THE HEDLEY INFORMER

VOL XXV

HEDLEY, DONLEY COUNTY TEXAS AUGUST 16, 1935

Chunn & Boston

Prices Good Friday and Saturday

Fruits	Bananas, Ib. 5e or doz. Beans, 3 lb.	15c
	Oranges, large, doz.	29c
and	Tomatoes, nice, lb.	5c
Var	Spuds, pk.	290
Veg.	Onions 5 lb.	100
Peanu	t Butter, 5½ ez. jar	100
Flour	24 lb. Perryton 48 lb. Perryton \$1.69	890
Coffee	Admiration, Ib. Bliss, Ib.	27c 25c
Compo	ound, 8 lb carton	\$1.10
Meat,	salt, side, Ib.	240
Canned	English Peas, 2 No. 2 cans	250
vanne	Corn. No. 2 can Choice Prunes, No. 2½ can	100
	Apples, gal.	390
Goods	Peaches gal.	390
00002	Pick es, gal.	550

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PHONE 63

D. C. MOORE DIES

All Bed -y was shocked and loved citizens, D. C Moore, a rest dent of Pampa at the time of his death Memory of his many friends went back to the past at bers. the sad tidings, memory of the long years spent here by him in useful and worthy endeavor to accomplish his ideal of enristi n ciusenship D C Moore was a man to whom young people turned always for sympathy in any youthful enterprise, sure of interest and enoperation in any thing worth while. Persons of his own age found him ever s good friend, fair weather or the reverse. He was especially interested in the progress of the schools of his town, serving many by M. W. Mosiey. vears as a member, often as president of the local beard. One baskets thing that faculty members or school people could always depend upon so far as school in terests were concerned was his immediate and s. mpathetic attention egarding al pertaining fortunate enough to serve Hed dasos club. ley scrools during his board membership and his passing so soon is the cause of deep and sincere sorrow to them

Aside from his duties as s member of the school board SCHOOL TO OPEN SEPT. 2nd Mr. Moore was an active mem ber of the church, serving many eccasion gave him opportunity to school this year. accomplish much for good in this field of work There is a line in a dear old book that recalled at this time may bring comfort to those who serrew be cause he has gone.

"He that goeth forth in weep ing bearing precious seed shall doubtless come again with rejeiding bringing bis sheaves with him '

Mr. Moore was born in Miller county, Arkansas, sixty six years ago He spent seventeen of those years here in Hedley, e ming to this country in about 1999 He is survived by his wife, one daugnter, and seven sons. Foreral services were conducted at 4.00 o'clock. August 7, 1935 in the First Methodist Church of God. the First Methodist Church of Pana with Rev H D. Tucker. essistant pastor and Rev U E Lancaster, pastor of the First Baptist (haren at Pampa, offici ating He was laid to rest in Pairview cemeters of that place To those who mourn the loss of til- beloved one and triend w. would -a :

Be content, dear hearts! God's pans, like lilles, pure and white unfo d.

We must not tear the glos; shut leaves apart; Time will reveal the hidden

cups of gold And if through patient teil

we reach the land Where w ary feet, with sandals loose may rest,

To n we shall know and clearly understand, I think that we shall say,

"God knows the best.".

R F Newman and family of Borger visited home folks here the past week +nd

Dave Mendeanall of Wichita Fails visited his mother here la t

OLD SETTLERS' PICNIC

Don't forget the Old Settlers grieved to hear of the death of Pienic Aug. 16 at the Tate Grove of its former and well be Plans are being made for the best picnic we have ever had

> Following is the program: 10 o'clock, Band music (2 num-

Prayer. Rev. A. V. Hendricks

Welcome address, Judge Lowe Song. "America." by audience Quartette, arranged by Mrs

Band music.

11:00, Business meeting. Duet arranged by Robert Wat

12:00, Basket lunch. 1:80, Band music.

2:80. Quartette, arranged by Ham Earthman. String band music, arranged

Everybody bring well filled

White-ide are invited to leave a to the school He will siways be handkerchief in a box at the B. remembered with affectionate re & B Variety store by Saturday, gard by these teachers who were Aug. 17 Sponsered by Wita

> mer goods It will pay you to ook them over

Hedley schools will open this years as superintendent of the year on Monday, Sept 2, accord Sunday School, and on the board ing to Supt. W. C. Payne. All of stewards The fact that he patrons are urged to visit the was a ready speaker who sould school on the opening day, to be depended upon on almost any plan with the teachers for a good

The opening day program will be announced later.

Sunday. August 11, the Hed ley Missionary Baptist Church closed a gracious revival at the Baptismal waters. Results, 15 dditions to the church. 10 for baptism The church was great-

Rav Dick Holcomb of Amarillo did the preaching Bro Dick is a young preactor. a devoted christian and very sealous in the eause of our Lord

The church unanimously called Rev. B. ron Todd to the work for another year. Rev Todd is

REVIVAL

First Baptist Church Sunday, August 18. The public is invited to attend these services

NOTICE

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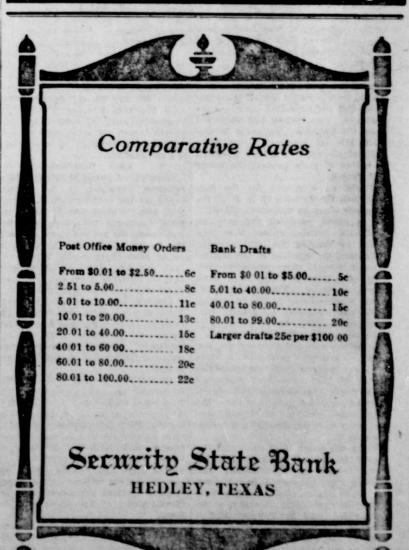
for Adult

\$38.50

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New Deal Laws and the Courts



The Supreme Court of the United States.

By WILLIAM C. UTLEY

HE New Deal has been tossing about in stormy political seas during the last few months in its struggle to gain the shore of economic security, and has at last run aground on the Constitution of the United States, from which not even the throwing over of billions of dollars in ballast seems likely to be able to lift it.

Court decisions have been falling thick and fast, now that New Deal legislation has had a chance to get into application, and claims against it have had a chance to find their ways to the tribunals. At one time approximately 400 cases involving New Deal legislation were pending in the courts.

