

# The Hedley Informer

VOL. V

HEDLEY, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, MARCH 26, 1915

NO. 1

## CAPT. ADKISSON OF MEMPHIS DEAD

(From Herald and Democrat.)  
The many friends of Captain G. J. Adkisson in this city, and that meant every one who knew him, were shocked Thursday morning at the news that he had passed away Wednesday at Corpus Christi, where he and his daughter, Miss Biffie, had been spending the winter. A telegram a few days before had stated the Captain was ill, but his death was none the less a shock to all.  
Captain Adkisson and family moved to this city from Waco about eight or nine years ago and have since made this their home. He was a native of Tennessee and served in the confederate army from that state, coming to Texas shortly after the war. He was some 63 years old at the time of his death. Mrs. Adkisson preceded the Captain to that land where troubles cease and happiness is eternal, dying about four years ago. He leaves six children, three sons and three daughters, D. D. and G. B. Adkisson of this county, Will Adkisson of California, Mesdames Arthur Whaley and T. A. Hart and Miss Biffie Adkisson of this city.

D. D. Adkisson and Mrs. Arthur Whaley went down to meet the body at San Antonio, J. G. Noel accompanying it to that point from Corpus Christi. Funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at the Christian Church. The local chapters of the U. C. V. and the U. D. C. had a part in the funeral service.  
Capt. G. J. Adkisson enlisted as a volunteer in the beginning of the Civil War in Columbia, Tennessee. He was assigned to commissary duty but after a few months could not refrain from entering the fighting line and was appointed Captain of the 9th Tenn. Cavalry in which capacity he served throughout the war. His service and loyalty was always of the highest order and he constantly demonstrated the patriotism and manhood which characterized his entire life.

## W. M. AUXILIARY

The W. M. and Christian Societies will entertain the ladies of the church (and all others that are interested) at the home of Mrs. G. A. Wimberly Monday Mar. 29, 2:30.

This announcement is all the invitation sent out so read this consider yourself invited and come.

## FOR SALE

Second hand farm implements John Deere Listers, Standard Listers, Cultivators, Go Devils, Disc Harrows with seeder attachments; also second hand vehicles, Delivery wagon, Surries, Top Hack, Poles and Shafts, all in good repair at J. Walker Lane's Blacksmith Shop. See him before you purchase.

In America the majority of Church members in most denominations is made up of women. In China the proportions are reversed. In sixteen congregations near Panchowtu there are one thousand and twenty male members and only one hundred and twenty-five female members. In the entire province of Shansi with fifteen million people, there is not a single woman doctor.

## Naylor Springs

We are glad to note that Mrs. C. L. Fields has about recovered. Durelle Hall has been quite sick is now convalescent.

The little infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Wildman who was so very ill last week is reported much improved.

O. A. Hefner and family returned Sunday after a several months stay in Southern Texas.

Mr. Drinnon and family moved to their new home near the river one day last week.

Mrs. John Wildman enjoyed a visit this week from her brother, Mr. Brock of Tolbert.

We are glad that Mr. Halls family have moved to the farm for the summer.

Master Walter Lyell who was so badly hurt, will be able soon to enter school again.

Jim Black who has been visiting M. O. Barnetts family has returned to Childress.

We are sorry to learn that little Ray Hefner is quite sick also little Ava.

NELDA.

## RECITAL GOOD

The recital given at the Presbyterian Church last Friday evening by the music and expression pupils of Misses Reeves and Lacy drew a crowded house, and the entire program was enjoyed by all present. The pupils showed advancement, some very marked, which speaks well for their teachers.

## Hedley Commercial Club Has Interesting Meeting

An interesting meeting was held Tuesday night, several important propositions coming before the meeting. Reports of committees were called for. The nominating committee reported the city ticket as follows:  
For Mayor, T. R. Moreman, Aldermen, J. G. McDougal, B. W. Moreman, P. C. Johnson, N. J. Allen, R. H. Jones. The report was accepted and committee discharged.  
The tabernacle committee reported that the cost of enclosing the tabernacle would be about \$200. A subscription was started and over half the amount raised in a few minutes; then the committee was instructed to finish soliciting as soon as possible. A building committee was appointed composed of J. R. Boston, Bend W. Johnson and J. W. Reeves. It is to be hoped that the tabernacle will be enclosed by next week.  
Next Tuesday night will be an interesting session also, as there will be several propositions to come up, among them the adoption of new constitution and by-laws.

## JOHNSON RECEIVES SHIPMENT OF AUTOMOBILES

The first shipment of automobiles ever made to Hedley is being unloaded here today. A car load of Studebaker cars for Bond W. Johnson is the shipment and will be displayed at his garage. Three new cars at one time is breaking the record in Hedley. But, then, the town is growing, and everything is being done on a bigger scale. The auto business is developing here evidenced by the dealer's shipping the autos in by the car load.

W. H. Madden was a business visitor in Memphis Thursday.

## MRS. PRESKITT DEAD

Mrs. Clara Preskitt died Sunday at the home of W. E. Day, whom she raised from childhood. She was laid to rest in Clarendon cemetery Monday. The many friends extend sympathy to the bereaved one.

R. L. Powell was in town Wednesday. He stated that considerable work is being done on the road between Hedley and Bray, and while in town he secured quite a little donation from the citizens to be applied on the road.

The Moreman brick extension is nearing completion. The brick work all done, the floor and roofing about completed, and the openings closed.

Read the gin ad on this page. The ginning season is about over.

## B. Y. U. SENIOR

Missionary Meeting--The New

Patriotism.

Song.

Prayer.

Business.

Leader--Willie Caldwell.

Song.

Scripture reading, 1 Peter 2:13-18--Lucile Caldwell.

Song, My Country 'Tis of Thee.

The Meaning of Patriotism

Spurgeon Bishop.

The Star-Spangled Banner

Mellie Richey.

Has Patriotism Developed--

Herman Horach.

The Soldier's Work--Claude

Bishop.

A Clean and Wholesome Citizen-ship--Jewel Hanson.

Song, Am I a Soldier of the

Cross.

A Christian Citizenship--K. W.

Howell.

Song.

Closing Prayer

Dr. and Mrs. W. Mickley

were up from Memphis Wednesday

visiting Dr. M. Sarvis

and family.

The J. Walker Lane Black-

smith Shop running in full force

this week. All work guaranteed.

B. W. Moreman and Barney

Harrison left Tuesday for a business

trip to the South Plains.

Spring may be here, but the

northerners keep coming just the

same.

Joe Killian and wife are here

this week from Naylor.

## DONLEY COUNTY HAS ONLY FOUR CONTESTANTS

Information has just been received from the Texas Industrial Congress that only 4 contestants from this county have entered its prize crop contests for the year 1915. The number is unusually small for an agricultural country of our importance, and should be greatly increased. In view of the fact that there is no cost whatever attached to entering any of the contests, and not a cent of expense loaded onto the farmer by competing for the prizes, there is no reason whatever except lack of interest or knowledge of what the contests are to account for this small enrollment. Full information as to how to enter the contests may be secured from the Texas Industrial Congress, at Dallas, by simply requesting application blanks. The contests are yet open, and may be entered at any time before May 1. As has been said, there is no expense attached to entering the contest other than a one cent postage stamp to send for the application blank and a two cent stamp to return it to the Congress. A comparison of the yields of corn, cotton, cow peas, kafir and peanuts made by those in the Congress contests with the average of the state convinces even the most skeptical of the value of the contests. For during the past year, when the average production of cotton for Texas was very slightly more than one third of a bale to the acre, the average for the contestants in the contest was one and one third bales. The average yield of corn for the state for four years was 19 bushels per acre, while the contestants average was 69 bushels per acre.

Subscribe for the Informer.

## MISSION STUDY CLASS

Mission Study Chapter VI. Red man as Teacher and Healer. Devotional service--Theme, The Command and the Promise that Lie Back of all Missionary Work. Scripture, Luke 10: 8, John 16: 7.

Roll Call--Incidents of Missionary work among Indians, testimonies of Christian Indians.

Topics--The Indian.

(a) Can Teach.

1 Mental poise. 2 The sacredness of promise. 3 Reverence for elders. 4 Self-effacement--Mrs. T. T. Harrison.

5 The simple life. 6 Patience and indifference to hardship. 7 Aesthetics--Mrs. Bain.

(b) Needs to learn.

1 Wholesome family discipline. 2 Educational ideals. 3 Religious ideals 4 Ideals of citizenship--Mrs. Kendall.

5 Intelligent use of time. 6 Comforts and conveniences of life. 7 Distinctions between morality and decency. 8 Self-dependence--Mrs. Lively.

Reading, The old and the new as seen by ex President Roosevelt--Mrs. Kennedy.

Paper, Temperance and the Red man--Mrs. Story.

Story, The message of Red Face to Pale Face--Mrs. Master-

son.

Resume (147)--Mrs. Allen.

General Question--What have we gained from the Study of "In Red Man's Land."

# The Ginning Season Will Close in Hedley Friday and Saturday APRIL 2 & 3

BRING IN WHAT COTTON YOU HAVE ON OR BEFORE THOSE TWO DAYS, AS THE HEDLEY GINS WILL BE SHUT DOWN AFTER GINNING APRIL 2 & 3,

**B. W. MOREMAN  
GINNER  
HEDLEY, TEXAS**



**Simplicity of Metric Weights and Measures**  
By Frank G. Wheatley, Boston, Mass.

An ideal system of weights and measures should have a single unit that is stable and such ratio between denominations that changes from one to another are easy. These two requirements are lacking in our present system. Our original unit of length is the English yard. A metal bar which are marked the limits of a yard is in the custody of the English government. The original standard is said to have been the length of the arm of Henry I.

Our original unit of weight for most articles is the English avoirdupois pound. A cylindrical piece of metal in the custody of the English government is the standard. The original standard is said to have been the weight of a grain of wheat of average size, 7,000 of these making a pound.

Then we have the apothecary weight for drugs and troy weight for gold and silver. We also indulge in various other vagaries, as the long and short tons and the knot for nautical distance. There is no uniform and simple ratio between the different denominations, the units of length having the varying ratios, 12, 3, 16, 40 and 8.

The metric system has a single basic unit both for weights and measures. This unit is called a meter and is theoretically one ten-millionth of the distance from the equator to the pole on the earth's surface. A metal bar having the limits of a meter marked on it is the international standard and is kept at the international bureau of weights and measures in Paris. To obtain a unit of weight the amount of distilled water at four degrees Centigrade contained in a hollow cube, the internal dimensions of which are one one-hundredth of a meter, is called a gram.

The ratio between different denominations in this system is ten, that is, it is a decimal system and in this respect is like the United States system of money.

The Latin prefixes deci, centi and milli are used to express divisions of the gram and meter. Thus a centigram is one one-hundredth of a gram and a centimeter is one one-hundredth of a meter.

The Greek prefixes deka, hecto and kilo are used to represent multiples of gram or meter. Thus a kilogram is 1,000 grams and a kilometer 1,000 meters.

Making comparisons between the metric system and our own, a meter is about a yard, a kilogram about two pounds, and this when applied to water is called a liter and is about a quart. A centimeter is about one-third inch. A metric ton is nearly the same as our ton. A kilometer is about three-fifths of a mile. One hundred square meters is called an are, and a hectare or 100 ares is about 2 1/2 acres. Our coin known as the nickel weighs about five grams.

This system was formally adopted by the French government in 1799 and has since become the standard in all civilized countries excepting Great Britain, Russia and the United States. In 1866, by act of congress, it was made permissive in this country, and since that time various attempts to make it mandatory have failed. In England and Russia practically the same conditions obtain.

Probably the most potent reason that prevents the legal adoption of the system in England, Russia and the United States is the expense. The fact that it is not more generally used is probably due to the somewhat formidable nomenclature and to the fact that most children become familiar with the old system before any attempt is made to teach the metric.

*Frank G. Wheatley*

**Selfishness Is Called World's Greatest Sin**  
By REV. DR. T. F. DORNBLASER, Pastor of Grace English Lutheran Church, Chicago

Selfishness is the great sin of the world. Cain is the first hideous example. After murdering his brother he had the hardihood to answer the Almighty, "Am I my brother's keeper?" The selfishness of Haman caused him to erect a gallows fifty feet high for Mordecai, on which, by a strange providence, he was himself hanged. Lot was punished for his selfishness toward Abraham, because he chose the best pasture lands for his own herds. Achan lost his life because he preferred the wedge of gold to the welfare of Israel. Judas sold his own soul, and not the Master, for thirty pieces of silver.

