

THE KERRVILLE ADVANCE

YOUR HOME PAPER

SIXTH YEAR, NO 19

KERRVILLE TEXAS, THURSDAY, FEB. 21, 1918

\$1.50 A YEAR

You Count in Winning the War.

Every man counts when a team is playing a match game. The United States is playing a match game and the stake is every thing we have, from our personal liberty to our government.

We all want to win and stop the loss of life and business just as soon as possible. It is not a game between picked teams on each side but every individual is lined up and has his part.

Every woman and child can give valuable help in saving food and doing Red Cross work.

Every farmer can help by raising the best crops possible. Every carpenter and mechanic can help by working wherever he is needed and talking loyalty to his government and saving his strike talk until after the war.

One of the most important ways in which all can help is in the War Savings.

It is important because a few Thrift Stamps bought by each one of our people will make billions altogether. It is more important because it gives every individual in the nation a chance to do something that really counts.

Every person who buys a Thrift Stamp or War Savings certificate is taking a direct part in supporting his country and defending her against her enemies. That gives a deeper feeling of citizenship and will lead to a more active interest in all the duties of citizenship. A very important feature of the War Savings plan is, Who will pay it back?

Suppose a man who does not pay income tax buys a hundred dollars worth of certificates. It will cost him about \$82.50. It will draw over four percent interest until 1929, when it will all be paid.

Who will pay the interest and principal? You will probably answer, "All of us in taxes."

You are mistaken, because your certificates are exempt from all taxes, in the first place, and in the second place, nearly all the War Revenue is raised from income taxes and taxes on luxuries.

If you do not pay income taxes and are not spending your money for expensive luxuries, you will not pay for these certificates, but they will be paid by the people of greater wealth.

It is the greatest plan ever made to give the man of small means a chance to help his government and at the same time, save money and get ahead.

You count. For your own sake get in the game.

War-Savings Committee.

Buy your child a thrift stamp. We have them to sell.
C. C. Butt Grocery.

Junior Red Cross.

The Red Cross work has been fully launched at Tivy High School. On Monday last a fine class of little pupils spent two hours making shot bags, under the directions of Mrs. Real. On Tuesdays and Wednesdays Miss Hattie Garrett and Miss Nellie Horn directs classes in surgical supplies, and on Mondays and Thursdays Mrs. Tacquard and Miss Smith have charge of the sewing. We are exceedingly fortunate to have the assistance of Mrs. Lee Wallace and Mrs. Butler, appointed by the Senior Chapter. These ladies will preside over the work from 2:30 till 4 o'clock, when the teachers take charge.

The Parent-Teachers' Club is the Auxiliary of our school; therefore any suggestions from that body, or from individual members of it will be the proper thing and we are expecting it.

Our Executive Committee, the Chapter School Committee, consists of: Supt. Jones, Chairman; Mrs. Geddie, Miss Garrett and Miss Nimitz representing the departments of school, and Mrs. Lee Wallace, appointed by the Parent Teachers Club. This Committee inspects and passes on all the School Red Cross work in the county and all cards for membership presented by the various schools, before they are submitted to the Senior Chapter.

We now call attention to our want column. The following things can be utilized in making layettes for destitute children in France and Belgium, and for making various necessities for the soldiers. Scraps of any kind, particularly of knit winter underwear. Any bright colored material, for making bags. One long table, for our work room.

Donations of any of these articles will be much appreciated. Communicate with Mrs. Fred Real.

Press Reporter.

Would Rather Come to Kerrville.

The citizens of Uvalde recently intimated that they were going to do something toward improving their road coming up to Rocksprings, but it seems they have laid down on the job. The road is said to be in a worse condition than ever. And some of the culverts are reported dangerous, and the freighters are afraid to drive a heavy loaded truck into some of them.

The freighters have decided that it would be best under the circumstances to go to Kerrville instead of Uvalde, and five of them brought in big loads from Kerrville this week. They say the Kerrville road is very good except at the river crossings, and the Kerrville people are going to concrete these.—Rock Springs Leader.

CANADIAN FATHER'S TRIBUTE TO HIS DEAD SON

Edward Markham, the poet under the unpatriotic title, "I Did Not Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier," wrote this stanza:

"O mothers, will you give your sons, to feed the awful hunger of the guns? What is the worth of these battle drums, if from the field the loved one never comes? What all these loud hosannas to the brave, if all your share is some forgotten grave?"

Dr. James L. Hughes, for over 40 years superintendent of education of the schools of Toronto, answered this poem. Greater significance is given to the answer by the fact that Dr. Hughes' own son was killed in battle and lies in Belgium. His answer was first published in the Christian Guardian, of Toronto, and is republished by us with some slight corrections made by Dr. Hughes for the Manufacturers Record. Herewith is Dr. Hughes' reply to Markham.—Editor Manufacturers Record.

God gave my son in trust to me; Christ died for him and he should be a man for Christ. He is his own, and God's and man's, not mine alone. He was not mine to "give." He gave himself that he might help to save all that a Christian should revere, All that enlightened men hold dear.

"To feed the guns!" Ah torpid soul! Awake, and see life as a whole. When freedom, honor, justice, right, Were threatened by the despot's might.

With heart aflame and soul aight, He bravely went for God to fight. Against base savages whose pride The laws of God and man defied.

Who slew the mother and her child, Who maidens pure and sweet defiled, He did not go to feed the guns; He went to save from ruthless Huns His home and country, and to be A guardian of democracy.

"What if he does not come?" you say, Ah, well! My sky would be more gray, But through the clouds the sun would shine.

And vital memories be mine, God's test of manhood is I know, Not "Will he come?" but "Did he go?"

My son well knew that he might die, And yet he went with purpose high To fight for peace and overthrow The plans of Christ's relentless foe.

He dreamed not the battlefield; He went to make fierce vandals yield. If he comes not again to me, I shall be sad, but not that he Went like a man—a hero true—His part unselfishly to do. My heart will feel exultant pride That for humanity he died.

"Forgotten grave!" This selfish plea Awakes no deep response in me, For, though the grave I may not see, My boy will never be forgotten by. My real son can never die; 'Tis but his body that may lie, In foreign land, and I shall keep Remembrance fond, forever deep Within my heart of my true son Because of triumphs that he won. It matters not where anyone May lie and sleep when work is done.

It matters not where some men live; If my dear son this life must give, Hosannas I will sing for him, For though my eyes with tears be dim, And when the war is over, when His gallant comrades come again, I'll cheer them as they're marching by.

Rejoicing that they did not die, And when his vacant place I see, My heart will bound with joy that he Was mine so long—my fair young son, And cheer for him whose work is done.

The spirit of this Christian father is the spirit of all our Southern fathers and mothers who have made the sacrifice of giving their sons to the army. They dedicate them to: "All that a Christian should revere, All that enlightened men hold dear."

District Agent Here.

Walter E. Davis, of Austin, District Emergency Agent for the Food Administration and Farm Demonstration, was here yesterday and spoke at the School Auditorium at 3 p. m. Today at 10 a. m. he speaks at Center Point and at 3 p. m. will address a mass meeting of citizens, ladies and gentlemen and school children; at the Pampell's Hall. He will explain the Hoover Food laws and advise the farmers as to preparation for the coming crop season. Mr. Davis has for four years been County Demonstrator for Travis County and was recently called into the District work by the Government.

Red Cross Column

(By Mrs. J. W. Burney.)

War Risk Insurance Extension.

Secretary McAdoo announced on February 12, that all persons in the military and naval service whose time for making application for Government insurance would have expired before April 12, 1918, have been granted an extension of time by Congress so that they can make application any time up to and including April 12, 1918. The joint resolution making this extension was approved by President Wilson on February 12.

This extension was made as a measure of protection for a large number of men, who because of service at distant points and for other reasons did not have time to apply. This related particularly to those whose right to apply for insurance would have expired on February 12 under the original Act. The extension of the time within which to apply for insurance does not, however, include the automatic insurance which expired on the 12th of February. All persons who have not applied for insurance will remain uninsured by the Government until their insurance is applied for. The automatic insurance has stopped for all men in service regardless of the date of enlistment. Delay in applying for insurance is therefore more dangerous than ever before. The extension of time will be of special advantage to men in the American Expeditionary Forces, and men in the Navy serving at distant points.

A group of lawyers in Washington are making a practice of watching the Government reports telling about the death or injury of a soldier or sailor and then writing the nearest relative and asking such relative to apply them as their attorney or claim agent. The Home Service Section of the Red Cross Chapter in this county wants all the families of enlisted men to know that the employment of such attorney or claim agent is not necessary, and that they are preparing to tell the families everything necessary should death or injury to a loved one occur. The Home Service Section will be prepared to tell what financial compensation will be made to the family, how it can be obtained, and will supply the family with the necessary forms to make the application. By utilizing this proffered service every dollar coming to the family on account of the death or injury of a loved one will be received by them and not spent for unnecessary attorney's or claim agent's fees. The Home Service Section has made a special study of the War Insurance Bill which makes provision for soldiers' allotments, allowances, injury compensation and death benefit. They will receive all the latest rulings of the War Insurance Bureau. Also they are prepared to correctly answer a great many questions that every soldier's or sailor's family is anxious about. In order to do this work effectively they have opened an office at Pampell's Store, and Mr. Pampell, chairman of the Section, will be there to give this service.

Mrs. A. C. Schreiner Jr. was in charge of the Surgical Work on Monday, and the following ladies were on duty: Mesdames K. G. Baker, Abbott, Prescott, Fisk, Berry, Burton, Gold and Dickey. The workers at the machines were: Mesdames Palmer, Simmons, Holdsworth, Doyle, Weiss, and Miss Nellie Smith. Mrs. Will Garrett and Mrs. Speckle are sewing at home. Mrs. Weiss has been absent for several weeks on account of illness.

Mrs. J. L. Pampell reports another splendid work meeting on Saturday of last week. The workers were: Mesdames Marguerite Henke, Verna Bulwer, Ruth Garrett, May Belle Roberts, Norma Walther, Mildred Sauer, May Coleman, Pauline Bowden, Myrtle Rose Deitert, Inez McLean, Alice Moore, Yolande Robinson, Mae Louise Schreiner, Dorothy Doyle, Ellen Mason, Luella Schumaker, Annie Claire Enderle, Eva May Staudt, Lucile Taylor, Mary Claire Williams, Tyler Wilkinson, Marie Williams, Mabel Thorburn, Florence Smith, Lonnie Benson, Laura Henke, Dora Johnston, Graves Dewees, Florence Galbraith, Ethel Williams, and Mesdames Watters and Simmons.

The workers at Mrs. G. F. Schreiner's Class on Thursday were: Mesdames Otto Schwethelm, Knox, Roberts, Bunbury, Coleman, Holdsworth, Burton, Bailey, and the Misses Annie Schwethelm, Graves Dewees, Kate Renschel, Galbraith and Huntington. In the absence of Miss Huntington at the Episcopal Circle on Thursday, Mrs. Braudigam acted as chairman. The following ladies were present: Mrs. Braudigam, Mrs. Wheelers, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Walther, and the Misses Johnston, Galbraith and Sarah Huntington. Several of these ladies worked at Surgical Dressings.

CHAS. SCHREINER BANK

(UNINCORPORATED)
Wool and Mohair Commission Merchant
KERRVILLE, TEXAS

If you are anxious to get ahead in the world, begin by saving a part of your regular earnings, for money paves the way to the desirable things of life.

Start an account with us this week and add to it every pay day. Soon you will have enough to buy property, take a desired trip, send your son to college or make profitable investments.

ESTABLISHED 1869

Burton, Bailey, and the Misses Annie Schwethelm, Graves Dewees, Kate Renschel, Galbraith and Huntington.

In the absence of Miss Huntington at the Episcopal Circle on Thursday, Mrs. Braudigam acted as chairman. The following ladies were present: Mrs. Braudigam, Mrs. Wheelers, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Walther, and the Misses Johnston, Galbraith and Sarah Huntington. Several of these ladies worked at Surgical Dressings.

Box No. 6, containing hospital garments, was shipped to Division Headquarters last week. The box contained two hundred and twenty hospital bed shirts and ninety suits of pajamas. The following is a list of the sewing turned out, from December 12 to February 12: Episcopal Circle, 28 shirts and 18 suits of pajamas; Baptist Circle, 49 shirts and 24 suits of pajamas; Methodist Circle, 4 shirts and 24 suits of pajamas; Eastern Star, 20 shirts and 18 suits of pajamas; Catholic Circle, 14 shirts; Turtle Creek Circle, 14 shirts; Ingram Circle, 30 shirts; Lutheran Circle, 20 shirts; Mexican Circle, 24 shirts; Mrs. Braudigam, 16 shirts.

The Presbyterian Unit met at the residence of Mrs. A. C. Schreiner on Thursday, February 14. Those present were: Mesdames E. E. Palmer, Prescott, A. C. Schreiner, Simmons, A. C. Schreiner Jr., Berry, Dickey, Wallace, Holdsworth, Baker, Cooley, Gold, Doyle, and the Misses Garrett, Benson, Schreiner and Smith.

On Wednesday of last week Mrs. L. E. King was in charge of the Surgical Work. The following workers were on duty: Mesdames Simmons, E. E. Palmer, Wheelers, Roberts, Carson, and the Misses F. Huntington, S. Huntington, Johnston and Galbraith. Eight suits of pajamas were finished by the Baptist Circle last week. The workers were: Mesdames Deering, Hodges, Rawson, Staudt, Newton, Leavell, and Miss Jennie Moore.

Mrs. Butler's Class on Tuesday was attended by the following: Mesdames Secor, Bunbury, Abbott, Prescott, Gold, Palmer, Coleman, Burton, Wallace, Berry, Wesch and Holdsworth.

Mrs. Compartment, chairman of the Methodist Circle, reports that Mesdames Greer, Hanson, Beard, Boeckmann, and the Misses Starkey and Tuttle were on duty last week.

The workers at the Catholic Circle last week were: Mesdames Doyle, Chas. Mosel, Greer and Miss Kemper.

Parent-Teacher's Club Notes.

Last week on Wednesday Feb. 13 the Parent Teachers Club met in the auditorium of our High School. The meeting opened with a prayer by Bishop Johnston. The first number on the program was a violin solo by Miss Frally accompanied by Miss Hattie Garrett which was beautiful.

The Club voted to set aside \$18 to screen the domestic science room also to pay for a service flag to be

used in the school house.

The next number on the program was a vocal solo by Miss Clara Herzog, after which Mrs. Wheelers read a good paper on "Conditions which Confront Women of Today" which is a question at present that needs a great deal of thought and study.

Mrs. Greer then had a paper on "Woman Suffrage" which led to a discussion and on which Mr. Jones, also Bishop Johnston, gave us some good advice, that we should study the question well that when the time comes that we women will, can, shall or must vote, are well prepared. Advice from an honorable old gentleman like Bishop Johnston who has lived three score years is well worth considering. A recitation by Mrs. Dickson then ended then ended the meeting until March 13th which will be Child's Welfare meeting and to which we urge all mothers to be present.

Press Reporter.

