

LATE ELECTION RETURNS

Continue to Pile Up Majorities For Roosevelt

Denver, Nov. 16.—The majority in favor of Mr. Roosevelt continues to grow and is now crowding close to the two million mark.

The Republican state ticket has been elected in Colorado, with the exception of Governor Peabody, the latest returns showing a plurality of about 10,000 for Alva Adams for governor.

There is no doubt about the election of all three Republican candidates for member of Congress.

In Denver, George Stidger, Republican candidate for district attorney, has been elected over Mr. Lindsay, the present district attorney, who was sharply opposed by the league for honest elections because of his alleged failure to prosecute election fraud cases.

The remainder of the candidates on the Democratic ticket have small majorities and their seats are likely to be contested.

Roosevelt's Pluralities.

New York, Nov. 15.—A tabulated statement of the indicated result is as follows:

Table with columns: STATE, Estimated Elector's Plurality, and Elector's Vote. Lists states from Colorado to Wyoming with their respective pluralities and votes.

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Roosevelt Carries Missouri.

Kansas City, Nov. 12.—The Star (Independent) says:

Roosevelt has carried Missouri by 10,000 to 15,000. The only Democratic state candidate elected is Folk for governor, who made a remarkable race against the Roosevelt landslide.

The legislature is in doubt, with chances favoring a Republican body to select Senator Cockrell's successor.

Republican congressmen have been elected in the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Tenth and Fifteenth districts.

Chairman Evans of the Democratic state committee, concedes the election of eight Republican congressmen in Missouri.

Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Wis., November 11.—Secretary Frank R. Bentley of the Stalwart Republican faction stated last night that the returns received by him from every precinct in the Third congressional district show that Congressman Joseph W. Babcock is re-elected without the shadow of a doubt, and that his plurality is 249.

Chairman J. B. Ashley of the Third district Republican committee telephoned from Baraboo last night that Babcock's plurality is 225. Reports received by the La Follette faction cut the plurality down to twenty-five. The opinion is now general that Babcock is elected, but by what plurality only the official count can determine.

Chairman Connor of the La Follette state central committee, claims that the next Assembly will contain seventy and the Senate nineteen supporters of Gov. La Follette's measures. As to United States senator, Mr. Connor says there is no chance for Senator Quarles to be re-elected nor any one not a supporter of the state administration.

The latest estimates of Republican pluralities in Wisconsin give Roosevelt and Fairbanks between 125,000 and 140,000 and La Follette between 50,000 and 60,000. It will be several days before the full returns are in.

Maryland is Close.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 12.—That an official count of the ballots cast for the presidential electors at last Tuesday's election in Maryland will be required before definite knowledge of the result can be assumed, was demonstrated tonight by the semi-official count in Baltimore and in twenty of the twenty-three counties of the state.

The unofficial returns received thus far indicate that seven Democratic electors and one Republican elector

was chosen. The congressional situation remains unchanged, three Democratic and three Republican congressmen having been elected.

The state board of canvassers will make the official announcement of the vote. This board must meet and complete its labor within thirty days after the day of election.

It is explained by the election supervisors and the political leaders that the mis-matching of ballots caused the discrepancy between the vote for the national and the congressional candidates. In this connection charges of fraud are made by the leaders of both parties and it will be necessary to await the official count to decide the vote.

Of the presidential electors it is safe to say that by the unofficial count Charles J. Bonaparte, Republican, of Baltimore, was elected and the remaining seven Maryland members of the electoral college were chosen by an average majority of about 400 by the Democrats. The vote for the candidates by the supervisors in Baltimore and in at least three counties. It will, therefore, require the decision of the state board of canvassers to determine the actual result.

Congressman William H. Jackson, who, on the face of the returns in the first congressional district, was defeated by Thomas A. Smith, Democratic, has announced that he will contest the seat on the ground of fraud.

Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Nov. 13.—Complete but unofficial figures from every county in the state with the exception of Allegheny, in which Pittsburgh is included, but from where a close estimate has been obtained, shows that President Roosevelt's plurality in Pennsylvania has reached 494,952, the largest plurality ever given a presidential candidate by any state in the political history of the country. President Roosevelt's total vote, according to figures at hand, is \$30,562, and Judge Parker's 338,600. McKinley's total vote in 1900 was 712,685 and Bryan's 424,232.

The city of Philadelphia gives Roosevelt a total vote of 277,433 out of 280,718 votes cast for all candidates. He returns from forty-nine of the sixty counties five Swallow, Prohibitionist, 237,863 votes. The eighteen missing counties in 1900 gave Woolley, Prohibitionist, 6,568. Woolley's total vote in Pennsylvania four years ago was 257,908.

Incomplete figures from all counties in the state show that Roosevelt has about 410,000 over Thompson for Supreme Court judge.

Washington Strongly Republican.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 12.—Complete returns from one-fourth of all the precincts in the state of Washington and incomplete returns from most of the others at noon to-day show that the Roosevelt electors have carried the state by over 30,000 votes.

Albert E. Mead, Republican, of Belingham, is elected governor over George Turner, Democrat, of Spokane, by between 5,000 and 7,000 votes. Charles E. Good, Republican, is elected lieutenant governor by fully 14,000 votes.

Every other candidate on the Republican state ticket is elected by from 15,000 to 20,000, except Humphrey, Jones and Cashin for Congress, whose majorities will be higher.

The next Legislature will be very strongly Republican.

Montana.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 11.—The returns from Tuesday's election thus far received seem to give the Republicans the best of it in the next Legislature. The House, it is figured on actual returns, will be Republicans 27, Democrats 12, doubtful 4. The Senate from present indications will be fifteen Republicans, ten Democrats and one doubtful. A Republican Legislature insures the return of former Senator Carter to the United States Senate.

Chairman Mantle of the Republican state central committee claimed this afternoon that Roosevelt's plurality in Montana is 10,000, that Dixon for Congress has a plurality of 5,000 and that the Legislature will be Republican.

New Mexico.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 11.—Returns received to-day give Andrews a still greater lead over Money, the former's plurality for Congress being over 5,200. The pluralities by counties are: For Andrews: Colfax 866, Dona Ana 150, Lincoln 500, Arriba 875, Sandoval 1,050, San Miguel 450, Socorro 450, Taos 250, Torrance 508, Union 109, Valencia 1,804.

The counties giving pluralities for Money over Andrews are: Bernalillo 181, Chaves 550, Eddy 275, Grant 150, Leonard Wood 21, Luna 103,

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Nevada.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 11.—There are still about seventy precincts to hear from in this state. A conservative estimate places Roosevelt's plurality at between 2,500 and 3,000. Yerington, Republican, is elected to Congress over Van Duser, Democrat, by about 100. Nixon, Republican, for senator, will control the Legislature by about three votes.

Indiana.

Indianapolis, Nov. 12.—Secretary Sims of the Republican state committee, said yesterday that from unofficial reports from eighty of the ninety-two counties, the Republican national ticket had received a plurality of 74,000 in Indiana.

Vice President-elect Fairbanks has received numerous telegrams of congratulation. All these messages the senator reads carefully.

Minnesota.

St. Paul, Nov. 11.—Returns received here show that the next Minnesota house of representatives will have 107 Republicans and twelve Democrats.

Incomplete returns from all counties show that Johnson, Democrat, was elected governor by a majority of 13,756.

Connecticut.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 11.—It is estimated that Roosevelt's plurality will reach almost 25,000, which is several thousand ahead of McKinley's figures in 1900.

Revised New York Figures.

New York, Nov. 11.—A revised table of the figures for President and governor in New York state to be printed by the Tribune to-morrow shows that Roosevelt received a plurality of 176,627 over Parker and Higgins 80,490 over Herrick.

Folk Carries Missouri.

Kansas City, Nov. 11.—Returns from all counties in the state, and most of these official, give Folk, Democrat, for governor, 30,566 plurality, and Roosevelt 23,771 plurality.

