

FARMER IN BAD HEALTH SHOOTS TOP OF HEAD OFF

C. W. Martin, who has been living with his brother on the E. R. Clark farm for the past two months, committed suicide some time between bed-time Monday evening and sun up Tuesday, by shooting the whole top of his head away with a 30 30 high power rifle.

None of his brother's family heard the shot, which no doubt made a muffled report, on account of being placed directly under his eye, and the dreadful fact was not discovered until they arose for the day. Then someone smelled gunpowder and an investigation revealed the truth. Dr. Sarvis was immediately summoned, as was Justice Johnson. Death was instantaneous, as it would be impossible for a man to live even a little while with the top half of his head blown completely off.

The only theory advanced as to the cause for the rash act, is that Mr. Martin has been in a poor state of health for some time, and his illness, which affected his head, no doubt unbalanced his reason temporarily. He had always been an active working man, and forced idleness seemed unbearable to him. For some time it had been impossible to keep him out of the field all the time, although every effort was made to do so. He was buried in Rowe cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Martin was not a man of many friends, but leaves two brothers and a community, both of whom are active and useful citizens. It is hoped that the community will sympathize with the family.

LOST—Cap off of crank head of my Dort car, somewhere between Hedley and McKnight. C. Y. Tate.

LIQUOR MAKING TO STOP SEPTEMBER 8
Washington, Aug. 17.—Eleven o'clock on the night of Saturday, Sept. 8, is the time fixed by the food administration when all processes in the production in the United States of distilled spirits for beverage purposes must stop.

The Informer, \$1.00 per year.

PHONOGRAPH FOR SOLDIER

There have been made up to buy our soldier boys an army and navy phonograph, especially manufactured for the use of military organizations, built to stand all manner of hard usage, weather conditions, and being carried from place to place. The machine does not weigh a great deal and may be transported anywhere. Any make of record may be played upon the machine, and our people are urged to donate one or more records, from their homes, or to pay for one or more at the stores. Miss Myrta Houk, Cassandra Sims and D'Laurel Beville are the ones who solicited and secured the donations. Advise with them about giving records.

We are sure the boys will derive a great deal of pleasure from this machine and it is a splendid gift from our people and will lighten the hard task of soldiering when the boys have a little leisure to hear the music.—Clarendon News.

FOR SALE—1 three year old Jersey cow, giving milk, for \$50. Also good cook stove. See N. J. Allen, at lumber yard.

Heating Plant Notice
Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners Court of Donley County, Texas, will receive bids on the 10th day of September, 1917, for a heating plant for the Donley county court house. Plans and specifications will be furnished after Sept. 1st. The Court reserves the right to reject any and all bids. J. H. O'Neill, County Judge.

Guaranteed cow yokes Kendall's
LYDAY IS PRESIDENT OF FARMERS UNION
Dallas, Aug. 17.—D. E. Lyday of Ravenna was elected president of the Farmers Union of Texas at the concluding session Thursday, succeeding H. N. Pope of Fort Worth. The only other nominee for president was W. T. Loudermilk of BeLeon. The vote stood 58 to 36 in favor of Lyday. A resolution indorsing the Henry Exall Memorial Highway was adopted.

You had better put in your Coal while you can get it. J. C. Wooldridge.

Fire Insurance

I have secured the agency for the Splendid Companies represented by J. C. Wells, and am prepared to write your policies so they will be good in case of loss.

These companies are the ones that have paid many losses in and near Hedley during the past few years.

If you give me your patronage, I guarantee to write you "Insurance that Insures."

C. E. Johnson

COLORADO-TO-GULF MEETING

Curtis Hancock, Thos. R. McLean, H. C. Odie and D. E. Colp, secretary of the Highway Commission Department and Geo. A. Duran, State Highway Engineer, have accepted an invitation to attend the forthcoming annual convention of the Colorado to Gulf Highway Association, which will be held at Vernon August 27th and 28th. Each of these men have a place on the program. Reports from points on the highway from Denver to Galveston indicate a record-breaking attendance. Elaborate preparations have been made for entertaining the visitors.

Caraway's Garage still has the Atlas Lubricating Oil. The best.

DONLEY COUNTY TEACHERS INSTITUTE

The Donley County Teachers' Institute will be held at Clarendon during the week beginning Sept 3rd, 1917. Programs will be furnished all teachers as soon as same are printed. If you fail to get one, notify me. J. H. O'Neill, Ex Officio County Supt.

ALLEGED ENEMY SPY EXCITES CLARENDON

Clarendon, Texas, Aug. 21.—Much excitement prevails here this morning over the appearance of an alleged suspicious character who was seen sketching the public buildings of Clarendon yesterday. He disappeared late in the evening, and the conductor of the north-bound passenger train having heard of the incident wired back that the party, who had been described to him, was seen near the section house west of town. The members of Co. B, 7th Texas Infantry, and peace officers scoured the country until late this morning in an effort to find the party, but failed to do so. They resumed the search this morning.

If you want anything in Hardware and Furniture, and want your money to go the limit, go to Hedley Hardware Co.

Dr. H. S. Burnside, prominent Wichita Falls physician, was stricken by paralysis at Seymour a few days ago.

SELL SURPLUS TO UNCLE SAM

Farmers having a surplus of good horses and mules which you wish to sell are advised to get in touch with L. A. Kennedy, county demonstration agent, who will explain fully what steps are necessary. Those interested will be furnished a memorandum of the required specifications. It would be a bad policy to sell work horses and mules to the extent that it might injure the agricultural interests of the county by reducing the number of work animals necessary for crop production. But in counties where farmers have a surplus you will be rendering a good service to yourselves and to the Government by selling them your surplus stock direct.

REVIVAL MEETING AT LELIA LAKE

The Informer is authorized to announce that beginning, Sunday, August 26th, a Methodist revival will begin at Lelia Lake. The pastor, Rev. J. H. Watts, earnestly requests the co-operation of his people and members of other churches as well. Rev. M. M. Beavers of Chillicothe will assist in the meeting.

FRESH MEAT, PEACHES

and Vegetables delivered at your door on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Don't forget the days. M. W. Mosley.

The Baker-Hanna store, at Quanah, was burglarized the past week, \$600 in merchandise being taken by the robbers.

You can still raise a big racket at Kendall's with a nickle.

Oregon & California Railroad Co. Grant Lands

Legal fight over land at last ended. Title vested in United States Land, by Act of Congress, ordered to be opened under homestead laws for settlement and sale. Two million three hundred thousand acres. Containing some of best Timber and Agricultural Lands left in United States. Large Copyrighted Map showing land by townships and sections, laws covering same and description of soil, climate, rainfall, elevations, temperature, etc., Postpaid One Dollar Grant Lands Locating Co., Portland, Oregon.

RAILROADS RENDER HELPFUL SERVICE

August 18, 1917.—The following statement is authorized by Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads' War Board, Washington:

Reports just received by the Railroads' War Board show that the railroads of the country, in their cooperative efforts to give to the country the greatest possible amount of freight service, have affected an extraordinary improvement in freight car supply.

These reports show that the excess of unfilled car requisitions over idle cars, or what is ordinarily but inaccurately termed car shortage, was only one-fourth as great on August 1, 1917, as on May 1, 1917.

The excess of unfilled car requisitions on May 1st was 148,627; on June 1st it was 106,649; on July 1st it was 77,682; and on August 1st it had been reduced to 33,776.

This result has been accomplished at a time when the railroads are supplying from fifteen to 20 per cent more freight service with the same number of cars than was being given this time last year, for the railroads handled in July a tremendous increase in both Government and commercial traffic.

The movement of cantonment supplies alone occupied the full services of more than 30,000 cars. There was also an extraordinarily heavy demand for cars to transport food products, as well as materials to and from munition factories.

The result above achieved has been accomplished by co-operation with the railroads of shippers, regulating bodies and the public generally. This co-operation has made possible the intensive loading of freight cars, prompt unloading, the elimination of a large amount of unnecessary passenger train service, and an opportunity generally to utilize the railroad plant efficiently.

The aim of the railroad at the present time is to put each car to the greatest possible use, to have empty cars placed where they are most needed to prevent overlapping and unnecessary service, in other words to make the entire railroad system of the United States the most effective possible transportation agency in winning this war.

WORLD TODAY

The meeting to be held in Hedley at 8 o'clock tonight will doubtless prove to be one of the best attended meetings ever held here, as it will bring to our people one of the best teams of experts on dairy and general agricultural matters ever in this section of the state.

The meeting is to be held under the joint auspices of the Fort Worth & Denver Ry., Agricultural Department; the A & M. College of Texas, and officials of the National and Panhandle Dairy Associations. Among those who will attend are A. K. Short, Agricultural Manager for the Denver Line; C. M. Evans, Dairy Expert, A. & M. College of Texas; R. W. Kawkins, Nisley Creamery Co. and others.

An interesting and unique feature of the meeting will be the explanation of the plan by which farmers can purchase dairy cows on the Moser installment plan, by making proper arrangements with banks under the auspices of the local dairy men and the Panhandle Dairy Association. All cows which may later be purchased will be bought direct by the farmers themselves, however, after the farmers have selected representatives from among their own number to make the journey to the northern dairy districts and purchase the cows. Those not interested at present in purchasing cows, will have a splendid opportunity to learn about feeding, rationing, etc.

It is announced that ladies and children as well as men are welcome to attend the meeting, and especially those ladies interested in learning how to separate cream.

When you want the best coal Cook Stove at the lowest possible price it can be bought at, go to Hedley Hardware Co. We guarantee price with anybody, anywhere.

FOR SALE—1 brass bed and springs, 1 kitchen cabinet, 1 set cooking vessels, 2 dining room chairs, 2 rocking chairs, 2 art squares, 4 rugs. Call to see them at J. Walker Lane's residence.

Check Accounts are Welcome Here

Individuals, corporations and societies find it to their advantage to have an account in this institution because.

Our FACILITIES afford the greatest convenience and dispatch in the transaction of their business.

Our POLICY is flexible enough to respond to the needs of our smallest depositors.

Our RESOURCES are fully adequate to meet the utmost requirements of our customers.

