

The Weekly Sentinel.

BY GILES M. HALTOM

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VOLUME XXI

NACOGDOCHES, TEXAS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1920.

No. 33

Man Up, Paint Up and Paper Now

Let us figure with you on your painting and papering. We carry one of the best stocks of Wall Paper and Paints in town and can satisfy your tastes.

The longer you wait the more it will cost you. Don't wait for prices to go down. There's no prospect of it.

Come in and figure with us before buying.

Swift Bros. & Smith, Inc.

PHONES 56 AND 57

FEEDING LIVESTOCK

C. H. Deabler, County Agent

The cow has a large paunch and requires considerable time for rumination and for that reason best results are obtained when they are fed twice daily. Feed the hay, roots, silage, etc., after milking as the hay fills the air with dust, while silage, turnips, cabbage and other feeds with marked odors are liable to taint the milk if given immediately before or during the time of milking. It is good practice to feed the grain while milking the cow.

Cows should be fed and milked at regular intervals by the same person and all conditions should be maintained as nearly uniform as possible at all times. Remember also that kind treatment will have its effect on the milk yield.

The best and most practical dairymen generally agree that she will produce the most milk annually when she is dry from six to eight weeks before calving than she will if milked continuously. In order to avoid injury to the udder the cow should be dried off gradually. It is well to milk her out once daily for a few days, not stripping the udder clean, then milk her out but once every two days for the next four days, after which the interval is lengthened to once a week, until the cow is practically dry. In order to insure a good flow of milk the cow should be in good condition before freshening, but care and judgment should be exercised as to not give her too much concentrates of a heating or constipating nature. Just previous to calving time the cow should be fed a slightly laxative ration such as alfalfa hay, corn silage and about two or three pounds of wheat bran daily during the winter months. When the cow is allowed to run on a good pasture during the spring and summer no other attention is necessary, since a good pasture grass furnished the most desirable feed for a dairy cow at this period. The greatest care should be exercised in feeding the cow during the first month after calving, since the annual production of the cow depends to a large extent upon the feed and care she receives during this time.

The amount of concentrates should be small at first and increased gradually at the rate of 1/4 pound every other day until the full allowance is reached, since heavy feeding immediately after calving is apt to lead to digestive disturbances and frequently to a swollen and inflamed udder. The feeds at this time should consist of silage, alfalfa, pea or peanut hay, wheat bran, cotton seed meal, or ground oats. In case of a badly inflamed udder the grain ration should be withdrawn altogether.

Following is a list of balanced rations that have proven successful, and are available to almost every dairyman. Three rations are figured on the basis of a 1,000 pound cow giving about 2 1/2 gallons of milk a day. By increasing or decreasing the amounts it will be easy to give the cow the amount of feed needed according to the amount of milk she

gives, the amount given one cow may be too much or too little for another.

Ration No. 1.

Peanut vine hay with nuts 15lb
Maize heads ground 10lb

Ration No. 2.

Peanut hay 10lb
Sorghum hay 10lb
Cotton seed meal 3lb
Wheat bran 3lb

Ration No. 3.

Cotton seed hulls 10lb
Peanut hay 12lb
Cotton seed meal 3lb
Wheat bran 3lb

Ration No. 4.

Alfalfa hay 10lb
Johnson or sudan grass 10lb
Cotton seed 5lb

Next week we will discuss the feeding and care of the dairy calf.

CARD FROM MR. PRINCE

To the Voters of Nacogdoches County.

I want to make one more appeal to each and every voter in our county for your influence and vote next Saturday, August 28, in my race for district clerk. You will remember that I was the leading candidate for that office in the first primary and no man could appreciate your help in the run off primary more than I will.

Thanking those again who supported me before and earnestly soliciting the support of all in the primary next Saturday, I am,

Yours truly,
Ivan R. Prince.

18-1dw.

"THERE'S NO MONEY IN IT."

The financial support expected to be extended to the Dallas Symphony Orchestra by the city administration came to naught when the matter was laid before the Park Board and a prominent (?) member remarked, with a simian shrug, "there's no money in it." This action on his part was not wholly unexpected, as on another occasion he remarked that he favored grand opera and the segregated district for the same reason—each brought money to the city. It is to be regretted that esthetic strabismus and unresponsiveness to the higher appeals of life should be permitted to impose a handicap upon an enterprise as worthy and as meritorious as a symphony orchestra.

"There's no money in it."
There was no money in it, yet gallant souls went down on the Tuscany, with a song on their lips.

"There's no money in it."
There was no money in the adventure to France, from which thousands of our boys will never return, yet they went.

There is comfort, however, in knowing that the withholding of support will in nowise affect the ultimate destiny of either Mr. Fried or his organization; perhaps the next city administration will present a new personnel. In the meantime numerous clubs and civic organizations, as well as individuals, are assuring the orchestra of financial and moral support and the season is promising.—From "The Musical," Dallas.

Tennessee Ratifies Suffrage Amendment

Nashville, Tenn., August 18.—Tennessee, the thirty-sixth state, ratified the federal suffrage amendment today by a vote in the house of 49 to 47. The senate ratified the amendment last Friday. Chairman Walker, in an attempt to have the action reconsidered,

changed his vote to "aye," giving ratification of 50 to 46. Walker is thus privileged to call up the resolution for reconsideration at any time within the next two days. Adjournment was made until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

OPPOSES INDEPENDENCE

Honolulu, T. H., August 18.—The independence of the Philippines before the next 25 years is opposed as "a crime of the first magnitude" by Representative Randall from California, a member of the congressional party touring the Orient, who has arrived here on his way to the United States. He said it was the unanimous verdict of the party that the islands are not yet ready for independence. He said the thoughtful men are in semi-terror at the prospect of the Japanese domination of Siberia, Crina, Korea and the Philippines if the United States releases them. Mr. Randall urges that prohibition be extended to the Philippines.

RUSSIANS ON THE RUN

Paris, August 18.—The Polish counter-offensive, with Thorn as its base, has successfully cleared the Danzig Corridor of Russian troops, says a report from the French mission in Poland. The Polish forces are still driving eastward.

Peace Terms Announced

Moscow, August 18.—The Russian soviet peace terms were read to the Polish delegates at the first meeting at Minsk yesterday. The Polish answer will be delivered today.

HARDING IN MINNESOTA

Chicago, August 14.—Senator Harding will speak at the Minnesota State Fair at Minneapolis on September 8, Senator New, chairman of the republican speakers' bureau, announced today. The dates and places of other speeches have not yet been set.

POLES OUTNUMBERED

Washington, August 12.—The Polish forces defending Warsaw are outnumbered about two and a half to one. Comprehensive details regarding the bolshevik military organization received here place the strength of the soviet army on the Polish front at 350,000 men. The strength of the Poles has been estimated at 140,000.

AMERICANS ARE WINNERS

Antwerp, Belgium, August 16.—Frank Loomis of the Chicago Athletic Club won the final 400 meter hurdles in the Olympic games. The first three places all went to Americans.

Paddock of the Los Angeles Athletic Club won the final in the 100 meter event, with Kirksey of the Olympic Club of San Francisco second, Scholz of the Missouri University fifth and Murchison of the New York Athletic Club sixth.

CLOSING IN ON WARSAW

London, August 16.—The Russians are pushing the fight for Warsaw and are within a dozen miles of the capital on the northeast, it was indicated in a Moscow official statement Sunday, received here today.

PLEA FOR SUFFRAGE

Raleigh, N. C., August 13.—Declaring that women should have "the right to speak when the issue is whether or not the world shall henceforth be ruled by reason and righteousness or by blood and iron," Governor Bickett in a special message called upon the legislature to "accept the inevitable and ratify the woman suffrage amendment."

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Ross of Mt. Enterprise were visitors in the city Monday.

TRYING TO COMPROMISE

Cleveland, Ohio, August 15.—B-tuminous coal operators of the Central Competitive Field, in refusing the miners' demand for \$2 a day increase for day and monthly men and 10 cents a ton for pick and machine mining, offered the miners a proposition agreeing to correct the seeming inequality in the present contract by advancing the wages of the day and monthly men to the equivalent of the Coal Commission's award to pick miners by giving day and monthly men an increase estimated at from 35 to 72 cents a day.

The operators will consider no other demands made by the miners, including 10 cents per ton asked for pick and machine mining. The miners received the operator's reply in a joint conference with the scale committee, which unanimously rejected the proposition.

CONDITIONS OF RECOGNITION

Mexico City, August 17.—President Wilson is ready to recognize the Mexican government if it agrees to the terms set forth in the proposal of Secretary of State Colby, according to a message sent to President de la Huerta from Fernando Calderon, Mexican High Commissioner to the United States, who is now at the Mexican capital, says the Excelsior today. Secretary Colby's proposition was (1) that American lives and property shall be respected; (2) indemnities shall be paid to foreigners who suffered during the revolution; (3) that Carranza decrees found to be confiscatory shall be derogated.

Performance Instead of Promises

Washington, August 17.—The three proposals given in Mexico City dispatches precedent to recognition of the present Mexican government are "only a few of the conditions announced by this government," State Department officials said True, the three conditions named are included, but "performance instead of mere promises," is put above all other conditions. Recognition has not even been promised Mexico under any conditions, it was authoritatively stated today. The State Department is inclined to await developments and to see how stable a government the new regime is able to establish.

BALL PLAYER KILLED

New York, August 17.—Raymond Shapman, shortstop for the Cleveland Americans, was struck in the head by a ball thrown by Pitcher Carl Mays in yesterday's game with New York and died at St. Lawrence hospital today. He never regained consciousness after the operation at midnight, when a portion of the fractured skull was removed by surgeons.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION

Paris, August 13.—Premier Venizelos of Greece, who was wounded when fired upon Thursday by two Greeks, spent a good night and is in no danger, his physicians announced today. They are to extract the bullet from his left shoulder this afternoon.

FOSTERING NATIONALISM

London, August 13.—The news is that a number of bolshevik units on the Dunanburg front are flying the old Russian colors, white, red and blue, which is taken to confirm the report that the bolshevik idea is to foster the nationalist spirit among the troops.

Claude Muckleroy is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Muckleroy.

NEFF-BAILEY DEBATE PROVES INTERESTING ONE

Saturday night at the courthouse fully 500 met to hear the discussion of the respective merits of Neff and Bailey, candidates for governor. The debate was staged between Judge S. W. Blount and Hon. John T. Garrison. The discussion lasted about two and one half hours, and all during its course enthusiasm ran high on both sides.

The first speaker was Mr. Garrison, who defended Mr. Bailey in detail, and told the audience that no more fit man for governor could be found. He defended Mr. Bailey's war record, his official record, which he said was beyond reproach, said that Mr. Bailey was a real man and not a sissie, and last of all he was a real Jeffersonian and Jacksonian democrat. All through the course of his speech he was vigorously cheered by the Baileyites, who seemed to very greatly enjoy what he was saying.

At one time in his speech Mr. Garrison said "I will give any man \$100 to get Mr. Neff's approval of Governor Hobby's action of sending troops to Galveston." A voice in the audience quickly rang out in defiance, "Yes, and I'll give you \$1,000 if you can get Mr. Bailey to approve the national democratic platform!" The Neffites cheered loudly and vigorously.

When Judge S. W. Blount appeared before the audience the Neffites almost went into a frenzy with enthusiasm. Prolonged cheering almost deafened the crowd.

Mr. Blount began by saying that he knew nothing of the speech which he had been appointed to make; that it was all Mr. Garrison's work; but since he had been asked to reply to Mr. Garrison's Baileyite talk, he would try to do the best he could. He told an amusing anecdote at the expense of Mr. Garrison, and wound it up by saying "John must not get mad now if he made 'John' a goat before he got through with him."

Mr. Blount commenced by replying directly to some of the things said by Mr. Garrison. He took a hot-shot at Bailey's war record, denounced his official record, and said that Mr. Bailey's race for governor of Texas "was like a drowning man catching at a straw." He said that Bailey was against everything that was constructive. Mr. Blount said that all of the women were against Mr. Bailey and "that Joe was against all the women." He said that Mr. Bailey did not make one liberty loan speech, neither did he make a speech in defense of the Red Cross during the war. Mr. Blount defended Mr. Neff, his graduated land tax idea, and the other principles which contribute to the making up of Mr. Neff's platform. Loud cheering occurred throughout Mr. Blount's speech, much to the displeasure of the Baileyites, some of whom left the house during the speech.

Mr. Garrison had a twenty minute rejoinder in which he made some cutting replies to what Mr. Blount had said. That Baileyites appreciated what he said was evidenced by their almost constant cheering, which could be heard many plocks from the scene of the speaking. Both gentlemen fought for their respective political heroes with a vim, vigor and adherence to clean fighting that won the admiration of the crowd. No abusive personalities were indulged in, and the discussion was enjoyed by all.

The debate came about as the result of a challenge of the Baileyites for the Neffites to meet them at the courthouse Saturday night to have a discussion of the respective merits of the two candidates for governor. The circulars bearing this challenge were distributed over town. The Neff supporters quickly accepted the challenge.

At the courthouse, Superintendent R. F. Davis took charge of the preliminaries, presented Mr. Middlebrook, who in turn presented the audience with both Mr. Blount and Mr. Garrison.

Both sides of the conflict claim a victory as the result of the debate Saturday night, and all seem to be well pleased with the manner in which the speeches were carried on. Numerous women and girls were present at the speaking, and frequently they joined in the applause which occasionally almost deafened the crowd.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT ORPHANS HOME

Word has just reached Nacogdoches that fire destroyed one of the main dormitories of the Presbyterian Orphan's Home at Albany, Texas, making 150 children, most of them girls, homeless and without clothes, bedding and comforts. These children are now being cared for in some homes, a school building and any other structures that will keep them from rains and the weather. The Presbyterians are rapidly taking up offerings to replace this burned building with a \$150,000 fireproof structure. But this will take time, and meanwhile the little fellows are needing help. As we take children who are orphans without regard to race or religion—any needy children—and as this is the work of that Lord who said "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these ye have done it unto me," I am going to ask the good people of Nacogdoches to help us at once. We need clothing for girls of all ages, shoes, towels, sheets, quilts, bedding, and in fact everything that a child needs. We also need money. All those who have good clothing, bedding or shoes, etc., can send them to Mr. F. S. Aikman's office at the Mahdeen Company where they will be packed and sent forward by express. If you cannot deliver the things, phone to Mrs. J. R. McKinney and she will be delighted to call or send for them. Send money or preferably checks made payable to the Treasurer, "Presbyterian Orphan's Home," by mail to me or hand to any bank in the city or to Mr. J. R. McKinney.

M. C. Johnson.

TEXAS WAR SAVINGS

Dallas, Texas, August 16.—While the population of Texas has not yet been announced by the census bureau, the Savings Division of the United States Treasury has notified Dinsmore W. Hume, Federal District Director, that the people of Texas own, in war savings securities, an average of 16 cents per person. "The figures given are for July 1 of this year," said Mr. Hume, "consequently it is something more at this time. The people of this state have reason to be proud of the record, as it is very high compared with that of other states in the union."

THE GORGAS FUNERAL

Washington, August 16.—Final respects were paid by official Washington to the late Major General William C. Gorgas, former surgeon general of the army, who died recently in London. Officers of the army and navy, prominent government officials and representatives of the various nations gathered at the church of the Epiphany for the funeral. Among the honorary pall bearers were Secretary Baker, Major General March, the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court and the chairman of the senate and house committees on military affairs. The military pall bearers were General Pershing, Major Generals Tasker H. Bliss, Leonard Wood and Enoch Crowder and Surgeon General Cummings.

AUSTIN'S POPULATION

Washington, August 13.—The following populations were announced by the census bureau today:
Austin, 34,876, an increase of 5,016, or 16.8 percent.
Ranger, 16,205, incorporated since 1910.

Mr. S. B. Dorn, son of Mr. Dorn, who is vice president of the St. Clair Oil Company, one of the largest oil companies in the United States, closed Tuesday afternoon a deal in this county involving 6,000 acres of land. Mr. Dorn will ship three rigs here immediately to begin drilling operations. It is his intention to have 50 wells completed in this county by Christmas. He will do both deep and shallow drilling.