A mother cried frantically to stop a runaway team, for a child was on the wagon. A bystander said: "You are a foolish woman for making such a fuss; it is not your child." "I know that," said the woman, "but it is some mother's child."

All Christian service that is worthy of the name is unselfish. Christ pleased not himself; for he gave his life a ransom for others.

What this old world wants is lives that are full of unselfish deeds.

**Burden of Poverty Heavy on Children**  
By Charles Goodman, Washington, D. C.

The burden of poverty falls most heavily upon the child. Poverty is always ugly, repellent and terrible to see; but when it reaches down as far as the cradle, it assumes its most hideous form. Neglected, badly housed and improperly clad, the child of a poor nonworker is terribly handicapped at the start. It has not a fair opportunity with which to begin life's struggle. And it is the consciousness of this, the knowledge that no employment for the head of the house brightens the child's whole happiness and comfort, which makes it the most appalling of all the phases of the poverty question.

The haunting cry of poor children for food which the father cannot supply, and which the mother is powerless to give, is truly heart-rending.

The only remedy for destitution, poverty and crime is employment for all. We must improve conditions, for the sake of the work seekers, many of whom are burdened with family responsibilities, and upon whom innocent children are dependent.

**College Men Are Most Careless Persons**  
By JOHN H. GLENNON, Chicago

It is strange but true that college men are the most careless persons in every-day life, and are more often injured than those who have never had the advantage of an athletic training. It has been my experience that the college men will get into more accidents than the unskilled laborer who can't speak English.

If greater caution in ordinary affairs were instilled into our youth early it would become almost second nature for graduates of our schools to take care of themselves, but when he has to wait until he reaches college to be shown how to defend one's body, it is a difficult matter.

I believe caution should be taught children in the schools as well as in the homes.

**Specialties From Parasol Designers**



MUCH ingenuity is evident in the shaping and covering of new parasols. The skill of the manufacturer must be equal to making up the most fanciful dreams of those who originate sunshades that look like big, brightly colored flowers, with their cups inverted. They have seized upon the Persian designs in silks, upon the broad stripes and checks, and appropriated bold-colored laces to make the most intricate and the most captivating things!

One of the simpler designs is shown in the picture. It is rather large and bowl-shaped. Its first covering is of white silk. Posed over this is a vaguely flowered overcovering finished with a scallop at the edge in each panel of the parasol. The scallops terminate in a small ornament which, with a portion of the edge, hang free from the undercovering.

A pretty parasol, smaller in size and not so deeply curved, is covered with white taffeta. Long diamond-shaped panels of Persian silk in bright colors, with red dominant among them, are shirred so that their edges are narrow ruffles. One of these is mounted over each rib, their upper points disappearing under the tip at the top. The lower point reaches within about five inches of the edge of the white taffeta covering. This is a gay and rich-looking little affair, suited to almost any light summer costume.

Plain white parasols with borders of black and white "checkerboard" silks are novel and immensely smart. They are not expensive, ranking in price with those made of broad stripes. Among the latter a black and white striped covering has a border of bright Persian silk at the edge, about six inches wide. It is made on the frame that we are all familiar with, and is moderate in design as well as price.

Parasols of shepherd's check, bordered with bright-colored bands, are not new in design, but they are, like the all-white ones, always in style. They look especially smart with outing hats and dresses, and will be seen with the Panama hat decorated with a sash in the same color as the band on the sunshade. They are among the least costly of all and stand near the head of the list of desirable accessories for summer toilets.

Finish for Lingerie. An exquisite finish for lingerie can be achieved by crochet work, says the Modern Priscilla. Instead of buttonholing neck and sleeves, cut smoothly, following the lines of the pattern. Turn from you with forefinger of left hand, following the method known as rolling or whipping.

Liberty in Sleeves. There is a delightful liberty in the realm of arm covering. To each arm its sleeve is evidently the creed of the designers at the moment. If a woman wishes to let an admiring public see that she has been given the rare gift of a lovely arm she may adopt the Grecian shoulder drape which serves as a sleeve, but is careful not to hide a fraction of the arm.



A Word or Two About Caps

WITHOUT any claim to originality to add them these two bon-doir caps unblushingly call attention to themselves as noteworthy. They are examples of what the new laces bring to morning caps in the way of attractiveness and grace. If these laces and nets were less supple, they would not fall in such soft ruffles, and if they were too sheer they would not make such successful platings and hair coverings.

The cap at the left has a full soft crown of all-over lace and a frill of lace about the face which widens toward the back, where it covers the neck. It is adjusted to the head by the elastic cord that is run in a casing on the under side where the frill joins the crown. A few little roses of chiffon, joined by long stems of silk-covered cord, wander aimlessly over the crown.

The cap at the right is made of fine net, having a broad panel of lace along the center of the crown running from front to back. The frill is of plaited net and the cap is adjusted with a small elastic cord.

Narrow satin ribbon is laid in a series of short puffs across the front of the cap, ending at each side in a short, pointed end. These are the simplest

**MORE LASTING THAN REBUKE**

Minister's Simple and Sincere Words Had Much Effect on His Youthful Hearers.

It was late Sunday afternoon, and two young men were returning from a day's fishing. One of them uttered an exclamation as he recognized Mr. Morton, the new minister, on the little footpath that led up from the lake; but the other had met reproof before, and went on unconcernedly.

"I suppose you don't go fishing on Sunday," he said to the minister, with a laugh, as the three met. "Jim and I don't make a practice of it, but the morning was so fine it was a temptation."

"No, I never go fishing on Sunday," the minister replied. "You know Sunday is my busiest day. But I haven't any doubt that I do other things that are just as bad in God's sight."

"He spoke so simply and sincerely that his words had more weight with me than a hundred stern rebukes," the young man said afterward. "I felt that he was not putting us in a class by ourselves and preaching at us. He knew that he had temptations of his own, even if they weren't our temptations, and he knew that he was quite as liable to fall as we were."

"I saw how shallow was my fling about his going fishing on Sunday. I knew by his face that he understood what it means to be shut up six days in a mill and then have the sunshine and the whole bright world outdoors beckoning to you before you're out of your bed Sunday morning. He as much as said it would have affected him, too, if he'd been similarly placed; but after we'd talked it over, Jim and I both felt pretty sure how the tussle would come out."

"We agreed, toward the last of the week, that we'd go and hear Mr. Morton preach the next Sunday. We liked his way of 'counting himself in,' and if a man speaks a dozen words that seem to strike the right spot, the chances are that he'll have more to say that's worth listening to. He did, and neither of us has ever been sorry for the change we made in our way of spending Sunday. It's a rest to get away from the things you've been carrying all the week; but sometimes, as Jim says, a man needs more strength to pick them up again than he gets from an excursion or a picnic or a day's fishing."—Youth's Companion.

**WEIGHTY MONUMENT TO KING**

Seven Million Tons of Masonry in the "Tombstone" of Ancient Egyptian Monarch.

The greatest monument in the world is the Great Pyramid of Egypt, which was built nearly six thousand years ago. It was built by Cheops, king of Egypt, who, following the example of previous kings, wished to have a magnificent tombstone, so that he would be remembered. It is certain that the thousands of men who were engaged in building it worked under the lash. The result is Cheops is always put down as a tyrant.

According to Herodotus, the ancient Greek historian, 100,000 men were at work on it for 20 years. It covers an area of 13 1/2 acres and contains 7,000,000 tons of masonry. It was built in layers, over two hundred in number, and then the edges were filled in to make the sides smooth. The stone used varied in weight from two tons to 60 tons. When it was built it was about 480 feet high and the sides were each 775 feet long.

**A Boy Strategist.**

Mrs. Bright and her little nephew, Kenneth, were visiting some relatives in the country and, one morning, were crossing a pasture lot together when they were about half-way across Mrs. Bright saw two oxen and paused doubtfully.

"I really don't know whether it is safe for us to go near those oxen, Kenneth," she said, stopping.

"Oh, don't you be afraid of the oxen, auntie," said Kenneth, as he tightened his hold on her hand encouragingly. "They won't hurt us. The first time I came out here I was afraid of them. I didn't dare go back of them, and I didn't dare go in front of them. But I thought of a fine way at last. I just got down and crawled under them."—Harper's Magazine.

**Recipe for Ghosts.**

It is generally understood that "seeing ghosts" is the result of indigestion. The following notes may be useful to amateurs anxious to investigate psychological phenomena:

Lobster salad, eaten after midnight, one ordinary ghost, with chains.

Two Welsh rarebits and a mince pie, one mysterious gray lady, emitting groans.

Cold roast pork, mixed pickles, and strong tea, taken immediately before retiring, a genuine family specter, carrying his head under his arm.

A portion of cake, result of daughter's first lesson at cookery school, a troupe of fearsome blood-stained hobgoblins, with blue lights shining out of empty eyesockets.

**Town Dwellers.**

A little girl, whose parents had recently moved from the country to town and who is now enjoying her first experience in living in a street, said: "This is a very queer place. Next door is fastened to our house."

Her younger brother added his impression by declaring: "I like to live where the sidewalks have edges."—Brooklyn Eagle.

**STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION**

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

**Delivery.**

Church—I see the letter carriers in Portugal save themselves much walking on Sunday by delivering letters at church.

Gotham—But I should think the delivery of the letter carrier would interfere with that of the preacher.

**NEGLECT YOUR SCALP**

And Lose Your Hair. Cuticura Prevents It. Trical Free.

Cuticura Soap shampoos cleanse and purify the scalp of dandruff while the Ointment soothes and heals the irritated scalp skin. Dandruff and itching are hair destroyers. Get acquainted with these supercreamy emollients for the skin and scalp. Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

**BROUGHT ALL INTO COURT**

Indictments Too Hastily Issued Caused Some Commotion When Inter-ested Ones Appeared.

The Green Bag reports the recent effort of Judge Wallace of the Kansas City criminal court to enforce rigidly the Sunday blue laws. He had ordered the indictment and arrest of all keepers of shops, stores and parks, as well as all actors and other performers. One of the places of amusement was a hippodrome of wild animals, and in its zeal the grand jury had indicted a number of actors at this place on information furnished by witnesses employed there. Warrants were issued and the marshal was directed to bring the indicted ones before the bar.

"Call Mary Garden," said the judge. "Mary Garden!" yelled the deputy marshal.

There was an appreciable delay, and then suddenly the door opened and into the crowded court room came two men dragging, at the end of powerful chains, an angry lioness, who expressed her disapproval of the situation by emitting a deafening roar.

When the stampede was stopped and order restored the overenthusiastic judge found that he had caused the indictment of some hundred or more animals, including lions, tigers, leopards, hyenas, dogs, cats and pigs, all of which were at the court house entrance creating such a disturbance that the whole neighborhood had gone into a state of siege.—New York Sun.

**STRENGTH. Without Overloading The Stomach.**

The business man, especially, needs food in the morning that will not overload the stomach, but give mental vigor for the day.

Much depends on the start a man gets each day as to how he may expect to accomplish the work on hand. He can't be alert with a heavy, fried-meat-and-potatoes breakfast, requiring a lot of vital energy in digesting it.

A Calif. business man found a food combination for producing energy. He writes:

"For years I was unable to find a breakfast food that had nutrition enough to sustain a business man without overloading his stomach, causing indigestion and kindred ailments. "Being a very busy and also a very nervous man, I had about decided to give up breakfast altogether. But luckily I was induced to try Grape-Nuts."

"Since that morning I have been a new man; can work without tiring, my head is clear and my nerves strong and quiet."

"I find that Grape-Nuts, with a little sugar and a small quantity of cold milk, makes a delicious morning meal, which invigorates me for the day's business."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



# Panama-Pacific International Exposition

Marvelously Fulfills Every Pledge and Promise Made by San Francisco

## GLORIOUS INAUGURATION OF WORLD'S GREATEST INTERNATIONAL CELEBRATION ASSURES CONTINUED SUCCESS

WITH an attendance for the first week greater than the combined attendance for the same period of the world's expositions at Chicago and St. Louis, the Panama-Pacific International exposition at San Francisco has started on a career that the most conservative judgments predict will break all records for exposition success.

The exposition opened on February 20, 1906, per cent complete structurally, and opened to an attendance of one quarter of a million people. From every state of the United States and from the nations of the world came critical visitors to pass on the merits of the celebration that had been so widely heralded. They found nothing to criticize. Every claim made by San Francisco and the exposition was fulfilled. It is safe to say that not a single visitor went away disappointed. The result has been that the advertisement by word of mouth, and by letters home and to friends—the most powerful form of advertisement—has been given the exposition. In consequence the transportation companies report a constantly increasing booking for travel to San Francisco both by land and water.

