

Whatever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so unto them.

The Texas Spur

THE DICKENS ITEMS

May happiness and prosperity attend every Texas Spur reader in 1926.

VOLUME NO. SIXTEEN

SPUR, DICKENS COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1926

NUMBER 22

Mad Dog Killed last Sunday in the Spur section of country

While the time may appear somewhat early for "dog days", yet last Sunday a full grown mad-dog was killed by S. H. Twaddell while in the Soldier Mound community.

The dog had every indication of madness, or hydrophobia. It is not known if the dog had bitten anything in the country.

This is a warning to look out for mad dogs from this time on. We read recently in the Hamlin Herald an account of a mad dog biting a number of persons at Hamlin, all of whom were carried to the pasteur institute at Austin, where it was definitely determined that the patients had hydrophobia in its first stages.

Grow Alfalfa

500 Dolls to be Given Away by the Cash Variety Store

Through April, May and June you will be given a ticket with each purchase of 10c or more. Save your tickets until you have enough to get the doll of your choice. These dolls range in price from 15 cents to \$2.85. Please do not forget to call for your ticket should it be overlooked by the clerk. These tickets are worth five per cent in trade, on the purchase of any doll in the store.

SPECIAL OFFER

Three dolls are to be given away absolutely free. One each Saturday, dates, April 3rd, 10th, and 17th.

Each person entering our store may register and that entitles you to one chance at the doll.

If you don't get one this Saturday, try the next and the next.

The lucky person may pick any doll from the store.

Come and bring the entire family. It costs you nothing.—J. T. McCulloch.

Grow Alfalfa

Farmer sells cotton crop for good price Houston market

Albert Power, of Afton, returned the past week from Houston where he had gone to sell his entire cotton crop which had been held from the market until this time. Mr. Power informed us that the price received averaged better than nineteen cents a pound. He sold fifty eight bales.

Mr. Power grows Half and Half cotton exclusively on his place, stating that it makes forty five per cent lint of more than one inch staple.

B. Schwarz & Son

SATURDAY & MONDAY at 8:30

We Will Place on Sale WM. WALTKE & CO'S. Pure Olive Oil Skin Soap

Sold Regular Everywhere at 10c Each

Special for Saturday Morning 5 For 25c.

Not more than 5 to each customer.

(Read our ad on another page)

Raising and selling Mules beats growing cotton crops

That farmers of Dickens county and the Spur country are diversifying and each year becoming more inclined to diversified methods is being evidenced on every hand. Only this week we met W. A. Harris in Spur and he informed us that on his farm he had raised and sold \$2,650 worth of young mules, and now has seventeen more young mules on his place. Growing mules may not be one of the common methods of farm diversification in this section, but Mr. Harris says it has paid him much more than any cotton crops since he has been farming here. He always grows plenty feed stuff, and stated that he intends this fall to sow a considerable acreage of alfalfa for hay and on which to graze his mules, work mares and milk cattle.

Farmers throughout the country are taking to the alfalfa growing campaign and in combination with other feeds adapted to the country will hereafter have plenty feed for home use as well as a surplus to sell.

More than one farmer has told us that this year and hereafter more attention would be given to garden truck with the idea of having plenty to eat at home—and when that time comes to the country in general, all the marketing problems will be of secondary consideration.

Diversify

Spur Band will be in contest at W. T. C. of C. Meeting

The Spur Municipal Band, under the direction of Mr. Collum, is now practicing and preparing to enter the band contest at the next meeting of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce which will be held in Amarillo. There will be twenty odd pieces to play in the contest, and the band will be entered in the fourth year class.

The Spur Municipal Band is being supported and maintained by the business interests of Spur, and since its organization and under the leadership of both Messrs. Walkerton and Collum, has made rapid and substantial progress, until now it is recognized as one among the best bands of the entire country, and it is very probable, or at least hopeful, that the first prize may be awarded the Spur band at Amarillo.

Grow Alfalfa

17,344 Bales Cotton Ginned in Spur up to Friday night

Up to Friday night of last week the several gins of Spur had ginned a total of 17,344 bales of cotton of the 1925 crop.

It will be remembered that in the beginning of the cotton ginning season, M. Hargrove interviewed fifteen men obtaining from each an estimate of what he thought would be ginned in Spur during the fall. The result of this was an estimate of 17,500 bales to be ginned. The estimate will prove almost accurate, since there will probably be at least a hundred and fifty more bales to be ginned from the crop.

Notwithstanding the early freeze which cut the crop short considerably, the real hurt was in the low grade of staple and the resulting low prices.

Rains and snows put Spur Country in finest shape

As a result of the snows and rains of the past month the Spur country has an ideal season and no country was ever in better shape with respect to seasons and crop prospects than is this entire section at the present time.

The rainfall during the month of March is as follows, as was registered at the Spur Experiment Station under the management of R. E. Dickson:

March 4, -----	.51 inches
March 5, -----	.03 inches
March 21, -----	.53 inches
March 27, -----	.14 inches
March 29, -----	.18 inches
March 30, -----	.28 inches
Total, -----	1.62 inches

The lowest temperature during the past week was 21 degrees, and it is very probable that the fruit was killed by this freeze, notwithstanding that it was a "we freeze."

Rains during the month of march are unusual for this country, and since in the beginning of the crop year we have an ideal bottom and top season, there is no question but that bumper crop yields of all kinds will be realized this fall. In fact, at no time since the beginning of farming in this country, has conditions been better or more promising of big yields than at this time.

Grow Alfalfa

Grabener Farm Home Destroyed by Fire

Friday evening of last week the H. E. Grabener farm home, eight miles east of Spur, was destroyed by fire. The origin of the fire is unknown, but is supposed to have originated from a defective flue. Mr. Grabener at this time will not rebuild his home, having a smaller house on his place which will be moved to take the place of his home place.

Grow Alfalfa

Baseball Nine is Desired in the Weigher's Race

In the Public Weighers race at the present time there are eight candidates. It is especially desired that at least nine get in this race, in order that a baseball team may be organized, and some interesting games be played during the summer months.

There are at least three prospective candidates yet unannounced, and the probability is that twelve or more candidates will be in this race.

Grow Alfalfa

WORK ON CROSBY COUNTY JAIL TO START MONDAY

H. C. Frank, superintendent of construction for the new Crosby County Jail, was here this week arranging all preliminaries for the beginning of actual construction, which, according to Mr. Frank, will begin Monday. The jail will be two stories 28 by 38 and will take care of twenty two prisoners, with two long corridors. It will be a brick structure and tool proof steel.

Mr. Frank will use all home labor that is available for work. It will take about four months in which to complete the job, said Mr. Frank.—Crosbyton Review

Snowstorm in The Panhandle

Late Monday the entire Panhandle Plains section of Texas was covered with snow and slush ranging from 4 to 10 inches with the temperature around freezing, with a cold wave on and the temperature falling.

Amarillo reported a temperature of around 32 degrees. Floydada reported a drop of from 50 degrees to 30 degrees within two hours and a blinding snowstorm Monday evening. Memphis reported heavy rain followed by sleet and snow Monday afternoon. Plainview reported one inch of rainfall Monday morning, followed by snow and sleet during the afternoon which completely covered the ground. This was accompanied by a severe drop in temperature.

Grow Alfalfa

DICKENS NEWS

Mrs. Luther Johnson and baby, of Arizona, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Worswick in the city.

Judge Brummett and family have been sick with the Flu but are now improving.

Mrs. Jimmy Cozby, of Lubbock, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Meadors.

Sheriff Jones and family and Miss Olive Meadors spent the week end in Lubbock and Slaton visiting with relatives and friends.

The Spur Melody Boys will give a musical at the High School auditorium, Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Davis, of Spur, visited in town Sunday.

The Dickens County Interscholastic League will meet at Dickens Friday, April 2nd, at the High School Auditorium. The literary events will be the program for the day, consisting of Senior and Junior Girls Declamations and Senior and Junior Boys Declamations. Debates, Spelling, Essay writing, Arithmetic contest. We are expecting most every school to be present in Dickens County.

The tract and field events will be April 10th, at Dickens. Medals will be awarded to first and second places by the business men of Dickens. Every boy and girl should be proud of these and try for as many as possible. Having the honor for your School is worth trying.

The Dickens Alumni Association will give a banquet May 1st, honoring the graduating class of 1926, at the Spur Inn. All ex-graduates should pay their fees within the next few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilow Street made a business trip to Lubbock Saturday.

Grow Alfalfa

A NUMBER ENJOY A PICNIC THURSDAY AT DICKENS SPRING
A very enjoyable occasion was the picnic Thursday afternoon at the Dickens Spring. It was by the Civics Class, chaperoned by B. Lane. The number enjoying the occasion were Beulah Copeland, Ethel Cox, Klemous Hargrove, John B. Hargrove, Thelma Marsh, Reiley Smith, Bessie Raby, ig Lisenby, Wilma Rogers, Estha Smith, Mac Watson, Barton Woods, Richard Gipson, Crate Snider, Bill Davis, Bill Davis, Beth and T. B. Lane, and Alton Foreman.

Grow Alfalfa

It is reported to us that Roy Russell and wife are now arranging to move to Panhandle where they will establish a dry goods business. Mr. and Mrs. Russell are two of the best sales people of the entire country, and The Texas Spur wishes them much prosperity in their oil field operations.

Grow Alfalfa

Mrs. Goss Cobb, who has been spending several days with her mother, Mrs. Senning, returned home Thursday of this week.

TEXAS GETS FUND FOR ROAD WORK

Washington D. C.—A total of \$1,030,286,748 will be available for construction and maintenance of rural roads during the fiscal year of 1926, as reported Wednesday by the Bureau of Public Roads. Fifty eight per cent of this sum is to be available to the State Highway Departments, and \$461,515,000 of that amount will be for construction and the remainder for maintenance.

The large fund will provide for construction of 6,751 miles of asphalt, concrete and brick paving, 14,320 miles of sand clay, gravel and macadam, and 8,145 miles of improved earth roads. The states also plan to maintain 234,582 miles of road, the bureau says. The total expenditure by counties and local units for maintenance and construction is estimated at \$431,696,000, which is less than the similar estimate made last year by \$31,000,000.

The bureau points out the Federal aid funds available to Texas for the period will be \$4,979,640. The probable expenditure by local authorities in Texas will be about \$16,000,000.

Diversify

LONE STAR STAGE LINE IS NOW CARRYING MAIL

The lone Star Stage Line started Sunday to carrying first class mail to and from Crosbyton under Government contract.

The stage arrives here from Lubbock at 10 o'clock a. m. on way to Spur. It arrives back at Crosbyton from Spur at 2:30 on way to Lubbock.

Each way the stage line brings and picks up the mail, including Sunday.

In conversation with Mr. Abbott, he told the Review reporter that he wanted to impress upon the people the importance of putting their mail in the post office and not giving it to him. There will be plenty of time to get all letters mailed before the stage arrives both ways. The outgoing mail here makes connection at Spur and also Lubbock, giving anywhere from eight to twelve hours quicker mail service.—Crosbyton Review.

Grow Alfalfa

That Spur is moving onward and upward is evidenced in the fact that constantly new businesses are being established. This week two new businesses were established in the city, the Cecil Fox Barber Shop and the C. H. Perry lunch room.

Diversification vs. one-crop system in the country

The Waco Times Herald quotes this from the Sunset, San Francisco: "While the farm product value of Texas, premier cotton state, decreased more than a hundred million dollars, the value of California's farm products in the year 1925 increased by \$54,000,000. California is growing cotton, lots of it, but it is also growing a hundred other things. Texas specializes on one crop, cotton; California's agriculture activities, on the contrary, cover the widest range of any state in the union."

While cotton is, and will continue, the great staple crop of Texas many other crops can be grown. But Texas as farmers have so long followed the one-crop practice that they will be slow to change. The gospel of diversification, however, is being preached and is finding some followers. An over-production of cotton next year would almost complete the lesson, but at what a great cost.

