

PORTALES HERALD-TIMES

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Number 6

WANTS TO BUILD CREAMERY

Creamery of Vital Importance to Every Citizen in County

WILL BE ON SUBSTANTIAL BASIS

Business Men and Farmers Should Not Let Opportunity Pass

All that is now necessary in order to establish a good, substantial creamery at Portales is for the citizens of the town and the Portales Valley to get together, put their shoulder to the wheel and do their part in locating such an institution here.

The Herald-Times wishes to call the attention of its readers to the advertisement in this issue of the paper of the Portales Utilities company, in which they announce to the public that they have a man who is financially able and desirous of putting in a creamery at Portales, who will put up \$5000 cash toward the establishment of such a creamery, provided the citizens of Portales will put up a like amount. This will give a creamery sufficient cash capital to properly install the very best of machinery and all necessary apparatus and leave a balance of cash on hand sufficient to properly take care of all cream until such time as the butter markets can be established and the butter sold. This means that the farmers can deliver their cream to the creamery in their home town and each week receive their check in payment therefor.

Mr. A. A. Rogers, president of the Portales Utilities company has for several months past been endeavoring to interest some one in the establishment of a creamery at Portales, who is financially able, to not only build but properly operate an institution of this character. He has had numerous inquiries and offers from people desiring to establish a creamery at Portales and has spent a great deal of time in investigating these offers. He has also gotten in touch with some of the largest consumers of butter in the southwest country and has ascertained where the products of a creamery can be marketed. There are now between twelve and fifteen hundred good milk cows in the Portales Valley the cream from which is available for a creamery at Portales.

With this bona fide offer from the Portales Utilities company let's all get together and boost and raise the additional \$5000 necessary to insure the establishment and operation of a creamery at Portales. The citizens of Portales and the Portales Valley cannot afford to pass by this golden opportunity.

Will Award Picture.

The White House Grocery Co. announces that they will award the marine water color picture now on exhibition at their store, on Wednesday, February 10, at 2 o'clock p. m. All contestants are requested to bring coupons at this time.

L. M. Carmichael of Kenns was in town the first of the week. He now has a ranch of several sections and about 250 head of cattle which are in fine shape.

PRIZES AWARDED FARMERS

Wonderful Change in Appearance of Valley in Free Paint District

C. L. SANDERS WINS FIRST PRIZE

Portales Utilities Co. Should Be Given Much Credit For Movement

Last Monday at 11 o'clock in the office of the Portales Utilities company, the judges appointed to inspect the farms in the Valley made their report to the company and in the presence of several of the contestants the reports were opened by A. A. Rogers, and the prizes awarded. The five judges were unanimous in their decision upon the neatest and cleanest farm in the Valley, the same belonging to C. L. Sanders, and awarded him the first prize of \$20. in gold. Mr. Sanders is the owner of a beautiful little tract of land and is one of our most industrious farmers. The second prize was awarded to the Buchanan brothers, same being \$15 in gold. It is needless to mention the Buchanan Brothers farm as the same is a place of beauty and has been one of the show places of the Valley ever since it came into the possession of the Buchanan Brothers. Third prize was awarded to C. O. Paulsell; fourth prize to J. H. Cave and fifth prize to Mrs. Laura Smith. Messrs. Paulsell and Cave run a very close race for third place, Mr. Paulsell winning by one point. The farms belonging to Mr. Paulsell, Mr. Cave and Mrs. Smith have all been beautified, and put in excellent condition and are places to be proud of. The last three received \$5.00 each.

The Portales Utilities company should be given a great deal of credit for starting such a clean-up movement; and especially for their liberal offer to furnish all paint necessary for the buildings. It is needless to say that the act was very much appreciated by the citizens of the Valley. A wonderful change has been made in the appearance of the entire Valley in the free paint district, and this movement started by the Utilities company will doubtless spread over the entire Valley until every farmer living within the shallow water district will have cleaned up and painted his premises.

Grain Advances

Portales buyers continue to pay the highest prices for grain in the county, consequently much is being marketed. Five cars were billed out yesterday. The C. B. Cozart Co., and J. B. Priddy are paying today \$1.18 per hundred. The Joyce-Pruit Co., are paying \$1.18 in trade or on account.

Mrs. Adams Dies.

Mrs. Pearl Adams, wife of Wm. Adams, died at the family residence in the north part of town, Tuesday at 12:30 p. m. and was buried Wednesday afternoon in the Portales cemetery. Rev. Hugh Smith, the Presbyterian minister conducting the services. She is survived by her husband and two small sons, who have the heartfelt sympathy of the community at this sad time.

ROOSEVELT COUNTY'S LIVESTOCK FARMERS

A Visit to the Macy and Delphos Communities and Vicinity, Among a Happy Contented People Who Do Not Know What Failure Is

DAIRYING AND ALL KINDS OF STOCK FARMING INCREASING HERE

Many Permanent Improvements Made and Others Contemplated Which Mean Substantial Settlement

J. P. Voyles.

This enterprising farmer-dairyman-ranchman said, "We have been here three years and have never starved." Just a glance at him proves this fact. He appears to have lived off the fat of the land. Mr. Voyles is succeeding because he is diversifying in a practical way. On the 70 acres in cultivation on his ranch is grown corn and a variety of other crops. Chickens, turkeys and Poland China hogs add to the comfort and the bank account, but perhaps the greatest factor is the bunch of cattle. Butter to the amount of \$257 was sold from this place in 1914. The excellent home, big barn and other conveniences make this a very attractive place.

C. A. Davis.

Mr. Davis has lived here only a year but is well pleased. His is one of the prettiest places of the section. The house, which stands back from the road some distance, is surrounded by fruit and shade trees. Mr. Davis said, "I have grape, plum, cherry, apple and pear trees. He raised 300 bushels of corn and other usual crops last year. He has a few head of stock and raises his own meat.

J. B. Shay.

I caught Mr. Shay at work. He was making some needed improvements about the place. If one has a mind, he can always find something to do that will add to the comfort and attractiveness of the place. This gentleman did not seem to be as enthusiastic about the country as most of those in this section. However, there are many heartening things about the Shay place, for instance, the small bunch of stock, the poultry, the hogs, and the stacks and cribs of feed.

Macy School.

Prof. Rhea Robbins is the live wire teacher of the Macy school. He impressed me as being fully alive to the best interests of his pupils and the community at large. This is Mr. Robbins' second second year at Macy and I heard many good things about his work. He has lived in New Mexico about five years and that he expects to stay is evidenced by the fact that he has recently purchased 320 acres of choice land.

R. E. McAlister.

The subject of this sketch is foolish about two things—work, and this country. He is a worker of the first rank and he is mighty well satisfied with this country. Of course, he had to learn. A few years ago he didn't have any better gumption than to think he could do better in Texas. He tried it—he is back to stay—nuf sed. Mr. McAlister diversifies by planting a variety of crops, also growing some horses, cows, hogs and poultry. Like every one else, he thinks

this country stands right at the top as a stock country.

T. L. Slocum.

The above gentleman is one of the successful young men of the county. He came here six years ago and is making good. Mr. Slocum said, "I had rather live here than any place I ever lived. I have never failed to make a crop when I have farmed." He owns and has leased three and one-half sections of land. He has a good small bunch of cows and some horses. A silo will be one of the assets soon. Mr. Slocum's sister is his housekeeper "at present," and assists him in all his undertakings. They milk a number of cows and sell cream, which helps out financially.

J. H. Bolinger.

Mr. Bolinger impressed the Journeyist as quite a handy fellow on the farm. He was hooking up his gasoline engine (which by the way is a good piece of machinery to have on the farm) to the corn and maize grinder. His ensilage cutter is also used in this way to cut up dry forage feed, and in this way the stock eat all of it. There are two underground silos on this place and it is the intention of the proprietor to put in another one this year. Mr. Bolinger has lived here for nine years, is well pleased with this country and has sold feed every year except three. He is unfortunate in not having enough stock to consume the feed raised, but hopes to have more soon. He has raised a large number of chickens and will raise a great many turkeys this year.

J. D. Throckmorton.

J. D. Throckmorton is another of the successful young men of the country. He said, "the country is all right, take it as a whole. I would rather live here than any place I know of. Stock farming is the thing. Had I bought a few cows when I first came it would have paid me." He is a hard worker. Last year he cultivated 100 acres, planted 85 acres, for another man, besides other work. That's going a little for one man. Mr. Throckmorton contemplates growing Brown Leghorn chickens on a large scale.

(Continued on page five.)

A Veteran's Work

T. J. Mullins of Inez who is past the three score and ten and a confederate veteran has shown that it is possible for a man of his years to succeed in this country.

This year he has threshed 4800 bushels of grain besides he is keeping a lot to feed. He hired one hand part of the time but done most of the work himself. This would be a fine record for a man half his age.

Prof. J. S. Long of the Portales schools went to Clovis today on business.

GREAT BUSINESS MEETING

Business Men to Co-Operate and Assist Martin-Hansen Investment Co.

LADIES ENTERTAINED AT THE COSY

Martin-Hansen Co. Proposes to Assist in Civic Improvements

Last Monday afternoon at the Cozy theater, the Portales Utilities company entertained the ladies of Portales with a free moving picture show, which was very much enjoyed by the ladies of Portales. S. D. Beaver the owner of the Cozy very kindly donated the use of the theater and films for the show. A. A. Rogers, president of Utilities company gave a short talk to the ladies and introduced W. B. Martin, Jr., of Kansas City, Mo., president of the Martin-Hansen Investment company. Mr. Martin in a very interesting talk explained what the Martin-Hansen Investment company and the Utilities company are going to do for the Portales Valley and town of Portales. He impressed upon the ladies the part they could take and should take in the development and settlement of the Valley; and ask the hearty support of the women of Portales in meeting the newcomers in a social way and making them feel that they were welcomed into the Valley.

Mr. Martin called to the attention of the ladies a great number of things which could be done by them and which would not be accomplished unless they took charge of it; among which might be mentioned the beautifying of the town, school block, cemetery and cleaning up and painting of the churches of the town. During his talk Mr. Martin made the ladies of the town an offer of \$100. in cash toward the cost of the painting of the churches of the town provided they would band themselves together and raise the balance of the amount necessary to do the work and buy the paint. The offer was made to take in every church in the town, and was heartily appreciated by the women, as indicated by their applause. The women have already started a movement whereby they expect to raise the sufficient amount to re-paint every church in Portales, and it is needless to say that within the given time every church in Portales will be painted and put in first class condition. This is certainly a most liberal offer on the part of Mr. Martin and one which is appreciated by the entire citizenship of the town. It is now up to the citizens of the town to get busy and raise the additional amount of money to show Mr. Martin that what he has offered to do is appreciated.

Let every good public spirited citizen of the town get busy and help boost Portales and the Portales Valley and lend every assistance possible to the Portales Utilities company and the Martin Hansen Investment company, who are now putting the Portales Valley permanently on the map.

In the office of the Portales Utilities company last Saturday occurred the greatest get-together meeting that has taken place in

PREPARE TO BEGIN WORK

Will Establish Camp in Blackwater Draw and Work Each Way

ASSOCIATION MEETS AT ROSWELL

Boosters Attend From Portales and Are Well Pleas-ed With Meeting

Everything is progressing nicely toward building the Portales-Clovis road. Road engineer D. S. Hooker, of the state engineers office, came in the first of the week. He has charge of the engineering work.

Contrary to some erroneous reports which have been clandestinely circulated, C. J. Marins who came in last week, will be construction foreman and not engineer in charge.

Capt. T. J. Molinari, C. J. Marins and the Herald-Times man went over the road Wednesday, to determine the location of the camp, the surfacing pits, etc. A camp will be established in Blackwater draw and work will commence each way immediately.

The gentlemen sent here by the state engineer's office are men of many years experience and experts in their line. The citizens and taxpayers of the county may rest assured that every dollar spent here by the state will be used to the best advantage.

ASSOCIATION MEETING

The Portales good roads boosters returned from Roswell this morning where they attended the meeting of the Eastern New Mexico Good Roads association at that place. They were well pleased with the results.

Among the resolutions passed were asking the legislature to declare the road from Texico via Portales and Roswell to the Texas line a state road to be called the Eastern New Mexico and Pecos Valley Highway.

The association also hired a secretary to look after business. The money for his pay to be raised in various counties represented in the association. Those attending from Portales were J. P. Deen, treasurer, Ed J. Neer, member of the executive committee, S. E. Ward and R. H. Wily.

Portales. The business men and representative citizens of the town assembled there upon invitation of A. A. Rogers and listened to some very interesting remarks by W. B. Martin Jr. of the Martin-Hansen Investment company, of Kansas City, Mo.

This gentleman outlined in a brief way the workings of his company, its methods and experience. He told of the many ways the Portales Valley excels other irrigable propositions and that he proposes to settle a substantial farmer on every vacant farm in the Valley. In this work he asked the co-operation of the business people of the town.

Captain T. J. Molinari responded for the business men and in his eloquent manner assured Mr. Martin of their support. That he voiced their sentiments was evidenced by the fact that several others including Judge G. L. Reese and Ed J. Neer made remarks along the same line.

The people of Portales realize that the Portales Utilities Co., has in the Martin-Hansen Investment Co., an organization that is going to get results and get them honorably. They realize what substantial settlement of this Valley means and are going to do everything in their power to aid in that work.

The Trey O' Hearts

A Novelized Version of the Motion Picture Drama of the Same Name Produced by the Universal Film Co.

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

Author of "The Fortune Hunter," "The Brass Boat," "The Black Bag," etc.
Illustrated with Photographs from the Picture Production

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SYNOPSIS.

The *Trey O' Hearts* is the "death sign" employed by Seneca Trine in the private war of vengeance which, through his daughter Judith, a woman of violent passions like his own, he wages against Alan Law, son of the man (now dead) whom Trine held responsible for the accident which made him a helpless cripple. Rose, Judith's twin and double, loves Alan, and learning of her sister's campaign against him, leaves home and joins her fortunes to his. Under dramatic circumstances Alan saves Judith's life and so wins her love; but failure to shake his constancy to Rose kindles Judith's jealousy and settles her in her homicidal purpose. She is largely responsible for a shipwreck in Nantuxet's sound, from which Rose and Alan escape with their friend Barcus, Judith pursuing in a chartered schooner with a crew of cut-throats.

CHAPTER XVIII.

Stranded.
Mr. Thomas Barcus picked himself up from the bottom of the lifeboat, where he had been violently precipitated by the impact of grounding, blinked and wiped tears of pain from his eyes, solicitously tested his nose and seemed to derive little if any comfort from the discovery that it was not broken, opened his mouth . . . and remembered the presence of a lady.

"Poor Mr. Barcus!" she said gently. "I'm so sorry. Do forget I'm here—and say it out loud!"
Mr. Barcus dropped his hands and dropped his head at the same time.
"It can't be did," he complained in embittered resignation; "the words have never been invented . . ."

In the bows Mr. Law (who had barely saved himself a headlong plunge overboard when the shoal took fast hold of the keel) felt tenderly of his excoriated shins, then, rising, compassed the sea, sky and shore with an anxious gaze.
In the offing there was nothing but the flat, limitless expanse of the night-bound tide, near at hand vaguely allured with the moonlight, in the distances blending into shadows; never a light or shadow, stealing sail in that quarter to indicate pursuit.

"Where are we?" he wondered aloud.
"Ask me an easy one," Barcus replied, "somewhere on the south shore of the cape—unless somebody's been snapping with the lay of this land. That's a lighthouse over yonder."
Alan took soundings from the bows. "Barely two feet," he announced, withdrawing the oar from the water, "and eel-grass no end."
"Oh!" Barcus ejaculated with the accent of enlightenment, and leaving the motor, turned to the stern, over which he draped himself in highly undecorative fashion while groping under water for the propeller.

"That's the answer," he repeated; "there's a young bale of the said eel-grass wrapped round the wheel. Which, I suppose, means I've got to go overboard and clear it away."

"If you've nothing better to do, my critical friend," he observed as he stooped to hack and tear at the mass of weed embarrassing the propeller, "you might step out and give us a



Dug into His Money Belt.

trial shove. Don't strain yourself—just see if you can move her."
The boat bumped not an inch—but Mr. Law's feet did, slipping on the treacherous mud bottom with the upshot of his downfall; with a mighty splash he disappeared momentarily beneath the surface—and left his temper behind him when he emerged.

As for Mr. Barcus, he suffered like loss within five minutes; when, with much pains and patience having freed the wheel, he climbed aboard and sought to restart the motor. After a few affecting coughs it relapsed into stubborn silence.
Studious examination at length brought out the fact that the gasoline tank was empty.

"It's no use," he conceded at length. "We're here for keeps."
"Why not wade ashore?" Rose Trine suggested wildly from the place she had taken in the stern in order to lighten the bows. "It isn't far—and what's one more wetting?"
"That's the only sensible remark

that's been uttered by any party to this lunatic enterprise since you have within earshot of me, Mr. Law," said Mr. Barcus. "Respectfully submitted."
"The verdict of the lower court stands approved," Alan responded gravely.

