best summer institutes in New Mexico. The large attendance is one of the best marks of its efficiency and popularity. The popularity and efficiency of this institute is due in a large measure to the untiring efforts and good judgment of our county superintendent, Mrs. S. F. Culberson.

The institute this year promises to be one of the most successful ever held. It opens on June 28th, for a session of four weeks. The faculty is well and carefully selected and the teachers attending will receive instruction from experts in all the required branches. The 28th and 29th days of July are the examination days.

Prof. John H. Vaughan from the A. and M. College of this state will be the conductor for the first two weeks of the session. He needs no formal introduction to the teachers of Eastern New Mexico.

The second and last two weeks of the institute will be conducted by Prof. R. A. Dean, superintendent of public schools of Sentinel, Okla. He was for two years superintendent of the Portales public schools and has many friends among the teachers of Roosevelt county.

Mrs. Guasie Dyer of Raton, who was a great favorite last year, will have charge of the primary department and industrial work.

Miss J. Pearl Hutchinson of Las Vegas Normal University will have charge of several departments. This lady is popular in school and social circles of Portales.

Prof. Pryor B. Timmons of the Portales High school will have charge of the classes in mathematics and English. Prof. Timmons' ability as an instructor is well known, due to his success in the Portales schools and he needs no introduction to the teachers in the county.

Prof. Frank M. Culberson, principal of the Farmington High school will have charge of manual training, physics and literature. Prof. Culberson is one of our Portales boys who is gaining a reputation over the state as one of its most capable young instructors.

Mrs. J. S. Long will have charge of the classes in domestic science and art. She is a lady of experience and skill in these departments and will be able to give the teachers efficient instruction in these lines.

More Cattle.

The Keen Cattle company recently shipped here from the Pecos Valley about 550 head of cattle. They are now located on their ranch north of Portales. The Keen's have fenced a large pasture in the sand hills and are prepared to pasture this herd.

PORTALES VALLEY HOGS

Again Top Market At Fort Worth and Yield Excellent Returns

J. B. PRIDDY SHIPS CAR FRIDAY

He Believes Hog Raising Decidedly Best Money Maker In Valley

J. B. Priddy, manager and partner in the Warren-Foohee store is feeling mighty good over the fact that the car of hogs he shipped to Ft. Worth last Friday arrived in good shape and topped the market. This is only another demonstration that the Portales Valley is one of the best hog raising sections of the United States.

The shipment consisted of 81 head with an average weight of 223 pounds each. Mr. Priddy estimated the average weight to be 225 pounds which is coming mighty close and shows that he is pretty well posted in the hog business. H. P. Beard, who is a partner in the hog business with Mr. Priddy, accompanied the shipment.

When asked what he thought about hog raising in the Portales Valley said, "I think it is decidedly the best proposition for the irrigation farmers in the Valley to make money."

The Priddy farm is situated about one mile southeast of town and is one of the largest hog raising farms in the Valley. Only a small part of the hogs were shipped for there are about 225 head left many of which will be fattened before fall when they expect to ship two cars.

Trees Make Improvement

One cannot visit the town of Elida without observing the beautiful grove of locust trees which are now growing in the town square. Money spent planting and caring for some trees about a home or farm in this part of New Mexico adds more to the attractiveness of it than a little money spent in any other manner. The same is true of a town.

The locust grove at Elida is in bloom and the fragrance of the blossoms fills the air. They have made an excellent growth the past two years and have been given careful attention. Lee Percifall had charge of the work when they were planted a few years ago. The Herald-Times desires to compliment the town council and other citizens of the Cream City for the effort they have made to beautify their town in this manner.

Aerial Mail Route.

Roman Hubbell, who has a contract for carrying the mail by automobile between Gallup and Ganado, Ariz., a distance of 90 miles, will discard the automobile favor of an aeroplane. He has made arrangements to buy a flying machine, and has written the postoffice department concerning the proposed aeroplane mail route. He estimates that he can accomplish a big saving in time and expense.—New Mexican.

We predict that our Roosevelt county mail carriers will watch developments in this case with much interest.

ROOSEVELT COUNTY FILMS

POPULAR AT SAN DIEGO

Depict Scenes In Industries Devoted To Stock Raising, Agriculture, Horticulture, Big Wells And Pumping Plants

WILL BRING SETTLERS TO THIS PARTICULAR PART OF NEW MEXICO

Shows Valley To Be One Of Best Sections In State For Alfalfa, Hogs, Dairying, Apples, Cantaloupes, Corn, Kaffir, Sweet Potatoes, Etc.

San Diego, May 14.—New reels of motion picture films, to illustrate the lecture on Roosevelt county and the Portales valley in particular, have been received at the New Mexico building and are proving as popular as any of the numerous attractions at the constantly frequented building.

The films depict scenes in the industries devoted to agriculture, horticulture, stock raising, the big wells and pumping plants, and they are supplemented with fifty colored slides, showing towns, ranches and varied industries.

Fifty years ago the Portales Valley was a cattle range, and something like fifteen years ago, began to attract attention because of the evident agricultural possibilities. A number of pioneers began farming operations, but the hot, dry summers proved a heavy handicap, until one man whose mental processes were a little more active than those of his neighbors, noticing that the level of the water in all the wells varied little in the rainy and dry seasons, conceived the idea of putting in a pumping plant. As the pumping did not exhaust the water, his example was followed by his neighbors, until such a thing as a crop failure through lack of water was made an impossibility, and the Valley is now one of the best sections in the state for a wide variety of products—alfalfa, which means cattle, hogs, and dairying; apples, cantaloupes, corn, kaffir, sweet potatoes, etc., and the best part of it is, that the pumping is not an expensive feature, the county being known as the "shallow water country of eastern New Mexico."

Miles of land is seen with an ideal slope of from eight to twelve feet to the mile, sown to alfalfa, acres of luxuriantly growing kaffir corn, requiring only two irrigations during the season; other acres covered with cantaloupe vines and the luscious yellow and green fruit, all due to a man having an idea, and faith to work it out.

The grind of farm life, which made young men old in New England a generation or two ago, is not known in these newer regions. Co-operation in the matter of power to be shared by all has eliminated back-breaking and soul-wearying labor; today the farmer has an all-round servant in the electric current which does his bidding at the turning of a switch.

Fully 200,000 acres of the shallow water country are underlaid with water at a depth of twenty five feet and less, and an additional 100,000 acres or more has a plentiful supply of irrigation water upon which it may draw, at a depth of from twenty-five to fifty feet below the surface.

Up to the present time these wells have never failed under the demands made upon them and wherever they are in operation and red blooded men have put their best efforts into developing the soil's possibilities, the land is green with alfalfa, grain, corn and kaffir; orchards, vines of watermelons and cantaloupes, as well as garden vegetables of all kinds.

When these conditions become known to home seekers from other and less favored portions of the country, this section of New Mexico and many like it throughout the state, will be selected by an ever increasing influx of desirable citizens, and campaigns of enlightenment such as the one being waged at the San Diego exposition, will hasten this day.

Dr. Garmany Writes

The many friends of Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Garmany will be glad to learn that they are on their way back to New Mexico. According to a letter we received they are now in El Paso, Texas, and expect to travel some in old Mexico before returning. Dr. Garmany states in his letter that he likes New Mexico much better than California.

Ask For Election.

Judge C. L. Carter was around this week circulating a petition asking the mayor and town council of Portales to call a prohibition election. The petition was being signed freely and the prospects are that the issue will be put up to the voters for their decision.

Mrs. Wm. Elliott of Canton, came in Tuesday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Culberson, and other relatives.

Grows Through Sand

The reports coming from different parts of the county indicate that the farmers who have planted Sudan seed are more than pleased with the way it is growing.

L. W. Carleton, the dairyman who has planted several acres on his place in Blackwater draw, states that it was covered up twice by sand but continued growing and is doing nicely.

Smith's Hotel Burns.

The hotel building belonging to A. J. Smith, in Amarillo, was completely destroyed by fire a short time ago. We understand the building was worth about \$5,000 and was insured for something like \$8,000.

Deputy District Clerk John W. Ballow left Sunday for Hico, Texas, where he was called on account of the serious illness of his father.

FARMERS ARE TAKING HOLD

Portales Valley Starts Most Successful Year In Its History

HOG RAISING COMING TO FRONT

Inhabited By Optimists, the Pessimists Have Disappeared

The Portales Valley is starting on the most successful season in its history. The farmers in this valley are working hard and are making a good showing. Each year the alfalfa acreage increases and this year the prospects are that more alfalfa will be planted than has ever been planted in a single year.

Hog raising is fast becoming one of the leading and most profitable businesses of our valley farmers. There is not a man in this valley who has tried to raise hogs on alfalfa who has not been successful and has made money on the proposition.

It has also been demonstrated that corn can be raised profitably by irrigation to fatten hogs. With but few exceptions Valley hogs have topped the market which certainly is an indication that we have one of the best hog raising places in the country and some of the best hog raisers that can be found anywhere.

The way the farmers of the Valley are taking hold and the energetic manner in which they are going at their work, planting increased crops, is certainly encouraging and shows that they realize that we have one of the best irrigated farming propositions that can be found. The pessimist has disappeared and this valley is inhabited by an optimistic bunch of farmers who are not afraid to work and are working along the lines which get results.

The Portales Valley is destined to be and will be one of the most beautiful valleys in the United States. We have the natural advantages, fertile land, a delightful climate and water in abundance. What is needed is development and in this development every resident can help.

Boost your town. Boost your Valley—help put it on the map.

Don't Want Much.

Governor McDonald has recently made public the telegram he received a short time ago from H. O. Bursam in answer to the telegram the governor sent him tendering the appointment to the vacancy existing in the State Tax commission.

In the telegram Mr. Bursam states that he "might consider" serving, providing the governor would permit him to name the majority of the commission. It is generally considered that Mr. Bursam had considerable to do with the passage and framing of the bill creating the tax commission and it would naturally seem would be rather anxious to assist in its operation.

Apparently the passage of this law by the Republicans has put the tax system of this state in a much worse condition than before and with no relief in sight.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Jones, last week a boy.

FARMERS PLANT BIG CROP

Dry Farmers Made Good Money From Crops Raised Last Year

ENERGETIC AND INDUSTRIOUS CLASS

Believe In Accumulating Some of This World's Goods

Roosevelt county farmers are hard at work planting one of the largest crops which has been planted in this county for many years. Spurred on by the success they had last year and the good indications for the present season they are expecting another bumper crop.

The number of cars of grain shipped from Portales during the past season is estimated at 130 cars. Considerable has been shipped from Elida and some from the towns on the cutoff. This is not all, there are thousands of bushels yet to be marketed, especially in the south east part of the county where most of the grain is raised and in the Floyd country where we understand the big Garrett thresher has finished.

We believe that while considerable grain continues to be marketed and will continue to be marketed during the summer it will not all be shipped out this season. While the price has not been high for several months due to conditions which are beyond the control of the dealers in this county, grain has brought a large amount of money to the producers because they raised such an immense crop. One man made more than what he paid for a quarter section with only one third of it in cultivation. There are many similar cases.

While the Herald-Times believes in raising stock in connection with farming, and thinks that is the idea of most of the farmers in county for they are working in that direction, they are due much credit for their thrift in raising such immense crops. We believe that, taken as a whole, the farmers of Roosevelt county are the most thrifty and industrious class of people which can be found in any county in any state.

They are of the class who look toward the future—are not content with just making a bare living; they want to accumulate some of this world's goods, and some day be independent. Judging from the success they have had the past year or two, they are making rapid strides along that line.

Cattle Sale.

Geo. Lutz of Ranger Lake, south of Elida, last week bought 40 cows from the Williamson Oldham Cattle company, out of the herd which was shipped in recently from Texas. Mr. Lutz is in a good grass country and has a ranch equipped to run a good sized herd.

Woman's Club Meets.

The Woman's Club will meet at the Presbyterian Church, Wednesday, May 26, at 2 o'clock. Members are requested to be present and enroll in at least one department for next year's work. The Literary Department will have charge of the program.

NEW MEXICO NEWS
Gathered From
All Parts of the State

COMING EVENTS.
July 1-5—Meeting State Retail Merchants' Association at Santa Fe.
Sept. 19-20 Oct. 1—Northern New Mexico Fair at Eaton.

Silver City has closed a contract for a motor fire truck.
Eighty sheep were burned in a prairie fire near Roy.

Preparations are being made at Roswell to properly observe Memorial Day.

The Morris state bank has been sold to the First National bank of Albuquerque.

Magdalena was the Mecca of Central New Mexico stockmen Thursday and Friday.

A much larger acreage than usual has been sown to oats in Quay county this season.

George Roslington has been appointed receiver of the Albuquerque Traction Company.