We are glad that in the irrigated valley here diversification is being practiced. Along with a considerable area in Cotton, it is estimated that about 600 acres of potatoes have been planted and about 400 acres of onions. Fruit trees and berry patches are being set out. Pecan trees are being planted. Truck gardens are being grown. Small grains are being sown. Nothing fancy is being attempted but the farmers as a rule are not putting all their eggs in one basket on any crop. They are proceeding carefully and cautiously with a few crops that it is known can be grown.

It is diversification of this character that increased the value of California's crops last year by \$54,000,000, while the value of Texas crop decreased over a hundred million dollars.

Grow Alfalfa

Auto Dealer Shoots Self Recently at Lubbock

Eugene T. Adair, automobile dealer, died Sunday of a gunshot wound. Friends said he had been despondent over financial reverses.

Just Received a Car Load of

P. & O. AND OLIVER IMPLEMENTS

One and Two Row Planters Cultivators

THESE ARE THE BEST FARMING IMPLEMENTS, AND WE MAKE YOU THE BEST PRICES!

We Also Have

White Deer High Patent Flour Made in Kansas, and Guaranteed None Better!

WE CAN SUPPLY ALL YOUR NEEDS AT AND BELOW R. Y. PRICES!

J. N. HANEY & SON, Afton, Texas

tain more thrills, more breath-taking stunts, and more romance than any of this popular young star's previous productions. All of our

B. SCHWARZ & SON

"A Good, Safe Place to Trade"

SPUR, TEXAS

SSSH—SSH! It's China!!!

Are you a 'D. F.' Fan?

A 'D. F.' Fan is a radio owner who sits up until 3:00 o'clock A. M. chasing the Will-o-the-wist of faint distant stations. Eventually he becomes an 'R. L.' or radio listener. Then he lights his pipe, and she brings out her sewing and they settle right down for a big evening with one good clear station.

Many intelligent people who previously have wasted time and lost money in finding a good safe place to trade, now consider it wisdom to do their shopping at B. Schwarz & Son, "and stick to it." Here you will find quality merchandise at popular prices.

And folks, after all is said and done its the difference between quality and price that creates the value of an article. At B. Schwarz & Son you get values

Easter, April 4th



Easter—the true usher of spring—when the feminine heart turns to new and beautiful things.

Easter—when every woman demands a beautiful dress, coat hat and slippers and those other little bits of finery that go to complete the Easter Costume.

During the past week we have unpacked fresh shipments of new dresses, hats, shoes, hose, the newest scarfs, also childrens hose and slippers.



And we are prepared to meet your most exacting demands for EASTER.

The Prices Are Right

A. M. Hoover, of near Spur to the east, was here Monday and dropped around at the Texas Spur office and had his subscription marked up for another year. We appreciate such favors and endeavor to give readers a dollar and fifty cents worth of news during the course of a year.

Diversify—

G. B. Erath, of Steel Hill, was in the city Monday and in meeting us on the street handed us a check for one dollar and fifty cents for a year's subscription to the Texas Spur. We know Texas Spur readers are the best people on earth.

J. B. Morrow, of near Elton, was among the crowds in Spur Saturday of the past week. He was after coal but being unable to either beg, borrow or steal any, we agreed to divide what little we had on hand. He reports everything in fine shape in the north part of the county since the rains and snows of the past few weeks.

Diversify—

H. L. Pullen, of near Spur, was here Monday of this week, meeting with his friends and trading some with the live-wire merchants of the city.

Tyler Transfer & Storage Company
Will Promptly and Efficiently Serve you
in Express and Other Hauling
Also Safe, Fire-Proof Storage Room.

Taking the Profit Out of War

By BERNARD M. BARUCH

Reprinted from The Atlantic Monthly.

[The February issue of the Atlantic for 1925 carried a paper by Mr. Sisley Huddleston dealing with the general subject of "taking the profit out of war," which Mr. Huddleston called "An American Plan for Peace." The first-quoted phrase was put into the language by the War Industries Board toward the close of the World War through its efforts to eliminate all war profits. Mr. Huddleston's article came to the attention of Mr. Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the War Industries Board and administrator of the non-profit plan, and (as he writes us), since it seemed to indicate a growing interest in the idea, induced him to invoke practical means to bring about a full comprehension of taking the profit out of war in the various great countries of the world. To this end he responded to a suggestion of Mr. Owen D. Young, of the Page School of International Relations at Johns Hopkins University, that he establish a course of lectures there to expound the War Industries Board plan in detail. Later he will proceed to make similar arrangements at leading universities in Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, and Japan. Agreeing with Mr. Baruch that the subject calls for public knowledge and discussion, it was natural for the Atlantic to turn to him for the following paper.—THE EDITORS OF THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.]

War was once described as Prussia's most profitable industry.

It needs only a scant examination of history to learn that other countries were open to the same indictment. The methods of the Robber Barons did not pass with the end of feudalism. Annexation by conquest did not cease. But when America entered the World War President Wilson fathered a doctrine that shall always govern us—that never a foot of territory would be added to our boundaries by force.

So, as America has taken the lead toward making impossible national profit through war, it too may be America's privilege to point the way toward making impossible individual profit through war. To take the profit out of war is to take a long step toward creating an economic detestation of war. The experience of the United States in the World War affords a basis for the belief that the plan here discussed is practical. In fact, it is more than a belief—it is a certainty, although not widely known.

The world is such a busy place, and the radius of human activity has been so greatly enlarged because of modern inventions, that it is not strange that there are but few people who are conversant with what was quietly but effectively taking place in this country in the mobilization and use of its material resources in the World War—a process that would have eventually eliminated all improper profits.

Strength is given to the public advocacy of industrial mobilization made by both President Harding and President Coolidge—Mr. Coolidge as recently as last October in his Omaha speech to the American Legion—by the fact that the plan they advocated as a part of the regular national war agencies had once been set up and successfully operated under the War Industries Board.

Preceding the President's recent clear exposition of this subject, some degree of public interest had been engendered by an exchange of letters between Owen D. Young (of Dawes plan fame), in behalf of the Walter Hines Page School of International Relations, and the writer. The correspondence resulted in the establishment of lectures at the Page School (of Johns Hopkins University) on this theme. Previously the Atlantic Monthly printed an article by Sisley Huddleston, who pointed out that Europe saw great strides toward peace in the American idea of "taking the profit out of war" in a systematic way. His basic reference was to the plan of the War Industries Board.

The resources of a country might be referred to as the five M's: (1) man power; (2) money; (3) maintenance or food; (4) material resources (including raw materials, manufacturing facilities, transportation, fuel and power); and (5) morale. The intelligence with which the first four are directed and co-ordinated as a whole will determine the fifth, the morale of the community.

In the war emergency it early became evident to those who were charged with the responsibility of mobilizing the resources that there was a just sentiment among the people against profiteering. Profiteering might be willful and profit making might be involuntary; but, whatever its form, there was a just determination it should cease. So it became necessary to fix prices where the supply was limited.

Wherever the government created a shortage by its demands, prices were fixed, not only for the Army, Navy and the Allies, but for the civilian population as well. And in addition to price fixing on war essentials (such as steel, wool, copper, and so forth), the balance after the war program had been fixed, was rationed or distributed according to the priority needs of the various civilian demands. In other words, where the price of the product of an industry was fixed that industry had to deliver the part which the government did not need to the civilian population, not in the way the industry chose, but as the government directed.

It must be remembered that when the war came there was no adequate preparation. Indeed, it is doubted by the best authorities whether any effective form of preparation then known would have been of much avail in view of the widespread and essential results of the war and the lack of knowledge of the various instruments of destruction which were being devised and which it became necessary to combat.

Our own Army had several divisions competing one with another for mate-

rials, transportation, housing, and so forth. On top of that there prevailed the demands of the Shipping Board, with the slogan that ships would win the war, and of the Food Administration, with the slogan that food would win the war. Further, there was the Railroad Administration with its need for material and labor, and finally there was the feverish quest for labor and supplies on the part of the munition makers—all competing for labor, money, materials, transportation, fuel, power, and each insisting on the greater importance of its activity. All this while the labor supply was being lessened by the flow of men into the Army.

While an endeavor was being made to bring order out of chaos, the great undertaking had to go on. Men, ships, munitions, food, material, had to be provided. Old organizations, bureaus and traditions had to be met and changed, but not destroyed until the new was set up. The wonder of it all is, not that there were so many mistakes, but that so much was accomplished.

At the time we entered the war prices were at their peak, and tending higher because of the war's insatiable demands. The problem was not alone to secure the materials and labor and to stop the confusion, but to do it in such a way that the morale of the people would be maintained. The prices of some things, like steel and copper, were fixed far below prevailing rates, and the wages of labor in those industries were standardized. The more highly organized an industry, the easier it was to arrange. Order did not commence to appear until the Army funneled its needs through one man sitting with a section of the War Industries Board and until the Navy, Shipping Board, Allies and Railroad Administration satisfied its requirements through a central authoritative body. This was called the War Industries Board, controlling and directing all materials and co-ordinating through its chairman the whole system of governmental and civilian supply and demand. It was created by executive order in March of the year 1918.

Briefly, this board endeavored to mobilize the industries of America so that the fighting forces of the Allied and associated nations could draw from the United States—the last reservoir of men, materials and money—the things needed for the winning of the war at the time the things were needed and with the least dislocation of industry and the least disturbance of the civilian population.

The War Industries Board was organized like any other supervisory committee, with a chairman, vice chairman, members in charge of various activities, bureau chiefs and subordinate workers. It surveyed and sought to arrange the whole industrial war field under the plenary powers conferred by the President and the Congress. How well it did this is a story for others to tell. What it did is the basis of the plan I am here drawing.

It was comparatively easy to fix prices and to distribute materials, and indeed to stabilize the wages of labor in those industries in which prices were fixed. The labor situation, however, became increasingly difficult, particularly when General Crowder found it necessary to withdraw men for the proposed campaign of 1919 after 4,000,000 soldiers had already been taken.

Much has been said about the profiteering of labor. It is an unjust accusation. It is only fair to say that this condition was primarily brought about through the inexperience of the organization within our own governmental departments and by the furious bidding of munitions makers and ship builders for services. That situation, together with the increased prices of the things that labor had to buy with the results of its work, made it inevitable that labor must get higher wages.

So it became evident that the price fixing program had to go even further, and the War Industries Board, when the Armistice came, was proceeding with a campaign to fix the prices of all the basic things that labor had to buy. Some had previously been fixed. I speak of labor in a much broader sense than manual labor, for the unorganized so-called "white collar" part of our community—clerks, teachers, government employees, professional men—were less able to meet the situation than labor in the narrower sense. For the protection and relief of such groups certain plans were devised. To illustrate—

Singer Sewing Machines

Let us show you the latest improvement in portable electrics. Does away with labor; is time saving and makes sewing a pleasure. We also have the latest improved treadle machines.

Call us and let us install one on trial. We will trade for your old machine.

67 CENTS A WEEK PAYS FOR THE LATEST IMPROVED SINGER

R. T. BILLS

Salesman & Colector Spur, Texas

One of them provided that manufacturers, jobbers and retailers of shoes could make and sell shoes only of a specified quality at a fixed price, effective July, 1919. No one who did not have a card of the War Industries Board in his window could sell shoes, and only the standardized shoes could be sold. No jobber or manufacturer would sell shoes to anybody who did not have this card. The shoes were to be stamped Class A, B or C and had to be of the quality prescribed and sold at the price fixed. The country was so organized in every district that there could be immediately reported to Washington the name of any shoe retailer who did not carry out the regulations of the War Industries Board as to price and quality. Through restrictions on his labor, money, raw materials and transportation no manufacturer would have been permitted

J. A. Akins, public weigher at Afton, was a business visitor in Spur Monday of this week. While here Mr. Akin was a very pleasant caller at the Texas Spur office, informing us that he had weighed between fourteen and fifteen hundred bales of cotton from the 1925 crop. Mr. Akin is a candidate for the weigher's office for the coming term, and if elected to the place expects to maintain cotton yards at both McAdoo and Dickens, selecting some one to look after the Dickens yard while he will remain at McAdoo yard.

