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NO. 3

KERR COUNTY MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION

Local Organization That Operates on Simple Basis and Pays Claims Promptly.

EVERY CITIZEN SHOULD JOIN Benefits Are Not Large But Are Always Immediately Available Fund.

There are comparatively few families in such circumstances that when a death occurs in the family they are not pressed for funds. The Kerr County Aid Association is an organization for mutual assistance, intended to give this "first aid" immediately after a member dies. The amount of the benefit is determined by the number of members the organization has. In the last week two members of the organization, H. V. Scholl and A. B. Story, have died, and the payment was made to their families on the day death occurred.

Everyone whose physical condition will permit should join the Kerr County Aid Association.

Following is a statement of the purpose and the by-laws of the Kerr County Aid Association:

OBJECTS

This Association is a fraternal, charitable, beneficial and benevolent society, organized for the protection of those dependent upon its members.

First.—To unite all respectable white persons, male and female, bona fide residents of Kerr County, Texas, who are in good health, between the ages of eighteen and sixty years, inclusive.

Second.—To pledge the members to the payment of a stipulated sum to such beneficiary as deceased members may have designated while living, under such conditions as the laws of the Association may prescribe.

BY-LAWS

Section 1.—The name of this Association shall be "The Kerr County Aid Association."

Sec. 2.—The annual meeting of this Association will be one year from the date of its organization, and annually thereafter for the hearing of the officers' annual reports, the election of officers and the transaction of such other business as may be properly come before it.

Sec. 3.—Fifteen members, in good standing, shall constitute a quorum to do business at all annual or special meetings of the Association. Each member shall be allowed one vote, but no proxies shall be allowed.

Sec. 4.—The officers of this Association shall be elected annually by the members, and shall consist of seven Directors. From such number the Directors shall choose a President, Vice President, Treasurer, Secretary and three Trustees, and shall hold their respective offices for one year, unless removed or declared vacant as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 5.—The President shall preside at all meetings of the Association or Board of Directors, and perform the duties usually incident to such office. He shall sign all warrants drawn on the Treasurer, and all certificates of membership issued. He may call special meetings of the Board of Directors at any time, or at the request of three directors. He must call meetings of the Association when requested by a majority of the Board of Directors, or when so requested in writing by one-tenth of the members of the Association who are in good standing.

Sec. 6.—The Vice President, in the absence, or during the inability of the President, shall perform all the duties pertaining to the office of President.

Sec. 7.—The Secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings of all the meetings of the Association and Directors, receive and receipt for all monies paid the Association, and shall make a written report to each annual meeting, and at other times if requested by the Board of Directors, of the affairs of this Association. He shall keep a record of all bonds on the minute book, notify all members by postal card of assessments regularly made by the Board of Directors, attest all warrants on the Treasurer and all certificates of membership. He shall publish the annual

or special meetings of this Association for at least one week prior to the same in some county paper.

Sec. 8.—The Treasurer shall receive all monies from the Secretary, give his receipt therefor, and safely keep the same, and shall pay out same upon warrants of the President, duly attested by the Secretary, and make a complete financial report at each annual meeting of the Association, and at other times if requested by the Board of Directors.

Sec. 9.—The duties of the trustees shall be to approve all bonds given by the officers, and exercise supervision over them and shall be the custodians of the bonds. They shall verify all reports of death, pay over to the beneficiaries all death benefits and take up certificates held by such deceased members, with receipts of the beneficiary thereon. In case of the loss of such certificate, the affidavit of such fact, made before an officer authorized to administer oaths, together with the receipt of the beneficiary, shall be sufficient. They shall also make an annual report to this Association, and at such other times as requested by the Board of Directors.

Sec. 10.—The Secretary and Treasurer shall give bond to the Association in the sum of \$500.00 each, or more if required by the Board of Directors, and no Director shall be permitted to sign such bond as surety of said officers.

Sec. 11.—The board of Directors shall meet as often as it may become necessary for the transaction of business of the Association. Four Directors shall constitute a quorum, but a less number may adjourn from day to day, until a quorum can be secured.

Sec. 12.—The Board of Directors are authorized to fill vacancies between annual meetings in any office.

Sec. 13.—To secure membership in this Association, applicants must apply in writing, correctly state age, name and address, the name of his or her family physician, and the name of the beneficiary; on blanks furnished by the Association; said application shall be accompanied by the Secretary's receipt for one death assessment paid in advance, according to age of applicant, one year's annual dues and a membership fee of fifty cents. The Board of Directors pass upon all applications, and if they deem it necessary, may require the applicant to furnish at his, or her, own expense, the certificate of some reputable physician as to applicant's good health. When applicant has been accepted a certificate of membership shall be issued and signed by the President and Secretary. If rejected all money paid by applicant into the hands of the Secretary shall be refunded.

Sec. 14.—It is the duty of the Board of Directors to levy an assessment upon each member, immediately upon having to pay a death loss, so as to provide for the next death loss. Such assessment shall be according to age of member when admitted. All assessments must be paid within fifteen days from date of call; members failing to pay same within the time prescribed, will stand expelled; and no longer entitled to any benefit from this Association.

Sec. 15.—The Board of Directors shall meet on the sixteenth day from date of call of each assessment, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and make a record of all members who have failed to pay the assessment within the time prescribed by Section 14 hereof, and cause the Secretary to notify each member so expelled of the same.

Sec. 16.—Should a member, at any time, desire to change his, or her, beneficiary, they may do so by applying to the Secretary, pay a fee of twenty-five cents, surrender the old certificate and receive a new one. The Secretary shall note same on his record book.

Sec. 17.—The death benefit derived from this Association, shall be \$100 for each member thereof, and such additional amount as may have accumulated in the Benefit Fund, up to the date of such member's death.

Sec. 18.—Each applicant shall be required to present with his application, before the same can be acted upon, the receipt of the Secretary showing that applicant has paid in advance a membership fee of fifty cents, one year's annual dues and one death assessment according to age of applicant, as per following:

From age 18 to 24 \$1.00
From age 25 to 29 1.00
From age 30 to 34 1.20
From age 35 to 39 1.30
From age 40 to 44 1.40

From age 45 to 50 1.50
From age 50 to 55 1.75
From age 55 to 60 2.00

And each member shall be required to pay each subsequent death assessment, thereafter, as per age at which such member was admitted a member.

Sec. 19.—When the death of a member is reported, it shall be the duty of the trustees to immediately verify the report. Upon ascertaining the report to be true, they shall at once call upon the President, or acting President, and have the Directors order the amount due upon certificate of deceased, properly drawn from the treasury, and shall then cause to be paid over to the person, or persons, named as the beneficiaries of the deceased, their heirs, or duly authorized representative, the amount due on such certificate, and take up the same. Payment may be made by any one of the trustees, through bank check or cash, but not until such membership certificate has been received and surrendered.

Sec. 20.—The annual dues of this Association shall not exceed fifty cents per year, and may be such less amount as the Board of Directors see proper and necessary. The beneficiary fund shall not be used, under any circumstances, for payment of any other than death claims.

Sec. 21.—All funds paid into this Association, other than death benefits, shall be carried to a general fund; and the Secretary and Treasurer, shall keep separate accounts for each of said funds.

Sec. 22.—The Secretary shall receive for his services \$25.00 annually, payable quarterly, the remission of his annual dues, and all fees paid to him under Section 16, hereof. All stationery, postal cards, stamps and other necessary expenses shall be paid out of the general fund. All other officer shall receive nothing.

Sec. 23.—It shall become the duty of the Directors of this Association, to have any officer or Director, to resign and vacate his office, and turn over to them all books, monies, papers and other materials belonging to the Association, at any time that he fails, refuses or neglects to attend to the business of his office, or does anything detrimental to the best interest of the Association.

A Call.

A meeting of the members of the Kerr County Aid Association is called to be held at the council chamber in Kerrville, Wednesday night, Jan. 24th at 8 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of transacting important business. All members are requested to be present.

Guard Against Meningitis.

The following letter from Dr. Ralph Steiner, state Health Officer, is self-explanatory.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 8, 1912.
Dr. E. E. Palmer, City Physician,
Kerrville, Texas.

Dear Doctor:—

Isolate and place in absolute quarantine all cases Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.

On appearance of the disease in your city close public schools and discourage public gatherings.

Insist upon general sanitary measures, clean and disinfect sidewalks, streets and alleys.

Carriers convey the disease by means of the nose and throat secretions.

Insist upon the enforcement of the anti-spitting ordinance and advise the use of an antiseptic spray in the nose and throat, as a precautionary measure.

See that all street cars and public conveyances are disinfected.

Yours truly,
Ralph S. Steiner.

Boys' Corn Club to Organize.

A meeting will be held at the Court House in Kerrville, Saturday, Jan. 27 for the purpose of organizing the Kerr County Boys' Corn Club. It is hoped that at least one boy from each farm in Kerr County where is a boy, will be present at this meeting. The Kerr County Farmers' Institute will be held on the same day, and this will make it convenient for the boys to come to town, as many of their fathers will be in attendance at the Institute. Corn planting time will soon be here, and now is the time to begin preparing the ground for a crop that will win one of the big prizes. Remember the day, Saturday, January 27.

WOODMEN

Department History and Statistics
HOLD UP
CELEBRATION

Joined by the Local Grove Woodmen Circle They Hold Installation.

FEASTING IS FEATURE

Members of the Two Organizations Enjoy Program of Amusements

An epoch was marked in the progress of Woodcraft Wednesday night when the local camp Woodmen of the World and Olive Circle held a joint installation of officers at Woodmen Hall. It would not be a matter of news to state to anyone, that these two fraternal organizations had scored a big success at any kind of social affair, because they always succeed, but the statement that they outdid themselves on this occasion, which is quite true, marks an epoch in fraternal social affairs of this place.

The first thing on the program was the installation of officers of the two camps. Acting for the Woodmen of the World, Past Consul A. H. Moore conducted the ceremony installing the officers of Cypress Camp No. 58 W. O. W. for the ensuing year. The newly installed officers are:

W. A. Fawcett C. C., L. A. Leinweber Adv. Lieut., A. F. Thigpen Clerk, W. W. Noll Banker, S. A. Rees Escort, T. B. Peterson watchman, J. D. Motley Sentry, P. J. Haag, Jno. Peterson, J. A. Smith managers, W. G. Williams and E. E. Palmer camp physicians.

Following this the officers of Olive Grove No. 293 Woodmen Circle were duly installed, Miss Alice Williamson, Past Guardian, conducting the ceremony in an impressive manner. The officers are:

Mrs. J. T. Moore Guardian, Mrs. L. A. Mosty Clerk, Miss Alice Williamson Banker, Mrs. A. T. Adkins attendant, Mrs. E. O'Neal Chaplain, Mrs. J. H. Davis Adviser, Miss Helen Doebbler Inner Sentinel, Miss Bertie Lee Outer Sentinel, Dr. W. G. Williams Camp Physician, Mrs. Lee Wallace musician.

At the close of the installation ceremonies, the business of the evening having been disposed of, the meeting was turned into a most enjoyable social affair. A program of music and other features had been prepared, and was thoroughly enjoyed by the large number of members and guests in attendance.

The program follows:
Music, orchestra; Installation of officers; music, orchestra; address, J. E. Grinstead; duet, Fisk and Motley; violin duet, Payne Williamson and John Mosel; solo, Mrs. Dunbar; duet, Misses Garret and Smith; music, orchestra.

At the close of the program supper was announced. A feast such as would have done honor to the banquet halls of ancient Rome was spread and enjoyed to the fullest extent.

A special feature of the evening, and one thoroughly enjoyed by the company was the excellent music, both vocal and instrumental. The Cotton Blossoms Orchestra, always good, furnished exceptionally fine music.

Texas' Natural Resources.

No State in the Union can lay claim to such a diversity of natural resources. Texas has abundant and rich deposits of iron, coal, lignite, natural gas, oil, clays, silver, quick-silver, cement material, granite, marble, limestone, sandstone and road material. Texas has 32,000,000,000 feet of merchantable timber, springs and wells flowing with mineral waters and raw material of all kinds for manufacturing purposes.

Texas needs capital to develop these resources. The Texas Almanac of 1912, placed in the right hands, will bring capital to Texas. Its reputation for accuracy and fairness will give it a hearing. No better missionary for Texas can be found. A hundred thousand copies should be distributed in northern and eastern states.

Kerr County Farmers' Institute meets Saturday, Jan. 27, 1:30 p. m. at the Court House.

Join the Boys' Corn Club.

What a Bank Should

Give

THE greatest possible service to the greatest possible number of people in the greatest possible number of ways That is what we strive to do at all times

CHAS. SCHREINER

Banker

(Unincorporated)

Individual Responsibility Over Three Million Dollars.

INTERVENTION IS THREATENED

State Department Sends Note of Warning to President Gomez.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Having served notice on President Gomez' government that the United States expected Cuba to live up to her treaty engagements and maintain a republican form of government, the state department now is awaiting developments.

