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Wichita Daily Times

The Texas News Service
is composed of about fifteen of the
best papers of the State, and its re-
port covers all of the important
towns. The Times is a member of
that organization.

VOLUME 2

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, MONDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1908

NUMBER 197

INVITE TEACHERS TO MEET HERE

WICHITA FALLS WOULD WELCOME TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION IN 1909.

FORMAL INVITATIONS

Extended in Letters From Chamber of Commerce, the Mayor and the School Board.

Prof. T. L. Toland, superintendent of the city schools, will leave tomorrow for Austin to attend the State Teachers' Association meeting. Prof. Toland will carry with him an urgent invitation for the association to hold its next meeting in this city. Several hundred badges have been printed with the following inscription and will be distributed among the delegates:

"To Wichita Falls in 1909. Why not? There are six railroads, excellent hotel accommodations, modern theater for deliberations and the Wichita Falls spirit to welcome us."

Formal invitations to the association to meet here will be extended by the Chamber of Commerce, the school board and the mayor of the city.

The invitation from the Chamber of Commerce is as follows:

"State Teachers' Association, Austin, Texas. Greeting:—The citizens of Wichita Falls, through the Chamber of Commerce and Superintendent of Public Schools, extend a most cordial and urgent invitation to your association to convene in our modern little city of Wichita Falls in 1909. The invitation is extended with the assurance that the best facilities and care will be given the delegates to the State Teachers' Association convention, and we shall esteem it an honor and a privilege to entertain the instructors and guardians of the future architects of the destiny of the Lone Star State.

"Wichita Falls has completed a handsome opera house of standard design and modern improvements, with a seating capacity of 1100, which will be thrown open to the deliberations of the convention. No better appointed place of meeting can be found in any city in the State.

"Our hotel and restaurant facilities already metropolitan in equipment, will be augmented by additional accommodations during the coming year. We wish to assure you that ample accommodations will be provided and that the homes of our city will gladly undertake to house the delegates to the convention, be they ever so numerous.

"As a fitting sequel to your deliberations, the Chamber of Commerce will provide suitable entertainment and introduce you to the largest artificial lake in Texas, located five miles from the city.

"Railroad facilities already extend to the lake and an electric line is projected to its shores during the year. A villa of launches will provide a trip to be remembered.

"In conclusion we can state that our railroads, six in number, enables practically the same freedom of access from all portions of the State that can be found in any city in Texas. We want you to partake of the hospitality of the most progressive city of 8,000 population in the Great Southwest and when your next meeting will have arrived we shall number noses, we believe, up to 12,000.

"Come to Wichita Falls in 1909. It is our urgent invitation. Respectfully,
"C. W. BEAN, President.
"Attest:
"F. H. GOHLKE, Secretary."

The Mayor's Invitation.
"State Teachers' Association, Austin, Texas. Greeting:—On behalf of the City of Wichita Falls I take pleasure in extending a most hearty invitation to the teachers of Texas to hold their annual meeting in 1909 in Wichita Falls.

"I can bespeak the loyal assistance of our citizens in extending every facility necessary to make your meeting one of convenience, comfort and pleasure. The details of our ability to accommodate the convention have been covered. I understand, by the Chamber of Commerce in its letter of invitation and I assure you, one and all, that the key to the city will be freely given the representatives of your worthy profession. Respectfully,
"T. B. NOBLE, Mayor."

INVESTIGATION IS BEGUN.

Chicago Packing Houses Are Under Federal Investigation.

By Associated Press.
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 28.—The Federal grand jury today began its hearing of the investigation in the packing house industry. Representatives of the various packing houses who had been served with subpoenas were on hand and ready to testify.

District Attorney Sims before going into the jury room refused to say what course the inquiry would take. It is intimated, however, that the government intends to make a thorough probing into the packers' methods.

Want Lower Cotton Rate.

Special to the Times.
Fort Worth, Tex., Dec. 28.—The general managers and general attorneys for the Texas railroads will meet at Houston tomorrow to consider a proposed reduction of rates for cotton shipments. Several officials of the Texas Farmers' Union will attend the conference and will urge a lower rate. The reduction is a Farmers' Union measure and its officials declare that they are entitled to a reduction because the union opposed the law to reduce Texas passenger fares to two and a half cents. The farmers also declare that they will fight any future effort to reduce passenger fares.

ARE REFUSED BAIL.

Men Charged With Murder of Senator Carmack Must Remain in Jail.

By Associated Press.
Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 28.—Judge Hart refused bail to Col. Cooper, his son, Robin, and former Sheriff Sharp, who are charged with the murder of Senator Carmack.

Bennett's Slayer Surrenders.

Special to the Times.
Tulsa, Ok., Dec. 28.—Overcome by remorse for the killing of James Bennett at Madill, Oklahoma, last June, N. J. Donnell today surrendered to the police here. He claims that killing was done in self defense.

TAFT WILL MAKE VISIT TO TEXAS

Special to the Times.
Dallas, Tex., Dec. 28.—The Commercial Club today received a personal letter from President-elect Taft, saying that he will visit Texas and Dallas after the adjournment of the next congress following his inauguration.

Proposition for Interurban.

Special to the Times.
Dallas, Tex., Dec. 28.—A proposition was received today from Kansas City promoters to build and equip the Dallas-Cleburne interurban at a cost of a million and a half dollars. The promoters want the citizens along the route to subscribe half a million dollars in the stock of the company.

Applicants for Dowe's Place.

Special to the Times.
Washington, D. C., Dec. 28.—It was announced here today that Walter Baker, formerly private secretary to Cecil Lyon, will most likely succeed Customs Collector Dowe at Eagle Pass. McDonald is now chief deputy at El Paso, Captain J. R. Elgin is also seeking the position. The appointment will not be made before February 1st.

Defense Opens in Hains Case.

Flushing, L. I., Dec. 28.—The building up of a defense for Thornton Hains to disprove the charge that he was a principal with his brother, Captain Peter Hains, in the killing of William Annis last August was taken up in earnest today, before Crane. The counsel for Hains have nearly a score of witnesses under subpoena.

BIG COLONIZATION SCHEME ON FOOT

Special to the Times.
Kingsville, Tex., Dec. 28.—A gigantic colonization scheme was disclosed here today and it is reported that Jas. J. Hill and B. F. Youkum are behind the deal. Seven million acres of land along the Gulf coast are to be apportioned into farms for settlers who come from the East and North. The land is valued at seventy-five millions.

Battered Own Head With Rock.

Special to the Times.
Fort Worth, Tex., Dec. 28.—A man who gave the name of O. S. Forsyth tried to end his life here today with a large rock. He inflicted several serious wounds before passers-by could interfere.

200,000 LABORERS TO SHOW PROTEST

NEW YORK UNIONS DISAPPROVE GOMPERS, MITCHELL AND MORRISON SENTENCES.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

Injunctions Denounced as Infringement of Human Liberty—No Crime Committed, Won't Seek Pardon.

New York, Dec. 27.—Planning a demonstration of 200,000 laboring men next Sunday in protest against the jail sentences imposed upon Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, the Central Federated Union today appointed a committee of thirty to make arrangements and adopted resolutions in this connection, of which a copy was sent to President Roosevelt.

The executive committee announced that it had sent a telegram to the defendants assuring them that every legal means would be utilized to prevent their imprisonment. Herman Robinson, general organizer of the Federated Union, offered resolutions, which were adopted, denouncing the writ of injunction as contrary to American constitutional rights.

It was also decided that action by any labor union looking to pardon for the men sentenced should be discouraged, the Federated Union taking the position that no crime had been committed and it would not be proper to seek pardons.

THE STATE RESTS ITS CASE.

Attorneys for Night Riders Ask Evidence to be Withdrawn From Jury.

By Associated Press.
Union City, Tenn., Dec. 28.—The State today rested its case in the trial of the eight alleged night riders indicted for the murder of Captain Rankin. The defense asked the court to withdraw all evidence from the jury pertaining to other raids than the killing of Captain Rankin, claiming that the evidence was incompetent. Judge Jones stated that he would take the matter under consideration and render his decision later.

Marriages.

C. J. Flippen of Stamford and Miss Anna Laueck of this city were married yesterday afternoon by Rev. R. E. Farley at his home in this city. Immediately after the ceremony had been performed the newly married couple boarded the train for Stamford, where the groom is the manager for a laundry.

Mr. Clifton McSpadden and Miss Annie Hodges were married in this city on the evening of the 26th, Rev. R. E. Farley officiating. The groom is a prosperous young farmer residing a few miles north of this city.

Scientists Meet at Baltimore.

By Associated Press.
Baltimore, Md., Dec. 28.—With nearly two thousand delegates in attendance the sixtieth annual convention of the American Association for the Advancement of Science opened here today. The sessions will continue all throughout the week.

Arrested at Nacogdoches.

Special to the Times.
Nacogdoches, Tex., Dec. 28.—Sheriff Repadley today arrested Arthur Berry and Fred Kimball, negroes, on advices from Muskogee. Berry is alleged to have stolen eighteen thousand dollars in that city, a small part of which has been recovered.

Many Texans Aboard.

By Associated Press.
Galveston, Tex., Dec. 28.—The steamer Koeln of the North German Lloyd line started for Bremen today. It carries a large number of salon passengers, many of whom are Texans, who will tour Europe.

Cox & Snyder this morning broke ground on the site of the new building to be erected by L. M. Guggenheim. The new building is to be a one-story brick structure 25x100 feet. It will adjoin the new building being erected by Messrs. Stampfl and Roberts.

Clark Fowler Sells Billiard Hall.

A deal was closed Saturday whereby Hinchell and Avery of Teague, Texas, became the owners of Clark Fowler's billiard and pool hall. The consideration is given as \$5,100. Mr. Fowler will probably engage in another line of business here.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS AND WOUNDS MANY

SOUTHERN ITALY, GREECE AND SICILY SHAKEN BY A VIOLENT EARTHQUAKE.

STEAMERS ARE DAMAGED

In Tidal Wave Disturbance and People Along Water Front Thrown Into a Wild Panic.

By Associated Press.
Rome, Italy, Dec. 28.—Violent earthquake shocks were felt in Calabria today and serious damage is said to have ensued and some casualties are reported at Mileto, Conadi, Stafanooni, San Gregorio and Majorata.

