

The Miami Chief.

1. 20

MIAMI, Roberts County, TEXAS, Thursday,

Nov. 21, 1918.

No. 17.

Program last Sunday Night.

The program was rendered at the Baptist Church to a large audience. Following the proclamation of the Mayor, many gathered Sunday for the program of thankfulness for the armistice.

The program was presided over by Dyer who made a few remarks, followed by short talks by J. R. Durrett, Prof. Clay, Rev. Whatley, J. K. Rev. Hicks, Rev. Pennington, Rev. Pitts. Some special songs were sung by the choir and apparently enjoyed the program.

Members of the Roberts County boys who had very near in this county was read, contained as much information as a committee were able to read as follows.

the Fallen. Thomas Bacon died of pneumonia at Camp Bowie, September, 1917. He was attached to the 141st Infantry. He was 32 years old when he crossed the great divide at the age of 15 in the American War. After this war he spent 8 months in the Philippine Islands. He was married to Mrs. J. F. Johnston.

General Henry Worthington died of pneumonia in France, August 8, 1918. He belonged to the 10th Hospital, Seventh Unit. He was 30 years old when he left a wife, Mrs. Worthington, of Miami. He was born in Mobeetie, Texas, and lived at Gillette, Wyoming. He was a place enlisted to fight in the native land.

Sam Carroll Porter died of pneumonia in France, Sept. 21st, 1918. He was a veterinary surgeon and served in the American Expeditionary Force. He was 30 years old when he died. He was married to Mrs. A. M. Jones. He was born in Miami, Florida, and lived in Miami, Florida.

Leus Lemon Pulaski died of pneumonia in France, Sept. 22nd, 1918. He belonged to Headquarters 41st Field Artillery. He was born in Henrietta, Texas, and lived in Miami, Florida. He was married to Mrs. N. F. Jones. He was a place enlisted to fight in the native land.

Sam Sanford McDonald, which we have known for some time, died of pneumonia in France, Oct. 21, 1918. He was 23 years old when he died. He was married to Mrs. C. R. Jones. He was born in Miami, Florida, and lived in Miami, Florida.

There is a few more Refuged garments that can be made in the homes. We are anxious to send them in by the 1st of December. If you can help with this sewing please call Mrs. A. M. Jones, Supervisor of Refuged work.

Xmas Parcels Labels are in and are being distributed as fast as people call for them. They can be had at Post Office or at the Pitts residence.

The War Work campaign closed last night and the county raised a total of \$1375.00. This is a big over subscription, but like a little being the 50 per cent over subscription desired. Our quota was 1000, and headquarters ask for an over subscription of 50 per cent.

Chairman Pitts made his final report this morning, but has yet to hear from the district north of the river, and he is expecting a good collection from that district. Should it come he will report it as an additional subscription to the fund.

Clarence Finch.

Christmas Parcels Information

NO. 8.
November 15, 1918.
To All The Chapters:

ATTENTION: Christmas Parcels Committee.

1. General Letter No. 259 sent you under date of November 5th is hereby designated as Christmas parcels Letter No. 7, and will be referred to hereafter.

2. The final for mailing Christmas parcels for soldiers and War workers overseas has been extended from November 20th to November 30th.

3. In order to relieve the distress that has occasioned by the slow arrival of Christmas Parcel labels from abroad, and the fear that they would not come at all, the War Department has arranged to supply the American Red Cross with labels which the Red Cross in turn will issue to the public under the following conditions and restrictions.

(a) Persons of Roberts County who have received no Christmas parcel label from abroad, should apply to Chairman Red Cross, and in the presence of an authorized representative of the Red Cross should make the following statement in writing: "The undersigned hereby makes application to forward to _____ (insert name of recipient,) whose address is _____ (insert military units to which recipient belongs) of the American Expeditionary Forces, one Christmas parcel label. The undersigned hereby declares that he, or she, is the nearest living relative in the United States of the person for whom the Christmas Parcel is intended. The undersigned further declares that he, or she, has not received a label from abroad, and that should such label be subsequently received, it will not be used. The undersigned further declares that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief only one Christmas Parcel will be sent from America to the proposed recipient, and that this parcel will be sent by the undersigned."

(b) This application when executed and signed by the applicant and approved by a representative of the Red Cross, will entitle the applicant to one Christmas parcel label and one pasteboard carton, both of which a representative of the Red Cross will give to the applicant in person; provided, however, that the applicant in the presence of the representative of the Red Cross so acting, shall address the Christmas parcel label in conformity with the address of the recipient of the box shown in the application.

(c) The application duly executed and signed by the applicant shall be filed in a safe place by the Red Cross. A strict accounting of these applications must be at all times maintained, so that when the Red Cross is called upon for a report of the actual number of applications handled and labels issued, it will be readily forthcoming.

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY

City Ordinance passed 2 years ago provides a penalty or fine of from \$25 to \$100 for persons affected with certain contagious disease on their failure to report same. This ordinance will be rigidly enforced. All persons affected with influenza must report same at once.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Angela, California. The deceased leaves a wife, grandfather and grandmother, and two sisters and his father, who lives at Vernon, Texas.

Clarence Finch.

Some New Food Rules

It is now permissible for a family to purchase a months supply of sugar at one time, and the two pound rule has been increased to three pounds per person per month. After December or January, this amount will be increased to four pounds each per month.

On flour, the substitute rules have been rescinded. One may now purchase a thirty days supply of flour without purchasing any substitutes.

This does not mean, however, that conservation is to stop. We must all save every bit of food possible. World conservation week will be held the first week in December. As a preliminary to this, a meeting of all county and district Administrators, and one leading lady from each county will meet in Houston Monday of next week to lay plans and receive messages from Mr. Hoover. These and other exercises will be held during conservation week.

Flu Takes New Start.