The notice served by the state department on President Gomez declares that the United States will intervene in Cuba if further attempts are made by the veterans' organization to nullify the law prohibiting interference of the military in political affairs in Cuba.

Officials here are confident that when Cubans understand the move of the United States is simply to discharge its treaty obligations, here will be little dissatisfaction outside of the veterans' organization.

So well laid are the plans of the general staff of the army that news of the possibility of intervention in Cuba has caused scarcely a ripple at headquarters. Should it become necessary to send troops to Cuba the whole mechanism of the transportation and mobilization services could be in operation within a few hours and probably within two days the first army transport would be sailing for Havana. Long before that transport had reached Cuban waters several American battle ships would be lying off proper strategic points on the Cuban coast.

War department officials, however, do not anticipate any such order.

The officials here entertain no doubt whatever of the result of this note of warning. President Gomez will enforce his decree against the participation of the military in politics, and it is expected there will be a decided abatement of the raid of would-be office holders upon the places now filled by members of the conservative element. If these results are not obtained then it may reasonably be expected that within a short time the American flag will again be hoisted over the government house in Havana.

The attitude of the United States is shown by the following note presented yesterday afternoon to the Cuban government:

"The situation in Cuba as now reported causes grave concern to the government of the United States.

"That the laws intended to safeguard free republican government shall be enforced and not defied is obviously essential to the maintenance of the law, order and stability indispensable to the status of the republic of Cuba, in the continued well-being of which the United States has a vital interest.

"The president of the United States

therefore looks to the president and government of Cuba to prevent the threatened situation which would compel the government of the United States, much against its desires, to consider what measures it must take in pursuance of the obligations of its relations to Cuba."

The notification of the American government was served upon President Gomez through American Ambassador Beaupre at Havana. Senor Martin-Rivero, Cuban minister to the United States, was not apprised of the action except through the press, and declined to comment upon it. He attended the diplomatic dinner at the white house today, where he met Secretary Knox, as well as President Taft, but before leaving the legation he said he did not expect to discuss the matter, even informally.

It was on reports of American Minister Beaupre today's note was based. Minister Beaupre reported today from Havana that in defiance of a decree issued by President Gomez forbidding officers of the army and rural guard to participate in politics, which also is prohibited by military law, many army officers and rurales attended a meeting Sunday night in the National Council of Veterans of the Cuban war for independence.

The veterans have been active in the past three months in attempting to have displaced from the civil service persons who sympathized with the Spanish cause in the rebellion. Press dispatches have indicated the veterans were threatening to coerce members of congress, which body is now in session, to nullify the law regarding the participation of the military in politics.

This move convinced the state department the situation was the most serious that had presented itself since the veterans move began. It had been evident to the department President Gomez practically was powerless to resist the movement unless he receives substantial support from the outside.

Stiff Fighting in Paraguay's Capital.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 17.—There has been stiff fighting in the streets of Asuncion, the capital of Paraguay, between the adherents of President liberato Rojas and the revolutionaries. Many are killed on both sides.

The insurgents, however, are still in control of the situation and all attempts by the government troops to rescue President Rojas, who has been a prisoner in their hands since Monday, have proved unsuccessful.

Kerr County Boys' Corn Club will be organized at Courthouse, Kerrville, Saturday, Jan. 27, 2 o'clock.

This promises to be a fine year to root for your town. Get busy.

LOCAL NEWS

Items of Interest About People, Places and Things

The Presbyterian pulpit will be filled on Sunday morning and evening by Mr. E. M. Monroe of Austin. Sunday School as usual at 9:45 a. m.

Feed all kinds delivered to any part of the city. Phone 76.
P. J. KIRKLAND.

Herman Schulze was in Kerrville Saturday from his farm below town. Mrs. W. C. Wharton left Sunday for Mason County, after a month's visit in Kerrville.

Mrs. John Williams of Turtle Creek, was a visitor in town Saturday.

It's a little early to talk new styles of Low Quarters in shoes, but ours are here, just arrived this week. Be sure to call and see the swell styles for men, ladies, misses and children.
H. NOLL STOCK CO

Feed all kinds delivered to any part of the city. Phone 76.
P. J. KIRKLAND.

Wm. Bierschwald, or Harper, was in Kerrville Tuesday.

Eugene McDougall, of Harper, was among the business visitors here Tuesday.

Economy soap, the largest bar of soap for 5c. New lot just received.
H. NOLL STOCK CO

J. N. Hodges was in Kerrville Wednesday on route to his home in Junction from a business trip to San Antonio.

No hunting will be allowed in the Dowdy pastures on the forks of the Guadalupe River and Johnson fork.
T. A. DOWDY, INGRAM, TEX.

J. P. Taylor, of the Noxville community, was a visitor in Kerrville Wednesday.

J. F. Nichols, of the Ingram community, was in town Wednesday.

W. H. Smith and wife, of Urbana, Ill., are spending some time in Kerrville. They formerly resided here. Mr. Smith states that when he left home the thermometer registered 22 below.

Walter Schwethelm was in town Wednesday from his home on Wolf Creek.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Buggy and single harness. MRS. J. W. TAYLOR.
L. F. Pope was in town Wednesday.

Judge and Mrs. Lee Wallace made a business trip to Center Point Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry Barton of Turtle Creek, was a visitor in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Gold returned Tuesday night from a wedding trip to Houston and Galveston.

Judge R. H. Barrett visited his parents, Judge and Mrs. H. M. Barney near Center Point Thursday.

R. G. Miller, of Lima, was in town Wednesday.

A. D. Kaiser, of Lima, was in town the first of the week.

Ed Smith, of Ingram was a visitor in Kerrville Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Scholl, who had been in Kerrville several days on account of the death of Mr. Scholl's father, returned to New Braunfels Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Neunhafer returned to their home in San Antonio Sunday. They were accompanied by Mrs. H. V. Scholl, who will spend several weeks in San Antonio.

L. A. Leinweber, of the Ingram community, was here Saturday.

Tom Hagens was a visitor in town Saturday from his farm in the lower Guadalupe valley.

RAWSON'S

The place to buy
Pure Drugs

and properly prepared
medicines, Sundries,
Stationery, Magazines,
and all kinds of fancy
articles.

Manufacturer of
**RAWSON'S
SCREW WORM KILLER**

Died.

Little Anna May Josephine Krueger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Krueger, died at their home Wednesday, Jan. 15. The little one was not quite two years old. She had been ill two weeks, and death resulted from a complication of maladies. The funeral took place from the home, the Gerdes Hotel, Thursday afternoon.

Sincerest sympathy is extended to the bereaved parents.

Notice.

In selling the Ranch Saloon, I retained all the accounts. The books are at the Favorite Saloon, and I will be obliged to those who owe me if they will call and settle.

Respectfully,
M. F. WESTON.

Extra Fine Hogs.

Last week Hotchkiss & Anderson bought thirty head of Tamworth hogs from Clayton Morris of Morris ranch that were top-notchers for this section of the country. The hogs had an average weight of 350 pounds, and were the prettiest bunch of porkers ever shipped from this point. In addition to these the shippers purchased several other small lots, making in all two car loads.

Farmers, Take Notice.

A meeting of the Kerr County Farmers' Institute is called at the Court House on Jan. 27th at 1:30 p. m. All farmers interested in a Farmers' Institute are cordially invited to attend and join the institute. No admission fee is required. Only your good will and hearty co-operation.

Let us meet and discuss the various problems confronting the farmers today. Let us discuss better cultural methods, better and bigger crops, diversification and conservation.
HERMAN SCHULZE
Chairman-Kerr County Farmers' Institute.

There's a Difference.

You know without telling that there are stores where you like to trade, not because the price is lower, but because you always find what you want there, it costs you no more and you are treated just right. Well, it's the same way in every business. If you have blacksmith work to do, you want it done right, you want it done promptly and you want to be treated right. You will get such service at a shop that is run right, that has up-to-date equipment, that keeps a supply of first class materials, and employs first class workmen. I invite you to patronize just such a shop. It costs no more and the service is better. Try it once.
Respectfully,
P. J. HAAG,
Blacksmith and Wheelwright,
Kerrville, Tex.

Sails For Honolulu.

L. A. Schreiner left last Sunday for San Francisco, where he will join his wife and daughter who have been visiting in California for some time. On Jan. 23 they will sail on the steamer Mongolia for Honolulu, where they will make a visit of several weeks, returning the latter part of next month, or early in March.

Card of Thanks.

I desire to thank the members of Guadalupe Temple, Phytian Sisters for their great kindness and sympathy in my recent bereavement.
Gratefully,
MRS. H. V. SCHOLL.

A. B. STORY

A. B. Story died at his home in Kerrville Wednesday, Jan. 17. Deceased was 55 years old and had been a resident of Kerrville several years, having come here from Houston, where he was well known.

A. B. Story was a man of sterling character, and had many friends in Kerrville, who sincerely mourn his death.

The funeral took place the following day from the residence.

30,000 Homeless in Osaka, Japan.

OSAKA, Japan, Jan. 16.—A series of fires which broke out at 1 o'clock this morning, swept unchecked across the southern part of the city, fanned by a strong wind. The conflagration was not under control until late in the afternoon, when, according to official figures, 5268 buildings had been destroyed and 30,000 people rendered homeless. During the first four hours the flames consumed more than 1300 houses.

The Spelling Attachment.

D. H. Comparette, the obliging Vice President and General Manager of the Kerrville Telephone Company, had a typewriter agent up a tree for a little while one day last week. The glib purveyor of the latest thing in writing machines called on Mr. Comparette as a prospective victim and when courteously afforded an opportunity to set forth the merits of his machine he went after it like a frog eating fire. The gentleman from the land of Harmon listened attentively until the agent had exhausted his little spiel, and had shown a wonderful lot of special features upon which his company had exclusive patents. Now, Mr. Comparette spells by the phonetic method, according to his own statement, but some of his friends claim that he spells without system entirely. However that may be, when the agent ran down and stopped, the prospective purchaser gave him the start of his life by saying:

"I am very much pleased with the machine as far as you have shown me, sir, but there is one attachment that I see you haven't, that is very essential on the machine I buy."

"What can that be," inquired the salesman.

"The spelling attachment," blandly replied the telephoned man.

The agent stammered and turned red at first, but in the last analysis he had the man that made the first wooden nutmeg skinned a mile and a half.

"Oh, yes," he said. "This machine has it. I will show you how it works. Throwing this button to this position leaves the machine in the normal condition of machines that have no spelling attachment. Here the perpetric purveyor of high-class writing apparatus pushed a little button until it clicked, and proceeded to reel off a half dozen lines of Volapuk, Pigeon English, Dog Latin, Bengalee, Siwash and Moravian combined. Here he turned to the astonished proprietor of the talk foundry and smilingly asked him if that was not a pretty hard lot of spelling. The victim replied that it was about as bad as he could do without a rest.

The agent then pushed the button until it clicked again and told Mr. Comparette he would now give him a specimen of what the machine would do with the wonderful spelling attachment. He then hammered a string of nice, smooth sentences, and the purchaser was amazed. After the order was signed and the money paid over Mr. Comparette went into the office of another business man who had a machine of the same kind. He said to his friend:

"I bought a typewriter like yours just now, only mine has the new spelling attachment." Then glancing at his neighbor's machine he continued, "why yours has it too."

"What are you talking about," inquired the neighbor.

"Why, that little button on the left hand side."

"That thing? Why that is the old-fashioned ribbon shift. I have been using it for a year and wishing I had a machine that shifted its ribbon automatically. That fellow has soaked you on a machine that was made before the battle of Bunker Hill."

"Come off," said Mr. Comparette, as the truth of the matter dawned upon him, "I'll buy anything you say if you won't tell." But the joke was too good. Now, when he goes to the store to buy groceries he always asks of there is a spelling attachment.

Horse-Power Vs. Man-Power

The enormous energy required to propel a fast modern steamship was forcibly illustrated by Mr. John Heek, a Galagoo engineer, in a speech at the annual dinner of the Scottish staff of Lloyd's Register.

By knocking the strength of 12 men to be equal to one horse-power, he pointed out that it would require 348,000 men to produce the 70,000 horse-power developed by the engines of the Cunard steamer Lusitania. If the men were to work on an eight-hour schedule, it would take an army of 2,520,000, or more than all the men in Scotland, to drive the vessel across the Atlantic at her usual rate of speed.—Youth's Companion.

When the man who had been hit by the automobile at last opened his eyes, a sigh of relief swept up from the crowd.

"It's a wonder you weren't killed!" said one of the bystanders. "You're luckier than most of the fellows who get hit."

"I certainly am," replied the victim, rubbing his bruises. "I got my number just before he struck me."

Lorenz Wendel, of the Harper community, was among the visitors in Kerrville Monday.

Always the Same



W. A. FAWCETT & CO.

Furniture and Household Goods

Days, years, decades and centuries change. Many people change, but our way of doing business never changes. Our policy and our methods are the same today as they were when we began business in Kerrville. Just the straightforward policy of selling reliable furniture at a reasonable profit, and treating everybody the same way. We have made good along these lines, and we shall continue in the same manner.