Diversify—
W. L. McAteer was here Wednesday.

Continued on page 6

COAL FEED

SUPERIOR PRODUCTS

You Need Them All!

Baby Chick Starter—Scratch Feed—
Growing Mash—Oyster Shells and
Meat Scraps.
Grow bigger and healthier chickens

King & Sample

"Spur's Progressive Feed Store"

KEROSENE SUB-OILS GASOLINE

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Marshall, of near Spur, were in the city the first of the week, shopping and also to visit with Uncle Dick Holly who is now convalescing from a recent operation at the Nichols Sanitarium.

Diversify—

Tom Dodson and family and J. P. Harris and family, of the Plains country near Wake, left last week for a trip through the country to Los Angeles, California. They expect to return about August first.

Mrs. Al Bingham, of the Spur Ranch headquarters, was among the number of shoppers in the city Saturday.

Grow Alfalfa—
J. C. McNeill, of the Alamo Stock Farm to the west of Spur, was in the city the first of the week on business and meeting with friends.

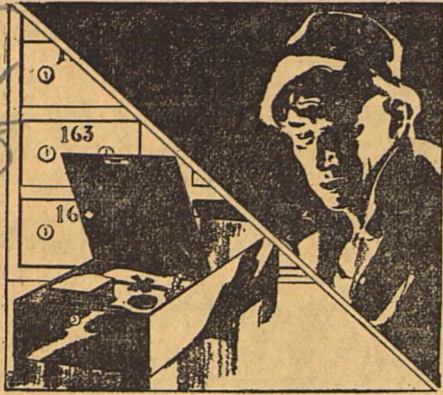
Grow Alfalfa—
A boy was born Monday morning to Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Hindman at their home in the city.

USED CAR BARGAINS

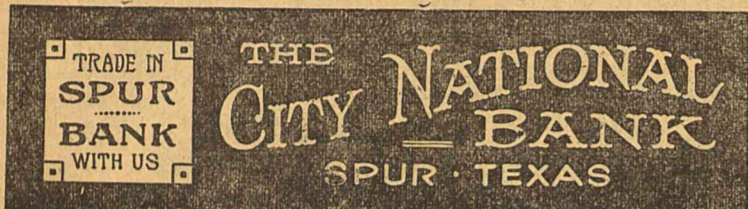
One Ford Truck
One Star Touring
One Ford Touring
One Hudson Coach

HARKEY & McCLURE

SO MUCH SAFER



Your jewelry and your valuable papers are so much safer in a Safe Deposit Box. In fact, you can all but forget them, knowing that when you do want them, they will be awaiting you. The rental for a good-sized box is very little. Better get one today.



S. J. Derr, one of the oldest citizens of the Plains country, was one among the number of business visitors in Spur Saturday. Mr. Derr is an oil as well as "water witch," and has the gift of being able to locate oil as well as water. Years ago Mr. Derr located some of the biggest and among the first oil wells drilled in a South Texas field. Some years ago we had occasion to witness a "witching" performance by Mr. Derr who located a hidden bottle of oil within a very short time. He states that some of the biggest oil pools in the state are under the ground in this territory.

—Diversify—
C. C. Cornelius came in Wednesday of this week from his farm and ranch home over in Kent county. He reports that entire country now "wearing its Sunday clothes". The fact is, all of West Texas now has on her Sunday clothes.

—Diversify—
The chief worry now for the cotton farmer is in the prospective price—he knows he is going to make a bumper crop. However, it is a demonstrated fact that a small cotton crop brings in more money than an "overproduction" crop.

Paul Akin, of near Dickens, was a business visitor in Spur Monday of this week, and while here was a very pleasant caller at the Texas Spur office. Mr. Akin and family moved back to the Spur country from Ranger the first of the year. They had been in the oil belt the past year where he was with one of the big oil companies. However, he states that he is glad to get back on the farm and never again intends to quit the farming business for the oil business.

—Diversify—
Roy Harkey, Mack Rash and Frank Watson started up to Amarillo Monday. However, upon meeting the snow storm at Floydada they turned back home. About eight inches of snow fell at Floydada, while it is reported that the snow was fifteen inches on a level at Amarillo. It is also reported that the winds tore down nearly two hundred telephone and telegraph poles between Childress and Amarillo Monday night. On the Oklahoma line eighteen inches of snow is reported.

—Diversify—
Harvey S. Holly, of near Dickens, was in town Wednesday, trading and on other business.

PROCLAMATION CLEAN UP WEEK

March 28th to April 3rd

The Annual State-Wide "Clean-Up Campaign," sponsored by the State Board of Health, has been set for the above dates.

Now, therefore I, J. L. King, Mayor of the City of Spur, do hereby designate said week for the purpose of cleaning up all alleys, yards, streets, and public grounds in our city, and invite the co-operation of all citizens in making Spur the "Cleanest Town" in all of West Texas.

Witness my hand officially, this the 25th day of March, A. D. 1926.

J. L. KING
Mayor, City of Spur.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICES

B. G. WORSWICK
Attorney-at-Law
Practices in District and the Higher Courts. County Attorney's office.

J. L. SULLIVAN
Lawyer
Office over Spur National Bank

W. D. WILSON
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
General Practice
Office Over Spur National Bank
SPUR, TEXAS

E. J. COWAN
Attorney-at-Law
Cowan Bldg. Spur, Texas

J. E. MORRIS
PHYSICIAN & SUGGEON
Diseases of Women and Children
Specialty. Office at Red Front.
SPUR, TEXAS

Dr. P. C. Nichols
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON
Office Phone 158 Residence 167
Office Nichols Sanitarium

Dr. M. H. Brannen
DENTIST
Office over Spur National Bank

Dr. D. H. Zachry
DENTIST
Office in Cowan Building
SPUR, TEXAS

LAVINA B. CONKLIN
Chiropractor
Office in Spur Nat'l Bank Bldg.

O. R. MAPLES
LICENSED EMBALLER
At Spur Hardware & Furniture Co
SPUR, TEXAS
Day Phone 14 Night Phone 283

PILES TREATED
"By Injection Method"
See me at Dr. Hale's Office.
DRS. SMITH & SMITH

MISS NELL HIGGINS
Music and Expression
Leschitzky and Dunning methods of music, and Emerson methods of expression.
Phone 98

J. H. GRACE, M. D.
General Practice of Medicine, and Minor Surgery and Obstetrics
Residence Phone 171 Office 94

DR. T. H. BLACKWELL
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Diseases a Specialty
Office in Wendell Bldg.
Office Phone 35
Res. Phone 25

5 1/2 Per Cent FEDERAL FARM LOANS
35 YEARS TIME
\$25.00 or up can be paid any time—Make your own terms.
Over one hundred million loaned to Texas Farmers.
S. L. DAVIS

Mebane and Rowden Cotton Seed

GUARANTEED PURE FOR PLANTING

Rowden, \$2.50 bu.
Mebane, \$3.00 bu.

R. S. HARKEY

At Sunshine Service Station

John Aston was in town Wednesday of this week. John states that he has his land in shape for planting and everything is in the very finest possible shape.

—Diversify—
J. P. Goen was in Spur Monday from his ranch home to the northwest of Dickens. He reports every thing in fine shape.

YOU TELL 'EM



HAVE YOU EVER TRIED OUR NICE, JUICY STEAKS?

Sounds Appetizing Doesn't It? Better order one for dinner tomorrow and have a real treat.

Our Meat Market is Clean, Sanitary and Equipped with one of the largest and latest improved Refrigerators Besides Choice Meats we Handle Clover Bloom Butter, Fresh Eggs, Kraft Cheese and Spur Bread.

Central Market

Miss Margaret A. Elliott, sister of W. J. Elliott, arrived in Spur Monday from South Africa, and will spend some time with Mr. Elliott and family at their Spring Creek Farm and Ranch home to the southwest of Spur.

—Diversify—
J. M. Hahn came in Wednesday to meet the candidates and engage in political discussions.

MRS. PUTMAN ENTERTAINS HONORING MRS. HARDIN

Mrs. W. H. Putman entertained a few friends Monday evening at her home in the city, honoring her daughter, Mrs. John B. Hardin of Stephenville. Bridge was the entertaining feature of the evening, and among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Edmonds, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Harkey, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Putman, and Mrs. Hardin.

—Diversify—
Joe T. Salem returned Wednesday from Amarillo and Panhandle where he spent several days. He reports the snow two feet deep in many places, the snow fall averaging around fifteen inches, and it was still snowing at the time he left. Mr. Salem stated that hotels and restaurants were doing a big business at Panhandle, but that dry goods and other concerns were not doing a business in proportion to the number of people and the excitement prevailing. The Panhandle oil field is said to be the biggest ever yet uncovered in Texas if not in the entire world. Eventually the boom days will end and the towns settle down to normal business.

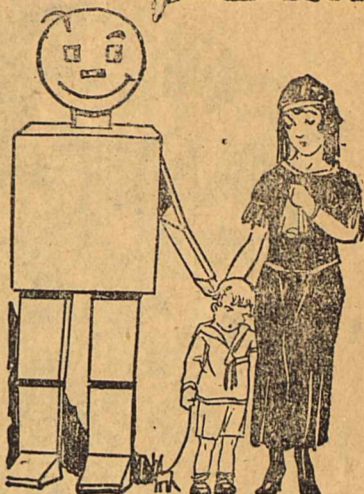
—Diversify—
W. A. Craddock, of southwest of Spur, was in the city Wednesday. Mr. Craddock is now an avowed candidate for county judge, and while here met with voters and discussed campaign issues and possibilities. He does not intend to begin his campaign until a later date, making a short but fast campaign in the heat of the race.

—Diversify—
L. L. Arnold, of the Duck Creek community, was one among the large number of business visitors in Spur Monday of this week.

—Grow Alfalfa—
G. C. Pass, who has been spending the fall in Spur buying cotton, made a business trip Monday of this week to Stamford and other points along the line of railway.

Bill Ding Sez:

A RENTER NEVER DIES WITH A SMILE ON HIS FACE OR THE HAPPY THOUGHT ON HIS MIND THAT HIS LOVED ONES WILL HAVE A PLACE TO CALL "HOME."



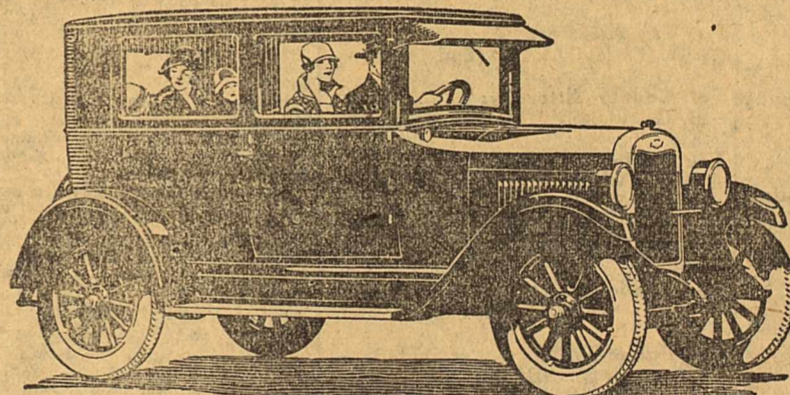
Have you provided a place your own loved ones can call home? They deserve it, so make a start today to investigate our home plan service. We have a size and style that will fit your pocket book. Write, call by or phone today.

Tri-County Lumber Company

Dr. C. A. Tedrick and family, formerly of Girard but who have been making their home in Spur the past several months, are moving to Missouri where Dr. Tedrick has a very promising position in his profession. During their stay in Spur Dr. and Mrs. Tedrick formed many friendships, all of whom join the Texas Spur in wishing them a most pleasant and prosperous home in the state of Missouri.

