

# THE HEDLEY INFORMER

VOL. VIII

HEDLEY, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, AUGUST 9, 1918

## BUY HERE!

FRESH STOCK STAPLE  
and FANCY GROCERIES  
ON HAND ALL THE TIME

We Can Please You in Quality and  
in Price. All we ask is a chance at  
your business. Phone 21.

Pay Cash and Pay Less

**Barnes & Hastings**  
CASH GROCERY CO.

### BIDS WANTED FOR SCHOOL DEPOSITORY

We will accept sealed bids from parties wishing to act as Depository for Hedley Independent District School Funds for the 1918-19 school term.

Bids must be in not later than Aug. 20, 1918.

Bond W. Johnson, Chmn.  
Van Boone, Sec.

### FAMILY REUNION

S. C. Richerson and family went to Hulver last week to attend a family reunion at the home of Mr. Richerson's father. About fifty guests were present, and all had a great time.

Incidentally, Si says that two or three events transpired which strengthen his oft-repeated contention that the Case is by far the greatest car in captivity.

Henry Posey, from Covington Tenn., came in last week for a visit with his uncle, W. M. Posey, at the John Mace home.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. McCarroll of Wellington spent Sunday with home folks here.

FOR SALE—Good young Jersey cow, giving milk.  
N. M. Hornsby.

Mrs. Herman Horschler and baby, of Wellington, are visiting relatives in the city this week.

### SOLDIER COMES HOME

Ed Kinslow, who went to Camp Bowie more than a year ago with the other Donley county boys, returned home the first of the week, having received an honorable discharge a few days ago on account of physical disqualification. Ed has been suffering from rheumatism, and for the past seven months has been under treatment in the Government hospital.

### DENTAL NOTICE

I am in my office again, and prepared to take care of all Dental Work. Call on me at the Tims Hotel. W. R. Smith.

C. E. Powell of Claude was in town Monday and purchased N. M. Hornsby's two-story concrete building, next to the Guaranty State Bank. We are told that he intends moving a stock of groceries here.

### NOTICE

The Missionary Baptist church of Hedley has changed its regular meeting days from the first to the third Saturday and Sunday in each month.

Eld. W. S. Crawford, Pastor.

Mrs. R. S. Smith of The Dixie, returns Sunday from a buying trip and a visit to relatives near Dallas.

### "THE NEED OF THE HOUR"

Our country entered this war to fight for personal liberty of every down trodden nation, as well as to preserve our own freedom, and our success depends, not alone upon our army, but upon every phase of our industrial life to sustain our army, and just now the shortage of skilled office workers is very serious and will grow worse unless the young ladies and the young men who are too young or physically unable or otherwise exempt from war duty realize that it is their duty to acquire a business training immediately and come to the rescue of both the Government and commercial organizations. Read the following announcement which speaks for itself: Washington, July 10—

The United States government needs, and needs badly, a great number of stenographers and typewriters, both men and women, for service in the departments at Washington, D. C., and the situation in Federal offices outside of Washington is scarcely less urgent. The supply of qualified persons on the commission's list for this class of work is not equal to the demand, and the commission urges, as a patriotic duty, that citizens with this special knowledge apply for examination for the government service. At present all who pass the examination for the departmental service are certified for appointment, examination papers are rated without delay. Examinations for the departmental service in Washington, D. C., for both men and women, are held every Tuesday in our city.

W. L. Shuford,

Secy. Civil Service Board.

The leading railroads are begging us for well trained young men and women to take places in their many departments made vacant by the draft, and are offering large salaries. Since the railroads have gone under Government control salaries have been raised, in some instances, 50 per cent. You can prepare in America's most up-to-date and largest business training school of Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Cotton Classing, and Business Administration and Finance, to hold the position of your choice, either with the government, railroad or business house. The necessary literary work is given free with all of our courses. When graduated, our free Employment department will place you in a position where your first three month's salary will reimburse you for the entire cost of your course.

Write for our large free illustrated catalogue.

Tyler Commercial College,  
Tyler, Texas.

Among the Hedleyites visiting Clarendon Monday were M. H. Bell, W. T. Walker, E. A. Childers, A. L. Dunn, R. E. Newman, G. O. Wood, A. L. Miller, Jim Curtis and the Informer editor. To the two first named men we are indebted for a ride up there, and back home, respectively.

### NOTICE

To those who have my land listed for sale at \$37.50: This is to notify you that the price has been advanced to \$40 per acre.  
W. T. Walker.

D. W. Williams sends the Informer to his son, Wm. E. Williams, who is training for military service at Camp Mabry, Austin, Texas.

### At the Baptist Church

Sunday school at 10 a. m. F. M. Acord, Supt. Classes for all ages.

11:00 a. m., sermon. Theme, "Swat the Kaiser."

At 8:30 p. m., "Acknowledging Jesus."

Remember, we have set Sunday, August 18, for our RALLY DAY. Every member of the church is expected to be present at Sunday school and church. This is God's call to you. The church has set that date to begin our revival. A good beginning means much for success in anything. This is your opportunity to give Satan a blow in the beginning of the meeting. Can we count on you Sunday, Aug 18?

There are several committees who will be busy this week and next. If they call on you for service will you respond? Let's see to it that there are no slackers in our camp during our meeting. Your pastor desires that we may make one forward march—all together—against sin. Can Christ count on you?

Daniel R. Wade, Pastor.

### ANNOUNCEMENT

The Missionary Baptist church of Hedley will begin a series of meetings on Saturday before the third Sunday in September, conducted by Eld. W. S. Crawford.

Mrs. Franklin, who has had charge of the dry goods department at The Dixie the past three weeks, is arranging for a buying trip to Dallas in the near future.

### HEMSTITCHING

10c per yd. Baste the goods for stitching. Parcel post packages carefully looked after. Singer Sewing Machine Co., Amarillo, Texas. 42p

### BUY FINE STOCK

W. I. Rains and son, Ike, Mrs. W. C. Bridges and Van Boone went to Childress one day last week. While there Messrs Rains and Boone bought four head of fine registered cows, the former getting Durhams, and the latter Herefords. The animals were shipped here Tuesday of this week.

LOST—Two year old heifer, white face, branded M—on right side and HL (connected) on left hip. Please notify  
S. W. Smith.

## Cash for Produce

We want to buy your  
EGGS, BUTTER, AND  
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE AT  
HIGHEST CASH PRICE

We also want to supply  
in Dry Goods and  
prices are right.

**TIMS &**

### ESPEY-LANE

Jno F. Espey and Miss J. Lane were united in marriage Monday morning at Clarendon. Elder E. Dubbs performing ceremony. These young people are well and favorably known in Hedley. The groom is a son of Mrs. Espey, of the Navlor community, and the bride is a daughter of our former city marshal, I. E. Lane, who now lives on the farm near Lelia Lake. Mr. Espey left Wednesday for Camp Cody, Deming, N. M., where he will train for army service. We trust he will return safely, and that he and his young bride may enjoy long life and happiness.

### THANKS

I desire to express in this manner my thanks to the good friends who supported me in the race for Sheriff and Tax Collector of Donley county. The fact that I didn't receive enough votes to elect me in no wise lessens my appreciation of the friends who supported me in the contest.  
M. T. Howard.

Dr. and Mrs. W. R. Smith returned Monday from an extended visit to Wichita Falls and points in Oklahoma.

Cecil Williams and J. F. Espey left Wednesday for Camp Cody, Deming, N. M., they having volunteered for military service the past week.

Subscribe for The Informer.

### Methodist Church

Services as usual. Attendance was good last Sunday. Let's thank next Sunday. You are invited to worship with us.  
Cal O. Wright, Pastor.

### TO THE VOTERS

I feel very grateful for your expression of confidence in electing me Sheriff and Tax Collector, and desire to express my thanks to you for your support in the primary. I shall try to serve you efficiently, and respectfully ask your co-operation to that end.  
Yours for service,  
J. H. Rutherford.

### I HAVE MOVED

My office to room No. 2 up stairs in the two story brick building, where I am prepared to write Deeds and do all other Notarial work.

List your farms with me for sale or trade.

L. A. STROUD.

Mrs. M. F. Sutton and son, Tom, of Alba, Wood county, arrived the first of the week for a visit with their daughter and sister, Mrs. G. O. Wood.

Mrs. J. B. Masterson and her daughter, Miss Levonia, have returned from a visit to Ardmore, Okla.

## Bank Checks

ARE CLEAN, CONVENIENT AND BUSINESSLIKE

They add to your security; they form a receipt for bills paid; they obviate the necessity of carrying currency around and of making exact change; they form a written record of expenditures.

This bank offers the convenience of a checking account and of an affiliation with a modern financial institution.

**The First State Bank**  
OF HEDLEY, TEXAS

GUARANTY FUND BANK

FOR SALE—Two tons of Maize; \$45.00 per ton.  
M. L. Sims.

L. B. Muncie and family made an auto trip to Mangum, Altus and other Oklahoma points last week. Lester says it's powerful dry up that way.

Born, to Rev. and Mrs. Cal O. Wright, last Saturday, August 3rd, a fine girl baby.

Miss Bess Bridges of Giles visited with Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Bridges the past week.

P. Lane of Clinton, Okla., has been here the past week closing up the transfer of his half section farm north of McKnight recently sold by J. P. Pool to S. J. Ayer of Windy Valley.

J. G. McDUGAL, Pres't.

W. B. QUIGLEY, Vice Pres't.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF

**The Guaranty State Bank**  
HEDLEY, TEXAS

AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 29, 1918

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts..... \$38,410.99	Capital..... \$15,000.00
Overdrafts..... 252.90	Surplus and Undivided Profits 6,586.28
Acceptances..... 4,736.96	Bills Payable..... 12,000.00
Banking House, Furn. and Fixt 5,119.13	
Int. in Guaranty Fund..... 533.59	
War Savings Stamps..... 322.96	
CASH..... 29,619.58	DEPOSITS..... 95,409.83
Total..... \$128,996.11	Total..... \$128,996.11

I certify the above statement is true and correct. J. D. SWIFT, Cashier.