Swanger, Republican, for secretary of state, has a majority of 14,351 over Cook, the present incumbent.

Auditor Allen, Democrat, for re-election, is 15,000 behind Wilder, Republican, while the remainder of the Democratic state ticket, with the exception of Folk for governor, probably is defeated by pluralities varying from 600 to 5,000.

Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 12.—Complete unofficial returns from every county in the state were received by the state auditor to-day. The vote on President follows: Roosevelt, Republican, 231,570; Parker, Democrat, 165,859; Deas, Socialist, 7,242; Swallow, Prohibitionist, 7,235; Watson, Populist, 1,791. These are the figures that will be canvassed by the board in December.

Indiana.

Indianapolis, Nov. 12.—Official returns from sixty-two out of ninety-two counties in Indiana give Roosevelt 238,481, Parker 234,962; Roosevelt's plurality, 90,519. The other ten counties probably will increase Roosevelt's plurality to 95,000.

Michigan Republican.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 11.—With returns at hand from all but a few of the counties in the state and a careful estimate of the probable vote in the missing ones, the Free Press places Roosevelt's plurality at 145,900 and the plurality of Fred M. Warner, Republican candidate for governor, at 47,945.

Kansas Republican.

Topeka, Nov. 9.—At 7:15 this morning returns at hand show that Roosevelt has carried Kansas by a majority closely approaching 100,000. E. W. Hoch is elected governor by the Republicans by a plurality of 58,000 or more. T. K. Kelly, (Rep.), candidate for state treasurer, will receive a plurality of 12,000.

The Legislature, which may have to elect a United States senator, went overwhelmingly Republican. The eight members of Congress from this state are all Republican.

New Jersey for Roosevelt.

Newark, N. J., Nov. 15.—New Jersey was carried by the Republicans by a bigger majority than even the most sanguine of the Republicans predicted. The state gave in the neighborhood of 40,000 for Roosevelt, exceeding McKinley's majority four years ago by 3,000 or more.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

Economizing Water Supply.

The New Mexico experiment station is making the study of irrigation problems its chief line of work; and among other problems is studying the most economical amount of water necessary for the production of crops.

There are three directions says a recent bulletin in which even an approximation to the least amount of water necessary for producing a full crop would prove very valuable.

The first is in pumping. Here each inch of water added above what is absolutely necessary increases materially the cost of producing the crop.

Whether the crop is produced at a profit or a loss may depend on the use of a few inches of water more than is absolutely necessary.

The second is in estimating the size of the storage reservoir for the irrigation of a given area, or the area which can be irrigated from a reservoir of given size.

In either case water can only irrigate a certain area of land, and if a third more water than necessary is used, then the area which can be irrigated from the reservoir will be decreased one-third.

The third is in enabling us to economize in the use of the water of our present canal system. There is scarcely an irrigation system in New Mexico, or anywhere else, where there is not more land that can be easily reached than there is water for under the present methods of irrigation.

If the amount of water used could be more fully directed without decreasing the crop yield, it would then be possible to increase the acreage under cultivation in that locality.

In many places, in other states, the people have found that they can do with very much less water than they formerly thought was possible; and such a thing may some day happen in New Mexico.

Not only would a more economical use of water permit the enlargement of the cultivated area, but it would save the man who has located in a low land from being damaged by the seepage from the excess of water used by his neighbors above. Much of the alkali in the irrigated districts is due to the waste of water, either from over irrigation or from leaky ditches.

The experiment station is experimenting on wheat and alfalfa at this year one of the principal objects in the wheat experiments was to find out whether different amounts of water supplied after the wheat began to head had any marked effect on the yield, and if so, which amount was most economical.

One set of six plots was irrigated once a week a, or heading, receiving thirty-five acre inches of water per acre in seven irrigations, and gave an average yield of eighteen bushels per acre; another was irrigated once in four irrigations, receiving twenty-five inches per acre in five irrigations, and one-tenth bushel per acre, yielded sixteen and six-tenths bushels per acre; a third was irrigated once in three weeks after heading, received twenty-five acre-inches per acre in four irrigations, and yielded ten and one-tenth bushels per acre, and a fourth set consisting of two plots received eighteen acre-inches per acre in three irrigations, and yielded ten and six-tenths bushels per acre. All of the plots received an irrigation at heading, another in April and still another in the middle of May when the wheat began to head.