Exceptionally low rates have been given by the transportation companies from all points within the United States to San Francisco, offering many people an opportunity that could not otherwise be taken, of combining a pleasure journey to the exposition with a sightseeing tour through California and the West.

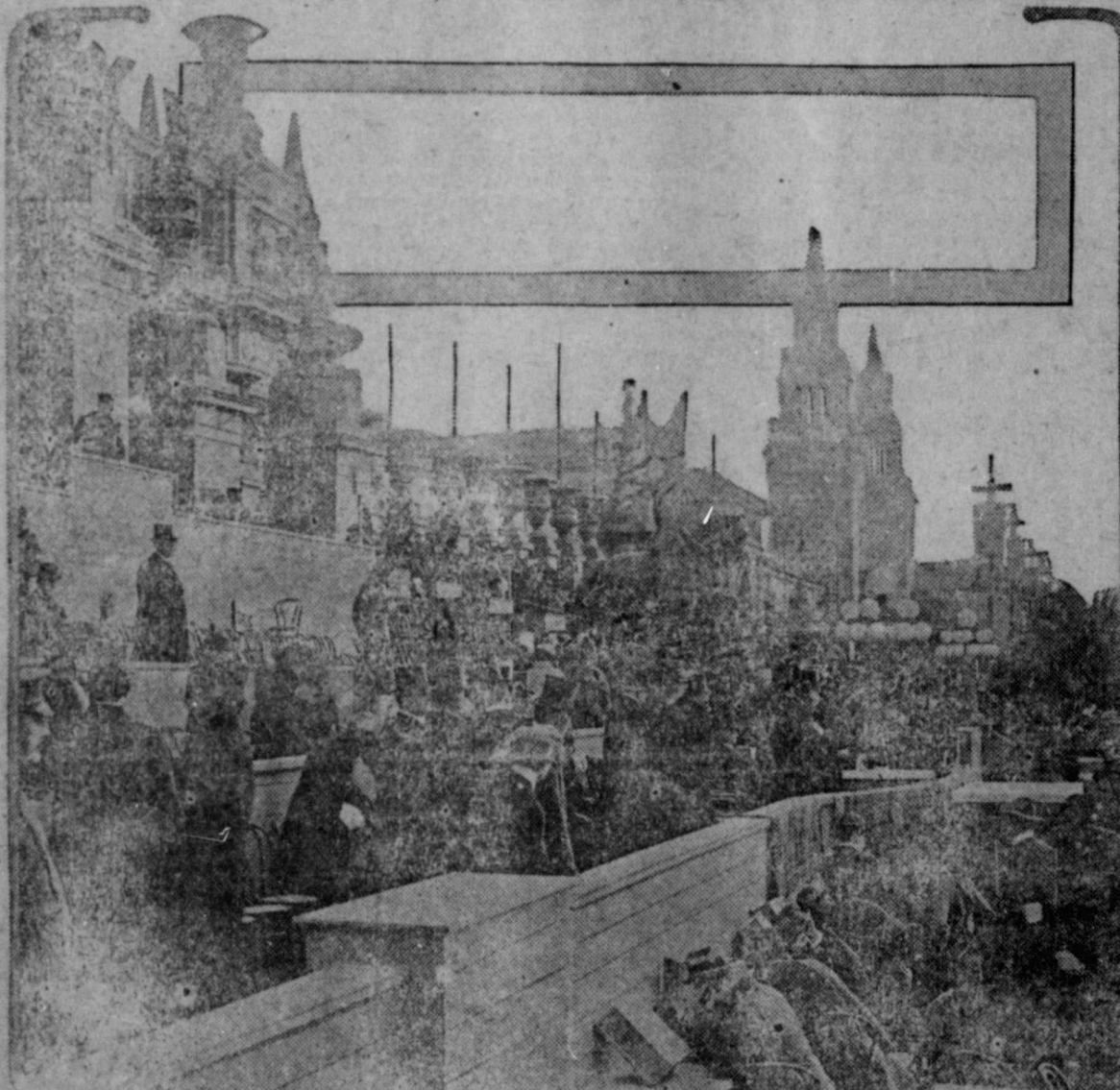
A feature of the exposition that has called for universal comment is the "action" that marks exhibits, every exhibit capable of operation by steam or electricity being shown in motion.

A flood of inquiries concerning rates and hotel accommodations has been received by the information bureau of the exposition since the news of its successful opening was flashed around the world, all such inquiries being given prompt attention. San Francisco and California are fulfilling their best duties and living up to the reputation the West has always had for hospitable treatment for the stranger.

HANDSOME SIXTY-PAGE BOOK ON THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION SENT FREE OF CHARGE TO ANY ADDRESS.

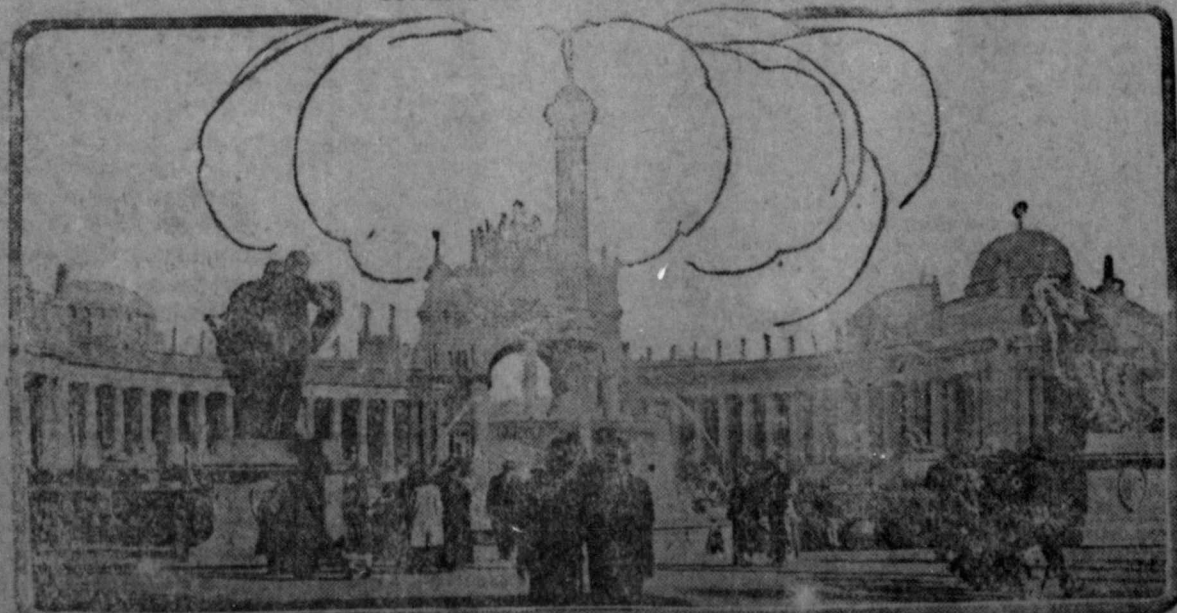
Those who are interested in this great exposition may obtain free of charge a handsomely illustrated book of sixty pages, reproducing the exhibit palaces in their natural colors and giving essential data about the exposition, San Francisco, California and the Panama canal. To obtain this book send a letter to the Manager, Bureau of Publication, Panama-Pacific International Exposition Grounds, San Francisco, Calif.

## DURING A LULL IN THE OPENING DAY CEREMONIES AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION



The Panama-Pacific International exposition was opened by a wireless spark, dispatched by President Woodrow Wilson at Washington, and caught on the tendrils of a wireless aerial on the lofty Tower of Jewels at the exposition. Instantly the power was released in the mighty Palace of Machinery and the portals of the exhibit palaces opened. The scene is on the grand stand after the ceremonies had ended. Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane, Gov. Hiram Johnson of California, Mayor James Rolph, Jr., of San Francisco, President C. C. Moore of the exposition and a notable group of visiting dignitaries being seen in animated discussion of the epochal event. In the press box the correspondents are seen flashing to the world the news that the exposition had opened.

## THE MIGHTY COURT OF THE UNIVERSE, THE SCHEME OF THE ARCHITECTURAL SCHEME AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION



All visitors to the Panama-Pacific International exposition at San Francisco at some time during their stay at the exposition make their pilgrimage through the Court of the Universe. This is the largest court on the grounds and is the central radiating unit of the architectural and ground plans. Noble sculptured groups embellish it, the two Homeric groups—the Nations of the East and the Nations of the West—surmounting the giant arches at the east and west portals. By night the beauty of the court is enhanced by the flood lighting effects.

## THE FOUNTAIN AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION THAT SYMBOLIZES THE BUILDING OF THE PANAMA CANAL



The labor that went into the building of the Panama canal is symbolized in the Fountain of Energy, by A. Stirling Calder. This heroic sculpture stands in the center lagoon of the three lagoons of the South Gardens and faces the main entrance gates. The waters were first released on opening day, February 20, coincidentally with the opening of the portals of the exhibit palaces and by the same means: the electric spark transmitted across the continent when President Woodrow Wilson opened the great exposition at San Francisco by wireless.

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## TO PREPARE AND USE VEGETABLES

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT EXPERTS GIVE RESULTS OF STUDY AND EXPERIMENT.

### COOKING GREENS AND ONIONS

Particularly, in the Spring Should Greens Be an Important Part of the Diet—Some Ways of Serving Onions.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Notwithstanding the low fuel value of the leaves and stalks of plants that are commonly served under the name "greens" the thrifty housewife recognizes the necessity of supplying her family with this type of food. Particularly in the early spring she supplies her family bountifully with them, as they are very welcome after the winter diet of canned goods, dried vegetables and root vegetables stored in the cellar. A double purpose may be accomplished in the country home by the use of wild greens, namely, freeing the ground from weeds and providing food. The common dandelion may be used in this way.

The dandelion is cut close to the ground before the flower has expanded. When it is desired to root out the plant from a lawn, the entire root must be dug up; if simply the top is cut off, the dandelion grows again and in a larger head. The slightly bitter flavor of the leaves is not disagreeable. The roots furnish a bitter extract often used medicinally, particularly in the domestic medicine of early times. When cultivated, the dandelion is milder and more tender, and may be used as salad, or may be the very young wild plants.

Asparagus is a long-lived, easily cultivated delicacy, and it is strange that any farm should lack it. Many an asparagus bed does good service to the second and third generation of owners. It can be cooked in many ways. As is the case with most green vegetables its delicate flavor is spoiled by overcooking. It should be cooked only long enough to make it tender.

Spinach is a favorite food of greens and is seen in city markets most of the year. It can be grown easily in any garden. A French proverb calls it the "broom of the stomach," and it appears to be richer in iron than most common foods. The tenderest leaves may be served raw as a salad.

Lettuce makes an excellent "green" for cooking, although American housewives seldom realize this. In Europe the tougher or outer leaves of the lettuce are used in particular in this way. Care should be taken to see that lettuce is not overcooked. Rhubarb is another plant which the leafstalks are the usable portion, though it may from its use be classed as a fruit rather than as a vegetable. The various acids and other flavors it contains are acceptable in the early spring when it is at its best. Later in the season, when the stalks are tough and fibrous, the juice may be extracted for jelly making. Because it contains some oxalic acid, the use of rhubarb is frequently forbidden to persons of gouty tendencies or with certain other diseases.

#### The Useful Onion

Onions owe their flavor to a volatile, oil-like compound containing sulphur. They are very succulent, but nevertheless supply some nutritive material. Many varieties are grown by American farmers and gardeners, and the crop is a very important one. The tiny pearl and button onions are convenient for salads or pickles or for the hint of flavor wanted where a large onion would be far too much. The white-skinned Egyptian onions are usually a satisfactory variety. There are many onions in the market which are strong in flavor and tough, and justify the prejudice which the undiscriminating have against all onions. In general, the greenish yellow and red types of onion, owing to their texture and flavor, are less satisfactory for cooking as a vegetable than those of lighter hue.

Onion tops, like the stalks of wild leeks and chives, can also be used for flavoring, especially the sprouts that start when the bulbs have been kept in a warm room.

**Preparation of Onions.**  
To prepare onions, peel under water so that the volatile bases which affect the eyes may remain in the water and be kept from scattering. Where the onions are especially strong or liable to prove indigestible to anyone, they may be put, after peeling, into boiling water, to each quart of which one-fourth teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda has been added. After letting them stand in this water half an hour, drain and boil in plenty of salted water from one hour to two hours, according to the nature of the variety in hand, changing the water if desirable.

