

BY TELEGRAPH.

Congressman W. D. Kelly is seriously ill.

Yellow fever has appeared in Rio Janeiro.

Dowager Empress Augusta of Germany died on the 7th.

Heavy rains have deluged the country about Houston, Texas.

The Mississippi River is lower than it was ever known before.

Claffin, the great dry goods prince of New York, died on the 7th.

Kansas experienced a blizzard the early part of the present week.

The City Hall of Lexington, Maine, was burned on the 7th. Loss, \$25,000.

A great many negroes are leaving the Carolinas for Texas and Arkansas.

New York last year spent \$17,000,000 on her public schools, hiring 31,987 teachers to instruct 1,803,667 pupils.

It is estimated that \$200,000,000 of English money has been invested in the United States in the past eighteen months.

An Atchison boy fifteen years old shot himself the other day because his girl, two years younger than himself, had jilted him.

One thousand coal miners have been thrown out of work by the closing of Congressman Scott's collieries at Mt. Carmel, Pennsylvania.

A public reception was tendered Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage and Mrs. Talmage, of Brooklyn, at Constantinople Friday, by United States Minister Hirsch.

Thirty-two officers have been arrested in St. Petersburg, charged with being members of a secret society, the object of which is to abolish the aristocracy and establish a constitutional monarchy.

Reports of statistics of locomotive building for 1889 show a slight falling off from the product of 1888. Reports from about half the car-building companies show a decline of 30 per cent. from the product of 1888.

Four hundred and forty thousand pounds of flour for Western Indian reservations are to be furnished by C. H. Searling, of Arkansas City, Kansas, at from \$1.40 to \$1.60 per hundred pounds, according to the place of delivery.

The negotiations which have been in progress for some time with a view to the establishment of a rubber trust are about completed. British capitalists it is said, are to take an interest amounting to \$8,000,000 and push the stock in England and Scotland.

A dispatch from Grand Island, Neb., says that a Dane farm hand named Nels Christensen was shot and fatally wounded about fifteen miles northwest of there Thursday night, by another Dane, Neilson, in a quarrel over a farmer's daughter, to whom both were paying suit.

It is reported that the President has not given serious thought to the selection of a successor of Judge Brewer on the bench of the Circuit Court, but it is understood that he is inclined to promote one of the district judges embraced in the Eighth Circuit, over which Judge Brewer presided.

During the performance of "Joan d'Arc" by Sarah Bernhardt at Paris Sunday night the pyre used in the play became ignited from the surrounding fire. Madame Bernhardt, who was on the pyre, received no injury from the fire, but fainted. Two scene shifters were seriously burned while extinguishing the fire.

Bradstreet's reports 11,719 failures in the United States for the year 1889, with liabilities of \$140,350,400 and assets of \$70,599,709. This is the largest number of failures and greater liabilities than for any year in the last five years. The increase in the number of failures over 1888 is 1,532; increase in liabilities, \$20,117,088; increase in assets, \$8,560,558.

Since the dedication of Chicago's Auditorium four weeks ago there have been twenty-one performances, and the gross receipts of these and the dedication ceremonies amount to \$232,945. It is believed that these figures exceed any record in the history of amusements in this country. The receipts for the last week were the largest.

The town of Wardner, the principal piece of Cour d'Alene mining district, has been wiped out of existence by fire. The loss will reach \$300,000 with little or no insurance. The water supply gave out and the fire had to be fought with snow. There is no telegraph and the only communication is by telephone and that office was second to burn.

The artesian experimental well in process of sinking at Santa Fe, is now down 500 feet and sufficient hydrostatic pressure has been encountered to force the water to within 100 feet of the surface. Citizens are much elated over the prospects for a spouter, and experts say there are also good chances for striking oil. The contract calls for sinking 1,000 feet.

On October 1, last, there were in active operation in New Mexico free public schools to the number of 342. In but two counties Taos and Valencia, where the population is 95 per cent. Spanish-speaking is English not taught in the common schools. There are 143 schools where English alone is taught, 93 schools where both English and Spanish is taught.

THE INFLUENZA.

Rich and Poor, High and Low Succumb to its Dangerous Embrace.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 4.—The health officers report that there are 5,000 cases of la grippe in Cleveland. No fatal cases have occurred yet.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The influenza has made its appearance in Liverpool. The contagion is directly traceable to letters from Russia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Dr. Paul Hoffman, assistant superintendent of schools, was taken to Bellevue Hospital this morning, a raving maniac from the effects of la grippe, from which he has been suffering for the past few days.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 4.—King Leopold is confined to his room.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The deaths in Boston this week reached probably the unequalled number of 327, of which 40 per cent. were due to acute lung disease and traceable in a great part to the prevailing grippe.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., Jan. 4.—The works of Smart Manufacturing Company and the Cossitt Company have been compelled to shut down owing to the large number of their employees who are ill with the grippe.

VIENNA, Jan. 4.—Prince Charles William Phillip, head of the house of Auersberg, died at Prague to-day from inflammation of the lungs.

BERLIN, Jan. 4.—Professor Masse, occupant of the chair of political economy at the University of Bonn, died this morning.

BERLIN, Jan. 4.—Prof. Wilhelm Conrad Hermann Mueller, the philologist, died to-day at Göttingen.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 4.—Captain Rufus P. Staniels, a prominent insurance and Grand Army man, died of la grippe to-day. It began yesterday, developed into typhoid pneumonia in the evening and terminated fatally this morning.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 4.—The telegraph offices in this city have been closed because the employes are prostrated by the influenza.

BERLIN, Jan. 4.—The schools in Halleian are closed owing to the influenza.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, Jan. 4.—The doctors say there are more than 200 cases of influenza in Davenport. The spread has been rapid for 48 hours.

BERLIN, Jan. 4.—The Dowager Empress Augusta has influenza, accompanied with high fever and severe catarrh. The doctors are somewhat anxious.

The Crops of 1889.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The December report of the department of agriculture contains a detailed statement of the estimates of principal cereals by States, including the area of product and values. The reported area of corn is 78,319,051 acres, and represents an increase of 2 1/2 per cent. over the acreage of 1888. The wheat acreage is 38,123,859 acres, which shows it to be 2 1/2 per cent. greater than the aggregate for 1888. A revision of the acreage gives the smaller area in Iowa, Nebraska, Oregon and Washington, and larger breadth in Kansas and Dakota.

Dairying and meat production have for a year been encroaching on wheat growing on the eastern side of the great spring wheat belt.

The acreage of oats is placed at 27,402,310 acres, an increase of less than 2 per cent.