From these results we would infer that eighteen acre-inches was not enough; and as the ten acre-inches over twenty-five only gave three bushels of wheat, more water seems to be necessary. The most economical amount used.

It is only by repeating such experiments year after year that we will finally learn just what amount to use. After heading the set of plants irrigated once a week received an average of four acre-inches of water each week, but they generally lost in the moisture content of the first six feet of soil till the wheat was out.

Practically none of the thirty-five acre-inches applied penetrated below the fifth foot.

The results of these experiments will soon be published as a station bulletin.

The results of the experiments with alfalfa will form the subject of later press bulletins.

New Solicitor General.

The New Mexican prints the following sketch: George W. Prichard of White Oaks, Lincoln county, who has just been appointed by Governor Otero, solicitor general of New Mexico, is an attorney who has been a member of the New Mexico bar for twenty-five years. He was born at New Harmony, Indiana, the son of James E. Prichard, who was a judge on the bench for a number of years and whose father was a soldier in the army of 1812. Colonel Prichard's mother, whose maiden name was Martha Downs, died when he was but a lad. His family on both sides were Kentuckians, whose ancestors came from Virginia.

Colonel Prichard's early education was derived mainly from private tutors. He graduated from the literary and law departments of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, leaving that institution in 1872. He at once entered upon the practice of his profession and was successful from the start, being noted in his early youth for his eloquence and his practical law at Rock, Arkansas, for some years after graduating. Governor Powell Clayton of that state appointed him lieutenant colonel of the Arkansas militia.

In 1876 Colonel Prichard was a candidate for presidential elector on the Republican ticket, a rare honor for so young a man. In 1879, Colonel Prichard came West in quest of health and settled at Las Vegas, in this territory. Twice he was elected to the Legislative Council and served his constituents in an efficient and creditable manner, and made an enviable record for honesty and carefulness.

In 1882 President Arthur appointed him United States attorney for New Mexico, which position he filled creditably and efficiently until the Cleveland administration appointed a Democrat in his stead.

In recent years Colonel Prichard has

been a resident of White Oaks, Lincoln county, and has been engaged in the practice of his profession; always taking a strong interest in territorial politics.

Romeroville Sanitarium.

A Las Vegas correspondent gives the following details of the proposed new sanitarium near that city as follows: Frederick W. Seward, of Goshen, N. Y., and Dr. W. T. Brown of Lancaster, Wisconsin, have purchased the magnificent Romeroville ranch property four miles below this city, and will immediately establish a tent, cottage and pavilion sanitarium of the most scientific and up-to-date nature.

The ranch consists of 3,000 acres, part being under irrigation, the rest covered with pine and cedar forests. The big two-story ranch house, known throughout the territory as the Mansfield, was built twenty years ago by Don Trinidad Romero, every stick of timber cost \$25.00. There are a number of tenant houses, stone barns and large pastures. The location, in full view of the main range of the Las Vegas mountains, is ideal.

Dr. Brown is the physician who was at the head of the plan for reopening the Montezuma as a sanitarium. The proposition proved unsatisfactory because the physicians who intended to put \$100,000 into it could secure a lease only subject to a sale should opportunity arise. Those noted physicians who were interested in the Montezuma scheme will send their patients instead to the Romeroville institution.

Dr. Seward is ranked as one of the greatest climatological specialists of the East. Every year he is appealed to by scores of eastern physicians to decide the localities in the West to which patients are to be sent. He is the owner of the "Interpines," the beautiful "Invalide's Home" at Goshen, New York. Twenty-eight years ago, Dr. Seward, a broken down invalid, came to New Mexico. He remained for four years and was entirely restored to health. Since that day he has always been the loyal friend of New Mexico and says that during the years since he left the territory, it has been his most cherished ambition to be able to establish a sanitarium in New Mexico.