Our OFFICERS are readily available. They are well qualified to advise you regarding financial matters and are interested enough in the welfare of customers to furnish just such information as they need.

Make This Your Bank THE FIRST STATE BANK OF HEDLEY

C. Doneghy, Pres. D. Benson, Cashier

G. A. Wimberly, Vice-Pres. P. T. Boston, Ass't Cashier

At Your Service

Just as the minute men were at the service of the nation in their day, so are we at the service of the people of this community today.

We solicit the deposits of both the large and small depositors. We give the same careful, courteous treatment and accommodations consistent with good banking to one and all.

Let Our Bank Be Your Bank

GUARANTY STATE BANK

Even M...
That...
Hou...
Astounded
Do My
Mrs.

One of the most sensational statements yet published in connection with Tanlac, was made by Mrs. V. Blalock, residing at 104 Crawford street, Houston, Tex., a few days ago, who said:

"I suffered so much from rheumatism and stomach trouble for the past three years that I became despondent and sometimes felt that life was hardly worth living. I had a distressed feeling in my stomach no matter what or how little I ate. My chest was full of pain, my heart acted peculiar and I could hardly get my breath at times. I was tired all the time and felt so weak and miserable that I could hardly stand on my feet.

"Do you know I spent something like four thousand dollars during those three years for treatments and medicines of various kinds but found no relief. I started taking Tanlac and began to improve with the first few doses and even my own folks are now astonished that I am able in so short a time to do my own housework. Somehow it just seemed to suit my case exactly and it makes me happy to think how perfectly my health is being restored. I can eat anything I want now and am not troubled any more with shortness of breath or other signs of indigestion. I have already gained five pounds in weight and am improving every day."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

Governed by Impulses.
"Any questions?" asked the instructor of the Second battery of the Ninth division, after the completion of a morning period which the men had spent on horseback at Ft. Harrison, says Indianapolis News.
"Captain," asked Ralph Lockwood of Indianapolis, "wouldn't it be possible to develop artillery horses that would start and stop like automobiles, and would guide with a steering wheel? This horse I have seems to be governed by impulses over which I have no control."

Girls! Use Lemons!
Make a Bleaching, Beautifying Cream

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is simply marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. Adv.

Cruel.
Cholly—I am often mistaken for a distinguished minister.
Grace—Mutt or Charley Chaplin?
Swift feet get a man out of lots of trouble that his tongue gets him into.

Don't Poison Baby.
FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and a FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: "A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death." The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC
Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Preliminaries.
want, dear, to give a blow-out."
then first, my own, we must raise wind."

Rose Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with slight applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

Calling the Master.
Caller—Are you the master of the house?
He—Why?
Caller—I am the inspector of nuisances, and have called to—
He (going to the foot of the stairs)—Mother-in-law, you're wanted—London Tit-Bits.

HAVE SOFT, WHITE HANDS
Clear Skin and Good Hair by Using Cuticura—Trial Free.

The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. Besides these fragrant, super-creamy emollients prevent little skin troubles becoming serious by keeping the pores free from obstruction. Nothing better at any price for all toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Her Opinion.
First Painter—I've just been showing my aunt round. Most amusing. Invariably picks out the wrong pictures to admire and denounces the good ones.
Second Painter—Did she say anything about mine?
First Painter—Oh, she likes you!

HEADACHES
This distressing ailment should be relieved at once and save strain on Nervous System. CAPUDINE gives quick relief. It's a liquid—Pleasant to take.—Adv.

Big News.
With rounding lips and an air of great importance the small boy of a Sunday school in Belfast imparted the happy fact to his teacher:
"The devil's dead," he said, solemnly.
"What makes you think that?" said the startled teacher.
"Dad said so," explained the small boy. "I was standing in the street with him yesterday when a funeral passed, and when dad saw it he said: 'Poor devil, he's dead.'"

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's
The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless, child Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

The Eye of the Night.
One afternoon, Deliah, a little colored girl, had seen an automobile run over a white woman. That night the youngster's mother, a laundress, could neither persuade nor compel Deliah to deliver a bundle of the day's washing.

"No—no—no!" wailed the excited child.
"If dem auto mans caint see a white lady in de middle of de day, how's dey a gwine to see me in de dark?"

Good health depends upon good digestion. Safeguard your digestion and you safeguard your health. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills provide the safeguard. A medicine as well as a purgative. Adv.

Natural Result.
"Banks looks all gone to pieces."
"No wonder. He's broke."—Baltimore American.

Spartan Women Suffered Untold Tortures but who wants to be a Spartan? Take "Femmina" for all female disorders. Price 50c and \$1.00.—Adv.

There are more rats than human beings in the United States, and every rat is a food waster.

The human voice is produced by 44 different muscles.

The boar breed in the time and finances after the close of the season. He needs little if given shelter, shade, clean water supply, and for himself. The chief consideration is to maintain him in good, hardy, thrifty, breeding condition by giving him an opportunity to exercise and by feeding him largely on pasture and forage crops.

A mature boar, if heavily grain-fed, has a great tendency to fatten. The boar should be well fed, but not fat, as too high condition makes him inactive, a slow breeder, and a rather uncertain sire.

Pasture, therefore, is the best as well as the cheapest feed. It furnishes an abundance of nutrients, is palatable, and keeps the boar's system in good physical condition.

Permanent pastures are among the best, and certainly require the least attention. The clovers, blue grass, Bermuda, alfalfa, all make excellent

mouth, nose and eyes. Soak his feet thoroughly with cold water, but do not turn the hose on his body or legs. Wash his shoulders every night for a few weeks with cold salt water.

"Allow him to stop in the shade for a few minutes whenever possible for a brief rest and a chance to breathe freely and deeply.

"Watch the work horse carefully. Drooping ears, unsteadiness of gait, short, quick breathing, and a sudden ceasing to sweat are danger signals demanding prompt attention. They mean that the horse is getting too hot and that he must have shade, cooler air and rest.

"If the horse suffers a heat stroke, protect him from the sun, remove the harness, apply cold to the head—either water or ice—wash out his mouth and nostrils, and sponge his entire body with cold water.

"Groom the work horse thoroughly. This will save feed and will increase his health, vigor and power.

"Remember that the horse produces the greatest amount of net power from the feed and care provided when driving a load at a moderate gait, hence greater and more efficient power and energy can be secured by increasing the load rather than the speed of the work horse."

HOW TO TREAT EWES AND CARE FOR LAMBS
Young Animals Intended for Breeding Stock Should Be Weaned Before Five Months.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)
Lambs kept for breeding stock should be weaned when from four to five months of age. The lambs intended for market, on the other hand, should attain marketable weights before they are five months of age and should be weaned at the time they are sold.

Lambs at weaning time should be kept for four or five days at least on the old pasture, as they do not fret as much as in a strange place. The ewes should be removed to another pasture as far away as possible from the lambs. If the feed on this pasture be a little scant, so much the better, for this will help check the milk flow. The ewes and lambs should not be turned in together again, for a large amount of milk from an ewe that has not been suckled for two or three days is liable to cause digestive disturbances in the lamb.

At weaning time the ability of a ewe to produce a good lamb is often ruined because the necessary care is not taken to see that she is dried off properly. A little care at this time will be well repaid. Two or three days after the separation the ewes should be milked out. All of the milk need not be drawn from the udder, but enough should be taken to leave the udder soft and pliable. Mark with colored chalk ewes needing no further attention. In about three days the ewes should be milked out again and the days marked. Further attention should be given four or five days later to those not dry. No effort should be spared to maintain every breeding animal in a sound and useful condition.

ATTENTION TO HORSES DURING HOT WEATHER
Efficiency of Average Farm Animal Can Be Increased by Observing Simple Rules.

That the efficiency of the average farm horse can be increased 25 per cent by the observance of simple precautions is the opinion of Dr. C. W. McCampbell, associate professor of animal husbandry, Kansas State Agricultural college.

"Water the horse frequently during hot weather," advises Doctor McCampbell. "He needs large quantities of water and frequent watering will overcome the dangers that result from watering freely at long intervals.

"Feed regularly a ration uniform both as to kind and as to amount. This lessens the danger from colic and other digestive disturbances.

"Eliminate lice, worms, and flies, for they may decrease the efficiency of the work horse 60 per cent and increase the feed bill 25 per cent.

"Clean the collar every time it is put on the horse, and keep its bearing surface hard and smooth.

"Sponge off the work horse when he comes in from work, especially where the collar and other parts of the harness have left marks. Sponge out his

If they were of grain per day. On pasture feed, keep the boar in breech. Very often, on good pasture, will be required. Guard against feeding too much grain and getting the boar too fat.

The boar should be confined to a paddock and not run with the rest of the herd. If he is with another boar, they are apt to fight, and if he is placed with the breeding herd, the sows will farrow at indefinite dates. It would be impossible under these conditions to keep records of the time of service, and no provision could be made to care for the sow previous to farrowing.

discussing the milk by dairymen and distribution by dealers, Professor Rasmussen, head of the department at the Pennsylvania state college, recently asserted that milk has until very recently been paid for without regard to quality, the cheapest and poorest milk determining the price. The farmer, he said, has not made use of collective bargaining in the sale of milk, and as an individual has accepted whatever price was offered.

"The fact that milk has always been obtainable farther away from the market at less price than the difference in the cost of transportation," said Professor Rasmussen, "has made it difficult to get a rise in price of milk for the farmer. The farmer as a class is slow to change and slow to organize. It has been the history throughout the world that co-operation among farmers develops only under economic pressure.

"The fact that milk producers in the eastern part of the United States are today organizing to save their industry from financial ruin is the best evidence of the economic pressure the industry is suffering. In the solving of the crisis in the milk business today many adjustments must be made."

The daily toil about the barn in doing chores can be lessened if a few labor-saving devices are installed. One of these devices is a manure carrier. I made one as follows: The body of the carrier is made of pine boards for the ends, shaped as in the sketch, and onto these ends I nailed sheet-iron sides and bottoms, as shown, says a South Dakota writer in The Farmer. Then I bent an ordinary one-inch gas pipe into U shape, forming the frame, and bolted it to the body of the carrier, as shown. Then to the top of the gas pipe frame I fastened two pivoted sheave wheels, diameter six

Homemade Litter Carrier.

inches. A little retaining or trip lever was also fastened to the frame and engages in a suitable slot in the end of the carrier body. This lever is shown in the sketch, and it is to keep the carrier body in place when loading, and to release the body so that it will swing on the pivots in unloading.