Wild Panic at Catania.

By Associated Press.
Catania, Dec. 28.—A tidal wave swept over this port today as the result of an earthquake disturbance. The people on the water front were thrown into an indescribable panic, people fled from the docks and water front into town. Great damage was done.

It is not known yet whether there was any loss of life. A number of fishing boats were swamped and three steamers in port were more or less damaged.

Steamer Damaged by Disturbance.

By Associated Press.
London, Eng., Dec. 28.—Dispatches received here from Catania, Sicily, say that the Swedish steamer Asta, the Austrian steamer Budatwo, and the Indian steamer Orseolo were damaged today by the earthquake and the consequent tidal disturbance at that port. The extent of the injuries to the vessels is not given.

Many Dead and Wounded.

By Associated Press.
Rome, Italy, Dec. 28.—The latest reports from Calabria say that three dead and sixty wounded persons have been removed from the ruins of Stefanoni. Sixty persons are said to have sustained injuries at Sinofrio. Many houses and churches were demolished in the towns and cities of Sicily.

THE MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Cotton—New Orleans Spots.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 28.—Market for spot-cotton quiet and 1-16c advance. Sales 1,150 bales. Due to arrive, 1,050 bales.

Cotton—New Orleans Futures.

| | Open | High | Close |
|----------|------|------|---------|
| January | 8.85 | 8.90 | 8.90-92 |
| March | 8.89 | 8.95 | 8.95 |
| May | 8.96 | 9.02 | 9.02-03 |
| December | 8.87 | 8.92 | 8.92 |

Cotton—New York Spots.

New York, Dec. 28.—Market for spot cotton quiet and unchanged. Middling 9.30. No sales reported.

Cotton—New York Futures.

| | Open | High | Close |
|----------|------|------|---------|
| January | 8.69 | 8.71 | 8.71-72 |
| March | 8.78 | 8.82 | 8.82-83 |
| May | 8.88 | 8.90 | 8.90-91 |
| December | 9.03 | 9.11 | 9.10 |

Cotton—Liverpool.

Liverpool, Eng., Dec. 28.—Spot cotton market steady. Middlings, 4.96d. Sales 8,000 bales. Receipts 45,000 bales.

Corn.

| | Open | High | Close |
|-------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Jan.-Feb. | 4.73 1/2 | 4.77 | 4.77 |
| Feb.-March | 4.74 | 4.76 1/2 | 4.76 1/2 |
| March-April | 4.73 | 4.76 1/2 | 4.77 1/2 |

Chicago Grain Market.

| | Open | High | Close |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Wheat— | | | |
| December | 102 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 |
| May | 107 1/2 | 107 3/4 | 106 3/4 |
| July | 98 1/2 | 98 3/4 | 98 1/2 |
| Corn— | | | |
| December | 57 1/2 | 57 3/4 | 57 |
| May | 60 1/2 | 61 1/4 | 60 3/4 |
| July | 61 | 61 1/4 | 61 1/2 |
| Oats— | | | |
| December | 49 1/2 | 49 3/4 | 49 1/2 |
| May | 52 | 52 1/2 | 51 1/2 |
| July | 46 1/2 | 46 3/4 | 46 1/2 |

Fort Worth Livestock.

Cattle—Receipts, 2,800 head. Hogs—Receipts, 1,800 head. Steers—Quality fair. Market steady. Topp sold at \$4.80. Cows—Quality fair. Market steady. Topp sold at \$3.25. Calves—Quality fair. Market was steady. Topp sold at \$3.50. Hogs—Quality choice. Market was higher. Topp sold at \$5.70. For good pies, use Empson's pumpkin. King & White have it. 178-ft

NATIVES IN REVOLT.

Chinese Refuse to Obey Order Prohibiting Planting Opium Popples.

By Associated Press.
Amoy, China, Dec. 28.—The riots which started Saturday with the refusal of the natives to obey the order prohibiting the planting of opium popples now affect twelve villages.

Within twenty miles of Tungan two thousand men are reported under arms. They have withdrawn to the mountains and the authorities have asked the viceroy at Foochow for additional troops.

State Will Be Prepared.

Special to the Times.
Austin, Tex., Dec. 28.—Gov. Campbell is determined that the trial of H. Clay Pierce, charged with false swearing, shall be conducted in fairness to both the defense and the State. Since the magistrate is coming with many prominent attorneys of the State, he will be equally as well prepared. Gov. Campbell today said that the result of the trial was of far more importance than the conviction or the acquittal of Pierce.

Conductor Shot and Killed.

By Associated Press.
Shreveport, La., Dec. 28.—J. V. Blunt, a conductor on the Kansas City Southern, while in charge of a south bound passenger train, was killed at DeQuincy, Louisiana, today. Brakeman J. Hoytt was arrested.

The shooting was the result of a misunderstanding regarding the running train. The affair created great excitement among the passengers.

Hottentots on Warpath.

By Associated Press.
Capetown, Dec. 28.—The Hottentots in German Southwest Africa are again on the warpath. They recently raided some cattle posts and murdered two Europeans. Seven German soldiers were shot in pursuit of the raiders were shot down by the Hottentots and there is great anxiety felt here on account of the danger to Europeans in that section.

15 HOUSES BURNED IN HOUSTON TODAY

Special to the Times.

Houston, Tex., Dec. 28.—Two fires in different parts of the city early this morning resulted in the destruction of fifteen houses at a loss of \$50,000, partially insured. The first fire was at 2 a. m. and burned an entire block of ten houses and the second fire at 6 o'clock destroyed five houses in the poorer section.

State Chairman Goes to San Antonio.

Special to the Times.
Lockhart, Tex., Dec. 28.—Chairman Storey of the Democratic executive committee left today for San Antonio on legal business. He will remain there several days. Storey says there will be no committee developments, but that he will attend the session of the legislature at Austin and expects to be kept busy there.

Blaze at Gainesville.

Special to the Times.
Gainesville, Tex., Dec. 28.—Fire of unknown origin last night entirely destroyed the residence of Charles Paul on East Broadway, with its contents. The family were temporarily absent, and returned to find the house in ashes. The loss is \$1,500 with no insurance.

Bishop O'Connell to Be Coadjutor.

By Associated Press.
Washington, D. C., Dec. 28.—It was learned here today that Bishop Dennis O'Connell, rector of the Catholic University, will be appointed coadjutor of San Francisco.

SAFE BLOWERS GET \$100 AT LINDSAY

Special to the Times.

Gainesville, Tex., Dec. 28.—Robbers last night blew safe in the general merchandise store of Kossman & Gibb at Lindsay, eight miles west of this city, and secured several hundred dollars and valuable papers. Nitro glycerine was used.

Accidentally Killed Himself.

Paris, Tex., Dec. 28.—C. R. Wilburn, aged 42 years, formerly a deputy sheriff here, accidentally killed himself today while cleaning a revolver. He had removed four cartridges and one was left in the chamber when the trigger was jerked in some unaccountable way. The bullet pierced his heart. Wilburn was popular here.

GOVERNOR'S LIFE IS THREATENED

DETECTIVES ARE INVESTIGATING FOR THE STATE AT SAN ANTONIO—LID DOWN TIGHT.

LETTERS MERELY BLUFFS

It is Thought, and Governor's Friends Feel No Anxiety—Interest in Grand Jury.

San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 27.—Many letters threatening Governor Campbell's life on account of his attitude in closing the gambling houses and enforcing the Baskin-McGregor law have been sent through the mails from this city.

Adjutant General Newton is now directing the force of several detectives in an effort to locate the identity of the senders with a view of prosecuting them to the fullest extent of the law. The secret agents of the State have been in San Antonio for the past week and have been closely watching the postoffice for such anonymous communications. The postoffice inspectors are also giving their aid. While these letters threaten the governor with death, call him various and sundry uncomplimentary names and generally show how unpopular he is with a certain class just now, they are generally considered to be a very poor "bluff" and no one is uneasy that any attempt will be made to carry out the threats.

The "lid" was on again today very tight. A round was made at midnight by the officers and they report that they found every saloon closed promptly on time, although a few holiday customers were anxious to trade.

The report which has gained considerable circulation that the back doors of one of the biggest gambling houses in San Antonio were still open, is denied by the officers. They claim that the gamblers are closed up and closed for good.

Much interest now centers in the personnel of the grand jury which will be empaneled by Judge Dwyer soon after the first of the year. It will be up to this grand jury to either obey or ignore Gov. Campbell's request that the saloon men and gamblers be indicted for their past offenses regardless of the fact of whether or not they are "good" now.

Denies That Rangers Will Be Sent.

Special to the Times.
Austin, Tex., Dec. 28.—Adjutant General Newton today denied that the rangers would be sent to San Antonio to investigate the authorship of the threatening letters written to the governor. No attention will be paid to them.

Date for McCue's Second Trial.

Special to the Times.
Fort Worth, Tex., Dec. 28.—The second trial of Frank McCue, charged with the murder of Earl Mabry near Dallas over a year ago, was today set for February 22nd in the Sixty-seventh district court. Judge Simmons, who heard the first trial, will again preside. A special venire of 150 taxmen has been ordered for the jury. At the first trial the jury failed to agree.

Secretary Gohlke of the Chamber of Commerce is in receipt of a letter from Stanley Ford, principal of the Austin Male Academy, asking what encouragement would be given to secure the location of that institution in Wichita Falls. This academy has a splendid reputation and the matter will be taken under consideration by the Chamber of Commerce and it is probable that a proposition will be made to secure its location here.

VETERAN OF TWO WARS.

Man Believed to Have Been Oldest Mason in the State, is No More.

Special to the Times.
McKinney, Tex., Dec. 28.—R. S. Cromer, aged 85 years, a veteran of the Mexican and Civil wars, died late yesterday at his home here. He is believed to have been the oldest Mason in Texas, having belonged to that order for over sixty years.

Coffee Urn Exploded.

Early this morning a coffee urn at the Coney Island restaurant exploded and a small blaze was started, but was extinguished before much damage was done. Joe Walters, the manager of the restaurant, suffered painful but not serious burns on the left arm in the explosion and in putting out the blaze. He was also slightly burned about the face.