# OVER THE TOP

## AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT

### ARTHUR GUY EMPNEY

MACHINE GUNNER, SERVING IN FRANCE

© 1917 BY ARTHUR GUY EMPNEY

#### WINNING A GERMAN PRISONER, FINDS HE IS FROM NEW YORK.

...the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of my father, an American living in Jersey City, as a private in the British army. After a sitting officer in London, he is sent to train- ere he first hears the sound of big guns and of "cooties." After a brief period of training into the front-line trenches, where he takes step while the bullets whiz overhead. Empey hat death lurks always in the trenches, elf by rescuing wounded men under hot empey has experience as a trench digger xperience on listening post detail. Ex- duty. Back in rest billets Empey lay.

#### ADAPTED

At one point trenches were driven into it, between the hole it was his tr to this stake papers to it, a place this of and other deli ceived from Bill for parcel. Later come out and get these.

The next night Tommy would go out to see what Fritz put into his stocking. The donation generally consisted of a paper from Berlin, telling who was winning the war, some tinned sausages, cigars, and occasionally a little beer, but a funny thing, Tommy never returned with the beer unless it was inside of him. His platoon got a whiff of his breath one night and the offending Tommy lost his job.

One night a young English sergeant crawled to the stake and as he tried to detach the German paper a bomb exploded and mangled him horribly. Fritz had set a trap and gained another victim which was only one more black mark against him in the book of this war. From that time on diplomatic relations were severed.

Returning to Tommy, I think his spirit is best shown in the questions he asks. It is never "who is going to win" but always "how long will it take?"

#### CHAPTER XX.

##### "Chats With Fritz."

We were swimming in money, from the receipts of our theatrical venture, and had forgotten all about the war, when an order came through that our brigade would again take over their sector of the line.

The day that these orders were issued, our captain assembled the company and asked for volunteers to go to the machine gun school at St. Omer. I volunteered and was accepted.

Sixteen men from our brigade left for the course in machine gunnery. This course lasted two weeks and we rejoined our unit and were assigned to the brigade machine gun company. It almost broke my heart to leave my company mates.

The gun we used was the Vickers, Light 203, water cooled.

I was still a member of the Suicide club, having jumped from the frying pan into the fire. I was assigned to section 1, gun No. 2, and the first time "in" took position in the front-line trench.

During the day our gun would be dismounted on the fire step ready for instant use. We shared a dugout with the Lewis gunners. At "stand to" we would mount our gun on the parapet and go on watch beside it until "stand down". In the morning, then the gun would be dismounted and again placed in readiness on the fire step.

We did eight days in the front-line trench without anything unusual happening outside of the ordinary trench routine. On the night that we were to "carry out," a bombing raid against the German lines was pulled off. This raiding party consisted of sixty company men, sixteen bombers, and four Lewis machine guns with their crews.

The raid took the Boches by surprise and was a complete success, the party bringing back twenty-one prisoners. The Germans must have been awfully sore, because they turned loose a barrage of shrapnel, with a few "Minnies" and "whizz bangs" intermixed. The shells were dropping into our front line like hailstones.

To get even, we could have left the prisoners in the fire trench, in charge of the men on guard and let them click Fritz's strafing but Tommy does not treat prisoners that way.

Five of them were brought into my dugout and turned over to me so that they would be safe from the German fire.

In the candlelight, they looked very much shaken, nerves gone and chatty faces, with the exception of one, a front big fellow. He looked very much at ease. I liked him from the start.

I got out the rum jar and gave each a nip and passed around some fags, the old reliable Woodbines. The other prisoners looked their gratitude, but the big fellow said in English, "Thank you, sir, the rum is excellent and I appreciate it, also your kindness."

He told me his name was Carl Schmidt, of the Sixty-sixth Bavarian Light Infantry; that he had lived six years in New York (knew the city better than I did), had been to Coney Island and many of our ball games. He was a regular fan. I couldn't make him believe that Hans Wagner wasn't the best ball player in the world.

From New York he had gone to London, where he worked as a waiter in the Hotel Russell. Just before the war he went home to Germany to see his parents, the war came and he was conscripted.

He told me he was very sorry to hear that London was in ruins from the Zeppelin raids. I could not convince him otherwise, for hadn't he seen moving pictures in one of the German cities of St. Paul's cathedral in ruins. I changed the subject because he was so stubborn in his belief. It was my intention to try and pump him for information as to the methods of the German snipers, who had been causing us trouble in the last few days.

I broached the subject and he shut up like a clam. After a few minutes he very innocently said:

"German snipers get paid rewards for killing the English."

I eagerly asked, "What are they?" He answered:

"For killing or wounding an English private, the sniper gets one mark. For

killng or wounding an English officer he gets five marks, but if he kills a Red Cap or English general, the sniper gets twenty-one days tied to the wheel of a limber as punishment for his carelessness."

Then he paused, waiting for the te bite, I suppose.

I bit all right and asked him why the sniper was punished for killing an English general. With a smile he replied:

"Well, you see, if all the English generals were killed, there would be no one left to make costly mistakes."

I shut him up, he was getting too fresh for a prisoner. After a while he winked at me and I winked back, then the escort came to take the prisoners to the rear. I shook hands and wished him "The best of luck and a safe journey to Blighty."

I liked that prisoner, he was a fine fellow, had an Iron Cross, too. I advised him to keep it out of sight, or some Tommy would be sending it home to his girl in Blighty as a souvenir.

One dark and rainy night while on guard we were looking over the top from the fire step of our front-line trench, when we heard a noise immediately in front of our barbed wire. The sentry next to me challenged.

"Halt, who comes there?" and brought

his rifle to the aim. His challenge was answered in German. A captain in the next traverse climbed upon the sand-bagged parapet to investigate—a brave but foolhardy deed—"Crack" went a bullet and he tumbled back into the trench with a hole through his stomach and died a few minutes later. A lance corporal in the next platoon was so enraged at the captain's death that he chucked a Mills bomb in the direction of the noise with the shouted warning to us: "Duck your nappers, my lucky lads." A sharp dynamite report, a flare in front of us, and then silence.

We immediately sent up two star shells, and in their light could see two dark forms lying on the ground close to our wire. A sergeant and four stretcher-bearers went out in front and soon returned, carrying two limp bodies. Down in the dugout, in the flickering light of three candles, we saw that they were two German officers, one a captain and the other an "unteroffizier," a rank one grade higher than a sergeant general, but below the grade of lieutenant.

The captain's face had been almost completely torn away by the bomb's explosion. The unteroffizier was alive, breathing with difficulty. In a few minutes he opened his eyes and blinked in the glare of the candles.

The pair had evidently been drinking heavily, for the alcohol fumes were sickening and completely pervaded the dugout. I turned away in disgust, hating to see a man cross the Great Divide full of booze.

One of our officers could speak German and he questioned the dying man. In a faint voice, interrupted by frequent hiccoughs, the unteroffizier told his story.

There had been a drinking bout among the officers in one of the German dugouts, the main beverage being champagne. With a drunken leer he informed us that champagne was plentiful on their side and that it did not cost them anything either. About seven that night the conversation had turned to the "contemptible" English, and the captain had made a wager that he would hang his cap on the English barbed wire to show his contempt for the English sentries. The wager was accepted. At eight o'clock the captain and he had crept out into No Man's Land to carry out this wager.

They had gotten about halfway across when the drink took effect and the captain fell asleep. After about two hours of vain attempts the unteroffizier had at last succeeded in waking the captain, reminded him of his bet, and warned him that he would be the laughing stock of the officers' mess if he did not accomplish his object, but the captain was trembling all over and insisted on returning to the German lines. In the darkness they lost their bearings and crawled toward the English trenches. They reached the barbed wire and were suddenly challenged by our sentry. Being too drunk to realize that the challenge was in English, the captain refused to crawl back. Finally the unteroffizier convinced his superior that they were in front of the English wire. Realizing this too late, the captain drew his revolver and with a muttered curse fired blindly toward our trench. His bullet no doubt killed our captain.

Then the bomb came over and there he was, dying—and a good job too, we thought. The captain dead? Well, his men wouldn't weep at the news. Without giving us any further information the unteroffizier died.

We searched the bodies for identification disks but they had left every thing behind before starting on their foolhardy errand.

Next afternoon we buried them in our little cemetery apart from the graves of the Tommies. If you ever go into that cemetery you will see two little wooden crosses in the corner of the cemetery set away from the rest.

They read:

Captain	in
German Army	a
Died — 1916	n
Unknown	ry
R. I. P.	id
Unteroffizier	
German Army	
Died — 1916	



Dead Bodies Everywhere.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

#### Be Above Gossip.

Gossiping is about the most useless kind of work one could possibly engage in. How much better and more charitable it is to turn a deaf ear to cruel truths, to honorably keep silent about what we have heard, and at the same time give the unfortunate person in the case the benefit of our doubt. "Small wits talk much," is an old saying and a true one. The girl or woman who would be truly happy, and who incidentally would make others happy, should wisely think twice before she speaks, and then should put into words only thoughts that are cheering and charitable.—New York Evening Mail.