The next thing was to put up the track. I used round steel cable purchased from the local dealer and fastened this to a post in the barnyard suitably guyed and anchored. The other end of the cable I ran through the barn door to the opposite side. There I fastened it to the wall securely and stretched it tight. Then I hung the carrier in place and the job was completed. It works fine and is about as good as a more expensive one.

DISEASE OF LITTLE PIGS IS DANGEROUS
"Sore Mouth" Has Caused Much Avoidable Loss This Season—Treatment Must Be Quick.

That "sore mouth" disease of little pigs has caused much avoidable loss on stock farms this season is reported by Dr. F. B. Hadley, veterinarian of the Wisconsin experiment station.

"When every farmer is trying hard to save every pig in every litter because of the urgent demand for pork and pork products, it is imperative that attention be called to this disease," says Doctor Hadley. "Hidden in the soft tissues of the mouth, this trouble is often undiscovered until too late.

"Pain and swelling in the gums make it difficult for little pigs affected with sore mouth disease to nurse or eat. This is the first symptom of the disease. Later, ulcers with dark red borders and cheese-like centers develop.

"Death caused by absorption of poisons from the sores will occur in a few days, unless treatment is given speedily. Wounds to the gums caused by tooth cutting or other injury enable germs to enter and start the trouble.

"When the disease is suspected, examine the mouth of every pig. Those showing sores in the mouth should be treated separately, as follows:

"Swab the ulcers with a solution of potassium permanganate, made by dissolving one ounce of the crystals in two quarts of freshly boiled warm water. Then wash out the mouth with this disinfectant fluid. Bad cases should be treated twice daily, and all cases at least once each day until healing is complete."

To prevent the spread of sore mouth, Doctor Hadley advises that the heads of the pigs be dipped in the same solution and held there for a few minutes. Pens must be cleaned up and disinfected with some reliable commercial disinfectant, prepared and diluted according to regular directions of the manufacturer.

Lowell, Mass.—"For the last three years I have been troubled with the Change of Life and the bad feelings common at that time. I was in a very nervous condition, with headaches and pain a good deal of the time so I was unfit to do my work. A friend asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did, and it has helped me in every way. I am not nearly so nervous, no headache or pain. I must say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy any sick woman can take."

—Mrs. MARGARET QUINN, Rear 259 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

Other warning symptoms are a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness.

If you need special advice, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT
Standard remedy for fifty years and result of many years experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. H. Guild.

Free Sample and Practical Treatise on Asthma, its cause, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. & \$1.00 at druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., Rupert, Vt.

HOMEMADE CARRIER IN BARN
Labor-Saving Device Easily Put Together Greatly Assists With Chores Around Stables.

The daily toil about the barn in doing chores can be lessened if a few labor-saving devices are installed. One of these devices is a manure carrier. I made one as follows: The body of the carrier is made of pine boards for the ends, shaped as in the sketch, and onto these ends I nailed sheet-iron sides and bottoms, as shown, says a South Dakota writer in The Farmer. Then I bent an ordinary one-inch gas pipe into U shape, forming the frame, and bolted it to the body of the carrier, as shown. Then to the top of the gas pipe frame I fastened two pivoted sheave wheels, diameter six

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GOOD SANITATION IN DAIRY
Five Practical Suggestions Made by Clemson College for Best Management of Herd.

(Clemson College Bulletin.)
1. Have the herd examined at least once a year by a competent veterinarian. Promptly remove animals suspected of being in bad health. Never add an animal to the herd until certain it is free from disease, particularly tuberculosis.

2. Never allow a cow to be excited by fast driving, abuse or unnecessary disturbance.

3. Clean the entire body of the cow daily. Hair in the region of the udder should be kept short by clipping.

4. Do not allow strong-flavored food, like cabbage or turnips, to be eaten except immediately after milking. Changes in feed should be made gradually.

5. Provide fresh, pure drinking water in abundance.

INCREASED DEMAND FOR COW
In Single Year She Produced Enough Protein for Three Steers and Fat for Two.

Dairy products, like everything else, are increasing in price and we find now as never before an increasing demand for the dairy cow. If we stop to consider a few of her performances we will find that in a single year she will produce enough protein for three steers, enough fat for two, and enough milk sugar, and more, valued at \$30.

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—Mrs. MARGARET QUINN, Rear 259 Worthen St., Lowell, Mass.

Other warning symptoms are a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness.

If you need special advice, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

GREEN MOUNTAIN ASTHMA TREATMENT
Standard remedy for fifty years and result of many years experience in treatment of throat and lung diseases by Dr. J. H. Guild.

Free Sample and Practical Treatise on Asthma, its cause, treatment, etc., sent upon request. 25c. & \$1.00 at druggists. J. H. GUILD CO., Rupert, Vt.

HOMEMADE CARRIER IN BARN
Labor-Saving Device Easily Put Together Greatly Assists With Chores Around Stables.

The daily toil about the barn in doing chores can be lessened if a few labor-saving devices are installed. One of these devices is a manure carrier. I made one as follows: The body of the carrier is made of pine boards for the ends, shaped as in the sketch, and onto these ends I nailed sheet-iron sides and bottoms, as shown, says a South Dakota writer in The Farmer. Then I bent an ordinary one-inch gas pipe into U shape, forming the frame, and bolted it to the body of the carrier, as shown. Then to the top of the gas pipe frame I fastened two pivoted sheave wheels, diameter six

inches. A little retaining or trip lever was also fastened to the frame and engages in a suitable slot in the end of the carrier body. This lever is shown in the sketch, and it is to keep the carrier body in place when loading, and to release the body so that it will swing on the pivots in unloading.

The next thing was to put up the track. I used round steel cable purchased from the local dealer and fastened this to a post in the barnyard suitably guyed and anchored. The other end of the cable I ran through the barn door to the opposite side. There I fastened it to the wall securely and stretched it tight. Then I hung the carrier in place and the job was completed. It works fine and is about as good as a more expensive one.

GOOD SANITATION IN DAIRY
Five Practical Suggestions Made by Clemson College for Best Management of Herd.

(Clemson College Bulletin.)
1. Have the herd examined at least once a year by a competent veterinarian. Promptly remove animals suspected of being in bad health. Never add an animal to the herd until certain it is free from disease, particularly tuberculosis.

2. Never allow a cow to be excited by fast driving, abuse or unnecessary disturbance.

3. Clean the entire body of the cow daily. Hair in the region of the udder should be kept short by clipping.

4. Do not allow strong-flavored food, like cabbage or turnips, to be eaten except immediately after milking. Changes in feed should be made gradually.

5. Provide fresh, pure drinking water in abundance.

INCREASED DEMAND FOR COW
In Single Year She Produced Enough Protein for Three Steers and Fat for Two.

Dairy products, like everything else, are increasing in price and we find now as never before an increasing demand for the dairy cow. If we stop to consider a few of her performances we will find that in a single year she will produce enough protein for three steers, enough fat for two, and enough milk sugar, and more, valued at \$30.

Preparing for Tomorrow
Many people seem able to drink coffee for a time without apparent harm, but when health disturbance, even though slight, follows coffee's use, it is wise to investigate.

Thousands of homes, where coffee was found to disagree, have changed the family table drink to

Instant Postum
With improved health and it usually follows the change made to a permanent one. To prepare for the of tomorrow.

SEVERAL GOOD FARMS IN DONLEY

and can take some cattle or other good trade, and give long time on balance.

Ranches from one section up to 100,000 acres.

If you want to buy or sell, or do any kind of real estate dealing, see me

J. T. Warren
CLARENDON, TEXAS

A man who would build up some other town than his own, by trading away from home, has queer material in his make-up.

Let J. L. Tims & Son fill your oil barrels and cans from the filling station in front of our store

dead a irrigatio...
as a fair...
chance to be o...
ways and only...
part of our cit...
The Ozark trail...
City west is term...
Hedley and a good road from Hedley to Lakeview thence to the Ox bow bridge would complete almost an air line to El Paso. Such a highway would mean thousands of dollars a year to this town and would furnish many miles of excellent road. Lets get busy on this proposition and make it more than a suggestion.—Lakeview Promotor.

The Hedley Independent School District board is now acting as an equalization board. Many property owners have been notified to appear before the board to show cause why their taxes should not be raised for school purposes.

Prof. Luther Gribble, instructor in Clarendon College, was married August 6th to Miss Esther Oliva Lehmborg of Cherokee, Texas. They will arrive in Clarendon in time for the opening of the coming college term.

CASH FOR PRODUCE

I am paying the best CASH prices for Country Produce of all kinds. Bring in your poultry, butter, eggs, etc, and get the money.
R. S. Smith.

The Informer, \$1.00 per year.

Chas. Garlington, 30 years old and a former resident of Quanah, died last week in New Mexico, of pneumonia. His remains were buried at Quanah. Besides other relatives, he leaves a wife and one small child.

**Land Agent
Farm Loans
Insurance**

R. E. NEWMAN

Dr. J. M. Ballew of Memphis has received his commission as captain in the U. S. Army Medical Reserve Corps.

We carry a complete line of Builders Hardware. Get our prices. J. C. Wooldridge.

Clarendon has organized a Red Cross chapter. They have been working with an auxiliary for some time, but decided to enlarge their field.

Don't fail to see that new line of toilet goods at Kendall's.

Hedley buyers never allow any others to pay better prices for farm products. Few pay as good. Bring it to Hedley.

DELCO
THE
TRY
Star Jasm.
Every Sack Guar.
We can save you more
Cash trade. Pl. Cal. 21

Paul P. Dunkle, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Dunkle of Lelia Lake, who has been in training at Fortress Monroe, Virginia, has received appointment as Second Lieutenant Coast Artillery officers reserve corps.

DELCO-LIGHT

PRICES \$350.00 and \$420.00,
J. W. CARAWAY.

Quite a number of Hedley Masons attended a meeting of the lodge in Wellington one evening the past week.