Often it is wise to take one or two of the coarser layers next the outside skin and reserve them for flavoring soups, while a part of the tender succulent center may be reserved for a salad. In cutting up an onion for seasoning hold it with a fork so that the onion odor will not get on the hands.

#### Methods of Cooking

The water in which onions are boiled will contain much flavor, and

some of it may be reserved to flavor soups, either milk or stock.

Any strong variety of onion is much improved for the table in spite of loss of nutritive value if the water is changed several times during the cooking process. Milk may be used as the medium for final cooking.

**Fried Onions.**  
Fried onions may be prepared in either of two ways: (1) Sauté sliced onion in olive oil, butter, or other fat until golden brown and tender; or (2) fry a few pieces at a time in deep fat, let them remain in the hot fat until they are crisp, like Saratoga potatoes, but do not let them become too brown. Use to garnish meats or add to soups, or combine with potatoes, stewed beans, or other vegetables.

**Stuffed Onions.**  
Parboil large onions, remove centers without breaking other layers, and stuff with seasoned crumbs or meat, and bake until tender.

**Onion Custard.**  
Cook onions until tender; drain thoroughly; pour over them a custard mixture made of one egg, one-half cupful milk, salt and pepper to taste, for each half pint of onions. Bake gently and serve as a vegetable. In southern Europe this dish is popular cooked in a crust, like small custard pies.

**Onion Souffle.**  
Chop cooked onion fine or rub through a coarse strainer; combine with equal quantity soft bread crumbs or half as many dry ones; season with butter, salt, and pepper. For each half pint, beat in one egg yolk and fold in one stiffly beaten white. Put in small dishes or in onion cases and bake gently until firm.

### POTTERY WORK IS A PUZZLE

Immense Bowls Made by Indians of the Amazon Valley Cannot Be Duplicated.

An expert has declared there is no kiln or oven in this country, probably none in the world, large enough to bake the largest of the big pots discovered in the Amazon valley, samples of which are now on exhibition at the Museum of the University of Pennsylvania. The clay used also has aroused much curiosity. When a piece of the edge was clipped from one of the big bowls the material was shown to be a black, flinty substance. Undeniably it is clay, but of a kind never seen before by archeologists. Potters are astonished at its remarkable strength. The large bowls are less than half an inch thick, while some of the smaller ones, a foot or fourteen inches high, are as thin as a sheet of newspaper. An idea of their strength may be gained from the knowledge that they were transported about ten thousand miles before reaching the museum, and only a few of them were broken, though all were packed under difficulties in villages that knew nothing of packing breakables.

The Indians who made these wonderful pots are as mysterious as their work. Doctor Farrabee wrote that they were absolutely devoid of any traditions, and had no idea of where they came from. It is known, however, that they cannot have been in Peru more than about five hundred years. The larger bowls give out a metallic sound when rapped. One not seeing the substance would say at first they were made of painted copper. Each of the two big pots would hold four or five tons.

#### Schools for All Tastes.

The folk schools of Finland are particularly fine, with their cooking departments, gymnasiums, manual training and needlework. Every school has excellent bathing facilities, and the poorest children are fed at the schools. There are little zoological museums in most of the schools. There are so many varieties of schools, besides the folk schools, elementary and higher; there are lyceums, schools of forestry, of agriculture and of navigation, schools for training teachers, commercial schools, technical, music and art schools, etc., says the Christian Herald. There are three little garden schools in Finland, where boys as well as girls are taught cooking. "They must learn to cook what they grow," said one of the teachers. The dairy schools are particularly interesting, dairying comes second among the industries of Finland. The pupil must have worked for one year at a butter factory before he or she will be admitted to the school.

#### Customs of the Bedouins.

Such pride has the Bedouin in his weapon that even in his leisure hours he sits fully armed, examining and cleaning each piece in turn, making himself accustomed to carrying their weight.

From the time that he is eighteen years of age until he dies of old age he is more or less looking out for new wives.

By law Mohammedans are never allowed to have more than four at the same time, but they easily evade this regulation by divorcing one, which means sending her back to her parents.

This is often because she has borne him no sons, and it happens that the old sheiks almost always have young wives.

Just as it is allowable with them to steal camels, so the young men help one another to steal wives from other tribes.

#### Reparation.

Hospital Nurse—This bed you're in was endowed by Mr. Seads, the great philanthropist.

Patient—Why, it was his auto that banged me up this way!—Judge.

## PASTURES NEEDED FOR PROFITABLE STOCK



Fine Type for Plowing.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The southern farmer who appreciates the advantages of raising himself much of what his family needs, is certain to be confronted at the outset by the problem of pastures. It is almost impossible to realize a profit upon any kind of stock without good pastures and even if the stock is raised primarily for home consumption rather than for market, the first thing to be done is to establish one.

Hitherto the South has been sadly deficient in this respect because all the attention has been given almost entirely to cotton. The southern farmer, however, can, if he will, have as good a pasture as was ever seen in Kentucky or Missouri; and have it available more months in the year than is possible in those states. For a permanent pasture a combination of bur clover and lespedeza and Bermuda grass will afford good grazing for at least ten months out of the twelve, for the Bermuda and lespedeza can be grazed throughout the summer and the bur clover from January until the Bermuda comes on again. On light, sandy soils near the full coast carpet grass may do better than Bermuda. In any case, however, every permanent pasture should have a good proportion of some legume—either one of those already named or melilotus, vetch, white clover or alsike clover.

No matter what combination is selected it takes time and work to pro-



There is Money in Mules.

duce a really good pasture. In fact such a one requires as good soil, as much work in its preparation and as careful handling as any field on the farm. After the ground has been plowed or disked and the seed sown no grazing should be allowed until the young plants become so firmly rooted that they will not be pulled out by the grazing animals. When seeding is done in the fall the field should not be grazed until the growth is well started, and no permanent pasture should ever be grazed so heavily as to injure the stand.

After the pasture has been made, there are two weeds which sometimes make trouble, the bitterweed and the garlic or wild onion. The presence of bitterweed is an indication that the pasture has been grazed too closely or has been trampled so heavily that the surface soil is too hard and compact for grasses and clovers to grow. The weed is seldom troublesome on a rich soil in good condition and rarely so on a poor soil which is not too closely grazed. The use of fertilizers or decreasing the number of grazing animals will aid in eradicating it.

The destruction of the wild onion is a more difficult matter. It can be killed by a deep plowing of the ground in September or October, followed by a very shallow plowing in the spring and then planting the field with some cultivated crop. However, this method cannot be followed in an ordinary pasture where there are many trees or in any pasture without destroying the grass and so making the field useless as a pasture for about eighteen months. When a pasture is not infested it should be watched closely and any wild onions which make their appearance removed at once.

The permanent pasture should be supplemented by temporary ones, for which many crops are suitable. For winter use the small grains and cassava for hogs. From December to April oats or wheat and vetch make the best grazing for dairy cows. Horses and mules do not care so much for the vetch but they will eat the grain until the permanent pasture is ready for them. One bushel of turf oats or wheat and one peck of vetch seed are sufficient for an acre. If the rustproof oat is used, the amount should be increased about one-half. Oats, however, play such an important part in sound southern agriculture that it will pay

the farmer to study this question thoroughly.

With a little forethought it should be possible for the farmer in the central and southern parts of the South to have fresh pastures for cattle and hogs throughout the entire year. From the following list a selection should be possible which will meet conditions on almost any farm.

January and February—Wheat, oats and vetch, artichokes, rape, bur clover, velvet beans.

March—Oats and vetch, artichokes, rape, bur clover, crimson clover.

April—Oats and vetch, rape, bur clover, alfalfa, crimson clover.

May—Oats and vetch, rape, red clover, alfalfa, crimson clover.

June and July—Sorghum, cowpeas, red clover, alfalfa.

August—Sorghum, cowpeas, soy beans, alfalfa.

September and October—Sorghum, cowpeas, soy beans, chufas, sweet potatoes, corn, peanuts.

November—Cowpeas, soy beans, chufas, sweet potatoes, corn, rape, peanuts.

December—Cowpeas, chufas, sweet potatoes, corn, rape, velvet beans.

Through the use of such pasture crops as these pork can be made more cheaply in the South than in the corn belt. It costs, it has been calculated, from one-third to one-half less to raise hogs when pastures are used than with concentrated feeds alone. Moreover the hogs harvest the crops without danger of loss from rain and without expense, and finally both the soil and the hogs gain. The soil is enriched by the legumes and the health of the hogs improved.

### WHEAT BRAN IS EXPENSIVE

Southern Farmers Can Increase Profits by Growing Every Possible Pound of Feed for Stock.

There is no doubt that wheat bran is one of the best feeds that can be used to produce a large flow of milk, yet, it is about the most expensive feed the dairyman can use. One pound of cottonseed meal has a feeding value equal to one and one-half of wheat bran, but of course it will not do to replace the meal with bran.

Cowpea hay has value almost equal to that of bran, the exact ratio being 1,800 pounds of bran to 2,000 pounds of hay.

Many feeders believe that alfalfa is fully equal to that of bran, pound for pound, and if the bran has to be bought in the open market the value of alfalfa is certainly greater, because the growing of alfalfa or any other good crop always improves the land, while feed brought in from the outside only adds its manurial value to the soil.

Farmers in the South can hardly afford to buy bran; being so far from the big markets the price is generally high—from twenty-five to thirty dollars per ton. In any other country where the soil is poor and commercial feed high, effort should be made to grow every pound of feed possible upon the land itself.

Southern farmers are beginning to appreciate the value of this practice, and more stock feed is being grown in that country than ever before.

While it is a gratifying fact, also, that more livestock is being raised in the South, there is no doubt that the amount of stock food per head grown on southern farms is steadily increasing.

Cottonseed meal is a favorite feed for the cows in the South and a good many farmers feed too much of it. If they would grow more cowpeas, hairy vetch, clover and alfalfa, and buy less prepared feeds, their profits would be larger and their soil greatly improved.

### COTTONSEED MEAL FOR COWS

It is Very Rich in Protein and Animals Easily Get Too Much of It—Makes Butter White.

Dairymen in some localities have made much use of cottonseed meal, and have found it good feed. It should be used with care and not too much fed at a time, for it is very rich in protein and cows easily get too much of it. It is also thought that it has a bad effect on color in butter, making it much whiter than where corn is fed. But the buying of cottonseed by our dairymen is at an end for now all have from fifteen to thirty acres of alfalfa, most of which has been sown within the last two years.

## CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! ACTS LIKE DYNAMITE ON LIVER

I Guarantee "Dodson's Liver Tone" Will Give You the Best Liver and Bowel Cleansing You Ever Had—Doesn't Make You Sick!

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me!

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with your bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you feel "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store or dealer and get a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a

spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot sallow or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.

### Some Going.

Mrs. Styles, from the tonneau of her automobile—I wish you wouldn't go so fast over the rough places, Jenkins; you nearly pitched me out a minute ago.

Jenkins—Why don't you hold on to your husband, ma'am?

"My husband? Goodness! He went out ten minutes ago, Jenkins!"

## IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sour, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

### Feeling of Security.

Bill—Saw you out horseback riding today.

Jill—Oh, did you?

"I suppose you feel as safe on a horse as you would on a trolley?"

"Safer. You are not expected to give up your seat to a lady on a horse."

### DRINK LOTS OF WATER TO FLUSH THE KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat and Take Salts for Backache or Bladder Trouble—Neutralize Acids.

Uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy; the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys clog you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach gets sour, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad.

Eat less meat, drink lots of water; also get from any pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Druggists here say they sell lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble—Adv.

### The Instance.

"Did you take particular cognizance in that saloon?"

"No, sir; I took a drink."

The bashful lover is just as liable to make a domineering husband as the fresh guy.

### Sore Granulated Eyelids, Eyes

Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Marine Eye Remedy, No Smearing, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Marine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

### CAN NOT BE MADE TO ORDER

Man Who Knows Points Out That Scientific Discoveries Are Not Manufactured.

"There is a widespread but erroneous belief in official circles, and among wealthy philanthropists," writes Sir Ray Lankester in the London Daily Telegraph, "to the effect that you can hire a scientific discoverer and then say to him, 'Discover me this' or 'Discover me that' (naming to him a possible and greatly desired piece of new knowledge), and that he will thereupon proceed right away to make the discovery which you want. . . . But valuable and important scientific discovery cannot be produced directly in response to orders given and money expended."

"You cannot manufacture scientific discovery like soap. The great difficulty, in the first place, is to catch that rare and elusive creature—a scientific discoverer—and when you have found him you have to humor him and let him do as he fancies. Then he will discover things, but probably not the things which either you or he wanted or expected."