"But there's no sense in Miss Trine wading," Barcus suggested. "We're web-footed as it is, and she's too tired."
"Well, what then?"
"We can carry her, can't we?"

CHAPTER XIX.

"Gee!" he grunted frankly, when after a toilsome progress from the boat, Rose at length slipped from the seat formed by the clasped hands of the two men. "And it was me who suggested this!"
The girl responded with a quiet laugh of the most natural effect imaginable—until it ended in a sigh, and without the least warning she crumpled upon herself, and would have fallen heavily, in a dead faint, but for Alan's quickness.

"Good Lord!" Barcus exclaimed, as Alan gently lowered the inert body of the girl to the sands. "And to think I didn't understand she was so nearly all-in—chaffing her like that! I'd like to kick myself!"
"Don't be impatient," Alan advised grimly. "I'm busy just at present, but meantime, you might fetch some water to revive her."

It was an order by no means easy to fill; Barcus had only his cupped hands for a vessel, and little water remained in them by the time he had dashed from the shallows back to the spot where Rose lay unconscious, while the few drops he did manage to sprinkle into her face availed nothing toward rousing her from the trance-like slumbers of exhaustion into which she passed from her fainting fit.

In the end Alan gave up the effort. "She's all right," he reported, releasing the wrist whose pulse he had been timing. "She fainted, right enough, but now she's just asleep—and needs it, God knows! It would be kinder to let her rest, at least until I see what sort of a reception that lighthouse is inclined to offer us."

Barcus nodded. His face was drawn and gray in the moonlight. "Thank God!" he breathed brokenly, "you're able, I'm not."
He sat down suddenly and rested his head on his knees. "Don't be longer than you can help," he muttered thickly.

He had come to the headland of the lighthouse itself before the ground began to shelve more gently to the beach, and was on the point of addressing himself to the dark and silent cottage of the lightkeeper when he paused, struck by sight of what till then had been hidden from him.

The promontory, he found, formed the eastern extremity of a wide-armed shallow harbor where rode at moorings a considerable number of small craft—pleasure vessels assorted about equally with fishing boats. And barely an eighth of a mile on, long-legged wharves stood knee-deep in the water, like tentacles flung out from the sleepy little fishing village that dotted the rising ground—a community of perhaps two hundred dwellings.

Nor was this all—even as Alan bore in view of the village he heard a series of staccato snorts, the harsh tolling of a brazen bell, the rumble of a train pulling out from a station. And then he saw its jangling string of lights flash athwart the landscape and vanish as its noise died away dimly.

Where one train ran another must. He needed only now secure something to revive Rose, help her somehow up the beach, and in another hour or two, of a certainty, they would be speeding northwards, up the cape, toward Boston and the land of law and order.

Such thoughts as these, at least, made up the texture of his hopes, the outcome proved them somewhat too presumptuous. He jugged down a quiet village street and into the railroad station just as the agent was closing up for the night.

A surly citizen, this agent, ill-pleased to have his plans disordered by chance-strangers. He greeted Alan across the breathless query with a grunt of ingrained churlishness.

"Nah," he averred, "they ain't no more trains till mornin'. Can't y' see I'm shuttin' up?"
"But surely there must be a telegraph station—"
"You bet your life they is—right here in this depot. An' I'm shuttin' it up, too."
"Has the operator gone for the night?"
"He's going. I'm the o'p'rator. No business transacted after office hours. Call round at eight o'clock tomorrow mornin'. Now if you'll jest step out of that door, I'll say g'd-night to you."

"But I must send a telegram," Alan protested. "I tell you, I must. It's a matter of life and death."
"Sure, young feller. It always is—after business hours."
"Won't you open up again—"

"I tell you, no!"
In desperation Alan rammed a hand into his trousers pocket. "Will a dollar influence your better judgment?" he suggested shrewdly.
"Let's see your dollar," the other returned with no less craft—open incredulity informing his countenance. And, surely enough, Alan brought forth an empty hand.

"Make a light," he said sharply. "My money's in a belt round my waist. Open your office. You'll get your dollar, all right."
"All right," he grumbled, reopening the door of the telegraph booth and making a second light inside. "There's blanks and a pencil. Write your message. It ain't often I do this—but I'll make an exception for you."

Alan delayed long enough only to make a few inquiries, drawing out the information that, for one who had no patience to wait the morning train northbound, the quickest way to any city of importance was by boat across Buzzard's bay to New Bedford. Addressed to Digby, his man of business in New York, it required that gentleman to arrange for a motor-car to be held in waiting on the waterfront of New Bedford from 3:00 a. m. until called for in the name of Mr. Law, as well as for a special train at Providence, on similar provisions.

But now, though he was all unconscious of the fact, he went no more alone.
His shadow in the moonlight kept him company upon the sands; and above, on the edge of the bluffs, another shadow moved on parallel course and at a pace sedulously patterned after his.

He found his sweetheart and his friend much as he had left them, with this difference—that Mr. Barcus now lay flat on his back and snoring lustily.
He was wakened quickly enough, however, by Alan's news.

But when it was the turn of Rose—they faltered. She lay so still, betrayed her exhaustion so patently in every line of her unconscious posture, as well as in the sharp pallor of her face upturned to the moon, that it seemed scarcely less than downright inhumanity to disturb her.

None the less, it had to be done. Alan hardened his heart with the reminder of their urgent necessity, and



Two Men Shadowed Him.

eventually brought her to with the aid of a few drops of brandy.
Between them, they helped her up the beach, past the point, and at length to the door of the hotel, where—reanimated by the mere promise of food—Rose disengaged their arms and entered without more assistance, while Barcus was deterred from treading her heels in his own famished eagerness, by the hand of Alan falling heavily upon his arm.

"Wait!" the latter admonished in a half-whisper. "Look there!"
Barcus followed the direction of his gesture—and was transfixed by the sight of a rocket spearing into the night-draped sky from a point invisible beyond the headland of the lighthouse.

The two consulted one another with startled and fearful eyes.
As with one voice they murmured one word: "Judith!" To this Alan added gravely: "Or some spy of hers!"

Then rousing, Alan released his friend, with a smart shove urging him across the threshold of the hotel.
"Go on," he insisted, "Join Rose and get your supper. I'll be with you as soon as I can arrange for a boat. Tell her nothing more than that—that I thought it unwise to wait until everybody was abed before looking round."
He turned to find his landlord approaching from the direction of the hotel barroom. And for the time it seemed that the wind of their luck must have veered to a favoring quarter; for the question was barely uttered before the landlord lifted a willing voice and hailed a fellow townsman idling near by.

"Hey, Jake—come here!"
Introduced as Mr. Breed, Jake pleaded guilty to ownership of the fastest and staunchest power-cruiser in the adjacent waters, which he was avidly keen to charter.

They observed haste religiously; within ten minutes they stood upon a float at the foot of a flight of wooden steps down the side of the town wharf,

while the promised roayboat of Mr. Breed drew in, at most leisurely pace, to meet them.
Aboard and away from the wharf, the burden of Alan's solicitude seemed to grow lighter with every squeal of the greasewood carlocks, with every dip and splash of the blades which, wielded by a crew of villainous countenances, brought them nearer the handsome motorboat which Mr. Breed designated as his own. It was not until Alan looked up suddenly to find Mr. Breed covering him with a revolver of most vicious character that he had the least apprehension of any danger nearer than the offing, where Judith's schooner might be lurking, waiting for its prey to come out and be devoured.

"I'll take that money-belt of yours, young feller," Mr. Breed announced, "and be quick about it—not forgetting what's in your trousers pocket!"
In the passion of his indignation Alan neglected entirely to play the game by the rules. The indifference he displayed toward the weapon was positively unprofessional—for he knocked it aside as if it had been nothing more dangerous than a straw. And in the same flutter of an eyelash he launched himself like a wildcat at the throat of Mr. Breed.

Before that one knew what was happening he had gone over the stern and had involuntarily disarmed himself as well.
The other two men made a sad business of attempting to overpower Mr. Barcus. In less than a minute they were both overboard.

"And just for this," Alan said before getting out of earshot—"I'm going to treat my party to a joy-ride in your pretty powerboat."
He concluded this speech abruptly as Barcus brought them up under the quarter of the power cruiser.

Within two minutes the motor was spinning contentedly, the mooring had been slipped, and the motorboat was heading out of the harbor.
Within five minutes she had left it well astern and was shooting rapidly westward, making nothing of the buffetings of a very tolerable sea kicked up by the freshening southwesterly wind.

"My friend," observed Alan, "as our acquaintance ripens I am more and more impressed that neither of us was born to die a natural death,

in the same breath he heard a friendly voice about warning far up the dock, and knew that Barcus was coming to his aid.
A glance over-shoulder, too, discovered the cause of the warning; two men who had thus far escaped his attentions were maneuvering to fall upon him from behind. The bound required to evade them brought him face to face with Judith as she landed on the dock.

"Oh," she cried, "I hate you, I hate you—"
"So you've said, my dear, but—"
His final words were not audible even to himself. In his confidence (now that Barcus was taking care of the others) and his impatience with the woman, and in his perhaps unworthy wish to demonstrate conclusively how cheap he held her, Alan had tossed the pistol over the end of the wharf.

It was an old-fashioned weapon, and the force with which it struck the deck released the hammer.
Instantly the 44 cartridge blazed into the open head of a broken powder keg.

And with a roar like the tramp of doom and a mighty gust of flame and smoke the decks of the schooner were riven and shattered; her masts tottered and fell.

CHAPTER XXI.
Anticlimax.
Alan came to himself supported by Barcus—his senses still reeling from the concussion of that thunderbolt which he had so unwittingly loosed—the cloud of sulphurous smoke and yet dissipated by the wind.

Judith lay at his feet, stunned; and round about other figures of men—sensible, if not, for all he could say, dead.
And then Barcus was hustling him unceremoniously down the wharf.

"Come! Come!" he rallied Alan. "Pull yourself together and keep a stiff upper lip. Rose is waiting in the car, and if you don't want to be arrested you'll stir your stumps, my son! That explosion is going to bring the worthy burghers of New Bedford buzzing round our ears like a swarm of hornets!"
His prediction was justified even before it was made; already the nearby dwellings were vomiting half-dressed humanity; already a score of people were galloping down toward the head of the wharf; and in their number a policeman appeared as if by magic.

And while the man hesitated Alan grabbed him by the shoulder, threw him bodily from the car, dropped into his seat, cried a warning to Rose, and threw in the clutch. The machine responded without a jar; they were a hundred feet distant from the scene of the accident before Alan was fairly settled in his place.

As he grew more and more calm, he congratulated himself on having drawn an excellent car in the lottery of chance.
Yet his congratulations were premature; they were not ten minutes out of the environs of the city when Rose left her seat and knelt behind him, to communicate the intelligence that they were already being pursued.

A heavy touring car, she said it was, driven by a man, a woman in the seat by his side—Judith the latter, the

harbor and aimed for the first wharf that promised a fair landing on the main waterfront of the city.
There was neither a policeman nor a watchman of any sort in sight.
Nor was there, for all his hopes and prayers, based on the telegram to Digby, a sign of a motor car.

Still, not much of the street was revealed. The docks on either hand were walled and roofed, cutting off the view.
If they ran for it, they must surely be overhauled. Something must be done to hinder the crew of the schooner from landing.

"Here!" he cried sharply to Barcus. "You take Rose and hurry to the street and find that motor-car. I know she's there. Digby never failed me yet!"
"But you—"
"Don't waste time worrying about me. I'll be with you in three shakes. I'm only going to put a spoke in Judith's wheel. I've got a scheme!"

As for his scheme—he had none other than to give them battle, to sacrifice himself if need be, to make sure the escape of Rose.
Sheer luck smiled on him to this extent, that in turning his eye lighted on a four-foot length of stout, three-inch scantling, an excellently formidable club.

But soon, disarmed, his case was desperate—and there were two already safe upon the dock and others madly scrambling up to reinforce them.

Wildly he cast about for some substitute weapon, he leaped toward a small pyramid of little but heavy kegs, and seizing one, swung it overhead and cast it full force into the midriff of his nearest enemy; so that this one doubled up convulsively, with a sickish grunt, and vanished in turn over the end of the wharf.

His fellow followed with less injury. But Alan had no time to wonder whether the man had tripped and thrown himself in his effort to escape a second hurting keg, or had turned coward and fled. It was enough that he had returned, precipitately and heavily, to the schooner.

The keg, meeting with no resistance, pursued him even to the deck, where the force of its impact split its seams.
None of the combatants, however, Alan least of all, noticed that the powder that filtered out was black and coarse.

Roaring, with its muffler cut out, the pursuing car swept up and baffled him, bringing its right forward wheel up beside the left rear wheel of his car, then more slowly forging up until, with its weight, bulk and superior power, it forced him inch by inch to the right, toward the tracks, until his right-hand wheels left the road and ran on uneven turf, until the left-hand wheels as well lost grip on the road metal, until the car began to dip on the slope to the tracks.

There followed a maniac moment, when the world was upside down. Alan's car slipped and skidded, swung sideways with frightful momentum toward the railroad tracks, caught the wheels against the ties, and . . .
The sun swung in the heavens like a ball on a string. There was a crash, a roar . . . There was nothing—oblivion . . .

The car had turned turtle, pinning Rose and Alan beneath it.
"Alan!" she gasped. "You are not killed!"
"No—not even much hurt, I fancy," he replied. "And you?"
"Not much—"

The deep-throated roar of the locomotive bellowing danger silenced him. He closed his eyes.
Then abruptly the weight was lifted from his chest. He saw a man dragging Rose from under the machine, and saw that the man was Marrophi, and almost immediately someone lifted his head and shoulders, caught him with two hands beneath his arm pits and drew him clear of the machine.

And the face of his rescuer was the face of Judith Trine.
The crash he had expected, of the car being crumpled up by the oncoming locomotive, did not follow.
As he scrambled to his feet, his first glance was up the track, and he discovered the train slowing to a halt.

His next was one of wonder for the countenance of Judith Trine as she stood, at a little distance, regarding him; her look almost illegible, a curious compound of passions coloring relief, regret, hatred, love . . .

His third glance described beyond her the figures of Marrophi carrying Rose in his arms, stumbling as he ran toward his car on the highroad.
He moved precipitately to pursue, but found his way barred by Judith.

"No!" she cried violently. "No, you shall not!"
Her hand sought the grip of a revolver that protruded from her pocket. With a short, hysterical gasp, he began to laugh.

The hot blood mantled her exquisite face like red fire. She caught her breath with a sob, then flung wildly at him:
"Well, if you must know—it's true, I can't bring myself to kill you. I would to God I could. But I can't. For all that, you shall die—I could not save you if I would! And this I promise you—you shall never see Rose again before you die!"

And while he stood gazing, she swung from him and ran, quickly covering the little distance between him and the car.
As she jumped into this and dropped down upon the seat beside her half-conscious sister, Marrophi swung the car away.
It vanished in a dust-cloud as a throng of railroad employes surrounded and assailed him with clamorous questions.

man an old employe of her father's by the name of Marrophi.
Marrophi!
Alan remembered that one.
He could only trust in his skill as a driver, and skill is the lesser factor in such a race.
For his own part, he drove like an exceptionally cunning madman. . . .

And then, quite clearly, he recognized the time and the place and the character of the road that lay before him as the car sped like a dragon-fly down a slight grade.
From the bottom of the grade it swung away in a wide, graceful curve, bordered for some distance by railroad tracks on a slightly lower level.

He had guessed the fiendish plan of the other driver only too truly.
As they approached at express speed the stretch where the road par-



The Face of Judith Was Distinctly Revealed.

alleled the tracks Alan sought to hug the left-hand side of the road, but in vain.
Roaring, with its muffler cut out, the pursuing car swept up and baffled him, bringing its right forward wheel up beside the left rear wheel of his car, then more slowly forging up until, with its weight, bulk and superior power, it forced him inch by inch to the right, toward the tracks, until his right-hand wheels left the road and ran on uneven turf, until the left-hand wheels as well lost grip on the road metal, until the car began to dip on the slope to the tracks.

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FOR BETTER ROADS

BENEFIT OF GOOD HIGHWAYS

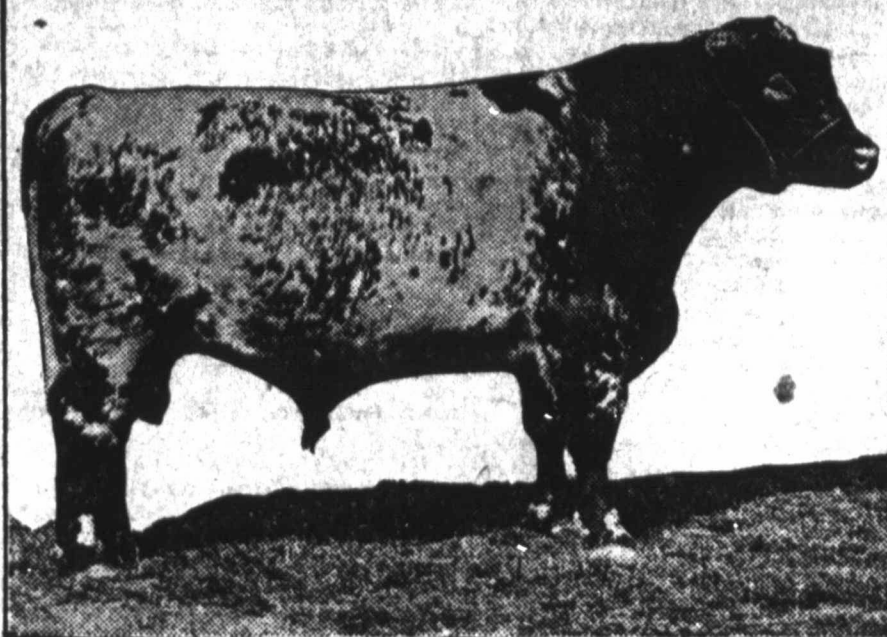
Main Market Roads Reach Majority of Producing Areas and When Improved Land Values Increase.

