


GARRETT TO Peanut Warehouse ${ }^{\text {Penion officicat }}$ Cise TALK AT MEET OF TEACHERS


Just As Close As Your Phone CALL 132


MENSATM MOMENS HATS 75c



Electricity is Cheap Eyes are Priceless Safeguard Eyesight with Better Light
 but you can easily safeguard precious eyesight
by having your home properly lighted. And what by having your home properly lighted. And what
a difference good lighting makes in protecting the eyesight of all members of the family! And what a difference it makes in the appearance and com-
fort of the home!
The first step in Better Lighting is to fill all light The first step in Better Lighting is to fill all light
sockets with new lamps of sufficient size to give
enough light. Put lamp bulbs on your shopping
texas electric service company

Garrett Is Invited
To Abilene Luncheon

Eastland Woman's
Mother Is Buried
At Walnut Springs

## 

 of texas opens SATURDDAY its cifatites pictune OF CONCENTRATEDTEXAS acncurver




## IT'S A PRIVILEGE TO SERVE YOU! <br> BACON <br> Rem shice Armour's Squares Swift's Bre <br> $\stackrel{4}{4}$ <br> in the Piece .. Lb. 28 c  <br> \begin{tabular}{|c|} \hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{Fryers, We dress the Big Bologna, Armo SHoulder roast or Pork Sausage Brick Chil

 <br>\hline <br>
\hline <br>
\hline <br>
\hline <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} <br> Lb. 23c <br> Lb. 10c <br> Lb. 20c}



Man Loses Eight Man Loses Eight
Of Silver Doll


## Smith "PANAMINTS BAD MAN" Ballew

SATURDAY ONLY $\begin{gathered}\text { DOOR open } \\ \text { AT } 12\end{gathered}$
Youth and Beanty in a web of sin and crime in the life
tory of a $a$ girl betraved!

## SYLVIA SIDNEY

## 

GIRLS
 WHAT BECOMES OF THEM? NO ADVANCE IN PRICE!

SUNDAY - MONDAY $\underset{\substack{\text { MATNEE } \\ \text { AND NIGHT }}}{\text { N }}$ LLOYD NOLAN
KNG Of ACCARRT
WEDNESDAY - THURSDAY $\underset{\substack{\text { Matine } \\ \text { a NiGht }}}{\text { Nit }}$ MTITATON OF LIFE'



New Packard Seen
At Bumside Motor Firm In Eastland

## A Statement of Public Policy

## by The Great Atlantic \& Pacific Tea Company

## Xmarks the spots! <br> where we check and lubricate

 your car for one price...surprisingly low!
cation of every chassis part; (2) Many extra services in checking and servicing body, battery, radiator, etc.; (3) MARFAK, the chassis lubricant that lasts twice as long as ordinary grease. All at the price of a single lubri-

SEE WHAT YOU GET FOR YOUR MONEY
..and remember
we Texaco Dealers
use MrarAM instead of
ordinary grease
 EASTLAND, TEXAS EASTLLAND, TEXAS EASTLAND, TEXAS ASTLAND, TEXAS
MANGUM, TEXAS
CARBON TEXAS MANGUM, TEXAS
CARBON, TEXAS
MORTON VALLEY EASTLAND, TEXAS


## 2. The Interests of the Employees

The interests of the employees of the company are, howIt is simply a statement of fact to. say that the employees of The Great Atlantic \& Pacific Tea Company generally through-
out the United States receive the highest wages and have the hortest working hours of any workers in the grocery business whether chain store or individual grocer. Many of them
have devoted all of their working lives to the interests of have devoted all of their working lives to the interests of
the company. the company.
The management, therefore, has a definite obligation and
duty to defend the interests of these 85,600 employees against 3. The Interests of the Consumer Since this business has been built by the voluntary patronage
of millions of American families, we believe that we must give
consideration to their interests in this matter. Millions of consideration to their interests in this matter. Millions of
women know how acute is the present problem of providing
food clothing and shelter for themselves their husbands and ood, clothing and shelter for themselves, their husbands and
their children out of their present income. When food prices go up it is not a question of paying more for the same food. They
do not have the additional money with which to pay. Theredo not have the additional money with which to pay. There
fore, they must buy less and eat less. A \& P Food Stores las
year distributed at retail $\$ 881,700,000$ worth of food at a net year distributed at retail $\$ 881,700,000$ worth of food at a net
profit of $1 \%$. This food was sold to the public at prices averaging from
eight to ten percent lower than the prices of the average indi eight to ten percent ower than the prices of the average indi
vidual grocer. Literally, millions of sales were made at price
twenty-five percent lower than these of the average individua wenty-five percent lower than those of the average individual
grocer. This saving of eight to twenty-five cents on each dollar grocer.
of visal importance to these millings of families. If they were
denied the opportunity to buy at these lower prices it would simply mean that in millions of homes they would have to leav veat on the table another day a week, eat less fresh leate ane the growing child one bottle of milk less every
veetabe stint on butter, cheese, poultry, eggs and many other
week or sing week or stint on butter, cheese, poultry, eggs and many othe
of the most nourishing foods. In the last 10 years during the greatest period of chain store
rowth, the number of individual dealers has increased rathe than decreased. We maintain that there is nothing wrong when these dealers charge more than we charge. They must charge
these prices in order to make a fair profit. The average groce wese prices in order to make a fair profit. The average groce
wall, upon request, deliver the groceries to the customer s doo
and many cases extends credit to some of his customer and in many cases extends credit to some of his customers
Delivery service costs money. The grocer must put this added Dosivery service costs money. The grocer must put this added
cone
ion of thises to his customers. In the same way the exten sion of credit, involves the expense of bookkeeping, the tying
up of capital, and credit loses. There is nothing wrong in the ing a service that justifes his prices. voluntarily elect to pay a or because they want delivery meats because they want credit that they should pay an additional price for such service. How ever. the millions of families in this country whose income is limited and who can have more and better tood because they hould not be denied this opportunity. Millions of families of
limited incomes can only enjoy their present standard of livin can families have helped us build a great business because the theeve we have rendered them a great service. The company of these customera.