Many of these have already been decided upon, some by the lower courts and a few finally by the Supreme There are about 17 of them which the concensus of the press has imbued with more importance than all of the others. Of these cases 15 have been decided against the present administration and two for it. All decisions but one were rendered since the beginning of the year; eight of them were Supreme court decisions, leaving the others to be appealed.

Most important of all such decisions was that which threw out virtually the entire structure of the NRA, knocking the props from under New Deal planning. This left the President with three courses of action open: To build a new and better NRA, to simply suspend action for a while and 'let 'em see how they like it," or to campaign for an amendment to the Constitution which would further centralize legislative power to aid the administration in coping with changing

For a while it looked as if the President's policy was to be a combination of all three, but of late weeks the third has emerged more and more clearly. What has led up to the present state may be followed through a resume of the important cases which have been decided by Federal District

courts and the Supreme court.

Test New Deal Legislation. The first judicial straw which indicated the way the storm winds were blowing was the decision of the Supreme court on January 7 of this year. when it declared unconstitutional Section 9c of the National Industrial Recovery act. It was the first real tex of the legitimacy of New Deal legislation and blasted high hopes held out by administration leaders that it would be upheld.

The court ruled that the Executive had been given legislative powers which were uncalled for, that proper rules had not been laid down for his guidance. The section had conferred upon the President the power to prohibit the transportation over state lines of oil which had been produced in excess of state quotas; the power was denied.

Hatled as a victory for the New Deal was the decision (5 to 4) of the Supreme court in upholding the goldclause cases, rendered February 18. While the decision upheld New Deal action of denying the gold payment obligation, the opinions of the justices were in several cases severe rebukes.

In this instance there were three issues at stake. The first resulted from congressional action in setting aside the obligation in private contracts to pay interest or principal in gold, or other specific coin or currency. The action was sustained by the majority of five, who confirmed decisions of lower courts that "congress had power to adopt the joint resolution with respect to these obligations of railroad companies and hence that the gold clauses could not be enforced and the bonds were payable in legal tender

currency." From the court of claims came the second issue, which involved the holder of a federal gold certificate who claimed that he should be paid according to the terms of the gold obligation or its equivalent. In this case the court simply said that the plaintiff had not been able to show any actual damages, so the court of claims had no right to entertain the case in the first

Much the same was the third issue, also up from the court of claims, involving the holder of a liberty bond who wanted his payment in gold. And ere the court made a peculiar de-

CHART OF NEW DEAL'S COURSE IN COURTS

(Supreme Court decisions are

shown in black type.) For New Deal

Government gold clause cases up-

TVA declared constitutional, reversing decision of lower court.

Against New Deal. Sec. 9c of NRA (President's power to prohibit interstate transport of oil in excess of state quotas) declared unconstitutional.

Sec. 7a of NRA declared void when applied to companies not engaged in interstate commerce.

Government power to regulate wages in bituminous coal industry denied.

Right of PWA to condemn land for slum clearance in Kentucky denied. Again denied by Cincinnati

NIRA lumber code held invalid. Right of states to form NRA diisions voided in some states.

Steps for stabilizing milk industry declared unconstitutional. Railroad retirement act held in-

valid. NIRA ruled unconstitu-Whole tional.

Frazier-Lemke farm moratorium act voided.

President stripped of power to remove federal officers. PWA power loans voided. Kerr-Smith tobacco act voided.

AAA processing tax ruled out. Hog processing tax from packers Composite Score.

but refused to do anything about it The dictums of the court said: "We hold that the joint resolution of June 5, 1933, so far as it attempted to override the obligation of the United States created by the bond in suit, is invalid. It went beyond the constitutional authority of congress. But we hold that the action is for breach of contract and that the plaintiff has falled to show cause of action for actual damages. Hence the court of claims could not entertain the suit."

About the same time a Federal court in Louisville, Ky., denied that the PWA had the right to condemn land for slum clearance. A Cincinnati court did the same. Another court held the lumber codes of the NRA unconstitutional. In some states, state courts threw out state recovery acts which were designed to complement the national one.

Labor Relations. Government power to regulate labor relations anywhere in the country based on the constitutional statement that congress shall have power to "regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states and with the Indian tribes," was discarded by Judge John Percy Nields in the Federal District court at Wilmington, Del., in Wierton Steel company case.

Another jolt for NRA. Another blow to NRA labor relations was an injunction granted by Federal District Judge Charles Irvin Dawson at Louisville to 35 soft coal operators, relieving them from the rigors of NRA minimum wage require-

ments. Federal District Judge W. I. Grubb in Birmingham took a pot shot at the TVA when he declared that \$1,000,000,-000 experiment unconstitutional, claiming that the federal government had no right to compete with private business in any state. This was, of course, directed at the "TVA yardstick." was a New Deal defeat which was turned into a victory when Judge Grubb's decision was reversed by the Circuit Court of Appeals in New Or-

A shadow of the destruction that was to come to the AAA processing tax was cast when the Supreme court on March 4 voided the plans of the New Deal for stabilization of the milk in-

In May the Supreme court delivered three death blows to the New Deal. One was the decision which voided the Railroad Retirement act. In another case the court put a fur-

ther crimp in President Roosevelt's power by denying him the right to remove a federal officer from office. The President had sought to remove William E. Humphrey from the Federal Power commission.

And Another Blow.

The third blow, the one that left even Franklin D. Roosevelt speechless (for a while) was the decision in the Schechter poultry case. The decision was all the more crushing because it was unanimous. In delivering the court's opinion Chief Justice Hughes declared definitely that all of the codemaking provisions were an unconstitutional transfer of legislative powers from congress to the President and others who had no constitutional right to them. About the codes, Chief Jus-

tice Hughes said: . . Section 3 (NRA) of the Recovery act is without precedent. It supplies no standards for any trade, industry or activity. It does not undertake to prescribe rules of conduct to be applied to particular states of fact to be determined by appropriate administrative procedure. Instead of prescribing rules of conduct, it authorizes the making of codes to prescribe

them. . We think that the coue-making authority thus prescribed is an unconstitutional delegation of legisla-

tive power." About the power of the federa; government to regulate local wages and

working hours the chief justice said: "Without in any way disparaging (the administration's) motive, it is enough to say that the recuperative efforts of the federal government must be made in a manner consistent with the authority granted by the Constitu-

"We are of the opinion that the attempt through provisions of the code to fix the hours and wages of employees of defendants in their intrastate business was not a valid exercise of federal power."

