

THE KERRVILLE ADVANCE

VOL. 3.

KERRVILLE, TEXAS, THURSDAY, DEC. 3, 1914

NO. 7

Baptist Fifth Sunday Meeting

The Fifth Sunday Meeting of the Medina River Baptist Association was held with the Bandera church Nov. 27 to 29 inclusive.

Among those in attendance were Rev. S. F. Marsh of Medina who was elected Moderator of the meeting, Bro. J. B. Riddle, of Kerrville, T. F. Huffman of Harper, C. E. Painter of Kerrville, R. D. Garrison of West Prong and Medina, Wilson Finch of Ingram and Missionary A. P. Robb and Mrs. Robb of Kerrville. Owing to the bad condition of the roads, the attendance was smaller than had been hoped for.

The subjects studied were Church Discipline and Church Ordinances, which were handled in an able manner by those taking part. The messages at the night services as brought by the different brethren were most helpful and brought blessing to the heart and life of those who heard them.

The sermon preached by Bro. J. B. Riddle at the 11 o'clock hour on Sunday was one which was mighty in the Scriptures and brought faith and hope in the doctrines and principles which the Baptist churches stand for, and courage to the heart of every member to rally to our standard and help keep the messages of a free and full gospel before the world. In the afternoon of Sunday B. Y. P. U. work was discussed, after which a Sunbeam Band was organized by Mrs. Robb with 14 charter members and Mrs. W. B. Wood as leader.

The church at Bandera is also rejoicing over the services of the Lord's day because four were received into their membership by letter and one by profession of his faith in Christ.

Our prayer is that more of the Baptist churches will extend their arms of blessing to those who are in need. May God's richest blessings rest upon Bandera church.

A. P. ROBB.

I want to buy a good Jersey cow fresh in milk. M. D. Wardlaw.

John Walker and daughter, Miss Mildred, from their ranch near Reservation, were in town Tuesday.

Ingram Locals

(Regular Correspondence)

The infant baby of Mr. and Mrs. Tarleton Dowdy died here Saturday evening at 11 o'clock. The remains were laid to rest in the Nichols cemetery Sunday. The funeral service was held by Bro. Taylor.

Mrs. A. Meadows and son Glenn and Miss Dora Nimitz visited in Kerrville from Friday till Monday.

Miss Cora Kendall visited Miss Anna Petmucky at Kerrville from Thursday till Monday.

Mrs. Cora Peterson and son Dick and little Vada visited in Ingram Monday.

Mrs. Floyd and daughter, Eddie, of Johnson creek, were shopping here Monday.

Mrs. Alf Smith and daughter were in Ingram Monday.

Mrs. Sue Robinson returned home from San Antonio Sunday.

Mr. T. J. Moore is having some repairing done and an addition made to his dwelling.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Mit Lee, No. 29, a girl.

T. J. Moore left Monday for San Antonio on business.

Harper News Items

Rev. Tolbert Huffman returned last Thursday from the Baptist State Convention at Abilene and left the next day for Bandera to attend the Fifth Sunday Meeting.

The family of Mr. Herman Harper had family re-union on Thursday of last week when the following enjoyed Thanksgiving dinner at the Harper home: Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Burrell of Bandera, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harper of Bandera, Miss Audrey Harper of Kerrville, Mr. Clark Noble of Bandera, Messrs. John and Fred Gregg of Travis county, besides Grandpa Harper and Mr. Herman Harper's home folks.

Laundry De Luxe agency at Adkins barber shop. Best service guaranteed. Hats cleaned and blocked. Basket goes every Tuesday.

C. L. Word, agent.

Mrs. J. T. Moore visited in San Antonio the latter part of last week.



RESULT OF THE CHRISTMAS SEAL CAMPAIGN

The Walter Colquitt Memorial Children's Hospital has been built at Galveston for the care of children afflicted with tuberculosis of the bones.

A law enabling any county in the State to build and operate County Hospitals and Dispensaries for the care of any sick, diseased and injured persons was presented by the Thirty-third Legislature. A statewide campaign is being carried on to secure the building of such hospitals in every county. Five counties have taken advantage of the law.

A law providing for the establishment of Federal Hospitals for consumptives is now pending.

An appropriation of \$10,000 was secured from the Thirty-third Legislature for the expense of a Public Health Educational Exhibit Campaign and the Exhibit Car is now touring the State.

The Texas Public Health Association, whose entire work is financed by the Red Cross Christmas Seal, has done a large amount of Educational and propaganda work to secure the above results. The Association has aided in the upbuilding of the State Sanatorium at Carlsbad; has assisted in bringing together the County and City of Dallas in the creation of a joint hospital, the first in the State for the care of consumptives; has co-operated with the State rection in securing the call for Conference of Charities and Correlative Social Welfare Conference which resulted in the passage by the Thirty-third Legislature of measures of much importance; aids the Board of Health in its duties; joins the State Medical Association in its work for preventive medicine; and co-operates with the State Federation of Women's Clubs in their civic and public health work.

Buy Red Cross Christmas Seals now. Use them in every possible way and encourage others to use them. Seal your letters with them, place them on bills, statements, checks, and packages to be delivered. Use them on invitations and programmes and make your gift packages more attractive by placing on them Red Cross Christmas Seals. One Cent Each.

Big Shipment of African Heads

R. H. Chaney Kerrville's popular scientific taxidermist, received a shipment a few days ago containing over twenty wild animal heads from South Africa which are being placed on display in his store as fast as he gets them mounted. The collection consists of the following heads: A buffalo, Eland Bull, Roan Antelope, Oryx, Impalla, Topi, five Gazelles, Garnuck, Wart-hog, Bush-buck, Stein-buck, Dik-dik, Oribi, Water-buck, Lessr Koo-doo, Grant Gazelle.

This is probably the largest shipment of African specimens ever brought to this section and will add greatly to the fine display he has already on hand, among which is probably the largest elk head to be found in this country.

If you think the Advance is a good local newspaper help us to extend its circulation.

Center Point Letter.

(Regular Correspondence)

Rev. and Mrs. C. D. Potts returned from Abilene last week where they had been to attend the Baptist State Convention.

The ladies of the Baptist church served Thanksgiving dinner at the Avenue Hotel. They took in \$67.70, which was fine considering the bad weather.

We are sorry to report the serious illness of Mr. H. C. Moore.

Mrs. R. L. Wellborn is up from San Antonio to see her father, Mr. H. C. Moore.

George Lewis, the tinner, was seriously burned last Sunday from the explosion of some carbide.

W. P. Cowden was in Kerrville Monday.

The Thanksgiving services were held at the Methodist church. Rev. G. R. Stapp preached in the morning and Rev. C. D. Potts at night. On Sunday morning the union services were continued, Rev. Potts preaching at 11 o'clock and Rev. N. G. Ozment at night.

Vernon Caldwell, Addison McDonald, Loren Rees, Sam Hodges, Lee Wharton and Bob Rees returned last Sunday from a big hunt on the head of the Llano. They had poor success on account of so much rain.

Vernon Caldwell killed a 16-point buck Monday, but Robt. Lang still claims honors for killing the biggest buck of the season, and of course no one would doubt that Robt. killed a 'mighty' big one for he always does that.

Geo. Walker, Fred Cox and Dee Burney left several days ago for a big hunt out towards the Llano.

The teachers of the Center Point school attended the Teacher's Convention at San Antonio last week.

Guy Cowden of Turtle Creek visited homefolks here Sunday.

John Burns was in town Monday from Mason creek. He was suffering from a badly strained hip.

Miss Lessie Walker has returned from a visit with friends at Kendall. Miss Jessie McCrooklin accompanied her home for a short visit here.

Mr. Pipkin and family have moved here from Fredericksburg.

The Mosty Nurseries are filling some big orders for fruit trees and all kinds of nursery products. They sent three big wagon loads to Junction last week and are sending the same number of wagons to Utopia this week.

Judge Jim Hamby and Constable Levi Surber are about getting the machinery of the law in working order and we are liable to have some court proceedings to publish most any time.

Methodist Church Notes

Last Sunday at both morning and evening services we were delighted with the excellent attendance. The people have been coming well through the week also considering the bad wet weather. We are glad to see that the interest is increasing and we feel that much good has already been accomplished and we are praying had hoping that not only the church members and the Christians may be quickened but that there may be souls saved from the effort of this week. I earnestly call upon all the Christians for their support, presence and co-operation, for as we have read: "No man liveth to himself and no man dieth to himself." Come with us and let's sing and pray and worship and labor together that the lost may be saved and God glorified.

We have services twice a day, at 10 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. Everyone is welcome. We want you with us. S. C. DUNN.

New serial starts next week.

Tivy High 18--All Stars 0.

On the morning of Thanksgiving Tivy High foot ball team again met the Kerrville "All Stars" who have for several successive Thanksgivings demonstrated that weight is an essential feature in football.

Although the field was very heavy the school boys worked their forward passes almost at will but only for short gains. "All Stars" lack of practice was plainly noticeable while Tivy did splendid team work considering the condition of the field.

Tivy made her first score when Henke received a pass on the second down and raced forty yards for a touchdown. The remainder of the first half was played without further scoring. During the third quarter Coers intercepted a forward pass and carried it thirty yards for a second touch down. The third and last touch down came as a result of a high forward pass to Coers with which he fell across the goal line.

The teams are trying to arrange for another game to be played on a dry field, giving each team an opportunity to do its best work.

The lineup—

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Tivy-18. | Town team-0 |
| Henke | Saenger-Moore |
| Auld | Left End. |
| Jno. Williams | E. Butt |
| Leinweber | Left Tackle. |
| Elkins | Schuford |
| Smith | Left Guard. |
| J. Pearson-Everhart | Center. |
| Joe Williams | Right Guard. |
| Bill Williams | A. Pearson |
| Denton | Right Tackle. |
| Coers | Mittanck |
| | Right End. |
| | Grinstead |
| | Right End. |
| | R. Remschel |
| | Quarter |
| | Garrett |
| | Full Back. |
| | Mosel |
| | Left Back. |
| | Sheppard |
| | Right Half. |
| | Time of quarters, 10 minutes. |
| | Referee Martin, Southwestern. |
| | Umpire, Williams, Texas. |

Only 21 days till Christmas.

Announcement

We are now in our new building and ready to serve you better than ever before. Our prescription department is under the supervision of Mr. F. J. Rateau, a graduate pharmacist, who will do his best to serve you at all times. Phone us your wants. We deliver in all parts of the city.

KERRVILLE DRUG CO.
The Nyal Drug Store

NEW SCHREINER BUILDING PHONE 152

A Dollar Works Wonders at This Store

Our customers know it—we want others to. That's the reason we are asking you to bring your next dollar here and watch it perform. It will cause the goods to slide right over the counter and into your arms until you'll think you are buying the whole store—with the clerks thrown in.

NEWMAN'S OLD STAND **E. A. WIED**

Mosel, Saenger & Co.

DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Cedar Logs, Posts, Etc.

Comfortable Camp Yard with water Free to All.

Clay St. Near R. R. Depot **KERRVILLE, TEXAS**

FIRST STATE BANK

CAPITAL, - - \$30,000.00
Surplus and Profits, 6,000.00

A GUARANTY FUND BANK

Prompt and Courteous attention to all customers and all business appreciated.

We handle large or small loans.

Call on us whenever we can serve you or further the interests of Kerr and surrounding counties.

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NO WARSHIPS WANTED IN SOUTH AMERICAN WATERS

These Countries Ask United States to Assist Them in Restoring Western Trade.

Argentina, Chile, Peru and Uruguay have laid their suggestions before the Washington government, while the Brazilian government is considering the advisability of taking a similar step. Practically all the Central and South American countries have been circled by some of the principal nations, resulting in a series of diplomatic conferences in Washington and the capitals of South America which are now in progress.

While the proposals are different in character and scope, they all seek the same end—the restoration of the trade between North and South America, paralyzed by the European war. The movement also has for its object the removal of possible causes of serious friction between the countries of this hemisphere and the European belligerents on questions of neutrality.

Already Chile, Ecuador and Colombia have had serious difficulties with the belligerents over the use of the wireless and the coaling of foreign warships whose presence in the Atlantic and Pacific is growing obnoxious to South American countries.

None of the nations which have made suggestions is committed to any particular plan, but all seek the cooperation of the United States. The impetus that will make any plan effective, it is recognized by the diplomats of South America, rests with President Wilson.

The various plans thus far formally communicated to the United States are as follows:

1. The establishment of neutral zones on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of North and South America within which the belligerents shall be asked to agree not to engage in hostilities, or interfere with commercial vessels. A meridian would be designated as the limit in each case.

2. The convocation of a general conference of diplomatic representatives and commercial delegates of all the countries of this hemisphere with powers to vote on steps which can be taken to protect and restore Pan-American trade.

3. The appointment by the Pan-American union of a committee to recommend steps that would remove dangers to Pan-American trade.

4. Prohibition by all nations of the two Americas of the privilege hitherto exercised by belligerents of coaling in neutral ports, or the issuance of only a sufficient quantity of coal to enable a belligerent vessel to reach the nearest port of another country.

Already some of the powers of Europe have been sounded on these propositions and it is understood that Great Britain is ready to deny her warships entry into Central and South American ports to coal if the United States approves the proposal and other belligerents agree.

U. S. Christmas Ship Arrives.

Plymouth (via London).—A dinner given Wednesday night by the Earl of Beauchamp, first commissioner of works in the British cabinet, in honor of the officers of the United States naval collier Jason, the Santa Claus ship, closed a day in which the British foreign officers and the citizens of Greater Plymouth manifested in every possible manner the heartfelt appreciation of the king and the country for the 6,000,000 Christmas gifts sent by the people of the United States to the unfortunate children in the war zone. Following the arrival of the Jason at Devonport, American flags floated over every public building in Plymouth and from the main masts of all warships and commercial craft in the harbor until sunset.

Department Employee Chosen.

Austin, Tex.—Fred W. Davis, elected to succeed Ed R. Kone as commissioner of agriculture, has announced the following partial list of appointments for his department: Ben F. Chapman of Wilmer, Dallas County, chief clerk; J. W. Neff, reappointed director of farmers' institutes; Professor E. E. Scholl, reappointed state entomologist; Ed L. Ayers, reappointed assistant state entomologist; George E. Terrell of Alto, Cherokee County, and E. W. Cole of Wharton, in charge of department of marketing; Robert Midkiff of Gainesville, clerk in office; Miss Mary Thompson and Mrs. Wyatt, stenographers.

Frank James Has Heart Ailment.

Excelsior Springs, Tex.—Frank James, noted as a former bandit of the "James boys" gang, was stricken with heart disease at the old James homestead, nine miles from Excelsior Springs, Saturday. He is 73 years old. Physicians attending James said he was resting easy. The stricken man, with his teeth clenched, muttered over and over again: "I tell you, I'll live to be a hundred."

Cane Grinding Season Is Short.

Abbeville, La.—The cane grinding season this year will be unusually short. Some farmers have already finished cutting and hauling their cane, and it is safe to say that the sugar mills will all be through grinding by Dec. 15.

Warning to Airmen Given.

Tacoma, Wash.—Canada has issued warning to all foreign aviators to keep clear from her big cities.