## 4. The Interests of the Farmer

Eight million farm families are engaged in producing the food consumed by the American people. All of the farm home9 lation of the United States, have a direct interest in the method of distribution by
Approximately $30 \%$ of their production is marketed through The chain food sores; abo ther foodstuffs ere sold through the chainstoresat prices averaging $8 \%$ to $10 \%$ cheaper than theprices at which they are sold by many grocers. If the farmer sells a given product to both at the same price, the individual grocer must charge the pubic more to face eare of his public at low
Thus $30 \%$ of the farmers products reach tur
prices and $70 \%$ of his products reach the public at higher prices. prices and $70 \%$ of his products reach the public at higher prices.
If the public cannot consume a given crop of apples, potaIf the public cannot consume a given crop of apples, poth
toes, berries or any other product, at the prices at which the toes, berries or any other product, at the prices at whocer s shelve a surplus accumulates and the farmer finds that he either can not sell the balance of his crop or must sell it at a susstantipe
loss. Only too often a situation arises when it is literally cheape for the farmer to let his apples or his peaches rot on the ground than to expend the labor costs necessary to pack and ship then
Every farm economist knows that a $10 \%$ surplus does not mea Every farm economist knows that a $10 \%$ surplus does not mean
$10 \%$ less return to the farmer but often more than $20 \%$ less
return. In other words, the farmer's problem is to sell his products
at the cost of production plus a fair profit and to get them to the public with as few intermediate costs and profits as possible. is therefore obviously unfair to the farmer to propose legislation
which would, at a single blow, wipe out $30 \%$ of his distributing which would, at a single blow, wipe out $30 \%$ of his distributing
machinery-and that $30 \%$ the part which maintains the price to the farmer yet reaches the public at low cost because of eco
nomical distribution. It would be uis as unfair to the farmer nomical distribution. It would be just as unfair to the farmer to
propose putting out of business all of the individual grocers of propose putting out of business all of the individual grocers of
the country who distribute $70 \%$ of his produce. Both chain foo stores and individual grocers perform a distributive function
vital to the interests of the farmer. If either failed to function
the the farmer would be faced heartbreaking losses, $P$ has dealt with the farmers both as pro
For years the $A$ \&
ducers and consumers. We feel that we have a definite obliga
5. The Interests of Labor

Every business in this country has a vital interest in the pur-
chasing power of labor. When labor has high wages and great purchasing power, everyone is prosperous. When labor's pur-
chasing power is curtailed, all business suffers and the Ameri-
can standard of living is impaired. For many years it has been can standard of living is impaired. For many years it has been
the wise policy of the national government to protect real wages the wise policy of the national government to protect real wage
and the purchasing power of the worker's dollar. Combination or agreements to raise prices, thus reducing real wages,
been declared illegal. been declared illegal.
It certainly seems
destroy a group of businesses for the frankly admitted reason
that they furnith that they furnish the necessities of life to the wage earner and his family at low prices. There are approximately 90
workers directly employed in the chain store industry. course is open to us but to oppose the action of a man wh tourse is open to us but to oppose the action of a man who
time when more than $11,000,000$ wage earners are arread
of work and $3,000,000$ families on relief, proposes a bil of work and 3,000,000 families on relief, proposes a
would add almost another million to the roll of unemp
wipe out $30 \%$ of the distributing machinery of all of the wipe out $30 \%$ of the distributing machinery of all of the
of the United States, and raise the cost of living of the We belie United States.
ervice to the American of that service that we have prospered. If we conesle and that it is as a resul ur own interest it would be very easy to we consulted pon us except our felle earned. No one is dependent allest consideration of all interests, we have arr, after the cision that we would be doing less thave arrived at the posed by the oppose, by every fair means, legislation pro As we have said, Mr. Pright Patman.
able lobebyin an able politician, an Wh expert. We are experts only in the arocery bus We believe the chain stores have a right to present thei case to the American people. We will not go into politics
nor will we establish a lobby in Washington for the purpose nor will we establish a lobby in Washington for the purpose
of attempting to influence the vote of any member of the
Congress We Congress. We expect only a full and any member of the
present the casportunity to organization for the American people. as a great service Since the task we have set before use. is one involving th
widest dissemination of complete information to all of hhe American people, and since this is a a profession in
which we are not expert, we have enga ssociates, public relations counsel, to do this work. W fore, that we must be preparedom to news. We knd a substant there-
of money in telling our story to all of the American people.
We declare now ther emination of information through waill be spent in the divertising and armer formation of study groups among consumert farmers and workers, which provide open forums for
discuscion of all measures affecting the cost of living.
We believe that when the American people have al the facts they will make their decision known to thei
epresentatives in Congress. As Americans we will be content with that decision.