—Diversify—
Ned Bowers came in Wednesday from his ranch headquarters, spending the day here talking politics with the candidates.

for Economical Transportation



The Coach \$645
f. o. b. Flint, Michigan

Low in Price-

yet has the quality features of high-priced cars

- Touring \$510
- Roadster 510
- Coupe 645
- Sedan 735
- Landau 765
- 1/2 Ton Truck (Chassis only) 395
- 1 Ton Truck (Chassis only) 550

Think of buying for only \$645 a beautiful Fisher body closed car, finished in beautiful colors of lasting Duco and offering such quality features as 3-speed transmission, balloon tires, Alemite lubrication, oil and water pumps, and Remy electric starting, lighting and ignition!

Come in! Learn how little it now costs to own and drive a quality closed car of modern design.

SPUR CHEVROLET CO.

QUALITY AT LOW COST

SATURDAY AND MONDAY SPECIALS



\$3.50 BED SPREADS For \$1.29

Saturday and Monday Only LAYNE-YATES & CO.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

- LOOK—Pot Plants and Yard Flowers at HALF PRICE at J. P. Wilkes & Son, Spur, Texas. 20ft. FOUND—Two overcoats between Spur and Experiment Station. Owner call at Spur Tailor Shop. 20-3t. FOR RENT—6 Room house, garage, and cow lot; close in. See Mrs. L. V. Turner. 2tp. FOR SALE CHEAP—Nice young Jersey cow, with calf.—J. J. Albin 20. Choice Feterita for sale on Hisey Farm, half mile south Experiment Station. Roy E. Henley and J. A. Crafton. 20ft. WOOD FOR SALE at \$3.50 per load on place or \$5.00 delivered.—Phone or see W. J. Elliott. 15ft. LOST—One 150 pound black gilt, ears cropped; near Lost Lake. Notify C. B. Bell, Rt. 1, Spur. 19-3p. FOR SALE—Jersey milk cow.—Joe E. Gaines at Long Gin Company in Spur. FOR SALE—Buckeye Incubator, 110 eggs, used one season; will take cash or chickens as pay; value \$12.—Fred D. Reynolds. 17ft. FOR SALE OR TRADE for Mules—20 acre block, No. 5, south of Spur. See or write Andy Wooten, McAdoo, Texas. 4ft. ROOMS TO RENT at the Oliver House. Lost—Key case containing 3 keys Return to Texas Spur office, reward. 5-room house for rent.—I G. Van Leer, Spur, Texas. 22ft. Diversify For Sale—88 acres improved. \$40 acre.—J. T. Walden. 22-2tp. Diversify No Hunting or Trespassing on my premises.—J. T. Walden. 22-2. Grow Alfalfa Maize for sale at my place 2 1-2 miles southwest of Spur.—T. A. Randleman. 22-1p. Diversify FOR RENT—165 acres, 140 in cultivation, plowed. Want to sell tools and teams.—Apply Ira Sullivan. 22. Grow Alfalfa

DICKENS COUNTY ANNOUNCEMENTS

- The Texas Spur is authorized to announce the following candidates for public offices, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary election to be held July 24th, 1926: For District Attorney, 50th Dist.: WM. B. COMBEST, of Paducah (Re-election, 2nd term) For Sheriff and Tax Collector: M. L. JONES (2nd term) W. D. STREET WALTER MALONE For County Judge & School Sup't.: H. A. C. BRUMMITT (Re-election) F. C. GIPSON R. E. WOOTEN JAS. F. WILLIAMS For County and District Clerk: O. C. ARTHUR (Re-election) ROBT. REYNOLDS For County Treasurer: MRS. OLLIE M. COLE (2nd term) For Tax Assessor: W. F. McCARTY (2nd term) For County Attorney: B. G. WORSWICK (Re-election) For Public Weigher, Precinct 1: W. W. WALDRUP R. H. ESKRIDGE J. A. AKINS J. L. (Jeff) ELMORE For Public Weigher, Precinct 2: GEO. P. SIMMS For Public Weigher, Precinct 3: A. M. SHEPHERD ERED HISEY E. M. HINSON J. J. RANDALL TOM RUSSELL JESS FLETCHER A. W. PHILLIPS For County Commissioner, Pre. 1: W. J. (Joe) CLARK AUSTIN C. ROSE For County Commissioner, Pre. 2: O. C. NEWBERRY (Re-election) For County Commissioner, Pre. 3: H. O. ALBIN W. J. ELLIOTT For County Commissioner, Pre. 4: CHAS. PERRIN (Re-election) W. L. THANISCH F. L. TERRY For Justice of The Peace, Pre. 3: D. A. YOUNG (2nd term) F. N. OLIVER

KENT COUNTY ANNOUNCEMENTS

- For County Commissioner, Pre. 2: M. P. SMITH M. F. HAGAR

LYNCH DAVIDSON OPENS CAMPAIGN FOR GOVERNOR

Palestine, Texas, March 13, 1926.—The plea for "more business in government and less government in business" which Lynch Davidson carried to every corner of Texas in a flivver automobile two years ago, was sounded again in a ringing address delivered by the former lieutenant governor at Palestine Saturday, when he formally opened his second campaign for the governorship of Texas.

Palestine was chosen for the opening address by Mr. Davidson on invitation of friends, who urged the appropriateness of that city because of the rehabilitation of the State Railroad and bringing the Southern Pacific Lines there. An overflow crowd attended the rally and applauded his message enthusiastically. Many expressed a prophecy of victory in the coming of the opening at the home of the illustrious John H. Reagan and the late Governor Tom Campbell.

Mr. Davidson presented in clear, concise language the problems and issues confronting the state; outlined the measures required to solve them, and set forth the qualifications and abilities which he said a governor must have to administer the state government successfully. He deplored the system of electing public officials by political blocs and groups, which he asserted defeated his own candidacy before and named the party nominees with less than 10 per cent of the voting population. He warned against professional politicians, and scorned campaign "muck-raking, muck-raking and personal abuse."

"The questions for you to ask," he told the voters, "are: 'What does the candidate who presents himself for public office know about the particular things that belong to the economic and political system of our land, and how deeply does he sympathize with the millions of average citizens who are making the United States the great nation it is today? What competency, ability and training has he to deal successfully with the vast complex economic system of this great state? What capacity has he to hold the scales of justice even, and to give equal opportunity to all men in working out their own welfare and the welfare of their families?'

For his own qualifications he cited 35 years of practical and successful business experience, beginning as a sheep herder and day laborer; four years as state legislator, legislator and lieutenant governor, and a thorough understanding of the state's business and institutional problems.

More Business in Government "The candidate," he said, "may be summarized by saying that I am not the candidate of any bloc or group. I am a believer in honesty and integrity in government, more economy and efficiency, less taxes and fewer state jobs; less laws and quicker justice; pay as we go and keep the state on a cash basis; administration of our law by the duly constituted authorities; education in the full meaning of the term; better educational facilities; better highways and better highways; and honesty and integrity in the administration of the highway system.

Rehabilitation and reorganization of the penitentiary system; conservation of the natural resources of the state, and control of its flood waters. Conserving the backbone industry of the state, the cotton, by all legitimate means of governmental cooperation and sympathy. Conserving the welfare of labor—the man who works for his living—by all legitimate means; preserve and perpetuate the fundamental principles of democracy and be on guard against the forces of socialism and communism. Retain the rights of the state. Safeguard the public health.

The first campaign issue discussed by the candidate was that of what he termed "the raid on our mineral resources by gigantic corporations." This, he asserted, "is a danger to the state, and it is a danger to the state, as contrasted to the disgraceful disclosures that have occurred in the present administration of our mineral resources."

Primary Election Law Nomination of candidates for public office by the will of the majority is an ill of the present primary election law which makes it impossible, Mr. Davidson declared, and frequently leaves in the second primary no choice but the lesser of two evils.

There is no greater need today than the reform of the primary election law, he added. "I have no panacea or cure-all for the evils of the Texas primary system, but believe that a second choice primary is the best solution. Provide for a second choice candidate on the ballot, and make it mandatory for the voter to name a second choice on the ballot.

Incidentally, he declared that the application of civil service rules to state employees would greatly improve the administration of the state affairs and largely eliminate the political party center.

Another business innovation in the state government proposed was that of an auditing department to check expensively the business of every department of state regularly. This, he said, would prevent misuse of state funds and improve conduct of the state's business affairs.

lavs of Texas. And in this connection he recalled the aphorism that "those least governed are best governed." Individual rights, enterprise, initiative and individualism, he said, are hampered by too many laws, and moreover, they are very costly to government and the tax payer.

He advocated the elimination of the excessive laws and bettering those remaining, thus safeguarding the rights of the citizen.

Most of the remainder of Mr. Davidson's address was devoted to a discussion of the methods through which he proposed to effect these economies, and of the problems involved in the disbursement of its funds.

The Judiciary First taking up economy in the judiciary, he said: "I believe that certain readjustments in our judiciary system will render the work of that branch of government more economical, as well as more efficient and expeditious. Quick, simple justice is of paramount importance. This does not mean that we should have a court system that is too large, and that the law's delays are not in favor of the rich. As governor, I shall endeavor to bring about such readjustments."

By abolishing the useless bureaus and commissions, and properly consolidating those whose activities overlap, the candidate proposed to move the state government closer to the people of "interfering, and relieving the people of those bureaus and commissions."

In this same connection, Mr. Davidson deplored the stagnation and discouragement caused by private enterprise and industry by government regulation and red tape. "The state," he declared, "should foster and aid in the development of the state's resources, and it would be my purpose to move in the direction of that end with the office of governor to attract capital to Texas for the purpose of developing all its resources. Upon this depends in large measure the full dinner pail and the prosperity of labor."

Educational Improvements Mr. Davidson characterized the problem of education as one of the most important in all phases of government, and that it should not be neglected. "It is to be deplored," he said, "that Texas does not stand at the top of the ladder educationally. It will be my duty to put it there, and I shall ask for the cooperation of the educational men and women of the state, and a part of our educational institutions. The very perpetuity of our government depends upon the education of our people, and it is properly and judiciously expended for education is not an expense but an INVESTMENT that will give large returns."

"Our facilities in both the rural and public schools, and in the institutions of higher learning, are lacking and inadequate, and it is my purpose to see that the state is in the rebuilding of these facilities and in the improvement of our school system. Our entire school system must be provided the means of expansion state and a constantly increasing population. I shall stand, when elected governor, for liberal appropriations to all of our educational institutions."

The candidate pointed out that it takes \$100,000 to educate a child in Texas, while in other states it takes only \$50,000. "I shall stand, when elected governor, for liberal appropriations to all of our educational institutions."

Text Book Law He advocated the redrafting of the text book law so as to take out its political elements and remove the room for constant criticism that has followed its administration. "Elementary institutions," Mr. Davidson said, "should be given the same care and consideration as the schools, and no proper means should be spared to provide for the unfortunate children of the state."

Penitentiary System Mr. Davidson reiterated the plan of centralizing, reorganizing and rehabilitating the penitentiary system which he has been urging for some time. By centralizing the 14 separate plants of the present system, which are scattered all over the state, into one central institution, he declared, a healthy climate near the seat of government, he said, a great financial drain would be eliminated, and the same amount of money could be used for other purposes. He declared, vocational, educational and religious training could be better given, and the institution would have a better chance of being rehabilitated and restored to society useful men and women.

"We can not solve the fundamental problems of the penal system unless we solve its financial problems," he said. "There is approximately \$8,000,000 invested in the system. There are some 50,000 acres of farming lands, 14 different plants, with all kinds of farming implements, which in my judgment can be liquidated into enough money to build and centralize our penal institutions, and in addition, turn considerable money back into the treasury of Texas. Enough land can be retained with our present plants to salvage them and convert them into other state institutions."

