

STERLING CITY NEWS-RECORD

VOL. IX.

STERLING CITY, TEXAS, FRIDAY OCTOBER 22, 1909.

NO. 44.

THIRTY-SEVEN DEAD IN SOUTHERN GALE

SCORES INJURED AND PROPERTY
LOSS HEAVY AS RESULT OF
ELEMENT'S FURY.

FIVE STATES ARE HARD HIT

The States of Tennessee, Georgia,
Alabama, Arkansas and South
Carolina.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 16.—With the known death list already showing a total of thirty-seven human lives, and with thirteen others reported dead, and with scores seriously injured and many others painfully bruised and scarred, and with the property damage running to a million or more dollars, the havoc and destruction record of the storm which swept Middle and West Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and portions of Arkansas and South Carolina late yesterday afternoon and last night grows hourly as reports are received from remote districts and as wire communication is gradually restored to a normal condition. The storm of last night was probably the worst that has visited this section of the South in years, being intense in its destroying fury, and wide in its area. Whole sections were laid in waste and ruin. Towns were destroyed, plantations were damaged to untold extent and from all sections of the storm-swept area come reports of loss of life, ruin and desolation.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 15.—Three persons known to have been killed, others injured and missing and several towns and villages demolished, is the toll taken by a storm of cyclonic proportions which swept through Western Tennessee early last night, according to the meager details possible to secure over crippled wires at midnight. Many points in the pathway of the tornado are yet to be heard from, and that the total dead and injured will be increased as telegraphic communication is restored is believed certain. Coming from the southeast, the wind tore the more frail structures in its path into bits, to be tossed about by the storm, while the more substantial were torn from their foundations and broken, trees were uprooted by the score, vegetation razed and numberless buildings were unroofed. From some points come reports of a heavy rainfall accompanying the wind. In other districts hail fell in torrents.

Denmark, in Madison County, is practically demolished, the added horror of fire following quickly in the wake of the storm.

Cotton at Stamford 13.75c.
Stamford: Farmers in the city say if frost does not come before the 10th of November that the cotton crop will be much better than was at first expected and that the conditions of their feed crops will be materially improved. The recent rains have been very beneficial to the feed crops, especially the hay and other crops. Local cotton sold Friday in Stamford for 13.75c.

Peculiar Damage Case.
McAlester, Okla.: S. Guy, a Rock Island locomotive engineer, Friday instituted suit for \$40,000 damages against the Rock Island company, alleging that the railroad's nurse gave him a poisonous drug by mistake, while confined in the hospital. He says the drug ruined his health.

To Survey Interurban.
Corsicana: A surveying corps sent out by J. V. Watkins left Friday for Dallas for the purpose, it is said, of surveying the Corsicana, Dallas and Palestine interurban line from Oak Cliff to Corsicana.

For Alfa Mill.
Pecos, Tex.: Plans have been proposed, and an organization effected, for the construction of an alfalfa meal mill in the Toyah Valley, south of Pecos. The company organized with a capital of \$50,000 and proposes to erect a building 60x160 feet.

Engineer Bigby Killed.
Denison: Information was received here Thursday that D. H. Bigby, formerly an engineer on the Katy out of Denison, had been killed in an accident 135 miles from Vancouver, Wash.

Baptists Meet in Dallas.
Dallas: The Sixty-first annual session of the Baptist General convention of Texas will convene in the meeting house of the First Baptist church, Dallas, on Thursday, November 11, 1909.

Work in Tin Mines.
El Paso: Fifty men are at work blocking out ore at the mines of the El Paso smelter company's tin mines in the Franklin Mountains, twenty miles north of this city.

FOUR KILLED; SEVERAL HURT.

Accident Occurs On Katy Near Greenville—Horses Lost.

Greenville: Four were killed, several others injured, four fine race horses burned to death and several other horses hurt in a wreck on the Katy near Kingston, Texas, shortly before 4 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Snows in Panhandle.
Childress: Snow is falling in the extreme north plains country. Advice from the Denver's offices state that six inches of snow fell between Texline and Trinidad, Colo., the wind blowing from the north and quite cold, while heavy banks of clouds cover the northern and western sky. A freeze or frost now will do heavy damage to cotton farmers. Plenty of rain for wheat growers has fallen.

Inland Waterway League to Meet.
Corpus Christi: The official program for the fifth annual convention of the Interstate Inland Waterway League, to be held in this city Oct. 21-23, includes the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, the Governor of Texas and numerous other prominent men of Texas and Louisiana.

Aged Switchman Gets \$40,000.
San Antonio: Because he worked for the Pennsylvania Road back in the sixties, when Andrew Carnegie was superintendent, James Fagan, an aged switchman of this city, Sunday is richer \$40,000. Mr. Carnegie set aside years ago a sum for distribution among employees.

Army Officer to Make Inspection.
Brownsville: Capt. J. C. Oakes, U. S. A., arrived here Friday for the purpose of visiting Point Isabel and Brazos Santiago channel to make a report to the Government on the possibility of making it a deep-water channel.

Crushers to Go to Little Rock.
Dallas: Texans who returned Thursday from a New Orleans meeting of the executive committee of the Interstate Cotton Seed Crushers' Association announce that the annual meeting for the association will be at Little Rock on May 11, 12 and 13.

After Train Wreckers.
Galveston: The Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railway Company Friday issued offer of a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and final conviction of the persons or persons responsible for the wreck of its passenger train near Temple Wednesday morning.

Governor Leaves for El Paso.
Austin: The executive party which will officially extend the welcome of the state of Texas to President Taft on his arrival, headed by Gov. T. M. Campbell, left Austin Wednesday for San Antonio, whence they will continue their long trip to El Paso.

Abilene's New High School.
Abilene: By the 14th of January, 1910, certainly not later than Feb. 1, the new high school will be ready for occupancy. The building is of the old Spanish type and will be modern in every respect and will be steam heated.

Confederate Monument Fund.
Terrell: There has been a fund of \$1,200 raised in Kaufman County to erect a Confederate monument, which assures the accomplishment of the undertaking, which has been under the auspices of the Confederate veterans and other friends of the "Lost Cause."

Farmers Sowing Wheat.
Sherman: Probably more than 1,000 wheat fields are being sown and there is little doubt in the minds of the closest students of the situation that the acreage will be at least twice what it was last year and many believe that the increase will be even larger.

Brakeman Wallace Killed.
Denison: R. P. Wallace, a Katy brakeman, was killed while coupling cars Thursday at Whitesboro. He was employed Wednesday and was out on his first trip.

Small Grain in Ellis.
Waxahatchie: It has been a number of years since any attempt was made by the farmers of Ellis County to raise small grain on an extensive scale, but the short corn and cotton crop this year has induced them to give the cultivation of cereals another trial.

Jury Says Must Hang.
Houston: After remaining out thirty minutes the jury in the K. C. Jones murder case brought in a verdict of guilty Thursday with death as the punishment.

Katy Train Kills Youth.
Greenville: The Katy passenger train from Shreveport, which arrived here Thursday, ran over and killed a youth at Winnsboro. The young man was working as a water carrier for a gang of workmen, but his name could not be learned.

EVENTS BOILED DOWN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN HAPPENINGS SERVED UP IN ATTRACTIVE STYLE.

NOTHING GOOD GOT AWAY

Everything Important That Could Be Confined to a Small Space is Here Found.

The revenues of the Dallas postoffice increased 17.94 per cent in September over the same month last year.

Oklahoma's cold wave continues and a drop from 71 to 45 degrees in the thermometer has elicited many calls for aid from the poor.

The Government began at Wewoka, Okla., Monday, to pay the Seminole Indians a per capita of \$20 on an amount aggregating \$60,000. This is the regular annuity payment.

The total number of persons injured during the month of July, August and September by Chicago street cars was 1,911, and the fatalities for the same period forty-seven.

Two distinct earthquake shocks were felt at Dalton, Ga., Friday morning, accompanied by a booming sound. Houses were shaken throughout the town, but no damage is reported.

The election Tuesday in Ft. Worth for a municipal bond issue of \$650,000 for general improvement purposes, resulted in favor of the bonds by a vote of approximately 450 to 40.

In order to replenish the depleted supply of corn in the Republic of Mexico, the duty on that cereal has been temporarily rescinded by the United States.

When the Supreme Court opened Monday in Washington only seven of the nine Justices were present. Associate Justices Moody and Packham are both absent on account of serious illness.

The International Smelting and Refining Company of Boston has under consideration the question of erecting a large smelter at El Paso, Texas. The \$10,000,000 stock will be listed on the Boston Stock Exchange this week.

A seawall constructed with concrete with ballast abutments, six feet high and twelve feet thick at the base, is to be built by the Government around Fort McRee at the entrance to Pensacola, Fla., harbor.

Mrs. Mary Harriman, widow of Edward H. Harriman, the wealthiest woman in the world. The estate left by the railroad magnate is valued at \$300,000,000, according to a statement by a close friend and business associate.

A. Holland Forbes and Max Fleischmann, who left St. Louis in a balloon Tuesday morning, arrived at Richmond, Va., Wednesday night, having landed in Chesterfield County, near this city, earlier in the evening. They claim to have broken the record.

Edwin Ginn, a well-known Boston publisher, has made provision that upon his death \$1,000,000 shall become available for the cause of universal peace. Moreover, Mr. Ginn will contribute \$50,000 annually to the peace cause during the remainder of his life. Mr. Carnegie is likely to give a handsome sum to this fund also.

Bishop Alpheus W. Wilson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, is ill again at his home, in Baltimore. He developed tonsillitis in about ten days ago, which, with his asthma, from which he has been a sufferer for some time, renders his condition serious.

Reports from the isolated districts of Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas, Mexico, show that a great deal of destitution still exists throughout these districts, and the suffering has been made more acute by the sudden cold wave which has prevailed in Northern Mexico during the greater part of last week.

By the accidental discharge of a target rifle at noon Sunday, Paul Pickard, 7 years old, of Decatur, was killed. The ball penetrated the brain.

One person was killed and eight others injured Friday at Greene, Ia., forty miles north of Waterloo, in an accident on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad.

G. Y. Clayton, a farmer of Scottsville, Tex., is exhibiting in Shreveport a sheaf of tobacco he raised on his farm this year. On two-fifths of an acre he harvested 500 pounds, which he reports he can dispose of on the local market at 20c a pound.

The Texas State Fair opened its gates Saturday to a large and enthusiastic crowd. The exhibits are all in places and larger and better than ever before. Fine weather for opening day and the auspicious opening augurs well for the best Fair and attendance yet had.

A northbound Missouri Pacific local freight crashed into the southbound Missouri, Kansas and Texas passenger train at Moody Station, Kans., three miles south of LeRoy, Wednesday. One passenger was instantly killed. Six probably fatally injured and twenty-seven badly injured.

In a shooting affray at Paradise Wednesday morning Ben Burnett killed his father-in-law W. T. Klepper, a man about 55 years of age.

Figures compiled Wednesday by the State Bank Commissioner shows an increase of individual bank deposits in Oklahoma state and national banks of 35 per cent in less than a year.

Two little children, aged 5 and 2 years, of H. Boven, living in El Paso, were playing with matches Sunday when the dress of the younger became ignited and the child was fatally burned.

The body of an unknown white man was found floating in White Oak Bayou above the Katy passenger station Sunday afternoon in Houston. Apparently the body had been in the water about ten days.

After a night of cold north wind part of Oklahoma was visited by a light sleetstorm about 5 o'clock Tuesday morning. The fall, however, was so light that no practical damage was done.

Two men were killed and three seriously injured on the Fort Riley military reservation Junction City, Kans., Monday, by the explosion of a 4 1/2-inch field piece during the artillery tests now under way.

A revolution has broken out in Santo Domingo. The insurgents Monday attacked DeJabon, a town near the Haitian frontier, but were repulsed by the Government troops.

The Department of Commerce and Labor report the marvelous growth of exports from the United States from \$194,000,000 in 1899 to \$410,000,000 in 1909.

The city of Terrell is offering free cinders for sidewalk purposes to citizens. There has been much agitation on the question of sidewalk building, which is resulting in many new sidewalks.

Discouraged in his search for health in the dry climate of the Southwest, Third Assistant Postmaster General Lawson announced to his division in Washington that he intended to resign.

The first snow of the season reached New York early Thursday. It was only a brief flurry and the flakes melted as soon as they landed. The temperature is only a few degrees above freezing.

It has been a number of years since any attempt was made by the farmers of Ellis County to raise small grain on an extensive scale, but the short corn and cotton crop this year has induced them to give the cultivation of cereals another trial.