WHISPERING THROUGH the AIR of the ENEMY



FIELD TELEGRAPH OFFICE

THE war correspondents of 1898 wrote columns of matter about the heroes of Santiago who climbed on the embankments in front of the fighting men and wigwagged signals to the fleet on the other side of the enemy.

Wigwag went the flags by day spelling out orders and information, and wigwag went the lanterns by night spelling out more information and orders. In fact, wigwagging was about the only method of communication with the friends on the other side of the enemy.

Homing pigeons have been used from time immemorial, and they also were used at Santiago. Today a different condition exists. As the Germans were sweeping down on Paris the operator in the Eiffel tower whispered through the very air the Germans were breathing to convey information to St. Petersburg or Petrograd.

The swish of the wireless was unstoppable. The Spaniards shot down the American signal men on the embankments in front of Santiago, but the rifle bullets from the Germans could not interfere with the wireless message as it went on its way.

One of the most wonderful developments of the wireless telegraphy came at the opening of the European war when it became possible to talk all the way from Berlin to Long Island. Germany talked across the British fleet to her own ships sailing the Atlantic and warned them of the sudden tremor.

The only way to stop the wireless was to destroy the operator and he was thousands of miles away. In our last war wires were stretched all over the fields back of the fighting men. Dispatchers carried word from colonel to general where there had not been time to string the wires.

In this war wires, too, have been stretched on the fields, pigeons still have carried messages, dispatchers have galloped back and forth, but in addition to all these messengers of war the fighters all depended more on the invention of Marconi, the great wireless telegraph.

The wireless telegraph has proved its value right on the field of battle. The man in the front ranks, or the outpost miles from the headquarters, could place himself in instant communication with his chief. The wireless telegraph made it possible for a German soldier fighting his way through Belgium to talk to a German soldier defending Alsace. It made it possible for a soldier at Brussels to shout news of victory back to Berlin without an instant's delay.

It made it possible for the French and British to keep in communication with each other and map out a new line of defense when the Germans were hurling their mighty hosts against them. Marconi had already made himself famous before the war broke out. His invention was one of the greatest boons to humanity because it saved lives aboard ship in time of sea horror. It brought rescue to the distressed and expedited shipping. From an instrument of humanity and peace it sprang to an instrument of war and terror.

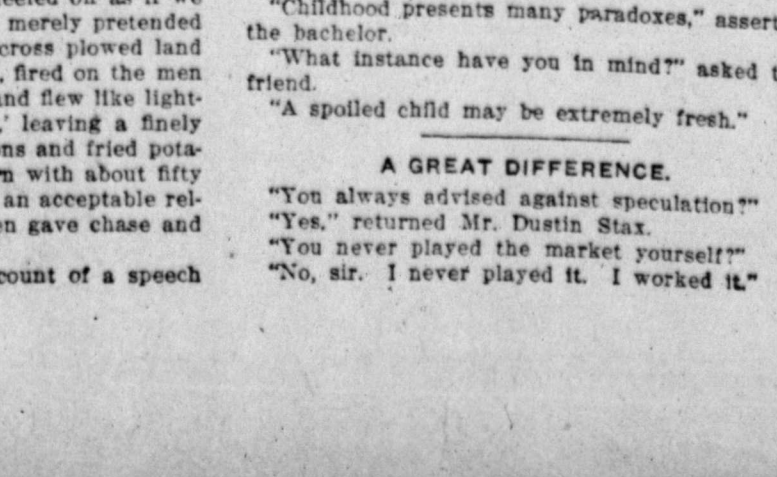
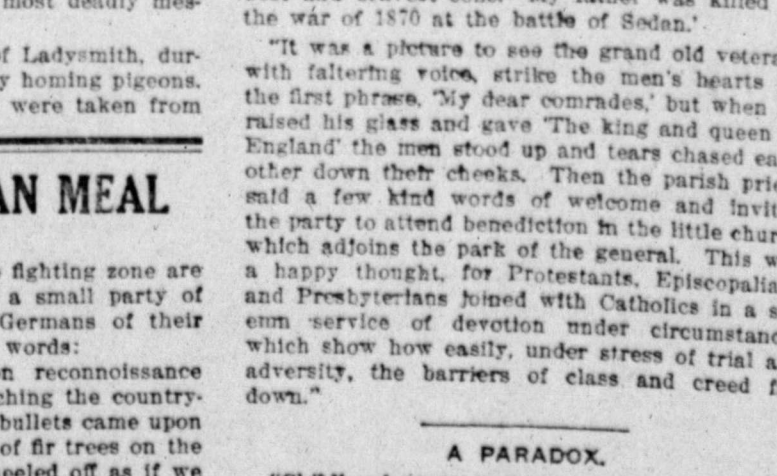
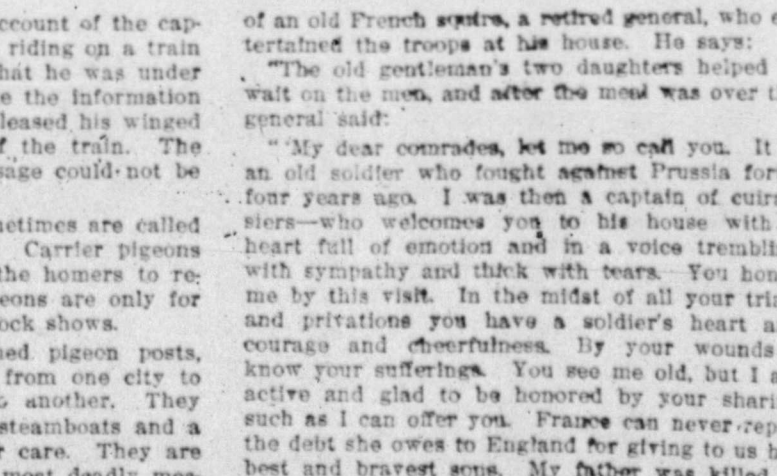
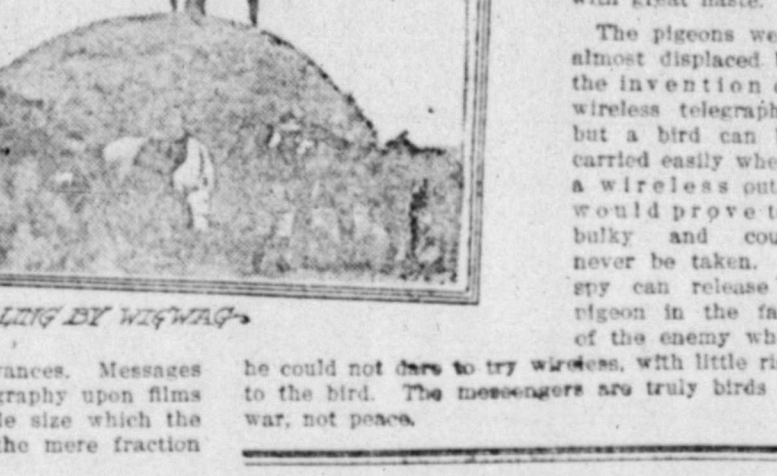
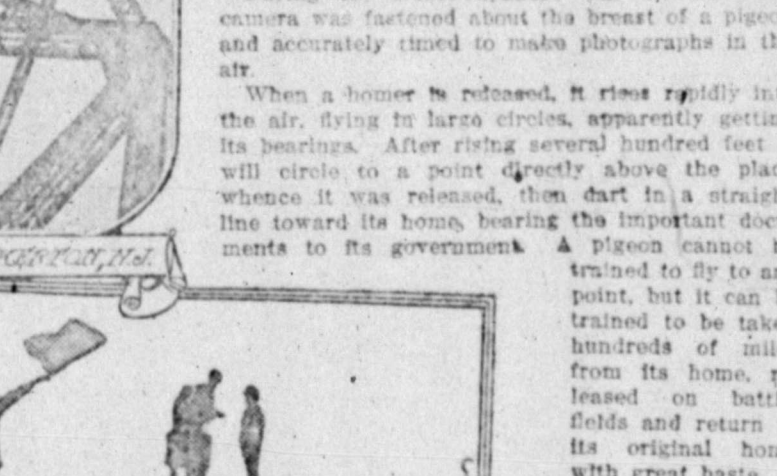
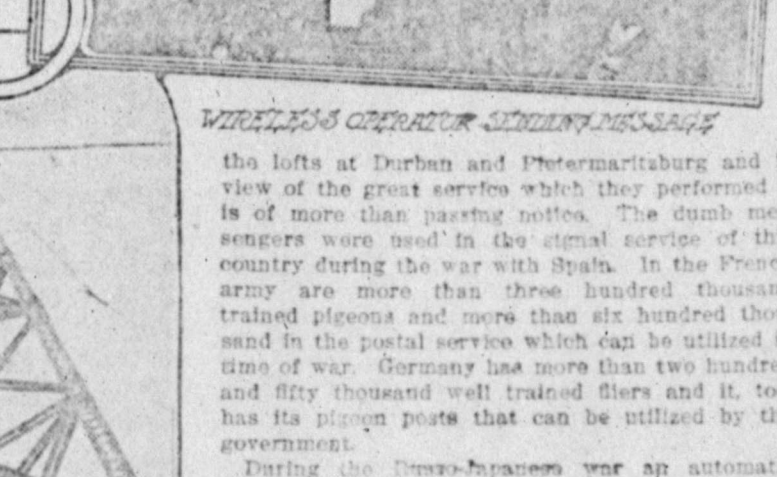
Like the pigeon or dove, the personification of peace, it became an instrument of war. Perhaps next to the wireless stations, the most efficient messengers of war are the homing pigeons. These birds, the wisest of their kind, are employed to great advantage in English, French, German, Austrian, Italian, Russian and Japanese armies. Military authorities hold there is no better means for small detachments to communicate with their headquarters nor could they want better.

On the fields of Europe the flights of the birds are in most instances so short that they do not have to stop for a rest, thus preventing the messages from falling into the hands of the enemy. A pigeon in its flight soars so high it is almost invisible to the naked eye, thus it necessitates the use of high power guns to bring it to the ground. And any man who ever makes such a shot can well call it a miracle.

The king of England and the emperor of Germany, as well as other rulers of European nations, have their own flying kits, and in time of peace they enter their birds in races with birds belonging to their subjects. The crowned heads deem this royal sport.

A bird equipped for flying with a message is encased in a bottle-like tube, the shape of its body.

A spy puts his message in his pocket, proceeds on his mission, quickly writes his discoveries on small bits of paper and places them in a tube



WIRELESS OPERATOR SENDING MESSAGE

the lofts at Durban and Petermaritzburg and it view of the great service which they performed it is of more than passing notice. The dumb messengers were used in the signal service of this country during the war with Spain. In the French army are more than three hundred thousand trained pigeons and more than six hundred thousand in the postal service which can be utilized in time of war. Germany has more than two hundred and fifty thousand well trained fliers and it, too, has its pigeon posts that can be utilized by the government.

During the Russo-Japanese war an automatic camera was fastened about the breast of a pigeon and accurately timed to make photographs in the air.

When a homer is released, it rises rapidly into the air, flying in large circles, apparently getting its bearings. After rising several hundred feet it will circle to a point directly above the place whence it was released, then dart in a straight line toward its home, bearing the important documents to its government.

A pigeon cannot be trained to fly to any point, but it can be trained to be taken hundreds of miles from its home, released on battlefields and return to its original home with great haste.

The pigeons were almost displaced by the invention of wireless telegraphy, but a bird can be carried easily where a wireless outfit would prove too bulky and could never be taken. A spy can release a pigeon in the face of the enemy when

he could not dare to try wireless, with little risk to the bird. The messengers are truly birds of war, not peace.

Recently there appeared an account of the capture of a German spy. He was riding on a train in Belgium. The spy noticed that he was under surveillance and hurriedly wrote the information he had in his possession and released his winged messenger from the window of the train. The spy was captured, but the message could not be stopped.

These messengers of war sometimes are called carrier pigeons. They are not. Carrier pigeons lack the instinct that enables the homers to return to their cote. Carrier pigeons are only for the purpose of display at pet stock shows.

Many nations have established pigeon posts, where birds are trained to fly from one city to another, or from one island to another. They are much faster than train or steamboats and a message is much safer in their care. They are numbered today as one of the most deadly messengers of war.

The first news of the siege of Ladysmith, during the Boer war, was carried by homing pigeons. The pigeons used at Ladysmith were taken from

SEIZED A GERMAN MEAL

Incidents of soldier life in the fighting zone are read eagerly in London. How a small party of British cavalry cheated some Germans of their supper is told in the following words:

"A small party were out on reconnaissance work, scouring woods and searching the countryside. Just about dusk a hail of bullets came upon our party from a small spinney of fir trees on the side of a hill. We instantly wheeled off as if we were retreating, but, in fact, we merely pretended to retire and galloped around across plowed land to the other side of the spinney, fired on the men and they mounted their horses and flew like lightning out of their 'supper room,' leaving a finely cooked repast of beefsteak, onions and fried potatoes all ready and done to a turn with about fifty bottles of lager beer, which was an acceptable relish to our meal. Ten of our men gave chase and returned for an excellent feed."

The same writer gives an account of a speech

PRODUCE MORE AND BETTER HOME CROPS

WAR HAS BROUGHT TO TEXAS FARMER NECESSITY OF PROVIDING HOME-GROWN LIVING.

FARM PRODUCTS IN DEMAND

Texas Farms Must Be Made to Yield Merchantable Crops to the Limit of Productiveness—High Great Resources.

While the European war has brought the Texas farmer to the necessity of providing a home-grown living, it has at the same time forced the American nation to the necessity of producing at home a great many things which formerly came from Germany, Belgium, Austria, France, Russia, England and her dependencies.

Today the United States, as regards many necessary articles, is in the condition of Edison, whose supply of carbonic acid required in making graphophone records was shut off by the war. Edison invented a process for making his carbonic acid, cheaper than he had bought it from Germany; and likewise there must be some inventing and special farming done in this country or people will have to do without some of the things to which they are accustomed.

Hence, diversified farming is no longer a matter of choice.

Agricultural imports into the United States from July 1, 1912, to June 30, 1913, as given in the 1913 year book of the United States department of agriculture, total \$235,802,954.

Of the grand total of agricultural imports into the United States, amounting to \$10 per person, products aggregating some \$230,000,000, or almost two-thirds, can be produced as well in this country, and much of them in the South.

For instance, America spent abroad last year for live stock nine and one-half million dollars; for dairy products ten and one-half millions; for hides and skins one hundred and seventy million; for cotton, flax and hemp products thirty millions; for sugar and molasses one hundred and thirty million; for olive oil seven million; for vegetables six million; for rice and rice products six million. The only reason that can be suggested why these articles are not produced more extensively in the South is that, apparently, the people are so busy raising cotton to buy them with that they have no time for growing them. Not all the products specified here are furnished by the nations at war, but some are thus furnished, as well as many other products not named.

We have been buying our imports with our surplus grain, cotton and meat products. This, you may find because the European are out of commodities.

It is our duty to pay for our imports with our surplus grain, cotton and meat products. This, you may find because the European are out of commodities. It is our duty to pay for our imports with our surplus grain, cotton and meat products. This, you may find because the European are out of commodities.

