

# THE HEDLEY INFORMER

VOL. XXIII

HEDLEY, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, JULY 14 1933

NO. 36

## This Store

IS ALWAYS

Ready to Serve You

in any of the various ways that a Drug Store of the better class is able to serve.

That's what we are here for.

Call on us.

**Hedley Drug Co.**

THE REXALL STORE

This Store is a Pharmacy

WATCH FOR THE

## Last Call 2-Day Sale!

Friday and Saturday

Come and see what Bargains we offer you in this Two-Day Sale Here are some of our prices:

Ladies Dresses, 69c or 59c value, guaranteed fast color	Two for \$1.00
79c Dresses	Two for \$1.40
\$1.00 Dresses	89c
Pique Dresses go at	\$1.29
Ladies Shoes, White Mesh and Buckskin	89c
Ladies Crepe Silk Hats	69c

Also Many Bargains on Mens Clothing Too Numerous to Mention

**Mitchell's Store**

Mitchell Hyamand, Prop Hedley, Texas  
Next Door to M System

*You Are Always Welcome!*

YOU ARE OUR PERSONAL GUEST Every Time You Enter Our Door

to be treated with every consideration

You may want only to ask a question, use our phone, get a stamp, leave a parcel, or meet a friend --

Be sure you're welcome to make full use of this store's conveniences whenever they can be of service..

**Wilson Drug Co.**

PHONE 63

## UTILITIES COMPANY MAKES IMPROVEMENTS

The West Texas Utilities Co., in keeping with its habit of "keeping ahead of the times," is soon to begin extensive improvements on its lines in this territory. Repairs involving several weeks of work with a large crew of men will begin in a few days on their power lines from Clarendon to Quanah, according to information given out the past week.

The work will require the rebuilding of line supports on all poles. Prevention of leakage of current from the lines is the principal objective. Radio interference will also be eliminated entirely at all points along the line by correction of the leakage trouble.

Fruit Jar Rings and Jar Tops at the

B. & B. Variety Store.

## OLD SETTLERS PICNIC WILL BE AUGUST 18th

The Donley County Old Settlers' Picnic will be held this year on August 18th.

Watch for further information. Don't miss it.

EXERCISE YOUR BRAIN CELLS ON THIS

## \$5,000 Family Protection

\$50.00 monthly total and permanent disability.

\$50.00 per month to your beneficiary for NINETEEN YEARS in case you pass away the first year, and then \$5,000 for your beneficiary at the expiration of this income period.

OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE INSURANCE

H. B. Settle, Agent.

## CRAWFORD-BELEW

Mr Herman Crawford and Miss Ethel Lucile Belew of Memphis were united in marriage last Saturday. After a honeymoon trip to Oklahoma City and other points, they will make their home in Memphis.

Mr Crawford is well known in Hedley, having lived here some years ago. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Crawford, and a brother of Mrs. Hobart Moffitt. Our best wishes to the happy couple.

Mrs E. C. Harris of Rotan is here for a visit with her parents, Col and Mrs W. E. Reeves. She has just returned from seven weeks of study in the Chicago Conservatory of Music.

Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Rains and son Ike visited Mrs. E. W. Bromley at Clarendon Sunday.

Mrs M. B. Wallace and Miss Loretta Moore visited in Pampa this week.

## NOTICE

Try Bozeman Garage for your Car Repairing and Welding

ALSO USED PARTS

We will trade with you for anything of value we can use

**BOZEMAN GARAGE**

## JUDGE LOWE SPEAKS AT PROHIBITION RALLY

The Prohibition Rally at the Methodist Church last Sunday night was a representative gathering of all the churches in the town.

County Judge S. W. Lowe of Clarendon was the speaker of the evening. For one hour the large audience gave a courteous hearing while the Judge in an able and convincing manner presented facts and figures which showed that Prohibition has not been a failure, but taking the country as a whole, conditions have been much improved over the old saloon days. Figures were presented showing Canada under the dry law, and at the present time under government supervision where crime has advanced 58 per cent and bootlegging in all the larger cities increased at an alarming rate.

In conclusion he paid his respects to the wet brethren who are advocating the repeal of the 18th Amendment on the ground that it cannot be enforced. Why not repeal the laws against theft and murder also— which is just as logical. He advised his hearers to inform themselves as to the true facts, and on Aug 26th to vote for law and order and to preserve the Constitution of Our Country.

We still have a good price on Mens Work Clothes.

B. & B. Variety Store.

## REVIVAL STARTS SUNDAY AT CHURCH OF CHRIST

A Revival Meeting will begin Sunday, July 16, at the Church of Christ, with Paul A. Thompson, of Dimmit, in the pulpit. A cordial invitation is extended to everyone to come and work with us in this meeting.

## SLUMBER PARTY

The Y. W. A. members were entertained Monday night with a Slumber Party and a Sunrise Breakfast Tuesday morning at the home of their Counselor, Mrs. Royce Hall.

Those enjoying the occasion were Nell and Mabel Maness, Theresa and Jonnie Webb, Opal Heath, Wouida Hill, Hope Wells, Pearl Merrison, Emma Lowell Plunk, Nina Mae Bailey, Jewell Grimsley, Opal Cooper, Urs Helia, d, Pauline Boliver, and Francis Choate of Clarendon.

Quality, Price, Service and Satisfaction

Guaranteed at This Store

**Hedley Cash Grocery**

## SPECIAL

Thursday and Friday

Will Give Permanents

at the Cooper Hotel

\$3.00 Permanent for \$1.50

\$5.00 Permanent for \$2.50

All Work Guaranteed

Mrs. Irene Mitchell of Clarendon, Texas

## Economy and Dependability

These are the principles upon which this store was founded, and these are the principals by which we operate today.

Give Us a Trial

You'll Like Our Service

**Barnes & Hastings**

PHONE 21

## The Semi-Weekly Farm News

Texas' Greatest Farm Paper

and

**The Informer**

Both One Year for

**\$1.75**

SEE THE INFORMER MAN

## A FIGHT-- OR TWO

EVER OBSERVE that a dog is a good deal like a man in one respect? Nothing spoils him worse than to win a fight or two.

It takes more than one or two battles to win lasting success. It requires a constant struggle even if we do our best all the time. We have steadily built up this Bank to its present high standing, by hard work and honest effort. That's why we have a good bank -- one that has stood the test of time.

**SECURITY STATE BANK**

HEDLEY, TEXAS

"The Bank that knows you"



# Governor Is Again on Job as Times Improve

## Tasmania Laid Him Off as Treasury Ran Low.

Washington.—Tasmania again has a governor. Two years ago, when its treasury ran low, the state saved \$15,000 annually by leaving the governor's chair vacant. With indications of returning prosperity a new executive has been appointed.

"Tasmania is a heart-shaped island about as large as West Virginia with many small islets sprinkled about the Indian and Pacific oceans off its coast," says a bulletin from the National Geographic society. "It lies about 200 miles off the southeastern 'corner' of Australia, of which it is a state.

"It is difficult," continues the bulletin, "for the traveler in Tasmania today to believe that three centuries ago the state was an unknown spot; that after Tasman, the Dutch navigator, discovered it, no one was particularly interested in it for many

years; that it was first inhabited by black-skinned, woolly-haired aborigines; and that its largest and blindest city, Hobart, now the capital, did not rise on the southeastern shore until the turn of the Nineteenth century.

**Famous for Potatoes.**  
"Eight hundred miles of railroads now speed Tasmanian travelers from city to city, and transport its wide variety of products. Good roads radiate from cities and towns into its most remote spots. The aborigines have gone (the last one died in 1876). Hobart now is a bustling city of 57,000 inhabitants and covers some 86 square miles.

"Once a writer said Tasmania was populated only by gray beards and women, because all ambitious young Tasmanians migrated to Australia. But ride its railroad trains today or take an automobile tour through the island, and you will find that the assertion is no longer true. The railroads are modern and the roads paved. They pass through valleys, cross

## Men's Vanity Called Chief Suicide Cause

Cincinnati.—Vanity rather than financial trouble causes most suicides among men, according to Dr. William Muhlberg, medical director of the Union Central Life Insurance company.

"The thing that drives a man to take his life is his inability to swallow his pride, built up during his more prosperous years," said Doctor Muhlberg. "It is not fear of seeing his children go hungry, or his wife weakened from doing housework. It is the agony of watching his neighbor's satisfaction when he has to withdraw from the country club and sell his 16-cylinder sedan."

plains, an skirt mountains that show the touch of the energy and industry of youth.

"Valleys are blanketed with pink and white blossoms of thousands of apple trees from which are harvested more than 2,000,000 bushels of apples a year for the markets of Australia, Great Britain, the European continent, and even Africa. Pears, plums, peaches, apricots, and many berries also thrive in the mild Tasmanian climate. Hundreds of square miles are covered with forests that supply railroad ties and wood for many other

## Detroit Still Healthiest Big City



As the result of a contest staged jointly by the United States Chamber of Commerce and the United States public health commission, Detroit has been awarded a bronze plaque for the third time as the healthiest city of over a half million population in the country. Last year it won first place irrespective of class. Left to right at the presentation of the plaque are seen H. A. Harrington, secretary of public health of the Detroit Chamber of Commerce; Dr. H. F. Vaughan, public health commissioner of Detroit, and Dr. A. H. Whitaker, who received the plaque for the city at the National Chamber of Commerce at Washington.