For Farm and Ranch Loans on long time, also Fire and Tornado Insurance, see or write D. C. Moore, Hedley, Texas.

The Hardeman County Fair is to be held this year on Sept. 19, 20 and 21, at Quanah. Plans are going forward on a large scale.

Kendall will fix your repair work or fix it so it can't be fixed. Try him once.

BIDS WANTED FOR SCHOOL DEPOSITORY

We will accept sealed bids from parties wishing to act as depository for Hedley Independent District School funds for the 1917-18 school term. Bids must be in not later than Aug. 25 1917.
J. R. Boston, Chm.
Frank Simmons, Sec.

If you don't want a good wagon don't buy the Bain Special. If there were anything better we'd get it. Hedley Hardware Co.

Tom Kennedy, formerly of Clarendon, but now on the farm in Collingsworth county, was in Hedley Saturday, en route home from Clarendon.

If you need second hand wagons, and want to buy them worth the money, go to Hedley Hardware Co.

E. R. Lilly was here the latter part of last week from his home north of town.

Subscribe for The Informer.

Buy It At Home

"AMERICA FOR AMERICANS" has been hailed throughout the Nation as the greatest trade slogan ever adopted. It means that hereafter we'll keep at home millions of dollars we formerly spent in Germany and other nations for articles we never knew could be made or raised at home until the war enveloped us and old Grim Necessity woke us up. Now we are patronizing our own people and getting Better Goods For Less Money. No doubt about it. It's a fact.

Why not HEDLEY FOR HEDLEYITES? If you've been going away from the home town to do your buying and selling it's time to "take a tumble to yourself." Waiving the matter of personal pride which you should feel in seeing the home community prosper, and helping it prosper, the chances are that right here in Hedley you can get Better Goods For Less Money. It's a fact.

Buy It At Home

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give a FREE OF COST on all subjects relating to the subject of building work on the farm, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1227 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose two-cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

The progressive farmer is careful of the appearance of his farm. Whether this is because of the fact that he knows it has an effect on the sale value of the farm, because of his personal pride or because of the influence of improved farming methods and sanitation makes little difference. It is sufficient that this tendency is in force. Naturally the appearance of the buildings will determine very largely the appearance of the farm.

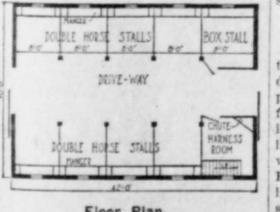
Some of the best farms are built according to a definite plan which predetermines just where each building is to be placed, the type of building which is to be and the style of all of the buildings is made to conform to a selected standard. The scheme may even be carried to a conformity between building materials used. The most noticeable manner in which farm buildings may be designed to follow a selected style is in the shape of the roof. The roof of a barn constitutes a large proportion of the total external surface and its shape will, therefore, have a decided effect upon the appearance.

There are three principal types of roof which are used on farm buildings. These are the pitched or gable roof, the gambrel roof and the gothic roof. In



selecting the style of roof for the buildings of the group, the barn which is to have a hay mow should govern the decision. This building should have a roof which will provide the largest possible haymow volume for every square foot of ground covered by the building, under ordinary circumstances. There might be conditions such that a large haymow would be unnecessary in any of the buildings and then the style of roof would be wholly a matter of personal taste, based on appearance only. Assuming that the large mow is necessary, however, the following facts are considered: The gable roof provides the least volume of any of the three types mentioned for a given height. The gambrel roof furnishes a larger volume for the given height and the gothic roof gives the largest volume of the three types.

The gable roof has no particular advantages from the structural standpoint other than the fact that its construction is exceedingly simple. The gambrel roof has the advantage that it is adapted to the various forms of plank frame construction, which is a type of construction that has replaced the heavy timber and beam barns in many parts of the country. Its principal advantages are that it requires no lumber having a thickness greater than two inches, it may be framed by a small force of men because there are no exceedingly heavy members to be raised into place and the hay mow space is unobstructed except for the purlin posts and the main truss chords, which project only a few feet into the mow. The gothic roof may likewise be classed as a plank frame structure. There is absolutely no obstruction of any sort in the mow of a gothic roof barn. When properly braced with diagonal strips spiked and bolted



horse barn, hinged to swing in at the top for ventilation. In the cow barn arrangement, when used as a dairy barn, the windows would be made larger and a special ventilating system would be installed.

There are eight double stalls, a box stall and a harness room shown on the plan. If the capacity of the building were to be increased, it would be lengthened in increments equal to the width of a single or double stall, as preferred, until a sufficient capacity would be obtained. The harness room is carefully inclosed to make it as near dust-tight as possible. It pays to give harness a little extra care, during these days of high-priced leather. The central driveway is nearly 12 feet wide. In case a concrete floor is placed in the building the central driveway will be of concrete, but the floor in the stalls must be built up above the concrete with wood planks, wood blocks or some other material which will not be uncomfortable or cold for the animals to stand or lie on.

Ghetto a Serious Place.

"Americans are accustomed to say that nothing can be really good that does not show a 'sense of humor.' A person who, no matter what his defects may be, has that irradiating light, is saved, and it is that quality in a book which we pick out with perhaps the greatest approval. But the serious ghetto is entirely lacking in the genial sense of humor," says Hutchins Hapgood in the Century.

"The Russian Jews do not know how to play, either physically or intellectually. There is no play in their art, their literature, or their life. They do not understand what is light and graceful. Charm of the mere evanescent kind, the charm of the nuance, is lacking. The spirit and the art of the Japanese are the opposite of the spirit and the art of the ghetto Jew. The young men of the ghetto—those of the intellectual type—pass their nights, after working hard all day, in serious conversation in which there is no lightness or humor, although there may be, and often is, a sense of the incongruous or of the ridiculous."

Appropriate Tones.

"That temperance speaker has such a strident voice."

"You wouldn't have him use speaker's easy methods, would you?"

Women



FAVORITES FOR BLOUSES FOR MIDSUMMER.

The shops continue to display blouses—tailored and otherwise made—for late summer wear. Tailored models are of crepe de chine and other wash silks, while georgette crepe holds its own first place for dressy wear. The lingerie blouses of fine white voile, trimmed with narrow flit, clay or lingerie lace, and further ornamented with fine touches—used sparingly—gains ground as midsummer nears. This is a favorite, worn with white wash skirts and with other separate skirts for the street and sports. It launders to perfection, and the silk blouses do almost as well, with careful washing.

A blouse of white pussy willow taffeta is one of the few tailored models which is very uncompromisingly plain. It has a very simple pattern on the front wrought in small white and blue beads. Except for this it is entirely plain, relying for its style upon a wide sailor collar and deep pointed cuffs turned back at the wrists.

In the blouse of georgette narrow revers at the front widen into a collar that is deep at the back and edged with narrow flit lace. Fine tucks, in two groups, extend from the shoulder seams to the line of the bust and a dainty pattern in silk embroidery finishes the decoration. The sleeves are gathered into deep plain cuffs and all seams are hemstitched.

Among new arrivals there are a few blouses that fasten in the back. They are provided with high collars and ja-

bot and are a boon to the too-slender woman. But blouses like those pictured, with open throats, are worn with separate high collars and jabots.

The stout, matronly figure has a dignity and style of its own, and in the clothes which modern methods make for it, beauty of line as well. There is a system of careful designing, done by specialists in the work, that has resulted in a new order of things. These specialists adapt the new styles to the figures of stout women, but hold them to the "svelt" line, and if a new style is incompatible with the svelt-line, it is the style that is sacrificed, and not the line.

The stout woman must begin at the beginning by having a corset that fits and shapes up her figure. Then, if she adopts scientifically designed clothes, and has them perfectly executed, no one will ever couple "ungainly" with her figure, for it will have good lines and style. But in the new designing nothing is left to chance; every line, every button, every drape—everything is a matter of study.

There are two good examples of successful costuming of the stout figure, shown in the picture. In one of them, of plain satin and satin-striped crepe georgette, the designer takes advantage of the newly arrived box-plated skirt to emphasize long, straight lines in the costume. The plaits are narrow and thoroughly pressed and the skirt is set on to a bodice of satin with long front and plaits at each side of it. It fastens with a row of small satin-covered buttons set close together. In the over drape of striped crepe the satin stripe overlays the crepe stripe. The belt of plain satin slips through slashes in the straight hanging drape and dips to lengthen the waistline at the front. The upper part of the sleeves, of the striped crepe, falls over a deep, close-fitting cuff of satin. Length of skirt is to be determined by becomingness and not sacrificed to styles that shorten the figure.

This is noticeable in the suit shown with a plain skirt cut ankle length. The long lines of the coat are almost



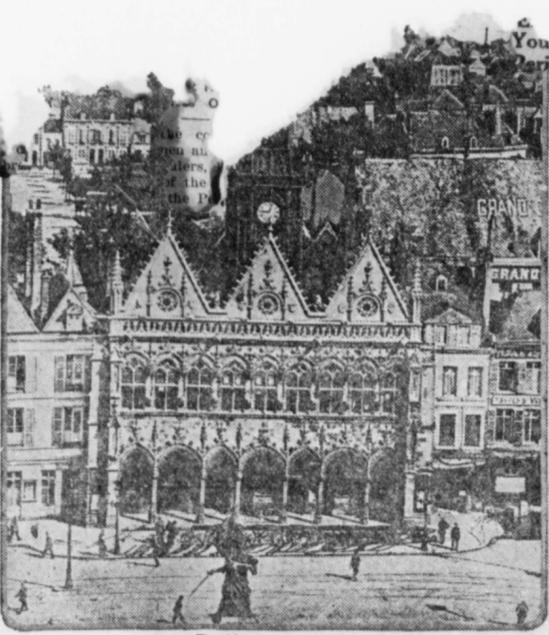
NEW STYLES ADAPTED TO STOUT FIGURES.

unbroken, even the needlework decoration at the bottom is not extended across the front. The waistline is managed with a narrow belt that dips to lengthen it, and this is emphasized by the row of bone buttons that fasten the coat.

A tonic made from five grains each of powdered alum and sulphate of zinc, with a gill of boiled and cooled water, is excellent.