For 1912 we solicit a continuance of the liberal trade that has been a "reward of merit" for the goods we handle, and a source of gratification to us. We are anxious to sell you

GOODS THAT ARE GOOD ALL THROUGH

Sap Mountain Echo's

H. Holland, Supt. Maintenance of Way, was here Sunday on his private car inspecting the terminal facilities in view of making extensive improvements.

Wednesday Kerr County products were shipped out to various markets to the extent of an estimated value of twenty-five thousand dollars, consisting of wool, mohair, cattle and cotton.

On account of an epidemic of Spinal Meningitis many towns and cities have been quarantined, and it will be necessary for passengers to be provided with health certificates to visit these places.

M. F. Leeds has taken a 60-day lay-off and moved to Shreveport, La., where he owns a valuable farm and will establish his family and proceed to cultivate the soil. As a successful railroad man we hope that he will be equally successful in this new departure, and his many friends here wish him abundant prosperity in his new home.

A. S. Edwards, relief agent, is in charge of this station, an all-round good fellow, experienced railroad man and a hustler, is at home in his new position. Mr. Edwards carries a medal with his name engraved thereon from President Roosevelt for distinguished service in the railroad service in Panama, of which he is justly proud.

General Passenger Agent Lupton congratulates Kerrville station upon favorable increase in the passenger business, and is using his influence to properly attract people to the wonderful climate possessed here and the many advantages of our country and to the ideal city, especially located, which is not surpassed in all Texas in matter of location, climate, cultivated, progressive and happy people in the garden spot of Uncle Sam's flower garden—Texas.

Over at the banks the safe combination runs smoothly and well. With equal smoothness the combination of business men, business interests, combined with railroad interests, produce results for Kerrville. Get the habit of getting acquainted with the local railroad representative and work together for the mutual benefit of all and become one big family in advancing the best interests of all.

Sunday School Workers, Take Notice

Mr. John M. Adams, State Field Worker of the Texas Sunday School Association, will hold a Sunday School Institute in Kerrville Saturday, Jan. 27th at 8 p. m., and Sunday 28th at 2:30 and 7:30 p. m. Everybody in the county is cordially requested to attend. Don't fail to be present, or you will miss a treat. Teachers, bring all the questions you want answered and talk them over Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

All services will be held by the Baptist Church.

Special Sale

Our new spring line of Jaces and embroideries just unpacked this week, values which have never been shown in Kerrville before will be on sale at special prices commencing Monday, Jan. 22 to Feb. 10th. Watch our show windows for these bargains. "Cash Only."

H. NOLL STOCK CO
The Big, Glass Front Store.

J. R. Brown was in town Monday. Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Schreiner went to San Antonio Sunday.

Ernest Adams, of Medina, was in Kerrville Monday.

PROFESSIONAL COLUMN

DR. EDWARD GALBRAITH



DENTIST

Office at Rawson's Drug Store
Kerrville, Texas

W. G. WILLIAMS, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Specialty of Diseases of Children
Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.
Office Opposite St. Charles Hotel
KERRVILLE, TEXAS
All Bills Due and payable on the first of the Month.

DR. A. F. TRIGPEN, DENTIST

Telephone 167
Office over R. S. Newman's Store
Kerrville, Texas

WILLIAM LEE SECOR, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Kerrville Sanitarium
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THE KERRVILLE SANITARIUM AND HOSPITAL

Tuberculosis Patients Not Admitted

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Trained nurses for treatments at your home or at the treatment rooms. Visitors Welcome. Phone 191.

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E. B. ELAM, Prop.

Nice cool rooms and clean comfortable beds. Table supplied with the best the market affords.

Positively no consumptives taken.

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KERRVILLE, TEXAS

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Dealer in
FANCY GROCERIES
Fruits, Candies and Confections.
PHONE 148
KERRVILLE, TEXAS

THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL

GEO. MORRIS, Prop.

Positively no regular carriers taken without a Certificate from a Doctor stating that they have no Tuberculosis.

RATE: \$2.00 A DAY

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THE ST. KMAN'S HOME

Best Hotel-a-day Hotel in the City

CORNER WASHINGTON AND WATER STREETS

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Correct and Artistic Decoration at Moderate Cost.

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Single looks show at your trial, done and most attractive prices named. There is no obligation to purchase.

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Let me send for your Suit or Skirt and Clean and Press it.

Work done to Please You.

B. S. NEWMAN
Kerrville, Texas

THE KERRVILLE OFFICIAL-ORGA

PUBLISHED BY J. E. ...

West Water Street

SUBSCRIPTION

Entered at the post office for mailing as second class.

Trespass

I will proceed with dogs or pasture, north of CHAR

NOTICE is hereby given that the person dumping ether refuse on of Town creek, Grove, will be passing. CI

Notice I will proceed fully hauling erty situated w of Kerrville, road at river c

At the Ed "Some of the ley tells," must "sound almost listen" to "en away from Her the truth from reasonable man I d'know, I word, I s'pose.

"What's Her you now?" bro patiently.

"Well," Cale ben hearing at that Hen own ketched out shower of rain that horse—"Ain't any in the part Mr. ... way forty tim

"In all the had an exper Hen's," said t coming home in Brewer he got a pik, an tight box in wagon and n the top of it shouldn't get an account of comin' up—o showers that right under and leave dr one side—yo again."

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"Hen s Hef," cond day, that bone whi have save panion.

THE KERRVILLE MOUNTAIN SUN
OFFICIAL ORGAN KERR COUNTY
 PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY
 BY J. E. GRINSTEAD
 West Water Street, Kerrville, Texas.
SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 PER YEAR
 Entered at the postoffice in Kerrville for transportation through the mails as second-class matter.
 Advertising rates made known on application.

Trespass Notices

NOTICE.

I will prosecute anyone hunting with dogs or gun in the Reservoir pasture, north of town.
CHARLES SCHREINER.

NOTICE is hereby given that anyone dumping trash, old cans and other refuse on my lots at the mouth of Town creek, known as the Pecan Grove, will be prosecuted for trespassing.
CHAS. SCHREINER.

Notice to Trespassers.
 I will prosecute all persons unlawfully hauling gravel from my property situated within corporate limits of Kerrville, south of Turtle Creek road at river crossing.
CHAS. SCHREINER

At the Edge of a Shower.

"Some of the yarns that Hen Bassley tells," mused Mr. Caleb Peaslee, "sound almost probable when a man's listenin' to 'em, but when he gets away from Hen and kinder sorts out the truth from the part that any reasonable man knows ain't so—well, I d'know, I oughtn't to doubt his word, I s'pose, and much more—"

"What's Hen Bassley been tellin' you now?" broke in Mr. Siggers, impatiently.

"Well," Caleb began, slowly, "I've been hearing about a wonderful horse that Hen owned before he came to Ketchikan out in a truly remarkable shower of rain when he was drivin' that horse—"

"Ain't anythin' hard t' believe in the part of his story," observed Mr. Siggers. "I've been ketchin' that way forty times."

"In all the forty times you never had an experience like this one of Hen's," said Caleb, firmly. "He was coming home from Bangor, and down in Brewer he stopped somewhere and got a pig, and he put the pig in a tight box in the tail of his market-wagon and nailed some burlap over the top of the box so's the pig shouldn't get out. Hen hurried some on account of a black shower that was comin' up—one of them downpourin' showers that drown out everything right under 'em and break off short, and leave dry dust a foot deep off to one side—you've seen 'em time and again."

"Uh-huh!" agreed Mr. Siggers. "Well," Caleb resumed, "the shower was right off him when he got into the wagon and got his reins gathered up. He was there on Peaceable Flat in Brewer, and you know there's a long stretch of level road there, and he could hear the shower roarin' along over by the Red Bridge. He didn't have any whip along, and it took him some little time to get the horse under way,—lurrrup! the animal with the end of the reins,—and by the time they got agoin' good, the shower had ketchin' the hind part of the wagon, where the pig was."

"Hen was on the seat in the front part of the wagon, and he kep' dry as a bone, with the front wheels kickin' up dust and the hind wheels rollin' in mud, an' in that way he came the whole length of Peaceable Flat and up to the bend, and there the wind took a different cant, and the shower sheered off to the north, and went off Veazie way, and Hen stopped his horse and got down to look after his pig."

"As I told you" observed Caleb, "the box was a tight box, and it would hold water. Hen took off the burlap to see how the pig had stood his ride, and he found the pig dead as a smelt. Yes, sir, drowned. You see, it had rained into the box all the way, and had rained it full,—soaked through the burlap, you know,—and of course the pig couldn't get out,—count of the burlap. The edge of the shower overhung the wagon just enough to cover the box—not enough to wet Hen, except maybe a spatter or two. The shower couldn't gain another inch on Hen, and Hen couldn't get away fr'm the shower."

"Hen says it's always ben his belief," concluded Caleb, "an' is t' this day, that if he'd had a good whale-bone whip with him that day he e'd have saved that pig."—Youth's Companion.

When Cecil Rhodes Was Poor

It tests credulity to associate Cecil Rhodes of South African fame with the makeshifts of poverty. But that is just what Lieut.-Gen. Sir William Butler, G. C. B., has done, in his recently published "Autobiography," by the means of an amusing story which, incidentally, contains a neat bit of characterization.

"When Cecil and I were young," the late Col. Frank Rhodes once said to Sir William, "there wasn't too much money or too many things among us. One day Cecil came and asked me to let him have one of my shirts, as he wanted to go to an evening party in London."

"Well, I wanted the shirt myself that evening, and told him he could not have it. He said nothing, but I knew he didn't like losing a chance, so I watched him."

"I saw him off to the train. He had neither the shirt on him nor had he bag or baggage with him. But when I got home I thought I'd go to the drawer and just make sure of my shirt! It was gone."

"Cecil came back that night. Well, Cecil, I said to him 'you won't ever get that shirt of mine; but just tell me how you did it, for it wasn't on you when you left here, and you had no parcel with you. What did you do with it?'"

"He chuckled a little. 'I put it on under my old one,' he said. 'That's Cecil,' Colonel Rhodes concluded, with dry appreciation.—Youth's Companion.

Passengers Are Icebound on Two Lake Steamers.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Fifty-five passengers are icebound on two lake steamers five miles out of Chicago harbor tonight, seventy hours after they ran afoul of floating ice which made further progress impossible.

Neither immediate danger nor immediate escape from their position appeared likely when tugs gave up tonight the second day's effort to reach the imprisoned boats with lines.

Wireless reports from the Indiana, one of the boats, indicated there was enough food and fuel aboard that craft and the other, the Kansas, for last, a week. A smooth sea has given the ice blocks an opportunity to freeze together and to clog the screws of both boats.

An on-shore wind would drive the boats on the beach and the ice breaking up would subject the wooden boats to a strain they might have difficulty in resisting. Equally dangerous, the owners of the boats say, would be a strong wind carrying the craft to the middle of the lake, where waves would break up the ice and start a grind of ice that might sink the boats with all on board.

Officers of the companies owning the boats said they would go out tomorrow and see if the passengers might be brought across the ice to Chicago.

Both boats left Milwaukee Wednesday night.

\$100 Per Plate.

was paid at a banquet to Henry Clay, in New Orleans in 1842. Mighty costly for those with stomach troubles or indigestion. To-day people everywhere use Dr. King's New Life Pills for these troubles as well as liver, kidney and bowel disorders. Easy, safe, sure. Only 25c at The Kerrville Drug Co.

Socialism is No Cure For Poverty, Says Schurman.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 15.—"Human nature is the everlasting obstacle to socialism," declared President J. C. Schurman of Cornell University in an address this afternoon to the Cornell Socialist Club. He expressed his belief that socialism "would not relieve the poor of their poverty," and "would destroy the wealth and prosperity of other classes of the community."

Declaring that he yielded to none in interest in the great problem of improving the condition of the toiling masses, President Schurman analyzed the present social state and the relation that capital bears to it, and continued:

"Now, if we pulverize the institutions of existing society and set up a socialistic state and transfer to it by confiscation all capital at present in the hands of private owners, what gain would come to the poor as a result of this revolutionary change? If capital were something you could store up and keep intact, as barbarians hoard gold or silver, it might be claimed that those earnings which it had formerly yielded to individuals in the shape of interests and profit would now accrue to the state and could therefore be distributed among all the members of the community. But capital does not thus admit of hoarding and safe-keeping. If not continuously re-created it is annihilated and disappears. And the vital question in this whole business is:

"Will the socialistic state create and accumulate capital with the same initiative and practical genius as is displayed in our present competitive system by men working for their own individual gain? The history of all paternalistic governments answer that question with an emphatic and unanimous 'No.'"

