



# Gunner Depew

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## CHAPTER XVI.

—14—

### Captured by the Moeve.

When the tugs had cast off and after a while we had dropped our pilot, I said to myself: "Now we are off, and it's the States for me—end of the line—far as we go—IF—" But the "if" did not look very big to me, though I could see it with the naked eye all right.

I got up about four o'clock the next morning, which was Sunday, December 10, 1916—a date I do not think I will ever forget.

As soon as I was dressed I went down to the forecastle peak and from there into the paint locker, where I found some rope. Then back again on deck, and made myself a hammock, which I rigged up on the boat deck, figuring that I would have a nice sun bath, as the weather had at last turned clear.

As soon as I had the hammock strung I went down to the baker and had a nice chat with him—and stole a few hot buns, which was what I was really after—and away to the galley for breakfast. I was almost exactly smidships, sitting on an orange box. I had not been there long when Old Chips, the ship's carpenter, stuck his head in the door and sang out, "Ship on the starboard bow." I did not pay any attention to him, because ships on the starboard bow were no novelty to me, or on the port either. Chips was not crazy about looking at her, either, for he came in and sat on another box and began scoffing. He said he thought she was a tramp and that she flew the British flag astern.

I ate all I could get hold of and went out on deck. I stepped out of the galley just in time to see the fun. The ship was just opposite us when away went our wireless and some of the boats on the starboard side, and then, boom! boom! and we heard the report of the guns. I heard the shrapnel whizzing around us just as I had many a time before. I jumped back in the galley and Chips and the cook were shaking so hard they made the pans rattle.

When the firing stopped I went up to the boat deck. I had on all of my clothing, but instead of shoes I was wearing a pair of wooden clogs. The men and boys were crazy—rushing around the deck and knocking each other down, and everybody getting in everybody else's way. We lowered our Jacob's ladders, but some of the men and boys were already in the water. Why they jumped I do not know.

Then the German raider Moeve headed right in toward us and I thought she was going to ram us, but she backed water about thirty yards away. She lowered a lifeboat and it made for the Georgic, passing our men in the water as they came and crashing them on the head with boat-



They Crashed Them on the Head With Boat Hooks.

hooks when they could reach them. I noticed that there were red kegs in the German boat.

When the lifeboat reached the Jacob's ladders I went over to the port side of the Georgic and then the Germans came over the side and hoisted up the kegs. The Germans were armed with bayonets and revolvers. Some of them went down into the engine room and opened the sea cocks. About this time some of the Limeys came up from the poop deck and I told them to stay where I was and that the Germans would take us over in lifeboats. Another squad of Germans hoisted eight of the dynamite kegs on their shoulders and down into No. 5 hold with them.

Mean time the Germans saw us up on the boat deck and came up after us. And over went the Limeys. But I waited and one or two more waited with me. When the Germans came up to us they had their revolvers out and were waving them around and yelling, "Gott strafe England!" and talking about "schweinhunde." Then,

the first thing I knew, I was kicked off into the sea. I slipped off my trousers and coat and clogs, and, believe me, it was not a case of all dressed up and no place to go!

Then I swam hard and caught up to the Limeys who had jumped first. They were asking each other if they were downhearted and answering, "Not a bit of it, me lads," and trying to sing, "Pack up your troubles in your old kit bag," only they could not do much singing on account of the waves that slipped into their mouths every time they opened them. That was just like Limeys, though.

Some of the boys were just climbing up the Jacob's ladder on the Moeve when the old Georgic let out an awful roar and up went the deck and the hatches high in the air in splinters. One fellow let go his hold on the ladder and went down and he never came up. The Germans were making for the Moeve in the lifeboat and we reached it just before they did. Up the ladder we went and over the side and the first thing we caught sight of was the German revolvers in our faces drilling us all into line.

The lifeboat brought back the ship's papers from the Georgic and we had roll call. They kept us up on deck in our wet underwear and it was very cold indeed. Then the first mate and the old man and one of the German officers called off the names and we found we had fifty missing.

The Boche commander had gall enough to say that he was not there to kill men but to sink all ships that were supplying the allies! He said England was trying to starve Germany, but that they would never succeed and that Germany would starve the allies very soon.

After roll call some of us asked the Germans for clothes, or at least a place to dry ourselves in, but Fritz could not see us for the dust on the ocean and we just had to stand there and shiver till we shook the deck, almost. Then I went and sat down on the pipes that feed the deck winches. They had quite a head of steam in them and I was beginning to feel more comfortable when I got a good clout alongside of the head for sitting there and trying to keep warm. It was a German garby and he started calling me all the various kinds of schweinhunde he could think of and he could think of a lot.

Finally they mustered us all on another part of the deck, then drilled us down into the forecastle and read the martial law of Germany to us. At least I guess that is what it was. It might have been the "Help Wanted—Dog Catchers" column from the Berlin Lokal Tagzabbler for all most of us knew or cared. It shows what cards the Germans are—reading all those four-to-the-pound words to us shivering garbles, who did not give a dime a dozen whether we heard them or not. Fritz is like some other hot sketches—he is funniest when he does not mean to be. Every German is a vaudeville skit when he acts natural.

There were hammocks there and we jumped into them to get warm, but the Germans came down with their revolvers and bayonets and took the hammocks away and poured water on the decks and told us to sleep there. They could not have done a worse trick than that.

Then they put locks on the portholes and told us that anyone caught fiddling with the locks would be shot at once. This was because we might sight a British or French man-of-war at any time and as the Moeve was sailing under the British flag and trying to keep out of trouble they did not want us at the ports signaling our own warships for help. If they had backed any of the allied ships and had a fight we would have died down there like rats.

The Moeve had already captured the Voltare, Mount Temple, Cambrian Range and the King George and had the crews of these vessels between decks with us. These men told us how the Germans were treating them and it looked to me as though the evening would be spent in playing games and a pleasant time would be had by all—not.

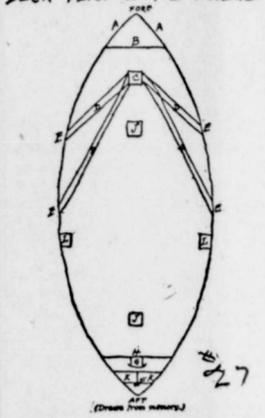
The crew of the Mount Temple were on deck working when the raider suddenly opened fire on them. Two or three men jumped into the water and the Germans turned a gun on them while they were swimming and killed them. That was just a sample of what had happened to them.

The men now began running up and down in a line to keep warm, but I took a little run on my own hook and treated myself to as much of a once-over of the ship as I could. I do not believe the Moeve had more than a three-fourths-inch armor plate, but behind that she had three rows of pig iron, which made about a foot in thickness. There was nothing but cable strung along the deck and when I saw that I would have given anything to have had a crack at her with a 14-inch naval. And I sure wished hard enough that one of our ships would slip up on us, whether we were caught between decks or not. I went aft as far as the sentry would let me and I saw that she had three spare six-inch guns unloading the poop deck and two six-inch

pieces mounted astern. The guns were mounted on an elevator and when the time came they ran the elevator up until the guns were on a level with the poop deck, but otherwise they were out of sight from other ships.

For our first meal they slung a big feed bag half full of ship biscuits—hardback—to us and some dices of tea. After this festival we began roaming up and down the deck again, because it was the only way to keep warm. I guess we looked like some of the advertisements in magazines, where they show a whole family sitting around a Christmas tree in their

### DECK PLAN OF THE 'MOEVE'



- A—Armor plate drops, placing 6-in. guns.
- B—Forecastle peak.
- C—Ammunition hold.
- D—Torpedo tube rails.
- E—Torpedo tubes.
- F—Poop deck.
- G—Aft wheelhouse.
- H—Deck house.
- I—Holds.
- K—Disappearing guns aft, mounted on elevator.
- L—Sea gates.

underwear and telling each other that Whosies Unions—the Roomy Kind—were just what they wanted from Santy. Only we did not have any Christmas tree to sit around. We must have had a good laugh if I had not been so cold.

We could not go to sleep because the decks were wet, nor could we sit down with any comfort for the same reason. Besides, we thought we might buck up against a British or a French cruiser at any minute and most of us thought we must stay up and get an eye full before we started for Davy's well-known locker.

About two bells the following morning the Moeve's engines began to groan and shake her up a bit and we could hear the blades jump out of the water every once in a while and tear away. She went ahead in this way for some time and we were hoping she was trying to get away from a cruiser and some of us were pulling for the Moeve to get her heels clear and keep us from getting ours.

The Huns were running up and down the deck yelling like wild men and one of our men began to yell too. He was delicious and after he yelled a bit he jumped up and made a pass at the sentry, who shot at him but missed. The shot missed me too, but not very much. Then they dragged the delirious man up on deck and Lord knows what they did with him, because we never saw him again. But we did not hear any sound that they might have made in shooting him.

Then the Huns began shelling and they kept it up for some time. Then they ordered us up on deck to see the ship they had been firing at and when we came up the companion way they were just bringing the other ship's skippers aboard. It was the French collier St. Theodore, hove to off the starboard side with a prize crew from the Moeve aboard and wigwagging to the raider.

Then the Huns began shouting and they roused us below deck again. The place where we had been with filled with smoke, from what or why I do not know, but it was almost impossible to breathe in it. When the smoke cleared up we were still in our underwear only. One of the boys had asked Fritz for clothing and Fritz said the English had tough enough skins and they did not need clothing. Then he said: "Wait until you see what our German winters are like."

The following morning the engines began to tear away again and the guns started firing. After a while the firing stopped and the engines too, and after an hour they had the old man of the Yarrowdale aboard. She was a British ship chartered by the French and bound for Brest and Liverpool with a very valuable cargo aboard—airplanes, ammunition, food and automobiles.

When they roused us on deck again the St. Theodore was still in sight, but she had the Yarrowdale for company. Both were trailing behind us and keeping pretty close on. While we were on deck we saw the German sailors at work on the main deck making about

ten rafts and when they began to place tins of hardback on the rafts, a tin to each, we imagined they were going to heave us over the side and let us go on the rafts. But instead they began telling us we would land in the States and then they roused us between decks again.

We had only been there a short time when some of the German officers came down and asked if any of the men would volunteer to go firing on the Yarrowdale and we almost mobbed them to take us. They began putting down the names of the men who were to go and I talked them into putting mine down too. Then I felt about five hundred pounds lighter.

Five o'clock came and by that time I had forgotten to do any worrying. We received our usual rations and most of us who had volunteered figured that we would receive clothes and shoes. In the morning an officer came down below and read out the names of those who were to go and I felt even lighter when he called mine. We were each given a life belt and mustered on deck.

The sea was pretty nasty and some of the men had narrow escapes from falling between the Moeve and the lifeboats when the swells rocked us. One man fell from the ladder and broke his neck on the gunwale of the lifeboat. They took over board after boat to the Yarrowdale until finally we were all there. Then they mustered us on deck and warned us not to start anything, because they had a time bomb in the engine room and two on the bridge. Meantime they had brought over several boundloads of hardback and we threw it into No. 3 hold. This was to be our food for some time.

## CHAPTER XVII.

### Landed in Germany.

They had a coiffe crew on the Yarrowdale and when they roused them on deck the coolies began to pray, and though it is nothing to laugh at I could not help but chuckle at the way some of them went about talking to their various gods. They were beginning to smell danger and were pretty nervous. Every one of the coolies had a cane and a pair of Palm Beach trousers. The Huns were loading them in the lifeboats to be taken back to the Moeve with their sea bags and one of them got too nervous and was slow about getting into the lifeboat, so the Germans shot him without saying a word.