Julia Bottomey

at St. Quentin told Coligny that



THE HOTEL DE VILLE

AT FOUR o'clock on the afternoon of August 28, 1914, the Germans took possession of the city of St. Quentin on the Somme. Owing to the incredible swiftness of the enemy advance the tiny garrison and the population were taken completely by surprise, and no resistance could be offered. The city being surrounded on all sides, the enemy stormed in at every point. Without a siege, without a battle, St. Quentin was overwhelmed by the countless hordes of the Germans, who were carrying all before them in that great resistless westward movement towards Paris that seemed to promise complete and dazzling victory to their arms.

Through the changes and chances of centuries of war, St. Quentin has seen heroes in all generations lay down their lives in her streets and about her walls, from the dawn of history till present times, says E. Maxtone Graham in Country Life. A prosperous manufacturing town with 130,000 inhabitants engaged in modern industries does not seem suggestive of historical associations. The St. Quentin of today has spread over a large acreage, and has grown to be one of the main centers in France for railway communications and for cotton and many other useful, if unpicturesque, industries.

To visualize St. Quentin in old days, imagination must clear away all but a few old streets and buildings, retaining the exquisite Hotel de Ville and the glorious Gothic church begun in the twelfth century, with its double transept and arches soaring to incredible height. St. Quentin lay always in the fiery path of war, and, like all other cities of the Somme, even in early days could never count on any lasting peace.

The pages of the old French chronicles of the fifteenth century are almost entirely taken up with records of the wars between the crown and the powerful dukes of Burgundy, one unending list of personal feud and foray, the seizing and sacking of small towns, the skirmishing of small forces. In the spring of 1414, Charles VI, the Mad King of France, who was so keen a soldier between his attacks of insanity, was engaged in the congenial task of turning Burgundy out of various towns on the Somme. Having wrested Soissons from the duke, after a siege, he reduced the captured town to the last depths of misery. A few days later the king rode, well pleased, to St. Quentin with his knights and found royal lodging there.

Was Strong Frontier Town.

St. Quentin was, for centuries considered the strongest frontier town of Picardy. The wide-spreading marsh of the Somme formed a protection on three sides. The city lay in the direct road of all northern invasions. Whoever held St. Quentin held the key to Paris. Yet in 1557 the Spanish war found the ramparts in ruinous condition and the defenses neglected. The resources of Spain included 60,000 men under Manuel Philibert, duke of Savoy, and the Flemish Count d'Egmont. Against these forces were opposed the finest chivalry of France, hopelessly outnumbered. Gaspard de Coligny, admiral of France, and Anne de Montmorency, constable of France, one of the illustrious veterans of Francois I, both men full of wisdom, courage and greatness of soul, are the outstanding names in the story of the battle and siege of St. Quentin, which was destined to be for France one of those defeats which add luster to her name.

At the outset Coligny forced the Spanish lines and got into St. Quentin with 900 men, before the first attack could be delivered. Once inside, he realized the desperate condition of affairs, the ruined ramparts, the lack of provisions and of munitions. Unless help could be got from outside, the place could not hold out for a week. The constable was at La Fere with the French army. The Spanish host was gathered threateningly on the one side of St. Quentin that was unprotected by the marshes. Some of the inhabitants of St. Quentin told Coligny that

through the shallow marshes a stream flowed, deep enough to carry large boats. Coligny made a rapid plan to get re-enforcements, food and munitions into the city by this means from La Fere. The constable thought well of the idea. Five boats were hurriedly constructed, and d'Audoulet, younger brother of Coligny, was charged with the task of carrying out the scheme, but it failed, and only 450 men of the tiny expeditionary force led by d'Audoulet got through to the relief of the city.

Defeat of the Constable.

The aim of the constable was to engage the Spanish forces while the operation from La Fere was carried out. Unfortunately, he lost too much time, and had no opportunity to draw up his men in battle array. Savoy and Egmont charged his troops too quickly. In less than half an hour they were thrown into disorder with great loss. Retreat was difficult and ultimate disaster seemed imminent. The constable asked an old officer: "What must we do?" "I knew an hour ago, but I do not know now," was the reply. "And I," exclaimed Coligny, "do not know where to find an honorable death," and he fell upon the Spanish line, where death he desired.

The town of St. Quentin held out 17 days after the loss of the key. Under the brilliant leadership of Coligny, who must have known the possibility of driving off the besiegers, the little garrison stubbornly resisted. But with the flags taken from the conquered French army floating before the ramparts, the hearts of the city failed them at last. When 11 branches had been made in the through which the Spaniards surged into the streets, he yielded. The city was given over to the usual horrors of fire and pillage, while the inhabitants fled into the open country. Coligny was taken prisoner.

Doubtless in the modern city of St. Quentin little thought is given to such old-world and fast-fading histories, as her prosperous citizens enjoy their leisure on the large shady boulevards. These walks are situated on the site of the old ramparts, once the scene of so much passionate effort. They were demolished by Napoleon's order in 1810. Could he have thought that the tide of war would never surge round the city's walls again? Sixty years after she had thus been rendered defenseless, the Germans took possession of her on their way to Paris. In January, 1871, General von Goeben routed the army of General Faidherbe, after a prolonged and glorious resistance. The Germans claim that in the battle their forces numbered 30,000 against 40,000 of the French. They paid dearly in killed and wounded for their victory. But von Goeben took 10,000 prisoners.

When, in the last days of August, 1914, the mighty hordes of the Germans moved forward and forced back the French army for a hundred miles, pouring on towards Paris, they swept over St. Quentin, engulfing her properties and robbing France of industries very vital to her needs.

The Very Reason.

He—I wish you wouldn't
She—I thought you liked
He—I do.

Match

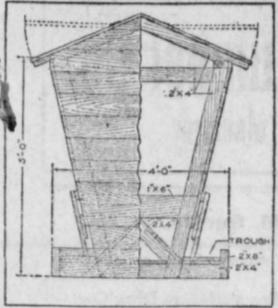
What did they?

Self-Feeder

Device Has Been Found Satisfactory for Fattening Nearly Grown Shoats or Young Hogs.

(By W. E. FRUDDEN, in Popular Mechanics Magazine.)

While a self-feeder is not desirable for general use in swine feeding, it has been found practical in the quick fattening of nearly grown shoats or

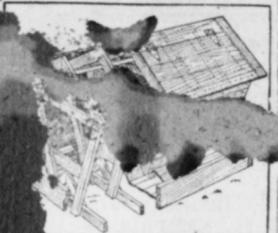


End View of Self-Feeder.

young hogs, and is a useful device where many hogs are to be fed. The feeder shown in the illustration is simple in construction and may be made in the farm workshop. At the left is a sketch with portions cut away, exposing the interior construction. The view at the right shows the end of the feeder, with the right half cut away to show the details of the framing. No length is given, as this may be varied to suit the individual needs.

The framework consists of sections built up of 2-by-4-inch material and set on 18-inch centers. Fixed to them, at the bottom, are 2-by-4-inch supports for the ridge-shaped bottom of the feed bin. The sections are 5 feet high to the upper side of the plate, as shown in the sectional view, and 4 feet wide at the top and bottom. They are strongly braced, to resist the pressure of the contents, 2-by-4-inch braces being used at the top and 1-by-6-inch braces at the apex of the bottom of the bin.

Tongue-and-groove stock is best for the flooring and siding, as well as the roof, and should not be over 6 inches wide. The flow of the feed into the trough is regulated by an 8-inch board, 1 inch thick, fitted to slide



Front and End View.

along the sides above the inclined cleats. The rafters are of light stock, and may be set at a slight pitch, one to three, as the lids extend one-half the length of the feeder, but may be made length if not too heavy. They are attached to strap hinges and have a cover over the eaves and gable to protect the feeder from rain. They may be prepared for transport.

WEATHER HORSE RULE

Lightly, Drive Slowly and Rest in Shade if Possible—Sponge on Head if Good.

and lightly and drive slowly. Stop in the shade if possible. Do not use a horse-hat, unless it is a canopy-top hat. The ordinary bell-shaped hat does more harm than good. A sponge on top of the head, or even a cloth, is good if kept wet. If dry it is worse than nothing.

When he comes in after work, sponge off the harness marks and sweat, his eyes, his nose and mouth, and the dock. Wash his feet but not his legs.

If the thermometer is 75 degrees or higher, wipe him all over with a damp sponge. Use vinegar water if possible. Do not turn the horse on him. Saturday night, give a bran mash, lukewarm; and add a tablespoonful of saltpeter.

REASONS FOR RAISING STOCK

While Owner Is Resting and Sleeping Animals Are Working—All Roughage Is Utilized.

There are a thousand and one reasons why we should raise live stock on the farm, and here are a few of them:

Because, while the owner is resting and sleeping, live stock are working on the farm. They are grazing in the pastures, they are in the barns, or doing other things that they have eaten, and are receiving any attention that they need. The roughage on the farm can be turned into



FINE TYPE OF MILK AND BEEF COMBINED.

(By FRANK D. TOMSON.)

It is generally recognized that the type of cow best suited for the average farmer, who does not specialize in any line, is the cow that will yield a considerable volume of milk and that will take on flesh readily when not in milk. The illustration accompanying this article shows two Shorthorn cows that are fine examples of this combined beef and milk type. The size and fullness of the udder is the evidence of their milk production and anyone experienced in the handling of beef cattle will readily recognize the beef characteristics of these two cows—and that they have ample scale. The produce from such cows as these grow quickly into value as beef or breeding animals, and the heifers may be relied upon to perform creditably in the dairy.

The problem of disposing of the male calves, which is encountered by dairymen everywhere who rely upon dairy cows of the so-called dairy breeds, does not enter into the calculations of the farmer or dairyman who places his dependence on cows of the type shown herewith. The male calves from such cows as these are snapped up by neighboring farmers or butch-

ers and they are willing to pay a premium for them.

Through the use of high-grade cows of this type, and there are many thousands of such, in which Shorthorn blood predominates, the farmer is assured of profits. If there is an occasional cow that does not yield a profitable flow of milk, she readily converts the feed she consumes into beef and is working toward the profit mark through one channel or the other all of the time. The great majority of farmers are not inclined nor equipped to be specialists. Their aggregate income is made up from returns from diversified activities on the farm. This being true, the dependable type of cow is what has been widely heralded as the dual-purpose cow, of which the illustration is a fine example.