Special Features

THE ADVANCE goes back to its old form of eight pages. We got tired of the little flimsy 4-page sheet and are sure our readers did. The high price of paper was the cause of our adopting it and may force us back to it, but we hope with the splendid news service we are now giving to infuse new life in the paper and gain enough new patronage to justify us in keeping it up.

The War News feature, the fine serial story, "North of Fifty Three," Texas News, Washington News, Stock and farm news, and many other strong features will make the Advance worth a great deal more than the price asked.

All the news about the Army Draft, War Saving Certificates, Red Cross, and everything pertaining to the great war will be given each week. We hope you will appreciate the new service and help us to boost for the Advance. If you are behind with us, this would be a fine time to pay up. Help us in our effort to give you a better paper.

THE ADVANCE

Your Banking Business

Is Earnestly Solicited and Will be Appreciated by

FIRST STATE BANK

KERRVILLE, TEXAS

A GUARANTY FUND BANK

E. GALBRAITH
PRESIDENT

A. E. BURTON,
ACTIVE VICE PRESIDENT

A. B. WILLIAMSON, CASHIER.

GERMANY'S PLANS IN EAST ARE UPSET

POLAND OPPOSES TEUTON MOVE FOR PEACE AND GAIN—RIOTS IN PETROGRAD, RUSSIA.

AIR RAID ON LONDON

Additional List of Survivors and Lost of Torpedoed Ship Tuscania. From All War Fronts. Americans Active.

The armistice between the Russian and German forces which has been in existence for several weeks on the Russian front expired at noon Monday, according to the official statement issued by the German army headquarters staff.

Indiscriminate shooting now is going on throughout the city, both by day and night, but usually is most general after nightfall. Pillaging, followed by shooting, has spread from Voronezsky Prospect, east of St. Isaac's Cathedral to Galernaya street, where private apartments were broken into and plundered, culminating in firing between the pillagers and Red Guards. The wounded were taken to hospitals.

Germany has suddenly found herself involved in a maze of difficulties on the eastern front and in danger of losing all the large benefits she was calmly preparing to realize from her peace with the Ukraine and the bolshevik withdrawal of Russia from the war.

Poland, that land which so frequently in the course of history has proved a thorn in the side of military conquerors, is threatening to constitute herself the rock on which the German hope of peace and gainful expansion in the east may be shattered.

Even the very weapon which Germany and Austria were at such pains to forge in the hope of deriving military benefit—the Polish army—bids fair to be turned against them.

Only one of the six German airplanes which made an attack on London Saturday night succeeded in reaching the capital, it is announced officially. This raider dropped one bomb in the southwest district, which caused four casualties.

Eleven survivors of the torpedoed liner Tuscania previously listed as unreported were announced this week by the war department as having been saved, as follows: Private Hugh Alexander, Cumberland Gap, Tenn.; Private David Cisneros, Brownsville, Texas; Private Connor A. Collins, Battle Creek, Mich.; Private Joe Curland, Evansville, Ind.; Private Robert E. Lee Hickey, Denton, Texas; Private Marion F. Lambert, Rotan, Texas; Private Miguel Martinez, San Diego, Texas; Private Burley C. Nall, Garlington, Okla.; Private Ruesben Peterson, Marinette, Wis.; Private Irene Smith, Spokane, Wash.; Private Jess D. Smith, Coleman, Okla.

The war department Sunday received the following additional list of Tuscania dead by cable: Edgar C. Barnes, father, J. E. Barnes, Hamer, Texas; Raymond Butler, father, C. E. Butler, New Richmond, Wis.; Wilbur W. Clark, mother, Luella Clark, Lansing, Mich.; John Edwards, friend, Miss Jennie Barnes, Butte, Mont.; Martin C. Hill, mother, Mrs. Sara Hill, Wimbury, Texas; William R. Johnson, father, Charles P. Johnson, Metamora, Mich.; William Keown, brother, John Keown, Sand Springs, Texas; John C. Robinson, father, William H. Robinson, Potlatch, Idaho; Thomas E. St. Clair, mother, Mrs. Ella St. Clair, Junction, Texas; James A. Schleiss, brother, Joseph Schleiss, Rice Lake, Wis.; William A. Moore, mother, Louise Moore, San Francisco, Cal.

An American patrol in France having passed the first line of German entanglements and approached the second line Sunday night was suddenly cut off by a current of electricity along the first wire line. Instead of attempting an immediate return to their trenches, which would have meant certain death from electrocution or machine gun fire, the Americans clung close to the earth and later, when the electricity was cut off, returned in safety to their positions.

American labor's indorsement of war aims as stated by President Wilson and recognition that the war against Prussianism is a working man's war is recorded in a declaration issued Saturday by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor at the close of a seven-day session at headquarters in Washington.

President Wilson has telegraphed William L. Hutcheson, general president of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, that he can see nothing to be gained by conferring with him personally about the strike of shipyard carpenters until he has accepted and acted upon the principle that in the present circumstances of the nation no body of men has the right to strike until every other method of adjustment has been tried to the limit.

Heatless Monday Suspended. Washington.—Suspension of the heatless Monday program was announced Wednesday by Fuel Administrator Garfield with the reservation that it may be put back into force before the ten-week period expires if a return of bad weather brings another breakdown in transportation.

Take Out \$8,000,000,000 in Insurance. Washington.—One million soldiers, sailors or army nurses have applied for government life insurance aggregating more than \$8,000,000,000.

DANCER-AVIATOR CASTLE KILLED IN AIRPLANE FALL

Captain Vernon Castle Sacrificed His Own Life to Save Young Cadet in Avoiding Collision.

Fort Worth, Tex.—Captain Vernon Castle of the Royal Flying Corps was killed Friday morning while attempting to save the life of a young American cadet on the aviation field at Benbrook. Castle occupied the front seat, which is an unusual position, the cadet usually occupying it. With a collision imminent with another machine, Castle swerved his plane in order to avoid an accident. He lost control of the plane and plunged to the ground.

Captain Castle was not killed instantly, but died in the hospital 20 minutes after the fall. The cadet escaped. The accident happened close to the ground, which explains the fatal result, as the pilot did not have time to right the plane before striking the earth. The scene of the accident was the airfield at Benbrook, 16 miles west of Fort Worth.

Captain Castle's funeral was held Saturday afternoon and was the largest and most impressive ever held at Fort Worth. All Fort Worth, Camp Bowie and the aviation fields plainly showed the deepest regret at his tragic death. He was considered the world's most famous dancer.

His body was sent to New York for burial, with a detachment from the Royal Flying Corps as an escort of honor.

Captain Castle's body was badly crushed. The cadet with whom he was flying was only slightly injured and suffered more from shock than hurts.

Appeals to Boys and Girls. Austin, Tex.—Invoking interest in the Junior American Red Cross, Governor Hobby Wednesday issued the following proclamation addressed to the boys and girls of Texas:

"In order to win the great war for humanity, it is necessary to enroll the boys and girls in the service of their country. You are indeed the hope of the world for the preservation of democracy and for the establishment of justice to all mankind.

"The department of junior membership of the American Red Cross has planned an intensive campaign for the enrollment of all public private and parochial schools as Red Cross schools auxiliaries. The membership drive is now on. The Southern division of the Red Cross, as you probably know, passed at other divisions in the country during the Christmas drive for senior members. We can not fall down on our record for junior membership. Let the young people of Texas go over the top in the same splendid way that the seniors did in December.

"With hearty congratulations upon the opportunity offered, I salute you as loyal defenders and supporters of the national flag."

Three Flyers Killed. Fort Worth, Tex.—Three fatalities, due to two separate crashes, were added Wednesday to the ever-lengthening roll of death at Hicks Flying Field. The dead are: Lieutenant Peyton C. March, son of the acting chief of staff of the United States army; First Lieutenant J. L. Wray, a Canadian, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Cadet Flyer R. Porter, whose father is R. A. Porter, a jeweler of Long Island, N. Y.

Don't Kill Hens and Pullets. Houston, Tex.—The United States food administration has extended protection to hens and pullets of the nation by amending its rules to forbid the killing of hens and pullets between February 11 and April 30. The fowls already killed and in storage may be used, but concerns under license found killing the protected hen will be dealt with harshly by the food administration.

Thousands Loaned to Farmers. Houston, Tex.—The Federal Land Bank of Houston Tuesday loaned \$40,000 to farmers of Texas, checks going to members of farm loan associations at the following points in the amounts mentioned: Star, \$2,250 and \$4,200; Austin, \$6,000; Bandera, \$900; Snyder, \$4,500; Franklin, \$2,250; Vega, \$7,000; Fredericksburg, \$3,000 and \$3,000; Kenedy, \$3,150, \$1,500 and \$2,860.

To Investigate Hog Island Yard. Washington.—Investigation by the department of justice of the American International Corporation's construction of the government's big fabricated steel shipyard at Hog Island, Pa., was ordered Thursday by President Wilson with a view to criminal prosecutions if the facts develop more than reckless expenditure of government money.

Joffre Member of French Academy. Paris.—Marshal Joffre, former commander in chief of the French army, was elected a member of the French academy by twenty-two votes out of a possible twenty-nine. Six persons were absent and one vote cast was a blank.

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GERMAN STANDARD RAISED; LOUISIANA QUARANTINES TORN DOWN; MEN ARRESTED AGAINST PINK BOLL WORM

Eleven Men of Fayetteville, Including the Mayor of That Town, in Houston Jail.

Houston, Tex.—The eleven citizens of Fayetteville, arrested Tuesday on charges of violating the president's proclamation, following arraignment before United States Commissioner A. L. Jackson and fixing of bonds, Wednesday furnished bail and were released from custody.

The defendants entered pleas of not guilty when they appeared before Judge Jackson and they all waived an examining trial, but District Attorney John E. Green insisted that an examining trial for six of them be held and the dates were set for February 20 and 21.

The eleven bonds total \$68,000 and were as follows: Mayor Langloz, \$10,000; Frank Mazel, president of the Germania Club at Fayetteville, \$10,000; Ernest Pagel, vice president of the club, \$5,000; Charles Meitau, \$5,000; Herman von Minder, \$5,000; James Zdrail, \$5,000; William Kurtz, \$10,000; Mike Langloz, \$5,000; W. L. Drive, \$10,000; O. A. Vetter and Frank Powetz, \$2,000 each, as the government has further investigations under way in their cases.

Houston, Tex.—Eleven citizens of Fayetteville, accused of hoisting the German flag over the Germania club and in front of a public square were arrested Tuesday by Deputy Marshal E. T. Herring and Special Agent E. B. Sisk of the department of justice. Among them are the mayor of the town, president of the club and nine wealthy residents. All were brought to Houston Tuesday night and placed in jail.

The Germans gave the federal agents to understand that the first person who took down the flag would be shot, and it was tied so high that it could not be lowered. Consequently, Mr. Herring and Mr. Sisk chopped down the 30-foot mast and tore the Kaiser's standard from the flagpole in full view of the crowd that had gathered.

Those taken into custody were: W. C. Langloz, mayor of Fayetteville; Frank Mazel, president of the Germania club; Charles Meitau, wealthy land owner; Herman von Minder, James Zdrail, William Kurtz, Mike Langloz, relative of the mayor; Ernest Pagel, W. L. Drive, O. A. Vetter, Frank Powetz.

CARRANZA'S NOTE TO KAISER

Was Read Into the Congressional Record by Senator Sherman.

Washington.—The recently published birthday telegram said to have been sent by President Carranza to Kaiser Wilhelm was placed in the congressional record Wednesday by Senator Sherman, republican of Illinois, who declared he was "moved to wish to do more than practice watchful waiting in view of the felicitations exchanged between those two distinguished worthies."

"The Kaiser," Senator Sherman observed, "in making acknowledgment referred feelingly to the intimate relationship between Senator Carranza and his own helmeted self. Just how intimate this relationship may be arouses more than idle curiosity if we remember that the allies bought sixty million barrels of oil from Mexico last year. How his prosperity may be promoted by our winning the war is a pertinent inquiry, especially when the Kaiser forwently asked that the intimate relationship between them shall be so deepened and strengthened that it may result in a victorious peace. Such a peace is full of sinister menace for this country."

Fifty Million for Italy. Washington.—An additional \$50,000,000 was placed to the credit of Italy Thursday by Secretary McAdoo, bringing the total of American loans to that country to \$550,000,000 and the total of American credits to the allied nations to \$4,734,400,000.

Against Conscription of Union Labor. Washington.—President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, in a prepared statement Saturday, made an appeal against any conscription of union labor.

As a Measure to Protect Louisiana There Must Be No Shipment of Texas Cotton Seed.

Baton Rouge, La.—Commissioner of Agriculture Harry D. Wilson Friday announced that the state department of agriculture and the state entomologist's department had declared a quarantine against shipment of cotton seed from Texas into Louisiana, as a measure to protect Louisiana from the pink boll worm, which Commissioner Wilson declares is a pest even more devastating in its ravages than the boll weevil. He also warns all farmers of the state against receiving cotton seed, not only from Texas, but from any section of the South in which the pink boll worm has appeared.

Reports indicate that the pink worm has already appeared in Northeast Louisiana, near the Mississippi state, and in western sections of the state near the Texas border.

Governor Pleasant regards the conference called in Jackson between governors of cotton states to launch a determined fight against the pink boll worm as of extreme importance to this state, and has named 117 delegates. A strong delegation was named from Shreveport and North Louisiana parishes.

From Lake Charles Governor Pleasant appointed Frank Roberts and S. Arthur Kaapp, from Oberlin, John Chasmon, Leesville, J. B. Roark, Lafayette, Dr. N. P. Moss and T. L. Dezaquet, Church Point, Homer Barrosse, Crowley, W. W. Doussan, Many, I. N. McCollister, Mansfield, Benjamin Johnson.

Appeals to Shipyard Strikers.

Washington.—An urgent call to striking carpenters and joiners in Eastern shipyards to return to work was issued Thursday by Chairman Hurley of the shipping board, who sent a telegram to union heads declaring mothers and fathers giving their sons to battle will not long permit continued interference with the shipbuilding program. The telegram was inspired by reports of strikes at yards in the vicinity of New York and at Baltimore, where the men are demanding the wage scale recently enacted for the Pacific coast of \$69 a day. It went to W. L. Hutcheson, general manager of the carpenters at Indianapolis and to union leaders in the districts in which strikes have been called. Mr. Hurley insisted that the men go to work pending an adjustment of their grievances by the wage adjustment board, which within a few days will recommend a general wage scale for 75 per cent of the yards on the Atlantic coast.

Sperm Whale Caught in Gulf.

Corpus Christi, Tex.—Fisherman Thursday brought in a sperm whale measuring 11 feet and weighing 800 pounds. It is of a variety that is said to be seldom found in Southern waters. The whale was caught in the Gulf of Mexico off Corpus Pass and was landed after having been shot in the head. The whale is species two of the sperm whale, and has the scientific name of Physeteridae, with narrow back and formidable teeth. The species is so rare that their existence in the Western Atlantic was not known until 1883, when a specimen was washed ashore at Spring Lake, N. J., and presented to the United States Museum. The head of the sperm whale yields sperm oil, spermacetti and ambergris, of much value to druggists and perfumers. They contain very little blubber, hence the flesh is very palatable, and whale steaks have been commanding good prices in North Atlantic seaboard cities.