The road-building specialists of the United States department of agriculture in bulletin No. 136, entitled "Highway Bonds," have the following to say about the benefit of a well-constructed highway to property owners whose property is not directly on the road to be improved:

In planning the highway system of the main market roads it will be found necessary to omit many roads the improvement of which is greatly desired by abutting landowners. The fact that such property holders must pay a tax for the bond issue is only an apparent injustice, for if the highway system is well planned the entire county will feel the benefits of the improvement. As a rule, main market roads reach the majority of producing areas, and when they are improved all land values tend to increase.

The fact that cities and larger towns are frequently taxed for bond issues to build highways outside of their own limits is sometimes made a

FEED COTTONSEED MEAL TO BEEF CATTLE



Superior Type of Beef Breed.

Because of the abundant supply of cottonseed meal that there is likely to be in this country this year, specialists in the United States agricultural department believe that the farmer has a better opportunity to make money by feeding beef cattle than for some years past. The feeding value of cottonseed meal has been recognized by agricultural authorities for some time and large quantities of it are exported annually to Europe where the farmers, especially those in Denmark, are also aware of its usefulness. It now seems likely that the price of cottonseed meal will continue to be considerably lower than in recent years and the American farmer should therefore utilize it to advantage to make cheap gains.

Two causes combine to lower the price of cottonseed by-products. In the first place the cotton crop in the South this year is good, and in the next the foreign markets have been seriously interfered with by the European war. It is estimated that this year 15,000,000 bales of cotton will be produced in the United States. This should yield 6,680,000 tons of seed. All of this, of course, will not be crushed, but if last year's proportions hold good again about two million tons of cottonseed meal will be available. Last year approximately 400,000 tons were sent abroad. Under present conditions it is not probable that anything like this quantity will be exported this year, and as the cotton crop is larger than before, it is safe to assume that the quantity of cottonseed meal on the home market will be 500,000 tons more than last year. This situation has already resulted in a substantial drop in the price of cottonseed by-products. Cottonseed meal can now be bought in the South at prices ranging from \$22 to \$24 per ton instead of \$27 to \$31 demanded last year. An even greater decrease has taken place in the price of cottonseed hulls, which are now selling at from \$4.50 to \$5.50 a ton instead of \$7 to \$9 a ton.

At these prices cottonseed meal is approximately \$15 per ton cheaper than linseed meal, and in addition its feeding value is a trifle higher. It seems obvious, therefore, that the cattle feeder all over the country should utilize cottonseed meal to a far greater extent than he has done in the past.

This meal is very rich in protein, and it is usually considered that its feeding value is at least twice that of corn. In other words, one pound of cottonseed meal is equal to two pounds of corn for feeding cattle. A small portion of cottonseed meal has an even greater relative value where the ration would otherwise be composed entirely of feeds high in carbohydrates, such as corn, corn stover and timothy hay. This is extremely important to cattle feeders throughout the corn belt and other states where much corn is fed. In Indiana, for example, it was found that the addition of one pound of cottonseed meal to a ration of corn and clover hay resulted in a saving of 1.37 pounds of corn and 1.41 pounds of clover hay. This means that if corn was worth 70 cents a bushel and clover hay \$15 a ton, each ton of cottonseed meal fed the cattle saved the farmer \$55.40 worth of other feed. With cottonseed meal at \$24 a ton this is a net saving of \$31.40—a saving well worth while.

As a matter of fact cottonseed meal has been the principal concentrate fed to cattle in the South for years. In experiments conducted by the bureau of animal industry it was found that with this as the only concentrated feed gains could be made on steers very economically. Three hundred and fifty pounds of meal often produced as much as 100 pounds of gain. When fed judiciously, six pounds of cottonseed meal a day for a period of 100 to 120 days does not prove harmful to mature steers. If the steers are to be fed for a longer period, however, the amount fed should not be more than four pounds a day. For wintering cattle it is hard to find a better, or more economical ration than silage combined with two to three pounds of cottonseed meal and a little fodder or stover. Mature cattle can be watered on a ration of 20 pounds of silage, two pounds of cottonseed meal, and about five pounds of some dry roughage. On such a ration steers will pass through the winter in exceedingly good condition and even gain something in live weight.

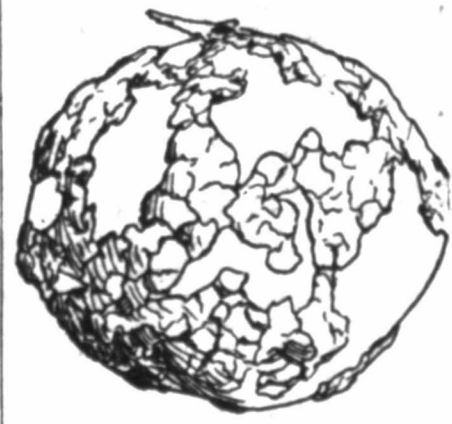
But in addition to its feeding value as a fertilizing value of cottonseed meal is very high—so high indeed that often the fertilizing constituents in the meal are alone worth as much or more than it now costs. When it is remembered that from 80 to 90 per cent of this fertilizing value remains in the manure the opportunities for profit that its use offers become even more obvious. To put the case in another way: When one includes in his calculations the enrichment of the land he finds that feeding cottonseed meal to cattle costs him only from 10 to 20 per cent of the market price of the meal.

In view of these facts, specialists in the department recommend cattle feeders in all parts of the country to secure prices on cottonseed by-products and to take advantage of the cheap foods that they provide. No other form of concentrated feed, the specialists say, will prove as profitable as cottonseed meal this year. In the South the feeders have an opportunity to get these by-products at lower prices than at any other time during the last ten years. Combined with farm-grown feeds, such as corn silage, they should be able to secure gains very cheaply, and with the present high prices for finished cattle, make good profits. Incidentally it may be said that if such a movement tends to strengthen and steady the market for cottonseed by-products, this will in itself be of considerable assistance to cotton growers in the South.

TWO DISEASES OF POTATOES

Powdery Scab of Tubers Often Gained Much Headway by Being Confused With Common Scab.

(By W. J. MORSE.) No doubt the chief reason that powdery scab was not recognized earlier by the potato growers in the sections where it is now known to occur is that they failed to distinguish the disease from the ordinary scab which has been common and widely distributed for many years. In comparing the two, it may be said in the first place that the lesions produced by the common scab are, on the average much larger. They are apt to be more



Appearance of Potato Afflicted With Common Scab.

Irregular in size and shape and never appear as distinct warts or pustules containing a brownish powder. They never produce a brownening of the surrounding skin resembling decay, nor pronounced shrinkage of the tubers and never form large, deep, eroded pits or cankered areas in the tissues.

If affected potatoes are wet and carefully washed to remove superfluous dirt, another distinct characteristic can be observed. When wet the spots produced by powdery scab are invariably darker colored than those of the common type. Common scab is, as a rule, nothing more than a surface ulcer, resulting from the irritation of the growth of the seed parasite in the superficial cells of the tissue. On account of the character of the lesions thus produced the keeping qualities of the tubers are practically unimpaired and the value for food purposes is not materially lessened. It simply makes them unsightly and less easy to prepare for the table.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Every horse should have a chance to drink. The first cold weather affects him as it does folks. One of the short cuts to poultry failure is poor marketing. When putting the collar on a horse care the mane carefully.

The KITCHEN CABINET

The blessings of her quiet life Fell on us like the dew. And good thoughts, where her footsteps pressed Like fairy blossoms grew.

WHAT SHALL WE FEED THE CHILDREN?

We must remember in feeding growing boys and girls that food serves a double office—besides building the waste tissue lost in work and play, it must help the bodies to grow. That is the reason that a boy from twelve to fifteen years of age needs as much and as hearty food as a full-

Milk, eggs and meat are the foods that build tissue; cereals, fats and sugars give energy. Fruits and vegetables supply the mineral salts and materials which make good blood and bones.

The first foods mentioned are the most important, most expensive and most often poorly used. They can sustain life longer than any of the others.

Dietitians differ as to the time of introducing meat into the child's diet, but the most natural way is to give the child his energy foods in milk and combinations of milk and eggs until he has a good set of teeth to masticate the heartier meat.

Eggs should be given in various forms at least once a day. Scrambled with cold cooked rice will be a method which will economize with eggs, yet make a most palatable and sustaining dish.

Soft cooked eggs should be the rule for children, or when cooked in various ways, be sure that they are not cooked tough and hard.

The best meats for children are chicken, beef, lamb and bacon once in a while. Children should never be given meat oftener than once a day and then in small portions.

Cereals are of such variety that one may have a different kind every day in the year, nearly. Oatmeal, the sensible food, if long and well-cooked, and served with thin cream or top milk and sugar, makes a most wholesome breakfast for any child. In all cooking of cereals for children or for anyone, in fact, the long cooking is an important point to emphasize.

FRUITS FOR THE CHILD.

The importance of fruits and vegetables for children cannot be too well emphasized. Stewed fruit is a perfect food for young children, but after reaching the age of seven, fresh fruit, if ripe and clean, is the greatest addition to the dietary.

Orange juice may be given to a very young child provided it is not followed or preceded by milk. A teaspoonful of orange juice is one of the best tonics to give a baby. Stewed prunes are wholesome, as well as figs and dates in moderation for the school child. A child who is fed dried fruits will not crave sweets and cake which are unwholesome, especially between meals.

Bananas are such a good, cheap fruit that we should have them served oftener in various ways. They contain starch, and in consequence should be thoroughly ripe to be wholesome. They may be ripened at home, and when the skins are quite dark they are best to eat uncooked. One of the things about bananas which cause digestive troubles is the astringent substance next to the skin. Carefully scrape the banana after the skin is removed and the irritating principle will be removed.

Bananas sliced with sugar and cream make a most tasty dish for a child's lunch or supper. As a salad, with lemon juice and olive oil or sweet salad with oranges and pineapple they make a nourishing dessert.

Cooked bananas are especially nourishing. Baked with butter and a little lemon juice they are both palatable and nutritive. The cooking furthers the digestion of starch in the fruit and thus makes them more digestible.

Children's food should be, first of all, simple. Too many kinds of combinations are upsetting to the delicate stomach of a child. So in serving fruits see that they have variety, but not more than two kinds at one meal.

What is true of fruits is also true of vegetables. They should be fresh and in a good condition. All vegetables containing woody fiber should be well and thoroughly cooked.

DISHES FOR THE FIRELESS COOK STOVE.

Brown in a frying pan in a small amount of fat a piece of mutton cut in serving-sized pieces, add a cupful of boiling water and a carrot with a few diced potatoes, season well, and when boiling hot set into the cooker for three hours. At the time of serving take from the cooker and reheat to serve.

Hungarian Goulash.—Cut a quarter of a pound of salt pork into dice and cook in a hot frying pan until crisp and brown. Cut two pounds of round steak into small pieces, roll in flour and brown slightly in the pork fat. Add two cupfuls of tomatoes, two minced onions, one bay leaf, three cloves, six peppercorns, and a half cupful of diced celery. Add seasonings and cook all together until boiling hot. Set in the cooker to cook for two or three hours. Serve with potatoes or potato pancakes.

Fowl in Cooker.—Dress and truss the fowl as for roasting. Place it in a large vessel of the cooker, add boiling water to cover, an onion stuck with three cloves, two tablespoonsful of rice, and a little coarsely chopped celery. Bring very slowly to the boiling point. Cook until boiling hot, place in the cooker and let stand two or three hours. Remove and reheat, sometimes all day to have a tender chicken.

Corned Beef.—Place the piece of meat in cold water to cover, bring to the boiling point, and if the water seems very salty discard it and add fresh boiling water. Put boiling hot into the cooker and let cook over night. If one desires vegetables with the meat they may be added while reheating the meat, then cook for another three hours. If the cooker is opened during the cooking it must be brought to the boiling point again, as the steam escapes, losing much heat. Cabbage, turnips, carrots and all vegetables which are cooked with the meat should be boiling hot before being put into the cooker. It must be remembered that a much longer time is needed to cook all foods in the cooker.

THE ROAD TO WEALTH.

Economy is said to be the good road to wealth, and one of the best possible ways of exercising that excellent quality is in saving food stuffs. Hardly one woman in a hundred would think it worth while to save the feet of two or three fowls. Yet there is a large quantity of gelatin in the feet and they add very materially to the stock pot. There should never be a bone, raw or cooked, thrown away until it has passed through the stock pot. The trimmings from meat and many vegetables are also an addition to the soup stock flavor. The tough end of steak, if cut in small bits and cooked with vegetables, will make a most tasty stew, or cooked with macaroni and gravy makes a most hearty supper dish for a chilly, cold night. A speaker prominent in household economics is quoted as saying "that no economical woman needs a garbage pail." The garbage pail is too often the little leak that sinks the great ship of household efficiency.

What would one say to the woman who removes the marrow from the bones of steaks and stews and puts it into the garbage? Yet this is a common occurrence in many homes. Bits of fat that are not liked when cooked or are left after serving may be rendered and clarified, then used for shortening. Fats from ducks, chickens and geese are by many considered much better than butter for fine cooking.

The small bit of fat which seemed too small to save might have been used to brown the vegetable for the stew or chowder. Egg shells are useful to settle coffee and clear soup. Wash eggs as they come from the market and the shells will then be ready to use. A half cupful of potato or cabbage may be useful to flavor a cream soup.

If a cupful of cold rice is left, add it to two or three beaten eggs and have a good, hot supper dish. Cold eggs, either soft or hard cooked, may be used for garnishing. The soft eggs should be further cooked until hard. Chopped egg added to a white sauce and poured over toast will make the children a good supper dish.

"Some people," remarked Morton Mustangham, "look the same whether going to a funeral or a wedding." "Well," replied J. Fuller Gloom, who is cordially detested for his pessimism, "why shouldn't they?"—Puck.

"Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read 'The Road to Wealth' in pks.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages. Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same. "There's a Reason" for Postum—sold by Grocers.

A WARNING TO MANY

Some Interesting Facts About Kidney Troubles.

Few people realize to what extent their health depends upon the condition of the kidneys.

The physician in nearly all cases of serious illness, makes a chemical analysis of the patient's urine. He knows that unless the kidneys are doing their work properly, the other organs cannot readily be brought back to health and strength.

When the kidneys are neglected or abused in any way, serious results are sure to follow. According to health statistics, Bright's disease, which is really an advanced form of kidney trouble, caused nearly ten thousand deaths in 1913 in the state of New York alone. Therefore, it behooves us to pay more attention to the health of these most important organs.

An ideal herbal compound that has had remarkable success as a kidney remedy is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy. The mild and healing influence of this preparation in most cases is soon realized, according to sworn statements and verified testimony of those who have used the remedy.

If you feel that your kidneys require attention, and wish a sample bottle, write to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Mention this paper, enclose ten cents and they will gladly forward it to you by Parcel Post.

Swamp-Root is sold by every druggist in bottles of two sizes—50c and \$1.00. Adv.

People seldom try to sit down on the man who stands up for his rights.

Fewer young men would show their wild oats if they should first stop to look for a needle in a haystack.

Sometimes Apply It Lightly.

For cuts, burns, scalds, sores and open wounds always apply Hanford's Balsam lightly, but be sure that it covers and gets to the bottom of the wound. A few light applications are generally all that is needed to heal this class of difficulties. Adv.

The Censor.

The Washington Star relates that Mayor Baker of Cleveland, in defense of a political movement that had been attacked, said the other day:

"It's an honest movement and a straightforward movement, and they who attack it are as censorious as the Seabright old maid."

"A Seabright old maid was talking to an unburned college boy on the beach. A pretty girl passed and the old maid said:

"There goes Minnie Summers. You took her to the hop last evening, didn't you?"

"Yes," said the college boy, and he added politely: "As I was taking leave of Miss Summers after the hop it dawned upon me—"

"It dawned!" said the old maid. "You kept her out till dawn! That's what these new dances lead up to!"

Density of Population.

By density of population is meant the number of persons to each square mile of land area. Excluding the District of Columbia, Rhode Island, with 508.5 persons per square mile, is the most densely populated state in the Union closely followed by Massachusetts, New Jersey and Connecticut, in the order named, the only states which have more than two hundred persons per square mile.