THE LAP OF LUXURY.

Is here displayed—a basketful of the
Finest Groceries

Obtainable—a complete stock, fresh appetizing and at prices that mean a weekly saving to the family purse-bearer. Coffee and Tea fit for the gods, Jams, Canned Goods, wholesome Flour, Pickles that please—everything to gladden the heart of the appreciative housekeeper. The mistake of a life-time to pass our door.

Sherrod & Co.

811 Indiana Avenue. Phone 177.



OLD-AND NEW

both appear under the same halo for the ghost of a second, and then the Old Year is gone and the New Year is here. Make it memorable to your wife, or your sweetheart, by giving them the diamond ring they have so long coveted.

OUR JEWELRY STORE

has a fine assortment, as well as other kinds. All prices. We have a full line of table silver, and of sterling silver articles. Come in and see the bargains.

A. S. Fonville
JEWELER

Plumbing

I have had 17 years practical experience in the plumbing business and am the only practical man in the plumbing and heating business in this city. Will be glad to figure with you on anything in my line. Will give a strict guarantee, if necessary, on all work. We can furnish you with goods made by any of the leading manufacturers of the United States.

Am now making a special price of \$22.50 on Porcelain Bath Tubs, which can't be bought for the money by any of my competitors.

Will open up for the present at Abbott Paint Co., corner of Eighth street and Ohio avenue.

W. W. Coleman.

COAL

Rugby Niggerhead.
Maitland Lump.
McAllister Lump.

PHONE 132
PROMPT DELIVERY

HEATH STORAGE and Transfer Co.
Office and Warehouse Corner 12th and Ohio

Cement Work

I. H. Roberts

General Contractor

Walks, Curbing, Steps,
Floors, Foundations,

Street Crossings,

Phone 504.

THE ADVANCE OF PROHIBITION

WIDE EXPANSION OF DRY TERRITORY GAINED BY THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

STATE ELECTIONS

Propositions for State Wide Prohibition Will Be Presented in Several States.

Washington, Dec. 28.—Prohibition in the South has advanced to a stage that has already assumed the proportions of a vital political issue in many states. That it has been accepted as a problem of great magnitude is an established fact, reports showing beyond question, the unprecedented growth of sentiment against the saloon, and its kindred evils. More than half the territory of the South is "dry" absolutely, due to the unrelenting activity of anti-saloon forces; and in a great part of the territory listed as "wet" the sale of intoxicants is restricted to a small area. In these states, where state-wide prohibition will not become operative the will of the majority in local option elections, has so restricted the sale of liquor, that the only strongholds left to the saloons are in the larger cities. Georgia is now experimenting on 'near prohibition.' On January 1st state-wide prohibition law will become operative in North Carolina, Mississippi, and Alabama. The anti-saloon adherents have lined up for a determined fight for state-wide prohibition in Tennessee. In Louisiana the temperance advocates are awaiting a test of the efficiency of a new law for the regulation of the liquor traffic. Most of the territory in the other states of the South has been transformed into a 'dry' area and in a few of the states, notably Texas and Arkansas, the voters will soon be called upon to decide the issue of state-wide prohibition.

In a few of these States the prohibitionists are hesitating between an attack on the larger cities, wherein the saloons have triumphed, and a fight for a state-wide law. The results of prohibition generally are indicated by reports showing a decrease in arrests for drunkenness, an increase in the bank deposits of laborers, fewer cases of wife abandonment and a decrease in criminality generally. The difficulty of enforcing the prohibition laws has proved one of the obstacles to the success of the law in some States. A serious problem has grown out of the deficit in bounty and municipal treasuries through the loss of the whiskey tax, together with the illicit sale of intoxicants in various ways that defy prosecution.

Georgia has had prohibition for one year, and the eyes of the country have been focused on that state studying the results. Georgia is supposed to have absolute prohibition. What Georgia has, however, is 'near prohibition.' When the legislature compromised of the present law, it attempted to please both sides in the fight. It forbade the sale of any malt, vinous or distilled liquors containing more than four per cent alcohol. The law does not forbid their manufacture. As nearly all beers contain only three and one-half or three and three-fourths per cent alcohol, the sale of malt and brewed beverages continues. They are sold as "near beers" and a license of \$500 is collected. Although the sale of liquor was interdicted, it goes on illegally to a limited extent. Despite this condition no one can reasonably deny that prohibition has brought good to the state. As compared with the previous year, the police records of Atlanta show that the number of arrests for drunkenness decreased 62 per cent, and a decrease of 29 per cent in the total number of police cases. Reports bearing practically the same average in decrease of criminality, come in from the small towns and villages. In most communities of the state beer is now sold but men cannot obtain alcohol except by shipment from points outside the state. Of course the blind tiger flourishes now and then but as a rule police are aggressive and vigilant in the detection of such places. The charitable institutions report a falling off in cases of destitution, wife beating and abandonment. The banks report that there never was a time when so many laboring men carried bank accounts, or when the accounts were so large. In one thing only has there been no improvement. The divorce docket is as heavy as ever.

North Carolina by a majority of 40,000 votes last May adopted state-wide prohibition and the statutory law goes into effect January 1. It prohibits absolutely the sale or manufacture of any intoxicating liquors. This law is the culmination of the prohibition agitation in the state since 1881. The only loophole in the statute is a section permitting the manufacture of wines and ciders from grapes, fruits or berries, which can be sold at the place of manufacture, and then only

in sealed packages, containing not less than two and a half gallons.

Prohibition legislation dates from 1903, when a law was enacted forcing the distilleries into incorporated towns, and granting to the counties the right to vote on the question of license every two years. The followed legislation prohibiting the shipment of liquor from 'wet' to 'dry' territory within the state and finally the enactment of the present law. A marvelous change in sentiment on the liquor question is shown by the fact that a prohibition election held in 1881 prohibition was defeated by more than 100,000 votes. The sale of liquor has been gradually reduced by local option in the counties and the close of the present year finds only a half dozen cities in North Carolina with open saloons and these will be 'dry' after December 31. Thereafter liquor can only be obtained legally at a drug store upon a physician's prescription. The enforcement of the law in cities and towns which heretofore have been 'dry' has been a difficult problem. While less liquor has been sold and fewer arrests for drunkenness have been recorded it is an established fact that much liquor is sold illegally and indictments against proprietors of blind tigers supplant warrants against drunken men on the police dockets. The problem of dealing with the illicit sale of liquor together with the question of a serious decrease in the revenues of the different municipalities as a result of stopping the saloon tax, are somewhat baffling to the authorities.

Alabama's state-wide prohibition law which also becomes effective January 1st brings with it some alarm over the loss of revenues; the whiskey tax alone being worth approximately \$1,000,000 to the state, counties and municipalities. The new law is not far-reaching in some of its phases. Before the act was passed, local option elections had previously suppressed the sale of liquor entirely or confined it to small areas. There is fear that the state-wide prohibition law will not be enforced rigidly. In the larger cities the saloon men have arranged to continue their place as 'soft drink' establishments. In those counties wherein are situated the larger cities, the liquor traffic has been reserved alone for the city. Montgomery, for example, is the only point in Montgomery county where liquor has been legally sold. Several of the counties have allowed the sale of liquor under the dispensary act, among them being Madison county (Huntsville), Barbour county (Eufaula), Pike county (Troy), Walker county (Jasper) and others of the more densely populated counties. The Anti-Saloon League, prime mover in the fight for state-wide prohibition, in anticipation of some possible flaw in the proper enforcement of the new law, will probably urge the passage of a 'search and seizure' act and of a change of venue so that prosecution may be pushed in counties outside of the locality where the law is violated. The state officials are in sympathy with the anti-saloon laws and it is stated that unless the new law is properly enforced the Governor may call a special session of the legislature to make the law more effective. All of the breweries of the state have announced that they will manufacture 'soft drinks' and back of this lies the hope of the liquor interests that the people will become tired of prohibition and soon favor a repeal of the new law. The whiskey men declare that the successful war on their traffic is due to the restrictions of suffrage. It is true that thousands have allowed themselves to be disqualified and it is contended that a large percentage of these disqualified or lukewarm voters are friendly to the liquor traffic. Birmingham is one of the largest number of cities in which the liquor traffic has been restricted by local option during the past year. Advocates of prohibition assert that its good effects are apparent while those who opposed it maintain it has paved the entrance of blind tigers and consequent evils. Criminal records, however, make a fine showing for the prohibition year in the city. The number of arrests decreased sixty per cent and deaths by violence, fifty per cent. There have also been rapid strides in business conditions. Buildings formerly occupied by saloons have been rented to other concerns. The authorities have encountered much trouble in prosecuting violators. Hundreds are arrested but less than a score are serving time for violating the liquor law. Technicalities invoked to evade the law are said to be responsible for this condition. In many cases juries have refused to convict men when the evidence was plain, and this is due to the fact that many jurors are not in sympathy with the law that makes the selling of liquor a felony.

Mississippi, for many years the battle ground of the prohibition and liquor forces, also has been removed from the center of agitation, statutory prohibition having become an established fact at last winter's session of the state legislature. Under the terms of the compromise that was arranged between the anti-prohibitionists and the anti-saloon league, every saloon in the state will close its doors the last day of the present year. Since

\$25 SPRINGFIELD RIFLE for \$2.95

WE PURCHASED ABOUT 100 SPRINGFIELD RIFLES FROM THE U. S. Government War Department

AND NOW OFFER THEM FOR SALE AT A

Tremendous Sacrifice

Every Rifle made under the supervision of the U. S. Government Inspectors, and every Rifle guaranteed to be

IN PERFECT WORKING ORDER

Never again as long as you live will such a Rifle bargain as this come your way.

These Rifles cost the U. S. Government \$15.00 each, to manufacture in stupendous quantities and have been sold at retail for \$25.00 each, and now you can get them for only \$2.95 each.

The Springfield Rifle is a marvel of accuracy. Ask any soldier or ruffian and he will tell you so. Every Rifle has a long range adjustable sight and a wind gauge and is equipped with bayonet and cleaning rod. These Rifles shoot a .45-70 caliber cartridge.

JUST THE THING FOR BIG GAME.