The yield per acre of corn is very nearly 27 bushels, or one-tenth bushel less than the product of 1879, and is the largest rate of yield since 1880. The product as estimated is 211,280,300 bushels. The largest yields are west of the Mississippi, Iowa taking first rank in the aggregate produced and yield per acre.

Wheat is nearly 12.9 bushels, or one-tenth of a bushel greater than the November average of yield per acre. The variation from the current expectation of the last six months is not over 1 per cent. The total product as estimated is 490,560,000 bushels. The product of oats is 751,515,000 bushels, at a rate of 27.4 bushels per acre. The aggregate of all cereals is about 3,450,000,000 bushels, or at least 53 bushels per capita.

Too Much Gold.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 3.—The Secretary of the Treasury in a letter to Treasurer Auston says that he is advised that the amount of gold coin in the vaults of the sub-treasury at San Francisco is now in excess of \$41,000,000, and that the total accumulation of all kinds of money in that office is upwards of \$60,000,000, which amount, he says, is far greater than the requirements of the government for that locality. In order that there may be a better distribution of the assets of the government, he suggests the transfer of about \$2,000,000 in gold coin from the San Francisco office to the New York office on the best obtainable terms, say 25 cents per \$1,000. The details of the transfer are left to the treasurer's discretion.

Harrison's Silver Policy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—According to a Washington special the President has made up his mind about Secretary Windom's recommendation that the Government accept silver bullion and issue certificates to serve as currency.

President Harrison even goes further than Secretary Windom in his approval of the project. He is impressed with its economic principle as sound; believes in its beneficial effect upon the prosperity of the country, and regards it as a brilliant step toward a determination of the silver problem.

ANOTHER SILVER BILL.

Banker Knox, of New York, Thinks He has Solved the Problem.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—John Jay Knox has prepared a bill which will be introduced in Congress soon, the principal object of which is to provide for the use of silver bullion as a basis for national bank circulation. The bill provides that after the passage of the act every national bank will be authorized to issue notes in an amount not exceeding 75 per cent. of the bank's capital stock. Not less than 70 per cent. of this circulation shall be secured by Government bonds, or at option of each bank one-half of said 70 per cent. may be secured by a deposit with the Treasurer, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, of gold coin or bullion or silver dollars at the current market price.

Whenever the market or cash value of bullion and United States bonds deposited is reduced below the amount of circulation issued, the Comptroller of the Currency may demand and receive the amount of such depreciation in other bullion or in gold or silver coin, to be deposited with the Treasurer so long as such depreciation shall continue, or the amount of circulating notes of such bank may be reduced by charging the excess of circulation to the redemption fund.

An account, to be designated as the "national bank safety fund," is authorized to be opened on the treasurer's books, by reducing the amount of United States notes now outstanding, \$1,500,000, and by reducing the national bank redemption fund the same amount and crediting \$3,000,000 to the safety fund. To said fund shall be added a duty of one-half of 1 per cent. each half year upon the average amount of national bank notes in circulation.

If any national bank becomes insolvent and any of the circulating notes remain unpaid after the assets and individual liability of the shareholders are exhausted such circulating notes shall be redeemed, canceled and destroyed, and the amount charged to the safety fund.

Mr. Knox estimates that at the end of the next twenty years, or at the date of payment of the 4 per cent. bonds in 1907, the safety fund would have accumulated at least \$25,000,000, so that from that time onward a sufficient amount of national bank circulation would remain permanently in existence, well secured by gold or silver bullion, and sufficiently profitable to make the present amount of United States notes respond to the demand of the business of the country. It would also give the banks in the West, as well as East, who have confidence in the future value of silver an opportunity to invest in that metal, and he believed such investments would be made for the next three years equal at least to \$30,000,000 annually and thus relieve the treasury from excessive purchases.

A NEW MERCHANT MARINE.

Senator Frye's Bill for the Encouragement of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 5.—Senator Frye will introduce to-morrow his bill to promote postal and commercial interests of the United States, referring to the carrying of mails in American owned and built steamships, the main provisions of which have been made public.

He will also introduce a bill "For the encouragement of commerce, protection of navigation and improvement of the merchant marine in foreign trade." It provides that all vessels, steam or sail, engaged in the foreign carrying trade shall receive a bounty of one-third of one mill per ton of gross register measurement for each mile navigated. Owners of vessels already built shall receive a bounty only so long as they shall stand inspection and hold a charter according to certain specified grades. Provisions of a similar nature are given for vessels to be built hereafter.

It further provides for premiums for swift and safe sailing, both for sail and steamships also that vessels receiving said bounty shall without charge carry all mail matter, not exceeding 100 pounds, required by the Postmaster General, provided such requirement shall not extend to any regular established route.

Further, these vessels shall carry apprentices, train them, etc., and as an additional inducement, such vessels shall be relieved from all tonnage duties.

It also contains a provision directing the Postmaster General to make contracts for carrying mails on established routes in American ships, prescribing the manner of their construction, etc., giving them remuneration additional to that provided for vessels in the bill.

It also provides that the President shall be given authority to require that any of these steamers shall be built according to plans and specifications, required to make them suitable for naval service and that these vessels be enrolled as naval auxiliaries.

It provides further that the government shall give preference to American vessels in the carriage of mails, treasure, troops, naval and military stores and coal, etc. And that goods, wares and merchandise imported in such vessels shall have two years extension of time in bonded warehouses at the owner's option.

Further, it shall be lawful for citizens of the United States engaged in foreign trade and residing abroad to own vessels built in the United States and have them registered as vessels of the United States.

THE PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION.

Unusually Brilliant New Year's Reception at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The new year began with a cold and disagreeable rain, which continued throughout the day. The White House, as usual was the center of interest, and no one of its predecessors exceeded in brilliancy the first official reception given by the head of the present administration. Certainly never before has there been at a White House reception such a large and distinguished representation from other nations. This was due principally, in addition to the regular diplomatic and consular officers, to the delegates to the maritime and pan-American conferences.

The interior decorations, while not elaborate, were very effective, consisting of a liberal distribution of tropical and flowering plants and cut flowers.

The reception was held in the blue parlor from 11 till 2 o'clock. The receiving party entered the parlor in the following order: The President and Mrs. McKee, the Vice President and Mrs. Morton, the Secretary of State and Mrs. S. B. Elkins, the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Windom, the Attorney General and Mrs. Wanamaker, the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Tracy, the Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Noble.

Mrs. McKee occupied the place next to the President and the other ladies assisting were arranged next in order as follows: Mrs. Morton, Mrs. Windom, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Wanamaker, Mrs. Tracy, Mrs. Noble and Mrs. Rusk.