## ODD THINGS AND NEW—By Lane Bode

**METAL INDIUM.**  
INDIUM, A RARE METAL TEN TIMES MORE COSTLY THAN PLATINUM, HAS HAD ITS PRODUCTION INCREASED TO TEN POUNDS A YEAR.

**A BIRD BOWER.**  
THE AUSTRALIAN BOWER-BIRD BUILDS FOR ITS COURTSHIP A BOWER OF ARCHED TWIGS GAILY DECORATED WITH BRIGHT SHELLS, FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.

**SIAMESE TWINS.**  
THE SIAMESE TWINS OF OTTAWA, OHIO, ARE TWO ELM TREES JOINED SEVERAL FEET ABOVE THE GROUND.

WNU Service

## Joins Brain Trust



Miss Cecile Jedel, above, is assistant legal advisor to Prof. Raymond Moley, who is chief advisor to President Roosevelt and assistant secretary of state. Miss Jedel graduated from Barnard college two years ago, after having been a student under Professor Moley. Her ambition was to enter the United States diplomatic service, but she was not eligible to take the examinations because of her age. Having assisted Professor Moley in research during the Seabury inquiry in New York, she was invited to Washington when he went to the Capital at the invitation of President Roosevelt.

## The Household

By LYDIA LE BARON WALKER

Belts play an important part in smart costumes of today. They can be bought to suit colors and styles of frocks and jackets, and they can also be made at home and be given the desired novelty touches.

One belt designed by a homemaker is worth describing because of its simple ingenuity of embellishment with machine stitching. The material of the frock is a brown and white mixture with orange threads in the weave. The interlined belt is made of plain brown material lined with orange. The stitching is done in white silk. The belt is one and one-half inches wide when finished, as shown in illustration.



Around the belt, one-fourth inch from the edge is a line of the white silk stitching. The entire length is then marked off with dots one inch apart, made with a pencil on the white stitching. One line is started one inch from the end, and the opposite line starts one-half inch from the end, thus bringing the dots not opposite.

site but in alternation. The machine stitching is now done across the belt from dot to dot between lines of white stitching. The pattern thus formed is technically known as the meander or wave crest. Other names are the wave motif and the zigzag. By such simple lines of stitching is this classic border design made. It is important to have these zigzag lines in precise and straight lines of stitching. If the worker finds any difficulty in guiding the work from point to point, run a basting thread from marked points and use these as guiding lines when machine stitching.

### Double Meander.

A double meander is easily formed by making a second set of dots between the first ones and machine stitching across the space between them in the same diagonal method. The effect is given added decoration if the second-meander is in a different color from the first. In the novelty textile described, use orange for this final meander. A second row of stitching around the belt, using the orange silk, is recommended when the double meander is used. Space this second row of stitching one-eighth inch inside the first row. This will decrease the width of the meander space by one-fourth inch, but added ornament will be provided.

A white belt buckle further lends ornament to this belt. An orange buckle would be equally effective. Brown

could be used also, but it would be more for practical purposes than ornamental. The color scheme of the belt for any frock should follow that of the material, as instanced in the belt described.

© 1933, Bell Syndicate—WNU Service.

## Now With White Sox



Whitlow Wyatt, a good pitcher who has been a member of the Detroit American league team, is now one of the Chicago White Sox, having been traded for Vic Frazer, also a hurler.

## France Opens New Army Air Training School

Paris.—France's determined effort to improve her forces of the air took a new step forward when a skeleton air base was established at Salon-de-Provence, 50 miles from Marseilles, recently.

The base will be used strictly for army and navy air force experiments and is to become France's chief air training school by the time the government's program of development and reorganization is completed. This is to be not later than 1935, according to the air minister's plans.

Corollary to the Salon air school will be the land plane base at Istres and a new base, for seaplanes, either at Berre or Marignane. At the same time the air bases of Thionville and Strasbourg are to be abandoned by the army, leaving these fields, like Le Bourget, free for civil aviation.

New military air bases are to be established at Bordeaux, at Toulouse and at Orange, according to the air ministry.

## National Forest Trails in Montana to Be Fixed

Missoula, Mont.—Trail improvement and maintenance will be accomplished through use of a \$157,000 allotment to local headquarters of region one of the national forests this summer. There are more than 23,000 miles of trails piercing the 13 national forests of Montana. It is planned to devote \$80,000 of the allotment to trail work, while the remainder of the fund will be used in road maintenance.

## EFFICIENCY OF WORDS FOR COMMON USE

### Easy to Meet All "Small Talk" Demands.

Somebody has computed that the vocabulary of the average person in his telephonic conversations is "about 50 words." And when you come to think of the substance of most telephonic communications the estimate may bear some relation to the facts. Probably nine out of ten telephone messages have to do with arranging meetings, planning dinner parties, ordering household supplies or calling the doctor, and for these purposes the English vocabulary of a Chinese laundryman is ample. The longest conversations probably are those of lovers and, as everybody knows, a few words from the Funk & Wagnalls list, fondly reiterated, cover all possible demands on the language. Next to lovers the long-time talkers are ladies during those hours of ease when they are expressing their candid sentiments concerning the new scandal just around the corner or telling of their new mark-down discoveries or criticizing the behavior of Mr. Blobs last night when he was so sharp with Mrs. Blobs at the bridge table. Strange to say, with all the fluency that goes out over the wires during these colloquies they involve no heavy draft on the reservoirs of speech. Here again a dozen or two of words in various combinations serve as an adequate vehicle of thought.

Even if the estimate by the "somebody" were fairly accurate we should not hastily accept it as the measure of the average person's vocabulary. Along certain lines, within a certain range, a few different words suffice us, but on occasion we can draw upon a great store of them, some of which lie unused in the backs of our heads for weeks and months together. And then there is the lingo of the office or shop, which most of us drop when we shut the door on business and go home to tell bed-time stories to the children. We couldn't interest them in nouns and verbs and cans and differentials. And the housewife, likewise, has one considerable vocabulary for the kitchen and another for the bridge party. We are not so tongue-tied as the experts on language would sometimes scare us into believing.—Boston Transcript.

### Technical

Vagrant—Listen, judge: I'm a hobnob, but this town was named after my great-grandfather.  
Judge—Impossible!  
Vagrant—But true! He was named in 1776 and this town wasn't on the map then!—Brooklyn Eagle.

## Renew Your Health by Purification

Any physician will tell you that "Perfect Purification of the System is Nature's Foundation of Perfect Health." Why not rid yourself of chronic ailments that are undermining your vitality? Purify your entire system by taking a thorough course of Calotabs,—once or twice a week for several weeks—and see how Nature rewards you with health.

Calotabs purify the blood by activating the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. Trial package, 10 cts. Family package, 35 cts. All dealers. (Adv.)

Live at the Chicago Y. M. C. A. during the Fair, 6,000 rooms \$1 daily and up. Accommodations for entire family. Address Y. M. C. A., 19 S. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.



FROM MOISTURE  
St. Joseph Aspirin is free from the destructive influence of moisture because it is wrapped in moisture-proof cellophane.

World's Largest Seller of 10c  
★ ASK FOR IT BY NAME ★  
St. Joseph GENUINE PURE ASPIRIN

Do you lack PEP?  
Are you all in, tired and run down?  
WINTERSMITH'S TONIC  
Will rid you of MALARIA  
and build you up. Used for 65 years for Chills, Fever, Malaria and A General Tonic  
50c and \$1.00 At All Druggists

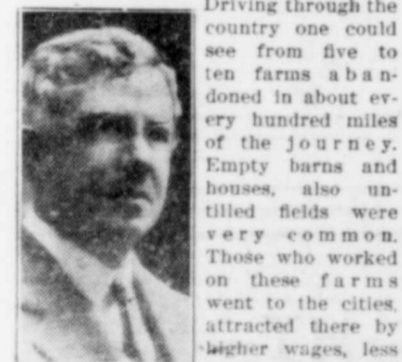
ECONOMIZE USE MOROLINE WHITE PETROLEUM JELLY

## Back to the Farm

By

LEONARD A. BARRETT

During the prosperous years, 1925 to 1930, many of the farms were vacant.



Driving through the country one could see from five to ten farms abandoned in about every hundred miles of the journey. Empty barns and houses, also untilled fields were very common. Those who worked on these farms went to the cities, attracted there by higher wages, less hours of labor, and last but by no means least, the fascination of city life. It was all very fine as long as it lasted. Before the financial crash, however, the farmer who went to the city awakened to the fact that, at the end of the year, his cash reserve was not as large as when he was on the farm. True, he received more cash money for his labor, but he spent more for food and shelter. The amount spent on pleasure many times exceeded the cost of necessities. The net result of his year's work in many cases showed a deficit instead of a credit balance, clearly indicating that no money could be saved in the city.

We are now facing a reversal of the trend. Back to the farm, is the cry heard from many of those who had made the previous adventure. With no work and little money the city lost its attractions. The United States Department of Agriculture reports that in 1932 about 650,000 abandoned farms were reclaimed.

The movement back to the farm is one of the most wholesome indications

of our return to economic normalcy. There is no unemployment problem on the farm. One of the problems about farm life is to find time to accomplish all the work that needs to be done. Even in the winter the average farmer has tasks to do which employ all his time. The farm is no place for a person who is not willing to work. Money does not come easily and there are no swivel chair jobs to be had.