Then the Germans called out the names of those who had volunteered to go stoking and this included me. We were drilled down the fiddlely into the fire room. The fiddlely is a shaft that runs from the main deck of a ship to the engine room. I looked around a bit and saw a German standing not very far from the fiddlely, so I asked him if we would be given shoes. He said no. Then I asked him if we had to fire in our bare feet and he said yes—that we did not need shoes. Then he went into the engine room.

I looked at the narrow passage he went through and at the narrow passage of the fiddlely to the main deck and I talked to my feet like I used to at Dixmude. I said: "Feet, do your duty." They did it and I flew up the fiddlely. I never wanted to see that stoke hole again.

I sneaked up to where the rest of the fellows were and the guards drilled us into No. 4 hold. There was nothing but ammunition in it. They battened the hatches down on us, which made the hold waterproof. And



"Feet, Do Your Duty."

as that made it practically airtight the only air the 580 of us got was through the ventilators. That hold was certainly foul.

They next day some of the men had got cigarettes somewhere. In a few minutes they as well as the rest had lit up and were puffing away in great style. I divided a cigarette with another fellow. Remember, we were sitting and standing on ammunition all this time. It shows how much we cared whether school kept or not.

The Germans saw the smoke coming out of the ventilators and they were crazy with fright. A gang of them laid below and roused us out with whips.

They lined us up on deck and read us the riot act.

They drilled us down into the coal bunkers. It was simply terrible there. Coal dust to breathe and eat and sleep on.

TO BE CONTINUED

# FARM STOCK

## ERADICATE LICE ON CATTLE

Plan Given to Destroy This Pest Which Causes Injury and Retards Growth of Stock.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Cattle lice are injurious to all classes of cattle, but the greatest losses occur in young stock and poorly nourished old animals. Losses are caused by irritation, digestive disturbances, arrested growth, low vitality, and increased death rate.

Ordinarily lice on cattle are not observed until they become so numerous that they cause unmistakable signs of annoyance. Usually the animals whose lousy condition first attract attention are the poor, weak, unthrifty members of the herd, and frequently the owner thinks they are lousy because they are unthrifty, whereas the unthrifty condition may be caused by the lice.

Three kinds of lice are commonly found on cattle, and all three species may be present at the same time, but the same method of treatment may be used for any of them. When they make their appearance on the cattle during the fall or winter they usually spread rapidly until every animal is infested. When a herd is grossly infested it is not uncommon to see some animals with large areas of skin partly denuded of hair, and limited areas bruised and raw from rubbing against posts and other objects. Cattle in this



A Purebred Angus Bull.

condition will not thrive or gain weight normally, and during winter often remain stunted until the old coat of hair is shed in the spring, at which time most of the lice disappear. Hand applications, spraying, and dipping with insecticides are the methods which the bulletin recommends as remedies. In southern latitudes where the winters are mild cattle may be dipped during the winter months without injury from cold weather, but in the northern sections winters are usually too cold for dipping or spraying. All animals in the herd should be treated regardless of the number showing infestation, and the treatment should be repeated in 15 to 16 days.

Hand applications are practical only when a few animals are to be treated, but are especially valuable in holding the parasites in check during weather too cold for dipping or spraying. Some dusting powders obtainable on the market are good when this method is used. The following home-made liquid remedies are also effective: Equal parts cottonseed oil and kerosene, or kerosene and lard mixed in the proportion of one-half pint kerosene to one pound of lard or crude petroleum. Apply these remedies with a brush or cloth, covering the entire body, being particularly careful about the head and ears. For spraying and dipping arsenical dips, coal-tar creosote dips, and nicotine solutions are recommended. They may be applied with a hand sprayer, but the most effective method is to provide a dipping vat and completely dip the cattle two or, in some cases, three times.

## TONIC FOR MOON BLINDNESS

Recommended for Horses Afflicted With Ailment Rather Than Cutting Out Teeth.

Moon blindness is a recurrent ophthalmia or inflammation of the conjunctival membrane of the white of the eye and the lining of the eyelids. Close, dark, ill-ventilated stables predispose the horse to moon blindness. The peculiar characteristic is its periodical recurrence and its serious results. Because the attacks often follow each other at intervals of about a month, many erroneously suppose that they are influenced by some phase of the moon—hence the name.

The ignorant recourse to knocking out the wolf teeth or cutting the jaw, or winking cartilage, cannot be too severely condemned. Tonics are recommended for horses affected with moon blindness, as well as such other measures as tend to the improvement of the horse's condition.

## SHED NECESSARY FOR SHEEP

Animals Go Out in Stormy, Cold Weather and Snow and Rain Sticks to the Wool.

A good stable or shed for sheep is necessary if the flock is expected to yield a profit, because they go out in stormy, cold weather, and wet snow and cold rain will stay in the wool a long time and the sheep will be weakened little by little until they get sick and sometimes die from poor care.

## GOOD NEWS

A Lady in Texas Tells She Regained and Improved Her Health.

Every household should have all the time a dependable remedy with which to fight catarrhal conditions.

The experience of Mrs. M. J. Ley, No. 1322 27th St., Galveston, is not unique, but her letter tells a vigorous "safety first" story to every American home: "I tell you of the good Peruna to me. I have used it for indigestion and many other ailments I am never without Peruna."

Coughs, colds, catarrh, influenza cannot safely be treated. Any disease due to catarrh of the nasal passages, throat, stomach, bowels, kidneys, or other organs, is to be feared. It is always a menace to the health and an amount of violence must be fought and for all the time.

Thousands place their confidence upon the well known remedy, Peruna. Dr. Hartman's selling Peruna for catarrhs years ago. Try Peruna first. Possible disappointment and where.

Accounting for Cheerful "So you were gassed while over in France?" said the doctor to the man home from the front. "Yes, I was," replied the man. "In the hospital, I suppose." "Sure thing. And say, doctor, I saw such a cheerful, happy as the one who attended me." "I can account for that," he wouldn't have to try any bills from you."

## PAPE'S DIAPESPIN FOR INDIGESTION

EAT ONE TABLET NO ACIDITY, DYSPEPSIA OR STOMACH MISERY

Undigested food! Lumps belching gas, acids and souring your stomach is all upset. Instant relief—No waiting!

The moment you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the pain and dyspepsia distress—Your disordered stomach fine at once.

These pleasant, harmless Pape's Diapepsin never fail very little at drug stores.

"Money talks." "Yes, even the Kaiser can talk."—Louisville Courier.

Good Match. "When I get a car, I want will suit me." "Then, my dear, better get a runabout."

## Acid-Stomach Ruins Health of Millions

Besides those painful attacks of indigestion; that awful heart-burning; that distressing stomach misery that you experienced it know so well—besides all this, ACIDITY undermines the health and strength of millions.

If you don't get rid of your acid-stomach there is no telling what stomach troubles will ensue. Well known scientific fact: serious ailments have their acid-stomach.

Start now—this very day—your stomach misery—this the wonderful remedy that brings INSTANT relief. I have no idea how much better and brighter you feel at once out all the gas and bloating, indigestion, suffering and acid-stomach suffering and cool, sweet, comfortable and you to allow acid-stomach your health—pile up misery every until you get to the point you feel down and out and lost all its joys. Remember: acid-mouth ruins teeth, so ruin your health.

Take EATON. It's good a bit of candy and makes you feel fine. You can then eat you like and, what is more, mouthful you eat will come power and energy. You'll be better—have punch and pep and will to do things and and your stomach misery and Take our advice. Get EATON. From your grocer. If it costs a little, if it takes your stomach distress, be your money. That is guaranteed to be satisfied or money back.

EATON FOR YOUR STOMACH Magic Relief for Bad Stomach W. N. U. WICHITA, KS.

### FARMERS CAN HELP TO RELIEVE DEMAND FOR COAL AND THE STRAIN ON RAILWAYS



Wood Take the Place of Coal to Heat the Homes This Winter.

Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture. The only reason for crowning a road surface is to enable it to shed water, and unless effective means are provided for disposing of the water after it is drained off the surface crowning will be of very little, if any, advantage. The side ditches should be ample and should have sufficient fall to carry the water away as rapidly as it enters them, and they should

by machine, driven either by gasoline or by electricity. The wood is piled 4 feet high and 8 feet long, such a pile being called a "stove-wood" or "running" cord or "run." When the wood is sawed into 16-inch lengths, as is customary with stove material, three runs are theoretically equivalent to one cord. Actually they contain somewhat more wood, since small pieces can be packed more closely than larger ones.

Wood a Profitable Farm Crop. Firewood is expected to bring a better profit this year than ever before. It is a much less perishable crop than many which the farmer raises. When properly piled, the better kinds of wood will last from two to three years, although wood steadily deteriorates after the first year.

Methods of Making Cordwood. The most common method of making cordwood is to cut the trees into lengths with the ax and split into larger pieces. The pieces are then laid in a standard cord, which is 8 feet long, 4 feet high, and 4 feet wide. The contents are 128 cubic feet, of which about 70 per cent is wood and 30 per cent air. Wood cut 4 feet long can be sold to brickyards, lime kilns, metal-working plants, and other industries, but is too large for household use. This method is used chiefly where the tree growth is comparatively small, as in second-growth, because such wood splits easily.

Another method, and one better adapted for old-growth hardwoods, which are difficult to split, is to saw the tree into logs of convenient lengths, say from 9 to 15 feet. These are "snaked" out to the edge of the woodland and there sawed and split into lengths proper for the stove or furnace. The sawing is usually done

distribution giving the maximum effect. The beneficial effects of a comparatively heavy application of finely ground rock phosphate extend over several years, as a portion of the phosphate becomes soluble each year. These increases in yields are greater, as a rule, in subsequent years.

To be most effective ground phosphate rock should be applied to soil that is well supplied with organic matter. Such soils are always richer in carbonic acid than those of low organic content, and this acid is important in effecting the solubility and availability of the phosphate rock. Bacterial activity, which is more noticeable in soils high in organic matter, is also valuable in aiding the solubility of rock phosphate.

PHOSPHATE ROCK IS USED AS FERTILIZER. Finely Ground and Well Distributed Gives Good Results.

This Source of Phosphorus Being More Extensively Used Than Formerly on Account of Shortage of Sulphuric Acid. Acid phosphate, which is used extensively as a commercial fertilizer, has doubled in price during the last few years. Farmers of this country are now facing a serious shortage of this material because the munitions industry is consuming much sulphuric acid which would ordinarily be used in the manufacture of acid phosphate.

The situation has led users of fertilizers to give greater consideration to the use of ground raw rock phosphate. That this source of phosphorus is being used as fertilizer more extensively is shown by the fact that during 1916-17 at least six large companies entered the raw ground phosphate business and the annual consumption of this material has increased during the last decade to over 91,000 tons, involving an expenditure to the farmer of at least \$750,000.