#### His Duty Done.

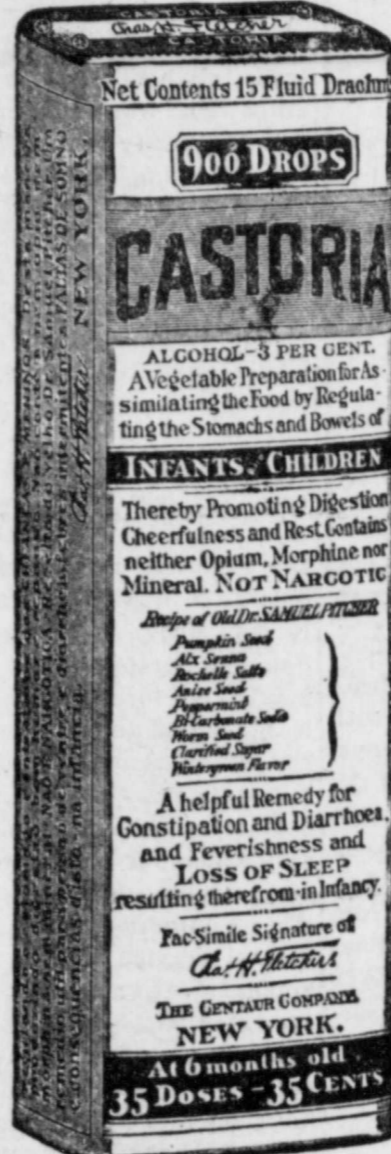
The family is rather demonstrative when the various members of the household come and go. The grandchildren are expected to embrace every one at the beginning and at the end of a visit. Fred and Albert were getting into their clothing and making their hasty adieux preparatory to catching their train home after Christmas. "Hurry up, Fred," Albert shouted; "you're too slow for anything I've got mine all kissed."

## A Great Responsibility.

THE responsibility attached to the preparing of a remedy for infants and children is undoubtedly greater than that imposed upon the manufacturer of remedies for adults whose system is sufficiently strong to counteract, for a time at least, any injurious drug. It is well to observe that Castoria is prepared today, as it has been for the past 40 years, under the personal supervision of Mr. Chas. H. Fletcher.

What have makers of imitations and substitutes at stake? What are their responsibilities? To whom are they answerable? They spring up today, scatter their nefarious wares broadcast, and disappear tomorrow.

Could each mother see the painstaking care with which the prescription for Fletcher's Castoria is prepared: could they read the innumerable testimonials from grateful mothers, they would never listen to the subtle pleadings and false arguments of those who would offer an imitation of, or substitute for the tried and true Fletcher's Castoria.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## Children Cry For



### Extracts from Letters by Grateful Parents to Chas. H. Fletcher.

G. J. English, of Springfield, Mass., says: "It was your Castoria that saved my child."  
Mrs. Mary McGinnis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "We have given our baby your Castoria ever since she was born, and we recommend it to all mothers."  
N. E. Calmes, of Marion, Ky., says: "You have the best medicine in the world, as I have given your Castoria to my babies from first to last."  
Mrs. Albert Ugusky, of Lawrenceburg, Ind., says: "As I have had your Castoria in use for nearly three years, I am pleased to say it is just as represented. My children are both well and happy—thanks to Castoria."  
R. P. Stockton, of New Orleans, La., says: "We began giving your Castoria to our baby when he was eight days old and have kept it up ever since, never having had to give any other medicine."  
Mrs. Dolph Hornbuckle, of Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "We commenced giving your Castoria to our baby when she was four weeks old. She is now seven months and weighs 19½ pounds. Everyone remarks: 'What a healthy looking baby.' We give Castoria credit for it."

### GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS BEARS

the Signature of

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Let's Talk. She—Some one has said that kisses are love's language. He—That so? Let's talk.

## FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion. Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Optimistic Thought. Man is neither by birth nor disposition a savage.

## HEADACHES

This distressing ailment should be relieved at once and save strain on Nervous System. CAPUDINE gives quick relief. It's a liquid—Pleasant to take.—Adv.

Some men are high livers because of their inability to pay ground floor rents.



Slice Libby's Veal Loaf and garnish with cucumbers, water-cress and salad dressing—very tempting!



## Veal Loaf with such flavor!

THIS delicately flavored Veal Loaf is made with such perfection by Libby's expert chefs in the immaculate Libby kitchens—that you will always want these chefs to make it for you. You find it so appetizing, so nutritious a meat at such little cost and trouble.

Order Libby's Veal Loaf for lunch-eon today. Serve either hot or cold, your family will delight in it.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



Kodak Films Developed Free. Velvet or semi-gloss prints only 50c and all PAID BY FINISHING, 3094 Main, Fort Worth, Tex.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, SILLWORK—High quality guaranteed. Straight cuts or house bills shipped anywhere. Jodel, Co-operative Lumber Co., Lake Charles, La.



Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE. Pinned anywhere, Dally Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Into all corners. Made by Dally Fly Killer Co., 1111 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. Dally Fly Killer Sold by druggists, or 5c each by express, prepaid, U.S.A. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE WALS AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Where He Goes. Asket—What's become of the incorrigible kid who used to be driven from home because his parents couldn't do anything with him? Tellum—Oh, he takes an hour or two off from his duties as president and director of half the big concerns in the city to drive around to the old folks in one of his new twelve-cylinder palaces to tell pa and ma that he's getting along just tolerable.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Stinging—Just Easy Comfort. 6c each at Druggists or Mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MULLINEY EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO



# THE HEDLEY GARAGE

Under New Management

YOUR BUSINESS APPRECIATED

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

PHONE 123

## Hedley Garage

J. P. POOL, MANAGER

# On Friday and Saturday August 9 and 10

ANOTHER SPLENDID PROGRAM for you. It begins with a feature Perfection Picture, entitled

## "Filling his own Shoes"

and a Fine and Dandy Comedy

## "The Brass Monkey"

SEVEN REELS. DON'T MISS IT!

# Pleasant Hour Theatre

### OVERLAND AUTOS

We have the agency for the Overland cars in this territory and are ready to accommodate old customers and make new ones. This year we have cars that are REAL Automobiles—that make good in every way.

We will be pleased to demonstrate the superior qualities of the Overland at any time.

Will trade cars for good horses and mules.

**LOTT & LOTT**  
CLARENDON TEXAS

**R. H. BEVILLE**  
Attorney at Law  
Clarendon, Texas

**DR. B. YOUNGER**  
DENTIST  
Clarendon, Texas

**GEO. A. RYAN**  
Real Estate, Loans  
and Insurance  
You don't have to wait if you tell me your wants in these lines. Office: Connally bldg.  
CLARENDON, TEXAS

### Busy Bee Cafe AND CONFECTIONERY

The Right Place to Go When  
You Are HUNGRY  
or THIRSTY

Brown & Rankin, Props.

### King Barber Shop

J. B. KING, Prop.

First Class Equipment,  
Prompt and Courteous  
Service Always.

Agent Panhandle  
Steam Laundry

### Midway Barber Shop

In New Hess Hotel

Bob Harper, Prop.

We Always Strive to Give the  
Best of Service

Also Agency Memphis  
Steam Laundry

Subscribe for The Informer.

### THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

For Governor  
Wm. P. Hobby  
For Congress, 18th District  
Marvin Jones  
For State Senator, 20th Dist.  
W. S. Bell  
For Representative 124th Dist.  
E. B. Hill  
For Judge 47th Judicial District:  
Henry S. Bishop  
For County Judge  
W. T. Link  
For County and District Clerk:  
W. E. Bray  
For Sheriff and Tax Collector:  
J. H. Rutherford  
For Tax Assessor  
B. F. Naylor  
For County Treasurer  
Mrs. Willie Goldston  
For Commissioner, Prec. 3  
J. G. McDougal  
For Public Weigher, at Hedley  
J. S. Beach  
For Justice Peace, Hedley  
W. Z. Hoggard  
For Constable, at Hedley  
C. L. Kinsey

### BAPTIST RALLY DAY, AUG. 18

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Harris have received word that their son, Pratt Harris, has arrived safely overseas. Pratt is in the field artillery and received his training at Camp Lewis, Wash.

Our good friend J. K. P. Kyser, living in Bray community, and one of the county's best citizens, was in town the other day and presented the Informer family with a large bucket of luscious peaches. They were simply fine.

### SUPREME FLOUR

Just received a carload of Supreme Flour. None better.  
TIMS & COOPER.

Miss Zela Boles of Wellington visited Miss Jessie Lee Pool the past week.

All the Hedley boys who trained at Camp Bowie have arrived safely overseas.

Lloyd Lane, who has been in France about a year, has been promoted again and is now a Sergeant.

STRAY MARES—I have at my place two stray mares, one black 14½ hands high, one roan 14½ hands high.  
T. C. Johnson, Giles.

J. T. Parks of Gravley, Ark., has been here the past week, visiting his daughter, Mrs. J. W. Brumley.

W. R. McCarroll came in from Claude Sunday and spent the day at home.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Jones of Clarendon visited Frank Kendall and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Hornsby expect to leave soon for a visit to relatives in Alabama.

M. L. Raney of Elida, N. M., is here on a visit to his son, M. C. Raney, and family.

C. A. Clarke is here from Fort Worth for a month's visit at the home of his son, J. M. Clarke.

FOUND—A bunch of keys. Call at this office, pay for this notice and get them.

J. E. Lee left Saturday for a visit of several days to his father at Lockney.

BAPTIST RALLY DAY, AUG. 18  
BAPTIST RALLY DAY, AUG. 18

### GILES GOSSIP

Dear editor and readers of the newsy little Informer: Perhaps some of you are not aware of the fact that such a place exists as this little burg called Giles. Yes, indeed, right here in the south east corner of the county of Donley, state of Texas, is the city of Giles; and to give you some faint idea of its people and its many resources I have been requested by the editor of the Informer and some of its readers to contribute the happenings of the community weekly to your valuable paper. Therefore, be it resolved, that I promise to do my very best to give you as accurately as possible the news each week. But, remember, I'll not be responsible for all mistakes, if there be any found in an item, so if your name appears in the write-up, and the "blanket is stretched" a little, just take it patriotically, and to yourself you may "cuss" me and ye editor as much as you please. We are now ready to say:

We had the finest rain last week that has fallen during the summer season. Crops of all kinds, though rather late, are doing fine.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Watt and daughter, Miss Ruby, accompanied by Mrs. W. I. Rains and little son, Charles, of Hedley, left Wednesday for Navarro county for a two weeks visit with relatives.