FOR SALE—Small house and lot on Fredonia Hill. Must be sold within the next few days. Also pair of mules and wagon. See E. L. Lock, Phone 228.
17-5dlw

WEEKLY SENTINEL
PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR.
BY GILES M. HALTOM

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Associate Justice, Court of Civil Appeals, Ninth District.
W. B. O'QUINN.
For District Judge 2nd Judicial Dist.
JUDGE L. D. GUINN.
For District Attorney 2nd Judicial Dist.
W. B. BATES.
For Representative.
W. E. THOMASON.
For District Clerk.
J. F. CASH.
IVAN R. PRINCE.
For County Judge.
J. M. MARSHALL.
For Tax Collector.
D. W. (Darwin) BUCHANAN.
J. C. MELTON.
For County Clerk.
PHILIP SANDERS.
J. F. PERRITTE.
For Tax Assessor.
CLYDE SHOFNER.
C. S. (CHARLIE) BAKER.
For Sheriff.
G. W. L. WOODLAN.
T. G. VAUGHT.
For County Superintendent.
MISS EXIER M. LEWIS.
For County Treasurer.
J. F. FLOYD.
For Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1.
F. D. HUSTON.
For Constable Precinct No. 1.
C. M. W. (Wade) WALTERS.
For Commissioner, Precinct No. 1.
G. A. BLOUNT.
For Public Weigher, Precinct No. 1.
J. L. MULLINS.
For Commissioner Precinct No. 4.
HERMAN SEALE.
LINK A. MOSS.

TROOPS IN GALVESTON

You have wondered how the military forces were managed and just what the duties were in Galveston. I will try to tell you something of that in the following.

To begin, the main camp, which is Camp Ed Hutchings, is on the sea wall, just in sight of Fort Crockett, where the Coast Artillery is stationed. This camp, like any other camp, has its conveniences and inconveniences. The inconveniences are quite a bit less noticeable now than they were when we first got there, but still they remain; some of them are the camp guard, the K. P. (kitchen police) duty, reveille, and the many other camp duties and restrictions.

Some of the conveniences are the camp medical corps, to mark its patient's quarters, which means no work for twenty-four hours, the mess call, retreat, the Y. M. C. A., and an occasional pay day. One special convenience is that the boys can take a dip in the Gulf of Mexico daily, undisturbed, except by the crabs, and free of charge, a privilege for which thousands of dollars are spent each year by the vacationers of Texas and the surrounding states.

The city was at first divided into four districts, in which were established small camps called outposts, one, two, three and four. Every twenty-four or forty-eight hours troops were sent to these camps. Patrols of four men were sent out every two hours for the purpose of dispersing the crowds that might gather on the streets and quelling any disturbance that might arise.

These small camps were conducted as the large camps except on a smaller scale. They did not take all the men so the large camp was used as a reserve.

These smaller camps all have been disbanded except the one on the docks where the most trouble is likely to occur.

There is a military post, or M. P., headquarters which now has charge of both civil and military jurisdiction of the city. The headquarters is now in the police station.

The M. Ps., of military police, work eight hours and rest sixteen hours. They each have a certain post which they patrol every time they are on duty and have the same duties as a regular policeman.

Now, back to the main camp. I will try to give more details of the work there. It begins at five thirty each morning and ends at about the same time in the afternoon with retreat. As soon as the physical exercises are over, though immediately after reveille, the boys grab their mess kits and "fall in for chow" in a line that seems a mile long.

After chow the tents have to be cleaned, then they have the drill, which is a little hard at times. Then comes dinner, and just afterwards all arms and other equipment has to be cleaned. More drilling until five thirty when retreat is sounded, which means the day's work is ended. Supper is ready by that time, and as soon

as it is eaten, the boys amuse themselves with boxing, wrestling matches, a dip in the Gulf, or a visit to the Y. M. C. A., where they can read, write or play games, watch the movies or sing, until eleven o'clock when taps is sounded which puts every body "to bed" on their cots, except the fellow who is on guard. Then the worst time of his job is at hand because everything gets quiet and he gets sleepy, and wants to quit his post and sit down and take a little nap.

SAFEGUARDING THE PRIMARY

In order to prevent republicans and American party members from participating in the run off primary, County Chairman Walthall will issue a warning to each of the presiding officers which will include the following resolutions adopted at a recent meeting of the State Democratic Executive committee:

"Whereas, There are other intangible evidences of deliberate schemes to have republicans and members of other parties to participate in the Democratic run off primary, August 28th;

Therefore, be it resolved by the State Democratic Executive Committee that all lawful efforts shall be made by the election officers to prevent this prostitution of our democratic primaries, and that the chairman of this committee be authorized and required to issue to all election officers in this state suitable warning against this and other schemes to debauch the primaries and directing them to use every lawful means to prevent members of other political parties from participating in the democratic primaries in violation of law, including the administration to those of doubtful party standing and requiring them under oath to state that they are democrats and will support the nominees, and that whenever there is evidence at hand that any such person has sworn falsely, such persons be reported to the prosecuting officers for appropriate action."

For the information for all our citizens will state that the election laws were amended by the last legislature to this extent: "It is unlawful for anyone to assist any voter in the preparation of his ballot unless the said voter be beyond the age of sixty or is physically unable to mark his own ballot. No other language except English is permitted to be used anywhere near the ballot box."

There is a very heavy penalty for any one connected with the holding of the election to do any sort of suggestion directly or indirectly, as to who any person should cast their ballot for.

The officials connected with the holding of these primaries would very greatly appreciate the co-operation of the patriotic voters of this county to the end that we have an honest, lawful democratic primary participated in only by genuine democrats who pledge themselves without and mental reservation whatever, to support the national, state and county nominees of this democratic primary.

THE U. S. ARMY

We have now established the best educational and trade schools in the country. It is the endeavor of the army to turn back to civil life after his enlistment a better and more efficient citizen. Following this principle, all branches of the service have now in operation an educational and trade school. A complete reference library is provided in connection with each trade for the specific use of students and the day's routine of instruction is so allotted so as to give ample time for study. Do you know that two million dollars is appropriated each year to carry out this educational project, and that the citizens of Nacogdoches pay their part? Now, the army recruiting office is here for the purpose of enlisting the Nacogdoches citizens so that they may receive in return the splendid benefit which the army guarantees. See us at the City Hall, you need to know about this. I need five colored men for Douglass, Arizona.

Recruiting Officer.

BODY OF SOLDIER BOY WILL ARRIVE FROM FRANCE

Mr. W. B. Bates is in receipt of a letter announcing that the body of James Denny, a Nacogdoches soldier boy who died in France, will arrive about August 20, and it is suggested that the American Legion take charge of arrangements and accord him a military funeral.

In this connection it has been suggested that a separate lot be provided for the graves of the boys who died overseas in the service for their country, and that all of the dead from Nacogdoches, of whom there are twelve, we are informed, be in-



Beauty Secrets for Women
A woman's fondest hope is to stay young. She often resorts to paints, powders and cosmetics to hide her years. Some women pay large sums to so-called "Beauty Doctors" in the belief that money will buy youth. Others wear girlish dresses, thinking they can fool the world about their age. But no one is deceived. The more you try to hide your age, the more it shows. There is but one thing that holds old age back, and that is health. Sickness and weakness bring old age early in life. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a building-up medicine for women. It makes them healthy and strong when they suffer from women's troubles. It keeps them looking young by keeping them well. It is a woman's tonic for the frail, the delicate and those who are nervous, dizzy and who have backache and dragging pains. Favorite Prescription is altogether vegetable and without a particle of alcohol. It is safe to take. Try it now. In tablet or liquid form at all druggists, or send 10c for trial package of the tablets to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y.

ferred in this lot, and the proposed monument be erected thereon. This plan seems to be meeting with general favor, and we hope it will be carried out. It is hoped there will be no difficulty in obtaining the consent of the relatives of the dead soldiers to this arrangement. The name of each soldier would be carved upon this monument, thus giving a perpetual memorial to his patriotism and sacrifice. It is fitting that those who fought together should lie in their long sleep together.

ATTENTION, EX-SOLDIERS!

The army recruiting office, City Hall, has now a limited supply of forms for the Victory Medal, and will gladly prepare and forward yours. All medals are made to order in the factory at Philadelphia and mailed to you. President Wilson was the first of the 4,800,000 veterans to get his medal as commander-in-chief of the army and navy and as an A. E. F. gold stripe, he pinned on his medal while the secretary of war presented him, and wears it, he declares, with pride. Secretary of War Baker stated in the presentation that this was the first medal struck from the dies, so get in line for yours. We know that the circular bit of bronze designed to commemorate America's part in the World War has long been postponed, but now through the courtesy of the Army Recruiting Office the Nacogdoches heroes' Gold Star mothers and wives can, within a few days after application, possess this honorary emblem. Have your discharge when applying.

Recruiting Office and Post Commander American Legion.

RESISTS LABOR'S ULTIMATUM

London, August 16.—Lloyd George, replying to a question in the house of commons concerning the labor ultimatum against war with Russia, declared that any attempt to dictate the policy of the government by industrial action struck at the root of the democratic constitution of the country and would be resisted by all the forces at the government's disposal.

Mrs. J. C. Neeland and the children returned to their home in Shreveport Monday after a visit with Mrs. Neeland's father, Mr. D. Rulfs.

INVENTIVE GENIUS ROBS CALOMEL OF NAUSEA AND DANGER

Doctors' Favorite Medicine Now Purified and Refined from All Objectionable Effects. "Calotabs"—the New Name.

What will human ingenuity do next? Smokeless powder, wireless telegraphy, horseless carriages, colorless iodine, tasteless quinine—now comes nauseless calomel. The new improvement called "Calotabs" is now on sale at druggists. For biliousness, constipation and indigestion the new calomel tablet is a practically perfect remedy, as evidenced by the fact that the manufacturers have authorized all druggists to refund the price if the customer is not "perfectly delighted" with Calotabs. One tablet at bedtime with a swallow of water—that's all. No taste, no nausea, no griping, no salts. By morning your liver is thoroughly cleansed and you are feeling fine, with a hearty appetite. Eat what you please—no danger—go about your business. Calotabs are not sold in bulk. Get an original package, sealed. Price, thirty-five cents.—(adv.)

FARMERS' MEETING ENDS IN MUCH ENTHUSIASM

The meeting of Nacogdoches county farmers here Wednesday at the office of the Nacogdoches Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of organizing a farmers' bureau was a great success. About 150 farmers from various parts of the county were present, and 111 gave in their names as charter members of the organization. Secretary H. L. McKnight made the farmers a talk which explained the farmers' bureau, and told just why such an organization was needed in this county.

He told the farmers present how a bureau would help them ask for and receive better prices for their products. In his talk, Mr. McKnight stressed co-operation, telling the farmers that the business men of the city were anxious to join hands with the farmers in an effort to get better prices for the farm products. Mr. McKnight gave some striking examples of loose organization or no organization, one in particular which involved some watermelons which were brought to the city for market some time ago, and which had to be sacrificed at "any sort of a price." He pointed out that if the farmers' organization has existed at the time a market would have already been provided and the melons would have been sold at a top price.

Mr. McKnight especially stressed the point that if the farmers must put out their brains, their money, and their labor of they wanted to succeed. "Just as long as we are willing to go along on a fifteen-cent basis, that is just how long we are going to be unorganized and unable to get just what we ask for," said Mr. McKnight. Later on he said, much to the merriment of those present, "If there is any man who says that farmers won't stick," and here Mr. McKnight imitated the whine of the chronic groucher, "I want some of you good old fellows to assist me in throwing him out of the crowd without opening the screen." The applause from the farmers was pronounced and they seemed to wholeheartedly indorse the sentiment expressed by Mr. McKnight.

To show that the right spirit was prevalent at the meeting, at its close 111 of the farmers gave in their names as charter members at \$10 per member. An organization committee was appointed, and it will be the duty of this committee to put on campaigns of organization throughout the county. The national organization of the farm bureau will send next Sunday to Texas four of its best men to promote interest in Texas. Mr. McKnight wired Wednesday afternoon to the state secretary of the farmers' bureau that Nacogdoches county must have one of the men.

The paper has not the space to give all of the interesting facts connected with the meeting, but suffice to say that it was a great success.

Those giving in their names were: Committee on Organization—H. L. McKnight, D. L. Campbell, Appleby; H. W. Birdwell, Chireno; L. C. Hanks, Nacogdoches, Rt. 2; Tom Maroney, Nacogdoches, Rt. 2; G. W. Carnes, Nat; J. N. Grimes, Oak Ridge; W. A. Cureton, Swift; W. W. Baker, Swift; C. H. Deabler, Nacogdoches; W. H. Gray, Chireno.

Nacogdoches—J. Thos. Hall, C. D. Justice, W. J. Clevenger, W. S. Hornbuckle, J. C. Melton, Lewis Montes, John Rordrigues, Lee Cordova, J. P. Pena, J. H. Burrows, W. H. Lovelace, Bob Campbell, Willie Campbell, R. L. Richards, J. M. Jones, J. S. Looney, W. C. McBee, J. W. Smith, J. W. Hutson, Lee J. Murphy, D. W. Riden, Jim C. Campbell, R. J. Fuller, G. T. Dean, Virgil J. Jones, Arthur M. Jones, W. H. Walker, C. Gaston, J. P. Clevenger.

Nacogdoches, Rt. 1—H. Burrows, R. N. Burrows, W. B. McKnight.

Nacogdoches, Rt. 2—W. E. Jones, Will Burrows, J. F. Chandler, L. C. Hanks, F. G. Briley, J. D. Burrows, Tommie Brewer, H. G. Lilly, B. F. Hardy, E. L. Cureton, I. D. McBee, W. B. Jordan, T. J. Maroney.

Nacogdoches, Rt. 3—J. H. Scott, Leonard Whitehead, J. N. Grimes.

Nacogdoches, Rt. 4—J. R. Jordan, J. W. Johnson, W. H. Taylor, J. F. Goodwin, W. W. Steed, S. B. Parrish, H. W. Spradley.

Swift—J. L. Hargis, W. F. Medford, G. I. Hargis, Hampton Rudd, S. T. Lambert, J. H. Battle, W. W. Baker, W. H. Rudd, B. D. Pace, T. W. Bentley, W. F. Yoes, W. C. Cureton.

Martinsville—P. H. Smith, J. S. Smith.

Chireno—T. A. Long, B. A. Bridges, H. Teutsch, R. E. Mettauer, A. E. Baker, H. Wedgeworth, E. A. Rhodes, W. P. Pace, George M. Hale, W. H. Gray, H. H. Little.

Melrose—J. O. Holt, P. K. Koonce, E. N. Matthews, G. C. Sullivan, J. W. Garrett.

Mahl—G. R. Reece, Latham Wells, Appleby, Rt. 1—Jeff Chandler, D.



Give your Horses a Chance

How are you getting more milk from your cows or more pork from your hogs? Isn't it by balancing their rations?

Then why not give your horses the same chance? They deserve it, and will deliver the results.

You can save money by selling your grains and feeding Purina O-Molene. It is not a stock medicine, but a special preparation of oats and corn that produces wonderful results.

Two thirds of a ton of O-Molene goes further in actual feeding than a ton of oats or corn. Call us and let us tell you how to feed, and name your prices.

Sold in checkerboard bags only, by



GOLSBERRY BROS.

E. Wheeler, N. W. Palmer, J. E. Pleasant, J. A. Chandler, T. B. Springer, G. M. Mills.
Appleby—A. N. Deen, A. C. Reeves, D. A. Campbell, S. A. Mills.
Woden—Joe Heaslet.
Douglass—C. A. Partin.
Garrison—A. J. Stokes, W. O. Strode.
Camp Pershing—M. G. Holland.
Cushing—J. L. Nicholson, O. C. Baker, J. H. Partin, H. Partin, V. V. McCuiston, C. M. Johnson.
Nat—G. M. Karnes, N. M. Beavers.

TO DRILL DEEP TEST

Mr. L. A. Frederick of Frederick, Weatherly & Co. was a caller at the Sentinel office Thursday and gave out some rather important oil news. He stated that the machinery for drilling the deep test well on the Mrs. Strode place, half a mile east of Appleby, has arrived and work will begin as soon as it can be set up. The big well to supply water for the drilling outfit has been completed and water is now available in ample abundance.

The contract to drill this test well was awarded to McCrary & Ramsey of Denver, Colo., who are experienced well men, and the work will be pushed to completion as fast as men and machinery can accomplish it. The contract calls for a depth of 3,500 feet, unless oil is struck at a lesser depth. Frederick, Weatherly & Co. were four months in securing drillers adequately equipped to undertake the work.