Too Long.  
Bacon—In a costly watch that has been made for exhibition purposes there is a wheel that makes a revolution but once in four years, operating a dial that shows the years, months and days.

Egbert—Never do in South America. They could never wait four years for a revolution down there.

### —Take CAPUDINE—

FOR HEADACHES and GRIP. It's Liquid—Prompt and Pleasant—Adv.

The devil doesn't care how often a man goes to church on Sunday, if he can use him the rest of the week.

The beauty of the kalsomined countenance is not even skin deep.

### To Cleanse Rusty Nail Wounds

Always Get It to the Bottom

HANFORD'S Balsam of Myrrh

For Galls, Wires, Cuts, Lameness, Strains, Bunches, Thrush, Old Sores, Nail Wounds, Foot Rot, Fistula, Bleeding, Etc. Etc. Made Since 1846. Ask Anybody About It.

Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00

All Dealers G. C. Hanford Mfg. Co., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

### WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

not only the old reliable remedy FOR MALARIA but a general strengthening tonic and appetizer. For children as well as adults. Sold for 50 years. 50c and \$1 bottles at drug stores.

### Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed For Douches

In the local treatment of woman's ills, such as leucorrhoea and inflammation, hot douches of Paxtine are very efficacious. No woman who has ever used medicated douches will fail to appreciate the clean and healthy condition Paxtine produces and the prompt relief from soreness and discomfort which follows its use. This is because Paxtine possesses superior cleansing, disinfecting and healing properties.

For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been relieved say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists, 50c large box or by mail. Sample free. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

### DROPSY TREATED

usually gives quick relief, soon removes swelling and short breath, often gives entire relief in 15 to 25 days. Trial treatment sent FREE. DR. THOMAS E. CRILEY, Successor to Dr. J. B. Green's Sons, Box A, Clatsworth, Ga.



# The Call of the Cumberlands

By Charles Neville Buck

With Illustrations from Photographs of Scenes in the Play

(Copyright, 1913, by W. J. Watt & Co.)

### SYNOPSIS.

On Misery creek Sally Miller finds George Lescott, a landscape painter, unconscious. Jesse Purvy of the Holliman clan has been shot and Samson is suspected of the crime. Samson denies it. The shooting breaks the truce in the Holliman-South feud. Jim Holliman hunts with bloodhounds the man who shot Purvy. The bloodhounds lose the trail at Spicer South's door. Lescott discovers artistic ability in Samson. While sketching with Lescott on the mountain, Tamarack discovers Samson to a jeering crowd of mountaineers. Samson thrashes him and denounces him as the "truce-buster" who shot Purvy. At Wile McCager's dance Samson tells the South clan that he is going to leave the mountains. Lescott goes home to New York. Samson bids Spicer and Sally farewell and follows. In New York Samson studies art and learns much of city ways. Drennie Lescott persuades Wilfred Horton, her dilettante lover, to do a man's work in the world. Prompted by her love, Sally teaches herself to write. Horton throws himself into the business world and becomes well hated by predatory financiers and politicians. At a Bohemian resort Samson meets William Farbish, sportsy social parasite, and Horton's enemy. Farbish sees Samson and Drennie dining together unchaperoned at the Wigwam roadhouse. He conspires with others to make Horton jealous and succeeds.

### CHAPTER XI—Continued.

Samson did not appear at the Lescott house for two weeks after that. He had begun to think that, if his going there gave embarrassment to the girl who had been kind to him, it were better to remain away.

"I don't belong here," he told himself, bitterly. "I reckon everybody that knows me in New York, except the Lescotts, is laughing at me behind my back."

He worked fiercely, and threw into his work such fire and energy that it came out again converted into boldness of stroke and an almost savage vigor of drawing. The instructor nodded his head over the easel, and passed on to the next student without having left the defacing mark of his relentless crayon. To the next pupil, he said:

"Watch the way that man South draws. He's not clever. He's elementally sincere, and, if he goes on, the first thing you know he will be a portrait painter. He won't merely draw eyes and lips and noses, but character and virtues and vices showing out through them."

And Samson met every gaze with smoldering savagery, searching for some one who might be laughing at him openly, or even covertly, instead of behind his back. The long-suffering fighting lust in him craved opportunity to break out and relieve the pressure on his soul. But no one laughed.

One afternoon late in November, a hint of blizzards swept snarling down the Atlantic seaboard from the polar floes, with wet furies of snow and rain. Off on the marabes where the Kenmore club had its lodge, the live decoys stretched their clipped wings, and raised their green necks restively into the salt wind and listened. With dawn, they had heard, faint and far away, the first notes of that wild chorus with which the skies would ring until the southerly migrations ended—the horizon-distant honking of high-flying water fowl.

Then it was that Farbish dropped in with marching orders, and Samson, yearning to be away where there were open skies, packed George Lescott's borrowed paraphernalia, and prepared to leave that same night.

While he was packing, the telephone rang, and Samson heard Adrienne's voice at the other end of the wire.

"Where have you been hiding?" she demanded. "I'll have to send a truant officer after you."

"I've been very busy," said the man, "and I reckon, after all, you can't civilize a wolf. I'm afraid I've been wasting your time."

Possibly, the miserable tone of the voice told the girl more than the words.

"You are having a season with the blue devils," she announced. "You've been cooped up too much. This wind ought to bring the ducks, and—"

"I'm leaving tonight," Samson told her.

"It would have been very nice of you to have run up to say good-by," she reproved. "But I'll forgive you, if you call me up by long distance. You will get there early in the morning. Tomorrow, I'm going to Philadelphia over night. The next night, I shall be at the theater. Call me up after the theater, and tell me how you like it."

It was the same old frankness and friendliness of voice, and the same old note like the music of a reed instrument. Samson felt so comforted and reassured that he laughed through the telephone.

"I've been keeping away from you," he volunteered, "because I've had a lapse into savagery, and haven't been fit to talk to you. When I get back, I'm coming up to explain. And, in the meantime, I'll telephone."

On the train Samson was surprised to discover that, after all, he had Mr. William Farbish for a traveling companion. That gentleman explained that he had found an opportunity to

play truant from business for a day or two, and wished to see Samson comfortably ensconced and introduced.

The first day Farbish and Samson had the place to themselves, but the next morning would bring others.

The next day, while the mountaineer was out on the flats, the party of men at the club had been swelled to a total of six, for in pursuance of the carefully arranged plans of Mr. Farbish, Mr. Bradburn had succeeded in inducing Wilfred Horton to run down for a day or two of the sport he loved. When Horton arrived that afternoon, he found his usually even temper ruffled by bits of maliciously broached gossip, until his resentment against Samson South had been fanned into danger heat. He did not know that South also was at the club, and he did not that afternoon go out to the blinds, but so far departed from his usual custom as to permit himself to sit for several hours in the club grill.

And yet, as is often the case in carefully designed affairs, the one element that made most powerfully for the success of Farbish's scheme was pure accident. The carefully arranged meeting between the two men, the adroitly incited passions of each, would still have brought no clash, had not Wilfred Horton been affected by the flushing effect of alcohol. Since his college days, he had been invariably abstemious. Tonight marked an exception.

He was rather surprised at the cordiality of the welcome accorded him, for, as chance would have it, except for Samson South, whom he had not yet seen, all the other sportsmen were men closely allied to the political and financial elements upon which he had been making war. Still, since they seemed willing to forget for the time that there had been a breach, he was equally so. Just now, he was feeling such bitterness for the Kentuckian that the foes of a less personal sort seemed unimportant.

In point of fact, Wilfred Horton had spent a very bad day. The final straw had broken the back of his usually unruffled temper, when he had found in his room on reaching the Kenmore a copy of a certain New York weekly paper, and had read a page, which chanced to be lying face up (a chance carefully prearranged). It was an item of which Farbish had known, in advance of publication, but Wilfred would never have seen that sheet, had it not been so carefully brought to his attention. There were hints of the strange infatuation which a certain young woman seemed to entertain for a partially civilized stranger who had made his entree to New York via the police court, and who wore his hair long in imitation of a biblical character of the same name.

The supper at the Wigwam inn was mentioned, and the character of the plotter intimated. Horton felt this objectionable innuendo was directly traceable to Adrienne's ill-judged friendship for the mountaineer, and he bitterly blamed the mountaineer. Ahd, while he had been brooding on these matters, a man acting as Farbish's ambassador had dropped into his room, since Farbish himself knew

"You mustn't stand that. Go after him."

"I reckon"—Samson's voice was a pleasant drawl—"it doesn't make any particular difference, Mr. Horton."

"Even if what I said didn't happen to be particularly commendatory?" inquired Horton, his eyes narrowing.

"So long," replied the Kentuckian, "as what you said was your own opinion, I don't reckon it would interest me much."

"In point of fact"—Horton was gazing with steady hostility into Samson's eyes—"I prefer to tell you. I have rather generally expressed the belief that you are a damned savage, unfit for decent society."

Samson's face grew rigid and a trifle pale. His mouth set itself in a straight line, but, as Wilfred Horton came to his feet with the last words, the mountaineer remained seated.

"And," went on the New Yorker, flushing with suddenly augmenting passion, "what I said I still believe to be true and repeat in your presence. At another time and place, I shall be even more explicit. I shall ask you to explain—certain things."

"Mr. Horton," suggested Samson in an ominously quiet voice, "I reckon you're a little drunk. If I were you, I'd sit down."

Wilfred's face went from red to white, and his shoulders stiffened. He leaned forward, and for the instant no one moved. The tick of the clock was plainly audible.

"South," he said, his breath coming in labored excitement, "defend yourself!"

Samson still sat motionless.

"Against what?" he inquired.

"Against that!" Horton struck the mountain man across the face with his open hand. Instantly, there was a commotion of scraping chairs and shuffling feet, mingled with a chorus of inarticulate protest. Samson had risen, and, for a second, his face had become a thing of unspeakable passion. His hand instinctively swept toward his pocket—and stopped halfway. He stood by his overturned chair, gazing into the eyes of his assailant, with an effort at self-mastery which gave his chest and arms the appearance of a man writhing and stiffening under electrocution. Then, he forced both hands to his back and gripped them there. For a moment, the tableau was held, then the man from the mountains began speaking, slowly and in a tone of dead-level monotony. Each syllable was portentously distinct and clear clipped.

"Maybe you know why I don't kill you. . . Maybe you don't. . . I don't give a damn whether you do or not. . . That's the first blow I've ever passed. . . I ain't going to hit back. . . You need a friend pretty bad just now. . . For certain reasons,

ously: "You will have to get him, or he will get you. Are you armed?"

The Kentuckian laughed.

"I reckon I don't need to be armed amongst gentlemen."

Farbish drew from his pocket a magazine pistol.

"It won't hurt you to slip that into your clothes," he insisted.

For an instant, the mountaineer stood looking at his host and with eyes that bored deep, but whatever was in his mind as he made that scrutiny he kept to himself. At last, he took the magazine pistol, turned it over in his hand, and put it into his pocket.

"Mr. Farbish," he said, "I've been in places before now where men were drinking who had made threats against me. I think you are excited about this thing. If anything starts, he will start it."

At the dinner table, Samson South and Wilfred Horton were introduced, and acknowledged their introductions with the briefest and most formal nods. During the course of the meal, though seated side by side, each ignored the presence of the other. Samson was, perhaps, no more silent than usual. Always, he was the listener except when a question was put to him direct, but the silence which sat upon Wilfred Horton was a departure from his ordinary custom.

He had discovered in his college days that liquor, instead of exhilarating him, was an influence under which he grew morose and sullen, and that discovery had made him almost a total abstainer. Tonight, his glass was constantly filled and emptied, and, as he ate, he gazed ahead, and thought resentfully of the man at his side.

When the coffee had been brought, and the cigars lighted, and the servants had withdrawn, Horton with the manner of one who had been awaiting an opportunity, turned slightly in his chair, and gazed insolently at the Kentuckian.

Samson South still seemed entirely unconscious of the other's existence, though in reality no detail of the brewing storm had escaped him. He was studying the other faces around the table, and what he saw in them appeared to occupy him. Wilfred Horton's cheeks were burning with a dull flush, and his eyes were narrowing with an unveiled dislike. Suddenly, a silence fell on the party, and, as the men sat puffing their cigars, Horton turned toward the Kentuckian. For a moment, he glared in silence, then with an impetuous exclamation of disgust he announced:

"See here, South, I want you to know that if I'd understood you were to be here, I wouldn't have come. It has pleased me to express my opinion of you to a number of people, and now I mean to express it to you in person."