Put to the Test.

His Daughter's Beau—Yes, I'm a Socialist. I believe that those who get the benefit from the labor should be made to perform the labor.

The Old Man—Fine! You might begin by setting up the parlor stove for the winter.—Town Topics.

That Would Be Plenty.

"Well, my good woman," said the summer, "I must be going. Is there anything I can do for you?"

"Only that," responded the submerged one wearily.

STICK TO IT

Until Coffee Hits You Hard.

It is about as well to advise people to stick to coffee until they get hit hard enough so that they will never forget their experience.

A woman writes and her letter is condensed to give the facts in a short space:

"I was a coffee slave and stuck to it like a toper to his 'cups,' notwithstanding I frequently had severe attacks of sick headaches; then I used more coffee to relieve the headache, and this was well enough until the coffee effect wore off.

"Finally attacks of rheumatism began to appear, and ultimately the whole nervous system began to break down and I was fast becoming a wreck.

"After a time I was induced to quit coffee and take up Postum. This was half a year ago. The result has been most satisfactory.

"The rheumatism is gone entirely, nerves practically well and steady, digestion almost perfect, never have any more sick headaches and am gaining steadily in weight and strength."

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"There's a Reason" for Postum—sold by Grocers.

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Portales Herald-Times

DEMOCRATIC IN POLITICS

Published Thursday at Portales, New Mexico

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When honesty is merely a good policy it is a poor virtue.

Lazy farmers are just as useless as dead ones and take up more room.

When the soul communes with the spirit of nature the back to the farm movement prevails.

There are two kinds of farmers. One tries to take all the advice he hears and the other won't take any at all.

The farmers are in need of personal leadership. They have political leaders, but they have no industrial community and educational leaders.

Education is a developing of the mind, not a stuffing of the memory. Digest what you read.

Old men have visions, young men have dreams. Successful farmers plow deep while sluggards sleep.

The growing of legumes will retard soil depletion and greatly add to its power to produce.

RURAL SOCIAL CENTERS

We need social centers where our young people can be entertained, amused and instructed under the direction of cultured, clean and competent leadership, where aesthetic surroundings stir the love for the beautiful, where art charges the atmosphere with inspiration and power, and innocent amusements instruct and brighten their lives.

To hold our young people on the farm we must make farm life more attractive as well as the business of farming more remunerative. The school house should be the social unit, properly equipped for nourishing and building character, so that the lives of our people can properly function around it and become supplied with the necessary elements of human thought and activity.

Take it from one who knows what he is talking about, it is much easier to win a fall in the supreme court than it is to get a decision in the average police court. There are various and sundry reasons why a man who appears in the police court should have a fine taxed against him; first, the city needs the money; second, a man should behave himself and not be hauled into police court.

So much depends upon the point of view that robbing a henroost may become a carnival of crime in certain peaceful places.

Many a smile illumines an empty shell.

When you pull down the town in which you live and where you have business interests, you are pulling yourself down, and when you build up you are building up yourself and your neighbor.

OPEN THE WINDOWS.

When your work comes hard, when your nerves are all a quiver, when you work hard and get nothing done, when you seem to be just plodding, plodding up and down like in a treadmill—open the windows. You need fresh air.

You think you have not time to throw open the windows wide. You have not time not to do it.

Open the windows and let nature's free, fresh, invigorating air in. There is not better tonic.

You think you will get cold from the fresh, cool air. It will make you warm. The oxygen in fresh air will warm your blood. It will act as a tonic to your nerves. Open the windows.

When you feel gloomy and sad; when you feel that your best friends do not appreciate your work, you think you have no friends left in the world, but fresh air will drive this silly notion from you. Open the windows.

A good breath of air will make your entire nervous system glow. It will invigorate your mind and cheer your soul.

Open the windows.

PAYROLL OF CIVILIZATION MET BY FARMER

WANTS NO "DEADHEADS" ON LIST OF EMPLOYEES.

A CALL UPON THE LAW MAKERS TO PREVENT USELESS TAX UPON AGRICULTURE.

By Peter Radford, Lecturer National Farmers' Union

The farmer is the paymaster of industry and as such he must meet the nation's payroll. When industry pays its bill it must make a slight draft upon agriculture for the amount, which the farmer is compelled to honor without protest. This check drawn upon agriculture may travel to and fro over the highways of commerce; may build cities, girdle the globe with bands of steel, may search hidden treasures in the earth or traverse the skies, but in the end it will rest upon the soil. No dollar will remain suspended in midair; it is as certain to seek the earth's surface as an apple that falls from a tree.

When a farmer buys a plow he pays the man who mined the metal, the woodman who felled the tree, the manufacturer who assembled the raw material and shaped it into an article of usefulness, the railroad that transported it and the dealer who sold him the goods. He pays the wages of labor and capital employed in the transaction as well as pays for the tools, machinery, buildings, etc., used in the construction of the commodity and the same applies to all articles of use and diet of himself and those engaged in the subsidiary lines of industry.

There is no payroll in civilization that does not rest upon the back of the farmer. He must pay the bills—all of them.

The total value of the nation's annual agricultural products is around \$12,000,000,000, and it is safe to estimate that 95 cents on every dollar goes to meeting the expenses of subsidiary industries. The farmer does not work more than thirty minutes per day for himself; the remaining thirteen hours of the day's toil he devotes to meeting the payroll of the hired hands of agriculture, such as the manufacturer, railroad, commercial and other servants.

The Farmer's Payroll and How He Meets It.

The annual payroll of agriculture approximates \$12,000,000,000. A portion of the amount is shifted to foreign countries in exports but the total payroll of industries working for the farmer divides substantially as follows: Railroads, \$1,252,000,000; manufacturers, \$4,365,000,000; mining, \$658,000,000; banks, \$200,000,000; mercantile \$8,500,000,000, and a heavy miscellaneous payroll constitutes the remainder.

It takes the corn crop, the most valuable in agriculture, which sold last year for \$1,692,000,000, to pay off the employees of the railroads, the money derived from our annual sales of livestock of approximately \$2,000,000,000, the yearly cotton crop valued at \$520,000,000; the wheat crop, which is worth \$610,000,000, and the oat crop, that is worth \$440,000,000, are required to meet the annual payroll of the manufacturers. The money derived from the remaining staple crops is used in meeting the payroll of the bankers, merchants, etc. After these obligations are paid, the farmer has only a few bunches of vegetables, some fruit and poultry which he can sell and call the proceeds his own.

When the farmer pays off his help he has very little left and to meet these tremendous payrolls he has been forced to mortgage homes, work women in the field and increase the hours of his labor. We are, therefore, compelled to call upon all industries dependent upon the farmers for subsistence to retrench in their expenditures and to cut off all unnecessary expenses. This course is absolutely necessary in order to avoid a reduction in wages, and we want, if possible, to retain the present wage scale paid railroad and all other industrial employes.

We will devote this article to a discussion of unnecessary expenses and whether required by law or permitted by the managements of the concerns, is wholly immaterial. We want all waste labor and extravagance, of whatever character, cut out. We will mention the full crew bill as there is no occasion for the legislatures making a position for surplus employes of industry. Let them come "back to the soil" and share with us the prosperity of the farm.

illustrating the character of unnecessary expenses to which we refer.

Union Opposes "Full Crew" Bill.

The Texas Farmers' Union registered its opposition to this character of legislation at the last annual meeting held in Fort Worth, Tex., August 4, 1914, by resolution, which we quote, as follows:

"The matter of prime importance to the farmers of this state is an adequate and efficient marketing system; and we recognize that such a system is impossible without adequate railroad facilities, embracing the greatest amount of service at the least possible cost. We further recognize that the farmers and producers in the end pay approximately 95 per cent of the expenses of operating the railroads, and it is therefore to the interest of the producers that the expenses of the common carriers be as small as is possible, consistent with good service and safety. We, therefore, call upon our law-makers, courts and juries to bear the foregoing facts in mind when dealing with the common carriers of this state, and we do especially reaffirm the declaration of our State Union, opposing the passage of the so-called 'full-crew' bill before the thirty-third legislature of Texas."

The farmers of Missouri in the last election, by an overwhelming majority, swept this law off the statute book of that state, and it should come off all statute books where it appears and no legislature of this nation should pass such a law or similar legislation which requires unnecessary expenditures.

The same rule applies to all regulatory measures which increase the expenses of industry without giving corresponding benefits to the public. There is oftentimes a body of men assembled at legislatures—and they have a right to be there—who, in their zeal for rendering their fellow-associates a service, sometimes favor an increase in the expenses of industry without due regard for the men who bow their backs to the summer's sun to meet the payroll, but these committees, while making a record for themselves, rub the skin off the shoulders of the farmer by urging the legislature to lay another burden upon his heavy load and under the lash of "be it enacted" goad him on to pull and surge at the traces of civilization, no matter how he may sweat, foam and gall at the task. When legislatures "cut a melon" for labor they hand the farmer a lemon.

The farmers of the United States are not financially able to carry "dead heads" on their payrolls. Our own hired hands are not paid unless we have something for them to do and we are not willing to carry the hired help of dependent industries unless there is work for them. We must therefore insist upon the most rigid economy.

Legislative House-Cleaning Needed.

While the war is on and there is a lull in business, we want all legislative bodies to take an inventory of the statute books and wipe off all extravagant and useless laws. A good house-cleaning is needed and economies can be instituted here and there that will patch the clothes of indigent children, rest tired mothers and lift mortgages from dependent homes. Unnecessary workmen taken off and useless expenses chopped down all along the line will add to the prosperity of the farmer and encourage him in his mighty effort to feed and clothe the world.

If any of these industries have surplus employes we can use them on the farm. We have no regular schedule of wages, but we pay good farm hands on an average of \$1.50 per day of thirteen hours when they board themselves; work usually runs about nine months of the year and the three months dead time, they can do the chores for their board. If they prefer to farm on their own account, there are more than 14,000,000,000 acres of idle land on the earth's surface awaiting the magic touch of the plow. The compensation is easily obtainable from Federal Agricultural Department statistics. The total average annual sales of a farm in the continental United States amounts to \$516.00, the cost of operation is \$340.00, leaving the farmer \$176 per annum to live on and educate his family.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., January 18, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Rufus A. Palm of Arch, N. M., who on July 26, 1909 made homestead entry No. 6982 for E. 1/2, section 18, Twp. 13 S. range 37 east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Clayburn W. Puckett, Gus A. Gursay, Lewis L. Brown and Luther V. Brown, all of Arch, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., January 22, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Wiley Todd, of Elida, N. M., who on April 17, 1908 made homestead entry No. 6283 for NW 1/4 sec. 19, Twp. 5 south, range 33 east, and on June 20, 1914, made additional homestead entry 011405, for SW 1/4, sec. 18, Twp. 4 S., range 31 E. N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make 3 year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. A. Coffey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Elida, N. M., on the 11th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Jackson W. Frause, James Stinson, both of Red Lake, N. M.; John E. Glover and James W. Johnson, all of Elida, N. M.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., January 20, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Lydia L. Woolley, of Portales, N. M., who on Sept. 2, 1911, made homestead entry, Serial No. 0978, for NW 1/4 sec. 14, and SW 1/4 sec. 15, range 34 E., Twp. 5 S., range 34 E., N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 9th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: John E. Stephenson, Anvard B. B. Jones, Henry T. Allen and Edmund Orens, all of Portales, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Non coal land. Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., January 20, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Joseph L. Zwissler of Canton, N. M., who on February 12, 1912 made homestead entry serial No. 0918 for NW 1/4 sec. 14, and SW 1/4 sec. 15, range 33 east N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. A. Coffey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Elida, N. M., on the 10th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Sidney F. Hoard, Edward Hoard, Lena Wilmes all of Canton, N. M.; Henry J. Zwissler, of Canton, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 20, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Clara E. Zwissler of Canton, N. M., who on Dec. 29, 1911 made homestead entry serial No. 0928 for E. 1/2 sec. 14 Twp. 5 S., R. 34 E., N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before C. A. Coffey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Elida, N. M., on the 29th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Sidney F. Hoard, Edward Hoard, Lena Wilmes all of Canton, N. M.; Henry J. Zwissler, of Canton, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 19, 1915. Notice is hereby given that James A. Moss, of Mexico, N. M., who on June 6, 1909 made homestead entry No. 6571 for southeast quarter section 18 township 1 north, range 37 east, New Mexico Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 8th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Robert Clark, John H. Vaughan, William McReddie and Layton A. Reeves, all of Mexico, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Non coal land. Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 12, 1914. Notice is hereby given that Edward H. Newcom of Portales, N. M., who on Feb. 17, 1909 made homestead entry Serial No. 0563, for NW 1/4, section 11 township 1 south, range 34 E. N. M. P. M. has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. Commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of January, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Jonathan P. Ford, Howard P. Edwards, Marion A. Farris, all of Portales, N. M.; James M. Grisco, of Portales, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Non coal land. Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 23, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Kasha Naylor, formerly of Elida, N. M., who on Feb. 17, 1909 made homestead entry serial No. 0918 for SE 1/4 Sec. 18, township 2 south, range 37 east N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make 3 year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 11th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: James A. Tinsley, Babe Freeman, Joseph B. Naylor, Guy Matthews, all of Portales, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Non coal land. Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., January 19, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Robert Clark, of Mexico, N. M., who on August 29, 1908 made homestead entry serial No. 00512 for NW 1/4, section 29, township 1 north, range 37 east, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make 3 year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 8th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: James A. Moss, John F. Vaughn, William McReddie and Layton A. Reeves, all of Mexico, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Non coal land. Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., January 18, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Robert Johnson, of Arch, N. M., who on September 5, 1911, made homestead entry No. 0954, for the E 1/2 SW 1/4 sec. 3, and E 1/2 SW 1/4 sec. 4, Twp. 2 east, N. M. P. M., and on November 11, 1911, made additional homestead entry No. 09014, for W 1/2 NW 1/4, section 5, and E 1/2 SW 1/4 sec. 2, Twp. 2 east, N. M. P. M. principal meridian has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. E. Lindsey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: Edgar A. Hensah, Henry P. Townsend, John W. Buckner and Jesse J. Williams, all of Arch, N. M. C. C. Henry, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 18, 1915. Notice is hereby given that Charles W. Townsend, of Arch, N. M., who on Feb. 18, 1912 made homestead entry serial No. 02906 for southeast 1/4 E 1/2 SW 1/4 sec. 10, SW 1/4 sec. 11, township 2 south, range 30 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Campbell, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of March, 1915. Claimant names as witnesses: John W. Buckner, James B. Crawford, John E. Bils and William Hensell, all of Arch, New Mexico C. C. Henry, Register.

Dr. D. D. Swearingin, of the firm of Presley and Swearingin, eye ear and nose specialists of Roswell, New Mexico will be in Portales, at Neer's Drug Store 20-21 22 of each month.

MONUMENTS of Georgia Marble and Colorado Block Granite HUMPHREY & SLEDGE

Kohl's Garage and Repair Shop

WE Have a supply of Fisk Redtop and Firestone Casings and Inner Tubes. Also Agents for the Leading Brands of casings and inner tubes

Gasoline, oil and supplies will be sold as cheap as possible, but for cash ONLY

Should you need our service remember our telephone number is 45 and you will find us ready to accommodate you at all times.



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We carry Everything You need to preserve that youthful appearance in old age.

PURE DRUGS PRODUCE QUICK RESULTS

GET THEM HERE

EGBERT WOOD, Proprietor Successor to PORTALES DRUG Co.

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For Farms and Small Ranches. List your places with us. We have Farms, Hotels, Stores, Etc., in different places to trade for New Mexico stuff.

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WE ALSO WRITE INSURANCE

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"We know How"

Portales, : New Mexico

C. B. COZART GRAIN CO.

Dealers in Coal, Feed, Seed, Grain, Cotton Seed Meal and Cake. We pay the highest cash price for your grain

W. S. ODELL, Manager

Located at old Servis Wagon Yard

PHONE 75

HONEST WORK

General Blacksmithing and Repair Shop---First Class Horse Shoeing in Connection---Carriage and Wagon Material Sold Right.

R. W. MOORE

The Portales Lumber Company

FOR

ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIALS

G. W. Carr, . . . Manager.

Agents for Eclipse and Daisy WINDMILLS None better were ever made.

HUMPHREY & SLEDGE HARDWARE

Agents for Eclipse and Daisy WINDMILLS None better were ever made.

ROOSEVELT COUNTY'S LIVESTOCK FARMERS

(Continued from first page)

T. A. Robinson.

Mr. Robinson is one of the most solid stockfarmers of the Delphos community. He recently purchased ten head of splendid Hereford cows from the Williamson-Oldham Cattle company, which, added to his others, puts him in the cattle business on a good paying basis. This hustler looks after the Delphos cream station and not only sells cream from his own herd, milking sometimes as many as twenty cows, but he buys cream from the entire community. Hogs are another item worth while. Mr. Robinson said, "last year I butchered and sold five hogs which brought me \$107 and I kept ninety pounds of lard, together with the ribs, backbones and heads. Aside from the separated milk these hogs ate less than \$30 worth of feed. His corn and stacks of feed would indicate that Mr. Robinson is some farmer, too.