Wanton killing of wild game in Ute Park during the past winter is reported from Cimarron.

The El Paso District conference of the M. E. Church, South, was held at Tularosa May 12-16.

Clovis has issued a municipal order against the running of pigs at large within the city limits.

Springer, Colfax county, shipped during 1914, 200 head of horses and 12,376 head of sheep.

Marshall Parker has been missing for several weeks from his home at Artee. Suicide is feared.

W. J. Wamel, a Mimbres valley farmer, lost 400 tons of hay, valued at \$2,500, by fire at his ranch.

The Alamogordo town board has inaugurated a fly-catching campaign for boys and girls of the town.

The next annual convocation of the Episcopal church for the New Mexico district will be held in El Paso.

The Phelps-Dodge people expect to be producing copper from their Burro Mountain mines before the end of the year.

John W. Poe of Roswell, chairman of the State Tax Commission, is reported seriously ill at his home in Roswell.

Contractors are repairing the Santa Fe railroad reservoir at Ute Park, and will have it ready to receive water this summer.

The Washington authorities have authorized a new sanitary dairy at the marine hospital service sanitarium at Fort Stanton.

About \$200 per acre was paid by W. C. Cox for the O. H. Scott ranch of eighteen acres, about a mile and a half from Alamogordo.

The movement of stock from the southern ranges to northern New Mexico, Colorado and Wyoming is now steadily increasing.

That Santa Fe offers unique climatic advantages for a four months term of outdoor school for youngsters is the statement of Mrs. W. G. Turley.

An old man known by the name of Jack Mason, was found dead in a deserted stage coach at the side of the One Man corral near Silver City.

Arrangements for the local option election to be held in Santa Fe, June 7, were completed at the regular monthly meeting of the City Council.

The question of securing the Hondo reservoir as a means of protecting Roswell against future floods, is being agitated in the Chaves county metropolis.

Magooosh, one of the few surviving Apaches who participated in the raid on Geronimo, died at Elk Springs, on the Mesquero reservation, at an advanced age.

Denver parties have leased a thousand acres of placer ground on the Rio Grande in Taos and Rio Arriba counties. The lessees will install machinery and operate on an extensive scale.

After being driven thirty miles up the Pecos river from their temporary pens near Santa Fe, thirty head of elk from Gardner, Mont., were released on Hamilton mesa in San Miguel county.

Wednesday, May 25, the annual May Day Fete and Festival will be held by the Santa Fe public schools under the auspices of the National Playground and Recreation Association of America.

Lieut. Governor E. C. de Baca returned to the governor's office after attending the meeting of the insane asylum board in Las Vegas, at which contracts for supplies were let aggregating \$12,000.

That there are a number of people and firms in New Mexico and Arizona facing penalties of \$20 to \$1,000 for failure to make income tax returns on or before March 1, was ascertained on good authority at Santa Fe.

The Sunnyside sanatorium, one of the well-known health resorts near Silver City, has been acquired by the Methodist sanatorium, possession to be given on June 1.

W. F. Schwind of Lincoln, Neb., has been appointed, temporarily, as private secretary to Secretary Bryan. He succeeds former Congressman Ferguson of New Mexico.

Improvements on a large scale are being made at the 160-acre tract of land owned and used by the United States government for the education of Indians near Santa Fe.

THE TULAROSA VALLEY

GROUND-WATER RESOURCES OF NEW MEXICO.

U. S. Geological Survey and Agricultural Experiment Station Issue Report on South-Central Part of State.

Las Vegas, N. M.—The extensive and hitherto little-known region of south-central New Mexico that lies between the Pecos and Rio Grande but drains into neither of these streams is described in a report of more than 200 pages containing several large and about seventy other illustrations that has just been issued by the United States Geological Survey and the New Mexico Agricultural Experiment Station. This desert region, which is called the Tularosa Valley or Basin, is traversed by the El Paso & Southwestern railroad, and travelers who have taken this transcontinental route do not fail to remember Alamogordo, the principal town, a veritable oasis in the desert. But there are other oases, not so noticeable from the train, among which are the quaint old town of Tularosa, founded by Mexicans in 1822 and the oldest permanent settlement in the basin, and the Tres Rios ranch, the home of Senator Fall, to whose request the government investigation was undertaken. At the north end of the basin are the historic ruins of the Gran Quivira, a Pueblo village of the seventeenth century that became a victim of Apache depredations about 1672, shortly before the Pueblo revolution.

In the interior of this region is an area of 270 square miles of white gypsum sands, the largest area of the kind in the United States, appearing from the lofty mountains at the rim of the basin like a vast field of driven snow. Farther north are three volcanic cones, from the crater of one of which black basaltic lava flowed a distance of forty-four miles, nearly to the white sands, with which it makes a striking contrast.

The report describes the physiography and geology of the region but is chiefly concerned with the water supply, the one matter of utmost importance to this arid country.

New Mexico Crop Report.

Santa Fe.—The Bureau of Crop Estimates, in co-operation with the Weather Bureau, United States Department of Agriculture, reports: Winter Wheat—May 1, forecast production 1,125,000 bushels. Final estimate of production, 1,125,000 bushels. Condition May 1, 1915, 99 percent average. Spring planting—done May 1, 1915, 72 percent average. Spring planting—done May 1, 1915, 72 percent average.

PRICES TO PRODUCERS.
Wheat per bu. May 1, 1915, \$1.24
May 1, 1914, \$1.22
Corn per bu. May 1, 1915, \$1.00
May 1, 1914, \$1.00
Oats per bu. May 1, 1915, \$1.00
May 1, 1914, \$1.00
Potatoes per bu. May 1, 1915, \$1.10
May 1, 1914, \$1.10
Hay per ton, May 1, 1915, \$14.00
May 1, 1914, \$14.00
Eggs per doz. May 1, 1915, \$22
May 1, 1914, \$22

Kidd Released on \$3,000 Bond.
Las Vegas—Oscar Kidd, convicted of the crime of manslaughter for the killing of Paul E. Tyler last October at Roy, arrived in Las Vegas, having been released at Mora on appeal bond. Bail was placed by the court at \$3,000.

Father and Son Sentenced to Pen.
Roswell—Louis McDaniel, a young man 20 years of age, who committed perjury in an effort to save his father from the penitentiary, will accompany his parent to the state prison as a result, having been sentenced to serve from twelve to fourteen months by Judge Richardson. The father, who was convicted of obtaining money under false pretenses, was given a sentence of from three to four years.

Lieutenant Governor Pardons Two.
Santa Fe—Following the recent example of Governor McDonald, who pardoned J. P. Lucero, convicted of solicitation of bribery, Acting Governor de Baca paroled Gregorio Rubio and Merenciano Vigil of San Miguel county, serving three to four years for robbery, on the ground that their punishment was discriminatory. The two men with Telesfor Peralta were convicted of robbing a cowboy of 75 cents.

Neighbors Plow Land for Sick Man.
Estancia—A demonstration of practical neighborliness was given in the Silverton district when more than twenty of the neighbors of W. S. Buckner, who is suffering from inflammatory rheumatism and confined to his bed, gathered at his farm and spent the day plowing and otherwise preparing the ground for crops. His planting will be done later by the same neighbors.

Farmers of Artesia Organize.
Artesia.—The farmers in and around Artesia, and there are a number of farmers living in that town, have organized a "Farmers' Society of Equity," a sort of mutual aid association, and elected L. R. Sperry president, W. F. Holloman, secretary and treasurer, and William Schneider, C. T. Niel and A. L. Terpening, board of managers. Nineteen members signed up at the first meeting. The main object of the association is to protect the farmers in marketing their products.

RURAL BILLY SUNDAY WINS.

Brings Them In With "Paint and Brush Methods."

Greencastle, Ind.—The Rev. Julius Pfeiffer, who has charge of the Patrickburg circuit in the northwest Indiana M. E. conference, is making good. Pfeiffer is using a brush and liberal quantities of paint. He has advertised himself all over his circuit. At the crossroads he has painted his name and the time of his meetings in big red letters. "Oh says 'bills' and 'ticks' and 'thrusts' will not go with him as long as he is on the job. One of his familiar phrases is: "I am on the job to stay; must see the thing through. If you want that soft taffy kind of preaching I am not the man to give it to you. As long as I am here I am going to talk about a big God, who has a broad humanitarian platform and who really makes folks do something."

Mr. Pfeiffer says his business is "picking up" since he started his advertising scheme, and he "expects to be running his shops on full time" by June 1. He desires to "double his output" by Sept. 15.

HUNTING BURIED GOLD.

Mayoralty Aspirant Has Men Digging For Indian Treasure.

Pendleton, Ore.—R. F. Kirkpatrick, a claimant for the mayor's chair and prominent rancher on the Umatilla Indian reservation, is using all his farm hands in an industrious search for supposed buried treasure. The excitement was caused by Kokoyash, an aged Indian woman whose land Kirkpatrick has rented. The old woman is ill, and, fearing she is about to die, she told Mr. Kirkpatrick that about nineteen years ago she buried a large quantity of gold in a tin can near her tepee.

She said she buried it about two feet deep, leaving a string attached and extending to the surface of the ground so she could find it again. The string has long since rotted off, and the woman has either forgotten the exact location of the treasure or is too ill to describe the spot. All the ground within a radius of several rods of her old tepee has therefore been plowed up and scraped away, but so far no treasure.

TO FEED WORLD ON 300,000,000 ACRES

United States to Become Cattle Raising Center.

Chicago.—One of the results of the European war will be great increase in American output of horses and cattle. This country will become the meat producing spot of the world. The annual output of 10,704,000 head will probably be increased from 20 to 50 per cent.

Reports from Europe have shown that the destruction of live stock due to the war is beyond all present realization. All the countries have been chary about emitting statistical information concerning it because they are trying to maintain an air of calm and confidence about their food supplies. But the truth is getting out, and it is in brief, that Europe will be impoverished in regard to live stock supplies sooner than in almost any other economic direction.

Two chief results are already beginning to be perceived. One, and the obvious one, is that all the world will meet meat from the United States as never before.

The other is that the United States will change places with Europe in regard to supplying the finest breeding stock. The magnificent breeding stock of Holland, Belgium, Great Britain, France—cattle and horses, alike—are being sacrificed to the war, and it is freely predicted that after the war American breeders will be called upon to export the animals in large numbers to countries from which in the past they have been wont to import.

Europe is the greatest live stock country in the world, taken as a whole, its supplies are vastly larger than those of the United States, of South America or any other of what are commonly thought of as the stock raising regions. But Europe, because of its immense population, still has a deficiency that must be made up by importations and so its place as a stock growing continent is not rightly understood.

The greatest of the stock raising territories are involved in the war. They are killing off first their horses, destroying them in battle and the deadly transport service and also making it impossible to raise the annual crop of colts. Thus the loss is really a double one.

For a long time the capacity of the western ranges for producing and maintaining stock has been growing less. As a result government statistics show a reduction of the number of cattle in seventeen western range states in a period of four years from 30,000,000 to 23,000,000 and of the number of sheep from 39,000,000 to 32,000,000. The range has been overfed in some sections until great areas of it are becoming well high denuded of grass and actually tending to reversion to desert conditions.

Mother Has Son Arrested.
Paris.—When two French soldiers returned to Paris and couldn't give a good reason for it the mother of one locked them in a room and called the police. They were arrested as deserters.

CENTS AT WORK

Everybody reads this column. Here you will find "special bargains" advertised. Watch for them each week. It will pay you. This column will be the "clearing house" especially for our readers of the rural districts. Look about your place, see what you have that you want to dispose of and advertise it in this column, for sale or trade for the small sum of one cent a word. Try this column for results. From 4000 to 5000 people will read your advertisement every week.

Watkins' remedies can be had at Curd's second hand store. 15tf

For Sale—Cabbage plants, 25c per hundred. Spot Cash Store. 20tf

Wanted—To buy a few steer calves. C. L. Sanders. Phone 134. 17-1f

Calves Wanted—If you want to sell your little Jersey calves, phone Harley Thompson. 18-4tp

For Sale or Rent—New and second hand Oliver typewriters J. A. Fairly. 134f

For Sale—Portales Valley grown Sudan grass seed. C. L. Sanders, Phone 134. 18f

For Sale—Kaffir corn bundles and other feed, see Thompson Bros., Portales. 13-1f

Curd pays the highest cash price for hides, chickens, eggs and turkeys at the second hand store.