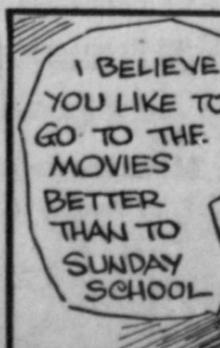
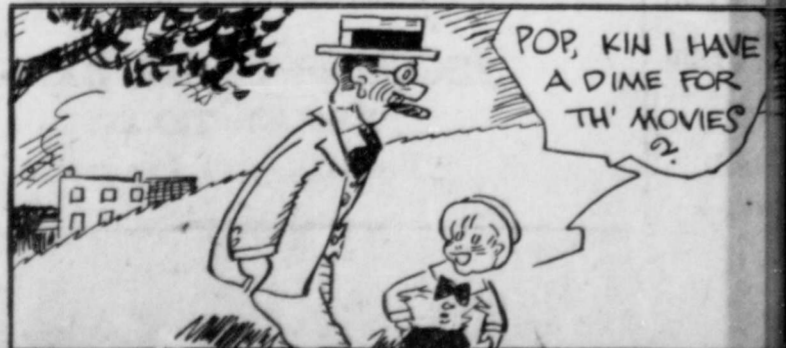
While the net returns from labor may not be large the primary necessities of life are practically guaranteed. The modern comforts of farm life, together with an assured living; and city privileges, like the telephone, mail delivery, radio, electricity, etc., present an attraction to many a city man providing he likes to work. The most secure possession in the world is land. Where better to start all over again than—back to the farm?  
© 1933, Western Newspaper Union.

## Make Way for Ruffles



Note the fluffy mousseline de sole gimp worn with a navy blue linen jumper. The hat is a navy linen sailor with gardenias of white mousseline.

## SUCH IS LIFE—One of the Reasons



By Charles Sughroe



**THE HEDLEY INFO**

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY  
Ed C. Boliver, Publisher  
Entered as second class matter October 28, 1910, at the postoffice at Hedley, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

NOTICE—Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The Informer will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publisher.

All obituaries, resolutions of respect, cards of thanks, advertising of church or society doings, when admission is charged, will be treated as advertising and charged for accordingly.

Advertising rates: Display 25c per inch. Classified 1c per word, per line. Legal Notices and Readers Service, per issue.

**Dr. F. V. Walker**

General Practice.  
Female Diseases—Specialty  
Residence Phone 5  
Office with Wilson Drug Co.  
Hedley, Texas

**O. E. Dickinson**

DENTIST  
HEDLEY, TEXAS  
Office at Hedley Drug Co.

**GILLIAM PRODUCE**

We buy Chickens, Eggs and Cream  
Located on Main Street  
Phone 15

**Chickens, Eggs, Cream**

Highest market prices paid  
Bring them to the  
**FARMERS EQUITY UNION**

**J. W. WEBB, M. D.**

Physician and Surgeon  
Hedley, Texas  
Office Phone 8  
Residence Phone 20

**Huffman's Barber Shop**

Expert Tonsorial Work. Shiner, Hair. Hot and Cold Baths  
You will be pleased with our service. Try it.  
W. H. Huffman, Prop.

**COFFINS, CASKETS**

UNDERTAKERS' SUPPLIES  
Licensed Embalmer and Auto Hearse at Your Service  
Day phone 24  
Night phone 40

**MOREMAN HARDWARE**



47

when you know a news item.

**John T. P. U.**

Friday, July 16:  
"Love Wins"  
Introduction—Group Captain  
Love in Conflict—Emma Lewell Plunk.

Love's Answer—Homer Richerson.

Love's Sacrifice—Edna Mae Smith.

Love's Victory—Truman Caldwell.

Greater Love Hath No Man—Edward Boliver.

We will continue to sell what Prints we have on hand at 10c and 15c. The next will be higher priced.

B & B Variety Store.

**BIG PICNIC SUPPER**

A big picnic supper of barbecued chicken was served on the Finch ranch last Friday evening by members and guests of the Men's Basement Bible Class. Those enjoying the event were the following families: Rev. A. V. Hendricks, W. H. Jones, R. W. Scales, F. G. Watt, Jim Gilliam, W. C. Bridges, B. L. Toward, B. M. Davis, Dr. J. W. Webb, H. M. Horschler, Frank Davis, W. B. Laurence, M. G. Whitfield, J. M. Everett, Chas. Dunn, W. D. Franklin, J. H. Clawson, D. B. Leach, F. A. Finch, Fred Finch, E. Golliday, J. M. Clarke, J. B. Masterson, J. P. Devine, Frank Spalding, Miss Juanita Ivie, Jack Battle, little Robert Sanders—a total attendance of 84.

We had somewhere between 20 and 30 "kickers" present, but could hardly blame them, since they happened to be the chickens and had a kick coming.

We want to express our appreciation to the Finch and Leach families for their cooperation, and all others who helped with the occasion.

Reporter.

John Robert Laurence, who is working near Claude, visited some folks here the past weekend.

Mrs. W. J. Deal and daughter Glennie of Clarendon were recent visitors in the W. J. Luttrell home.

J. B. Masterson was in Clarendon one day last week in connection with his duties as a jury commissioner.

**CHICKEN BARBECUE**

At the L. Spalding home, south of town, a number of folks enjoyed a picnic supper last Friday evening.

Shorty Spalding, Hobart Moffitt and Homer Simmons barbecued the chickens.

The following were present and report a good time: L. E. Thompson and family and Miss Martha Thompson of Memphis, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Simmons, Mrs. P. V. Dishman, Bill Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Hobart Moffitt, C. O. Horschler, Homer Simmons, and the Spalding family.

**Build Up that Skinny Child!**

Enrich His Impoverished Blood

Sickly, weak, underweight children are usually lacking in rich, red blood. When blood becomes poor, a child becomes rundown. Already weak, he loses appetite, which makes him still weaker. Take no chances on a child gaining strength by himself. Start giving him Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic right away. This famous tonic contains both iron and tasteless quinine. Iron makes for rich, red blood while quinine tends to purify the blood. In other words, you get two effects in Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. Put your child on this time-proven tonic for a few days and see the difference it makes in him. Good appetite, lots of pep and energy and red roses in his cheeks. Children like Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic and take it eagerly. It is absolutely harmless and has been a reliable family medicine for half a century. Get a bottle today at any store.

**No. 953**

**Official Statement**

**OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF SECURITY STATE BANK**

at Hedley, State of Texas, at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1933, published in the Hedley Informer, a newspaper printed and published at Hedley, State of Texas, on the 14th day of July, 1933.

**RESOURCES**

Loans and discounts, on personal or collateral security... \$ 85,985.45  
Loans secured by real estate 8,665.08  
Overdrafts 10.88  
Other bonds and stocks owned 1,350.00  
Banking House 3,250.00  
Furniture & Fixtures 4,095.69  
Real Estate owned, other than banking house 10,001.00  
Cash in bank 3,206.13  
Due from approved reserve agents 11,308.11  
Due from other banks and bankers, subject to check on demand 3,547.65  
Other Resources:  
Livestock Account 785.88  
Total \$132,105.84

**LIABILITIES**

Capital Stock paid in... \$ 35,000.00  
Undivided Profits, net 1,165.99  
Individual Deposits, subject to check, including time deposits due in 30 days 48,261.05  
Cashier's Checks Outstanding 5.00  
Bills Payable 47,673.80  
Total \$132,105.84

STATE OF TEXAS )  
County of Donley ) We, J. G. McDougal, as President, and C. L. Johnson as Cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.  
J. G. McDougal, President  
C. L. Johnson, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1933.

L. A. Stroud, Notary Public, Donley County, Texas.

Correct—Attest: (Seal)  
W. B. Quigley )  
A. N. Wood ) Directors  
T. R. Moreman )

Mr and Mrs. S. J. Ayer were recent visitors with relatives at McLean.

Mens and boys Straw Hats at bargain prices.  
B. & B. Variety Store.

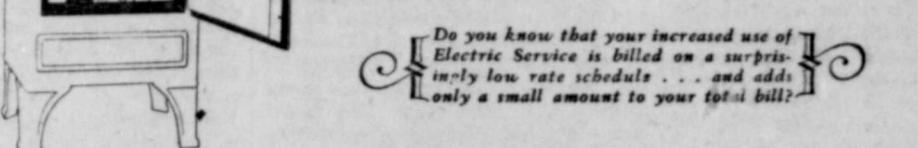


**Modern Electric Refrigeration Will Plug These Budget Leaks!**

You're throwing away 20 per cent of your food bill—if your home lacks modern refrigeration equipment—through losses in wasted food... spoiled food... and small-quantity high-price buying! This substantial sum will make the payments on a modern, efficient, money-saving Electric Refrigerator!

Food experts agree that in the average home an Electric Refrigerator will save at least one-fifth on the cost of your food. Half of that sum will be saved through the elimination of spoilage and the safe preservation of valuable left-overs. The other half will be realized through quantity buying at "week-end bargains" offered by your grocer. These important savings are possible with a modern Electric Refrigerator, because this invaluable "Electrical Servant" provides the proper temperatures for safe and healthful refrigeration... automatically!

Let a new Frigidaire earn its way in your home. You can pay as it saves—then bank the balance. Ask for a demonstration—and about present low prices and easy terms... TODAY!



Do you know that your increased use of Electric Service is billed on a surprisingly low rate schedule... and adds only a small amount to your total bill?

**West Texas Utilities Company**

See the New Frigidaire that Operates on Less Electricity Than One Ordinary Lamp Globe



He knows his low-priced gasoline!