Hits Processing Tax.

On July 16 the Circuit Court of Appeals at Boston declared that the processing tax of AAA was an unwarranted use of the taxing power to regulate and restrict cotton production: that it was an unwarranted exercise of federal power to delegate unlimited power to the secretary of agriculture to administer the tax, and that the tax violates the requirement that taxes should be uniform throughout the United States. In Philadelphia a lower court ruled much the same on the hos processing tax from packers. The whole agricultural program was "thrown up for grabs."

It is now believed that the adminis tration will seek to push as many of these test cases through the Supreme court as possible, with the view that if they are there held to be unconstitutional, constitutional amendment to centralize the legislative power of the nation much more than it is now will form the important part of the Demo cratic platform for 1936. That this is possible might be indicated by the fact that 3,500,000 farmers who have so far received \$900,000,000, are directly affected by the AAA ruling. With their families, they might form a very substantial block of votes to change the basic law of the land.

One historian, Charles A. Beard, points out that three times before has the Supreme court "thrown itself resolutely across currents of powerful interests and ideas." Once was in the Dred Scott case, with its aftermath of the Civil war, and later the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments, effecting important changes in the federal system. Another was the court's attempt during and after the Civil war to restrain the President and congress in several de cisions; its result was a curtailment of the appellate jurisdiction of the court and an increase in the number of justices from seven to nine (the two new ones to be favorable to the reversal of a decision which the admin istration wanted reversed, and the court reversed it). On the third time the court in 1895 declared invalid the income tax law of 1894. The decision was reversed by amendment.

Of course there is some question as to whether a parallel can be drawn between these decisions and the recent ones against the New Deal. If such a parallel can be drawn:

Will history repeat itself?

Uncommon Linen Suit a Midsummer Favorite Sense By John Blake

There never has been a great or even a successful man who did not have abundance of Where There's will power.

You can do notha Will ing worth while unless you try, and keep trying. Read the Eves of men who have

succeeded greatly.

Every last one of them had strong wills, and kept them exercised. They met with discouragements, of

course. Everybody has. They had moments when the future looked black, and the attainment of their purposes impossible.

Washington at Valley Forge had as much reason to be discouraged as any commander who ever lived.

His troops were starving and fil clothed There were desertions. Many of his

followers believed that success could never be attained-and they had abundant reason for that belief.

But the calm, imperturbable commander, even though he himself may have harbored doubts was patient and cheerful. No man under him so much as dreamed that he too may have

had misgivings. Those were probably the darkest days in the story of the winning of

American independence. But because the great general always was outwardly cheerful and serene, his men took heart, and you know what was the result of the war. If you find yourselves distrusting your own capacity, buck up and make

Put your mind on the job. Think things out. Look discouragement in the face and do not be afraid of it. Bear in mind that there has never

a new start.

been a great man in this world who had not sometimes had doubts of his ability, not one who was not at one time or another a bit afraid that all his efforts might prove vain.

But they summoned up their resolution, worked and thought harder, inspired others with the faith that they had in their cause, and won out in the

The world is gradually working its way

out of an extremely bad situation. It is doing that because great leaders in many lands are putting all their thought, all their faith into getting this wobbly old planet running smoothly once more.

Already there is evidence that they are winning. They cannot fail to win as long as they have courage and determination.

Keep up your grit, keep up your hope, and don't be afraid to use your brains a little more than you have been doing. They can stand the

. A next door neighbor of mine who had a beautiful lawn used to say that every time he found a weed in it he Good

pulled it up and Habits sowed a handful of grass in its place.

I have often thought that one might do the same thing with bad habits. I am not going to set down a list of the bad habits that ought to be dug

out and replaced with good ones. But most people have some of them so I am going to suggest that the same thing might be done with them as my neighbor did with his lawn.

Why not? Supposing you are one of the husband species who is always picking on his wife about little things-such as dinner a bit late, or your coat stowed away in a closet where you can't find it the instant you want to put it on.

Why not, instead of making a row, find your coat yourself, and get into habit of putting it in the same place every time so she won't be compelled to look for it?

Suppose you have been complaining that dinner wasn't ready the instant

you want it. Why not get into the habit of remem bering that a household is quite a complex institution, and that, irasmuch as you are always fed, stop making a racket when it is fifteen or twenty minutes late.

Why not get into the habit-or return to it, if you once had it-of complimenting her when she gets you a good meal. You may not think that the cook is deserving of praise for that, but there is not one cook in a hundred who can prepare a man's meal the way he wants it if she is not instructed in advance exactly the way to do it.

Naturally, if your wife has any spunk, she is not going to listen to your complaints without complaining back now and then.

But you are more likely to be in the wrong than she is; husbands usually Husbands ought to remember that life

around a house is much duller and wearing than life around an office or wherever a man happens to be while he is earning his bread. He is freer to go where he likes,

and to do what he likes. He is not bound by the responsibility of looking after children all day long Let him think this over and become sband of good habits, and he will find that such complaints as his wife may make about him will diminish.

He may grouse about his troubles But he has them only occasionally. His wife is never free from them.

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



THE present vogue for linen is noth-ing short of sensational. Whether you go dining, dancing, swimming, flying, motoring, golfing or shopping, or play tennis, there's a linen for every occasion from rustic crashes and peasant weaves and colorful Tahitian prints to alluring novelties in stripes and plaids and in sheer lovely effects for high-style evening wear.

Midsummer days are proving that linen suits, especially in white and natural tones, are of first interest among best dressed women for about-town coat which gives a vestee effect is new wear. A linen suit and a wardrobe of blouses and the problem of being smartly appareled during the daytime hours is solved not only for the immediate moment but for well on into the fall, since the very newest linens are in wine shades, in Dubonnet red, in beetroot, purple and orange tones.

Just now, while the weather is warm. it's the white and natural linens that are lending their immaculate and wellgroomed appearance to the summer scene. The trio of stunning suits pictured represent the very creme de la creme in linens as now featuring on the style program.

The young woman seated shows that slie knows fashion in that with her suit of moygashel linen, in natural color, she is wearing a dark blouse, the ter white. Very "nifty" ones are shaddots. You are doing the right thing this season if to wear with your white aud natural linens you choose dark accessories. The coat is single breast. ed with buttons all the way up to the collarless neckline. A novel idea is introduced in the placement of deep large pockets above the belt line. Raginn sleeves add a final touch of smartness to this linen classic.