Bill Favors Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—A bill of great import will be introduced in the House of Representatives on Wednesday, January 17th, by Representative Lever, of South Carolina, and on the same day it will be presented in the Senate jointly by Senators Hoke Smith and Page. The bill provides for the further endowment and support of Agricultural Colleges to enable them to assist in getting into practice the best methods of agriculture evolved by operation of the plan of establishing and maintaining Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations in the various States.

This measure is the joint work of the National Soil Fertility League, the Executive Committee of the Colleges of Agriculture and the statesmen above mentioned. It is in line with the President's recommendation in his address at the National Conservation Congress at Kansas City, Mo., September 25th, 1911, it has the support of the House leaders of both parties, and it may be regarded as an omnibus measure.

According to the general plan out of which this measure springs, it is proposed that the procedure shall consist of getting into general practice the best methods known of scientific agriculture by employing trained agriculturists, or practical farm demonstrators, skilled in the most approved methods of farm practice, to take to the farmer on his own farm the information or knowledge that will enable him, the better, to interpret and adapt to his local conditions the best methods of farming. In plain terms, it will as rapidly as possible, place a trained, practical man, selected and directed by the respective State Agricultural Colleges, permanently in each agricultural county of the United States, and enable the farmer to become master of his calling aided by the best services the country can furnish, and supported by Federal and State funds.

According to the provisions of the bill there will be an appropriation beginning at the rate of less than one cent per capita and will approximate three cents per capita by the time the annual appropriation shall have increased from \$500,000 per year, the starting point, to a little over three million dollars, when it reaches the maximum. To have a clear idea of the distribution of these funds it must be understood that each state receiving its share of the fund must appropriate an equal amount for this purpose.

Most authorities have expressed the belief that the operation of this plan will in a few years increase the farm output at least 50 per cent. That means an increase of wealth per capita of about \$50.00 per annum, and it adds to the country's assets four and one-half billions in national resources. The average acreage of Europe gives from two to three times the yield of the American farms, notwithstanding their soil has been producing for centuries; more than the lands have been cropped here.

In the President's opinion this promise to be the most valuable constructive legislation of recent years. Speaker Clark says the mind cannot grasp the benefits that should grow out of this movement. Majority Leader Underwood expresses the belief that it will do more good to more people than any other single enactment in a generation. Mr. H. H. Gross, of Chicago, President of the National Soil Fertility League, says he has submitted this specific plan to every Agricultural College in the land, there has been no adverse criticism and about ninety-five per cent have strongly endorsed it; it has been approved by about four hundred public bodies, such as boards of trade, commercial associations, business men's clubs, women's clubs, etc., and nearly a thousand influential newspapers have expressed a willingness to support it.

Full Division of Troops Will go to Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 14.—Following close upon a statement made yesterday by Major General William H. Carter before the house committee on military affairs that 35,000 efficient Japanese soldiers are now in Hawaii and could wrest that valuable possession from the United States, the war department today admitted that definite plans are now complete to equip and rush an entire division of troops, recruited to war strength, to these islands for permanent service. It was decided to send seven regi-

TEXAS PEACH CROP SELLS FOR \$7,000,000

OVER 4500 SOLID CAR LOADS SHIPPED FROM STATE

TEXAS PEACH IS A WINNER

The Texas peach is the King of Fruits and the fruit of kings. It is invited into the parlors of the great and is welcomed in the hotel of the poor of both hemispheres. It has met its rival at home and abroad on most every table on the globe and by its natural beauty and delightful personality it has conquered all competitors and today its appearance in the market is an annual event of importance in every household in America. The disappearance is the consumer's regret. Public interest is so deeply centered in its arrival at the market that it travels in special trains running at full speed in order to relieve the anxiety of the waiting public and its welcome is so cordial that cold storage plants have been erected in order to prolong its stay in the community. Canneries and evaporating plants are run day and night during the peach season in order to preserve its eating qualities for the table of the nation during the entire year.

The family peach tree can be found in most every county in the State, but the commercial peach belt is confined largely to East Texas. The exact number of bearing peach trees in the State is not of record but competent authority estimates it at seven millions. During the peach season of 1910 we shipped to the market 4500 cars of peaches and supplied our local wants as well as run our canneries during the peach season.

The peach industry has been pouring into the channels of trade a golden stream of wealth. The farm value of the peach production in 1910 is estimated as high as \$7,000,000. The rapid growth of the industry during the past decade and the wide extension of the commercial peach belt has been one of the marvels of our development.

At first the Texas peach entered the market under an assumed name, masquerading as a California product, but it soon threw off its disguise and like all native Texans, outstripped its competitors and today it is master of the world's trade.

ments of infantry, each of the twelve companies recruited to 150 men; one regiment of cavalry, every troop at full fighting strength; one full regiment of field artillery; eight companies of coast artillery to be separated from the mobile army; one company of engineers and one company of the signal corps. All are to be accompanied by the necessary force and under the command of a major general.

It was further learned today that not content with sending a full division of soldiers to Hawaii, the government has sent the Pacific squadron of armored cruisers as well.

These four big ships are at the present moment carefully engaged in making a minute survey of the coast from a naval point, it being their purpose to ascertain precisely where an army could land.

So anxious is the war department to prevent the semblance of a panic that today Secretary of War Stimson contradicted the statement made by General Carter as to the number of Japanese soldiers in Hawaii. He did not, however, deny that the full division of troops, numbering more than 13,000 fighting men, the biggest army ever hurled by the United States to distant territory, except in actual time of war, is going to these islands. The entire infantry force alone will number 9,000 men.

Willing to Take a Chance.

There was recently haled into an Alabama court a little Irishman to whom the thing was a new experience. He was, however, unabashed, and wore the air of a man determined not to "get the worst of it."

"Prisoner at the bar," called out the clerk, "do you wish to challenge any of the jury?"

Whereupon the Celt looked the men in the box over very carefully and with a skilled eye.

"Well, I tell ye," he finally replied, "O'm not exactly in trainin', but OI think OI could pull off a round or two with that fat old bey in th' corner."

A Natural Preference.

What a curious question this must have seemed to little James! Hostess—What part of the chicken do you like best, my little man? James (passing his plate timidly)—I like the meat.—Youth's Companion.

BEITEL LUMBER CO.
 H. V. SCHOLL, MANAGER.
 DEALERS IN
LUMBER AND BUILDERS' MATERIAL
 CLOSE ESTIMATES ON LARGE BILLS
ELLWOOD FENCE
Best Woven Wire Fence Made
 ALSO HANDLE CEDAR POSTS and LOGS.
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FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY
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 GEO. W. WALTHER, Prop. Kerrville, Texas

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 Between Ready Mixed Paint and Lead and Oil. You get the best for YOUR MONEY when you let me do your Painting. I use OLD DUTCH BOY White Lead, the best on the market.
 YOURS FOR A SQUARE DEAL
J. W. Bender, House, Sign, Carriage, Painting, Paperhanging

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 Successors to Anderson Bros.
 Dealers in
General Merchandise
 PHONE 25
 Buy and Sell All Kinds of Feed Free Camp Yard.
 Buy and Sell We kindly solicit a share of public patronage.
 Country Produce Opp. Depot, Kerrville, Texas

W. T. Tarver
 Transfer and Express
 Meets all Trains
 Household Goods Moved
PROMPT SERVICE
 Phone 40
 Have the only float in Kerrville

Chas. Mosel,
 TINNER AND PLUMBER.
 Kerrville, Texas.
 All kinds of Tin and Plumbing work done on short notice. Baths, sinks, heaters and fixtures kept in stock.
 Estimates Furnished.

TAKING IN WASHING
 My Basket Goes Each Week To
PAUL LAUNDRY,
 San Antonio
 Phone No. 37 and we will attend to your orders.
HERBERT RAWSON, Agent.

TO OUR FRIENDS
 We are now located in our new building, next door to the Postoffice, where we will be pleased to serve all who come with the best and freshest in staple and fancy groceries. It is our purpose to supply the trade with as good groceries as can be bought and at reasonable prices.
MRS. F. T. BUTT
 PHONE 72

HARPER WHISKY

 Grandpa has traveled and he knows that the one whisky which you find everywhere is HARPER. Supply yourself with this World Famous whisky from
M. F. WESTON,
 Kerrville, Texas.

WANTED
Poultry Poultry
 Of All Kinds. Will Pay Highest Cash Price for Same.
PHONE 119
C. E. Rodges & Son
 Opp. Henke Bros.
 Water St. Kerrville

THE KERRVILLE MOUNTAIN SUN
OFFICIAL ORGAN KERR COUNTY
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

BY J. E. GRINSTEAD

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SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 PER YEAR

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Advertising rates made known on application.

WHAT THEY KNOW ABOUT TEXAS

When this writer came to Kerrville twelve years and more ago he was struck with the beauty of the country, and astonished that up to a month before that time he had never even heard of the place. After a short residence here he began an advertising crusade for the Hill Country which has continued since that time. We have always maintained that in spite of all that has been done by the press of the state, by the railroads and every other agency interested in the progress of Texas, people in the north and east have less knowledge of what Texas really is than they have of the topography and natural resources of the Russian steppes.

The fact of the matter is that the people of Texas themselves are just now beginning to realize what a wonderful country Texas really is, and how vastly different it is from many other sections of America. One would naturally suppose that a man engaged in the real estate business in the city of New York would be able by reasonable diligence in the effort to secure pretty fair information in regard to the agricultural possibilities of this great state, but it appears not so. The following letter from a New York real estate man, whose specialty is stated on his letter head to be the handling of agricultural lands and farm property, gives a pretty good idea of the extent of knowledge of Texas and her resources:

New York, Jan. 10, '12.
Hon. Chas. Schreiner,
Kerrville, Texas.

The Hon. E. R. Kose, Commissioner of Agriculture of your state has courteously furnished me your name with the information that you are the largest raiser of sheep in that state.

I have a client who desires to rent from 500 to 1000 acres of good grazing land, possibly where clover grows, with from 500 to 1000 head of sheep (female of course) on the ground. The purpose is to milk them and use same for an industry which is an old and paying one in the part of Italy where he comes from. He would like to have a piece of land of the above size where some water and dwelling houses were to be found.

If you can let said land and number of sheep to this party for a period of less than five years, renting contract to be renewable after that period, I would like to know how much you intend to charge for same, and what deposit you would request as a guarantee of the faithful performance of the contract.

If this arrangement should not look attractive or practicable to you, we would welcome a proposition from you suggesting some other plan.

This party wants to make cheese with the milk of the sheep, an industry which in Italy is highly paying and sheep cheese is imported very profitably into this country. He has quite some money to invest and has no doubt as to the success of his undertaking.

Should you not be interested in this deal, I would appreciate very highly your referring me to parties of your acquaintance who might be.

Thanking you in advance and hoping to hear from you at your earliest convenience, I am

Yours truly,

E. BRIONNE.

Well! Wants 500 acres of land with some houses on it. That's easy enough. Want it near the clover fields. That fellow has heard some

one say that "if you can once get to Texas you are in clover," and jumped to the conclusion that this a clover country, when there is probably not enough clover in the state to make one bale of hay. Wants to bring a man from Italy to make sheep cheese in the Hill Country of Texas. Well, that is not bad. There are probably thousands of native Texans who have no idea that such an industry as making cheese from sheep's milk exists on earth, but they are wrong in the premises. The famous Roquefort cheese, that is imported from Europe, is made of sheep's milk. It is true that the sheep are what is known as the Larzac breed, and also that it is probable that 500 of the ewes in the average flock of this section would give about enough milk, by rigid economy, to go in the Italian gentleman's coffee. So, while the real estate man of Gotham don't know much about what grows in Texas and the way business is handled here, there is a whole lot about the possibilities of this section of Texas that the natives themselves do not know. Everybody knows about Roquefort cheese, and the little old dinky village of Roquefort, France, where it is made is advertised all over the world. If a Frenchman can make ewes' milk cheese at Roquefort he can make it at Kerrville, if he can find a brand of "cheese bearing sheep." We do not know if any one in this immediate section would care to undertake letting land and sheep for the purpose of making the experiment, but there can be no doubt that the enterprise should succeed here as well as in other countries.

There is nothing in the matter of ewes' milk cheese that should astound one, when we think of the peculiar industry of growing what is known as the "fat-tailed sheep" of Tartary and Syria. The tall of these animals is considered a great luxury by the Mohammedans, who eat no swine's flesh. In these countries the tails of these sheep grow to prodigious size, often weighing 70 to 80 pounds, nearly as much as the average sheep of this section weighs on foot. The grower of the fat-tailed sheep provides each sheep with a miniature truck and a kind of harness by means of which the animal draws his tail around. Of course such an animal would be a wonder in this country, but if such a breed were brought here and there was a demand for them there appears to be no reason why they could not be successfully grown. Likewise, if milk sheep, such as are bred in France and Switzerland, were introduced here, it is entirely within the range of a possibility that the industry would prosper. There is an annual importation to America of something like 7,000,000 pounds of cheese from Switzerland, France and Germany. It is true that the average American, upon smelling this product, usually concludes that it is a little overripe, but if seven millions pounds are used in America there can be no good reason why it should not be made here. If the domestic product was anything like the imported article three good sniffs would paralyze the sniffer of the prospective purchaser until he would be unable to tell whether it was "made in Germany" or in an American slaughter pen. We have no knowledge that there is a statute in this state prohibiting the manufacture of Roquefort and Limberger, but are aware that merchants are not prohibited handling it—provided they use tongs and do not insist upon going into polite society until they have been fumigated.