Miss Bessye Thaxton has returned home after several weeks stay with her sister, Mrs. Ruby Daniels, of Amarillo.

The little babes of Mrs. Tom Johnson and Mr. and Mrs. Frisby both have been very sick, but glad to report them better.

Mrs. John Curtis and children made a flying trip to Amarillo Saturday, returning Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Curtis of Amarillo came down Monday to visit relatives for a few days.

Mrs. W. A. Wylie and children of the Bunker Hill community spent the day Sunday with Mrs. E. L. Mevis.

Judge Akers, who has been very feeble for so long, is improving slowly. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Little Miss Edna Lee Davis visited relatives at Quanah last Saturday and Sunday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Denson Galbraith, on the 28th of July, a girl baby. Mother and babe doing well.

Floyd Hanks, wife and baby have gone to Lelia Lake for a few weeks visit with relatives.

Roy Butler has moved to the Les Hawkins farm north of Hedley.

John Curtis and family attended the show at The Pasture, in Clarendon, last Monday night.

Other Meredith was operated on for appendicitis at a Memphis hospital last Friday, and the last reports from him are that he is very low.

Miss Nora Gary entertained the younger set with a party last Saturday night, the occasion being her thirteenth birthday.

W. L. Wheat of Memphis was a Sunday visitor in our city last Sunday.

If the above don't put your nerves and brains to racking, we'll venture again.  
Farner's Wife.

### BAPTIST RALLY DAY, AUG. 18

John L. Snodgrass of Hedley was in Amarillo yesterday and volunteered for service in the coast artillery.

Zeb Moore has been wearing his head in a sling lately, caused by getting it under a big lump of coal just at the time said lump decided to move to a lower altitude.

## Have 'Em Burn

It doesn't cost you any more to HAVE A GOOD JOB than one done poorly. When that Ford motor overhauled, your bearings. Motors with in will give more actual service than those with bearings fitted.

By this method it is possible of one ten-thousandth part

FOR SERVICE

Highway

In Business  
Your Health

---that's the  
none but the  
and Medicines.

We hope you can get through the year without sickness, but at the same time we're prepared to take care of you if you need us. At your service, any time.

### HEDLEY DRUG CO.

In Business for Your Health

### BAPTIST RALLY DAY, AUG. 18

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Morris of Wellington, S. C., are here, visiting friends and looking after their farm property.

Miss Jessie Sledge of Wellington has been visiting at the home of her uncle, J. R. Boston, the past week.

Howard Randal of Memphis was a visitor in Hedley yesterday evening.

G. A. Blankenship was here from Goodnight the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Lane of Clarendon spent Sunday with the J. Walker Lane family here.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Rankin, on Monday, July 22nd, a girl baby.

T. R. Moreman and family left in their car Thursday for a vacation trip to Sulphur, Okla.

Jet Brumley is driving a handsome new Dodge car.

A. J. Akers has purchased a new Dodge car from A. L. Miller.

The A. C. and L. B. Muncie families paid a visit to Clarendon Monday.

W. P. Blake of Clarendon was a visitor in Hedley last Sunday morning.

C. E. Blankenship, accompanied by his father in law, visited here the first of the week from Goodnight.

The Informer, \$1.00 per year.

### CHICKENS AND EGGS

I am now in the market for all the Chickens I can get,—and all kinds.

Still goign strong on Eggs. Will also buy your Butter, Turkeys and other produce. The highest prices paid.

R. S. SMITH.

### DR. W. R. SMITH

DENTIST

Hedley, Texas

Office, for the present, at Nippert Hotel

### J. B. Ozler, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office Phone No. 45—3r.  
Residence Phone No. 45—2r.  
Hedley, Texas

### Drs. Odom & Johnson

Medical and Surgical Treatment  
Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat  
and Fitting of Glasses  
CHILDRESS, TEXAS

Dr. Johnson will be in Hedley every 4th Tuesday and Wednesday in each month to render you service.

### Dr. F. B. Erwin

Graduate and Licensed  
VETERINARIAN

Inter State Inspector

Memphis, Texas

Office: Tomball, Houston, Dallas, Drip Springs



**BE ARTISTIC**

It Should Be Generally Case.

**SURROUNDINGS**

House It Should Be in Har- General

will answer FIVE OF ing to the ders of this ide experi- manufac- highest au- Address all ford. No. 1827 only

of ar- much ess, or it ruded. ste build- ing od- eit is ms xp st

**COINED WORD THAT STUCK**

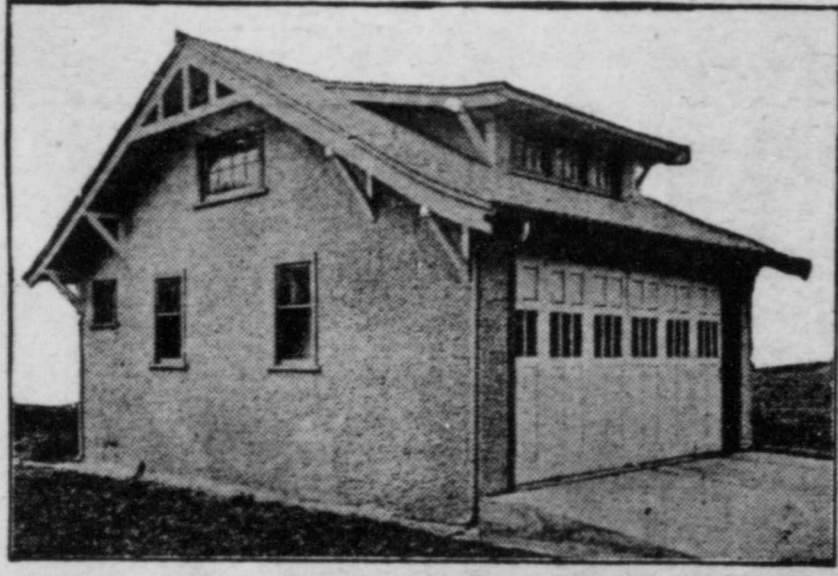
"Gerrymander" Has Long Been Cred- ited to Newspaper Man, Who Used It in the Year 1812.

"Gerrymander," from the name of a Massachusetts governor, has been used for more than 100 years in the United States to mean the division of election districts in an unnatural and unfair way for political purposes.

"In 1812, when Gerry was governor of Massachusetts, the Republican (corresponding to the Democratic in modern nomenclature) legislature re-distributed the districts in such wise that the shapes of the towns forming a single district in Essex county gave to the district a somewhat dragonlike contour. This was indicated on a map of Massachusetts which Benjamin Rus-sell, an ardent federalist and editor of the Sentinel, hung up over the desk in his office. The celebrated painter Gilbert Stuart observing the uncouth figure, added with his pencil a head, wings and claws, and exclaimed: 'That

**Character Depends on Location.**

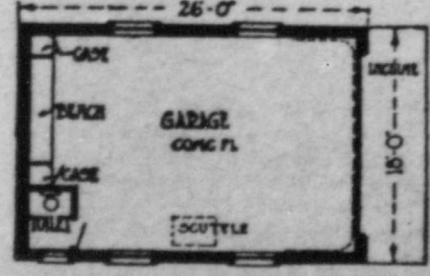
The first determining element as to the general character of the building is its location on the grounds. If it is near to the house itself and aggressively visible as part of the same glance of the eye, it should be treated



as a subordinate element of the house in harmony with the same general scheme.

When it becomes necessary to place a garage on a small plot just at the elbow of the house, the limitations become more exacting. It is so easy to kill the appearance of the house by a cheap home for the motor car. But even here much can be done in simple ways, if it be just the right touch at the right place. A hood over the wide doorway may soften its aggressive severity; dignified pilasters flanking the entrance may bring the little side building into closer harmony with the residence; sloping the lines of the roof may eliminate the suggestion of a packing box that often breathes from a small building with a flat roof; the windows may be casemented or laticed or supplied with window boxes for flowers; ivy or growing vines may cover the sides with a note of gracious charm. Even a happy choice of the right color of paint may mitigate an architectural crime to a mere misdemeanor.

In remodeling an old garage or in planning a new one, the most satisfy-



Floor Plan of Two-Car Garage.

ing results are often reached by making it a combination building to do more than merely to house automobiles. Keeping a country place is a work that is rarely finished. There is always a tendency to expansion and new needs that have no limits but the purse of the owner. A new garage may afford opportunity to make it combine an extra room for the help, a bowling alley, a tool room, storage space for garden and porch furniture, or whatever the yearning fancy of the owner may make him feel is essential for his comfort, or ease, or convenience.

The man who eventually planned and built this good looking garage, as illustrated in the photograph, had been collecting ideas about garages and had studied the subject until he had some well-defined ideas about what he wanted. One day he summed the proposition up for me in these words:

"When I build a garage—and some day I am going to, in order to get away from the high cost of 'boarding' at the public garage—I will build my garage in the back yard close to the house, and will make it as nearly fireproof as I can. That is, the floor will be concrete and the walls hollow tile.

"It is fifty-fifty with me whether the tile surface is stuccoed or, vitrified tile being used, the dark brown surface of the tile itself is left exposed. Both are good looking, and both give good protection for the car, which is the important thing.

"If I build a double garage I will make it 18 by 26 feet, and if for one car, 11½ by 22 feet. I want plenty of windows and doors that operate easily. I know that there are several first-class ways to hang garage doors, and special hardware for the purpose, and I am going to look into them all very carefully before I decide; because a hard-working door or one that is not weather-tight is an everlasting nuisance."

**COINED WORD THAT STUCK**

"Gerrymander" Has Long Been Cred- ited to Newspaper Man, Who Used It in the Year 1812.