She's a shrewd shopper!



He'll pay more and get more!

**3 kinds of gasoline for 3 kinds of buyers!**

PERHAPS you want a good low-priced gas. Perhaps you want a medium priced gas that's packed with power. Or perhaps you want only the highest-test premium gasoline.

Whichever one of the three it is—you can come to Gulf and get it!

For Gulf offers you your choice of 3 fine gasolines and 4 fine motor oils. Each is the best of its kind. Each offers amazing quality for the price. Try them! Drive in—and take your pick!

★ THEY'RE FREE! ★

Every Gulf station gladly cleans your windshield, fills your radiator, inflates your tires and checks your oil... FREE.

© 1933, GULF REFINING CO., PITTSBURGH, PA.

**3 GREAT GASOLINES**

Gulf Traffic—A dependable, white anti-knock gas... LOW PRICE  
That Good Gulf—The famous FRESH gas—now lubricated. No extra cost... MEDIUM PRICE  
No-Nox Ethyl—As fine gasoline as money can buy, plus Ethyl... PREMIUM PRICE

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News Review of Current Events the World Over

Americans in London Conference Reject Temporary Stabilization of Dollar and Offer Economic Program; Three More States for Prohibition Repeal.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

EXASPERATED by accusations that they were balking the operations of the world conference in London, the American delegates placed their cards on the table, informing the conference that the United States would not consider the temporary stabilization of the dollar during the life of the meeting, as was demanded by the gold bloc. They also presented their economic program, moving the adoption of a resolution binding all nations to cease raising trade barriers against each other, to remove embargoes, quotas, and other arbitrary restrictions, and to scale down tariffs by reciprocal agreements.



Raymond Moley

The delegation then moved the adoption of another resolution committing the nations to co-operative action in expanding credit and in government expenditures on public works for the purpose of reviving industry. Meanwhile Prof. Raymond Moley, assistant secretary of state, was on his way to London for a week's stay, having been sent hurriedly by President Roosevelt to act as a sort of liaison officer between the delegation and the President.

While the Americans were framing their statement the French were fuming and threatening to bring about adjournment of the conference, and Prime Minister MacDonald was visibly worked. But James M. Cox, chairman of the monetary committee, talked privately with George Bonnet, French minister of finance, and explained Mr. Roosevelt's position on the stabilization question in detail. He outlined the Roosevelt inflation program, told how cheapening the value of the dollar was bringing about a rise of commodity prices and painted a glowing picture of reviving prosperity at home. So the French delegates consented not to disrupt the conference just yet, anyhow.

Secretary of State Hull, it was rumored, intended to return to the United States soon after the arrival of Moley. He refused to confirm or deny this report, and he also declined to express pessimism concerning the success of the conference. He had a long private talk with King George but of course could not reveal what was said.

Mr. Hull took the occasion to deny reports that the American delegation was badly split on the course to pursue in the conference. It had been reported that Senator Cohns of Michigan had read the riot act to the delegation, asserting that the Americans must decide whether to stand for a nationalistic program, represented by the powers conferred on President Roosevelt by congress, or by an internationalistic program, represented by the aims of the conference.

Mr. Hull said he could see no inconsistency. The domestic programs of recovery from depression in the United States and other nations, as he viewed it, were to be reinforced by an international program to be adopted at this conference.

SENATOR KEY PITTMAN of the American delegation submitted to the monetary committee of the conference his proposal for currency reform, in five clauses. The committee promptly and pleasantly accepted the first two clauses, which urged that stability in the international monetary field be attained "as quickly as practicable" and that gold be re-established as the international measure of exchange values.



Key Pittman

Mr. Pittman beamed and thanked the committee, but the gold standard bloc then got into action and decided that the other clauses of the memorandum, the most important part—namely: reduction of currency coverage in gold and remonetization of silver—were so serious and intricate as to demand study. The gold bloc delegates urged that they be referred to committees and subcommittees for analysis and investigation, which was done.

James P. Warburg of the United States and Lord Hailsham of Great Britain supported the Pittman resolution. Lord Hailsham also introduced an amendment to the Pittman resolution providing that each nation should be the judge of the time and the parity at which it will return to the gold standard.

Mr. Warburg also made it quite plain that the United States would return to gold only when and how she wished and would not submit to any international order on this point.

REDUCTION of world wheat crops was discussed at length in the economic section, and experts attached to the various delegations made what was hopefully termed a substantial advance toward an agreement among

the United States, Canada, Australia and Argentina to cut output by 15 per cent.

Before the committee Stanley Bruce of Australia said that commonwealth would not accept the French plan to reduce the production of primary commodities as a means of raising prices. He presented the thesis that it was up to the industrial countries of the world to stop trying to be agriculturally self-contained and buy food from agricultural countries in exchange for manufactured goods.

The world has not forgotten the disconcerting proposal of Litvinov of Russia in the armament conference, that the nations represented should agree to disarm immediately. Well, the Russian repeated in London, submitting a draft proposal calling for an economic nonaggression pact by which the nations would bind themselves to refrain from economic attack on each other by means of discriminatory tariffs, special duties or conditions of trade, railway tariffs, charges on shipping, and any kind of boycott by legal or administrative measures. Of course this was too forthright to meet with the approval of the other delegates.

THREE more states are now in the prohibition repeal column, the total number being fourteen—and not one yet for the drys. The latest commonwealths to vote for ratification of the repeal amendment are Iowa, Connecticut and New Hampshire. Connecticut was one of the two states that never ratified the prohibition amendment and the result there was considered a foregone conclusion. The wets won by about 6 to 1. Iowa and New Hampshire, however, had been placed in the doubtful list, so when they turned in substantial majorities for repeal, there was great rejoicing among the anti-prohibitionists.

California, West Virginia, Alabama and Arkansas are the next to vote on the issue, and the drys hope to win in the latter two, figuring that thus the question will be put over until next year, when they think their chances will be better.

SUMNER WELLES, our astute ambassador to Cuba, seems to be progressing with his plans for bringing about peace on that troubled island. His scheme for mediation has been accepted by the professors and students in Havana, foes of President Machado, and they have told their delegates in the United States to get in line or quit the opposition organization.



Sumner Welles

With the assured support of the A. R. C. Secret society, the professors, the Nationalist union, the faction headed by Miguel Mariano Gomez and, probably, the partisans of former President Mario G. Menocal, observers believed the ambassador had behind him sufficient opposition strength to justify the early opening of deliberations.

It is predicted that the main points of the conciliation program will be: Immediate restoration of political normalcy throughout the island, liberation of political prisoners, restoration of the suspended guarantees, press freedom and recall of military supervisors.

Constitutional reforms restoring the office of Vice President, eliminated in 1928, providing for his selection immediately after the reforms go into effect; curtailment of the terms of public officials prorogued in 1928 and forbidding any President to succeed himself.

Reform of the electoral code. In this Dr. Howard Lee Mc Bain of Columbia university has been invited to aid.

TWO of the world's most prominent woman radicals died within a few hours of each other. Rose Pastor Stokes passed away in Frankfurt, Germany. Born in Russia and married to an American millionaire, she devoted her life to social service and the labor movement, and in her later years turned to Communism.

Clara Zetkin, who died in a sanatorium near Moscow, was for years a Communist member of the German reichstag and once was a candidate for the Presidency of Germany. Last year she presided over the opening session of the reichstag as its oldest member and demanded the impeachment of President Von Hindenburg.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT in his pleasure cruise up the New England coast to Campobello island in the bay of Fundy showed that he is a first class sailor. He acted as skipper of the schooner Amberjack II, and, while he took no unnecessary chances with the weather, he handled the little vessel with skill and nerve. A coast guard cutter and one destroyer accompanied the Amberjack, and of course the press boats went along. After the start Mr. Roosevelt tried to avoid the photographers.

DEDICATION of the Illinois waterway and the lakes to the gulf water route was the occasion of spectacular ceremonies in Chicago near the mouth of the river. Secretary of War George H. Dern flew there by airplane to make an address, and he was accompanied by Speaker Henry T. Rainey and Maj.-Gen. Lytle Brown, chief of the army engineers. Scores of other prominent persons took part in the doings. One of the features of the day was the arrival of a tow of Mississippi river barges carrying the first commercial cargo over the lakes to gulf route from New Orleans to Chicago. It was escorted by the official yacht of the port of New Orleans and other craft.

In one ceremony, Mayor Kelly of Chicago joined Mayor T. Semmes Walmisley of New Orleans in blending water brought from the Gulf of Mexico with the water of Lake Michigan. Among other speakers were Governor Horner of Illinois, Maj.-Gen. Thomas Q. Ashburn, president of the federal barge lines and the governors of several states along the inland waterway route. Delegations were present from St. Louis, Milwaukee, Peoria and other cities.

DISPATCHES from Riga, the only source of fairly trustworthy news about Soviet Russia, say that Moscow's trade monopoly is anxiously searching for a nation that will grant the millions of dollars of credit necessary to buy grain for the starving population of Russia. The negotiations opened by Wildman Brookhart, now of the American agricultural administration, are being watched eagerly, and it is asserted that his cotton selling scheme is a camouflage for a secret deal with Boris Skvirski, chief of the Amorg in New York, concerning large credits for purchases of American grain. Skvirski, it is said, has received instructions to do everything possible to purchase grain with a minimum of publicity since Russia has decided to keep the tragic news of the present famine hidden from the world.