The diplomatic corps, the judiciary and members of Congress were presented in the order named. The reception of officers of the army and navy and marine corps which followed was probably the showiest feature of the day, they being in full dress uniform and resplendent with brass buttons, bright epaulettes, gaudy sashes, gold lace, etc. Major General Schofield headed the army and Rear Admiral Jouett the navy. Admiral Porter did not attend on account of bad weather.

It was now 12 o'clock and the reception became more general in its character; indeed callers came so numerous and followed each other so closely that the president was compelled to restrict his welcome to a single stroke of the hand and a simple "I am glad to see you."

Those received in this manner included the officers of the Smithsonian Institution, the civil service commissioners, assistant secretaries and chief officers of various departments and the faculty of the Columbian Institute for the deaf and dumb.

The next section of callers was headed by the few survivors of the war of 1846, closely followed by a large representation of Grand Army men and a smaller body of gray haired, venerable looking men known as the "Oldest Inhabitants of the District of Columbia."

The reception of the public generally was next in order and the gates to the grounds, which had been closed up to this time, except to a privileged few, were thrown open and the crowd thronged into the mansion.

The reception lasted until 2 o'clock, and it is estimated that during that time the president shook hands with nearly 6,000 people. When it was over the president invited the ladies who assisted him and a number of others to join him in a luncheon which had been prepared expressly for them in the hallway upstairs.

Mrs. Harrison's absence was due to the recent death of her sister, and it was at her request that her daughter, Mrs. McKee, assumed the responsibilities of hostess on this occasion. Mrs. Blaine was unable to assist by reason of the death of her sister. Mrs. Proctor is in bad health and was unable to attend.

A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Twenty-Six Lives Lost by the Burning of a London School Building.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The boys' section of the Rappers' school in the district of Forest Gate, in connection with the White Chapel and Popular Unions, took fire last night while the inmates were asleep and was burned, with terrible results.

Twenty-six boys in the upper stories were suffocated, while fifty-eight were safely taken from the burning building amid terrible excitement. Two matrons escaped by sliding down the water pipes, and several boys escaped in the same way.

The Superintendent repeatedly rushed through the flames and brought out a number of inmates. There were 600 persons in the institution. The bodies of those suffocated were carried to the main hall of the building which was still profusely decorated with Christmas greens.

The fire was caused by an overheated stove. The female department in which there were 350 girls was not touched.

The boys retired last evening in the highest spirits, having been promised presents and a New Year's fete to-day. The scenes in the main hall where the bodies of the dead boys lie is harrowing. Their relatives and the school fellows of those who perished are loud in their lamentations.

Further reports of the fire show that it originated in the clothing room, beneath the boys' dormitory. The smoke and flames issuing from the stove fire alarmed those sleeping on the top floor and they escaped. The fire engines were promptly on the spot, and the employes of the adjacent railway station rushed to the scene and rendered valuable assistance.

The cries of the boys who were unable to escape were terrible. The bodies of two boys were badly burned, but it is believed that they were suffocated before they were burned.

A FEARFUL CRASH.

Two Passenger Trains Running at High Speed Suddenly Meet.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 21.—A frightful and fatal wreck occurred at Kokomo this morning on the Panhandle railroad. The train north-bound, Conductor Thomas Lamb, left the junction on schedule time. One mile north it met a train south-bound, Conductor D. Noland, running fifty miles an hour. The trains crashed together, totally demolishing the engines and burning the baggage car of the south-bound train which lay on top of the engines.

George Cummings, engineer of the south bound train was killed, and Tom McCullough, engineer of the north-bound cannot live.

Baggage-master J. Kerlin was killed, Thomas Harber was hurt seriously, Express Messenger Glant seriously, and two men named Woods and Webb were badly injured. The passengers in the coaches were badly shaken up.

The cause of the wreck is a mystery but the general opinion is that the north-bound engineer was trying to make a "sneak" to a sidetrack four miles north to pass the other train which was slightly behind time.

Panic at a Bull Fight.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 2.—Telegrams from Villa Lerdo give the particulars of the fall of the plaza on Tuesday while a bull fight was in progress.

There were 10,000 people crowded into the building. When the second bull was being killed, nearly everybody rose, applauding by stamping. Suddenly one side of the plaza commenced to give way and a rush followed, which helped to bring about the fall of the structure, which collapsed, precipitating the inmates to the ground, from ten to twenty-five feet.

Hundreds were buried beneath the debris, and among them were many ladies of the best families. The crowds in the other parts of the building, which numbered several thousand, became panic-stricken and fell and trampled on one another. The bull fighters also were seized with fear and made their exit, with a bull closely following them.

The unfortunate victims were finally released and many physicians were called and the wounded attended to. The number of the wounded will reach into the hundreds, but none of them are fatally hurt.

Weather Crop Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 2.—The weather crop bulletin for the month of December says that the month of December was unusually warm in all districts east of the Rocky Mountains, while the normal temperature prevailed on the Pacific Coast, and it has been slightly colder than usual on the North Pacific Coast.

There has been an excess of precipitation generally throughout the Lake region, Minnesota, Eastern Dakota, Northern New England, and in California, Southern Oregon and over the plateau region. The rainfall for the month has been most unusual for California, eighteen inches having fallen in San Francisco, fifteen inches at Los Angeles and nearly eight inches at San Diego, which is from three to five times the usual amount for the month.

Throughout the entire country south of the Lake region and from Massachusetts southward to Florida less than the normal precipitation has occurred.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The public debt statement issued to-day shows interest bearing debt, principal, \$829,807,463; interest, \$10,088,447; total, \$839,895,910; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, principal and interest, \$1,996,592; debt bearing no interest, \$78,589,353; total debt, principal, \$1,600,323,646; interest, \$10,240,414; total, \$1,610,564,060; total debt less available cash items, \$1,083,348,054; net cash in treasury, \$39,505,143; debt less cash in treasury on December 1, 1889, \$1,056,081,005; decrease of debt during the month, \$8,128,004; decrease of debt since June 30, 1889, \$23,663,710; total cash in the treasury as shown by the Treasurer's general account, \$613,706,911.

A Tempestuous Voyage.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Captain Lord, of the British steamer Crimea, which arrived to-day from Middleboro, reports: "We experienced the roughest weather I have ever known. Up to December 17 we had a succession of furious gales. The ship was blown off into a trough of the sea, although going at full speed, and became unmanageable. We stopped the engines and used a plentiful supply of oil, which materially aided in breaking the crests of the waves. However, we shipped one fearful sea which carried everything before it, smashing one boat and damaging others, washing away part of the flying bridge and injuring several of the crew. The engineer says part of this sea fell down the funnel top, which is 33 feet above the water. The water came rushing through the tubes in such volumes as nearly to put the fires out and caused great commotion among the men below.