With a Springfield Rifle you can bring down a deer at 300 yards if you get a good view of him. The accuracy of the sight and wind gauge makes it possible to draw a head as fine as a hair. No better shooting gun was ever made than the old reliable Springfield Rifle.

CAN BE USED AS A SHOTGUN.

You can load the empty cartridges with shot of any size and use the gun for birds and small game. It shoots just as straight and hard, proportionately, as when ball cartridges are used. It shoots regulation .45 caliber scattered shot shells.

WHY WE CAN MAKE THIS UNHEARD-OF OFFER.

For a lump sum, we bought from the U. S. War Department, about 100 Springfield Rifles which were stored in the various U. S. Government arsenals and ammunition warehouses throughout the country. We now own 100 all perfect new guns. We must dispose of them at once. It is your chance of a lifetime to get one of these wonderful guns for a mere fraction of its Government cost—for only \$2.95.

It's to your advantage to grasp this opportunity without delay. Remember, every gun is in perfect working order, we guarantee them in every particular; well oiled, and all metal parts bright and free from rust. Your money will be promptly returned if you are dissatisfied with your bargain.

Send us \$2.95 post office or express money order and we will at once send you by express one of these wonderful rifles—if more than one is desired send \$2.95 for each.

AMMUNITION—45-70 Caliber Cartridges, packed 20 in a box, will be sent on receipt of 40 cents. Ammunition at this price will be sold only to purchasers of these Springfield Rifles.

P. H. PENNINGTON Comp'y

WICHITA FALLS,

TEXAS

Ziegler's

TIN SHOP

Has Moved from old stand to former Baptist Church Building on Indiana Avenue where I am better prepared to serve my patrons. With better facilities for doing work I endeavor to merit a continuance of patronage so liberally bestowed in the past.

J. C. ZIEGLER

Oyster Cocktail Sauce!

The next time you serve oysters, be sure to get a bottle of Snider's Oyster Cocktail Sauce. This is an elegant condiment not only for oysters but for all kinds of hot and cold meats, game, fish or cutlets.

35 cents per bottle.

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I Am Prepared to Sell My Friends and Patrons

The Highest Grade Suits

At The

Lowest Minimum Price

I have suits to fit the high, the low, the thick, the thin, the large man, the small man, one and all. Suits to please the Banker in quality, cut and workmanship, with prices to fit the Cotton Farmer. I also carry a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods. Believing that

Just Dealing and Equitable Prices

will secure your good will and patronage. I invite you to come and inspect my goods and get prices. Yours for friendship and service.

Wm. H. RICE

Misfit Parlor and Farmers Union Headquarters

711 Ohio Avenue.

Old P. O. Building

The passage of the new law there have been no renewals of license. The only trouble the prohibitionists have is to conquer the blind tiger and this will be no small undertaking. The Anti-Saloon forces assert that they are firmly entrenched and are prepared to assist in the effective enforcement of the law. Mississippi for some time has been in the list of the 'near prohibition' states through the operation of the local option laws in the counties. In practically the whole state the sale of liquor has been restricted. The five counties in which whiskey and beer is now legally sold will become 'dry' the last day of this month.

The prohibition advocates in Louisiana have suspended their fight temporarily in order to test the efficiency of the Gay-Shattuck law, which goes into effect January 1. After a strenuous temperance campaign throughout the state, public sentiment finally settled upon the new law, which, if enforced literally will revolutionize the saloon interests of Louisiana. If it does not cope with what the prohibition advocates demand, in the method of regulating the liquor traffic, a state-wide prohibition campaign is inevitable. One of the most important provisions of the new law is that after January 1, no saloon will be allowed within 200 feet of a church or school building. This clause will provoke a stubborn fight in the courts. The attorney general of the state holds that the 200-foot measurement shall be on an air-line between the nearest points of the saloon and the church or school. Other authorities contend that the measurement should be made along the street fronts. The new law applies not only to new saloons but to those now existing, and if the interpretation placed upon the law by the attorney general is sustained, thousands of saloons throughout Louisiana will be forced out of business. One of the laws important provisions is that saloons having receipts of \$50,000 a year shall pay a license of \$1,600. The license fees are in seven classes, the lowest being \$200 for a saloon having less than \$5,000 receipts. Statistics of the Anti-Saloon league show that as a result of their campaign during the past year, three-fifths of the states total area, in which more than one-half of the population dwells, was transformed into 'dry' territory. The new Louisiana liquor law stands out unique against liquor laws in many of the Southern States. Among other things, it provides that no person who has been convicted of a felony in any state or country shall be granted a liquor license; that a severe penalty shall be imposed upon women, girls or boys found working in saloons, a practice heretofore common in Louisiana saloons; that joint saloons for whites and negroes being required to have two bars and two bar licenses to accommodate such a trade; a heavy penalty for posting obscene pictures, signs or notices in saloons. An attempt which is anticipated, to modify the present law at the next session of the legislature, probably will meet with great opposition.

Tennessee perhaps is the chief center of interest, among the rest of the states where fights for state-wide prohibition are in progress. The last political campaign was fought out on the state-wide prohibition issue, and the anti triumphed. But with renewed vigor the prohibitionists have launched forth in another campaign which will be fought out in the state legislature next month and the fight bids fair to be sensational to a degree. The anti-saloonists boast that a state-wide bill will pass the legislature, which they expect to organize and control by a safe majority. The local option forces, whose accredited leader is Governor M. R. Patterson are equally confident that such a bill will be defeated. The local option forces have a great asset in the banking which the state machinery will lend them. It is conceded that the prohibitionists have a majority of the next state senate but their control of the house remains in doubt. In the state election last summer the issue was clearly defined, Governor Patterson championed the cause of local option and was opposed by former Senator Edward W. Carmack who strongly advocated state-wide prohibition. The latter was defeated by a narrow margin. The anti-liquor adherents are now asserting that the recent tragic death of Mr. Carmack in a street affray in Nashville has doubly strengthened their cause.

Kentucky, the home of 'bourbon' whiskey and the second largest distilling state in the country, has been forced into the 'near prohibition' column because of the activity of the local option leaders. Kentucky with its 119 counties has only four in which the sale of whiskey is not prohibited by law. Ninety-three counties are totally 'dry' so far as the sale of liquor within their borders is concerned, and twenty one are partially dry. A recent local option election placed another whiskey stronghold on the dry list. The work of the temperance people in Kentucky is by no means an innovation. Six years ago sixty-five counties were without saloons. The four counties now totally

(Continued on Page 7.)

Furniture and Stoves

We have just received and have on display at our store a fresh car of new Furniture, Stoves and Ranges

Heating Stoves From \$4 to \$65
Cook Stoves From \$7.50 to \$65

"The Favorite"

Cook and Heating Stoves and Ranges are the best on the market and we are sole agents for this line of goods in Wichita Falls

Art Squares, Matings and Lineoliums

We have a large line to select from and the prices are reasonable. We want you to see them. It's no trouble for us to show goods and meet prices

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OLDEST YARD IN WICHITA FALLS

ESTABLISHED 1882.

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We have Re-opened Our Tin Shop

and are prepared to do all kinds of Tin and Sheet Metal Work on short notice. Roofing, Spouting, Ridge Roll, Cresting, Galvanized Iron Cornices, etc.

Let Us Figure Your Next Job

We Have Skilled Workmen and Guarantee our work. Repair work a Specialty.

The Finest Line of Heating Stoves in the County

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 B. D. Donnell.....City Editor

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Wichita Falls, Texas, Dec. 28th, 1908.

The Times expects to see street-running in Wichita Falls before January 1, 1910.

Don't forget the water wagon starts January 1st. Passengers are now being booked for the New Year.

The vast consumption of gastric juice at Galveston, San Antonio and New Braunfels Sunday was undoubtedly warranted by the circumstances.

BURTON IS HOPEFUL.

Cleveland Congressman Expects to Secure Ohio Senatorship.

Toledo, Ohio, Dec. 26.—The senatorial outlook is good. My chances are good and I have the votes if I can keep them, and I think I can," was the statement of Congressman Theodore Burton of Cleveland upon his arrival here late this afternoon. Tonight he spoke before the Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers' Board of Trade of the Toledo Chamber of Commerce at the Hotel Secor.

The congressman would say no more about the fight now on in Ohio as to who will succeed Joseph B. Foraker in the senate. At midnight Mr. Burton left for Columbus.

In his address Mr. Burton said:

"The boss is a repulsive figure in our political life, but no boss could hold sway for a year with the indifference of a large body of our citizens or without the co-operation of large business or other interests which desire to avoid the complexity of dealing with boards of aldermen, legislative bodies and legislatures. It is their great wish to deal with single individuals who dictate the action of the different agencies of the government. In return these supporters of the bosses are willing to give great sums in the way of campaign contributions and bring to the shore any large party of voters. This does not mean, however, that any party organization should shape the policies of a political party or dictate to the legislature or legislators what they shall do.

"The crying evil of our times is the indifference of the great mass of intelligent and patriotic voters."



THIS IS ONE OF MANY Striking and Artistic Styles in the D'ANCONA Fashions for the new Season.

The complete line of D'ANCONA samples is now on display and you are invited to come in at your first opportunity and look through without feeling obligated to buy.

We are authorized to fully GUARANTEE GOOD FIT, BEST MATERIALS and PROMPT SERVICE in every garment.

Suits made only to individual measure and prices that you are perfectly willing to pay for the quality given.

We are exclusive local representative.

Horton & Whitaker
 TAILORS AND HATTERS.
 705 Indiana Avenue. Phone 23.

The University of Texas has just rounded out the twenty-fifth year of its useful existence. It was established and has been supported by the people of the State. It has proved its usefulness and has entrenched itself securely in the affections of the people. It is time that something adequate to the needs and undeveloped resources of the State should be done for this, its highest institution of learning.

From a small beginning the University has now come to provide training for something over 2,500 young people. This is a growth of nearly a hundred per cent in the last four years, and an addition of nearly 500 in the last two years. No institution in the country has grown more rapidly in the periods mentioned than has the university of our own State. It will be a short time when 3,000 boys and girls of Texas will be receiving the benefits of this institution. It is only right that the people of Texas should see to it that their State University offers as good advantages to their sons and daughters as does the university of any other State to its own.