The other two suits are also of moygashel linen. It is rather interesting to know in this connection that King George sends the flax grown on his royal estate at Sandringham, England (supposed to be the finest flax in the world) to Moygashel, Ireland, there to be woven, because the workmanship is so fine-quite a royal pedigree for

these linens. The two-piece centered in the group has a tight-fitting basque coat with no belt to disturb the natural line. It is of white linen with navy buttons and tie. The double binding to the and smart. The sports flap pockets are

chic, too. Handstitching around the notched collar and the pockets gives a distinctive touch to the white linen suit to the right. The stitching and the belt are in matched coloring. The coat is double-breasted, and a polka dot shirt is worn under it.

A very fashionable thing to do is wear a bright colored linen coat or tacket with your white linen skirt. Lilac colored linens for these coats are the rage with beetroot or Dubonnet red close seconds.

Then, too, novelty linens with nubby surface or loose porous weave are in good style for suits and for coats. These heavier suits are mostly in oyssame being brown with white polks ow-checked in gray and some stunning weaves are in herringbone patterning flecked with brown.

> There are lovely embroidered linens shown for dressler wear and sheer striped linens are made up into fascinating evening gowns, as formally as if they were stately silks. With the new fall tweed suits designers are creating clever blouses of fine hanokerchief linens in colorings related to the costume entire.

Western Newspaper Union

SMART BEACHWEAR

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



ordinary. It is fashioned of purple shoet lace over a linen foundation. Which again proves that lace goes everywhere this season. The en with a wrap-around skirt. The large

SHOE COMFORT IS MOST IMPORTANT

To be footloose and free during the season of pleasant week ends and after-dark breathing spaces, one must have foot comfort.

Cool shoes with flexible construction are a likely way of getting this comfort, with preference given lightweight numbers, and those that are rentilated by perforations, lattice and cut-outs.

Novelties in shoes are always at their peak in the summer season, and they are usually far more moderately priced than the novelties thought up for evening shoes to complement for-

Sandals of printed linen or crash, slippers covered with gay flowered chiffon, oxfords of splendid supporting strength, perforated into lacy prettiness, plain cotton or linen shoes of any color you can name, plaid linen in natural tones, checked gingham in kitchen apron designs, lightweight suede in My pastel hue or any flag hue and crocheted string shoes are just a few of the kinds you can choose from in the

Oriental Influence Seen

in Evening Clothes Styles The Hindu influence, inspired by the Maharanee of India, has initiated a definite swing away from fitted, blas lines to softly draped designs in evening clothes. Allied influences, such as Persian, Arabian, and a new version of Grecian folds, contribute to the same effect. These flattering, age-old drapence are not easily copied, a point be

ing stressed now in high style circles.

Alix, the Parisian couturiere, has turned out a thrilling array of Oriental formal gowns. Most of them are topped with seductive saris, those long, scarf-like affairs which start out by wrapping around the body and then proceed to cover the head in the man-ner of a monk's bood.



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THE HEDLEY INFORMER

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WEST BAPTIST CHURCH

Byron F. Todd, pastor Sunday School at 10:a.m. Preaching every 2nd and 4th Sundays and on Saturday before the 2nd Sunday. Morning service 11:00 a m. Evening service 8:00 Visitors are always wel-

B. Y. P. U and adult Bible Sunday at 7:00 P. M.

THE METHODIST CHURCH

A V. He dricks, Pastor Sunday School Sunday morn. ing at 9:45 C arence Davis, Supt Holland. Pres. Church service morning and evening each Sun

HEDLEY LODGE NO. 413



Hedley Chapter No. 418, O. E. S. meets the first Monday of each month, at 7:00 p. m.

Members are requested to attend Visitors welcome. Mary Newman, W. M. Byrda Watt, Sec.

JOHN W. FITZJARRALD

Chiropracter

18th year in Memphis PHONE 462 Lady in Office

BOYS WRITE "SYNOPSIS" OF THEIR TRIP TO A&M COLLEGE AND THE MANY SIGHTS

Boys making the trip were: Eddie McQueen-the ladies man they boarded the bus about eight Ward Grimsley-the hamburger

John Howard Gilbert-the little boy with the big understanding, Harley Longan-famous for tanning hides,

Morris Lamb-quiet and curious, Jack Robinson-the pool shooter Dempsey Robinson-tormenting

writer.

Earl Shannon-little but loud, Raymond Shannon-lad of pleas ant dreams.

Carrol Monroe-rubber neck, R. W. Alewine-boy with stream lined hat,

Allen Hardin-heart breaker, Charley Longan—the boy believed in sleeping on ice, Jimmie Alewine-often wonder

ed, but he never knew, Donald Harlan-the boy noticed them all.

Frank Mahaffey-sleepy-head, Leland Lewis-gad about, Buster Warrick-star ball pitch-

Ralph Grady-a big eye for the little girls. Marti Mason-educational fore

Wesley Watson-the boy with

mighty laugh, Johnnie Leathers-Country dude William Hardin-star reporter, George Reeves-country clown, Jack Reeves-soda water flend, Next came the four worthless

Otis Naylor-trustworthy stenographer,

Slaton Mahaffey-who the traffic.

"Flip" Breedlove—gala guide. The above mentioned left Clarendon on Saturday, July 27, at eight a. m. Good progress was made under the beaming sun and By twelve p. m., the outskirts of Txas, which was known as Waco were reached where every- Hall Lumber Company. one enjoyed the rest of the night | The next stop was Dallas where ed and by ten-thirty a. m. the Wichita Falls. destiny of College Station was sardine packed bus.

many sights. It was very hard for again next year. many of the boys to keep their minds off of the two thousand this trip surely did end well. girls that were in the dormitories

After four days of study and amusement at the short course

a. m. Friday, bound for Galveston. By eleven a. m., the happy group was in Houston the largest city of Texas, and also the largest city that many of the boys had ever

About two p. m., after crossing the tree mile viaduct leading into Galveston, the boys were on the docks of Galveston. After tickets were purchased, they boarded the excursion boat which went out into the gulf waters twelve miles and one-half. This was the first adventure of its kind for the majority of the boys, and it was thoroughly enjoyed by all. After the boat ride many of the boys plunged into the ocean for their first time. After eating supper in the large Sea-Wall Cafe, the home ward journey was begun.