It is possible that if a movement was set on foot to manufacture this odiferous article of diet in this country, action would be brought against the manufacturer for disturbing the peace. The people here are a peaceful people and are very much opposed to strong measures. It is also easily within the bounds of a possibility that the climate here is not suited to the manufacture of this delicatessen. Observation would lead one to the belief that if a vat of sheep's milk were left to its own devices for a century in the hill country of Texas it would not get as ripe in a hundred years as a piece of Roquefort or Limberger as big as a hummingbird's egg.

If the gentleman succeeds in getting an opening in this section he will no doubt start something. It is more than likely that when he takes off his first bill of the famous Kerrville cheese everyone living near will begin loading his household effects and fixing to move. In all candor, we feel that it would be best to import sheep that are accustomed to such things, because it is almost a cinch that the ladylike ewes of southwest Texas would refuse to own it, and that as soon as they found what they had done they would die of mortification.

We are always ready to back any public enterprise that looks good, and they usually look good, but a Limberger cheese foundry is going it a bit strong even for us. If anybody wants to start a shop for the purpose of raising ticks in order to sell their heads for screws we are ready, but in our judgment the time is not yet ripe in this country for a stronger diet than stewed tripe and garlic.

The usual bad colds, hoarseness, chilblains and South American revolutions have marked the course of the winter.

Indications now point to the annexation of Cuba to the United States. The greatest element of aggravation in both Cuba and Mexico is American capital fomenting the national affairs of those countries in the hope of bringing about either annexation or establishment of a protectorate by the United States.

HAD IT EVER OCCURED TO YOU?

Had it ever occurred to you that you had as well try to be a successful physician without attending a medical school, or a successful lawyer without attending a law school, or a successful minister without attending a theological school, as to try to be a successful banker or merchant of business man of any kind without first getting a practical business training? If you wanted to make a first class doctor, lawyer or minister, you would attend a university with a reputation. Why not use the same good judgment in selecting a business school in which to secure your training? The Tyler Commercial College of Tyler, Texas, is the business university of the South; it enrolls more students annually for Bookkeeping-Business Training, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy and Station Work than any other similar school in America. Its students have come from 36 different states; its graduates are holding the very best of positions in the leading cities of the United States.

If you will spend \$100 for tuition, board and books for a course of Shorthand and Typewriting or \$110 for Bookkeeping and Business Training or \$115 for Telegraphy and Station Work or better still, spend \$175.00 and complete any two of these courses, you will have made the best investment of your life. What young man or woman with grit and determination cannot raise this amount? More than 100 new students will enroll before this month closes. Why not you be among the number? You can enter any day and take up the work. For a large free catalogue, verifying all the above claims, fill in and mail.

Name _____
Address _____
Course interested in _____
Taft May Commute Sentence of Morse.

JUST LAUGH

I've seen fellows, when things went wrong,
That wanted to lap up something strong.
When things get crooked and all awry
Most women think it's best to cry.
That's chaff.

When things get blue and the meal is out,
Thank your stars that you ain't got gout;
Times is hard, that ain't no joke,
You ain't the only one that's broke.
Just laugh.

A CASE IN POINT

The defense of the Beef Trust is that it tried to be a monopoly and didn't succeed.—Philadelphia Record.

There is an old story of a minister who, on his way to church one fine Sunday morning, saw a had fishing. The worthy divine approached the erring boy and said: "Young man, don't you know it is wrong to catch fish on Sunday?"

The boy, who had been fishing some time in very poor luck, replied: "Who'n 'ell's catchin' any fish?"

VARMINTS WANTED

Time was when varmints, wild men and wilder beasts were plentiful in this section, and though the time is passed it appears hard for us to live down our past. The following letter addressed to the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, indicates that there are still some people, even in Texas, that do not realize we have discarded the thase and taken the peaceful pastoral and agricultural pursuits.

Dear Sir:—
I have been commissioned to secure a number of native wild animals for use in an exhibition and lecture of Texas to tour northern states next spring and winter. If you can refer this communication to some one who might be able to furnish me with some of the animals mentioned in the enclosed list the favor will be greatly appreciated. Thanking you in advance for any assistance you may be able to render me, for which I stand ready to reciprocate, I am

Yours sincerely,
A. D. BALDWIN.

We would respectfully refer the gentleman to Chief Massasoit, who, according to history, not a very reliable source of information we admit, lived and was engaged in "strutting his little season" on the stage of life about the village of Boston. It is probable that some of the young men of Massasoit's tribe, who are alleged to have been "cunning in slaying wild animals," still reside about the little cluster of cabins near the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers. If so, no doubt they can supply the demand.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a very valuable medicine for throat and lung troubles, quickly relieves and cures painful breathing and a dangerously sounding cough which indicates congested lungs. Sold by all dealers.

Join the Boys' Corn Club.

HAD IT EVER OCCURED TO YOU?

Had it ever occurred to you that you had as well try to be a successful physician without attending a medical school, or a successful lawyer without attending a law school, or a successful minister without attending a theological school, as to try to be a successful banker or merchant of business man of any kind without first getting a practical business training? If you wanted to make a first class doctor, lawyer or minister, you would attend a university with a reputation. Why not use the same good judgment in selecting a business school in which to secure your training? The Tyler Commercial College of Tyler, Texas, is the business university of the South; it enrolls more students annually for Bookkeeping-Business Training, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy and Station Work than any other similar school in America. Its students have come from 36 different states; its graduates are holding the very best of positions in the leading cities of the United States.

If you will spend \$100 for tuition, board and books for a course of Shorthand and Typewriting or \$110 for Bookkeeping and Business Training or \$115 for Telegraphy and Station Work or better still, spend \$175.00 and complete any two of these courses, you will have made the best investment of your life. What young man or woman with grit and determination cannot raise this amount? More than 100 new students will enroll before this month closes. Why not you be among the number? You can enter any day and take up the work. For a large free catalogue, verifying all the above claims, fill in and mail.

Name _____
Address _____
Course interested in _____
Taft May Commute Sentence of Morse.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.—President Taft, it is believed, will today commute the 15-year sentence of Charles W. Morse. While the white house and department of justice are reluctant it was learned on good authority that the president was about to do so because of the physical condition of the former banker.

The report of Surgeon General Torney of the army, on Morse's condition, was laid before President Taft today. It is said the conclusion was that Morse's condition was desperate.

J. A. Finch, pardon attorney for the department of justice, held a long conference with the president today.

Typewriters Given Away.

The Emerson Typewriter Company of Woodstock, Ill., have recently given away over 100 of the highest grade, wholly visible Emerson Typewriters made in the world. They have gone into every state and territory in the United States. There may be some in your town. They are giving them away everywhere to men, women, boys and girls, over 18 years of age, on surprisingly liberal conditions.

If you could make any use of a \$100.00 typewriter, providing it did not cost you even one cent, then in a letter or on a postal card addressed to Frank L. Wilder, President, Woodstock, Ill., simply say, "Mail me all your Free Offers," and by return mail you will receive their Free Offers, the names of over 400 who have recently received typewriters free, and you will learn on what easy conditions you can get one of their typewriters free right away.

The Emerson Typewriter is one of the highest grade, wholly visible typewriters made in the world. Many who have used the "EMERSON" and other makes pronounce the "EMERSON" superior to any \$100.00 typewriter on the market. It is a wholly visible machine, has every new, up-to-date feature, looks like other high grade \$100.00 typewriters, though it sells regularly for less and on terms of \$1.00 down and 10 cents a day until paid for. The "EMERSON" has every new improvement, universal keyboard, back spacer, tabulator, two-color ribbon, everything the best, is the ideal machine for beginners as well as for the most expert typists and stenographers; just the typewriter for the smallest or largest office.

If you could possibly make any use of a high grade typewriter, even though it didn't cost you one cent of money, then be sure, on a postal card or in a letter addressed to "Frank L. Wilder, President, Woodstock, Ill.," say, "Mail me your Free Offers." 101-3

Kerr County Boys' Corn Club will be organized at Courthouse, Kerrville, Saturday, Jan. 27, 2 o'clock.

Your Business

Time has come when the American housewife is a business woman in the strictest sense, a discriminating purchaser and an economist of ability. Were this not true the average man would find it hard to make his income support his family.

Our store is a regular Mecca for discriminating buyers, for those who desire to economize funds without sacrificing quality. We are always ready to discuss your wants in dry goods, groceries, etc.

HEIMANN & GRONA,
Opposite Depot Telephone 190
Kerrville, Texas.

THIS SPACE IS RENTED BY THE

SAN ANTONIO
@
ASANSAS PASS RAILWAY

Wach it Weekly for Excursions Etc

Star Meat Market

Hooks & Crownover Props

Strictly First-Class Butcher Service.

Phone 162 Free Delivery
Kerrville, Texas.

W. BECKMAN W. G. PETERSON

Kerrville Livery Company

ALL KINDS OF LIVERY
AUTOMOBILE SERVICE

---The kind of service we give expresses our appreciation of your patronage.

ROCK DRUG STORE,

R. A. Shelburne & Co.

The Purest Drugs. Complete line of medicines, toilet and fancy articles, fine stationery and sundries.

Competent pharmacist always in a tendence.

HAWKES GLASSES LINCOLN PAINTS

Henke Bros.---Butchers

All Kinds of Sausages, Boiled and Raw Hams, Bacon, Cheese, Pickled Tripe and Pigs Feet

FISH IN SEASON PHONE NO. 7.

A BUSINESS COURSE AT HOME

Beginning January 15, a thorough business course, including Bookkeeping, Business Arithmetic, Business and Commercial forms, Commercial law and Penmanship will be taught in Tivy High School.

This course of instruction will be along the lines of the most modern methods. There is no extra charge for this branch. The regular tenth grade tuition will include the business course. Anyone desiring to take this course who is not a regular student, can arrange for same by consulting the superintendent of Kerrville Public Schools Prof. Alvin Dille.

Missouri Republicans to Endorse Roosevelt. A statewide movement in the interest of the former president will spring from the endorsement, it is said.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 18.—Controlling forces in the republican city committee, which meets tonight, are authority for the statement that the meeting will result in the endorsement of Theodore Roosevelt for the president at the Court House.

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ALL BUSINESS MEN

require a safe bank in which to deposit their money and securities.

A bank from which to borrow money to carry on legitimate business interests.

A bank liberal in its business methods, but conservatively managed to insure safety.

A bank large enough to inspire the confidence of its customers—but not too large to give every consideration to their interests.

You are cordially invited to call on us

FIRST STATE BANK

A Guaranty Fund Bank

KERRVILLE, TEXAS

LOCALS AND PERSONALS

About Men, Women and Events, Picked up in Passing.

T. K. Carr and family were in from their ranch Monday.

A. K. Macdowell, of Turtle Creek, was a Kerrville visitor Monday.

Arthur Real was in town Monday from Turtle Creek.

T. A. Dowdy, of Ingram, was in town Monday.

TO RENT—Two rooms and large sleeping-porch, furnished for light housekeeping. Call at Mrs. O'Neal's studio.

J. A. Bell, of Noxville, was in Kerrville Monday.

Misses Eunice and Mabel Caldwell of Center Point, were guests of Miss Eustis Myers for several days this week.

B. F. Denton, a leading farmer of the Turtle Creek community, was in Kerrville Tuesday. Mr. Denton says the only hurt so far from the freezing weather is to cut the pasture short. He thinks that unless some accident in the way of storms or other calamity befalls, the cold weather will cause a greater yield of all farm products.

Wm. A. Peril was in town Monday from his ranch on the divide.

P. B. James, of Turtle Creek, was here Monday.

E. S. Fairchild, of Harper, was a business visitor here Tuesday.

J. A. McBryde was in town Tuesday from his farm near Center Point.

Lee Mosby, of Center Point, was a visitor here Tuesday.

Arthur Merritt, of the divide, was in Kerrville Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Parker of the Noxville community, were business visitors in Kerrville Monday.

James Howell was a visitor in town Monday from his home near Ingram.

FOR SALE—Bran and chops at \$1.55 and \$1.75 in five and ten sack lots. Also would buy 1,000 lbs. cotton seed.

C. T. FULLERTON.
Died.

J. Kent died at his home in Kerrville Wednesday, Jan. 16. The body was taken to the former home of the deceased at Gonzales for interment.

Mr. Kent came to Kerrville about two years ago in quest of health, and was for a time in business here. He is survived by a wife and two sons.

See our show windows for special prices and bargains in enamel ware. Beginning Monday, Jan. 22.