Haywood, I. W. W. Leader, Released. Chicago, Ill.—William D. Haywood, international secretary and treasurer of the I. W. W., who, with 175 other members of the organization was indicted by a federal grand jury on a charge of conspiracy and sedition, was released on bonds of \$15,000 Tuesday.

British Casualties for Week. London.—British casualties reported in the last week are 7,077, divided as follows: Killed or died of wounds: Officers 73, men 1,360. Wounded or missing: Officers 155, men 5,489.

TUSCANIA'S DEAD REST IN SCOTLAND

BODIES OF TWENTY-ONE TEXAS SOLDIERS REST UNDER SOIL OF BONNIE SCOTLAND.

TO FENCE THE GRAVES

There Were 171 Bodies of Soldiers Buried; 131 Were Identified and 33 Unidentified; Crew, 4 Identified and 3 Unidentified.

A Scotch Seaport—Up to this week, two weeks after the disaster, 171 victims of the ill-fated Tuscania had been laid to rest at different points on the Scottish coast. These were divided as follows:

Americans, 131 identified and 33 unidentified; crew, 4 identified and 3 unidentified.

At the graveside the American soldiers sang "The Star-Spangled Banner," followed by the natives singing "God Save the King." The usual military salute was then fired, ending the ceremony.

Temporary fences have been built around the graves, to be replaced by a permanent inclosure as soon as the materials can be brought to these desolate shores.

Names of Those Buried.

The following is the first complete list of Americans now buried on the Scottish coast. Each body, whether identified or not, was given a number. Thus at a point where seventy-eight victims were buried side by side in a long trench the numbers run from 1 to 78 in the following order:

T. W. Herman, L. B. Reeder, William C. Keown, L. Roberts, Orville Casper, E. H. Duffy, Paul John C. Wood, W. R. Johnson, H. E. Pace, C. B. West, T. Tuttle, Walter Brown, Clarence W. Short, H. Stewart, fireman, member of crew; Raymond Butler, Wisconsin; James Logan, crew; G. V. Zimmerman, J. Edwards, Walter Mont; George H. Heinhardt, Walter Crelline, William E. Bennett, G. E. Swanson, unidentified private; William P. Merritt, G. J. Jenkins, Charles McMillan, crew; Raymond T. Harst, T. E. Lawson, T. E. Davison, W. Hardy, C. H. Beuser, B. L. Weeks, Henry F. Spidel, David G. Renton, Julius D. Wagner, William J. Traconer, Alfio Licari, Percy A. Stevens, W. W. Wright, Marcus B. Cook, G. N. Bjork, Johnson C. Johnson, T. T. St. Clair, Arthur W. Collins, G. Lanken, J. U. Cheshire, Gerald K. Grover, Frank Burns, Milton Tully, Edwin R. Berkey, unidentified soldier; Philip E. Leigan, Curtiss Willard Wilson, unidentified member of crew; Frederick Allen, W. Raines, Homer L. Anderson, Fred M. Linton, J. B. Guernsey, J. L. Pearce, Elmer R. L. Cowan, William T. McMurray, Samuel A. Pentecost, Russell F. Bennett, Robert F. Warren, L. W. Orment, William I. Gregg, I. Sims, J. P. Hawley, W. Matthews, unidentified soldier; Samuel P. Riggle, Norman C. Crucker, P. A. Agrien; J. J. Byrge, Fred W. Rudolph, Milwaukee, Wis.; unidentified private, Herman Rupp.

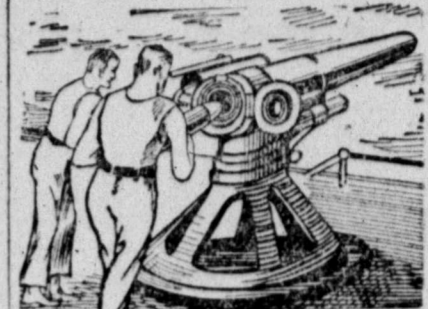
At another point, in a long grave, are forty-nine bodies. They are all in coffins and are numbered from 1 to 49 in the following order: Unidentified private, Jesse M. Rhodes, Captain Leo P. Lebron, John Jenkins, wireless operator; James A. Price, Boise; two unidentified privates; Claude W. Walker, Los Angeles; E. O. Pera, George W. Tomlin, Ethan Allen White, unidentified private, Oscar Lee Smith Winters, Edward E. Burns, unidentified member of crew, George Merna, unidentified private, Tula B. Thompson, Dell Walter Leonard, Whittington Sherman, Lieutenant E. Philip Lightall, W. E. Wilson, unidentified private, Daniel Trobridge Bryant, unidentified private, William O. Williams, Fletcher Odell Pledger, three unidentified privates, W. E. Bickers, unidentified private, J. B. Buckley, J. B. Bishop, two unidentified privates, E. F. Young, Gilmore, Engel Percy, three unidentified privates, Captain Philip V. Sherman, unidentified private, unidentified member of crew, three unidentified privates, William Arthur Moore, Oris E. Hutchins.

At a third place forty-four victims are buried in three trenches, the largest holds 18 bodies, another 16 and a third 10. In the first named the bodies have been numbered from 1 to 18 in this order:

Harry Carpenter, two unidentified privates, John A. Laakko, Roscoe Calaresa, Ade McCoy, two unidentified privates, Stanley A. Anstauer, E. A. Houston, Stanley L. Collins, Joseph G. Maxstruck, Otto Ray Martin, Columbus Hill, Clare Metzbaum, Wilbur Clark Jackson, John Eichhammer, Ben Barker.

Those in the next grave are numbered from 19 to 24, as follows: Unidentified private, Wesley W. Hyatt, Ansted Gunder, Van Smith Peters, William H. Raiser, Fred N. Unzer, Frank Drahoza, John O. Robinson, Edgar Cullen, J. P. Wasson, E. F. Church, Henry A. Stemmer, N. B. Short, three unidentified privates.

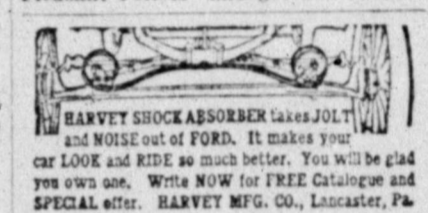
In a third grave, only ten men were buried, tagged from 1 to 10, as follows: Joan Stess, Riley F. Murray, H. G. Bates, Anthony Elbond, Winston A. Harsick, L. N. Collins, Claud Bradley, I. B. Crow, D. E. Ingelhart, A. S. G. people.



Our boys are defending this country on the high seas and on the land. Our own defense against a common enemy is to keep the system clean by ridding the body of the toxins, or poisons, which are bred in the intestines.

When you feel tired, sleepy, headachy, when your breath is offensive, or pimples appear on the face and neck, it is time to recognize the danger and protect your bodily health by taking something for the liver such as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant-Pellets.

The machinery of the body needs to be oiled, kept in good condition. Just as the guns or machinery of a ship. Why should a human person neglect his own machinery more than that of his automobile or his guns? Yet most people do neglect themselves. Their tongue has a dark brown color, skin sallow, breath bad, yet they fail to see that their machinery needs attention. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets have been known for nearly half a century. They are made of May-apple, leaves of aloë and junip, made into a tiny pellet and coated with sugar. They are standard and efficacious. You can obtain them at any drug store in vials for twenty-five cents. Ask for Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets—and get no other!



FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS. Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, Success and Red Dutch. By express, 50¢, \$1.25, 1.00, \$2.00, 5.00 up to \$1.50. F. O. B. HERE. Delivered parcel post 100, 300, 1,000. Seed section guaranteed. D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERSVILLE, S. C.



PARKER'S HAIR BALM. The best preparation of hair. Keeps hair from falling out. For restoring color and sheen to faded hair. Sold in 25¢ and 50¢ at drug stores.

DROPY'S TREATMENT. Give out. Water. Removes swelling and shortens time of recovery. Write to DR. THOMAS E. GREEN, Box 202, CHATSWORTH, CA.

No man is truly good whose motive is a love of praise.

A NEGLECTED CHILD is often followed by pneumonia. Before it is too late take Laxative Quinine Tablets. Gives prompt relief in cases of Coughs, Colds, La Grippe and Headache. Price 25c.—Adv.

Repentance never comes too late.

Lungs Are Weakened By Hard Colds. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiate—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if not cured. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hall's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonic known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Druggists free. Testimonials free. P. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Why Bald So Young? Dandruff and dry scalp usually the cause and Cuticura the remedy. Rub the Ointment into scalp. Follow with hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. For free sample address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. At druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Marine Eye Remedy. Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

North of Fifty-Three

By BERTRAND W. SINCLAIR

(Copyright: Little, Brown & Co.)

HAZEL FINDS SHE CANNOT HOPE TO ESCAPE FROM "ROARING BILL'S" CABIN IN THE WILDERNESS BEFORE SPRING

Synopsis.—Miss Hazel Weir is employed as a stenographer in the office of Harrington & Bush at Granville, Ontario. She is engaged to Jack Barrow, a young real estate agent. Mr. Bush, Hazel's employer, suddenly notices her attractiveness and at once makes her his private stenographer. After three months Bush proposes marriage. Hazel refuses, and after a stormy scene, in which Bush warns her he will make her sorry for her action, Hazel leaves the office, never to return. Shortly after this Bush is thrown from his horse and killed. Publication of his will discloses that he left Hazel \$5,000 in "preparation for any wrong I may have done her." Jack Barrow, in a jealous rage, demands an explanation, and Hazel, her pride hurt, refuses. Hazel's engagement is broken and, to escape from her surroundings, she secures a position as schoolteacher at Cariboo Meadows, in a wild part of British Columbia. There, at a boarding house, she first sees "Roaring Bill" Wagstaff, a well-known character of that country. Soon after her arrival Hazel loses her way while walking in the woods. She wanders until night when she reaches "Roaring Bill's" camp fire in the woods. He promises to take her home in the morning, but she is compelled to spend the night in the woods. After wandering in the woods all the next day, "Roaring Bill" finally admits that he is taking Hazel to his cabin in the mountains.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

"Anghow," he went on, when she remained silent. "I didn't. And you'll have to lay the blame on nature for making you a wonderfully attractive woman. I did honestly try to find the way to Cariboo Meadows that first night. It was only when I found myself thinking how fine it would be to plie through these old woods and mountains with a partner like you that I decided—as I did, I'm human—the woman she tempted me. And aren't you better off? Do you know that you look fifty per cent better for these few days of being in the open—the way every normal being likes to live? You're getting some color in your cheeks, and you're losing that worried, arched look. Honest, if I were a physician, I'd have only one prescription: Get out into the wild country, and live off the country as your primitive forefathers did. Of course, you can't do that alone. I know because I've tried it. We humans don't differ so greatly from the other animals. We're made to hunt in couples or packs. There's a purpose, a law, you might say, behind that, too; only it's terribly obscured by a lot of other essentials in this day and age."

But she would not take up the cudgils against him, would not seem to countenance or condone his offense by discussing it from any angle whatsoever. And she was more determined to allow no degree of friendliness, even in conversation, because she recognized the masterful quality of the man.

After a lapse of time they dropped into another valley, and faced westward to a mountain range which Bill told her was the Rockies. The next day a snowstorm struck them. It was not particularly cold. Bill wrapped her in a heavy canvas coat, and plodded on. Noon passed, and he made no stop. If anything, he increased his pace.

Suddenly, in the late afternoon, they stepped out of the timber into a little clearing, in which the blurred outline of a cabin showed under the wide arms of a leafless tree.

"Say, little person," Bill finally remarked, "it looks to me as if you could outfit yourself completely right here." "I don't know that I care to dock myself in another woman's fire," she returned. "Now, see here," Roaring Bill turned reproachfully; "see here—"

CHAPTER VI.

A Little Personal History.

Hazel discarded the wet coat, and drawing a chair up to the fire, took off her sopping footgear and toasted her bare feet at the blaze. Her clothing was also wet, and she wondered pettishly how in the world she was going to manage with only the garments on her back—and those dirty and torn from backing through the brush for a matter of two weeks. According to her standards, that was roughing it with a vengeance. But presently she gave over thinking of her plight. The fire warmed her, and, with

the chill gone from her body, she bestowed a curious glance on her surroundings.

There was furniture of a sort unknown to her, tables and chairs fashioned by hand with infinite labor and rude skill, massive in structure, upholstered with the skins of wild beasts common to the region. Upon the walls hung pictures, dainty black-and-white prints, and a water color or two. And between the pictures were nailed heads of mountain sheep and goat, the antlers of deer and caribou. Above the fireplace spread the huge shaggy horns of a moose, bearing across the prongs a shaggy and fishing rod. The corner of the floor—instead, as she could see, of hand-smoothed logs—was lightened with a great black and red and yellow rug of curious weave. Covering up the bare surface surrounding it were bearskins, black and brown. Her feet rested in the fur of a monster slipper, fur thicker and softer than the pile of any carpet ever fabricated by man. All around the walls ran shelves filled with books. A guitar stood in one corner, a mandolin in another.

Except for the dust that had gathered lightly in its owner's absence, the place was as neat and clean as if the housemaid had but gone over it. Hazel shrugged her shoulders. Roaring Bill Wagstaff became, if anything, more of an enigma than ever. In the light of his dwelling. She recollected that Cariboo Meadows had regarded him askance, and wondered why.

He came to while her gaze was still roving from one object to another, and threw his wet outer clothing, boy fashion, on the nearest chair.

"Well," he said, "we're here." "Please don't forget, Mr. Wagstaff," she replied coldly, "that I would much prefer not to be here."

He stood a moment regarding her with his odd smile. Then he went into the adjoining room. Out of this he presently emerged, dragging a small steamer trunk. He opened it, got down on his knees, and passed over the contents. Hazel, looking over her shoulder, saw that the trunk was filled with woman's garments, and sat amazed.

"Say, little person," Bill finally remarked, "it looks to me as if you could outfit yourself completely right here." "I don't know that I care to dock myself in another woman's fire," she returned. "Now, see here," Roaring Bill turned reproachfully; "see here—"

He grinned to himself then, and went again into the other room, returning with a small, square mirror. He planted himself squarely in front of her, and held up the glass. Hazel took one look at her reflection, and she could have struck Roaring Bill for his audacity. She had not realized what an altogether respectable appearance a normally good-looking young woman could acquire in two weeks on the trail, with no toilet accessories and only the clothes on her back. She tried to snatch the mirror from him, but Bill eluded her reach, and laid the glass on the table.