There is no section of the United States better able than the South to supply the demands of the readjustment made necessary by the war, and no part of the South better—if our farming is improved and made more profitable—than Texas. Texas farms must be made to yield merchantable crops to the limit of productiveness, summer and winter alike.

Showing that the necessity for better and more diversified farming is overshadowing this nation—and the illustration applies with peculiar force to Texas—a writer in the November issue of the North American Review makes these statements:

"In spite of the fact that more than 60 per cent of the world's acreage of corn is located within our boundaries, we imported more than 8,000,000 bushels of this cereal from the beginning of October, 1913, to the end of February, 1914. While the miracle of this season's wheat crop has again furnished occasion for agricultural optimism, our farming methods will have to undergo a decided improvement if our supply of breadstuffs is to be more than adequate for domestic consumption."

Estimating consumption at six and one-half bushels of wheat per person in the United States, it is easy to see where the people of the world will be next year if there should be even a slight falling off of the American crop, remembering the decreased yields in foreign countries as a result of the war. The world has seen bread riots and may see more. With a constantly increasing population and a steadily decreasing agricultural production, the serious condition of affairs confronting nations must be apparent to all.

A PARADOX.

"Childhood presents many paradoxes," asserted the bachelor.

"What instance have you in mind?" asked the friend.

"A spoiled child may be extremely fresh."

A GREAT DIFFERENCE.

"You always advised against speculation?"

"Yes," returned Mr. Dustin Stax.

"You never played the market yourself?"

"No, sir. I never played it. I worked it."

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SHELLEB, Acting Director Sunday School Course, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.

LESSON FOR DECEMBER 6

CHRIST RISEN FROM THE DEAD.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 16:1-8; Matt. 28:1-10. GOLDEN TEXT—Why seek ye the living among the dead? He is not here, but is risen.—Luke 24:6.

The death of Christ made a profound impression, Luke 23:48, 49. Joseph, who had been a secret disciple, obtained the body and gave it burial, Mark 15:42-47. In the lesson selected for today we have, first, Mark's record of the discovery of the resurrection by the women, and, second, Matthew's record of how his enemies dealt with that fact.

1. The Resurrection Morn, Mark 16:1-8. The Sabbath ended at sundown and the shops were then opened. Mary Magdalene then purchased spices that they might anoint the dead body of Jesus. They may have paid the tomb a visit late on Saturday, see Matt. 28:1 R. V. Starting the next morn, "while it was yet dark," John 20:1, they came to the tomb to perform their last service of gratitude and love. He had no need of this service, Matt. 16:21; 20:19; however, it was acceptable and they were rewarded by receiving the first glimpse of the risen Lord.

Women's Love Genuine.
The reason they did not expect to see a risen Jesus was in their failure to listen and to ponder on his words. The men also failed to comprehend the note of his resurrection which he so frequently sounded. Indeed, the report of these same women is by these men considered "as idle tales," Luke 24:11. The women appear in a better light than the men in this story. The women, especially Mary Magdalene, loved much because he had done so much for them. The extent and the genuineness of their affection is found in that they went to the tomb to serve Jesus when apparently hope had fled and faith was blighted, I Cor. 13:3 R. V. Their visit was the fulfillment of their ministry of love, yet it reveals the darkness of their minds. This was common to all of his followers.

Approaching the tomb they are confronted by a new difficulty—"Who shall roll away the stone?" The words of verse four are significant—"Looking up, they see that the stone is rolled back," Am. R. V. This undoubtedly refers to the stone rolled away, yet the fact that they appear to be "looking up" extends our hearts to the "one who rolled away the stone," not that Jesus might get out, but rather that the women might get in. Mary found two angels sitting, one at the head and one at the foot, where the body had lain, John 20:11, 12, and the two disciples to whom she reported found the linen cloth and the napkin and "believed," John 20:20. The women were overwhelmed with perplexity and, like Peter and John, "knew not the Scripture that he must rise again from the dead"; The angelic message, "He is risen; he is not here," was the sounding forth of a message as great and as glorious as that sounded by the angels on the night of his birth.

Such experience and such knowledge entails a definite burden of responsibility, therefore the logical message and command of verse seven. This is also in accord with the Savior's last earthly message, Mark 16:15; Matt. 28:19-20. It is natural for us to linger in silent meditation at the place of our greatest revelation or of our deepest soul experiences, but these women are urged to "go quickly." The message of salvation is too important to brook any delay.

Spread False Tale.
11. The Watch at the Sepulcher, Matt. 27:62-66 and 28:11-15. Evidently by the manner of his death and his reported prophecies as to the resurrection made an impression upon the enemies of Jesus. This guard is an expression of the ultimate antagonism of the priests and rulers. As this, the morn of the first day of the week, approached the guard saw the vision of the angel and in its presence became as dead men. When later they had recovered they hastened into the city and reported to the priests the fact of the coming of the angel and that the stone, upon which the seal rested, had been removed. Bribed, they spread abroad the tale that the disciples had stolen his body. The falseness of such a tale is evidenced by the fact that the rankest infidel has not the temerity to make such a claim today.

The resurrection, as Paul affirms, is the declaration that Jesus is the Son of God. It is a vindication of his supremacy and of the supremacy of the spiritual over the natural. We do well to emphasize his birth, and to dwell much upon his death, yet both of these have no essential value apart from the resurrection. Apart from this and the cross is no more than the tragic and awe-inspiring end of a life that failed. Connecting the cross with this demands that every thoughtful man should study it carefully. The resurrection demonstrates that he finished the work of redemption.

U. S. REFUSES TO BREAK UP TREATY

TEXT OF CABLEGRAM REGARDING TREATMENT OF NEUTRAL VESSELS IS MADE KNOWN.

NO PIECEMEAL ADOPTION

United States and Germany Among Powers Which Recorded Their Acceptance of Declaration—Great Britain Has Not Acted.

Washington.—The decided stand taken by the United States government in refusing to accept piecemeal adoption of the principles of the declaration of London as a guide to commercial restrictions to be imposed during the European war was made clear Thursday at the state department when the text of a cablegram sent to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin on Oct. 14 last was made public.

Mr. Gerard had communicated a preliminary notice that Germany intended to protest to this government against alleged violation of the declaration by Great Britain and France. The German ambassador, Count Bernstorff, called at the state department Wednesday to lodge the formal complaint, and the text of the reply, copies of which were sent to all American diplomatic representatives abroad, was then made public. It follows:

"Please inform the German government that the department's suggestion made to the belligerent countries for adoption of the principles of the declaration of London as a temporary code of naval warfare for use in the present war, has been withdrawn because of the unwillingness of some of the belligerents to accept the declaration of London without modification. The United States government therefore will insist that its rights and duties and those of its citizens in the present war be defined by the present rules of international law and the treaties of the United States with the belligerents independently of the provisions of the declaration, and this government will reserve the right to enter a demand or protest in every case in which the rights and duties mentioned above and defined by existing rules of international law are violated or their free exercise hindered by the authorities of the belligerent governments."

The message was stated by Counselor Lansing, then acting secretary of state. The declaration of London, framed at an international conference in London, from which it drew its designation, was designed as a uniform procedure for war times to be recognized by all the powers participating in the conference. It set out definite declarations as to what articles should be considered contraband of war and defined the rights of neutral shipping. The declaration was generally viewed as marking a great advance over the conflicting practices the several nations had applied during periods of belligerency with most unsatisfactory results to neutral shipping. It has never been ratified, however, by all of the powers which participated in the conference.

The United States and Germany are among the powers which have recorded their acceptance of the declaration while Great Britain has not taken this action. One article of the declaration provides that it shall be binding as between belligerent powers only upon those by which it has been ratified.

Soon after the outbreak of the European war it became evident that while they recognized it in a general way the belligerent powers intended to insist upon great modifications of important details, basing their action upon the fact that they had not formally ratified the convention.

Since the declaration was in fact a compromise between the extreme views of the several governments which participated in the conference a high official at Washington pointed out that it would have been neither just nor fair, in the opinion of this government, to consent to any modification without the agreement of all parties. On this theory the state department felt obliged to withdraw from its adherence to the declaration even before the German protest was received.

Objects to Nordica Will.
New York.—Geo. W. Young Thursday filed objections to the probate of the so-called second will of his wife, Lillian Nordica Young, the singer. In the will Mrs. Nordica left the bulk of her property to three sisters. It is stated in the will that she estimates that \$400,000 in cash advanced to her husband is the full or more than full share to which he is entitled.

Backache Spells Danger

Do you know that your bad back may be merely a hint of some hidden, deep-seated kidney disorder? Census records show that deaths from kidney disorders have increased 77% in 30 years. People can't seem to realize that the first pain in the back, the first disorder of the urine, demands instant attention—that it may be a signal of coming rheumatism, gravel, dropsy or fatal Bright's disease. The best prevention of serious kidney disorders is prompt treatment—the best medicine is Doan's Kidney Pills.

A Texas Case

"My Picture 'Takes Care'—Mrs. E. R. Murphy, Wolfe City, Texas, says: 'For a year or more my kidneys troubled me and the pain across my back was severe. I was sure all over and it felt as though my whole body had been beaten. When I used Doan's Kidney Pills the pain and soreness in my back left me and, best of all, the cure has lasted. I know of other people who have been helped by Doan's Kidney Pills.'"

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

HOW RESINOL CURED ITCHING SKIN TORMENT

Baltimore, Md., May 23, 1914: "My limbs from knee to ankle were completely covered with eczema for a year. It commenced with several small water pimples, which burst when I scratched them, until they developed into sores, and oozed a yellowish fluid. I hated to go in company, it itched and burned so badly, I had no rest at night. I tried a good many remedies for eczema, both liquid and salve, but they did me no good, only made the skin more rough and scaly. I learned of resinol ointment and resinol soap and tried them, and was relieved of the severe itching and burning AT ONCE and after a month's steady use was completely cured." (Signed) T. S. Lewis, 1821 Summit St. Resinol soap and resinol ointment are sold by all druggists.—Adv.

MIGHT BE CALLED EVIDENCE

At Least Participant in Fight Had Reason to Believe He Was Telling the Truth.

Two colored soldiers at a frontier post had a fight, during which one of the combatants lost an ear, and the other was accused of having bitten it off. The case was tried by a general court-martial, and the counsel for the defense, in cross-examination of the colored man, the principal witness for the prosecution, asked: "Where did this fight take place?" "In Mist Nelson's corn field, just outside de reservation," answered the witness. "What was the condition of the ground?" "Hit was covered wid stubble—corn had all been cut." "Now," said the counsel, glaring at the witness, "you are on oath, and will get into serious trouble if you tell anything but the truth. Could not your ear have been torn off by the sharp stubble?" "Yass, sah," said the witness, "hit mought." "Then what do you mean by stating under oath that the accused bit it off?" "Cause," said the witness, "I done seen him spit it out."

That Printer Again!

The advertisement had puzzled the applicants, but the reactor was still more puzzled when some fifty or more ladies ranged themselves alongside his house at the appointed hour. "I can keep a set of books," replied the first applicant, "but I haven't a bass voice."

FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES.

A hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a light application of Cuticura Ointment, gently rubbed on the surface, afford immediate relief and point to speedy healing of sleep-disturbing eczemas, rashes, itchings, burnings, scaldings, and crustings of the skin and scalp of infants and children, bringing rest to worn-out, anxious mothers and peace to distracted households. For free sample each with 32 p. Skin Book, address postcard Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure your Rheumatism and all kinds of aches and pains—Neuralgia, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Old Sores, Burns, etc. Antiseptic Anodyne. Price 10c.—Adv.

Hicks' CAPUDINE

CURES HEADACHES AND COLDS—Easy To Take—Quick Relief.—Adv.

Encouraged.

"I'm getting on," said Mr. Campbell. "I'm getting into this haughty and superior social stride." "How do you know?" "My wife gave a party, and some of her friends mistook me for one of the invited guests."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU
This Morning Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Write for Book of the Eye Remedy. Write for Book of the Eye Remedy. Write for Book of the Eye Remedy. Write for Book of the Eye Remedy.

Drivers of Moscow also not allowed to carry whips

BRIGHTEST OF INDIA'S GEMS

Beauty Spots That Are to Be Found in the Valleys and Uplands of Kashmir.

It has been said that India is the brightest jewel in the British crown, but one cannot realize the brightness of the gem to the full until one has sojourned for a space in that veritable dreamland situated in the wedge of mountains forming the north center boundary of that peninsula. No other country in the world can boast of such a diversity of scenery, or is so full of beauty spots as the valleys and uplands of Kashmir, a writer in the Wide World States. Snow-covered mountains, pine clad hills, rushing torrents, clear streams, limpid lakes, and broad alluvial plains all combine to make up this wonderland, which forms the summer haunt of many jaded plutocrats from the sultry cantonments of India. Of late, alas! the ubiquitous globe trotter has discovered it, and his excessive supply of cash brings higher prices, silk socks and white waistcoats into a paradise where "boiled shirts" and other appurtenances of an evil civilization should never have been allowed to penetrate.

Sympathy.

The queer turns of the darky mind are aptly illustrated in a little tale which comes from Representative Carl of Virginia. One Sunday morning the family had gathered around the breakfast table, where waffles were among the delicacies in order. The little negro housegirl brought in the molasses pitcher and put it down. Then she opened the top and observed a thin saucer on the surface.

Folk Safe in That.

"How many hotels here?" asked the man who had just left the train. "Two," answered the man who was standing on the platform. "Which would you recommend?" "Well, I'm stopping at the Hotel Hornswoggle. I'd recommend the other one."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

FROM ECZEMA AND RINGWORM

You can obtain instant relief by using Tetterine, also the best remedy known for Chafes, Bites of Insects, Tetter, Itching Piles, Burns, Chaffings, Old Itching Sores, etc. Because you have spent hundreds of dollars and experienced no relief for your itching skin troubles, besides devoting a great deal of energy scratching and pawing at the plague spot until the blood isured forth, don't despair. Nature wisely provides a remedy for every ill that flesh is heir to. Tetterine will cure you presently, positively and completely.

Some Help.

"What are we going to do about this deadlock?" "Here's my skeleton key."

Sage Counsel.

"What is the best work to get on Easy Street?" "Why, work a soft thing."

Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

If Yours is fluttering or weak, use RENOVINE. Made by Van Vleet-Mansfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price \$1.00

PEACE!

To promote peace, happiness and good health it is necessary to keep the Stomach, Liver and Bowels working harmoniously and at the first sign of disturbance you should resort to **HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS**. It helps Nature restore strength and vigor to the entire digestive system. Try a bottle.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

THE change may be critical and cause untold suffering in after-life. The modern young woman is often a "bundle of nerves"—"high strung"—fainting spells—emotional—frequently blue and dissatisfied with life. Each girl should be helped over this distressing stage in life—by a woman's tonic and nerve—**that has proven successful for over 40 years.**

It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box, to Buffalo.

to Womanhood

HORSE SALE DISTEMPER

SPOHN'S

It's a wise minding stock that knows its own par.