"Gerrymander," from the name of a Massachusetts governor, has been used for more than 100 years in the United States to mean the division of election districts in an unnatural and unfair way for political purposes. It has been proved, however, that Governor Gerry was not entitled to the dubious honor of having the word named after him. John Fiske gives the origin of gerrymander in this way:

"In 1812, when Gerry was governor of Massachusetts, the Republican (corresponding to the Democratic in modern nomenclature) legislature re-distributed the districts in such wise that the shapes of the towns forming a single district in Essex county gave to the district a somewhat dragonlike contour. This was indicated on a map of Massachusetts which Benjamin Rus-sell, an ardent federalist and editor of the Sentinel, hung up over the desk in his office. The celebrated painter Gilbert Stuart observing the uncouth figure, added with his pencil a head, wings and claws, and exclaimed: 'That

will do for a salamander.' 'Better say a Gerrymander,' growled the editor, and the outlandish name, thus coined, soon came into general currency."

**No Sergeants' Messroom.**

There is no sergeants' messroom in the American army. Sergeants and privates have the same food, served in the same style and place. The age for enlisting is from 18 to 35 years. All men offering to join must be United States citizens, or at least have in their possession first citizenship papers. The term of service is three years, and twenty-five years must be served before a pension is obtainable, except in exceptional circumstances. Soldiers' widows get \$12 per month while they remain single and for each child an extra \$2 a month is allowed until the child reaches the age of 16 years. Punishments in the army are very severe, two years' hard labor being the minimum penalty for desertion, even in time of peace. A repetition of the offense is punished by a penal servitude of five years. If a deserter manages to hide himself so as to avoid arrest for two years, and lives during that period in the United States he may not be brought to trial. Any one returning a deserter to his regiment can claim a reward of \$50 from the government.

Oh, You "Dixie" Tuns.

The Houston Post notes that "some Cincinnati feller is writing new words for 'Dixie,' and it discourages him with—

"No use. Few people have ever learned the old words. It is the 'Dixie' tune that plays the wild with human emotions and makes a patriot want to yell and shoot holes through the enemy."

Quicker Production of Antitoxin.

The Fresna Medica, Buenos Ayres, reports fine results with horses over ten years of age in the production of antitoxins. "These results with old horses surpass in the number of units and in the shortness of the time any thing previously realized with the old technic, thus saving both time and expense."

**Late Summer Silk Suits**



Those who design suits showed us just how adroit they could be when they managed their early spring offerings of wool. They had to be made of the shortest allowance of goods, but the designers made a virtue of necessity and the conservation of wool worked to the advantage of styles. Later they turned to several new and heavy weaves in silk as a substitute for wool and for midsummer they were able to forget all about saving materials and design suits of taffeta and satin according to their own fancy. These make the last of their offerings; for now they must begin their work for fall.

No one could ask for more than they have done this season in giving us variety in styles. In the pretty suit at the left of the picture there returns once more the banished plaited skirt, with four double box plaits, to commend it to the possessor of a slender figure. The short coat boasts side plaits below the waistline, the design apparently determining to make the most of the privilege of using plaits again. The coat opens over a narrow white vest, the straight pieces at each side of the front having the effect of scarf ends finished with pendent, silk-covered balls.

The suit at the right is of black

taffeta with a plain, moderately full skirt. Coats pointed at the bottom have proved so graceful that this feature of spring styles is retained in this model. The collar, cut in points that are embroidered, is new. The girdle at the high waistline is extended into points at each side of the back, and these are embroidered also. The sleeves are gathered into flaring cuffs, ornamented with a row of rather large silk-covered buttons.

**Children's Clothes.**

There are many serviceable frocks of linen of heavy weave. For some reason, some of the smart children's outfitters have put out an unusual number of linen frocks in yellow and lavender; perhaps because these colors are off the beaten track of children's equipment. We must all have grown a little weary of the incessant pink and blue conventionally selected for little girls a few years and more ago, observes a Paris fashion correspondent. It does seem a little odd to put lavender on a two-year-old, doesn't it? And yet one of the most charming frocks recently shown by a children's dressmaker of note was of white voile, with collars and cuffs of violet organdie finished with loose, coarse buttonholing.

**Inexpensive Hats for Little Girls**



Three little inexpensive hats for the small girl, in the picture above, demonstrate that headwear need not be fine in order to be tasteful. These shapes are well blocked and very simply trimmed with velvet or silk ribbon in narrow widths and good quality. The braids are of the cheaper kind, but they are substantial enough for the short-lived millinery of the little miss who is apt to put their staying qualities to the test.

At the left of the group the most popular of shapes for little girls is shown, made of a heavy tuscan braid rather closely woven. It is the natural straw color. Narrow blue satin ribbon is banded about it and finished with a knot at the front, and the hat is lined with blue silk.

Very much the same shape is shown at the right, of white milan hemp. Narrow satin ribbon, gathered along one edge, is used to make a band and medallions on the crown. There are three small medallions, one at each side and one at the back, and a larger one at the front. A little blossom is posed, with a bow of the ribbon, at the base of each medallion. In this particular hat the ribbon is light blue satin and the blossom a pink wild rose.

The odd hat of fancy braid (in the natural straw color) at the center of the picture is a Chinese inspiration. The curious peak in the crown distinguishes it from other shapes and is reminiscent of coolie hats and turbans with distinguishing buttons at the top. Narrow brown velvet ribbon makes a band with ends crossing at the front, where clusters of little buds are

tacked over the ribbon. It wouldn't be possible to place trimming more simply, and that is what gives childish hats their character.

Julia Bonnelly

**Washable Walls.**

Why should children prefer to write on immaculate walls rather than on writing paper? Because, first, their mothers caution them not to do it, and, second, because the walls are whiter and the writing looks better on them than it does on paper. But the time has come when the mother need fear for the white nursery walls no longer. They can indeed, be changed from a source of irritation to educational purposes by means of a finish which makes them washable. In other words all pencil, crayon and pen marks may be washed away. Consequently, the wall surface is as good a place for drawing pictures or making examples as a blackboard. Although the finish is intended primarily for the walls of the nursery, it may be used in the kitchen, living room or other part of the house where children are wont to try out artistic ability on the walls. The finish may be in any one of a number of different shades.

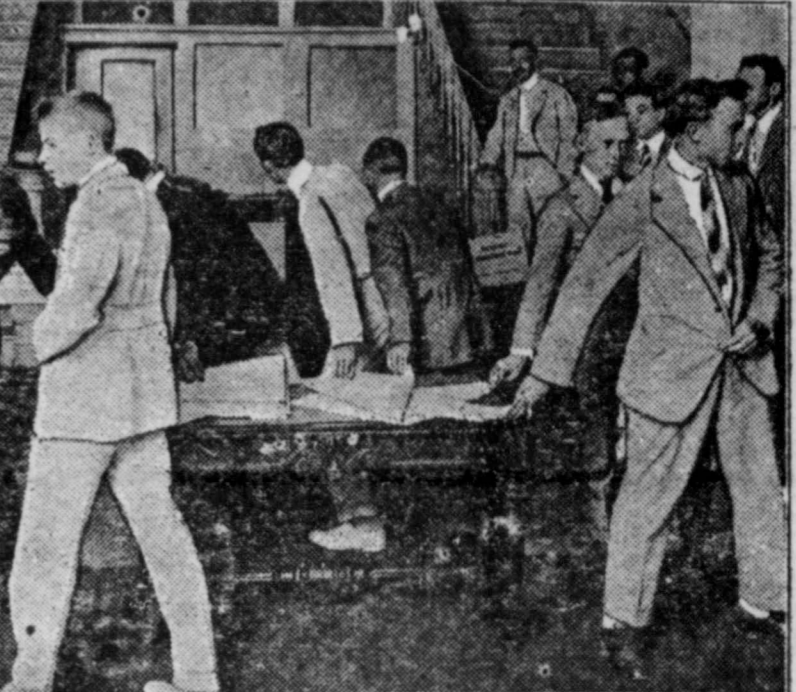
**For Bargain Blouses.**

Lawn and voiles in checks and stripes and flowery designs have been thrown on the remnant counters and are selling for almost nothing. For from 25 cents to \$1 enough material for a blouse may be picked up.

**Our Part in Feeding the Nation**

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

**SECURITY GUARDS CROP REPORTS**



Press Representatives Awaiting Signal for Release of Crop Report.

**ACCURACY IS AIM IN CROP REPORTS**

Department of Agriculture Gathers Information on American Food Production.

**STRICT SECRECY MAINTAINED**

Forecasts Reflect Efforts of Farmers for Maximum Yields and Have Immediate and Marked Effect on Various Markets.

Dependence of a large part of the world upon American farm production has focused public attention upon the crop reports of the United States department of agriculture—reports which the United States government sponsors and protects from illegal use to the ultimate degree. Just now the crop reports are reflecting the efforts of American farmers for maximum production. When small crops are reported the news serves to prepare the country and enable necessary adjustments.

**Strict Secrecy Rules.**

The crop reports, too, have an immediate and marked effect upon the markets. Their great importance in this field has made necessary thorough safeguards against premature publication and unauthorized use. Every avenue through which information might be filtered from the locked rooms where the reports are finally prepared is closed and remains closed until the second, when, as shown in the picture, the signal for release is given.

On "crop reporting day" at an hour set months in advance, newspaper and press association representatives gather in the main building of the department of agriculture. Each has near at hand a telephone already connected with his office and at the other end of the line is a man equipped with a blank crop reporting form. Shortly before the moment set copies of the completed crop reports are placed on a table, face down, and each newspaper man gets his hand on one. At the signal, given by a high official of the department, the newspaper men get to their telephones and in a very few minutes the coveted information is being read in every large market in the United States and the next day, at the latest, it is available in every community of the United States and in the larger markets of foreign countries.

**Big Organization Works.**

The "release" of the crop reports follows work in which tens of thousands and sometimes hundreds of thousands of persons all over the country have participated. Distributed over the country are 42 salaried field agents, one in each state or group of small states. The bureau also employs ten crop specialists, one each for cotton, rice and tobacco, who travel through the regions in which their special crops are grown. In addition there are approximately 175,000 voluntary crop reporters, including county and township reporters and producers, buyers and handlers of grain and live stock.