On the 18th it blew a heavy gale, and on the 20th the wind again attained the force of a hurricane. During the night we shipped a tremendous sea over the bows. It swept away everything in its way, carrying wreckage from the main deck over the upper bridge about 35 feet high, and finally making its exit over the stern."

CONGRESSIONAL.

MONDAY, JAN. 6, 1890.

SENATE—Senator Plumb offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the managers of the National Soldiers' Home to consider and report upon the advisability of establishing a hospital at Hot Springs, Ark., to which all disabled ex-Union soldiers shall be admitted under proper recommendations.

Senator Dawson offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the Postmaster General for information as to the progress made regarding the connection of the Postoffice Department with the telegraph companies, and as to the probable cost of the erection of Government independent telegraph lines between the cities of St. Louis, Chicago, Philadelphia and New York.

The Senate then took up the bill to amend the census act, by increasing the pay of the supervisors from \$500 to \$1,000, and Senator Stewart proceeded to make a speech on the silver question, after which the bill passed.

The bill to increase to \$72 per month the pensions of certain soldiers and sailors, totally helpless from injuries received or from diseases contracted while in service of the United States, was passed and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—Among the bills introduced and referred were:

By Mr. Springer of Illinois, for the admission of Arizona, Idaho, New Mexico and Wyoming into the Union.

By Mr. Perkins of Kansas, for the creation of the office of congressional correspondence and departmental business. This provides for the office in connection with the House and clerks, whose duty shall be to attend to the departmental business of the members.

By Mr. Cutcherson of Michigan, to encourage re-enlistment in the army, to prevent desertions; also, for the reorganization of the artillery force; also, to increase the efficiency of the signal corps; also, to extend the general land laws over the territory of Alaska.

By Mr. Bland of Missouri, looking to the imposition of an income tax for the payment of pensions; also, for the free coinage of silver; also, limiting the coinage of the double eagle.

By Mr. Smith of Arizona, for the admission of Arizona; also, for the reclamation of desert lands.

TUESDAY, JAN. 7.

SENATE—Mr. Morgan addressed the Senate on the subject of the bill heretofore introduced by Butler to provide for the emigration of persons of color from the Southern States. He has reached the conclusion that there is a natural incongruity and an irrepressible conflict between the races and that the return of the negro race to Africa was the only solution of the race question. It was undeniable that the aversion between the two races had greatly increased since slavery was abolished, and it would increase so long as a large portion of the population was of the African race. Experience would not permit of the statement that such a feeling of aversion existed only in the South, that it was not so intense in the South as it was in the North, not so strong between the negro and his former master as it was between the negro and those who never owned slaves. The separation of the races was the only thing that would extinguish the race aversion. In Africa the negro could grow up to the full measure of his present "Slavery," Morgan said, "would be abolished in Central Africa if the work was left to the whites. It would be slow process, but the American negro would accomplish it if he dwelt among his people."

In summing up his speech, the speaker pointed to the fact that the negroes had no chance to rise in this country. Political influence would never lift the negro race in this country above its present level. On the contrary, the friction and collision caused by the negroes in the use of the ballot would create more and more envy against the negro race. He (Morgan) looked forward to the establishment of a free Republican government in the Congo region by the influence of America or American negroes, who would thus be the redeemers and regenerators of their fatherland.

HOUSE—Mr. McComas of Maryland offered a resolution that the House resolve itself into committee of the whole for the consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill, the committee to be governed by the rules of the last Congress.

Mr. Breckenridge raised the question of consideration against the resolution.

The Speaker ruled that the question of consideration could not be raised against the resolution, because the resolution was in the nature of a motion regulating the business of the House.

Mr. Breckenridge said the resolution went further than that, as it provided for the adoption of a code of rules. He appealed from the decision.

Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky, vigorously attacked the Speaker's ruling. He argued that no question of consideration could be taken against a motion to go into Committee of the Whole, but the pending resolution went far beyond that and provided for a code of rules. He thought the time had come when the House, if it was to be governed by rules, should have those rules. [Applause on the Democratic side.]

Mr. Henderson of Iowa said that as he understood the matter the gentleman on the other side were opposed to doing anything without rules and wanted the rules adopted under which nothing could be done. The majority was charged with trying to ravish the other side without rules. How! By proposing to consider and pass a bill on the calendar under the rules made by a Democratic house. Was that ravishment? He wanted the Republican members to come up shoulder to shoulder, and show they were to do the business of the country. Let the Committee on Rules take its time and bring in a code which would advance and not obstruct business.

After a protracted discussion the chair was sustained by the following vote: Yeas 135, nays 124—a strictly party vote.

Mr. McComas then demanded the previous question on the adoption of his resolution and it was ordered—yeas 131, nays 123. No further opposition to the resolution was made by the Democrats, and it having been adopted the House went into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the district bill.

Only the first paragraph was considered when the committee rose, and the House adjourned.

An Associated Press dispatch says the municipal election at Jackson, Miss., last Monday "passed off quietly." Fifteen or twenty negroes presented themselves at the polls, but on being told there was a peaceable election and that their voting might cause trouble, they quietly withdrew.

The El Paso National Bank OF TEXAS.

Capital, Surplus and Profit : \$200,000.

United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire proof vault.

Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

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One copy, one year, \$5.00.
One copy, six months, 2.50.
Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and timeliness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real name. The REGISTER cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing advertisements \$12 per column, per month; half column \$8 per month. Ad. occupying less than half column \$1 per inch per month. Transient advertisements \$1.00 per inch, per month, in advance. Locals, 10 cents per line, per week. Advertisements contracted by the year and ordered out before expiration of term will be charged at transient rates and published until sold. All accounts are due and must be paid promptly at the end of each month.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Eastern mail arrives: Daily at 10:50 p. m.
Departs: Daily at 7:40 a. m.

SEVEN RIVERS MAIL.

Arrives: Wednesday and Friday at 8:50 p. m.
Departs: Thursday and Saturday at 7:00 a. m.
W. H. COSGROVE, P. M.