Rear Admiral Milligan, who, with Admiral Clark, shared the credit for the safe, quick passage of the United States battleship Oregon from the Pacific Ocean in time for engaging in the naval battle with Cervera's fleet off Santiago, is dead at Annapolis.

Using six charges of nitroglycerin, a gang of robbers forced their way into the vault of the First National Bank in Lewisville, Texas, at an early hour Monday morning and secured \$6,500 in money.

A dispatch received in Colon by wireless from Bluefields, Nicaragua, says Gen. Chemirio, a rebel leader, marched on Greytown and attacked and defeated the Government troops nineteen being killed.

Three persons known to have been killed, others injured and missing and several towns and villages demolished, is the toll taken by a storm of cyclonic proportions which swept through Western Tennessee early Thursday.

The Atlantic battleship fleet may take a cruise across the Atlantic during the coming winter and then down the African Coast. The officers of the fleet are anxious to get on a trip of this sort, and will be disappointed if their suggestion is not carried out.

There has been a fund of \$1,200 raised in Kaufman County to erect a Confederate monument, which assures the accomplishment of the undertaking, which has been under the auspices of the Confederate veterans and other friends of the "Lost Cause."

The first frost of the season was noticed at Brownwood Monday morning, but was not of sufficient amount to do any damage to crops or gardens. The thermometer registered 35 degrees.

Fifty men are at work blocking out ore at the mines of the El Paso smelter company's tin mines in the Franklin Mountains, twenty miles north of El Paso.

Four were killed, several others injured, four fine race horses burned to death and several other horses hurt in a wreck on the Katy near Kingston, Texas, shortly before 4 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The heavy rain and wind of Friday night did considerable damage in the southwestern part of Smith County. It is learned that many trees were uprooted and several houses blown from their foundations.

As a result of the hurricane which struck the southern coast of Florida Monday morning, Key West is a mass of wreckage, the damage to property is estimated at \$2,000,000, and martial law was proclaimed by the mayor.

DENIES ALL CLAIM

PEARY OUTSPOKEN IN REGARD TO COOK'S JOURNEY

Naval Officer Insists That the Doctor Did Not and Could Not Reach the North Pole, as He Says He Did.

(Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1908, by the Peary Arctic Club, in the office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington, D. C.)

New York, Oct. 12.—The following statement of Commander Robert E. Peary, which he submitted to the Peary Arctic Club in support of his contention that Dr. Cook did not reach the north pole, is now made public for the first time. The statement has been copyrighted by the Peary Arctic Club.

INTRODUCTION BY PEARY.

Some of my reasons for saying that Dr. Cook did not go to the north pole will be understood by those who read the following statements of the two Eskimo boys who went with him, and who told me and others of my party where he did go. Several Eskimos who started with Dr. Cook from Anorotok in February, 1908, were at Etah when I arrived there in August, 1908. They told me that Dr. Cook had with him, after they left, two Eskimo boys, or young men, two sledges and some twenty dogs. The boys were I-took-a-shoo and Ah-pe-lah. I had known them from their childhood. One was about eighteen and the other about nineteen years of age.

On my return from Cape Sheridan and at the very first settlement I touched (Nerke, near Cape Chalon) in August, 1909, and nine days before reaching Etah, the Eskimos told me, in a general way, where Dr. Cook had been; that he had wintered in Jones Sound, and that he had told the white men at Etah that he had been a long way north, but that the boys who were with him, I-took-a-shoo and Ah-pe-lah, said that this was not so. The Eskimos laughed at Dr. Cook's story. On reaching Etah, I talked with the Eskimos there and with the two boys and asked them to describe Dr. Cook's journey to members of my party and myself. This they did in the manner stated below.

(Signed) R. E. PEARY.

Signed Statement of Peary, Bartlett, McMillan, Borup and Henson, in regard to Testimony of Cook's Two Eskimo Boys.

The two Eskimo boys, I-took-a-shoo and Ah-pe-lah, who accompanied Dr. Cook while he was away from Anorotok in 1908 and 1909, were questioned separately and independently, and were corroborated by Panikpah, the father of one of them (I-took-a-shoo), who was personally familiar with the first third and the last third of their journey, and who said that the route for the remaining third, as shown by them, was as described to him by his son after his return with Dr. Cook.

The narrative of these Eskimos is as follows:

They, with Dr. Cook, Francke and nine other Eskimos, left Anorotok, crossed Smith's Sound to Cape Sabine, slept in Commander Peary's old house in Payer Harbor, then went through Rice Strait to Buchanan Bay. After a few marches Francke and three Eskimos returned to Anorotok.

Dr. Cook, with the others, then proceeded up Flagler Bay, a branch of Buchanan Bay, and crossed Ellesmere Land through the valley pass at the head of Flagler Bay, indicated by Commander Peary in 1898, and utilized by Sverdrup in 1899, to the head of Sverdrup's "Bay Fiord" on the west side of Ellesmere Land.

Their route then lay out through this fiord, thence north through Sverdrup's "Heuerka Sound" and Nansen Strait. On their way they killed musk oxen and bear, and made caches, arriving eventually at a point on the west side of Nansen Strait (shore of Axel Heiberg Land of Sverdrup), south of Cape Thomas Hubbard.

A cache was formed here and the four Eskimos did not go beyond this point. Two others, Koolootingwah and Inughto, went on one more march with Dr. Cook and the two boys, helped to build the snow igloo then returned without sleeping.

After being informed of the boys' narrative thus far, Commander Peary suggested a series of questions to be put to the boys in regard to this trip from the land out and back to it.

These questions and answers were as follows:

Did they cross many open lands or much open water during this time? Ans. None.

Did they make any caches out on the ice? Ans. No.

Did they kill any bear or seal while out on the ice north of Cape Thomas Hubbard? Ans. No.

Did they kill or lose any of their dogs while out on the ice? Ans. No.

With how many sledges did they start? Ans. Two.

How many dogs did they have? Ans. Do not remember exactly, but something over twenty.

How many sledges did they have when they got back to land? Ans. Two.

Did they have any provisions left on their sledges when they came back to land? Ans. Yes; the sledges still had about all they could carry, so they were able to take but a few things from the cache.

From here they went southwest along the northwest coast of Heiberg Land to a point indicated on the map (Sverdrup's Cape Northwest).

From here they went west across the ice, which was level and covered with snow, offering good going, to a low island which they had seen from the shore of Heiberg Land at Cape Northwest. On this island they camped for one sleep.

From this island they could see two lands beyond (Sverdrup's Elief Ringnes and Amund Ringnes Lands). From the island they journeyed toward the left-hand one of these two lands (Amund Ringnes Land), passing a small island which they did not visit.

The answers of the Eskimo boys to Commander Peary's series of independent questions, showing that they killed no game, made no caches, lost no dogs, and returned to the land with loaded sledges, makes their attainment of the pole on the trip north of Cape Thomas Hubbard a physical and mathematical impossibility, as it would demand the subsistence of three men and over twenty dogs during a journey of ten hundred and forty geographical miles on less than two sledge loads of supplies.

If it is suggested that perhaps Dr. Cook got mixed and that he reached the pole, or thought he did, between the time of leaving the northwest coast of Heiberg Land at Cape Northwest, and his arrival at Ringnes Land, where they killed the deer, we must then add to the date of Dr. Cook's letter of March 17th, at or near Cape Thomas Hubbard, the subsequent four or five sleeps at that point, and the number of days required to march from Cape Thomas Hubbard to Cape Northwest (a distance of some sixty nautical miles), which would advance his date of departure from the land to at least the 25th of March, and be prepared to accept the claim that Dr. Cook went from Cape Northwest (about latitude eighty and a half degrees north) to the pole, a distance of five hundred and seventy geographical miles, in twenty-seven days.

After killing the deer they then traveled south along the east side of Ringnes Land to the point indicated on the chart, where they killed another deer.

They then went east across the south part of Crown Prince Gustav sea to the south end of Heiberg Land, then down through Norwegian bay where they secured some bears, but not until after they had killed some of their dogs, to the east side of Graham Island; then eastward to the little bay marked "Eld's Fiord" on Sverdrup's chart; then southwest to Hell's Gate and Simmon's peninsula.

Here for the first time during the entire journey, except as already noted off Cape Thomas H. Hubbard, they encountered open water. On this point the boys were clear, emphatic, and unshakable. They spent a good deal of time in this region, and finally abandoned their dogs and one sledge, took to their boat, crossed Hell's Gate to North Kent, up into Norfolk Inlet, then back along the north coast of Collin Archer Peninsula to Cape Vera, where they obtained fresh elder duck eggs. Here they cut the remaining sledge off, that is shortened it, as it was awkward to transport with the boat, and near here they killed a walrus.

From Cape Vera they went on down into the southwest angle of Jones Sound, where they killed a seal; thence east along the south coast of the sound, killing three bears at the point noted on the map, to the peninsula known as Cape Sparbo on the map, about midway on the south side of Jones Sound. Here they killed some musk-oxen and, continuing east, killed four more at the place indicated on the chart, and were finally stopped by the pack ice at the mouth of Jones Sound. From here they turned back to Cape Sparbo, where they wintered and killed many musk-oxen.

After the sun returned in 1909 they started, pushing their sledge, across Jones Sound to Cape Tennyson; thence along the coast to Clarence Head; (passing inside of two small islands not shown on the chart, but drawn on it by the boys), where they killed a bear; thence across the broad bight in the coast to Cadogan Fiord; thence around Cape Isabella and up to Commander Peary's old house in Payer Harbor near Cape Sabine, where they found a seal cache for them by Panikpah, I-took-a-shoo's father. From here they crossed Smith Sound on the ice, arriving at Anorotok.

(Signed) R. E. PEARY, U. S. N. ROBERT A. BARTLETT, Master S. S. ROOSEVELT, D. B. McMILLAN, GEORGE BORUP, MATTHEW A. HENSON.

(458 D)

W. F. Kellis, Editor and Proprietor.

Entered Nov. 10, 1902, at the Sterling City postoffice as second class matter.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY AT STERLING CITY, TEXAS.

Subscribers failing to get their paper on time, will confer a favor by reporting same to us.

CHARITY BEGINS AT HOME

Not long since one of our church organs gave a glowing account of the success of foreign missions. Thousands of dollars had been raised to erect churches, and schools, and homes for the missionaries, that the gospel might be preached to the heathen. Vast sums were being expended in caring for the indigent poor, whose homes are across the great waters. The outlook was altogether encouraging to the "cheerful giver," and was sufficient to make him feel that his dollars had found the right spot.

Later on, the writer noticed in one of the religious papers a statement to the effect that Buckner's Orphan Home, at Dallas, was in great straits, and that the funds for its support were several thousand dollars behind, and that if reasonable contributions were not forthcoming, the little Texas orphans would be sadly in need of the comforts of life during the coming winter.

Now it is alright to contribute to the support of foreign missions—the gospel commands it, and it is right and good, but we are not commanded to neglect our widows and orphans in order to do it. So long as a Texas orphan is in need of food, shelter, raiment and education, not one cent should leave our shores to carry psalms to the dusky denizens of other lands. The different institutions in Texas for the care of the widows and orphans are monuments to the piety and generosity of their promoters, and should be heartily supported by all classes, be they christian or infidel; and when the contribution plate is passed for the support of foreign missions this question should be asked: "Are there any destitute widows or orphans in our own land?" If there be, then save your money and give it to them. Let charity begin at home—in other words, sweep before your own door before you tackle your neighbor's trash-pile.

COME TO CONCHOLAND

Come to Concholand—the finest region in North America for the man who wants to build a home. Here, from year to year, the water ripples over the shiny pebbles under stalwart pines that fringe the banks of the historic Concho, while the speckled bass plays tag with the plebeian catfish in the deep, clear pools of living water under the bluff just around the bend. Here the aristocratic blue quail sounds his "chug-churn" challenge to the noble bobwhite to meet him in combat for supremacy, while the coyote sends up his doleful howl to tell all nature that he is ever hungry. Over on those hills roam bands of white throated antelope; while down on the slope, near the pools of water, may be seen the big, redder and his soft eyed mate caressing their spotted offspring.

Here are the vast stretches of rich, loamy meadows, that have never known greater violence than the tramp of the big steer or the hoof beats of the broncho, waiting to be cleft by the husbandman's steel that mankind may be fed to fullness.

Come to Concholand—the higher up the river, the better—Sterling is near the headwaters. Then come to Sterling, where the colored man is a stranger and the chills do never come to make you cold; where health, long life and wealth go hand in hand.