**Tabulation of Crop Information.**

The returns from each class of reporters are tabulated and averaged separately as a check against the others. To prevent a total for any of the so-called speculative crops, such as corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye and cotton, from becoming known to any person prior to the time fixed in advance, even the tabulators and computers who make up the totals do not know the states to which they pertain. The final telegraphic reports and comments of the field agents relating to the speculative crops are kept locked in the office of the secretary of agriculture until crop reporting day, when they

**ACCURACY OF CROP REPORTS.**

Wherever it has been possible to secure an absolute check the crop reports of the department of agriculture have usually been found to be surprisingly accurate. Wheat will be added to the few crops for which an additional check will be made available through the new requirements by which all threshermen must report to the bureau of markets of the department the quantity of wheat thrashed and the acreage from which it was produced.

**No Open House for Rats.**

Do not keep "open house" for rats by leaving basement doors ajar for ventilation without proper safeguards. The management of a large department store in an eastern city recently had a very expensive lesson in this regard. Rats had been doing damage to the extent of nearly \$1,000 a month, but by persistent trapping were finally exterminated. The building was then made "rat-proof." But after a time rats were again at their work of destruction.

Puzzled to know how the pests had gained entrance, the management learned that in summer the night watchman was accustomed to leave a basement door open for ventilation. Naturally the rats entered and another campaign of extermination had to be waged. This expense could easily have been prevented, says the bureau of biological survey of the department of agriculture, if a piece of sheet iron three feet high had been placed across the doorway and the sides of the doorway sheeted with metal or otherwise made smooth so that rats could not gain a foothold. Rats cannot climb over such barriers, as they do over mesh or crossed wires.

**PACKING FRUIT FOR MARKET**

Good, Clean and Attractive Packages Count for More Than Inexperienced Man Realizes.

The commercial grower knows that good clean packages and honest attractive packs count a great deal—more than the inexperienced man realizes. Fruit coming from the Pacific coast, where good packages and professional packers are appreciated, finds a ready sale and good prices. Eastern growers have learned many a lesson in fruit packing from their Western brothers. The Western product outsells that produced in the Central and Eastern states because of the very attractive pack of the former. While the quality of certain classes of the Pacific grown fruit is no better than Eastern grown stock, yet it is so carefully sorted and packed that it at once catches the eye of the fruit purchasers and adds at least 25 per cent to the selling value of Western grown fruit.



# Comfort and Entertainment for Soldiers

Theaters, Libraries, Hostess Houses and Club Rooms Meet Need of Men in Camp



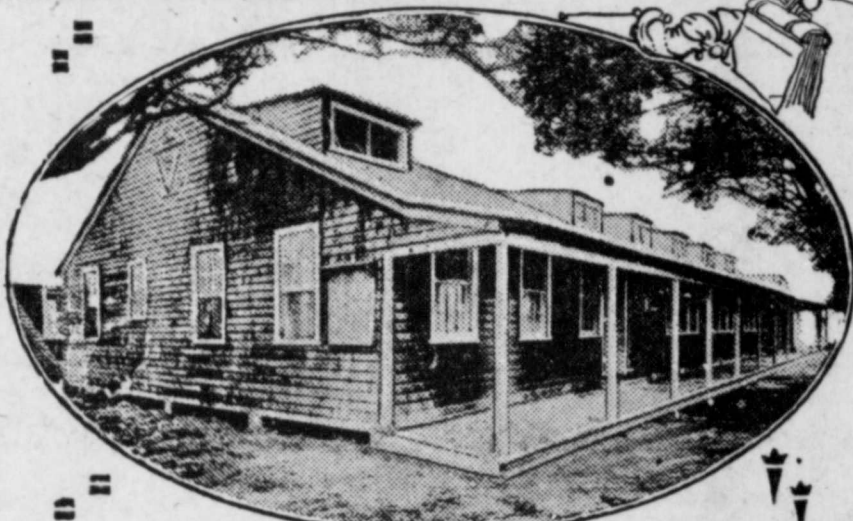
INTERIOR OF LIBRARY AT CAMP GRANT, ROCKFORD, ILL.



INTERIOR OF HOSTESS HOUSE, CAMP LEWIS, WASHINGTON



LIBERTY THEATER, CAMP TAYLOR, LOUISVILLE, KY.



NAVY Y.M.C.A. BUILDING AT PHILADELPHIA

**T**HE war and navy departments' commissions on training camp activities were created at the beginning of the war to supply our young men everywhere in training with the normalities of life. Raymond B. Fosdick, chairman of these twin commissions, wished to accomplish this by creating as little new machinery as possible. Therefore, the Young Men's Christian association, the Knights of Columbus, the Jewish Welfare board, the American Library association and all such already existing organizations were called upon to lend their co-operation. The Young Women's Christian association came into the camps later with that unique institution, the Hostess House. This house was designed primarily to take care of women visitors to the camps and furnish a place of meeting between them and the men.

The commissions were determined to cover the whole ground in furnishing amusement, recreation and educational facilities for the soldiers and sailors. Wherever there seemed to be a gap that no existing agency was particularly prepared to fill the commission supplied the need direct, meeting the problem of a place to go to and be entertained in the evenings. The post exchange, or soldier's co-operative stores, were similarly started in the 16 National army camps, and furnish a place where the men may spend their money. Everything is on sale there from a shoe shine to a pink valentine and from an ice cream soda to a song book of the kind that the men use when they gather together by the thousands for mass singing.

Club life in the camps is furnished through the Y. M. C. A. and the K. of C., and in a few camps the Jewish Welfare buildings. Men may read, write, loaf and smoke, listen to music and write letters home in these buildings. Also, in the auditorium of each building, entertainments of all sorts or held. Camp talent musicals, athletic stunts, and imported entertainment programs all take place here, in addition to those given in the larger Y. M. C. A. auditorium in each camp, and in the Liberty theaters. The Hostess House furnishes the home life of the camp and has come to be popular with the men in the evenings all during the week. With the post exchange playing the role of country store or corner drug store not only in supplying his needs, but in furnishing a place to meet his friends and swap stories—the men's needs are pretty thoroughly taken care of.

Thirty-six library buildings have already been completed in the military camps of the country, and others are under way. These buildings are made possible by a special grant from the Carnegie corporation of \$320,000, and other funds.

The type of building chosen is new in the library world. They are wooden structures of rather plain design, similar to the usual type of buildings found in modern camps. Most of the buildings in the cantonments are 120 by 40 feet, while those in smaller camps are 93 by 40 feet. Special attention has been given to adequate facilities for heating, ventilation and light, and many features are now being added to make these quiet, restful buildings more attractive and inviting than would be expected in the usual camp equipment. Some of the buildings have spacious open fireplaces built into inviting nooks. Others have closed porches, and all are equipped with fire extinguishers, drinking fountains and running water.

The interior is one large reading room, with two bedrooms located at one end for housing the library staff. Trained librarians are in charge of each building. All of the shelves are open for inspection and contain from 10,000 to 20,000 volumes. Each building has a comfortable seating capacity for about 200 readers. In the library building is housed the main supply of books for the camp, and from it branches are maintained in the barracks, the mess halls, hospitals, Y. M. C. A. and K. of C. buildings.

Each of the sixteen National army camps has been provided by the commissions on training camp activities with a Liberty theater building, having seating capacity of 3,000 and a stage accommodating the scenery for "Broadway" productions. These buildings are furnished with real footlights, dressing rooms and scenery for any ordinary production. There is also an orchestra pit where regimental bands play at every performance.

Nine theaters of a smaller type have been completed in the National Guard camps and others are in course of construction. The entire sixteen

of these will have these buildings when the plan is completed. The approximate size of the larger cantonment theaters is 179 by 120 feet, with a seating capacity of from 2,500 to 3,000. The stages in those theaters are 60 by 32 feet and the floor of the house 132 by 120 feet. The National Guard camps' theaters have a seating capacity of 1,000; the building is 60 by 120 feet and the stage 22 by 40 feet. The house floors are approximately 90 by 60 feet.

Each theater has five entrances and fifteen exits, and is so constructed as to be easily emptied in case of fire. Much of the work of constructing these theaters has been carried on by the many electricians, scene painters and other expert mechanics who were discovered in the camps. Chautauqua tents are used for "shows" in the smaller camps, where regular dramatic productions, vaudeville and movies are provided by the government for the men.

The Hostess House is a large brown, bungalow-like building set near the entrance to the camp, and stands out distinctly against the background of unpainted army buildings.

Of the \$5,000,000 Y. W. C. A. war fund, \$1,350,000 was appropriated as an initial fund in starting the Hostess House work. Seventy of these buildings are already in operation. Some of the larger cantonments have two, or even three where the number of negro troops makes one seem advisable for colored women. Women architects have had the entire charge of the plans for the Hostess Houses. While these houses vary somewhat in size and detail, according to the demands of the situation, in general structure and style they are similar. The utmost degree of attractiveness in keeping with camp life has been attained both inside and outside of these buildings. Each one has a large chimney in the middle of the living room—a rest room for women, out of which opens a fully-equipped nursery; and the back of the building houses a cafeteria, where attractive meals are served. The buildings are electric lighted and steam heated, and are also the sun parlors which usually extend across two sides of the house. The second floor of the larger buildings contains not only the bedrooms of the resident hostesses and staffs, but emergency sleeping quarters for women stranded in camp.

The Y. M. C. A. has been on the ground from the first. Before the camps were entirely completed they had their headquarters established in tents and were present with a welcome to the incoming recruits. They dispensed information and good cheer. In fact, one of their representatives accompanied each of the incoming troop trains, going from car to car, addressing the men informally, telling them what the Y. M. C. A. stood for in camp and preparing them for the sort of thing that would greet them at camp. The Y. M. C. A. operates 178 army and navy stations at present. At the largest of these there are 14 buildings with a large force of secretaries and other officials.