J. A. Phillips.

For nine years and five months J. A. Phillips was in the United States navy. He was a careful observer and is a rare entertainer, and to the Journeyist, who had the pleasure of spending the night at the Phillips home, he dispensed valuable and interesting information. Owing to poor health he has chosen Roosevelt county of New Mexico as his home and is engaged in the stock business principally. He has ten head of Hereford cows and a bull. They are the best I have seen in the country. These eleven head are registered and

cost \$1300. Four years ago when Mr. Phillips took to himself a helpmate, a rich uncle down in Texas sent him \$50 as a wedding present, with the instructions to buy a cow. By adding \$10 he bought a cow and two calves. From this small beginning he now has thirteen head, for which he can get \$455.

E. M. Kornegay

Milton Kornegay is a young man and a typical ranchman. He has under his control several sections and is growing a good bunch of cattle, with a few horses and mules. As a stock country thinks this country cannot be beaten. He said "If I did not like here I would go some where else.

He is a capital young man and he and his beautiful young wife and lovely five-months-old baby, make an interesting family. It was with real pleasure that the Journeyist promised to spend a night or so in their hospitable home upon his return to that section.

J. F. Morgan

After traveling over a considerable portion of Roosevelt county the Journeyist is constrained to say that for the most part the families are good, better and best. The Morgan family is among the "best" class. It is one of the most intensely interesting families I have met in my travels. The night spent in the Morgan home was a real delight, because of the frank open hearted hospitality of the family.

Mr. Morgan's record as a farmer is well known. His orchard is without a doubt the best kept in the county. It is 54 acres in extent and the way it was planned and laid out shows the work of an expert.

Mr. Morgan is considered an authority and is the leading hor-

iculturist in the county. He always takes an active part in our county fair and aids in its success.

Miscellaneous

Mrs. Baker, who has taught the Delphos school for a number of years, is a woman of lofty ideals and is a very important factor in the shaping aught of the lives of her pupils and the ideals of the community.

Postmaster M. V. Cummings and his wife who conduct a mercantile establishment at Delphos are doing much to develop that excellent section of the country.

The majority of the people in the Delphos and Macy communities are taking advantage of the Herald Printing Co's offer to give one and one-half pounds of Sudan grass seed with each year's subscription to the Herald-Times in advance, hence much Sudan will be planted in that section of Roosevelt county this year.

The Journeyist.

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF SUIT.

In the District Court of Roosevelt Co., N. M.
Jerome P. Smith, plaintiff vs. No. 1075.
C. P. Lyon & R. E. Brown, defendants.
State of New Mexico to the defendant, C. P. Lyon: The defendant, C. P. Lyon will take notice that a suit has been filed against him in the District Court of the 5th judicial District of the State of New Mexico, in and for the county of Roosevelt styled and numbered on the civil docket of said court as above, and that in the same action, defendant, R. E. Brown, has filed his answer and cross complaint against the plaintiff and the defendant, C. P. Lyon. The plaintiff sues the defendant, C. P. Lyon, to collect a note for the sum of \$645.00, executed to plaintiff by defendant C. P. Lyon, dated October 11, 1913, due two years after date with 4 per cent per annum interest, from date until paid, and ten per cent additional on the sum due thereon as attorney's fees, it being alleged that by the terms of the mortgage executed to secure the due payment of said note and one other note, as hereinafter described, said above mentioned note became due October 12, 1914, and plaintiff further seeks to foreclose said mortgage so executed to secure said note and to have same decreed to be a lien on said premises, subject to the lien held on same, as described in said mortgage, of the defendant, R. E. Brown, and to have the premises sold for the purpose of satisfying said indebtedness. The defendant, R. E. Brown, by his cross complaint seeks to collect a note, as against the plaintiff and defendant, C. P. Lyon, in the sum of \$645.00, dated October 11, 1913, and due one year after date, with eight per cent per annum interest thereon from date until paid, and ten per cent additional on the sum due thereon as attorney's fees, no part of which, it is alleged, has been paid, said note having been endorsed to said defendant, by said plaintiff and its payment guaranteed by him, same having been originally executed and delivered to plaintiff, by said defendant, C. P. Lyon, and by said plaintiff sold and guaranteed to this defendant, R. E. Brown; and defendant, R. E. Brown, further seeks to foreclose the mortgage executed to secure the due payment of said note so sold to him by plaintiff and said other note sued on by plaintiff, by which said C. P. Lyon, conveyed to said plaintiff the following described lands in Roosevelt County, New Mexico, to-wit: S. 1-2 of NE 1-4, N 1-2 of SE 1-4, and N 1-2 of SW 1-4, all in section 26, township 1 south, range 36 east N. M. P. M., containing 320 acres of land, according to the U. S. survey, conditioned upon the due payment of said note, and to have a lien decreed on said lands in favor of defendant, R. E. Brown, as prior and superior to any rights or claims of the plaintiff or the defendant, C. P. Lyon, in same and that said lands be ordered sold for the purpose of paying the indebtedness due said R. E. Brown, together with all costs of this action and that plaintiff's lien be decreed to be inferior and subsequent to that of said R. E. Brown.

The defendant, C. P. Lyon, is further notified that unless he enters his appearance in said action on or before the 20th day of March, 1915, that judgment will be rendered against him by default and the said plaintiff and defendant, as against him, be given the relief demanded in their respective complaints. Compton & Compton are attorneys for the plaintiff, and T. E. Mears is attorney for the defendant, R. E. Brown, and their postoffice address is Portales, New Mexico. Witness my hand and seal as the clerk of said court on this the 27th day of January, 1915.
C. P. MITCHELL, Clerk.
By J. W. BALLGOW, Deputy.

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.

Catron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side. The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good.

I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair. At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without it tiring me, and am doing all my work." If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of continuous success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today. Write for Chasteness Medicine Co. Ladies' Agency Dept., Chasteness, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatments for Women," sent in plain wrapper. 1-5c

FARMERS

Form a banking connection now by depositing now while you are marketing your crops, and you will be in line to ask for accommodations during the lean months next Spring and Summer. It is our earnest endeavor to help build up the Farmers and Stock Farmers of this Community.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
of Portales, New Mexico
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

The Purpose of an Advertisement

is to serve your needs. It will help sell your goods—talk to the people you want to reach. An advertisement in this paper is a reference guide to those whose wants are worth supplying.

If YOU ARE LOOKING FOR CHOICE, CLEAN, FRESH GROCERIES WE HAVE THEM HERE

Headquarters for Quality Groceries

Highest Cash Price Paid For Your Cream

We also handle Bran and Shorts

The White House Grocery Co.

Praise properly bestowed is one of your best investments. But some people are so egotistical they want to hog it all.

Are You in Arrears?
on your obligations? You know WE NEED THE MONEY

PEARCE'S PHARMACY

A Fresh Supply of Pure Drugs always on hand

TOILET ARTICLES

Why not buy a Conklin Guaranteed Fountain Pen—self filling.

DR. J. S. PEARCE
PROPRIETOR

PANAMA-CALIFORNIA EXPOSITION



Round Trip \$64.75
Sell Jan. 2nd to 9th, final limit Jan. 23, 1915.
Sell Jan. 17th to 23d, final limit Feb. 10th, 1915.
Sell Feb. 1st to 8th, final limit Feb. 28th, 1915.
Sell Feb. 9th to 28th, final limit 90 days from date of sale.

W.S. MERRILL, Agt.

H. C. M'CALLU

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Portales, .. New Mexico

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26c for cream, some of it testing as high as 52. us with your cream. YOUR GROCERY BUSINESS WILL CERTAIN BE APPRECIATED **STRICKLAND AND BLANK** OLD RACKET STORE

THIS BANK

IS MORE THAN JUST A BANK

It is your friend. It is the medium of exchange between you and the rest of the world. drafts are honored everywhere. It protects your savings. It loans you money when you need it. It exerts a strong influence in upholding the moral and material interests of your community and of yourself. It is safe, it is sound, it is conservative, it is strong. It is a GOOD place for your savings. Your name to an honored check is a good endorsement.

The Portales Bank and Trust Company

The Praetorians

It is with pleasure that we announce that Mr. A. L. Elmore has been appointed Deputy and General Organizer for the Praetorians and will make his home at Portales. Mr. Elmore will be in Portales Friday, the 27th, to begin organization.

FRATERNAL ORDER—

The Praetorians is a fraternal order which has a stronger reserve per member than any other fraternal order in the United States.

TWENTY YEAR PAY POLICY—

The Praetorians sell eight different policies. Every policy worth the face value. The 20-year pay is our leader. Every policy has accident feature.

MORE THAN \$1,000,000 RESERVE—

J. B. SAVAGE

State Manager **ROSWELL, N. M.**
Representing Home Office

The Praetorians
Dallas, Texas

five years. It's comparatively a new industry for Kansas City. None of it is raised in any considerable amount east of the Missouri River. It is known as a crop peculiar to the Kansas City territory.

When Kansas City's representatives were presenting their case to Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Houston, secretaries of the Treasury and Agriculture, respectively, in support of a Federal Reserve Bank, Frank G. Crowell, chosen by the grain men, said:

"In the Kansas City territory we have millions of acres, heretofore lying idle, that are just beginning to come into their own. Kaffir corn, milo maize, feterita and those other drought-resisting plants of the sorghum family are rapidly reclaiming those lands for rich agriculture. Trading in this grain is a new arrival on our Board of Trade and in a very short time you will see millions of dollars rolling into the farmers for Kaffir and milo that are to be measured in the millions of bushels on land that used to be counted worthless."

Kaffir corn is selling today for \$1.19 a hundred pounds on the Board of Trade. It weighs fifty-six pounds to the bushel, which means it sells for sixty-cents a bushel. It is quoted by the hundred pounds and not by the bushel, however.

Kaffir corn is essentially a drought-resisting crop and the farmers in that part of the Kansas City territory where the rainfall averages less than twenty-five inches a year are rapidly learning to abandon Indian corn for one of the members of the sorghum family. When the rain falls and the wind blows the Indian corn shrivels under the heat, the leaves dry and blow away, and the plant, once receiving a setback, refuses to come again. Not so with the Kaffir and the other sorghums, however. They stand and wait for it to rain. Once the belated moisture comes the plant springs forward and even yields through a second drought to reach maturity.

Farmers in Western Kansas and Oklahoma, the Texas Panhandle and even Eastern and Central Kansas and Oklahoma have learned to put some of their faith in the drought resister rather than chance it all on Indian corn. The result has been a great increase in the acreage and the yield and the volume that is pouring into the Kansas City market. The Oklahoma bankers thought so well of it that they inserted clauses in mortgages, securing loans, requiring the farmers to plant a certain acreage of Kaffir or milo.

Millions of bushels of Kaffir and milo are raised in the Kansas City territory that never reach a market except in the form of fat and sinew on hogs and cattle. Ten bushels of Kaffir, the experts say are equal to nine bushels of Indian corn for feeding and fattening live stock. The stick, leaf and grain are used very widely for silage. The experts have proved that upland and semi-arid lands will produce more Kaffir than Indian corn.

The Kansas City grain dealers say that as this information is disseminated and digested by the farmers the raising of Kaffir in this territory will increase by leaps and bounds. They predict that in time it will be a close rival in volume to oats. The volume of Kaffir received on the Kansas City market in 1912 was more than a third of the oats.

The Kaffir that escapes the silo and the other forms of feeding on the farm and reaches Kansas City is consumed principally by the manufacturers of balanced food for poultry. Carloads of it are shipped all over the United States from this market. All patent poultry foods include Kaffir in their formulae. The small berry of the Kaffir is excellent food for poultry when fed alone.

THE RURAL PRESS

The Local Paper a Most Useful Agency on the Farm—The Press, Pulpit and School a Trinity of Influence That Must Be Utilized in Building Agriculture.

By Peter Radford

Lecturer National Farmers' Union

A broad campaign of publicity on the subject of rural life is needed in this state today to bring the problems of the farmers to the forefront. The city problems are blazoned upon the front pages of the metropolitan dailies and echoed in the country press, but the troubles of the farmers are seldom told, except by those who seek to profit by the story, and the glitter of the package oftentimes obscures the substance. A searching investigation into the needs of the farmers will reveal many inherent defects in our economic system that can be easily remedied when properly understood and illuminated by the power of the press.

The rural press, the pulpit and the school are a trinity of powerful influences that the farmer must utilize to their fullest capacity before he can occupy a commanding position in public affairs. These gigantic agencies are organized in every rural community and only await the patronage and cooperation of the farmers to fully develop their energy and usefulness. They are local forces working for the best interests of their respective communities. Their work is to build and their object is to serve. They prosper only through the development and prosperity of the community.

Every farmer in this state should subscribe for the local paper, as well as farm periodicals and such other publications as he may find profitable, but he should by all means subscribe for his local paper, and no home should be without it. The local paper is part of the community life and the editor understands the farmer's problems. It is the local press that will study the local problems and through its columns deal with subjects of most vital importance to local life of the community.

A Noble Task.

In too many instances the country papers mimic the city press by giving prominence to scandals, accidents and political agitation. The new rural civilization has placed upon the rural press renewed responsibilities, and enlarged possibilities for usefulness. It cannot perform its mission to agriculture by recording the follies, the mishaps and inordinate ambitions of humanity, or by filling its columns with the echoes of the struggles of busy streets, or by enchanting stories of city life which lure our children from the farm.

It has a higher and nobler task. Too often the pages of the city dailies bristle with the struggle of ambitious men in their wild lust for power, and many times the flames of personal conflict sear the tender buds of new civilization and illuminate the pathway to destruction. The rural press is the governing power of public sentiment and must hold steadfast to principle and keep the ship of state in the roadstead of progress. The rural press can best serve the interests of the farmers by applying its energies to the solution of problems affecting the local community. It must stem the mighty life current that is moving from the farm to the cities, sweeping before it a thousand boys and girls per day. It has to deal with the fundamental problems of civilization at their fountain head. Its mission is to direct growth, teach efficiency and mold the intellectual life of the country, placing before the public the daily problems of the farmers and giving first attention to the legislative, co-operative, educational and social needs of the agricultural classes within its respective community.

FARMS TO TRADE

Last week we closed realty trades amounting to \$35,000, and we have some goods left that will go at a bargain. We have a 498-acre improved farm in Wyoming, also the following well improved farms near West Plains, Mo.: One of 165 acres, one of 110 acres, one 140 acres, one 44 acres, and one 240 acres.

We will consider trades on above farms for New Mexico land.

We also have a 315-acre farm near Bay City, Texas, which we would consider trading for a good little ranch in Roosevelt county.

If you have anything to sell or trade and mean business, come and see us, as we are busy and our time is worth money.

TROUTT & SMITH

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

STATE LEGISLATIVE BILLS INTRODUCED

Numerous bills have been introduced, chief among them one that would fix salaries of county officers. Squire Barr, Jr., introduced a salary bill in the senate with maximum salaries running up to \$3,000 a year in first-class counties, down to \$200 a year for the probate judge in fifth class counties.

First-class counties are those with a taxable assessment over \$4,000,000, and the salaries in such counties shall run as follows: Clerk, treasurer and assessor, \$3,000 each; sheriff, \$2,500; school superintendent, \$1,700; deputy sheriff, \$1,000; county commissioners, \$800; judge, \$600; county surveyor, not to exceed 150 properly building our penitentiaries, those with around \$2,500,000 and the need \$2,500 for clerk, treasurer and assessor; sheriff, \$1,500 for county clerk, \$1,200 for deputy clerk, \$100 for county clerk, \$100 for deputy clerk, \$100 for county clerk, \$100 for deputy clerk.

Second-class counties are those with between \$1,750,000 and \$2,500,000, and the salaries are: Clerk, treasurer and assessor, \$2,000 each; sheriff, \$1,700; county superintendent, \$1,400; county clerk and probate judge, \$700; surveyor, \$400 a day for not more than 75 days a year. Fourth class counties, between \$500,000 and \$1,750,000 assessment: clerk, \$1,500; assessor and treasurer, \$1,000 each; sheriff, \$1,500; county superintendent, \$1,200; deputy sheriff, \$600; probate judge and county commissioners, \$250 each; county surveyor, \$10 a day not to exceed 75 days a year.

Fifth class counties, with a taxable assessment of less than \$1,000,000 a year: Clerk, \$1,500; sheriff, \$1,500; treasurer and assessor, \$1,200 each; county superintendent, \$1,000; deputy sheriff, \$400; probate judge and county commissioners, \$200 each; surveyor, \$10 a day for not more than 75 days.

or, \$10 a day for not more than 50 days.

A PRAYER FOR THE NEW YEAR.

Purge out of every heart the lurking grudge. Give us grace and strength to forbear and persevere. Offenders, give us the grace to accept and to forgive offenders. Forgetful ourselves, help us to bear cheerfully the forgetfulness of others. Give us courage and gaiety and the quiet mind. Spare us to our friends, soften us to our enemies. Bless us, if it may be, in all our innocent endeavors. If it may not, give us the strength to encounter that which is to come, that we may be brave in peril, constant in tribulation, temperate in wrath, and in all changes of fortune, and down to the gates of death, loyal and loving one to another.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Trade in Kaffir Crows.