MANY FORCES WILL START TO WORK

Arrival of Head Man Expected Soon and Then Work Starts

In Railroad Circles it is Said The Santa Fe Will Go Beyond Sterling City

The arrival of A. Moore, of Newton, Kansas, who contracted with the Santa Fe for grading the Sterling City extension, is expected by Santa Fe men here daily, and it is known that several men in the city are waiting to figure with him for sub-contracts on the job.

This would indicate that the line is to be rushed, as several contractors all along the route would probably do more work in the same time than would the outfits of one man.

Mr. Moore stated to a reporter several days ago, when he was looking over the ground, that he was to complete the grade within six months, but that it would require much less time than that; in reality. Officials state that the railroad will do its own track-laying, following closely after the graders. It's only about forty miles from San Angelo to Sterling City, and this should be easily bandaged with Santa Fe steel within three or four months after actual work begins, under the condition which indications point to as the ones that will prevail.

Santa Fe men here still have nothing to say as to whether the road will end at Sterling City or not, but few Concholanders are of the opinion that such will be the case. Now that the big system has really begun to extend its lines from the city, it is said to be very unlikely that it will do just a half way job, and Sterling City will hardly be a terminus for any great length of time.—San Angelo Daily Standard.

KILLS WOLF WITH SHOE

Mrs. Joe Lee Ferguson, accompanied by her small children and another lady, while returning to their ranch 8 miles southwest of Hale Center, last Friday, performed a deed that has no parallel in history. Three of Mr. Ferguson's magnificent grey hounds chased an enormous lobo wolf to a standstill near the buggy occupied by the ladies and engaged in a fierce fight with the plucky animal. Mrs. Ferguson, wishing to put an end to the combat, nervily advanced with no other weapon than her shoe (which is not beyond the average size). Urged by repeated taps on the calf-killer's cranium with the high heel of the foot piece, the brute finally gave up the ghost. The female mate of the victim remained near by, the dogs evidently being too well bred to annoy a lady wolf. The pair of lobos were passing thru on their way to visit relatives in Mexico, as their tribe is extinct in this district. In bible times a woman by the name of Jael killed a man with a hammer and nail, poison and hat pins coming into vogue as woman's implements of defence at a later period; adown the mazy halls of history ring echoes of heroic deeds performed by the gentler sex, but never, for sheer resourcefulness and inventive genius, has this immediate act been eclipsed.

What mere man would have thought of extracting his pedal encasement as an instrument of offence in such an event? He would have wandered for miles over our fertile plain in the futile search of a rock. Trust the Panhandle woman to take care of herself. Hasten the day of supremacy for the suffragette! The wilder sex is a sort of back num-

ber anyway.—Hale Center Live Wire.

The above (truthful) account might, to a man with a faulty memory, appeal to him as a tough yarn; but to the man who lets his think run back to the time when he was a small boy, and when his mother's slipper came in warm contact with his back, (low down) the tale is not at all unreasonable. If the sole part of a thin slipper can come so near killing a boy, what must be the effect of an "average size" shoe, worn by the Panhandle ladies, wielded heel first, have on animal tissue?

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

An Oklahoma girl advertised for a husband and got him. The expense for advertising, wedding outfit etc. was \$11. He died within a year leaving her an insurance policy of \$10,000. And yet some people say it don't pay to advertise. Wouldn't it pain you.—Fort Worth Stock Reporter.

Having sold our business, we would be glad all parties indebted to us would settle up at their earliest convenience.

Hooker & Gilmore

LOST:—A large red hound. When last seen he had a chain around his neck. The dog is a valuable animal to his owner, and anyone giving information leading to his recovery will please write J. B. Atkinson, Sterling City, Texas.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

Any person hauling wood, fishing, hunting or in any way trespassing on any lands owned or controlled by me, will be prosecuted. R. W. Foster

LUMBER NOTICE.—If you are going to build, let me sell you your lumber direct from the mill. Can save you \$100 on the ordinary house pattern.

M. D. Russell, 39 West 18th Street, San Angelo, Texas.

LAND WANTED.—Within fifteen or twenty miles of Sterling City, land that will average seventy-five per cent good. My intention is to sell this land to Northern people. I will leave in the near future for Illinois to do some extensive advertising in that state.

C. W. HECHERT, San Angelo, Texas

Just Arrived

New line of Men's and Boys Suits and Caps, Men's and Women's Underwear.

Let us sell you your Groceries. Good Flour, per hundred. \$3.50

All we ask is an opportunity. We have the goods at the right price.

H. Q. LYLES

KEETON'S BEAUTY AND UTILITY BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK

EGGS 13 FOR \$2.00 AFTER JAN. 1, 1910

300 YOUNG STOCK FOR SALE

SILAS H. KEETON, SAN ANGELO, TEXAS

BUSINESS CLUB MEETS

The Business Club held another meeting at the court house last Saturday night. The committee on raising funds for advertising reported that it had raised \$76.

It was arranged to have 30,000 circulars printed and distributed at the Dallas Fair. These circulars are catchy remarks about Sterling City, and are designed to make the prospector sit up and take notice.

On motion, it was decided that W. F. Kellis print a like bunch of dodgers and distribute them at the International Fair at San Antonio—the club paying for the expense of the trip.

The Club is enthusiastic in the matter of advertising, and it is determined to get the advantages of Concholand before the world.

The subject of making a test for artesian water was favorably discussed, and we may expect this matter to be taken up at an early date.

Big Rain Falls

The big rain which fell over all Concholand last Sunday night caused the North Concho river to come down bank full Monday morning. Willow creek overflowed its valley near the Kellis ranch, and was about 400 yards wide where the Big Springs road crosses it.

HE WAS.

The reporter was interviewing the poet. "Do you ever find that your powers of invention are exhausted, and that you have no ideas left?" he asked. "Do you ever feel pumped dry, as it were?"

"Yes," answered the weary bard, pointedly, "I feel that way right now."

GOING UP.

Serious Daughter (reading)—Pa, what does Tolstoy mean by this? "The acquisition of vast riches entails dangers greater than those of poverty."

Pa—Simply that it removes one from the bomb-throwing to the blown-up class, I guess.

Money Talks at Silas H. Keeton's Toy Quality Groceries San Angelo, Texas

OUR WINNERS Invincible Flour Heinz 57 Varieties Ramey's Chocolates Loose-Wiles Chocolates Sabo Coffee Lipton's Teas Fancy Groceries Beech-Nut Goods

COME TO SEE ME WHEN IN ANGELO

A CARD

We have sold our entire stock and drug interest in Sterling City to C. L. Coulson, who now has charge of the business. Those who know themselves to be indebted to us will please call and settle their accounts, as we are now anxious to close our books.

We offer our hearty thanks to our friends and customers who have so generously given us their support and patronage during all the time we have been in business and ask that the same courtesies be extended to our successor.

COULSON & WESTBROOK

FOR SALE OR TRADE:—One good work and saddle horse, 8 years old. One wagon, hack and one set of harness, all nearly new, not used but very little; a lot of second hand wire and lumber in good condition, one pump horse power and some repairs for Samson windmill. Will sell for cash or good notes, or will take good trade, such as town lots, cattle, wood, or other good trade.

R. B. Cummins.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.—One bay 2-year-old filly, branded RL on left thigh. She disappeared from my ranch last June. I will pay \$5 reward for information leading to her recovery. Write or phone Fina Johnson, Reaganview, Texas.

61 pd

WANTS TO SELL HIS SHEEP

C. M. Rawls, having passed his 60th year, is desirous of retiring from the sheep business. He has 3,600 high grade Delanes and 27 registered bucks which he will sell on one, two, three and four years time at \$5 per head. Mr. Rawls has spent fourteen years in grading these sheep to their present perfection, and whoever buys them will have the best bunch of sheep in the country. 31

GRAHAM & SMITH

Real Estate And Livestock Agents

Any one wishing to sell their property will do well to list with our new hustling real estate firm. Exchange of property a specialty. Office north side of square.

O K GRAIN STORE AND WAGON YARD

If you want your team fed, take them to the O K. If you are the market for any kind of Grain or Hay, in any quantity, you had best get prices at the O K before buying. If you want clean stalls and water for your stock, and a good, new house for yourself and folks, stop at the O K, on Southeast corner of Square

Telephone No. 41

R. H. LAYNE, PROP.

NOTICE TO SCHOOL PATRONS

I want to insist on the patrons to require all their children to come home immediately after school is out, instead of going to town, unless they have special orders from you to attend some business in town. It would be well for all children to spend the remainder of the evening at home studying. Please see to this, will you!

S. B. Wallace, Principal.

All persons are hereby notified that my pasture is posted according to law. Any person or persons who shall hunt, fish, cut or haul wood or otherwise trespass on lands owned or controlled by me, without my consent, will be prosecuted. 4 2 9 W. J. MANN

To our Customers who want to use the BEST OIL:

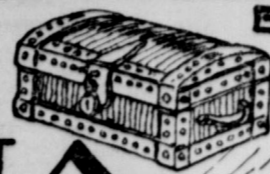
EUPION OIL has given general satisfaction for more than 50 years, and it will not explode. It cost you no more than a cheaper grade. EUPION OIL can be bought can be bought from the following merchants in Sterling City: B. F. ROBERTS N. A. AUSTIN Call for EUPION and be satisfied. Every drop of EUPION guaranteed.

FOR SALE

240 acres of good valley land for sale at \$10 per acre, cash. Apply at this office.

VOYAGE of L'ABBÉ CHAPPE to CALIFORNIA to OBSERVE the TRANSIT of VENUS IN 1769

By PAULY



Editor's Note—This account of a seventeenth century scientific expedition was published in the *Auburn (Ill.) Citizen*, March 18, 1886, as an item of local interest, there living at that place at that time many descendants of Pauly, the engineer—the Polesys, Parkses, Fosters, and other families being represented in the list. The original manuscript in French was in the possession of John Pauly of Kansas, who was at the time of the publication visiting his Illinois kinsmen.

This account is particularly interesting at this time, as it describes the conditions prevailing on the coast of California, in 1769, an event fittingly celebrated by the Golden Gate City.

The malady described by Pauly, which decimated the ranks of the French expedition, occurred at the same time as several other writers mention a very severe prevalence of scurvy in California, and was probably the same.]

THE observation of the transit of Venus on the 3d of June, 1769, was an object of interest to all the learned. The Royal Academy of Sciences proposed to the king, Louis XV., to make the necessary outfit to send to California for this purpose. The late M. L'Abbe Chappe undertook this voyage with a courage worthy of his zeal for the progress of science. I was selected to accompany him and we set sail for Mexico in the month of September, 1768.

After a perilous voyage of about 3,000 leagues, we arrived in Mexico on Easter day, 1769. Time was passing, we stopped but eight days to refresh ourselves. The viceroy procured us mules and provisions, and we undertook to perform by land a part of the remainder of our travels, which was about 300 leagues. Amid lofty mountains, dreadful precipices and arid deserts, we encountered new dangers every day. We failed from fear a thousand times. We were also oppressed by the excessive heat, which left us hardly strength enough to drag ourselves. A thousand insects of every species gave us no rest by day or night, and we had constantly to be on our guard against the very ferocious beasts with which the country is covered. Moreover, we lacked the necessaries of life, for the provisions that we got in Mexico had been spoiled by the heat. We were obliged to live on wild cattle and whatever fruits we could find here and there. We made our haits near some river or spring, that we might slake the burning thirst with which we were constantly consumed; to find one it was often necessary to march a whole day's journey.

Arrived in the evening in some valley, or on the side of some hill, we would endeavor to take upon the ground (et a la belle etoille), the repose which our cruel fatigue rendered so necessary. When scarcely asleep we were often aroused by a storm, and then by the impetuous torrents that came down upon us from the heights of the mountains. Many a dark night we had to save ourselves and our equipage, fearful at every step of tumbling down some of the precipices.

After running a thousand risks we arrived at last at the port of San Blas, on the Pacific ocean; thence we embarked for California on a brigantine which the viceroy of Mexico had had prepared. The Pacific ocean, although very tranquil, is not the less dangerous on account of the (vagues) with which it is filled.

The great calm which prevailed at that time caused us to despair of arriving in time to accomplish the object of our voyage. After six weeks' plish the object of our voyage. After six weeks' sailing, during which we made but 150 leagues, on the greatest breadth of the sea, the shortness of the time caused us to risk a hazardous exploit. The part of California near which we found ourselves was the port of San Jose—so dangerous that no one had ever landed there. The access to it is guarded by the incessant waves that break impetuously against the rocks.

The Spanish astronomers who were of our company wished to wait for a favorable wind to land at Cape St. Lucas, which was distant but ten leagues. The landing there is indeed less dangerous, but we did not follow their advice because we were pressed to arrive at the place of our destination; we resolved to attempt to disembark at the first land we should discover.