"You'll feel a whole lot better able to cope with the situation," he told her smilingly, "when you get some decent clothes on and your hair fixed. That's a woman. And you don't need to feel squeamish about these things. This trunk's got a history, let me tell you. A bunch of simon-pure tenderfeet strayed into the mountains west of here a couple of summers ago. There were two women in the bunch. The youngest one, who was about your age and size, must have had more than her share of vanity. I guess she fixated on charming the bear and the moose, or the simple aborigines who dwell in this neck of the woods. Anyhow, she had all kinds of unnecessary fixings along, that trunkful of stuff in the lot. You can imagine what a nice time their guides had packing that on a horse, eh? They got into a deuce of a pickle finally, and had to abandon a lot of their stuff, among other things the steamer trunk. I lent them a hand, and they told me to help myself to the stuff. So I did after they were out

of the country. That's how you come to have a wardrobe all ready to your hand. Now, you'd be awful foolish to act like a man and stiff-necked female person. You're not going to, are you?" he wheedled. "Because I want to make you comfortable. What's the use of getting on your dignity over a little thing like clothes?" "I don't intend to," Hazel suddenly changed front. "I'll make myself as comfortable as I can—particularly if it will put you to any trouble."

"You're bound to scrap, eh?" he grinned. "But it takes two to build a fight, and I positively refuse to fight with you."

He dragged the trunk back into the room, and came out carrying a great armful of masculine belongings. Two such trips he made, piling all his things onto a chair.

"There!" he said at last. "That end of the house belongs to you, little person. Now, get those wet things off before you catch a cold. Oh, wait a minute!"

He disappeared into the kitchen end of the house, and came back with a wash-basin and a pail of water. "Your room is now ready, madam, as it please you." He bowed with mock dignity, and went back into the kitchen.

Hazel heard him rattling pots and dishes, whistling cheerfully to himself. She closed the door, and busied herself with an inventory of the tenderfoot lady's trunk. In it she found everything needed for complete comfort, and a variety of garments to boot. Fabled in the bottom of the trunk was a gray cloth skirt and a short blue silk kimono. There was a coat and skirt, too, of brown corduroy. But the feminine instinct asserted itself, and she laid out the gray skirt and the kimono on a shelf, and on it she found a toilet set complete—hand mirror, military brushes, and sundry articles, backed with silver and engraved with his initials. Perhaps with a spice of malice, she put on a few extra touches. There would be some small satisfaction in tantalizing Bill Wagstaff—even if she could not help feeling that it might be a dangerous game. And thus arrayed in the weapons of her sex, she slipped on the kimono, and went into the living room to the cheerful glow of the fire.

Bill remained busy in the kitchen. Dusk fell. The gleam of a light showed through a crack in the door. In the big room only the fire gave battle to

the shadows, throwing a ruddy glow into the far corners. Presently Bill came in with a pair of candles which he set on the mantel above the fireplace.

"By Jove!" he said, looking down at her. "You look good enough to eat! I'm not a cannibal, however," he continued hastily, when Hazel flushed. She was not used to such plain speaking. "And supper's ready. Come on!"

The table was set. Moreover, to her surprise, and yet not so greatly to her surprise, for she was beginning to expect almost anything from this paradoxical young man—it was spread with linen, and the cutlery was silver, the dishes china, in contradistinction to the tawdry of his camp outfit.

As a cook Roaring Bill Wagstaff had no cause to be ashamed of himself, and Hazel enjoyed the meal, particularly since she had eaten nothing since six in the morning. After a time, when her appetite was partially satisfied, she took to glancing over his kitchen. There seemed to be some adjunct of a kitchen missing. A fire burned on a hearth similar to the one in the living room. Pots stood about the edge of the fire. But there was no sign of a stove.

Bill finished eating, and resorted to cigarette material instead of his pipe. "Well, little person," he said at last. "What do you think of this joint of mine, anyway?"

"I've just been wondering," she replied. "I don't see any stove, yet you have food here that looks as if it were baked, and biscuits that must have been cooked in an oven."

"You see no stove for the good and sufficient reason," he returned, "that you can't pack a stove on a horse—and we're three hundred odd miles from the end of any wagon road. With a Dutch oven or two—that heavy, round iron thing you see there—I can guarantee to cook almost anything you can cook on a stove. Anybody can if they know how. Besides, I like things better this way. If I didn't, I suppose I'd have a stove—and maybe a hot-water supply, and modern plumbing. As it is, it affords me a sort of prideful satisfaction, which you may or may not be able to understand, that this cabin and everything in it is the work of my hands—or stuff I've packed in here with all sorts of effort from the outside. Maybe I'm a freak. But I'm proud of this place. Barring the inevitable loneliness that comes now and then, I can be happier here than any place I've ever struck yet. This country grows on one."

"Yes—on one's nerves," Hazel retorted. Bill smiled, and rising, began to clear away the dishes. Hazel resisted an impulse to help. She would not work; she would not lift her finger to any task, she reminded herself. He had put her in her present position, and he could wait on her. So she rested an elbow on the table and watched him. In the midst of his work he stopped suddenly.

"There's oceans of time to do this," he observed. "I'm just a wee bit tired, if anybody should ask you. Let's camp in the other room. It's a heap more comfy."

He put more wood on the kitchen fire, and set a pot of water to heat. Out in the living room Hazel drew her chair to one side of the hearth. Bill sprawled on the bearskin robe with another cigarette in his fingers.

"No," he began, after a long silence. "This country doesn't get on one's nerves—not if one is a normal human being. You'll find that. When I first came up here I thought so, too; it seemed so big and empty and forbidding. But the more I see of it the better it compares with the outer world, where the extremes of luxury and want are always in evidence. It began to seem like home to me when I first looked down into this little basin. I had a partner then. I said to him: 'Here's a dandy, fine place to winter.' So we wintered—in a log shack sixteen foot square that Silk and Satin and Nigger have for a stable now. When summer came my partner wanted to move on, so I stayed—and stayed and began to build for the next winter. And I've been working at it ever since, making little things like chairs and tables and shelves, and fixing up game heads whenever I got an extra good one. And maybe two or three times a year I'd go out. Got restless, you know. I'm not really a hermit by nature. Lord, the things I've packed in here from the outside! Books—I hired a whole pack train at Ashcroft once to bring in just books; they thought I was crazy. I guess, I've quit this place once or twice, but I always come back. It's got that home feeling that I can't find anywhere else. Only it has always lacked one important home qualification," he finished softly. "Do you ever build air castles?"

"No," Hazel answered truthfully, uneasy at the trend of his talk. She was learning that Bill Wagstaff, for all his gentleness and patience with her, was a persistent mortal.

"Well, I do," he continued, unperturbed. "Lots of 'em. But mostly around one thing—a woman—a dreamy woman—because I never saw one that seemed to fit in until I ran across you." "Mr. Wagstaff," Hazel pleaded, "won't you please stop talking like that? It isn't—it isn't—" "Isn't proper, I suppose," Bill supplied dryly. "Now, that's merely an error, and a fundamental error on your part, little person. Our emotion and instincts are perfectly proper when you get down to fundamentals. You've got an artificial standard to judge by, that's all. And I don't suppose you have the least idea how many lives are spoiled one way and another by the operation of those same artificial standards in this little old world. Now, I may seem to you a lawless, unprincipled individual indeed, because I've acted contrary to your idea of the accepted order of things. But here's my side of it: I'm in search of happiness. We all are. I have a few ideas—and very few illusions. I don't quite believe in this thing called love at first sight. That presupposes a volition of emotion that people of any strength of character are not likely to indulge in. But—for instance, a man can have a very definite ideal of the kind of woman he would like for a mate, the kind of woman he could be happy with and could make happy. And whenever he finds a woman who corresponds to that ideal he's apt to make a strenuous attempt to get her. That's pretty much how I felt about you."

"You had no right to kidnap me," Hazel began. "You had no business getting lost and making it possible for me to carry you off." Bill replied, "Isn't that logic?" "I never forgive you," Hazel flushed. "It was treacherous and unmanly. There are other ways of winning a woman."

"Not with you in Cariboo Meadows. I'm taboo there. Why, I'd have been at your elbow when you left the supper table at Jim Briggs' that night if I hadn't known how it would be. I went there out of sheer curiosity to take a look at you—maybe out of a spirit of defiance, too, because I knew that I was certainly not welcome even if they were willing to take my money for a meal. And I came away all up in the air. There was something about you—the tone of your voice, the way your proud little head is set on your shoulders, your makeup in general—that sent me away with a large-sized grudge at myself, at Cariboo Meadows, and at you for coming in my way."

"Why?" she asked in wonder. "Because you'd have believed what they told you, and Cariboo Meadows can't tell anything about me that isn't bad," he said quietly. "My record there makes me entirely unfit to associate with—that would have been your conclusion. And I wanted to be with you, to talk to you, to take you by storm and make you like me as I felt I could care for you. You can't have grown up, little person, without realizing that you do attract men very strongly. All women do, but some far more than others."

"Perhaps," she admitted coldly. "Men have annoyed me with their unwelcome attentions. But none of them ever dared go the length of carrying me away against my will. You can't explain or excuse that."

"I'm not attempting excuses," Bill made answer. "There are two things I never do—apologize or bully. I dare say that's one reason the Meadows gives me such a black eye. If they weren't a good deal afraid of me, and always laying for a chance to do me up, they wouldn't let me stay in the town overnight. So you can see what a handicap I was under when it came to making your acquaintance and courting you in the orthodox manner."

"You've made a great mistake," she said bitterly. "If you think you've removed the handicap, I've suffered a great deal at the hands of men in the past six months. I'm beginning to believe that all men are brutes at heart."

"Roaring Bill sat up and clasped his hands over his knees and stared fixedly into the fire.

"No," he said slowly, "all men are not brutes—any more than all women are angels. I'll convince you of that."

"Take me home, then," she cried fiercely. "That's the only way you can convince me or make amends."

"No," Bill murmured, "that isn't the way. Wait till you know me better. Besides, I couldn't take you out now if I wanted to without exposing you to greater hardships than you'll have to endure here. Do you realize that it's fall, and we're in the high latitudes? This snow may not go off at all. Even if it does it will storm again before a week. You couldn't wallow through snow to your waist in forty-below-zero weather."

"People will pass here, and I'll get word out," Hazel asserted desperately. "What good would that do you? You've got too much conventional regard for what you term your reputation to send word to Cariboo Meadows that you're living back here with Roaring Bill Wagstaff, and won't some one please come and rescue you?" He paused to let that sink in, then continued: "Besides, you won't see a white face before spring; then only by accident. No one in the North, outside of a few Indians, has ever seen this cabin or knows where it stands."

She sat dumb, raging inwardly. For the minute she could have killed Roaring Bill. She who had been so sure in her independence carried, whether or no, into the heart of the wilderness at the whim of a man who stood a self-confessed coward. In ill repute among his own kind. There was a slumbering devil in Miss Hazel Weir, and it took little to wake her temper. She looked at Bill Wagstaff, and her breast heaved. He was responsible, and he could sit coolly talking about it. The resentment that had smoldered against Andrew Bush and Jack Barrow concentrated on Roaring Bill as the arch offender of them all. And lest she yield to a savage impulse to scream at him, she got up and ran into the bedroom, slammed the door shut behind her, and threw herself across the bed to muffle the sound of her crying in a pillow.

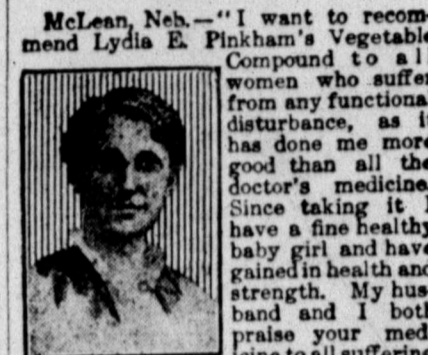
After a time she lifted her head. Outside, the wind whistled gustily around the cabin corners. In the hushed intervals she heard a steady pad, pad, sounding sometimes close by her door, again faintly at the far end of the room. A beam of light shone through the generous latching hole in the door, stealing softly over, she peeped through this hole. From end to end of the big room and back again Roaring Bill paced slowly, looking straight ahead of him with a fixed, absent stare, his teeth closed on his nether lip. Hazel blinked wonderingly. Many an hour in the last three months she had walked the floor like that, biting her lip in mental agony. And then, while she was looking, Bill abruptly extinguished the candles. In the red gleam from the hearth she saw him go into the kitchen, closing the door softly. After that there was no sound but the swirl of the storm brushing at her window.

In line with Roaring Bill's forecast, the weather cleared for a brief span, and then winter shut down in earnest. Early the cold increased, till a half-inch layer of frost stood on the cabin panes.

How Hazel passes the winter in the "wilds" and what happens when spring brings a chance for her release, is told in the next installment.

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

This Woman Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.



McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicines. Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."—Mrs. JOHN KOPPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska.

This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

One Treatment with Cuticura Clears Dandruff Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Missouri is 100 years old.

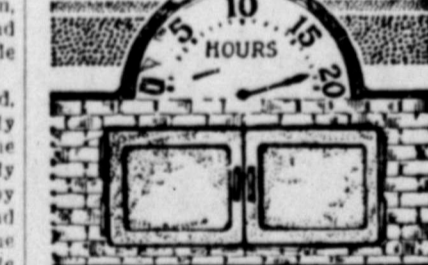
DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price \$1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

A woman may be beaten, but she rarely acknowledges it. Bad Colds, Pneumonia, and Croup may be prevented by using Vacher-Balm in time. Everyone should keep it in the house.—Adv.

DID YOU EVER EAT A DURIAN? According to Travelers, Fondness for That Fruit is Distinctly a Taste That is Acquired.

My second day in Malaya was almost spoiled by an attempt to eat a durian. Eating a durian, or, as in my case, coming to do so, is an experience not soon lost to memory. Its achievement must be productive of a noticeable growth of ego. I often think how I should enjoy being able casually to boast, "I have eaten durians in the Past," or "This tastes as good as a durian." The durian has a powerful personality. It is large and green, not unlike a breadfruit, and it is covered with unpleasant spikes. But these, I am told, are no deterrent to the man or beast who has acquired the durian habit—who, by complete suppression or mortification of the organs of smell, has succeeded in swallowing even a section of the fruit. It grows on tall trees, and natives will sit for days waiting for a ripening durian to fall. White children, once immune, prefer it to all other fruit; rangers will approach close to Malay villages, risking their lives to vary their carnivorous diet with a mouthful of durian.—William Beebe, in Atlantic.

Conjugal Amenities. He—"I tell you, living in a flat will be terrible trying." She—"It can't be half as bad as living with one."



A Baked Cereal Food

Different from the usual run of toasted or steam-cooked cereals,

Grape-Nuts

is baked in giant ovens—baked for nearly twenty hours under accurate conditions of heat, so that the whole wheat and malted barley flours may develop their full, rich sweetness. You don't need sugar on Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

(TO BE CONTINUED)

THE KERRVILLE ADVANCE

T. A. RUCKNER, Editor and Prop.
Mrs. Hattie Ruckner, Associate Editor

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Kerrville, Texas.



Governor Hobby is the most talked of man in Texas today, President Wilson not excepted. His determination to submit a ten-mile liquor law to the coming session of the Legislature has aroused the wet element to bitter criticism of the Governor while the pros are asking the question, why not submit a Statewide measure and make a clean sweep of the liquor business while we are at it. So it seems the Governor is in the position of the fellow who said he was "damned if he did and damned if he didn't." The saloon men were high in their praise of the Governor; a few days ago but now it is said they cannot find words vile enough to express their condemnation of him. Our position is that the Governor should have the support of every good citizen in his official capacity to protect our soldier boys from the evils of the liquor traffic, and if the ten-mile law will do, let's have it, but if when the Legislature meets and the subject is submitted it is considered better to make it Statewide, then let them go the Governor one better and pass a Statewide measure. This, we believe, will have his approval if passed by a majority of both houses.