For Sale Cheap—Registered Jersey bull two years old last September, formerly owned by W. E. Brown. Carl Mueller. Portales. 16-1f

To Horse Owners—Silver Cloud, my saddle and harness horse, will stand the season at my place 5 miles east of Arch. Terms, \$10 to insure, \$7.50 season, \$5.00 cover. W. J. Ward. 15-8tp

Would you like the agency for a cement silo that can be sold as cheap as a wood silo? If so, write the Interlocking Cement Silo Co., 720 Insurance Bldg., Oklahoma City. 18

For Sale—Splendid five acre tract two miles from town. Good four room house and windmill. Also several choice farms and town property at bargain. T. J. Molinari, Owner. 22tf

For Trade—Four five and six year-old Jersey cows to trade for threshing grain. Come and see the cows right now. Twelve miles west and four miles north of Portales. Geo. E. Scott, Lacy, N. M. 19-6f

Wanted—An energetic, ambitious active man to establish permanent business. Health and accident insurance. Immediate cash returns and future. Address National Casualty Company, Detroit, Mich. 20-3f

For Sale Reasonable—Several good shallow water farms in the Portales Valley, some highly improved and under irrigation, some unimproved. Also implements, teams and complete farming equipment. Easy terms to right party. Carl Mueller, owner. Portales, New Mexico. 16-1f

The Sizzle of Our Fountain

May be heard from morn 'till night, Dispensing to all those who face it.

GENUINE DELIGHT

Cool delicious Sundae, flavorings galore!

Each one so refreshing, it calls for

JUST ONE MORE DOBBS' CONFECTIONERY

Regular Meals 25c Short Orders

When in Clovis, eat at the

Ogg & Boss Cafe

Open day and night

Clovis, - New Mexico

New Mexico Normal University, Summer School

Las Vegas, N. M., June and July, 1915



One and one-third fare on certificate plan provided there are fifty in attendance holding certificates showing the purchase of one way tickets to Las Vegas, N. M., at regular one way fare.
W. S. Merrill, Agt.

We Have Just Received

- A shipment of U Wanta and Jockey Club Coffee, none better, 3-lb. can \$1.10
- Moses Best, Made Rite, and Pride of the Rockies Flour, per cwt. \$4.00
- No. 3 Statesman Coffee 85c
- No. 4 Statesman Coffee \$1.00
- 25c can Jack Frost Baking Powder 15c
- No. 2 Genessee Cut String Beans 10c
- 1 doz. No. 1 Walker's Pork and Beans 90c
- 1 doz. No. 1 Walker's Chili Con Carne 90c
- 1 doz. No. 3 Calif. Goody Goody Peaches \$2.00

FARMERS—
Bring us your cream—we pay the highest cash price. Test any amount, any day



HARDWARE

I am now located across the street from the old Humphrey & Sledge stand, in the Citizens National Bank building. You are invited to inspect my stock. I thank you for past patronage and solicit your future business

INDA HUMPHREY

White House Grocery Co.

Agents for Wichita Best and Golden Seal Flour
Headquarters for Quality Groceries. We pay the highest cash price for your cream. Cleanliness and fair dealing our motto
White House Grocery Co.

WHY GROW OLD?

We carry Everything You need to preserve that youthful appearance in old age. X

PURE DRUGS PRODUCE QUICK RESULTS

GET THEM HERE

EGBERT WOOD, Proprietor
Successor to PORTALES DRUG Co.

LISTEN

Kill a town and real estate values in and around that town go down, down, down. Perhaps not swiftly, but as sure as fate. Patronize your home merchant. PLUG for your home town and your local community.
BUILD YOU A HOME
PORTALES LUMBER CO.

Then how first sight?
THE LIKENESS.

man he is, were also food or was...
The cabinet men are also food or was...
ing, and especially Secretary Nagel...
and Department-General Hitchcock

Mr. and Mrs. Dereno were in town...
baby of Dereno...
Mr. Wrath is a pros- total expense of TWO

total expense of TWO

Office hours 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

L. R. HOUGH.

DENTIST

Office in Reese Building

YOU ARE NEXT

To the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and most up-to-date hair cut in the city when you get in one of the chairs at

The Sanitary Barber Shop
HARDY BUILDING

DR. W. E. PATTERSON

Physician and Surgeon
Phone 67 2 rings

Office in Neer's Drug Store

DR. E. T. DUNAWAY

Physician and Surgeon

Office at Portales Drug Company.
Office Phone 1. Residence No. 4

G. L. REESE

Attorney-At-Law

Practice in all Courts. Office in Reese building
PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

T. E. MEARS

LAWYER

Will practice in all Courts, Territorial and Federal
Portales, New Mexico

N. F. WOLLARD, M. D.

Office in Nixon building

Phone, res. 169 PORTALES, N.M.

JONES PAYS THE FREIGHT

Buy monuments by mail. Save 10 to 20 per cent. Write for drawings and prices.

ROSWELL, I. H. ED A. JONES

Washington E. Lindsey

Attorney-At-Law
Notary Public

United States Commissioner
Final Proof and Homestead Applications
PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PEARCE'S PHARMACY

Complete line of Boye Machine Needles, Bands, Shuttles, Bobbins, and Hand Needles

Machine Threader given with every bottle of machine oil

DR. J. S. PEARCE

PROPRIETOR

WHAT MOTHERS NEED

Too many women struggle under pains and aches. They are not sick—but weak, nervous, irritable. Such women need that blood-strength that comes by taking SCOTT'S EMULSION. It also strengthens the nerves, aids the appetite and checks the bowels. If help or mother first family or look run down, SCOTT'S EMULSION will build her up. BROWN SUBSTITUTES.

CAPTAIN'S MAIN DUTY NOT TO LEAD CHARGE

Keeping Men Cheered Up Is the Vital Point, as French Officer Tells It.

SOME "SOCIAL EVENINGS"

Artillery Lieutenant Ventures to Say the Famous "75" Is "of Little Use"—Fire Is Too Direct—Surprise Ahead for the Germans.

By GABRIEL DELAGARDE. (Correspondent Chicago Daily News.) Amiens, France.—He is a captain who comes to Amiens from time to time for a few days of rest. Here he has comfortable quarters, where his wife impatiently awaits him: in the small village near Albert all he has to go to is a subterranean cabin, the ceiling of which is of earth. This, his permanent residence, is on a crest 500 yards from the enemy. The narrow space, with its wall of clay, measures perhaps four yards in length by one in width. Entering and seeing the owner of the place, his back to the wall, a shapeless bundle of animals' skins, one might imagine, were it not for a telephone in the corner, that one had been carried back to prehistoric times.

Sleeps, Eats, Works in Cave. It is here the captain sleeps, eats, writes and gives and receives his orders. It is here that, through the embrasure which overlooks the plain, he constantly surveys the little wood to the left, and, in the distance, those narrow lines of yellow earth, the enemy's trenches. It is from this cave that he regulates the firing of the French batteries so that their shells will hit the real trenches filled with men, not the counterfett ones which are masses of earth.

A narrow zigzag passage connects the small hut with the first line trenches. Three or four times a day the captain splashes through it. In spite of the trunks of trees, with which the bottom is covered, the wet clay is slippery. "This is why my coat is so threadbare," he says. "Constant brushing of the mud wears away the cloth. And what is more annoying even than falling flat in the clay is being splashed on the head by wet earth buried by a shell."

Thus slowly and cautiously one arrives at the advanced trenches.

Real Duty of a Leader.

"Do you know the most difficult part of a chief's duty?" the captain asked me. "It is not so much directing a combat. At times attacks are rare; we have not had a single one for two months. The real duty of the chief is to sustain the morale of his men; watch over them; talk to them familiarly of their families, their affairs, as it is that which interests them most. It is to improve the quality of their food, prepare what I hardly dare call a social evening, when they can drink a cup of tea and eat a few cakes ordered from Amiens. In short, one must be constantly watching them, talking to them, encouraging them."

"For instance, recently, one of our sentinels at the entrance to a small wood was killed one night. Our patrol found him at the foot of a tree with his throat cut. A second sentinel met the same fate. A third likewise."

Captain Called to Calm Men.

"At once my men became uneasy. What was to be done? No one had heard anything. Sentinels are stationed there at night only, to prevent a surprise in the trenches. They are stationed near an isolated oak, whence they survey the path which is the only outlet practicable through the growth of shrubs in which the shells have hollowed out unapproachable quagmires and so entangled the branches that even in a high wind it would be impossible to pass through without making a noise loud enough to attract attention."

"I was sent for. To place several sentinels there would be all right but, on the other hand, for these three deaths we were determined to exact payment from the slayer, who probably would not dare attack two or three men at a time."

Refuse to Let Captain Go.

"I listened, then said I would go as sentinel. Not one of the men volunteered. They looked at one another searchingly. It was evident they did not wish me to risk my life. Finally they must have cast lots. "Chance selected a sergeant. He departed at night. I had a searchlight set up, ready to operate, so that he should have light and assistance at the slightest attack. He surrounded himself with a wire netting, mounted on small stakes to which bells were attached. Our lines were a little way back of it. This was how he discovered the 'boche,' who had probably arrived by a fox track, preparing his way during the day, and, when all was ready, cutting the throats of our sentinels."

"Next day his cap was ruffled off, which is never permissible, but there are times when a rule may be infringed. I had the sergeant proposed for the rank of adjutant."

The captain was thus conversing

with me in a cave when his orders entered and asked to speak to him.

"Excuse me," the captain said, after getting the message, "I have to go."

As he departed, his subordinate, a robust, blue-eyed Breton, whose childish figure contrasted with his strong, almost fierce appearance, exclaimed:

"For him we would willingly die. Ah, monsieur, the 'boches' may do their best; they have no chiefs like ours. As a matter of fact, I think one could not have gained a better idea of the best type of French officer than from this captain, so full of energy and courage. Intolerant of any serious breach of discipline, intolerant toward towards certainly, but at the same time thoroughly understanding and ready to excuse certain weaknesses, and constantly endeavoring to lessen them by being the friend of his men as well as their leader. And is it not a slight but sure proof of his influence that he is dressed as they are, neglecting the prestige of his uniform, just as he eats, sleeps and dirties himself as they do?"

202 Days Without Undressing. An artillery lieutenant, with whom I talked, mingled most interesting speculative reflections with amusing recollections of his life at the front. After having explained to me the difference between percussion shells which explode on striking an obstacle and fuse shells, which burst in the air at regulated distances, he confessed to me while consulting a small calendar that he was much pleased when shower baths were finally installed near his trench. They were wonderful subterranean establishments, he said.

"And I assure you," he added, "they seemed very comfortable, as I had been exactly 202 days without undressing one, sleeping always in the same barn, in my same hole in the hay."

Dares to Criticize the Famous 75. Suddenly he changed the subject. And as a variation from the usual French attitude, he actually criticized the famous 75-millimeter gun.

"Much trouble has been taken for nothing," he said. "The 75 is a good cannon, but it was created too exclusively for direct firing. In fact, in this war, where one has to hit men hidden behind obstacles, it is of little use. What is needed is a means of throwing projectiles which, after describing a widely curved trajectory will fall on the heads of the occupants of the trenches, without first striking the trench walls."

"That is why we have bomb slingers, which do not carry farther than 200 or 300 yards at most, and the howitzers and mortar pieces, which must not be confused with the cannon. The cannon are long and narrow and at most horizontal when firing. The howitzers, which fire at angles of more than 30 degrees, and the mortar pieces, which at even greater angles fire heavy projectiles loaded with enormous explosives intended to crush such things as cupolas of forts, are short and massive and stand almost vertically."

Why Some Guns Are Short.

"By the way, do you know the real reason for the difference in the lengths of artillery pieces? For instance, the 305-millimeter Austrian howitzer, a very short gun, fires a greater charge of powder than the French marine gun of equal caliber, which is 12 yards longer."

I had never tried to find the reason of this difference. "And yet it is very simple," the lieutenant said. "The marine gun is designed to fire the shell at its maximum speed, so the combustion of the powder must be complete before the projectile leaves the barrel. This requires a fraction of a second, during which the shell covers exactly 12 yards—the length of the piece. This will give you an idea of how difficult it is to make the exact calculations necessary in the operating of these destructive machines. Thus, when the combustion is complete, the pressure developed by the gases is also maximum. As a long trajectory is not required of the howitzer and mortar pieces, it is not necessary to have a barrel of this length, which is inopportune."

Surprise Ahead for Germans.

"The largest mortar, as you know, is the famous 42-centimeter. The huge guns of this caliber have all the same drawback: they are difficult to handle. It is almost useless to think of transporting them by anything but rail. "And I may tell you, we have no longer any reason to envy the Germans. Right now, in France, we have achieved the construction of mortar pieces still more powerful, which, for our adversaries, will be a cruel revelation the day they are brought out ready to fire."

As the officer did not wish to tell me more on this subject, I spoke to him again of his life in the trenches, and he humorously related how, on the parapet facing the enemy, his soldiers had planted radishes, which grew very well. "Come and pay us a visit," he said, "and you can gather them under the noses of the 'boches.' And you will see that the presence of the Germans gives them a very special flavor."