While these gentlemen were yet deliberating, four Indian sailors and myself let down the long boat; we took with us half of the instruments. I

agreed with the Abbe Chappe that if we perished he might find other means to land elsewhere with the rest, which would be sufficient for making his observations. I embarked then in the long boat with my four sailors, steering directly for the coast; the nearer we approached it the more we were sensible of the difficulty of landing.

We were constantly thrown back by the accumulated waves, and our boat threatened all the while to ship water. When on the point of losing courage, one of the sailors discovered, at a distance, the mouth of an unknown river. This discovery animated us; we reached the coast by this mouth but with great difficulty. I sent back the long boat for the Abbe Chappe and the Spanish astronomers, who arrived safely enough.

Arrived on the peninsula the twenty-first of May, 1769, 13 days before the epoch of the transit of Venus. We found no (azile a pouvoir nous mettre a l'abri), the inclemency of the weather.

The savages that repaired to us said that a contagion was prevailing in this country which ravaged it completely. The interpreter who translated this added that they said that in order to withdraw ourselves from the influence of this terrible malady, it was necessary to remove some hundred or more leagues farther to the north.

The means of undertaking this new journey, broken down with fatigue as we were; we had neither horses nor carriers to transport our baggage; it was impossible to march on foot, and we shrank from a journey through a desert. All these reasons decided us to occupy ourselves with no business but that which had brought us.

We labored to construct an observatory, which was ready the twenty-eighth day of May, six days before the epoch when we would have need of it.

We made our observations on the third of June, with the greatest exactness.

The contagion made new progress every day; a general sorrow reigned in all this part of California; we were not long without participating in it in a distressing manner. This dreadful malady came upon us six or seven days after the observation. We were wholly without succor; we could not be useful to one another, because we were attacked almost all at once.

The little medicine that we had brought from France was useless, from want of knowing how to apply it.

Nevertheless, the abbe, all sick as he was, continued his observations all the time. After observing an eclipse of the moon, he at last yielded to his faintness, the delirium of his disease left him but little time to examine himself; he died the first of August, 1769. We were all dying (I and the companions of our voyage), when I had the sorrow to close his eyelids.

Our situation and our want of strength induced us in this case to bury him without much ceremony. I devoted some moments to regret for the loss I had suffered, and in the height of a disease from which I did not expect to recover, I took the precaution to collect all the papers relating to the

object of the voyage. I placed them in a casket with an address to the viceroy of Mexico. I earnestly begged some Indian chiefs who were about me to make this casket safe in case we should all die, and to transmit it to the vessel which ought to arrive in the month of September to take us. My intention in this was to secure to my country this valuable depot. I remained in my condition of sickness, pain and wretchedness until the twenty-ninth of September.

At last the captain of the vessel arrived; he had landed at the island of Ceraivo, which is situated some 30 leagues from San Jose. My joy was so much the greater in seeing him that he pressed me to quit the fearful place where M. L'Abbe Chappe and all the rest had died. We were carried to Ceraivo. I forgot to say that this cruel contagion had taken from us the chaplain and nearly all the persons that formed our little company.

Although sick and oppressed with grief, I was compelled to undertake the perilous route which I had followed in coming, sometimes upon mules, sometimes upon the backs of the Indians, when it was necessary to cross the streams. With all this trouble, I reached Mexico the twenty-third day of November, 1769.

There I was received by monsieur the marquis de Croix, the viceroy of that country, with a compassion worthy of that good patriot. He had had the kindness to send to meet me a carriage and his physician. Arrived at the capital of Mexico, and having paid my respects to the viceroy I was lodged by his orders at the expense of the city.

When I left Mexico the marquis de Croix recommended me cordially to the commander of the Spanish fleet, in which I embarked. We landed at Cadiz the twenty-first of July, 1770. The court was at the Escorial. I had myself taken thither, and presented myself to the marquis d'Osun, then French ambassador in Spain. He received me with marks of kindness and consideration, and gave orders to show me whatever they have to show strangers in this royal house.

He caused me to dispatch in advance of the party, the strictest orders through the minister of customs, that at no pass on my route must be searched either myself or the chests in which were the observations which I bore.

I did not arrive in Paris till the fifth of the following December. I sent to the Academy the observations that we made in California. This society expressed the greatest satisfaction with my zeal and my services. They presented me to the king, and to all his ministers. They solicited for me a recommendation of my labors. His majesty, Louis XV., granted me a small pension of 800*fr.*

The government is too equitable to leave me in want in the flower of my age, afflicted with the evils which I have incurred for the service, and indispensably obliged to have a servant to lead me. I hope, then, from his justice and from his goodness, that he will grant me an increase of the pension sufficient to enable me to accomplish with decency the rest of my public career.

POSSIBILITY OF WAR

Lord Northcliffe Says Germans Are Getting Ready.

Most Powerful of British Peers Declares England Sleeps While Kaiser's Country is Arming for an Emergency.

Chicago.—Lord Northcliffe, otherwise Alfred Harmsworth, publisher of the London Daily Mail, and London Times, the Overseas Daily Mail and 41 other important publications in the English language, favorite of King Edward VII., and perhaps the most influential man in modern British thought, in an interview in Chicago, declared Germany is preparing for possible war, while England sleeps.

"The Americans are so busy with the affairs of their own gigantic continent that they have not the time to study European politics.

"There is an impression in this country that some hostility exists between the peoples of Great Britain and of United Germany.

"I know the Germans intimately. From childhood I have traveled extensively throughout most of the German states. I have many German family connections, and I venture to say that, outside the usual body of Anglophobes one meets in every country, there is little hostility to the British on the part of the Germans. And, on the other hand, there is in England no dislike of Germany. Au contraire, our statesmen are adapting German legislation to our needs, and if imitation be the sincerest form of flattery the Germans must be pleased with our proposed reproduction of their workmen's insurance, their labor bureau, and a great many other legislative improvements that it appears to me, would be just as vital to the United States as they seem to be to Great Britain.

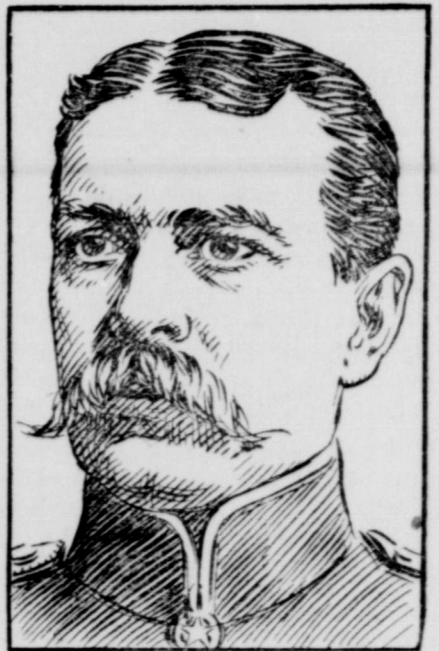
"Why, then, if so happy a state of affairs exists between the two na-

KITCHENER RAPS CURZON

Adopts Lofty Language of His Rival in Describing His Work for India.

London, Eng.—In his farewell address to the British army in India, Lord Kitchener held Lord Curzon of Kedleston up to ridicule and baited a trap into which the ex-viceroy fell all in a heap.

As every one familiar with events in that eastern empire is aware, Curzon and Kitchener quarreled over the question of supremacy, the former holding that the civil authority was paramount; the latter insisting that the military must rule. Curzon informed the British government that unless he was sustained he would resign. He resigned and on taking his



Lord Kitchener.

leave delivered an address recounting his matchless services to India.

In his address Kitchener ironically adopted Curzon's lofty language in describing what he himself had done for the Indian army.

The joke was appreciated in India, but when the Calcutta papers containing reports of the speech were received in London, an inspired friend of Curzon wrote to the Times a solemn letter accusing Kitchener of plagiarism.

Kitchener's humor was shown on a previous occasion when the Ameer of Afghanistan visited India. Orders were issued by the military headquarters staff at Simla that on all occasions the Ameer must be greeted by military bands with the national anthem of Afghanistan. The question immediately arose as to what really was the national anthem of Afghanistan. No one seemed to know anything about it, and the question was ultimately referred to Lord Kitchener for his decision. He disposed of it in characteristically summary fashion.

"What does it matter two straws," he said. "Play a bar or two of something slow and pompous and let it go at that."



Lord Northcliffe.

HEIR TO HARRIMAN MILLIONS

Eighteen-Year-Old Son of Railroad Magnate Learning the Business from the Ground Up.

New York.—The principal heir to the many millions of the late Edward H. Harriman is the elder of his two sons, W. Averell Harriman. The young man is 18 years old and has undertaken the learning of the railroad business from the ground up. With that end in view he is hard at work carrying the chain in a surveying gang on the Oregon Short Line, one of the roads in which his father had a controlling interest. When Mr.



W. Averell Harriman.

Harriman went to Europe in search of health Averell had his choice of how he should spend the summer, and his choice included the opportunity to go to Europe. He declared that he wanted to learn something about how railroads are located, as that was the foundation of the science of railroad engineering. Asked if he wanted to start at the bottom, as any other boy would have to, he replied that he did. He is earning \$65 a month and is treated just like one of the other employes in his gang.

Australia Seeks Meeting.

The meeting of the British Association in 1913 will in all probability be held in Australia. The effort is being made by the officials of the University of Melbourne, who are now in correspondence with the various educational and scientific bodies of the southern continent.

Beginning of an Industry.

One aeroplane factory of Paris employs 52 persons.

tions, should there be any section of people in England to suggest the possibility of war? Turn back to 1869. Was there any friction between France and Prussia? There was no hostility on either side. But any reader of Busche's Bismarck, or other standard authority on the great German empire binder, will acknowledge there was immense preparation on the part of Germany—a preparation that was kept secret as far as possible, and which also, as far as possible, is being kept secret by Germany to-day.

"As to that which is transpiring in the German shipbuilding yards, we more or less know that by 1912 Germany, in ships of the super-Dreadnaught class, will be the equal of England.

"If we were in your position, able to grow our own food on our own acres, it would matter little to us if we had merely an ornamental navy such as Ambrose Bierce describes this month in Everybody's Magazine—an article which every American ought to read. But how few Americans realize that our food is brought to us from Australia, Canada, much of it from this city of Chicago and your western wheat fields, from the Argentine republic—nearly all of it from over the sea.

"Two or three days ago I was at San Francisco, where your government has spent an immense sum of money in fortifying the Golden Gate against an imaginary Japanese attack. Throughout the greater part of your Pacific slope the Japanese, depleted as they are by a great war, infinitely inferior as they are to you in population, situated an immense distance from you, with no coaling station on your shores, are looked upon as a dangerous opponent.

"Even if it were possible for them to cross the Pacific to attack you—a more than ridiculous assumption, having in view a hundred and one contingencies, including the Anglo-Japanese alliance—what damage could they do?

"I see it suggested in the American papers that there is some kind of a scare in England. I wish there were. Our public has been warned by the prime minister, by the minister of foreign affairs, by many of our leading men, such as Mr. Frederick Harrison and Lord Roberts, by prominent journalists, including Mr. Stead, and by others, but they have not yet, as you say, begun to sit up and take notice.

W. F. KELLIS.

STERLING CITY, TEXAS

WEALTH IN WESTERN LANDS.

The great crops of 1909 are making themselves felt in freight congestion at some points, in upward revision of estimates of the money value of the year's farm products and in a quickening of the pulse of industry and trade. That they will bring the country a year of unusual prosperity is doubted by nobody. Next year or the year after the crops may not be so abundant, but there is never a total crop failure. Even in the drought of 1901, the short corn crop had its compensation in an immense yield of wheat. Diversified farming and improved cultivation lessen the probabilities of failure in any considerable percentage of the crops. The increasing yields and the growing average of prices are making affluent the landowners and the thrifty farmers who a few years ago had cause to complain of poverty. The improving comforts of rural life and the great financial independence are broadening the intelligence of the farmers and the growing value of the lands is building up a land-owning aristocracy in the west that is gaining in political, social and economic influence. There is an influence of conservatism.

It may be impossible for the department of agriculture at Washington or any other human power to succeed in every attempt to cause two blades of grass to grow where one grew before. But there is no doubt of the efficient work done by the department in stimulating crop growing wherever possible. Now the experts of that branch of the government are turning attention to opportunities in the Panama canal zone, which is under American jurisdiction. It is believed enough fruit and vegetables, including those of both the temperate and tropical climates, can be produced to meet the requirements in this direction of the 55,000 persons now residing on the zone. If this can be done a fresh triumph will be scored for the department and important economic results will follow. And all that will be in line with the practical ideas which govern the department of agriculture.