The thirteenth biennial report of the regents, recently issued, makes it plain that the university is overcrowded in all its departments. This is mentioned by the regents in no spirit of complaint. They realize that the people in the past have desired to do and have done all that they well could towards the support of the university. But they rightly ask that a special effort should be made at this time to put the university squarely in line with other institutions in States similar to Texas in wealth, population and age.

The special needs of the university are a heating and power plant and a library building. The present heating plant was erected over fifteen years ago and cannot be expected to heat the five large buildings that have been added since then, in addition to those for which it was originally intended to provide. The inadequacy of the heating has made necessary the closing of the university during severe spells of weather, and has been injurious to the health of the young men and young women in attendance. A new heating plant should be provided.

The need of a library building is equally great. With 1,500 students, there is seating room for not more than 115. Besides, the library contains invaluable documents and books, many of them embodying records of Texas and southwestern history that could not be duplicated. The wing of the building now serving as a library is not fire proof, and all the valuable collection, worth over \$200,000, is at the mercy of a careless moment and a lighted match. This is a risk that the State cannot afford to have continue.

We prophesy that the next legislature will attend liberally to the needs of our efficient university, and make possible an increase in the valuable service it has rendered the State.

It is only fair to judge the future by the past. Already the university has over 1,500 graduates, and between 1,000 and 11,000 young people have already received the benefits of this institution. An institution which has turned out such men as Jack Beall, Morris Sheppard, R. L. Henry, A. S. Turleson, Pat Neff, T. W. Gregory, Yancey Lewis, W. H. Burges and many other substantial and capable citizens worthy of their type, and is offering instruction to worthy young men and women like C. H. Smoot, E. W. Naylor and Misses Willie Mae and Carrie Kell.

The Texas Swine Breeders' Association will meet at Sherman January 12 and 13, and the Corn Growers' Association at the same place on January 14 and 15. The railroads, it is stated, will give a rate of one and a third fares for the round trip. Wichita county should be well represented at the meetings of these associations.

Meadow Grove, extra creamery butter at Sherrod & Co's. Phone 177. 186-1f

Business Man.

Can you afford to have your business destroyed by fire? Don't you realize that more or less of your electric wiring and appurtenances are obsolete, inferior and in bad condition and are considered by the Underwriter's Rulings governing same as hazardous, and dangerous to life and property? Don't you know that a few dollars spent in having your electrical installation brought up to Underwriter's Rulings would be well spent? Allow us to assure you that if the city had an electrical inspector (and it should have) that he would insist that you have the necessary changes made—and you would. Your lights will be better and your bills will be less with better work. Think about it.

We Would Appreciate a Query

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HER PERPLEXING QUESTION

Shall she choose a Ring, Locket, or Chain? We invite all perplexed jewelry buyers to come in and view our splendid

NEW JEWELRY STOCK.

filled with surprises in beauty, designs and price. Jeweled Rings, Stick-Pins, Brooches, high-grade Watches. Our guarantee with every sale.

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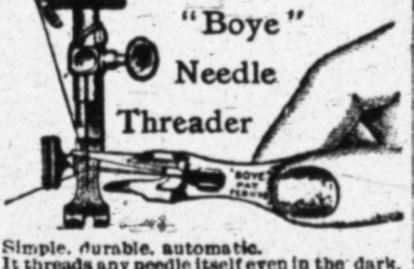
25c to \$2
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Have 150 patterns to select from. Full line shears and scissors. Two pair given in exchange for every faulty pair returned. Everything in Hardware

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 721 OHIO AVENUE.

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Fire Arms, Sporting Goods
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Simple, durable, automatic. It threads any needle itself even in the dark. Most valuable of all attachments. No twisting, biting or cutting thread.

Gunsmith and Locksmith Expert
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Estimates furnished on all kinds of building work.

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WILL DO YOUR
BARBER WORK
 To suit you; and can give you

Shave 1c
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A HOT OR COLD BATH

SLAUGHTER SALE!

On Monday Dec. 21st the W. E. Skeen Bankrupt Stock of Dry Goods, Shoes and Millinery will be thrown on the market to be disposed of at Slaughter Prices. This stock was bought for less than 50c on the dollar.

W. E. SKEEN, Manager

MILLINERY

We Are Going to Close Out
 this department *at once*.
 Come early before the stock is picked over and get your hat almost at your own price. We are determined to close out this stock at some price, for we need the room more than we do the goods

We Have About 20 Ladies' Heatherbloom Petticoats
 In Black, Browns, Blues and Reds \$2.50 and \$3.00 values to close at, your choice for

\$2.00

Nutt, Stevens & Hardeman.

Dry Goods Phone 198 Grocery Phones 232 and 432

Here Are The Winning Numbers

| NO. | PRIZE |
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| 17855 | \$15 00 IN CASH |
| 17319 | \$5 00 FUR |
| 19283 | \$10 00 SKIRT |
| 19782 | \$5 00 DRESS PATTERN |
| 18781 | 35c HANDKERCHIEFS |
| 20543 | \$1 50 LADY'S COLLAR |
| 21333 | \$2 50 IN CASH |
| 20897 | \$1 50 SILK SCARF |
| 21212 | \$6 00 SILK KIMONA |
| 19877 | \$45 00 LADY'S HAT |
| 18212 | \$1 50 IN HANKERCHIEFS |
| 17349 | \$1 50 HOSE |
| 18432 | \$5 00 IN CASH |
| 18883 | \$4 00 SHOES |
| 20126 | \$13 50 COAT |
| 20716 | \$1 50 HOUSE SHOES |
| 22169 | \$1 50 TOWELS |

These Numbers will be held until Friday January 1st, and if not presented by then, on Saturday January 2nd, at 10:30 o'clock we will draw out other numbers. Be sure and present your tickets.

A. R. Duke & Co.

Tenth Triumphant Tour of the Popular Morey Stock Comp'y

WICHITA THEATRE

ONE SOLID WEEK COMMENCING

MONDAY, DEC. 28

Presenting a Repertoire of Successful Plays Interspersed with High Class Vaudeville.

MONDAY NIGHT

"In Spite of All"

PRICES 25, 35 AND 50 CTS.

SEASON TICKETS Good for the Six Nights and Saturday matinee **only \$2.50**

There will be two Matinees given during the week, date and prices of which will be announced Monday night. :: :: ::

Washington in the Days of Mr. Cleveland

Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—When congress came together in December, 1891, there came with it divers presidential booms. In every studio of politics, sculptors of party were carving away at the features of this or that candidacy, and all hopeful of the prize.

Hill, dark, bilious, pike-hungry for the White House, brought with him when he entered the senate from New York his own personal hopes and fears for a nomination. Hill was as ambitious as Louis XI, without the Frenchman's insidious genius for chicanery. He got into blundering prompt trouble with the folk about him. For one thing, he lacked modesty, and was prone to push forward in debate. These traits of vainglory were resented by ancient senators, who stuck by tradition and held that your senate newcomer should listen with deference, make no retorts and put in a novitiate of dumbness.

The transgression of Hill on solemn senate customs were so flagrant as to evoke a lecture from Harris of Tennessee. The latter was a statesman who made a specialty of fury. His visage was one of your queer, fantastic portraits which one sees on tea chests, or mayhap carved on the far-end of fiddles.

In a red-faced way of hectoring, Harris undertook to put the wide-spreading Hill in his proper place. Harris, with as much prospect of success, might have sought to put a rattlesnake in its proper place. Hill interrupted him before he had reached a first semicolon.

"Don't try your plantation airs on me," warned Hill, high of vein, insolent of eye.

Harris almost expired at this. His face congested, his neck swelled; it was as though the fingers of an apoplexy were feeling about his heart. However, he recovered sufficiently to regard Hill with cold, superior eye, and after alluding to him as "A mephitic bubble on some chance-hallowed mudhole of affairs," he gave over further attempts at his correction.

Hill had much of the knife fighter in his make-up. Lack of tact Hill might have been charged with; want of courage, never. He went to war with any or all who came to the lists. Norse, for all his black hair and swarthy skin, Hill has the racial instincts to go to close to his foe, and with the racial expectation to come back covered with blood. There was nothing delicate or of a long-distance character in Hill's notions of strife. Had it been the olden day and the senate the Roman arena, Hill would have fought with an axe or short sword. He believed in the coarse yec effective butcher's work of hack and stab.

One might note that knife-taste while Hill was making a speech. He had but the one gesture. With his right hand, held forward and on a level with his breast, he would foil and fence as though it held a bowie. It was the gesture of thrust and parry—the plain fence of the bowie-knife. When Hill made a point he thrust forward like the stroke of an adder. It was as though he pierced the heart of an adversary.

Hill, with his eagerness to seize a White House—albeit none about him believed he would succeed—and his system of giving battle to any "one who crossed his way, was a figure of interest to his fellow senators. Sterrett, of the newspapers, asked Coke—in the senate from Texas—what he thought of Hill.

Coke was a judge of trouble and trouble makers. His own biography in the congressional directory described him as having been removed from the supreme bench of Texas by General Sheridan "as an impediment to reconstruction," and one glance at Coke would show that he must have been so. He had the very appearance of an impediment. When Sterrett asked concerning Hill, Coke put on an air of thoughtfulness.

"Bill," said Coke, with his queer lip, "thit man Hill ith a thronger man than we thought. And Bill, he ith a natural dethperado. If he'd been born and brought up-down in Texath, he'd 'ave killed twenty men by now."

It was Gorman—smug, smooth, a prince of intrigue, face of a prelate—who advised Hill to come to the senate. Hill thought Gorman would support him in the Chicago nomination. Gorman, however, merely used Hill. It still New York from Cleveland. Hill was Gorman's stalking horse, over whom he tried to shoot a White House

WANT ADS.