Ground raw rock phosphate is far less soluble than acid phosphate. Its effectiveness appears to be due largely to its thorough distribution in the soil. This is brought about by liberal applications of very finely ground rock together with good tillage. When all these conditions are not fulfilled, it may take several years to obtain the

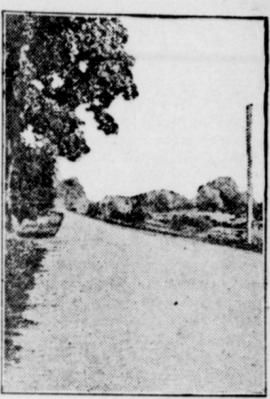
## GOOD ROADS

### PROPER DRAINAGE FOR ROAD

Side Ditches Should Be Ample Large, With Sufficient Fall to Carry Off Water Rapidly.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The only reason for crowning a road surface is to enable it to shed water, and unless effective means are provided for disposing of the water after it is drained off the surface crowning will be of very little, if any, advantage. The side ditches should be ample and should have sufficient fall to carry the water away as rapidly as it enters them, and they should



Ohio State Highway, Brick.

have outlets at all convenient points. Cross drains or culverts should be constructed wherever it is desirable to transfer drainage water across the road, and they should usually be provided with end or wing walls for protecting the slopes of the embankment. When the material composing the roadbed is likely to be springy, a system of longitudinal underdrainage may be found necessary to secure proper drainage. In constructing a road, of any type whatever, it should be constantly borne in mind that adequate and continually effective drainage is absolutely necessary if the road is to be maintained in good condition.

### SAGEBRUSH USED FOR ROADS

Despised Weed is Now Declared to Be Best Building Material in Western States.

Nobody loves the sagebrush, yet somebody is always trying to uplift it. This is a difficult task since its antecedents are so bad. Nevada, complained a long time because she was called the "Sagebrush state;" hunters hated the plant because of the bitter flavor it imparted to the grouse; prospectors, settlers, stockmen despised it because it encumbered the earth. It was fit only for rattlesnakes to coil in and strike or for coyotes to blend their tawny skins into vanishment.

Not long ago an Oregon man cried, "Eureka!" He said that sagebrush was the best road-building material in the West, says New York Sun. Now Idaho claims in the despised weed a source of great wealth and the solution of the problem of potash shortage: "The average acre produces three tons of sagebrush at a cost of \$25. The sagebrush burned in the kiln gives from 25 to 30 per cent potash. The supply is inexhaustible."

The Idaho poet, who called for a festival "to lift the curse from the plant we know so well and should love," may now consider himself even with those who jeered and refused to foregather with him.

### OUTLOOK DUBIOUS FOR AUTO

Roads Cannot Stand Wear and Tear They Are Being Subjected To by Heavy Trucks.

With the shortage of labor for road making and the more general use of the roads for heavy hauling, it is likely that the roads as they exist will not be able to withstand the hard usage, and the outlook is dubious for the automobile. Many industrial companies are making use of fleets of trucks to deliver their goods, instead of subjecting themselves to the uncertainties of the railroad service and the wear and tear on the roads thus made use of. This, more than ever, makes it evident that there should be some very decided reforms made in the matter of road building. The makeshift repairs which have heretofore been made are not now sufficient, and all new road building work should be made on the most substantial lines. —Chicago Journal.

### Dependence on Good Roads.

Every farmer should feel his dependence upon good roads. Whether or not one lives on a public highway he should take an interest in the nearest one to his farm or the road he must use to market his farm, or orchard and garden products.

### Roads Not Properly Built.

To say that the roads are bad because motortrucks have been passing over them is simply a confession that the roads are not properly built and maintained.

## DAIRY



### HAVE DAIRY UTENSILS CLEAN

Better Quality of Milk Results Where Sterilized Cans, Pails and Separators are Used.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

An active campaign against the unsterilized milk can, pail, strainer cloth, and separator, as contributing causes to high bacterial count in city milk, is to be carried on this season by the United States department of agriculture in co-operation with the health and milk officials of a number of cities. Already health officers in 150 localities have accepted the department's offer to demonstrate to their local milk pro-



Each Dairy Farm Should Be Equipped With an Inexpensive and Serviceable Sterilizer Such as is Shown.

ducers a simple home-made sterilizer, costing not more than \$15, which if used on the farm will help guard the milk against this initial and serious contamination. How great a bearing sterilization of milk utensils on the farm has on the bacterial content of milk is shown by experiments which have proved that the average milk can, when washed in the ordinary way, may contain over eight billion bacteria, and that almost every milk can so treated harbors millions of bacteria which give a high bacterial count and hasten the souring of milk.

The home-made sterilizer for dairy utensils which is to be demonstrated uses steam as a sterilizing agent. All that is required to develop steam enough to sterilize the ordinary dairy utensils is a two-burner kerosene stove, and there is nothing about the device which calls for special skill in its effective use. The department has twenty of these sterilizers, described in Farmers' Bulletin 748, and has offered to supply an outfit for a two-weeks' demonstration to any local health or dairy official who will agree to show it in operation to the milk producers in his section.

The effectiveness of this sterilizer has been fully proved both in the laboratory and on the farm. In one experiment ten gallons of fresh milk were divided into two parts. Five gallons, passed through a separator into a five-gallon can, both utensils washed in the ordinary way, showed at the end of an hour 1,880,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter. The other five gallons, passed through a separator into a can, after both utensils had been washed and sterilized by means of the home-made sterilizer, showed only 24,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter.

The device, moreover, removes foul odors and leaves the utensils dry as well as sterilized. Experience shows that the bacterial count is thus materially reduced, while the producer finds that his milk does not sour so quickly and has an improved flavor.

### Own First-Class Bull.

The owner of a large herd of cows can well afford to own a first-class bull, and the bull association has now made it possible for the owner of a small herd to own a share in a good, well-bred bull.

### Clean and Sweet Cream.

The cleanest and sweetest cream is obtained when milk is separated immediately after milking and then cooled to near 50 degrees F.

## HOME TOWN HELPS



### SPEND YOUR MONEY ON HOME

Outlay Surely Worth While, Since it is the Grandest Institution Conceived by Man.

Life is short, yes, by comparison with what lies beyond, but since its birth this small atom in a universe of worlds has been for millions, eye for billions of men a workshop and a playground. They have toiled and toiled, they have harnessed the lightning, conquered the air and established lanes of traffic across the raging sea. They have even tunneled beneath wide rivers, hanging safe highways of steel for travel far under the pulsing tides' ebb and flow.

As the race has progressed from its earliest beginnings more and more firmly has a fitting idea of home become fixed in men's hearts. Time was when a home meant a rude hut without windows and with a hole in the roof for a chimney. Now everyone realizes that a home is the grandest institution yet conceived by man, a place not alone in which to sleep and eat but a very shrine of shrines, a sanctuary of loving hearts, a well-spring of inspiration and peace.

### AUSTRALIA AWAKE TO NEEDS

People Beginning to Realize Necessity for Changed Conditions for the Dwellers in Cities.

In his presidential address to the Australian town planning conference held in Brisbane Mr. J. D. Fitzgerald, minister for local government and health and for town planning, New South Wales, said: "We have assembled to plan out the destinies of Australian city dwellers. It is an unchangeable fact that our movement will change the destiny of the urban populations, that our propaganda will make our civic conditions better, our city plans nobler, our citizens happier and comfortable beyond the dreams of today; that our town planners' devices will save millions to the nation which would otherwise be poured out in sheer and wicked economic waste—wicked because preventable."

"We Australians are only at the beginning of the great campaign which we must fight before we create ideal conditions for our city dwellers," continued the New South Wales minister. "Our parliaments must hasten to the aid of the pioneers. Already several of the states have general town-planning bills proposed. Four years of war have changed the face of things as regards housing as well as everything else. Britain has leaped forward 100 years in methods, in organizations, in planning in advance, in housing and, above all, in outlook."

### Wage War on Dirt.

Dirt is sin, and it takes a bacteriologist to tell the difference between clean dirt and dirty dirt. So we can afford to take no chances. Unless we cultivate cleanliness of mind and body, cleanliness of home, of city and country, cellar and garret, wharf and shop, markets and roads, of the air we breathe, of the milk and water we drink, and the food we eat, all the serums and regulations of preventive medicines will not save us. For health, like morality, is more than an individual matter; it is a community affair.

### Have Patience in Judgment.

Endeavor to be patient in bearing with the defects and infirmities of others, of what sort soever they be; for that thyself also hast many failings, which must be borne with by others. If thou canst not make such an one as thou wouldst, how canst thou expect to have another in all things to thy liking?—Thomas a Kempis.

### Adding to Wealth and Happiness.

Public parks are democracy's playgrounds. The comforting beauties of such places are free to all. Public parks are business assets. They strengthen civic pride among actual citizens. They convert prospective citizens into actual ones.—Dallas Times-Herald.

### Makes No Progress.

"De man dat don't trust nobody," said Uncle Eben, "is like a man who won't get on board de cars for fear de engine will blow up. He don't git nowhere."

## GIRLS! LOTS OF BEAUTIFUL HAIR

A small bottle of "Danderine" makes hair thick, glossy and wavy.

Removes all dandruff, stops itching scalp and falling hair.



To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine now—it costs but a few cents—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp.—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once. If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this. Adv.

### His Home Town.

"What have you there?" "A short work on the Elizabethan poets." "I met one of those chaps." "Impossible. They are all dead." "This one wasn't. He said his home was in Elizabeth, N. J."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

### When Baby is Teething.

BOYER'S BABY BOWEL MEDICINE will correct the stomach and bowel troubles. Perfectly harmless. See directions on the bottle.

### Not Running.

Bacon—They say there are no boats running on the Rhine now. Egbert—Well, they're about the only German things that are not running over there, then.

No matter how early the bargain-counter clerk comes in he can't avoid the rush.



Your Labor Counts—every ounce of work you do helps some soldier. This war was fought as truly in the household and in the work-shop as it was in the trenches.

Some of our American women are borne down physically and mentally, by the weaknesses of their sex. They suffer from backache, dragging sensation, bearing-down pains, very nervous and pain in top of head. If they ask their neighbors they will be told to take a Favorite Prescription of Dr. Pierce's which has been so well and favorably known for the past half century.

Weak women should try it now. Don't wait! Today is the day to begin. This temperance tonic and nerve will bring vim, vigor and vitality. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c. for trial pkg. tablets.

Nationsville, Kans.—"During middle life I became all run-down, weak and nervous. I took Favorite Prescription and brought me through this critical period in splendid health. I have also taken the Golden Medical Discovery as a blood tonic and for the liver and found it equally as good. I am always glad to recommend Dr. Pierce's medicine."—Mrs. Wm. Osher.



**J. K. McKENZIE**  
 Complete Abstract  
 of land in Roberia  
 county.  
 Protect your prop-  
 erty against fire and  
 Tornado.  
**AGENT FOR**  
 Leading fire insur-  
 ance Companies.  
 Phone 103

**FARM AND  
 RANCH LOANS**  
 ON LONG TIME  
 EASY TERMS  
**W. A. PALMER**  
 Canadian, - - - Texas

**QUICK CURE FOR CROUP**  
 Watch for the first symptom,  
 hoarseness and give Chamberlain's  
 Cough Remedy at once. It is prompt  
 and effectual.

**DR. M. L. GUNN**  
 Physician and Surgeon  
 Office at Central Drug Store  
 Eyes tested and glasses fitted  
 Miami - Texas

C. Coffee J. A. Holmes  
**COFFEE & HOLMES**  
 Lawyers,  
 GENERAL PRACTICE  
 OFFICE IN CHRISTOPHER BUILDING  
 Miami - Texas.



Sold and Guaranteed by  
**CENTRAL DRUG STORE**  
 Prices from \$7 to \$50, and the best  
 watch in the world for the money.