Many Wives Hungry.

Berlin.—The war has not reduced the number of wife hunters who advertise in the Berlin papers, but has made them more extravagant in their demands.

London Copies Paris.

London.—London is becoming so Parisian in its mode of life it is to have its first absolutely French restaurant—with an American bar.



In every walk of life you'll find good old "Bull" Durham

Men of action, men with red blood in their veins, who do the world's work, and do it well, learn to appreciate things at their real worth. They are not fooled by frills—they demand honest value.

These are the millions of men all over the earth who find complete, healthful enjoyment and lasting satisfaction in "Bull" Durham hand-made cigarettes!

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

These fresh, fragrant cigarettes they roll for themselves, with their own hands, to their own liking, from ripe, mellow "Bull" Durham tobacco, suit their taste better than any cigarette they can buy ready-made.

"Bull" Durham hand-made cigarettes are a distinctive form of tobacco enjoyment—wonderfully comforting and satisfying. Their freshness and flavor are a revelation. Roll a cigarette from "Bull" Durham today.

FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a Package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in United States on postal request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.



CONTEST NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. To Charles W. Chilton, of Kermit, N. M. contest: You are hereby notified that William S. Cox, who gives Kermit, N. M., as his post office address, did on Feb. 13, 1915, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead entry Serial No. 6337, made Nov. 23, 1909, for SW 1-4, section 23, township 33 S., range 32 E., and NE 1-4, section 24, township 33 S., range 32 E., N. M. P. M., and as grounds for his contest he alleges that the said entryman has not lived on the land for the required five years; that the entryman has not lived on the land for the last three years; that all of the improvements have been moved off the land; that the land has been totally and wholly abandoned for a period of more than six months prior to this application. You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be cancelled hereunder without your further right to be heard therein, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the fourth publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office an affidavit of your own free will, under oath, sworn to by you or by a registered agent, in which you state your answer to the contest, and your proof of service of the same by either the said contestant or yourself, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the party by whom the copy was delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the party by whom the copy was mailed, stating when and the post office to which it was mailed, and the affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter. You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you. A. J. Evans, Register. Date of first publication May 1, 1915. "second " " 8, " "third " " 15, " "fourth " " 22, "

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., May 1, 1915. Notice is hereby given that John W. Smith of Class 11, N. M., who on Aug. 28, 1911, made homestead entry No. 9779 for Lots 1, 2, and 3, 1-2 NE 1-4 section 21 township 33 South, range 30 East, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. A. Coffey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Elida, N. M., on the 21st day of June, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Robert M. Ormsworth, Asner Chesham, Clarence S. Beard, Fred M. Robertson, all of Elida, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., May 1, 1915. Notice is hereby given that William H. Seefeld of Class 11, N. M., who on Jan. 29, 1911, made homestead entry No. 9226 for NW 1-4, sec. 10, and S 1-2 NW 1-4, S 1-2 SE 1-4, sec. 9, Twp 33 S. Range 37 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. A. Coffey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Elida, N. M., on the 21st day of June, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: John M. Campbell, Frank Craft, William Craft, Elitha E. Gregory, all of Redland, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Emma Henderson of Class 11, N. M., who on July 20, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6272 for NW 1-4, section 23, township 33 south, range 32 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Elmer J. Cameron, Justina P. Ford, Andrew J. Whitt, Vila Kye, all of Hazen, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Emma Henderson of Class 11, N. M., who on July 20, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6272 for NW 1-4, section 23, township 33 south, range 32 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Elmer J. Cameron, Justina P. Ford, Andrew J. Whitt, Vila Kye, all of Hazen, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Walter M. Drinkard, of Delphos, N. M., who on Dec. 29th, 1908, made original homestead entry No. 6165 for NE 1-4, section 26, township 2 South, range 32 E., and on March 5, 1911, made additional homestead entry for W 1-2 NW 1-4, SE 1-4 NW 1-4, and NE 1-4 SW 1-4, sec. 25, T. 2 S., Range 32 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Delphos, N. M., on the 5th day of June, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Roland J. Perry, John W. Bucklew, John J. Crawford, Oscar O. Elliott, all of Delphos, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

City Transfer

R. S. ADAWS
Proprietor
For Quick Deliveries Face 71. Trucks a Specialty

COULD SCARCELY WALK ABOUT

And For Three Summers Mrs. Vincent Was Unable to Attend to Any of Her Housework.

Pleasant Hill, N. C.—"I suffered for three summers," writes Mrs. Walter Vincent, of this town, "and the third and last time, was my worst."

I had dreadful nervous headaches and prostration, and was scarcely able to walk about. Could not do any of my housework.

I also had dreadful pains in my back and sides and when one of those weak, sinking spells would come on me, I would have to give up and lie down, until it wore off.

I was certainly in a dreadful state of health, when I finally decided to try Cardui, the women's tonic, and I firmly

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico has applied to select under the acts of June 21, 1906, and June 20, 1910, indemnity school lots 3294, 3295, and 3296, the following described public lands, to-wit: Lots 3 & 5, 1-2 NW 1-4, Sec. 4, T. 2 S., R. 36 E., N. M. P. M. Any person or persons desiring to protest against the allowance of these selections should file such protest, contest or other objection, in this office on or before the 29th day of June, 1915. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Adolphus L. Smith, of Portales, N. M., who on August 21st, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6336 for NE 1-4, sec. 11, Twp. 1 south, range thirty-two east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roswell, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: George E. Lacy, N. M., Simon F. Lane, Floyd M. N. Isaac, T. Gust, of Lacy, N. M., Hamlin B. Douthett, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Adolphus L. Smith, of Portales, N. M., who on August 21st, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6336 for NE 1-4, sec. 11, Twp. 1 south, range thirty-two east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roswell, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: George E. Lacy, N. M., Simon F. Lane, Floyd M. N. Isaac, T. Gust, of Lacy, N. M., Hamlin B. Douthett, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Adolphus L. Smith, of Portales, N. M., who on August 21st, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6336 for NE 1-4, sec. 11, Twp. 1 south, range thirty-two east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roswell, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: George E. Lacy, N. M., Simon F. Lane, Floyd M. N. Isaac, T. Gust, of Lacy, N. M., Hamlin B. Douthett, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Adolphus L. Smith, of Portales, N. M., who on August 21st, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6336 for NE 1-4, sec. 11, Twp. 1 south, range thirty-two east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roswell, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: George E. Lacy, N. M., Simon F. Lane, Floyd M. N. Isaac, T. Gust, of Lacy, N. M., Hamlin B. Douthett, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Adolphus L. Smith, of Portales, N. M., who on August 21st, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6336 for NE 1-4, sec. 11, Twp. 1 south, range thirty-two east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roswell, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: George E. Lacy, N. M., Simon F. Lane, Floyd M. N. Isaac, T. Gust, of Lacy, N. M., Hamlin B. Douthett, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Adolphus L. Smith, of Portales, N. M., who on August 21st, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6336 for NE 1-4, sec. 11, Twp. 1 south, range thirty-two east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roswell, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: George E. Lacy, N. M., Simon F. Lane, Floyd M. N. Isaac, T. Gust, of Lacy, N. M., Hamlin B. Douthett, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 15, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Adolphus L. Smith, of Portales, N. M., who on August 21st, 1908, made homestead entry No. 6336 for NE 1-4, sec. 11, Twp. 1 south, range thirty-two east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roswell, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 29th day of May, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: George E. Lacy, N. M., Simon F. Lane, Floyd M. N. Isaac, T. Gust, of Lacy, N. M., Hamlin B. Douthett, of Portales, N. M. A. J. Evans, Register.

WAR HITS DENMARK SAVE LIVES AT SEA

Butter Trade Suffers as Result of Great Conflict.

Nation is World's Greatest Butter Exporter in Normal Times—Product Superior to That of Any Other Country.

Washington.—How the great Danish butter trade has suffered from the present war and why little Denmark is the world's biggest butter exporter in normal times is shown in the following statement, prepared by the National Geographic society.

"One of the many strands in the wonderfully complex web of world commerce that has felt the severe strain of war is the Danish butter trade. Danish butter, Russian caviar, French champagne, Norwegian sardines, and Strassburg pate de foie gras are articles standing alone among their several kinds—special luxuries that Fate dispenses only to her favorites. The butter of Denmark has been famous around the world and heretofore it sold everywhere that people were to be found with wealth enough to develop special tastes. The war has largely interfered with this rich industry.

"Denmark's butter brought the highest price in fancy markets, and it was considered superior to that of any other nation. It was used by the epicures in North and South America, South Africa, in the East and West Indies, in Egypt, India and throughout Europe. Good Danish butter sold at one dollar a pound, in tins of one two and three pounds. Cows in other lands seem just as sleek and the grass grows elsewhere just as succulent, but, despite these general advantages, no other country has been able to make a butter that will stand the changes of climate so well, or that tastes so crisp and sweet.

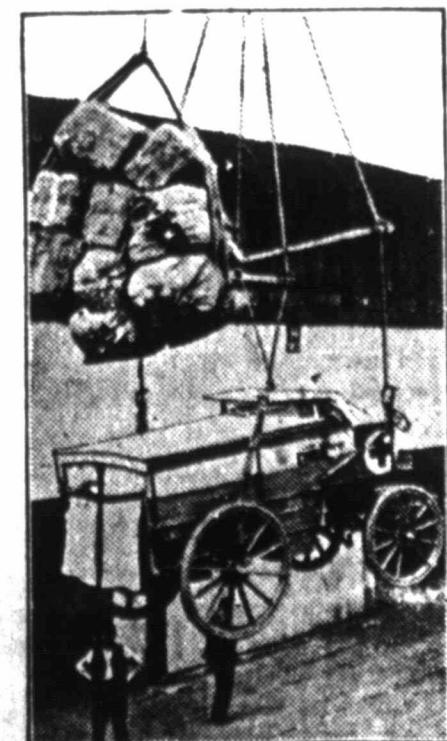
"Dairymen in Holland, Sweden and Siberia have done their utmost to produce a butter that could vie with the make of the Danes without success. The best butters of these countries are worth less than half as much. Scientific dairy operators in Germany also failed to duplicate it. Even from the milk of the cows of the United States, animals favored beyond most others, it has been found impossible to produce a grade of butter that can compete with the Danish article.

"Danish butter is proof against all climate. Butter, when shipped through the hot zones, melts and remains in a liquid state as long as it is exposed to the tropic heat. Danish butter goes through this test, melts with the heat and hardens with the cold, and still retains the wholesome sweetness of its flavor, while other butters lose its sweetness and flavor under these changes.

"The Danes do not explain the superiority of their product. They assert that there is no secret in their process of butter manufacture, but nevertheless, they are reticent about taking strangers through their great packing establishments. The Danish commission houses buy the butter which they pack from small dairies all over the country, some of their material coming from as far away as Finland. This raw butter, so they say, is taken and mixed carefully at their central packing stations, and is worked over again in order to free it from every particle of milk. The packers insist that the raw butter which they buy must be prepared only from sterilized milk and cream and that it must be prepared in scientifically clean surroundings.

"After these packers have reworked the butter, they color it uniformly with the juice of the ordinary garden beet, and pack it in hermetically sealed tins. They maintain that they use no preservatives or chemicals whatsoever. Nevertheless their butter has consistently held the advantage, and, until the war's outbreak, it formed the basis of one of Denmark's most thriving and widest known articles of export."

SUPPLIES FOR BRITISH ARMY



Scene at Southampton, Eng., where supplies are being rushed to Kitchen's army in France. The picture shows the hoisting of an ambulance and fodder aboard a steamer.

Lighthouse Keepers Worthy of the Highest Praise.

Arduous Duty, Demanding Extreme Self-Sacrifice, Cheerfully Performed—Examples of Bravery That Are Without Equal.

Although the pay is small and the life often lonely, the lighthouse service attracts as a rule an excellent class of faithful men, willing to take large risks in doing their duty and also in helping those in distress. There are many cases of faithful service and bravery.

There are a number of woman lighthouse keepers. One of these, the keeper of Angel Island light in San Francisco bay, reported that after the machinery of the fog signal was disabled on July 2, 1906, she "had struck the bell by hand for 20 hours and 35 minutes until the fog lifted," and that on July 4, when the machinery was further disabled, she stood all night on the platform outside and "struck the bell with a nail hammer with all my might. The fog was dense."

A widely known woman lighthouse keeper was Ida Lewis, who died about three years ago. She lived at Lime Rock lighthouse, on a ledge in Newport harbor, for 57 years, her father having been appointed keeper when she was twelve years old. She was keeper of the light for 32 years. There are reports of her having rescued 13 persons from drowning. On one occasion it is said, she saved three men who were swamped in attempting to pick up a sheep, and then she rescued the sheep also.