This is the only deep test in the county so far planned, and the contractors give it as their opinion that a good flow of oil will be secured, basing their judgment upon the surface indications.

WAR VESSELS MOVING

Washington, August 16.—The armored cruiser Pittsburg and a destroyer have been ordered to the Baltic sea to protect American interests there. The vessels are now at Cherbourg, France. They will proceed immediately to Russian waters.

OLDEST JUNIOR COLLEGE IN EAST TEXAS

Alexander College

JACKSONVILLE, TEXAS

Why you should attend Alexander College:

1. Alexander College is a CLASS A PLUS Junior College doing four years high school and two years college work fully credited anywhere.

2. Alexander College offers the best instruction in the literary department, piano, voice, pipe organ, expression, shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, agriculture, home economics, etc.

3. Alexander College has fine buildings, modern equipment, library of more than 2200 volumes, excellent laboratories, best athletics under expert coaches, grants First Grade Teacher's Certificates, has M. A. graduate teachers, splendid Christian environment.

4. ALEXANDER COLLEGE GIVES INDIVIDUAL ATTENTION TO EACH STUDENT, HAVING ONE TEACHER TO EVERY TEN STUDENTS.

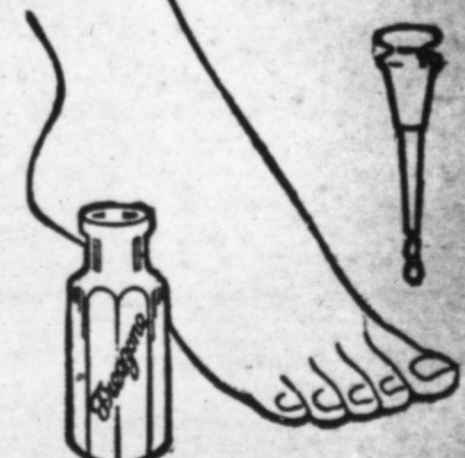
State your case and write for catalogue.

Early room reservation necessary.

R. G. BOGER, A. M. President.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.



With your fingers, you can lift off any hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from the bottom of feet.

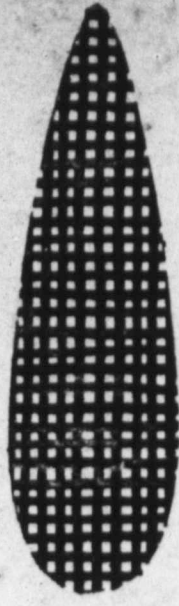
A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly!



Keep Your Battery Young

The only tonic any battery needs is a little charging now and then. Square treatment and a drink of water once a week go a long way toward keeping it in tip-top shape.

You can be sure your battery is new when you get it if it has Threaded Rubber Insulation—the kind selected by 136 manufacturers of passenger cars and motor trucks.



Nacogdoches Battery Co
Corner Main and North Streets
TELEPHONE No. 8



RAT EXTERMINATION PROCLAMATION

Whereas, under Sec. 3 of the proclamation by the Governor of Texas requiring all coastal and border towns fifty miles inland of the Sabine river borders, and under the order of G. W. Goddard, M. D., state health officer, for the state of Texas, of date August 14, 1920, declaring the city of Nacogdoches to be within the borders prescribed in said proclamation, ordering the extermination of rats and rodents in such towns and cities; and

Whereas, the city council of the City of Nacogdoches has unanimously ordered a campaign of rat extermination to begin at once in compliance with and the order of the shrdushrdiu the proclamation of the governor and the order of the state health officer; and

Whereas, Dr. George T. Latham, City Health Officer of the City of Nacogdoches, acquiesces in the proclamation of the governor, the order of the state health officer and the order of the city council of the City of Nacogdoches and joins them and each of them in said order.

Now, therefore, I, V. E. Middlebrook, Mayor of the city of Nacogdoches, in obedience to said orders, hereby call upon the citizenship, each and every individual, man, woman and child, of the City of Nacogdoches to

begin immediately a campaign of complete rat and rodent extermination in the City of Nacogdoches, directing them to follow the instructions promulgated by the state board of health and the city health officer and to so continue a concerted action until the rats and rodents in the City of Nacogdoches shall have been exterminated.

V. E. Middlebrook,
Mayor of the City of Nacogdoches.
J. R. McKinney,
Attest:

J. R. McKinney,
Secretary of the City of Nacogdoches.

COX WHACKS REPUBLICANS

Wheeling, W. Va., August 14.—Governor Cox opened fire on the republican opposition, charging its leadership with "attempted trickery" of the American people in opposing the league of nations and conducting a campaign behind a "smoke-screen" to secure partisan spoils, that "a powerful combination of interests is now attempting to buy government control," and that millions and millions were now being raised in campaign contributions. The governor launched his attack in an address to the West Virginia Democratic Convention, and it was his first vigorous assault on the republicans, which will be followed tonight by another address to the general public.

NO SYSTEM CAN BEAT BANK

But a Certain Old Lady Surely "Threw a Scare" Into the Monte Carlo Authorities.

Lord Rosslyn, and other frequenters of Monte Carlo, who are said to be racking their brains to invent a system to "break the bank," may as well save themselves the trouble, for, as M. Blanc, founder of the gaming tables, once truly said: "Red wins sometimes, black often, but Blanc (white) always, and in defiance of every system human ingenuity can devise."

"There never has been a system," the directors said to an interviewer not long ago, according to London answers, "which has given us a moment's anxiety—save one, and that one 'system' was the discovery of an old lady who had frequented the tables for years. She had noticed that at roulette certain numbers always followed each other. Thus, if the croupier spun with the number nine opposite him, 26 was certain to be next; and if zero was in the same position, 32 would surely follow. After checking her observations day after day, she began to play, and won—won in all 900,000 francs, breaking the bank three times. The officials were in despair. M. Blanc was summoned from Paris, and, as a desperate resource, he persuaded the old lady to part with her secret for 70,000 francs down.

"The secret was absurdly simple after all. The roulette wheel had become warped by the heat, and was not quite round, so that when spun from a certain point, it invariably stuck at a certain other point."

TURKISH MOSQUE ON WHEELS

Enabled Pilgrims to Mecca to Conduct Their Devotions While on Way to Holy City.

The "chapel railway coaches, with seating accommodation for 90, now fitted to certain long-distance expresses in America, are not entirely a novelty.

A "mosque car" used to be run on the railway built 15 years ago between Damascus and Mecca the capital being subscribed mainly by pious Mussulmans. All the rest of the rolling stock was obtained from countries outside Turkey, but the mosque car was built in Constantinople.

It was externally distinguished by a minaret about eight feet high projecting from the roof; the walls were inscribed with verses of the Koran, and at one end a large compass was hung, indicating the direction of the holy city.

Pilgrims to Mecca were thus able to conduct their devotions with full pomp and ceremony during the three days' journey from Damascus.—London Tit-Bits.

Electricity to Locate Oil

New uses for electricity are constantly appearing. One of the latest is the detection of crude oil in the earth instead of boring for it. It is stated that crude petroleum has been located electrically in the shallow oil field near Corsicana, Tex., and that further tests are being made around Burkburnett. A series of batteries is used for the test, the negative terminal being connected to a wire which is dropped into a dry waterhole, valley or indentation, and the positive terminal being connected to a "hand wire," which is used to make contact at various points on the surface of the field investigated. It is stated that the higher electrical resistance of oil compared with other constituents of the earth, permits it to be located by the reduced deflection of a sensitive instrument in the circuit.

Pulp Yields 20 Commodities

Twenty commodities manufactured from near-silk made from the pulp of fir, spruce and hemlock are being exhibited by the West Coast Lumbermen's association in Portland, Ore. The exhibit was prepared in the United States forests products laboratory of the University of Wisconsin and is being sent to all parts of the country for inspection. The commodities include silk cloth, silk stockings, gunpowder, paper absorbent (a substitute for absorbent cotton), paper bagging, rope and twine, linoleum, shingles, reed fiber for furniture and matting, paper lath, rug yarn, paper webbing and phonograph records.—Indianapolis News.

War Brides Awary

Incompatibility of American and French customs has caused 12,000 of approximately 50,000 French war brides to return to France, according to Mrs. Reginald H. Johnson, president of the recently organized L'Espoir Franco-American club in Pittsburgh. The club, formed at the suggestion of Mile. Odette de Bouglon of Paris, who was in Pittsburgh recently, is expected to broaden the interests of French girls who became the brides of Americans overseas, and to make them contented in their new homes.

Pictures Show Effects on Tires

Slow motion pictures of the type that have amused movie fans by slowing down swiftly moving bodies to the point where every action may be analyzed have been utilized by a tire company for a scientific study of just what happens when a heavily loaded motor-truck climbs a curb, drops off an elevation or bumps over a railroad track. This is the first time this very valuable form of photography has been used by a tire company. Among the questions the pictures will aid in solving are the effects of heavy blows on highways, trucks, loads and tires.

20 Per Cent Discount on Tire Chains

We are reducing our stock of large Chains and are offering for a limited time only a discount of 20 per cent from the following list prices.

Sizes listed here are subject to a 20 per cent discount:

WEED		RID-O-SKID	
32x3 1-2	\$5.50	32x3 1-2	\$2.80
31x4	6.00	31x4	3.50
32x4	6.00	32x4	3.60
33x4	6.50	33x4	3.70
34x4	6.95	34x4	3.85
34x4 1-2	7.50	34x4 1-2	4.00
35x4 1-2	7.95	35x4 1-2	4.15

Shop Early and Avoid the Rush

BEN T. WILSON

Sales

FORD

Service

A BANQUET AT APPLEBY SUNDAY MUCH ENJOYED

Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Tillery at Appleby a most enjoyable dinner was given in honor of the visit of Miss Lillie Burrows, who has been for some time in San Antonio. About 44 people were present at the dinner, and all report a splendid

time. In the afternoon ice cream and watermelons were served as refreshments. Those present were W. D. Burrows and family, Clayton Blake and family, Lynn Blake and family, Bennett Baks and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. McKnight, R. W. Tillery and family, Mrs. Leroy Morris and daughters, Misses Alcine and Elizabeth of Brownsville; Mrs. Bud Hill, Miss

Julia Hill, Miss Maggie Phillips of Rusk, Mrs. Fears and son, Leroy; Mrs. Troutman, Mrs. John Strode and daughter, Alma.

Judge V. E. Middlebrook will be unable to make any more speeches for Pat M. Neff on account of having to be out of the county.

Don't Throw Your Dollars Away

just because they are worth about fifty cents if spent now

Deposit them in the Stone Fort National Bank and in a few years they will be worth more than their present purchasing power.

It is the SPENT dollar that is CHEAP--The SAVED dollar is still VALUABLE.

Stone Fort National Bank

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$150,000

L. L. STURDEVANT
President.

L. B. MAST
Cashier

It's a cinch to figure why Camels sell!



You should know why Camels are so unusual, so refreshing, so satisfying. First, quality—second, Camels expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos which you'll certainly prefer to either kind smoked straight!

Camels blend makes possible that wonderful mellow mildness—yet all the desirable body is there! And, Camels never tire your taste!

You'll appreciate Camels freedom from any unpleasant cigarette after-taste or unpleasant cigarette odor!

For your own satisfaction compare Camels puff by puff with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes for 20 cents; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Neff For Governor

IN THE WAKE OF THE CAMPAIGN

"Mr. Bailey says, 'The sympathy talk for the tenant farmer should stop.' It is well to enlighten Mr. Bailey, to remove the mist from his eyes, the load of misinformation from his mind. Mr. Bailey often quotes Jefferson or from the writing or state papers of Jefferson. It is an exquisite pleasure for the Record to submit this Jeffersonian gospel on the land question to its readers. Mr. Bailey should place it in his scrap book. In a letter to Rev. James Madison, October 28, 1795, the illustrious Virginian wrote:

"Another means of silently lessening the inequality of public property is to exempt all from taxation below a certain point and to tax the higher portions of property in geometrical progression as they rise. Whenever there is in any country uncultivated lands and unemployed poor, it is clear that the laws of property have been so far extended as to violate natural right. It is none too soon to provide by every possible means that as few as possible shall be without a little portion of land. The small land holders are the most precious part of the state."

As the Record understands it, the tenant farmer is not asking for sympathy; the tenant farmer is neither a mendicant, nor a beggar, standing before Mr. Bailey, hat in hand, asking for alms or his crumbs of comfort.

All the tenant farmer asks is an opportunity to become a landed man, a small farmer, a home owner. Mr. Jefferson stated an immortal truth in his letter to Mr. Madison.

It is up to the former senator to call for the repudiation of Thomas Jefferson and his gospel of democracy for the very valid reason that Jefferson had sympathy for the tenant farmers or the landless poor of an infantile republic 125 years ago.—Fort Worth Record.

WEEKLY SENTINEL

PRICE \$1.50 PER YEAR.

BY GILES M. HALTOM

RELY TOO MUCH ON MACHINES

Writer Laments the Lack of Personal Responsibility Discernible Among the World's Workers

Writing in the Scientific Monthly on the value of handicraft in the re-education of wounded soldiers, Capt. Frank A. Waugh of the sanitary corps, U. S. A., says:

"It is a great defect of modern society that it depends too much on machinery. Everything we touch is machine-made. The common laborer in particular hardly ever sees or touches anything but machine-made objects. He begins life in a machine-made coat, eats canned food from a machine-made table with a stamped-steel knife, fork and spoon, dies in the hospital in a machine-made bed, is buried with a machine-made coffin and marked with a machine-made tombstone. When such a man once makes with his own hands a good basket or leather pocket-book he begins to realize the value of honest craftsmanship—the place of personal responsibility in the day's labor. This is a most fundamental element in human psychology now largely lost in a mechanical world where objects are made by machines, not by men. The men only feed the machines and are themselves controlled by another social machine called a labor union."

PERMANENT "NO MAN'S LAND"

Sites of Probably One Hundred Villages in France Too Dangerous to Use Again.

Fifteen villages in the Aisne district, destroyed by war, will never be rebuilt. There are 17 towns in the Marne district which will be abandoned, and probably 100 in all of France. For many years, at least, the soil on which the villages stood will not even be tilled. It will become a permanent No Man's Land.

According to government advice, the sites of these villages are too dangerous to be used again. In order to avoid loss of life the government has purchased the land on which the villages stood and will keep possession of it until it can be made safe.

These sites are the ones often fought over, on which the ground has been turned over and over again, burying explosives of all kinds to unknown depths. There is no trace of buildings left in the 15 villages, so the refugees faced more than the usual hardships. They returned, however, and lived in the worst makeshift caves and dug-outs.

Only signs maintained by the government will mark the sites of the villages, warning people of the lurking dangers.—Stars and Stripes.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

WARNING

During the closing days of the campaign the friends of Pat M. Neff are earnestly requested to be on the lookout for the 11th hour political false reports and schemes. Mr. Neff has lived in McClennan county all his life, and no cleaner, more honorable, more up-right, patriotic citizen has ever lived in Texas and the best evidence of that fact is the overwhelming majority he received where he is best known.

Mr. Neff's friends are requested to help us to get every democratic voter in the county to be at the polls August 28th and to help us to keep all who are not genuine democrats from voting, if that is done all over the state, Mr. Neff will at least double the opposition.

Pat M. Neff for Governor Club of Nacogdoches County.

FALSE REPORT CORRECTED

It is reported in the west end of Nacogdoches county that Mr. Pat M. Neff had something to do with the raising of the W. O. W. rates the first of this year. The truth of the matter is that Mr. Neff was not a sovereign delegate or even a delegate to the state convention and therefore could not have even known anything about the matter, much less have anything to do with it. He does hold a certificate of membership in the W. O. W.

"Twenty three years ago as a member of the state legislature from Nacogdoches county, I helped elect Hon. Pat M. Neff speaker of the house. I have known him intimately since that time and take pleasure in stating that I regard him as one of the ablest men in Texas and an honorable, clean, up-right, Christian gentleman, and as governor of Texas I here and now predict that he will rank among the very best Texas has ever had." Extract from the speech of Judge V. E. Middlebrook at Douglass August 13.

MOTHER SAW TRUTH AT ONCE

No Use Telling Her That Her Boy Had Made a Success in the World of Art.

He was a pianist, scarcely out of his teens. He had been sent abroad by wealthy friends for a four-year course in his chosen art; had thereafter spent a year on the concert stage, and behind 200 or 300 newspaper reports of his success abroad he was now coming home.