A GOOD COMPLEXION GUARANTEED. USE ZONA POMADE
The beauty powder compressed with healing agents, you will never be annoyed by pimples, blackheads or facial blemishes. If not satisfied after thirty days' trial your dealer will exchange for 50c in other goods. Zona has satisfied for twenty years—try it at our risk. At dealers or mailed, 50c. ZONA COMPANY, WICHITA, KANSAS

PARKEE'S HAIR BALM
A perfect preparation of the hair. It restores the hair to its natural color and beauty. It prevents the hair from falling out. It keeps the scalp cool and healthy. It is the best hair dressing in the world. Price 50c and \$1.00 per bottle.

Build Up With 60 year tested and reliable Wintersmith's general remedy for malaria, chills and tonic fever, colds and grip. 50c.

DROPSY TREATMENT, usually gives quick relief, soon removes swelling of face and shortness of breath, when given entire course, in 15 to 25 days. Trial treatment sent FREE. DR. THOMAS E. GREEN, Successor to Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Box A, Clarksburgh, Ga.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN
The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is **Paxtine**. A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed. As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ill health is also equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists. 50c. large box, or by mail, The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Position Wanted—Institute machine, experienced in dress, tailors and alterations. Send for card. G. C. White, 117 W. 1st St., Knoxville, Tenn.

WONDERFUL Pocket Case Lighter, valuable discovery. Lighter than any other lighter. Price 50c. Wonder Lighter Co., Box 117, Waco, Texas

Texas Directory
GENERAL HARDWARE AND SUPPLIES
Contractors' Supplies, Builders' Hardware, Etc. Prices and information furnished on request.
PEDEN IRON & STEEL CO.
HOUSTON SAN ANTONIO

FREE FOR LOOSE, BAD TASTE, SORE GUMS, AND ALL MOUTH SUPPLIES
I will tell you of a simple home remedy that gives you immediate relief. Free, send for packet of Alvie's Chewing Gum, 117 1/2 Congress, Houston, Tex.

McCANE'S DETECTIVE AGENCY
Houston, Texas, operating the largest force of male and female detectives in the South. 20 years' experience. No charge for consulting questions or letters. Rates on application.
W. N. U., HOUSTON, TEXAS, 46-1014.

For Sprains, Strains or Lameness

Always Keep a Bottle in your Stable

HANFORD'S Balsam of Myrrh

For Galls, Wire Cuts, Lameness, Strains, Bunches, Thrush, Old Sores, Nail Wounds, Foot Rot, Fistula, Bleeding, Etc. Etc. Made Since 1848. Ask Anybody About It.

Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Cash or C. O. D. Write. G. C. White, Syracuse, N. Y.

All Dealers G. C. Hanford Mfg. Co. SYRACUSE, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**. Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature **Brewster**

THE KERRVILLE ADVANCE

Published Every Thursday at Kerrville, Texas, by T. A. Buckner.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered in the U. S. Mails as second class matter at Kerrville, Texas, on Oct. 17, 1912, according to act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Why Thanksgiving?

In 1799 times were hard, money was scarce and America was taking a gloomy view. Our great philosopher, Benjamin Franklin, to offset this gloomy view wrote an essay ending with, "Be quiet and thankful," and recalled that when the first settlers of America met with many difficulties and hardships they frequently sought relief from Heaven and set days of fasting and prayer. Constant meditation on these subjects kept their minds gloomy and discontented, and when it was again proposed to proclaim another fast a plain farmer remarked that the hardships and privations they suffered and about which they had so often wearied Heaven with their complaints were not so great as they might have been and were constantly diminishing; that the seas and rivers were full of fish, the air sweet, the climate healthy, the earth and sunshine were beginning to reward their labor, and that they were in the full enjoyment of religious and civil liberty. He, therefore, thought that conversing on these subjects would tend more to make them contented with their situation, and that it would be more becoming the gratitude they owed to the Divine Being if they should proclaim a Thanksgiving instead of a fast. His advice was taken and from that day to this their descendants have in every year religiously observed a Thanksgiving day.

It is too often the case that we forget the many reasons for being thankful and give way to gloom and discontent. Let us always, "Be quiet and thankful," as Benjamin Franklin and the old farmer advised, instead of being gloomy and discontented, for Thanksgiving will be as dust and ashes unless we enjoy it cheerfully and remember all the reasons we have for being thankful to the Giver of all good.

Relief for Belgium

The brave and enterprising little nation of Belgium has suffered more than any other nation in the present war in Europe, and innocently so, too, for it has been the victim of invasion and war simply by reason of its being located between Germany and France. A relief ship with flour and other provisions donated by generous Americans will leave Philadelphia about Dec. 20. Capt. Chas. Schreiner, owner of the Kerrville roller mill, will donate 50

sacks of flour and it is proposed for the citizens of Kerrville to donate 50 sacks which the mill offers to sell at 75 cents a 48-lb. sack, which is at or below cost of production. There is no doubt that our citizens will most gladly join Capt. Schreiner in this assistance to the worthy and gallant Belgian sufferers.

The Boy Who Can Say No

There is something to the boy that has the backbone to say no, when the cigarettes are passed around. You will see this same boy refusing to bet on the games or go with "the bunch" on the midnight prow. And eventually you will see our boy with a backbone filling a position of trust and honor, while the others who thought it was smart to "do as other boys do" are the chief loafers around the saloons and dives, and their appearances are bedraggled and pitiable. There are both kinds of boys in Kerrville, but the business men who want young men of honor and character to help them handle their affairs are keeping their eyes on the boy who has the backbone to say "no."

The Retired Farmer

"When you have grown old and rich on the farm don't move to town," Professor Holden of the International Harvester Company told the Missouri farmers.

"A retired farmer is a nuisance in town, when he moves there simply to die cheap. He is against all improvements, because such things cost money and he wants to keep his taxes down. Stay on your farm. Don't buy more land, but improve what you have. Put in a system of waterworks, so you can take a bath once in a while, whether you really need it or not. Put in a lighting plant, so you can read newspapers and books without straining your eyes, and keep well informed. Stay on your farms, and when you finally pay the debt of nature your friends and neighbors will regret your death, and there will be a procession half a mile long following you to your grave. But if you move to town you won't have much of a procession, and the neighbors will say it is a good thing the close-fisted old codger is out of the way."

Thanksgiving day passed off quietly in Kerrville the business houses nearly all closing up and almost the entire population taking a holiday. Owing to the extremely inclement weather the union Thanksgiving service, which was scheduled to be held at the high school auditorium Thursday evening with an elaborate program, was called in, but the football game came off on schedule time although it was raining and the mud was almost ankle deep.

EUROPEAN WAR SHATTERS KING COTTON

By Peter Radford.
Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

King Cotton has suffered more from the European war than any other agricultural product on the American continent. The shells of the belligerents have burst over his throne, frightening his subjects and shattering his markets, and, panic-stricken, the nation cries out "God save the king."

People from every walk of life have contributed their mite toward rescue work. Society has danced before the king; milady has decreed that the family wardrobe shall contain only cotton goods; the press has pleaded with the public to "buy a bale"; bankers have been formulating holding plans; congress and legislative bodies have deliberated over relief measures; statesmen and writers have grown eloquent expounding the inalienable rights of "His Majesty" and presenting schemes for preserving the financial integrity of the stricken staple, but the sword of Europe has proved mightier than the pen of America in fixing value upon this product of the sunny south. Prices have been bayoneted, values riddled and markets decimated by the battling hosts of the eastern hemisphere until the American farmer has suffered a war loss of \$400,000,000, and a bale of cotton brave enough to enter an European port must pay a ransom of half its value or go to prison until the war is over.

Hope of the Future Lies in Co-operation.

The Farmers' Union, through the columns of the press, wants to thank the American people for the friendship, sympathy and assistance given the cotton farmers in the hour of distress and to direct attention to co-operative methods necessary to permanently assist the marketing of all farm products.

The present emergency presents as grave a situation as ever confronted the American farmer and from the viewpoint of the producer, would seem to justify extraordinary relief measures, even to the point of bending the constitution and straining business rules in order to lift a portion of the burden off the backs of the farmer, for unless something is done to check the invasion of the war forces upon the cotton fields, the pathway of the European pestilence on this continent will be strewn with mortgaged homes and famine and poverty will stalk over the southland, filling the highways of industry with refugees and the bankruptcy court with prisoners.

All calamities teach us lessons and the present crisis serves to illuminate the frailties of our marketing methods and the weakness of our credit system, and out of the financial anguish and travail of the cotton farmer will come a volume of discussion and a mass of suggestions and finally a solution of this, the biggest problem in the economic life of America, if, indeed, we have not already laid the foundation for at least temporary relief.

More Pharoahs Needed in Agriculture.

Farm products have no credit and perhaps can never have on a permanent and satisfactory basis unless we build warehouses, cold storage plants, elevators, etc., for without storage and credit facilities, the south is compelled to dump its crop on the market at harvest time. The Farmers' Union in the cotton producing states have for the past ten years persistently advocated the construction of storage facilities. We have built during this period 2,000 warehouses with a capacity of approximately 4,000,000 bales and looking backward the results could seem encouraging, but looking forward, we are able to house less than one-third of the crop and warehouses without a credit system lose 90 per cent of their usefulness. The problem is a gigantic one—too great for the farmer to solve unaided. He must have the assistance of the banker, the merchant and the government.

In production we have reached the high water mark of perfection in the world's history, but our marketing methods are most primitive. In the dawn of history we find agriculture plowing with a forked stick but with a system of warehouses under governmental supervision that made the Egyptians the marvel of civilization, for who has not admired the vision of Joseph and applauded the wisdom of Pharaoh?



I am now well stocked with Buggies, Hacks,

Harness and Saddles

I have in stock the very best brands of buggies such as the

Henney, the Freeport, the Velie, the Hercules and Moon Buggies

and can fit you up with anything you want in the buggy line. My prices are right and I will save you money if you see me before you buy.

I am overstocked on Horse Collars

and will put on a Special Sale on them from now until November 1st.

J. E. PALMER
Lowry Building, Kerrville, Texas

Some Local Adlets

Two rooms for light housekeeping for rent. Apply to John Lohmann.

For Sale—40 acre farm 12 miles N. W. of Kerrville on the river, 30 acres in cultivation. Pecan grove and subject to irrigation. Price \$2500. Apply at this office.

4-room new residence on two nice lots near school building for sale at \$1100, \$350 cash and balance on small monthly payments. Call on the Advance man.

For Sale—6-room house in Tivy addition, Kerrville. Place contains one and one-half acres, well, windmill and tank and irrigated garden. Will sell for \$1200. Apply at the Advance office.

I have a 32-acre place opposite Schreiner's mill on the river that I will lease for the coming year. Gilbert C. Storms, Kerrville.

Feed, Feed, Feed!

For all kinds of feed, such as oats, corn, corn chops, wheat bran, cotton seed, cotton seed meal, and all kinds of hay call on us.

MOSEL, SAENGER & CO.

We call for and deliver. Kerrville Tailoring Co., Next door to Self's Jewelry Store.

Baled corn tops, baled sorghum, baled oats, baled Johnson grass. Phone 186 Y. L. A. Mosty.

Two rooms for light house-keeping for rent

Mrs. J. B. McLean.

WANTED—Farm and Ranch Land for Colonization purposes. No tract too large or too small. If you want to sell your property at your own price, on your own terms, without payment of commission, write European Mutual Colonization Co., Ltd., 633 Kress Bldg., Houston, Texas, for listing blanks and full information.

KERRVILLE

Is the county seat of Kerr County, has a population of about 2500, is situated 70 miles northwesterly from San Antonio, and is the terminus of the Kerrville branch of the S. A. & A. P. railroad. It has two daily trains to and from San Antonio, and daily mail routes, carrying passengers in hacks, to Ingram, Junction, Rock Springs, Harper and other places north and west of Kerrville, and also a daily line to Fredericksburg. From Kerrville to Fredericksburg is 25 miles; to Bandera and Medina City, 25 miles; to Junction 60 miles; Rock Springs 80 miles, Harper 21 miles.

Kerrville has electric lights and a splendid system of water works. The sum of \$20,000 is being spent on the streets and \$40,000 has been voted for road improvements in this precinct.

The elevation at Kerrville is 1750 feet. The Guadalupe river, which heads 30 miles north of Kerrville, runs through the city. On the east side where the city is located, there are high cliffs on the river, and on the west side is a fertile and beautiful valley, and mountains surround the city on the east and west. The Guadalupe valley is occupied by thrifty farmers and ranchmen, among which there is considerable valley, creek and arable land, there are large ranches of cattle, horses, sheep and goats, all of which do well in the Kerrville country. The land generally is well wooded, principally with live oak, Spanish oak and cedar, and the range is good, and water excellent.

Our farmers grow wheat, oats and all other small grain, cane and alfalfa, cotton and corn, and fruit and vegetables do well. Kerrville is one of the largest wool markets in the state, and large quantities of wool, mohair, cotton, oats, cattle, etc., are shipped from this point.

The climate of the Kerrville country is unsurpassed. The winters are short and generally mild and invigorating owing to the dryness of the climate and the prevalence of sunshine. The summers are cool and delightful, and the mountain air is pure and bracing. Game abounds in the Kerrville country, and fishing in the Guadalupe, especially north of Kerrville, is good. Kerrville and the adjoining towns are popular resorts for health and recreation.

The Kerrville Commercial Club, any of the different Realty Companies or any of our citizens, will be pleased to give prospective residents or visitors further information.

I have a party who wants from 100 to 300 acres river front with about 40 or 50 acres in cultivation. If you have anything of this description not over five miles from Kerrville see me at once.

Gilbert C. Storms, Kerrville, Texas.



Notice Sportsmen!

We mount your game heads and specimens and use modern methods. Our work is artistic and permanent. Don't let some amateur trifle with yours. Twelve years experience.

R. H. CHANEY
Taxidermist and Tanner
KERRVILLE, TEXAS

Herman Mosel J. M. Peterson C. W. Moore
CITIZENS LUMBER CO.
A HOME ENTERPRISE

The Place, The Price, The Quality

Let Us Figure With You on Your Next Bill.

REMSCHEL OLD STAND KERRVILLE, TEXAS



Anything in Lumber That you want quick

Can be found in our large and well assorted stock—all thoroughly seasoned and in prime condition for immediate use.

Joist, Dimension, Sills, Siding, Casing, Base, Ceiling, Moulding, Flooring, Shingles, Sash and Blinds.

We have everything essential to all sorts of building work and can save you time and annoyance and guarantee you entire satisfaction.

Hillyer-Deutsch Lumber Co.
KERRVILLE CENTER POINT

Local Notes

J. J. Sublett was in town Monday from his upper Guadalupe farm.

Just received a big fresh stock of groceries at E. A. Wied's.

Albert Fawcett visited in San Antonio Saturday and Sunday.

Fresh fruit cake ingredients at H. Noll Stock Co.

Adam Morriss came in from Big Paint Tuesday.

J. P. Freeman attended District Court in Bandera last week.

Oscar Smith of Medina was a visitor to this city last Thursday.

Fresh pickles and Sauer Kraut in bulk at H. Noll Stock Co.

Henry Noll Jr. made a business trip to Junction last week.

Miss Emma Leinweber was down from the ranch and visited in town Monday and Tuesday.

That Sunday dinner will be more to your taste if you get your groceries at E. A. Wied's.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert C. Storms and little son spent Sunday in Center Point.