A striking example of this type is the Shorthorn cow, Oxford Maid, owned in Iowa, with a weight of 1,850 pounds and a milk yield for thirty days of 1,526 2-3 pounds and over 5,000 pounds in four months. If the farmer will more generally adopt for their use cows of this combined utility, they will find a surer and easier road to prosperity.

USES FOR ROADSIDES

Productive Soil Should Be Employed for Making Food.

Sweet Clover, Red Clover and Grasses Are Often Found Along Highways and Can Be Cut for Hay for Stock.

Many thousands of miles of roadsides are on productive soil and should be used for food-production. To use the roadsides will involve little labor and no large expenditure.

Some roadsides can be used to produce hay. Such crops as sweet clover, red clover and grasses are often found growing rankly along the roads and can be cut for hay. These crops are usually allowed to waste, though some farmers utilize them. One farmer in Missouri always cuts the sweet clover from roadsides adjacent to his farm before it gets woody. Along limestone roadsides clover often grows more rankly, owing to the sweetening effect of the road dust on the soil acidity. On some roadsides, by a little seeding or by clipping the weeds, the more valuable hay crops can be produced.

Pasturing the roadsides usually offers the best way of utilizing them. Many roadsides are too rough to be mowed, and farm labor is scarce. May grass pasture plants grow along the roads. Bluegrass and white clover frequently take the roadsides, to the exclusion of weeds. Bermuda grass, Japan clover, and other plants of good grazing qualities are found along the Southern roads. Wild grasses throughout other parts of the country are abundant along roads. The pasturing of roadsides can be increased by keeping the weeds down by mowing occasionally with a machine or scythe. The farm pastures can be rested and are not so liable to overgrazing when the roadsides are used. Pasturing the roadsides does not call for much labor. Cattle and sheep can be grazed along them and valuable beef, milk, wool, and mutton produced. The old milk cow may be tethered out, or the farm cattle, herded by children, pastured along the roads. The farm flock of sheep will need to be herded, but will clip the roadside more closely and retard the growth of noxious weeds. Farmers who use these waste spaces will help produce more food, eliminate waste, produce cheaper milk and meat, reduce weeds, remove a wintering place for insects, and in addition make roadsides and farmsteads more attractive.

LOSS OF FAT IN SKIM MILK

Chief Cause Probably Is Speed of Bowl—When Turned Too Slow Milk Does Not Skim Clean.

(Clamson College Bulletin.)

Every farmer who uses a separator to skim his milk should give close attention to see that he does not lose fat in the skim milk. A small percentage of fat going into the skim milk continuously means a great loss for the year. If a cow gives 5,000 pounds of milk and four-tenths of 1 per cent is lost, it would mean for the year a loss of about 88 per cent.

There may be many causes to produce such a loss. Probably the chief cause is the speed of the bowl. If a separator is turned too slowly, the milk does not skim clean and fat goes over into the skim milk. Another cause might be the temperature of the milk. For close skimming milk should be 85 degrees or above. Still another cause is an unbalanced bowl. See that the separator gets plenty of oil when running and do not neglect it when it gets out of order.

HOGS INFESTED WITH WORMS

Dose of Calomel and Santonin Is Recommended—Remedies Should Be Given in Thin Slop.

Hogs badly infested with worms should be given four grains of calomel and six grains of santonin for each 100-pound hog; or two and one-half grains santonin, one dram area nut, two grains calomel and two drams sodium bicarbonate for each 100-pound hog. These remedies should be fed in a thin slop. The slop should be made out of ship-stuff or bran. The hogs should be fasted for at least 24 hours, then given the slop containing the proper amount of medicine. If necessary repeat in ten days or two weeks.

FLUSHING SOWS IS FAVORED

Oats and Finely Cut Alfalfa Will Put Them in Good, Vigorous Condition for Breeding.

About a month before breeding time brood sows that have been living on pasture since their pigs were weaned may be started on a little grain. Oats and finely cut alfalfa fed twice a day in amounts which the sows will readily clean up will put them in good condition for breeding. Larger and more vigorous litters will be obtained if the sow is in a vigorous condition when bred. She should be gaining in flesh at the time, not fat, but just starting to get fat.

DODSON'S LIVER TONE

New Discovery! Takes Place of Dangerous Calomel—It Puts Work Without Making You Sick—Eat Anything—It Cures Salivate—Don't Lose a Day's Work!

I discovered a vegetable compound that does the work of dangerous, sickening calomel and I want every reader of this paper to try a bottle and if it doesn't straighten you up better and quicker than salivating calomel just go back to the store and get your money.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your thirty feet of bowels of the sour bile and constipation poison which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable.

I guarantee that one spoonful of this harmless liquid liver medicine will relieve the headache, biliousness, coated tongue, ague, malaria, sour stomach or any other distress caused by a torpid liver as quickly as a dose of vile, nauseating calomel, besides it will not make you sick or keep you from

a day's work. I want to see a bottle of this wonderful liver medicine in every home here.

Calomel is poison—it's mercury—it attacks the bones, often causing rheumatism. Calomel is dangerous. It sickens—while my Dodson's Liver Tone is safe, pleasant and harmless. Eat anything afterwards, because it can not salivate. Give it to the children because it doesn't upset the stomach or shock the liver. Take a spoonful tonight and wake up feeling fine and ready for a full day's work.

Get a bottle! Try it! If it doesn't do exactly what I say, tell your dealer to hand your money back. Every druggist and store keeper here knows me and knows of my wonderful discovery of a vegetable medicine that takes the place of dangerous calomel.—Adv.

What He Saw.

An excited man at Evansville called the sheriff's office and asked in an anxious tone of voice whether William Habbe, the sheriff, knew that "three or four boys were playing on the roof of the courthouse."

The sheriff didn't but he promised to make an investigation at once. When Sheriff Habbe had climbed the long flight of stairs to the cupola and looked out he saw—

Four tinnies engaged in laying a new cornice around the eaves of the building.—Indianapolis News.

Splendid Medicine For Kidneys, Liver and Bladder

For the past twenty years I have been acquainted with your preparation, Swamp-Root, and all those who have had occasion to use such a medicine praise the merits of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root; especially has it been very useful in cases of catarrh or inflammation of the bladder. I firmly believe that it is a very valuable medicine and recommendable for what it is intended.

Very truly yours,
DR. J. A. COPPEDGE,
Oct. 26, 1916. Alanreed, Texas.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

DEATH HAZARD IN BATTLE

Insurance Company Statistics Show the Risks That Men Take When They Go to War.

Marshal Joffre told James M. Beck, who repeated the figures in my hearing, that from February to August last year 84,000 soldiers were killed or wounded at Verdun, says a writer in the Philadelphia Ledger.

A big battle crowds into a few hours all the likelihood of death that comes to a civilian over a period of years.

Insurance company statistics show that in fighting at Gettysburg a man was as likely to be killed as a man not in battle to die in the four years between forty-nine and fifty-three.

If you are thirty, you stand as good a chance of living five more years as a soldier at Shiloh had of surviving that one day.

There were compressed into one brief day at Antietam all the death hazards which confront a man of forty for the next four years. The Wilderness put into tabloid form all the casualty risks faced by a person of forty-two until he was forty-five.

Grant's campaign at Vicksburg matched in death perils the combined years from forty-two onward.

A single half-hour at Cold Harbor was equivalent to all the civilian dangers in a young man's life from twenty-eight to thirty-two.

The present war is mostly machine slaughter—shells and rapid-fire guns killing more than ten times as many soldiers as rifle bullets.

The man who has no use for the opinions of others never has any of his own that other people want.

POST TOASTIES are the newest and best in corn flakes



SOUTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY GEORGETOWN, TEXAS

When considering the sending of a son or daughter to college, not only must it be considered to whom and to what he or she is to be sent, but also WHERE. Georgetown is thirty miles from Austin, with 14 trains daily. It is eminently a school town, free from saloons and other sources of vice. With its cultured citizenship it is conservatively progressive in atmosphere. It is clean in appearance, with its beautiful homes, its cement sidewalks, its avenues of trees. Through it flows the historic and picturesque San Gabriel River. The scenery is itself cultural.

The climate is ideal, mild, bracing, healthful.

The surrounding country is as rich, as prosperous as there is in Texas.

Let the student live in a place conducive to high thinking.

For catalog address Registrar, Southwestern University, Georgetown, Texas

Four issues No. 1 newspaper month.

Advertising and are charged for until low priced out, unless specific arrangements are made when the ad is brought in.

All Obituaries, Resolutions of Respect, Cards of Thanks, Advertising Church or Society doings when admission is charged, will be treated as advertising and charged for accordingly.

"There is glory in any little thing that you do simply from a sense of duty"

If you have to argue with your conscience as to whether a thing is right or wrong, the chances are it's wrong

Speaking of the recent Russian "retreat," George Bingham says "The Russians needed some money to run on. They got it and did."

With a million of Uncle Sam's men now under arms, the visit of those Germans who were coming to collect indemnity out of New York has probably been postponed—Indefinitely.

The Quanah Observer is in the hands of Sheriff Walker pending the outcome of litigation instituted by Mrs. Minnie Chase, the former owner, against Roland Bush, who recently bought the plant and closed the office two weeks ago.

The investigation still goes on down Austin way. We read a little squib a few days ago that fits in here perfectly. Says one gent: "Many characters are lost in these investigations." "Oh, no, not lost," replied the other; "they're discovered."

Do not try to guess how long the war is going to last, advises William Jennings Bryan; guesses are of no value. Here is a fact which is more valuable than any guess, prediction or prophecy—namely, that we must stand together and fight it through, no matter whether the war be long or short.

Cut the weeds and clean up.

There is some argument in favor of the division, is it—both for sentimental and business reasons. A thorough investigation would, we believe, prove to any good business man that the benefits gained would in no wise balance up with those lost. First thing we know somebody'll be trying again to change the name of Arkansas.

A live town and a good town is the desire of all towns, or at least it should be the desire. In order to have this there must be a little push, a little give, a little take, and a whole lot of a desire to treat our neighbor as ourselves. In other words, if you have anything to buy, buy it of your neighbor; if you have anything to give, give it unto your neighbor; and if you can do any good, do it unto your neighbor.—Higgins News.