When his train drew into the station and came to a stop the pianist, evincing the artistic temperament in his hair as well as in his manner, descended to the platform. At the same time the crowd of enthusiastic townspeople drew aside to allow his proud mother to be the first to welcome her son.

When she reached him, however, she gave a gasp and stood stock-still staring at him. The next moment she burst into sobs and fell on his neck.

"Henry!" the good woman cried. "They told me you were doing so well over there and makin' money plentiful. My poor boy!"

"What's the matter, mother?" exclaimed the bewildered son. "What makes you doubt what they told you?"

"Oh, Henry!" she cried, unheeding. "I can see how you've suffered. You haven't even been able to scrape enough money together to get your hair cut!"

Chinese Silk Trade.
The American demand for silk in China has greatly increased in the last few years until at the present time about 25 per cent of the Chinese silk is sent to the United States. This is the result of American enterprise more than that of the Chinese. The Japanese silks had been in favor for a long time with the manufacturers of this country, but it was well understood that the quality of the Chinese was superior, but it was not adapted for use in this country because of the manner in which it was woven. An American manufacturer secured a moving picture reel showing the Japanese methods of manufacture, and as a result the Chinamen were induced to change theirs to a system to conform with the demands of the occidental customers, and the industry has accordingly taken a great jump.

Profitable Investment.
There was once a noble college man, says Harvey's Weekly, who was noted for the profusion with which he spent, wasted and lost money in everything he did, and who kept up the practice for some years in business, after he left his Alma Mater. He disappeared for a few years, and when found again he was working on a farm. A friend asked how he was getting on, and he replied with enthusiasm:

"Splendidly! Top wave of prosperity!"
"But, man, you don't mean that you're making money on this farm?"
"Oh, no! I never expect to make any money. But I'm losing it slower than I ever did before!"

HAVE THEIR OWN JOURNALS

Almost Every Industry Is Represented in List of British Periodical Publications.

Popular papers by no means constitute the bulk of periodical literature. Nearly every business and profession has its own particular "trade journal." Probably you never knew the bill-posters had a paper entirely their own, but they have in the Placard and Service Billposter, remarks a writer in London Answers. Then there is Brushmaking, the Hatters' Guide, the Herring Circular, the Gamekeeper, the Irish Ironmonger and the Postman's Gazette, every one of which is devoted to the interests of the particular line it names.

Some trades which you would not think could support one paper alone have their pick of several. For instance, laundry workers have four to choose from, pawnbrokers two, professional conjurers at least three, and vets quite a number. Even the bargee was not until recently left uncatered for, there being the Bargeeman to amuse him every so often. And undertakers can wax more or less merry over the Undertakers' Journal, while rag and bone collectors may watch their interests in the Waste Trades Journal. Caretakers have the Caretaker to enjoy.

Trade journalism does not stop at that. It looks after lesser known businesses and hobbies, as witnessed in the existence of the Ringing World, for bell ringers, the Bloodstock Breeders' Review, the Racing Pigeon, the British Beekeeper, Talking Machine News and the Flute Players' Journal.

When the Burglars' Budget and the Marble Player appear, we will let you know.

"MAXIM SILENCER" FOR SHIPS

It Is Claimed They Will Absolutely Do Away With Noise Made by the Motors.

Eight ships now sailing the Pacific ocean are equipped with great silencers, weighing 8,000 pounds each, the invention of Hiram Percy Maxim, famous as the inventor of the gun silencer bearing his name. If successful, this newest "Maxim silencer" may stimulate the tendency toward general substitution of the speedier, more economical, oil-burning vessels driven by the super-powerful engines of the Diesel type, for the present-day steamers.

"The motor-driven ship is the ship of the future," Mr. Maxim said recently. "However, in the past there has been one great disadvantage, the terrific noise of the motors. The new silencer we expect will solve that problem."

Mr. Maxim said that, inasmuch as his patents have not been issued, he cannot disclose the construction of his new invention. However, in general principle it is not unlike other Maxim silencers, depending on accomplishing its work by absorbing the recoil and hence silencing the terrific exhaust. Mr. Maxim says it is not dissimilar in design to the smaller Maxim silencers on the market for several years for use on motor and power boats.

Spelling by Ear.
A simplified spelling system in London has developed a form of language with a one sound, one symbol notation of letters and diagraphs. A sample of the system in operation is furnished as follows:

"Wuns upon a tym a rich lord and his wif had a littl bot and a littl gerl boom dhal luvd verl much. Wun dal dhert god mudder beakme verl ill. In a short tym dh fader also fel ill. . . . If eu doo dhis I will give each of eu a pur of gold."

The system looks very much like spelling by ear. It ought not to require any very complicated system of rules. In fact, many people habitually spell by ear without the authority of the society's diction. There are many people who have given up further attempts at mastering English as it is spelled today, and these would welcome a phonetic reform with great joy.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

China Looks to France.

France as a field of study of a great people in a period of reconstruction and restoration is being commended to the progressive students of China by such an authority as Wang Tsing-wel, founder of the Societe Franco-Chinoise. He advises his fellow countrymen that the present is opportune for study by Chinese in France to learn from personal observation how strenuous measures are in the changing of national conditions. China, he says, with its vast population and area must, to bring about anything worthy of the name of reconstruction, rely upon the efforts of many Chinese to introduce the new civilization and to bring China up to date. He says if China can send abroad 100,000 students, then its motto should be "Let us have more."

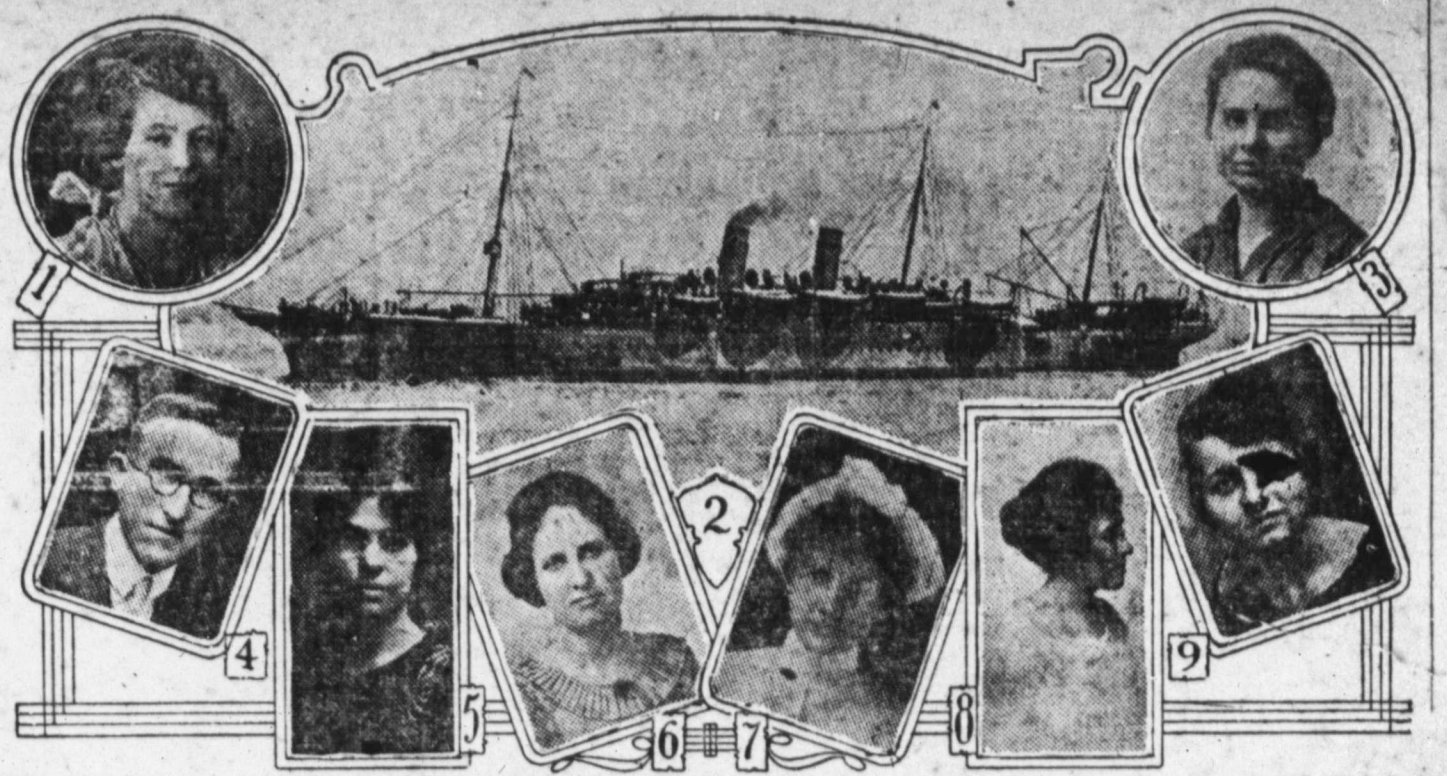
The Way of the World.

Mr. Smith and Mr. Jones were neighbors. Mr. Smith had a garden, and Mr. Jones kept chickens. Now can you see the possibilities? Well, they didn't come off.

Mr. Smith had an only son, and Mr. Jones had an only daughter. Can you imagine what happened? Well, it didn't.

The year was a dry one, and Mr. Smith's garden did not materialize. Mr. Jones's daughter came over to sympathize, and she did it so well that Mr. Smith, who was a widower and well fixed, married her. Such is life—real life.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Eight Texans Sail For Foreign Fields On Southern Baptist Missionary Ship



The Empress of Japan, the Canadian Pacific Liner (2), on which practically 100 Southern Baptist missionaries sailed from Vancouver, B. C., August 17, for China and Japan. Eight new missionaries from Texas were in the group as follows: Miss Zemma Hare, of Orange (1), who will do educational work at Kaifeng, China; Miss Laura Helen Coupland, of Longview (3), who goes to Chengchow; Rev. Joseph T. Flieder, of Abilene (4), who will do educational work at Chengchow; Mrs. Joseph T. Flieder, of Abilene (5), who likewise goes to Chengchow; Miss Blanche Groves, of Bridgeport (6), who goes to Sookchow; Miss Eva Sullivan, of Garner (7), who will do medical work at Yangchow; Miss May Morton, of Dallas (8), who will do educational work at Wuchow, and Miss Cecile Lancaster, of Brownwood, who will teach in the Girls' School at Kumamoto, Japan.

A number of other young Texans are under appointment of the board to go to other fields. Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Clifton, New Boston, will do evangelistic work in Brazil; Miss Bertha Lee Hunt, of Hillsboro, and Miss Essie Fuller of Fort Worth, will do educational work in Pernambuco, Brazil; Miss Mildred Mihills, of Austin, goes to the Girls' School at Rosario, Brazil; Miss Agnes Graham, of Yoakum, goes to the Girls' School at Temuco, Chile; Rev. and Mrs. B. W. Orrick, of Madisonville, will do evangelistic work in Argentina; Miss Alice Bagby, Fort Worth, goes to the Girls' School at Sao Paulo, Brazil; Rev. and Mrs. J. L. Cowser, of Milford, to Fort Algere Field, Brazil, and Rev. and Mrs. E. G. Wilcox, of Fort Worth, to North Brazil.

When approximately one hundred Southern Baptist missionaries sailed on the Canadian Pacific liner, the Empress of Japan, from Vancouver, British Columbia, Tuesday, August 17, for fields in the Orient, they formed the largest group of evangelists in the Christian religion that has ever been sent to foreign fields at a single time by a single denomination since the beginning of Christian missions.

The majority of the appointees of the Foreign Mission Board are new workers, recently come from the various educational institutions of the South where they have spent years in preparation for the duties they are about to assume in other lands.

Appointment and sending forward of so large a number of workers at a single time was made possible by the larger proceeds for missions from the Baptist 75 Million Campaign, from which \$20,000,000 will be realized for foreign missions during the five years covered by the campaign. Not all of this fund will be used in employing new workers, though approximately 500 additional men and women will be sent out during the five years. Other sums will go to providing more church buildings, schools and hospitals, homes for the missionaries and improvements of that character, including publishing houses for turning out the Bible and other religious literature. Many improvements will be made in missionary institutions already in operation on the foreign fields.

Missionary Operations Enlarged.
In the new appointees of the Foreign Mission Board—and a new record was established when sixty-six were named

by it this summer—are a number of Christian doctors, nurses, teachers, scientists and women workers, and one expert in farming and stock raising. These will supplement the work of the evangelists in that they will seek to relieve bodily suffering, teach the boys and girls, pave the way for more efficient homes by interesting mothers in sanitary housekeeping, and by their good work create in the minds of the people a favorable attitude toward the Christian religion. The instructor in agriculture and stock raising will undertake to reach many Chinese farmers with better methods of production and thus prove that the Christian missionary is the farmer's friend. The majority of the missionaries were born on the farm.

While the majority of the new appointees are going to China and Japan, others will sail in September for work in Africa, Brazil, Argentina and Chile.

World Program Is Planned.
Ten foreign fields are occupied by Southern Baptists today in Africa, Asia, Europe, South America and Mexico. The work in all these fields will be strengthened and enlarged as a result of the larger funds made available for foreign missions through the Baptist 75 Million Campaign. New fields have been opened in Europe and the Near East and a million dollars has been appropriated for launching an intensive work in Russia the moment the doors of opportunity are opened there. The Board is greatly strengthening its work in Palestine and hopes ultimately to give the gospel to hundreds of thousands of people in the land which witnessed the earthly labors of Jesus Christ.

Coasting in Wake of Boat.

Passengers on one of the Hudson river ferries in New York were treated in the summer of 1919 to the odd spectacle of a canoe sailing in their wake, all the way across the river, without any means of propulsion. What made the canoe go was a question that puzzled many. The more observant noticed that the canoe did not keep to the smooth water directly aft the ferry-boat, but rode off to one side. In the rough waves that the paddle wheels kicked up. They also noticed that the canoe did not hug the ferryboat close, and that often it pursued its mysterious course at a considerable distance though it traveled just as fast as the ferryboat. According to a writer in the Scientific American who explains the mystery, the canoe always took a position on the forward side of a wave and kept it all the way across. The wave carried the canoe along as the surf carries the Hawaiian on his surfboard.

Bolting Steel in Oil.

Cincinnati is one of six places in the world where steel is strengthened by being bolted in oil. At a plant in Carthage, a steel shaft weighing 30,000 pounds, the largest piece ever subjected to the new method, went through the process of being strengthened. It was a "hollow bored tumbler shaft" for use in dredging gold in California, costing about \$17,000. The great shaft was first suspended in an upright furnace until heated to just below the melting point. A crane then picked it up and dropped it into a huge well of oil, where it boiled and sputtered, throwing out clouds of oily mist.

Puzzle for Archeologists.

Archeologists are puzzled by the prehistoric carving of a lion near Vera Cruz. Efforts have been made to trace the origin of this little known relic of pre-historic America, but have thus far proved futile. The similarity to the African lion rather than the mountain lion of this hemisphere has added to the mystery.

Dr. J. B. Gambrell, of Fort Worth, Texas, president of the Southern Baptist Convention, and Dr. E. Y. Mullins, of Louisville, Ky., president of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, are now on a visit to all the Baptist families of the world, conveying to them the greetings of good will from Southern Baptists and laying the foundation for a fuller Baptist program for the evangelization of the world.

Money Apportioned to Mission Fields.
In the distribution of funds to new work among the various mission fields occupied by Southern Baptists the following appropriations have been made by the Foreign Mission Board: Africa, \$233,925, calling for 31 new missionaries; Argentina, \$263,550, calling for 17 new missionaries; Brazil, \$1,339,100, calling for 54 new missionaries; Chile, \$58,900, calling for six new missionaries; China, \$3,279,125, calling for 331 new missionaries; Europe and the Near East, \$3,558,950; Japan, \$819,000, calling for 40 new missionaries, and Mexico, \$420,000, calling for eight new missionaries.

Work in Homeland Fostered.
While a large sum from the campaign is appropriated to foreign missions, home interests have not been overlooked. Appropriations to home objects include \$12,000,000 for home missions; \$11,000,000 to state missions; \$20,000,000 to Christian education, or the better equipment and partial endowment of the 114 educational institutions owned by Southern Baptists; \$4,800,000 for the thirteen Baptist hospitals in the South; \$4,089,688 for the sixteen orphanages, and \$2,500,000 for the relief of aged ministers and their dependent families.