Judge M. E. Blackburn, Representative of this District, was in Kerr-

ville Monday on his way to Junction from San Antonio. Judge Blackburn has not definitely decided whether he will be a candidate for re-election. He is hopeful of some very decided prohibition legislation in the coming called session. He is in favor of Mr. Hobby's ten-mile measure if that is the best that can be gotten, but would rather have a statewide measure that will really give us prohibition. In fact the Judge says he is for prohibition all the way from precinct to Nation and will vote for every measure that comes up to suppress the liquor traffic.

A few acres under irrigation will add to the safety of the larger dry-farms, and even to ranching on larger scale. To the extent of the water-supply available, to increase the irrigated area in Western Texas, is one of the safest and sanest means to increase production.

The editor has invested in a pig to help win the war. We suggest that every family join the pig club and make it unanimous for more pork in Kerr County this year and less imported packing house products. It seems that a move to supply a pig for every family would be a wise move for Kerrville bankers and business men. It is being done in other localities and is successful.

'Tis a good old world: to buy in, so you need a pile of wealth; to stay in so you need the best of health; to play in, so you need to be with folks; to laugh in, so you need to tell some jokes; to pray in, so you need to be alone; to talk in, so you need a telephone; to dine in, so you need your larder full; to rise in, so you need some push and pull.

One trouble with the man who is going to the devil is that he makes frequent stops and annoys people who live along the route.—Capper's Weekly.

The refreshing showers have put new life in Kerr county people and oceans of gloom has been transformed into myriads of sunshine.

Center Point Letter

Regular Correspondence:

The farmers of this community are wearing smiles—the cause being a one-inch rain which fell Sunday.

The Methodist people have temporarily secured the services of Rev. W. J. Locks from the Brownwood District. He filled his first appointments Sunday, but owing to the inclement weather there were but few present.

Miss Lessie Merritt left last week to take up her duties as teacher of the White School on Johnson creek.

Miss Pearl Rees has returned home after spending several months in San Antonio.

Mr. Beard of Camp Stanley spent Sunday here with friends.

Sam Hodges, Hill Goss and Maurice Hood made a trip to Kerrville Thursday.

Mr. J. R. Hodges has purchased the Ivey Rees ranch above Camp Verde.

The first basket ball team went to Boerne Saturday and defeated the Boerne boys in a hotly contested battle, score 11 to 6.

Methodist Church

Morning subject, "Unfinished Tasks." Sermon by pastor.

At night the musical program will be given, which was postponed from last Sunday night, on account of the bad weather.

The selections will include a Solo by Mrs. Scoble, Trio by Mrs. Scoble, Mrs. Compartette Mrs. Buzarde.

Male Quartette. Hymns with introductions by Dr. Dickey and the pastor.

Duet—Mr. and Mrs. Scoble.

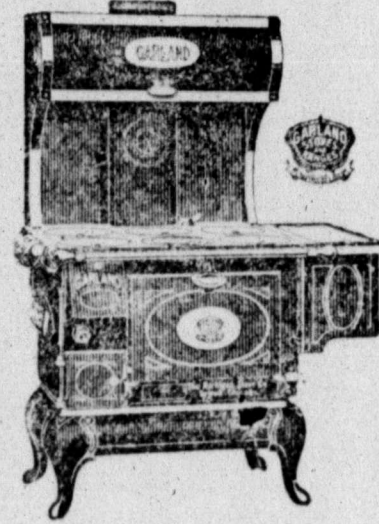
Masonic Notice

There will be work in the E. A. Degree Saturday 7:30 p.m. A good attendance is hoped for. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

E. Galbraith, W. M.

Club House Catsup, the best yet. C. C. Butt Grocery.

Garland Stoves and Ranges



Besides our regular line of Buggies, Saddles, and Harness, we now have a full line of Stoves, Ranges and Heaters.

The test of time measures the quality of a stove and the Garland has stood the test. It alays pleases.



J. E. PALMER
LOWRY BUILDING KERRVILLE, TEXAS

THE HOME OF DEPENDABLE FURNITURE

WE SELL EVERYTHING UNDER THE ROOF



House Cleaning Campaign Now on in this city

As Spring approaches you will want to join the House-Cleaning Campaign. To do so you will want to buy new

Floor Coverings--Rugs, Linoleum and New Furniture

O'Cedar Mops and Polish



Varnishes and Stains

W. A. Fawcett & Co.

Catholic Church Notes

(By Father Kemper)

On Washington's Birthday no classes will be conducted at Notre Dame Institute. A brief patriotic entertainment will be given by the students on Thursday at 3:00 p. m. in the school auditorium. Admission is free. A cordial welcome is extended to everyone.

Miss Octavia DeHymel, who has been in San Antonio since the death of her father, is expected to return this week. Master Currie of Galveston matriculated in Notre Dame on Monday.

Joe Neumann has resigned his position at the First State Bank in order to join the ranks of volunteers. Benny Mosel celebrated his twenty-first birthday on Saturday with a company of his boy friends. He was presented with a solid gold watch, chain and fob, with a Baby Bond, and numerous other gifts. His sister, Miss Hilda, was one of the thirteen lucky winners in the Express Army Insignia Contest.

Mr. E. G. Reardon is the fourth Chicago invalid to come to The Oaks by reason of the reputation this private sanitarium has already established. During the week the sacrament of baptism was administered to Francisca Losano, and Silverio Rios.

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs, Eggs, Eggs!

For hatching—from the famous Parks strain, "Bred to Lay and Do Lay" Barred Rocks. Hatch your stock early and your pullets will lay when eggs are high. Can spare 2 or 3 settings weekly for a while. Price \$1.50 for 15.

R. A. DUNBAR.

Soldiers Address Wanted.

Citizens of Kerr County having anyone in the service of the U. S. will please send their names and addresses to Mrs. Sid Rees Executive Secretary, Home Service section Kerr County Red Cross.

Cleaning and Pressing

Done in the Right Way By the Right Method.

Let us send for your suit. We guarantee satisfaction. Ladies work solicited. Repairing and altering done. Order your suit from our fine line of piece samples.

Hats Cleaned and Blocked

Bailey's Tailor Shop

Rawson Building. Phone 250

Mosel, Saenger & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Cedar Logs, Posts, Etc.

Comfortable Camp Yard with water Free to All.

Clay St. Near R. R. Depot KERRVILLE, TEXAS

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

SID C. PETERSON

C. W. MOORE

Peterson-Moore Lumber Co.

"The Home Enterprise."

All Kinds of Building Material

The Place—The Price—The Quality

THE BUILDER'S FRIEND

COME TO SEE US. IT WILL PAY YOU.

Located at the Old Livery Stable, Next Door to Lee Mason & Son's Garage

PATRONIZE THE

Advance Job Printing Department

STRICTLY A HOME ENTERPRISE

Local Notes

Eyes tested, glasses fitted. Self.

Miss Matilda Welge returned Sunday from a two weeks visit in San Antonio.

Fresh garden seeds and bulk turnip seed at BERRY'S.

A. G. Morriss shipped out a car load of hogs to the Fort-Worth market Monday.

Wanted to buy—Old sacks of all kinds, oat, wheat, bran, etc. Bring to Adkins Barber Shop. Better prices than ever.

W. C. Word.

Blue Label Jams per Jar 25c. at C. C. Butt Grocery.

M. Murphy, recently of Tucson, Ariz., is a new arrival in Kerrville and has accepted a position in the Palace Barber Shop.

Use Mapalene and make your own sprap. Its more economical and better too.

C. C. Butt Grocery.

S. O. Eastland made a business trip to San Antonio Saturday.

Hyman's Oyster Hot Catsup has the flavor you are looking for, at BERRY'S. Phone 182.

Best grade hominy 2 cans for 25c, fine sugar corn 15c can, asparagus white tips 20c can, at H. Noll Stock Co.

Miss Gussie Mae Brown has returned from a visit of several weeks on the Sid Peterson ranch on the divide.

Lovers of good coffee buy Blue Bonnet. Phone 182. Berry's.

Robert H. Remschel left yesterday morning to report at Columbus, Ohio for training in the ground School of Aviation in which he recently enlisted.

Fresh Dates just received, at C. C. Butt Grocery Co.

H. C. Barfield and son, Elvin, of the Center Point community were visitors to Kerrville yesterday.

Jeff Duncan was in town from his ranch Tuesday.

Onion sets. All kinds, at BERRY'S.

Mrs. R. A. Cohron is spending the week end in San Antonio.

Why pay more? You can secure many great bargains at the bargain store of H. Noll Stock Co.

K. G. Baker and F. A. Buckner made a trip to Comfort Tuesday afternoon to attend the Food and Feed meeting at that place.

Potted ham 5c a can, Vienna sausage 10c can, salmon 15c, 20c, and 25c a can. Phone 33. H. Noll Stock Co.

STUDENTS DON'T PAY

if parents are poor, and may enter ANY TIME in Notre Dame Institute from Kindergarten to Twelfth Grade. Regular rate \$1 a month.

ASK FATHER KEMPER

for further information or assistance. Phones: Office 195, Rectory 200, Convent 235.

Standard grade canned vegetables at 15c at BERRY'S.

W. A. Fawcett went to San Antonio Friday and his brother Ralph returned home with him and spent two days here visiting friends and relatives.

Canned snap beans 15c can, good canned peas 15c a can, 22 oz. jars peanut butter 45c a jar, at H. Noll Stock Co.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Buckner and Addison and Emma Ruth, spent last Saturday and Sunday in San Antonio visiting their friends, the Barham family.

Robert Phelps of Alpine is here on a visit to his wife and little daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith, Miss Joe Douglas, Mr. R. E. Buckner and daughter, Miss Grace Buckner, of Utopia came over Tuesday and spent the night at the editor's home. Miss Grace remained over for an indefinite stay with her uncle and family.

Lawrence Hardey who recently spent several months in Kerrville and is now holding a position with the Standard Motor Sales Company of San Antonio, spent two days here this week in the interest of his firm.

String Beans in small or gallon cans. C. C. Butt Grocery.

Ed. Morriss and Miss Annie Mae went to Ft. Worth this week to visit Ernest who is at Camp Bowie. From there they will go to Olney to bring Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Morriss home with them.

Dried Black Figs make an excellent change in your fruit diet. C. C. Butt Grocery.

The rain here Sunday amounted to about 61-100 of an inch. At Center Point it was heavier and at Comfort still heavier. At Medina over an inch fell but west of here toward Rock Springs it was lighter.

FOR SALE.

Mebane Cotton Seed at the Miller Ranch, Bandera, Texas.

K. G. Baker, the Kerr County Farm Demonstrator, held a meeting Saturday at the court house for the purpose of arranging for a distribution of farm seeds for this county. He reports having received orders for the following seeds: Cane, Milo Maize, Sudan, Kafir Corn, Feterita, to the amount of over \$2200.

Canned Baby Lima Beans are extra nice. Get them at C. C. Butt Grocery Co.

Vernor Lichte, Joe Neumann, Emmet Henke and Walter Saenger went to San Antonio Tuesday to enlist in the service of their country. Joe enlisted in the Navy, Walter and Vernon in the Civil Service and Emmet in the Marine Corps. The boys all returned home to await further orders except Joe, who was finally accepted.

Baptist Church

There will be regular monthly conference next Sunday morning just after Sunday School at which time the call now pending for a pastor will be definitely concluded. A full attendance of the members is desired.

There will be no preaching either morning or evening.

The Lutheran Ladies Aid.

Will give a Colonial Tea Friday, Feb. 22, from 3 to 6 p. m. at the Kerrville Creamery Building. Everyone is cordially invited. In connection with above there will be a Thrift stamp booth.

Ingram Weekly Letter.

(Regular Correspondence)

Mrs. Garner and children of Medina visited her daughter, Mrs. Chas. E. Lumpkins, in Ingram last week.

Orris Garland and Leroy Fesenden have each purchased a new Ford.

Bro. J. P. King, the Baptist Missionary of Kerrville, was a visitor to Ingram last Monday.

Mrs. John Massey received a message that her sister, Mrs. Mary Snow, was seriously ill of pneumonia.

Henry Priour and wife of the divide were in Ingram on business Friday.

Misses Josie and Ethel Lumpkin were visitors here Saturday.

Marvin Hatch was in Ingram Monday from his ranch near Rock Springs.

Mrs. L. S. Hatch of the Mountain Home community is still very dangerously ill.

Alvin Blevins and family left Monday morning for Camp Kelly to visit his son, Harvey, who is now in the military service.

We are glad to report our Sunday School building up.

John and Charley Leinweber are spending the week at Comfort with their mother who is quite ill.

ECONOMICS IN THE BIBLE

Everlasting Truth to Be Found in One of the Injunctions Laid Down By Christ.

There is a vast deal of sound economics in the new testament, says a writer in the American Magazine. Be selfish, nobly. "Love thy neighbor as thyself." When Christ said that, he set it down as an everlasting truth that man must love himself in order to achieve anything at all in this world, and that the attempt to love another as he does himself is to struggle toward an ideal.

Moreover, when he told the rich young man to give all he had to the poor, he issued the command not because he despised money and the things money symbolizes, but because he saw that this particular young man was a waster, one who "couldn't stand prosperity," and that the use he made of his money harmed him instead of helping him. There were "quarter horses" 2000 years ago, just as there are "quarter horses" today.

To be selfish in a fine way is to carry out one's highest destiny. That is not selfishness. It is also not common sense. Why is a man put into the world if it is not to make the best of himself, to improve himself, to impress himself on his community and the world? That is just what he is intended to do.

And he does it in two ways: The first is by his acquisitiveness, his power to get things; it matters not whether what he gets is money, or learning, or power of eloquence, or the serenity of lofty thought. The second is by using properly what he has got whether it is money, or learning, or power. And if he does use it properly he is on sure ground. To use it properly means that he uses it for his own good and incidentally for the good of others; that he wastes it neither in foolish living nor in extravagant living; and above all, that he uses it so that it increases even while it is being used, so that in the end he always grows in power and self-sufficiency.

WHEN ONE MAKES MISTAKES

Extenuating Circumstances Are Usually Cited as Excuse for the Majority of Blunders.

The average fair-minded man admits that he makes mistakes at times, but there always is the extenuating "but" when we seek to excuse our failures, he believes, even if unconsciously. But the mistakes that others make are bigger mistakes than his, says the Charleston News and Courier. Deep down in our hearts the roots of self-complacency strike so deep, in fact, that with most of us it is useless to try and pull them out. At those rare times, when we see ourselves as others see us, when we begin to understand that we are at fault to a larger degree than the other man, we may make an honest effort to overcome the disposition to yield to self-satisfaction, but unless we work hard and patiently and persistently we will find ourselves forever falling back into the old habit. It is so easy to criticize something that another person does that fails to meet our approval, and so entirely natural to think that we would never be guilty of a like weakness.