Manila has been celebrating the eleventh anniversary of the capture of the city by American troops. What has become of that Philippine disaffection and insurrection which the "anti-imperialists" were wont to predict so gloomily? asks the Evening Wisconsin. Really the admirers of Aguinaldo have had little to talk about for some time. Perhaps they will seize the incident of the invasion of New England by the regular army as an opportunity first to protest loudly and then to take to the tall timber.

The little shah of Persia is between 11 and 12 years old, about the age when the average American boy is having the care-free time of his life. Yet they propose that the young shah shall marry and assume the responsibility of a domestic establishment. And apparently they have the establishment picked out. No wonder the little fellow tried to run away. Also no wonder that even the sluggish east is awakening to the farcical character of some kinds of monarchy.

There are international exchanges of various kinds—commercial, educational and aesthetic. Years ago Great Britain inaugurated an international exchange in birds by giving this country the English sparrow. Lately England has received from this country the American robin—a generous repayment. The new arrival is much appreciated in the "tight little island." Whether the birds will stay in England through the autumn and winter is now a matter of debate.

To deprive of his adopted nationality a Chinaman who served in the navy during the civil war, was wounded five times in the service of the country, and has held citizenship papers for 35 years, must be in accord with the law, since the courts say so. But it leaves a liberty of opinion as to what sort of law it is that inflicts such results.

A Montreal paper has figured that in dancing at a ball beginning at ten o'clock at night and ending at five o'clock the next morning the distance covered is more than 11 miles. Yet the average girl prefers it to a day at the wash tub, where there is very little walking.

The head of the chemical bureau says that modern housewives are Lucretia Borgias, who devote themselves to bridge while ptomaines revel unchecked in the icebox. This indictment is enough to freeze the marrow of their bones even to the extent of boycotting the leeman.

Georgia has a new law prohibiting false gossip about women. It is still lawful there, however, to tell a woman to her face that her new hat is too sweet for anything.

GREAT LOVE STORIES OF HISTORY

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

Paris and Helen, and the Siege of Troy

(Copyright by the Author.)

Gloriously beautiful red-haired Greek princess, Helen of Argos, was called upon, about 3,100 years ago, to choose a husband. She was the fairest woman in all Greece. Nearly every Greek king and nobleman was suitor for her hand.

Greece in those days was cut up into many small states, each with a king of its own. It needed little to set these states at war with one another. So Ulysses, wisest of all the petty monarchs, suggested that each suitor not only pledge himself to submit to Helen's choice, but vow also to defend her (and the husband she might choose) against any foes. This plan was meant to ward off war. It had just the opposite effect.

Helen's choice fell upon Menelaus, king of Sparta. The other suitors went back to their homes in anger; but kept their oath not to molest the lucky man. A short time later a royal visitor came to the court of Menelaus. This was Paris, one of the 23 sons of old King Priam of Troy. Menelaus was a rough soldier. Paris was handsome, graceful and what would now be called a "woman's man." He and Helen fell in love with each other at sight. In those days there were several ways in which a man might legally win a wife. He might ask the hand of an unmarried girl; he might marry another man's wife by challenging her husband and killing him.

The Stealing of Helen. He might carry off such a wife, marry her and defend her and himself against her pursuing husband. Paris chose the last named course. Fighting was not his strong point.

He kidnaped Helen and took her by sea to his father's great walled city of Troy, in northwestern Asia Minor, at the mouth of the Hellespont. He knew that the warlike Trojans could easily protect him from any Spartan army. But he did not reckon upon the oath sworn by Helen's suitors. By the terms of this oath nearly every monarch in Greece joined Menelaus in avenging the theft of the latter's wife. The combined Grecian armies, under command of Menelaus' brother Agamemnon, King of Mycenae, sailed for Asia Minor and laid siege to Troy. The debt incurred by Paris in stealing Helen was destined to be paid in the blood of thousands of innocent men.

Helen, meanwhile, had been cordially welcomed at Troy. She and Paris were married there with splendid ceremonies. They embarked on a life of Oriental luxury that delighted

the frivolous girl, who had hitherto known nothing more gay than the meagre, rigorous plainness of the Spartan court. But their dream of bliss was short lived. An army of 150,000 Greeks encamped outside the Trojan walls about 1184 B. C., and laid siege to the city. The Trojans' admiration for their prince's pretty Greek bride suddenly changed to wrath. For they saw she had brought upon them a deadly war. Nevertheless, they loyally refused to give up Helen at Menelaus' demand, and prepared to defend their city against the invaders.

For ten long years the war dragged on with varying fortunes. (To while away the time between conflicts the game of checkers is said to have been invented during the siege by one Palamedes, a Greek.) Menelaus more than once urged Paris to end the useless bloodshed by coming forth and fighting him, man to man. It was far pleasanter to stay at home with his beautiful wife than face the man he had wronged. At last, urged by his elder brother, Hector, Paris consented to the duel. He and Menelaus fought in the presence of both armies, Helen looking on from the city wall. Paris was overcome and barely escaped death at the hands of his foe.

Not long afterward while hovering in the rear ranks of battle Paris was struck and slain by an arrow. His brother Deiphobus then married Helen, who does not seem to have grieved greatly over Paris' death. The Greeks, failing to carry Troy by assault, resorted to tragedy. They pretended to sail away, leaving on the seashore a huge wooden horse. The Trojans, thinking this horse an idol, bore it in to the town. Withing the wooden animal several Greeks were hidden. That night they crept out and opened the gates of Troy to their returning comrades. The city was sacked and utterly destroyed by fire. The inhabitants were massacred, men, women and children alike.

The Sack of Troy. Helen was rescued and carried back to Sparta by Menelaus, who freely forgave her desertion. But the other Spartans were less merciful to the woman who had brought such misfortunes to their country. When Menelaus died they drove her away. She fled to Rhodes for refuge. The queen of that island, jealous of Helen's loveliness and fame, murdered her.

Thus ended the strange career of a woman whose beauty had destroyed one nation and nearly ruined another.

HORATIO AND CURIATIUS

Horatia was the daughter of a noble Roman family, in the ancient days when Rome was a small city and ruled by a line of kings. The nearby city of Alba Longa was Rome's chief rival for the supremacy of that part of Italy. In Alba Longa lived a young nobleman named Curiatius, who had won Horatia's love. The two were betrothed.

The girl had, with her own hands, woven for her lover a rich cloak of many bright colors. This cloak was the envy of the rough Albans and was the dearest possession of young Curiatius.

The king of Rome was Tullius Hostilius, a warlike sovereign, who desired to make his city the strongest in all Italy. He began by declaring war on Alba Longa. A few border skirmishes started the hostilities. Then an Alban army under King Clullius marched against Rome. Tullius and the Roman troops went out to meet the invaders and the two opposing armies drew up in battle line, waiting their leaders' orders to begin the conflict.

Then it was that the Alban king, Clullius, sent a messenger to Tullius

A Strange Triple Duel. with the following proposal: He said it was useless to sacrifice many lives in warfare when a smaller number might serve the purpose just as well. He therefore suggested that each side select three champions, and that these six men fight to the death. The army whose three representatives should be slain was to be declared defeated without further battle.

The idea appealed to Tullius. He accepted the challenge and chose for Rome's champions Horatia's three brothers, known as "the Horatii." Clullius selected young Curiatius and the latter's two brothers to fight for Alba Longa. Curiatius was thus forced to contend for his life and the honor of his native city against the brothers of the girl he loved.

The three "Horatii" and the three "Curiatii" put on their armor and marched out into a great open space between the two waiting armies. There the strange triple duel began. For a long time the fight waged and the issue hung in doubt. One after another, at last, all three of the Curiatii were badly wounded. Two of the Horatii were slain outright. To the surprise of both armies, the third of the Horatii turned and fled. He was still unscathed. As he was known to be a brave man, no one could understand his flight.

But the ruse was soon explained. The three wounded Curiatii pursued

him fiercely. They did not keep together, but "strung out" some distance apart in the chase. As soon as they were so far apart that they could no longer assist each other, Horatius suddenly turned upon the one who was nearest to him. Rushing at the wounded, tired man, he killed him with one blow of his sword. Then, in the same way, he attacked and slew in succession the second and third of the Curiatii.

Dragging from the body of his sister's dead lover the gorgeous cloak the girl had woven, Horatius threw the garment about his own shoulders, as a trophy, and was carried back to Rome on the upraised shields of his applauding comrades. He had saved the day for his city.

Horatia, with the other Roman women, had been watching for the army's return. As her brother was borne in triumph through the gates she saw the cloak about his shoulders and knew what had befallen her lover. Bursting through the cheering crowd, she barred the victor's way. Weeping and with disheveled hair, she solemnly cursed him for the death of Curiatius.

Horatius, the fury of battle still upon him, drew his sword, that yet reeked with Curiatius' blood, and stabbed Horatia to the heart, shouting: "So perish all who mourn their country's foes!"

In an instant the triumphal procession was changed to a throng of angry soldiers and townsfolk clamoring for the murderer's blood. Horatius was dragged before the judges. They condemned him to be whipped to death. But in recognition of his battle record it was later decided that a heavy fine and a public humiliation would suffice as punishment.

Horatia's body lay unburied where it had fallen until passersby piled a heap of stones above it to mark the last resting place of the woman who had dared to place love before patriotism.

Trained Animal. The animal trainer having been taken suddenly ill, his wife reported for duty in his stead.

"Have you had any experience in this line?" asked the owner of the circus and menagerie, with some doubt.

"Not just exactly in this line," she said, "but my husband manages the beasts all right, doesn't he?"

"He certainly does."

"Well, you ought to see how easily I can manage him."—Tit-Bits.

JERSEY LILY.



Mr. Brown (to new cook)—What is your name?
Cook—Mary, sir.
Mr. Brown—Dear me, that is my wife's name. We shall have to call you something else.
Cook—Never mind, call me Lily!

BABY'S WATERY ECZEMA.

Itched and Scratched Until Blood Ran—\$50 Spent on Useless Treatments—Disease Seemed Incurable.

Cured by Cuticura for \$1.50.

"When my little boy was two and a half months old he broke out on both cheeks with eczema. It was the itchy, watery kind and we had to keep his little hands wrapped up all the time, and if he would happen to get them uncovered he would claw his face till the blood streamed down on his clothing. We called in a physician at once, but he gave an ointment which was so severe that my babe would scream when it was put on. We changed doctors and medicine until we had spent fifty dollars or more and baby was getting worse. I was so worn out watching and caring for him night and day that I almost felt sure the disease was incurable. But finally reading of the good results of the Cuticura Remedies, I determined to try them. I can truthfully say I was more than surprised, for I bought only a dollar and a half's worth of the Cuticura Remedies (Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills), and they did more good than all my doctors' medicines I had tried, and in fact entirely cured him. His face is perfectly clear of the least spot or scar of anything. Mrs. W. M. Comer, Burnt Cabins, Pa., Sept. 15, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Many Were in the Same Boat.

According to the Saturday Evening Post, this is a story heard with much glee by congress during the last days of the Roosevelt administration:

During the recent cold spell in Washington, a man, shivering and ragged, knocked at the door of a K street house and said to the lady: "Please, madam, give me something to eat. I am suffering severely from exposure."

"You must be more specific," the lady replied. "Are you a member of the senate or of the house?"

To Breaking One Neck, \$2.

The "line-up" man was a facetious soul. The woman for whom he was putting up a pulley clothes-line was exacting. She ordered it put in a certain place, which it was almost impossible for him to reach. He hesitated. "If I have to put it there, lady," he said, "I'll break my neck." Still she did not relent. "All right, lady," he consented, with a cheerful grin, "but it'll cost yer \$2 extra if I break my neck."

How She Knew.

The cartoonist's wife was talking to a friend.

"I just know Fred didn't want to work at the office last night," she said.

"Why, how do you know?" was asked.

"Because in his sleep he said: 'Well, I'll stay, but I don't want to draw.'"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Cause of Discard.

She—So they do live happily together, you say?

He—No. It's the eternal struggle between religion and society. He is as straight-backed as she is straight-front.—Life.

Wherein They Differ.

Her—When a man starts to talk he never stops to think.

Him—And when a woman starts she never thinks to stop.

A BANKER'S NERVE

Broken by Coffee and Restored by Postum.

"A banker needs perfect control of the nerves, and a clear, quick, accurate brain. A prominent banker of Chattanooga tells how he keeps himself in condition:

"Up to 17 years of age I was not allowed to drink coffee, but as soon as I got out in the world I began to use it and grew very fond of it. For some years I noticed no bad effects from its use, but in time it began to affect me unfavorably. My hands trembled, the muscles of my face twitched, my mental processes seemed slow and in other ways my system got out of order. These conditions grew so bad at last that I had to give up coffee altogether.