FOR RENT—Store room, 25x50 feet. See W. W. Jackson. 196-4tc

FOR RENT—Nice office room. See W. W. Jackson. 196-4tc

FOR SALE—A good milk cow, cheap. Address P. O. Box 801. 194-6t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 911 Tenth st. 197-3tp

WANTED—To rent a house by Jan. 1st. See W. M. Huey at Times office. 197-4f

FOR RENT—Furnished room for two gentlemen, close in, near good eating house. 808 Travis. 197-3tp

WANTED—A woman or girl to do housework. Apply at once. Mrs. C. B. Feider, 804 5th st. 197-4tp

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms at 1011 Indiana avenue for light housekeeping. 197-6tp

WANTED—Private boarders at 508 Scott avenue, between Fifth and Sixth streets. 195-3tp

FOR SALE—Second hand furniture, any price you want. Cheap at Commercial hotel. Call at once. 196-3t

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, also beds by day or week. 806 Tenth street. Phone 593. 195-3tp

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Mrs. F. H. Denison, 810 Sixth street. 196-1fc

FOR SALE—We are closing out all of our Edison Records at 25c each. We have one thousand.—Jackson Bros. D & W 1f

WANTED—Two lady solicitors in this town, nice work and good pay. Call in person at 1505 Burnett avenue, or address Box 234. 197-3tp

WANTED—Two neat furnished rooms for light housekeeping. We have linen, dishes and silverware. Call J. G. Braly at Times office. 197-4f

WANTED—Board for couple and child in private family or will rent 5 or 6 room cottage in good location. Address "A," care Times. 194-3t

FOR RENT—Comfortable furnished rooms, close in. Phone, lights and bath. 811 Indiana ave. Phone 145. 193-4tc

FOR SALE—Residence lots; \$10 cash and \$10 per month, or if you pay all cash will loan you money to build. N. Henderson. 150-4f

WANTED—To buy your second hand furniture and stoves. Highest cash prices paid. Call Fields Furniture and Stove Repair Co., phone 305. 1007 Ohio avenue. 194-3tc

FOR SALE—A good farm. Will sell all or any part, from 40 acres up. Terms, part cash, balance secured by good security or city property. Inquire or address Mrs. E. S. Bigger. 187-1fc

nomination for himself.

In 1891 it was difficult to forestall the issue for the coming campaign. Some said it would be silver. In the earlier moments of congress it had that "ok, and, to quote from a forensid effe of the late Thomas Brackett Reed, "The congressional woods were full of cold-bugs, silver bugs, straddle bugs."

Reed himself among the republicans was a well developed candidate against Harrison, and on that same question of silver sent his friend and ally, Lodge of Massachusetts, forward to draw the popular fire and locate party as well as public sentiment as between white and yellow finance. Lodge could afford to take the risk. He was in the senate safely for the next six years to come.

To test the risk for Reed, Lodge offered a pro-silver resolution of ambiguous, cloudy sort. Reed leaned back to note what would happen to the daring Lodge. The result bore no silver comfort and Reed—and everybody else for that matter—became at once very careful as to how they tackled that subject of perfidious money.

The other day in this column I referred to the late Speaker Crisp. Folk in Washington will wait long for the more lovable or more high than Crisp. His impressive traits were a frank nobility of heart, a want of affectation, a lack of snobbery, an iron confidence—when courage and confidence were asked for—in his powers and position.

Crisp was a natural captain. He assumed command of men as though it were his birthright. Withal, he was a "much without art as without arrogance.

This was characteristic of Crisp. When Rhea played Camille in AF baugh's opera house Crisp's chair was the one in front of mine. When the curtain descended on the second act, he turned and said:

"It isn't often I come to the theater. Mrs. Crisp is much of an invalid and I commonly put in my evenings with her. But I was curious to see this play o' 'Camille'. The last time I saw 'Camille' my father was Armand and my mother was Camille; and while I should not care to say—here Crisp smiled—"that my mother was the greatest Camille that ever lived, I think she was far and away superior to this lady."

THE ALARMING INCREASE OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

"He died of Bright's Disease." Hardly a week passes that this statement is not made in reference to some prominent citizen.

The increasing prevalence of this disease makes the present time seem most opportune for discussion in the hope that some who are unconsciously afflicted with this dreaded disease may receive timely warning.

A prominent citizen residing in a nearby town informs us that he suffered for nearly a year from Bright's Disease, but that he recently effected a complete cure.

"What seemed to be the first indications of the trouble," was asked.

"They seemed hardly worth noticing. My digestion bothered me at times, my stomach seemed out of order, and I had occasional backaches, but I thought it was due to too much work."

"Did you take anything?" "I did not. Later, my strength failed me, I had severe pains in the back and noticed some irregularities of the urine, I couldn't sleep well at night. I then used some simple remedies, but without benefit."

"Did you realize that your trouble was Bright's Disease?"

"I never thought of such a thing. Finally, my condition became serious. My back ached all the time, I had shooting pains in my joints and a weak tired feeling at the knees, a little work played me out completely. I then began doctoring for kidney trouble but did not improve very much."

"Did you have any trouble with your heart?"

"Yes. I had spells of heart throbbing and a nervous faint feeling. I thought I had heart disease and treated awhile for that. Nothing seemed to help me. I had to give up trying to work."

"How did you affect a cure?"

"A friend of mine persuaded me to try Frickly Ash Bitters. I bought a bottle of my druggist. After taking it a week I began to feel some better, my urine became more natural and there was a gradual lessening of my misery. I kept on taking Frickly Ash Bitters for several weeks and I could feel my strength returning—slowly at first—but increasing daily. I am now entirely cured of my trouble and able to do a full day's work without the least fatigue. I consider **MATER-MAGNER DRUG CO.** "The Quality Druggists" 702 Indiana Avenue.

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CARNEGIE ON THE FUTURE OF LABOR

JOINT OWNERSHIP OF STOCK BY
EMPLOYEES TO MARK RISE
OF LABOR.

CAPITALIST PARTNER

Participating in Profits is to Be Future
Position of the Employee.

New York, Dec. 26.—"In the future
Labor is to rise still higher. The joint
stock form opens the door to the par-
ticipation of labor as shareholder in
every branch of business. In this,
the writer believes, lies the final and
enduring solution of the labor ques-
tion. Nothing can stand against the
direct management of others. We are
only pioneers whose duty is to start
the movement, leaving to our successors
its full and free development as
human society advances."

These are striking statements found
in the forthcoming January number
of The World's Work made public to-
day. An editorial note states that the
article is taken from Mr. Carnegie's
new book "Problems of Today" and
that it is published in the magazine
"because of the remarkable—it might
be called even sensational—forecast
that he makes of the continued im-
provement in the position of labor till
profit-sharing does its perfect work
and the laborer and the capitalist be-
come the same man."

Mr. Carnegie tells of the beginnings
made by the Carnegie Steel Company
many years ago by making from time
to time 40-odd young partners, who
paid for their interest in the business
by their notes, payable only out of the
profits of the business. Great care,
Mr. Carnegie says, was taken to admit
workers of the mechanical department
which had hitherto been neglected by
employers. Speaking of the combina-
tion of many steel works into the one
United States Steel Corporation he
says that the problem presented was
not altogether new, "for individual
and corporate management have co-
existed since joint-stock companies
were formed. The former had un-
doubtedly great advantages over the
latter. Able men managing their own
works, in competition with larger bod-
ies of shareholders employing salaried
managers were certain to distance
their corporate competitors, and did
so. Nothing can stand against the di-
rect management of owners."

Going on to speak of the experiment
of the United States Steel Corporation
in interesting its officers and employ-
ees in its shares Mr. Carnegie says that
"every corporation could well afford
to sell shares to its saving workmen
giving preference in payment at cost
as a first charge in case of disaster.
Just at present laws provide first for
the mechanic's lien and for homestead
exemption. This is due to the work-
ingmen who necessarily buy the shares
without knowledge and is asked to
buy them not solely for his own advan-
tage, but for the benefit of the com-
pany as well—the advantage of both."

The writer points out that "just as
the mechanical world has changed
and improved, so the world of labor
has advanced from the slavery of the
laborer to the day of his absolute in-
dependence and now to this day, when
he begins to take his proper place as
the capitalist-partner of his employer.
We may look forward with hope to
the day when it shall be the rule for
the workman to be partner with capi-
tal, the man of affairs giving his busi-
ness experience, the workman in the
mill his mechanical skill, to the com-
pany, both owners of the shares and
so far equally interested in the
success of their joint efforts, each in-
dispensable, so that without their co-
operation success would be impossi-
ble."

Replying to the possible charges of
being over-sanguine, Mr. Carnegie de-
clares himself convinced that "the
huge combination, and even the moder-
ate corporation, has no chance in
competition with the partnership, which
embraces the principal officials and
has adopted the system of payment by
bonus or reward throughout its work.
The latter may be relied upon, as a
rule, to earn handsome dividends in
times of depression, during which the
former, conducted upon the old plan,
will incur actual loss, and perhaps land
in financial embarrassment."

By way of illustration he cites the
case of the Filene Stores of Boston,
which he says "has gone farthest of all
in the direction of making its employ-
ees shareholders." The establishment,
he says, employs seven to nine hundred
men, the capital stock is held only by
employees, and is returned to the cor-
poration at its value should the employ-
ees leave the service. Every share of
stock belongs to some one working in
the store. "The most important ad-
vance," says Mr. Carnegie, "is that all
questions are submitted to arbitration,
not only complaints or disputes, but
wages, scope of work and tenure of em-
ployment. More than four hundred
cases of arbitration have arisen, and

the result is that both managers and
employee have been satisfied that this
is the true plan. When an employee is
discharged he has the right to appeal
to an arbitration board composed of
fellow employees of different grades.
All wage disputes have been satisfac-
torily settled. There is a profit shar-
ing department, having nothing to do
with wages, which has been able to dis-
tribute varying amounts each year."
He goes on to describe the workings
of the plan, remarking incidentally
that the Filene stores are not excelled,
if equalled in making profits. He
cites other examples of profit-sharing
and joint ownership, and then comes
to his generalizations, in the course of
which he says among other things:

"Whether the communist's ideal is
to be finally reached upon earth, after
man is so changed that self-interest,
which is now the mainspring of human
action, will give place to heavenly
neighbor-interest, cannot be known.
The future has not been revealed. He
who says yes, and he who says no, are
equally foolhardy. Neither knows,
therefore neither should presume to
consider, much less to legislate in their
day for a future they can know nothing
of."