When I fight you, I'll fight for myself, not for a bunch of damned murderers. . . Just now, I've got other business. That man framed this up!" He pointed a lean finger across the table into the startled countenance of Mr. Farbish.

"He knew! He has been working on this job for a month. I'm going to attend to his case now."

As Samson started toward Farbish, the conspirator rose, and, with an excellent counterfeit of insulted virtue, pushed back his chair.

"By God," he indignantly exclaimed, "you mustn't try to embroil me in your quarrels. You must apologize. You are talking wildly, South."

"Am I?" questioned the Kentuckian, quietly; "I'm going to act wildly in a minute."

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"I may not have good manners, Mister Farbish, but where I come from we know how to handle varmints." He dropped his voice and added for the plotter's ear only: "Here's a little matter on the side that concerns only us. It wouldn't interest these other gentlemen." He opened his hand, and added: "Here, eat that!"

Farbish with a frightened glance at the set face of the man who was advancing upon him, leaped back, and drew from his pocket a pistol—it was an exact counterpart of the one with which he had supplied Samson.

With a panther-like swiftness, the Kentuckian leaped forward, and struck up the weapon, which spat one ineffective bullet into the rafters. There was a momentary scuffle of swaying bodies and a crash under which the table groaned amid the shattering of glass and china. Then, slowly, the conspirator's body bent back at the waist, until its shoulders were stretched on the disarranged cloth, and the white face, with purple veins swelling on the forehead, stared up between two brown hands that gripped its throat.

"Swallow that!" ordered the mountaineer.

For just an instant, the company stood dumfounded, then a strained, unnatural voice broke the silence.

"Stop him, he's going to kill the man!"

The odds were four to two, and with a sudden rally to the support of their chief plotter, the other conspirators rushed the figure that stood throttling his victim. But Samson South was in his element. The damned-up wrath that had been smoldering during these last days was having a tempestuous outlet. He had found men who, in a gentlemen's club to which he had come as a guest, sought to use him as a catpaw and murderer.

As they assailed him, en masse, he seized a chair, and swung it flail-like about his head. For a few moments, there was a crashing of glass and china, and a clatter of furniture and a chaos of struggle.

Samson South stood for a moment panting in a scene of wreckage and disorder. The table was littered with shattered glasses and decanters and chinaware. The furniture was scattered and overturned. Farbish was weakly leaning to one side in the seat to which he had made his way. The men who had gone down under the heavy blows of the chair lay quietly where they had fallen.

Wilfred Horton stood waiting. The whole affair had transpired with such celerity and speed that he had hardly understood it, and had taken no part. But, as he met the gaze of the disordered figure across the wreckage of a dinner-table, he realized that now,

with the preliminaries settled, he who had struck Samson in the face must give satisfaction for the blow. Horton was sober, as cold sober as death, and he contemptuously kicked it to one side. He came back to his place.

"Now, Mr. Horton," he said to the man who stood looking about with a crazed expression, "if you're still of the same mind, I can accommodate you. You lied when you said you were a savage—though just now it looks like I was, and"—he passed, then added—"and I'm ready either to fight or shake hands. Either way suits me."

For the moment, Horton did not speak, and Samson slowly went on:

"But, whether we fight or not, you've got to shake hands with me when we're finished. You and me are going to start no feud. This is the first time I've ever refused to let a man be my enemy if he wanted to. . . I got my reasons. I'm going to make you shake hands with me whether you like it or not, but if you want to fight, first it's satisfactory. You said you would be glad to be more explicit with me when we were alone—"

"Shall I throw these damned murderers out of here, or will you go into another room and talk?"

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But her message was so convincing. So she was offered a reward for sleeping. Time and again she made the effort, but always it was fruitless. Then she began to squirm. Finally she sat up in bed. Her manner was eloquent of conviction of the futility of further effort after resignation of claim upon the reward.

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"I'm going to be that friend. . . Don't you see that this thing is a damned frame-up? . . . Don't you see that I was brought here to murder you?" He turned suddenly to Farbish.

"Why did you insist on my putting that in my pocket?"—Samson took out the pistol, and threw it down on the table-cloth in front of Wilfred, where it struck and shivered a half-filled wine-glass—"and why did you warn me that this man meant to kill me? I was meant to be your catpaw to put Wilfred Horton out of your way. I may be a barbarian and a savage, but I can smell a rat—if it's dead enough."

For an instant there was absolute and hushed calm. Wilfred Horton picked up the discarded weapon and looked at it in bewildered stupefaction, then slowly his face flamed with distressing mortification.

"Any time you want to fight me"—Samson had turned again to face him, and was still talking in his deadly quiet voice—"except tonight, you can find me. I've never been hit before without hitting back. That blow has got to be paid for—but the man that's really responsible has got to pay first."

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**Hotel Waldorf** 1202 Commerce St., Dallas, Texas. Centrally located. Completely remodeled. Rates: \$1, \$1.50 and \$2. 140 rooms, part of them are large and well ventilated. Bring your family.

**BARBER SUPPLIES** The best and most complete line in the South. The celebrated Steel Craft Razor, \$2.00, postage prepaid. Grinding and Honing. C. E. HOFFMAN CO., 1709 Main Street, Dallas, Texas. Write or call for free catalog.

**ATTENTION AUTOISTS** For \$3 we will send you a patent Carbon Remover, the "Carbon Remover" that removes Carbon. Fuel through air intake of carburetor. It quickly and thoroughly removes all carbon without stopping the engine. We guarantee perfect satisfaction. If directions are followed, write today and stop all carbon trouble and expense. A gallon will last about a year. Live agents wanted. The Patent Co., Commercial Bldg. Houston, Texas

**Westbrook Hotel, FT WORTH, TEX.** EUROPEAN STRICTLY FIREPROOF. Headquarters and offices of Texas Cattle Raisers Association. Cleanest and most sanitary hotel in Texas. A beautiful cafe at most reasonable prices. Particularly attractive for ladies traveling alone or parties shopping or attending theater. The Westbrook lobby and restaurant is the show place in Ft. Worth. 50 Rooms. ROOM RATES: One person without bath. . . . . \$1.00 to



**THE HEDLEY INFORMER**

CLAUDE WELLS, Ed. and Pub.  
Published Every Friday  
\$1.00 Per Year in Advance

Entered as second class matter October 28, 1910, at the postoffice at Hedley, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879

Four issues make a newspaper month.

Advertising locals run and are charged for until ordered out, unless specific arrangements are made when the ad is brought in.

All Obituaries, Resolutions of Respect, Cards of Thanks, Advertising Church or Society doings when admission is charged, will be treated as advertising and charged for accordingly.

The tabernacle proposition is coming along. Half the amount necessary to enclose it has been raised and we believe the balance can easily be raised.

The Goodnight News is showing marked improvement in makeup and news. One thing has been done that has helped more than any other and that was separating two kinds of body type that had become mixed.

The State Legislature has adjourned. A number of good bills were passed. The new governor seems to be able to get along finely with the law making body, and his administration so far is meeting with the approval of the masses.

Should anyone at any time try to put you up a tree in any way, just find out how much interest he has in the project himself. If he is interested, well and good; if he has no monetary interest in a public proposition and he wants to lead out on something, better let his scheme alone. This will apply to all occasions in life.

Talk about your weather all you want to but you never saw in your whole "periodical existence" a day like last Monday, did you? First the wind blew, and the sand with the wind, then snow with it, then rain with it, then sleet with it, then some more sand. Then the wind would calm down and the sun shine out for a while showing that spring had the best of the winter then winter would get in the lead and lord it over spring. Thus and so all day long. Winter tried hard to hold on but Spring finally come to stay, we hope.

**INKLINGS AND THINKINGS**

Neutral? Chap who wrote that must be a bachelor and live in a strange town.

Mexico is a little shy on presidents just now. Has only three or four of them.

Costs \$15,000 to kill one soldier. Much cheaper to have a New York merchant assassinated.

Famous "thinking horses" died in war. A few more thinking men might have stopped the whole thing.

Woman wants divorce because husband would do nothing but feed the chickens. Yes, the feathered kind.

A golfer is a gentleman, says the Golfers Magazine. You would think so, to hear some of 'em address the ball.

Association of Life Insurance Presidents says "railway engineers are five years younger than they should be." No accounting for tastes.

Lion escaped in Jersey, but nobody dared shoot it. Boy having done 129 days in jail for shooting a rabbit, it would probably be the chair for potting the king of beasts.

Bernard Shaw says that in the world there are 50,000 men who think they are the other 49,999 will kindly refrain from crowding—Wex. News in Chicago American.

**UNIMPORTANT IF TRUE**

A man never has to yell the truth. Warsaw is seeing a great deal of the war.

Some people are bugs, and others are Spugs.

And some women are as beautiful as they are painted.

The financial page is beginning to look like itself again.

King Albert's subjects have plenty of things to discuss now.

Why don't the heathen countries send missionaries to Europe?

What would you give for the Mexican treasury at an "old boss" sale?

We refuse, however to say that people who dance the tango are dippy.

Secretary Daniels got his Irish up and stopped that "Tipperary" song.

Most people think Mr. Edison has been a public benefactor, although he invented the phonograph.

We hope Doctor Ozier has heard of the recent marriage of Hon. Richard Croker, aged seventy-three.

"Why do men wear hats?" asks an exchange. Why, we suppose it is to keep from going bareheaded.

Germany has a three-inch gun that throws a twelve-inch shell, but we know a man with a two-inch caliber and a twenty-inch yell.—Dr. Eritas in the Washington Herald.

**Cicero Smith Lumber Company**

**... LUMBER AND COAL ...**

**Get Our Prices.--Buy Now**

**BEN**



I have the Jack formerly owned by Sam Smith. He is a good black Jack, 5 yrs old and is in good condition.

He will make the season at my place 3 miles northeast of Hedley.

\$10 to insure living colt; \$8 to insure foal.

**A. W. WORSHAM**

The only way to get the genuine **New Home** Sewing Machine is to buy the machine with the name **NEW HOME** on the arm and in the legs. This machine is warranted for all time.

No other like it  
No other as good

The New Home Sewing Machine Company, ORANGE, MASS.

Reliable Dealer wanted in this Territory

On Sunday February 7, the Missionary Baptist Church moved to hold their summer revival meeting beginning Friday night before the 1st Sunday in August. No help has been secured yet.

**A. M. Sarvis, M. D.**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office at Hedley Drug Co.  
Phones: Office 27, Res. 28  
Hedley, Texas

**J. B. Ozier, M. D.**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office Phone No. 45-3r.  
Residence Phone No. 45-2r.  
Hedley, Texas

**DR. B. YOUNGER**  
DENTIST  
Clarendon, Texas

**DR. J. W. EVANS**  
DENTIST  
Clarendon, Texas

**CLEVE FLOYD**  
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER  
BRICK, STONE, CEMENT  
Estimates and Plans Free  
Phone 385 MEMPHIS, TEXAS

**V. R. JONES**  
Optometrist  
Eye Glasses and Spectacles Made to Order.  
At HEDLEY DRUG CO.  
1st and 2nd Thursdays in Each Month

The Informer has a Scholarship in the Bowie Commercial College for sale at a bargain. If you expect to attend a business college come in and talk it over.

**City Directory**

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Every 2nd and 4th Monday nights  
J. M. Bozeman, C. C. L. A. Stroud, Clerks

I. O. O. F. Lodge meets on every Tuesday night  
J. M. Killian, N. G.  
H. A. Bridges, Secretary

Meets Saturday night on or before the full moon.  
R. A. Bayne, W. M. Gene Dishman, Secretary Pro Tem

EASTERN STAR CHAPTER meets on each First Monday night at 7:30.  
Mrs. C. W. Kinslow W. M.  
Mrs. S. L. Guinn, Secretary

**CHURCHES** BAPTIST, Jas. A. Long, pastor  
First Sunday in each month.

METHODIST--M. L. Story, pastor. Preaching every Sunday morning and night, except every First Sunday morning

SUNDAY SCHOOL every Sunday 10 a. m. F. Kendall, Supt

PRAYER MEETING Every Wednesday evening

MISSIONARY BAPTIST  
C. W. Horschler, Pastor.  
Telephone No. 30 S. L. S.  
Services 1st and 3rd Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.  
Monthly business meeting Saturday before 1st Sunday at 11 o'clock.  
Sunday School every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.  
G. C. Meadows, Supt.  
Senior B. Y. P. U. 6:30 p. m.  
Junior B. Y. P. U. at 5:00 p. m.  
Regular weekly prayer meeting Thursday night. All night services begin at 7:30 p. m.