H. NOLLI STOCK CO.

Roy King, of Segovia, was in Kerrville a few days this week.

J. A. Kite, of Lima, was here Thursday.

Have you tried our new line of canned fruits. No other brand can be compared with them.

L. A. ENDERLE.

J. Ed Henderson, of the Ingram community, was in town Thursday.

Louis Brown, of the Harper community, was attending to business in Kerrville Thursday.

Ben Thomas, of Harper, was in town Thursday.

Chas. Merz, of Fredericksburg, was a visitor in Kerrville Thursday.

T. S. Baldwin, of Ingram, was here Thursday.

S. M. Baucom spent several days in San Antonio last week.

Dr. J. L. Fowler, of Ingram, was a visitor in Kerrville Wednesday.

Tonight, Saturday, the King Dramatic Co. will present the famous Southern play "The Ku Klux Klan," at Pampell's Opera House.

F. S. Ragland, who had been at Mineral Wells several weeks, returned home Thursday.

Wm. Hatfield, of Medina, was a guest at the St. Charles Monday.

Candles! All kinds, shapes, sizes and prices at

L. A. ENDERLE.

Clayton Morris left Thursday for Sutherland Springs to visit his brother, Chas. Morris.

John T. Ford, wife and daughter, of San Antonio, were guests at the St. Charles Thursday night. They were en route to Sonora, traveling overland in an automobile.

Robert Hansen, who was formerly with the Chas. Schreiner Co. at Rock Springs, now has a position with the same firm in Kerrville.

Jellies, jams, Pickles, hams, (That is, in cans), All kinds of fruits Here you can find 'em Always lead But are never behind.

L. A. ENDERLE.

Geoff Robinson spent a few days in San Antonio this week.

See the "Ku Klux Klan" at the Opera House tonight.

How'd Edison says that we sleep too much. Powell—Well, it isn't his fault; he has invented enough things to keep us awake.—Life.

For Sale.

Two fine, young Jersey cows, fresh in milk. Will sell cheap.

John H. WARD.

Card of Thanks.

I desire to thank the good people of Kerrville for their great kindness and sympathy to me during the illness and at the death of my husband.

Gratefully,
MRS. A. B. STORY.

Installation.

At a regular meeting of Kerrville Lodge Knights of Pythias held on Thursday night, Jan. 18, the following officers were installed:

L. A. Enderle, C. C., Hugh E. Turner, V. C., J. D. Motley, K. of R. S., A. B. Williamson, Prelate, W. H. Vowel, M. of A., A. Enderle, M. of E., E. Galbraith, M. of F., S. F. Howard, I. G., J. H. Ward, O. G.

Suits Cleaned and Pressed

All kinds of altering and repair work promptly done. Ladies' skirts cleaned and suits made to order.

S. FRIEDMAN, Tailor
Mountain Street, Opp. Court House
KERRVILLE, TEXAS

Woodrow Wilson Will Not Make Statement.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 18.—Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, who reached Detroit shortly after noon today, positively refused to discuss the statement given out last night by Henry Watterson with reference to the break between Wilson and Colonel Harvey. He said he might prepare a statement on the matter later in the day.

The program for the visit in Detroit today of Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey embraces a luncheon tendered by the board of commerce at noon, a dinner in his honor this evening under the auspices of the Michigan Press association and a mass meeting later in the evening has been arranged by the Michigan supporters of Governor Wilson's candidacy for the democratic nomination for president during the afternoon. Governor Wilson is expected to be present at a conference of democrats from many parts of the state.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 18.—In a signed statement Colonel Henry Watterson said last night that he had hoped to "find a Tilden in Woodrow Wilson, but had found rather a schoolmaster than a statesman." This declaration was made in connection with the break of the New Jersey governor and Colonel Harvey, of Harper's Weekly. Colonel Watterson goes into details of a conversation had in New York, when all three were present, and Wilson is said to have informed Colonel Harvey that the support of Harper's Weekly was injurious to his cause.

Ladies' Aid Elects Officers.

At a meeting of the Baptist Ladies' Aid Society Thursday at the Pastorium, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Mrs. R. S. Newman, President, Mrs. J. T. Moore, Vice President, Mrs. Doyle, Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs. Clapp, Assistant Secretary.

Mrs. Hill was appointed leader of Bible Study, Mrs. Peterson, solicitor for Foreign Mission Journal and Our Mission Fields.

The time of meeting was changed from Thursday to Tuesday afternoon.

S. C. White Leghorns.

A few good cockerels for sale, \$1.50 to \$3.00 each. These are from a great laying strain.

4-3 GEO. D. GRAY, Boerne, Tex.

King Dramatic Company.

The play-going public of Kerrville has thoroughly enjoyed the week of amusement at Pampell's Opera House. Mr. Chas. King, the well known and highly popular player, supported by a troupe of high-class artists, gave a repertoire of popular performances that pleased their audiences from the opening event to the fall of the curtain on the last performance.

Business Changes Hands.

M. F. Weston and E. Schwethelm have sold the ranch saloon at the corner of Water and Mountain Streets to J. C. Rees. Mr. Rees took charge on the 25th inst. Weston and Schwethelm still own the Favorite saloon, and will be associated together in business there.

THE RELIABLE AETNA

Organized in 1850, Assets Over \$100,000,000. Complys With Every Law in Texas.

Let me quote you rates on the best, and the cheapest, both accidental and life.

E. J. KOENIG.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank our friends for their great kindness during the illness and at the death of our little daughter, Anna May Josephine. Especially the W. O. W. and Circle, and for the beautiful flowers.

Gratefully,
MR. AND MRS. F. KRUEGER

ROYAL BAKING-POWDER

Absolutely Pure

MAKES HOME BAKING EASY

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings
Flaky Crusts

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Mule Ate His Piano.
NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 17.—"Mule ate piano shipped, send another next boat."

This message was received yesterday by a local piano house from an "up the river" purchaser whose \$500 instrument had been forwarded via Mississippi river steamer. In its usual place box the piano was installed on the lower deck next to a lanky, sleepy looking mule bound for the cotton fields of the Upper South. Although provided with plenty of oats and hay, the mule ripped off a portion of the outer box, disposed of six

octaves of black and white ivory keys and ran the chromatic scale up to "G" in the treble clef. He knawed away the mahogany panels in front, masticated felt dampers and hammers by the dozen and completely wrecked the melodious "insides" of the instrument. "Steam boat Bill" stoking a boiler twenty feet away said the mule "must have had his foot on the soft pedal, as he did not hear a note."

When discovered the animal looked unconcernedly, longingly across the river at a grape covered hotel.



Our Oysters

Have The Tang of the Sea

We receive our oysters under the regulations of the Sealship System which covers the growing, shucking, shipping, selling of

Sealship Oysters

Protected by an effective System

At the seaside they are packed, solid, into air-tight containers and then SEALED. The ice is on the OUTSIDE of the containers. The containers are in patent Sealships.

We have the sole authority to break the seal of the Sealship. We transfer the oysters to our blue and white porcelain Sealship cases. We hand you Sealship Oysters in the wax-lined blue and white Sealship paper pall.

Handled in this way, they retain all the freshness and flavor of oysters just taken from the beds. They are all solid meats—not a drop of water has ever been added—no ice has ever touched them.

They are economical—a pint is enough for a family of five. "Mark Twain's Oyster Story" FREE

Call at our store and get this interesting little story together with a number of shore recipes, interesting to housewives.

J. L. PAMPELL

Galveston-Houston Interurban

NOW IN OPERATION BETWEEN HOUSTON AND GALVESTON

A High Glass Electric Railway

Cars Leave Each City Every Hour On The Hour. Stop at New Railway Terminal Station Houston

For Information Write

Galveston-Houston Electric Railway Co.

Golden Crown Flour

(HIGH PATENT)

MADE BY

Kerrville Roller Mills

KERRVILLE, TEXAS.

48 LBS.

A PURE, CREAMY, WHITE FLOUR.

Made From the Wheat Kernel

There is no bleaching used in the manufacture of

"GOLDEN CROWN"



E. B. ELAM,

Manufacturer of Stockmen's Fine Hand-made Saddles.

DEALER IN

SADDLES, AND HARNESS,

And all kinds of Leather Goods.

KERRVILLE, TEXAS

Opposite Chas. Schreiner Co.

SUNNY BROOK



The PURE FOOD Whiskey



As A Pleasant Beverage and A Pure, Wholesome Tonic It Has No Equal.

J. Oppenheimer & Co.,
GENERAL DISTRIBUTORS
SAN ANTONIO, TEX.

HARMON'S ADDRESS

Delivered Before the Democratic Club
to East St. Louis.

The defeat of Wellington's veterans at New Orleans by half their number of American volunteers was an extraordinary feat of arms. It wiped out the disgrace of Hull's surrender and the capture of Washington. And, though the battle was fought in ignorance that the treaty of peace had been signed, its results were most important in making secure our newly acquired western territory.

There has seldom been a campaign whose success was so largely due to its commander. But, while it is the anniversary of that battle which for nearly a century has brought citizens together for celebration all over the land, it is not Jackson, the General, that draws them so much as Jackson, the Democrat, though he is the only one of our presidents, besides Washington, who has reached a point in the hearts of his countrymen by service of the highest order in both war and peace.

The Republic could not be lasting until it rested on the affection and confidence of the entire citizen body, and this could not be if it were either planned or conducted on the theory that the government must somehow be made better than the common patriotism and intelligence are likely to produce.

This idea of the Hamiltonians was rejected by the constitution, which established "a broad and liberal democracy" but "compatible with increased respect for parliamentary methods and constitutional checks." But the first six presidents all belonged to the class which that school thought the only safe and proper one to exercise authority. Even Jefferson, by birth, training, estate and social standing, would have been accounted among the aristocracy, if such a class had been recognized. This made him a more effective champion of true popular government, and he is one of many examples of honest and patriotic men with whom principle has prevailed over environment, natural inclination and even self interest.

But the evolution of government by the people was not complete. It would not be until, by the established processes, a president should be brought forth from what Lincoln called "the plain people," to whom opening the door of opportunity by release from arbitrary distinctions and authority meant more than it did to others.

In Jackson these first came fully into their own, not merely by his election, because if he had not acquitted himself with credit they would not soon have recovered from the loss of prestige. But they did not put forward, as their contribution to the list of Chief Magistrates, a man untried in public life. He had served as prosecuting attorney, at the age of 21; then as a member of the convention which framed the constitution of Tennessee; then as her first representative in Congress, when only 29 years old. Soon after he was promoted to the Senate, and, resigning that, was for 6 years a judge of the supreme court of his state. After the war he acted as territorial governor of Florida, and was again Senator from Tennessee.

If we did not know that modesty usually goes with true greatness it would seem strange that in spite of such long and varied civil experience Jackson, when the presidency was first suggested to him, declared that

he was not fit for it. He was not yet emancipated from the belief which long precedent had created. He did not realize the true significance of the popular demand for his election. He did not foresee that he was to break down forever the class idea in America, open the way for other presidents rising from lowly birth and adverse conditions, and thus make the nation strong and enduring by broadening the field of her supply of worthy and capable leaders. But none would have been quicker than he to denounce those who would seek to restore class distinctions and narrow the field of supply again, by making superior advantage of birth, education, culture, or experience in affairs disqualifications for public duty.

If this first typically popular president were only a memory, the celebration of Jackson Day would be most fitting, but the principles of Jefferson which this man of action had striking occasion to put in practice will always be associated with his name. And these have not become obsolete and never will. They constitute the code of political morality and wisdom which few will dispute, but many forget or find pretext for disregarding as few instances for their application arise.

It will for the country that one of its greatest patriots is committed to them by the traditions and experience of more than a century. It would be a reflection on the genius of the American people to claim that they cannot evolve from experience improvements in the methods by which their purposes are made known and carried out. But no plan can be devised which will dispense with capable, diligent and devoted service by public officials. There is no magic in any form or process. Good results in government, as in all other enterprises, are to be had only by intelligent study and hard work by those who conduct it, acting always with an eye single to the public good.

Jackson said: "Office is considered as a species of property; and government rather as a means for promoting individual interests than as an instrument created solely for the service of the people. Corruption in some and in others a perversion of correct feelings and principles divert government from its legitimate ends and makes it an engine for the support of the few at the expense of the many."

The scheme of employing the taxing power to enrich individuals had made little progress in this country in Jackson's time. The civil war afforded the occasion to establish it and the succeeding period the opportunity to develop it to monstrous proportions. It feeds on its own offspring, the profuse expenditure of public funds which Jackson never failed to denounce and oppose, insisting always on "the observance of a strict and faithful economy."

Good citizens of all parties would have been quick to condemn the large yearly waste of expenses in the house of representatives by the creation and retention of needless positions and otherwise, but it took a Democratic house to expose and correct it. And it will require a Democratic administration to cut down the already enormous and increasing cost of all the departments of the government.