The next destiny was Hunts ville, where the boys made a visit through the State penitentiary. This was something that hardly any of the boys had seen before, and after making a tour all thru the Pen, I don't think anyone had the desire of taking up board there. The death-row was probably the place that aroused the sympathy of the boys most. Several of the group had the experience of sitting in the electric chair.

It was quite amusing to Dempsey Robinson sitting in the chair when someone jerked a curtain that was strung on a wire behind the chair. However, Demp soon got over his fright.

Even though there were lots of things in the prison that were not so pleasant to look at, it was interesting to see all the industries carried on within the walls. The inmates manufacture practically everything they use and a lot of materials to be sold on the outside

From Huntsville to Dallas much beautiful scenery was viewed. It at noon Vernon was reached where was here the group visited one of everyone enjoyed a hardy lunch. the largest saw mills in East

sleeping on clods and cactus. By everyone ate supper. Between breakfast time the next morning Dallas and Fort Worth was seen the bus rolled into Marlin where the big Arlington Downs which white people were few and the was a very interesting sight. After negroes were plentiful. After riding late into the night the boys breakfast the journey was resum- spent the rest of the night near

Early the next morning the reached. This brought a great journey was continued and good pleasure by the unloading of the old Clarendon was reached about one o'clock Sunday afternoon

During the following days of the | Everyone enjoyed the trip to the short course the boys learned utmost extent and we are looking many things of interest and saw forward to another one of its kind

"All is well that ends well," and

William Hardin Jack Robinson

HEDLEY LODGE NO. 991



A. F. and A. M. meets on the 2nd Thursday night in each month.

All members are urged to attend. Visitors are welcome.

T. W. Bain. W. M. C. E Jehnson. Sec.

NAZARENE CHURCH

E F Robinson, pastor Sunday Bible School, 9:45 a. r Preaching Service, 11:00 N Y. P 8. 6.30 p. m Presching Service,

7:80 Epworth League at 6.80, Sybil W M S. Wednesday, 2:30 P. m Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:15 We Welcome You.

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CHURCH OF CHRIST

Brother Frank E. Chism will preach in Hedley, at the Church of Christ, the second Sunday of each menth

Everybody is invited to come out and bear him.

Bible Classes every Sunday merning from 10 to 11 o'clock. Everyone is cordially invited to attend.

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I buy hogs every day. Will call for them when desired. I also buy cattle. Phone 4. M. W. Mosley

WHERE ARE

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76.7





WITH AN EYE TO

COOL SIMPLICITY

PATTERN 9354





Check

NOT SURE - BUT I KNOW

THE FIRST PLACE WILL

4's QUAK

A WOMAN

SUGGESTS WHERE THE VACATION

BILL WILL BE RUN UR

BUT, THE













Manager-Where is the Human

Fat Lady-He got into an argu-

ment with his wife and she swatted

Numeration "Remember," said the earnest counselor, "that the hairs of your

"That's not so important in case of a crime wave," said Cactus Joe, "as to remember that every \$20 bill is numbered."

Trial Marriage Willie Weems-Honey, don't you think you could manage to live on

Dora Shultz-Get the license. I'll

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head are numbered."

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The smart girl has one eye on the

budget and the other anticipating

a rise in temperature—and makes a cool decision to include several

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to design that clever yoke-cape-panel in one. It makes sewing so easy. and briefly, that cape is much cooler than a sleeve. Pattern 9354 sports an action pleat back and skirt just to help you "get places." If you find a simple flat neckline becoming, omit the dashing revers (but we like 'em). Very correct for spectator sports, office wear or week-end jaunts. Make

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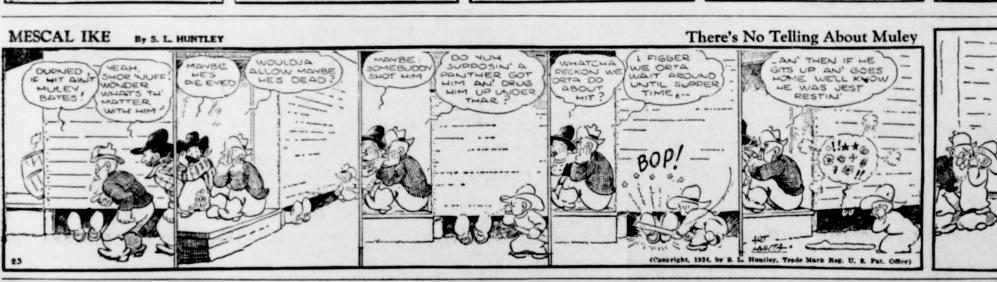
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Fly?

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Just Dreadful Edith—Did you suffer much when you had tonsilitis?

California Joe in the Black

CALIFORNIA JOE, the Mysterious Plainsman.

SY COL PRENTISS INGRABAM,



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By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

IONG the tangled briars and weeds of the neglected post cemetery at Fort Robinson, Neb., stands a small, white stone slab which marks the last resting place of great frontiersman. Yet the nscription on it gives no hint of that fact. It simply says: "Moses Milner-Scout." And that is the epitaph of one of the most picturesque figures in the history of the Old West, a character in the drama of

the frontier who is almost as much myth as Back in the days when Ned Buntline, Col.

Prentiss Ingraham and others of the bang-bangbang school of literature were turning out their flood of paper-backed dime novels to thrill America's youth, one of their favorite characters was "California Joe." whom they built up as a "mystery man." But the "California Joe" of dime novel fame and the "Moses Milner-Scout" who sleeps in the gravevard at Fort Robinson were one and the same man.

Fortunately for his future fame, a book which has recently been published dispels the myths and legends that have grown up around his name and gives what is evidently the first complete account of his amazing career. That book is "California Joe," written by Joe E. Milner, his grandson, and Earle R. Forrest, and published by the Caxton Printers Ltd. of Caldwell Idaho. It is based upon war department records and the personal history of the Milner family and as such is a valuable contribution to authentic literature of the frontier.

"California Joe's" full name was Moses Embree Milner. He was born May 8, 1829, near Standford, Ky., on the plantation of his father, Embree Armstead Milner, a veteran of the War of 1812, whose father had served in the Revolution. The first Milners in America were two brothers who emigrated from Yorkshire, England, to Virginia, in 1683. From that time on members of the family were restless and westwardfaring pioneers, a fact which makes the career of their most famous member, "California Joe,"

Young Milner grew up in a land where skill with the long rifle was paragraph one, chapter one, in its enforcement of the law of survival of the fittest. So it is not surprising to learn that at the age of twelve he killed his first deer and by the time he was fourteen he was one of the best shots in that part of Kentucky. At this tender age also the wanderlust seized him and the Odyssey of California Joe began.