CHURCH OF CHRIST meets every Lordsday morning 10:30, and also preaching every first Lordsday morning and night.

**REMEMBER!**

**\$1.75 Pays for all three for one year**

**Is Your Conscience Perfectly Clear?**  
Does some little mistake in your life trouble you, and would you be happier if it were possible to confess it to a confidante?

**HOLLAND'S MAGAZINE**, which needs no introduction to the connoisseur of truly worthwhile magazines, contains each month a section called "The Confessional." Each issue contains a number of contributions by various anonymous writers telling of vital experiences and mistakes in their lives which they feel better for confessing, or which may serve as a warning to others. This department is unique, and is watched with intense interest by readers every month.

**FARM AND RANCH** is devoted to the interests of the home and farm builder, and is designed to meet every need and requirement. It meets these needs adequately through its mediums of correspondence with other farmers and its "Questions and Answers Column," where many of his most perplexing problems are solved. It opens his eyes to new and improved methods in carrying out his work, and proves to be an indispensable helper and right-hand man.

**OUR** paper is for the entire family. We strive, at all times, to be a help in the upbuilding of this community, and use our influence for the benefit of its people. We give you all the local news, and as much of the state and foreign news as the space will permit. A newspaper is indispensable to your family. This paper will keep you posted on all that is happening in this community, and will tell you of the doings of those friends and neighbors in whom you are most interested.

If subscribed to singly the subscription price of the above three publications is \$3.00. Order now and we will send all three of them to you regularly one year for only \$1.75.

Can you afford to neglect this opportunity?  
**Your Conscience Should Not Be Clear if You Neglect this Great Opportunity**



# LOSING HOPE WOMAN VERY ILL

### Finally Restored to Health By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bellevue, Ohio.—"I was in a terrible state before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My back ached until I thought it would break, I had pains all over me, nervous feelings and periodic troubles. I was very weak and run down and was losing hope of ever being well and strong. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I improved rapidly and today am a well woman. I cannot tell you how happy I feel and I cannot say too much for your Compound. Would not be without it in the house if it cost three times the amount."—Mrs. CHAS. CHAPMAN, R. F. D. No. 7, Bellevue, Ohio.

### Woman's Precious Gift.

The one which she should most zealously guard, is her health, but it is the one most often neglected, until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected such women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

### "Steal or Kill?"

Traffic in the downtown district of St. Louis was blocked for half an hour the other day when Frank Witt, a machinist out of work, paraded the streets wearing the following sandwich sign:

"Chief Young wants 300 more policemen to stop the increasing crimes. What shall I do?"

"No work, no money, four motherless children to feed.

"Shall I steal, commit highway robbery or kill myself and children?"

"One thousand are in the same position in this city today.

"Enormous luxury; enormous poverty.

"What shall I do?"

"The sign," said Witt in jail, "was the only way of attracting attention in the hope of getting a job. I've tried everything else. My wife died recently.

# "CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now. Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

### All for Pleasure.

"When I got married my wife said she would go to the end of the world with me."

"A noble sentiment."

"But I found out later that she meant the Paris end."

### The Heated Kind.

"You say he's a famous German air man?"

"Yes."

"An aeroplane expert, eh?"

"No. He has charge of a publicity bureau."

### The Reason.

"Why did you erctiles roast that piece?"

"Because it was so raw."

### Hicks' CAPUDINE

CURES HEADACHES AND COLDS—Easy To Take—Quick Relief.—Adv.

Many a man who knows his own mind is not overburdened with knowledge.

Stubborn Throat troubles are easily relieved by Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops. They act like magic—so at all Druggists.

The paving of streets with wooden blocks originated in Russia.

# DAIRY FACTS

## WINTER FEED FOR THE COWS

Important for Dairyman to Provide an Abundance of Different Feeds to Keep Up Milk Flow.

(By R. G. WEATHERSTONE.) During the winter months it is generally found difficult to provide such food as is necessary for the dairy cow to keep up the regular flow of milk. At this season of the year feed is generally scarce—the proper kind for the dairy cow—and that which we have on hand is often of an inferior quality.

After coming off the green fresh grass they do not relish such dry feed and being of an inferior quality one will soon notice a great decrease in the flow of milk.

For this reason it is very important for the farmer to try to provide an



A Fine Type of Dairy Cow.

abundance of different feeds to make up for this dry or inferior feed.

Of course the flow of milk cannot be kept up to what they give during the spring and summer when pastured, but with plenty of first-class hay, such as alfalfa and good clover, and fine feed of bran and corn meal kept on hand that it may be fed liberally two or three times a day as slops, there will not be so much decrease in the milk supply after all. That is, if it is given to them liberally and regularly. Do not think it is a waste to feed such feed when there isn't anything but dry hay of some kind to feed on. On the latter, the cow can barely maintain her flesh, much less keep up the milk supply.

When we have good clover hay and alfalfa, not so much of the bran, fine feed or meal is required, as both, when cured properly, are very strong feeds and cattle thrive on them.

I am not going to attempt to give the amount that should be fed, as I leave that for the dairyman to decide for himself. What I wish to impress upon the reader's mind is this: The necessity of having on hand always a liberal supply of bran, meal, fine feed, etc., to go with the dry hay or corn fodder, which is generally of an inferior quality, fed at this season of the year.

Without the above feed mentioned, it is impossible for the dairyman to obtain good results during the season when cattle are not pastured.

## TASK OF DEHORNING CATTLE

Operation is Most Frequently Performed to Prevent Animals From Injuring Each Other.

Cattle have been dehorned since about 1790. The operation sometimes is performed to remove horns that are broken or otherwise injured, but most frequently it is to prevent horned animals from injuring one another. Usually it is considered justifiable on account of the benefits that are derived from the operation.

The growth of horns on calves may be prevented entirely by the liberal use of a strong solution of ordinary lye; or if the use of a solution is not desirable it can be purchased at drug stores in the form of sticks known as caustic potash. This should be applied immediately after birth to the place where the horn makes its appearance. Care should be exercised when using this remedy because the lye will eat away all the skin with which it comes in contact.

Various kinds of instruments are used for the removal of the horns of older animals. If an ordinary saw is used it should be sharp and fine, and this lessens the danger of splintering the bones of the head during the operation. If a large number of animals are dehorned, quicker and safer work can be done with a "dehorning instrument." This can be purchased of any veterinary supply company for \$7.50 to \$10.

It is best not to dehorn during the fly season. Sometimes the horn is cut close to the head and cavities are opened which become filled with maggots if flies are prevalent. The animal suffers intensely, if this happens and there is a rapid loss in condition. If cavities are accidentally exposed a small piece of cotton, smeared with tar, may be applied to the wound and held in place by means of a bandage around the head. This also is of great value if excessive bleeding follows the operation. If maggots gain entrance to the cavities of the head they should be washed out with a weak, water solution of ordinary dip.

## NEW ARMOR PLATE

The New Process, it is Claimed, Will Make Large Guns Useless.

Another of the series of experiments to determine the resisting power of a certain class of armor was recently conducted with extremely satisfactory results. Fortifications built of this metal might be made indestructible and it would be useless to bombard them.

It is also useless to try to make a success in life if handicapped by poor health. You lack the strength and stamina necessary to win.

In the majority of cases of poor health, stomach trouble is the real cause; but this can be corrected by careful diet and the assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It tones, strengthens and helps the digestive functions and when the food is properly digested, strength and renewed vigor is sent coursing through the entire system.

The proper time for action is when you notice the first symptoms of weakness, such as loss of appetite, headache, bloating, heartburn, sour stomach, indigestion or constipation and by resorting to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters you can help Nature conquer them. Delay only aggravates matters and prolongs your suffering.

Take a bottle home with you today but see that the stamp over the neck is unbroken.

## A Wrong Impression.

A German looking for a person by the name of Dunn, who owed him money, asked a young fellow near Sweeney's eating house where No. 66 Chatham street was, as he "wished to find Mr. Dunn."

The fellow told him to go into Sweeney's eating house and the man near the window was Mr. Dunn. The German went into the eating house and went up to a man who happened to be an Irishman.

"Are you Dunn?" said the German.

"Done!" said Pat. "By my soul I have just started."—Philadelphia Record.

## SAGE TEA DARKENS GRAY HAIR TO ANY SHADE. TRY IT!

Keep Your Locks Youthful, Dark, Glossy and Thick With Garden Sage and Sulphur.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and look years younger. Adv.

## Unchivalrous.

Two farmers, attired in corduroys and gaiters, were strolling through a picture gallery, where they looked, and apparently felt, decidedly out of place. But at last they brought up before a picture—which really seemed to please them—a portrait of a lovely girl with a particularly ugly buldog.

"This is something nice, Dick," said one.

"What is it called?"

Dick referred to the catalogue.

"Beauty and the Beast," he said.

"The other man looked closer at the buldog.

"Ah!" he sighed appreciatively, "he is a beauty, too!"—London Tit-Bits.

## TAKES OFF DANDRUFF HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girls! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

### Up and Down.

"Do you believe that truth crushed to earth will rise again?"

"I do—to be floored the next minute."

## OUCH! PAIN, PAIN, RUB RHEUMATISM

Rub pain away with a small trial bottle of old "St. Jacobs Oil"

Rheumatism is "pain only." Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" directly upon the "tender spot," and relief comes instantly. "St. Jacobs Oil" is a harmless rheumatism cure which never disappoints and can not burn the skin.

Linger up! Quit complaining! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacobs Oil" at the store and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling. Don't suffer! "St. Jacobs Oil" has cured millions of rheumatism sufferers in the last half century, and is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache and sprains. Adv.

## A True Bourbon.

In the unregenerate past, when our fair land lay in drunken stupor under the heel of the demon rum, a teacher of chemistry in one of the southern colleges was quizzing his class on the subject of the preceding lecture, which was "water," and happened to call upon a student from Kentucky, one Johnson.

"Johnson," he said, "name the principal properties of water."

"Well, sir," said Johnson, briskly and confidently, "it's poisonous."—New York Evening Post.

## Beautiful Recipe Book For Every Woman.

We have been asked by the Calumet Baking Powder Company of Chicago to announce through the columns of this publication that they have just gotten up one of the best Recipe Books ever published, 15 pages of which are beautifully illustrated, showing in the colors a lot of dainty dishes and good things to eat that can be prepared with Calumet Baking Powder.

In addition to this there are 22 valuable recipes and numerous household hints prepared by the most noted Domestic Science teachers and Cooking Experts.

We know you will find this a very valuable book, as you will have use for it almost every day.

All you have to do to get one is to take the slip that you find in a pound can of Calumet Baking Powder, fill in your name and address according to the instructions on the slip and mail it to the Calumet Baking Powder Company, Chicago, Ill.

If you are not already using Calumet Baking Powder, we would suggest that you try it today. You will find it wholesome and economical to use.

You will find it a Baking Powder of unusual merit and the recipe book one of the most beautiful and useful books of this kind that you have ever possessed.—Adv.

## Advice With Motive.

"I am much bothered," he said; "I can marry a wealthy widow whom I don't love or a poor girl that I love intensely. What shall I do?"

"Listen to your heart," advised his companion, "and marry the one you love."

"You are right, my friend. I shall marry the girl."

"Then you can give me the widow's address?"

## RESINOL BEGINS TO HEAL SICK SKINS AT ONCE

You don't have to WONDER if Resinol Ointment is doing you good. You KNOW it is, because the first application stops the itching and your tortured skin feels cool and comfortable at last. Why don't YOU try this easy Resinol way to heal eczema or similar skin eruption? Resinol clears away pimples, too, and is a valuable household remedy for cuts, sores, burns, chaffs, etc. It has been prescribed by doctors for 20 years and contains nothing that could irritate or injure the tenderest skin. Sold by all druggists. Adv.

It isn't heroism so much as the accidental insight upon it that makes heroes.

## TRACTS CLEARED OF MALARIA

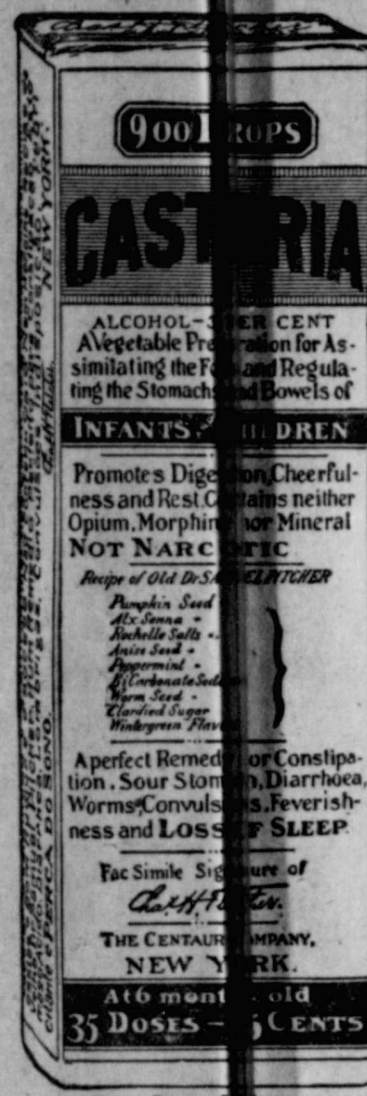
Gratifying Progress Has Been Made by Those Interested in Conquering the Disease.