"My attention having been drawn to Postum, I began its use on leaving off the coffee, and it gives me pleasure to testify to its value. I find it a delicious beverage; like it just as well as I did coffee, and during the years that I have used Postum I have been free from the distressing symptoms that accompanied the use of coffee. The nervousness has entirely disappeared, and I am as steady of hand as a boy of 25, though I am more than 92 years old. I owe all this to Postum."

"There's a Reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. Grocers sell.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

BACKACHE IS KIDNEYACHE.

Usually There Are Other Troubles to Prove It.

Pain in the back is pain in the kidneys, in most cases, and it points to the need of a special remedy to remove and cure the congestion or inflammation of the kidneys that is interfering with their work and causing that pain that makes you say: "Oh, my back."

Thompson Watkins, professional nurse, 420 N. 23rd St., Parsons, Kan., says: "For some time I was annoyed with sharp twinges across the small of my back and irregular passages of the kidney secretions. Since using Doan's Kidney Pills, I am free from these troubles."

Remember the name—Doan's. Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dorothy and the Stork. When little Dorothy Walworth was introduced to her baby brother in the First Methodist Episcopal Parsonage in Yonkers, N. Y., she manifested intense interest, but was not astonished.

"I knew he was coming," she exclaimed; "I knew it."

Pressed for an explanation, the five-year-old said: "I was down to the Bronx zoo the other day and saw the stork in his cage. I recognized him by the black stripes on his wings that papa said were there. Well, when the stork was standing alone on one leg, I went close to him and whispered in his ear that I wanted him to bring me a baby brother or sister. He didn't say anything, but I knew he would do it, because he bent his head toward me and winked an eye."

Good to Her Husband. "George, dear," said Mrs. Dovekins, who had come downstairs in time to pour the coffee, "I'm going to walk to the car with you this morning. Aren't you glad?"

"Very glad, indeed, lovey. It's so nice of you to think of me and to get up early for the purpose of making it unnecessary to walk those dismal three blocks alone. How much do you want?"

For Colds and Gripp—Capudine. The best remedy for Gripp and Colds is HICKS' CAPUDINE. Relieves the aching and feverishness. Cures the cold—Rheumatism also. It's Liquid—Effects immediately—10, 20 and 50c at Drug Stores.

It is not what he has, nor even what he does, that directly expresses the worth of a man, but what he is.—Henry F. Amiel.

In after years a man wishes he was half as smart as he used to think he was.

Dr. Pierce's pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Don't get rusty and you won't squeak.

AS SOON BE WITHOUT MATCHES AS WITHOUT RESINOL IN THE HOUSE.

Resinol is the never failing article resorted to by my wife for the many bruises, chafings, cuts, burns and accidents of the children and has been our cure-all for years. I have used it in cases of irritation and inflammation and have invariably been relieved almost instantly. We would as soon think of being without matches in our house as without Resinol Ointment. B. Rush Davenport, Philadelphia, Pa.

Joke Medicine. He is a very practical, serious-minded man of business. The other day he met a friend, and related to him an alleged joke, and at its conclusion laughed long and heartily.

The friend looked awkward for a moment, and then said: "You'll have to excuse me, old man, but I don't see the point."

"Why, to tell you the truth, I don't just see the point myself. But I've made it a rule to laugh at all jokes; I think it's good for the health."

Editorial Amenities. Editor Junkin of the Sterling Bulletin has red hair. Editor Cretcher of the Sedgwick Pantagraph has no hair at all.

"Mac," asked Junkin, "how did you lose your hair?"

"It was red and I pulled it out," growled Cretcher.—Everybody's.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

acts gently yet promptly on the bowels; cleanses the system effectually; assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently.

To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine.

MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SOLD BY LEADING DRUGGISTS 50¢ A BOTTLE

Live Stock and Miscellaneous Electrotypes In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by WESTERN NEWSPAPER UNION KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

Enjoy delicious...
SPEARMINT leaves...
Wrigley's SPEARMINT...
leaves the refreshing taste for hours!
FINE FOR DIGESTION

THE FLAVOR LASTS
WRIGLEY'S
SPEARMINT
PEPSIN GUM
LASTS

The Flavor Lasts—Look For The Spear

You Are Not Lazy Just Bilious ---LIVER OUT OF ORDER

If the liver is kept in good condition, the secretions so essential to digestion are furnished pure and in the proper quantity, the food is digested and the blood enriched.

Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup

is honestly made, contains the ingredients accurately and scientifically combined for the cure of liver, kidney and blood diseases. Don't take our word for this, know the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906. Serial No. 905.

The Formula for Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup: Mandrake (or May-apple), Yellow Dock, Dandelion, Hydrangea (Seven Barks), Sarsaparilla, Gentian, Buchu, Senna, Cascara Sagrada.

An analysis of this formula will tell you WHY IT CURES.

A FEW WORDS OF PRAISE

"It is a wonderful tonic to the whole nervous system. Its effect upon the liver is remarkable."
Mrs. W. L. Oury, Little Rock, Ark.

"I have taken six bottles in succession, and I feel today as well as I ever did."
J. Sibley Brown, Ft. McPherson, Ga.

"For twenty-five years I have lived in constant torture from rheumatism. One dozen bottles of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup cured me."
W. M. Tanner, Horse Creek, Ala.

All dealers sell 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Send for Dr. Thacher's Health Book.

THACHER MEDICINE CO., CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

THE STERLING CITY NEWS-RECORD.

Advertising rates:—
Locals, 5c per line for first issue and per line for each subsequent issue. Single column, 50c per inch per month. Double column, \$1. per inch per month. Special rates to those wishing large ads.
Fine job printing a specialty.

General Directory.

Distict Officers.

Judge—J. W. Timmins.
Attorney—L. H. Brightman
Clerk—L. B. Cole.
Court meets 4th Monday after first Monday in February and September.

County Officers.

Judge—A. V. Patterson.
Attorney—
Clerk—L. B. Cole
Sheriff—Jno. B. Ayres.
Treasurer—E. L. Gilmore
Assessor—D. C. Durham
Inspector—W. T. Conger,
Surveyor—W. F. Kellis
Court meets first Monday in February, May, August and November.

CHURCHES.

M. E. Church—Preaching every second and fourth Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., and fourth Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. every Sunday.

Rev. S. J. Franks Pastor.
R. W. Foster, S. S. Supt.

Baptist—Preaching every 1st 3rd, 4th Sunday in each month at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7 p. m. Conference Saturday night before the 4th Sunday. Sunday school every Sunday at 3 o'clock p. m.

Rev. M. L. Lanford. Pastor.
Prof. L. C. Durham, upt.

Presbyterian—Preaching every 3rd Sunday on each month at 11 o'clock a. m.
Rev. Black, Pastor.

SOCIETIES.

Masonic.—Sterling lodge No. 728, A. F. & A. M., meets Saturday nights on or before the full moon in each month.
N. L. Douglas—Secretary
W. L. Foster W. M.

Eastern Star—Meets Saturday P. M. 3 o'clock on or before the full moon in each month.

Mrs. B. F. Brown W. M.
B. F. Brown Secretary.

County Commissioners.

Com'r. Pre. No. 1—M. Black.
" " " 2—E. F. Atkinson
" " " 3—D. D. Davis
" " " 4—J. S. Johnston

Justice Court.

Court, Precinct No. 1, meets 3rd Saturday in each month. Malcom Black J. P.

LOCAL.

Meals 25c at Central Hotel.

Fresh bread at the restaurant.

For lots in the Roberts Addition see A. A. Rutherford.

See A. A. Rutherford about that 76 acres of land near town.

Mowers and row binders: See Lowe & Durham.

A full line of jewelry at B. F. Roberts'.

Fresh potatoes and onions at Roberts'.

When you are hungry call on J. O. West.

Meals, the best in town, for 25c at Central Hotel.

Go to the restaurant for the best "eatin'" the market affords.

Call and see those beautiful hats just opened up at Lyles' store.

Ride in Savell's cars. Good service, polite employes and fast time.

A line of up-to-date gents suits at Roberts' going at hard time prices.

Ask the man who has been a guest at the Central Hotel where to stop.

The nicest residence portion of town is Roberts' Addition. See A. A. Rutherford about it.

R. H. Patterson represents "Time tried and fire tested" fire insurance companies.

The automobiles have resumed their runs.

O. H. Graham made a trip to Haskell county this week.

Sheriff Jno. B. Ayres and wife are attending the fair at Dallas.

You can see your way clear by one of Lowe & Durham' lanterns

N. A. Austin is building a com modious addition to his residence

Jeff D. Ayres went to Garden City yesterday on legal business.

A. C. Pearson bought two cars of fat cows from J. L. Glass this week.

L. C. Dupree, of Colorado, is here looking after his ranch intereats.

Born:—On the 19th, inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Raczsch, a boy.

Winter is coming. Heaters of all kinds, and stovepipe, a Lowe & Durham's.

We can give you the News-Record and St. Louis Semi-Weekly Republic for \$1.50 cash.

The Roberts Addition within four blocks of the square. For lots see A. A. Rutherford.

Fix yourself for the game season by buying a gun and ammunition from Lowe & Durham.

J. E. Warren, the new proprietor of the Doran Hotel, was a substantial caller at this office last Friday.

Dr. Odom has lumber on the ground to build a nice cottage on Sixth avenue.

Cummins & Dunn sold for R. M. Cumbie to J. H. C. Pope a bunch of stock cattle at \$27.50.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Brown left last Saturday in their automobile for Hill county to visit relatives.

Have your property insured in an "Old Line" company—the kind that insures. Ask "Bert" about it.

See R. H. Patterson for five-stock insurance. He represents the oldest company of the kind in the world.

Savell Bros are now running a daily automobile line between here and San Angelo. We now get our mail at noon.

Davis & Foster, with a crew of cowboys, left last Monday for their ranch in Crockett county to round up.

H. Q. Lyles was on the Federal jury at San Angelo this week. Only three cases were tried, and three convictions gotten.

J. S. Cole, last week, sold his Lambert car to Dr. Kight, of San Angelo. Mr. Cole then bought a new Maxwell runabout.

RETURNED—I have returned and am now prepared to supply my customers with fresh bread and supply all kinds of short orders promptly.

J. O. West

J. E. Cope, who has been visiting friends and relatives here for several weeks, left last Wednesday for his home in Fort Stockton.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. McEntire, accompanied by Dee Davis, left in their automobile last Saturday for Dallas to visit the big State Fair.

Dr. M. Bowden, who once resided here, but now of Springdale, Arkansas, is in San Angelo with a car of apples from his extensive orchards.

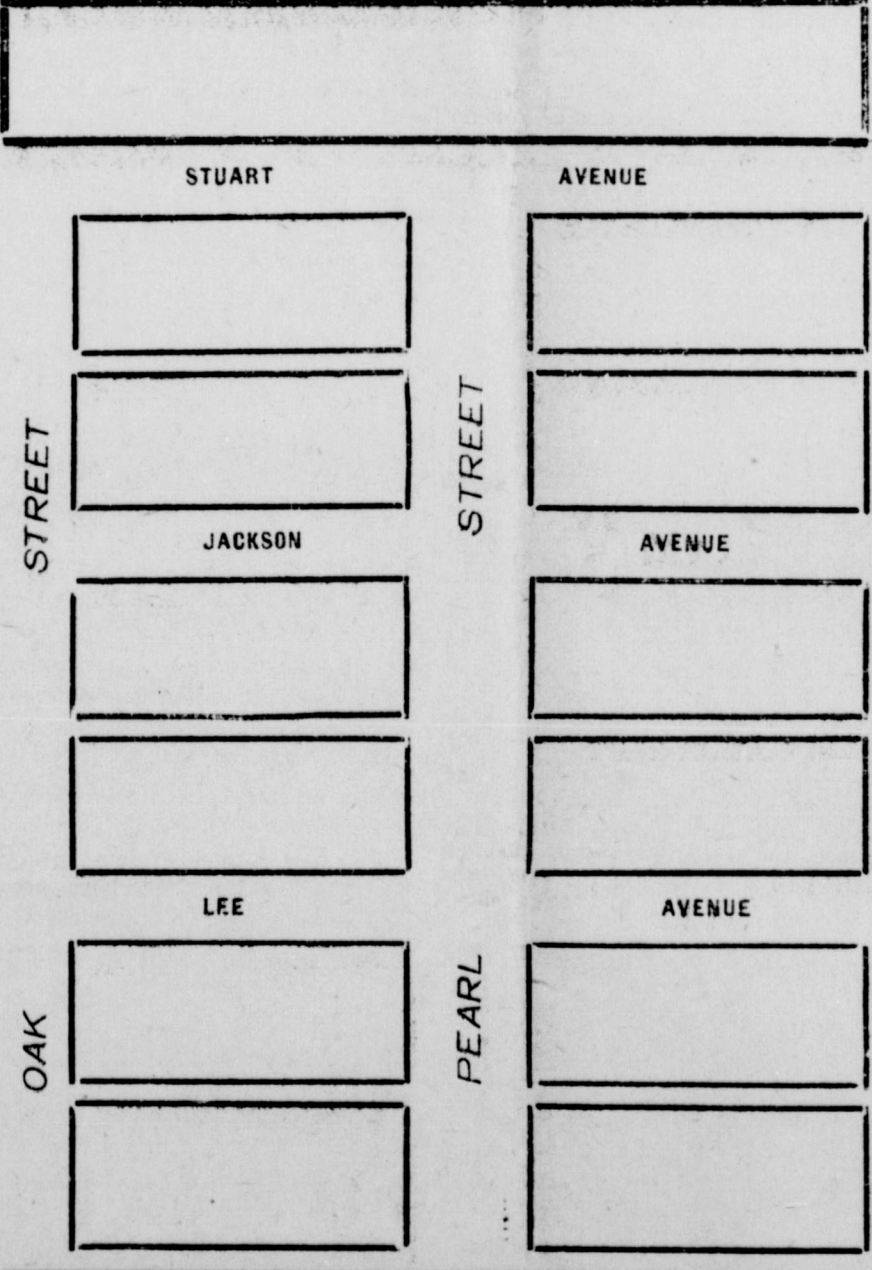
Owing to the muddy condition of the roads, the bridge people are being delayed in the construction of the new bridge for want of material.