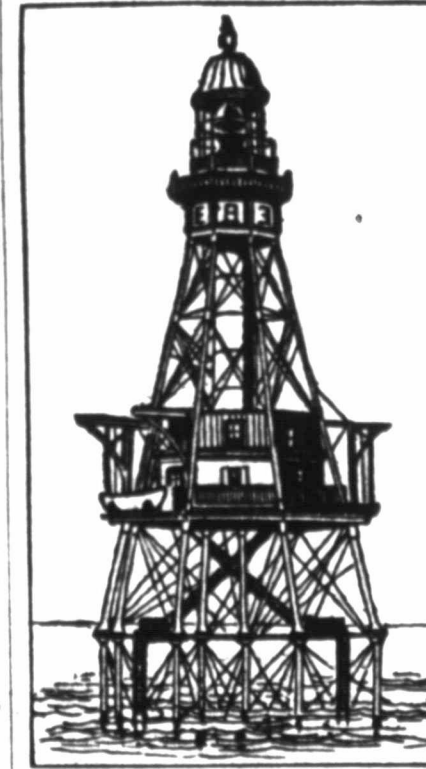
Because of the difficult life, keepers at isolated stations are granted shore liberty and leave 72 days a year, and crews of light vessels 90 days a year.

The first lighthouse on this continent was built by Massachusetts, in 1716-1716, on an island in the entrance to Boston harbor.

The first class light and fog signal stations are located at the more prominent and dangerous points along the seaboard, and on a well-lighted coast such stations should be sufficiently close that a coasting vessel may always be in sight of a light. The smaller lights are placed to mark harbors, inside channels and dangers. Along the navigable rivers numerous post lights are maintained to indicate the channels.

For New York harbor and immediate approaches alone 288 aids to navigation are required, including 46 shore lights, two light vessels and 36 lighted buoys; there are 192 buoys of all classes and 37 fog signals, including sounding buoys.

Among the lighthouses of the country may be found examples of great engineering skill and of dignified and simple design. Some of the tall light house structures are of beautiful architecture, suited to the purpose, and set off by picturesque location on headland or rock overlooking the sea. The tower must be built to give the light a suitable height above the water.



One of the Cape Hatteras Lights.

ter, and hence tall lighthouses are required on low-lying coasts.

A light must be 200 feet above the sea level to be seen from the deck of a vessel 20 nautical miles distant. Beyond that distance the curvature of the earth would prevent a light at this elevation being seen.

Hitting a Brother Barrieter. In the Stokes trial A. B. Boardman, Stokes' attorney, said:

"My client is tired of lawyers. They have cheated him enough, and now he prefers to put the matter before a jury."

"I hope," said Joseph H. Choate, the opposing attorney, with that everyday smile and suave tone so well known, "that my brother has done nothing to forfeit his client's confidence," and even the grave justices had to smile, while Boardman bit his lip.

Calculation. "She said she would be content with love in a cottage," said the young man with a calculating mind.

"That's a fine sentiment." "Perhaps. But I can't help wondering whether a cottage is the best her father intends to do for us."

WE SUBMIT

The following prices for your consideration. These prices good until further notice

- 15 lbs. Cane Sugar for \$1.00.
- Snowdrift, large pail, \$1.10.
- Cottolene, large pail, \$1.35.
- Swift Premium Skinned Hams, per pound, 18c.
- Best Idaho Potatoes, per cwt., \$1.85
- Mississippi Brand Sweet Potatoes, No. 3 cans, per dozen, 90c.
- Belcamp Sweet Corn, per can, 10c
- Louisiana Beauty Syrup, per gallon, 45c.
- Lakewood Tomatoes, No. 3 cans, per dozen, \$1.30.
- Ideal Table Peaches, No. 3 cans, per dozen, \$1.75.
- Del Monte Table Peaches, No. 3 cans, per dozen, \$2.50. We especially guarantee Del Monte Table Peaches to be as good as there is packed.

- Two gallon jar Kraut, 90c.
- Two gallon jar Sour Pickles, \$1.15
- 8 bars Silk Soap, 25c.
- Three 25c cans Layton Health Club Baking Powder, 50c.
- Moses Best Flour, per cwt., \$4.00
- Jeniton Apples, per box, \$1.50.
- Black Ben Davis Apples, per box, \$1.65 and \$1.75.
- 4 lbs. good Santos Peaberry Coffee for \$1.00.
- 7 lbs. Rio Coffee, \$1.00.
- Collie brand Peaches, per gal., 35c
- Victory brand Apples, gal., 30c.
- Capitol brand Peaches, per gal., 45c
- Capitol brand, Blackberries, gal. 45c
- Capitol brand Apricots, gal., 45c.
- C. F. C. A. Loganberries, gal., 50c
- C. F. C. A. Grapes, gal., 40c.

Local frt. rate from Clovis to Portales is 12c cwt. Get your pencil and figure

THE MODEL GROCERY

A. B. AUSTIN, Prop.

CLOVIS, N. MEX.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

DELICIOUS CAKES AND COOKIES.

CREAM half a cupful of butter with two cupfuls of sugar, add the whipped whites of three eggs, a cupful of sweet milk and two cupfuls of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Bake in three layers, and when cool put together with the following filling between: Chop fine two cupfuls of figs and put into a double boiler with half a cupful of sugar, a tablespoonful of butter, a pinch of salt, a tablespoonful of lemon juice and half a cupful of water. Cook up till thick enough to spread on the cake.

Sunshine Cake.

Take one cupful of egg yolks and beat them together with one and one fourth cupfuls of white sugar for fifteen minutes. Add one cupful of cold water and mix thoroughly. Stir in lightly two cupfuls of flour sifted three times, with one heaping teaspoonful of baking powder, and flavor with one teaspoonful of lemon extract. Bake in a moderate oven for fifteen minutes either in angel food pan or in loaf cake. Do not grease pan. Let the cake cool in the pan.

Shaker Cookies.—These are often mistaken for nut cookies so rich in the flavor of the oatmeal and raisins. Cream one cupful of shortening and one cupful of brown sugar. Add two well-beaten eggs. Beat. Add seven-eighths of a cupful of milk and two cupfuls of flour, mixed with one-half teaspoonful of salt. Use one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a little water, one cupful of chopped raisins and two cupfuls of uncooked rolled oats. Drop by spoonfuls on a cookie sheet and bake in a hot oven. Allow room on sheet for cookies to spread. No baking powder is required as the raisins, if chopped, supply the acid to react with the soda.

Cocoanut Cookies.

For cocoanut cookies—and they are wonders of crispness and nuttiness—cream four ounces of butter with a cupful of sugar. Add a tablespoonful of milk, one-half cupful of grated cocoanut, a beaten egg, a teaspoonful of flour and a teaspoonful of baking powder. If this amount of flour does not make a better stiff enough to roll add more flour. Roll thin and cut with a zesty cutter. Sprinkle each cookie with sugar and bake brown.

Anna Thompson

Never add the burden of yesterday's trouble to that of tomorrow. The one is past; the other may never come.

FLOOD OF IMMIGRANTS COMING AFTER THE WAR

Uncle Sam Must Be Careful to Bar the Unfit.

Washington.—Eternal vigilance is needed on the part of the immigration department in restricting the number of unfit immigrants trying to enter this country. Although immigration has had a tremendous drop, paupers, insane, epileptic and feeble minded persons, professional beggars, those likely to become a public charge, contract laborers, assisted aliens, those living on immorality and others debarred from entering this country still seem to be emigrating, though probably in smaller numbers.

Last year 33,041 individuals were refused entrance to this country, a proportion to the total number of aliens (immigrant and nonimmigrant) landing of 2.8 per cent, while for the half year ending January, 1915, 15,208 were debarred, being 3.1 per cent of the total immigration during that time.

Of those trying to enter during the last six months 249 were idiots, imbeciles or feeble minded, 67 were insane or epileptic, 1,144 were suffering from loathsome or dangerous contagious diseases, 9,809 were likely to become a public charge, 1,746 were contract laborers, 344 were assisted aliens and 171 were coming for immoral purposes. Many people see in the fact that there is little reduction in the numbers of the mentally, physically and morally unfit who are attempting to enter this country an indication of what may be expected in the near future. At the end of the war Europe will try to keep its strong, its able-bodied and its healthy individuals, while enormous financial burdens will probably induce a marked tendency toward emigration, actively encouraged perhaps, of those who are apt to become a burden on the state. Such problems as far as possible will be shifted to other shoulders through a process of emigration. Only stringent regulations on the part of the American government and extraordinary efficiency in its immigration service will prevent such an unloading of the unfit upon the shoulders of Uncle Sam.

We sell wide tread Fords which fit the roads and can be operated year after year at a total expense of TWO CENTS per mile. Ask to see the new models. P. E. Jordan, Agent.

CLOVIS STEAM LAUNDRY

The House of Cleanliness

"Work That Satisfies"

Phone 48

D. R. SHUPE

FURNITURE AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS

I have just purchased a large assortment of Furniture and household goods consisting of Beds, Chairs, Foot Rugs, Stoves, Mattresses, Bed Springs, Dining Tables, Center Tables, Oil Stoves, Second Hand Pillows and Comforts.

J. P. PYEATT

Next door to Crow's tin shop

PORTALES, N. MEX.

REAL ESTATE

FARM LOANS

Non-residents' property carefully looked after. Money loaned on land within ten or twelve miles of Portales. All kinds of Notary work carefully and accurately attended to

BASCOM HOWARD

PHONE 24

THIS BANK

IS MORE THAN JUST A BANK

It is your friend. It is the medium of exchange between you and the rest of the world. Its drafts are honored everywhere. It protects your savings. It loans you money when you need it. It exerts a strong influence in upholding the moral and material interests of your community, of yourself. It is safe, it is sound, it is conservative, it is strong. It is a GOOD place for your savings. Your name to an honored check is a good endorsement.

The
**Portales Bank and Trust
Company**

Piano For Rent.

With privilege of buying later and having rent paid apply on the price, or will sell now to responsible party on easy monthly quarterly or semiannual terms. Write at once for particulars to The Knight-Campbell Music Co., Denver, Colo. 16 St.

SPOT CASH STORE

I have recently bought a complete stock of groceries, which are being sold in the old Fred Crosby building just west of Humphrey & Sledges' hardware store. By selling for spot cash only, I am able to supply you with groceries at a greatly reduced price. These goods are clean and fresh. We invite you to call and inspect them and get our prices.

HENRY BEDINGER, Prop'r.

Carter-Robinson Abstract Co

(Incorporated)

We have a complete set of indexes of all real estate in Roosevelt and Curry counties. We make abstracts accurately and promptly.
Office in Reese Building
Phone 63 Portales, N. M.

Cane, Milo Maize, Feterita, Indian Corn Alfalfa Seed, Vegetable Plants, Recleaned, Graded, Acclimated Seed, Standard Varieties, Lowest Prices. Send for Catalogue.

UNITED SEED AND FRUIT CO.
Successors to
**FARMERS SUPPLY CO.
ROSWELL SEED CO.
Roswell, New Mexico**

W. H. BRALEY & SON INSURANCE

Of all kinds. PORTALES, N. M.

Shock's Confectionery

The place for all kinds of cold drinks, candies and stationery. Ice in any amount sold at the lowest rate. Located in old First State Bank building

**J. R. SHOCK, Proprietor
ELIDA, NEW MEXICO**

DAIRY and CREAMERY

DAIRY CLEANLINESS

Importance of Keeping Dirt and Germs Out of the Milk.

Whether the dairy farmer adjusts the separator to run a rich cream for the creamery or a cream of lower test for table use, there is one thing that at all times should be held paramount to all else, and that is absolute cleanliness at every step.

Between the milking and getting the cream to the creamery there is ample time for these germs to multiply many times over, writes L. L. De Bra in Hoard's Dairyman. In other words, it requires absolute cleanliness at every stage to insure the best cream.

It seems idle to warn the milkster to be careful about getting hair, flies, dust



The Guernsey cows are quiet in disposition and are always pets on the farm. The bulls are tractable, easily handled, work readily in tread powers and are easily managed. The Guernsey sire crosses well with other breeds. When care is used in the selection of the cows which are used in crossing, uniformly good results follow. Guernsey sires are in more and more demand for crossing with common stock. Grade Guernsey cows are being purchased at high prices, and there are buyers for every cow offered for sale. The Guernsey cow pictured is a pure individual.

or dirt in the milk. Everybody knows that caution should be exercised to avoid that, yet few realize the real importance of it, however, and fewer still realize just what it means to be really clean about the milking.

Separate the milk as soon as possible after milking. Do not leave the full milk cans sitting around the barn. Cover them and take them at once to the separator house.