(From the Kansas City Star.) A child that appeared five years ago on the Board of Trade has since grown to be a full sized boy, and he promises to be an adult in a very short time.

This new feature in the trading is Kaffir, milo maize, feterita and all the other little cousins of the sorghum family. They are all classed in the statistics under the name Kaffir.

The year just closed saw the receipt of nearly 1 1/2 million bushels of Kaffir corn for sale on the Kansas City market. In 1912 when the acreage and the yield were larger the receipts measured more than 2 1/2 million bushels on this market.

Six commission firms on the Kansas City Board of Trade now are dealing and bidding actively in Kaffir corn. Five years ago the board of Trade kept no statistics on this crop as it was of so little importance, but today it stands fourth in volume of business, as compared with the other products. It is dealt in more extensively than either rye or barley and enjoys an open market. Whoever has Kaffir corn, milo maize, feterita or any of the other kindred sorghum crops for sale can dispose of it readily by shipping it to the Kansas City market. And this is a development of the last

As are the school and the school house, so will be the home, the city, the state and the nation. For every community the motto should be: "For our schools—health, comfort and beauty."

ENLARGED HOME-STEAD BILL PASSED

MEASURE INTRODUCED BY NEW MEXICO CONGRESSMAN OF UTMOST IMPORTANCE IN DEVELOPMENT OF STATE.

Washington, Jan. 18.—A stock raising homestead bill, introduced by Representative Ferguson of New Mexico was passed by the house today. It is designed to lease the 35,000,000 acres of remaining public domain of the semi-arid states by a system of grants to each settler of a home on the lands, with sufficient acreage to support his family by combining forage farming with stock raising.

The bill requires entrymen to make permanent improvements of not less than \$1.25 an acre in value and allows entry of up to 640 acres.

ALL WRONG

The Mistake is Made by Many Portales Citizens.

Look for the cause of backache. To be cured you must know the cause.

If it's weak kidneys, you must set the kidneys working right.

A resident of this vicinity shows you how.

Mrs. Mary McGarvey, 104 Moulton Ave., Raton, N. Mex., says: "I was so bed with my back that I could hardly get out of bed. I had a steady, dull ache over my kidneys. My feet and ankles were swollen and I could hardly walk. An attack of typhoid fever made the trouble worse. The kidney secretions became unnatural and caused me no end of annoyance. My health was much run down. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me quick relief and in a short time I was free from the attack."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. McGarvey had. Foster-Milburn

DEPOSITS GUARANTEED

To Our New Mexico Friends:—

The following statement was taken from our books on December 31st, 1914, and we are running it in this space to show you the kind of a bank we run. Knowers will tell you that we are not big enough to take care of our customers; but if you will ask some one who has been doing their business with us, you will learn that WE MANAGE TO TAKE CARE OF THEM JUST THE SAME. There are lots of good banks that are not "GUARANTEED BANKS," and it is not our intention to imply such is not the case; BUT WE BELIEVE THE THINKING MAN WILL DECIDE IT IS BETTER TO BE SAFE THAN JUST SATISFIED.

RESOURCES:

Capital, Surplus and Profits	\$ 23,661.79
Deposits	92,388.87
	\$116,050.66

LIABILITIES:

Loans, Banking House and Fixtures	\$ 80,190.10
Cash on hand and in other Banks	35,860.56
	\$116,050.66

Give us your account. It will be appreciated whether it be large or small. Monthly statements mailed to every customer.

THE GUARANTY FUND BANK

TEXAS STATE BANK OF FARWELL

Porter Oak Stoves
Electric Ranges and
Hot Blast Heaters
LINDERS' HARDWARE

HARDY HARDWARE CO.

PHONE NO. 91

Wagons, Buggies and Farm Truck
Dry Batteries, Lubricating Oils
Washing Machines, Clothes Wringers
Ironing Boards and Electric Irons



The First Try On

...suit we make for you will show at once that our skill as tailors is your taste in selecting the cloth. It is a hang to our clothing that makes distinction. Suppose you make you a suit right now. You will not find the price nearly as low as the quality.

LANDERS AND BRIDGES

Washington E. Lindsey
Attorney-At-Law
Notary Public
United States Commissioner
Proof and Homestead Applications
PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

G. L. REESE
Attorney-At-Law
Practice in all Courts. Office in Reese building
PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

W. L. JOHNSON,
Auctioneer. See me at assessors office rates and dates.
PORTALES, N. M.

T. E. MEARS
LAWYER
practice in all Courts, Territorial and Federal
Portales, New Mexico

Property Transfer

R. S. ADAMS
Proprietor
Deliveries Free 71 Trucks a Specialty

W. E. PATTERSON
Physician and Surgeon
Phone 67 2 rinas
Office in Neer's Drug Store

JAMES F. GARMANY
Physician
and Surgeon
Office in Howard Block,
Portales, New Mexico.

DR. E. T. DUNAWAY
Physician
and Surgeon
Office at Portales Drug Company.
Phone 1. Residence No. 4

L. R. HOUGH
DENTIST
Office in Reese Building

N. FREEMAN
JEWELER
Portales, N. M.

SQUARE NEXT

...to the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and most up-to-date hair cut in the city when you get in one of the chairs at

Sanitary Barber Shop
HARDY BUILDING

Strength Past Fifty Years

...can be maintained by adopting the right nourishment, and Nature's own oil found in Scott's Emulsion

...strengthened thousands of men and women to continue their work and usefulness for many years.

...Scott's Emulsion is a food, a medicine and a tonic to keep the blood rich, avoid rheumatism and throat nervous conditions. It is free from alcohol or harmful drugs. The best physicians prescribe it.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

No. 1043.
Whereas on Oct. 17th, 1914, in cause No. 1043, pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, in and for the county of Roosevelt, wherein, T. J. Alliston, plaintiff and John L. Horn, Francis Horn and J. R. Sadler, are defendants, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree foreclosing a mortgage deed executed and delivered to plaintiff by said defendants, John L. and Francis Horn, for the sum of \$397.25 with twelve per cent per annum interest thereon from date of judgment until paid, and the additional sum of \$39.45 as attorneys fees, with six per cent per annum interest thereon from date of judgment until paid, together with all costs of suit, upon the following described real estate to-wit: Lots Nos. two, three, four, five and six in Block No. 87, and Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Block No. 82, all in the Original Town of Portales, according to the plat of said town on file in the Recorder's office of said county of Roosevelt, said mortgage no foreclosed being of record at page 245 of Book "K" of the records for Mortgage Deeds of said county.

And whereas, said undersigned was appointed by the court in said decree as Special Master and as such directed by the court to advertise and sell said property as provided by law and apply the proceeds of such sale in settlement of plaintiff's said judgment and costs of suit.

Now therefore by virtue of said decree and the authority in me vested thereby, as such Special Master, I will on the 19th day of February, 1915, at the hour of two o'clock P. M., at the Northeast front door of the court house in the town of Portales, N. M., sell said described real estate to the highest bidder for cash for the purpose of satisfying said judgment and costs.

Witness my hand this Jan. 18th, 1915.

BEN SMITH,
Special Master

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

No. 1044.
Whereas, on November, 3rd 1914, in cause No. 1044 pending in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial Districts of the State of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein Florence Maxey is plaintiff and Homer Wright is defendant, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree foreclosing a mortgage deed executed and delivered by said defendant to plaintiff, whose name was formerly Florence Weir, for the sum of \$316.17 upon the following described real estate to-wit: The N. 1-2 of the N. E. 1-4 of Sec. 24 Twp. 2 s. R. 35 e. N. M. P. in Roosevelt county, N. M. with all improvements thereon, said mortgage being recorded at page 813 of Book "K" of Mortgage Deeds of Roosevelt county, N. M. That the amount of said decree, at date of sale hereinafter mentioned will be \$323.35, and also all cost of suit and cost of sale; and whereas, said undersigned was appointed by the court in said decree as special master and directed to advertise and sell said property as provided by law and to apply the proceeds of such sale in settlement of plaintiff's said judgment and cost of suit.

Therefore, by virtue of said judgment and decree and the power vested in me as Special Master, I will, on the 9th day of Feb., 1915, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., at the Northeast front door of the Court house, in the Town of Portales, New Mexico, sell said described real estate to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment, and costs.

Witness my hand this the 12th day of Jan. 1915.

Ben Smith
Special Master

NOTICE OF SUIT.

In the District Court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico.
G. C. Grant, Plaintiff,
vs.
No. 1073.
Fannie Grant, Defendant.
To the Defendant, Fannie Grant, in the above suit:
You will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the state of New Mexico for the County of Roosevelt, in which G. C. Grant is Plaintiff and Fannie Grant is Defendant and numbered 1073 on the docket of said Court.

That the general objects of said suit are as follows: A suit for divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment and unfaithfulness and unloyalty to her marriage vows, and that he be restored to the status of a single person. You are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer or plead in this cause on or before the 19th day of March, 1915, judgment by default will be rendered against you in this suit and the allegations in Plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Compton and Compton are Attorneys for Plaintiff and their record address is Portales, New Mexico.

Witness my hand and seal of said court this the 18th day of January, 1915.

C. P. MITCHELL,
Clerk.
By J. W. BALLOW, Deputy.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 18, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Guy Matthews, of Portales, New Mexico, who on March 11, 1908 made homestead entry No. 65199 for southwest quarter, section 16, Township 2 S., Range 35 E., N. M. P., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of March, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Prentiss O. Naylor, James A. Tinsley, John N. Reed and Joe Naylor, all of Portales, N. M.
C. C. Henry, Register.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

No. 1042.
Whereas, on Nov. 18th, 1914, in cause No. 1042 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt, wherein, J. R. Sadler is plaintiff and John L. Horn and J. C. Dunlap are defendant, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree foreclosing a mortgage deed executed and delivered by defendant, John L. Horn to L. W. Whitfield and by said L. W. Whitfield, duly assigned and sold to this plaintiff, for the sum of \$345.09 with six per cent per annum interest thereon from date of judgment until paid, together with all costs of said suit, upon the following described real estate, to-wit: "Seventy-five feet square off the Northwest end or end next to the railroad track of Lots five and six in Block No. fourteen (14) in the original town of Portales, N. M., according to plat of said town on file in Recorder's office of said county of Roosevelt; said mortgage so foreclosed being of record at page 7 of Book "G" of the records for Mortgage Deeds of said county of Roosevelt; and said defendant, J. C. Dunlap, also obtaining judgment in the same decree against said defendant, John L. Horn, in the sum of \$341.10 with twelve per cent per annum interest thereon from date of judgment until paid, same being decreed to be a second lien on the property above described and subject to the lien of the plaintiff thereon, said mortgage so foreclosed in favor of defendant, J. C. Dunlap, being recorded at page 9 of Record Book "L" of the records for mortgage deeds of said county.

And whereas, said undersigned was appointed by the court in said decree as Special Master and as such directed by the court to advertise and sell said property as provided by law and apply the proceeds of such sale, first to the payment of plaintiff's judgment and all costs, and the remainder if any to the judgment of defendant, J. C. Dunlap, and costs of suit.

Now therefore by virtue of said decree and the authority in me vested thereby, as such Special Master, I will on the 19th day of February, 1915, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. at the Northeast front door of the court house in the town of Portales, N. M., sell said described real estate to the highest bidder for cash for the purposes as aforesaid.

Witness my hand this Jan. 18th, 1915.

BEN SMITH,
Special Master.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

No. 1044.
Whereas, on November, 3rd 1914, in cause No. 1044 pending in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial Districts of the State of New Mexico, in and for Roosevelt county, wherein Florence Maxey is plaintiff and Homer Wright is defendant, the plaintiff recovered a judgment and decree foreclosing a mortgage deed executed and delivered by said defendant to plaintiff, whose name was formerly Florence Weir, for the sum of \$316.17 upon the following described real estate to-wit: The N. 1-2 of the N. E. 1-4 of Sec. 24 Twp. 2 s. R. 35 e. N. M. P. in Roosevelt county, N. M. with all improvements thereon, said mortgage being recorded at page 813 of Book "K" of Mortgage Deeds of Roosevelt county, N. M. That the amount of said decree, at date of sale hereinafter mentioned will be \$323.35, and also all cost of suit and cost of sale; and whereas, said undersigned was appointed by the court in said decree as special master and directed to advertise and sell said property as provided by law and to apply the proceeds of such sale in settlement of plaintiff's said judgment and cost of suit.

Therefore, by virtue of said judgment and decree and the power vested in me as Special Master, I will, on the 9th day of Feb., 1915, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., at the Northeast front door of the Court house, in the Town of Portales, New Mexico, sell said described real estate to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment, and costs.

Witness my hand this the 12th day of Jan. 1915.

Ben Smith
Special Master

NOTICE OF SUIT.

In the District Court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico.
G. C. Grant, Plaintiff,
vs.
No. 1073.
Fannie Grant, Defendant.
To the Defendant, Fannie Grant, in the above suit:
You will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the state of New Mexico for the County of Roosevelt, in which G. C. Grant is Plaintiff and Fannie Grant is Defendant and numbered 1073 on the docket of said Court.

That the general objects of said suit are as follows: A suit for divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment and unfaithfulness and unloyalty to her marriage vows, and that he be restored to the status of a single person. You are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer or plead in this cause on or before the 19th day of March, 1915, judgment by default will be rendered against you in this suit and the allegations in Plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Compton and Compton are Attorneys for Plaintiff and their record address is Portales, New Mexico.

Witness my hand and seal of said court this the 18th day of January, 1915.

C. P. MITCHELL,
Clerk.
By J. W. BALLOW, Deputy.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 18, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Guy Matthews, of Portales, New Mexico, who on March 11, 1908 made homestead entry No. 65199 for southwest quarter, section 16, Township 2 S., Range 35 E., N. M. P., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of March, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Prentiss O. Naylor, James A. Tinsley, John N. Reed and Joe Naylor, all of Portales, N. M.
C. C. Henry, Register.



The Smoke of the Smart Set

is not the ready-made or even ready-made-to-order cigarette. Smart men of fashion everywhere—club-men, connoisseurs, bon-vivants, millionaire sportsmen—have discovered the keener enjoyment and greater satisfaction in the fresh cigarettes of unique flavor and delicious mildness they roll for themselves, to suit their individual taste, from mellow "Bull" Durham tobacco. Today it is the very last word in correct form to "Roll Your Own."

GENUINE BULL DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

No other tobacco in the world has the wonderful sweet fragrance and ripe natural mildness of "Bull" Durham. No other cigarettes have the exquisite smoothness and delightful freshness of "Bull" Durham hand-made cigarettes.

"Bull" Durham is a distinctive form of tobacco enjoyment, thoroughly appreciated by smokers of experience and discrimination for the supreme, lasting, wholesome pleasure it affords.

FREE An illustrated booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a Package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in U. S. on postal request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.



THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 11, 1914.
Notice is hereby given that William L. George, of Floyd, N. M., who on April 15, 1910, made homestead entry serial No. 6978 for SE 1-4, sec. 28 Township 1 South, range 32 E., N. M. P. has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 12th day of January, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
John J. Jones, James E. Spear, Edward C. Price, George W. Collier, and John W. George, all of Portales, N. M.
C. C. Henry Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 11, 1914.
Notice is hereby given that Claude Halford, as guardian of Harvey Pickett an insane person of Arch, N. M., who on March 3, 1911 made homestead entry serial No. 6588 for Southeast quarter, section eight, township 3 South, Range 27 E., N. M. P., has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 30th day of January, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Nathan E. Halford, Wilson A. Johnson, Fredrick G. Waggon, J. R. Ray, all of Arch, N. M.
C. C. Henry, Register.

NOTICE OF SUIT.

In the District Court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico.
G. C. Grant, Plaintiff,
vs.
No. 1073.
Fannie Grant, Defendant.
To the Defendant, Fannie Grant, in the above suit:
You will take notice that a suit has been filed against you in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the state of New Mexico for the County of Roosevelt, in which G. C. Grant is Plaintiff and Fannie Grant is Defendant and numbered 1073 on the docket of said Court.

That the general objects of said suit are as follows: A suit for divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment and unfaithfulness and unloyalty to her marriage vows, and that he be restored to the status of a single person. You are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer or plead in this cause on or before the 19th day of March, 1915, judgment by default will be rendered against you in this suit and the allegations in Plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Compton and Compton are Attorneys for Plaintiff and their record address is Portales, New Mexico.

Witness my hand and seal of said court this the 18th day of January, 1915.

C. P. MITCHELL,
Clerk.
By J. W. BALLOW, Deputy.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 18, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Guy Matthews, of Portales, New Mexico, who on March 11, 1908 made homestead entry No. 65199 for southwest quarter, section 16, Township 2 S., Range 35 E., N. M. P., has filed notice of intention to make five year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 4th day of March, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Prentiss O. Naylor, James A. Tinsley, John N. Reed and Joe Naylor, all of Portales, N. M.
C. C. Henry, Register.