Boris Skvirski

According to Latvian and Estonian diplomats stationed at Moscow, Russia has been able to export but not enough to operate her own mills and while Moscow is willing to take anything the United States will sell her on credit the nation's chief need is grain.

CHANCELLOR HITLER of Germany delivered a decisive blow to the nationalistic followers of Dr. Alfred Hugenberg, minister of agriculture and economic affairs, when he dissolved their fighting units throughout the reich. The police, assisted by Nazi storm troops, raided the headquarters of the nationalistic fighters in all the cities and made many arrests. It was then officially announced that these units would henceforth be forbidden. The Steel Helmet war veterans' organization in the Dueseldorf district also was suppressed.

Though Chancellor Dollfuss of Austria professes to want nothing but peace with the German nazis, he has issued a decree outlawing their party and all affiliated organizations in Austria.

Hitler's new "trustees of labor" are assuming dictatorial control of the factories of Germany and it is announced they are "above all parties and interests and are responsible only to the state and its highest leader, Hitler." The employers have been warned they must operate their factories in the service of the nation, not of their purses.

GEN. HUGH S. JOHNSON, administrator for the industrial recovery administration, held a press conference in Washington and told in vigorous language something of what he and his assistants hope to accomplish. In part he said:

"The emergency phase of this job is to get people back to work. That's what's worrying everybody, that's what's the trouble with everything. And we've got to shorten the week and pay a living wage for the shorter week."

"How it's going to work out, where it's going, I don't want to say. There's been a much promising all along through this depression."

"The industries want to do the job as much as we do. I don't detect any slackening. I think it's going to work and perhaps several million men back to work this summer. Maybe a snag somewhere along the line, we may stub our toes, but we're going to make a stab at it."

The cotton industry was the first to move toward placing itself under government control. Its proposed code, praised by Johnson, calls for a maximum work week of 40 hours and a minimum wage scale of \$10 a week in the South and \$11 in the North. This represents a 20 per cent wage advance and a reduction of 20 per cent in working hours.

The navy formally accepted the Mendenhall and the great airship was commissioned at Akron and left for Lakehurst, N. J. It will go to the naval air station at Sunnyvale, Calif., probably in August.

O. BODENHAMER, former national commander of the American Legion, lit a cigarette in an oil field near Henderson, Tex., an explosion of gas ensued and within a few hours Mr. Bodenhamer was dead of burns. He was one of the most prominent citizens of Arkansas.

Washington Digest National Topics Interpreted by William Bruckart

Washington.—The information that we receive here in Washington indicates that the country at large is rather edge sitting on the edge of its chair waiting to see how President Roosevelt is going to play the hand he has received in his "new deal" which he asked. Equipped as he is with the greatest powers ever accorded a President of the United States, the situation surely is up to the President. Upon his administration, his playing of the cards, depends the result, the success or the failure of the program.

It is quite apparent since the smoke of battle cleared and congress closed up shop that the President suffered considerably from the riotous outbreak in the senate and the house over the veterans' compensation question. I mean that personally the President lost some of his prestige and his program, so well planned, was somewhat disrupted. It must be explained, however, that the general principles which Mr. Roosevelt laid down as the "new deal" have come through unscathed. Hence, I repeat that the Chief Executive is confronted now only with the problem of making things move in accordance with the promises pledged in his campaign and to which he tried to adhere with all of the solemnity of an oath.

The President is wholly mindful of the responsibility he assumed in asking congress, in effect, to make him general manager of about everything in the nation. He showed that quite unmistakably when he affixed his signature to the last grist of bills ground out by a none-too-willing congress. In a statement at that time, Mr. Roosevelt described the national recovery-public construction bill as "the most important and far-reaching legislation ever enacted by an American congress." But he added that if it were to succeed "it demands the whole-hearted co-operation of industry, labor and every citizen of the nation." The President counseled patience as well as asked co-operation, and how better could he show that a superhuman job lay ahead?

In two pieces of legislation particularly has the President been given powers as wide as any ever accorded in wartime. He has been made master of our agricultural destiny in one and under the terms of the other he has assumed the job, as he described it, of putting the government in partnership with industry. Instead of the necessities of the situation in wartime, however, we find the work to be done is that of encouraging consumption of foods and other commodities instead of rationing of foods and clothing and materials that might be needed for the forces at the front. Instead of speeded-up production, we find the President with almost dictatorial powers to reduce production of agriculture. The depression seems to have made things run backward.

As the several agencies to administer the new powers are set up under the President's guidance, it appears more and more as though he is going to meet with difficulty of a serious character. The President cannot keep his hand on the steering wheel of everyone of the various machines. That is beyond human comprehension. He must delegate the work to others. There are going to be many, many mistakes. These always occur. It cannot be avoided. But the President is going to have to shoulder the blame for all of it.

What I have been trying to present is a picture of a situation in which the President is the pivotal point. Let us pursue one or two of the possibilities. The congress at the request of the President voted some \$500,000,000 in federal money as outright gifts to the states for relief. When the President had the relief representatives of the states here recently he told them that the federal government would not countenance "the building of a lot of useless projects under the guise of relief." Mr. Roosevelt was emphatic in his declaration. But the question one heard around here was "how many of the state office holders and politicians will see that such a policy is enforced?"

Another salient: the industrial recovery section of the bill putting government into partnership with industry entails organized co-operation of each of the numerous industries. Leaders in the individual lines of commercial endeavor have been coming in here for conferences on codes of practice. Outwardly, every one of them is sincere, and he is said to their credit, most of them are inwardly sincere in their effort to find some means to accomplish economic recovery. But among those who are visiting Washington for these conferences are some entirely willing to take advantage of circumstances or situations that will give their own firm or plant or factory an edge over their competitors. It would seem difficult for that end to be attained where the conferences are above board and there is a free discussion, but the trouble is that the reason some firms are larger than others is that they have knowledge of a competitor's weakness. And don't be-

lieve for one moment that these same men will not watch for such opportunities in framing the codes of practice—codes of ethics, really, for the conduct of business—that are to be employed in this new partnership arrangement!

As a third example, permit me to cite possibilities in the new farm mortgage arrangement that the President worked out to help debt-ridden farmers, and congress enacted into law. It provides that holders of farm mortgages may, under certain conditions, exchange them for bonds of the federal land banks, and allows farmers, under prescribed conditions, to borrow for refinancing their debts aside from the mortgage. No one doubts the sincerity of this program, nor does anyone question but that it is needed and that it will be of immense help to farmers. Yet attention was called during the debate in congress to loopholes through which a team and wagon can be driven. According to these arguments, if the federal land banks do not accumulate some mortgages having a face value of hundreds of thousands of dollars, but actually little more than your cats and dogs, it will be a miracle.

As I said earlier, observers here are convinced that Mr. Roosevelt will check malfeasance in any of the numerous directions if he acts in time and with firmness. His loyal supporters insist he can and will sense any tendencies of that kind as they develop, but his opponents, or rather opponents of his programs, claim he will be unable to discover them until the infection has become a festering sore. I do not propose to set down a conclusion respecting these arguments, nor the probability or possibility that any of the conditions may eventuate. My purpose solely is to suggest what can happen and where we would be headed should the dangers become real rather than theoretical.

I called attention above to the fact that congress had somewhat disrupted the President's program but that, all in all, it had given the President the widest powers ever accorded in peacetime. The reason there was a breaking of party lines in congress was because some senators and representatives awakened toward the end of the extra session to the fact that they had voted away almost all of the powers they were supposed to exercise. They grew fearful of what would happen.

The feelings of the doubtful ones were not becalmed either by the prodding they were receiving from lobbies of powerful groups such as the veterans.

Mr. Roosevelt was not entirely victorious in this battle. He succeeded far beyond expectations of many Washington analysts, but sore spots were created that are going to be hard to heal. So it probably is just as well that there will not be any meeting of congress again until January, 1934. The President can proceed to carry out the program he has in mind under authority which congress gave him, upon his own responsibility.

The Roosevelt administration, being now about four months old, has disclosed strong proclivities in the direction of publicity for itself. It seems to have adopted the title of a well-known show "Of Thee I Sing," and the peep-ol are going to be told in considerable detail of what is being done. Nearly all of the important branches of the government have taken capable newspaper men into their organizations that the proper supply of information may be made available to those writers who continue at their regular means of livelihood. It has helped the unemployment situation among the writers, anyway, for where the government has hired men, their places have been filled from among others whose salary checks have been small or have been missing altogether as a result of slack business for the newspapers.

Administration leaders justify the policy on the ground that correspondents cannot be familiar with every phase of government and particularly now that we have so many new laws and new activities resulting from the new deal. The public is entitled to have the facts, the leaders explain, and the use of high-class newspaper men in publicity jobs in the government, therefore, constitutes a service to the public.

This attitude, of course, has a basis in fact and there is merit in the argument. But there is another side to the proposition. It has been the record of other administrations that employed an array of writing talent that a considerable amount of plain, unadulterated propaganda somehow managed to creep into official statements and information released through these channels. It is the average writer's function to report the news. He or she cannot openly question the truth or the accuracy of an official statement. Consequently, if the statement be of the propaganda sort, there is little the writer can do about it. The decision has to be left to the editor of the paper.

WNU Service

Beery's Insomnia Cure

Wellace Beery practices the height of insomnia cures. When Wally gets tired of the peremptory phone calls, insistent door bells, and the buzz and chatter of Hollywood he flies to a near-by airport, rents a plane, hires a pilot, and has the latter take him up to cruise aimlessly about in the blue for three, four, or five hours, while Wally takes a peaceful snooze. He says it's the best and most soothing relaxation he can get.