We might have made a mistake, we argue, but we would have discovered the error in time to correct it, and certainly we never would have blundered to the extent of our neighbor. Hear us we know what we would have done in similar circumstances, however and you should see assume a position of superiority which in truth we are not entitled to assume? It is enough for us to concern ourselves with our own failures, our own mistakes, our own shortcomings, and to leave to others the responsibility of their own lives.

Canaries' Music Lessons.

There are a large number of families of the domestic canary. Many of them are bred primarily for their song, and their training makes an interesting story. The aim is to produce males with deep, soft, pleasing songs with long notes, trills, and no attention is given to other characteristics, with a bird raised. These birds are usually non-descript as to color and appearance. The young birds when hatched are put in rooms with birds used for their soft and fine song, and here, through imitation, they develop their own vocal accompaniments. A bird developing large notes is referred to as that he may later under the vocal success of his brothers. It is said that a mechanical instrument known as a "bird organ," which produces liquid trills, is frequently used in training the birds. The musical course for a canary covers about six months' tuition and practice.

Potatoes a Modern Food.

Only 200 years ago the potato was the staple of our dinner tables, says the Journal of Heredity. It was first discovered by the Spaniards in Ecuador and first mentioned in 1550. By 1585 it had been brought to North America, whence Sir Walter Raleigh took it to England a year later. Until about a hundred years ago it was despised as a food for human beings, except as an emergency ration in times of famine, but was widely used as food for animals.

He Had Faith.

"Count, my father has lost all his money."
"I will marry you, anyhow."
"Do you really mean it?"
"Yes, a man's father can't be any more than a man."

KERRVILLE TO HAVE PAVED STREETS

As predicted in these columns last week we have some mighty good news for the Kerrville people this week.

Our City Commission closed a contract last night with the Uvalde Rock Asphalt Company by which several of our principal business streets will be paved with the very best paving that can be found.

The streets to be paved are Water, from Washington to Quinlan, Tehouipoulous from Water to Main, and Mountain from Water to Main. At least this is the initial contract, but if the contractors have the proper encouragement and the city can meet the requirements, the paving will likely be extended considerably over this limit.

Under the contract the city and property holders, whose property

abuts the streets paved, will share a certain proportionate part of the expense. This is the same plan by which all paving is done.

Under the contract construction will actually begin within thirty days.

Any one who travels our streets will agree that this is the most far reaching move for progress in our city that has ever been attempted and will no doubt meet with the unanimous approval of our entire citizenship. It simply puts Kerrville on the map in a way that amounts to something.

W. E. Doier came up to close the contract for the Company. He says with the natural conditions here he can do an excellent piece of work and that his company gives bond to back up their guarantee.

DR. WERBLUN IN KERRVILLE

Dr. L. Werblun, optician, of San Antonio, who makes regular visits here, will begin Kerrville, at Rawson's Drug Store, Feb. 19 to 24. Examination of the eyes free.

Their Source.

Half the fun in this world comes from unexpected sources, and half the sorrow from planned joys that didn't materialize.—Detroit Free Press.

Optimistic Thought.

Joys shared with others are more enjoyed.

Duration of Lightning Flash.

A flash of lightning lights up the ground for one-millionth of a second, yet it seems to us to last ever so much longer. What happens is that the impression remains in the retina of the eye for about one-eighth of a second, of 124,000 times longer than the flash lasts.

What's Really Needed.

A Vermont Yankee has perfected a novel blanket for cattle. It can't be dislodged by rolling. Now let him produce the same kind of blanket for human beings.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

And Frequently Gets It.

"De man dat worries fo' fear he's doin' too much work," said Uncle Eben "is mighty liable to keep wantin' mo' an' mo' time off to do his worryin' in."

Save

1-wheat

use more corn

2-meat

use more fish & beans

3-fats

use just enough

4-sugar

use syrups

and serve the cause of freedom U.S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

Chas. Schreiner Company

Dealers in General Merchandise The House of Quality.

In 1869 we started in business in a small way. Our business has increased with leaps and bounds and we are now probably the largest retail store in Texas. Nearly 50 years without a failure.

"There is a Reason"

THE PRESCRIPTION and the Patient

When your physician writes a prescription for you or some member of your family, he has his patient's welfare in mind. The value of the medicine which is to be given does not depend upon the price, but upon the good which it will accomplish.

Your physician's wishes and the patient's welfare will both be conserved if we do the compounding. Pure ingredients and scientific methods insure right results.

We guarantee purity, accuracy and reasonable prices.

Let us Fill Your Next Prescription.

"The Store that Has It First."

ROCK DRUG STORE

PFEUFFER & MCCOY, Proprietors

"EYES FOR NAVY" FROM THE PUBLIC

CIVILIANS HAVE SENT IN 6,000 GLASSES OF VARIOUS KINDS, BUT MORE ARE NEEDED.

APPEAL TO PRIVATE OWNERS

General Crozier on Age Limit Enlargement of Selective Service Law—License Required to Ship Goods Abroad by Parcel Post.

(From Committee on Public Information.)
Washington.—Over 6,000 glasses have been received by the navy in response to its call through the newspapers for binoculars, spyglasses, telescopes, sextants, and chronometers. There is urgent need for many more.

Heretofore the United States has been obliged to rely on foreign countries for most of its supply of such articles. These channels of supply being closed, it has been necessary to appeal to the patriotism of private owners for "eyes for the navy."

All articles should be tagged with name and address of the donor and sent to Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, care of Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C. Those not suitable will be returned to senders. Careful records will be kept of accepted glasses so they may, if possible, be returned at the termination of the war.

As the government under the law cannot accept services or material without payment, \$1 will be paid for each article accepted.

Discussing enlargement of the age limit for selective military service, Provost Marshal General Crozier said:

"A pronounced majority of the boards favor some enlargement, but there is great diversity of opinion as to the proper age limit. Nineteen and thirty-five are perhaps the limits most frequently suggested; but some recommend forty or forty-five years as the upper limit. There is a distinctly stronger demand for raising the maximum age than for lowering the minimum."

General Crozier estimates that 1,389,388 acceptable single men would be made available by an increase in the age limit to include men up to forty-five years. The estimate places the number of acceptable single men between eighteen and twenty-one years at 1,540,283.

The number of probably acceptable single men already registered, but not called, is 1,221,545. According to these figures, should the age limit be enlarged to include men of from eighteen years to forty-five years, inclusive, 4,257,516 physically and otherwise qualified unmarried men would be open for call to service.

The war trade board is calling attention to the fact that license is required to ship abroad goods on the conserved list, even when sent in small quantities by parcel post. In many cases this has been done by persons ignorant of the president's proclamation concerning exports, or who do not know of the many articles which may be exported only under license.

For violation a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both, form the penalty. Licenses may be applied for at the bureau of exports, Washington, D. C., or any of its branches which are located at Seattle, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Nogales, El Paso, Eagle Pass, Galveston, New Orleans, Mobile, Savannah, St. Louis, Chicago, Boston and New York.

A copy of a broadside forbidden in Germany has reached the committee on public information. It is a single sheet of foolscap size, printed on both sides, and bears a coarsely executed woodcut representing a soldier in arms, a workman in a blouse, and a woman shoving a rock off a precipice, beneath which is seen the head and bust of the emperor, crowned and sceptered and mustached, looking up in terror at the fate impending. The last paragraph of the text is as follows:

Man of toil, awake from slumber! Recognize thy growing might. All the wheels will lose their motion Without thy strong arm's devotion. Town with the war! Down with the government! Peace! Freedom! Bread!

Men of the selective service age who are accustomed to handling horses have opportunity for specialized service in the enlisted veterinary corps, enlistments for which are now being taken. The 2,000 men wanted include veterinary and agricultural students, farmers, stablemen, and others who have had experience handling horses. Pay ranges from \$20 to \$36 a month, with clothing, food, and quarters.

Application for enlistment may be made at any army recruiting station.

Newspapers in Italy are now regulated by the government as to size and price. With some exceptions daily papers must not contain more than four pages, and ten times a month they must be published in two pages. Returns by dealers must not exceed ten percent of the number of copies furnished.

In France decrees have been issued which impose restrictions upon the use of paper, particularly for posters. Certain kinds of advertising posters are entirely prohibited while for others the size is limited.

A recent commerce report contains the following in regard to the coal shortage in Austria:

"A petition of the Union of Cinema Theaters to the emperor requesting permission to heat cinemas in order to avoid the ruin of the industry, has resulted in consent being given for the utilization of old wood as fuel for the cinemas in Vienna.

"At Prague all schools were to be closed for a full month, from December 16 to January 15. At Zizkov (near Prague) the schools have already been closed for a month, and the holidays are likely to last three months. At Budentz, close to coal mines, the school is closed. At Smilchow stringent measures for economy in the use of electricity have been taken owing to the lack of coal; for example, private consumers are ordered to restrict their consumption to a single lamp. The lighting of stairs and vestibules is restricted as much as possible and must in no case be continued after 9 p. m.; the closing of the electricity works is threatened.

"At Lemberg the electric trams ceased to run on and from November 23, owing to lack of coal. The municipal authorities are doing their utmost to secure sufficient transport for coal in order to resume the tramway service and maintain the gas and water works. Shops close at 5 p. m., cafes at 9 p. m. Several schools have been shut. Trains with a run of less than one and one-half hours will not be heated."

New regulations from the office of the provost marshal general in regard to compensation of registration boards read in part as follows:

"The rate of compensation for members of local boards up to and including the completion of the final classification of the registrants within the respective jurisdiction of said board shall be on the basis of 30 cents, as aggregate compensation to the membership of the local board, for each registrant to whom a questionnaire shall be mailed and who shall have finally classified in accordance with the provisions of these regulations.

"Money due for said work shall be paid in proportionate amounts to each member of a local board claiming compensation for his services, unless it shall be requested by the unanimous vote of the local board that the money due shall be paid in some other proportion. In such case no one member shall receive more than 15 cents of the allowance of 30 cents for each classification and no two members shall receive more than 25 cents for each classification to be distributed between them."

Director General McAdoo and the food administration have arranged to co-operate in the distribution of cars for the food and feed trades.

The grain and grain products and feed shippers are to first apply for cars in the usual way through railroad agents; in case of not being furnished within reasonable time they may then apply to the zone representatives of the food administration grain division at the various terminals, stating the cars required, point at which it is desired cars should be sent, character of the product to be loaded, the destination of shipment, and the consignee.

The shippers of sugar, beans, rice, vegetables, live stock, meat, and perishables generally, should first apply for cars in the usual way through railroad agents; in case of not being furnished within reasonable time they may apply directly to the food administration in Washington, stating the cars required, the point to be sent, the character of the commodity to be loaded, the consignee, and destination.

Persons in military service are permitted, under certain restrictions, to write for publication in newspapers and magazines. They may not receive payment for material furnished by them.

All letters containing matter for publication written by men in service must be sent through officers, who will delete all references capable of furnishing important information to the enemy.

Regular newspaper correspondents not in military service are not required to submit copy for censorship, being guided by the requests for secrecy published by the committee on public information. If these are ignored the privileges of the camp may be withdrawn in the discretion of the camp commander.

None of these rules apply to troops in France, where the commanding general of the expeditionary forces will establish such regulations as are necessary.

Wood pulp is being manufactured into cloth in Germany, according to advice received by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce.

The pulp is spun into a thread and then woven into a fabric, the warp of which is linen thread. It is said to be durable and to stand washing five or six times. It is utilized for clothing of all kinds, but especially for underwear.

Any baker who is permitted to advertise his product as "victory" bread if it contains not more than 80 per cent wheat flour. No stipulation is made as to what ingredients shall compose the other 20 per cent, so long as they are selected from the first recommended by the food administration.

Texas Items

A prohibition election will be held in San Benito on March 2.

Army balloons are sighted at various points throughout the state these days.

Cattle shipped from Richmond this week brought \$97.50 per head on the Fort Worth market.

The attorney general of Texas has approved \$225,000 City of Waco sewerage disposal plant bonds.

The farmers of Washington County are buying motor trucks and motor plows to be used in farm work.

The showing of late along the line of conservation of soil-fertility in the Texas farmer has made it a mild hint of what he will do in the near future.

In harvesting his crop the coming season the Texas farmer should be a careful planner. He should set all, especially if he can not follow with live stock.

A great saving may be made by a careful handling, especially of perishable crops, and this year Texas farmers can not afford to divide with the insects.

The schools at Nixon will be continued on Saturdays so as to complete the work of the term sooner and release the boys earlier in the year for farm work.

Asherton farmers have just shipped the second crop of spinach for the season, which brought them \$1,999. The onion crop is looking good. About 2,700 acres are planted to onions in the Asherton vicinity.

All surplus orchard and garden stuff should be saved by canning, preserving and drying. In some portions of Texas vast quantities of wild berries and other fruits annually go to waste, and the saving could be made enormous.

Petitions are now being circulated throughout Williamson county asking the commissioners court to order a prohibition election in seven of the justice precincts, admitting Bookies precinct No. 7, which is prohibition by 41 majority, and has no saloons.

That more care is being given by the Texas farmer to keeping up and building up soil is visible to the naked eye of the traveler through the thousands of miles of vast farming districts of the great Lone Star State.

L. Z. Timmons of the state department of education has been appointed by the state superintendent of public instruction to assume the duties of rural school supervisor in handling the \$2,000,000 appropriation for rural schools to succeed L. L. Pugh, who resigned.

Approving a joint application submitted by the Asherton and Gulf railroad, the Texas railroad commission has authorized a rate of 16 cents per 100 pounds on cactus plants, in car loads, from Asherton to Boerne. This is to provide feed for cattle on account of scarcity of grass because of the drought.

Only one bid for the purchase of the Texas State railroad was received by the prison commission and it will not be approved by Governor Hobby. The lone bid came from a Kansas City firm, which offered \$180,000 for the thirty three miles of track, with all accessories thrown in, together with a guarantee that there would be no opposition to moving the rails from one part of Texas to another.

An oil well has been brought in on the Greer Gray ranch northeast of Coleman, Texas, about seven miles northeast of the producing wells on the Morris ranch.

Attorney General Looney held, in an opinion just given, that it is only by an amendment to the state constitution that it will be possible for soldiers to vote in any election. Some time ago he gave out an opinion that under the present conditions and laws soldiers could not vote, and subsequently Governor Hobby announced that he would make an effort to have the election laws so changed as to permit soldiers to vote.

What is believed to be the first teacherage in a rural community in Texas has been established by Tom B. Blackstone, county superintendent of schools, and the school board of Friendswood, between Galveston and Houston. A three-room house near the school has been leased and completely equipped. Mr. Blackstone says it is the exception to find the rural school in the North that does not have a home for the teachers on the ground.

Complete election returns from the outlying precincts show that Travis county will not have a saloon fifty days hence, unless one should be established in the wild, inaccessible, sparsely settled mountain districts to the west of the city of Austin and across the Colorado river. A number of prohibition precincts in the county were joined with three wet boxes, and the combined dry majority is 267. This takes the saloons out of Pflugerville, Bessau and what is commonly known as Cocklebur.

ALL TEXAS CITIES WITH MILITARY CAMPS TO BE DRY

Governor Calls Special Session of Legislature Dealing With Liquor and Army Camps.