The quarterly conference of the M. E. Church was held last Tuesday. The meeting was presided over by Rev. Renfro. Pastor Franks entertained the meeting with one of his splendid sermons.

Marlin
.22 Caliber Repeating Rifle
Model No. 20
The safety, comfort and convenience of the Marlin solid top, closed-in breech and side ejection features are combined with the quick, easy manipulation of the popular sliding fore-end or "pump" action in the new Model 20 Marlin rifle.
In rapid firing—the real test of a repeater—the Marlin solid top is always a protection and prevents smoke and gases blowing back; the elevated shell is never thrown into your face or eyes, and never interferes with the aim; the fat forearm fits your hand and helps quick operation.
It handles the short, long and long-rifle cartridges without change in adjustment, and the deep bladed rifling guarantees the accuracy, making it the finest little rifle in the world for target shooting and for all small game up to 150 or 200 yards.
For full description of all Marlin Repeaters, just get our 136-page catalog. Mailed free for 3 stamps postage.
The Marlin Firearms Co.,
42 Willow Street, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

NO SAND IN SAND PAPER.
"There is no sand in sand paper," said the manufacturer. "It is powdered glass that does the business. That's where the broken bottles go to."
He nodded toward an Everest of broken bottles in the yard.
"We powder the glass into half a dozen grades," he said. "We coat our paper with an even layer of hot glue. Then, without loss of time, we spread on the glass powder. Finally we run a wooden roller lightly over the sheets to give them a good surface."
"When, in the past, they made sand paper of sand, it wouldn't do a quarter of the work that glass paper does."

ROBERTS ADDITION
FOR SALE BY
STERLING REALTY CO.,
COMMISSION DEALERS IN
RANCHES, CATTLE, STOCK FARMS AND STERLING CITY PROPERTY.
OFFICE IN CENTRAL HOTEL STERLING CITY, TEXAS.



76 acres, adjoining town, for sale by A. A. Rutherford.

See Keeton's ad. Mr. Keeton is straight goods, and you may depend on him for a square deal.

We can give you the San Angelo Daily Standard and the News-Record for \$4.15, or the weekly Standard and the News-Record for \$2.75 per year.

Savell Bros. can get you to the train on time.

Hunters:— All persons are forbidden to hunt on any lands owned or controlled by me.

W. L. Foster

Cummins & Dunn, this week, sold for C. C. Ferguson, to W. J. Snow, of Mason, two lots. Mr. Snow expects to build on these lots and make his home among us.

AUTHOR LOVES FLOWERS.
Mrs. Margaret Deland of Boston is not only a writer, but she is a lover and a grower of flowers as well. Every year she grows jonquils and sells them for charity early in the spring. This year she had 300 pots of jonquils, hyacinths, tulips and other spring flowers. It was the fifteenth annual sale.

HOW IT WORKS.
Smiley—The Wall street bear have a great game, haven't they?
Dobson—How is that?
Smiley—Why, in making a raid they first cover their tracks and then they cover their contracts.

IN CHICAGO.
Ella—I hear that you are married again.
Stella—That's my business.
Ella—Well, business seems to be pretty good seeing that this is your fifth.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS & C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the **Scientific American.**
A handomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 605 F St., Washington, D. C.

W. H. Eddleman, Pres., A. V. Patterson, Vice Pres., Emette Westbrook, Cashier
FIRST STATE BANK
OF STERLING CITY, TEXAS.
SUBJECT TO GOVERNMENT INSPECTION
CAPITAL, \$10,000.
We will appreciate your business.
Accommodations cheerfully extended.

When prospecting look over the Roberts Addition.
MILLINERY.—Mrs. C. C. Barnett and Mrs. Maggie Odom Smith have formed a partnership and will engage in the millinery and dress making business. They will begin operations, at Robert's store about September 15th. This firm has had many years experience in their line of business and they feel sure that they can cater to the wants and wishes of the people.

ABSTRACTS
After several years of tedious work and great expense, I have compiled a complete abstract of title to every tract of land and town lot in Sterling County. Parties wishing abstracts made to land can obtain them on short notice by applying to me at my office in the court house, or by writing or phoning me at Sterling City.
J. S. Cole, Abstractor

SAN ANGELO & STERLING CITY STAGE AND AUTO LINE.
WILL AND TOM SAVELL, PROPRIETOR. PHONE 509, SAN ANGELO
Auto will leave San Angelo at 7 o'clock every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and go through to Big Springs, stopping regularly at Hughes, Water Valley, Sterling and Kouchasset.
Team line will leave San Angelo at 7 o'clock every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning bound for Sterling City.
All express left at Doran Hotel

Dr. C. R. CARVER.
General Practitioner with Surgery and Chronic diseases a specialty.
Calls promptly answered day or night. Office first door north of Fisher Bros' Drugstore. Phone 48.
STERLING CITY, TEXAS.

TRESPASS NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that any person who shall hunt, fish, cut or haul wood, or otherwise trespass upon any of the lands owned or controlled by me will be prosecuted by the full extent of the law.
4 5 07
A. F. JONES

JAMES A. ODOM, M. D.
DISEASES OF THE EAR, EYE, NOSE AND THROAT, AND SURGERY A SPECIALTY.
Office at Coulson & Westbrook's.

POSTED.
Our pasture is posted and all persons are hereby put upon legal notice that any one who shall hunt, cut or haul wood or otherwise trespass upon any of the lands owned or controlled by us will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law,
10-26-'01 Fisher Bros.

JEFF. D. AYRES,
LAWYER AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
STERLING CITY, TEXAS.

NOTICE—KEEP OUT.
Notice is hereby given that any person who shall hunt, fish, cut or haul wood or otherwise trespass upon any of the lands owned or controlled by me will be prosecuted by the full extent of the law.
5-6-'02 J. T. Davis

LOWE & DURHAM
Dealers in
Coffins and Caskets
Carry in stock fine, complete line of Undertaker's Goods.

NOTICE
Any person hauling wood, fishing, hunting, or in any way trespassing on any lands owned or controlled by me, will be prosecuted.
W. L. Foster.

The Personal Parlor
H. H. Hooker, Prop.
HAIR CUTTING AND SHAVING IN MOST APPROVED STYLE

NOTICE
I have posted my pasture according to the laws made and provided in such cases, and all persons are hereby warned and put upon notice that any person who shall hunt, cut and haul wood or otherwise trespass upon any inclosed land owned or controlled by me, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law
J. S. Johnston.

NOTICE
I will sell the school-books this year.
I cannot sell any books on credit, nor buy nor exchange any second hand books. The time to exchange books has expired.
Hallie Knight.

TRESPASS NOTICE
Any person hauling wood, fishing, hunting, or in any way trespassing on any lands owned or controlled by us, will be Prosecuted.
W. R. MCENTIRE & SON

NOTICE
FOR SALE:—100 head of Angora goats. Good shearers. About ten kids. Address,
J. A. ANGLIN, 2t
Sterling City, Texas

Notice to Trespassers
Notice is hereby given, that any person, or persons who shall hunt, fish, cut or haul wood, work or drive stock, or otherwise trespass upon any land owned or controlled by us, or either of us without our permission, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
Those driving stock down lane must keep in the lane until across Bear's creek.
W. R. Felker
By J. D. Lane, mgr.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Gardiner, Maine.—"I have been a great sufferer from organic troubles and severe female weakness. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but I could not bear to think of it. I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash and was entirely cured after three months' use of them."—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner, Me.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial. This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and renewer of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

THE CLEVER GIRL.

Your father ordered some wood from me this morning, miss. Do you know whether he wants hard or soft?" "Oh—er—not too hard."

His Proper Field.

A colored man was brought before a police judge charged with stealing chickens. He pleaded guilty and received sentence, when the judge asked how it was he managed to lift those chickens right under the window of the owner's house when there was a dog loose in the yard. "Hi wouldn't be no use, judge," said the man. "I try to 'splain this thing to yo' all. Ef you was to try it you like as not would get yer hide full of shot an' get no chickens, nuther. Ef you want to enrage in any racecity, judge, yo' bester stick to de bench, whar yo' am familiar."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

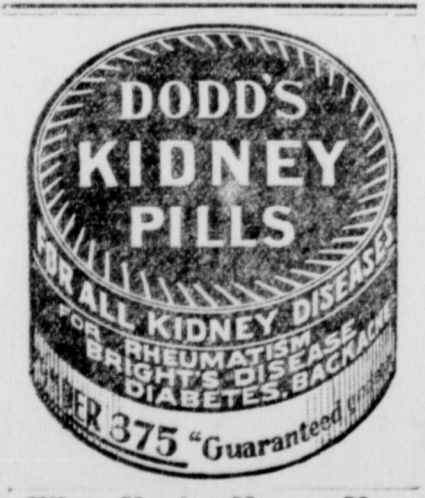
In the Beginning.

"Yours is certainly an unusual case," said the lawyer, "and it will be necessary to consult a number of books."

"So?" queried the client.

"Yes," answered the legal light, "and we will begin with your pocket-book."

Hixon—"Did the operation on your wife's throat do her good?" Dixon—"It did us both good. She hasn't been able to talk for six weeks."—Boston Herald.



When You're Hoarse Use **PISO'S CURE**

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Gives immediate relief. The first dose relieves your aching throat and allays the irritation. Guaranteed to contain no opiates. Very palatable. All Druggists, 25c.

MR. TAFT'S TEXAS TRIP

RUN FROM EL PASO TO SAN ANTONIO WAS MADE SUNDAY—CHEERED BY MANY.

HOUSTON AND DALLAS NEXT

Will Rest Several Days On His Brother's Ranch Near San Antonio.

San Antonio, Oct. 18.—President Taft completed the first leg of his 1,500-mile tour through Texas when his special train running as a section of the eastbound Southern Pacific passenger train, arrived in the Alamogordo City Sunday evening. Mr. Taft will proceed to his brother's ranch on the San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railroad near Corpus Christi, where he will rest several days, and then leave for St. Louis by way of Houston and Dallas.

Bank Guaranty Law Invalid.

Omaha: The Nebraska bank guaranty law enacted by the last Legislature is invalid, so the Federal court decides. Judges Vandeventer and Munger, at Lincoln, handed down a decision Saturday affirming the decision of the lower court or making permanent the temporary injunction granted by the District Court, preventing the law from going into operation.

Pittsburg Is Champion.

Detroit, Mich.: Pittsburg won the world's championship baseball at Bennett Park Saturday by defeating Detroit by the overwhelming score of 8 to 0 in the seventh and decisive game of one of the greatest battles ever fought for the world's title. This gives the National League champions the victory by the count of four games to three.

American Diplomat Dies.

London: William I. Buchanan of Buffalo, N. Y., who has been in Europe some time in connection with an important diplomatic mission for the State Department at Washington, was found in an unconscious condition near the American embassy Sunday, and died before medical aid could be rendered.

Fire Loss For 1909.