ROSWELL LODGE, A. F. & A. M., meets on the first Saturday on or after full moon. Visiting brethren are cordially invited. W. S. PRAGER, W. M. FRANK H. LEA, Secretary.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—His Honor, Squire Joyce.
—Subscribe for your home paper.
—Cigars were plentiful on election day.
—Plans are being drawn for several new buildings.
—C. S. McCarty is in the city on business this week.
—Mr. Williamson, our merchant, is on the sick list this week.
—Buck Guyse of Lincoln was in Roswell several days last week.
—Master Johnnie Robert is boarding in town and attending school.
—Gus Siebert and Wm. Heriman have gone to Roswell.—Interpreter.
—All the teams in Roswell are kept busy hauling rock and sand for the court house and hotel.
—Mr. Burns, manager of the Circle Diamond ranch was in Roswell attending to business last week.
—Rev. P. W. Roads will preach at the school house next Sunday, morning and evening. All are cordially invited.
—In a short time the REGISTER office will be prepared to turn out all kinds of job work. Keep your orders for it.
—Brown Allen and wife, of Ft. Sumner, are in the city this week with the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Skipwith.
—The work on the town acquies is being pushed ahead at a rapid rate, and in a few days water will be turned in.
—Preparations for the mask ball on February 22nd, are going right along. Invitations will be sent out about the 1st.
—Mr. Geo. W. Williams, manager of the J. B. Wilson Cattle Company, of Eddy county, is in the city the guest of Capt. Lea.
—A. E. Fleitz, who has been quite sick for the past two weeks, is again on the streets, looking somewhat the worse for his confinement.
—Wm. Katzenstein, left on Monday for Eddy, where he will remain for an indefinite period. Peace and good future be with you Sir William.
—Deputy Sheriff Hensley, of Eddy, passed through Roswell, Saturday, en route to Lincoln with three prisoners who broke jail some time ago.
—J. A. Gilmore started Monday for Pecos City. Success in your new venture J. A., and may you soon return to Roswell the Pride of the Pecos.
—G. A. Richardson received a telegram from A. D. Wright, at Boise City, Idaho, last week in which he states that he is alive and not dead as reported.
—Garrett & Hill have erected a carpenter shop just back of the REGISTER building, where work on the frames for the new hotel will be commenced immediately.
—The dance at Mrs. Wm. Fountain's, on last Friday night, in honor of Mr. Gilmore's departure, was well attended, and the merry dance was kept up until a late hour.
—It seem that the cowboys had things all their own way in Eddy on Christmas. The Argus throws out some strong hints about law and order, but keeps silent about the doings of that day.
—N. Costa has the material on the ground for extending his building out to Main street. When completed he will have one of the neatest and most comfortable buildings in Roswell.

RESISTED ARREST.

Another Shooting at Seven Rivers.—Two Men Probably Killed.

Close Call for Deputy Sheriff Charlie Perry.

Deputy Sheriff, Charlie Perry arrived at Seven Rivers, on Sunday, the 12th inst., with a warrant for the arrest of Jeff Kent, charged with "shooting up the town," some months ago. Perry was accompanied by John Berkly. Kent resisted arrest. He fired two shots in quick succession. The first missed Perry's head, the second hit Berkley in the head. Perry returned fire, shooting Kent through the body, perforating the left lung. Kent will doubtless die of his wound, and Berkley is in a precarious condition. Young Tom Jones was arrested by Perry as an accomplice of Kent and will have an examination at Roswell before Judge Davidson, on Monday the 20th inst.

Precinct Election.

The precinct election on Monday passed off very quietly. The day was clear and cold, and with the exception of a few more people being on the streets than usual there was nothing unusual in the appearance of the town.

The only office that there was any contest for was the Justice of the Peace; with the exception of that office there was only one set of candidates in the field. Fred Joyce, Caleb Maule and J. W. Mullens were aspirants for that office, and all did good work for themselves, but Fred seemed to have the inside track and came in away ahead. The polls were in the store of Jaffa, Prager & Co., and were presided over by W. S. Prager, C. C. Fountain and J. S. Lea.

The entire ticket is a good one and the gentlemen comprising it will no doubt perform their duty to the best of their ability, and we hope to the satisfaction of all concerned.

The following is the vote cast: Justice of the Peace—Fred Joyce 64, J. W. Mullens 36, Caleb Maule 28. School Commissioners—G. A. Richardson 118, Geo. T. Ovard 114, J. M. Biggs 109.

Constable—Scott Jordan 127. Supervisor of Acequias—Park Lea. 130.

LINCOLN LACONICS.

From the Independent, Jan. 10th. Deputy Sheriff Capt. D. W. Roberts is in Roswell on business this week.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Curry has been quite ill, but is improving.

Chas. Perry, the large and efficient Roswell deputy sheriff, was here this week on official business.

In the race at Nogal last Saturday, Buck Guyse's "blue pony" beat Sebe Gray's bay stallion. The race was 600 yards for 50 beef steers.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Cockrell returned Sunday from a visit to Roswell. Mr. C. thinks that that town will be a place of 2,000 or 3,000 inhabitants in the near future.

It is rumored that a party of, masked men have been waylaying parties between here and Stanton, and that one Mexican is now nursing a bullet hole in his leg on account thereof.

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners are in session this week, holding their regular quarterly meeting. Col. M. Cronin, Chairman, A. Green, of Seven Rivers, and Thos. Heneley, of Nogal, (the full Board) are in attendance.

Mrs. Wm. S. Block, of Fort Stanton, N. M., died at 5:14 a. m., Monday, Jan. 6th, 1890.

Decensed was born at Le Claire, Scott county, Iowa, Dec. 2d, 1856, and was, therefore, 33 years, one month and four days old when she died. By her death her husband loses a devoted, faithful wife, her three little children a loving mother, and the world a noble woman, long suffering, but ever patient and cheerful. Her sorrowing husband and children have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

"The Woods are Full of 'Em."

Lives there a man with soul so dead who never to himself has said, "I'll pay before I go to bed, the debt I owe the printer?" Yes, there are some who know full well, who never such a tale would tell, but they, we fear, will go to—well, the place where there is no winter.—Abilene Reflector.

For Sale.

1,500 ewes, all young, from 2 to 4 years old, sheep that will shear 7 pounds a year. For information call on or address J. A. Erwin, Roswell, N. M.

A fine lot of cigars, the best in town, just arrived at Zimmerman's Drug store.

Look! Read This!