Austin, Tex.—Governor Hobby gave notice Friday that he will convene the special session of the legislature on Tuesday, February 26, and that he will advocate the passage of a law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors within ten miles of any camp or army post where troops are in training. This recommendation, if carried out, would take all the saloons, or part of them, out of Galveston, San Antonio, El Paso, Houston, Fort Worth, Eagle Pass, Wichita Falls, Del Rio, Brownsville and other places where troops are stationed. Because of distance it is possible that the ten-mile radius might not include the entire limits of some of the cities mentioned, but the zone would take in all or part of the municipal limits of all of the places named.

In addition to the foregoing, the governor wants laws making it a felony to sell or give liquor to soldiers or sailors, or to assist them in meeting lewd women.

According to the official mileage tables observed by railroads the nearest army camps are distant from wet towns as follows:

Fort Sam Houston, 425 miles from San Antonio, while Brooks Field on the south is 5.8 miles from San Antonio.

Port Crockett, at edge of Galveston city limits.

Fort Bliss, 5.9 miles from El Paso. Fort Brown, 6 blocks from railroad station at Brownsville.

Eagle Pass garrison, within Eagle Pass limits.

Camp Losh, 4.7 miles from Houston.

Camp Bowie, 5 miles from Fort Worth.

Call Field, 6.11 miles from Wichita Falls.

Del Rio, a garrison near the city limits.

There might be some question as to the garrison, as the governor's recommendation is that the prohibition apply where soldiers are being "trained." Eagle Pass, Brownsville and Del Rio have garrisons, not training camps, inasmuch as Austin, Dallas and Waco have none dry, the training camps there do not affect the status of those places.

Text of Statement.

A copy of the governor's statement follows:

"In my formal announcement for governor I stated that, if conditions arise under which legislation to improve the health and moral surroundings of our soldiers becomes necessary, I would not hesitate to recommend the same in regular or special session of the legislature. For several weeks I have been aware of the fact that the traffic of liquor and prostitution among the peddlers of both has in the vicinity of certain army camps in Texas reached alarming proportions. I am frank to say, however, that I have been in some doubt as to whether it was the desire of the national administration to deal directly with vice problems of the army or whether the state government in which army camps are located should take the initiative. All doubt in this regard has been removed from my mind by receipt of the following telegram, which I submit:

"In view of the special session which you have convened in Texas at this time, it may be stated that, owing to conditions now prevailing in Houston, Fort Worth and elsewhere, the war department will be deeply interested in any effective measures which will make it more difficult for soldiers in the camps of Texas to obtain liquor and which will further safeguard their health from the diseases growing out of commercialized vice."

"Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War."

"In my opinion those laws, if adopted by the legislature in proper form, will effectively exterminate the evils at which they are aimed, and will bring wholesome and moral and healthful conditions to the soldiers in our midst, and the mothers and fathers throughout the state of Texas and throughout all other states represented by this magnificent manhood in Texas will rest secure in the faith that laws will be enforced by the officers and the people in the several communities, that their sons will be as fully protected from the evil influence of camp followers as if in their homes."

"I appeal to the people of this state to forget petty and partisan differences on questions of politics and to aid in making Texas the most useful and most helpful of all the states when it comes to efficient military service, and I ask the people to urge upon their senators and representatives the passage of the laws as expeditiously as possible, without an effort to change their tenor or effect such as might jeopardize the enactment or make possible the failure of any legislation to reach the desired end."

Eight Vessels Sunk by Germans.

London.—Eight British craft, which were hunting submarines, have been sunk by a raiding flotilla of enemy destroyers, it was announced officially Saturday. After having sunk these vessels, seven of which were "drifters" and one a trawler, the enemy destroyers returned rapidly northward before they could be engaged. The destroyer raid took place in the straits of Dover, the official announcement states.

Ugh! Calomel Sickens; Salivates! Please Try Dodson's Liver Tone

I am sincere! My medicine does not upset liver and bowels so you lose a day's work.

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick; you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury, or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into your bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel-cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoon-

ful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and can not salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

STRANGLES

Or Disrupter in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most effective. The germ causing the disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPHON'S COMPOUND Will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "expared" from having the disease. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle. \$5 and \$10 the dozen. All druggists, harness houses or manufacturers. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Goschen, Ind., U.S.A.

CHRONIC CONSTIPATION IS A CRIME AGAINST NATURE

Stop it or you never can keep well. If you wake with a bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, perhaps headache, your liver is torpid. A torpid liver deranges the whole system, produces dyspepsia, costiveness and piles. There is no better remedy for these disorders than DR. TUTT'S LIVER PILLS. Try them just once and be eternally convinced. For sale by all druggists.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills

The man who marries for beauty, talent or wealth makes a serious blunder.

HEADACHES

This distressing ailment should be relieved at once and save strain on Nervous System. CAPUDINE gives quick relief. It's a liquid—Pleasant to take.—Adv.

AND NOW THEY ARE COOKING TOBACCO TO MAKE IT BETTER

For a good many years The American Tobacco Company have been conducting a series of experiments having as their object the improvement of smoking tobaccos.

And it is interesting to know that one of the greatest of their discoveries was one of the simplest, and that was, that cooking or toasting tobacco improved it in every little way. Full directions for making, and use come in each box of Barber Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Minnesota, in 1917, produced 50,000,000 bushels of wheat.

A torpid liver condition prevents proper food assimilation. "Tune up your liver with Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. They act gently and surely." Adv.

Pennsylvania hunters kill 3,000,000 rabbits yearly.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Feminalin" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price \$1.50 and 50c. Adv.

Alkali metals are found to be the most transparent to the Roentgen rays.

To Prevent Grip

Fortify the System Against Winter Cold The strong withstand the Winter Cold Better than the Weak. If your Blood is not in a healthy condition and does not circulate properly, your system will not be able to withstand the Winter Cold. Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the cold weather by taking regularly.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

Contains the well-known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system, thus fortifying the system against colds and grip. Price 60c.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

CONGRESS ADVISED OF NATION'S WAR AIMS BY PRESIDENT

UNITED STATES WILL CONTINUE TO FIGHT UNTIL GERMANY ACCEPTS JUST PEACE, HE SAYS.

LINES CLEARLY DRAWN

Each Part of the Final Settlement Must Be Based Upon Essential Justice to Bring a Permanent Peace.

Washington.—President Wilson addressed congress Monday to clear the atmosphere of any confusion resulting from the recent speeches on peace terms by the German chancellor and the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, and to reiterate that until the military masters of Germany are ready to consider peace on principles of justice the United States will continue the fight it is just beginning for safety of itself and mankind.

President Wilson spoke as follows: "Gentlemen of the Congress: On the 8th of January I had the honor of addressing you on the objects of the war, as our people conceive them. The prime minister of Great Britain had spoken in similar terms on the 5th of January. To these addresses the German chancellor replied on the 24th and Count Czernin for Austria on the same day. It is gratifying to have our desire so promptly realized that all changes of view in this great matter should be made in the hearing of all the world.

"Count Czernin's reply, which is directed chiefly to my own address of the 8th of January, is uttered in a very friendly tone. "He finds in my statement a sufficiently encouraging approach to the views of his own government to justify him in believing that it furnishes a basis for a more detailed discussion of purposes by the two governments. He is represented to have intimated that the views he was expressing had been communicated to me beforehand and that I was aware of them at the time he was uttering them; but in this I am sure he was misunderstood. I had received no intimation of what he intended to say. There was, of course, no reason why he should communicate privately with us. I am quite content to be one of his public audience.

"Count von Hertling's reply is, I must say, very vague and very confusing. It is full of equivocal phrases and leads it is not clear where. But it is certainly in a very different tone from that of Count Czernin and apparently of an opposite purpose. It confirms, I am sorry to say, rather than removes, the unfortunate impression made by what we had learned of the conference at Brest-Litovsk. His discussion and acceptance of our general principles lead him to no practical conclusions.

"He refused to apply them to the substantive items which must constitute the body of any final settlement. He is jealous of international action and of international counsel. He accepts, he says, the principle of public diplomacy, but he appears to insist that it be confined, at any rate in this case, to generalities, and that the several particular questions of territory and sovereignty, the several questions upon whose settlement must depend the acceptance of peace by the twenty-three states now engaged in the war, must be discussed and settled not in general council, but severally by the nations most immediately concerned by interest or neighborhood.

As to German Demands.

"He agrees that the seas should be free, but looks assistance to any limitation to that freedom by international action in the interest of the common order, he would, with reserve, be glad to see economic barriers removed between nation and nation, for that could in no way impede the ambitions of the military party with whom he seems constrained to keep on terms. "Neither does he raise objection to a limitation of armaments. That matter will be settled, he thinks, by the economic conditions which must follow the war. But the German colonies, he demands, must be returned without debate. He will discuss with no one but the representatives of Russia what dispositions shall be made of the peoples and the lands of the Baltic provinces—with no one but the government of France the "conditions" under which French territory shall be evacuated, and only with Austria what shall be done with Poland.

"In the determination of all questions affecting the Balkan states, he declares, as I understand him, to Austria and Turkey, and with regard to the aggressions to be entered into concerning the non-Turkish peoples of the present Ottoman empire, to the Turkish authorities themselves. After a settlement all around effected in this fashion, by individual barter and concession, he would have no objection, if I correctly interpret his statement, to a league of nations which would undertake to hold the new balance of

To Make Transports Safe. New York.—Means have been found to make troop transports unsinkable by submarines, according to a statement made Sunday by William L. Satchler, vice chairman of the naval committee board, in an address at a dinner of the University of Pennsylvania alumni in New York City.

School House Burns Near Yoakum. Yoakum, Tex.—Mrs. destroyed the Wenzel school, located about four miles south of Yoakum, Friday.

power steady against external disturbances. "It must be evident to everyone who understands what this war has wrought in the opinion and temper of the world that no general peace, no peace worth the infinite sacrifice of these years of tragical suffering, can possibly be arrived at in any such fashion. The method the German chancellor proposes is the method of the congress of Vienna. We can not and will not return to that.

Peace of World at Stake.

"What is at stake now is the peace of the world. What we are striving for is a new international order based upon broad and universal principles of right and justice—no mere peace of shreds and patches. Is it possible that Count von Hertling does not see that does not grasp it, is in fact living in his thought in a world dead and gone? Has he utterly forgotten the reichstag resolutions of July 19, or does he deliberately ignore them? He spoke of the condition of a general peace, not of national aggrandizement or of arrangements between states and states.

"The peace of the world depends upon the just settlement of each of the several problems to which I adverted in my recent address to the congress. I, of course, do not mean that the peace of the world depends upon the acceptance of any particular set of suggestions, as to the way in which those problems are to be dealt with. I mean only that those problems each and all affect the whole world; that unless they are dealt with in a spirit of unselfish and unbiased justice, with a view to the wishes, the natural contentions, the racial aspirations, the security and peace of mind of the peoples involved, no permanent peace will have been attained. They can not be discussed separately or in corners. None of them constitutes a private or separate interest from which the opinion of the world may be shut out. Whatever affects the peace affects mankind, and nothing settled by military force, if settled wrong, is settled at all. It will presently have to be reopened.

"Is Count von Hertling not aware that he is speaking in the court of mankind, that all the awakened nations of the world now sit in judgment on what every public man, of whatever nation, may say on the issues of a conflict which has spread to every region of the world? The reichstag resolution of July themselves frankly accepted the decisions of that court. There shall be no annexations, no contributions, no punitive damages. Peoples are not to be handed about from one sovereignty to another by an international conference or an understanding between rivals and antagonists.

Aspirations Must Be Respected.

"National aspirations must be respected, peoples may now be dominated and governed only by their own consent. Self-determination is not a mere phrase. It is an imperative principle of action, which statesmen will henceforth ignore to their peril. We can not have general peace for the asking or by the mere arrangements of a peace conference. It can not be pieced together out of individual understandings between powerful states. "All the parties to this war must join in the settlement of every issue anywhere involved in it, because what we are seeking is a peace that we can all unite to guarantee and maintain, and every item of it must be submitted to the common judgment whether it be right and fair, an act of justice rather than a bargain between sovereigns.

"The United States has no desire to interfere in European affairs or to act as arbiter in European territorial disputes. She would disdain to take advantage of any internal weakness or disorder to impose her own will upon another people. She is quite ready to be shown that the settlements she has suggested are not the best or the most enduring. They are only her own provisional sketch of principles and of the way in which they should be applied.

"But she entered this war because she was made a partner, whether she would or not, in the sufferings and indignities inflicted by the military masters of Germany against the peace and security of mankind; and the conditions of peace will touch her as nearly as they will touch any other nation to which is entrusted a leading part in the maintenance of civilization. She can not see her way to peace until the causes of this war are removed, its renewal rendered as nearly as may be impossible.

"This war had its roots in the disregard of the rights of small nations and of nationalities which lacked the union and the force to make good their claim to determine their own allegiances and their own forms of political life. Covetousness must be entered into which will render such things impossible for the future, and those covetous must be backed by the united force of all the nations that love justice and are willing to maintain it at any cost.

Rights of Peoples Affect Whole.

"If territorial settlements and the political relations of great populations which have not the organized power to resist are to be determined by the contracts of the powerful governments which consider themselves not directly affected, as Count von Hertling proposes, why limit the economic questions also? It has come about in the altered world, in which we now find ourselves, that justice and the rights of peoples affect the whole field of international dealing as much as access to raw materials and fair and equal conditions of trade.

Garranza Soldiers Executed.

Yuma, Ariz.—Two Carranza soldiers, Francisco Herrera and Antonio Louquen, it was learned Monday, were executed Saturday at San Juli, Sonora, across the border from Yuma, after they were arrested upon charges of desertion.

Colonel Roosevelt Ailing.

New York.—Colonel Theo. Roosevelt was operated on Thursday for fistula and abscesses in both of his ears.

ment agreement and guarantees, but he can not expect that to be conceded him if the other matters, to be determined by the articles of peace, are not handled in the same way as items in the final accounting. He can not ask the benefit of common agreement in the one field without according it in the other. I take it for granted that he sees that separate and selfish compacts with regard to trade and the essential materials of manufacture would afford no foundation for peace. Neither, he may rest assured, will separate and selfish compacts with regard to provinces and peoples.

"Count Czernin seems to see the fundamental elements of peace with clear eyes and does not seek to obscure those elements. Austria, an independent Poland, made up of all the indisputably Polish peoples, who lie contiguous to one another, is a matter of European concern and must of course be conceded; that Belgium must be evacuated and restored, no matter what sacrifices and concessions that may involve; and that national aspirations must be satisfied, even within his own empire, in the common interest of Europe and mankind. If he is silent about questions which touch the interest and the purpose of his allies more nearly than they touch those of Austria, he must, of course, be because he feels constrained, I suppose, to defer to Germany and Turkey in the circumstances. Seeing as he does the essential principles involved and the necessity of candidly applying them, he naturally feels that Austria can respond to the purposes of peace, as far as the United States with less embarrassment than could Germany. He would probably have gone much farther had it not been for the embarrassment of Austria's alliance and of her dependence upon Germany.

Test Is Obvious.