**J. H. KELLEY, Phg. M. D.**  
 Physician and Surgeon  
 Special attention given to Obstetrics  
 and diseases of children.  
 Office at Miami Drug Co  
 -Phone 33-

Cured at a Cost of 25 Cents.  
 "Eight years ago when we first  
 moved to Mattoon, I was a great suf-  
 ferer from indigestion and constipa-  
 tion," writes Mrs. Rober, Allison  
 Mattoon, Ill. "I had frequent head-  
 aches and dizzy spells, and there was  
 a feeling like a heavy weight press-  
 ing on my stomach and chest all the  
 time. I felt miserable. Every morsel  
 of food distressed me. I could  
 not rest at night and felt tired and  
 worn out all the time. One bottle of  
 Chamberlain's Tablets cured me and  
 I have since felt like a different per-  
 son."

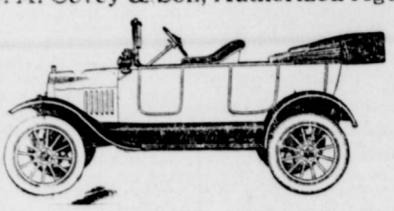
LOST OR STRAYED. Two white  
 face bulls. One branded C on right  
 hip and the other unbranded. Left  
 the Wells place east of town about  
 October 1st. Phone information to  
 W. C. Christopher. 191f

Large size tracing sheets of carbon  
 paper at the Chief.

**"NEVER-TEL"**  
 Better than advertised  
**Darken Your  
 Gray Hair**  
 With Never-Tel—  
 the world's clean-  
 est, safest, most uni-  
 versal hair restora-  
 tive. Not only restor-  
 es, but positively will not  
 stain the most delicate  
 hair. No extra to-  
 ilet. No muss, no red-  
 dish tinge to gray. Put  
 up in delicately  
**Perfumed Tablets**  
 Easily dissolved in a little water  
 or used as a hair cream. At all drug stores, or  
 sent direct in plain wrapper.  
 NEVER-TEL LABORATORIES CO.  
 Dept. 29 Kansas City, Mo.



**THE UNIVERSAL CAR**  
**We Give Money Saving Service**  
 Your Ford car will give satisfactory and money-sav-  
 ing service for years if you just give it decent care. Let  
 us show you how to make the best use of it. We have  
 when necessary, let us keep it tuned and running smooth-  
 ly, and you'll be sure to have all the service and comfort you  
 could get from a brand new car. It's all in the know-  
 how. Our workmen are skilled—we have genuine Ford  
 parts—we make the regular Ford prices as established by  
 the factory. Bring your Ford car in and let us look it  
 over—"a stitch in time saves nine."



**J. A. Covey & Son, Authorized Agts.**

**The Miami Chief.**  
 PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.  
 Entered at the postoffice at Miami,  
 Texas, as second-class matter.  
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 IN ADVANCE, ALWAYS  
 L. G. Waggoner, Editor and Owner.  
 Miami Texas.  
 Thursday, January 9th 1919.

Mining coal from the ben these  
 cold mornings is not so much fun af-  
 ter all, but unless you had a snow  
 proof coal ben it is necessary to get  
 any coal.

By this time most of our New  
 Year resolutions are broken, and it  
 is time to get down to real hard  
 thought again.

When this snow begins to melt  
 away our roads are going to be in a  
 veritable condition, unless they are  
 thoroughly drgged with proper road  
 drags at the proper time.

There appears to be a mistaken  
 idea regarding the discharge of the  
 soldier boys, and the War Depart-  
 ment is trying to correct the mistake.  
 All soldiers are not to be discharged  
 at once. Boys now in the training  
 camp may be held there for several  
 months yet.

Remember that it is Poll tax pay-  
 ing time again.

We do not believe in mail order.  
 Every cent spent at home is helping  
 to develop the home town, home in-  
 dustry, home market and we think it  
 should apply to printing the same as  
 any other article.—Ochiltree County  
 News.

What improvements is our city to  
 receive this year. Let us begin to  
 plan now for some good improve-  
 ments for Miami during the year, and  
 work to that end. We cannot afford  
 to let a year pass without some good  
 improvements for our city.

The Campaign for \$30,000,000 for  
 relief of the eastern countries is set  
 for Jan. 12, to 19th. So far as we  
 are able to learn, there has been no  
 appointment of county chairmen of  
 this county, and consequently  
 nothing has been done toward the  
 drive.

Finding jobs for the returning  
 soldiers has not reached a stage yet  
 to where it is any trouble. In fact  
 where a man has been discharged so  
 far, there has been a dozen jobs for  
 him. The readjustment may not be  
 so bad after all. The smaller towns  
 will certainly be able to take care of  
 their returning soldiers, if the cities  
 can provide for theirs. We believe  
 that Miami could welcome our some  
 130 soldiers back the same day, and  
 find them all remunerative employ-  
 ment, even before they got rested up  
 well.

**NOTICE  
 TO THE  
 PUBLIC**

WE WILL BEGIN OUR DELIVERY  
 SERVICE MONDAY JAN. 13th. THE  
 WAGON WILL LEAVE AT 9 A. M.  
 AND 3 P. M. PLEASE REMEMBER  
 AND GET YOUR ORDER IN EARLY

**W. E. LUTZ**  
 Fresh and Salted  
**MEATS**



**GET YOU RLUMBER NOW!**

Europe will need great quantities of lumber  
 and other building materials as soon as perma-  
 nent arrangements are made.  
 They tore down for four years. It may  
 take longer to rebuild.  
 We try to have just what you want when you  
 want it.



**PANHANDLE LUMBER CO.**  
 OUR AIM—TO HELP IMPROVE THE PANHANDLE

Snow storms and water spouts  
 are expensive on railroads. The  
 Santa Fe from Pampa to Canadian is  
 possibly one of the very worst parts  
 of the Santa Fe line to receive dam-  
 ages under such conditions. The year  
 1918 possibly was the most expen-  
 sive the road has had on this short  
 piece of track.  
 How can a publisher get out a pa-  
 per that pleases the public when in  
 fact he never gets out an issue that  
 comes up to his own expectations?  
 Try as he will he always falls short of  
 the mark; no matter how high he  
 aims, or the good he intends, his cri-  
 tics find flaws and somebody's ten-  
 der spot is going to be touched. The  
 only way is to shoot and let the lead  
 hit where it will, if necessary use a  
 scatter gun, he'll have better success.  
 —Shattuck Monitor.

**Chamberlain's Tablets**  
 When you are troubled with indi-  
 gestion or constipation, take Cham-  
 berlain's Tablets. They strengthen  
 the stomach and enable it to perform  
 its functions naturally. Indigestion  
 is usually accompanied by constipa-  
 tion and is aggravated by it. Cham-  
 berlain's Tablets cause a gentle  
 movement of the bowels, relieving  
 the constipated condition.

**Results Will Straddle Miami**  
 People's eyes quick results  
 pure Lavoitk are wash. A right  
 veal, strained eyes was helped.  
 One application. Her mother  
 not saw eye wash because of eye  
 In one week her trouble was  
 small bottle of Lavoitk is  
 teed to her EVERY CASE  
 strained or inflamed eyes,  
 WASH strates with its gold  
 Aluminum eye cup free.  
 A. M. Jones Drug

There is one level that all beings  
 must come too. It matters not wheth-  
 er we have spent a life of usefulness  
 or uselessness; whether we have gain-  
 ed earthly riches or lived in poverty;  
 whether we have lived in fame  
 throughout the world, or spent our  
 lives in seclusion. The last resting  
 place of man, the burial robe and  
 casket places every man, on the level.  
 We may have lived a life, whose in-  
 fluence will continue to radiate good  
 blessings to all posterity, or we may  
 have left riches to relatives and friends  
 to be enjoyed, but from the  
 earthly standpoint, the rich, the great,  
 the learned, the unlearned, the poor  
 and ignorant are all upon the same  
 level at death. But there is another  
 life to be looked after. One may die  
 on this earth with all the glory and  
 riches the earth affords, and awake in  
 the next world poorer than the poorest  
 on this earth. While another  
 may die a pauper, hated and despised  
 by mankind, without friends, glory  
 or influence, and then awake in the  
 next world the richest among the  
 rising. "What does it profiteth a  
 man if he gains the whole world and  
 loses his own soul."

**TERMS ACCEPTED**

The terms that the American buying public demand is  
 quality and fair treatment. We accept those terms, and give  
 you both fair treatment and quality groceries. Our distination  
 to quality is groceries unexcelled, and by fair treatment we  
 mean to give you the very lowest possible price and courteous  
 treatment. Full line of staple and fancy groceries always on  
 hand when it can be purchased on the market.

**G. M. MOON**

**THE WISDOM OF WORK**  
 When a rabbit knows only one  
 hole, the fox gets him.  
 Independence is really the self-act-  
 ement of laws—self-resolved.  
 Change your job often enough and  
 you build a wall against success.  
 You can't provide a family with  
 loaves and fishes if you do nothing  
 but loaf and fish.  
 Failure usually finds a victim with  
 the excuse in his mouth of "I never  
 had a chance."  
 When you trust to "Luck" you're  
 more than just a letter better off  
 than the fellow who counts on "Luck"  
 The Grandfather of today's laborer  
 knew poverty. His father knew its  
 cause. He himself knows its remedy.  
 Oftentimes opportunities are  
 merely the results of hard preparation  
 not infrequently they are misconceived  
 obstacles.  
 There are two men who never get  
 anywhere—one's on the pole of self-  
 satisfaction, the other's in the hole  
 of self-depreciation.  
 Warwick James Price.

**WE FIX CRIPPLES.**  
 Horses, Automobiles, Wagons, Bug-  
 gies, Plows, in fact every thing you ride  
 in are work with. If your car is giving  
 you any trouble don't put it off, bring it  
 in and let us look it over we don't charge  
 to examine it for you. We have free air  
 in front.  
 Our Hobby is fixing Generators  
 Starter, Motors and Batteries. All work  
 is Gauranteed to give satisfaction both  
 Blacksmithing and automobile repair

**DUNIVEN BROTHERS**

**THE TELEPHONE  
 Speaks for Itself**

- ♦ Time-saver
- ♦ Errand-runner
- ♦ Letter-writer
- ♦ Efficient helper
- ♦ Protection of
- ♦ Home and business
- ♦ Order-bringer
- ♦ Night and day
- ♦ worker
- ♦ Easy way to travel

**MIAMI  
 COMPANY**  
 Kate Lard  
 Chief Operator

**K. HICKMAN**  
 DEALER IN  
 Lumber, Pipes, Casing  
**Hardware, Stoves,  
 and Tinware.**  
 "CANTON CLIPPER" FARM  
 IMPLEMENTS & MACHINERY.  
 Galvanized Tanks, Troughs, Metallic Well Curbing, etc., Made to Order  
 TIN SHOP IN CO SECTION. MIAMI - TEXAS

**THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE,**  
 DRUGS and MEDICINES, Toilet articles, Etc  
 —C. S. SEIBER, Prop—  
 JEWELRY, KODAKS AND SUPPLIES  
 Miami - - - Texas.

### General Merchandiseing

Is our line and we are endeavoring to live up to the expectation of the buying public.

A good line of drygoods, boots, shoes, gloves, hats, caps and dress goods, where we combine quality and price, giving you full value for every dollar spent.

Our Grocery Department is also well stocked with all the nice staples the market affords, and we solicit your grocery business assuring you that if you trade with us, you will always receive the very best at the lowest market prices.