Pardon Power The speaker said that the pardon power should be used wisely and carefully, and should not be made a political instrument. "I propose to grant pardons only when convinced the greatest good to society and justice to the individual could be accomplished by so doing."

Highways Discussing the state highway problem, he said, in part: "I favor the earliest possible completion, consistent with the economic expenditure of funds, of a connected system of highways, both state and lateral, connecting all agricultural communities with their markets and commercial center with commercial center. I favor the construction of state roads with state and federal funds, leaving the counties their own funds to construct the roads that will best serve their own people. I favor a decided reduction in the automobile license fees, with a compensating increase in the gasoline tax. I favor an equitable distribution of the automobile license fees and gasoline tax between the state and the counties, so that both systems will receive their just proportion of the money obtained."

IF YOU WANT QUALITY CLEANING AND PRESSING WE HAVE IT. That's our name, quality cleaners. IF WE CLEAN IT, IT'S CLEAN. MAY WE CALL? QUALITY CLEANERS Spur, Texas.

SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY Twenty Third Dividend The regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and seventy five cents per share on preferred stock will be paid on Thursday, April 1st, 1926, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on Saturday, March 20th, 1926. R. A. NICKERSON, Treasurer

FOR OVER 200 YEARS haarem oil has been a worldwide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions. GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists insist on the original genuine Gold Medal.

All Ready for The Spring Clean-Up PAINT UP AND PAPER UP CAMPAIGN Wall Paper at Reasonable Prices, together with good workmanship that means satisfactory results S.C. Fallis, Phone 87

Joint Stock Land Bank Loans On Farms & Ranches Under Federal Supervision Principal and Interest paid in 33 years. Option to pay loan after fifth year. Interest 6 per cent. See me if you want any loans; 1st and 2nd lien notes handled. E. J. COWAN, Spur, Texas.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY A HOUSE AND LOT, SEE J. P. WILKES WE HAVE 2 OR 3 NICE PLACES FOR SALE CHEAP!

We Clean Clothes to Your Advantage and Benefit We Clean, Press and Repair on Short Notice! Phone 18, and we will get and deliver them promptly Spur Tailor Shop IRA SULLIVAN, Prop.

CHRISTIAN LADIES BAZARRE The Christian Ladies Aid Society will have a bazaar and bakery sale at the old Bells' Cafe building, Saturday March 3rd. The public is invited. Diversify For Sale—or trade, one player piano. Will consider good cattle. If interested, write P. O. Box 654, Spur, Texas. 22-2p. Diversify

BILBERRY & BILBERRY, Draymen Hauling of all Kinds PHONE 279 SPUR, TEXAS

Miss Earl, of the Red Mud country to the southwest of Spur, returned this week from Austin where she has been for some time.

Joe Ericson, of the West Pasture, was in Spur Monday of this week on business matters and meeting with his friends.

Frank Watson and wife, of Brownwood, are in Spur visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Watson, and other relatives of the city.

Mrs. Al Bingham, of the Spur Ranch headquarters, was among the number of shoppers in the city Saturday.

FOR THE LANDS SAKE GROW SWEET CLOVER

It is really essential to the farming interests of Dickens County that clover be grown. Why? Answer: for the lands sake. Yes for the lands sake grow sweet clover. Some one says, "isn't it hard to grow?" Yes it is hard to grow and it is hard to make a living on poor land. Sweet clover has been hard to get to a permanent stand.

Lets get down to business. Determine first to grow sweet clover successfully. If it takes five years stay with it 5 years. It is really worth staying with. Select the best piece of land on the farm. Every farm has a piece of land somewhere on it that will grow sweet clover. Learn to grow it on poor land and build up the farm.

Protect the young plants by seeding in row stubble. Stubble land is well settled and usually will not need breaking, just drill in the seed. Drilling has proven more successful than broadcasting. Fifteen (15) pounds is sufficient for a good stand. Unhulled seed are more desirable for winter seeding. Cover shallow.

Manuring is very helpful in securing a permanent stand. On poor land the plants may struggle along and die when dry summer comes, or grow too slowly to furnish much pasture. Farmers of the North put on 10 to 15 load of manure per acre.

Inoculation may be necessary. If you have tried sweet clover without inoculation and failed, then try inoculation next time. Your County Agent can tell you how to inoculate either the seed or the soil.

Lime applied at the rate of 1 to 2 tons per acre, often makes the difference between success and failure. Limestone ground to the fineness of corn meal is the kind to use. If you cannot grow sweet clover without doing all these things then do them. But for the lands sake, grow sweet clover.—M. B. Oates, Agricultural Agt., Ft. Worth and Denver, R. R.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE, THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Dickens.
In the District Court of Dickens County, Texas.
City of Spur, Plaintiff, vs. Fred Holloman et al, Defendants.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Dickens County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 4th day of December, 1925, in favor of the City of Spur, Texas, and against Fred Holloman, Delphina N. Pollock, and James T. Pollock, in Cause No. 856 on the docket of said court, I did, on the 20th day of March, 1926, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., levy on the following described tracts and parcels of land situate in the town of Spur, Dickens County, Texas, viz:

Lots Nos. Seven, Eight and Nine, in Block No. Forty Nine, as shown by the original plat of said town; and belonging to said Fred Holloman, Delphina N. Pollock and James T. Pollock.

And on the 4th day of May, 1926, being the first Tuesday of said month between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. on said day, at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said Fred Holloman, Delphina N. Pollock and James T. Pollock in and to said property.

Dated at Dickens, Texas, this the 20th day of March, A. D. 1926.
M. L. JONES, Sheriff of Dickens County, Texas.
By W. W. WALDRUP, Deputy.

Diversify
Lon Fuqua, a leading citizen of the Red Mud country, was trading in the city Wednesday of this week.

Diversify
1,600 acres of grass to lease, 8 miles southeast of Dickens.—Paul Akin. 21-3p



Look Over Our House Plans

In the varied array of plans you will be certain to find a house that exactly fits your needs. And when you have decided upon the plan you like, we can tell you a dollar just what the materials will cost. Stop in any time and look them over.

Musser Lumber Co. Spur, Texas

J. T. White, of west of Espuela, was among the business visitors in Spur Wednesday of this week, spending several hours here trading with merchants. Mr. White has owned his farm here some four or five years, but only moved to it last year from his former home at Breckwelder down in the oil belt. Mr. White may probably have moved here to get out of living in a disagreeable oil section, as well as to get into a fine farming country, but the prospect now is that an oil field may also develop here at a later date. He is hoping that it may be so. We are willing to take chances on being able to live in and endure the conditions which may prevail in an oil field.

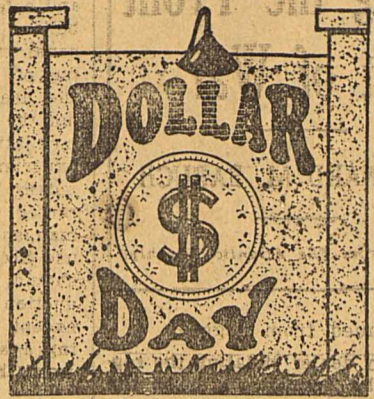
Diversify

HUIE The Tailor
THE ONLY (MODERN) TAILOR SHOP IN SPUR
WE CALL AND DELIVER

61



SALEMS QUALITY--SERVICE DRY GOODS--SHOES



These prices are just quoted for only the one day, SATURDAY the 3rd. You are limited on the purchase of many of these articles, so by coming in early, you can select the choicest.

ONLY \$1 Rayon Silk Teds (Extra Special) For Saturday Only!	ONLY \$1 2 1/2 yds. Bleached or brown Sheeting (Too Good to be True)	ONLY \$1 2 Boys Blue Work SHIRTS (Economy)	ONLY \$1 Mens Extra good DRESS SHIRTS (Worth the Money)
ONLY \$1 3 1/2 yds. mercerized Stripe Broad Cloth Pre-War Price	ONLY \$1 6 Large Turkish TOWELS (At Wholesale Price)	ONLY \$1 7 yds. 36-inch PERCALE. Good patterns—no equal	ONLY \$1 3 yards of IRISH LINEN. (Can't be Beat)
ONLY \$1 8 yds. Starchless Bleached Muslin (Soft as Silk)	ONLY \$1 8 yards of DRESS GINGHAM (A Cheap Bargain)	ONLY \$1 Heavy Stripe WORK SHIRTS (Good Enough for Sunday)	ONLY \$1 3 Pairs Fancy SILK SOX (Be a Cheap Sport)
ONLY \$1 3 1/2 yds. Mercerized Satinetta (Civil War Prices)	ONLY \$1 6 yards fancy Flowered Creton (Looks like \$1,000.00)	ONLY \$1 17 yards LL CANVAS (At your own price)	ONLY \$1 81-90 wide HEM SHEETS (Extraordinary)
ONLY \$1 3 yds. Solid Voile Peach, Lavender and white—Big value!	ONLY \$1 3 Suits of Mens Summer Unions (Fits Poormans Pocket)	ONLY \$1 Childrens Pants, Rompers, Dresses Sizes 2-6 (Pleasing)	ONLY \$1 6 yards Stripe CHEVIOTS (Only 5c a Shirt)
ONLY \$1 Mens Heavy OVERALLS (at rate of 5c cotton)	ONLY \$1 12 yds. 27-inch GINGHAMS (Prices Grandma Paid)	ONLY \$1 Voile Sunbeam DRESSES (Worth \$2.50)	ONLY \$1 30 Spools 6-cord Sewing Thread (Its Weight in Gold)

DON'T STOP READING - KEEP ON GOING - SILK DRESSES \$6.50 -
Just received a special assortment of 24 Silk and Georgene voile dresses. They look as good as a \$15.00 or \$20.00 dress; some having tub silk fancy figured underslips and others made up differently. To be sold at only \$6.50 SPECIAL.

TWO OTHER SPECIAL PRICES will be featured on new Easter Silk Dresses at only \$9.50 and \$12.50. The cheapest these dresses have ever sold for.

EASTER HATS—We have many new Easter Sunday hats to show you at the usual popular prices.

NEW LIGHT SHADE PUMPS—in low and high heels. Just what you have been waiting to see. We want to introduce a special low heel oxford in the blond with Russian calf trimming, having brass square eyelets and cut out work; to be sold at \$5. Two other numbers of this description, only one having a button strap and the other a buckle, which are on display; will also be sold at cheap prices. They are strictly New.

INTRODUCING A BARGAIN SHOE COUNTER. We wish to introduce to you our new Bargain Shoe Counter. Stylish shoes and numbers which we are running low on sizes; to be displayed at extremely low prices. Some will be sold below cost.

DRESS PANTS—Lots of new Dress Pants for men. These are light weight trowsers and just what you want for Spring. Straw Hats? We have them—Buy you one like Joe's.

A SERGE PANT, \$2.75—We have a special number of mens' conservative, part wool dress pants; to be sold at \$2.75. Come early and get your size.

Mr. Salem goes to Dallas the first part of next week. If there's anything you need in the way of a special order or graduating dress, he will be glad to take your order and make you a personal selection subject to your approval.

THE FEATHERHEADS

By L. F. Van Zeln

No Chance to Show It Off

THE FEATHERHEADS
A LITTLE PRESENT FOR YOU, FANNY!
OH FELIX, YOU DARLING!
NOW I'LL GO DOWN AND SEE IF I CAN GET A COUPLE OF FREE PASSES FOR A SHOW.
SMOKE FUMIGATORS SPECIALS

NO CHANCE TO SHOW IT OFF
YOU CAN'T GIVE ME ANY SEATS IN THE ORCHESTRA?
NO.—ALL I CAN GIVE YOU IS TWO SEATS IN THE BALCONY.
I SHOULD SIT UP IN THE BALCONY WHEN MY WIFE JUST GETS A NEW FUR COAT!