I Broke Into The Movies

Copyright by Hal C. Herman

By IRENE RICH

I FREQUENTLY wonder how my career would have been affected if Hollywood and San Francisco were farther removed from each other. And then I "bring up" with a snap reminded that I've allowed a little "if" to creep into my thoughts. The little two-letter word seems to have so much influence in shaping our lives if we allow it to.

We permit "ifs" to inflict themselves upon us instead of seizing upon our opportunities and making the best of them without thought of contingencies. I think I learned this lesson a trifle late, but when I did, the reaction bordered closely upon sheer recklessness. It appears, as I look back, I just went right ahead, throwing caution to the winds and came to Hollywood, friendless and without definite knowledge of a course of action.

All my life I had secretly cherished an ambition to be an actress, but whenever I considered the possibilities of failure if I attempted to gratify my desire in this direction, I was appalled. My two daughters and mother were with me in San Francisco, and when I thought of going to New York and taking them with me—well, there were just a flock of "ifs" that persisted in popping up. Hollywood—I hardly dared to think of it.

Fortunately, just when I thought I must do something to satisfy my long repressed desire to become an actress, my firm gave me a vacation. I resolved to go to Hollywood and try to "break into pictures." Two weeks, I thought, would at least yield some definite answer, favorable or adverse.

Bianche Ring, whom I had met at a told of my ambitions, was playing



Irene Rich

San Francisco at the time, and when I told her I had decided to go to Hollywood she gave me several letters of introduction to influential motion picture people. These I never used, so I felt that I should stand or fall solely upon my ability. The two weeks stretched on.

I don't think anyone rattled studios gates more persistently and ineffectually than I did. I walked miles between studios, hoping, but my only reward was "not a thing," and "come back next week."

But the lure of pictures had taken hold of me during those weeks of seeking, and my discouragement found a counterbalance in increasing determination. Five months slipped by during which I eked out a precarious existence, working now and then, and only encouraged by a few small "bits" along with "extra" work.

Then, one day, I received a call from Vitagraph. Just another "extra" I thought, as I waited outside the big office with several others. It wasn't, and when I left a few minutes later it was via the door into the back lot to begin immediately in the second leading role with Earle Williams in "The Girl in His House."

But even after playing this role I found that I had a long way to go. That was in June, 1918, and during the succeeding months I received a little substantial encouragement. Then came the real "break" following the release of "The Girl in His House," when Dustin Farnum chose me as his leading lady in "The Man in the Open." Thus reassured, I sent for my children and mother, and we began modestly to enjoy the home life, of which we had so hopefully dreamed. Seven leading roles opposite Will Rogers and two with Frank Keenan, which followed, lent impetus to my confidence in the justification of my ambitions.

As I look back it seems that one lesson above all others is to be gained from my experience, and that is that the less one allows his thoughts to dwell on the "ifs"—the contingent issues of a course of action which is in itself worthy—the more nearly he will succeed in gratifying this ambition.

WNU Service

Beery's Insomnia Cure



# Our Government —How It Operates

By William Bruckart

## VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

ONE of the greatest problems which this, or any other government, has been called upon to solve involves the veterans of the World War. It is a problem that has bedeviled congress and one President after another, and it is going to bedevil more congresses and more Presidents, for the answer is not in sight and in this year alone, the payments to veterans under one or another of the hundred-odd veteran relief acts amounts to the astounding total of \$985,000,000—just about one-fourth of the operating cost of the government, or that part paid for running expenses.

All of this vast sum, and it has been growing year by year, is paid out through one agency, namely, the veterans' administration. The veterans' administration is not in the fight; it is not a part of the problem. It is simply the agency through which the money passes, never to return to the federal treasury.

Undoubtedly, there is a large sum of this total which the taxpayers would not have returned to the treasury. Surely, there is none who would object to a governmental and public expression of gratitude in the form of compensation and care for the widows and orphans left behind by those who made the supreme sacrifice, or for those men whose lives were wrecked in the service. The care of them is recognized everywhere as an obligation that must be met. But about the remainder of this sum, a real battle wages, for that involves the bonus.

It includes payments in the nature of compensation or hospitalization and the like for causes not remotely connected with the war. These are the things that are being questioned, and unless all signs fail, congresses of the future are going to be confronted by it, because there never has been an investigation made to disclose what share of the nearly a billion dollars falls within the recognized requirement of caring for widows and orphans and war-time disabled.

The best available figures indicate that something like 400,000 persons are receiving payments in one form or another under the veterans' relief acts. But that is not all. There is that demand, best exemplified by the bonus march on Washington, for payment of the remainder of the bonus in cash. Half of the sum that was intended originally to be paid to the veterans in 1945, or prior to that time to be paid to their beneficiaries in case of death, already has been made available, in the form of loans. There is no denying, however, that some of the veterans have organized powerful groups to force legislation through to carry out their wishes, and if they do, congress will vote a total of two billion, four hundred million dollars out of the treasury at one fell swoop.

It has been pointed out as this bonus question has been debated up and down that the federal treasury is likely to end the current year next June 30 with another deficit. It had a deficit of \$983,000,000 on June 30, 1931, and more than two and a half billion June 30, 1932, so imagination is not required to see what will happen if the bonus is voted. It will be either more taxes or more bond issues which the taxpayers of the country eventually will have to meet.

But the veterans have a claim. They point to the fact that fifty years after the Civil war, the federal government was paying pensions that amounted to as high as \$300,000,000 a year, and even now, 65 years after the war between the states, pensions drain \$125,000 from the treasury.

It was stated, however, the veterans' administration is not a part of the controversy, except incidentally. It goes on carrying out the laws which congress has passed and paying out the money which congress has appropriated. It does the job through some eight or ten thousand employees, scattered throughout the country. They are necessary if funds are to be handled and if the hundred or more hospitals to which veterans may go for treatment are to be supervised.

The veterans' administration has to get as near to those it serves as can be done conveniently. Hence, the fifty-odd district offices; hence, the local physicians in so many communities, hence the examining boards in so many sections. It would appear that the veterans' administration eats up a tremendous sum in salaries. The cost of handling these payments to the veterans or their beneficiaries is only about 5 per cent of the total. Criticism has been directed at the agency from time to time, however, indicative of some malfeasance. Undoubtedly, some of it is justified, but the consensus of opinion is that much of the difficulty into which the veterans' administration falls from time to time results from the avarice of those whom congress has sought to benefit. They were presented with an opportunity to get something from the government, and the government long has been regarded as fair game.

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### Nothing New

A tablet found at Pas Shamra, in northern Syria, tells the story of a financial crash which resulted from the irregularities of a certain king's finance minister in 2000 B. C.