## J. W. WELLS

#### FOR SALE

Two year old gelding. Grade. ten foot Star Geared windmill. Eight Star windmill tower. Steel eight horse power gas engine. One hundred and fifty feet of 3 1/2 in. pipe with a perforated screen. Good milk cow. Several Poland China pigs. Willing to sell all the time.

HARRY A. NELSON

\*\*\*\*\*  
S. D. PARK  
♦ The big loan man of Mobeetie ♦ is making land loans now at 8 ♦ per cent instead of nine which ♦ has been the regular rate ♦ SEE, PHONE OR WRITE HIM ♦ FOR LOANS  
\*\*\*\*\*  
BUY THRIFT STAMPS AND HELP WIN THE WAR.

### ARE YOU GOING TO BURY YOUR DEBTS WITH YOU?

We are living in an age of "Safety First." The "safety first" principal makes the same demand upon the individual as upon the institution, and the only way the individual can maintain a legal reserve guaranteeing the payments of his debts is by the use of legal reserve life insurance. Investigate.

The Missouri State Life Insurance Co.  
"All that's good in Life Insurance."

W. H. CRAIG, Agent.  
MIAMI, TEXAS.

### THE RED DEER GRAIN CO.

We carry a full line of feed.  
Bran, Shorts, Corn Chops, Maize and Kaffir Chops, Cake Hay and Salt.

### We Buy Second hand Sacks

### H. M. BARRETT

#### Licensed Auctioneers

Make sales anywhere and positively guarantee satisfaction. Years of experience in the business and we know we can please you. Our terms are always right, and if our service is not right, it costs you nothing. For dates address H. M. Barrett, Pampa, or the Miami Chief.

### PURSLEY'S

#### TRANSFER LINE

A liberal share of your work and hauling. All given careful and prompt

Miami, Texas

### Keep Yourself Up to Scratch

Fortify Your System Before it is Weakened by Ills

Don't wait until you are actually sick to take a laxative, you know "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." If you will just take LIV-VER-LAX regularly, it will keep you continually in the best possible shape, bright, energetic and happy. It is made of harmless vegetable matter, and by acting gently but effectively keeps the system clear of poisons and ready to perform its best work.  
LIV-VER-LAX is sold under an absolute guarantee to give satisfaction, or money will be returned. For sale in 50c and \$1 bottles at  
Central Drug Store.

Mrs. W. R. Ewing entertained a number of friends Tuesday evening with a dinner party, and is also entertaining again today with a dinner.

The W. D. Christopher family are preparing to move to town as soon as the weather will permit. They will occupy the Dr. Gunn residence near Mt. Moriah.

Mrs. Dan Kivlehen entertained a number of friends Friday evening of last week with a big six o'clock dinner, following which the guests participated in a very interesting "42" party. Mrs. Kivlehen had a most delicious dinner and those present were overwhelmed in expressing their appreciation of such a bounteous feast.

District Court will convene in Canadian Monday of next week.

County Court of Roberts County was in session first of this week.

Roberts County Commissioners will meet in regular session Monday of next week.

It was the Chief families pleasure to partake of the "Annual Holiday Turkey Dinner" at the J. A. Newman home. We couldn't half enumerate the many good things to eat that Mrs. Newman prepared. A big fine turkey with all the trimmings that we ever saw around a turkey, and all of it fixed so nicely that we sometimes wonder if there will be as many nice things to eat in the next world as there are in this. Mr. and Mrs. Newman are mighty good people, and we are glad to be numbered among their friends.

Mrs. Will Locke went to White Deer first of the week to spend a few days with relatives.

All woodwork on the new Red Deer bridge has been completed, and the dirt will start as soon as the ground is thawed enough to work.

Mrs. Will Carter is recovering this week from an attack of influenza and her daughters, Willie and Marie took it Monday.

Mrs. Travis Ivey came in last week from Nashville, Tenn., and she and children have the influenza.

Miss Virgie Richardson returned Monday from Okmulgee where she spent the holidays. She has resumed her position in the First State Bank.

Miss Blanche Matthews passed through town Monday to the Seiber neighborhood where she is teaching school. The school started Tuesday.

Dr. F. N. Reynolds has been spending the week in Miami, disposing of his furniture. F. N. States that they like Merkel quite well and that he has a good practice at that place.

Mrs. Reynolds is visiting at Lipscomb, and will return via Miami for a few days visit with friends before returning home.

Miss Ollie Cole of Pampa visited Miss Mattie Elliott last of last week. Mrs. Chas. Patton left Sunday for Topeka, Kansas to see her daughter, Miss Clara who is reported sick.

Miss Vergie Seitz who has been visiting Mrs. R. D. Duniven went to her home at White Deer Sunday.

Mrs. Emmett Coble left Sunday for her home at Clayton, N. Mexico to visit with her mother, Mrs. Ollie Dixon.

Norman Harris of Strong City, Oklahoma came in this week is visiting his brother, Clarence, and sister, Mrs. John Van.

The Chief Office acknowledges a very pleasant call from Mrs. G. M. Moon and Mrs. G. W. Wells Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. J. E. George has been in failing health the past few weeks and was taken to a sanitarium at Ft. Worth last night. Her son Willie and Fred Snyers accompanied her.

\*\*\*\*\*  
JOHNNIE WECKESSER'S  
TRANSFER LINE  
\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
YOUR WORK SOLICITED  
All work Promptly Done and  
SATISFACTION  
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GUARANTEED  
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Miami, Texas.

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DENTIST  
DR. R. C. BAIRD  
GENERAL PRACTICE  
Christopher Bldg. Phone 132  
Miami, Texas.  
\*\*\*\*\*

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\*\*\*\*\*  
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.  
Before using this preparation for a cough or cold you may wish to know what it has done for others. Mrs. Cook, Macon, Ill., writes, "I have found it gives the quickest relief of any cough remedy I have ever used."

Mrs. J. James A. Kott, Chillicothe Mo., says, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cannot be beat for coughs and colds." H. J. Moore, Oval, Pa., says "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on several occasions when I was suffering with a settled cold upon the chest and it has always brought about a cure."

## SOME BIG REDUCTIONS

OUR INVOICE LAST WEEK SHOWED THAT WE HAVE A MUCH LARGE STOCK ON SOME LINES THAN WE CARE TO CARRY, AND WE ARE GOING TO OFFER YOU THESE GOODS AT A BIG DISCOUNT. SEASONABLE ARTICLES THAT YOU NEED DURING THESE COLD DAYS, AND YOU CAN BUY THEM CHEAP NOW.

### 10 TO 20 PER CENT OFF

ALL MENS SWEATERS, WOOL SHIRTS, SUITS, OVERCOATS, MACKINAW AND CAPS, LADIES AND CHILDRENS KNIT CAPS, SWEATERS AND TOBOGGANS. YOU CAN'T BEAT THE QUALITY OF THESE ARTICLES AND THE PRICE IS A BIG SAVING.

### Big Discount On

OUR BIG LINE OF COTTON AND WOOL BLANKETS. ALL SIZES, COLORS, SHADES AND PRICES. HERE IS WHERE YOUR MONEY WILL COUNT MORE THAN YOU THINK AND GIVE YOU A REAL WARM BED THESE ZERO NIGHTS

## LOCKE BROS.

"The House of Quality"

FOR SALE.—Pure Mammoth Bronze turkeys. The Chief \$1.50 Per Year.  
Mrs. V. B. Christopher.

### CLEANING PRESSING ALTERING

Your clothes will make them last longer and look better. Let us have your clothes once a week and we will keep them looking better, under the very latest method of dry cleaning and sanitary steam pressing.

Work Called for and Delivered

THE TOGGERY  
Phone 77

LEE NEWMAN, Prop.

### Are You Prepared?

Are you prepared to keep comfortable during these Pan-handle "blizzard"? we have. If not, we can fix you up from top to bottom in clothes that won't let your feet and face freeze while out these crispy mornings.

Over shoes, over coats, sweaters, Mackinaws, heavy underwear, etc. Our quality can't be beat and the price is right. Anything in the Drygoods line, from a pair of the best shoes on the market up.

STYLES AND PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT

## W. E. STOCKER

FOR SALE.  
A few choice S. C. Red Cocksrels for sale \$2.50 to \$5.00 each for immediate delivery.

Mrs. H. A. Taley.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS. GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or get naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of California Syrup of Figs, and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative"; they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

The Cause. "I saw Jennie in a fit yesterday." "Good gracious, what caused it?" "Her effort to get into a skin-tight waist."

KIDNEY SUFFERERS HAVE FEELING OF SECURITY

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy. The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

Swamp-Root is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything. According to verified testimony it is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you will find it on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

A Slam. "What you don't know won't hurt you."

"You're immune from all injury then."

How's This?

We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 50c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Made It Practical.

"How did Jones get his start in life?" "He invented a sprinkler system from watching his fountain pen work."

Soothe Itching Skins

With Cuticura. Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry and apply the Ointment. This usually affords relief and points to speedy healing. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Film Fugitive.

"How are the films from the front lately?" "Mostly chase pictures."

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GIVE WORMS OUT OF YOUR CHILD'S SYSTEM for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion and act as a general strength-giving tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dipeel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take, 50c per bottle.

Half a loaf is better than the average railroad sandwich.

It sometimes happens that truth discourages a soft answer.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 60 cents at Druggists. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

FEED BONES OF SERBS TO DOGS

Cold-Blooded Butchery by Bulgarians Without Parallel in History.

LEADERS ARE SLAUGHTERED

Attempt to Exterminate National Spirit of Serbia by Killing Off All Thought Capable of Maintaining It.

WARD PRICE In the Chicago Tribune.

Vranja, Serbia.—Here is a story of cold-blooded butchery perhaps without equal even in this war. It is the tale of a deliberate, systematic effort by the Bulgarians extending over three months to exterminate the national spirit of Serbia by killing everyone in the parts of the country they occupied whom they thought capable of maintaining it.

I have gathered the facts from many different sources and the information and evidence establish Bulgarian guilt beyond all doubt.

After installing Bulgarian mayors, bishops, tax collectors and military police the Bulgarians arrested in every town and village all the men who belonged to what may be called the intellectual class. They chose parliamentary deputies, judges, teachers, lawyers, priests and employers of labor, formed them into gangs and marched them away.

3,000 Sent to Slaughter.

Men numbering at least 3,000 from the towns and villages of the Vranja region alone were taken in detachments of about fifty at a time to a place which the Bulgarians chose as their slaughter house, and there every night one party after another from December, 1915, to March, 1916, had their throats cut or were stabbed to death.

One village whose name the Bulgarians have made terrible is a small place called Surdulitza, 20 miles north of Vranja, near the Bulgarian frontier. I went there and saw the bones, the graves and surviving relatives of 2,500 victims of Bulgarian savagery who there met their end.

They were locked up in houses which I saw, and then at night marched down a gully tied four or five together with ropes, they were stabbed or bayoneted to death and buried where they lay by local gypsies collected for the work by the Bulgarians. Graves of hundreds of them were

ACTIVE IN WAR WORK



Lady Harcourt, who was formerly Miss Mary Ethel Burns of New York, daughter of Walter H. Burns, and whose mother was a sister of the late J. P. Morgan, is now an ardent worker in the St. John's Ambulance Voluntary aid.

GRAVES WELL MARKED

French Guard Last Resting Places of Yanks.

Americans Will Have No Difficulty in Finding Graves of Relatives.