By a special arrangement made with the publishers we are able to offer to the public the PECOS VALLEY REGISTER with any one of the following papers for the price set opposite the name. Now is the time to get your home paper together with a good foreign paper for a small sum. All subscriptions must be sent to this office and be accompanied by the cash. Remember you get the REGISTER and any one of the following papers, both, for the price set opposite the name. Rocky Mountain News, daily, one year... \$10.00 Rocky Mountain News, daily, six months... 6.00 Rocky Mountain News, weekly, one year... 3.00 Rocky Mountain News, weekly, six months... 2.75 Fort Worth Gazette, weekly, one year... 2.50 Fort Worth Gazette, Sunday, one year... 3.10 St. Louis Republic, daily, with Sunday, 1 yr. 10.75 St. Louis Republic, daily, without Sunday... 9.00 St. Louis Republic, tri-weekly, one year... 5.50 St. Louis Republic, Sunday alone, 1 year... 3.75 St. Louis Republic, weekly, one year... 2.75 Detroit Free Press, weekly, one year... 2.90 Albuquerque, N. M. Democrat, daily, 1 year 10.00 Albuquerque Democrat, daily, six months... 5.00 Santa Fe New Mexican, daily, one year... 11.00 Santa Fe New Mexican, weekly, one year... 4.00 Las Vegas Stock Grower, weekly, 1 year... 4.00

—If you are in need of a bath or want your boots blacked go to White's barber shop and you will get it. He is now prepared to furnish his customers with either hot or cold baths, and invites all to give him a call.

—Jaffa, Prager & Co., are having a well put in the rear of their store. It is being driven and has already reached the depth of 63 feet, and will be continued until good water is reached. Dr. Sutherland has charge of the work.

—W. F. Slack, of Las Vegas came in Thursday night. Mr. Slack has decided to make this his future home. He is a first-class blacksmith, and will associate himself with C. B. Grant in that business. He will return to Las Vegas for his family about May 1st.

—M. Whiteman came home from Roswell, to view the ruins and make repairs, and prepare for improvements. Whiteman has no flies on him, he will rebuild, how soon has not been fully determined. Another block is contemplated, arrangements are about completed.

—Interpreter. —In last weeks paper we said that Bud Wilson paid into Justice Davidson's court eight dollars for disorderly conduct. We were mistaken in the name, instead of Bud Wilson it should have read Bud Davis. We are sorry that the mistake occurred, and are glad to make the correction.

—Mr. Chas. W. Green, located at Chicago, renewed his subscription to the REGISTER for 1890, and also gave us a foreign subscription. Mr. Green is an enterprising gentleman, and has done much for the Pecos Valley and this paper. He not only pays us compliments but he backs them up with cash Thanks.

—J. L. Zimmerman is making arrangements to build an addition to the rear of his store 14x25, and he will move his stock back and make room for his large invoice of goods that are now on the road. Mr. Zimmerman has a good trade and as his present room will not accommodate his customers he is compelled to make an enlargement.

—Cunningham Bros. have completed their contract with the Lincoln Ditch Co., consisting of 3 1/2 miles of main ditch and 5 miles of lateral. Water has been turned in the ditch and the capacity of the ditch will be more than sufficient for the amount of land under it, which is over 3000 acres. L. M. Long was their engineer in charge of the construction.

—W. A. Hawkins and T. V. Piontkowsky, two of Eddy's most prominent citizens arrived here Sunday evening. Mr. Hawkins immediately upon his arrival here received a telegram requesting him to return to Eddy at once, and they started back Tuesday morning. They will return in a few days however, and will spend a week or two in hunting and looking over the country. Look the country over well, gentlemen, and we are sure that you will decide that Roswell and the country surrounding it are the best in the Pecos Valley.

—The meeting to organize a fire company was held at the store of J. L. Zimmerman on last Saturday afternoon. As no arrangements had been made and there being but a small attendance, but little business was done. G. A. Richardson was chosen temporary chairman and presided over the meeting. Scott Jordan was elected foreman of the company, Nathan Jaffa 1st assistant, and A. M. Robertson 2nd assistant. After electing the above officers, the meeting adjourned until Wednesday evening, at which time a permanent organization was to be perfected. Up to going to press we are unable to get a report of the meeting, but will give the particulars next week.

—The Denver Field and Farm says the following about the "only" Ash Upson: "One of the earliest printers around Denver was a happy-go-lucky chap named Ash M. Upson. Some time in the latter sixties becoming tired of type setting he emigrated to the southern portion of New Mexico—going with a show which exhibited as its principal attraction an indian-rubber marionette called "The Red Man of Ager." This wonderful master-piece of art was so realistic that the Mexican natives thought it was his satanic majesty in real life, so they raided the show, killing the imaginary devil and nearly massacred Upson and his partner in the show. In fact they saved their lives by fleeing to Fort Stanton and sought refuge among the United States troops garrisoned there. Upson had had some genuine frontier experiences in the wilds of southern New Mexico and has written considerable about his escapades there."

Alfalfa Seed.

Anderson & Sutherland, the famous alfalfa seed growers of Colorado, have five car loads of alfalfa seed ready now for the market all of their own raising. Address at Rocky Ford, Colorado. 7-90d.

JAFFA, PRAGER & CO'S. COLUMN.

JOHN W. POE.

J. S. LEA.

W. H. COSGROVE.

Poe, Lea & Cosgrove,

—Dealers in—
General Merchandise of Every Kind,
Roswell, New Mexico.

A. M. Robertson & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Shingles and MOULDINGS, FENCE POSTS, & C.

Roswell, - - - - - New Mexico.

BOOTH & McDONALD,

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Dealers.

Choice Wines & Cigars.

Ranch Trade Solicited. Bottle Goods A Specialty.

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

W. A. JENKINS.

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W. A. Jenkins & Co.,

BLACKSMITHS & WHEELWRIGHTS.

WORK PROMPTLY DONE. CHARGES REASONABLE.

All Kinds Repair Work A Specialty.

Main St., Roswell, N. M.

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CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

WILL FURNISH

Plans and Specifications.

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MECHANICAL WORK.

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Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands embraced in the Pecos Valley. Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

OFFICE—Garrett's Ranch, Head of the Northern Canal of the Pecos Irrigation and Investment Co. Postoffice address: UPSON & GARRETT, ROSWELL, N. M.

A. H. WHEATSTONE.

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AGENTS,

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Complete abstract of all lands on the Pecos. Prompt attention to all business in the U. S. Land Office.

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FEED AND SALE STABLE.

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Civil Engineer, Land Surveyor & Notary Public, ROSWELL, N. M.

Plans, specifications and estimates of all mechanical work carefully made. Complete abstract of title to all the lands on the Rio Hondo and Pecos.

L. A. Stephens,

PRACTICAL JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER

ROSWELL, N. M.

Fine Watch Work a Specialty

HODSOLL'S

Photographic & Art Gallery

Roswell, N. M.

All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty.

Enlargements made to any size, either Bromide or Crayon.

All Work Guaranteed.