CENTS AT WORK

See me for fresh cows and Jersey butter—L. W. Carleton.

Wanted: Twenty five acres of land listed at once. Inquire at this office.

For sale: Span work mares and fresh milk cows. Harley Thompson. 6 4tp

We have recently printed some blank land leases, which are for sale at this office.

Wall paper, at prices at Dobbs.

FOR RENT—Residence, close in, apply at Herald-Times office.

Curd pays the highest cash price for hides, chickens, eggs and turkeys at the second hand store.

For Sale—Home grown Sudan seed. Good heavy seed, clear of Johnson Grass, eight miles southwest of Portales, Arvis Atkinson. 3-1f

For Trade—J. I. Case lister in good repair; for buggy, hack, wagon or feed. G. L. Hatcher, Upton, N. M. 40-1f

When you want your suit cleaned or pressed phone 144, Landers and Bridges.

Anyone having broom corn in small quantities, bring it to the Portales Broom and Mattress Factory. H. V. Thompson, proprietor. 2-4f

For Sale—One brown horse, weight twelve hundred; two milk cows, fresh soon; 18 shoats, one barrel apple vinegar five years old, steel steel range, hot blast heater, beds and other articles too numerous to mention. W. E. Brown, Portales, N. M. 34f

For Sale—Full blood Barred Rock eggs at 50 cents per setting of 15 eggs. Good hatches guaranteed. Place your order early if you want to be sure. W. A. Stuart, 1 mile south of Portales. 5-4tp

For Sale—Or trade for threshed maize; two wagons 3 1-2 inch Studebaker and Mitchell about as good as new. One automobile in fare shape. One Moon buggy, ranchmans style as good as new. Four miles SE. of Portales. See Wm. Bartenfield. 5 2tp

See W. H. C. Smith in the Sanders building for shoe repairing.

Notice for Publication.

Non coal land
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 12, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Charles H. Sublette of Eida, N. M., who on May 29, 1908 made homestead entry No. 6550 for Lots 1 and 2, E. 1/2 NW 1/4 Sec. 7, Twp 3 South, Range 35 East, and 20 Feb. 12th, 1913 made Adm. HE. serial no. 610549, for SW 1/4 Sec. 6, T. 2 S., R. 32 E. New Mexico Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final 5 1/2 year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before C. A. Coffey, U. S. commissioner, at his office at Eida, N. M., on the 23 day of February, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
George W. Robertson, Milton J. Butts, John D. Pickett, all of Eida, N. M. and Robert Korberg, of Datphok, N. M.
C. C. Henry, Register

Notice for Publication.

Non coal land
Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 5, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Dorothy A. Hatcher, formerly Dorothy A. Greenhouse, of Upton, N. M., who on Aug. 19, 1911, made homestead entry, serial No. 6765 for NW 1-4 Section 2, Twp. 15, Range 31 E. and on Oct. 5, 1912, made Adm. homestead entry, serial No. 610354, SW 1-4 Sec. 28, Twp. 15, R. 31 E. N. M. P. meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final 3 year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before J. C. Compton Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 26th day of February, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Andrew J. McRutt, Jacob C. Cyphers, both of Upton, N. M., and Melissa Bingham, Lillian Nichols, both of Floyd, N. M.
C. C. Henry, Register

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Jan. 5, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that Braxton B. Greenhouse of Inez, N. M., who on March 8, 1910 made homestead entry serial No. 6765 for SE 1-4 section 23 and NW 1-4 sec. 24, Twp. 45, R. 35 E. N. M. P. meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final 3 year proof to establish claim to the land above described before J. C. Compton, Probate Judge, Roosevelt County, N. M., at his office at Portales, N. M., on the 26th day of February, 1915.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Thomas J. Rutless, Durward M. Robinson, Shannon, A. Clark and Edwin P. Williams, all of Inez, N. M.
C. C. Henry, Register.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials Free.
Sold by Druggists. Price 50c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Charter Oak Stoves Majestic Ranges and... Hot Blast Heaters BUILDERS' HARDWARE

HARDY HARDWARE CO.

PHONE NO. 91

Wagons, Baggies and Farm Truck Dry Batteries, Lubricating Oils Washing Machines, Clothes Wringers Ironing Boards and Electric Irons



The First Try On... the suit we make for you will show you at once that our skill as tailors equals your taste in selecting the cloth.

LANDERS AND BRIDGES... Washington E. Lindsey Attorney-At-Law Notary Public United States Commissioner

G. L. REESE Attorney-At-Law... practice in all Courts. Office in Reese building PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

MURL JOHNSON, Auctioneer. See me at assessors office Rates and Dates. PORTALES, N. M.

T. E. MEARS LAWYER... will practice in all Courts, Territorial and Federal Portales, New Mexico

City Transfer R. S. ADAMS Proprietor... Quick Deliveries 71 Trucks a Specialty

DR. W. E. PATTERSON Physician and Surgeon... Office in Neer's Drug Store

JAMES F. GARMANY Physician and Surgeon... Office in Howard Block, Portales, New Mexico.

DR. E. T. DUNAWAY Physician and Surgeon... Office at Portales Drug Company Phone 1. Residence No. 4

L. R. HOUGH, DENTIST... Office in Reese Building

N. FREEMAN JEWELER... Portales, N. M.

YOU ARE NEXT... To the smoothest, easiest and most satisfying shave and most up-to-date hair cut in the city when you get in one of the chairs at

The Sanitary Barber Shop HARDY BUILDING

Strength Past Fifty Years... can be maintained by adapting the right nourishment, and Nature's own oil found in Scott's Emulsion

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1043.

Whereas on Oct. 17th, 1914, in cause No. 1043, pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District of the State of New Mexico...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1044.

Whereas, on November, 3rd 1914, in cause No. 1044 pending in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the State of New Mexico...

NOTICE OF SUIT.

In the District Court of Roosevelt County, New Mexico. G. C. Grant, Plaintiff, vs. Fannie Grant, Defendant.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1045.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1045 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1046.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1046 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1047.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1047 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1048.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1048 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1049.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1049 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1050.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1050 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1051.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1051 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1052.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1052 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. No. 1053.

Whereas, on Nov. 12th, 1914, in cause No. 1053 pending in the District Court of the 5th Judicial District in and for the county of Roosevelt...



The Smoke of the Smart Set

is not the ready-made or even ready-made-to-order cigarette. Smart men of fashion everywhere — club-men, connoisseurs, bon-vivants, millionaire sportsmen — have discovered the keener enjoyment and greater satisfaction in the fresh cigarettes of unique flavor and delicious mildness they roll for themselves...

GENUINE BULL DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO

No other tobacco in the world has the wonderful sweet fragrance and ripe natural mildness of "Bull" Durham. No other cigarettes have the exquisite smoothness and delightful freshness of "Bull" Durham hand-made cigarettes.

"Bull" Durham is a distinctive form of tobacco enjoyment, thoroughly appreciated by smokers of experience and discrimination for the supreme, lasting, wholesome pleasure it affords.

FREE An Illustrated Booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a Package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in U. S. on postal request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.



Notice of Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 3, 1914. Notice is hereby given that William L. George...

Notice of Publication.

Department of the Interior U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 3, 1914. Notice is hereby given that Claudia Hallford...

Notice of Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 3, 1914. Notice is hereby given that Lela M. Austin...

Notice of Publication.

Department of the Interior U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 3, 1914. Notice is hereby given that James C. Garner...

Notice of Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. land office at Fort Sumner, N. M., Dec. 3, 1914. Notice is hereby given that Clara E. Slaker...

CENTS AT WORK

See me for fresh cows and Jersey butler—L. W. Carleton.

Wanted: Twenty five acres of land listed at once. Inquire at this office.

For sale: Span milk mares and fresh milk cows. Harley Thompson. 64tp

We have recently printed some blank land leases, which are for sale at this office.

Wall paper, at prices at Dobbs.

FOR RENT—Residence, close in, apply at Herald-Times office.

Curd pays the highest cash price for hides, chickens, eggs and turkeys at the second hand store.

For Sale—Home grown Sudan seed. Good heavy seed, clear of Johnson grass, eight miles southwest of Portales, Arria Atkinson. 3-4t

For Trade—J. I. Case lister in good repair; for buggy, hack, wagon or feed. G. L. Hatcher, Upton, N. M. 49-4t

When you want your suit cleaned or pressed phone 144, Landers and Bridges.

Anyone having broom corn in small quantities, bring it to the Portales Broom and Mattress Factory, H. V. Thompson, proprietor. 2-4t

For Sale—One brown horse, weight twelve hundred; two milch cows, fresh soon; 18 shovels, one barrel apple vinegar 18 years old, steel steel range, hot blast heater, beds and other articles too numerous to mention. W. E. Brown, Portales, N. M. 34t

For Sale—Full blood Barred Rock eggs at 50 cents per setting of 15 eggs. Good hatches guaranteed. Place your order early if you want to be sure. W. A. Stuart, 1 mile south of Portales. 5-4tp

For Sale: or trade for threshed maize; two wagons 3 1/4 inch Stud-baker and Mitchell, about as good as new. One automobile in fine shape. One Moon buggy, ranchmans style as good as new. Four miles SE. of Portales. See Wm. Battenfield. 5 2tp

See W. H. C. Smith in the Sanders building for shoe repairing.

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Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them.

"CASCARETS" ACT ON LIVER, BOWELS

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box. Are you keeping your bowels, liver, and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with Salts, Cathartic Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters? Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels. A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your store. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipation. Adv.

The Prospect. "You don't seem anxious to get home to your dinner." "I don't care for the menu I'll get." "What is it?" "When my wife finds out I forgot to mail her letter the first course will be tongue served up with hard sauce."

"MY HEALTH IS PERFECT"

So Says A North Carolina Lady In Telling What She Owes To Cardui, The Woman's Tonic.

Mt. Alry, N. C.—Mrs. Ada Hull, of this place, says: "About six years ago I got in very bad health. I suffered terrible pains in my abdomen and back. I dreaded to see the sun rise and I dreaded to see it set, for I suffered such agony. No one except myself will ever know how badly I suffered. The doctor said I was suffering as a result of the menopause.

As nothing gave me any relief, I asked the doctor if I hadn't better try Cardui. He said, 'It might help you,' and told my husband to get me a bottle. At this time I was so weak I could not lift my head, and my voice was so weak, people had to lean towards the bed to hear what I said. I looked so bad and had such a dark color that I looked like a dead woman, and my relatives thought I would never get up again.

I took one bottle of Cardui and it relieved the pain and suffering so much that my husband got another bottle, and that improved me still more. I began to strengthen and gradually got well. I have now had better health for six years, than I ever had in all my life. I have taken no medicine since, and my health is perfect.

Cardui is the finest medicine a woman could use.

Try it. At druggists.—Adv.

If some men had their lives to live again they probably wouldn't leave so many dollars for their heirs to scrap over.

STOP EATING MEAT IF KIDNEYS OR BACK HURT

Take a Glass of Salts to Clean Kidneys if Bladder Bothers You—Meat Forms Uric Acid.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked, get sluggish, clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.—Adv.

Why is it that a deaf man can always hear an invitation to take a drink?

Every woman's pride, beautiful, clear white clothes. Use Red Cross Ball Blue. All grocers. Adv.

Many a man has been carried under by the sheer weight of his own dignity.

NAVY NOT STARVED

Congress Has Been Liberal With Appropriations.

Figures Show That Republican Administrators Squandered Money Designed for the Upbuilding of the Country's Fleets.

Our neighbor the Sun has joined with the World in expressing a healthy curiosity to know what has become of all the immense sums of money that the American people have spent on the navy during the past 16 years.

The World has repeatedly called attention to the disconcerting fact that our naval expenditures exceed those of Germany and Austria combined, yet Admiral Flske has testified that it would take five years to get the American navy into a state of efficiency equal to that of the German navy.

The Sun has taken the trouble to compile the naval appropriations of the United States and Germany for the last 16 years. It finds that the total appropriations for the American navy during that time aggregate \$1,645,900,186. The total appropriations for the German navy during these 16 years are only \$1,237,915,560. Since the Spanish-American war the American people have spent \$400,000,000 more on their navy than the Germans have spent, and now we are told by naval experts that our navy is inferior in all respects to the German navy.

It is plain that congress has not starved the navy. No other navy, except the British, has received such generous appropriations. It is equally plain that the American people have not had a dollar's worth of navy for a dollar's worth of expenditure.

The present controversy gets us nowhere—the clamor for four battleships in place of two, the unstated abuse of Secretary Daniels and the attempt to play party politics with the national defense. The secret of our naval inferiority is obviously in its organization, and until that is remedied there will be no remedy.

For years the army organization was notoriously antiquated. Nothing was done about it until it broke down during the Spanish American war and the whole country screamed for a victim, which it found in Secretary Alger. Then Elihu Root was allowed to frame a bill that gave the country a modern army organization. Must we wait until the navy has broken down in time of national peril to secure similar legislation reorganizing the navy?—New York World

The National Defense.

The report of the secretary of war furnishes a needed commentary on that part of the president's address dealing with the question of national defense. Since it is inconceivable that Secretary Garrison is in conflict with his chief, it follows that his recommendations accord with the president's estimate of the country's needs.

Those recommendations are singularly close to the reforms on which the Journal has insisted as necessary to national safety. Three corps—120,000 men—in the regular army, the rapid formation of a trained reserve, the addition of 1,000 officers to the present force at the earliest possible moment—every thinking man must agree that this is a modest program for a rich and isolated nation of 100,000,000 people.

Best of all, the secretary's report takes the question of national defense out of the hands of partisan jingoes whose clamor would have disgusted the American people and made rational reform impossible.—Chicago Journal

Fifty Millions a Month.

We desire again to press home the question asked in these columns on Saturday morning: how can the business of a country remain good when its customers quit buying? Republican criticism of the operation of the Underwood tariff is offered for political effect only, and with the tongue in the cheek. During the first ten months of 1913 the United States sold in the foreign market a billion and a half dollars' worth of manufactures and materials for manufacturing. During the first ten months of 1914 we sold just a billion dollars' worth. This meant a loss of income from exports of more than five hundred million dollars—fifty millions a month, a full third of last year's business. How absurd it is to overlook the great fact that our customers ceased buying of us to the extent of hundreds of millions and hurt general impressions at the tariff!—St. Louis Republic.

Silly Expression. Closed factories are not the result of the war, they are the result of a free trade tariff.—New York Evening Mail.

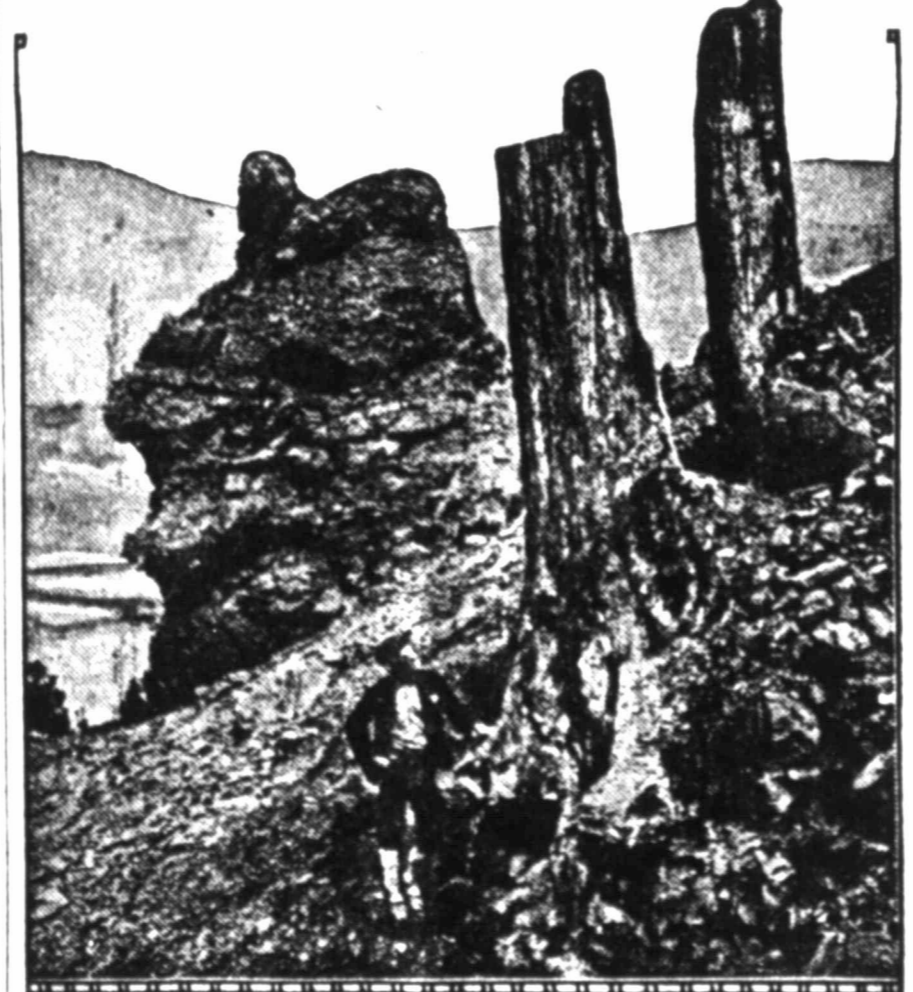
Why speak of a tariff higher than that of any other nation on earth, with the possible exception of Japan, as "a free trade tariff"?