A distinguished Republican senator has said that three hundred million dollars can be saved yearly by conducting the public business in a business way. That waste is four times the annual expenditure for all pur-

poses of the State of Ohio in all its cities and sub-divisions.

The outlay of the Federal government has gone during three successive Republican administrations from one billion dollars every two years to more than a billion dollars each year, every cent of it taken from the earnings and resources of our citizens by taxation, most of it under tariff laws. This would consume in little more than six years the entire taxable property in Ohio according to the recent appraisal at full value.

The committees of the House for the various departments, most of which have done nothing for years but pay salaries to their numerous clerks, messengers, etc., are all now doing exactly what Jackson urged on Congress eighty-two years ago, making "general and minute inquiry into the condition of the government with a view to ascertain what offices may be made in the organization of its various parts to secure the responsibility of public agents and promote efficiency."

And why should not the public business be managed on the same principles and with the same care and ability that citizens devote to their private business, especially when it involves the handling of such an enormous amount of money? Are there men who will be more earnest for themselves than for their country? Or do we too often fail to secure for the public service men with the practical ability which makes American enterprise foremost in all other directions? Or have we come to tolerate lower standards in the discharge of public duties?

But taking more than a billion dollars from the people for public purposes every year is a mild abuse of authority compared with arranging tariff taxes so as to enable favored manufacturers to collect from them a much larger sum for their own benefit, because, according to reliable estimates, for every dollar the government receives on articles imported the favored manufacturers collect three dollars above normal prices of like articles from American consumers. This is in effect farming out the taxing power, one of the worst abuses known to history. It is high chief of all special privileges.

Jackson urged upon a gradual reduction of tariff taxes, especially on necessities, at a time when they were levied mainly for revenue. When recently we saw a president led, against his just inclination, to sign and praise a tariff bill which took his own and his party's promise of reform, and then, in the face of his express admissions, veto bills for reductions passed by Congress under direct command of the voters of the entire country, men everywhere exclaimed, as they did in the days of vacillating Buchanan, "Oh, for one hour of Andrew Jackson!"

Now we find the business of the entire country disturbed and halting because this wretched system of favoritism has brought its certain result. Unnatural competition was stimulated by these and then suppressed by the formation of trusts and combinations, in order that dividends might not cease on stock which was the capitalization of this special advantage. Instead of cutting off the source by reforming the tariff it was sought to control the stream by forbidding these trusts and combinations.

It is significant that the Sherman anti-trust law and the McKinley tariff law were under consideration at the same time and passed at the same session. That tariff law went far beyond earlier laws in the bestowal of special favors. There was plain warning of its evil effect and the leaders did not dare face the country on it without a law to prevent stifling the competition from which great benefits were promised to the people. For the only element of harm in devices to restrain trade and secure monopoly lies in their effect on competition.

The financial and business troubles which broke out in 1893 were already brewing and did not subside until 1897, so that the effect of the McKinley bill was diminished during that period and did not attract general attention. But in 1897 a still worse tariff law was passed and soon after began to hatch its broods of trusts and combinations.

In the spring of that year the Supreme Court first enforced the anti-trust law. It was in a proceeding by the government against the Trans-Missouri Freight Association. Soon after it did the same in two other cases against The Joint Traffic Association and the Addyston and other Pipe Companies. By these cases a Democratic Attorney-General cleared the way for the general enforcement of the law, for the government had lost in the cases which preceded there. There were also pending at the expiration of his term investigations of the Beef Trust and others.

Though persistent mis-statements would justify it, this reference would not be made if it had a personal bearing only. But the Democratic party is concerned with the conduct of officials chosen through its agency. And it restores one's faith in the fairness of men that former Attorney General and Justice Moody has in public speeches given credit where credit was due.

"Sure Cure"

"I would like to guide suffering women to a sure cure for female troubles," writes Mrs. R. E. Mercer, of Frozen Camp, W. Va. "I have found no medicine equal to Cardui. I had suffered for about four years. Would have headache for a week at a time, until I would be nearly crazy. I took Cardui and now I never have the headache any more."

Take CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

The pains from which many women suffer every month are unnecessary.

It's not safe to trust to strong drugs, right at the time of the pains.

Better to take Cardui for a while, before and after, to strengthen the system and cure the cause.

This is the sensible, scientific, the right way. Try it.

H. REMSCHEL,

DEALER IN

LUMBER

Sash, Doors, Etc

YARD NEAR DEPOT

Ready-Mixed Paints.

KERRVILLE, TEXAS

S. C. PETERSON E. L. SUBLETT. M. F. WESTON

Do You Want to Sell?

Or Do You Want to Buy?

If you have property of any kind to sell, list it with us and we'll find a buyer. If you want to buy property of any kind, come to us and we will probably be able to secure just what you want.

Kerrville Realty Company

References: Charles Schreiner, Banker.

ing only. But the Democratic party is concerned with the conduct of officials chosen through its agency.

And it restores one's faith in the fairness of men that former Attorney General and Justice Moody has in public speeches given credit where credit was due.

But it appeared not to be the policy of the succeeding administration to proceed further against such concerns. So they grew and multiplied until one was reminded of the pictures where primitive man moved fearfully among megathere and other monsters. And the country was made to believe for a time that this state of things was "prosperity."

The financing of the securities of the huge concerns and speculation in them kept the money of the country from its proper channels and we had another panic from which we have not yet recovered. And every citizen who has a conscience is recognized again which is so easily forgotten, that no real good ever comes to anybody from a policy founded on industry and wrong.

It is said that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. In this instance it would have been worth a ton, for the Sherman law was distinctly a preventive measure. So we are confronted with a delicate and difficult situation which it will tax our skill, wisdom and patience to handle so as to let the natural, healthy forces of industry and commerce get into action again, without needless injury to legitimate business in removing the obstructions.

The first step, surely, must be to redeem the tariff from its perverted use and restore it to its proper place as a revenue measure, by gradual reduction so that all concerned may have time to prepare for the change. With the chief cause of the trouble thus removed I believe we shall make our way safely back to normal conditions. But, as Jackson said, we must all "lay aside mere local considerations, and act with the patriotic determination to promote the great interests of the whole."

McLean Supports Harmon

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 15.—It is the sight of the century to witness John R. McLean, owner and director of the Cincinnati Enquirer, shed his parietal political coat and get into the ring as the only genuine, up-to-date progressive.

We do not know the why and wherefore of this posing of Mr. McLean as the great friend of the common people and progressive Democracy, but a sure conjecture is that he has demanded something of Gov. Harmon somewhere along the line and didn't get it. Perhaps it was a United States Senatorship. The present activity of Mr. McLean is not out of harmony with his past record in one respect. For years he has employed the influence of his press for the political killing of Democrats he could not use to further his own ends.

His influential fights on Bryan in 1896, and subsequent presidential campaigns, are remembered by every Ohio voter, and could he have heard the private opinions publicly expressed in condemnation of the political attitude of the Enquirer in those years, he would know that the people of this state will have no confidence in his eleventh hour conversion to progressive Democracy or any other designated brand of that political

faith. Mr. McLean's 1912 policy has for its purpose the defeat of Gov. Harmon for the Democratic presidential nomination. The best Governor the state has ever had for all classes of people; the first Governor who compelled the special interests to pay their full share of taxes, thereby lowering the rate to the small property owners who have heretofore borne the excessive and unjust burdens of taxation; the first chief executive to introduce business methods into the conduct of state institutions.

The noble man whose utterances are always in behalf of a square deal for everybody, rich and poor alike, and in harmony with the Democratic position on the tariff, destruction of the trusts and all other questions touching the welfare of the whole people, is branded by Mr. McLean as a reactionary, and an unsafe man for the Democrats of Ohio to put in the office.

In the fact of Mr. Harmon's record as Governor, as cabinet officer and as an appointee of Roosevelt to ferret out inequities being practiced by western railroads, from which position he resigned because Roosevelt then president, refused to punish the law breaker except by placing him in his cabinet. Mr. McLean's campaign against him will make no headway in Ohio or adjacent states.

The Democrats of Ohio know Gov. Harmon by his works as a public executive. These have shown him to have the highest order of legal and business ability; to be on official to whom a public office is in reality a public trust, and in the face of any crisis, a safe and sane man to have at the head of the government.

Ohio is for Gov. Harmon for president, because the people believe he is the man of the hour, and for the equally good reason that he is the only Democrat who can secure the vote of the state in the electoral college.

A Girl's Wild Midnight Ride.

To warn people of a fearful forest fire in the Catskills a young girl rode horseback at midnight and saved many lives. Her deed was glorious but lives are often saved by Dr. King's New Discovery in curing lung trouble, coughs and colds, which might have ended in consumption or pneumonia. "It cured me of a dreadful cough and lung disease," writes W. R. Patterson, Wellington, Tex., "after four in our family had died with consumption, and I gained 87 pounds." Nothing so sure and safe for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by The Kerrville Drug Co.

Restoration of Alamo Will Begin at Once.

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 14.—Acting under instructions from Governor Colquitt, James D. Walthall, assistant attorney general, and J. P. Nitschke, state inspector of public

buildings, will leave tomorrow for San Antonio for work in connection with the governor's plan to renovate and restore the historic Alamo buildings.

Mr. Walthall will look into the question of property lines, involved in the work of restoration. He will confer with the official surveyors of San Antonio and Bexar County regarding these property lines.

Mr. Nitschke has been detailed to supervise the tearing down of the frame work of the Hugo-Schmelzer building and to see that the old walls are not damaged in this work.

Governor Colquitt has now completed his examination of old records showing the original extent of the Alamo buildings and has formed a definite idea of how they should appear when the task of restoration has been accomplished. He is anxious to avoid delay in carrying out his plans.

A Hero in a Lighthouse.

For years J. S. Donahue, So. Haven, Mich., a civil war captain, as a lighthousekeeper, averted awful wrecks, but a queer fact is, he might have been a wreck himself, if Electric Bitters had not prevented. "They cured me of kidney trouble and chills," he writes, "after I had taken other so called cures for years, without benefit and they also improved my sight. Now, at seventy, I am feeling fine." For dyspepsia, indigestion, all stomach, liver and kidney troubles, they're without equal. Try them. Only 50c at The Kerrville Drug Co.

Bexar County Land to be Cultivated.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 15.—During the next few months twenty-nine thousand acres of land near here, which lies in an almost unbroken stretch, will be torn up by huge steam plows that have been ordered by the Medina Irrigation Company. The first plow has arrived, equipped with 200 horsepower, and will be in operation at once. The clearing capacity of the plows is twenty acres a day.

Frightful Polar Winds.

blow with terrific force at the far north and play havoc with the skin, causing red, rough or sore chapped hands and lips, that need Bucklen's Arnica Salve to heal them. It makes the skin soft and smooth. Unrivaled for cold-sores, also burns, boils, sores, ulcers, cuts, bruises and plica. Only 25c at The Kerrville Drug Co.

Zapatistas Sack Town.

IGUALA, Guerrero, Mexico, Jan. 15.—Gorged with food, they had forced the inhabitants to give them and drunk as the result of the enforced hospitality of saloonkeepers, some fifty Zapatistas deserted the little town of Tepecaculco shortly after midnight this morning, leaving behind a sacked city hall and an empty jail.

News of the raid was not received here until today because the rebels had cut the telegraph and telephone wires upon their advent. The authorities were unable to offer assistance. After releasing all the prisoners the Zapatistas broke in all the doors of the town's city hall and appropriated 500 cartridges and the few rifles kept there. Before leaving they levied a number of forced loans upon the merchants.

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CHURCH DIRECTORY

The Hours Services Are Held

BAPTIST CHURCH

"The Church With a Hearty Welcome."

Sunday school at 10 a. m. Classes for all. Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Tuesday at 8 p. m. The Lord's supper observed the first Sunday in each month. Ladies' Aid and Missionary society every Thursday at 3 p. m. Choir practice on Friday nights at 8 o'clock. Everybody cordially invited to attend our services.

Preaching at the Methodist church every Sunday at 11 o'clock and at night. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

Presbyterian Sunday School at 10 a. m., preaching services 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. every Sunday by Chas. Ramsay; prayer meeting Wednesday at 8:15 p. m. Services will begin and close promptly on time. You are cordially invited to each and all of these services.

The Situation in Cuba.

In Cuba, as in this country, 1912 is a presidential year; and there, as here, the situation has certain complications that make the campaign and the election of wide interest.

In 1908, during the campaign that ended in the election of General Gomez as president, harmony within the Liberal party was brought about by Senor Zayas's withdrawing on the promise, it is said, that he should receive the nomination in 1912. As the time approaches, the adherents of Zayas are suspicious and hostile. They declare that President Gomez intends to disregard the agreement, and either seek a second term or else give the nomination to a close associate. Moreover, they attack the present administration on the grounds of corruption and extravagance, and are making threats that seriously disturb those who have the welfare of the young republic at heart.

Urban political passions are easily kindled and are capable of unhappy extremes. No doubt there are some partisans in the anti-administration group, who, rather than see Gomez triumph again, would risk American intervention and the loss of Cuban independence; but all true friends of Cuba, in this country or elsewhere, hope that more patriotic councils will prevail.