"The writer, however, believes one
point to be clear, viz: That the next
step toward improved labor conditions
is through the stage of shareholding in
the industrial world, the workman be-
coming joint owner in the profits of
his labor. Payment to slaves and serfs
by providing shelter and food and
clothing for them, then by orders upon
the stores for articles, up to payment
by cash to independent workmen to-
day, each a great step forward, have
all been tried, and now the coming
down when payment is to be made
wholly or in part by profit-sharing,
the workman having the status of the
share-owning official and a voice in
management as joint owner. He will
be guaranteed a minimum wage, when
finally paid by profits entirely, to keep
his mind easy and free for his work,
the proper support of himself and his
family being thus insured."

"It may be mentioned that the in-
vestments of workmen-partners in the
United States-Steel Corporation have
been very profitable to both the men
and the company."

"One of the greatest advantages, the
writer thinks, will be found in drawing
men and managers into closer inter-
course, so that they become friends
and learn each other's virtues, for that
both have virtues none knows better
than the writer, who has seen both
sides of the shield as employee and em-
ployer. In vast establishments it is
very difficult, almost impossible, for
workmen and employer to know each

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other, but when the managers and
workmen are joint owners, and both
are paid wages, even as the president
of the company is, we shall see greater
intercourse between them. In the case
of disputes, it is certain that the work-
men partners have a status nothing
else can give. They can attend all
shareholders' meetings and have a
voice there if desired. Entrance into
the partnership class means increased
power to workmen. On the other hand
knowledge of the company's affairs, its
troubles and disappointments, which
come at intervals to the most success-
ful concerns, will teach the workman
much that he did not know before.

"Co-partnership tends to bring a real-
izing sense of the truth to both labor
and capital that their interests, broadly
considered, are mutual; and as far as
the latter is considered it may finally,
in some cases, be all furnished by those
engaged in the works, which is the
ideal that should be held in view—the
workman, both capitalist and worker,
employee and employer.

"This, however, is not for our time.
We are only pioneers, whose duty is to
start the movement, leaving to our
successors its full and free develop-
ment as human society advances. The
first company so owned will mark a
new era in the relations of labor and
capital. We may not have to wait long
for this experiment, since it is in line
with recent developments. The writ-
er has no desire to embark again in
business. But nothing would appeal to
him so strongly as this ideal. He
would like to address a body of work-
men, many thousands in number, as all
fellow-partners.

"The writer is convinced," says Mr.
Carnegie in conclusion, "that this is
to be the highly satisfactory and final
solution. The first step in advance
has already come in the natural pro-
gress of evolution—no revolution nec-
essary—and it is earnestly pressed
upon the attention of the intelligent
working man and his leaders, some of
whom seem to have been misled into
devoting themselves to the advocacy
of a system admittedly unsuited to our
day, which requires an organic change
in the relations of society, and indeed
involves a complete revolution in the
nature of man—the task of a thousand
years. The experiment of labor-and-
capital union-workmen-capitalists—has
exceeded, so far, all expectations. Even
the convinced Socialist might, there-
fore, hail it as at least a step in the
right direction, making labor's posi-
tion better than before, saying to him-
self: 'Let the future bring what it
may, a bird in the hand is often worth
a whole flock in the bush. Our social-
istic remedy is for the future; let us
not forget this in our dealing with the
present.'

"Such seems to the writer the part
of wisdom."

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More than that, there are a vast number of combinations of these various coffee flavors.

But like everything else there are a few coffee flavors that are very good, appetizing and stimulating and just as there are some kind of roses that appeal to some people and not others, so there are some flavors of coffee that will not appeal to you while there probably are one or two that will just suit your taste.

You will know it in a minute when you taste the particular coffee flavor that you like and that's why we want you to try one of the three coffee's here mentioned for we are practically sure that one of the three will suit your taste particularly well.

Revere at 40 cents per pound.

Electra at 40 cents per pound.

Romeo at 35 cents per pound.

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PHONE NUMBER 87.

THE ADVANCE OF PROHIBITION

(Continued From Page 3).

'wet' are Nelson, Campbell, Kenton and Jefferson, and in these districts the saloon forces have successfully combatted any attempt to change the local laws, and are now formidable. Almost invariably those counties now partially 'dry' have as their county seats the larger cities of the state. A thorn in the side of the prohibitionists element is the fact that the residents of a dry county may order liquor in any quantity for private consumption from a 'wet' county. The anti-saloonists assert that C. O. D. shipments approximate almost as much as a retail trade. Suggestions of state-wide prohibition are not considered seriously and the anti-saloonists have abandoned all hope of placing Louisville and many other larger cities in the 'dry' column.

Virginia's prohibition record, presents a string of victories for the anti-saloon element. Prohibition, nominal at least, exists in eighty of the hundred counties in the state. Under local option elections, Lynchburg, Staunton, Bristol, Charlottesville and other cities are bereft of liquor in a legal sense, and Richmond and Norfolk are regarded as the last remaining strongholds of whiskey's adherents. The anti-saloon people are now debating whether a campaign in the cities, or a fight for state-wide prohibition, is the better method of attack. Legislation now entrusted to the circuit judges the granting of liquor licenses. Stringent statutes have practically eliminated fake clubs and other places where intoxicants were illegally sold. Except in a few counties along the coast country tavern has been abolished. It is regarded as certain that the issue of prohibition will be injected into the next state campaign.

In Texas more than half the counties have accepted prohibition. In the democratic primaries last July the proposition to submit to the vote of the people a constitutional amendment for prohibition, was adopted by a small majority. The legislature which meets next month is Democratic and in compliance with the will of the convention, will present the matter to the people. The prohibitionists are threatening the anti-saloonists with statutory prohibition. The saloon interests have asserted that the constitutional amendment will be defeated. If the will of the majority directs an election it probably will be held next August.

Under the local option law about two-thirds of Arkansas, or 75 counties are 'dry' and in the last election the prohibitionists gained another county. The last Democratic state convention carried in its platform, a proposition to submit to the people at a regular election the question of state-wide prohibition. The real fight will be in the legislature which meets next week. Judge Asher of Pulaski county recently dismissed a petition filed by the anti-saloon league asking the court to revoke licenses of saloons within three miles of a school or church. The anti-saloon leaders contend that their petition was in accordance with the law, while the saloon people regard the decision as a victory. The case will be appealed to a higher court.

The prohibition wave also has been recently felt in Florida, a majority of the counties of the state having voted out the saloons. The principal cities of the state Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West are fortified against any attack from the temperance folk. Most of the counties where the sale of intoxicants is prohibited, went on the dry list about ten years ago when sentiment against the saloon crystallized into a political issue, and seekers for office were elected or rejected at the polls upon the cause they espoused. Prohibition is not now so much of a political issue. One of the significant results observed in some of the prohibition counties is the existence of blind tigers and illicit shops and the C. O. D. shipments of liquor to private consumers. Jacksonville rivals Chattanooga as a distributor of liquor throughout the south.

Muskogee, Ok.—Because the man to marry whom she traveled from the extreme southwestern part of the State to his home in the Spavinaw Hills, near Oil Springs, was not at home when she arrived at his father's house, Pearl Plumley, a young woman 22 years old, committed suicide.

Blood of the Maple, the only pure maple syrup on the market. Sherrard & Co. Phone 177. 186-1f

Railroad Gossip

Fort Worth Record. Katy or Kansas City Southern, which?

Both Edwin H. Hawley, recent master of the Colorado and Southern system and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway are looking for bargains in railroads to the gulf, according to bulletins from the observers of railway affairs. Both the Katy and the Kansas City Southern afford just about the outlet needed by the two groups of railroads.

When James J. Hill took charge of the Colorado and Southern he effectually stopped predictions that the Colorado and Southern, through construction now under way or proposed in Wyoming, would connect with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul in its new transcontinental line and lines to the Canadian Northwest. Perhaps the Colorado and Southern will be extended along the lines which have been the ideal of General Dodge, the founder of the road, but such extensions will now be made according to Burlington and Great Northern needs.

But the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is disappointed in hopes of an outlet to the gulf and must cast about for other routes if the system is to command one of its own.

To give the Chicago and Alton and its eastern connection, the Toledo and Western system, a southern outlet, would give that system unusual facilities through the entire Middle West from the lakes to the gulf, and for this reason Mr. Hawley is said to be looking for a road which will meet his needs. Either the Katy or Kansas City Southern would fit in with his present holdings much better than would the Colorado and Southern system, which he has just sold.

Of the two possible changes, the sale of the Katy would, of course, affect more of Texas than would the sale of the Kansas City Southern. No indication of such a sale, prospective or otherwise, would be likely to reach the offices of the roads here through direct channels, but on the face of the facts, local railroad officials who discuss the question believe that the Kansas City Southern deal is the more likely of the two.

No Shake-Up is Expected.

President Harrison of the Burlington is quoted by the Denver papers as assuring Vice President Parker of the Colorado and Southern lines that there would be no shake-up in the affairs of the roads since their purchase by the Burlington.

This reassures Denver officials here and confirms the opinion which had become general after the deal was more fully understood, that the present official family of the Colorado and Southern; the Denver and the Trinity and Brazos Valley will be eminently satisfactory to the new ownership. President Harris is further quoted as calling attention to the fact that in similar purchases by other roads, there have been no great changes in the official list of the roads purchased.

This does not mean, however, that the influence of the Burlington and of James J. Hill, back of it, may not be felt along the lines. Whether this influence will take the course of rapid development by capital transferred from other lines or of more restricted growth on profits derived strictly from the lines themselves, is still a subject of inquiry.

Keeler Goes East.

Vice President D. B. Keeler of the Denver left yesterday morning for New York, where he will spend several weeks. Mr. Keeler had this visit in view before the recent announcement of the sale of the Colorado and Southern and consequently the Denver, and it is announced there is no special significance to be attached to his visit East at this time. He will visit relatives and enjoy a vacation. Of course he will meet some of the head men of the executive committee and may incidentally take part in conferences over the future of the Denver.

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The Following Described Live-stock, Farming Implements and Household Goods : : :

FOUR MULES—One brown and one bay, 8 and 9 years old, 15½ hands high. One black and one iron gray mules, 4 years old each, 15½ hands high.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS—Two good Wagons, one Surry, three Cultivators, three Go-Devils, one Drag Harrow, one 14-inch Sulky, one 10-inch Gang Plow, one 3-Disc Gang Plow, four sets Work Harness, one Saddle, and other things too numerous to mention.