Changed His Mind.

He was well up in the sixties and always got a lot of pleasure out of walking. He would always say: "You city people don't get out enough and walk."

In his short stay in the city he stepped into his son's downtown magazine shop and said: "I just walked down from Thirty-fourth street." With pride he added: "That's not bad for a young fellow like me! And, by the way, your wife gave me this note and said for me to stop and get these things. Where is this store?"

"That's the department store just a square up the street—it's street," replied his son.

"A department store! Where is that errand boy you have around here? I'm too tired to walk up there," replied the old man.

Through the tangle of traffic you glide, and then over smooth boulevards to the outskirts of town. Soon the last suburbs are left behind and you've reached the open country.

Smoothly, silently you slip along, over frequent hills and into pleasant valleys. You pass through tiny villages and bustling towns, and back again to the open road.

What delight in motor touring! Thrilling bursts of speed with the wind whipping by and the landscape like a motion picture. Or lazy ambling progress. Green hills, blue sky, warm sunshine. And what delight in touring in a motor car that meets every test of the road without faltering, that is equipped with every comfort and convenience that one could desire—THE BOUR-DAVIS.

T. E. BURGESS & SONS

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NATIONAL GINGHAM WEEK

We have the Gingham at Special Prices for this Annual Showing of Gingham

35c A good quality of Gingham in plaids and stripes 35c
27 and 32 inches wide, 50c value, for 35c

<p>39c</p> <p>An excellent grade of Gingham, brand new, fine for making girls' school dresses. You will like the pretty stripes and plaids. 45c value for</p> <p>39c</p>	<p>59c</p> <p>Very pretty you'll say when you see this table of Gingham. All that's new in plaids and stripes. Thirty-two inches wide. A 75 cent value for</p> <p>59c</p>	<p>79c</p> <p>This is our famous "Lorraine" brand Gingham. None genuine without name on selvage. Let us show you this. 32 in. wide, 95c and \$1 value for</p> <p>79c</p>
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MAYER & SCHMIDT, INC.

THE PLACE TO SHOP

SHERIFF WOODLAN GETS BACK STOLEN CAR

About two months ago a gentleman by the name of Mr. E. A. Pond bought from Mr. Ben T. Wilson a Ford car, paying a certain amount of money down on it and giving a mortgage on the car for the remainder. Mr. Pond left the county, carrying the car with him, while a violation of the law, and for a time the Ford Garage people lost all trace of him. Finally, the car was located in Houston, to which place Mr. Woodlan went the first of the week in order to get possession of it and bring it back to Nacogdoches. On arriving in Houston, Mr. Woodlan found Mr. Pond, but the car had been stolen from him just a few days previous to Mr. Woodlan's arrival. Mr. Woodlan got busy, found some details concerning the loss of the car, and finally located it and the man who stole it in Bay City, where he arrested the man who had stolen the car from Mr. Pond in Houston, placed him in the Bay City jail, and he will arrive in the city probably today or tomorrow with the car which he recovered.

OIL NEWS

Oil interests in Nacogdoches county does not lag. Every day more and more interest is evidenced in the new life of this county, and before the year passes the county will have gained a new distinction in the world of oildom.

Monday the Mann Oil Company landed its first rig here out of Wichita Falls for the purpose of doing some early drilling in the Oil Springs vicinity. Two gentlemen from Fort Worth will arrive here Tuesday afternoon to take charge of the drilling operations.

Mr. W. E. Skinner, an independent operator out of Ranger, who is now encamped in the Oil Springs vicinity for the purpose of drilling his own wells, has received his rig and will probably start drilling Tuesday or Wednesday of this week.

Mr. Freeman of the Fort Worth Oil Company reports one of the best wells ever brought in in the Oil Springs vicinity. An unfortunate affair is connected with the well, however, on account of some of the casing getting broken. When this is repaired the company expects a real paying well.

Mr. F. R. Tucker has closed a

deal with the Kentucky Investment Company to do some drilling on the Blount acreage. A bond of \$10,000 was placed Monday in the Commercial Guaranty State Bank in this city. The drilling of the company "will commence in the near future," according to Mr. Tucker.

As reported elsewhere in the paper, Mr. S. B. Dorn of Fort Worth is also here looking after arrangements for some early drilling.

All of the oilmen are enthusiastic over the oil situation, and all think that Nacogdoches is soon to become one of the best fields in Texas.

DATES FOR NEFF SPEAKERS

Speeches will be made at the following places and dates for Pat M. Neff for governor:

Melrose, S. M. Adams, August 20, 2:30 p. m.

Red Flat, S. M. Adams, August 20, 8 p. m.

Chireno, S. W. Blount, August 21, 3 p. m.

Attoyac, Audley Harris, August 21, 2:30 p. m.

Cushing, J. C. Harris, August 21, 2:30 p. m.

Garrison, S. M. Adams, August 21, 2:30 p. m.

Woden, S. M. Adams, August 24, 8 p. m.

Etoile, S. M. Adams, August 24, 2 p. m.

Swift, J. C. Harris, August 24, 2:30 p. m.

Appleby, J. C. Harris, August 25, 2:30 p. m.

Shady Grove, S. M. Adams, August 25, 2:30 p. m.

Mahl, Audley Harris, August 25, 8:30 p. m.

Nat, S. M. Adams, August 26, 8:30 p. m.

Linn Flat, S. M. Adams, date to be announced later.

Martinsville, S. W. Blount, August 21, 5 p. m.

Speaker for Nacogdoches to be announced later.

Speakers would be glad to divide time with the opposition.

Purity and healing power are the chief characteristics of Liquid Borzone. It mends torn, cut or burned flesh with wonderful promptness. Price 30¢, 60¢ and \$1.20. Sold by Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

TROUSERS AND CORK LEG TAKEN FROM LUFKIN HOME

Lufkin, Texas, August 16.—A peculiar robbery occurred Saturday when a thief reached through the window and secured Milton Mantooth's pants and cork leg. The pants and leg were found in a garage, about \$20 cash was missing from the pockets.

The thieves of Lufkin are characteristic of the town—hard up. Nacogdoches may have, in Lufkin's opinion, "stuff" that makes a man indulge in the healthy sport of fishing and incidentally catch a great big, roaring and fierce alligator, but it has never been guilty of having "stuff" that would make one of its thieves, if it has any, slip around and do such a vile act as to steal a neighbor's only cork leg. Shame on you, Lufkin. Don't touch us lest we brush our clothes in just disdain!

When you feel dull aches and sleepy and want to stretch frequently, you are ripe for an attack of malaria. Take Herbine at once. It cures malaria and chills and puts the system in order. Price 60¢. Sold by Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

Sergeant Raymond Burgess came in Saturday night from Galveston, where he had been stationed for the summer with the National Guard. He received a release in order to resume his studies in high school this fall.

Arthur Seale brought into the city Monday a specimen of his cotton crop which is being grown on his farm this year. The cotton stalk was well grown, well fruited, and was indicative that Mr. Seale has the best or as good cotton crop on his farm as any one in the county. The cotton was hung by a string in front of Thomas & Richardson's store.

Mrs. Betty Peaver, Miss Margaret and Catherine Peavy, daughters, and Misses Jane McMullen and Evelyn Kennedy and Mr. Will Menefee, all of Lufkin, are in the city visiting Miss Linnie Muckelroy.

When you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal in the day, you need Herbine to stimulate your liver, tone up your stomach and purify your bowels. Price 60¢. Sold by Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

INTERESTING DEBATE AT GARRISON THURSDAY NIGHT

What is said to be, by those who heard it, one of the most interesting things happening in Nacogdoches for a long time occurred Thursday night at Garrison when Judge S. W. Blount met Hon. John T. Garrison of Houston in a debate on the merits of Pat M. Neff and J. W. Bailey, respectively, for governor of Texas. Those attending the debate were rewarded with some good rhetorical displays, demonstrations of wit, and some genuine facts concerning the Texas political situation. Both gentlemen spoke about one hour each. The debate was held in the picture show at Garrison, and the house, according to Mr. R. B. Walthall, Pat Neff's campaign manager for Nacogdoches county, was crowded.

Those present attending the debate at Garrison between Messrs. Blount and Garrison were: Arthur Seale, Herbert Shindler, S. M. Adams, Judge F. P. Marshall, Lamar Acker, Judge J. M. Marshall, R. B. Walthall, Frank Shawpe and some others, it is understood, whose names could not be obtained.

Forty years of constant use is the best proof of the effectiveness of White's Cream Vermifuge for expelling worm in children or adults. Price 35¢. Sold by Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

The committee appointed to arrange for the burial of the overseas boys whose bodies are to be sent home, are now ready to take charge of the body of young Denney of Cushing, which is now in New York. The body will arrive here in a few days for interment.

The American Legion will superintend the exercises. The overseas burial committee will get from time to time bodies of the boys who died while in service in France.

Judge S. W. Blount left Tuesday for San Augustine, where he will engage with Hon. John Kirby in a series of debates on Neff and Bailey for governor. Judge Blount is defending Mr. Neff.

PICNIC AT PISGAH

The people of Pisgah community will have an old-fashioned picnic at

the school-house on Tuesday, the 25th inst., to which the candidates and the public in general are cordially invited. The event will be in celebration of the completion of the new school building, and it is proposed to make the occasion a memorable one. Come. You will be welcome.

If the baby suffers from wind colic, diarrhea or summer complaint, give it McGee's Baby Elixir. It is a pure, harmless and effective remedy. Price 25¢ and 60¢. Sold by Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

RECITAL AT RUSK COLLEGE

Rusk, Texas, July 17.—The recital given at Rusk College last Thursday evening by the music department was one to mark a new epoch in the life of that institution. There were nineteen numbers on the program and covered voices, piano and violin. Prof. I. L. Allison, his assistant, Miss Sanders, and Miss Clara Louise Bruel, teacher of violin, have worked very faithfully during the past year to advance the interests of the musical department of this school and this recital shows that these efforts have been crowned with success that should have pleased both themselves and the patrons.

Each and every participant on the program did his part well. Their careful training was evidenced by the uniformity of their performance. Individual mention can hardly be made in this short notice, but the manner in which all were received was certainly satisfying to the teachers and the college management.

Prof. Allison has shown himself to be a man of progressive ideas, full of vigor and with an ability which is noteworthy.

Professor Allison, mentioned above, was a teacher in the Nacogdoches High School two years ago and will be pleasantly remembered by many friends here, who will be gratified at his success both as a composer and director of music.

PHOTOS, ENLARGEMENTS AND KODAK FINISHING McHANN'S PHOTO STUDIO, NACOGDOCHES. 19-wtf.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Haynes were visitors to Alto the first of the week.

FOREMAN TELLS ABOUT TROUBLE

Had Suffered for Twenty Years, Gains Eleven Pounds and is Restored to Health.

"For two years before I began taking Tanlac my health was so bad that I lost two or three hours from work every day, but since taking five bottles of the medicine I am in as fine health as I ever was in my life," said C. H. Melton, construction foreman of the Western Union Telegraph Co., living at 3336 Tracey Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

"I had stomach trouble and nervous indigestion for twenty years" he continued. "Five years ago I got in such bad shape that everything I ate caused me terrible suffering from gas and at times I could hardly breathe. I had a stuffy feeling all the time and was so constipated I had to keep taking laxatives. My head ached sometimes like it would simply burst and I became so weak and run-down it looked like I would have to give up my work entirely."

"A friend of mine had tried Tanlac and recommended it so highly I decided to take it, too, and believe me I found it to be a real medicine. In three days time my appetite began to improve and my stomach got better. I kept on improving rapidly and now I eat anything I want, have gained eleven pounds and never have stomach trouble, headaches or constipation any more. I never felt better in my life and it is a real pleasure to recommend Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold in Nacogdoches by Swift Bros. & Smith, Stripling, Haselwood & Co., and in Garrison by the Dale Drug Co.

Little Edward Johnson, whose parents' names could not be obtained, was the victim of a narrow escape Saturday evening late when a car driven by an unknown party knocked him to one side, bruising his leg, and causing him a bit of fright. No permanent injuries were sustained.

Hon. A. A. Seale is scheduled this week and next to deliver several addresses in behalf of Hon. Pat M. Neff in the counties of Jasper and Shelby.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

STOMACH TROUBLE

Mr. Marion Holcomb, of Nancy, Ky., says: "For quite a long while I suffered with stomach trouble. I would have pains and a heavy feeling after my meals, a most disagreeable taste in my mouth. If I ate anything with butter, oil or grease, I would spit it up. I began to have regular sick headache. I had used pills and tablets, but after a course of these, I would be constipated. It just seemed to tear my stomach all up. I found they were no good at all for my trouble. I heard

THE FORD'S

BLACK-DRAUGHT

recommended very highly, so began to use it. It cured me. I keep it in the house all the time. It is the best liver medicine made. I do not have sick headache or stomach trouble any more." Black-Draught acts on the jaded liver and helps it to do its important work of throwing out waste materials and poisons from the system. This medicine should be in every household for use in time of need. Get a package today. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c a package. All druggists.

ONE CENT A DOSE

SOLAR SYSTEM MADE PLAIN

Illustration Given by Herschel is Probably the Most Comprehensive Ever Devised.

Perhaps our most graphic picture of the solar system is given by Herschel. Imagine a circular field two and a half miles in diameter; place a library globe two feet in diameter in the very center; 82 feet away put a mustard seed. The globe would represent the sun and the mustard seed Mercury.

At a distance of 142 feet place a pea, and another at 215 feet. These will represent Venus and the earth, both as to size and distance. A rather large pinhead at a distance of 327 feet will speak for Mars, and a fair-sized tangerine a quarter of a mile distant will stand for Jupiter. A small lemon at two-fifths of a mile will play the role of Saturn, a large cherry three-fourths of a mile distant will answer for Uranus, and a fair-sized plum at the very edge of the field will proclaim Neptune.

Eighty moons would be required to make one earth. A player there could throw a ball six times as far as it can be thrown on American diamonds. A man weighing 150 pounds there would weigh 900 on the earth. The earth receives as much light and heat from the sun in 13 seconds, as it gets from the moon in a whole year.—From a Bulletin of the National Geographic Society.

HE JUST WANTED TO KNOW

Possible Explanation for Nonappearance of Watch Had Suddenly Drowned on Simple Farmer.

Supt. J. E. Oursler of the Carnegie Steel company has established a cost-price store for his 12,500 workmen, thus circumventing the local profiteer. One of the local profiteers asked Mr. Oursler if he would not shut up the cost-price store, as it was interfering with the other stores' profits, but Mr. Oursler answered:

"Will I shut up our cost-price store, eh? Well, that is about the naivest question I ever heard. Yes, it's as naive a question as the young farmer's."

"The young farmer's?" said the profiteer.

"A young Pike county farmer," explained Mr. Oursler, "stalked up to the inquiry office in a Pittsburgh station and asked:

"This here's the inquiry office, ain't it?"

"Sure is," said the capable young clerk.

"Wall," said the Pike county farmer, "about eight hours ago a gazabo took my new watch down the street to get my name engraved on it free gratis so's it wouldn't get lost, and I'm kind of tired of waitin', so what I want to inquire is—is there onest in the engravin' trade, and are all the Pittsburgh engravers out on strike or sump'n'?"

LEFT REST OF TRIBE IN CAVE

Mandan Indian Legend Says Fat Woman Broke Down Only Exit to the Upper World.

The fundamental simplicity of the American aborigine is illustrated best in the Indian myths and legends which have come down to us, asserted Dr. Rudolph Rieder in an address before the Wisconsin Archeological society.

"These myths," Doctor Rieder said, "cannot be translated into pretty phrases, as in that case the simple beauty of the original is lost.

"There is a rather interesting legend concerning the origin of the Mandan tribe. It says that once the Mandans lived underground in a cave from which a large vine grew. One young warrior climbed up this vine one day, and liked the country so well that he followed several of his tribesmen to induce him up the vine into the world outside. Several chiefs and warriors did so, as well as many women, but when a fat woman tried to climb out of the cave, against the counsel of the chiefs, the vine broke and the rest of the Mandan tribe had to remain underground. This fable may account for the fact that the Mandans were a relatively small tribe and also for their antipathy to fat women."

Make Friends With Horses.