Paris.—Americans will have no trouble in finding the graves of relatives who fell on the field of battle in France, after they obtain from the graves registry bureau the location of the interment.

The French are taking excellent care of the last resting places of Americans. Crosses with name plates have been erected over the burial places of every identified man that has fallen.

Usually the steel helmet of the man—and it generally has his name written on the hatband—has been placed on the grave, together with his bayonet, thrust into the earth as a sort of foot stone. Often his canteen

and some of them violated. The rest were tied up and left until two days later, when the Bulgars came back and completed their work of outrage.

Roasted Over Slow Fires. Last year at Yelashitsa and Krivafala innocent peasants were stripped naked, tied down to braziers and roasted over slow fires to make them confess that they possessed hidden arms.

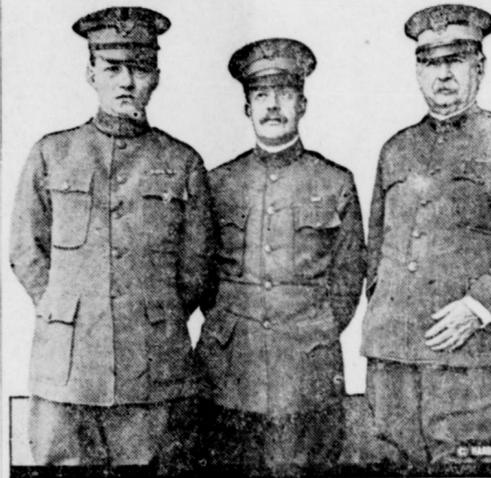
Lebane and Lesokvaty probably were the worst martyred towns of all. At the former place 20 persons were beaten literally to death.

What is to be done to punish this cynically planned and brutally executed policy of murder? The names of the Bulgarian officers directly responsible for these butcheries are known. The peasants of Vranja and Surdulitza utter them with the same dread as that with which men of the English west country must have spoken of Judge Jeffreys after the bloody assizes.

At Ushevtsa, a hamlet to the north of Vranja, 120 men, women and children—the entire population—were killed in one day.

At Vladichi all the women were col-

DISCOVERED A PNEUMONIA VACCINE



Four army officers, detailed by Secretary Baker, discovered and perfected a pneumonia vaccine which has been very successfully used in army camps during the present epidemic. It is a preventive, not a cure. In the picture, from left to right, are: Col. Dean C. Howard, E. F. Russell and V. C. Vaughn, Col. W. H. Welch was the fourth member of the board.

ARMY LOUSE ROUTED

American Army the Most Sanitary in the World.

Hot Baths and Clean Underwear Rid Them of Ills Common to Soldier.

Paris.—The American army in France is the most sanitary in the world. The discovery that the louse was the carrier of trench fever and that scabies—the seven-years' itch of Bible fame—and other skin diseases are conspicuously reduced by cleanliness led the army staff to take measures to rid the Yankee soldiers of these evils. It was decided that clean underclothes and frequent baths would make the Yank immune from many of the ills common to the soldier in France. General Pershing ordered that his army be equipped with efficient facilities to insure every man in the army a change of clothing and a bath at least once, and, if necessary, twice a week.

The soldiers, as they return from active duty, are received in squads. They disrobe and turn in their clothing. Then they spend half a minute under a hot shower, half a minute under a cold one, two minutes soaping their bodies and then another half a minute under a warm shower for rinsing. They emerge to receive clean underwear, socks and shirt and, if necessary, a clean uniform. The whole process takes 3 1/2 minutes plus time for dressing and undressing.

The underwear the men leave when entering goes to the laundry wagons. It goes through the washing and sterilizing process and is issued again, a day or two later, to other troops.

Lice, known as "cooties" in the soldier's vocabulary, have been common to all armies in the war, but serious efforts to exterminate them were not made until they were found to be germ

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DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

HATTIE, THE ELEPHANT.

"I'm the keeper's pet," said the elephant named Hattie.

But the children didn't know that Hattie was speaking to them as they stood about her cage.

"Hello, Hattie," called the keeper, who came in at that moment.

"Hello," called Hattie, in elephant tones.

"Well, how about some tricks today?" asked the keeper.

And all the children gathered around the keeper and said to him: "Will the elephant do some tricks today? Oh, won't that be fine! Oh, please ask the elephant to do some tricks, Mr. Keeper."

"Well, how about it, Hattie?" asked the keeper, going into Hattie's zoo home.

Hattie didn't answer, but made a tiny little noise, and taking her great trunk, knocked off the keeper's hat.

All the children laughed, and the keeper said: "I guess you feel like doing some tricks today, all right," said the keeper, as he put his hat on once more, and no sooner had he put it back on his head than with another swing of her trunk and a funny little

female lils.

The letters from women who have been restored to health by the Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which we are continually fishing attest to its virtue.

DON'T LET YOUR CALVES DIE

from Scours or Calf Cholera

DR. DAVID ROBERTS

As a Veterinarian

Consult Dr. Roberts

Heater Looks Like

Electrical Contrivance That

The latest development in

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Bensonhurst—Sure, she

THE MAKING OF A FAMOUS MEDICINE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is Prepared for Woman's Use.

A visit to the laboratory where successful remedy is made

even the casual looker-on with the ability, accuracy, skill and clean

which attends the making of this medicine for woman's use.

Over 350,000 pounds of various are used annually and all have gathered at the season of the year

their natural juices and medicinalstances are at their best.

The most successful solvents are used to extract the medicinal properties of these herbs.

Every utensil and tank that comes in contact with the medicine is cleaned and as a final precaution in cleaning the medicine is pasteurized and put in sterile bottles.

It is the wonderful combination of roots and herbs, together with skill and care used in its preparation which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

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# WHAT CAN WE DO?

Below will be found the answer to a question which has been so frequently asked in the caption above. It is a great pleasure to know from time to time just what is being accomplished by the American Red Cross.

The largest American Red Cross hospital farm in England is at Salford, Southampton, where a considerable part of the 150-acre estate is under cultivation.

One thousand wounded and convalescent American soldiers played hosts to King George, Queen Mary and Prince Edward at a big military hospital in Salford. Just outside London, recently the royal visitors inspected American Red Cross activities at the hospital. A good time was had by all.

Santa Claus, Christmas and the Red Cross roll call come but once a year. The roll call takes place during the week of December 16. Speak up—dig down—when your name is called.

One of Christopher J. Kringle's first acts on Christmas eve will be the American hospital in France. In every ward of every hospital he will find a Christmas tree and Red Cross workers waiting to help him fill soldier's socks.

The Belgian commission of the American Red Cross has established a fund known as the "Queen's Purse" for war victims. Queen Elizabeth of Belgium goes about to hospitals constantly supplying little extra comforts to patients. She has spent large sums of her own for this purpose, and in addition the American Red Cross provides a purse of \$5,000 for this purpose.

# The Persian Gulf



On the Shores of the Persian Gulf.

There is a bit of seashore of such vital importance to our world today that thitherward is directed the anxious gaze of all the leaders of the nations. It figures prominently as one of the questions involved in the great war, is the territory of an important campaign, and was, in fact, one of the prime factors in the causation of the war. It has been a region of high importance since the first morning of our civilization, rich alike in history and fable—probably the cradle of western culture, the playground of many empires gone (and perhaps of others yet to come), whose undulating sands and hills hold the ruins of six centuries. It is a haunt of traceful dreams and infinite fascination, a latitude which can lay most plausible claim to the consideration of all of us.

And yet, in our time of knowledge, these coast lands, famous for ages, are scarcely known—no more probably than they were to the curious Greeks of Herodotus' time or to the Chaldeans who studied the stars and the sea a dozen centuries earlier—assuredly no more than they were to the geographers of Bagdad or the merchants of Ispahan in the days of the good Haroun al Raschid, writes Proyer Buranelli in the New York World. The Persian gulf lies brooding with the ages. Around its ancient waters are set the luster-shorn crown jewels of Islam. It is a solitude of obscure wonders awaiting exploration.

The Persian gulf is a landlocked body of water of oblong shape lying between Arabia and Persia. It is about five hundred miles long by an average of two hundred miles wide, extending from northwest to southeast. Its outlet to the Indian ocean, the Straits of Ormuz, is less than three hundred miles from the outpost frontier of India, so that a power controlling the gulf, say by holding a fortress at the tip of the Pirate coast, the Arabian side of the narrow strait, would have an immediate sailing port for excursions against the empire of the east. Indeed, with proper railroad facilities in Asiatic Turkey, the Persian gulf becomes the logical route to India.

So it is not astonishing that when the heavy spectacles of German scholarship formed an alliance with kaiserlich mustaches the idea of the Northsea-to-Persian-gulf railroad cropped up immediately and showed extreme pertinacity. The center of equilibrium in the Orient lies in the control of the Persian gulf.

As in the Days of the Prophet. To one side is Persia, to the other Arabia; with crumpled Babylon looking down from the north. Where it falls setting for the romancer? Along the low, sandy and forbidding west shore lie the provinces of El Hasa and Oman, the latter with that precious territory known as the Pirate coast. Here the various touches of modern culture are perfectly unknown. The Arab holds forth much as he did when the prophet was raising the first ructions of the Islamic storm. And the Arab is a person of wide and deserved reputation. On this coast he is seen in his most characteristic guises—and also in roles, comparatively unknown to the outside world. Camels, sand storms and the desert are the usual settings for the burrowed follower of the prophet. But on the Persian gulf coast the Arab has become an expert sailor—and pirate. He follows both of these worthy avocations with all the guile traditional of his breed—and often it is guile quite fantastic to the occidental mind.

The coast has long been a refuge for outlawed characters from western Europe. They partake readily in the robberies and piracies of the natives, which in spite of English gunboats are exceedingly. Slave trading flourish running are lucrative professions, and the warriors of central Asia are enabled to make large amounts of trouble, thanks to the rifles placed in their hands by these hardy rascals of the gulf littoral.

All along the sandy waste lie treasuries of ruins. Travelers have described half-buried stone formations, the relics of man long before the early civilization of the region. There is a resemblance to the famous stone age work at Stonehenge and other remains

of prehistoric man in Europe. Southern Arabia holds the remains of what seems a very early and quite unknown civilization. Excavation may add a new and revolutionary page to the history of culture.

Large parts of Arabia have never been explored by the outsider, some not even by the Arabs themselves, it would seem. The natives will tell you that certain sections are impassable. Some of this may be taken with a trifle of reserve, for wily desert merchants have been known to spread horrifying reports as to the fatal characteristics of this section or that—that the very air is poisoned—thereby frightening away thieving traders from the right of way of well-laden caravans.

### Land of Romance and Ruin.

The Persian side shows a rugged beach formation with bristling cliffs and rocks. There lie Bushire and Basra—from this latter Sindbad, a historical character, sailed on his never-to-be-forgotten voyages. To the interior lie Shiraz and Ispahan, of poetical-romantic glory. It is a land as strange as Araby itself. Take the punishment of slaves. When a slave has misbehaved himself seriously enough he is punished by being freed and left to earn his own living, which virtually consigns him to a lingering death.

Across the Straits of Ormuz, opposite the tip of the Pirate coast, is the once great trading city of Ormuz, now a ruin, showing evidences of vanished magnificence. Western travelers who visited the city in the days of its splendor five hundred years ago used extravagant language in describing the wealth and luxury which prevailed there. But Ormuz after undergoing spectacular ups and downs finally decayed and fell into dust, and is now an object for the philosophic ruminations of the tourist, a cadaver for the dissecting picks and shovels of the archeologist.