A. E. FLEITZ,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Estimates Given on All Kinds of Work.

Special attention paid to outside correspondence. All inquiries regarding Roswell and vicinity cheerfully answered

Drugs, Stationery

& Toilet Articles.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

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TEXAS HOUSE,

Mrs. Wm. Fountain, Proprietress.

Board and Lodging at Reasonable Rates

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LINCOLN, - - - - - NEW MEXICO, Will practice in Lincoln and adjoining counties.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels cures, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.

OPIUM DETECTIVES

Habit. The only certain and easy cure. Dr. J. L. Stebbins, Lebanon, Ohio.



Three little maids from school are we. Free from pains of all description! But once we were sick as sick could be—Cured by the "Favorite Prescription."

A standard remedy for the peculiar ills incident to that critical period in a girl's life when she is just entering upon her "teens" is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Young ladies' boarding-schools have sent their pupils home rosy-cheeked, romping lasses, like the three beautiful maidens in the above illustration, when they have resorted to the use of "Favorite Prescription" for building up and regulating the systems of those delicate, pale, sickly girls, just approaching puberty, who need a generous, supporting tonic and a quieting, strengthening nerve—free from alcohol and injurious drugs. Whether in boarding-schools or homes, it is guaranteed to correct all those delicate derangements and weaknesses incident to females.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Manufacturers, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS. PURELY VEGETABLE and PERFECTLY HARMLESS.

Unquestioned as a LIVER PILL. Cures Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels. 25 cents a vial, by druggists.

Morse's School Shoes,

Made in our large factory at Omaha, Nebraska. Ask your dealer for them. Refuse to take any others. If not kept in your town, write us asking where to get them. They wear longer and fit better than any other shoes. Shoes have always been made too narrow. We make them wide. A reward of Fifty Dollars in gold paid for every pair of our own make of shoes that contain a particle of shoddy, or anything but solid leather. We make 150 styles of Women's, Misses and Children's Sewed and Standard Sew, Grain, Glove, Kid and Dongola. Elegant styles, wide and good fitting. We also carry 150 styles of Men's Goods, Rubbers, &c.

W. V. MORSE & CO., Shoe Manufacturers, Omaha, Neb.

The storm-cloud should have a sky blew color.

When the summer's rose has faded
What shall make it fair again?
When the face with pain is shaded
What shall drive away the pain?
Never shall a blossom brighten
After blighted by the frost,
But the loud of pain may lighten,
And we need not count as lost
All the pleasure of life when the wife and mother, upon whom the happiness of home so largely depends, is afflicted with the delicate diseases peculiar to women. It is terrible to contemplate the misery existing in our midst because of the prevalence of these diseases. It is high time that every woman should know that there is one sure remedy for all female complaints, and that is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Do not allow ill-health to fasten itself upon you. Ward it off by the use of this standard remedy. But if it has already crept in, put it to rout. You can do it by the use of the "Favorite Prescription." It is guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it will be returned.

For biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, and constipation, take Dr. Pierce's Pellets.

Perfection is made up of trifles, but it is no trifling matter to attain perfection.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The trouble is that the fellow in position to do something for you won't do it.

Any person sending his address to Robert J. Wallace, principal of BUSINESS COLLEGE, University of Denver, 14th and Arapahoe Sts., Denver, Colorado, will receive a very useful article, bearing our advertisement.

The treacle jug, the buckwheat pancake and the cold wave now form an oligarchy of tremendous power.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it, 25 cents.

One cannot call the upper branch of the English Parliament a peevish body.

Oregon, the Paradise of Farmers.

Mild, equable climate, certain and abundant crops. Best fruit, grain, grass and stock country in the world. Full information free. Address the Oregon Immigration Board, Portland, Oregon.

WHENCE WEEDS COME.

Facts About Them Which Have Recently Been Found Out in England.

The Farmers' Gazette of London recently made some practical remarks about weeds and whence they come. It is probable, according to this article, that the six most obnoxious weeds found on arable soil are the dock, thisle, nettle, charlock, the poppy, and bind weed. A weed is defined as any plant out of place. Cultivated grasses are frequently found growing in arable fields, and there they are distinctly weeds, inasmuch as they are fed upon the food which the cultivated crop requires and occupy the space which it should occupy.

In answer to the question whence weeds come there are (writes a correspondent of the Manchester Guardian) "eight replies given, to one or two of which I may refer. It is remarked that the seeds of weeds are often present among the seeds which are sown, and that especially is this the case in grass seeds. To guard against this the farmer should go to seedsmen who are known to have taken great precautions in the cleaning of their seeds.

Further, it is remarked that many seeds are introduced with manure which is distributed upon the land. The wind is responsible for carrying the seeds of weeds both into our gardens and fields, and this is the one reason why farmers should not only keep their fields but their hedgerows also clean. The hedgerows are the cause of a great deal of mischief, as well as the strips of land on either side of the high road, which nobody owns and which few attempt to clean.

If the farm is to be kept free from weeds, the hedges, the ditches, and the roadsides must be kept clean also. Among other methods of distributing seed, it is suggested that running surface waters and streams carry them from field to field, that seeds are dropped by birds and are found in their manure, while others are carried in the mud on their feet. Again, some seeds cling to domestic animals and even to the clothing of the men. It is remarked that after the invasion of France by the Germans weeds which had been carried by the German army appeared in some places where they had been practically unknown before."

GREAT SOCIETY BEAUTIES.

They Nearly All Come from the Country and Villages.

The great beauties who take the social prizes in marriage, says a London letter in the Ladies' Home Journal, are almost all bred in the lesser towns, where a less conventional society gives woman a snatch at freedom in girlhood. You don't find them growing up with calisthenics, health lifts and a massage use to do their exercise for them.

You all remember the painful story of a girl in a city home, surrounded by every care, who was strangled in the cords of her "health pull" one evening little more than a year since. Scarcely more pitiful is her fate than that of girls brought up to depend on such substitutes for work and exercise if they live. A sick, anemic woman, unused, unable to care for herself or others, is the most pitiable, repugnant object in creation. You seldom find a lasting beauty which has not had a semi-Greek education of outdoor life and exercise behind it.

Take the beautiful Gunnings, who ran wild in their Irish country home till their calculating mamma had raked and scraped enough to take them to Dublin and thence to London. The Gunnings were unlicensed hoidens, but their races over the hills gave them matchless complexions. Later still Mrs. Langtry took her beauty course, roving the Jersey lanes with her brothers in soft, pure sea air, living on peaches and coarse bread, with just as little of lessons as sufficed to fit her for London drawing-rooms.

Iron Houses.