One reason given why native Arab horses are generally exceedingly friendly and fearless is that they are often brought up almost in the midst of their owner's children, and are used to being handled and petted from the time they are tiny foals. Whether this is true or not, it is certainly a good plan for anyone who has a pony to make friends with him. It is worth while spending a lot of time in the stable talking to him and getting him to have perfect confidence in you. It should be remembered in handling horses and ponies actions should be quiet and deliberate. Once a pony and his master get to be "pals" riding and driving become far more interesting—almost, in fact, like going round the country with a friend you can talk with.—Christian Science Monitor.

Chinese Paradise Fish.

A little Chinese fish known as the paradise fish is remarkable for its brilliant coloring of crimson and blue. In the sunlight it shines in a rainbow glow of color. The dorsal fin extends from near the back of the head to the tail. The paradise fish was first brought to France from China by M. Simon in 1869, having been found in a brook near Canton. The most interesting thing about this little fish is the nest made by the male for the reception of the eggs. It makes a little floating nest of glutinous bubbles below the surface of the water, and measuring up to six inches across. Here it places the eggs, some 200 in number, and mounts guard over them.

Mahogany.

One of the materials cabinet makers delight in using is mahogany. The timber most prized by them is that of "Swietenia mahogani," found in Central America and the West Indies. The largest of these trees attain a height of 90 to 100 feet, with a diameter of six feet. However, these dimensions are not common. The wood, which is capable of receiving a high polish, is of a reddish brown color, and varies widely in its shades and markings. Employment is given to a large number of men and oxen in cutting and removing the timber to the coast for export.

Long-Lived Trees.

At Fountain abbey, Yorkshire, England the few trees were old when the abbey was built, in 1132. California has a very ancient tree in Mariposa grove. This is a "redwood," which is credited with many hundred years. Baobab trees of Africa have been computed to be more than 5,000 years old, and a deciduous cypress at Chapultepec is considered to be of a still greater age. Humboldt said that the Dracena Dracn at Ortova, on Tenerife, was one of the oldest inhabitants of the earth.

NO INSURANCE ON HAPPINESS

Lloyds Refuses to Take the Risk That Seems to Be Involved in International Marriages.

About the only thing the Lloyds will not insure is happiness to follow an international marriage. While some American women who wedded representatives of the nobility of the old world found happiness, a vastly larger number found failure to be their portion. The honeymoon trail of these internationalists shows many shipwrecks. As a rule the representative of the nobility seeks a mate among the wealthy who have unsatisfied social ambitions. Given these conditions, the chance for presentation at court, the glamour of a title, the exclusiveness of social relations with the titled great, cause many a young woman to forget prudence and have made many fathers and mothers willing to approve a heavy bet on a slim chance.

The long string of women who have come back across the Atlantic broken hearted and slim of purse since Nellie Grant made her unhappy alliance has taught little wisdom to those who are courted by the titled but oftentimes penniless nobility.—Ohio State Journal.

War Disability.

Although Modern Medicine credits medical science with having accomplished wonders during the late war in eradicating or reducing diseases that have previously ravaged fighting armies, it maintains that disabilities resulting from the war are due in more cases to disease than to wounds. Figures compiled by the English ministry of pensions show that of all the pensions granted down to September 1, 1918, 58 per cent were on account of disease. Tuberculosis and chest complaints were responsible for 11.2 per cent, rheumatism for 6.5 per cent and heart disease for 9.9 per cent. Only incomplete figures are available concerning American experience, but of 7,710 cases dealt with by the federal board of vocational pay to January 31, 1919, by far the greater portion were due to disease.—Youth's Companion.

Penitentiary Farm's Success.

Included in the report of the governor of the Edmonton, Alberta (Canada), penitentiary is an interesting paragraph dealing with the farm operations carried on at the penitentiary as well as its mining operations. Some 70 acres were under cultivation during the past year and were farmed with gratifying results. From this small acreage, after buying a tractor and stubble plow at a cost of \$1,314, "we show a net profit of \$4,191.17. From 9 1/2 acres of wheat we thrashed 45 bushels to the acre, and from 11 acres of potatoes we sold 3,500 bushels. Our oats yielded 85 bushels to the acre, and the amount of small vegetables was exceptionally good. Our intensive farming has been very profitable."

Hawaii Led in Prohibition.

Historians of the Hawaiian Islands assert that a Hawaiian monarchy was the first government in the world to put absolute prohibition into effect. Kamehameha the Great, first king of United Hawaii, in 1795, after having conquered all the other islands, issued an edict imposing prohibition. Its penalties were drastic. An offender was stripped of his property, real and personal, and was driven from his village clad only in a loin cloth. In later years foreign nations forced liquor on the Hawaiians and its sale was general in the islands until the great war, when, with the opening of the army training camps on the islands, prohibition went into effect.

Why Hair Nets Are Dear.

The hair net business of Chefoo, China, is in a state of chaos owing to complications caused by buyers from Shanghai going directly to the makers in the region of Chingchow and thus competing with the firms with which these had contracts. Consequently the price has increased about 300 per cent.

OLD MEN AND BOYS JOIN WARSAW DEFENSE

Warsaw, August 12.—As the fighting front draws nearer to Warsaw, squads of citizens wearing ordinary civilian clothes and straw hats, but armed with rifles, are drilling in many parts of the city. As the determined looking groups pass through the streets, many boys, elderly men and prominent merchants are seen marching together with the more usual type of fighter in the ranks. Class distinction has been banished. The newspapers say the spirit of the people is to defend Warsaw, repel the invader and not count the cost in blood.

BATTLE AROUND WARSAW

Warsaw, August 12.—Polish successes on the southern front, where the Russians have been pushing for Lemberg, are reported in an official statement. Polish cavalry and infantry have ousted the bolsheviki from Radziechoff, Lopatyn, Stanystawek and Toporoff. These towns are in the district northeast of Lemberg and to the west and north of Drody, on the old Galician border. Fighting is continuing further south on the Stripa.

Desperate Fighting.

Warsaw, August 13.—Russian soviet forces attacking the Polish line northeast and east of here have reached a point 25 miles from Warsaw. A state of siege has been declared here. Civilians are not permitted on the streets after 10 o'clock and the cafes close at 9. The determination of the bolsheviki to press onward to Warsaw has been demonstrated at various points along the battle line, hand-to-hand fighting occurring in many instances.

JAPAN'S REPLY

Washington, August 14.—Japan's reply to the American note protesting against Japanese occupation of the northern part of the island of Saghalin was received today at the State Department. The note was described as lengthy and it is understood went thoroughly into the whole question of the Japanese policy in Siberia. This document, together with the original American note, may be made public next week.

Dr. G. P. Campbell of Douglass was in the city Monday.

WARSAW PEOPLE HEAR CANNONADING AT FRONT

Warsaw, August 14.—The roar of artillery on the battle front was heard in Warsaw Friday. The Russians brought up artillery in the region of Radzymin, just south of the Bug river. Observers say, however, the enemy has not yet in position guns heavy enough to reach the city with their fire. On the northeastern front, along the Bialystok road, the Russians were 21 miles from Warsaw, the newspapers report.

Tightening the Net

Warsaw, August 14.—The Russians attacking Warsaw have worked well toward the rear of the city's defenses and are attacking Polnsk, within a dozen miles of the Vistula, northwest of the capital, it was announced in a Polish official statement.

POLES LOSING GROUND ON ALL BATTLE FRONTS

Undated.—Russian bolsheviki attacks apparently have broken the Polish lines near the East Prussian frontier and their patrols have swept forward in an encircling movement north of Warsaw. In the center of the Polish front the soviet seem to have torn a great gap in the defenses of Warsaw. Przasnysk, 41 miles north of Warsaw, has been occupied by the bolsheviki advance guards and they are reported approaching Mlaw, to the west, and Ciechanow, to the southeast. Seemingly the soviet horsemen are encountering little opposition. The Polish lines south of Ostrow to the west of Brest-Litovsk were also forced to back up, and the enemy have entered Sokolow and are reported fighting east of Siedlec.

GREAT BATTLE IS ON

Paris, August 12.—A great battle is in progress on the Russo-Polish front on which the fate of Warsaw hangs, according to information reaching the French Foreign Office.

ANTI-ADMINISTRATOR SENATOR IS DEFEATED

Little Rock, Ark., August 12.—Senator Kirby today conceded the nomination of Congressman Caraway in the race for the United States Senate, in which Kirby sought renomination.



DISCARDED AS DANGEROUS

Calomel salivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with sour bile it crashes into it, causing cramping and nausea.

Take "Dodson's Liver Tone" Instead!

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money. If you take calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides, it may kill you, while if you take Dodson's Liver Tone you will wake up feeling great, full of ambition and ready for work or play. It is harmless, pleasant and safe to give to children; they like it.

If You Have Money We Want It
If You Need Money We Have It

The Nacogdoches State Bank

Capital Stock \$100,000.00

OFFICERS

F. R. PENMAN, Chairman of the Board
HENRY P. SCHMIDT, Pres.
M. V. WYNNE, Active Vice-Pres.
LEE GASTON, Cashier
GUY STRIPLING, Ast. Cashier

T. J. KINSEY SUFFERS \$2,000 LOSS IN DALLAS

The following was taken from the Sunday Dallas News:

"Burglars who broke into the clothing store of T. J. Kinsey at 1104 Elm Street Friday night rifled the money drawer, tampered unsuccessfully with the safe, and robbed the store of nearly \$2,000 worth of merchandise, consisting chiefly of silk shirts. Twenty dollars in cash was taken. The safe combination was smashed, and the doors beaten, but the burglars failed to get in."

Mr. Kinsey was formerly one of Nacogdoches' most prominent business men, running here for several years a highly successful gent's furnishing store in connection with every equipment of a tailor shop.

OFFICIAL VOTE IN SHERIFF'S RACE

T. G. Vaught 1,070
J. L. Prince 742
G. W. L. Woodlan 1,800

From the above you will notice that I only needed 12 votes to defeat both opponents in the first primary. Your influence and vote is earnestly solicited in the second primary August 28th.
10-dwtf. G. W. L. Woodlan.

Child Cured of Bowel Trouble

A child of Floyd Osborn, Notary Public of Dunganon, Va., was taken with bowel trouble. Mr. Osborn gave it Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy and it quickly recovered. In speaking of this remedy he says "It is the best I ever used."

CONSTERNATION CAUSED BY FRANCE'S ACTION

London, August 12.—England has been officially notified of the recognition by France of the government of General Baron Wrangel as the de facto government of South Russia, and the question is being discussed between the two governments. Something akin to consternation was evidenced by the evening newspapers over the French action, which is characterized as contrary to British ideas and a menace to entente relations. Meanwhile King George, who was intending to leave for Scotland tomorrow, postponed his trip owing to the situation.

MIND WAS BLANK

New York, August 14.—John McGraw, manager of the New York Giants, told the district attorney's office that his mind was "a blank" as to how John Claven, the actor, received a fractured skull while in his company last Sunday morning.

DALLAS ALMOST ICELESS

Dallas, Texas, August 14.—It is estimated that 90 percent of the homes of Dallas are without ice today as the result of the refusal of peddlers to deliver ice at 60 cents per hundred pounds, ruled by United States District Attorney Taylor as a fair price. The peddlers had charged as high as 80 cents per 100 pounds.

D. H. Russell, a Nacogdoches boy who is now in the naval service stationed at New Orleans, is in the city for a visit with relatives and friends.

Cured of Stomach Trouble and Constipation.

Rachel Cribbley of Beaver Dam, Ohio, was sick for two years with stomach trouble and constipation, taking one medicine after another with only temporary relief. "My neighbor spoke so enthusiastically of Chamberlain's Tablets" she says, "that I procured a bottle of them at a drug store to try. A few days treatment convinced me that they were just what I needed. I continued their use for several weeks and they cured me." Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

The Nacogdoches base ball boys went to Garrison Sunday afternoon to play the Maytown boys a game of ball. The Maytown boys failed to show up, however, and the Nacogdoches boys, ever game, flaunted a challenge into the teeth of the fierce Garrisonians. The result of a piece of recklessness on the part of the home boys ended in their being defeated 7 to 3. The home boys are still game, and are going to wipe out their defeat in the near future.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This is unquestionably one of the most successful medicines in use for bowel complaints. A few doses of it will cure an ordinary case of diarrhoea. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It can always be depended upon to give relief in cases of colic and cholera morbus. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. Every family should keep this on hand. Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

SACRED HARP SINGING

There will be a Sacred Harp singing at Maytown on the fifth Sunday in August. All singers and lovers of song music are invited to attend and spend the day.
T. J. Hunt.

Has Never Seen Their Equal.

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets for stomach trouble, biliousness and constipation off and on for the past ten years and I have never seen their equal. They strengthened my digestion, relieved me of headaches and had a mild pleasant action on my bowels. I take pleasure in recommending them" writes H. D. F. Parmenter, Cidersville, Ohio. Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

Hollis Parrish and Raymond Burgess returned from Galveston Saturday night after having spent several months in that city serving in the patrol stationed there by Governor Hobby to guard the commercial interests of that city.

"O. That Fever!"

How did I suffer with it until he tried this famous old remedy. Now he says: "I've never felt better in my life!"
The Doctors' Prescription
60c at All Dealers.



Industrial Transportation Co.

1 48 lb sack White Billows Flour	\$3.65
1 48 lb sack I. T. C. Flour	\$3.50
Sugar cured Bacon, per pound	30c
1 8 lb bucket Lard	\$2.00
1 gallon red Karo Syrup	\$1.00
1 gallon Red Raven syrup	\$1.00
1 gallon Koo Koo syrup	\$1.10
1 3 lb can Sunset Coffee	\$1.70
1 3 lb can Admission Coffee	\$1.70
1 3 lb-can Wamba Coffee	\$1.50
1 3 lb can Red Ball Coffee	\$1.25
1 3 lb can Armours Coffee	\$1.18

Snuff and Tobaccos in a fine variety.

Industrial Transportation Co.

Store 90 - Phone 109
H. C. FITCH Manager T. E. BURGESS Division Supt.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trademark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon George D. Hartgraves by making publication of this citation once each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear in the next regular term of District Court of Nacogdoches county, to be held at the courthouse thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the 1st Monday in September, A. D. 1920, the same being the 6th day of September, A. D. 1920, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1920, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 671, wherein Ella Layton Hartgraves is plaintiff and George D. Hartgraves is defendant, and said petition alleging that the plaintiff and defendant were legally married about September 1st, 1917, and continued to live together as husband and wife until about January 1st, 1919, at which time plaintiff was forced and compelled to abandon defendant on account of his harsh and cruel conduct towards this plaintiff, without any provocation on the part of the plaintiff, since which time they have not lived together as husband and wife; that the conduct of the defendant was of such a nature as to render their ever living together as husband and wife insupportable.

Wherefore, the plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, and upon the final hearing hereof, that judgment be granted dissolving said marriage relations, cost of suit and general relief.

Herein, fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches, Texas, this, the 6th day of August, A. D. 1920.

[Seal] R. B. Walthall, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County.

By Ima Bates, Deputy.

7-1d3w.

Subscribe for the Sentinel.

PREPARE TO HELP HANDLE TEN MILLION BALES OF COTTON THIS YEAR

The government estimates this year's cotton crop at ten million bales. Prepare to help handle this enormous crop. It requires from four to six weeks to qualify. If you act quickly you can be ready. We have the largest and best equipped sample room in the state, with a solid glass wall on the north side to afford good light. This room was built especially for the teaching of cotton work. There being such a difference in the grades of cotton and with the ever increasing demand for help along this line, young men and women should prepare themselves immediately. When we say women, we say so based on the fact that there are several women taking our cotton classing, realizing what an opportunity is open to them and the state admits women to the Cotton Examination the same as men.

A special summer course is given for \$40, including tuition, samples and material for Cotton Grading. In order to get in time to prepare for the cotton season, write, wire or phone for information and our free catalogue.

TYLER COMMERCIAL COLLEGE TYLER, TEXAS.

A CARD OF THANKS

We cannot suitably express our grateful appreciation of the unselfish kindness showered upon us during the illness of our son and brother, Oscar Collins, and of the consoling thoughtfulness of our friends and neighbors at the time of his death. Especially do we appreciate the beautiful floral tributes offered by sympathetic friends. We wish them all to know that their tender ministrations did much to lighten the burden of grief which was laid so heavily and unexpectedly upon us. God bless you.

G. W. Collins and Family.

The Fort Worth Oil Company brought in a shallow well Wednesday. Mr. Freeman, who is in charge of the company's business here, states that he does not know just what the capacity of this well will be, but knows that it will be as much as one and a half to two barrels a day. The well is about 380 feet deep.