"One day in August, 1843, he shouldered his Kentucky rifle and, telling his parents that he was going hunting for a few days, started out through the forest. That was the last they saw of their son for five years; and then one day in 1848 he appeared at their new home in Warren county, Missouri, Embree Milner having emigrated to that state because Kentucky was getting too thickly populated to suit him and he wanted a little more elbew room."

In those five years the Kentucky boy grew into efficient frontier manhood almost overnight, as so many of the youngsters of his time seem to have done. Wandering westward he had reached St. Louis, the first city he had ever seen. At that time it was the gateway to the West and headquarters of the fur trade. There he joined a party of trappers en route to Independence ere they outfitted themselves for a hunting and trapping trip up the Platte river. The next spring they went to Fort Laramie to sell their peltries to the American Fur company, owners of that post.

At Fort Laramie Milner joined a party of trappers headed by the noted Jim Baker, which was nd for the Yellowstone country. In a battle with Blackfeet Indians the fifteen-year-old killed his first Indian-three of them in fact One of them he shot through the head at a distance of 400 yards, a feat which won from Jim Baker the prediction that "There's a lad who will have a great name on the frontier some day if he keeps on like he did today" a prediction Baker lived to see come true

Back at Fort Laramie Milner became a hunter for the American Fur company for a year or so. Then he accompanied a party of trappers to Fort Bridger where he became acquainted with its famous owner, Jim Bridger, and entered his employ as a livestock herder. Returning to Fort Laramie in the spring of 1846 Milner found there a letter from his parents telling of their move to Missouri and asking him to come home. So he joined a party of mountain men bound for St. Louis.

At Fort Leavenworth Gen. Stephen W. Kearney was mobilizing his "Army of the West" for service in the war which had been declared against Mexico and when Doniphan's Missouri Mounted Volunteers arrived there in June, 1846, young Milner forgot about returning to his home. With two other trappers he joined the army as packers and teamsters. After serving with Doniphan in Mexico, Milner returned to Missouri and sought out his family in Warren county. But after his experiences in the Far West life in the states seemed tame and he soon set out again on a trading and trapping expedition up the Platte.

Late in November, 1848, he was back in Missouri to spend the winter with his parents, but expecting to start out again the following spring. However, when the Watts family from east Tennessee moved to an adjoining farm and young Milner saw fourteen-year-old Nancy Emma Watts, his plans were changed. They were married on May 8, 1850, his twenty-first birthday. and the next day they set out for a honeymoon trip across the plains to California, lured there, as were so many thousands in 1849-50, by the hope of making their fortune in the gold fields. Because of his experience on the plains, the youthful bridegroom was elected guide of the wagon train which they joined and after a journey of six months they reached the Sacramento valley safely.

Leaving his bride at Sacramento, Milner went at once to the gold fields and during the next two years he accumulated a considerable fortune. Then reports of the fertility of the Oregon country drifted down into California and Milner decided to emigrate there. In 1852 he took up a homestead in what is now Benton county and prepared to settle down as a farmer and stock raiser in the new country.

But again the wanderlust seized the young frontiersman and within a year he was faring forth upon his career of wandering footloose through all parts of the West which ended only with his death at Fort Robinson in 1876. During these years Nancy Emma Milner, the "patient Penelope" of this American Ulysses, remained on the Oregon ranch, directing its activities and rearing the four sons that had been born to

News of gold strikes in eastern Washington and northern Idaho took him there in the summer of 1859 and three years later he was pursuing the golden will-o-the-wisp in Virginia City, Mont. It was in the latter gold camp that he won the sobriquet which he was to make so ous. Asked by a party of miners what his name was he replied that it was Joe and when they asked him where he was from he jokingly answered "From California, where you find the real gold." Then and there he was dubbed "Callfornia Joe" and that name stuck to him through the remainder of his life.

From Montana Milner drifted down into Wyo ming again, then on into Colorado, and in 1865

he went to Fort Union, N. M., where he met a fellow-Kentuckian, already famous as a scout and Indian fighter. His name was Kit Carson. Milner served as a scout under Carson and fought with him at his famous battle of Adobe Walls in the Texas Panhandle, then after a period of prospecting in Colorado and fighting Apaches in New Mexico he drifted north into Kansas and reached Fort Riley in the fall of

California'

For the next five years he served as a scout for the troops operating against the hostile Indians in Kansas, Indian Territory and Texas. During this time he made the acquaintance of such border notables as Wild Bill Hickok, Buffalo Bill Cody, Capt. D. L. Payne, the "Cimarron Scout," served with General Custer as chief of scouts in the Battle of the Washita and the subsequent campaign and rapidly rose to a position of outstanding importance among the frontiers men of the period.

From Kansas he drifted West again to Nevada and California, then back into Wyoming where he served as guide for the Jenny geo topographical surveying expedition into the Black Hills. After his return from this expedition he guided a cavalry column sent from Fort Laramie to the Red Cloud agency to hold in check the Sioux who were threatening to go on the warpath because of the invasion of their beloved Pa-sappa (Black Hills) by the miners. From this place Milner wrote the letter to his sons (reproduced above) telling of the richness of the new diggings and urging them to join him

Early the next year he was in the Hills and filed a homestead claim on 320 acres on Rapid Creek on which the present Rapid City was later built. In the fall of 1876 he joined the command of Gen. George Crook as a scout and was assigned to the force led by Col. Ronald S. Mackenzie to disarm Red Cloud's Oglalas before they could join the hostiles. He was to have been chief of scouts for Mackenzie in the latter's winter campaign against Dull Knife's Chevennes but a few days before the expedition set out, on October 29, he was shot down from behind and killed at Fort Robinson by a man named Tom Newcomb with whom he had had some trouble in the Black Hills, and whose life he had once spared.