Malaria, which children are susceptible, has been largely a preventable disease by a study of the mosquito carrier, its breeding places and by natural history, and by inoculation experiments on animals and man. It was proved by Italian observers that the mosquito transmits bird malaria in the same manner as in the human subject.

The final upshot of these investigations has been the clearing of hitherto waste and dangerous land have been rendered safe and productive. A widespread cause of debilitating sickness, and even of death, has thus been removed.

In such areas the blindest sight has been the stunted, stunted children, with enlarged livers and spleens, the evidences of chronic malarial poisoning, that can now be prevented by putting modern knowledge into effect.

All men may be born equal, but they get over it before they die.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## STOP COUGHING

Mr. Andor Kiss, No. 318 Clinton Place, Kansas City, Mo., writes: "I cannot thank you enough for being cured. For seven long years I doctored steadily for my catarrh and cough, which cost me hundreds of dollars. But my catarrh grew worse all the time. Even though I was under the treatment of some of the most famous doctors, I still had a terrible cough and thought sometimes that I would choke. I could get no air. I then bought a bottle of Ferrus, and that evening and all night my wife gave it to me according to the directions, and I felt better the following day already. Three days later I felt much improved, and today, after the use of the fourth bottle, I feel entirely cured. I can conscientiously recommend this grand medicine to every citizen."

### A Good Cough Tablet.

There are people who object to taking fluid medicines. For such people the Ferrus Tablets are especially valuable. They are convenient to carry in the pocket.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

## Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty. Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 11-1915.

# W. L. DOUGLAS

MEN'S \$2.50 \$3 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 \$5 \$5.50 SHOES  
WOMEN'S \$2.00 \$2.50 \$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 SHOES  
BOYS' \$1.75 \$2 \$2.50 \$3.00 MISSES' \$2.00 \$2.50

## YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas shoes are made of the best domestic and imported leathers, on the latest models, carefully constructed by the most expert last and pattern makers in this country. No other make of equal price, can compete with W. L. Douglas shoes for style, workmanship and quality. As comfortable, easy walking shoes they are unsurpassed.

The \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes will give as good service as other makes costing \$4.00 to \$5.00. The \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$5.50 shoes compare favorably with other makes costing \$5.00 to \$6.00. Wherever you live there are many men and women wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. Consult them and they will tell you that W. L. Douglas shoes cannot be excelled for the price.

If you could visit the W. L. Douglas factory at Brockton, Mass., and see how carefully the shoes are made, and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why they look and fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price.

If your dealer cannot supply you, write for Illustrated Catalog showing how to order by mail. W. L. Douglas, 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Appropriate Fate.  
"What did they do with the train robber?"  
"Railroaded him."

"The way of the transgressor is hard," but it seems to be mostly down hill.—Pittsburgh Sun.

WHY NOT TRY PARKER'S ASTHMA MEDICINE  
Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Total Package by Mail \$1.00. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM  
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to restore color and beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

BOYS AND GIRLS learn typewriting. Free writer Free. Write for particulars, Crystal Jackson & Novelty Company, Box 516, Corpus Christi, Tex.

# Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

If Yours is fluttering or weak, use RENOVINE. Made by Van Vleet-Mansfield Dr. Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price \$1.00



**Locals**

Small profits, quick turnover at Lively's.

G. O. Wood was in from Qual Wednesday.

W. E. Bray spent Sunday in Clarendon.

Buy your groceries from Lively Grocery Co.

Roy Lochridge was down from Clarendon Monday.

Have a Fit with Clark, The Tailor.

J. L. Bain made a business trip to Amarillo Monday.

Eight pounds coffee \$1.00 at the Boles Grocery.

T. F. Harrison transacted business in Memphis Monday.

Miss Maggie Marsall spent last week with friends at Lellis Lake.

New Fresh Goods at Lively Grocery Co. Price right.

Messrs. Hayter and L. O. Lewis of Clarendon were here Wednesday.

J. P. Pool has been confined to his home the past week with the grippe.

Martin Bell returned last week from Cook county where he spent several weeks.

Lively will appreciate a share of your grocery business.

T. N. Naylor of Naylor Springs community was in our city Wednesday morning.

Harvey Graham has been visiting relatives and old friends here the past week.

Wash Storm of Goodnight spent Sunday here with his father and sisters.

Special bargains at Lively Grocery Co. Saturday.

Mrs. George Ryan was down from Clarendon Tuesday visiting relatives and friends.

Judge J. C. Killough and Farm Agent Williams were here from Clarendon Wednesday.

We will get you any book or magazine published. Hedley Drug Co.

L. B. Madden and wife spent several days here this week with his brother, W. H.

Mrs. W. M. Dyer moved Thursday of last week into the S. L. Adamson residence.

Miss Lela Waldron went to Memphis last Saturday to visit friends a few days.

We are headquarters for fresh vegetables. Boles Grocery.

Mesdames J. D. Bell and B. F. Denny of Memphis spent Sunday with Mrs. J. H. Chey.

Mr. Switzer of Tolkert, Texas, was here first of the week prospecting for a business location.

J. E. Cates was here from the south plains Saturday and Sunday. He went to Clarendon first of the week for a minor operation.

# To The Public!

**WE DESIRE TO ANNOUNCE that we have adopted the SPOT CASH plan of doing business. We are in position now to save you from 15 to 25 per cent on every dollar's worth you buy from us. We have special prices on every article in the house. You don't know how cheap until you come in and get the price. We also wish to state that we are now comfortably situated in the corner brick at north end of the brick row.**

**Here is a Simple Cash Proposition:**

Mr. A. buys 40c worth of bread each day, pays cash, and sells the bread for cash at a profit of 10c each day. In 30 days he has made \$3.00 on a 40 cent investment. Mr. B. buys his bread, 40c worth each day, sells it on the credit; in 30 days he will be out \$12 in money and has made \$3.00 profit. Which is the better business, 40c capital for 30 days, or \$12 credit, the 40c and the \$12 bringing the same profit in 30 days?

<p><b>Onion Sets</b></p> <p>1 peck Onion Sets.....25c</p> <p><b>Salmon</b></p> <p>1 dozen.....\$1.20</p> <p><b>Corn</b></p> <p>1 dozen.....90c</p> <p><b>Tomatoes</b></p> <p>1 dozen 2 lb cans Tomatoes.....90c</p> <p><b>Canned Fruit</b></p> <p>25c cans California canned fruit.....20c</p> <p><b>Syrup</b></p> <p>60c Syrup.....55c 50c Syrup.....45c Syrup by the case.....30c off regular price.</p>	<p><b>Herewith we quote you just a few prices.</b></p>  <p><b>Our Dry Goods Clothing and Shoes will be sold at Money Saving Prices.</b></p>	<p><b>Kerosene</b></p> <p>5 gallons Best Oil.....60c</p> <p><b>Coffee</b></p> <p>\$1.00 Bucket Coffee.....90c Arbuckle Coffee, per lb.....20c</p> <p><b>Rice</b></p> <p>20 lbs Rice for.....\$1.00</p> <p><b>Soap</b></p> <p>7 bars Laundry Soap.....25c</p> <p><b>Vinegar</b></p> <p>Best Apple Vinegar, per gallon.....25c</p> <p>We will buy and sell at prices according to the market values.</p>
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**WE PAY THE MARKET PRICE AT ALL TIMES FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.**

**We realize that people who buy for cash demand a Spot Cash store where they can get spot cash prices, and now we invite you to call at our store where you can receive the full benefit of your money. Remember our prices will be the LOWEST.**

## BAIN & McCAROLL

Hedley Texas **The Spot Cash Store** Corner Brick

**WANT-ADS**

FOR SALE—5 burner oil range, used 1 year; will take \$5.00. Mrs. W. E. Bray.

**Special**  
Fort Worth Daily Record (everyday except Sunday) and Hedley Informer both one year for \$3.00

FOUND—A girl's white woolen sweater. Owner call at Informer office and pay for ad.

FOR SALE—\$65 Singer Sewing Machine for \$30. Mrs. Clint Phillips.

Subscribe for the Informer

FOR SALE—Good Kimball Organ. Only been used two years. Reasonable price. Inquire at Informer Office.

J. L. Tims states that during the past five weeks he has bought something like 83 cases of eggs. With the eggs bought by the other merchants of Hedley, and the poultry also, this place is becoming quite a market.

**Meal and Chops**

I have meal and chops for sale at all times at my mill. And will grind, chop or crush any and every day. When you want good meal just try mine, you will like it. N. M. Hornsby.

J. L. Kennedy and family spent Sunday in Estelline with relatives.


Mrs. Ellen Rector of Clarendon was the guest of Mrs. W. E. Reeves from Friday until Sunday of last week.

Justice Morrow held court Monday. A trial of some boys for card playing resulted in a hung jury. Attorneys Link and White were in attendance from Clarendon.

Hedley is the town, and King is my name; no matter if it's just down, or whiskers, we shave 'em just the same. J. B. King

**NOTICE W. O. W. MEMBERS**

Sovereigns: You MUST pay your dues not later than the first of each month or you will be suspended according to our laws. Yours Fraternally, L. A. Stroud, Clerk. J. M. Bozeman, C. C. Hedley Camp, No. 2315



# TOM

**TOM is a Mammoth Jack, 16 hands high, known as the Dobson Jack of Windy Valley; will make the season at the O K Wagon Yard in connection with the same breeding stock that was here last year. For particulars see**

**L. L. Cornelius**  
Owner at O. K. Wagon Yard

Cooking Oil 65c per gallon at the Boles Grocery

Frank Cope and wife were up from Memphis Saturday visiting her brother, B. W. Moreman, and family.

Get your countenance worked over, and your head fixed up so that you will enjoy life at King's Barber Shop.

E. C. Herd and wife of Memphis spent Sunday with their uncle and aunt, B. W. Moreman and wife.

Jess Price of Montague county visited his old friends, D. C. Moore and J. M. Weittington, this week.

Lively Grocery Co. wants your Hides, Eggs and Chix.

J. W. Bond left first of the week for Cass county where he will spend some two weeks teaching a Masonry class.

Biggest bucket coffee in town for 90c at the Boles Grocery.

Rev. Moore, President of the Goodnight Academy, preached a splendid sermon at the Baptist Church Sunday morning.

Buster Brown Cakes 12c per pound at the Boles Grocery.

A. B. Cloninger and wife had two very sick children first of the week, but they both are reported better.

**Special**

Fort Worth Semi Weekly Record and Hedley Informer both one year for \$1.50

Mr. Nuckles of Iowa Park came first of the week to visit his brother-in-law, Frank Simmons and family.

W. A. Pierce, who formerly lived here, has bought the B. W. Moreman residence in west Hedley that is now occupied by W. E. Bray. Mr. Pierce will move to Hedley in a few weeks.

Cotton seed meal, Dixie Cream, Cake, Maize, Chops, Bran, Shorts, Chicken feed and Hay. Everything delivered within city limits. Give us your orders and oblige. Wood & Plaster.

Rev. J. W. Blankenship has been suffering with a bruised and swollen shoulder and arm, caused by falling from the J. L. Tims delivery wagon last Friday when the horse made an attempt to run.

**HAY FOR SALE**—We have about two car loads of good hay, different kinds, that we want to sell. Get our prices at once if you want hay. Moreman & Battle.

J. G. McDougal, Frank Simmons and Mr. Nuckles left Thursday morning for New Mexico; the latter two gentlemen will prospect in the eastern part of New Mexico while Mr. McDougal will go across the mountains after his auto which he had to leave some weeks ago on account of the snow.

Lake Dishman suffered a bad fall Tuesday. He was loosening wires from an old telephone pole on the corner near the Guaranty State Bank, when the guy wire gave way and the pole broke, throwing him some 18 or 20 feet to the ground. He alighted on his feet on the hard ground, and the pole fell across his shoulder. He is now laid up with badly swollen ankles and other bruises.