There are few ports on this rough coast and the interior is harried by robbers and fractious tribesmen. There are sites and cities untouched by the ravages of tourists, although they have been drummed into the head of the western world by the great Persian poets in their latter-day occidental vogue.

At the narrow northern shore of the Persian gulf lies the ancient land of the Chaldeans. It is here that the storied rivers, the Euphrates and the Tigris, unite and flow into the gulf.

On the Tigris is Bagdad, the city of the Arabian Nights. The ruins of Babylon are near the Euphrates; the rivers run almost parallel. On every side, on the sands, or more often beneath them, are the decayed remnants of days which stir the imagination of the dullest. Persia, Chaldaea, Arabia—all clustered about the gulf—and the tourist found them not.

### HIS ALL-IMPORTANT QUESTION

Many Things Happened While Eager Young Man Waited Answer That Meant So Much to Him.

"I had asked her a question of the most importance and one which he warranted an immediate reply, seemed very calm and collected if much as an Indianapolis street conductor would collect a nickel and one cent for a transfer. He searched her face and found ag but a small brown mole near ad of her nose he knew that she answered his question. Something told him that she would, but, of course, he didn't know what. Slowly a hectic flush began to suffuse her cheeks. He didn't even know what hectic meant and, therefore, didn't appreciate one when it suffused. He would have recognized a straight flush in an instant.

"Must he bound her for a reply? Nope; decidedly nope. Must he ask her again? Nope—rather, that is to say, yep—or rather, yes ma'am.

"Well, what do you think of Germany's reply to Mr. Wilson?" he squiggled, alternating from one foot to the other until he had tried all two of them.

"I don't know, George," she rebounded, as she broke into the chorus of "Don't Feed the Hand That Bites You."—Indianapolis News.

# WRIGLEY'S

## All Now in Pink Wrappers

To save tin foil for Uncle Sam, WRIGLEY'S is now all wrapped in pink paper and hermetically sealed in wax:

1. The tangy flavor of mint
2. The luscious different flavor
3. The soothing flavor of peppermint



All in pink-end packages and all sealed air-tight. Be Sure to get WRIGLEY'S because

## The Flavor Lasts!

Puts a ... Stop to all Distemper CURES THE SICK

And prevents others having the disease no matter how exposed. Consumers may order direct from the manufacturers. Send remittance with your order. 60 cents and \$1.15 a bottle. \$5.50 and \$11.00 the dozen, delivered.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Mrs. Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Another Mrs. Blunderby. A sympathetic old lady on seeing a little go by remarked: "The poor lad; it must be cold with nothing on his limbs but those cotties."—Boston Transcript.

### TOO WEAK TO FIGHT

The "Come-back" man was really never down-and-out. His weakened condition because of overwork, lack of exercise, improper eating and living demands stimulation to satisfy the cry for a health-giving appetite and the refreshing sleep essential to strength. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules, the National Remedy of Holland, will do the work. They are wonderful. Three of these capsules each day will put a man on his feet before he knows it; whether his trouble comes from uric acid poisoning, the kidneys, gravel or stone in the bladder, stomach derangement or other ailments that befall the over-zealous American. The best known, most reliable remedy for these troubles is GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. This remedy has stood the test for more than 200 years since its discovery in the ancient laboratories in Holland. It acts directly and gives relief at once. Don't wait until you are entirely down-and-out, but take them today. Your druggist will gladly refund your money if they do not help you. Accept no substitutes. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box, three sizes. They are the pure, original, imported Haarlem Oil Capsules. Adv. 1001 1001 1001

Forgot to mail 'Em. Mr. Flatbush—I see by this paper that the United States government last year produced 9,773,424,000 postage stamps.

Mrs. Flatbush—It would be more interesting to me to learn of that number how many you forgot to use.

Love is success, love is happiness, love is life. "Love," said Browning, "is energy of life."

Plenty of exercise, fresh air, regular hours—are all the prescription you need to avoid influenza—unless through neglect or otherwise, a cold gets you. Then take—at once

### CASCARA QUININE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money backed at full. The genuine box has a Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

Cuticura Heals Itching Burning Skin Troubles

All Druggists, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50, Talcum 25. Sample of each free of "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For restoring color and beauty to gray or faded hair. Sold at \$1.00 all Druggists.

Send One Dime for The Heart of a Nation

REV. H. O. G. S. Publisher, 2575 Memphis St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Every Woman Wants Partine ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. See all Druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Partine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Irritating Coughs

Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and similar inflamed and irritated conditions of the throat with a tested remedy

# PISO'S

## MADE BY AN ARTIST IN FURS



This rich and graceful cape-coatee, with its muff to match, is one of those much-admired, two-in-one garments that are characteristic of this season's styles. Its designer chose Hudson seal and followed two converging paths to success, combining the free, easy lines of a cape with something of the snugness of a coat. His ingenuity was rewarded in a wrap more graceful than either of its inspirations. It is much more cozy than a cape or scarf, easily made equal to a coat for comfort. But on mild days or in the warm climates it is worn open at the front and hanging about the shoulders, as usually as either a cape or scarf.

When the wearer of this pretty garment adjusts it as a protection against the cold, the ingenuity of the furrier who made it reveals itself. The narrow scarf, attached to the neck, and passing through straps of fur at the wrist line, is slipped from under these straps and wrapped about the throat. And the front of the wrap fastened up to meet it, thereupon it is a warm mantle. The muff is melon-shaped, with slashed frills at the ends and every woman knows that it may actually keep the hands warm, or merely serve as a luxurious and elegant accessory to dress. Both the wrap and muff are distinctly up-to-date.

Hudson seal is a favorite with designers, but these artists in furs have distinguished themselves in other pelts.quirrel, dyed and natural, broadtail, magpie, mole and kolinsky are dividing honors with seal in coats, cootees, and in those combination wraps that have so captivated well dressed

women. While the shorter garments are having a great vogue the luxurious long coats, like flat scarfs and muffs, are always good style.

Julie Bottomley

Ribbon Workbag.

A good workbag for a Christmas gift can be made from two yards of Dresden ribbon six and one-half inches wide and one embroidery hoop. Cut two rounds of cardboard, the size of the hoop for the bottoms of the "double-decker" bag, pad with sheet cotton and cover with the ribbon. Divide the remaining ribbon in halves and seam up both pieces. Then sew one to a cardboard round and fasten at the top of the outside rim of the embroidery hoop. Make the top part of the bag in the same way, save that the cardboard bottom is to be sewed to the inside of the embroidery ring, which has been covered by the silk ribbon.

Dressup Frecks.

A charming and simple dinner gown may be made of black malines lace and black net over a foundation of white English embroidery. A frock of dark green charmeuse, if correctly made, with long, tight sleeves and a narrow, draped skirt, need have no trimming. A pale pink batiste frock should be trimmed with real flit lace and girdled with blue tinsel cloth, glistening with gold and silver threads.

# KEPT PLEDGE TO SEND BREAD

American Nation Maintained Allied Loaf Through Self-Denial at Home Table.

## AVERTED EUROPEAN DESPAIR.

With Military Demands Upon Ocean Shipping Relieved, World is Able to Return to Normal Wheat Flour in Terms of Wheat.

Since the advent of the latest wheat crop the only limitation upon American exports to Europe has been the shortage of shipping. Between July 1 and October 10 we shipped 65,980,305 bushels. If this rate should continue until the end of the fiscal year we will have furnished the Allies with more than 237,500,000 bushels of wheat and flour in terms of wheat.

The result of increased production and conservation efforts in the United States has been that with the cessation of hostilities we are able to return to a normal wheat diet. Supplies that have accumulated in Australia, Argentina and other hitherto inaccessible markets may be tapped by ships released from transport service, and European demand for American wheat probably will not exceed our normal surplus. There is hence enough available to have a white loaf at the common table.

But last year the tale was different. Only by the greatest possible saving and sacrifice were we able to keep a steady stream of wheat and flour moving across the sea. We found ourselves at the beginning of the harvest year with an unusually short crop. Even the most optimistic statisticians figured that we had a bare surplus of 20,000,000 bushels. And yet Europe was facing the probability of a bread famine—and in Europe bread is by far the most important article in the diet.

All of this surplus had left the country early in the fall. By the first of the year we had managed to ship a little more than 50,000,000 bushels by practicing the utmost economy at home—by wheatless days, wheatless meals, heavy substitution of other cereals and by sacrifice at almost every meal throughout the country.

In January the late Lord Rhonda, then British Food Controller, cabled that only if we sent an additional 75,000,000 bushels before July 1 could he take the responsibility of assuring his people that they would be fed.

The response of the American people was 85,000,000 bushels safely delivered overseas between January 1 and July 1. Out of a harvest which gave us only 20,000,000 bushels surplus we actually shipped 141,000,000 bushels.

Thus did America fulfill her pledge that the Allied bread ration could be maintained, and already the American people are demonstrating that, with an awakened war conscience, last year's figures will be bettered.

Our exports since we entered the war have justified a statement made by the Food Administration shortly after its inception, outlining the principles and policies that would govern the solution of this country's food problems. "The whole foundation of democracy," declared the Food Administration, "lies in the individual initiative of its people and their willingness to serve the interests of the nation with complete self-effacement in the time of emergency. Democracy can yield to discipline, and we can solve this food problem for our own people and for the Allies in this way. To have done so will have been a greater service than our immediate objective, for we have demonstrated the righteousness of our faith and our ability to defend ourselves without being Prussianized."

Sending to Europe 141,000,000 bushels of wheat from a surplus of apparently nothing was the outstanding exploit of the American food army in the critical year of the war.

## GREATEST OPPORTUNITY WOMEN EVER HAD.

It was given to the women of this country to perform the greatest service in the winning of the war vouchsafed to any women in the history of the wars of the world—to feed the warriors and the war sufferers. By the arts of peace, the practice of simple, homely virtues the womanhood of a whole nation served humanity in its profoundest struggle for peace and freedom.

First Call to Food Army. This co-operation and service I ask of all in full confidence that America will render more for flag and freedom than king or ridden people surrender at compulsion—Herbert Hoover, August 10, 1917.

A year ago voluntary food control was a daring venture in democracy; during the year an established proof of democratic efficiency.

# MUST INCREASE FOOD EXPORTS

America Called on by End of War to Supply Added Millions.

## ECONOMY STILL NEEDED.

Over Three Times Pre-War Shipments Required—Situation in Wheat and Fats Proves Government's Policy Sound.

With the guns in Europe silenced, we have now to consider a new world food situation. But there can be no hope that the volume of our exports can be lightened to the slightest degree with the cessation of hostilities. Millions of people liberated from the Prussian yoke are now depending upon us for the food which will keep them from starvation.

With food the United States made it possible for the forces of democracy to hold out to victory. To insure democracy in the world, we must continue to live simply in order that we may supply these liberated nations of Europe with food. Hunger among a people inevitably breeds anarchy. American food must complete the work of making the world safe for democracy.

Last year we sent 11,820,000 tons of food to Europe. For the present year, with only the European Allies to feed, we had originally pledged ourselves to a program that would have increased our exports to 17,500,000 tons. Now, to feed the liberated nations, we will have to export a total of not less than 20,000,000 tons—practically the limit of loading capacity at our ports. Reviewing the world food situation, we find that some foods will be obtainable in quantities sufficient to meet all world needs under a regime of economical consumption. On the other hand, there will be marked world shortages in some important commodities.