W. S. Mayfield and daughter, Miss Carrie, of Center Point, visited in Kerrville Saturday.

Mrs. A. C. Schreiner returned Sunday night from a visit to relatives in San Antonio.

Judge H. C. Geddie went to San Antonio Sunday to see Rev. S. J. Drake who was there for medical treatment.

We have one lot of 50 pairs of child's wool hose which we offer for quick sale at a special price. Come quick to H. Noll Stock Co.

John W. Wardlow formerly of Trinity, Texas, but who has just returned from a trip into Mexico, visited his cousin, M. D. Wardlow, here several days the past week.

We are glad to learn that Mrs. E. K. Carr is improving. Her daughter, Miss Helen, returned Sunday afternoon to Orange where she is Principal of the High School.

Groceries for the Christmas cooking, all fresh and the best quality at E. A. Wied's.

Orlando Thallman from Mason creek on the Bandera side was in Kerrville Monday on business at the court house.

Ernest Banta from his farm near Medina was in Kerrville Monday. He brought over a nice coup of turkeys for market.

Mr. Joe Byas and two sons, Oliver and Carroll, were in town Tuesday from their upper Guadalupe farm.

M. A. Wright and family of Milford, Ellis county, are among late arrivals in Kerrville to make their home in our little city.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Holland and Rev. B. T. Mayhugh returned Monday from a visit of several days with Mr. Roland Mayhugh and family on the upper Guadalupe.

L. J. Spurgers and family of Yancey, Medina county, arrived in Kerrville yesterday and expect to locate here. They desire to rent a farm near town.

J. C. Galbraith returned to his home at Dalhart Sunday. Mrs. Galbraith will remain a few weeks longer with her mother, Mrs. E. K. Carr.

Mrs. A. Meadows and son, Glenn, of Ingram spent several days in Kerrville the past week, guests of Mrs. Wm. Nimitz, while Mr. Meadows was attending court at Bandera.

Clyde D. Jones, who was a member of the faculty of Tivy High School last session and is now teaching in the Beaumont schools, visited friends here the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank James returned a few days ago from Alpine where they have resided for several months. They came back on account of the serious illness of Capt. N. H. James.

John W. Wardlow formerly of Trinity, Texas, but who has just returned from a trip into Mexico, visited his cousin, M. D. Wardlow, here several days the past week.

We are glad to learn that Mrs. E. K. Carr is improving. Her daughter, Miss Helen, returned Sunday afternoon to Orange where she is Principal of the High School.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

- ☞ Prettiest store in the city.
- ☞ Most suitable Gift Goods in city.
- ☞ Prices in plain figures.
- ☞ No discount to any one.
- ☞ Some beautiful presents.
- ☞ Buy early.

SELF

Messrs Ed. Estes and H. C. Wroten sold the Guadalupe Cafe to R. L. Jonas and left yesterday with their families and household goods for their former home at Yoakum.

District Judge R. H. Burney returned from Bandera where court was adjourned for the term Tuesday evening. He opens court at Rock Springs next Monday.

Mrs. G. Hicks and daughters, Miss Verna and little Miss Erma, of Tarpley, were the guests of Mrs. T. A. Buckner from last Friday till Monday.

Ralph Fawcett of Cheapside is now regularly installed as deputy county and district clerk of Kerr county.

Arthur V. Pue from his farm on Hicks creek, Bandera county, was a business visitor to Kerrville Monday and kindly remembered the Advance.

R. T. Padgett of Ballinger came up on the train Monday and went out to Harper on the hack that afternoon. He is a cousin of Robert and Lenos Padgett of Tarpley.

The many friends of Rev. S. J. Drake will be interested to know that he underwent a very critical surgical operation yesterday morning in a San Antonio hospital and the last report from Mrs. Drake yesterday evening he was recovering nicely from the operation.

If you owe us for the Advance it would be a favor gratefully received if you would send or bring in the amount at once. We need the money to meet our necessary and unavoidable obligations.

Trav Ethridge and family of Mulen, Mills county, are moving to Kerr county to make their home and have rented the old Cowden place on Turtle creek for the next year. Mr. Ethridge is a son-in-law of Mr. P. W. Bolton who recently bought the O'Connor place near town.

F. J. Rateau returned Monday from Louisiana where he went two weeks ago for his family. They are now at home at the Enderle place where they have secured apartments for housekeeping. Mr. Rateau is the new pharmacist at Domingues' drug store.

Yes, Kerrville has a Cannon and this Cannon went off last Thursday and killed a deer—but not accidentally. In other words, our friend J. G. Cannon took a little walk out of town with his Savage 30 on his shoulder Thanksgiving morning and within three miles of Kerrville had the good luck to have his marksmanship challenged by a fine 8-point buck which he brought down with a broken neck at 125 yards running. The editor and family wish to thank Mr. Cannon for remembering us with a nice mess of venison.

Mr. A. M. Morriss visited his son Will in San Antonio last Thursday and found him still very ill. Mrs. Morriss has been down there with him for several weeks. A letter received by Mr. Morriss stated he was much improved and his condition very hopeful.

Mr. M. D. Wardlow received a letter this week from Mr. G. F. Harris of Durant stating that Miss Della Rhea died there Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock. This will be sad news to the many friends of Miss Rhea in Kerrville where she lived for two years with Mr. Harris' family. Tuberculosis was the cause of her death.

20 per cent Discount For Cash

on all Childs, Misses, Ladies or Mens Overcoats, Cloaks or Rain Coats in our entire stock. If you will come and look you'll buy, at H. NOLL STOCK CO.

The busy price making store of Kerrville.

The following parties arrived in Kerrville Monday on their return from the Baptist Fifth Sunday meeting at Bandera: Rev. A. P. Robb, Mrs. Robb, Rev. J. B. Riddle and Rev. C. E. Painter of Kerrville, Rev. T. F. Huffman of Harper and Rev. Wilson Finch of Ingram. A splendid meeting was reported.

We hope our correspondents will keep their letters coming regularly for these weekly news letters from over the county are the life of the paper. We would be glad to have a letter each week from every school house in the county. But the letters must reach us by Tuesday to insure publication.

Rev. B. Schleifer, Lutheran minister of Kerrville, conducted services at the Grosenhacher home on North Llano Sunday. The building of a Lutheran church is contemplated. Those who attended from here were W. H. Simon, Wm. Mueller and W. R. Eckert and families.—Junction Citizen.

Notice to Taxpayers.

I will be at the following named places on the given dates to collect State and County taxes for the year 1914:
Center Point, December 22.
Comfort, December 23.
Kerrville, December 24.
All State and County taxes are now due. After January 31, 1915, 10 per cent. additional will be added.
J. T. MOORE,
Tax Collector, Kerr Co.

I want to get a new subscriber for Youth's Companion so that I can get a nice toy engine as a premium. If you want to subscribe please leave it with papa at the Advance office.
Addison Buckner.

District Court at Bandera.

In the two cases against L. E. Finney, charged with forgery, the jury in the first case brought in a verdict of acquittal; in the second case he was convicted and given three years in the penitentiary.

The Boc Freeman murder case was transferred to Kerr County on a change of venue by application of the defendant and will come up for trial at Kerrville at the next term of court which convenes January 18.

A number of misdemeanor cases were disposed of.
The grand jury only returned one bill, a felony.

Buckner Orphan's Home Box

The Ladies Aid of the First Baptist Church will pack a box for Buckner Orphan's Home at the church next Tuesday afternoon. Anyone desiring to aid in this worthy undertaking can have their packages called for by phoning either Mrs. Newman, Mrs. A. A. Roberts or Mrs. T. B. Peterson.

Episcopal Church Notes

The Holy Communion will be administered next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock in the Episcopal church. Bishop Johnston will preach on the Bible. In the afternoon at 4 o'clock there will be a short sermon, and the second of the lecture on religious truths as illustrated by church architecture will be delivered. The subject will be, The Porch of the Church—by which We Enter It.
In the absence of the Rev. Mr. Massey of Boerne Bishop Johnston will administer the Holy Communion there on the second Sunday morning.

Baptist Church Notice.

The pastor has been away for two Sundays in succession, attending the Baptist General Convention at Abilene Nov. 22, and the Fifth Sunday meeting at Bandera last Sunday but expects to be at home next Sunday Dec. 6, and at 11 a. m. will discuss, "Gospel Sowers"—text Ps. 126: 5-6. This message will be for Christians and persons who are not Christians. We extend a cordial invitation to any who will, to come.
The night service will be for the lost of our city and all the saved are invited to help in such service.
J. B. RIDDLE, Pastor.

If you think the Advance is a good local newspaper help us to extend its circulation.

Mrs. Nelms Offers \$10,000 Reward for Her Daughters

The offer from three ranchmen from a county near the Mexican border, who went to San Antonio to inform Marshall Nelms that for \$10,000 they will restore to Mrs. John W. Nelms of Atlanta, Ga., her missing daughters, Beatrice and Eloise, has been accepted. Mrs. Nelms has wired to her son that she will pay the sum asked if the ranchmen will produce the sisters. This turn of the baffling mystery case is exciting keen interest in Houston among persons convinced that the sisters were in Houston after their disappearance had been announced.

The three henchmen, whose names are withheld, have hinted, it is said, that the sisters are being held for ransom in Mexico, in a town near the Texas border. The suspicion that the girls are alive was a factor in the collapse of the case against Victor Innes, the Portland, Ore., attorney arrested in connection with the case.

It is known that Marshall Nelms inclined to the theory that his sisters were at one time on the border for several months ago he passed through Houston en route to Laredo in search of them.

\$50.00 Fleece of Mohair.

A. B. Boren passed through town Friday from Junction City where he had been after a fine billie. Mr. Boren bought the goat from Mr. W. H. Skaggs, paying \$150.00. Mr. Skaggs is to buy the fleece when sheared at \$50.00. This goat is 20 months old and has a 20-inch fleece, and ranks among the finest in Real county. A sample of the fleece can be seen at the News office.—Real County News.

A communication from some one at Hunt had to be consigned to the waste basket because the writer failed to give us his name, not necessarily for publication but as an evidence of good faith. We hope this will be a reminder to others who may send in contributions for publication. Interesting matter for the paper is always welcome but we must know who the writers are.

The good people of Reservation community met Tuesday and repaired the school house. Those in attendance were R. G. Bierschewale, T. C. Lee, Dave Maddox, A. M. Terry, Marvin Terry, Olin and Vernon Walker, John Hunt, L. H. Billings, Geo. Deuderstadt, Kiefer Billings and Arthur Terry.—Harper Herald.

KEARNEY BUTT
New and Second Hand Furniture
Big Stock of Furniture, Stoves and all kinds of Household Goods bought, sold, rented and exchanged. I have a good lot of mattresses going at a bargain. Bicycles and bicycle supplies, also second hand guns.
I Have in a Nice line of New Jewelry
which will be sold at attractive prices.
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Cleaning and Pressing

Let us call for, Clean and Press and deliver your Suit, Dress or Coat Suit. Our new process is the best. GUARANTEED SUITS, \$15 to \$50.

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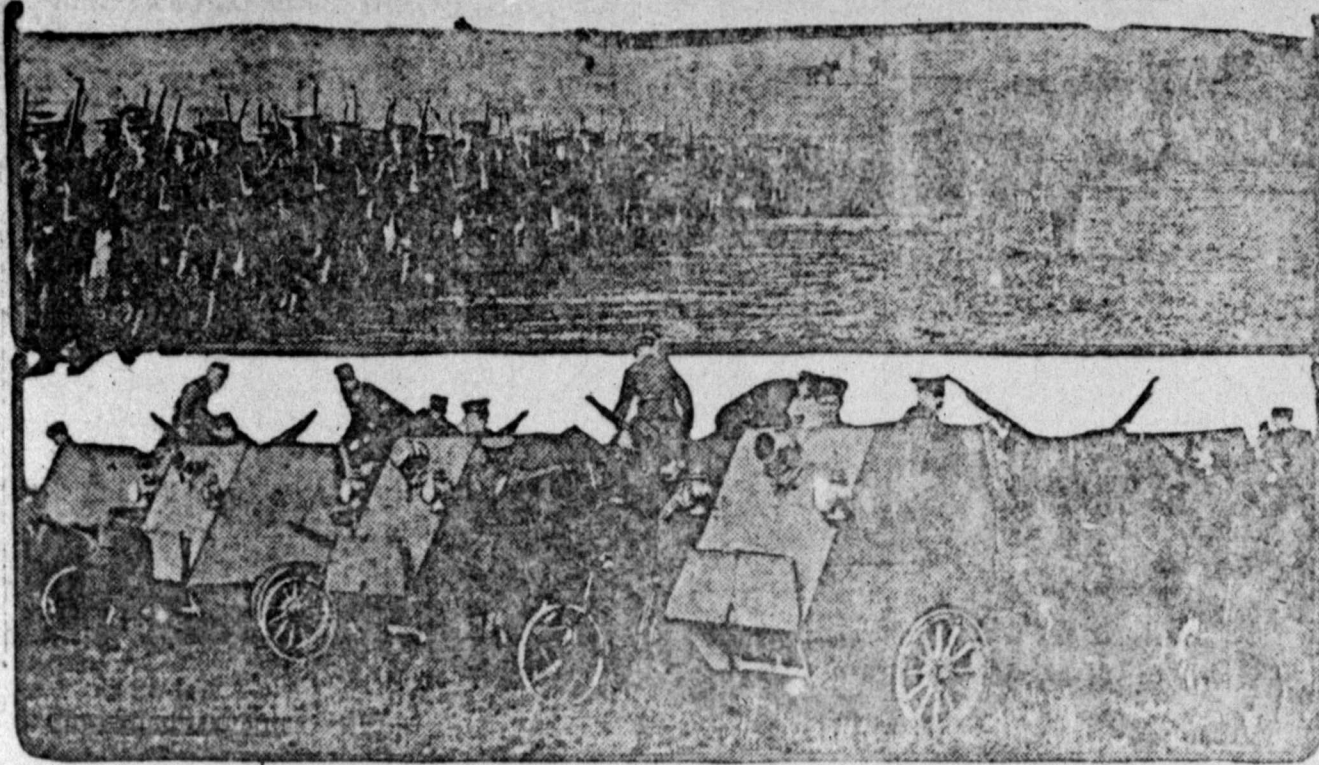
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A monthly salary and a liberal commission on each order. Salaries run up to \$250.00 per month, depending on the number of orders. This work can be done in your spare time. No investment or previous experience necessary. We furnish full equipment free.
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Everything in Jewelry and First class Repairing at Reasonable Prices.
W. R. JAY, Jeweler and Optician
WITH THE KERRVILLE DRUG CO.

CANADA'S WARRIORS NOW IN THE WAR ZONE



Part at least of the Canadian contingent is known to be at the front in Flanders and northern France. The illustration shows, above, these fighters from the Dominion marching across Salisbury Plain, and, below, some of the Canadian armored cars.

FIGHTING IN POLAND MOST DESPERATE

GERMAN AND RUSSIAN ARMIES STRIVING HARD TO OVERPOWER ONE ANOTHER.

LESS FIGHTING IN FRANCE

Holland Declines United States Aid for Refugees Now on Her Soil—The Weather Has Been Most Severe.