He was buried on the banks of the White river by Dr. V. T. McGillycuddy, then surgeon with the Second and Third Cavalry regiments in Crook's army, who had known Joe well during the Jenny expedition. Dr. McGillycuddy, who is still living in Berkeley, Calif., declares that California Joe "had no equal as a scout in natural ability, reliability and wide experience over the frontier" and a reading of this new biography of him confirms that opinion

It also contains the material to upset many a "popular belief" about some of the frontier notables who have been so widely publicized. Because of Buffalo Bill's reputation as a slayer

of bison, there is a widely-accepted idea that he was a wizard with the rifle. He may have been, but there probably has never been a deadlier rifle shot than California Joe with his heavy Sharps, a fact which he demonstrated time after time, both in shooting matches and in Indian Wild Bill Hickok is famous for the number of

men who were victims of his speed and deadly accuracy with the pistol. If California Joe had been given to cutting notches on his gun for every man he had slain, he could have shown a record which would have placed Hickok in the amateur class. This does not mean that Milner was a "killer" in the sense that Wild Bill was. He was peaceable enough until he was "put on." Then he proved himself a "bad man to fool with" as many a man learned to his sorrowthat is, if he lived long enough to be sorry.

Cody and Hickok had many self-appointed press agents to spread their renown, both deserved and undeserved. California Joe had no such first alds to fame. His neglected grave in the post cemetery at Fort Robinson is symbolic of the fact that true greatness is too often "unwept, unhonored and unsung."

© Western Newspaper Union

SHEEP BREEDING ONE OF NATION'S BIG INDUSTRIES

in the United States has been phenomenal, says the National Geo ered mites. They are most often graphic Magazine. Two years after found in June when they leave the Capt. John Smith and his followers Northwest and southern British Colanded on the Virginia coast the first lumbia for the blueberry blossoms sheep were introduced into America of southeastern Alaska. at their settlement. Twenty-one years later a shipment of the fleecy animals from Europe was landed on the Massachusetts coast. Indians' appetites, predatory animals and severe winters made serious inroads on the Colonial flocks, so most of the animals were kept inside town walls. on Islands and on peninsulas fenced off from the mainland. While Indians no longer are a menace to wool growers, predatory animals, parasites and polsonous plants still cause great losses to the industry.

As cotton clothed the Colonists of the South, wool clothed those of the North. Private homes then were America's woolen factories. The American wool trade began when sheep-owning families exchanged their wool and surplus homespun for other commodities. With the increase in Colonial population the demand for wool cloth rose and the federal government as well as local governments encouraged wool-growing.

By 1810, just two centuries after the first sheep arrived from England, there were 7,000,000 sheep grazing over the settled area of eastern United States. Four years later there were 10,000,000. About this time foreign wool flooded the United States markets and the wool industry was jokes. It is usually a defect of as hard-hit as other industries in youth. the panic of 1819.

As large American cities and towns took form, demand for homespuns waned and factory-made woolens took their place. Prices paid for wool by manufacturers encouraged sheep raising so that by 1840 the range of the animals had spread from the Atantic to every state east of the Mississippi, as well as to Missouri and Louisiana.

With the western migration in the middle of the last century went sheep. By 1860, Iowa, Wisconsin. Minnesota, Arkansas, Texas, California and the areas that now are Oregon and Arizona, joined the woolgrowing regions.

Who Got the Hams?

Among the many gifts showered on Calvin Coolidge when he was President, nothing seemed to give him more trouble than the big White-House hams.

"They worried me most of all," he said to the friend who tells the story in Good Housekeeping Maga-

"A big one would be brought to the table. Mrs. Coolidge would have a slice, and I'd have one. The butler would take it away, and what happened to it after that I never could find out."

HUMMING BIRDS IN ALASKA

Most people think you are just telling another if you mention humming birds as residents of Alaska. The growth of the wool industry Yet this northern territory is a favorite feeding ground of these feath-



FAMOUS CREAM ENDS FRECKLES, BLACK-HEADS -RESTORES CLEAR, LOVELY SKIN HEADS—RESTORES CLEAR, IOVELY SKIM All you do is this: (1) At bedtime spread a thin film of NADINOLA Cream over your face—no massaging no rubbing. (2) Leave on while you sleep. (3) Watch daily improvement—usually in 5 to 10 days you will see a marvelous transformation. Freekles, blackheads disappear; dull coarsened skin becomes creamy-white, satissmooth, adorable! Fine results positively guaranteed with NADINOLA—tosted and trusted for nearly two generations. All toilet counters, only 50c. Or write NADINOLA, Box 43, Paris, Tenn.

Not for the Adult

One can outgrow making practical







NEW DEAL BRIDGE CLUB

The New Deal Bridge ciub Mesdames Brown Lamb and members and their husbands en- Rehard Longshore entertained Hobert Moffitt honored Mes joyed a lawn party Tuesday night Brownie Nan Lamb last Thurs dames Alva Simmons and W C F iday 16 August 6, at the Hebart Mofitt day with a charming birthday Payne with a surprise birthday

gailoping game prise was held by pink and white. Mrs. George Thompson and high | Cake and ice cream were served | ed the henorees total family score was wen by to the following: Billie Biffle,

dames Elvin Hickey, Homer Sim Clifton, June Kirkpatrick, Joyce Spalding, Leon Reeves, Elvin mons, Aiva simmons, Lake Dish- and Glera Webb, Gertrude, Cari Hickey, Ray Mereman, George Hobart Moffitt, Mrs. Dannie Bat Hunsucker, Carter Huffman, Ma Myrtle Reeves. tie, Miss Otey and Branch Wat bel Moore, Margie and J. W. Lut kine

New peppereil print for fall. B. & B. Variety

L. L. Palmer and wife of Alan reed visited in the W. C. Brissen home Saturday and Saturday

EMBALMING

Caskets & Undertaking Supplies

We Are At Your Service

THOMPSON BROS.

Night Phone 94 or 64

4 Per Cent Money

TO LOAN on Donley County Farms and Ranches C. L. JOHNSON, Sec Tress Hedley National Farm Lean Association

PARTY

party on her eighth birthday at party, August 8 The guests were served pienic the Lamb home Many interest

> trell, Chancey Ruth Key, Jane Ruth and Bobbie Lee Hall, Joy Biankenship. Lenets Hickey. Patey See and Juanita Whitting ten, Leonard Mosby, Lou Ann Wall, Bobby Jiggs Mosley, Billy Clifford and Charles Neal John son, Adell and Teddy Joe Myers, Mr and Mrs Brown Lamk, Meadames Shan Whittington, Jiggs Mesley and Cullen Hunsucker, Assistant hostesses were Misses Ruth Richards of Memphis and Ora Lee Burns of Denton.