BARGAIN COUNTER SPECIALS EVERY SATURDAY AT J.P. WILKES

DID YOU KNOW?

That when you move your fire insurance policy is void unless you secure a Removal Permit. See your agent.

DAVIS & OUSLEY

Telephone 264 Spur, Texas
Spur Nat'l. Bank Bldg.

BRAZELTON LUMBER CO.

A Good Yard
In a Good Town

M. C. Donaldson, of the McAdoo country, was in Spur Wednesday of this week. While here Mr. Donaldson was a very pleasant caller at the Texas Spur office, informing us that everything on the Plains is now in ideal shape. In fact, he said that conditions could not be better or more promising than at the present time. Those farmers who cut down cotton acreage, and practice diversification by growing something to eat as well as livestock, poultry, hogs, milk and butter, will be most prosperous, because the indication is that cotton will bring around ten cents a pound another year, and possibly less with a big acreage.

Diversify
W. H. Young, of the Red Hill section of country, was among the big crowds on the streets Saturday of the last week. Mr. Young was meeting with the voters also, apprising them of the fact that he is in the campaign for Public Weigher of this precinct, and soliciting help in winning the race.

Grow Alfalfa
COTTON SEED
I have first year Kasch cotton seed grown on my farm last year for sale. Re-cleaned, sacked and delivered at your station, \$1.50 per bu.—F. W. Alexander, Albany, Texas. 22-6tc

J. B. Jay, of Girard, passed thru Spur Wednesday of this week on his way to Lubbock on business. Mr. Jay is now cutting up several blocks of land in Kent county for oil purposes. Two wells are now being drilled near his holdings and contracts have been made for the drilling of other tests in that section of Kent. There is no question but that Kent as well as Dickens county is scheduled for thorough oil developments. How long it will be, no one knows.

Diversify
Mrs. Jno. B. Hardin, of Stephenville, is in Spur this week the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Putman, and brothers, W. E. and Austin Putman and families.

Grow Alfalfa
Mr. and Mrs. I. F. Westmoreland and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Cole, of Anson, spent several days of the past week the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Power, of the Afton country.

COMMERCIAL SCHOOL
IN SPUR

I will start an 8-weeks Commercial Class, teaching shorthand, bookkeeping, typewriting and commercial law, in Spur, beginning May 24th, 1926.

MRS. JOSIE MORRISON
Box 22, Spur, Texas

**Taking the Profit
Out of War**

By **BERNARD M. BARUCH**

Reprinted from *The Atlantic Monthly*.

Continued from page 2.

to sell to any dealer violating the regulations. The Armistice stopped the execution of this plan.

Another plan of this nature: The manufacturers of men's and women's wearing apparel had in 1918 been called to Washington, together with the retailers of various goods, and notified that regulations would have to be made in regard to retail prices and standardization of clothing.

The rulings by the board were made known through the issuance of official bulletins at irregular intervals and were widely distributed by the press, which co-operated in this most necessary work with a whole-hearted purpose that gave to the orders of the War Industries Board the instant and broad circulation they required.

Mr. Hoover already was doing much to perfect his control of food products and prices. There was also talk of fixing rents, and in some cities this was done.

If we were to start, in the event of another war, at the place where we were industrially when the World War ended, the President, acting through an agency similar to the War Industries Board, would have the right to fix prices of all things as of a date previous to the declaration of war when there was a fair peace time relationship among the various activities of the nation. It would be illegal to buy, sell, serve or rent at any other than these prices. Brakes would be applied to every agency of inflation before the hurtful process started. An intelligent control of the flow of men, money and materials would be imposed, instead of having the blind panic heretofore ensuing on the first appearance of the frantic demands of war. The Draft Board would have before it the rulings of the priority committee, together with the estimated needs of every business and profession in its relationship to the conduct of the war, and men would be selected accordingly. The Draft Board could more intelligently decide, with the advice of the priority committee, many of the problems with which it would be faced. There would be no sending of men to the trenches who were needed for expert industrial work and then bringing them back again. Businesses not necessary to the winning of the war would be curtailed. The Draft Board would have that information before it.

The prices of all things being fixed, the price fixing committee would make any necessary adjustments, as was done during the war. Under the system used in 1918 these prices were made public and adjusted every three months, so that any consumer or producer had his day in court when he considered prices unfair. Those who complained that during the war prices were too high had this ready recourse to hand.

In the meantime all the industries of the country would have been mobilized by the formation of committees representative of each industry as was done in the World War. Over them would be placed a government director or commodity chief. The various government departments would appoint committees representing their requirements, so that on one committee the resources of the nation would be represented and on the other the demands of the government. The government director would stand between to decide, in conjunction with the priority committee, to what department supplies should go.

Money would be controlled and directed like any other resource. "Taking the profit out of war" is not synonymous with "conscription of wealth," as it is sometimes regarded. The latter is a theoretical project, prohibited by our Constitution, contrary to the spirit of our social and political institutions, and impossible in practice. Taking the profit out of war is an orderly and scientific development of the economics and conduct of modern war, necessary to the effective mobilization of national resources and indispensable to equalizing the burdens of war among the armed and civilian populations. Born of experience and proved by practice, it removes some of the most destructive concomitants of modern war—the confusion and waste incident to war time inflation.

This term "conscription of wealth," used by so many, has created a hope among those of socialistic tendencies, and a fear among those who, like me, believe in our system based upon personal initiative and reward, of a taking of money, without payment, for the use of State. Noddy by the recommendation herein contained or by our experiences in the war. The use of money should be controlled and directed in a national emergency. A man should no more be permitted to use his money as he wishes than he should be permitted to use the production of his mine, mill or factory except through the general supervising agency. This was being done toward the end of the war.

During the final phase of the World War no man or corporation or institution could raise money without the approval of the Capital Issues Committee of the Treasury Department, which committee in turn would not permit the borrowing of money unless the War Industries Board approved the use to which it was to be put. Thus the City of New York was not permitted to spend \$8,000,000 for the building of schools. The City of Philadelphia was prevented from making improvements that in peace time would have been necessary, but in war time were not. Various states, counties and cities, and a vast number of private concerns, were denied the use of money and materials for purposes not necessary for the winning of the war. Each part of the community had to adjust its wants to the whole great undertaking.

III

There have been a great many bills introduced into Congress on the subject of industrial mobilization, some sponsored by great organizations like the American Legion, and others by newspapers and publicists. But it is surprising how little knowledge there was on the part of those who drew up the bills of the practicability and feasibility of so mobilizing our resources that it would be impossible to make as much profit in war as in time of peace. Take into consideration the fact that the following things were being done in 1918:—

General Crowder, who was in charge of the draft, had asked the chairman of the War Industries Board where he could obtain additional men needed for the Army in France with the least possible dislocation of the war making industrial civilian machinery, and we were in the process of replacing male labor with women. By a system of priorities the Board was allocating to our own Army and Navy, to the Allies and to the essential war industries the things they required. It was making priority rulings as to transportation, and they were being followed out by the Railroad Administrator. The Fuel Administrator distributed fuel only on the rulings of the War Industries Board. The Board was engaged in disentangling and removing the many conflicts and competitive efforts involved in labor and buildings that had previously occurred because of lack of any co-ordinating agency. It was allocating power and making regulations for the hitching up of scattered units of power. It was changing munitions orders from congested to less congested districts. It had actually carried into effect an order that no building involving \$2,500 or more could be undertaken without the approval of the War Industries Board. No steel, no cement, no material of any kind could be used for any purpose whatsoever unless the War Industries Board permitted it. No steel company could sell over five tons of steel unless approved by the Director of Steel. The Treasury would not permit the raising of money for any industrial or financial operation unless it was approved by the War Industries Board. The President issued an order that no commandeering should be done by the Army, Navy, Shipping Board or Food Administration without the approval of the chairman of the War Industries Board. Every raw material industry, and indeed practically every industry in the country, was organized through appointment of committees, and none of these industries would do any business except under the rulings promulgated by the Board. Standardization in every industry was rapidly proceeding. These rulings were made known through the issuance of official bulletins at irregular intervals and were distributed by the press. We were endeavoring to arrange it so that the fighting forces were to receive those things which they needed and no more, so that whatever was not actually required at the front was left to civilian purposes. Industries were curtailed, but never destroyed; skeletons, but never killed. Indeed, the use of men, money and materials was rapidly being brought into exactly that condition which I have previously stated to be necessary in case of another war.

10



Vegetables That are Good!

Careful Selection by us of Vegetables which we place on sale here, assures you the utmost in quality, and the least waste when cooking. Place your next order with us as a trial.

GROCERIES, FRESH, CURED AND COOKED MEATS

SCOTT BROTHERS, Spur
PHONE 195 FOR DELIVERIES

If, in addition to this, the President in the future has the authority to fix prices and distribution of materials and labor, rent, and the use of man power, transportation, fuel and all the things necessary for the conduct of the war, any rise in prices will be prevented, even in anticipation of war. There are many who claim that war is caused primarily by the desire of profit. I am not one of those. But if there is anything in this contention this plan will remove the possibility of anybody urging war as a means of making profits. Even if there are no men who desire war as a means of making profit, the fact that profits would be less in war than in peace, and wealth and resources would be directed by the government, might have some active deterring influence on men of great resources. Instead of being passive, they might become active advocates of peace.

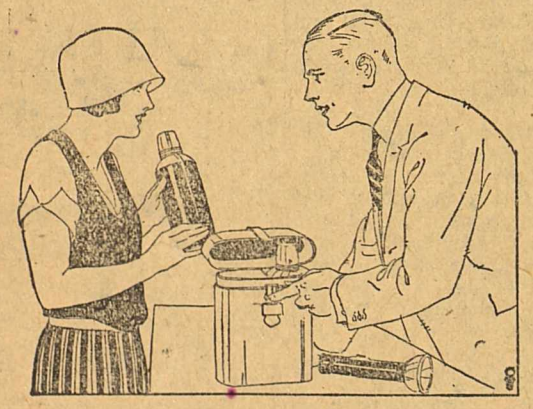
There are many people who are, for various reasons, afraid to discuss the subject during peace time and prefer to wait for war. There are also some great manufacturers who oppose any such plan because they were seriously interfered with during the war time. Indeed, it has been the experience of some of those responsible for the industrial mobilization in the World War to remain the objects of venomous attack begun during the time that the necessities of the nation made it imperative to control activities and profits. Some critics were prominent manufacturers, who said: "Tell us what the government wants and we will fill the orders, but don't interfere with the sale of the part of our product that the government does not want to use." That was unthinkable. President Wilson decreed that fair prices for the government were fair prices for civilians. I must say, however, that the vast majority of American manufacturers rose to the situation in such a splendid way as to bring the following commendation from Woodrow Wilson: "They turned aside from every private interest of their own and devoted the whole of their trained capacity to the tasks that supplied the sinews of the whole great undertaking. The patriotism, the unselfishness, the thorough going devotion and distinguished capacity that marked their toilsome labors day after day, month after month, have made them fit mates and comrades to the men in the trenches and on the seas."

There are many men who are afraid that the adoption of this plan by Congress would give an impetus to socialism or communism or sovietism or whatever they may call it, because, they say, "If you show it can be done in war time there will be a demand that it be done in peace time." It cannot be done in peace time. There can be no great undertaking without a strong moving cause. In peace time the moving cause is personal initiative and payment for services performed. The substitute for that in war time is the common danger.

The War Industries Board was the foremost advocate of price fixing and distribution, and it had great power in this field, but when the Armistice came it recognized that peace conditions were being restored, and it was the first to change the war time order of things and to leave to the people themselves the readjustment of their affairs. I am satisfied that it is impossible for the government to do in peace time what I am advocating, although it becomes absolutely necessary in order to conduct a modern war successfully and to conduct it on a non-profiteering basis.