"After all, the test of whether it is possible for either government to go any further into this comparison of views is simple and obvious. The principles to be applied are these:

"1. That each part of the final settlement must be based upon the essential justice of that particular case, and upon such adjustments as are most likely to bring a peace that will be permanent.

"2. That peoples and provinces are not to be bartered about from sovereignty to sovereignty, as if they were mere chattels and pawns in a game, even the great game, now forever discredited, of the balance of power; but that

"3. Every territorial settlement involved in this war must be made in the interest and for the benefit of the population concerned and not as a part of any mere adjustment or compromise of claims amongst rival states, and

"4. That all well defined national aspirations shall be accorded the utmost satisfaction that can be accorded them, without introducing new or perpetuating old elements of discord and antagonism that would be likely, in time, to break the peace of Europe and consequently of the world.

"A general peace erected on such foundations can be discussed. Until such a peace can be secured we have no choice but to go on. So far as we can judge, those principles that we regard as fundamental are already everywhere accepted as imperative except among the spokesmen of the military and sensational party in Germany. If they have anywhere else been rejected, the objectors have not been sufficiently numerous or influential to make their voices audible. The practical circumstances are that this one party in Germany is apparently willing and able to send millions of men to their death to prevent what all the world now sees to be just.

Never Can Turn Back.

"I would not be a true spokesman of the people of the United States if I did not say, once more that we entered this war upon no small occasion and that we never can turn back from a course chosen upon principle. Our resources are part mobilized now and we shall not pause until they are mobilized in their entirety. Our armies are rapidly going to the fighting front and will go more and more rapidly. Our whole strength will be put into this war of emancipation—emancipation from the threat and attempted mastery of selfish groups of autocratic rulers—whatever the difficulties and present partial delays.

"We are indomitable in our power of independent action and can in no circumstances consent to live in a world governed by intrigue and force. We believe that our own desire for a new international order under which reason and justice and the common interests of mankind shall prevail is the desire of enlightened men everywhere. Without that new order, the world will be without peace and human life will lack tolerable conditions of existence and development. Having set our hand to the task of achieving it we shall not turn back.

"I hope that it is not necessary for me to add that no word of what I have said is intended as a threat. That is not the temper of our people. I have spoken thus only that the whole world may know the true spirit of America—that men everywhere may know that our passion for justice and for self-government is no mere passion of words but a passion which, once set in action, must be satisfied. The power of the United States is a menace to no nation or people. It will never be used in aggression or for the aggrandizement of any selfish interest of our own.

Killed by 300-Foot Fall.

Fort Worth, Tex.—Cadet Joseph Daniel Bronson, aged 24 years, of the Royal Flying Corps, was killed Saturday when the plane in which he was flying at Bentrock Field fell from the height of 300 feet.

Hotel at Port Arthur Burns.

Port Arthur, Tex.—The Jefferson hotel burned Sunday. The loss did not exceed \$50,000.



WINTER PICTURES.

"Come to the great picture gallery this afternoon at three," said Elsie Elf to all the brownies, gnomes, goblins, old Mr. Giant, Witty Witch, the Owl and Bogey families and many of their other friends and playmates.



The elves hadn't given a party in a long time, and they were eager to have one, indeed. They had been planning this one for ever and ever so long and they were delighted when at last they could send out their invitations.

"Every one knew, the neighborhood around, that the elves had been planning this party for a long time and they really couldn't quite understand why they were so late in receiving their invitations.

"You won't fail to come to the picture gallery this afternoon at three?" Elsie repeated after each person had accepted.

"We'll all be there," they said. "Yes, we'll come right on time."

"Good!" said Elsie. "You see we are going to show you our new picture gallery which is full of famous pictures of the great, the good, the noble! Oh! It will be very fine!" And then for fear she would give it all away she added, "Add after you have all seen the pictures we are going to have a banquet in the banquet hall."

Then she hurried away for there was plenty to do.

"Goodness, gracious, mercy me!" exclaimed Peter Gnome. "There must be all sorts of surprises awaiting us. I've never even heard of the banquet hall, nor of the picture gallery before."

"We've never heard of it," said the brownies. And all the others said they had never known that the elves had a picture gallery, nor a banquet hall.

"What fun it will be!" said Billie Brownie.

"I can hardly wait to start!" said Bennie Brownie.

Every one was ready by this time and before long it was the hour for starting. They all ran to the elves' meeting place. For they had been told to meet their hosts at headquarters by the old pine tree at the edge of the woods.

How delighted the elves were when they saw all their guests running. They knew then that they were eager for the party to begin.

"Come with us," said the elves, and Fly-High, their magic bird, took many of the guests on his wings. The others ran along as fast as they could. They all wished they had worn snowshoes so they wouldn't have had to wade in time slinking down into some of the places where the snow was deep.

"But then we might have lost our snowshoes, or had them come off, and that would have meant stopping," said Peter Gnome.

"True," the others agreed, but we are so very anxious to hurry."

Soon they reached a great, enormous wall made of snow, and at one end was a little opening. "We all go in here," Elsie said. "Mr. Giant will have to bend 'way down—as we would do if we were going under a fence."

They all went through the opening, and inside this wall of snow, what should they see but snow figures made to look like each one of them. There were Peter Gnome and Billie Brownie, Bennie Brownie and old Mr. Giant, Witty Witch and all the others.

Such shouts and cheers as followed. They were all so excited and pleased. "What a surprise!" they cried.

"They are your winter photographs!" the elves said. "We have had them ready several times before, but something always turned up to spoil them. Today they were quite finished and nothing happened to them."

"They're fine pictures of us," said old Mr. Giant, "and mine is a pretty tall one! How it does stand way up!"

"Yes," said the elves, "we made full-length pictures, and such a time as we had making the wall so high that yours couldn't be seen from the other side."

"They're all just the right sizes too," said Bennie Brownie. "I look good and fat!"

"They're the finest pictures I ever did see," said Peter Gnome.

And proudly and happily the elves led the guests through another opening whence they came into a banquet hall made of snow and had a wonderful elfland banquet.

Fear of Our Troubles.

"Our troubles are not nearly as hard to bear as our fear of our troubles. Everybody knows how little the twinge of having a tooth pulled amounts to, compared with the hours we have spent dreading it. Most of life's hard things could be bravely borne, if we did not waste our strength and exhaust our nerve force, by dreading them beforehand.—Girl's Companion.

PERUNA—The Greatest Human Vitalizer

Mr. Wm. A. Hartman, 217 1/2 South Second St., Muskogee, Okla., writes: "During the winters of 1897 and 1898, I was so badly afflicted with catarrh of the head and thought I must surely die from it. After trying many doctors and all other recommended remedies made known to me, I was induced to use Peruna. I was cured entirely by using twelve bottles of Peruna and one bottle of Manna.

Since that time, I have never been without Peruna. I use it for colds and as a general tonic during Spring and Fall months and find it the greatest human vitalizer."

Those who object to liquid medicines can secure Peruna tablets.

Catarrh of Head Thought I Must Die.

Now ENTIRELY WELL



To support a table for invalids a bracket that may be attached to any bedstead has been invented.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insure a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

A man always admires another who says the right thing in the right place especially if he is thirsty.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Brown Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Brown Quinine." W. W. GIBSON'S Manufactured in U.S.A.

There are millions of reasons why a man can love an heiress, and each one of them is a silver dollar.

DON'T BE FOOLISH

and buy an imitation, get the original VACHER-BALM.

It is better than any of the substitute "Balms" for quickly relieving Coughs, Colds, Croup, and all kinds of hurts and soreness.

The many imitations are proof that it is an unusually good thing. The price is only 25c per Jar or Tube. Surely it is worth that to get rid of a Cough or Cold, or your child's Croup. If your druggist will not supply you and we have no agent in your locality, write for the agency.

Every family needs Vacher-Balm, and we supply samples Free, to start the demand. E. W. VACHER, Inc., New Orleans, La. Adv.

Municipal suffrage has been granted to the women of the Mexican state of Guanajuato.

VILE TASTE BLISTERED MOUTH

Oklahoma Lady Had Dreadful Time Before Finding The Right Remedy—Black-Draught.

Seward, Okla.—Mrs. Annie Bowly, of this place, says in a letter written for publication: "I have used Black-Draught for two years, or more, and will never cease to be grateful for what it did for me and mine.

Some time ago, my mouth broke out with blisters. I had a vile taste in my mouth, all slick and disagreeable. I seemed to have a great deal of inward fever. I suffered with my back and kidneys. . . .

I was so nervous, it was dreadful. I would almost cry—I suffered so. I had gas on the stomach and pains but, as I said, the pain and . . . trouble was most severe. I had the doctor and used several medicines without result.

Still hurting and suffering, I began to use Theford's Black-Draught, making it into a tea, and using a teaspoonful dose at a time in hot water. I gradually got better, my liver began to act, the fever went down and I have never had any more trouble of this kind.

"There is no other medicine so good as Black-Draught."

You will say that, too, when you have given Theford's Black-Draught a trial.

It is a good medicine. Buy a package today. All druggists sell Black-Draught.—Adv.

A woman says it is almost as smol-mn to be married as not to be.

HAVE YOU BARREN COWS? Are your males or some troubled with Absorption? Prevents the difficulty by feeding Dr. David Roberts' BREEDING TONIC Price \$1.00 It acts on the organs of reproduction and puts the animal in better breeding condition.

Read the Practical Home Veterinarian. Send for free booklet on Absorption to Care of the Sick and Dying Animals, write Dr. David Roberts, Vet. Co., 310 Grand Avenue, Muskogee, Ok.

CHILDREN'S COUGHS

may be checked, and more serious conditions of the throat will be often relieved by promptly giving the child a dose of PISO'S

A factory for the manufacture of alcohol from sweet potatoes is planned for the Azores.

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzly, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Wages of South Wales steel workers has been raised 91 per cent above the standard rate.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

To argue successfully with a woman keep silent.

STOP THAT HACKING COUGH. Maudsley (formerly Hungarian) Cough Balsam heals the inflamed and irritated membranes and quiets the tickling nerves that lie underneath the infected portions. Invaluable for babies. Price 25c and 50c.—Adv.

United States has 350,000 Indians.

HEALTH RESTORED

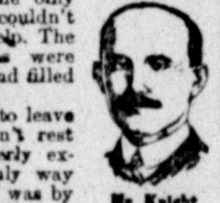
Serious Kidney Trouble Was Removed by Doan's and Results Have Been Permanent.

"Kidney trouble put me in a bad way," says Thomas A. Knight, 624 N. Ninth St., East St. Louis, Ill. "It came on all at once, getting worse until I had a spell that laid me up. Morphine was the only relief and I couldn't move without help. The kidney secretions were scanty, painful and filled with sediment."

"I was unable to rest the house, couldn't leave and became utterly exhausted. The only way I could take care was by boltoning myself up with pillows. For three months I was in that awful condition and the doctor said I had gravel. Doan's Kidney Pills brought me back to good health and I have gained wonderfully in strength and weight."

Sworn to before me, A. M. EGGMANN, Notary Public. ALMOST THREE YEARS LATER, May 24, 1917, Mr. Knight said: "The cure Doan's brought me has been permanent."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



POWERFUL, PENETRATING LINIMENT

Quickly healing and soothing the pains of Neuralgia, Headache, Rheumatism, Cuts, Burns, Sprains and Bruises. 35c and 70c bottles at your druggists.

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BLACK LASSES SURELY PREVENTED BY HUNT'S BLACKLED PILLS

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Write for booklet and testimonials. 10-cent pig. Blacking Pills, \$1.00 50-cent pig. Blacking Pills, \$4.00 Use any lubricant, but Cutler's is the best and strongest. The superiority of Cutler's is due to over 15 years of specializing in VACCINES AND SERUMS ONLY. FRANK O. CUTLER, INC., 1111 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

There is no other medicine so good as Black-Draught.

You will say that, too, when you have given Theford's Black-Draught a trial.

It is a good medicine. Buy a package today. All druggists sell Black-Draught.—Adv.

A woman says it is almost as smol-mn to be married as not to be.

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L. D. LOWTHER, Local Agent, Kerrville.

KERRVILLE

Is the county seat of Kerr County, has a population of about 2500, is situated 30 miles northwesterly from San Antonio, and is the terminus of the Kerrville branch of the S. A. & A. P. railroad. It has two daily trains to and from San Antonio, and daily mail route, carrying passengers in autos, to Ingram, Junction, Rock Springs, Harper and other places north and west of Kerrville, and also a daily line to Fredericksburg. From Kerrville to Fredericksburg is 25 miles; to Bandera and Medina City, 25 miles; to Junction 60 miles; Rocksprings 80 miles; Harper 21 miles.

Kerrville has electric lights and a splendid system of water works. The sum of \$20,000 has been spent on the streets and \$40,000 has been spent for road improvements in this precinct.

The elevation at Kerrville is 1,130 feet. The Guadalupe river, which heads 30 miles north of Kerrville, runs through the city. On the east side where the city is located, there are high hills on the river, and on the west side is a fertile and beautiful valley, and mountains surround the city on the east and west. The Guadalupe valley is occupied by thrifty farmers and ranchmen, and the mountain regions, among which there is considerable valley, creek and arable land, there are large ranches of cattle, horses, sheep and goats, all of which do well in the Kerrville country. The land generally is well wooded, principally with live oak, Spanish oak and cedar, and the range is good, and water excellent.

Our farmers grow wheat, oats and all other small grain, cane and alfalfa, cotton and corn, and fruit and vegetables do well. Kerrville is one of the largest wool markets in the state, and large quantities of wool, mohair, cotton, oats, cattle, etc., are shipped from this point.

The climate of the Kerrville country is unsurpassed. The winters are short and generally mild and invigorating owing to the dryness of the climate and the prevalence of sunshine. The summers are cool and delightful, and the mountain air is pure and bracing. Game abounds in the Kerrville country, and fishing in the Guadalupe, especially north of Kerrville, is good. Kerrville and the adjoining towns are popular resorts for health and recreation.

The Kerrville Commercial Club, any of the different Realty Companies or any of our citizens, will be pleased to give prospective residents or visitors further information.

NOTICE.

The public is hereby notified that the firm of Word & Ruff have dissolved partnership and Homer Ruff will continue buying sacks and junk in his own name.

Homer Ruff.

Epworth League Program.

Leader—Miss Lucile Palmer.
Topic—Our Brothers in Yellow and Brown.

Asia—James Sutton.
China—Mrs. Scoble.
Japan and India—Lucile Smith.
Duet—Misses Mammie Sublett and Lola McDaniel.

A Conversational. The Ownership of Money—Folly Hamlyn and Minnie Beckman.

Mrs. Hamlyn will have charge of the music and several hymns will be interspersed.

Sunday night, 6:45 to 7:30.

St. Peter's Episcopal Church

Holy Communion 1st Sunday.

Morning prayer 2nd, 3rd and 4th Sundays 10:30 a. m.

Sunday School 9:30 a. m.

Morris Ranch 3rd Sunday 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Turtle Creek 4th Sunday 3:30 p. m.

Lenten services—Tuesday 4 p. m. and Friday, 8 p. m.

J. S. JOHNSTON, Pastor.

J. W. WOESSNER, Associate

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