Messrs. T. D. Hill and C. B. Brewer of Mayer & Schmidt left Thursday for New York, where they will buy a full line of clothing for the firm they represent. Mr. Hill will buy for the gent's furnishing department and Mr. Brewer will buy for the ladies' ready to wear. The gentlemen will go by the way of Washington and will return by the way of Chicago, visiting many other important towns on the way.

Mr. W. E. Skinner of Ranger was in the city Tuesday with a tent and outdoor living equipment on his way to Oil Springs, where he will prepare to begin drilling operations. Mr. Skinner is a genuine oil man, is working independently, and proposes to drill his own wells. His drilling machinery will arrive soon.

TIES WANTED

200,000 pine ties, all sizes. 50,000 red oak ties, sizes one to three. J. J. Simpson, Nacogdoches, Texas. 18-217

B. F. Goodwin of Douglass was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. Leon Tillery of Dallas has accepted a position with the Mast Motor Company.

666 quickly relieves constipation, biliousness, loss of appetite and headaches due to torpid liver. 7-22-10w

Mr. and Mrs. John Bell of Garrison with their daughter are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Doc Watson and family.

Rub-My-Tism is a great pain killer. It relieves pain and soreness caused by Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, etc. 7-22-10w

Miss Ella Carraway of Houston is visiting in the city, the guest of Mrs. Lake Orton.

666 has proven it will cure Malaria, chills a fever, bilious fever, colds and lagrippe. It kills the germs that cause the fever. Fine tonic. --7-22-10

Eura Bates who has been in Oklahoma for the past few months, arrived in the city Thursday and reports a fine time while away.

Drs. Bruce and Dickson, Osteopathic Physicians. Also do Sight Testing and Eye Glass fitting. Redland Hotel.

I have just received a shipment of Marchal flour. It is like the good times before the war. Try a sack. A. G. Gatlin. 12-wtf

666 has more imitations than any other chill and fever medicine on the market, but no one wants imitations in medicine. They are dangerous. 7-22-10w.

FOR SALE—176 acre farm 8 miles east of Nacogdoches. Price \$6,500. Part cash, balance easy terms. See Ed Gaston of P. L. Burnaman. 29-4w.

Rub-My-Tism is a powerful antiseptic; it kills the poison caused from infected cuts, cures old sores, tetter, etc. 7-22-10w.

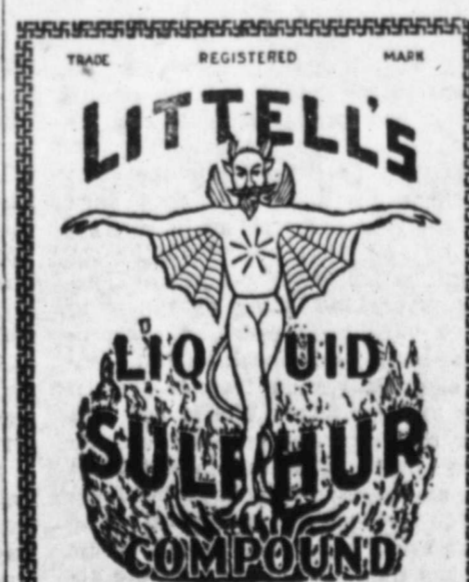
The Misses Gertrude and Mildred Atwell, daughters of the rector of Christ church, returned Friday noon from a two months' visit to Chicago and points in Michigan. They report a fine time, but are glad to get back to Nacogdoches.

FOR SALE—118 acres land, 70 in cultivation, two sets houses, all the land is well fenced, 25 acres hog proof. Will make splendid farm and hog ranch. If taken at once will go at \$20 per acre. See J. E. Petty at telephone office, Nacogdoches, Texas. 12-2wp

TIES WANTED

Unlimited number S. P. ties. Sizes 6x8, 7x8, 7x10x8. Highest prices paid. W. T. Orton, room 15, Blount Bldg. Nacogdoches, Texas. 7-22-dttw&w8

W. B. and Roy Collins arrived in the city Thursday in response to a telegram announcing the death of their brother, Oscar Collins. A train wreck delayed them and they failed to reach here in time for the funeral which occurred Wednesday at Attyoac.



It is a powerful and scientific combination of sulphur and other healing agents for the relief and cure of diseases of the skin. It is especially effective in the ITCHING VARIETIES; giving instant relief from the itching and smarting sensations and by its germ-destroying properties it exterminates the microbe which is the cause of the eruption, thus curing the disease completely.

Littell's Liquid Sulphur Compound is used in all cases of Eczema, Tetter, Barber's Itch, Poriasis, Herpes, Rash, Oak and Ivy Poisoning, also for relieving the annoyance caused by thiggers and mosquito bites.

In the treatment of ECZEMA—the most painful and obstinate of all skin diseases—it is one of the most successful remedies known.

Small size 50 cents bottle. Large size \$1.00. JAMES F. BALLARD, Prop. St. Louis, Mo.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the sheriff or any constable of Nacogdoches County—greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon C. R. Cox by making publication of this citation once each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches county, to be held at the courthouse thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1920, the same being the 6th day of September, A. D. 1920, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the third day of August, A. D. 1920, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 688, wherein Nancy Jane Cox is plaintiff, and C. R. Cox is defendant, and said petition alleging that the plaintiff and defendant were legally married about October 1, 1900 and continued to live together as husband and wife until about March 3, 1902. That about March, 1902 defendant was convicted of a felony and incarcerated in the penitentiary for a period of three years, and that after he was released from the state penitentiary, without cause or provocation upon the part of the plaintiff, abandoned her, since which time plaintiff and defendant have not lived together as husband and wife.

Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited by publication to appear and answer this petition and that upon a final hearing that she shall have judgment dissolving the marital relations now existing between them, for cost of suit and general relief.

Herein, fail not, but have before said court at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court at office in Nacogdoches, this, the 3rd day of August, 1920. [Seal] R. B. Walthall, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County. 5-4w

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the sheriff or any constable of Nacogdoches county—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Jim Striblin by making publication of this citation once each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Nacogdoches county, to be held at the court house thereof, in Nacogdoches, on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1920, the same being the 6th day of September, A. D. 1920, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1920, in a suit, numbered on the dockets of said court No. 693, wherein Bamma Smith Striblin is plaintiff, and Jim Striblin is defendant, and said petition alleging that the plaintiff and defendant were legally married about July 22, 1917, and continued to live together as man and wife until about April 8, 1920, at which time plaintiff was forced and compelled to abandon defendant on account of his conduct without any cause or provocation on the part of plaintiff, since which time they have not lived together as husband and wife; that the nature of the conduct of defendant was of such a nature as to render their ever living together again insupportable, facts and circumstances being more fully set out in plaintiff's petition on file at this office.

Wherefore, plaintiff prays that the defendant be cited to appear and answer this petition and on final hearing hereof, judgment be granted dissolving the marriage relations, cost of suit and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, this, the 5th day of August, A. D. 1920.

[Seal] R. B. Walthall, Clerk District Court, Nacogdoches County.

By Ima Bates, Deputy.

To the voters of Nacogdoches County. I want to thank you for the splendid support given me in the first primary. The contest rests between Mr. Melton and myself in the second primary and I want to solicit the continued support of my friends in the second primary and solicit the support of my opponent's friends who are not now in the race. Assuring you that I shall never forget any kindness or interest shown me, I am.

Gratefully D. W. (Darwin) Buchanan.

We are proud of the confidence doctors, druggists and the public have in 666 Chill and Fever Tonic 7-2210

Good Health Follows Sound Sleep

One third of your life is spent on a mattress. To sleep soundly, you must have one that is clean, sanitary and comfortable. WE MAKE

SET THE ALARM Tufted AND THE LAST WORD Tuftless Mattresses

Guaranteed all Staple Cotton Felted. Ask for it. Insist on your dealer getting it for you.

SHREVEPORT MATTRESS CO. Shreveport, La.

QUIT TOBACCO

So easy to drop Cigarette, Cigar or Chewing habit

No-To-Bac has helped thousands to break the costly, nerve-shattering tobacco habit. Whenever you have a longing for a smoke or a chew, just place a harmless No-To-Bac tablet in your mouth instead. All desire stops. Shortly the habit is completely broken, and you are better off mentally, physically, financially. It's so easy, so simple. Get a box of No-To-Bac and if it doesn't stop all craving for tobacco in any form, your druggist will refund your money with out question. No-To-Bac is made by the owners of Cascarets; therefore is reliable.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Nacogdoches County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Rena Bailey by making publication of this citation once each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day thereof, in some newspaper published in your county to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Nacogdoches County, to be held at the courthouse thereof in Nacogdoches, on the 1st Monday in September, A. D. 1920, the same being the 6th day of September, A. D. 1920, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 687, wherein Willie Bailey is plaintiff and Rena Bailey is defendant, and said petition alleging that the plaintiff and defendant were legally married about September 1st, 1918, and lived together as husband and wife until about November 1st, 1918, when plaintiff, because of the conduct of the defendant, was forced and compelled to abandon defendant; that the said conduct was of such a nature as to render their living together again as husband and wife insupportable.

Wherefore, plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein and that upon a final hearing that he have judgment dissolving said bonds of matrimony now existing between them, for cost of suit and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Nacogdoches, Texas, this, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1920.

[Seal] R. B. Walthall, Clerk, District Court, Nacogdoches County, Texas. 39-1d3w

Registered Jerseys—the real and most economical dairy cow in existence. I can furnish several bunches of beginners herds of heifers and bulls not related. They have the best blood lines obtainable, or I can furnish some good young Jersey bulls as herd leaders. If you would like to start with something good, from a real dairy herd come and make your selections. T. E. Burgess, breeder. 22-4w

FOR SALE—Boilers, engine and saw mill machinery. Always some good used machinery on hand. J. M. Hacker, Box 579, Beaumont, Texas. dwtf-Tb.

ECZEMA

Money back without question if HUNT'S Salve fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Try a 75 cent box at our risk. At Stripling, Haselwood & Co's



Poultry Wanted

We are paying fancy prices for live Poultry. See us before you sell.

JOE ZEVE CASH BUYER

R. R. Henderson W. R. Sivley
DRS. HENDERSON & SIVLEY
DENTISTS
Suite 2, 3 and 4, over Swift Brothers and Smith
Telephone No. 2.

DR. J. D. ELLINGTON
Dentist
"Yorrhoea, Alvalois, Riggs' Disease or Scurvy.

DREWERY & DREWERY
Dentists
office west side square
Phone 48
Nacogdoches Texas.

F. P. MARSHALL
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Will practice in all the courts, office over Kennedy's drug store, Nacogdoches, Texas.

When in Need of a Monument

VISIT THE NACOGDOCHES CEMETERY AND ASK THE SEXTON TO TELL YOU WHO DOES THE BEAUTIFUL WORK YOU SEE

GOULD

WILL BE HIS ANSWER WE HAVE PLEASED THE MOST EXACTING AND WILL PLEASE YOU IF GIVEN YOUR COMMISSION. THE SAME ATTENTION GIVEN A MODEST HEADSTONE AS LARGER WORK.

Gould Granite & Marble Co. Jacksonville, Texas.

Cow Hides Wanted

We are paying 10c per pound for green hides shipped to us by express. It is best to salt hides as soon as they are taken off to prevent them from spoiling. We also buy horse hides. Put one tag with your name and address inside of the container and one on the outside. Prices subject to change without notice. A. Golenternek & Co., Tyler, Texas.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

ITCH!
Money back without question if HUNT'S Salve fails in the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORM, TETTER or other itching skin diseases. Try a 75 cent box at our risk.
Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

Stripling, Haselwood & Co. Say
After you eat—always take
EATONIC
FOR FOUR ACID STOMACH
Instantly relieves Heartburn, Bloating, Gas, Souring, Stomach souring, repeating, and all stomach miseries. Aids digestion and appetite. Keeps stomach sweet and strong. Increases Vitality and builds up the system. Eatonic is the best remedy. Taste of those made specially for medicinal purposes. Only one cent a box. Positively guaranteed to please or we will refund money. Get a box today. You will see.
Sold by Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

"Buffalo Bill, where do you get saddles and pads for your Rough Riders?"
"From Waco, Texas, made by Tom Padgett Co.—Forty eight years in business—they don't hurt your horse."
(Padgett's ad has been carried by the Dallas papers for forty years.)

PRE - WAR GOODS

We are daily receiving goods that we have been unable to secure since the great war, some of which are the famous

Azurea Line of Toilet Goods
Azurea Toilet Water, Azurea Face Powder and Perfumes.

Ed Pinaud's Toilet Articles
Also many other lines of Toilet goods that we have been out of for a year or more.

Phone us your order for your wants.

Stripling, Haselwood & Co.

James Murphey and family departed for Dallas Monday night.

J. W. Bates is visiting in Alto this week.

Miss Mattie Burgess arrived Sunday to spend her vacation with home-folks.

Miss Della Green of Tucker, Hayter & Company made a trip to Mt. Enterprise Sunday.

Lynn Brantley has accepted a position with the Nacogdoches Grocery Company at Lufkin.

Mr. J. L. Prince left Wednesday night for New Caney, where he has a sawmill.

The Nacogdoches cotton exchange opened Monday morning with a vigor, and some local trading.

Mrs. W. E. Willis and son, Darrell of Dallas, are visiting Mrs. Zula Cariker and children on Orton Hill.

Mrs. H. J. Craddock of Maytown is spending a few days her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Johnson of this city.

Secretary H. L. McKnight returned Tuesday afternoon from Dallas where he had been attending to important business.

Mr. and Mrs. James Thomas and Miss Josie Nelson are in St. Louis visiting and looking over the dry goods and millinery situation.

Misses Zula and Nell Cariker have returned from a two weeks' visit with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Cariker at Cushing.

Miss N. L. Jackson and mother, Mrs. E. D. Jackson, returned Sunday from Dallas, where they spent the past week buying new fall millinery.

Mr. A. L. Barnes, formerly of this city, was in the city Wednesday from his new home, Denton, where he is now sending his children to school.

WANTED—To know the address of William F. Ott. His sister is trying to locate him and will greatly appreciate any information. Address Mrs. J. Ott Jordan, Nacogdoches, Texas. 17-dwp.

FOR SALE—One of the best little red land farms in the county. 41 acres land, all under fence and all in cultivation, except about 4 acres in timber. Price \$2,000. See Giles M. Haltom, at Sentinel office.

WANTED—To trade a five passenger Ford body for a roadster body; or will trade this Ford for some Jersey cows. C. W. Mahaffey. 18-1dw.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, fine young mare, well bred and the best brood mare in the county. A fine saddle and a good driver, and works well to anything; gentle, safe for man or woman. E. H. Power. 16-4dw1

FOR SALE
A farm located 4 1/2 miles east of Nacogdoches on the Carrizo Creek, on the Upper Melrose Road. For terms and prices see, C. W. Hill, Nacogdoches, Texas. 14-12dw.

Claude King of Douglass was in the city Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Schmidt are visiting in California.

Judge V. E. Middlebrook has consented to go to Woodville the 25th of August to speak in behalf of Hon. Pat M. Neff for governor.

S. B. Dorn, one of the independent oil operators of this county from Fort Worth, is in the city attending to some business.

Dr. and Mrs. C. M. Payne, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Young and Miss Maude Gaston were Maytown visitors in the city Monday.

Mrs. J. L. Prince, who has been the local hospital during the past few days suffering from an operation caused by appendicitis, was able to be brought back to her home on Main street Wednesday.

O'quin Hodges of Stripling, Haselwood & Company, who has been sick during the past few days, has recovered sufficiently to resume his position with that company.

Normal Pybus is spending his vacation in Fort Worth. He is identified with the firm of Stripling, Haselwood & Company.

The fire whistle at noon called the fire department to the home of Mr. John Thomas, where a small blaze had appeared on the roof of the building, burning a place in the roof about the size of an ordinary blanket. The fire was quickly extinguished and no further damage was done.

HORSES AND MULES

JUST UNLOADED A CARLOAD OF CAREFULLY SELECTED HORSES AND MULES. G. E. PARMELEY. 19-1w

We again present William Pierson of Hunt county for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. He won the first primary by 24,853 plurality. Vote for him August 28th. 18-dwp.