The new standard service or so-called type "E" Y. M. C. A. building is an interesting architectural achievement. It is the last word in utility, compactness, economy of space, material and money efficiency and adaptability to a multitude of dissimilar uses. The problem was to find buildings that would be "all things to all men" in the cantonments. The demand was for some sort of structure that would simultaneously be home, club, church, schoolhouse and entertainment center for the men in the ranks, a place where the whole varied army Y. M. C. A. program could be going on at one time without any phase seriously interfering with other phases of the work; where there would be facilities for the movies, the lectures, or the religious talks, and where at the same time the man who wanted to write home, buy a stamp or a money order, wrap up a package, borrow a book or a magazine, play a game

of checkers or chess, enjoy a chat with his chum or a heart-to-heart talk with the secretary could do so.

The type "E" building—with its modification, the type "F" building in use in National Guard camps—is the solution of the problem. Only a visit to one of these great camp centers, however, can give an adequate idea of how admirably it fulfills its purpose. The six-story Y. M. C. A. buildings are easily distinguishable by their dark green coat of stain from the bare and unpainted barracks that flank them. Numerous broad windows in the roof flood the interior with sunshine, and doors placed at convenient intervals afford ready access. Alongside and parallel to the large wing snuggles a smaller one, connected to the larger by a broad passage way.

Once inside of the building, it is seen that the larger wing is the auditorium, the smaller the social hall. In the former are permanent benches, a stage at the far end with a piano on it and a moving-picture screen. Shelf-decks for writing run all around the walls and two long linged shelves, one in the middle of each half of the auditorium, are ingeniously fastened to the posts that support the roof, and may be raised for writing or lowered when the room is to be used for any gathering.

At the end of the smaller wing farthest from the desk (which is located in the connecting passageway) a huge stone or brick fireplace lends a cheerful, homelike atmosphere. At the big cantonments a Y. M. C. A. headquarters building is necessary, and from it the activities in all the centers in any one camp are directed. There the head camp secretary, the camp athletic director, the camp song leader, the camp religious work director and the other head secretaries have their offices and rooms. Their building likewise is the acme of convenience and efficient arrangement. It is an oblong two-story structure with the entrance slightly to the right of the middle of the longer side. This entrance leads into a diminutive lobby, where are desks, very welcome heating furnaces for the entire building, chairs, and halls leading to right and left. Numerous offices for the various camp secretaries, a larger committee room, and storerooms lined with shelves and filled with all manner of requisites for the camp work open onto the two halls. Clear across one end of the building at the extreme end of the hall is a one-story "lean-to" storeroom for heavier materials and supplies. This place is equipped with scales, truck, small block and tackle and the like.

The second floor of the headquarters building is divided lengthwise by a hall which runs from end to end. Doors on this open into the bedrooms of the secretaries, into a well-lit linen closet and into the bathroom. The latter is equipped with basin, shower bath and other customary fixtures. Every inch of space is skillfully made use of.

In addition to the auditorium comprising one wing of every type "E" building, a huge central auditorium is building in each of the large cantonments. This structure measures 131 by 106 feet and will seat 2,803 men. Several hundred more can be accommodated in the standing room. This type of building will be used for staging plays, vaudeville, concerts, lectures and the large religious gatherings.

The building known as type "F" is in use in some of the camps and cantonments for serving smaller units instead of the type "E" structure. The "F" building is simply the "E" building with the social hall left off, and is used for serving units of less than 2,000 men.

The total number of Y. M. C. A. buildings either in operation or under construction in the camps and cantonments of this country is somewhat in excess of four hundred. Of these about 150 are standard service buildings and approximately 125 of the "E" type. Besides these permanent buildings 130 tents are in use at various points. Headquarters buildings for each of the 32 National army cantonments and National Guard camps are included in the total, as well as 18 auditoriums for the National army, for one embarkation camp and one regular army expansion camp. A standard service building costs usually from \$7,500 to \$9,000.

# ZION - THE GORGEOUS



The Towers of the Virgin

**P**RESIDENT WILSON has enlarged the wonderful Mukuntu-Weap National monument, in Utah, and changed its name. It is now known as the Zion National monument, which is immeasurably better from every point of view.

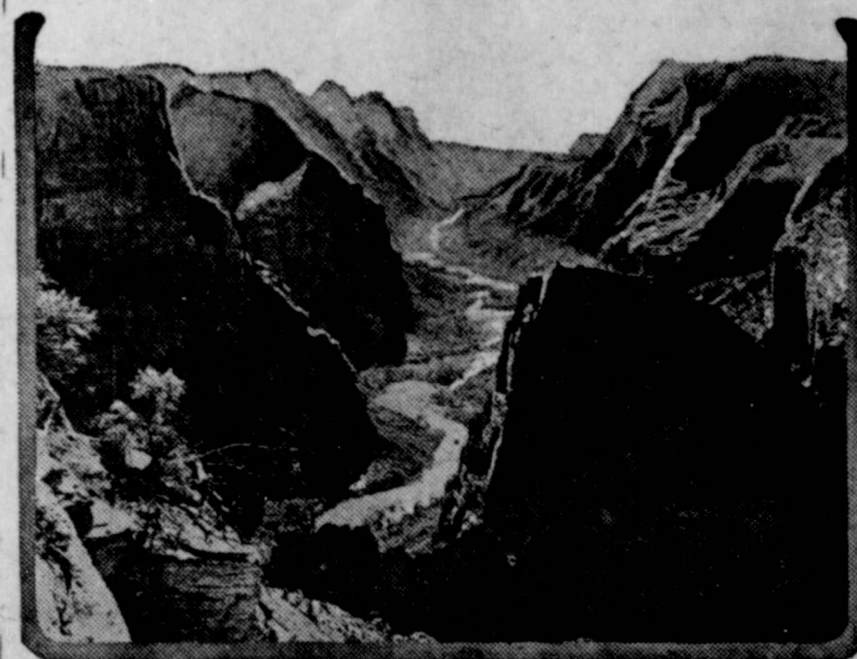
The old name, besides being hard to pronounce and remember, was obscure in origin and was never used except officially. The new name is that in popular use. Besides, it crystallizes the romantic history of its amazingly beautiful valley; the surrounding country was settled by Mormons many years ago, and this difficult canyon was chosen as a refuge in the event of Indian attack, and called "Little" Zion to differentiate it from "Big" Zion, which was Salt Lake City. Since then it has universally been called Zion canyon.

The enlargement of the Zion National monument follows naturally upon its recent thorough exploration and the discovery of outlying areas of altogether extraordinary scientific interest and scenic grandeur. That its fantastic cliffs, its sensational coloring, and its romantic conformation will bring it national popularity as a resort is manifest destiny. It has been called, for good reasons, "the little Grand Canyon" and "the desert Yosemite," but it is no miniature of either; its individuality is marked.

### Remarkable Variety of Color.

The original monument was created by proclamation in 1909, but, being well outside the highways of ordinary travel, it was not thoroughly explored until within the last two years. Official investigation and action promptly followed.

"Among the numerous geologic features of interest," wrote Secretary



Looking Down Zion Canyon.

### MAKING OF THE YELLOWSTONE

How Its History is Written in its Plateaus, Mountains, Petrified Trees and Lava.

To comprehend what we have in the Yellowstone, we must begin with its making. The entire region is of volcanic origin. The mountains around it on both sides and the mountains within it are products or remainders of great volcanoes of the far past; and the great plateaus, from which spring its geysers and hot springs and through whose forests now roam so many wild animals, are composed of the ash and disintegrated lavas which were once ejected from these volcanoes. Of course the plains are now all deep with soil. But such evidences of the past as the black volcanic glass of the Obsidian Cliff and the fantastic whorled lava rocks of Mount Washburn are plain to the least instructed eye.

One particularly fascinating glimpse of Yellowstone's tempestuous past is afforded in the petrified forest of the Specimen Ridge neighborhood, where many levels of upright petrified trunks may be found alternating, like the layers in a cake, with levels of lava; which plainly shows that, after the first forest shows that, after the first forest was engulfed by a fresh run of lava, a second forest sprang for a second

Lane to more t million brilliant of M. of the an of the an of the lor se s o, wh cliff ma san pe A of unusual interest above the sand, for the d. by the incursion of sea water, which covered the drifting sand and buried it beneath gypsum and beds of limestone in which were entombed the shells and bones of sea animals.

### Mighty Cleft in Mountains.

The principal canyon, which is more than 15 miles long and varies from 50 feet wide in the Narrows to 2,500 feet wide in other portions, is a mighty cleft, as if the mountain had been violently riven asunder. The walls are inconceivably carved into domes, half domes, colonnades, and temples—forms which appealed strongly to the religious imagination of the early Mormons, who gave them names which appeal strongly to the imagination of today's tourist.

The tortuous outlying canyons and monumental rock formations added by the new proclamation make an area as remarkable in its particular way as the Grand Canyon. There are several neighboring natural bridges of magnificent.

forest to grow upon that level; and that this, in turn, was engulfed with new lava to make the level for another forest, and so on. There is a cliff 2,000 feet high composed wholly of these alternate levels of engulfed forests and the lavas which engulfed them.

In magnificent contrast with the volcanic plateau and its border of volcanic mountains there rises from the plains, 30 miles south of the park, one of the most abrupt and stupendous outcroppings of granite in the Western hemisphere. From the western shore of Jackson lake the Teton mountains lift their spired peaks 7,000 feet in apparent perpendicular. Many glaciers rest upon their shoulders. Their climax is the Grand Teton, whose altitude is 13,747 feet.

Thus does the Yellowstone run the scenic gamut.