Iron is rapidly increasing in its use for houses. You can buy a complete iron house at the manufacturer's and have it set up anywhere in pieces. A large number of iron villas have been sent from England to the Riviera and put up there upon plots of land purchased or leased, with the provision that when the lease expires the house can be taken away. A comfortable house can readily be built in a month. The price of a room measuring 20 by 13 feet is about \$250.

Will be More Particular.

Rev. Charles N. Gleason, of Deer Isle, Me., has set a good example to his ministerial brethren. He announces through the local paper his determination not to marry any more couples unless the names of both parties to the transaction are sent to him long enough before the date of the ceremony for him to act intelligently. Since his residence in Deer Isle, he says, he has married more than twenty-five couples. At some of these services he has been glad to officiate, but there have been others, and not a few, where the solemn words and prayer seemed out of place, and some that had he known all the circumstances, he should not have performed. Any person, says Mr. Gleason, who supposes that the fee covers all delinquencies and will act as "hush money" to the minister not only proves himself to be without principle, but insults the minister whom he asks to perform the ceremony.

Even to the Grave.

A triangular bit of land just outside the borough limits of Stonington, Conn., is an old family burying ground. The yard shows neglect, bushes are growing therein, while the walls in many places have fallen down, and the entire surroundings indicate that the dead quietly reposing there have been long since forgotten. One marble monument there has an inscription that shows that the dead deserved a better fate than oblivion. It reads: "When Rhode Island, by her legislation from 1844 to 1850, repudiated her revolutionary debt, Dr. Richmond removed from that state to this borough and selected this as his family burial plot, unwilling that the remains of himself and family should be disgraced by being part of the common earth of a repudiated state.

It is sad to think that Nebuchadnezzar after his gay life had to go to grass, but sadder the thought that so many men of promise and ability find early graves by carelessness in not checking a cold in its early stages by the use of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

It is the unmarried lady who can give her sister points on the art of how to manage a husband.

I suffered with pain in my side and back for four weeks, the pain being so severe as to keep me in bed, unable to move. I tried Salvation Oil and it completely cured me, and I am now well and free from all pain.

CH. ROBERT LEDLISH,
52 Durst Alley, Balto., Md.

The trees now resemble the man who takes off his hat when he salutes a lady—naked boughs, you know.

A Clerk's Luck.

Samuel Baker, a clerk in one of our principal jewelry stores, who lives at 1,934 1/2 Bush street is in luck. At the last drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery Company he found himself suddenly possessed of the snug sum of \$15,000, he having purchased a coupon of ticket No. 93, which drew the capital prize. As soon as his good fortune became known Mr. Baker's friends came about him to offer their congratulations. One of the number was a reporter of the Call to whom Mr. Baker said:

"For years past I have been in the habit of buying four or five coupons each month. This time I bought four among which was No. 93. I was much surprised when I saw that I had won a slice of the capital prize."

"What do you intend to do with your money?" asked the reporter.

"I shall let it rest for the present," answered Mr. Baker, "until I see some good opportunity for investing it advantageously and securely. I can draw money until I have a chance to dispose of the capital in some enterprise that will prove both safe and profitable."

It is the scissors grinder who likes to see things dull.

Are any of the new fangled washing compounds as good as the old-fashioned soap? Dobbins' Electric Soap has been sold every day for 24 years, and is now just as good as ever. Ask your grocer for it and take no other.

There are very few of this year's dates on the market.

A pocket pin-cushion free to smokers of "Tansill's Punch" 5c. Cigar.

When a lady faints she should have proper support.

Coughs and Colds. Those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, etc., should try BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Sold only in boxes.

The ditch-digger is the man who always "gets in his work."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

S'JACOBS OIL

CURES PERMANENTLY Horse and Cattle Diseases.

For General Use.

The Arms' Palace and Stock Car Co., Toledo, Ohio, June, 1888.

We cheerfully recommend S' Jacobs Oil as the best for general use on stock.

H. ARMS & CO.

Cold, Swelled Limbs, Inflammation.

Neponset, Ill., May 21, 1888.

My mare caught cold, reared, and swelled limbs, lump between fore-legs and inflammation. Cured her with S' Jacobs Oil.

L. O. GARDNER.

At Druggists and Dealers.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

SICK HEADACHE

CURED BY THESE LITTLE PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Poor Appetite.

Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headache, and all ailments arising from Indigestion.

Price 25 Cents.

Purely Vegetable.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

SMITH'S BILE BEANS

Act on the liver and bile; clear the complexion; cure biliousness, sick headache, constipation, and all liver and stomach disorders.

We are now making small size Bile Beans, especially adapted for children and women—very small and easy to take. Price of either size 25c per bottle.

A panel size PHOTO-GRAVURE of the above picture, "Kissing at 11:20," mailed on receipt of 2c stamp. Address the makers of the great Anti-Bile Remedy—"Bile Beans."

J. F. SMITH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

RUPTURE

CURED OR NO PAY!

No Operation. No Detention from Business. Reference—See 22-24 First National Bank Building.

PIROF. O. E. MILLER & CO., 22 and 24 First National Bank Building, Denver.

Send for circular.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

at any DRUG STORE

TAKE IT FAITHFULLY, AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED THAT THERE IS BUT ONE REMEDY FOR COUGHS & COLDS

AND THAT IS ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

AT 25¢ 50¢ & \$1.00 PER BOTTLE

J.N. HARRIS & CO. (LIMITED) PROPRIETORS, Cin. O.

ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passage. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail register 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

DRINK LION COFFEE

A TRUE COMBINATION OF Mocha, Java and Rio.

A BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR Picture Card Given WITH EVERY POUND PACKAGE LION COFFEE

When you buy your Groceries try a package LION COFFEE. It is the best in the United States—made up from a selection of Mocha, Java and Rio, properly blended and is conceded by all to make the nicest cup of Coffee in the land. For Sale Everywhere.

Woolson Spice Co., Man'rs, KANSAS CITY, MO. TOLEDO, O.

MERCHANTS WRITE YOUR JOBBERS FOR PRICES.



JOSEPH MILNER'S General Western Steamship Agency,

—In connection with— THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE.

Sixteen principal Trans-Atlantic lines represented. The best facilities of any agency in the west for the accommodation of all classes of railway and steamship travel. Passage tickets of all classes to and from all points in Europe. Special attention given to securing cabin accommodations. Full information regarding everything pertaining to railway and steamship travel, cheerfully furnished. Call on or address

JOSEPH MILNER,

Burlington Route Ticket Agent and General Western Steamship Agent. 1700 LARIMER STREET, DENVER.

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