While comparative quiet prevails along the battle lines in Flanders and Northern France, official reports from the eastern theater of war indicate that the fighting at various points, particularly in Russian Poland, has been of a very stubborn nature.

The Russians admit that between the Vistula and the Warthe rivers the Germans continue to maintain their strongly fortified positions, although their losses are reported to have been very large. The Russians have again occupied Czernowitz and the Austrian forces have been driven from Bukovina.

Emperor William, according to Berlin advices, is at present with the German army in the east.

Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British expeditionary forces on the continent, in an official statement gives an optimistic view of the situation in France and Belgium from the standpoint of the allies. His report brings the operation only up to Nov. 29, but he concludes by saying that signs are in evidence that "we are possibly in the last stages of the battle from Ypres to Armentieres," as the German artillery fire had slackened and infantry attacks had virtually ceased.

A dispatch from Athens says that Turkey intends to sequester all religious establishments in Palestine belonging to France, Great Britain and Russia.

The German field marshal, Von der Goltz, former governor general of the captured Belgian territory, has been attached to the entourage of the sultan of Turkey.

President Wilson is expected to confer during the course of the week with Henry Van Dyke, the American minister to the Netherlands, who, it is reported, has brought back to this country a message from Queen Wilhelmina proposing a plan for neutral nations to bring peace to Europe.

General von Bissing is the new governor general in Belgium.

The president of the French republic, M. Poincare, and Premier Viviani are visiting the battle line in Eastern France.

From Vienna comes the official announcement that on the southern front the Serbians are opposing the Austrian advance by heavy counterattacks, but that the Austrians have gained ground beyond Valjevo.

While deprecating the exaggerated reports of Russian success in the battle in Northern Poland, where the German emperor has joined Field Marshal von Hindenburg to offer his advice and to encourage his troops, the latest available official reports from Russian headquarters state that the advantage in the fighting still lies with the Russian army. It is also officially said that enormous losses have been inflicted on the Germans, but no mention is made of the capture of German divisions, which has been so freely claimed by the Petrograd correspondents of London and Paris papers.

Opposed to this are the German official reports which say that the Russian attacks have been repulsed and that the German counter-attacks have been successful.

Some days must elapse before this battle, which promises to prove the most decisive of the war, is concluded. The sinking of a submarine off the coast of Scotland reminds England once more that she must expect these raiders to bob up anywhere. What this submarine risked in the water, British airmen in their Friedrichshafen raid risked in the air.

Heavy fighting is in progress in Northwestern Serbia, but snow is badly hampering the operations. The Montenegrins claim to have defeated the Austrians with great losses near Visegrad, on the Drina river.

The British admiralty announces that the collier Khartoum has been blown up by a mine off Grimsby, England. Her crew was saved.

Lloyd's reports that in addition to the British steamer Malschite, the sinking of which off Havre had been previously announced, a German submarine has sent to the bottom off Havre the British steamer Primo.

The British parliament has adjourned—the house of lords to Jan. 6 and the house of commons to Feb. 2.

At the last session of the house of commons Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, announced that in view of Great Britain's rapid construction of warships she could lose a dreadnought every month for a year and still maintain her superiority over Germany in ships.

David Lloyd-George, the British chancellor of the exchequer, announced that the British war loan of \$1,750,000,000 had been largely over-subscribed.

The former German cruiser Goeben, now of the Turkish navy, lost eleven men killed in her recent fight with the Russians in the Black sea.

The French Stock Exchange will re-open Dec. 7.

The military authorities in Petrograd, assuming that the unofficial reports of a victory are true, express astonishment that the Germans should have attacked Lodz, for they say defeat there was inevitable. The Germans who advanced from the north and south, these military observers add, doubtless intended to seize the railway between Skiermiewice and Piotrkow and interrupt communication between the northern and southern Russian armies; but Grand Duke Nicholas with the enormous number of men at his command was able to sandwich them and direct his attacks from all points except due west.

The reported failure of the German crown prince's army to advance on the Cracow-Czestochowa front is considered by these military critics as contributing to the checking of the Germans.

Except for artillery fighting the battle in the west remains virtually at a standstill, although in isolated attacks both sides claim to have made some progress. There is no indication where the next German blow is to be struck in the attempt to reach the French coast.

It is said in Petrograd that one, if not two, German corps are almost completely enveloped and that they are making a desperate effort to fight their way out to the north. Already a large number of prisoners are reported to have passed through Warsaw. This is considered in London to confirm the unofficial reports and the statement of Lord Kitchener in the house of lords Thursday, that "the reinforced Russian troops in this neighborhood have been able to check and defeat the Germans with, I believe, heavier losses than they ever sustained before."

The Russians are said to be continuing their advances through the Carpathians in Western Galicia and against Cracow, and Professor Bernard Pares, the British government's representative with the Russian headquarters staff, says the Muscovite forces are forming a half-circle around East Prussia to avoid the well-fortified and difficult Mazurian lake region. They also are declared to be operating with success against the Turks in the Caucasus.

In the war with Turkey, Russia also claims advantage. The forces which went down through the Caucasus into Turkey, which Petrograd admitted a few days ago had been compelled to retreat, are said to have resumed the offensive and to be pushing on toward Erzerum, a Turkish city near the eastern end of the Black sea. A Turkish column there was put to rout, the general staff of the army of the Caucasus announces. It states also that the Turks were defeated in two engagements in Northern Persia.

Holland Will Take Care of Destitute.

The Hague, via London.—The Dutch government has categorically declined all offers of financial aid for Belgian refugees in Holland which were recently unofficially offered by an American charity. While deeply appreciative of the generous proposal, the government says it feels that it would be incompatible with the country's honor to allow another nation or individual association to assist in this mercy work, and that Holland herself desires to provide for all these different neighbors who are afflicted by the war.

Of the million Belgian refugees who fled into Holland at the beginning of the war, 300,000 penniless ones remain. In addition there are 45,000 Belgian soldiers interned in Holland. The authorities face a grave task in concentrating former inmates of Belgian prisons, who were liberated wholesale before the Germans arrived, and are considered now a public menace.

German Army in Three Parts.

Petrograd, via London.—A review of the military operations in the last week by both sides at the rear of Lodz, as given out semi-officially, indicates that the German army under General Mackensen has been cut in three parts.

The right wing is struggling fifteen miles west-southwest of Lodz in an attempt to unite with the column sent to its assistance from Wloclaw. The center is ten miles northeast by north of Lodz and still is engaged in a desperate effort to cut its way west to rejoin the left wing, which is partially cut off from the strongest position on the Vistula. This army, the review asserts, is moving back before the Russian onslaughts, but is stubbornly disputing the Russian advance.

In this quarter the Russian advance is from Gombin, fifty miles north of Lodz. It is estimated that the centers of the three parts of the German force are at least twenty miles apart and that the middle one is acting entirely on its own initiative, being completely isolated from the others. It is said the main bodies of the German wing are maintaining a thin line of communication to the rear, extending in semi-circular shape a distance of forty miles.

England Loses Man O'War.

Sheerness, England, via London.—The British battleship Bulwark was destroyed by a terrific explosion as she lay off her station Thursday. Only fourteen of the crew of 700 or 800 men survived.

The explosion is believed to have occurred in her forward magazine. Whether it was caused by accident or design is a question to be determined by the commission which has been appointed to investigate.

In the opinion of naval men it was an internal explosion that put an end to the battleship. There was no great upheaval of water such as would have occurred if she had been torpedoed or struck by a mine. Instead, the ship was enveloped in smoke and flame and when this had cleared nothing could be seen but wreckage floating on the water.

Houses seven and eight miles away were shaken by the explosion and even before men on ships anchored nearby could reach their own decks the Bulwark had disappeared. The neighborhood was strewn with an enormous amount of wreckage, while pieces of the ship were thrown six or seven miles onto the Essex shore.

The Bulwark, which was one of the older battleships, cost \$6,000,000. Mr. Churchill, speaking in the house of commons in London concerning the disaster, said:

"The loss of the ship does not sensibly affect our military position, but I regret the loss of life, which was very heavy. Only twelve men were saved. All the officers and the rest of the crew, whom I suppose numbered between 700 and 800, perished."

Considering the size of her navy, Great Britain has been singularly free from disasters of this character. Nevertheless, when the French warship Jena was destroyed by an internal explosion in 1907 all cordite ammunition was taken from all the British ships and carefully examined

VILLA NOT EYEING PRESIDENT'S CHAIR

HE SAYS ONLY TIME CAN TELL THE SINCERITY OF HIS STATEMENT.

HE WANTS PEOPLE FREE

It is Reported Pablo Gonzales Has Proclaimed Himself President. Carranza at Vera Cruz.

El Paso, Tex.—"Time alone can prove, as it has proved so far, that I have had no ambitions regarding the presidency of my republic," General Francisco Villa says in his first official statement issued since he went south from Aguascalientes.

"My one ambition is that my people shall be free and that no tyrant, under whatever name or at the head of whatever party, may oppress them because they can not protect themselves. No one knows better than I that I am unfitted for the presidency. I do not have any aims or designs upon it.

"When peace is re-established upon a permanent basis, I intend to retire to my home at San Andreas and there enjoy the companionship of my wife. That is all I wish."

This official statement, signed by the well-known hand of Villa, was received in the mail Sunday from the south by General Tomas Ornelas. It is Villa's statement of his position.

The state department at Washington reported Sunday that General Pablo Gonzales, now at Pachuca with 8,000 troops, had proclaimed himself provisional president of Mexico. He hitherto had been regarded as loyal to Carranza.

Gonzales was one of the foremost leaders of the constitutionalist army in the campaign against Huerta.

After the Aguascalientes convention Gonzales disappeared southward with his army and his whereabouts since had been more or less of a mystery.

The reports which came from Aguascalientes threw little light upon the latest complication in the Mexican situation. It is not believed at Washington that Gonzales with his comparatively small force, will be able to interfere with the forces of Provisional President Gutierrez and General Villa for the joint triumphal entry into the City of Mexico.

Washington.—While no definite advices had been received Saturday as to the situation in the City of Mexico, administration officials credited reports that General Villa's troops had joined the Zapata forces there.

The last dispatch to the state department, dated Friday, reported Zapata men and agents of General Villa as in control of the city. All official dispatches say order is being maintained, the only looting mentioned being that of a ranch owned by an American named Hill in the outskirts.

In the same section the Spanish ambassador told Mr. Bryan several Spaniards have been reported killed. The Spanish envoy's advices were from Madrid, and while Mr. Bryan immediately telegraphed an inquiry to the Brazilian minister in the City of Mexico and American Consul Silliman, he thought the facts would have been reported by the department's representatives if the report was true.

In view of the arrival of General Carranza at Vera Cruz, Secretary Bryan wired Mr. Silliman to remain in the City of Mexico. He said he had originally ordered Mr. Silliman to join Carranza when the latter was at Orizaba, where the department had no representative. American Consul Canada at Vera Cruz will handle all negotiations of the American government with Carranza.

Vera Cruz, Mex.—General Venustiano Carranza reached Vera Cruz Thursday from Cordoba. His arrival brought thousands of enthusiastic citizens into the streets, and when he spoke from the balcony of the Municipal Palace he was greeted with loud cheers. The general will take up his official duties immediately, and from Vera Cruz, as his temporary capital, will direct the campaign against Generals Villa and Zapata.

General Carranza made the trip to Vera Cruz in the presidential train, the gaily painted equipment of which was made famous by former President Porfirio Diaz. He was accompanied by Generals Obregon and Alvarado and Luis Cabrera, Jesus Urzeta and other civilians who attained national distinction during the Madero regime. Behind General Carranza's train there came troop trains. Most of these new soldiers are of a type superior to those previously seen at Vera Cruz, and reasonably well equipped and disciplined.

Washington.—The forces of General Zapata occupied the City of Mexico Thursday night and are maintaining order, according to official telegrams from the City of Mexico dated Wednesday and received at Washington Wednesday night.

Two messages were received, one from the Brazilian minister and the other from American Consul Silliman. Both were filed in the City of Mexico Wednesday morning.

UNITED STATES SOLDIERS HOME FROM VERA CRUZ

Army Transports With Over 3,000 Soldiers and Refugees Reach Galveston on Thanksgiving Day.

Galveston, Tex.—Nosing into port through the fog and mists of a rainy Thanksgiving, four United States army transports were moored at the wharves of Galveston Thursday. They bore more than three thousand American soldiers, comprising the United States expeditionary force, back from the occupation of Vera Cruz, headed by Major General Frederick Funston, infantry, cavalry, field artillery, officers, non-coms and enlisted men all stood upon the rain-soaked decks of the big floating barracks, heedless of the driving sheets that drenched them to the skin. And when the wharves on which welcoming umbrellas sprout



MAJOR GENERAL FUNSTON.

ed mushroomlike came within their vision, cheer after cheer rose and rang across the oily gray waters of the channel.

Marked was the contrast between the home-coming and the memorable day in May, when the sun sparkled menacingly upon blood steel or glittered dully upon gunmetal helmets. But while on the day of departure the brightest weather in the world could not stem the rising of seas that racked throat after throat, the day of return proved that all weather is good weather when the heart beats in tune, for rain gusts that swept the piers could not drench the laughter that bubbled to the surface.

Farmers' Institute Dates.

Austin, Tex.—The state department of agriculture has announced farmers' institutes to be held at the following places:

- J. O. Allen—Lindale, Dec. 1; Winona, Dec. 2; Pritchett, Dec. 3; Big Sandy, Dec. 5.
- B. L. Nance—Graham, Dec. 1; Bryson, Dec. 2; Vineyard, Dec. 3; Jacksboro, Dec. 5.
- Joe E. Edmondson—Spring, Dec. 1; Conroe, Dec. 2; New Waverly, Dec. 3; Huntsville, Dec. 5.
- Wm. Connally—Sutherland Springs, Dec. 1; Stockdale, Dec. 2; Nixon, Dec. 3; Smiley, Dec. 5.
- Paul Wipprecht—Fowlerton, Dec. 3; Jourdanton, Dec. 5.
- T. A. McGalliard—Campbell, Nov. 30; Emory, Dec. 2; Point, Dec. 3; Lone Oak, Dec. 4; Greenville, Dec. 5.
- J. W. Neill—Haskell, Nov. 30; Verona, Dec. 2; Wichita Falls, Dec. 4.

She Would Starve Out All War.

Chicago, Ill.—Women should refuse to bear children until the menace of war is no more, was the suggestion Monday made by Mrs. F. W. Pettiback, Lawrence of London, a militant suffragist and a lieutenant of Mrs. Pankhurst, during an address before the Woman's City Club.

Carload of Dressed Birds Shipped.

Luling, Tex.—A carload of dressed turkeys in cold storage were shipped out of the State to market Friday. The turkeys and cattle, which have been sold within the last three weeks, have done much to relieve the financial stringency caused by the low price of cotton.

Lepus Is Discovered in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo.—Anastasio Loizos, who was found Saturday living over a cafe near the heart of St. Louis, Tuesday was pronounced a leper by the city bacteriologist in a report to the health commissioner.

Turkey Market to Reach 30,000.

Lampasas, Tex.—Two thousand five hundred turkeys have already been sold on this market, and shipments of dressed turkeys are being made daily. It is probable that 30,000 turkeys will be shipped from Lampasas this season.