WHERE ARE WE NOW?
Greenleaf Whittier once said that of all sad words of tongue
he esaddest are these: it might have beenn .". Whether we agree
recent acts of our diplomats or not, we don't like to be quoted with all of her unemployment, her staggering public debt, her
changing trends of thought, and a growing feeling of insecurity
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
EARL BENDER \& COMPANY



## LALGH at

## TIRE TROUBLES



There Is No Competition In SEIBERLING Class!


## ALWAYS BUY -

## 

USE OUR MONTHLY PAY PLAN-ONE-THIRD DOWN BALANCE MONTHLY.
AST MAIN ST.
PHONE 258

Fall Program Of W.P.A.Recreation
Project Slated

Earl D. Westfall
Goes On Navy Ship

Crooks May Take New Executives of Your Property If
Deed Unrecorded $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Flatwood 4-H Club } \\ & \text { Named at Meeting }\end{aligned}$

Meeting of Medicos
Slated October 18t Slated October 18t



| $\begin{array}{c}\text { oi } \\ \text { ently } \\ \text { Ma- } \\ \text { his }\end{array}$ | Se |
| :---: | :---: |
| So |  |



Don't Sleep When
Gas Presses He Gas Presses Hear

## Corner drug store

## Hotel Garage





## DR. R. C. FERGUSON

208 Exchange National Bank Building - Eastland, Texas
Diseases of Children and Infant Feeding
Office Hours: $9: 30$ a $12-30$ th

| Residence Phone 190 |
| :--- |


| FOoos CLOYER FARM STORES M MAS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 voney Saving Sale |  |
| FRESH FRIUTS \& VEG. | UALITY MEATS |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Apples }_{\text {Sonathan }} & \text { Doz. 18c } \\ \text { Apples }_{\text {Larre Deliciour }} & \text { Doz. 30c }\end{array}$ | ' 7 ' ROAST $\stackrel{\text { Per }}{\text { Lb. } 15 c}$ |
| Oranges caliornio-doz. 15c | Steak Chops . . . . Lb. 19c |
| $\mathrm{Grapeffruit}_{\text {Lrrge }} 6$ for 25 c | Salt Jowls ..... Lb. $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ |
| GRAPES 2 cos. 13c | OLE0 ${ }_{\text {Lba }}^{\substack{\text { Per }}}$ |
| Lemons ${ }_{\text {Lrgee sunkist }}$ Doz. 25c | Les.34c |
| Lettuce ... Lge. Head 5c | Shrimp <br> Headless <br> Lb. 20c |
| Celery . . . L Lge. Stalk 15c | Butter clorer farm Lb. 32c |
| HONEY $5_{\text {Pail } \ldots \text { did }}^{\text {Lb. }}$ | PEACHES $2^{\substack{\text { No. }{ }_{\text {cans }}{ }^{21 / 2}}} 29 \mathrm{c}$ |
|  |  |
| Green Beans $2_{\text {Cans }}^{\text {No. }}$, 15 c | Tomatoes $\quad 2{ }_{\text {can }}{ }^{\mathrm{Na}_{2} 2 \mathrm{l}} 15 \mathrm{c}$ |
| FLOUR $\begin{gathered}\text { cherem } \\ \text { Perfect }\end{gathered}$ | 48 Lbs............. 1.29 |
|  | Tea 3 MEAL-Glan. Free |
| Corn $\quad 3{ }_{\text {cans }}^{\text {No. }}$, 25 c | Grapefruit Juice 3 cant 25c |
| RED TOP COFFEE | 2 Lbs..............29c |
| Rice . . . . . . . 2 Lbs. 9c |  |
| P'nut Butter ..... Qt. 25c | Pickles sour Qt. 15c |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { clover } \\ \text { Farm } \\ \text { GRANULATED }}}{ }$ | SOAP ${ }_{\text {Cleanal }}^{\text {Cannoe }}$ 2 $2_{\text {Pks. }}$ 35c |
|  | Salmon $_{\text {Faney Pink }} 2$ Cans 25 c |
| Milk c. F. 3 Tall or 6 Smand 20 c | Toilet Tissue . . 3Rolls 13c |
| LOOOS CLOYER FARM STORES MAIS |  |