The first number of Editor C. T. Wilson's new paper, The Quanah American, reached this office last week. It is neatly printed and well patronized. Success to you, friend, but we're wondering how even a live town like Quanah is going to furnish support for three newspapers.

According to the Quanah Tribune Chief, friends of Judge Marshall of that city are urging him to make the race for State Senator, to succeed Senator W. A. Johnson of Memphis who will not seek re-election. A number of men have signified their intention to enter this race, and the campaign will likely develop a warm contest.

Startling facts are being revealed in the physical examination of men for the army. Only one man out of every five passes the examination. Are we a nation of runts and cripples? The stockman who found that percent of his animals unable to pass an examination would become alarmed. The war is certain to cause changes in our mode of living which will make for a stronger nation.—Randall County News.

The state school per capita apportionment for 1917-18 has been set at \$7.50, is the report from Austin. Funds in the treasury indicate that the session beginning in September will start out on a cash basis.

Unit, from Arkansas, and physically need to be required to either work. If a chronic laborer is found who will not work, he is incumbent upon the authorities to take him into custody, put him in a field and compel him to aid in the production of the vast quantities of food stuffs that are required to keep the wolf from the door. No sentiment or friendship should be allowed to sway those whom we have placed in authority over us, for the public welfare must predominate over every other consideration. To put the case bluntly America must work or starve.—Llano Searchlight.

McKNIGHT LOCALS

Crops are looking fine, and watermelons are getting ripe.

The singing at McKnight last Sunday was well attended.

W. H. Moreman spent Monday and Tuesday in Memphis on business.

Mesdames C. Y. Tate and J. T. Haines are visiting their parents in Oklahoma this week.

Mrs. Andrew Bales is enjoying a visit from her father, T. B. Shaw, of Bowie.

Mrs. C. W. Carder and children from Amarillo spent several days here first of the week with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Mereman.

Misses Dolly and Kate Hardy came down from Goodnight Sunday to visit their brother, Billy, and old acquaintances.

Bro. Hardy from Oklahoma is expected Sunday to commence the Baptist protracted meeting.

Mr. Willingham's baby that has been sick for some time, is slowly improving.

The Social Club had an enjoyable meeting Saturday afternoon. Everybody had a good time and plenty of ice cream.

Billy Hardy gave the young people a party Tuesday night, in honor of his sisters, Misses Hardy, of Goodnight.

Robert Watkins visited his mother in Memphis the first part of the week.

Chas. Drake and wife visited at the Moreman home Tuesday of this week.

Memphis is to have a new city hall and fire station, work to begin on it Sept. 1st. It will be of brick, 34x80 feet, two stories, and located at the corner of 7th and Noel streets.

The Denver Road has been hauling water from Giles to the shops at Childress. We understand the rains last week somewhat relieved the situation there, which had become quite serious.

SERIES OF MEETINGS

The Hedley Baptist church will begin their series of meetings on Sunday, August 26th, and continue over the first Sunday in September.

On the Firing Line Every Day in the Week

Ready to serve you with high class Cleaning and Pressing and repairing of clothes.

The kind that you can readily recognize as "different."

Phone Us, Drop a Card, Come In Sometime

Hedley Pressing Parlor

WAR SITUATION THE PAST WEEK

As predicted last Sunday in this review, the British and French forces renewed their offensive on the western lines during the week. Fresh gains have been reported by London and Paris, at three points along the line from Lens to Dixmude, a distance of about fifty miles.

The attacks appear to have been heaviest and most successful in the regions of Lens, of Langemark and Ypres, with claims of capture of the latter village and a close approach to Lens, the coal metropolis. A heavy fortified point called Hill 70 was taken by the British (Canadians) from the Germans, and has been held against ten distinct counter attacks, in which the Germans are reported to have lost hundreds of their best troops. This hill, together with its approaches on all sides, is said to command the surrounding battlefield for a considerable distance in all directions, including the city, and it is supposed that its occupancy by the British will enable them to compel the evacuation of Lens, as soon as heavy artillery can be established upon it. This prospect, of course, is contingent upon the failure of the Germans to retake it; and their desperate assaults so far indicate that they value it very highly. Langemark is a Belgian village, which, prior to the present offensive, lay about one mile behind the German front line. This indicates that the British have made a considerable gain of territory at that point, but there are conflicting claims. Not a great deal is coming out by way of news, either from the entente or the German agencies, but it is generally assumed that the fighting at present is on a great scale, perhaps as heavy as any of the whole war. The Germans are fiercely contesting every yard of ground, and wherever they are compelled to yield, they soon return with counter-attacks. But these, according to some of the correspondents, lack the vigor and confidence that characterized the earlier contests. Further to the south and east, on what is called the Laon Plateau, where the French in April captured important elevations, the Crown Prince for three weeks has attacked fiercely every day, losing heavily, in an attempt to wrest these heights from the French. Entente correspondents declare the German losses here are comparable to those at Verdun. On the eastern front the Austro-Germans are still pressing back the Russo-Roumanians, although apparently on a narrow sector. No gains are reported elsewhere on the east side. Russian conditions are believed to be better, both civil and military. Submarine losses were much lighter than usual. The Pope's peace effort is unlikely to bear immediate fruit, but it probably will bring forth a re-statement of war aims from the entente, and possibly from the Central Powers.—State Press, in Dallas News.

SCIENTIFIC MASSEUR

Scientific masseuring has helped many of the best citizens of this town and community and it may be just what will help. We would be pleased to talk the matter over with anyone who may wish to have our services.

I am not a surgeon nor a physician, but if you want scientific masseuring, call and see me.

Dr. H. S. Dowda, Scientific Masseur, Clarendon, Texas.

P. A. BUNTIN
Embalmer and Funeral Director
Auto Hearse and Ambulance.
Calls Answered Promptly.
Clarendon, Texas

GEO. A. RYAN
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

You don't have to wait if you tell me your wants in the lines. Office: Connally bldg CLARENDON, TEXAS

Got Something You Want to Sell?

Most people have a piece of furniture, a farm implement, or something else which they have discarded and which they no longer want. These things are put in the attic, or stored away in the barn, or left lying about, getting of less and less value each year.

WHY NOT SELL THEM?

Somebody wants those very things which have become of no use to you. Why not try to find that somebody by putting a want advertisement in THIS NEWSPAPER?

Suits made to measure, with Clarke the Tailor who knows how. Clarke, the Tailor.

Coal

Cicero Smith Lumber Co.
U. J. BOSTON, Manager

DR. B. YOUNGER
DENTIST
Clarendon, Texas

DR. J. W. EVANS
DENTIST
Clarendon, Texas

DR. G. S. JACKSON
Graduate VETERINARIAN
Professional Calls Answered Promptly
Clarendon, Texas.

DR. W. R. SMITH
DENTIST
Hedley, Texas

DR. SEDGWICK
Late of Manhattan, N.Y.
Successor to Dr. D. D. ...
Office hours: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

P. A. BUNTIN
Embalmer and Funeral Director
Auto Hearse and Ambulance.
Calls Answered Promptly.
Clarendon, Texas

GEO. A. RYAN
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

Got Something You Want to Sell?

WHY NOT SELL THEM?

A. M. Sarvis, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Office at Hedley Drug Co.
Phones: Office 3 2r. Res. 28
Hedley, Texas

J. B. Ozier, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone No. 45-3r.
Residence Phone No. 45-2r.
Hedley, Texas

DR. W. R. SMITH
DENTIST
Hedley, Texas

Office, for the present, at Nippert Hotel

DR. SEDGWICK
Late of Manhattan, N.Y.
Successor to Dr. D. D. ...
Office hours: 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Always at Your Service for Printing Needs

- Is there something you need in the following list?
- Birth Announcements
 - Wedding Stationery
 - Envelope Enclosures
 - Sale Bills
 - Head Bills
 - Price Lists
 - Admission Tickets
 - Business Cards
 - Window Cards
 - Time Cards
 - Letter Heads
 - Note Heads
 - Envelopes
 - Leaflets
 - Bill Heads
 - Calling Cards
 - Statements
 - Milk Tickets
 - Meal Tickets
 - Shipped Tags
 - Announcements
 - Briefs
 - Notices
 - Coupons
 - Pamphlets
 - Catalogues
 - Circulars
 - Posters
 - Blotters
 - Invitations
 - Folders
 - Checks
 - Flanks
 - Notices
 - Labels
 - Legal Blanks
 - Score Cards
 - Flaccards
 - Dodgers
 - Post Cards
 - Programs
 - Receipts
- Prompt, careful and efficient attention given to every detail

Don't Send Your Order Out of Town Until You See What We Can Do

WHY SWELTER?

COOL COLORADO

and the world famous

Rocky Mountain (Estes) Yellowstone and Glacier National Parks

afford numerous pleasant hotel, ranch, camping and fishing resorts which may be enjoyed at moderate expense, and the undersigned will gladly supply, free of charge, such illustrated and detailed information regarding them as will greatly assist in deciding your point of

VACATION

"The Denver Road"
(Fort Worth and Denver City Ry.)

is the direct route from all points in the Southwest and affords its patrons quick time, close and safe connections, and all the Comforts and Conveniences necessary to

FIRST CLASS SERVICE

For Photo-Booklets, Schedule Folders and other information, address W. F. STERLEY, G. P. A., Fort Worth, Texas.

Miss Lucie Ellis visited in Memphis one week.

Lovely bromide pictures given away free at Kennedy's.

Miss Era Johnson was a recent visitor to friends in Clarendon.

FOR SALE—A few shoats. Weight from 80 to 100 pounds. C. F. Doherty.

Miss Mellie Richey visited Miss Lucie Ellis at Lelia Lake this week.

FOR SALE—Two horses and one mare; good work stock. J. H. Richey.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Roberts of Byers have been here the past week, visiting the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Amason.

R. A. Chamberlain and Nat Woods were here from Clarendon Monday on a cattle buying expedition. They went on to Estel line.

Let J. L. Tims and son fill your oil barrels and cans from the filling station in front of our store.