### Return to Normal Bread Loaf.

With the enlarged wheat crops which American farmers have grown, and the supplies of Australia, the Argentine and other markets now accessible to shipping, there are bread grains enough to enable the nations to return to their normal wheat loaf, provided we continue to mill flour at a high percentage of extraction and maintain economy in eating and the avoidance of waste.

In fats there will be a heavy shortage—about 3,000,000,000 pounds—in pork products, dairy products and vegetable oils. While there will be a shortage of about three million tons in rich protein feeds for dairy animals, there will be sufficient supplies of other feedstuffs to allow economical consumption.

In the matter of beef, the world's supplies are limited to the capacity of the available refrigerating ships. The supplies of beef in Australia, the Argentine and the United States are sufficient to load these ships. There will be a shortage in the importing countries, but we cannot hope to expand exports materially for the next months in view of the bottle neck in transportation.

We will have a sufficient supply of sugar to allow normal consumption in this country if the other nations retain their present short rations or increase them only slightly. For the countries of Europe, however, to increase their present rations to the normal extent will necessitate our sharing a part of our own supplies with them.

### Twenty Million Tons of Food.

Of the world total, North America will furnish more than 90 per cent. The United States, including the West Indies, will be called upon to furnish 20,000,000 tons of food of all kinds as compared with our pre-war exports of about 6,000,000 tons.

While we will be able to change our program in many respects, even a casual survey of the world supplies in comparison to world demands shows conclusively that Europe will know famine unless the American people bring their home consumption down to the barest minimum that will maintain health and strength.

There are conditions of famine in Europe that will be beyond our power to remedy. There are 40,000,000 people in North Russia whom there is small chance of reaching with food this winter. Their transportation is demoralized in complete anarchy, and shortly many of their ports will be frozen, even if internal transport could be realized.

To Preserve Civilization. At this moment Germany has not alone sucked the food and animals from all those masses of people she has dominated and left starving, but she has left behind her a total wreckage of social institutions, and this mass of people is now confronted with absolute anarchy.

If we value our own safety and the social organization of the world, if we value the preservation of civilization itself, we cannot permit growth of this cancer in the world's vitals.

Famine is the mother of anarchy. From the inability of governments to secure food for their people grows revolution and chaos. From an ability to supply their people grows stability of government and the defeat of anarchy. Did we put it on no higher plane than our interests in the protection of our institutions, we must bestir ourselves in solution of this problem.

### WINDMILL REPAIR TIME.

This is a good time to give us your order for those needed windmill repairs. We can get you anything you need from the heavy tower timber on up. Don't let the old mill break down before ordering.

Panhandle Lumber Co.

### OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION

OF THE FIRST STATE BANK OF MIAMI, Texas, at Miami State of Texas, at the close of business on the 31, day of Dec. 1918 published in the Chief a newspaper printed and published at Miami, State of Texas, on the 9th day of Jan., 1919.

#### RESOURCES

Loans and discounts, personal or collateral	\$164,941.71
Loans, real estate	\$4,069.05
Overdrafts	0000
Bonds and Stocks	\$4,400.00
Real estate (banking house)	0000
Other Real Estate	0690
Furniture and Fixtures	\$2,500.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, net	\$35,905.82
Due from other Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net	0000
Cash Items	\$2,683.40
Currency	\$8,413.00
Specie	\$2,371.84
Interest and Assessment Depositor's Quanty Fund	\$3,669.43
Other Resources, Item in transit	\$4.00
Total	\$228,058.45

#### LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus Fund	\$7,900.00
Undivided Profits, net	\$19,738.07
Due to Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net	0000
Individual Deposits, subject to check	\$142,910.61
Time Certificates of Deposit	\$31,692.69
Demand Certificates of Deposit	0000
Cashier's Checks	\$817.08
Bills Payable and Rediscounts	000
Certificates of Deposits, issued for money borrowed	0000
Other liabilities	000
Total	\$228,058.45

### STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF ROBERTS.  
We, B. F. Talley, President, and H. E. Baird, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

B. F. Talley, President  
H. E. Baird, Cashier  
Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 8th day of January A. D. 1919

H. A. Talley,  
Notary public Roberts county, Texas.  
CORRECT—ATTEST

J. L. Seiber.  
W. L. Mathers.  
J. R. Henry.

My big extra fine Registered Poland and China male hog will make the fall season at my place.  
John Cunningham.

NOTICE We do not carry anybody over thirty days on account. Please pay your blacksmith bill on the first of every month.  
Duniven Bros.

FOR SALE. Two sixty gallon steel oil drums, both have faucets. Cheap for cash. W. H. Craig.

### MIAMI-WHEELER MAIL LINE.

Via Mobeetie  
Schedule Except Sunday.  
Leaves Miami 7:30 a. m.  
Arrives Mobeetie 9:30 a. m.  
Arrive Wheeler 11:30 a. m.  
Leave Wheeler 1: p. m.  
Arrive Mobeetie 2: p. m.  
Arrive Miami 5: p. m.  
Carry Passengers and Packages.  
Make connection with the Daily mail line from Canadian.  
J. R. Crocker, Carrier.

### MODERN CEMETARY MEMORIALS

I represent a good Panhandle Monument Co. and have many designs from which to make selections. Will be pleased to show you my line of memorials at any time.  
J. T. Cantrell, Miami, Texas.

### THE AMERICAN CREED.

I believe in the United States of America as a Government of the people, by the people, for the people, whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a Republic; a sovereign Nation of many States; a perfect Union, one and inseparable; established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice, and humanity for which American Patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes.

I therefore believe it my duty to my country to love it, to support its Constitution, to obey its laws, to respect its flag, and to defend it against all enemies.  
WILLIAM TYLER PAGE.

### Womens Missionary Auxillary

met at the home of Mrs. B. F. Jackson Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock with 9 old members and one new member present. Mrs. Jackson conducted the meeting in her usual interesting and effective way. The business of the Auxillary since our last meeting Oct. 9, was attended to and our lessons in the new study books. Women workers of the Orient and John, the greatest book in the world were assigned. These studies are both interesting and helpful. All members of these classes are urged to be one hand at the time appointed for these lessons. We will have the Mission study on the 3rd Wednesday in each month. We will meet at Mrs. Jackson's at 3 o'clock through the cold weather. Our new year work is just beginning lets all get into it for good work. All members are urged to be present at each meeting and show our appreciation for being out again and for having the opportunity of meeting again. At the meeting of next Wednesday Jan. 15th New Officers will be elected and all members are urged to be present and partake in this election. P. R.

### CITY TAX NOTICE.

The City Tax books will be open and ready to receive payment of your taxes Monday of next week. The books will be at the U. S. Strader Elevator, in care of W. S. Martin.

### C. H. Wilson, Tax Collector.

### R. R. TIME TABLE

#### PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

#### STANDARD MOUNTAIN TIME

#### WEST BOUND

No. 117 ----- 6:03 p. m.

No. 113 ----- 3:45 a. m.

#### EAST BOUND.

No. 118 ----- 1:24 p. m.

No. 114 ----- 7:58 p. m.

#### HYDEN'S

Optometrist & Manufacturing Opticians

618 Polk St. Amarillo, Texas.

Eyes tested and glasses made in our own shop. Any lens duplicated from the pieces.

(Dr. J. M. Hyden)

# RED PEP'S PHILOSOPHY



"The Eagle stamped on the dollar is the most migratory of birds."

Mother hog does not pay much attention to her litter. Trampling, poor shelter and filth causes the loss of too many pigs. The hog-house should be built facing the south, so that the windows give direct sunlight on floors and proper ventilation. Provide sanitary surroundings which heads off swine plagues and increases profits from hogs. We have some material in stock which will suit this work. We can help you plan and figure out the details to fit your needs, hog houses are as necessary in Cold weather. Build it now.



WHITE HOUSE LUMBER CO.  
J. W. VOYLES, Local Mgr.  
WE HANDLE LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING AND POSTS



## NOTICE

### SCHOOL PATRONS.

I have a nice line of school supplies Fountain pens, pencils, tablets, ink etc. I handle a high grade of goods and my prices are absolutely right. I will ask parents to make satisfactory arrangements before sending your children to have school supplies charged. My terms are cash. Yours respectfully,

A. M. Jones Drug Co.  
THE CAREFUL DRUGGIST

## MY COUNTRY.

Your country is all that surrounds you all that has reared, nourished you, everything that you loved. That land you see, those houses, those trees, those smiling girls that pass, that is your country. The laws that protect you, the bread which rewards your toil, the words you exchange, the joy and the sadness which comes to you from men and things amid which you live, that is your country! The little chamber where you once saw your mother, the recollections she has left you, the earth where she reposes, that is your country. You see it, and you breathe it everywhere! I imagine, my son, your rights and your duties, your affections and your needs, your recollections and your gratitude, all united under one name, and that name will I be "MY COUNTRY."—Emil Souvestre.

# HUNGER DRAWS THE MAP



A food map of Europe today shows not a single country in which the future does not hold threat of serious difficulties and only a small part which is not rapidly approaching the famine point. With the exception of the Ukraine only those countries which have maintained marine commerce have sufficient food supplies to meet actual needs until next harvest, and even in the Ukraine, with stores accumulated on the farms, there is famine in the large centers of population.

Belgium and northern France, as well as Serbia, appear on the hunger map distinct from the rest of Europe because they stand in a different relation from the other nations to the people of the United States. America has for four years maintained the small war rations of Belgium and northern France and is already making special efforts to care for their increased after-the-war needs, which, with those of Serbia, must be included in this plan, are urgent in the extreme and who must have immediate relief.

The gratitude of the Belgian nation for the help America has extended to her during the war constitutes the strongest appeal for us to continue our work there. The moment the German armies withdrew from her soil and she was established once more in her own

seat of government the little nation's first thought was to express her gratitude to the Commission for Relief in Belgium for preserving the lives of millions of her citizens.

Germany, on the other hand, need not figure in such a map for American because there is no present indication that we shall be called on at all to take thought for the food needs of Germany. Germany probably can care for her own food problem if she is given access to shipping and is enabled to distribute food to the cities with dense populations, which are the trouble centers.

England, France, the Netherlands and Portugal, all of which have been maintained from American supplies, have sufficient food to meet immediate needs, but their future presents serious difficulties. The same is true of Italy—Norway, Sweden and Denmark—whose ports have been open and who have been able to draw to some degree upon foreign supplies.

Most of Russia is already in the throes of famine, and 40,000,000 people there are beyond the possibility of help. Before another spring thousands of them inevitably must die. This applies as well to Poland and practically throughout the Baltic re-

gions, with conditions most serious in Finland. Bohemia, Serbia, Roumania and Montenegro have already reached the famine point and are suffering a heavy toll of death. The Armenian population is falling each week as hunger takes its toll, and in Greece, Albania and Roumania so serious are the food shortages that famine is near. Although starvation is not yet imminent, Italy, Switzerland, Bulgaria and Turkey are in the throes of serious stringencies.

In order to fulfill America's pledge in world relief we will have to export every ton of food which can be handled through our ports. This means at the very least a minimum of 20,000,000 tons compared with 6,000,000 tons pre-war exports and 11,820,000 tons exported last year, when we were bound by the ties of war to the European allies.

If we fail to lighten the black spots on the hunger map or if we allow our portions to become darker and if peace for which we fought and bled will be threatened, Revolt and anarchy inevitably follow famine. Should it happen we will see in other parts Europe a repetition of the Russian bacle and our fight for world peace will have been in vain.