The new owners have already ordered a supply of Walker tents and the work of building cottages and preparing the place for the reception of patients is to begin at once. It is proposed to prepare accommodations for an unlimited number of patients.

The Next Legislature.

The New Mexican gives the following as the probable make-up of the next Legislative Assembly:

First District, Colfax County—M. B. Stockton.

Second District, Mora County—Cristoval Sanchez.

Third District, Union County—F. L. Wright.

Fourth District, Leonard, Wood and Quay Counties—M. C. de Baca.

Fifth District, Santa Fe County—R. L. Baca and Ramon Sandoval.

Sixth District, Taos County—Juan G. Martinez.

Seventh District, Rio Arriba County and San Juan Counties—Granville Pendleton.

Eighth District, Bernalillo County—Serafino Crollitt.

Ninth District, Sandoval County—Cornelio M. Sandoval.

Tenth District, Bernalillo and McKinley Counties—Thomas N. Wilkerson.

Eleventh District, Valencia and Torrance Counties—Silverter Mirabel and Carl A. Dalles.

Twelfth District, Socorro and Sierra Counties—H. H. Howard and E. L. Ludlow.

Thirteenth District, Dona Ana and Otero Counties—W. H. H. Llewellyn.

The returns are not yet complete and the vote is so close on the legislative ticket in Otero county that this result may be changed, in which case, Florencio Luna, Democrat, is elected.

Thirteenth District, Grant and Luna Counties—Colin Nettlet.

Fourteenth District, Dona Ana, Grant and Otero Counties. Still in doubt but it looks as if James W. Hanigan, Republican, is elected by a small majority.

Fifteenth District, Chaves, Eddy, Roosevelt and Lincoln Counties—George F. Ellis.

This gives nineteen seats to the Republicans, four to the Democrats and one in doubt.

The Council will have only one Democrat, according to the latest returns, Charles L. Ballard, of Roswell, although the vote in the eighth district between Charles E. Miller and Horton Moore, the latter the Democrat, is very close.

The following will be members of the Council: First District, Colfax, Mora and Union Counties—Jeremiah Leary. Second District, San Miguel, Leonard and Quay Counties—D. C. Winters and John S. Clark. Third District, Taos, Rio Arriba and San Juan Counties—Alexander Read and Malaguas Martinez. Fourth District, Santa Fe County—Thomas E. Catron. Fifth District, Bernalillo, McKinley and Sandoval Counties—Nestor Montoya and W. H. Greer. Sixth District, Valencia and Torrance Counties—J. Francisco Chaves. Seventh District, Socorro and Sierra Counties—W. E. Martin. Eighth District, Grant, Dona Ana, Luna and Otero Counties—Charles E. Miller. Ninth District, Grant, Dona Ana, Otero, Lincoln, Chaves, Eddy and Roosevelt Counties—Charles L. Ballard.

The Zuni Reservoir.

John B. Harper, chief engineer of the construction of the Zuni reservoir, while in the city yesterday, gave a New Mexican reporter some interesting facts in regard to the big dam and reservoir, which when completed will store water for the irrigation of about 6,000 acres of Indian lands. "Work is progressing

steadily," said Mr. Harper, "and we are much encouraged with what we have done so far. Considerable labor has been expended on the dam, which is considered by experts to be quite an undertaking. When completed it will be 400 feet long, seventy feet high and 300 feet in thickness at the base. It is made of dry rock with earth filled in by hydraulic washing. It will be about a year and a half before the dam and reservoir are completed, and about two years before the entire system is finished. The labor is all being done by Indians from the Zuni pueblos, and they are good workers."

"The building of the dam and reservoir is more of a test than anything else, as it is being constructed under typical New Mexico conditions, which consist principally of a lava flow on top and softer formations underneath, so that the success of it will mean much to the territory, outside of the irrigation of the 6,000 acres of reservation land. With its successful completion, I expect that the government will make appropriations for the constructing of several other reservoirs throughout the territory. We began work in February of this year and everything has gone splendidly up to date."—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Reservoir Protests Withdrawn.