Carey Lane and family went to Mangum and other points in Oklahoma last week, on a visit to Mrs. Lane's relatives. They made the trip in their car and were gone four days.

DELCO-LIGHT
PRICES \$350.00 and \$420.00.
J. W. CARAWAY.

W. L. Moffitt of Corsicana, a former resident of Hedley, was here the past week, visiting the Johnson and Reeves families and other friends. He called at this office and subscribed for the Informer, at the same time informing us that he expected to move his family back here in about three months. We'll be glad to welcome them back to a good country, and hope they will stay this time.

J. O. Rhea was a pleasant caller at the Informer office last Friday. He was anxious to know where the Old Soldiers Reunion was to be held this year, as conflicting reports concerning same have been circulated. While in Clarendon Saturday evening, the editor tried to find out about it, and those to whom we talked were of the opinion that there would be no reunion this year.

T. A. Bales of McKnight neighborhood was in Hedley Saturday. He reports that crops are looking fine in his section, with prospects good for bumper yields.

We are authorized to announce that Bro. W. S. James, the pastor, will be here next Sunday to hold his regular preaching services at the Nazarene church. Everybody invited to attend.

C. A. Hicks, one of our progressive farmers, has bought the W. A. Lewis residence, occupied by J. W. Lane. Mr. Hicks will move to town soon in order to give his children the benefit of our public schools. We understand John Turnbow will move out to the Hicks farm.

FOR SALE—My place in east part of Hedley, next to J. G. McDougal. One acre with three room house, cistern and out buildings, small orchard and berry patch. Mrs. S. E. Allen.

Rev. W. H. McKenzie was here one day last week from Burk Burnett, visiting old friends and attending to business. While here he sold his splendid home property to Prof. W. A. Lewis, who will occupy same.

Caraway's Garage has the No. Flare Headlights. If you wish to comply with the law, come in and figure with us on the No. Flare.

Sam Smith, D. C. Moore, Ben Kempson, Will Owens and wife, H. Horschler and wife were here last Sunday from Hedley attending the meetings in progress here.—Wellington Leader.

We have a few \$12.50 Rugs that we are going to sell for \$10.00 for the next few days. Hedley Hardware Co.

Mrs. H. C. Tims has been very sick this week, but is now recovering.

I have the agency for the Chevrolet cars and will be glad to figure with any who wish to buy a good auto.

B. L. Kinsey.

Mr. Steve Hammett of Birmingham, Ala., accompanied by his daughter and son, visited J. W. Bond and family Wednesday. Also W. L. Lewis and wife, Mrs. C. E. Watkins, and S. E. Lewis and wife of Brice. Mrs. Bond served a bountiful and delicious dinner in honor of their visit, other guests being J. P. Pool and family, W. C. Watkins and family, Mrs. Hattie Patterson, Miss Dollie Hardy of Goodnight, W. B. and Robert Watkins, and Byron Lewis of Brice. Mr. Hammett is a first cousin to Mrs. Bond whom she had not seen since childhood.

The Informer, fearing that some of our merchants have been informed otherwise, wishes to announce that henceforth it will have on hand a limited supply of advertising space which it could be induced to lease to responsible parties, if properly approached. If interested, use our phone—that's what we got it for.

County Surveyor Jack Killough came down from Clarendon this morning on business.

P. L. Dishman of Co. B, 7th Texas Infantry, was here yesterday from Clarendon. The boys expect to be called to Camp Bowie most any time now.

Fire broke out in a smoke house at the S. L. Adamson home yesterday morning, causing considerable excitement for a while. The property damage was slight, but Mr. Adamson's hands were badly burned while he was fighting the flames. We did not learn the cause of the fire.

Hedley buyers never allow any others to pay better prices for farm products. Few pay as good. Bring it to Hedley.

Economic Club Tuesday noon. Miss Ima Morehead elected president, Miss O. Richey secretary, and Miss O. Marsalis treasurer.

Miss Bertha Bond is doing splendid work in organizing these clubs, and they are proving to be very profitable.

THE PROSPECTS
are good for a bumper crop, and it is time that you look over your old wagons and have the repairs made. Have your wagon beds made before you need them, and give the blacksmith a chance to give you his best work during his dull season. J. Walker Lane, The man who gives the best work for the price.

Mrs. S. S. Adamson and her daughter, Miss Blanche, visited in Claude this week.

Have your Tailor work done with Clarke, the Tailor, who knows how.

Walter Elder of Amarillo is visiting in the home of P. C. Johnson this week.

If you have any love for your money, and want to save it, go to Hedley Hardware Co. We appreciate your trade.

Mrs. W. J. Burrows, and son, Henry Smith, of Munday, Texas, returned to their home the first of the week after a pleasant visit at the F. M. Osborne home. Mrs. Burrows formerly lived here and is a sister of Mrs. Osborne. We were pleased to place her name on our subscription list.

REVIVAL MEETING WILL BEGIN SOON

Misses Sallee and Osborn will have charge of a revival meeting at the Hedley Nazarine church, to begin the first Sunday in September, which will be Sept. 2nd. Miss Osborn will do the preaching, while Miss Sallee will have charge of the song services. A cordial invitation to attend this meeting is extended to all.

T. R. Moreman and family returned last Friday from a visit to Sulphur, Okla. They report a very pleasant outing.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Smith were in Hedley last Saturday from their home in Windy Valley.

A. W. Nunn was in town Monday from Clarendon.

Carl Bridges, who went from here to Silo, Okla., a few weeks ago, has left there to join the navy. Carl will make a good sailor.

T. M. Little was here Tuesday from Memphis.

Buster Conner and family of Lelia Lake were in Hedley last Saturday.

Jack McCants and Clay Akers were in Hedley last Saturday from Giles.

E. H. Willis came in last Saturday from Clarendon, where he had been working all week at the carpenter's trade.

I. E. Lane and family have moved to the Cash place, vacated by Prof. W. A. Lewis.

J. H. Cooper and family from Loura Town, Ark., arrived here Wednesday, for a weeks visit with his son, C. O. Cooper, west of Hedley. Mr. Cooper says the crops are the best in his home state for the past four years.

The Informer, \$1.00 per year.

and we have all meetings be present. The characteristic of all the Red Cross organizations that are doing...

All of our neighboring towns have been busy for some time, and we certainly ought to do something since so many of our home boys may have occasion to use the things we will make. It is indeed a sad and awful thing to think of their needing such, but we might as well face the situation and do what we can to help, since there is such an urgent need.

Everyone is requested to bring a thimble, scissors and needles. We expect to try to arrange for a more desirable place to meet later on, but for the present we will meet in the basement of the Methodist church. Officers of the Red Cross.

Mr. Gill Lowe of Colorado, Texas, has been here the past week at the home of his father-in-law, W. V. O'Neal. His little daughter who has been sick for the past two weeks is reported to be improving.

FARM AND RANCH LOANS
On Long Time

Also Vendors Lien Notes taken up. Will pay the cash for them.

City property. Resident and business lots from \$40 up.

Farms and Ranches—from five acres up.

I have a special proposition on good farm, crop, livestock, farm implements and all. For quick sale. One mile from town. Small cash payment; balance easy.

Also special bargains on a few well improved resident properties in town.

D. C. Moore
Hedley Texas

MEETING POSTPONED

The camp meeting that was to begin next Sunday in O. G. Hill's pasture, by Rev. Ingram of Clarendon, will not be held. Late crops have caused the farmers to be so busy that adequate preparations cannot be made.

A meeting will begin next Sunday at Ring school house.

If you want the best wagon on the market buy the Bain Special. Sold by Hedley Hardware Co.

Frank Jones was in town Saturday from his home on Route 1. He gathered some extra fine peaches from his orchard this year, which he disposed of at good prices. He has some live stock for sale which he is advertising in this issue of the Informer.

Assessor W. A. Brown informs us that the total assessed valuation for the Hedley Independent School District amounts to \$764,645.00, he having finished assessing only a few days ago.

serial. One of the serials. Also two reels of a frolic.

Beginning Saturday
Mollie King, the story, in Pathe's new serial, "THE MYSTERY OF THE DOUBLE CROSS," now running in all the leading theatres. Read about this new serial in The Record each Sunday.

Tuesday, Next Week
FOUR REELS KEYSTONE COMEDIES.
SEE BILLBOARD FOR TITLES

Pleasant Hour
10 CENTS

LELIA LAKE ENTER-TAINS SOLDIERS

Last Sunday the members of Co. B, 7th Texas Infantry took a hike from Clarendon down to Lelia Lake and spent the day as guests of the citizens of that bustling burg.

A dinner was spread that was in every detail perfect, and most thoroughly enjoyed by a large crowd of people.

Many Hedleyites attended the festivities and report a delightful time. Early in the evening the soldiers hiked back to Clarendon reaching camp about 9:30.

If you are looking for the best Rug that you can buy for the money, go to Hedley Hardware.

W. A. Luttrell was in Clarendon last Sunday to see his wife who has been under treatment at Adair hospital for several weeks. Mrs. Luttrell was sufficiently improved to be brought home Tuesday, to the delight of her family and friends.

FOR SALE—Jersey cow and calf, one mule colt and one horse. 417c Frank Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Youree of Bray community were shopping here and visiting at the E. H. Willis home Tuesday.

Mrs. Ellery Lynn has been visiting her mother in McKnight community this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. King and family of Oklaunion were in Hedley the past week, visiting Mrs. E. C. Herd.

Mr. and Mrs. Pena Dishman returned Monday evening from New Mexico, where they went to visit Mrs. Dishman's people.

G. A. Blankenship returned first of the week from California, where he spent the past three weeks. Says he saw some mighty pretty country and all of them had a pleasant trip.

W. R. McCarroll and Miss Ethel Whittington left the first of the week for Dallas to buy goods for the Kicherson & McCarroll store.

Miss Flora Whittington returned Sunday to her home in Fort Worth, after a pleasant visit at the home of her uncle, J. M. Whittington.

Mrs. W. E. Reeves, her daughter Miss Myrtle, and son, Leon, left Monday for a visit to their son and brother, Atlee Reeves, on the New Mexico ranch, near Tucumcari.

A few Ice Cream Freezers, the at reduced prices. Hedley Hardware Co.

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