SEVEN HORSES—One Sorrel mare, 8 years old, 16 hands high, one bay horse, 3 years old, 15 hands high, one sorrel mare 13 years old, 15 hands high, one 2-year-old filly. All above stock is well broke and in first class order. Two good milch Cows, 18 head of Hogs, about 300 bushels of corn and one set of blacksmith tools.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—One Bed-room set, Davenport Couch, Extension Table, Heating Stove, one Range, one Edison Graphophone with 30 records and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms:—All sums under \$10.00 cash. All sums of \$10.00 and over, 8 months time with good security at 10 per cent per annum interest.

Free Lunch and Barbecue—On the day of the sale a free lunch and barbecue will be served on the grounds.

O. T. SCHOONMAKER, Owner

H. D. CREATH, Clerk.

T. L. MULLINS, Auctioneer.

Ornamental Sheet Metal

WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Roofing, Skylights, Ventilators, Guttering and first class Tin Work.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

Wichita Falls Sheet Metal Works

PHONE 371

Personal Mention.

Mrs. George Mater has been very sick for several days.

T. H. Lewis left this afternoon to visit his parents at Ngona.

A. H. Bevering, a prominent citizen of Henrietta, was a visitor in the city today.

J. M. Faulkner of Blair, Oklahoma, was in the city today en route to Stamford on business.

W. C. Brady returned yesterday from Gainesville, where he spent Christmas with home folks.

Leon Fontaine left this morning for St. Louis to resume his school work in Washington university.

Mrs. R. C. Napier of Dallas is in the city visiting her brother, W. J. Clabey, and family.

J. R. Patty returned last night from a visit with friends and relatives at Greenville.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Riley returned today from their visit to relatives at McLean, Texas.

Mr. Sid McLemore and son, Rhea, of Commerce, are in the city visiting relatives.

Mrs. D. P. Woodward left this morning for a month's visit with relatives at Abilene.

Clifford Moore of Fort Worth is in the city visiting his father, W. Lee Moore.

H. F. Dowdy, a prosperous farmer of Charlie, was transacting business here today.

A. E. McCleskey, a prominent citizen of Iowa Park, was transacting business here today.

Miss Julia Hurley of Seymour is spending the holidays in this city, the guest of Miss Carmen Humphrey.

B. F. Suter, a prominent citizen of Randlett, Oklahoma, is here today looking after business matters.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Green returned yesterday from Celeste, where they had been visiting Mr. Green's mother.

Miss Belle White, manager for V. G. Skeen, who has been visiting her parents at Iowa Park, returned last night.

J. A. Freeman, the Grandfield clothing merchant, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Bonham for a visit with his parents.

Mrs. J. F. Long and children are visiting their parents and relatives in Chickasha and Shawnee, Oklahoma, during the holidays.

C. W. Leete, formerly of this city, but now of Dallas, was in the city today en route to Petrolia to look after his oil interests.

O. R. Dunn of Fort Worth, who has been visiting his sister at Olney, is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Moore left yesterday morning for Hamburg, Arkansas, in response to a message announcing the critical illness of Mrs. Moore's mother.

Miss Hattie Baird, one of the teachers in the public schools at Petrolia, who has been visiting relatives at Greenville, passed through the city today en route to her home.

Mrs. B. Jacob and daughter, Miss Elsa, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, arrived in the city this afternoon and are the guests of Mrs. Jacob's brother, Mr. Alex Kahn and family.

NO. 777 WINS THE DOLL

LET US BE YOUR DRUGGIST FOR 1909

WATER-MAGNER DRUG COM'Y

Free Delivery to Any Part of the City.

Prof. J. P. Scott, principal of the public schools at Terral, Oklahoma, was in the city today en route to Shawnee to attend the State teachers' institute, which convenes in that city tomorrow.

Mrs. W. P. Bonner and children left yesterday for Big Springs, Texas, to join Mr. Bonner, who recently embarked in the dry goods business at that place. Mr. and Mrs. Bonner have a host of friends in Wichita Falls, whose best wishes follow them to their new home.

Holiness Meeting.

The Times is requested to announce that Rev. William E. Fisher of Hattin, a Holiness preacher, will hold services at the court house tonight and tomorrow night and a cordial invitation is extended to everyone to attend.

Gin Burned at Grandfield.

The Simmons cotton gin at Grandfield, Oklahoma, was destroyed by fire of unknown origin at about 3 o'clock on Christmas morning. The loss was over \$3,000 and was partially covered by insurance.

CONFECTIONERY

RALPH DARNELL

NEWS STAND—BOOK STORE



DR. J. W. DUVAL
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
General Practice.
WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS



"The Wichita Falls Route"

The Wichita Falls & Northwestern Ry System.

Time Card Effective Dec. 20th, 1908.

W. F. & N. W. Ry.

Through Mail and Express.
Leave Frederick 9:00 a. m.
Arrive Wichita Falls 11:59 a. m.
Leave Wichita Falls 2:30 p. m.
Arrive Frederick 5:40 p. m.

No. 8 Local Freight and Passenger.

(Daily Except Sunday.)
Leave Wichita Falls 7:00 a. m.
Arrive Frederick 11:20 a. m.

No. 7 Local Freight and Passenger.

(Daily Except Sunday.)
Leaves Frederick 1:00 p. m.
Arrive Wichita Falls 6:00 p. m.

Wichita Falls and Southern.

Leaves Wichita Falls 3:10 p. m.
Arrives Olney 6:40 p. m.
Arrives Newcastle 8:00 p. m.
Leaves Newcastle 9:45 a. m.
Leaves Olney 7:30 a. m.
Arrives Wichita Falls 11:00 a. m.
C. L. FONTAINE, G. P. A.

Wichita Valley.

West Bound Trains—
No. 1 Leaves 2:10 p. m.
No. 5 Leaves 12:05 a. m.
No. 7 Arrives 12:05 p. m.
No. 9 Arrives 6:25 p. m.
East Bound Trains—
No. 2 Arrives 1:00 p. m.
No. 6 Arrives 3:15 a. m.
No. 8 Leaves 8:09 a. m.
No. 10 Leaves 2:40 p. m.

M. K. and T. Railway.

Arrives
No. 271, From Dallas 10:15 p. m.
No. 9, From Denison 12:50 p. m.
Leaves
No. 272, To Dallas 6:30 a. m.
No. 10, To Denison 3:00 p. m.

Fort Worth and Denver City.

Northbound— Arrives Leaves
No. 1 2 p. m. 2:10 p. m.
No. 3 12:45 p. m. 1:05 p. m.
No. 5 11:45 p. m. 12:05 a. m.
No. 7 2:05 a. m. 2:15 a. m.
Southbound Arrives Leaves
No. 2 11:35 a. m. 11:45 a. m.
No. 4 12:55 p. m. 1:15 p. m.
No. 6 3:15 a. m. 3:25 a. m.
No. 8 2:15 a. m. 2:25 a. m.

Good progress is now being made on Wiley Wyatt's new building on Seventh street opposite the St. James hotel.

Hot CHOCOLATE and WAFERS

As a result of much experimenting we are now serving hot chocolate at our fountain that seems to us to excel any hot beverage yet devised. It is of delicate flavor and much richer than hot chocolate as usually served and you'll find no sediment of undissolved chocolate in the bottom of cup. We serve this delicious beverage with whipped cream and dainty crisp wafers—a whole lunch for 10c. Try it the next time you are in.

Shivers-White
DRUG COMPANY

HAPPY NEW YEAR

1909

¶ We swing into 1909 with a determination to discount the past at every point and keep this the best Clothing, Hat and toggery store in Wichita.

¶ May the recollections of the dying year live as a pleasant memory of a time that's gone; and sorrow—may it be buried by the goodness and joy the New Year has in store for you.

HAPPY NEW YEAR

K A H N

THE CLOTHIER

AMUSEMENTS

"Michael Strogoff."
Michael Strogoff will be presented on Tuesday night of the Morey Stock Company's engagement at the Opera House this week. While this play is not new, so many requests have been made for its repetition that the management has decided to again place it in the repertoire. "Michael Strogoff" has been asked for more than any play ever presented by the Morey Stock Company, with the exception of the metropolitan production of "Cleopatra." The story of the play is familiar. A young Russian officer is entrusted with a very important message to his brother, the Grand Duke. Through innumerable hardships, he succeeds in passing the Tartar lines, and though suffering much physical pain, including the loss of his eyes, he arrives at his destination in time to be avenged on his enemy, and save the Grand Duke. The comedy is very pleasing, being supplied by an American and an English war correspondent. The intense situations are relieved by a heart

story, which starts in friendship, but later ripens into love. The climaxes are very strong, and the play one of the best that will be presented during the engagement.

The site of the new Vreeland block at the corner of Indiana avenue and Eighth street is being cleared off today and it is expected that work will start on the building the first week in January.

White shoes are more easily polished if before using the prepared chalks they are slipped upon trees and carefully scrubbed with a small brush dipped in warm water. Avoid wetting the soles.

A glorified hash can be made from cold roast beef, to which is added boiled chestnuts, chopped mushrooms, a little currant jelly and sherry. Heat through and serve on rounds of toast.

Patronize Pond's Up-to-Date Laundry. It sews your buttons on. 188-11

Use Grandee, the best flour, at Sherrod & Co.'s. Phone 177. 186-11

Dried figs are good—Price low. Ask King & White. Phone 261. 178-11



SUNSHINE ON THE ROAD.

that leads to where good things to eat are to be had—

FANCY CAKES AND PIES

that top off a meal with delightful satisfaction. Home-made affairs have gone way back and set down since our bakery proved its value. The public has shut its ovens and surrendered to bakings that add to its health, happiness and the family purse. That's why our bakery is always crowded. Have you given us a trial yet?

CITY BAKERY
703 Indiana Avenue.

Compliments of the Season!

608-610 OHIO AVE.
TELEPHONE No. 35

O. W. BEAN & SON

PURVEYORS OF EVERYTHING GOOD TO EAT