West Virginia Has Disease.

Washington.—Five cases of foot and mouth disease in cattle and hogs have been discovered near Waterford, Va., in Loudon county.

Rain Saves Arkansas Forests.

Little Rock, Ark.—Reports Saturday from all parts of the state say that a heavy rain has fallen and that the forest and field fires which have raged all over Arkansas for the past week are completely extinguished.

A LONG LIST OF APPOINTMENTS MADE

ANNOUNCEMENT OF LIST OF APPOINTMENTS TO OFFICE UNDER NEW ADMINISTRATION.

LIST IS NEARLY COMPLETE

Encyclical Contains Names of Some Few Reappointments, But the Greater Majority Are New to Public Life.

Temple, Tex.—Following is a list of appointments to positions of trust and honor in the State made to date by Governor-elect Ferguson:

Assistant quartermaster general, Captain J. T. Stockton, Corpus Christi; pension commissioner, (Farmer) J. C. Jones, Burleson; state health officer, Dr. Ed. Fyke, Fort Worth. State board of health: Dr. L. W. Hollis, Abilene; Dr. C. W. Hoedlich, Houston; Dr. L. M. Weinfeld, San Antonio; Dr. Hugh L. McLaurin, Dallas; Dr. W. D. Luttler, Fort Worth; Dr. E. H. J. Childress, Gilmer, and Dr. E. M. Wood, Georgetown.

W. H. Hendrickson, appointed chief inspector of masonry, has announced the appointment of I. S. Fisher of El Paso and S. R. McCoy of Dallas as assistant inspectors.

Board of dental examiners: Dr. T. S. Cartwright, Van Alstyne; Dr. Field Farrar, Fort Worth; Dr. Earnest C. Helbeze, Houston; Dr. C. M. McCauley, Dallas; Dr. Harrison B. Cave, Dallas; Dr. A. F. Sontag, Waco.

Board of medical examiners: Dr. J. J. Williams, Limestone county; Dr. J. H. McLean, Tarrant county; Dr. A. M. McElhannon, Grayson county; Dr. John S. McCelvey, Bell county; Dr. W. B. Collins, Houston county; Dr. H. B. Mason, Bell county; Dr. S. L. Scott, Horn, Dallas county; Dr. H. C. Morrow, Travis county; Dr. T. J. Crowe, Dallas county; Dr. M. A. Cooper, Childress county; Dr. M. F. Hutencourt, Falls county.

Dr. Fyke, after conferring with Governor-elect Ferguson, announced the following appointments as quarantine officers: Dr. E. S. McCain, Brownsville; Dr. M. L. D. Jordan, Velasco; Dr. E. O. Arnold, Aransas Pass; Dr. Justus S. Davidson, Galveston; Dr. H. C. Hall, Laredo; Dr. D. H. Huffaker, El Paso.

The governor announced the following to serve on his personal staff: John Durst, Tyler; August Harthausen, Houston; Colonel F. A. Chappa, San Antonio; Lawrence Bates, Brownsville; A. L. Curtis, Belton; Colonel T. A. Coleman, San Antonio; Alvin M. Owsley, Denton; F. H. Coombs, Houston; Richard Journey, Waco; Judge Walter Timon, Corpus Christi; George S. McGee, Waco.

Dr. Fyke authorized the appointment of J. S. Davis of Jourdanton as his personal physician.

W. H. Payne, secretary of the state, announced the appointment of Robert Goodenow of Dallas as chief deputy, and Sam C. Johnson of Fannin and C. S. Beasley of Hunt county as assistant deputies; I. W. Matthews as chief clerk and A. Winn of Wylie, Collin county, as superintendent of fish hatchery at Dallas.

Bob Hoffman, newly appointed dairy and pure food commissioner, announced the following inspectors: Dr. W. H. Minton, Fort Bend; Richard Hudson of Collin, Mrs. C. L. Darwin of Cooke county and R. L. Malone of Travis county.

J. C. Jones, the newly appointed pension commissioner, announced the appointments of Phillip D. Lisner of Harris county as chief clerk and Miss Ella Bassiet of Bastrop as stenographer.

Penitentiary commission, J. H. Bickett, San Antonio.

Mr. McKay, next secretary of state, announced the following appointments, which complete the staff of his office: Assistant bookkeeper, A. W. Townsend; charter clerk, Miss Nellie Atkinson; stenographers, Miss Bonnie Boyd and Miss Meta Schutz; clerks, John M. Durst of Austin and Walter Acker of San Antonio; executive clerk, Roy West of Refugio.

Controller-elect H. B. Terrell Saturday announced seven additional appointments for his department, as follows:

Rudolph Weinert, son of former Senator and ex-Secretary of State F. C. Weinert, is to be first assistant auditor.

Preston Ivy of Hillsboro is named as clerk to index basement records.

Kit Robison, appointed as one of the general clerks, is a newspaper man.

W. L. Stewart, another general clerk, is a union printer and also a publisher.

Mrs. Nettie D. King of San Antonio, an employee of the present controller, is to be retained.

J. L. S. Dibrell of Seguin is appointed a general clerk.

Winchester Shipped 3,000 Turkeys.

Winchester, Tex.—A carload and a half of turkeys were shipped out from Winchester, containing 3,000 fine birds. The price paid farmers was 10½ cents per pound.

Farmers Join Co-Operative Marketing.

Belton, Tex.—The farmers of Keys Valley, who have organized for co-operative marketing, will in a few days ship a carload of hogs to the Fort Worth market.

The Land of Broken Promises

A Stirring Story of the Mexican Revolution

By DANE COOLIDGE

CHAPTER XXVII—Continued.

By the signs the land ahead was full of bandits and adroves, men to whom human life was nothing and a woman no more sacred than a brute.

So in a sheltered ravine they sought cover until it was dark, and while Gracia slept, the heavy-headed Bud watched the plain from the heights above.

As he watched he dreamed of a home in which this woman now sleeping beside him was the queen.

When she awoke and found him nodding Gracia insisted upon taking his place. Now that she had been refreshed her dark eyes were bright and sparkling, but Bud could hardly see.

The stars were all out when he awoke, startled by her hand on his hair, but she reassured him with a word and led him up the hill to their lookout.

By daylight there had been nothing to suggest the presence of men.

"Who do you think they are?" asked Gracia in an awed voice. "Insurrectors?"

"Like as not," muttered Bud, gazing from encampment to encampment. "But whoever they are, we've got to go around them."

"And if we can't?" suggested Gracia. "I reckon we'll have to go through them," answered Hooker grimly.

"Let the sentries get to sleep," he went on, half to himself. "Then, just before the moon comes up, we'll try to edge around them, and if it comes to a show-down, we'll ride for it! Are you game?"

He turned to read the answer, and she drew herself up proudly. "Try me!" she challenged, drawing nearer to him in the darkness.

"The first fires were far ahead, but they proceeded at a walk, their horses

rest falling silently upon the sodden ground. Not a word was spoken and they halted often to listen, for others, too, might be abroad.

The braying of burros came in from the flats to the right and as the fugitives drew near the first encampment they could hear the voices of the night guards as they rode about the horse herd.

This was their opportunity. If they were to get through that line of sleeping men it must be done by stealth. Should they be discovered it would mean one man against an army to protect the woman, and the odds, great as they were, must be taken if need be.

It was approaching the hour of midnight, and as their horses twitched restively at the bits they gave them the reins and rode ahead at a venture.

At their left the last embers of the fires revealed the sleeping forms of men; to their right, somewhere in the darkness, was the night herd and the herders. They lay low on their horses' necks, not to cast a silhouette against the sky, and let Copper Bottom pick the trail.

With ears that pricked and swiveled, and delicate nostrils snuffing the Mexican taint, he plodded along through the greasewood, divining by some instinct his master's need of care.

"Who goes there?" he mumbled, swaying sleepily above his gun, and Hooker reined his horse away before he gave him an answer.

"None of your business," he growled impatiently. "I am going to the pass." And as the sentry stared stupidly after him he rode on through the bushes, neither hurrying nor halting until he gained the trail.

"Good luck!" he observed to Gracia, when the camp was far behind. "He took me for an officer and never saw you at all."

"No, I flattered myself on my pony," answered Gracia with a laugh. "He thought you were leading a pack horse."

"Good," chuckled Hooker; "you did fine! Now, don't say another word—because they'll notice a woman's voice—and if we don't run into some more of them we'll soon be climbing the pass."

They had passed through some perilous moments, but Gracia had hardly realized the danger because of the assurance of Hooker, who was careful not to frighten her unnecessarily.

The warning moon came out as they left the wide valley behind them, and then it disappeared again as they rode into the gloomy shadows of the canyon.

In the east the dawn began to break and they spurred on in almost a panic. The Mexican paisanos count themselves late if they do not take the trail at sunup—what if they should meet some straggling party before they reached the pass?

Bud jumped Copper Bottom up a series of cat steps; Gracia's roan came scrambling behind; and then, just as the boxed walls ended and they gained a level spot, they suddenly found themselves in the midst of a camp of Mexicans—men, saddles, packs, and rifles, all scattered at their feet.

"Buenos dias!" saluted Bud, as the blinking men rose up from their blankets. "Excuse me, amigos. I am in a hurry!"

"A donde va? A donde va?" challenged a bearded man as he sprang up from his brush shelter.

"To the pass, senor," answered Hooker, still politely, but motioning for Gracia to ride on ahead. "Adios!"

"Who is that man?" followed the bearded leader, turning furiously upon his followers. "Where is my sentinel? Stop him!"

But it was too late to stop him. Bud laid his quirt across the rump of the roan and spurred forward in a dash for cover. They whisked around the point of a hill as the first scattered shots rang out; and, as a frightened sentinel jumped up in their path Bud rode him down. The man dropped his gun to escape the fury of the charge and in a mad clatter they flung themselves at a rock-slide and scrambled to the bench above. The path was rocky, but they pressed forward at a gallop until, as the sun came up, they beheld the summit of the pass.

"We win!" cried Bud, as he spurred up the last incline.

As he looked over the top he exploded in an oath and jerked Copper Bottom back on his haunches. The leader of a long line of horsemen was just coming up the other side—there was no escape—and then back at the frightened girl.

"Keep behind me," he commanded, "and don't shoot. I'm going to hold 'em up!"

He jumped his horse out to one side and landed squarely on the rim of the ridge. Gracia drew her horse in behind him and reached for the pistol in her holster; then both together they drew their guns and Bud threw down on the first man.

"Go on!" he ordered, motioning him forward with his head; "pr-r-ronto!" He jerked out his rifle with his left hand and laid it across his lap.

"Hurry up now," he raged, as the startled Mexican halted. "Go on and

keep a going, and the first man that makes a break I'll shoot him full of holes!"

He sat like a statue on his shining horse, his six-shooter balanced to shoot, and something in his very presence—the bulk of his body, the forward thrust of his head, and the burning hate of his eyes—quelled the spirits of the rebels.

It was just such an army as was overrunning all northern Mexico, such an army as had been laying tribute on the land for a century. They spread terror throughout all that great country south of the American border.

The fiery glances of the American made them cringe as they had always cringed before their masters, and his curses turned their blood to water. He towered above them like a giant, pouring forth a torrent of oaths and beckoning them on their way, and the leader was the first to yield.

With hand half-raised and jaw on his breast he struck spurs to his frightened mule and went dashing over the ridge.

The others followed by twos and threes, some shrieking, some protesting, some gazing forth villainously from beneath their broad hats. As they looked back he whirled upon them and swore he would kill the first man that dared to turn his head.

After all, they were a generation of slaves, those low-browed, unthinking braves, and war had not made them free. They passed on, the whole line of bewildered soldiery, looking in vain for the men that were behind the American, staring blankly at the beautiful woman who sat so courageously by his side.

When the last had gone by Bud picked up his rifle and watched him around the point. Then he smiled grimly at Gracia, whose eyes were still round with wonder, and led the way down the trail.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

The high pass and the insurrection were behind them now and the rolling plains of Agua Negra were at their feet. To the northeast the smoke banners of the Gadsden smelters lay like ribbons across the sky, and the line was not far away.

Yet, as they came down from the mountains, Bud and Gracia fell silent and slackened their snatching pace. The time for parting was near, and partings are always sad.

But ten miles across the plain lay Gadsden and Phil—Phil to whom Gracia was promised. There had been no thoughts of him from the time they sat together under the horse-blankets waiting for the rain to pass until now that the dangers were virtually over, and but a short time more would place them beyond the reach of either rurales or rebels.

Bud thought of the duty he owed his partner, even though that partner had played him false. Great as was his longing for Gracia, he could not forget that duty. Their companionship had been but a thing to forget if he could, or at best he could only remember the sweetness of it, and must forget the dreams he had dreamed as he watched beside Gracia in the hills. He was taking her to Phil, and all else must be sacrificed for duty.

Bud looked far out across the valley to where a train puffed in from the south, and the sight of it made him uneasy. He watched still as it lay at the station and, after a prolonged stare in the direction of Agua Negra, he reined sharply to the north.

"What is it?" asked Gracia, coming out of her reverie.

"Oh, nothing," answered Bud, slumping down in his saddle. "I see the railroad is open again—they might be somebody up there looking for us."

"You mean—?"

"Well, say a bunch of rurales." He turned still farther to the north as he spoke and spurred his faded horse on. Gracia kept her roan beside him, but he took no notice, except as he scanned the line with his bloodshot eyes. He was a hard-looking man now, with a rough stubble of beard on his face and a sullen set to his jaw. As two horsemen rode out from distant Agua Negra he turned and glanced at Gracia.

"Seems like we been on the run ever since we left Fortuna," he said with a rueful smile. "Are you good for just one more?"

"What is it now?" she inquired pulling herself together with an effort. "Are those two men coming out to meet us? Do you think they'd stop us?"

"That's about our luck," returned Hooker. "But when we dip out of sight in this swale here we'll turn north and hit for the line."

"All right," she agreed. "My horse is tired, but I'll do whatever you say, Bud."

She tried to catch his eyes at this, but he seemed lost in contemplation of the horsemen.

"Them's rurales," he said at last, "and heading straight for us—but we're come too far to get caught now. Come on!" he added bruskiy, and went galloping up the swale.

For two miles they rode up the wash, their heads below the level of the plain, but as Bud emerged at the mouth of the gulch and looked warily over the cut bank he suddenly reached for his rifle and measured the distance to the line.

"They was too foxy for me," he muttered, as Gracia looked over at the approaching rurales. "But I can stand 'em off," he added, "so you go ahead."

"No!" she cried, coming out in open rebellion. "Well, I won't leave you—that's all!" she declared, as he turned to command her. "Oh, come along,

Bud!" She laid an impulsive hand on his arm and he thrust his gun back into the sling with a thud.

"All right!" he said. "Can't stop to talk about it. Go ahead—and stay the hide off of that roan!"

They were less than a mile from the line, but the rurales had foreseen their ruse in dropping into the gulch and had turned at the same time to intercept them. They were pushing their fresh horses to the utmost now across the open prairie, and as the roan lagged and faltered in his stride Bud could see that the race was lost.

"Head for that monument!" he called to Gracia, pointing toward one of the international markers as he faced their pursuers. "You'll make it—they won't shoot a woman!"