Increase in Navy Personnel. In his aspirations for a carefully organized body of naval reserves, Secretary Daniels is on familiar ground. Every man who gives any study to a war machine, afloat or ashore, must realize the vital need of reserves under modern conditions of conflict. Probably Mr. Daniels is right in not asking for any increase in the personnel of the navy at this time, but it is certain that such an increase must come before long, unless a general disarmament follows the great war now raging in Europe.

Wonderful Forests of Stone

REMARKABLE fossil forests exist in Yellowstone park, the most remarkable, it is believed, of the several fossil forests which have been discovered—there are others in Egypt, in California, and in Arizona—because in the Yellowstone most of the trees were entombed in their original upright position and not found recumbent and scattered about the ground, writes F. H. Knowlton of the United States geological survey in American Forestry. In Arizona, for instance, the fossilized trunks have evidently been carried a long distance from where they originally grew. In the Yellowstone, the trees now stand where they grew and where they were entombed by the outpouring of various volcanic materials. Now as the softer rocks surrounding them are gradually worn away they are left standing erect on the steep hillsides just as they stood when they were living; in fact, it is difficult at a little distance to distinguish some of these fossil trunks from the lichen-covered stumps of kindred living species.

Those fossil forests cover an extensive area in the northern portion of the park, being especially abundant along the west side of Lamar river for about twenty miles above its junction with the Yellowstone. Here the land rises rather abruptly to a height of approximately 2,000 feet above the valley floor. It is known locally as Specimen ridge, and forms an approach to Amethyst mountain. There is also a small fossil forest containing a number of standing trunks near Tower falls, and near the eastern border of the park along Lamar river in the vicinity of Cache, Calfee and Miller creeks, there are many more or less



TWIN TRUNKS ON SPECIMEN RIDGE

isolated trunks and stumps of fossil trees, but so far as known none of these are equal to the fossil forest on the slopes of Specimen ridge.

Recently another extensive fossil forest has been found on the divide between the Gallatin and Yellowstone rivers in the Gallatin range of mountains, in Park and Gallatin counties, Mont. This forest, which lies just outside the boundary of the Yellowstone National park, is said to cover 35,000 acres and to contain some wonderfully well-preserved upright trunks, many of them very large, equaling or perhaps even surpassing in size some of those within the limits of the park.

One Forest Above Another. One traversing the valley of the Lamar river may see at many places numerous upright fossil trunks in the faces of nearly vertical walls. These trunks are not all at a particular level, but occur at irregular heights. In fact, a section cut down through these 2,000 feet of beds would disclose a succession of fossil forests. That is to say, after the first forest grew and was entombed, there was a time without volcanic outburst—a period long enough to permit a second forest to grow above the first. This in turn was covered by volcanic material and preserved, to be followed again by a period of quiet and these more or less regular alternations of volcanism and forest growth continued throughout the time the beds were in process of formation.

The area within which the fossil forests are now found was apparently in the beginning an irregular but relatively flat basin, on the floor of which after a time there grew the first forest. Then there came from some of the volcanic sources, probably those to the north, an outpouring of ashes, mud flows and

other material which entirely buried the forest, but so gradually that the trees were simply submerged by the incoming material, few of them being prostrated. On the raised floor of the basin, after a time, the next forest came into existence, only to be in turn engulfed as the first had been, and so on through the period represented by the 2,000 feet or more of similar beds. The series of entombed forests affords a means of making at least a rough estimate of the time required for the upbuilding of what is now Specimen ridge and its extensions.

On Amethyst Mountain. The fossil forest that was first brought to scientific attention is on the northern slope of Amethyst mountain, opposite the mouth of Soda Butte creek, about eight miles southeast of Junction Butte. The following account, by Dr. William H. Holmes, the discoverer of these fossil forests, shows the impression first made by them:

ARMORED CAR IN WARFARE

European Armies Have Found it of the Greatest Value in Their Operations.

Although an engine new to warfare, the armored motor car has proved extremely useful, especially for outpost and scouting duty. Fast, silent, and mobile, it covers a vast amount of ground on the splendid roads that crisscross the field of war in western Europe. Most of the cars are incased in a light frame of tough steel plate that ranges in thickness from three-sixteenths of an inch to a quarter of an inch, and that is impervious to rifle and machine-gun fire. All the vulnerable parts of the motor, such as the radiator and steering gear, and in some of the newest cars the wheels, are protected by the steel covering. The wheels, both wood and wire, are said to withstand the roughest sort of usage. Accidents to the tires are much less common than anyone would expect. The cars carry a light armament—one or two machine guns so mounted that they can be swung through a complete circle—and a large supply of ammunition. The crew, which may number from four to eight or more men, are armed with rifles and revolvers. Some of the cars have a steel superstructure that rises from the chassis frame high enough to enable the crew to stand upright, and that is capped with a domed roof, from which bullets and shrapnel usually fly off at a sharp angle without even denting the steel.—Youth's Companion.

OVERWORK AND KIDNEY TROUBLE

Mr. James McDaniel, Oakley, Ky., writes: "I overworked and strained myself, which brought on Kidney and Bladder Disease. My symptoms were Backache and burning in the stem of the Bladder, which was sore and had a constant burning all the time—broken sleep, tired feeling, nervousness, puffing and swollen eyes, shortness of breath and rheumatic pains. I suffered ten months. I was treated by a physician, but found no relief until I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. I now feel that I am permanently cured by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free.—Adv.

Effeminate. Gabe—Why do you say he is effeminate? He doesn't act that way. Steve—He always wants the last word.

Hadn't Noticed It. Tomdix—Your wife is certainly outspoken, isn't she? Hojax—Not that I know of. I never met any one who could outspcak her.

Delicate Point. "There are ladies on the jury." "They ought to favor a lady defendant."

Full of Spirit. "Your cousin Sarah is such a volatile creature." "Yes, we call her Sal Volatile."

Its Nature. "I've got work with a circus, tending to the animals." "What a beastly job!"

Her Ideal. He—What is your masculine ideal? She—A man who has both sand and dust.

There isn't much hope for the bride who can't learn to sew by the time her hubby's wedding garments need patching.

The automobile has it on the horse in one respect. It doesn't shed its hair in the spring.

Mexico has three provisional presidents, all dodging each other.

However, a man may not be married and still have his troubles.

The average boarding house chicken is a great help to the dentist.

FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR SICK CHILD

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver and bowels.

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs" that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without gripping. When cross, irritable, feverish, or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleaning" should always be the first treatment given. Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Adv.

NOT THE TIME FOR A SMOKE

Old Lady, Filled Up With "Cartridges," Was in Natural Fear of an Explosion.

A robust old woman in the mountains of north Georgia was ill for the first time in her life and a doctor was sent for. Partly by persuasion and partly by force, the physician induced his patient to swallow some big opium capsules—a simple enough operation, which, however, scared the old woman almost to death. She was soon able to sit up and her daughter thought she would give the convalescent a treat. She took her mother's corn-cob pipe from the "shelf" or mantel, filled it with tobacco, and picking up a live coal between two sticks, started with it toward the bed. "Ma," she said, brightly, "jes' look what I got fer ye." "Git away from me, Sary," she screamed in terror. "Take away dat fire! Take hit away! Don't yer know I done plum filled up w' cartridges!"—Chicago Ledger.

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT. BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and just try it. Adv.

'Twas Ever Thus! The Elm—What was your ambition? The Oak—As an acorn I planned to grow up to be a Christmas tree.

It is hard for a woman to hold her husband's love when she can't even hold her tongue.

"Peace at any price" is a man's motto. A woman wants it at bargain rates.

Canada is Calling You to her Rich Wheat Lands

She extends to Americans a hearty invitation to settle on her FREE Homestead lands of 160 acres each or secure some of the low priced lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

This year wheat is higher but Canadian land just as cheap, so the opportunity is more attractive than ever. Canada wants you to help to feed the world by tilling some of her soil—land similar to that which during many years has averaged 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Think what you can make with wheat around \$1 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain growing.

The Government this year is asking farmers to put increased acreage into grain. Military service is not compulsory in Canada but there is a great demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for service. The climate is healthful and agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

G. A. COOK
125 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo.
Canadian Government Agent.

I Took It S My

I Used Peruna. Am all Right Now. I owe my Health Peruna

Mrs. Anna...
"I would..."
"Mamma, to measure..."
"Old Maid had to put..."
"Chorus—Little..."
"Really..."
"The joy..."
"A large..."
"It's wor..."
"and wom..."
"achs reg..."
"home—st..."
"in case..."
"during th..."
"quickest..."
"stomach..."
"Life is..."
"you ever..."
"don't see..."
"For th..."
"3:30 a..."
"Wome..."
"their ho..."
"The..."
"where th..."
"Back..."
"Books of..."
"Don't..."
"is Jane..."
"there is..."
"suspect..."
"sches, d..."
"wrote..."
"Use I..."
"for bad..."
"Every..."
"story..."
"A Time..."
"taken..."
"G..."
"D..."
"POST..."
"W. N."



Fine line of souvenir spoons at Whitcomb and Larrabee's.

Latest style, friendship bracelets at Whitcomb and Larrabee's

W. E. Collins, of Elida, was a visitor here the first of the week.

Lee Carter, deputy assessor, is at Elida this week on official business.

Good stock of window glass and mirrors on hand at all times see Dobbs.

Mrs. W. S. Merrill and children left Monday to visit at Bay City, Texas.

Frank McDonald returned the first of the week after visiting relatives at Amarillo.

Dr. Wollard and family returned last week and will again make their home here.

W. M. Drinkard and J. F. Crawford of the Macy community were in town Tuesday.

W. O. Oldham and G. M. Williamson, the bankers returned from Kansas City Monday.

W. E. Roberts, the Garrison stockmen, was transacting business here the first of the week.

Capt. Harlow of Roswell, a former newspaper man of that place, was in town the first of the week.

We write insurance on farm property and grain under the most favorable terms, at small cost. Brayley and Ball.

B. M. Shumpert of the Shelby district was selling some farm products here Tuesday. He raised the biggest crop ever this year.

Farms, Stores and hotels in Missouri, Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and other states to trade for New Mexico stuff, see BRALEY and BALL.

New line of fancy box chocolates at the Kandy Kitchen.

Best dollar alarm clocks on the market, at Whitcomb and Larrabee's.

We meet all catalogue house prices, in our line, Whitcomb and Larrabee's.

S. F. Lane, the Floyd stockman, was transacting business here Wednesday.

W. E. Hudson and family left for Clovis Monday. Mr. Hudson is now employed there.

Eighty thousand rolls of wall paper just arrived. Enough to supply the county at Dobb's.

For Sale:- Good second hand feed crusher. Bargain if sold at once. W. F. Faggard. 52

Asst. district attorney A. W. Hockenull of Clovis was here Monday and Tuesday on official business.

Wm. D. Greathouse of Inez, on Wednesday brought to town one of the largest loads of grain that has come in this year.

We have a large number of inquiries for Roosevelt county property. If you want to trade or sell list your property with us. BRALEY and BALL.

Edgar Savage of Elida was transacting business here Monday between trains. He has again been elected justice of the peace at that place.

The first installment of Runaway June, shown at the Cosy last Monday night, was appreciated by a large audience and proved to be one of the most beautiful pictures ever shown here.

R. H. Wily, manager of the Joyce-Fruit Co's dry goods department, accompanied the Portales road boosters to Roswell. He will attend a meeting of the company's officials and boost the good roads movement.

Jas. Monroe this week traded property at Tucumcari to Chas. Duncan for the latter's residence in the north part of town. The residence acquired by Mr. Monroe is one of the nicest small homes in the town.

Prominent Mason Here

Dr. Hare, of State College, Masonic Grand Master for the jurisdiction of New Mexico was here last Thursday. A special meeting of Portales lodge No. 20 was held and he was enabled to meet a great many Masons of the community.

Many Prospectors Come

The sales department of the Martin-Hansen Investment company are wearing a glad smile. Why shouldn't they. Fourteen live prospectors last week and about one half dozen already this week. Surely this looks good and is encouraging.

Inez Items.

Shannon Clark's new residence is nearly completed.

Lee Carter, deputy assessor was here the first of the week.

Mrs. Cap. Hodges was a visitor here last week.

Miss Ruth Croft and Arch Merrick were married recently.

Miss Ollie Greathouse entertained the Careful Gleaners Sunday school class last Saturday night. Everyone enjoyed themselves immensely.

Mr. Boggs of Kansas is visiting his brother, Bert Boggs, of this place.

Leo Braley, assistant mail carrier, has been very sick but we understand will soon be able to resume his work.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Whitfield died on Saturday night. They have the sympathy of all in their sorrow.

Farmers Should Organize.

Dr. Hare, of the New Mexico State College of Agriculture, at State College, New Mexico, was here last week for the purpose of lecturing to the farmers of the county. Through a misunderstanding the paper was not given any notice to notify the people, and the attendance was slim. However, those who heard Dr. Hare and his assistant were much benefited by their remarks, and one man was heard to say that what he learned was worth \$100 to him.

Dr. Hare urged the farmers and fruit growers of this county to get organized. In this manner the demonstration can be carried on in a systematic manner.

This demonstration work is carried on largely through aid given by the Federal government and the farmers of this county should get organized and take advantage of it. The money derived through the Smith-Lever bill will make demonstration work more extensive and thorough.

There are many advantages to be gained by organization. The station cannot make analysis for an individual, but they will for a farmers organization. Better get together and organize.

Notice.

All persons having slips belonging to the county road board requested to return them immediately as they are needed.

T. J. Molinari.
Sec. Co. Road Board.

Prominent Odd Fellow Here

C. Bert Smith of Artesia, Grand Master of the Odd Fellows for the state of New Mexico, met with the local I. O. O. F. lodge Tuesday night. A very interesting meeting is reported

The Portales Suffrage Club

A very enjoyable meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Lindsey on last Wednesday. The members were present to a one o'clock luncheon. Covers were laid for twelve, and there were several absent. Yellow was the prevailing color. The favors were baskets of yellow at each plate.

After the luncheon a highly interesting program was rendered. The Illinois suffrage law was read, also letters from Congressman Fergusson in regard to the congressional suffrage vote. Mr. Fergusson voting in favor of submitting the amendment although of course substantiating the presidential views as to his individual opinion, that is, the state rights doctrine.

Several extracts of members of the House of Representatives were also read. It is to the credit of New Mexico that we have an "aye" vote even though the Democratic caucus voted with the president to veto the amendment. Nevertheless 86 of the Democrats of the house voted for submission regardless of the caucus.

In view of the following regulations of suffrage for men in the United States by congress it looks as though "Consistency" in regard to women suffrage necessarily coming by one state and another were a joke.

Ten instances of congress regulating suffrage for men.

- 1st. 15th amendment.
- 2nd. Granting vote to Indians when reservations were broken up.
- 3rd. Granting vote to former confederate soldiers taking the oath allegiance.
- 4th. Granting vote to foreigners who fought in the civil war.
- 5th. Granting vote to men released after terms in the federal penitentiaries.
- 6th. Act of congress in direct

election of senators

17th amendment.

7th. Granting vote to men disfranchised for desertion from the army.

8th. Naturalized citizens. Section 8, art. 1.

9th. Disfranchisement of wives of naturalized men in states where women have the ballot.

10th. Case of Susan B. Anthony, who was arrested by federal and not state authorities after voting under the 14th amendment.

Dr. McIntosh Will Lecture.

Dr. McIntosh will deliver an address on Southern history to the U. D. C. and Confederate veterans at the Methodist church on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Special music appropriate to the occasion will be rendered. The public is invited to be present.

Presbyterian Church.

Sunday school at 10 a. m. and preaching at 11 a. m. Subject, revivals, their nature, motions, needs and conditions. Every member of the Sunday school and congregation is earnestly requested and urged to be present.

We extend a cordial invitation to the public to come and worship with us. Drs. Gaas and Winder of Albuquerque will be here on the first Monday in February to begin a week's meeting. Please keep this in mind and come to hear them when they come. Pastor.

Strayed or Stolen.

One coming two year old red Durham heifer, branded 22 on right side.

This animal disappeared from my place last summer. Will pay \$10. for information leading to her recovery, and if stolen will pay \$100. for evidence that will put the thief in the Pen.

S. F. Lane, Floyd, N. M.

PORTALES UTILITIES COMPANY

Do You Want a Creamery?

We have a man who will put up \$5,000 cash against a like sum to build a Creamery at Portales. This will build a Creamery and provide ample cash working capital to run it for one year. The cream checks will be good. You Farmers will get your money at once for the Cream. Merchants, think what this means. Cash immediately—each week.

GET IN BEHIND THIS MOVEMENT

Martin-Hansen Investment Company