The separator and all utensils should be thoroughly washed and sterilized after using. When you get to the separator house you should find the separator clean and sweet. If you can detect the faintest odor that is unpleasant there is something wrong somewhere.

The cream should be cooled as soon as it comes from the separator and should be kept cool by placing and keeping wet burlap or other wet covering around the can while stored and during transportation in warm weather. Warm cream should never be mixed with cold cream.

A little thought and a little extra effort taken at every stage from milking to delivering the cream will do much toward bettering the grade of the product and will, in the end, pay in dollars and cents for the extra trouble.

NUMBER OF TIMES TO MILK.

With High Producing Cows It Pays to Milk Twice a Day.

In maintaining a dairy herd a very important question to consider is the frequency of milking. Except when tests are being made cows are usually milked only twice a day, writes a Maine farmer in Hoard's Dairyman. Would it be any advantage to the dairyman to have the milking occur more frequently?

Two Norwegian, Laitin and Grande, have recently studied this question with definite results. They found under certain conditions that three milkings a day were better than two, but it all depended upon the type of cow. If she happened to belong to the class whose daily record was from ten to fifteen quarts or more then under the influence of an extra milking she was able to give on an average one quart more per day than she would when milked twice a day.

The cow whose daily output was about five quarts or under, however, made no response to a third milking. Her record remained unchanged whether she was milked twice or three times. Clearly, from the standpoint of the dairyman, the cow which has a low milk production is not worth using for milk. She has already reached her limit when she has been milked twice a day. But in the case of those cows which are good producers the evidence shows that, so far as the number of milkings is concerned, they have not reached their limit for production in two milkings.

Another interesting point in the Norwegian investigation is that an analysis of the milk obtained by three milkings per day shows that the fat content is not influenced by the more frequent milkings.

Value of Silage.
In comparing the value of a silo with cornstalks a person must consider waste of fodder in the field. Loss of stalks cattle will not eat, tramping the fields in muddy weather and the task of hauling from the field during bad weather. Cattle are always sure of same amount of feed regardless of weather with a silo. The feed banks should be about twelve inches deep so the cattle will not root the feed out. Kansas Farmer.

FEW NOW DIE OF OLD AGE.

Why This is So and Why the Patriarchs Lived So Long.

Scientists who see today how few people live to be 100 years old find themselves at a loss to explain how Methuselah managed to live 969 years, while Noah reached the respectable age of 950 years. Recently, however, a discovery has been made which helps to explain this mystery.

When the causes of short life nowadays are counted up it is found that most of the deaths are due to disease. Very few people die from old age. And the reason why people die from any one disease is that they have been weakened by other illnesses which they have had or which have been handed down to them by their ancestors. For example, one widespread social scourge which weakens the constitution of many men and women today was probably unknown in primitive times.

To some of these diseases the human race has become so accustomed that it is immune. Measles will kill off a whole Indian tribe, but among the white race it is only an annoying childhood malady. But the variations of disease increase far more rapidly than the immunity.

Noah and the patriarchs didn't have nearly as many different kinds of diseases to face because they hadn't had enough ancestors to hand them down a variety. Consequently their constitutions were not constantly being weakened as are ours today. For example, there is no reference in very ancient literatures to a cold in the head. The Greeks and Romans seem to have been the first peoples to suffer from it.

The real reason why the patriarchs lived longer than we do now was because in those days the fount of humanity was fresher. While immunity to certain diseases has been handed down to us by our parents, we have also received the weakened vitality which was theirs as a result of their fight against disease. Sooner or later the race will become immune to tuberculosis, but with that immunity will come the diminished power as a result of mankind's long fight against the white plague.—Washington Post.

NATIONAL OFFICIAL BOOKS.

They Are Named by Colors and Cover a Wide Range of Hues.

British government publications are called "blue books," because they are usually bound in blue paper covers and because blue is the officially recognized color in parliament and law. In a few departments, however, "blue" books are printed in yellow covers to distinguish the department. Diplomatic correspondence with foreign countries and short acts of parliament are often left unbound, or "white," because there is no strict rule for binding any documents less than an inch in thickness.

In addition to the "blue book" there is the "red book." This contains a list of persons who hold appointments. The only other color used by England is black. A black book contains an exposure of some abuse, the name "black book" originating from the famous "black book" compiled in the reign of Henry VIII to expose the abuses in monasteries.

In France the chief color for government publication is yellow. Although the latest French government report has been called a "black book," in reality it is published in yellow covers. It forms, in fact, one of a long set of "yellow books" which France has been issuing annually ever since the year 1801 upon the affairs of the country for the use of politicians and historians.

The chief color of Russian government publications is orange. Belgium uses gray, Italy green, the United States blue and red, Spain and Austria red and Germany and Portugal white or drab.—New York Press.

Garden of the Near East.

Brusa, situated at the foot of Mount Olympus, in Asiatic Turkey, is the garden city of the near east. Every mosque and public building and almost every house stands in its own garden under the shadow of cypresses, cypress or fig trees. The flora of the surrounding district is so rich and varied that it has been the happy hunting ground of botanists for centuries, and some authorities regard it as the cradle land of many of our sweetest spring flowers—the hyacinth, the tulip, the snow drop and the jonquil.—London Spectator.

The Feminine Financier.

"So she has broken the engagement! Did she give you back the diamond ring?"

"No. We are deadlocked. She says she will give me back the price I paid for it, but diamonds have doubled in value and that she is entitled to the profit."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Made Her a Fright.

"Mrs. Jones has a new hat."
"Well, you look mightily pleased about it."

"You just ought to see how it looks on her."—Houston Post.

In Distress.

"Why are you flying your flag upside down, Suburbs?"

"To let the neighbors know that the cook's gone and all invitations are off."—Philadelphia Ledger.

King of the Penguins.

Many of the Falkland Islands are inhabited only by penguins, whence the title "King of the Penguins," which is sometimes bestowed on the governor of the Falklands.

It does no good to advertise for your best self respect.—Youth's Companion.

A Unique Business

C. L. Collins of Elida has embarked in a unique business, perhaps the only one of its kind in New Mexico, that of raising pole cats for the hides. Roosevelt county has been coming to the front the past few years as the home of high class cattle, hogs and other kinds of stock but she is in a class by herself in the breeding of polecats.

Collins started a little more than a year ago with some native polecats which he had captured and began to make a study of the business. He learned that the species having an entirely black hide were by far the most profitable to raise but the start was difficult to obtain and also difficult to transport by rail. He finally persuaded a raiser in one of the New England states to sell him a pair for which he had to pay a fancy price.

He has eight head of the high grade ones and will soon have a large bunch for they multiply rapidly raising from one to three litters per year the litters ranging from four to fourteen in size. The feed consists of rabbits, meat scraps, dead carcasses, etc. The pens are across the railroad on the west side of the town of Elida.

Mr. Collins is very enthusiastic over the success he is having in this business for the hides have commanded the top price every time he has shipped. He finds the best market at Denver.

Arch Items.

Fred Smith and family are visiting friends and relatives at Arch this week.

Preaching every Sunday; everybody is invited to come.

The Methodist Quarterly Conference will be held at Arch beginning Friday night, May 1st, will hold over Sunday. There will be dinner on the ground Sunday at noon. Everybody is invited to come and bring somebody with you.

The singing at Mr. and Mrs. Ward's Sunday was well attended and enjoyed by all.

A. A. Boulter and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Boulter's parents, Rev. W. M. and Mrs. Savage, near Texico.

Mrs. W. H. Rosson was out from Portales visiting her daughter Ellen at Arch Saturday and Sunday.

A. C. Westfall is planting a large crop of onions, sweet potatoes and tomatoes. He is contemplating putting in a canning factory this fall.

Bro. Jim Tollett of Ines came up and preached here Sunday to a large congregation and the sermon was well enjoyed.

Mrs. Mary Williams, daughter and two granddaughters, from Texico, were here visiting friends and relatives Saturday and Sunday.

Great Game Sunday.

The baseball game here Sunday was attended by a large crowd. Some of the most prominent people of both Portales and Elida being present. The final score was 13 to 12 in favor of Portales. The game was aggressive throughout and many decisions of the umpire were disputed by both teams.

Stanford Moore pitched a good game for Portales until the seventh inning, when he was replaced by Deacon Jones. Davis pitched a good game for Elida. The features of the game were the batting of Terry, Langston, Jones and Howard for Portales and the playing of Mackey and Tusha for Elida. The umpires were Earl Patterson and C. L. Collins.

Clark Trades.

J. C. Clark of Ingram traded his ranch at that place to Mose Rutherford for a farm in southwestern Oklahoma. We think Mr. Clark is making a great mistake in leaving New Mexico, and believe he will realize it before a great while. He had a good well watered ranch at Ingram and had already a start of some twenty-five head of cattle. Mr. Clark has moved to Portales and reside here for the present. We regret to see him leave, as he has been one of the most useful and desirable citizens in the Ingram community.

We understand Mr. Rutherford, who has been here for several months, owns quite a herd of cattle and will stock the ranch to its full capacity.

Methodist Church.

Dr. David R. Boyd, president of the State University, preached the Baccalaureate sermon Sunday to a crowded house. The sermon was a most excellent one. The morning service was a union service of all the churches. At night each of the churches held their own services, Dr. Boyd filling the Presbyterian pulpit.

We are glad to report a helpful service at the Methodist church Sunday night. I will preach next Sunday morning on the subject of "Temperance." Rev. S. E. Allison will preach at night. He will also hold our third quarterly conference Monday night. Let us urge our stewards and Methodist people to make this a great success. Come hear us Sunday morning on the subject of "Temperance." You will be welcome.

A. C. BELL.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Ft. Sumner N. M., May 12, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Otto May Great-bowen of Ines, New Mexico, who on February 1st 1913 made original homestead entry No. 89228 SE 14 section 28, Township 4 N., Range 36 east and on March 15th 1912 made homestead entry No. 89992 for northeast quarter, section 28, Township 4 N., Range 36 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 20th day of June, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses: Evan P. Williams, Lewis W. Whitfield, James E. Tollett, Thomas I. Hamilton, Jr., all of Ines, N. M.
A. J. Evans, Register.

Notice To Taxpayers

On June the first the second half of the 1914 taxes become delinquent, and one per cent penalty is added each month.

The 1914 delinquent tax sale starts July 15th, 1915.

M. B. JONES

Treasurer and Tax Collector
Roosevelt County, New Mexico



PROSPECTS IN 1916

Politics Has Much Dependence on Conditions.

Legislation Placed on Statute Books by Democrats Was Based on Conditions of Peace—Changes Made by the War.

Writing from Cuba Mr. Watterson made this observation: "If in 1916 the country has taken advantage of its opportunities and has adjusted itself to the changes wrought both in foreign and domestic commerce by the European war, the land will flow, as it were, with wine, milk and honey, and the Democratic calling and election under the Wilson leadership will be sure. The Republicans are all at sea. They have no man in sight. But in the event that the money, which fear has driven in hiding, remains in hiding because of continued agitation and uncertainty—the state of unemployment next winter what it is this winter—any old party—any old leader—can drive us from power."

In other words, if times are good in the United States next year, the Democratic party will take, and be accorded, credit; if bad, it will have to bear the blame and take punishment. It is one of the humorous features of our political philosophy, that the party in power is responsible for both the crops and the weather.

The next eighteen months are in the lap of the gods. Speculation about what they are likely to produce is at the greatest risk. Everything, both at home and abroad, is at sixes and sevens. We are striving and hoping to keep out of the war, and hoping also that "the mighty scourge of war may soon pass away."

The important legislation placed on the books by this congress was prepared for peace conditions. The Underwood tariff was laid without a thought of war, and, of course, without provision for any such contingency. And the same is true of the currency law and the new trust enactments. Latest come the federal trade law and the commission to execute it.

What changes has the war imposed? Business has been affected at every point, more or less. Exports are large in a few lines, but suspended in others. Imports have been so much reduced, the government's revenues are running heavily behind. Investments are halted. A feverish anxiety everywhere prevails.

Adjustments to meet this situation will be as difficult as they are imperative; and the new congress must at least attempt some of them.

As to Appropriations.

It is amusing to observe how Republican lamentations over the extravagance of the Democratic congress go side by side with denunciations of it for its failure to increase the army and make great appropriations for coast defense. These critics fail to recognize the fact that of the appropriations made by congress probably 40 per cent are for pensions and the support of the army and navy. Of the remaining 60 per cent the post office department absorbs a large share, and the ordinary running expenses of the government consume the rest. These cannot be seriously diminished, and if the army is to be largely increased it can only be done through augmenting the revenues. That, in turn, would call out hypocritical jeremiads over the alleged financial incompetency of the Democrats, and more denunciations of the new taxes. If the American people want a large army they must be willing to pay for it by more or less onerous taxation, just as European nations do. Economy and a large army and navy don't jibe well together.