A Roswell dispatch says that the protests entered against the building of the Hondo reservoir, twelve miles from Roswell, by Frank G. Tracy, president of the irrigation company of Carlsbad, and the "Water Users' Association of Carlsbad, have been withdrawn.

The official withdrawal papers, are now in the hands of United States Attorney Bien at El Paso. This removes the last doubt as to the building of the reservoir. The building of the reservoir is a great advantage to the prosperity of the country and the entire valley.

The news was received with rejoicing by the citizens. Many had invested thousands of dollars here in property with the thought that the reservoir would be built. It will also mean that the flood waters of the Hondo will be caught and Roswell will be immune from the floods thereafter. The cost of the reservoir will be \$240,000.

New Corporations.

Incorporation papers were filed at Santa Fe on the 8th inst. by the Cimarron Mountain Mining Company, capitalization \$200,000. The incorporators are Quincy A. Smith, George W. Stone, Charles C. Hopkins and Franklin S. Fowler of Lansing, Michigan. These are also directors in addition to John Morrow and Thomas D. Leib, also of Michigan.

The Surety Investment Company of Albuquerque, capitalization \$50,000, and headquarters at Albuquerque. The Tractor Land and Improvement Company of Albuquerque, capitalization \$25,000; headquarters at Albuquerque.

Governor Otero has appointed George W. Pritchard of White Oaks, Lincoln county, solicitor general of New Mexico to succeed the late General E. L. Bartlett.

Governor Otero has issued a Thanksgiving Day proclamation, naming Thursday, the 14th day of November, A. D. 1904, as Thanksgiving Day and a public holiday within the limits of the territory of New Mexico.

A Roswell dispatch of the 12th inst. says: The largest artesian gusher in this section of the valley was brought in to-day eight miles from this city and one mile from Hagerman's big orchard. The depth is only 431 feet, but there is a river of water gushing high over the casing.

The Santa Fe Board of Trade recently passed strong resolutions urging Delegate to Congress Bernard S. Rodey to work for the passage of the bill to establish a national cliff dwellers park west of Santa Fe.

The Moffitt Mining and Milling Company has filed incorporation papers at Santa Fe, the directors and incorporators being John H. Moffitt, president; Abraham Campbell, secretary; Kingston, Sierra county, and Michael J. Cunningham, treasurer, Bisbee, Arizona. The principal place of business is the mining camp of Kingston. Capital stock, \$300,000.

A Santa Fe dispatch of November 11th says: According to an announcement made to-day by Willard S. Hopewell, manager of the New Mexico Plant and Iron Company, the work of laying the steel will commence next week on the Santa Fe Central branch of twenty-six miles to the Hagan coal fields. The junction will be at Moriarty and the terminus at Hagan.

George M. Slaughter at Roswell received word from St. Louis saying his lot of Shortorns had taken the first prize at the World's Fair and his lot of two-year-old Herefords the second prize. This same lot of Shortorns took the first prize at the Royal Stock Show, and the same Herefords took the third prize at the same time. Slaughter's Herefords are famous throughout the entire West.

A Santa Fe dispatch of the 14th inst. says: Only three counties thus far have filed their official election returns. The figures changed the totals but not the result on the congressional delegate election. Valencia county gave Senator W. H. Andrews, the Republican candidate, 1,821 votes; George F. Money, the Democratic candidate, 5; Bernard S. Rodey, Independent Republican candidate, 31 votes. Luna county gave Andrews 154, Money 134, Rodey 71. Santa Fe county, Andrews, 1,110; Money 1,161, Rodey 254.

The New Mexico Territorial Medical Society is to be reorganized. The societies represented in this body are those of Albuquerque, Roswell, Las Vegas and Silver City. The laws that will govern the new organization are those laid down by the American Medical Society and are considerably different from those which have been used in the past. Dr. F. J. Fitzgerald is attending to this particular business for the local organization, which is composed of twenty-one members and which is entitled to one representative in the territorial body.—Albuquerque Journal.