The application of this plan, besides making the nation a coherent unit in time of war, would impress upon every class in society a sense of its own responsibility in such event. If it were known that this universal responsibility would be enforced, no class—social, financial or industrial—could fail to understand that in case of war it would have to bear its share of the burdens involved and would have to make sacrifices of profit, convenience and personal liberty correlative with those made by the soldiers in the field. To this extent the plan would act as a positive deterrent to any hasty recourse to force in an international controversy.

One thing that has definitely come from the war is the necessity of arranging affairs so that a portion of the population shall not be sent to the front to bear all the physical hardships and their consequences while others are left behind to profit by their absence. If applied at the outbreak, the War Industries Board (as it was functioning at the close of the World War) would prevent this and lessen, if not remove, the social and economic evils that come as the aftermath of war.



Filling Your Basket Here!
Is a Real Pleasure, for you know that first of all, it is not going to cost you any more than it should, and secondly, you can be sure that whatever you place in it will be of the best quality.

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HAMBERGER McCOMBS
Real Hambergers are still in style
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BUY YOUR SPRING FURNITURE SATURDAY AND MONDAY

A \$25.00 Kitchen Cabinet for ..\$17.45
9x12 Gold Seal Congoleum Rug \$11.95
Saturday and Monday, April 3 & 5.
A Splendid Dresser, worth \$27.50, for only\$18.45

SPUR HARDWARE & FURNITURE COMPANY
"Spur's Oldest Store"

UNCLE DICK HOLLY WRITES FROM NICHOLS SANITARIUM

Spur, Texas, Sunday March 26. This morning twenty three days ago I underwent an operation at Dr. Nichols sanitarium. I am feeling this morning greatly benefited. I haven't been sick a minute and I am bound to thank the Doctor for his skill and the pains he took with me. If any one has to have their belly split open, my advise to them is not to shun Dr. Nichols. The only fault I found with him while here was when Mrs. Lena Marshall brought me three nice messes of fish and I let him eat some of them; so, if you don't want him to eat your fish, stick them under the cover where he can't see them. I believe, one might catch a channel cat fish weighing 3 pounds, dress nice, fry it good and brown, give him a pone of corn bread and he wouldn't be long getting on the outside of it.

I will have to give my heartfelt thanks to his nurses. They are always ready and at the right place when called on. They are kind and come to you with a smile on their faces. And again from the way my friends and neighbors and relatives visited my bedside proved they were thinking of me. They came far and near to see me and those that could not come wrote. I must thank Dr. Blackwell for the advise he gave me when he came to see me. He told me I would have to undergo an operation right then or death would be the result. He told me the truth.

The Doctors of Spur all come to my bedside and speak and talk to me, cheer me up; so I am more than thankful to all, the way everything has passed off. Maybe I will get to go home in a few more days and this operation will be the last and prove to be a success.—Dick Holly.

Grow Alfalfa DUCK CREEK ITEMS

The singing at Duck Creek High School auditorium was enjoyed Sunday afternoon by a large crowd. Mr. Dalton Johnson is our leader.

Mrs. J. M. Conatser, of Dumas, Texas, who has spent the last six months with her daughter, Mrs. D. G. Simmons, of Duck Creek, returned to her home Monday, March 29. Miss Gladys Johnson was seen out car riding Sunday with Mr. Jack Simons.

The party at Mr. Alens Saturday night was enjoyed by all present. Who will be next to entertain the young folks.

Mr. D. G. Simmons is now driving a new car. Miss Mary Jane Simmons and Parlie Arnold were visiting Miss Rosemary Lewis Sunday.

Mr. P. E. Hagins and family, of Spur, were visiting Mrs. Hagins' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle, Sunday. Our Sunday School is progressing fine but we wish more of the elder folks would come.

Rev. Herring, the pastor of Duck Creek Methodist church, took dinner with Mr. D. G. Simmons, Sunday. Miss Evelyn Bennett and Miss Joy Lewis spent last Sunday, March 21, with Miss Mary Jane and Audine Simmons. The singing at Mrs. Will Bennett's Sunday night was enjoyed much.

Mr. Henery Gregory and Mr. Ver non Gregory was seen out car riding Sunday afternoon with Miss Gladys and Lucy Lea Hagins.

Miss Eula Mae and Miss Alice Wright attended Singing Sunday with Mr. Emmett Hagen and Mr. C. McGlacary.

Mrs. Will Tallent, of Duck Creek, is reported very sick but we hope she will recover soon.

As we have had such a fine rain, we must stop and make preparations for a crop.—Two Chums.

Grow Alfalfa

Dr. T. J. Earnest, of Ranger, was a business visitor to Spur the past week, spending several days here looking after his property interests and also visiting with his daughter and family, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Akin of near Dickens.

Diversify J. B. Morrison came in Wednesday from his farm and ranch to the south west of Spur.

1806

Chas. Whitener

"Build for the Future"

USE CONCRETE

Sam Derr, of near McAadoo, was a business visitor Monday in Spur, spending some time here trading and on other business.

Diversify A. W. Jordan, of Duck Creek, was in the city Wednesday.

Run-Down gave out easily

"MY health wasn't any account at all," says Mrs. H. L. Cayton, of Washington, N. C. "I would start to do my housework and I would give out before I had done anything at all. I did not have any strength, and if I did the least thing it seemed to tax me so I could not finish. I was run-down sure enough. Several of my friends had taken Cardui and they said to me, 'Why don't you try it?' I knew I needed something to build up my general health and to increase my strength. Finally one day when I was recovering from a spell of sickness, I decided to try Cardui. I got a bottle and began to take it. I could notice that I was improving as my appetite got better and I did not give out nearly so quick. I took several bottles and I felt lots better. Two years ago I decided to take it again. It built me up and made me feel like a different person. It is the grandest medicine for women that I know anything about."

CARDUI

For Female Troubles

BAND CONCERT PROGRAM

Sunday, April 4, at the Spur Inn, Spur, Texas.

National Emblem, March, Bagley; The Booster, March, Klein; Barnum and Baileys Favorite, March, King; The Connecticut March, Nassann; Cupids Charms, Serenade, Miller; French National Defile, March, Turlet; The Bear Cat, March, Huffine; My Sweetheart, Waltz, Becucci; March the 18th Regiment, Panella; My Old Home Down On the Farm, (Air Varié), Barritone solo, Carl Wester, Fred P. Harlow; The Iron Count, Overture, King; God be With You Till We Meet Again, Sweet Eye and Bye, Waltz, Berry.

We assure you the above program is well worth your time, so don't get, 3:00 o'clock, at the Spur Inn, Everybody is welcome. Tell your friends.

Diversify J. J. Thompson, of Dickens, was among the number in Spur Monday of this week, spending the day here meeting with friends and acquaintances. Mr. Thompson had just recently returned from the Plains section of country where he had been spending the past several months on account of the ill health of his wife. We are glad to note that he is again back at home with us.

Grow Alfalfa Edwin Woody made a business trip the first of the week to Floydada. We presume that he had started to Amarillo and Panhandle, but upon encountering the snow storm and freezing weather decided to not go further up on the "Ballies."

WATSON ITEMS

Mr. Joe Robinette, who recently underwent a successful operation at the Nichols Sanitarium, is reported doing nicely.

Mr. Crafton and family have been called to the bedside of his mother near Spur, who is reported very ill. Mother Crafton lives with her daughter, Mrs. Stull.

Saturday night we had a very fine rain which amounted to about half an inch.

Not long past, Mr. Bruce Ford made a prospective trip out through the Lamesa and Midland country. Mr. Ford says he has made several such trips, and always returns better satisfied with the Watson country than ever.

Miss Ida Rankins was the guest, last week, to her sister, Mrs. H. N. Springer.

Little Master R. D. Ford is one day this week having a birthday party, which we are sure will be a great pleasure to all present.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Crump, Miss Ida Rankins and Mrs. Howard Reed were guests at a "42" party at Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Springer's one night last week.

St. Patrick's day, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Crump accompanied Mr. H. N. Springer to the Capitol City, Crosbyton.

Thursday, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Quisenberry came to Watson, trading, and reported Miss Dicie not improving any as yet.

Friday 19, Mr. J. P. Springer returned to Watson after an absence

YOU MAY HAVE PELLAGRA AND NOT KNOW IT

EARLY SYMPTOMS—Nervousness, stomach trouble, despondency, shortness of breath, burning feet, constipation, brown or rough skin, itching sensations, smothering spells, diarrhoea, loss of sleep, loss of weight, dizziness or swimming in head, general weakness with loss of energy.

You do not have all these symptoms in the beginning, but if you have any of them YOU MAY HAVE PELLAGRA. MY FREE BOOKLET, "THE STORY OF PELLAGRA," will explain. My treatment differs from all others, and is endorsed by a State Health Department, physicians and hundreds who have taken the treatment. Write for Questionaire and FREE Diagnosis.

W. C. ROUNTREE, M.D.
TEXARKANA, TEXAS

For regular Meals or Short Orders
Come to
THE SANITARY CAFE
EAST OF POSTOFFICE

If ye hunger, we feed ye. If ye thirst, we serve you good Coffee. Let us serve you any day or hour.

MRS. E. HOPKINS, Cook. MRS. LULA WHITE, Prop.

RADIO—Listen in to programs from all parts of the world
We have the best loud speaking radio manufactured. Call in at
LYRIC THEATRE See and Hear it.—H. C. JOHNSON

of several weeks. Miss Ida Rankin and Mr. Howard Reed enjoyed a good show at the Lyric Theatre one night last week.

Mr. Asking, of Sneedville, was shopping in Watson, Friday.

J. H. Gilmore, our Commissioner, was in Watson Monday morning on his way to Crosbyton on official business.

Mr. Evans is now back filling his place as teacher after an absence of several weeks, on account of having undergone an operation at the Nichols Sanitarium.

Mr. Bruce Ford recently lost a farm house by fire. The origin of the fire is still undetermined.

Mr. Charlie Smith and Miss B. Halmon were united in the holy bonds of matrimony last Sunday evening, at the home of Rev. Waive Grizzle.—Binary.

Diversify W. W. Waldrup came over Saturday from Dickens, spending the day here meeting with voters in furthering his campaign for the Public Weigher's office at Dickens. There are two cotton yards in his precinct, one at Dickens and one at McAadoo, requiring two weighers, one of which will be elected while the other may be selected by the successful candidate for the place.

Grow Alfalfa H. E. Grabener, of east of Spur, was here Monday. He recently lost his big, fine farm home by fire and is now living in temporary quarters with his family on the place. It is not known how the fire originated, but supposedly from a defective flue from the kitchen.

Miss Horn, of the Midway community, was shopping in Spur Monday, and while here was a very pleasant caller at the Texas Spur office. Miss Horn is one of the members of the Girls Club of Midway, stating that the regular meetings were well attended and most interesting and beneficial to those in attendance.

Diversify Roy Stovall made a business trip the past week to Anson, Hamlin and other points.

New Way to Stop Night Coughing

Simple Method Brings Quick Relief

For almost instant relief from hacking, irritating, sleep-robbing night coughing there is a very simple treatment which, when with a single dose, stops all irritation and permits sound sleep the whole night through.

This treatment is based on the prescription known as Dr. King's New Discovery for Coughs. You simply take one teaspoonful at bed-time and hold it in the throat for 15 or 20 seconds before swallowing it. The prescription has a double action. It not only soothes and heals soreness and irritation, but it quickly removes the phlegm and congestion which are the real cause of night coughing. People who have not slept well for nights are often surprised how quickly this simple method checks coughing and banishes the entire cough condition completely.

Dr. King's New Discovery is for coughs, chest colds, sore throat, hoarseness, bronchitis, spasmodic croup, etc. Fine for children as well as grown-ups—no harmful drugs. Economical, too, as the dose is only one teaspoonful. At all good druggists. Ask for

SPUR FARM LANDS

LOCATED IN DICKENS, KENT, GARZA, AND CROSBY COUNTIES

FARMS

These properties, located in Dickens, Kent, Garza and Crosby Counties, offer an extensive variety of soil types and location. A large acreage from which to make selection, some of which has but recently been placed on the market. Reasonable prices and terms.