Friday afternoon at Douglass Hon. John T. Garrison spoke in behalf of ex-Senator Joseph Weldon Bailey, and Saturday afternoon he defended Mr. Bailey at Sacul and Cushing at the hours of 2 o'clock and 4 o'clock, respectively. The Neff side claim the reason joint delates were not held at Douglass, Cushing and Sacul was because Mr. Garrison refused to debate.

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Catarrh Cannot Be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medicine is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, etc.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BABIES HELP PAY FOR WAR

Even Talcum Powder Has Been Levied Upon to Meet Expenditures Due to Slaughter.

The postbellum H. C. L. has hit the babies. In the Home Sector William G. Shepherd says: "About \$3,000,000 will go into Uncle Sam's coffers from the pockets and purses of soda water drinkers in 1920. Folks who like bowling or billiards or pool will give about a million and a half to Uncle Sam. People who play cards will give him two and a quarter millions. Automobiles and motorcycles will bring him in 50 cents a head from the whole 106,000,000 of us. We'll give him about \$55,000,000 for going to theaters and movies.

"Every one of the 106,000,000 of us, indeed, will give Uncle Sam an average of two cents a day, directly, for pleasure and conveniences, with baby paying tribute for his talcum powder, mother and sister paying tribute for their perfumes, father paying tribute for his cigarettes and athletic club dues, all the kids paying tribute for the movies and their trips to the corner soda fountain.

"The war did it all, too. We're paying just ten times more to Uncle Sam in internal revenue this year than we did in 1914. We paid so little then—one-tenth of 1% cents a day—and we paid it so indirectly that few of us realized that there really was such a person in the world as Uncle Sam. At last the old party has found us. Since then a lot of us have fought and died for him. And if he's worth dying for he's worth supporting."

MAY DEVELOP GUM MARKET

Opening of Mesopotamia to Civilization Likely to Add Largely to the World's Supply.

As law and order come into the wild and unsettled mountains of Mesopotamia, especially when new roads and the eventual railway connect the northern Kurdish country around Mosul with the rest of the world, many a now useless tree and shrub will doubtless be put to service as a contributor of gum. The gums of Mesopotamia have many commercial uses, and the unsystematic tapping and trading that now brings the product on pack animals to Suleimanya, where merchants buy it from the Kurds and sell it again to other merchants in Baghdad, is a mere suggestion of the industry that may be developed by enterprising promoters who may have observed the extent of this natural resource in Mesopotamia and looked further afield than Aleppo and Baghdad for markets. Now that British occupation has opened the land to western ideas, it would not be surprising if the gum industry grew to be a source of considerable national wealth, and an important factor in creating a new Mesopotamia.

Lengthening Life of Silk Stocking.

"No economies are small," says a French proverb, and the professional stocking mender's job is evidence of that as understood by the Parisienne. "Here," said one of the craft, "are 30 pairs of silk stockings which have been through my hands more times than I can count, and look at them." They were patched and darned till there was little of the original left, but as Elise remarked, "with boots they still make an effect." Before the war Madame paid three half-pence per pair for her mender and provided the thread; now she gives fourpence or fivepence and expects miracles of endurance from the fragile web. Where the mender formerly spent ten minutes she now must devote an hour to some of these stockings, and it is difficult to see how she gets a living. But Madame's motto is, "Throw nothing away," and she lives up to it.

Plastic Dressing for Wounds.

Industrial plants are now using the Ambrine treatment for burns, scalds, and all surface wounds which proved very successful for casualties incurred in the world war. The dressing is a compound of wax and resins, and is solid when cold. It is heated to about 150 degrees Fahrenheit and applied by means of a special atomizer, or it can be generally dabbed on with a soft brush. A plastic dressing, impervious to air, is thus formed, which does not adhere to the wound and which promotes the healing process without appreciable contraction. Disfigurement and scars are prevented to a greater extent than was possible under the old methods.

Bold Chinese Bandits.

Bands of kidnapers recently have caused much alarm in Tschowfu, Shantung, China. Operating in groups of from 30 to 60 they have carried away and held for ransom wealthy Chinese for whom they have obtained as much as \$50,000 in some cases. Ten citizens were kidnaped in October. Promises to pay ransoms have been exacted by torture. Troops have tried to capture the bandits, but have failed. It is believed the kidnapers came from Dalny, crossing the Gulf of Pechili in boats in which they escaped with their captives.

Spanish Licorice Industry.

The manufacture of licorice extract and paste is an important Spanish industry. This is a comparatively new industry, as formerly the root was exported unmanufactured. Over 6,000,000 pounds of the root were exported in 1918 and more than 900,000 pounds of extract and paste.

WILL AGAIN HONOR MAGELLAN

Quadracentennial of His Famous Voyage Likely to Be Appropriately Observed in 1921.

March, 1921, will be a good time to visit the Philippines, for it will then be an even 400 years since Fernando de Magalhaes, as he was named in his native Portuguese, although better known, as English usage afterward changed it, by the name of Ferdinand Magellan, first visited the islands, discovering and taking possession of them for the crown of Spain. And plans are now under consideration to celebrate that anniversary in a way to outdo any celebration ever held in the Orient. One will hear, no doubt, a great deal about Magellan in the next 12 months, and the first navigator of the Pacific will reappear in newspaper columns and magazine articles; nor is it unlikely that his counterfeit presentment will rediscover the Philippines in a proper pageant. The celebration, indeed, comes at an appropriate time, for the Pacific ocean is only just assuming reality in the thoughts of the great majority of Americans, and it provides historic background against which the modern islands can display their products, their development, and their opportunities for the investment of American capital. Like Columbus, Magellan was not seeking new lands for Spain. He set out to find a passage from the Atlantic to the ocean that Balboa had seen some years earlier on the other side of the continent, and having passed through the straits of Magellan, he believed that he was steering for the Moluccas, or Spice Islands. And so, incidentally, he found the Philippines.

COMES OF ANCIENT FAMILY

Danish Minister to Iceland Traces Origin to First White Man Born in America.

Information has been received from Copenhagen that the Danish consul-general in London, J. E. Boegglid, has been appointed Danish minister to Iceland. Mr. Boegglid is widely known in America, having been Danish consul in San Francisco and Chicago, consul-general in New York and commercial adviser to the Danish legation in Washington.

Mr. Boegglid seems especially fitted for this post, as he has Icelandic blood in his veins. On the maternal side he is descended from the Tullinius family of Iceland, which traces its origin back to Thorfinn Karlsefni, one of the famous Norsemen who discovered America nearly one thousand years ago.

Karlsefni, of whom a statue was recently erected in Philadelphia, was the first white man to settle in America, spending two years in "Wineland," where his wife, Gudrid, gave birth to a boy, who was called Snorri. From Snorri descended a numerous and distinguished lineage, among whom is numbered the Tullinius family, and the new minister to Iceland can thus lay claim of being descended from the first white man born in America.—Detroit News.

Cook With Oil on Warship.

The Hood, the monster mystery battleship, launched from the Clyde the other day, is fitted out with a large oil-fuel cooking galley. For several years past the use of oil fuel has been common in the British navy for propulsion purposes, but its employment for cooking is quite an innovation. The galley referred to is capable of cooking for 1,200 men. The heat is obtained by means of special burners, which consume the oil under pressure, compressed air being used to atomize the fuel. The result is a white flame of extraordinary heat and cleanliness, which leaves no residue whatever and is easily controlled. There is an entire absence of smell—a usual disadvantage in cooking by means of oil—and there is no chance of the food being contaminated.

The Earth's Crust.

The most important scientific investigation of the past year in any country has probably been the attempt to measure the earth's crust. We know very little about the shell on which we live. Scientists have been studying the problem in Hawaii, Tuscany and Salvador, where the opportunities for investigation are especially favorable. Many data new to science have been collected concerning the shell, its composition and probable age. Still other tests have been made in New South Wales, where a great reservoir concentrates an immense weight of water on a limited area, and instruments have been devised to measure the movement of the earth's crust under this weight. New light has thus been thrown on the action of volcanoes.

Hardest Tool-Steel Yet Discovered.

When a tool becomes dull, time is required to sharpen it, and time in a machine shop is expensive. A tool that will cut hard materials and still keep its edge saves both time and money. Eleven years ago Professor J. O. Arnold, of Sheffield, England, invented the alloy of steel in which the metal vanadium was introduced to provide a cutting power greater than that of other steels. As a result very rapid production became possible. He has now produced a steel of even greater cutting power in which the alloy molybdenum replaces the tungsten present in all vanadium-alloy steels, forming six per cent of the steel instead of the eighteen per cent of tungsten. It eclipses the cutting power of all its rivals.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

"SPITE HOUSE" THERE YET

Boston Building is Said to Go Back to Days of the American Revolution.

What is believed to be one of the narrowest and oldest dwelling houses in this country is that at 44 Hull street, Boston. The house is less than 11 feet wide and its erection is said to date back to the American Revolutionary period. The dwelling, constructed of wood and particularly peculiar in the midst of the modern brick structures in that vicinity, is located directly opposite the entrance of Copp's Hill burying ground and within the shadow of what once was the ammunition barracks of the British army. It is 21 feet long, with its entrance on Hull Street place, which is also so narrow that one has almost to enter the alleyway sidewise. There are three stories and an attic floor. One room, the kitchen, is in the basement, and on the street floor are the dining and living rooms. There is a bedroom above these, and on the third floor is another bedroom.

The dwelling is referred to by North Enders as the "Spite House." It earned this sobriquet, according to a legend that has been persistent for years to the effect that the original owner, a Tory, had the house erected to shut off the natural light from the home of a neighbor with whom he had quarreled. As the result of the alleged "spite" the neighbor, so the legend goes, was obliged to keep a candle burning within his home.

SURELY "NOTHING IS NEW"

Discoveries in Babylonia Give Renewed Proof of Truth of the Ancient Saying.

Six thousand years ago the "ladies" painted their cheeks and penciled their eyebrows, according to Dr. E. J. Banks, who gave an illustrated lecture before the photographic section of the American institute of the city of New York, says the Evening Sun of that city.

It was Doctor Banks who conducted the expedition into Babylonia and helped dig up the ruins of some of the ancient cities for which enterprise John D. Rockefeller contributed \$200,000 to the University of Chicago. In telling of "Modern Babylonia and Its Buried Cities" the archeologist had thrown upon the screen pictures of many kinds of earthen wares found among the ruins of the ancient dwellings. One kind of "twin" vases attracted especial attention.

"That," said the lecturer, "shows that the ladies painted their cheeks and penciled their eyebrows 6,000 years ago, just about like some of them do today. The inside of one of the cups was red, while the other was black. The twin vases were found in a room that was undoubtedly a boudoir of the period. Verily there is nothing new under the sun."

Proper Use of Handkerchief.

The incorrect use of the handkerchief is, according to Dr. William S. Tomlin, one of the most prolific causes of acute disease of the middle ear, with consequent deafness. He says in the Indianapolis Medical Journal that the average adult constricts the nostrils when he blows his nose, thus producing extraordinary compression of the air in the nasopharynx.

When he has a cold there is infection and swelling around the eustachian tubes, and the effort to expel the compressed air through the constricted nostrils is likely to blow some of the infected mucus into these tubes, thus starting the trouble.

When a person has a cold he should sleep on his side and not on his back, for thus he will establish good drainage from the eustachian tubes.

Spread of Species.

One of the problems that confronts the naturalist is that of accounting for the distribution of identical forms of life through widely separated localities. Investigation frequently shows that this has been accomplished in many ways that appear quite simple when once discovered, although one would hardly have thought of them.

Some interesting facts gleaned concerning the dispersion of fresh-water mollusks account for their appearance in remote and isolated ponds. Waterfowl play an important part in this work. Ducks have been known to carry mussels attached to their feet a hundred miles or more. Bivalve mollusks not infrequently cling to the toes of wading birds, and are thus transported for considerable distances.

Penguins.

Though so much has been written about them, the penguins always excite fresh interest in everyone who sees them for the first time. There is endless interest in watching them, the dignified emperor, dignified notwithstanding his clumsy waddle, going along with his wife (or wives) by his side, the very picture of a successful, self-satisfied, happy, unsuspecting countryman, gravely bowing like a Chinaman before a yelping dog—the little undignified matter-of-fact Adelle, minding his own business in a way worthy of emulation. They are perfectly adapted to a narrow round of life, and when compelled to face matters outside of their experience they often behave with apparent stupidity, but sometimes show a good deal of intelligence.—From "The Heart of the Antarctic," by R. E. Shackleton.

WON FAME EARLY IN LIFE

Precocious Youths Have Given to the World Many Works That Are Classed as Remarkable.

Mlle. Germaine Sablin, the French girl of ten summers, who wrote a novel of which the critics declared "Victor Hugo might be proud," had many predecessors in precocity whom she herself might almost envy, London Answers states.

Torquato Tasso was famous throughout Italy before he was nine years old, an accomplished Greek and Latin scholar and the author of clever and polished verses. At eight Louis de Bourbon, prince of Conde, was a perfect Latin scholar; three years later he published a work on rhetoric, and at seventeen he was appointed governor of Burgundy. Fenelon displayed so much precocity that he won fame as a preacher of rare eloquence when he was but fifteen years of age. Pascal wrote treatises on acoustics at twelve and at sixteen he published his treatise on conic sections, which Descartes refused to believe, was not the work of a great master.

Of more recent and familiar feats of precocity it may be sufficient to mention that John Stuart Mill was studying Greek at three, had practically mastered the language at seven and a year later was acting as schoolmaster to his younger brothers and sisters; while, to give but one other example, John Ruskin actually produced a manuscript work in three volumes before he reached his seventh birthday.

MAN OF SUPREME TALENTS

George Du Maurier, Whose "Trilby" is Immortal, Celebrated as Master of Three Arts.

George Du Maurier was singularly talented. He could have made a lasting reputation as an artist, a writer or a caricaturist—he stands immortal as a master of all three arts. He was born March 6, 1834, and died in 1896.

He was the son of a naturalized Englishman—a man who had left France to escape the reign of terror. He himself was born in Paris and much of his early youth was passed there. His life was ideally happy. His "gay and jovial" father brought him up in a charming home; his pretty wife was an object of adoration to him; his success was certain from the start.

Intending first to be a chemist, he soon found that his real vocation was art, so he went to the Latin quarter in Paris and later to Holland to study. In London he joined the staff of Punch, a connection he kept for 30 years. Besides the light and graceful cartoons for Punch he exhibited water color sketches.

Late in life he began writing novels. "Peter Ibbotson" and "Trilby" were especially well received. "Trilby" was dramatized and produced in 1895, a year before Du Maurier's death, by Sir Herbert Beerboom Tree. Lately it has been revived with immense success.

Like his pictures, his writings were graceful, humorous, too fanciful to be true, yet written with an air of great truth.

Squirrel Will Put Up Fight.

When surprised in the woods, the behavior of the fox squirrel is quite different from that of the gray species. As a rule the former will put forth his best endeavor to reach some hollow in a tree, and into this he quickly scrambles to avoid his enemy, says the American Forestry Magazine of Washington. One may often see them stretched out on a limb as flat as possible, and they will, thinking themselves unperceived, remain a long time in that position as quiet as a mouse. If cornered and there is no hole handy for him to get into, and the limb he is on is too small to hide him, he will begin barking at the hunter or his dog in the most defiant manner possible. It is said that a fox squirrel can beat off a small dog, and will put up a hard fight if one attacks him.

A Wholesale Rat Cure.

An interesting experiment in dealing with rats infesting the workings at a Welsh colliery has proved a tremendous success. On a Saturday afternoon, after the miners had left work, and the horses had been removed, a large stock of sulphur was placed at the bottom of the main shaft and lit. The fan was kept going at quarter speed, and the rats scurried as far as they could go to the upcast shaft, where they congregated. The next afternoon to get the workings clear of the fumes the fan was set going at full speed, and when the men descended the pit thousands of dead rats were found at the bottom of the upcast shaft. Four trams were filled with them.

Trying to Appear Dignified.

When I was a girl of eighteen I was chosen to be Goddess of Liberty at a Fourth of July celebration in a small town. As is usual on such occasions, the whole countryside turned out to celebrate, and there was a great crowd to see the goddess mount her improvised throne. As I crossed the lawn trying to appear dignified before the crowd I stepped in a gopher hole that had become overgrown with grass and turned a complete somersault, losing my crown and becoming unbecomingly tangled up in my long robes. My maids of honor picked me up, but it is needless to say I heard little of the address that followed.—Exchange.