# OUR COMIC SECTION

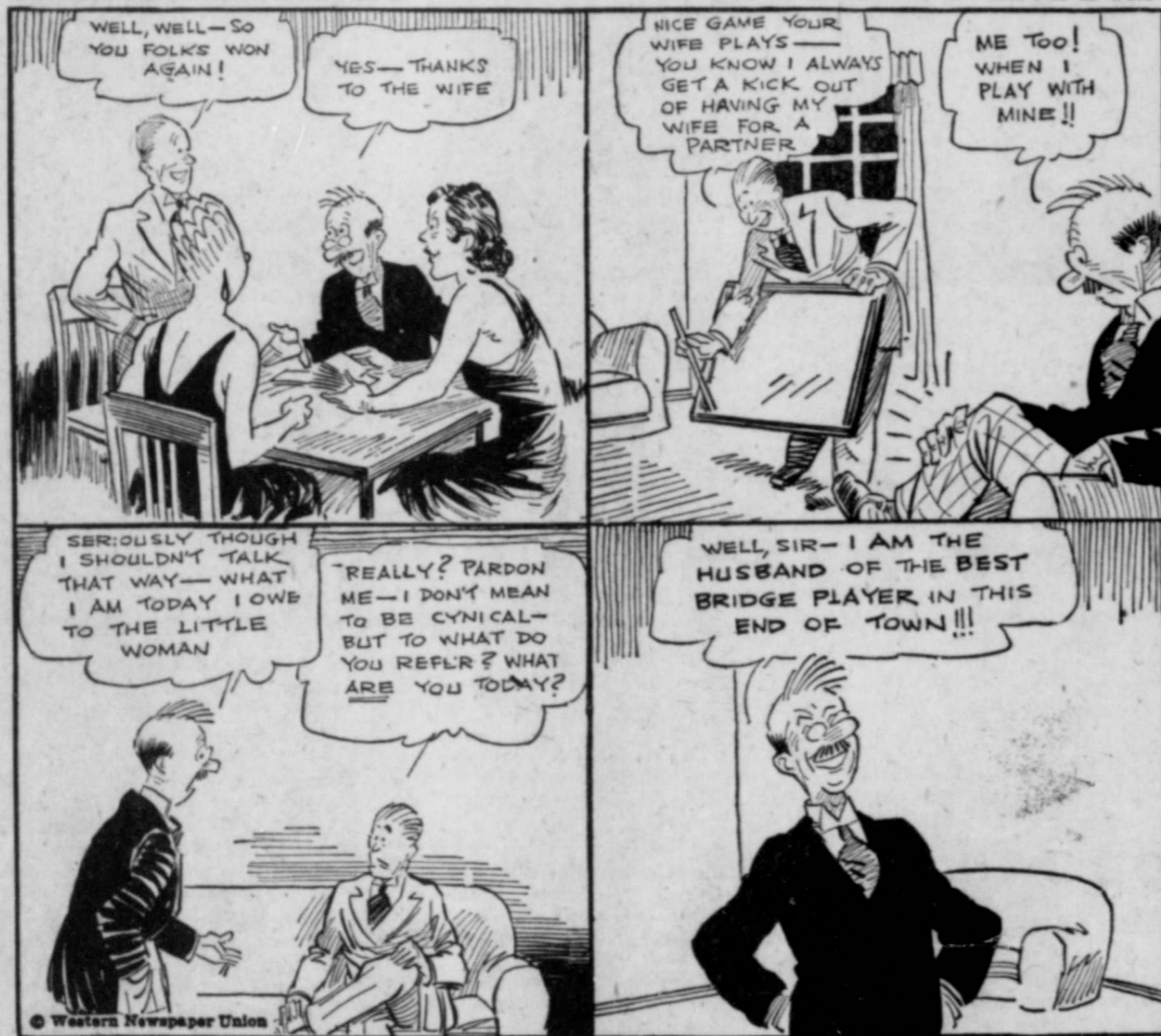
## FINNEY OF THE FORCE



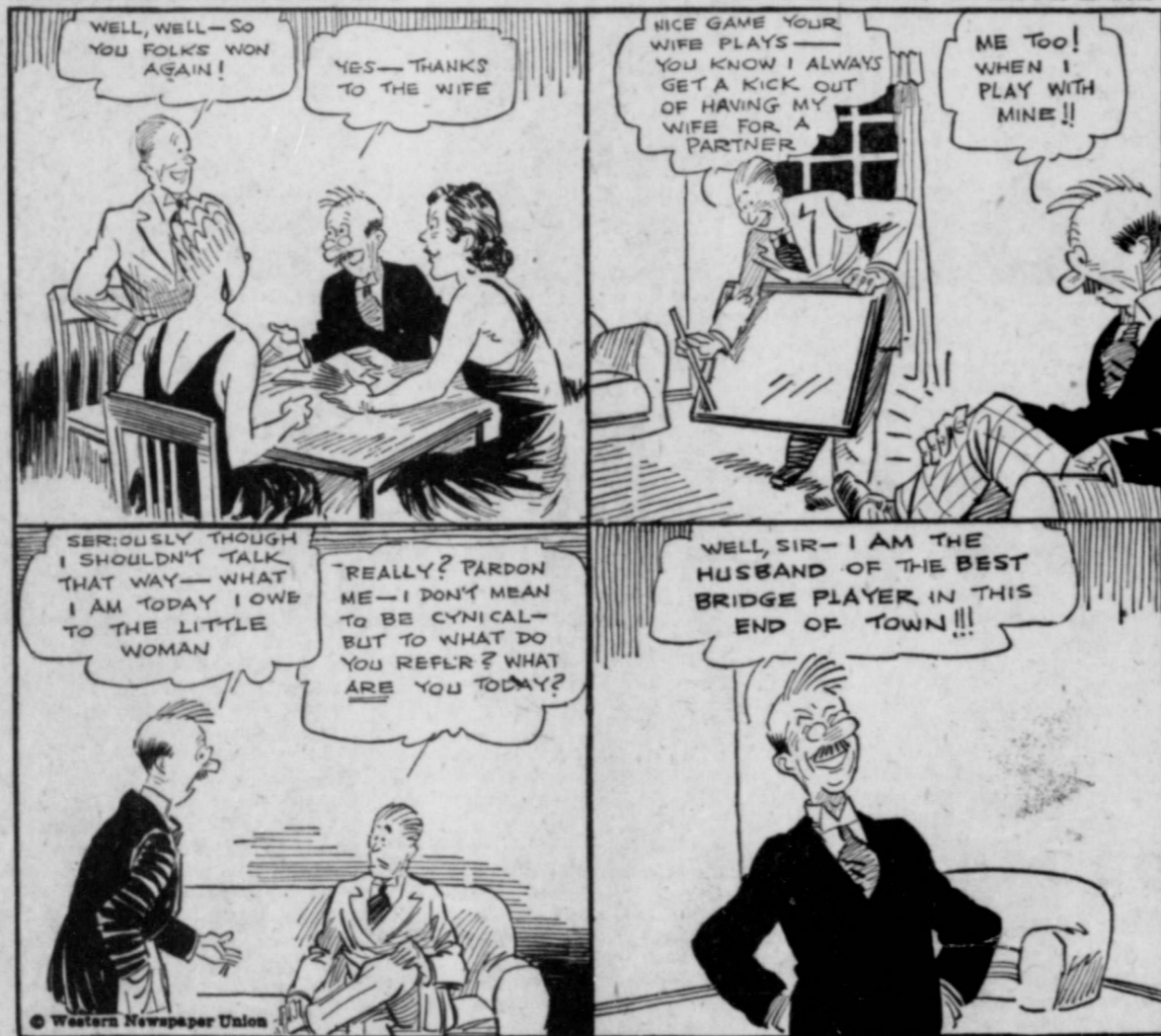
## Fore-Armed Is Fore-Warned



## THE FEATHERHEADS



## He Owes Her a Good Deal



## Events in the Lives of Little Men



# Wit and Humor



**Wags of Wheels**  
Freddie was giving his lady friend a long discourse on his family history. "My Grandfather," he said, "was just a poor, hard-working London clockmaker. When he died, a few years ago, he left all his estate, which consisted of 200 clocks, to my father." The girl smiled. "How interesting!" she said. "It must have been real fun winding up his estate."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

**A Fowl Reply**  
Hayes looked thoughtful. "Tell me," he said, "is a chicken big enough to eat when it is two weeks old?" His friend laughed. "Don't be absurd," he replied. "Of course it isn't." Hayes gave him a friendly push. "Then how does it live?" he asked. "Tell me that."

**A Fast Worker**  
Plutoer (to young man asking for his daughter's hand)—And have you said anything about this to my daughter? Would-be Sultor—Not yet, sir. You see, it was only last night that I heard you had a daughter.—London Opinion.

**Real Effort**  
Farmer—Thought you said you had plowed the ten-acre field? Plowman—No, I only said I was thinking about it. Farmer—Oh, I see; you've merely turned it over in your mind.

**Where I Got It**  
Actor—When I play "Othello" the whole pit is bathed in tears. Explorer—That's nothing. My last wireless speech on my North pole trip was so realistic that most of the listeners are still in bed with colds.

**ACCOMPLISHMENT**  
Maid—The furniture man is here, ma'am. Mistress—I'll see him in a minute. Tell him to take a chair. Maid—I did, but he started with the piano.—Montreal Gazette.

**Alibi**  
"Why is there never any cream on top of your milk?" "Well, we fill the bottles so full there ain't any room for cream."—Passing Show (London).

**Explained**  
Antique Dealer—A rare piece. A revolver dating from Roman times. "The Romans had no revolvers." "That is why it is so rare."—Stockholm Vart Hem.

**Comeback**  
Owner of New Lawn-Mower (firmly)—I wouldn't lend it to my own father. Would-be Borrower—You're wise, I know the old chap.—Humorist Magazine.

**Over the Radio**  
"Pardon me, but doesn't madam need the piano tuned?" "I'm afraid that's not ours you hear. You'd better call at the Broadcasting company!"—Humorist Magazine.

**No Hope**  
"Have you said your prayers Dickie?" "Yes, Mummie. I prayed for you and Daddie, but not for Uncle Reg, because I heard Daddie say he was past praying for!"

**And Then Some!**  
"Think o' poor old 'Arry bein' sent to jail! One o' the fastest working burglars in the game." "Ah, well, he's takin' his time now."—Tit-Bit Magazine.

**THREE AT A TIME**  
Unwed—I hear the stork has been making a trip to your house. Dadmoor—A trip! Triplets.

**On the Go**  
Mother—Helen is getting prettier, don't you think so? Father—Really, my dear, I can't say. I must get up early some morning and meet her as she comes in.

**If He Is Genuine**  
A genuine orator can go on long after he is through, and is welcomed to.

**Her Complaint**  
"I'm going straight down to the post office to make a complaint," said Freda pertly. "Oh, darling," said her young man, "I'll do it for you. What is it you want?" "I want to find out why they haven't delivered that box of chocolates you promised you were going to send me," she replied.—Answers Magazine.

**THE BOOB**  
The Stout One—Yes, I spent the entire evening telling him that he had a terrible reputation for kissing girls against their will. The Thin One—And what did he do? The Stout One—He sat there like a boob and denied it.

**Big Things Doing**  
Maid—The furniture man is here, ma'am. Mistress—I'll see him in a minute. Tell him to take a chair. Maid—I did, but he started with the piano.—Montreal Gazette.

**Alibi**  
"Why is there never any cream on top of your milk?" "Well, we fill the bottles so full there ain't any room for cream."—Passing Show (London).

**Explained**  
Antique Dealer—A rare piece. A revolver dating from Roman times. "The Romans had no revolvers." "That is why it is so rare."—Stockholm Vart Hem.

**Comeback**  
Owner of New Lawn-Mower (firmly)—I wouldn't lend it to my own father. Would-be Borrower—You're wise, I know the old chap.—Humorist Magazine.