RANCH TRACTS

On Easy Terms, at Low Prices, Splendidly Suited to Ranching

WARNING

No privileges are granted to cut, saw, break down or otherwise take from our properties, anywhere, any green or dead wood. Prosecution will follow any known violation.

S. M. Swenson And Sons

CLIFFORD B. JONES, Manager

Spur, Dickens County, Texas

Rollins Runstop
PATENTED



Always wear a dainty touch of color at the knee - Rollins Runstop (patented) is the mark of style and beauty and the means to greater economy in fine, full-fashioned silk stockings. It keeps all garter runs.

Not so many years ago full-fashioned silk stockings made their debut - shy, retiring, modest. Today - well, silk stockings are no longer retiring. Holding the balance of power in fashion's ensemble, they demand and receive first consideration. Tone, beauty, blending color - still essentials. But practical economy becomes requisite, too. And here it is. Rollins Runstop stockings are practical in the extreme - no garter runs can shorten their long lives. But with all their economy they retain all the snap and style and beauty of youth.

Do Your Easter Shopping With Us!

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY AND GIVE QUALITY AND STYLE!!

We have one lot of **SILK DRESSES** In all the new shades, a \$15.00 value, Special at **Only \$9.95**

Ladies, be sure to see our **Hat and Shoe Departments**

Come, Make Yourself at Home!

C. R. EDWARDS & CO.
"The Home of Honest Values"

LEO WALDRON MEETS TRAGIC DEATH AT CROSBYTON MON.

While playing in a tree near the house last Monday evening, Leo Waldron, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Waldron, met a tragic death by hanging. It was during the supper meal hour that Leo said he was not hungry and went out to play. The tree nearby the house in which the children were in the habit of spending most of their time playing, was the place where they most frequently went to play. Nothing was thought of his absence for some time, when some of the family asked where he was. Their brother-in-law came up about this time and noticed Leo hanging in the tree in an inclined position and upon investigation found that he was dead.

Squire Edwards was called and an inquest held, the verdict being that he came to his death by accident. It seemed that the large limb on which they so often stood and played was worn almost bare by its constant use. There was another limb above which hung a rope, and was evident, said Mr. Edwards, that Leo was trying to untie the rope from the top limb when his foot slipped catching his neck in the loop.

Funeral services were held Wednesday evening by Rev. J. C. Scott, and interment made in the Crosbyton Cemetery. The active pall bearers were High School boys and the honorary pall bearers the boys of his own class.—Crosbyton Review.

IN MEMORIAM

In memory of Mrs. Jennie L. Love. On March 26, 1926, God in His wisdom saw fit to pluck from the walks of this life another of His children. She was a kind and loving mother. Her life was spent in a way that she will be remembered by all of her friends, whom were many. In Christian life she was faithful, always looking at the bright side of life, and ever ready to lend a helping hand to those in need and to send a word of encouragement to those who were discouraged.

She was a faithful mother to her children and the teaching they received will go with them and help them to live a life that will be a light for others and a blessing to them. A mother's love is a thing immortal and time or death can never change or quench it, nor can eternity destroy it.

In this hour of sorrow, may they look to Jesus for comfort. He will never forsake them nor leave them alone. There is no death. The stars go down to rise upon some other shore, and bright in heaven's jeweled crown, they shine forevermore. The dear ones have our heartfelt sympathy in this sorrow and may God's blessing rest upon them.—A Friend.

FARMERS OF COUNTRY

The farmers of this country are so imbued with the idea that legislation is a "cure all" for all the ills real or imaginary, of the agricultural industry, that many have ceased to consider themselves capable of managing their own business and are willing to give the politicians a chance.

There is no doubt that the agricultural industry should receive legislative consideration. It is the most important of all industries, and every man, woman and child in the country are either directly or indirectly interested in it. Farm and Ranch, however, notwithstanding changed conditions, which demand almost a revolution in farm methods and the application of modern business principles believes that American farmers are capable of making the adjustment without political or Governmental interference of any kind. The agricultural industry should be given the same opportunity and the same legislative protection as any other industry in the country, and that is all that should be expected. But, dissatisfied farmers everywhere are demanding even more than this, and by forcing the issue with congressmen and senators, most of whom are out for re-election, are very likely to be forced to swallow a dose that will nauseate them.

Farmers may be sure that the clever politicians in Washington are not going to let the opportunity pass to gain control of the agricultural industry. And help they may offer will be conditioned on the creation of new bureaus and new commissions with armies of inspectors. The measure of relief will be phrased in smooth language. The sugar coated pills will be easy to swallow, but the effects may not be so pleasant. Any way, the farmers will foot the bills.

Government control of surplus production means Government price fixing eventually means Government control of acreage and that means the loss of the last vestige of independence for the American farmers. No other industry in the land has thrown itself so wholly upon the mercy of congress. No industry has made more demands, and we may add, that no industry will get less satisfaction or real benefit from any action that may be taken. Agriculture is one industry that should stand on its own feet, and it is time that those engaged in it should give serious consideration to their own individual problems, and to the problems of industry as a whole and then work them out. At present, all is confusion. No organization of farmers has yet been able to tell Congress what the farmers need. Never have the farmers presented a clean-cut, sensible program to Congress to act upon. Delegations by the dozens have appeared before committees and failed to agree, and yet the demands for some thing to be done are so insistent that congress is forced to make its own diagnosis, mix its own medicine, and force the farmers to swallow it.—Farm and Ranch.

Stormy was the weather Tuesday evening, but a lovely Easter party was that given by Mrs. Leonard Joplin, when she entertained the Club and other guests at the home of Mrs. H. S. Wilkes. There were four tables arranged for the games, after which Mrs. Joplin, assisted by Mrs. Wilkes, served a salad course with punch and cake to the following: Mesdames Loyd Wolf Fallis, Lee Davis, Jim Walker, J. E. Sanders, J. Boyd, Foy Vernon, G. H. Stack, H. S. Wilkes, Irl Joplin, Wilbur Perry, Abernathy, D. Y. Tyaddell, Weldon Grimes, Lee Garrett, Jess Fletcher, and Miss Katy Ellis. Cunning little white rabbits were given each guest as a favor.

Diversify

Grow Alfalfa—Mrs. J. C. McNeill and son, Reece, were in Spur Thursday of this week. Grow Alfalfa—Miss Lucille Garber, of Lubbock, is in the city the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. B. Jones.



Means of Transportation Have Improved Greatly in the Last Few Years

PENNSYLVANIA VACUUM CUP AND BADGER TIRES ARE THE BEST OF THE PRESENT AGE!

5 Gallons of Gas and Quart of Oil Free With Every Set of Casings and Tubes Sold Until April 1st, at the Regular Price!

MAPLES GARAGE

Agents for Arborphone and Threola Cabinet Radios. Best Sets, at Reasonable Prices.

WATSON NEWS

Mr. English's baby died last Thursday night with diphtheria. Funeral services were held in Crosbyton, Sunday afternoon.

Mr. J. Robinett and daughter, Marie, left Saturday for Dallas, to attend the funeral services of his brother.

Mr. M. L. Crafton and family returned home from Spur last week, where they had been for the past week with Mr. Crafton's mother, who has been very ill with pneumonia.

Mr. Guy Stull, of Spur, and Mr. George Crafton, of Suckerman, Arkansas, visited Mr. M. L. Crafton and family, Sunday.

The Rev. Reed, of Crosbyton, preached to a large crowd at Watson Sunday afternoon.

Mr. M. L. Crafton and two sons, Oscar and Neil, have been ill with the flu, but are better now.

Mr. Howard Will and Mr. Henry Smith visited M. L. Crafton, Monday.

Messrs Howard Reed, Elmer Havins, Sherman Robinett, and Lois Howell visited Mr. Oscar Crafton, Sunday Morning.

Mr. Joe Robinett, who is at the Nichols Sanitarium for an operation for appendicitis, is expected home soon.

Miss Ivory Ford and Howard Reed were in Spur Saturday.

Mrs. Nelson Springer visited her mother, Mrs. Rankin, of the White River Community Sunday.

Mr. Nelson Springer and Mr. Jim Crump visited M. L. Crafton Sunday night.—Cor.

Diversify

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for their sympathy, aid and assistance given us in the loss of our house. We humbly pray God's blessing on them to the end of life's rugged way and that each receive a righteous reward in the upper and better world where there will be no more fire nor misfortune.—Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Grabener and children.

HONOR ROLL

Dickens High School

First grade—Lois Speer, Dudley Brummett, Wilburn Powell, D. H. Stockton.

Second grade—Lorene McKnight Ruth Gay, Dorris Arthur, Ita Brummett, Burton Love, Thomas Cobb, Lindell Holly.

Third grade—R. D. Holly, Lethia Bilberry, Lucindy Bradshaw.

Fourth grade—Jack Jones.

Fifth grade—Jack Foreman, Woodrow Harris, Winnie Mae Cole, Anibell Speer, Lacy Armstrong, Lawrence Green.

Sixth grade—Tresie Foreman, Ralph Cobb, Frank Gay, Randall Hawk, Joyce Faye McIlhoney, Leo Speer, Ella May Drennan, Jane Hale, Troy Drennan, Lewis Kennedy.

Seventh grade—Dorothy Lee Love.

8th grade—Velma Campbell.

9th grade—Trueman Finley.

10th grade—Byron Crego, D. R. Harkey, Opal Harris, May Roberts, Linnie Havins.

11th grade—Iris Borden, Lynnye Harkey, Kanna Stephens, Harold Blair, Jack Gibson, Guy Goen, Jackie Spencer.—Reporter.

Sure, we can fit you!

WHY NOT HAVE US EXAMINE YOUR EYES AND FIT YOU UP WITH GLASSES?

Satisfaction is guaranteed

Gruben Brothers
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

H. C. Skelton, who has been operating a hamburger joint in Spur, left this week for Panhandle where he will operate a similar business. It is said that he had to pay \$75 for standing room for his hamburger truck. We may expect him back here at an early date.

Grow Alfalfa—Conductor Keith, of the Stamford & Northwestern Railway, is now in a hospital in San Antonio where he has been several weeks taking treatment at the hands of specialists for stomach troubles. Mr. Keith has many friends here and throughout the entire country who will be glad to see him back at his post of duty.

Diversify—The coldest weather of years prevailed during the past week.

LYRIC THEATER PROGRAM

Saturday Night, April 3rd, Only:
"THE HUMAN TORNADO"
With Yakima Canutt and Marion Daley
Also 2-Reel Comedy

Monday and Tuesday, 5-6:
"THE NIGHT CLUB"
Cast: Ramond Griffith, and Vera Reynolds, Wallace Beery and Louise Fazenda, 2-reel comedy

Wednesday & Thurs. Nights:
April 7th & 8th
Harold Loyd in
"HOT WATER"
1-reel comedy 25c & 50c

Friday night & Sat. Afternoon:
April 9-10
"STAMPEDE THUNDER"

Saturday Night Only: April 10:
Bob Custer in
"THE BEAR CAT"

The New—

FOX BARBER SHOP

We have just recently opened up a barber shop in the Wendell Building. Our equipment is all new and we can assure you the best of service.

OF SPECIAL IMPORTANCE in the line of improvements, we have installed a water softener which adds to the delights of a massage or bath. The difference is easily detected.

HOT, COLD, SHOWER & TUB BATHS

THIS MAN BOUGHT SEIBERLING TIRES!

RIGHT SIDE UP!



THIS MAN WISHES HE HAD BOUGHT SEIBERLING TIRES

For Sale at
PENNANT SERVICE STATION
J. P. SIMMONS, Prop.

BLANTON'S ELECTRIC SHOE & HARNESS SHOP

We are equipped to do the finest work on Children's Shoes. Have the soles sewed on. Its Better.