Advertisement for WIGGLE-STICKS. Includes text: 'WASH BLUE. Costs 20 cents and equals 25 cents worth of any other kind of bluing. Won't Freeze, Spill, Break. Nor Spot Clothes. DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Wiggle-Sticks around in the water. At all wise Grocers.'

Advertisement for Corn Bread is Best. Includes text: 'There is more than a grain of truth in the statement recently made that in our scramble for new breakfastfoods and health-giving properties of corn and of corn-meal. And the context of the statement mentioned deals in facts when it says that the mush and soft of a few years back produced children of a ruddier hue than those we are accustomed to see in these times. Corn meal is possessed of just those properties that make it a highly suitable winter food. Besides this, it seems an accompaniment of the natural pork chops, sausages and such things that we Americans favor for cold-weather breakfasts. Let us take, then, a course in corn products.—Boston Transcript.'

Advertisement for TERRIBLE SUFFERING. Includes text: 'THIS YOUNG WOMAN APPEARED IN YAIN FOR HELP. When Hope had Almost Settled Into Despair Relief Came from an Unexpected Source. Mrs. Emma Heidtredor, of No. 1239 Joy street, Burlington, Iowa, whose husband is an employee of the Bessemer Iron Co., tells a story of pitiable suffering. "For about five years," she says, "I had a host of physical ills that kept me invalid and puzzled the doctors. Some of them thought I was going into consumption. At times I was so weak that I could not comb my hair or even wash my face. Then excruciating pains ran suddenly up my thigh and I had to be carried to bed screaming in my agony. I could no longer do my work and the drain upon my husband's purse was very heavy. I craved food but what I ate only gave me discomfort. My liver was torpid, and often I had to lie on the floor for air to save me from suffocating. "The worst was the pain which seemed as if my thigh were being pushed out of my body. The best doctors could do was to administer it by narcotics. Once they thought I could not live for more than two days. In one of my worst attacks, a friend said: "Why don't you try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills? They are the only thing that ever helped my rheumatism."

Advertisement for Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease. Includes text: 'I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently, and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my

DEMOCRATIC IN POLITICS.

Published on Saturday of Each Week

SUBSCRIPTION \$100 PER YEAR.

Wholesale at the Postoffice at Portales, New Mexico, as second-class mail matter.

TELEPHONE NO. 17.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19.



"Bliss Away Gridley Whenever you are Ready"

Was the noted command to the famous gunner who fired the first shot in the battle of Manila. It was followed by the greatest naval victory ever won for our flag.

Delinquent Tax List.

Amounts Less Than \$25.00.

The delinquent tax list of known and unknown owners of land, real estate and personal property of Roosevelt county, New Mexico, as levied and assessed against said property for the year 1928 now due thereon and unpaid, amounting in the aggregate, in each case, to less than \$25.00

Table listing delinquent tax payers with columns for Name, Address, and Tax Amount.

Table listing various items for sale such as saddles, harnesses, and farm implements.

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The Grand Prize

Highest award at the World's Fair has been given to the shoes we sell, Peters Shoe Company's Diamond Brand Shoes.

It Proves Again that Diamond Brand Shoes are the Shoes to Buy.

The award of the Grand Prize was made by international jury composed of experts from the United States and foreign countries and was won in competition with the whole world.

The First National Bank, C. O. Leach, President, W. E. Lindsey, Vice President.

THE PALACE OF SWEETS, G. C. JOHNSON, PROPRIETOR. Candies, Nuts, Cigars, Steffen's Ice Cream and Cold Soft Drinks.

Pure Drugs... The efficiency of a physician's services depends largely upon the purity of the drugs from which the remedies prescribed are compounded.

THE BANK OF PORTALES, PORTALES, NEW MEXICO. Directors, J. B. Sledge and B. F. Sledge.

Burton-Lingo Co., J. W. GREGG Local Manager. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Lumber, Sash, Doors, Shingles.

The Iron Front Saloon, JAMES BOGARD, Manager. For Fine Wines, Liquors, Cordials and Cigars.