Unfair to Blame Tariff.

If the lessened treasury balance had resulted from increased imports the friends of the Underwood tariff would be put on the defensive. But there is no tariff theory ever framed that explains how to preserve a favorable trade balance when a nation's customers abroad are curtailing purchases by hundreds of millions in a single year. It is easy to call the war tax "a deficit tax." But to prove it you must first catch your deficit. We commend this primary necessity to our not over-careful contemporaries.

SOON TO BE NORMAL

Business Conditions Are Showing Steady Improvement.

Progress Being Made in Almost All Directions Is Noticeable—Better Times May Well Be Looked for Week by Week

The improved business situation, and especially improvement in the steel industry as compared with conditions a few weeks ago, is cheering to the whole country.

A few prophets of good times were expecting the new era of prosperity to come with a rush, remarks the Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald. The more conservative and far-seeing leaders of the business world, however, have been saying that there would be an improvement with the beginning of this year 1915, but that it was not reasonable to think there would be complete business recovery before the middle or the latter part of the year. Yet the steady progress that is now being made in many directions makes it safe to assume that in the industrial field at least, conditions will become normal by spring. Here in the Birmingham district industrial operations are probably 20 to 25 per cent nearer capacity than was the case two months ago.

In the speculative markets much depends on the government crop reports during the next few months. Last year's wheat crop was the largest ever produced in this country, but the acreage of winter wheat has been still further increased, and the probability is that a new high record will be reached in the next harvest. The South, with conditions permitting, will raise larger crops of food products than ever before, and the limited cotton production will insure good prices for several million bales of the old crop left over. The grain market has been soaring. The stock market and the cotton market are upward in tendency and will continue upward until old time levels are approached.

This year has started out well, in deed, and as there is every promise that the business situation will improve week by week throughout the twelvemonth, the optimist may well revel in his rosiest prognostications.

Democratic Party and Business.

"My Republican friends are looking hopefully to 1916, but I think it a safe bet that the Democratic party will be continued in power," said Maurice Hecker, manufacturer, of Rochester, N. Y.

"The Republicans are trying to lay some of the blame for bad business last fall on the Democratic party, but that is not fair, and it will not work. This country was headed for prosperity when the European war broke out and gave the entire business world an awful shock. There was a sharp recession in American business, but we are gradually recovering from it, and by the spring prosperity will be felt in all parts of the country, as it is now in the West.

"We will have a great deal of prosperity between now and 1916, and the Republican calamity howler will then be making himself ridiculous if he tries to howl for party purposes."

Is Any Tax "Popular"?

In a recent editorial the Washington Post says that "the most unpopular and therefore the most unsatisfactory tax imposed by the government is that levied upon personal incomes." We should like to have the Post name one single tax that is "popular." Unless it can do so, we must conclude that the fact that the income tax is "unpopular" is no proof whatever that it is "unsatisfactory." Long ago Napoleon Bonaparte, a statesman of some slight intellectual capacity, said that the income tax was the best tax imaginable, since all people grumbled about it, which was the best possible proof that they paid it.

Prosperity Ahead.

Ample currency supplies, large foreign purchases, prosperity in the agricultural districts, increased purchasing power among three-fourths of the people of the United States is a guaranty of manufacturing activity and of larger and more profitable business to our merchants.

Throughout the Union the times will be better, and the dullness of trade locally will be a thing of the past by the opening of the new year.

True American Policy.

The country is theirs. The government is theirs. The liberty, if they can get it, and godsend them in getting it, is theirs. And so far as my influence goes while I am president nobody shall interfere with them.—President Wilson at Indianapolis.

There may be a better statement than this of the true American policy toward Mexico, but we do not remember having seen it.—New York World.

Presuming Much.

Chairman Hillier of the Republican national committee says that prosperity depends upon the election of a Republican president next year, the assumption being that a Republican president has great influence with war and weather makers.

Pleading for a Handout.

It's the lame duck, or else the fellow who wants more than his share, that is always pleading for a handout from Uncle Sam in the shape of tariff duties.

Listen: "Don't rock the boat!"

He who hesitates always goes wrong.

Never pour out your feelings in the bucketful.

There are still extant some women who love their homes and their babies.

Give the grouch the fattest kind of a deal and he'll still claim the square wasn't true.

Was ever a child that did not groan for kneeling at mother's knee to listen on father's knees?

The demand for new war songs has not caused any deficit in the annual supply of spring poetry.

When your business runs down wisely advises Jerome, treat it like you would a clock and wind it up.

About the supremest pleasure in life is turning over and going to sleep after the alarm clock has done its worst.

To convince a man that the foot is not all dead yet it is only necessary to disagree with his political views.

Fear of Zeppelins keeps the people of Paris up nights. But it is not as if they were accustomed to going to bed early.

A Holland resident says he is training pelicans to attack aeroplanes. Why not also teach swordfish to scold the submarines?

The man who sits down and waits for fortune to come along and smile on him is apt to have more or less need of a soft cushion.

Predictions as to the end of the war are occupying the attention once commanded by discussion of a possible extra session of congress.

The French deputy who wounded his opponent in the wrist "after a long and furious encounter" probably thinks trench life can't be so bad, after all.

The martial spirit is getting everywhere. A grandfather's clock on Long Island broke the fingers of a veteran who was trying to wind it up.

Possibly the multiplicity of baseball leagues and baseball lawsuits has something to do with the great increase in popular favor of lawn tennis.

There is more or less talk about a shortage of ammunition, but it is not likely that the world will be lucky enough to see the war abandoned for that cause.

Wiseacres who have not yet decided how the war started need not be chagrined if little credence is given their predictions as to the time the war will end.

A German scientist claims that he can make nutritious food for human beings of straw. If those blockades continue his invention is most timely for the war zone.

There is a machine-made flavor about the names of some of the baseball teams. The old-fashioned American imagination should remember its glorious history and invent something worth while.

One of the saddest evidences of the mutations of time is afforded when father attempts to play marbles with his boys and finds that the terminology of the game has wholly changed since his day.

"We cannot hope to regulate the methods by which one European nation shall pursue hostilities with another," says the New York World, isn't this something recent—this excess of editorial modesty?

If a bill in the New York assembly passes, physicians will be permitted to drive as fast as fire chiefs when responding to a call. No doubt this liberty will also apply to such major operations as collecting their bills.

Again take heart and cheer up! "Anything," says the fashion page, "that looks quaint and old-fashioned will be in style." So, you see, you will not have any trouble at all about getting by with your last spring's suit.

The Ohio wife who, after a married life of 22 years, in which she had given two dresses only, and worked in the fields, sued her husband for divorce, could not be accused with acting on an impulse of hasty feminine pique.

There is not, at present, much prospect of success for the proposition to establish at Paris a school at which Americans can be fitted for the operative stage. The world is at present full of American singers trained in Europe and just now seeking employment wherever it can be heard of.

A Philadelphia dealer whose cakes were found to contain sand and coal dust, hair, wool, cotton, linen, vegetable tissue, cobwebs, pine wood, paper and iron rust fragments, ought to do a thriving trade abroad, where the absence of flour, eggs, milk and other such materials in cake would not be noticed by the multiplicity of these substitutes.

Just Received

A new and complete line of Ladies, Misses and Children's

Hats

The newest in Flowers and Trimmings. All will be sold at popular prices



ALSO

A full and complete line of Suits, Dresses, Skirts and Shirt

Waists. Anything you want

in our line. Prices to suit our customers. Everything first class

and the prices are right.



KABO STYLE AA

GRISAMORE & OSBORNE

CLOVIS, - - - NEW MEXICO

Come To Cox's Meat Market

Nice Fresh Meat and Pure Lard

PHONE 11

W. M. COX, Prop.

H. C. M'CALLUM

For any and all kinds of hauling Telephone 104 and he will be right around.

Portales, .. New Mexico

FARMERS

Form a banking connection now by depositing now while you are marketing your crops, and you will be in line to ask for accommodations during the lean months next Spring and Summer. It is our earnest endeavor to help build up the Farmers and Stock Farmers of this Community.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

of Portales, New Mexico

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Then now first sight?

THE LIKENESS.

The cabinet men are also found of...

ing, and especially Secretary Nagel...

and Professor General Hitchcock...

Mr. and...

baby of Dereno were in town...

Mr. Wrat is a pros...

total expense of TWO...

the navy...

...

Good \$

condition

Sledge.

Sim B

today at

in Arizo

Grace

Ford in

Saturday

W. B.

ley Land

today at

days in

Wm. F

man wa

week at

Ford fr

agent.

Miss

has tak

position

Joyce-P

has gon

44

The m

terms of

GAGE C

6 per cent

proved res

your was

you.

518 Denb

J.

Is a

GO

TR

J.

One

We Offer Several Specials

In the Famous P. & O. Cultivators

Four Shovel Victor Riding Cultivators, regular price \$37.50, now
\$18.50

Six Shovel Jewel Hammock Cultivators, regular price \$40.00, now
\$20.00

Four Shovel Volunteer Walking Cultivators, regular price \$27.50 now
\$14.00

These prices represent a large saving, and if in need of a Cultivator should interest you

JOYCE-PRUIT CO.

PERSONAL & LOCAL

Good \$35 refrigerator in good condition for \$12.50, see J. B. Sledge.

Sim Snell and family returned today after spending the winter in Arizona.

Grace Cunard and Francis Ford in 4 reel special at the Cozy Saturday May 22nd.

W. B. Reid of the Portales Valley Land and Loan Co., returned today after an absence of several days in Oklahoma on business.

Wm. Elliott, the Canton ranchman was in town visiting this week and while here bought a Ford from P. E. Jordan the local agent.

Miss Lucy Seay, of Roswell, has taken Miss Ella Garner's position as stenographer for the Joyce-Pruit Co. Miss Garner has gone to her home in Texas.

"MONEY"

The mint makes it, and under the terms of the CONTINENTAL MORTGAGE COMPANY you can secure it at 6 per cent for any legal purpose on approved real estate. Terms easy; tell us your wants and we will co-operate with you.

PETTY & COMPANY
 513 Denham Bldg DENVER, COLO.

J. B. Sledge Hardware Co.

Is after your trade. We know you must have
 GOOD GOODS
 GOOD SERVICE
 GOOD PRICES

TRY US. 10-foot Eclipse Windmill, \$35.00

J. B. Sledge Hardware Co.

One door north old stand. PHONE NO. 12

Mrs. P. E. Jordan and children returned today after visiting at Slaton, Texas.

Coe Howard returned the first of the week from a business trip in Texas and Oklahoma.

J. E. Morrison went to Elida today in the interest of the Coulter fence repair tool for which he is agent.

The Martin-Hansen Investment Co., brought in several prospectors to buy Portales Valley lands today from the northern states.

Death of B. M. McCall.

B. M. McCall, father of County Assessor J. E. McCall, died at the family residence in the north part of town Wednesday evening about four o'clock. Mr. McCall had a stroke of paralysis about a year ago from which he never fully recovered but was able to be about until about two weeks ago. The interment will occur in the Portales cemetery this afternoon.

At Elida Sunday

The Portales and Elida base ball teams will play at Elida Sunday. There seems to be a strong rivalry between the two teams for supremacy and much interest is being taken in the games by the people of the two towns.

Operetta.

On last Friday night at the Cozy Theater the students of the Portales high school under the direction of Miss Montana Grinstead and Prof. Pryor B. Timmons gave a most excellent production of the operetta "The Merry Milk Maids."

Much faithful practice had been devoted to its preparation and the results showed much talent and ability among the student body. Miss Hallie Mitchell as "queen of the maids" delivered her part with ease and grace rarely found in amateurs. Miss Nola Keen received much applause as the lovelorn maid Dorothy, of the gallant Commodore (L. L. Brown) but later we recognized her as the beautiful bride of Farmer Jim (Charlie Henelise) who had long worshipped her beauty and grace and through the sage advice of the elderly self conceited Judge portrayed by Prof. Pryor B. Timmons found courage to lay his proposal at Dorothy's feet.

The excellent manner in which Miss Alta Potes rendered the character of old mother Monica, the true Indian fortune teller displayed the fact that much labor and time had been given to this particular part. Miss Dora Smith appeared as Marjory and sang her selection with characteristic charm. Later she became the brides maid of Dorothy.

Farmer Joe (Carl Owens) as the friend and confidant of Farmer Jim showed himself as deserving of much merit. Clifford Deen in the role of Dr. Richter, M.D.S.V.P.D.Q. is certainly to be commended for the splendid rendition of this witty and sagacious character.