He reached for his gun as he spoke. "No, no!" she cried. "Don't you stop! If you do I will! Come on!" she entreated, checking her horse to wait for him. "You ride behind me—they won't dare shoot at us then!"

Bud laughed shortly and wheeled in behind her, returning his gun to its sling.

"All right," he said, "we'll ride it out together then!"

He laid the quirt to the roan. In the whirl of racing bushes a white monument flashed up suddenly before them. The rurales were within pistol-shot and whipping the mad to head them. Another figure came flying along the line, a horseman, waving his hands and motioning. Then, riding side by side, they broke across the boundary with the ballet rurales yelling savagely at their heels.

"Keep a going!" prompted Hooker, as Gracia leaned back to check her horse; "down into the gulch there—the rurales are liable to shoot you!"

The final dash brought them to cover, but as Bud leaped down and



Gracia Watched Them With Jealous Eyes.

took Gracia in his arms the roan spread his feet, trembled, and dropped heavily to the ground.

"He'll be all right," soothed Bud, as Gracia still clung to his arm. Then, as he saw her gaze fixed beyond him, he turned and beheld Philip De Lancy.

It was the same Phil, the same man Bud had called partner, and yet when Hooker saw him there he stiffened and his face grew hard.

"Well!" he said, slowly detaching Gracia's fingers and putting her hand away.

As Phil ran forward to greet them he stepped sullenly off to one side. What they said he did not know, for his mind was suddenly a blank; but when Phil rushed over and wrung his hand he came back to earth with a start.

"Bud!" cried De Lancy ecstatically, "how can I ever thank you enough! You brought her back to me, didn't you, old man? Thank God you're safe—I've been watching for you with glasses ever since I heard you had started! I knew you would do it, partner; you're the best friend a man ever had! Bud—say, come over here a minute—I want to speak to you."

He led Hooker off to one side, while Gracia watched them with jealous eyes, and lowered his voice as he spoke.

"It was awful good of you, Bud," he whispered, "but I'm afraid you've got in bad! The whole town is crazy about it. Old Aragon came up on the first train, and now they're wired that you killed Del Rey. By jove, Bud, wasn't that pulling it a little strong? Captain of the rurales, you know—the whole Mexican government is behind him—and Aragon wants you for kidnapping!"

"What's that?" demanded Gracia, as she heard her own name spoken.

Bud looked at Phil, who for once was at a loss for words, and then he answered slowly.

"Your father is down at the station," he said, "looking for you."

"Well, he can't have me!" cried Gracia defiantly. "I'm across the line now! I'm free! I can do what I please!"

"But there's the immigration office," interposed Phil pacifically. "You will have to go there—and your father has claimed you were kidnapped!"

"Ha! Kidnaped!" laughed Gracia, who had suddenly recovered her spirits. "And by whom?"

"Well—by Bud here," answered De Lancy hesitatingly.

Gracia turned as he spoke and surveyed Hooker with a mocking smile. Then she laughed again.

"No, but seriously!" protested De Lancy, as Bud chuckled hoarsely. "You can't cross the line without being passed by the inspectors, and—well, your father is there to get you back."

"But I will not go!" flung back Gracia.

"Oh, my dear girl!" cried De Lancy, frowning in his perplexity, "you don't understand, and you make it awful hard for me. You know they're very strict now—so many low women coming across the line, for—well, the fact is, unless you are married you can't come in at all!"

"But I'm in!" protested Gracia flushing hotly. "I'm—"

"They'll deport you," said De Lancy, stepping forward to give her support.

"I know it's hard, dear," he went on, as Bud moved hastily away, "but I've got it all arranged. Why should we wait? You came to marry me, didn't you? Well, you must do it now—right away! I've got the license and the priest all waiting—come on before the rurales get back to town and report that you've crossed the line. We can ride around to the north and come in at the other side of town. Then we—"

"Oh, no, no!" cried Gracia, pushing him impulsively aside. "I am not ready now. And—"

"Mr. Hooker," she began, walking gently toward him, "what will you do now?"

"I don't know," answered Hooker bluntly.

"Will you come with us—will you?" "No," said Bud, shaking his head slowly.

"Then I must say good-by!" She waited, but he did not answer. "You have been so good to me," she went on, "so brave, and—have I been bravo, too?" she broke in pleadingly.

Hooker nodded his head, but he did not meet her eyes.

"Ah, yes," she sighed. "You have heard what Phil has said. I wish now that my mother were here, but—would you mind? Before I go I want to—give you a kiss!"

She reached out her hands impulsively and Hooker started back. His eyes, which had been downcast, blazed suddenly as he gazed at her, and then they flitted to Phil.

"No," he said, and his voice was lifeless and choked.

"You will not?" she asked, after a pause.

"No!" he said again, and she shrank away before his glance.

"Then good-by," she murmured, turning away like one in a dream, and Bud heard the crunch of her steps as she went toward the horses with Phil. Then, as the tears welled to his eyes, he heard a resounding slap and a rush of approaching feet.

"No!" came the voice of Gracia, vibrant with indignation. "I say no!" The spat of her hand rang out again and then, with a piteous sobbing, she came running back to Bud, halting with the stiffness of her long ride.

"I hate you!" she screamed, as Phil came after her. "Oh, I hate you! No, you shall never have the kiss! What if Bud here has refused it, will I give a kiss to you? Ah, you poor, miserable creature!" she cried, wheeling upon him in a sudden fit of passion. "Where were you when I was in danger? Where were you when there was no one to save me? And did you think, then, to steal a kiss, when my heart was sore for Bud? Ah, coward! You are no fit partner! No, I will never marry you—never! Well, so then! And hurry! Oh, how I hate you—to try to steal me from Bud!"

She turned and threw her arms about Hooker's neck and drew his rough face down to her.

"You do love me, don't you, Bud?" she sobbed. "Oh, you are so good—so brave! And now will you take the kiss?"

"Try me!" said Bud.

THE END.

WORLD'S WONDER IN OREGON

Hottest Springs on Earth Said to Have Been Located Seventy Miles From Portland.

Springs hot enough to cook beans and boil eggs in three minutes have been found within a short distance of Portland, Ore. They are on the Clackamas river, 30 miles south of Estacada and 70 miles from Portland.

These springs are 50 in number, and one throws out a stream seven inches in diameter. The springs have been known to the Indians for many years. A French half-breed named Michel Arquette, a trapper, hearing an old Indian of the Molalla tribe speak of hot springs this side of the range, made an investigation and found them.

The springs are supposed to be the hottest in the world—220 degrees. Beans have been cooked in the larger spring with the same dispatch as on a stove. Eggs, encased in a mesh of any kind, have been cooked in three minutes. Even fish have been caught in the Clackamas river and without being taken off the line have been dropped into the spring and in a very brief time cooked to a turn.

The waters come from solid rock and are strongly impregnated with salts, but not of sufficient strength to make the taste objectionable.

Many stories are told by the Indians with regard to the wonderful properties of these springs and they have been known to cross the mountains from the reservation on the other side to bathe in the waters of the "Big Hole," as they call it.

Prefer loss before unjust gain; for that brings grief but once; this forever—Child.

TEXAS NEWS CONDENSED

Work on the new Harvey house being constructed by the Santa Fe at Brownwood is now almost finished.

Vernon has dedicated her new three-story brick school building. The building cost \$17,000.

The Hardin County Abstract company of Beaumont has been chartered, capital stock \$5,000.

J. O. Payne, a merchant of San Augustine, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy, giving his liabilities at \$101,620.44 and his assets at \$73,148.59.

The Denton hotel, sample-room, barn and servant's house, the Christian church and a large barn, burned at New Boston. Total loss about \$8,000.

A total of 193 Thanksgiving pardons have been issued by Gov. Colquitt instead of 75, as reported a few days ago.

Claims filed against the city of Fort Worth during the last year amount to nearly \$1,000,000. Half of this amount represents the damages asked by farmers and land owners in the vicinity of Lake Worth reservoir.

The Richardson school board has received from the contractors their new brick two-story school building. The house has been under construction since last May and cost \$15,000, with \$2,000 for furnishings.

The temperature at Denton one day last week registered 28 at 7 a. m. and 66 at 4 p. m.; the coldest day of the season and the warmest for November.

Farmers of Jefferson county, Okla., and business men of Waurika, are discussing the advisability of trying to induce a cotton factory to locate in Jefferson county, and immediate steps will be taken along that line.

The annual meeting of the Central West Texas Poultry association will be held in Stamford Nov. 25-28. Besides the main cash prizes given by the merchants and business men of Stamford, four handsome loving cups will be given away.

The task of overhauling the water system of Big Springs was started and improvements costing \$25,000 will be carried out. The improvements consist of 8,000 feet of 8-inch mains, 17,000 feet of 6-inch mains and the installation of fire hydrants on every second block throughout the city.

Two million dollars worth of property was destroyed in Galveston when the Sunset elevator, near the Southern Pacific docks, and owned by the Southern Pacific Terminal company, with its contents of nearly 1,000,000 bushels of wheat, was destroyed. The fire was one of the most disastrous that has visited the Galveston water front in many years.

The trustees of the Michael Mougher hospital fund have advertised for bids for the construction of a hospital building at Texarkana. The estimated cost of the structure is anywhere from \$100,000 to \$125,000.

A. H. Hanson, secretary of the state fire insurance commission, held another consultation with Assistant Attorney General Curton relative to the new tax to be levied on fire insurance policies, amounting to one-half of 1 per cent of the premium paid thereon. The question has arisen as to who will pay this federal war tax, whether it will be paid by the policyholder or the insurance company selling the policy.

Amth is selected for the next meeting place and Nov. 18 as the time for the next Baptist General convention by the convention in session in Abilene.

Shipping postoffice officials declare that never before in the history of the city has the postal business increased in such rapid proportion as it is now. Every month's receipts exceed the former, with indications that the months of November and December will be the greatest ever known.

The new plant of the Texas Power and Light company, one of the largest in the southwest, which will furnish electrical energy for places 100 miles from Waco in all directions, will soon be ready for occupancy.

An increase of 15c in ocean freight rates to Barcelona—a jump from 85c to \$1—is announced by steamship companies operating out of Galveston. The increase was expected, since the rate to other ports advanced some 30 days ago.

Pipe with which to lay the gas pipe lines to Corsicana and Waco has arrived at Mexia. The line to Waco will use 10-inch pipe, that to Corsicana 8-inch pipe.

The sixty-sixth annual session of the Baptist state convention convened in Abilene. Dr. S. F. Brooks was elected president, succeeding Dr. R. C. Buckner. M. H. Wolfe, of Dallas, J. D. Sandifer of Abilene, and O. S. Latimore of Fort Worth, were elected vice presidents.

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S. A. & A. P. Time Table

| Daily No. 41 | Daily No. 43 | Daily No. 42 | Daily No. 44 |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 5 05 P. M. | 8 10 A. M. | Lv. San Antonio Ar. | 9 05 A. M. 6 55 P. M. |
| 6 24 " | 9 33 " | " Boerne " | 7 40 " 5 45 " |
| 6 56 " | 10 07 " | " Waring " | 7 10 " 5 14 " |
| 7 15 " | 10 25 " | " Comfort " | 6 50 " 4 55 " |
| 7 35 " | 10 46 " | " Center Point " | 6 30 " 4 35 " |
| 8 15 " | 11 35 " | Ar. KERRVILLE Lv. | 6 00 " 3 45 " |

Public School Honor Roll.

Ending of third month of Tivy High School.

FIRST GRADE—Bennie Smith, Ruth McCoy, Thomas Roebuck, Cecile Provine, Elbert Jacoby, Valdes Wardlow, Addison Buckner, Eunice Smith, Sallie Robbins, Annie Saenger, Lois Fawcett, Fronia Wheeler, Otha Lewis, Ella Heiman, Genevieve Hagens, Nadine Odom, Lillie Ramsey, Boyd Love, Roy Saucier, Ruth Baxter, Margaret Morriss, Theresa Everheart, Albert Carraway.

SECOND GRADE—Eggerton Robb, Anabelle Council, Roy Leazar, Leon Wilson, Margaret Everheart, Lucile McCoy, Alice Moore, Arthur Dietert, Dora Saenger, Gladys Speights, Milton Hanson, Herman Rees, Inez McLean, Theima Kelly, Lucile Taylor, Davie Kirkland, Alton Pierce, Robert Holliman, Dick Ford, Ida Dell Hamilton, Milton Coleman.

THIRD GRADE—Ora Wheeler, Lillie Lewis, Atra B. Provine, Velna Spence, Ona Elam, Noreen Dunn, Mamie Krueger, Ruth Mosty, Willie Ray Jay, Charles Grona, Leslie Hansen, Milton Dietert, Rieffert Noll, Conway Word, Chester Baxter, Eloise Terry.

4th Grade, Sec. 1—Ruby Christian, Robert Hagens, Charles Horne, Clara Kuykendall, Marshal Leazar, Maggie Lowrance, Frank Lowry, Ella McRae, Clarence Mosel, William Rawson, John Saucier, Eva Staudt, Virginia Cranford, Myrtle Dietert.

4th Grade, Sec. 2—Lucile Ford, Minnie Dietert, Annie Enderle, Mary Bruton, Bertha Haag, Reuben Clapp, Raymond Fisk.

5th Grade, Sec. 1—Louie Wilson, Street Hamilton, Charles Wesch, Bruce McGee, Charley Sherman, Elmer Palmer, Inez Leinweber, Erna Saenger.

5th Grade, Sec. 2—Norma Walther, Pauline Kirkland, Lucy Word, Catherine Bagwell, Lois Spence, Marguerite Henke, Bonnie Lee Wells.

6th Grade, Sec. 1—Emmie McKee, S. B. Ford, Lydia Raaz, Doris Peterson, Mildred Saucier, Clarence Mit-

tanck, Herbert Wheeler.

6th Grade, Sec. 2—Vera Robb, Lillian Benson, John Hamlyn, Clifton Lowry, Ida Mae Utterback.

7th Grade, Sec. 2—Bessie Biehler, W. C. Fawcett, Alois Remschel, Mary Davidson, Marcus Auld, Joe Horne, Ernest Beckman, Jesse Grinstead.

8th Grade—Milton Gold, Reuben Provine, Mamie Heimann, Katherine King, Laura Henke, Lillie Provine, Matilda Flach.

9th Grade—Helen Dietert, Bonnie Hicks, Rosita Holdsworth, Margaret Pearson, Lillian Sutton.

10th Grade—Leah Hayes.

Half Million Pounds Wool Goes to Auction

(Special Telegram to the Express) San Angelo, Tex., Nov. 29—More than 500,000 pounds of fall clip wool is to be offered for sale to the highest bidder at auction next Tuesday by the Wool Growers' Central Storage Company. About 100,000 more pounds is expected to arrive there as soon as the roads will permit its hauling. The other wool commission men here will likely sell their holdings at private sales.

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For Sale—160 acres 6 miles from Center Point, 11 miles from Kerrville, school and postoffice 1 1/4 miles away. 37 acres cultivation, 25 more tillable; 5 acres good sub-irrigated truck land. All in sheep proof fence. Good well, small house and barn. Price \$3,750. Terms on part. See Kerrville Advance.

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