Austin: The fire loss ratio in Texas for 1909 will be the largest in several years, in fact, is a record-breaker, probably due to the Fort Worth fire last April, though there have been other conflagrations in different cities of the State, but not near so large. Dallas and Houston have had several large losses, besides other places.

Fatal Oklahoma Wreck.

Muskogee: Engineer A. P. Vance of Fayetteville, Ark., was crushed beneath his engine and instantly killed and Fireman Henry Smith of Monett, Mo., sustained a broken shoulder, but will recover, as the result of a wreck on the Frisco three miles east of Tahlequah, Ok., Saturday night.

Old Citizen Killed.

Corpus Christi: Ramon Moncellas, an aged Mexican and an old citizen of the city, was run down and killed Saturday night by an automobile driven by its owner, L. V. Mallett. It seems the man became frightened and began dodging back and forth until caught by the machine before the driver could stop.

Killed 5; Wounded 21.

Lisbon: Cable dispatches from Barcelona state that the situation there is increasingly disquieting. Twenty-seven bombs have been thrown in the last four days, five persons being killed and twenty-one wounded.

American Gets Prize.

Zurich, Switzerland: It is announced that the committee having in charge the recent balloon race for the Gordon Bennett trophy has definitely awarded the trophy to Edgar W. Mix, the American competitor, who landed in Russian-Poland.

Mayor Killed by Unknown.

Newport, N. C.: Mayor Y. Z. Newberry, while entering his home here Saturday night, was shot in the back of the head and instantly killed by an unknown person.

Woman Killed in Auto.

Tuxedo Park, N. Y.: Mrs. Bruce Price, a resident of Tuxedo Park, and widow of a New York architect, was killed, and Mrs. Charles J. Conlter's arm was broken and she was otherwise injured in an automobile accident Sunday.

Dallas County in Lead.

Austin: Dallas County leads the State in the amount of taxable values with \$192,552,159. Harris County is second with \$191,057,125, giving Dallas County a lead of \$1,495,035.

King's Daughter's Tag Day.

Cleburne: The King's Daughter's Tag Day Saturday was a success, notwithstanding the drizzly conditions, which had the tendency to cause people to hoard money. Last year the ladies collected \$1,000 and this year \$437.70.

Presbyterians to Build.

Quanah: The Southern Presbyterian Church here will erect a \$5,000 brick church building. Work will commence shortly.

A REMARKABLE TEXAS LAND OPENING

Wichita Valley Opens Up Rich Farming Lands Hitherto Withheld.

One of the most interesting land openings of recent years will occur November 1st, 1909, in the Spur Farm Lands in Dickens, Kent, Crosby and Garza Counties, Texas—the body including in total 673 square miles, and will be sold in quarter sections or more; the size of tract giving it an importance ranking with many Government land openings, and the extent guarantees early purchasers such wide range for selection that they can secure exactly the farm desired, as to lay of land and character of soil, which is generally deep rich sandy or chocolate loam with clay subsoil.

This body is all under one ownership and will be sold directly from the owners to the homeseeker—so that the purchaser gets full value in every acre he purchases. The plan of sale of new farm lands usually involves a selling commission expense of \$3.00 to \$5.00 per acre, which is loaded on the price the farmer has to pay. In this tender service by November 1st, 1909, the buyer is saved this expense and gets the benefit of this practical reduction in cost.

This new farming empire is an important addition to the agricultural land of Texas; and is wonderfully rich and fertile. The farming lands will be sold at prices from \$12.00 to \$17.50 per acre, with some addition when near the two towns—Spur, the terminal town in Dickens County, and Garza, fourteen miles from Spur, in Kent County—one-fifth down and balance in six annual payments, with privilege to buyer of taking up any or all his notes at any time. Title is perfect.

The best farm developing road in America (The Burlington System) is just completing its line from Stamford to Spur, and will inaugurate passenger service by November 1st, 1909. Sale of town lots will begin at private sale on that day in both Spur and Garza and on that date a new Texas city will be born at the terminus.

It is surrounded by fertile valleys and rich uplands for miles and miles in all directions. The development of this great country will be sure and rapid, now that the one great need, railroads to market, has been supplied. At Spur a deep well outfit is drilling for artesian water.

A fortunate few secured holdings in this tract on school lands twenty years ago, and have prospered remarkably in farming on the then remote frontier—now brought into close touch with the market. Their farms are really yielding evidence of the fertility of the soil. There is no smooth or body of land anywhere, and this guarantees concentrated settlement. Wonderfully adapted to cotton (no boll weevil ever known), corn, alfalfa, grain, fruits, vegetables, and all farm products. It is a great hog country—no case of cholera has ever been found here. Quick run to Fort Worth market.

Recognizing the great possibilities and wonderful future of Spur Farm Lands, the State has decided to place an experimental farm station at Spur. This will be a great benefit to the settlers in that region—showing them by actual demonstration on the lands what crops can be most profitably raised; best methods of cultivation, and assisting in all the problems of the farm. This decision was reached after a visit to the lands by Judge Ed. R. Kone, Commissioner of Agriculture, and Dr. H. H. Harrington, Director of Experiment Stations, who recognized their unusual farming value.

The owners of these lands have long dealt in Texas lands, and have earned a reputation which assures a square deal to every purchaser. All Texas knows this. It also guarantees a fine development of the lands and the towns with them. They will sell the farmer who is ready to develop, one-half of their holdings—knowing that the lands will greatly increase in value with development. The farmer now buying will correspondingly and quickly profit on increase of his own lands, and the owners stand shoulder to shoulder with the homeseeker.

Anyone desiring further information, with free illustrated booklet, can secure same by addressing Chas. A. Jones, manager for S. M. Swenson & Sons, Spur, Dickens County, Texas.

Is Poor Consolation.

"Yes, it must be a terrible thing to go through life without your limb. But you must remember it will be restored to you in the next world."

"I know it will, mum, but dat don't encourage me, for it was cut off when I was a baby, an' it won't come with in a couple of foot of de ground w'en it's restored."

Rough on Rats, unbeatable exterminator

Rough on Hen Lice, Nest Powder, 25c.
Rough on Bedbugs, Powder or Liquid, 25c.
Rough on Fleas, Powder or Liquid, 24c.
Rough on Roaches, Pow'd, 15c., Liquid, 25c.
Rough on Moth and Ants, Powder, 25c.
Rough on Squeeters, agreeable touse, 25c.
E. S. Wells, Chemist, Jersey City, N. J.

Why Not?

Aunt Spinstery—I hope that your opinions uphold the dignity of your sex, Mamie, and that you believe that every woman should have a vote.

Mamie—I don't go quite so far as that, aunty; but I believe that every woman should have a voter.—Sketch.

Ambiguous.

Harold—What did she say when you turned out the gas and kissed her?

Rupert—Said she felt as if she never wanted to see my face again.—Philadelphia Record.

PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER

costs only 25c. per bottle, but it cures many dollars' worth of aches in curing colds, rheumatism, neuralgia, and kindred ills. At all druggists.

Live up to the Bible you know, and your Bible will grow.

IT IS.



She—John Henry! I wonder how you can sit there and look me in the face.

He—So do I, my love; but it's surprising what a recklessly brave man can do!

LEWIS' "SINGLE BINDER."

A hand-made cigar fresh from the table, wrapped in foil, thus keeping fresh until smoked. A fresh cigar made of good tobacco is the ideal smoke. The old, well cured tobaccos used are so rich in quality that many who formerly smoked 10c cigars now smoke Lewis' Single Binder Straight 5c. Lewis' Single Binder costs the dealer some more than other 5c cigars, but the higher price enables this factory to use extra quality tobacco. There are many imitations; don't be fooled. There is no substitute! Tell the dealer you want a Lewis "Single Binder."

The Soft Answer.

At a dinner in Bar Harbor a Boston woman praised the wit of the late Edward Everett Hale.

"Walking on the outskirts of Boston one day," she said, "he and I inadvertently entered a field that had a 'No Trespassing' sign nailed to a tree.

"Soon a farmer appeared.

"Trespassers in this field are prosecuted," he said in a grim tone.

"Dr. Hale smiled blandly.

"But we are not trespassers, my good man," he said.

"What are you then?" asked the amazed farmer.

"We're 'Untarians,'" said Dr. Hale."—Washington Star.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Tuberculosis Among Soldiers.

For 1,000 active troops in the armies of the great world powers, the following figures show the percentage of cases of pulmonary tuberculosis: United States, 4.72; Great Britain and colonies, 2.4; France, 5.3; Germany, 1.5; Austria, 1.0, and Russia, 2.7.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedial. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. C. HENLEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Ready Explanation.

"What is the reason you were so late in discovering the north pole?"

"Well," answered the explorer, "you see they have such long nights in the arctic regions that I overslept."

In case of pain on the lungs Hamlin's Wizard Oil acts like a mustard plaster, except that it is more effective and is so much nicer and cleaner to use.

Devote each day to the object then in hand, and the evening will find something done.—Goethe.

THE SOURCE OF TROUBLE

must be reached before it can be cured. Allen's Lung Balm goes to the root of your cough, and cures it. Harmless and sure. At all druggists.

To the good the world is very good; to the bad it is bad.—Smiles.

Aids Nature

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

If your dealer offers something "just as good," it is probably better FOR HIM—it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not the profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

What can harm us if we are true to ourselves and to what we think is right?—Black.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Money talks, but it often fails to tell the truth.

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE

PLANTEN'S (TRADE MARK) C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES

SUPERIOR REMEDY—URINARY DISCHARGES

DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT FOR 50c

H. PLANTEN & SON, 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

The highest medical authority on foods, Sir James Crichton Browne, LL. D.—F. R. S. of London.

gives the best reasons for eating more

Quaker Scotch Oats

In an article published in the Youth's Companion of September 23rd, 1900, Dr. Browne, the great medical authority on foods, says, about brain and muscle building—

"There is one kind of food that seems to me of marked value as a food to the brain and to the whole body throughout childhood and adolescence (youth), and that is oatmeal.

"Oats are the most nutritious of all the cereals, being richer in fats, organic phosphorus and lecithins."

He says oatmeal is gaining ground with the well-to-do of Great Britain. He speaks of it as the mainstay of the Scottish laborer's diet and says it produces a big-boned, well-developed, mentally energetic race.

His experiments prove that good oatmeal such as Quaker Scotch Oats not only furnishes the best food for the human being, but eating it strengthens and enlarges the thyroid gland—this gland is intimately connected with the nourishing processes of the body.

In conclusion he says—

"It seems probable therefore that the bulk and brawniness of the Northerners (meaning the Scotch) has been in some measure due to the stimulation of the thyroid gland by oatmeal porridge in childhood."

The Scotch eat Quaker Scotch Oats because it is the best of all oatmeals.

In Bad Fix

"I had a mishap at the age of 41, which left me in bad fix," writes Mrs. Georgia Usher, of Conyers, Ga.

"I was unconscious for three days, and after that I would have fainting spells, dizziness, nervousness, sick headache, heart palpitation and many strange feelings.

"I suffered greatly with ailments due to the change of life and had 3 doctors, but they did no good, so I concluded to try Cardui.

"Since taking Cardui, I am so much better and can do all my housework."

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Do not allow yourself to get into a bad fix. You might get in so bad you would find it hard to get out. Better take Cardui while there is time, while you are still in moderately good health, just to conserve your strength and keep you in tip top condition.

In this way your troubles, whatever they are, will gradually grow smaller instead of larger—you will be on the up-grade instead of the down—and by and bye you will arrive at the north pole of perfect health.

Get a bottle at your druggists' today.

Expensive Silence.

Little four-year-old Alice was lying on the floor whining and crying steadily one afternoon, until her father's patience exhausted, he called out to her: "Oh, stop, Alice, and I'll give you a penny."

Alice stopped only long enough to answer: "I can't stop for less than a nickel! Boo-hoo! Boo-hoo!"

For Headache Try Hicks' Capudine.

Whether from Colds, Heat, Stomach or Nervous troubles, the aches are speedily relieved by Capudine. It's Liquid—pleasant to take—Effects immediately. 10c, 25c and 50c at Drug Stores.

The angels are always waiting to open the windows of heaven over the head of the man who will bring the last tithe into the storehouse.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Dis-eases from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartily Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER.

They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Face-Smile Signature

Up-Set Sick Feeling

that follows taking a dose of castor oil, salts or calomel, is about the worst you can endure—Ugh—it gives one the creeps. You don't have to have it—CASCARETS move the bowels—tone up the liver—without these bad feelings. Try them.

CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces in the package

other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Booklet free. Ask for it. Best results.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces in the package

other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY! gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment FREE. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box 8, ATLANTA, GA.

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 43-1909.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.