Once Jacksons Hole, as this region is still popularly called, was the refuge for the hunted desperado of mountain, plain, and city. In the recesses of these granite monsters he was safe from pursuit, and the elk herds of the plains provided him food. But that picturesque period of American life has passed with the warring Indians, who also here found temporary safe retreat.

Cut flowers will keep 4-5th many days if their stems be inserted in a mixture of charcoal and sand.



# Real Estate

If you're in the market for anything in the Real Estate line, see me. I may have just what you're looking for.

If you want to sell, list your stuff with me. I see the people, and can make a deal if anybody can. Trades a specialty.

Drop with me if you want to sell. I can find a buyer for you.

## P. POOL

At HEDLEY GARAGE

THE BAPTIST  
PUBLISHED EVERY  
PUBLISHED E

\$1.00 PER YEAR

Entered as second class  
October 28, 1910, at  
Hedley, Texas, under  
No. 1, 1879.

Four issues make a newspaper  
month.

Advertising locals run and are  
charged for until ordered out, unless  
specific arrangements are made when  
the ad is brought in.

All obituaries, resolutions of respect,  
cards of thanks, advertising of church  
or society doings, when admission  
is charged, will be treated as advertising  
and charged for accordingly.

NOTICE.—Any erroneous reflection  
upon the character, standing or  
reputation of any person, firm or corporation  
which may appear in the columns of  
The Informer will be gladly corrected  
upon its being brought to the attention  
of the publisher.

### WINDY VALLEY PICK-UPS

The Methodist revival closed  
Sunday night.

Mrs. J. S. Sachse and sons,  
Boone and Bill, of Tucumcari, N. M.,  
are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bills.

Mrs. Tites of Collin county is  
visiting her sister, Mrs. Jim Stogner.

W. E. Bray and family of Gold-  
ston visited in the Bert Ayers  
home Sunday.

Jack Bailey and Sam Dale of  
Brice were seen up our way last  
Monday.

Obie Rich of Clarendon called  
on Miss Jack Bills Sunday.

The Baptist meeting will begin  
Friday night, August 10th. All  
invited.

Mrs. Leon K. Turnburke and  
Clarence, J. H. and Clyde Lan-  
caster returned to their homes  
in Amarillo last week after a visit  
to the J. J. Bills family.

Mrs. Eva Attebery and friends  
of Clarendon visited at Clyde  
Attebery's Monday.

J. W. DeBord and family left  
Tuesday for East Texas.

Fern Bagwell of Brice was a  
guest in the J. J. Bills home  
Monday night.

Claude Snodgrass of Hedley  
was a Sunday visitor here.

Cecil Blake and sisters, Misses  
Marion and Jewell, visited here  
a part of this week.

Miss Carrie Sue visited her  
cousin, Miss Myrtle Stephens,  
at Lelia Lake Saturday night.

Not much news this week.  
Good luck to the Informer and its  
many readers. I am still  
Bashful Nell.

The Informer, \$1.00 per year

STRAYED—Three head hors  
One brown mare, brand ALL;  
sorrel three-year old, and one  
brown horse. Notify R. A.  
arter, phone 132 L 2S.

L. G. Runyon of Amarillo and  
W. Nann of Clarendon, Singer  
and wing machine men, were busi-  
ness visitors in Hedley last Sat-  
urday.

### MUSIC PUPILS

Those who expect to take piano  
this fall will do well to see or  
phone me. I expect to have a  
room near the public school. I  
have had two years in T. W. C.  
Conservatory and teach the late  
methods. I want to meet all who  
are interested in Music. Phone  
134 3S. Miss Bess Norwood.



## Profits and Prices

Profits may be considered  
from two angles:

- 1st—Their effect on prices;
- 2nd—As a return to investors.

When profits are small as  
compared with sales, they have  
little effect on prices.

Swift & Company's profits  
are only a fraction of a cent  
per pound on all products sold,  
and if eliminated entirely  
would, have practically no  
effect on prices.

Swift & Company paid 10  
per cent dividends to over 20,000  
stockholders out of its 1917  
profits. It also had to build  
extensions and improvements  
out of profits; to finance large  
stocks of goods made necessary  
by unprecedented requirements  
of the United States and Allied  
Governments; and to provide  
protection against the day of  
declining markets.

Is it fair to call this  
profiteering?

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

### RED CROSS NOTES

From "Important Items."

#### For France and All the World

The greatest medical problem  
which confronts France today  
is tuberculosis. It kills about  
30,000 of her population every  
year; 200 a day, more than nine  
an hour.

To help the French people and  
to prevent the spread of disease  
into the armies of other coun-  
tries now fighting in France, the  
American Red Cross has institu-  
ted a campaign through the Chil-  
dren's Bureau to combat the dis-  
ease. It has adopted five lines  
of endeavor:

First. The strengthening and  
consolidation of Infant Welfare  
Organizations.

Second. The development of  
the service of visiting nurses  
and establishment of courses  
and training stations for their  
education.

Third. The dissemination of  
information for the improvement  
of public health.

Fourth. The establishment  
of Welfare Stations where a  
mother may bring a child to  
have it examined by a physician  
and have its diet and her own de-  
termined.

Fifth. The aiding of all hospi-  
tals and clinics at public milk  
stations to obtain experienced  
health assistance.

Letters from American prison-  
ers of war show that most of  
them depend exclusively on the  
food furnished them through the  
American Red Cross at Berne,  
Switzerland. The American pris-  
oners turn over to the prisoners  
of other nations, not so well pro-  
vided for, the rations furnished  
by the prison camps.

#### Do Not Stop Knitting

I was surprised, upon my re-  
turn home, to find how many  
Chapters have been worried over  
an article which appeared in the  
Literary Digest of July 6th, enti-  
tled "Why Not to Knit," and I  
am more than surprised—I am  
amazed—that many of them have  
been influenced by that article  
to disregard Red Cross instruc-  
tions.

This is an excellent opportu-  
nity for Chapters to have all their  
workers understand that orders  
come only from Red Cross head-  
quarters, and that no newspaper  
or magazine publicity, or any ar-  
ticles written by individuals, or  
statements made by individuals,  
whether in Army service or in  
Government service or "scientific  
experts," shall in any way  
change the action of a Red Cross  
Chapter. Remember, WE ARE  
ALL SOLDIERS in the great ar-  
my that is holding the second  
line of defense here at home, four  
thousand miles behind the front  
lines. We are under the same  
obligation to obey the orders of  
our leaders as are the boys we  
have sent to France to hold the  
first line of defense. Therefore,  
follow your instructions from  
headquarters until those instruc-  
tions are changed. If anything  
arises which causes you to think  
there should be a change, write  
to headquarters and find out, but  
DO NOT STOP WORK, and do  
not change your operations.

This Division will have to stretch  
itself to provide the quota of knit-  
ted goods assigned to it. Unfor-  
tunately, one of our sources of  
yarn supply, from which we ex-  
pected a large quantity, has dis-  
appointed us by turning out de-  
fective yarn which we can't send  
to Chapters, and we will there-  
fore be delayed in getting mate-  
rials to some chapters. Where  
the materials are not delivered  
to the chapter as needed, that  
chapter will, of course receive an  
extension of time for the deliv-

## The Dixie's

### Clearance of All Broken Lots

GOOD STAPLE GOODS, SOMETHING USEFUL  
NOW, AND SPECIAL PRICES ON FALL OUT-  
TINGS, GINGHAMS, NEW DRESS GOODS IN  
WOOLENS and SILKS. An Elaborate Showing!

#### Prepare for Fall Shipments

IS THE WATCHWORD ALL ALONG  
THE LINE. Nice Outing Flannels and  
Ginghams can be bought for 5 cents less  
on the yard if taken before Sept. 1st,—  
a price which is 10 cts. less than other  
merchants around you will sell it.

BIG SAVING on Tickings, Sheetings,  
Cotton Flannels, all Shirtings, Dress  
Goods, Silks, Underwear, and Broken  
Lots of Footwear.

ENTIRE NEW LINE of Ladies' High  
Boots, in black, brown and grey, due to  
arrive August 15th.

WATCH US FOR OUR USUAL LOW CASH PRICES  
ON ALL FALL LINES

O. N. Stallworth

CENTER BLOCK

HEDLEY, TEXAS

ery of its allotment of knitted  
goods.

GEORGE W. SIMMONS,  
Manager

Mayor Bond W. Johnson and  
daughters, Misses Era and Eula,  
left this week for an auto trip to  
various points in cool Colorado.  
They will visit Colorado Springs,  
Pike's Peak, Denver, Cheyenne,  
and other places. Mr. Johnson  
will return in a few weeks, but  
the young ladies expect to be  
away several months.

R. S. Smith left Sunday morn-  
ing for a business and pleasure  
trip to various points "down in  
Texas." He expected to be gone  
about a week.

E. E. McGee got a message  
Monday that his brother, W. H.  
McGee, of Brockton, Ill., was  
dead. He had been sick some  
time, but Mr. McGee's health  
not being good, he felt that he  
could not make the trip to see  
him during his illness.—McLean  
News.

### ATTENTION, SECOND WAR FUND CONTRIBUTORS

Notice has been received by  
the War Fund Manager, W. D.  
VanEaton, of the Denley county  
chapter A. R. C., that pledge  
payments are being sent to Hon.  
Wm. G. McAdoo, Washington,  
D. C.

This should not be done. All  
pledged payments are to be  
made locally, and not to Wash-  
ington. Please call at your local  
bank and make these payments.

Yours truly,  
W. D. VanEaton.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Caudill of  
Erick, Okla., and Mr. and Mrs.  
Goostree of Sayre, Okla., have  
been here the past week visiting  
their brother and sister, Mr. and  
Mrs. C. B. Turner.

Born, August 1st, to Mr. and  
Mrs. T. M. Worsham of Mc-  
Knight community, a girl baby.

Subscribe for The Informer.

## Come to us for

### Lumber & Coal

## Cicero Smith Lumber Co.

U. J. BOSTON, Manager