**Over the Radio**  
"Pardon me, but doesn't madam need the piano tuned?" "I'm afraid that's not ours you hear. You'd better call at the Broadcasting company!"—Humorist Magazine.

**No Hope**  
"Have you said your prayers Dickie?" "Yes, Mummie. I prayed for you and Daddie, but not for Uncle Reg, because I heard Daddie say he was past praying for!"

**And Then Some!**  
"Think o' poor old 'Arry bein' sent to jail! One o' the fastest working burglars in the game." "Ah, well, he's takin' his time now."—Tit-Bit Magazine.

**THREE AT A TIME**  
Unwed—I hear the stork has been making a trip to your house. Dadmoor—A trip! Triplets.

**On the Go**  
Mother—Helen is getting prettier, don't you think so? Father—Really, my dear, I can't say. I must get up early some morning and meet her as she comes in.

**If He Is Genuine**  
A genuine orator can go on long after he is through, and is welcomed to.

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### FARM HOLIDAY SPEAKER COMING TO MEMPHIS

Milo Reno, of Des Moines, Iowa, and president of the National Farmers Holiday Association, will speak in Memphis on Friday afternoon, July 21, according to information received here from Judge L. Gough of Amarillo, chairman of the board of directors of the Texas division of the association.

Mr. Reno will make two speeches in Texas, one at Plainview and one at Memphis. It was learned. He is making a tour of the states in behalf of the association, and it is believed that Texas farmers, especially in this section of country, will give him a good attendance.

Other papers of this district are asked by Judge Gough to give publicity to the meeting in Memphis.

### BIRTHDAY PARTY

Travis and Donald Bailey entertained a few of their little friends with a birthday party Thursday afternoon, July 6.

Ice cream cones, cookies and lollipops were served to the following: Bruce Stewart, Brownie Nan Lamb, Leroy McAllister, Lou Ann Wall, Doris Davis, Joe Plunk, Bettye Margaret Hooker, S. J. Fowler, Teddy Joe Myers, Kenneth Swinney, Geneva and Fay Leach, Dorothy Dishman, Buck and Doris Merle Everett, Thelma Louise Porter of Wellington, and Travis and Donald Bailey.

Weldon Harkness of Clarendon was a Hedley visitor Monday.

John Blanks and family of Lakeview visited relatives and friends here Sunday.

### HEDLEY GOLFERS AT CLARENDON LAST WEEK

In the 988 Hillcroft Invitation Golf Tournament at Clarendon the past week, Ira Merchant of Clarendon won the champion ship.

E. E. Hokey of Hedley was the second flight winner, downing three strong opponents.

Les Hawkins was runner up in the third flight, after nosing out Roy Kutsh with a birdie on the 19th.

Some of our Hedley golfers are good—and getting better.

We will continue to sell what Prints we have on hand at 10c and 15c. The next will be higher priced.

R & B Variety Store.

### Y. G. D. CLUB

The Y. G. D. Club met Tuesday at the home of Jean Thompson. The following members were present: Theresa Bain, Marie Stanford, Hasty Gordon, Sybil Holland, Hazel Slaughter and the hostess Jean Thompson. After business was attended to, each one sewed on a quilt or embroidered something. Later we gave a demonstration on salads. Lemonade and cookies were served, after which a motion to adjourn was carried.

Our next meeting will be with Sybil Holland. We will continue the same work. We urge that the other members be present.

Reporter.

### WORD OF THANKS

We wish to thank the good people of Hedley and surrounding community for their loving help and kindness during our dark days of trouble. May the sun ever shine upon their pathway. Especially do we thank Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Stone and family, Mr. and Mrs. Brownie Quisenberry, J. D. Mason and family and L. H. Howell and family.

Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Sims, Mrs. J. L. Barnett.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A W. T. J. Washing Machine, Fludeco. Will sell or exchange for machine with gasoline motor.

Mrs. J. G. McDougal.

### MRS. W. W. BUCK

Mrs. W. W. Buck, for the past 26 years a resident of Clarendon died in that city Tuesday of last week. She had been in ill health for some time. She is survived by her husband and one son, Ben Buck. Another son, Soren Buck, died at Memphis about three weeks ago.

Mr. Buck was an aunt of Mrs. G. Z. Sherman of Hedley. Mr. and Mrs. Sherman attended the funeral last Wednesday.

Mr. C. R. Hunsueker and son Corky left some days ago for a visit to Dr. and Mrs. Julian Field at Edin, Okla.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Y. King and Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Mosley were among the Clarendon folks who attended the prohibition rally in Hedley last Sunday night.

Miss Frances Choate of Clarendon is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Boyce Hall.

T. E. and Ray Moreman have returned from an outing in the San Angelo country. They report the outing beneficial, but state that it is awfully hot and dry down there,—much more so than it is here.

Mrs. Joie Adamson, Mrs. Bob Adamson, Mrs. O. R. Culwell and Edgar Culwell left July 4th for Denver, Colorado.

### BIRTHDAY PARTY

Mrs. Fred Watt entertained last Wednesday in honor of her daughter, Virginia, it being her 11th birthday. Various kinds of games were enjoyed. The honoree received many useful gifts.

An ice course was served to Jean Shaw, Gertrude Golliday, Doris Everett, Mary Lane Hendricks, Mary Rains Bridges, Eddie Mae Land, Virginia Watt, Roberta Whiteside, Eula Curtis, Marie Clauson, Sarah Ann Rains, Geraldine Davis, Billie Bridges, Max Webb, Lamar Adamson, Winston Curtis, Buck Everett, Fred Watt, Lela Ruth Watt, Madnes E. H. Watt, W. I. Rains, Ches Rains, E. M. Glass, W. C. Bridges, M. G. Whitfield, H. M. Horschler, Mother Rains and the hostess.

### NAZARENE REVIVAL

beginning July 30th, continuing to August 13th, with Rev. J. C. Tryon from Keokuk, Iowa, as the Evangelist.

Everybody come and join us in this revival effort.

Nannie Carter, Pastor.

### T. E. L. CLASS

The T. E. L. Class of the First Baptist Church met in a business and social session last Friday afternoon in the home of Mrs. G. C. Heath, the president, who had charge of the business meeting and devotionals.

Later the meeting was turned over to Mrs. M. J. Smith, chairman of the program, who introduced the following numbers on "Missions":

Faithful—Mrs. Hill  
Work on Foreign Field—Mrs. Wells.  
Fifty Conversions—Mrs. Blankenship.

Discussion followed on ways of enlarging our Class and on visiting the sick.

R. refreshments were served.  
Next meeting will be August 11th, the place to be announced later. We urge all members to be present.

Reporter.

### CHURCH OF CHRIST

Bible Classes every Sunday morning from 10 to 11 o'clock. Everyone is cordially invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Noel and Martha Sue enjoyed an outing in the Cimarron canyons of New Mexico the past week.

Herman Horschler and family and Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Moore of Pampa made an auto trip to points in New Mexico and Colorado last week.

Mrs. M. B. Wallace of Boswell, Okla., is visiting her sister, Mrs. R. W. Alewine.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Hunsueker, July 11th at Edin, Oklahoma, an eight-pound baby girl.

W. B. Laurence and family visited Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Jones at Claude one day the past week.

Joyce Armstrong made a trip to Denver, Colo., this week.

Travis Armstrong, J. P. Heath and Perry Beach left this week for points in Colorado and Nebraska, where they will probably work in the harvest the next few weeks.

F. A. White of Clarendon was a visitor in Hedley Monday.

Claude Thaxton left this week for his annual sojourn at Gordon, Nebraska, and other points in the Northwest.

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Dry Salt Jowls, lb 7c

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Dried Peaches, extra nice, lb 10c

Borax Wash. Powd 8 boxes 25c

Quaker Oats, 2 10c boxes for 15c

W. P. Bran Flakes, 2 for 15c

Fresh Tomatoes, 2 lb 15c

Corn, 3 No. 2 cans 25c

Watermelon on Ice, lb 2c

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IMPROVED pastures are a cheap source of feed for stock. A farmer in New Hampshire, cooperating with his county agent top-dressed his 5 acres of pasture with 500 pounds of complete fertilizer at a cost of \$75, reports the United States Department of Agriculture. After 4 weeks he turned his cows out on this pasture. Tests made during the six weeks the cows grazed there showed that his herd produced 7,000 pounds more milk than they did in the same period the previous year, although the farmer had one cow fewer and fed 200 pounds less grain. Based on current milk prices he made \$139 on the extra milk and saved \$16 on the grain, netting him an increase in income of \$155.—U. S. Department of Agriculture.

### HOW TO HITTER



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### THE METHODIST CHURCH

A. V. Hendricks, Pastor  
Sunday School next Sunday at 9:45. Mrs. W. H. Jones, Supt. Preaching at 11 a. m. Senior and H. L. Agans at 5:30. Preaching at 7:30 by pastor.

### FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. C. E. Johnson, Superintendent. Preaching at 11 a. m. B. T. S. at 7:00 p. m. Preaching at 8:00 p. m. by the pastor.

M. E. Wells, Pastor.

### NAZARENE CHURCH

Sunday School at 10 a. m. Preaching service 11 a. m. Night service at 8:15. Rev. Nannie Carter, Pastor.

### If It Isn't a Secret Tell the Informer

We want to print all the news that ought to be printed. Don't "hold out on us." Send in your news items, not later than noon Wednesday; earlier if possible. The Informer

### JOHN W. FITZJARRALD

Chiropractor

19th Year in Practice

11th Year in

Memphis, Texas