Mrs J. M. Everett underwent hospit a Sunday, and is reported er visit getting along as well as could be expected

Lost-A Remington three bladed knife, brown colored unbreakable handles; large blade been repointed. Lost between Moreman Hardware and Huffman Barber Shop Will pay amali re ward Notify Informer office

Bill Moore of the - wrann .anch visised his family here Satur is. and Sunda

ENTERTAINS

Mesdames Lake Disoman and

Tables were arranged for con style from baskets upon arrival. ing games were played and the tract bridge, with three sets of a story of the greatest crisis in At the close of the games the color scheme was carried out in players enjoying the games, after which lovely gifts were present-

Delicious refreshments were Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson. Paul Lake and Dorothy Dishman, served to Mesdames Sid Thomas, Seated were: Messrs and Mes- Hareid Loyd and Melba Gene W C. Payne, Alva Simmons, L. man, W. C. Payne, Ray Moreman and Francis Boseman, Travis Thompson, Roy Kutch Lake mance and dramatic suspense Roy Kutch, George Thempson, Bailey, Corky and Mary Alice Dishman, Hobert Meffits, Miss Alse "Boscos parior Pranks" in

> 16 members of the First Bap tist Church here attended the district encampment at Miami last week. A number of state officials were present. Re Sise more of Amarillo was camp pas tor An average of about 400 attended the various classes

Those attending from Hedley report a fine time

Messrs and Mesdames Wes ed their cousin, Mrs. Pearl Ad amson the past week end. Miss a maje operation in an Amarillo Lillie Arnett remained for a long-

> Owing to the iliness of the edi tor, a number of news items had to be left out this week

Mrs. U. G Key and daughter Chancey Ruth returned Friday from Dallas, where they have been visiting relatives

Mrs Clarence Davis retuined from an Amarillo bospital Sunday, and is reported getting along nicely

PASTIME THEATRE

Clarendon, Texas

Stranded

Kay Francis and G orge B ent The screens low liest actress in a womans life, alse Fox news and comedy 10 25e

Saturdas 17

Frontier Days

Rill Cody and bis hors- Chie with Ad Ince Childry thrila aissing action enthrailing to technice or Matinee 10c to all. night 10 15e

Son Mon 18 19

Under the Pampas Moon Warner Baxter and Ketti Galitan in a romancie comedy. Daneing feet thropbing bearts in the glamorous Argent ne. al-o com edy "The old gray Mayor 10 25c

Hard Rock Harrigan

George O'Brien, Irene herrey. Ready to fight, ready to go and ley Arnest and Al Arnett and ready for love And our Bank Miss Lillie Arnett of Dallas visit | Nite Don't forget to attend matinee 10 25c

Wed Thurs 21 22

Don't Bet on Blonds With Warren Wil iams, Claire Dodd and Guy Kibbee. He was Broad way's biggest gambler but a beautiful woman made him loose his beart Also 'Switserland the beautiful" in technicolor

Coming seon. 'Goin To Town' with Mae West, and "Break of Hearts" with Katherine Hepburn

10 25c

Matinees each day at 2 p. m Evening shows at 8:00

Knock your hay fever, asthma or catarrh inhaling Pine Oil. Zimmerman's Salve gets piles, eczema, and heals any sore. Sold at Wilson and Lelia Lake Drug

BIRTHDAY PARTY

Mrs H H Hall entertained Bobby Lee with a birthday party on her fourth birthday Aug. 2. After interesting games were played, everyone was seated in a large circle and a table of love which opened everyone's eyes Celophane bags of candy and rakes, hoes, cake, cookies and ice cream were served to the following: Laura Ann Thompson, Loneits and Carrel Hickey, Joan Ray Moreman, Joy Blankenship, Betty Sue McDowell, Wanda Joyce Hall, Billy Jean Long. Chancey Ruth Key, Letha and Vers Bain, Corky and Mary Al ice Hunsucker, Paul and Dorethy Dishman, Hilds Ruth Borden, Gibert Sherman. Charles Neal Johnson, Mesdames Frank K.n. dali. John Aufill. Johnnie Long. Cullen Honsueser, Royce Hail R E Mann.



Thompson Bros.

FRIDAY & SATURDAY SPECIALS

270
30
\$1.69
59c
\$1.13
330
200

Oatmeal, 5 lb. bag 29c 10c Jersey Bran Flakes Jersey Corn Flakes, 2 for 19c 10c Puffed Wheat, 5 oz. bag Grape N t Flakes, 2 for 23c

Canned Vegetables

Tomatoes, No. 2 size, 3 for	25e
English Peas, 1 lb. can, 2 for	25c
Kraut, No. 2 can	90
Hominy, can	70
Spinach, 3 No 2 cans	270
Plenty of Fresh Vegetables	

market specials	
That good Steak, Ib.	25c
Steak, forequarter, extra good, Ib.	
Roast, Ib.	
Bologna, Ib.	
Hot Barbecue, Ib.	

We have what you wan: to buy. we buy what you have to sell.

Harry Burden **Grocery and Market**

PHONE 15



Agent Sinclair Refining Company (Inc.)

P. L. Dishman J. C. Doherty V. L. Shelton

Remember Trades Day Aug. 17

Food Specials

Yes, we have low prices, but service and quality teo--That's why it pays to trade with us

Roast, rib, lb.

5c

Flour, Yukon Western \$1.69 Corn, 3 No. 2 cans 25c 25c Candy, 2 5c bars 5c Corn, home grown, doz. Soap, Big Ben, 6 for 25c 18c Bananas, doz. \$1.09 6c Lard, 8 lb. carton Fresh Tomatoes, Ib. Tomatoes, 3 No. 2 cans 25c Black-eyed Peas, 4 lb 15c

Lettuce, head

Beans, 3 lb. 18c 25c Steak, baby beef, lb. 15e Bologna, Ib. Peppers, green, lb. 8c Apples, cooking, Ib. 23c Barbecue, fresh, hot, lb. 4c Watermelons, Ib. 1 1-4e 38c Bacon, sliced, lb. Okra, Ib. 6c All kinds Lunch Meat at lowest prices

Spuds, pk.

29c

6c

Highest Prices Paid for Cream and Eggs

'M' SYSTEM