Impartial observers agree that the Gomez administration has dealt wisely with the many difficult problems that faced it at the outset. Under it the country has gained many useful internal improvements and made great material progress. The public debt, largely incurred to pay on the soldiers' claims, is only about sixty million dollars, a sum so small that the revenue of two years would more than pay it off. The credit of the government is so good that the bonds are quoted above par. The tax burden arouses no complaint. The exports of the island have more than doubled since the downfall of Spanish rule.—Youth's Companion.

The World's Greatest Financier.

The world's greatest financier is the American Housewife. Her daily investments exceed in shrewdness the cleverest transactions of Wall Street and no business concern or corporation, however ably offered, has ever been able to approach her in economy. She is the nation's foremost financier and her transactions more nearly reflect the progress and prosperity of the country than the reports of our clearing houses.

All legislation, financial and otherwise, ought to be so plain that the housewife can understand it. Our legislators, state and national, should so far over the head of the average citizen that those who are unable to employ an attorney and accept his statements in blind faith, must forever remain in ignorance of our laws. Of course, we have so many laws that no human can expect to read them and survive the ordeal, but any person who feels an irresistible impulse to legislate, should try his proposed law on his neighbor and get it down where the common people can understand it before attempting to put it on the statute book.

The Kerr County Boys' Corn Club will be permanently organized Saturday, Jan. 27.

SECRET SOCIETIES

Calendar of Their Meetings

Kerrville Chapter, R. A. M., meets on the 4th Friday in each month. Ben H. Kelly, High Priest.

Kerrville Lodge No. 697, A. F. & A. M., meets Saturday night, on or before each full moon. A. E. Self, W. M.

Kerrville Lodge Knights of Pythias, meets on the 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month. L. A. Enderle, C. C.; J. D. Motley, K. of R. S.

Mountain Lodge I. O. O. F. meets at Fawcett's Hall every first and third Saturday nights. A. F. Thigpen N. G.; J. H. Long Sec.

Cypress Camp No. 58, W. O. W., meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday, each month. W. A. Fawcett, C. C.; A. F. Thigpen, Clerk.

Kerrville Chapter, Order Eastern Star, meets 2nd and 4th Thursday each month. Mrs. M. A. Parsons, W. M.; Otto F. Dietert, W. P.; Mrs. Geo. Morris, Sec.

Kerrville Temple Pythian Sisters meets 1st and 3rd Fridays of each month. Miss Nonna Shelburne, W. E. C.

Kerrville Camp, M. W. A., meets 2nd and 4th Thursday in each month. H. Eckstein, Consul.

Oliver Grove Woodmen Circle meets on 2nd and 4th Monday in each month. Mrs. Lila Moore, Guardian; Mrs. L. A. Mosty, Clerk.

Kerrville Lodge Herman Sons meets on the last Saturday of each month. Max Grona, President; T. F. W. Dietert, Secretary.

Market Review.

HOUSTON, Tex., Jan. 15.—A rift in the lethargy of the midwinter market is due January 17, and for a few days following, when \$95,000 worth of Texas rice will be put on the market. The sales will be conducted in Houston by the Southern Rice Growers' Association. The rice to be offered is all in warehouse. The rice market was buoyed recently by the sale of 40,000 bags of Beaumont and a purchase of 50,000 bags west of Houston by New Orleans interests. Cotton has advanced despite the big strike in Lancashire, a fact which got a few believe bears striking testimony to the inherent strength of the general position. Not even large ginning figures and the fact that in a half dozen States the ginning has already exceeded by an important item the crop estimates by States, issued by the government in December, has had the power to greatly disturb the market. The exports have been large and the receipts have at times been cut down by bad weather. The spot markets, though rather quiet, have been firm, holding most of the recent advance. January and March are creeping up on other months. The spot position to many, looks strong, especially regarding white cotton, when it seems to be badly wanted by houses which are under contract to supply the mills with it. It is due partly to the difficulty in getting desirable cotton. Powerful influences have been at work in New York to bring about higher prices, everywhere with a view of inducing the farmer to sell more freely. He has been holding back cotton in a manner which seems to make him feared.

The South is declared to have had abundant rains this winter so that soil is in better condition than in years past. And there are those who doubt whether the acreage will be reduced much, if at all, if prices remain at the present level. The Houston Produce Market is looking toward the coming movement of the strawberry crop. The cold spell did little damage to the crop, other than setting it back about one month. General prices are unchanged and the market is dull on account of the season. The poultry market is steady and unchanged. Receipts of turkeys and chickens continue liberal.

TEXAS WELFARE COMMISSION

Commercial Secretaries Appoint Commission to Investigate Industrial Conditions.

The Welfare Commission which the Commercial Secretaries and Business Men's Association of Texas has organized will hold sessions in Dallas, Ft. Worth, San Antonio, Houston and other cities in Texas and hear the views of men of affairs on the needs of Texas. The following are a few of the questions which the Commission will undertake to answer:

Sixty-eight per cent of the farmers of Texas do not own their farms. WHY?

We need 50,000 miles more of railroads in Texas and there is not a mile of road under construction in the State today. WHY?

We have 140,000 miles of unimproved public highways and during the past ten years we have permanently improved only 2,900. WHY?

We have 1200 miles of navigable rivers but no steamboat lines ply our waters. WHY?

We buy from other States \$75,000,000 worth of feed stuff annually. WHY?

According to estimates of the Farmers' Union it costs 12 1/2 cents per pound to raise cotton and it sells for a less price. WHY?

We owe \$1,100,000,000 to parties outside the State and will have to borrow ten billion more to develop our resources and yet large insurance companies and other sources of cheap money are not doing business in Texas. WHY?

The Farmers' Union report that they are paying 8 and 10 per cent for money loaned on cotton in their warehouses, although cotton is the best security in the world. WHY?

Texas cattle are rated by the Federal Agricultural Department at \$14.79 per head and Illinois cattle at \$28.02 per head. WHY?

There is shipped into Texas 100 car loads of cured meats per week. WHY?

The Texas farmers haul \$1,200,000 of raw material per day to the foreign factory. WHY?

We raise between three and four million bales of cotton annually and manufacture only 40,000 bales. WHY?

The Railroad Commission of Texas values the railroad property at \$210,000,000, the Tax Commission at \$429,000,000 and the Tax Assessor at \$340,132,572. WHY?

Our Thirsty Cities

Now that a copious rainfall has filled the cup of many of our thirsty cities, it is well that provision be made by the City Fathers to avoid these artificial droughts in the future. Good water and plenty of it is essential to the life of man and beast, as well as to industry. An abundant supply of cheap water is essential to the life of industry as cheap fuel. Texas needs all advantages she can acquire in making her 1912 campaign for industry. Nature fulfills her mission in giving us the rainfall and it's up to the cities to make hay while the sun shines by enlarging their reservoirs and drainage territory.

Open New Lumber Field.

TORREON, Jan. 16.—Charles H. Tanner, representing Michigan lumber concerns, passed through this week en route to Durango. From that city he will go over the extension of the railroad now being built to Llano Grande for the purpose of inspecting the timber of that district. The mountains of western Durango are the heaviest timbered portion of the Sierra Madre range. There are vast tracts of heavily timbered lands, the principal kind of trees being pine, but in some places an abundance of hard woods of various kinds are to be found.

Tanner says the lumber dealers throughout the United States are looking into Mexican timber lands and some big deals will no doubt be made during the present year.

The new railroad now being constructed out of Durango into the Llano Grande district will tap the heart of the best timbered section of the State. Several miles with a grade of construction along the line and a large planing mill is nearing completion in the city of Durango.

Corn Growers' Meeting.

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 16.—The Texas Corn Growers' Association met in annual convention today. About 100 new delegates are expected in the four days.

All displays are in and have been arranged on tables in the convention hall. The Kellogg trophy, the Farm and Ranch Holland trophy and other silver cups are displayed in the

TEXAS SPI

NO PROOF IN TEXAS

5,000,000 LBS. BEARING

The apple has always played an important part in the history of the human race. It was an apple rosy and red that attracted the attention of Eve and she gave to Adam, who according to 'Holy Writ, "did eat" and ever since that eventful day the apple has been a favorite diet of mankind. It was an apple falling to the ground that stirred the brain of Newton and he gave us the laws of gravitation. It was an apple tree upon which grafters first plied their vocation and so successful were their operations that the profession has since flourished so rapidly as to menace civilization. It was a Texas apple that was awarded the first premium at the World's Fair in St. Louis in 1904, and no State has ever been able to wrest from us this undisputed evidence of our superiority as an apple producing State.

It is the most obedient plant in the vegetable kingdom and yields implicitly to the genius of man; it will change color, size, flavor, maturity and durability at the touch of a master hand. It is undoubtedly the most universal, resourceful and profitable of commercial fruits.

The northern tier of counties has long been known as the banner section in apple production, but is now dividing honors with the Pecos country and the Panhandle.

Some idea of the increase in the apple industry in Texas may be gained when we consider that the number of trees in the State today is more than five millions, while in 1870 there were less than 300,000 trees. The following table, taken from the reports of the Department of Agriculture, shows the progress of the apple industry by decades:

1870	290,000
1880	550,000
1890	662,000
1900	1,485,000
1910	5,000,000

Texas offers to the orchardist a soil and climate that will give vigor and productive power to the trees, color and flavor to the fruit and an established reputation to the product.

Among the speakers on the programme of the first day's sessions were Mayor A. J. Woodbridge of Austin, who welcomed the delegates, and there were responses by officers of the association and others; J. A. Glendening of Georgetown on "Farm Experiences"; address on the State's work in experimentation by R. Youngblood of College Station, director of the State experimental station; "Results of the San Antonio Farm," by H. S. Hastings, San Antonio; "Insect Talk" by Prof. Willing Newell, College Station; "Corn-growing in Coastal Plains," by J. H. Kistler, Victoria, and an address by Ed R. Kone, Commissioner of Agriculture. Several interesting reports were presented on the numerous activities of the association.

Why Wilson's Name Went.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The current number of Harper's Weekly contains the following editorial announcement:

"To our readers: We make the following reply to many inquiries from readers of Harper's Weekly:

"The name of Woodrow Wilson as our candidate for President was taken down from the head of these columns in response to a statement made to us directly by Governor Wilson to the effect that our support was affecting his candidacy injuriously.

"The only course left open to us, in simple fairness to Mr. Wilson, no less than in consideration of our own self respect was to cease to advocate his nomination.

"We make this explanation with great reluctance and the deepest regret. But we cannot escape the conclusion that the very considerable number of our readers who have cooperated earnestly and loyally in advancing a movement, which was inaugurated solely in the hope of rendering a high public service, are clearly entitled to this information.

Mike: "Hello, Soap, wacha read in?"

Soapy Bill: "Hoosier Schoolmaster."

Mike: "Me? Niver had none!"

Way Bill.

Farmers' Institute meets Saturday, January 27, 1:30 p. m.

Mountain 2

Texas Needs Great Men

XII. ORGANIZATION

ALEXANDER the Great organized the Macedonian Phalanx and his army conquered the world; Caesar marshalled the Roman Legions and his minions swept Europe. The important changes in civilization have all been wrought by the plastic hand of a master mind that could feel the powerful impulse of a great world as it frets and moans for able leadership. In every age progress has waited in attendance upon real strategic men who could comprehend the sweep of human action and see world-wide opportunities as they twinkled in the distance.



A MACEDONIAN PHALANX.

Let those who would weave at the loom of civilization and thread the destinies of nations first organize the mighty forces of progress, occupy the frontier of human thought and produce specifications for the conquest of the world's commerce. Texas needs great men.

OUR NEW



BRINGS HAPPINESS to the ENTIRE FAMILY

SAN ANTONIO BREWING ASSN. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT

IN EACH TOWN and district within and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agent every where are making money fast. If you are full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, express freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle, simply return it to us and we will refund you the full amount of the factory price.

FACTORY PRICES. You save \$10 to \$15 in the purchase of a bicycle by buying direct from the manufacturer's representative behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone else until you receive our catalogue and learn our unheard of factory prices. We guarantee a complete satisfaction to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue. It tells you how to get the best of the best. It tells you how to get the best of the best. It tells you how to get the best of the best. It tells you how to get the best of the best.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but simply have a supply on hand taken to trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we offer out promptly at prices ranging from \$2 to \$5 per bicycle. We accept no return on these bicycles.

COASTER BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and accessories. Write for our catalogue and price list.

\$10.00 Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof \$4.80 Self-healing Tires A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "C" also rim strip "D" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

DESCRIPTION: It is lively and easy riding, very durable and hard inside with a special quality of rubber, which never comes porous and, which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$10.00 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

IF YOU NEED TIRES. Write for our big tire and handy catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and sizes of tires at about half the usual price. Do not wait to buy a tire until you see our catalogue. Write it now.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