This operetta was one of the spiciest, laughable and most enjoyable that has ever been given in Portales.

Jess McCormack and family of Dora were in town this week.

Farm and Garden

GRAIN SMUTS AND TREATMENT

These Are Among the Most Injurious Diseases and Cause Many Losses. (Prepared by New Jersey state experiment station.)

The smuts are among the most injurious diseases of our grains and are the causes of heavy losses in New Jersey and throughout the country. This very common and well known disease occurs on the growing oats at the time of heading, causing the destruction of the grains and more or less of the chaff and the formation of a powdery black mass. This black powder is composed of the spores of



SMUT IN WHEAT SPREADS FROM DISEASED TO HEALTHY PLANTS.

the fungus by which it is carried from year to year. It is carried by the wind and more or less of it catches on the grains of the healthy plants. The loss due to this disease is very large, frequently amounting to 10 per cent or more of the crop. The loss for the entire United States has been estimated at \$20,000,000 per year.

The fact that the spores of the fungus are carried on the outside of the healthy grains makes it possible to use a treatment which will kill the spores without injuring the grains. The most convenient treatment is with formalin (or formaldehyde), which can be purchased from the druggist at 75 to 90 cents per pound or in large quantities much cheaper. One pound in fifty gallons of water will be sufficient for fifty bushels of grain. Spread the grain on a clean floor and sprinkle or spray thoroughly with the solution. Spread the grain into a pile and cover with canvas or burlap for from six to twelve hours and then spread out to dry. The drying process may be hastened by mixing with air slaked lime, which may be removed by the fanning mill.

This disease of the wheat is very similar in general appearance to that of the oats, but its life history is somewhat different. It spreads from diseased to healthy plants at time of flowering and penetrates the young grains.

The fact that it is carried within the grain instead of on the outside and that it is impossible to distinguish the healthy from the diseased grain, makes the formalin treatment unsatisfactory. By far the most satisfactory and economical method of preventing the disease is to secure seed from uninfected fields, but when it is desirable to maintain a particular strain of seed a modification of the Jensen hot water treatment can be used. This method as devised by Freeman and Johnson is as follows: Clean the seed thoroughly and soak for five to seven hours in water at 63 to 72 degrees F. Put the grain in loose bags or wire baskets holding about one-half peck each for further treatment. Use two galvanized iron tubs, holding from twenty to forty gallons, filled with water. Tub No. 1 should be kept at a temperature ranging from 110 to 120 degrees F., and tub No. 2 at about 120 to 125 degrees F. Plunge each bag or basket into tub No. 1 for one minute and then into tub No. 2 for ten minutes, keeping the grain well stirred during the entire time. Two men can treat about one bushel of grain per hour. The seed can be dried on a barn floor, but if the weather is cool it should be protected from frost.

The slowness of the hot water treatment makes it impracticable to treat any considerable amount of grain. However, the grower will find it practicable to treat a small amount of seed which can be shown in a separate field and the crop used for seed a second year. Such a field should be at a considerable distance from wheat known to be infected or should be separated by a woodland or other wind break to prevent infection by means of spores carried by the wind.

WHITE SWAN GOODS

Better than the law requires

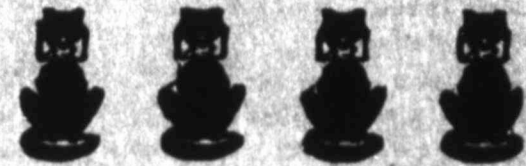
WE QUOTE YOU THE FOLLOWING CASH PRICES:

New car American Lady Flour
\$4.00 per cwt.

White Swan Canned Fruit
\$3.50 per doz.

Dendalworth Canned Fruit
\$2.25 per doz.

Special prices on all goods by the case



Guaranteed Hosiery for Men Women and Children

C. V. HARRIS, Arkansas Store

KOHL'S GARAGE

First Class Automobile and Gas Engine Repairing

COMPLETE STOCK OF FISK TIRES AND TUBES

LOUIS KOHL, Prop.

HONEST WORK

General Blacksmithing and Repair Shop.—First Class Horse Shoeing in Connection.—Carriage and Wagon Material Sold Right. X X X

R. W. MOORE

T H E Herald Printing Co.
 Printers and Publishers

"LOOK HERE," we believe you are open to reason, otherwise we would not argue with you. We do your Job Work right and will be glad to handle the next order for you, no matter how large or how small. Our work is unexcelled. It is talked so much that it has become sort of a proverb. We handle anything in the printing line—

Herald Printing Co.

ARE

"PRINTERS FOR PARTICULAR PEOPLE"

PERSONAL & LOCAL

Misces Roman sandals at Joyce-Fruit company.

We sell time in 10 and 25 cent packages. Portales Lbr. Co.

See W. H. C. Smith in the Sanders building for shoe repairing.

Good \$35 refrigerator in good condition for \$12.50, see J. B. Sledge.

Roy W. Connally and wife went to Oberlin Monday returning Tuesday.

Summer underwear unions or separate garments at Joyce-Fruit company.

Gordon Wilson of the Redland community was in town the first of the week on business.

T. Marvin Littlejohn and son, Jack, of Tulsa, Texas, came in Tuesday to visit relatives.

Rev. W. E. Dawn returned Wednesday from the Baptist convention at Houston, Texas.

Kirschbaum suits in men and youths sizes. New patterns just arrived. Joyce-Fruit company.

We now have a good supply of eastern blacksmith coal on hand and are prepared to fill your orders. Connally Coal Co.

R. H. Wily, manager of the drygoods department of the Joyce-Fruit store, went to Roswell Tuesday on business.

Pastor Evangelist J. H. Shepard left Wednesday for Graham, Texas, where he was called on account of the serious illness of his mother.

Take a glance over our ready-to-wear in ladies dress skirts, crepe voiles, and gingham, Misses dresses and Middy blouse ladies and Misses skirts in woolen and wash material. Joyce-Fruit company.

Mary Jane slippers at Joyce-Fruit company.

Latest style, friendship bracelets at Whitcomb and Larrabee's. See bargain counter of ladies slippers. Joyce-Fruit company.

Grace Cunard and Francis Ford in 4 reel special at the Goss Saturday May 23rd.

Some real bargains to be found in ladies slippers on our bargain counter. Joyce-Fruit Co.

Auto and rig livery, efficient service, prices reasonable. T. E. Bell, Phone, day, 68, night, 126.

HAY! All hay prices greatly reduced to move our stock. For prices see Portales Utilities company.

Miss Lucille Moore returned Monday from Sentinel, Okla., where she had taught school the past year.

We have recently received a car of eastern blacksmith coal and are ready to fill your orders. Connally Coal Co.

W. H. Braley & Son write hail insurance on all kinds of crops, in strong old line companies, either cash or on time. 20th

B. B. Nash, manager of the hardware department of the Joyce-Fruit store, was in Roswell this week attending the Hardware Mens' convention.

J. B. Sledge received a telegram Tuesday evening from Mrs. Sledge at Como, Mississippi, stating that her father, Hugh McGehee, was dead. Mr. McGehee was eighty years of age.

A Very Busy Week.

This, the last week of school is proving a busy one for the teachers and pupils of the Portales schools. The program as published in the Herald Times is being carried out and this together with the final examinations is keeping them all busy.

Woman's Club Notes.

The State Federation of Women's Club's which is to come to Portales in October was the subject of interest at the last meeting.

The following committees were named.

Federation—Mrs. Lindsey, Chairman.

Finance—Mrs. Nixon, Chairman.

Home entertainment—Mrs. Coe Howard, Chairman.

Autos—Mrs. Roy Connally, Chairman.

Decoration—Mrs. Carr, Chairman.

Music program—Mrs. Ward, Chairman.

Refreshments—Mrs. Long, Chairman.

It is a great honor for the club to be able to win the Federation meeting for Portales and every effort will be made to entertain the delegates royally.

Election resulted in placing the following officers in control of the Woman's Club for the following year:

President, Miss Bryant.

First Vice President, Mrs. J. S. Long.

Second Vice President, Mrs. Thompson.

Recording Secretary, Mrs. Dunaway.

Assistant Secretary, Mrs. Mears.

Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Jas. Hall.

Treasurer, Mrs. Hightower.

Auditor, Mrs. Williamson.

Parliamentarian, Mrs. Nixon.

Press Reporter, Mrs. Lindsey.

Custodian, Mrs. Maud Smith.

Librarian, Mrs. Ball.

Chairman Cemetery Committee, Mrs. Carr.

B. W. Kinsolving of Elida, member of the county road board, was in town the first of the week on business.

Good Crop of Strawberries

C. L. Sanders who owns one of the best small farms in the Valley commenced to market his crop of strawberries this week. They are bearing unusually well this year and he expects to do well with his patch of one-half acre. The berries are of good size and very delicious.

Sheriff Deen Buys Property.

Geo. C. Deen, last week purchased the Moore place in the Leach addition. This place consists of two and one half acres and has situated on it a five room house, which is occupied by Jack Norris. In front is a hedge and the property is well planted with fruit and shade trees making it very attractive. Bascom Howard made the deal.

Sells Ford, Buys Cattle

Jewel Brown recently sold his Ford car to Louis Kirby of Elida and immediately invested the money in heifers, buying seven. Jewel now has a nice little bunch started. He said, "I now have seventeen head and gotten them so easily I don't know how it happened." He realizes that there is money in the live stock business and is investing all his extra money in that way.

Memorial Day.

Sunday, May 30th, 1915, has been designated by Gov. McDonald as Memorial Day. The adjutant general's office at Santa Fe has ordered the different companies of the National Guard to parade on this day at their home stations.

Geo. Lutz, a ranchman who lives near Elida, bought a Ford last week through the local agency.

New Mexico Gains Wide Popularity

That the educational work to be accomplished through the Panama California Exposition, while no more than its promoters expected, is a genuine and tangible thing, is attested every day.

Owing to the rapidly increasing demand for information, one of the state buildings on the grounds has found it necessary to broaden the scope of its work, and to shift its headquarters from the capital of the state to its building on the Via de Los Estados.

The New Mexico board of exposition managers has appointed one of its members, Guy A. Reed, an attorney of Carlsbad, N. M., secretary-treasurer of the board. Reed completed the transfer of the headquarters yesterday, and will be a resident of San Diego for the remainder of the exposition year.

When seen at his desk yesterday morning, Reed said he will devote all of his time for the next eight months to disseminating information regarding the Sunshine State, and do his part "towards removing the very erroneous impression that New Mexico is a howling wilderness, given over to Indians, cactus, coyotes, and Gila monsters."

"One feature of the work on which I shall lay especial stress, is the agricultural side of my state's claim to notice—the hundreds of thousands of acres of tillable land waiting the hand of the farmer or the man living in a crowded tenement in a big city and sighing for a home of his own."

"It is only beginning to be known—and the work in this building is helping immensely in that direction—how boundless are the opportunities in New Mexico for the expansion of ag-

riculture, from the ranch to acres for the man of small means to the colonization projects of capitalists."

Plenty of water. "This, some, may sound like reckless enthusiastic talk," said Reed, "but not to one who realizes the extent to which irrigation has been developed in my state. Besides the great many privately owned projects, with their millions of water gathered in storage reservoirs by means of irrigation dams and pumping works, not to mention the artesian wells in the Pecos valley—there is the enormous Carlsbad and Elephant Butte projects, controlled by the federal government."

Reed will lecture daily, morning and afternoon, on his favorite topic, in addition to the lectures, and a number of colored slides and motion picture films have been made to illustrate his talks.—San Diego Union.

Central Christian Church

The contest that has been going on in the Christian Sunday school for several weeks past, is waxing warm.

The "Reds" seemed in a way to win, but for the past Sunday's the "Blues" have doubled their energy and are now running ahead with a handsome number of points. The enrollment has reached 92 and will become necessary to form several new classes at once.

The minister, Bro. R. D. Field will be here next Sunday. There will be the regular preaching service at 11: a. m., and at 7:30 p. m. The public cordially invited to attend and assist in the services.

For Sale—Splendid five acre tract two miles from town. Good four room house and windmill. Also several other farms and town property at bargain prices. T. J. Molnar, Owner. 22th

PORTALES UTILITIES COMPANY

Come, folks, stop jarring. Let's not rock the boat—let's put this place on the map—get "our place in the sun." Who is sending that \$1500 to \$2000 away every month for supplies which ought to be bought at home? You can't buy here—why? Say, Mister Merchant, why don't you look into this? What's the matter with a get together meeting? There is a chance that each side by conceding a little can make business better here.

On a recent visit to Plainview, Texas, a persistent hunt failed to find one knocker—not one. Our hat is off to Plainview. Can our own fair city say as much? Certainly; then its up to each of us to see that we make it so.

PORTALES UTILITIES COMPANY