Just when we thought we were about through with the influenza it jarred loose and scattered worse than ever before.

We have this morning sixteen cases in town and a few in the country.

Dock Pursley came last week from Kansas City and was the first new case reported, and it is now in the Frank Pursley home, W. H. Dials, Chisum, Philpotts, and W. W. Davis homes. All of these cases are reported to be getting along nicely and the disease now is not so bad as at first.

School was opened Monday morning and closed Monday evening because it was thought that possibly one of the children attending had fever, but if so, it has scattered very little up to this morning.

Just when the school and public gatherings will be permitted again depends upon how bad the Flu scatters this week. It seems probable that school might open again Monday, but there is nothing definite about the matter.

HUH-UH, NOT ME

CO'SE, Ah ain't sayin' Ah won't do
Des what ma country wants me to,
But day's one job dat Ah fo'see
Ain't gwine to 'tach itself to me—
Huh-uh, not me.

Dat's dis heah airplane stuff—no boss,
Ah'll pack some othah kin' ob cross
Lak' drive a mule, or tote a gun,
But Ah ain't flirin' wif de sun—
Huh-uh, not me.

If Ah mus' do a loop de loop,
Let mine be roun' o bowl ob soup;
'Tain't gwine to be up whah de crows
Kin say Ah's troumpin' on deh toes—
Huh-uh not me.

If sho look sweet, Ah don't deny,
To be a-oozin roun' de sky,
But dat's fo' folks dat's in de mood
To pass up love an' gin an' food—
Huh-uh, not me.

Down heah Ah firs' saw light ob day;
Down heah am whah Ah's gwine t' stay;
Folks, Ah don't keer to hab me feet
Get too blamed proud to walk de street—
Huh-uh, not me.

So, Ah'll das wait till Garbr'el brings
Dem good ole-fashioned angel wings,
Den as Ah pass de airplanes by,
In pity, Ah'll look down and sigh:
"Huh-uh not me."

RED CROSS COLUMN

RED CROSS ELECTION.
Out of a membership of nearly 1200, there were 35 persons who came to vote on the new Executive Committee which was elected as follows:

C. E. Pitts.
Mrs. W. A. Dyer.
Miss Myrtle Severtson.
J. K. McKenzie.
Mrs. J. D. Lard.
E. G. Pennington.
J. H. Hicks.

At the earliest possible time the new committee will be called together to perfect its organization.
Mrs. W. R. Ewing, Sec.

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WAR WORK CAMPAIGN CLOSES.
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Clarence Finch.

Whatley receives Sad News

Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Whatley received the very sad message last week of the death of their grandson, C. S. McDonald, who died on October 21st in France. He has been in the service of the country since last June, going from California. He was 29 years old and a brother to Mrs. Ed Lard. The deceased has many friends in Miami, having lived here several years and was reared by Mr. and Mrs. Whatley.

FLUE CLAIMS A CITIZEN.

E. O. Hill, a farmer living in the Green Lake community died Monday at noon after an attack of the influenza and complications. He leaves a wife and six children, all of whom have had the influenza, but are reported improving at present. The Hill family moved to Roberts county about eighteen months ago from Erick, Oklahoma and purchased a piece of land from Frank Pursley. He was 33 years old, and the first death in our county from influenza.

The remains were shipped to Erick, Oklahoma for interment, at which place his father and mother live. They both came up and returned with the body.

If you need any kind of carpenter work done, see or phone C. G. Frame.

WE HAVE FOR SALE, a complete set of household articles, such as beds, dressers, chairs, stoves, etc. Will sell in pieces or in bulk. This belongs to C. M. Hockett and is left my charge for sale.
Clarence Finch.

Buying the Whole Bill of Groceries

at the same place is always the best way. And it is the way people buy groceries at our store. And the quality and the prices are what keeps them coming back. Try us and we will prove to you that we save you money on every bill. We want your produce all the time and always pay the highest market price.

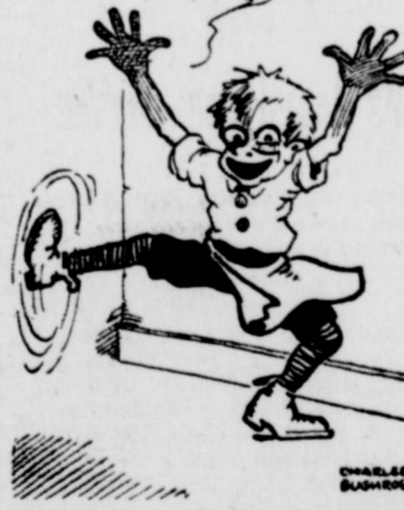
LET US BE YOUR GROCER

MIAMI PRODUCE CO.

J. H. DIAL, PROP.

MICKIE SAYS

WHEN YOU'VE SENT OUT A BUNCH O' STATEMENTS TO DISTANT SUBSCRIBERS AND YOU GIT T' WONDERIN' IF THEY'LL PAY ANY ATTENTION TO THEM AT ALL, 'N THEN TWO OR THREE DAYS LATER YOU BEGIN T' GIT A LOTTA FRIENDLY LETTERS WITH CHECKS 'N DRAFTS IN 'EM, OH, BOY! AIN'T IT A GRAND AND GLORIOUS FEELIN'!!!



RED PEP'S PHILOSOPHY



"An apple a day keeps the doctor away. An onion a day keeps everybody away."

A ton of feed fed in the shed "Rounds" an animal out better than a ton and a half fed in the open. The snow and wind cuts off the fat and scatters feed. Do not let your cattle eat their heads off. Build feeding sheds and be in shape to hold until they are ready, then "Top" the market, use rough lumber, but no cheap lumber. We can furnish sound material for this work at low prices, also give you special figures and plans for the building to suit your particular requirements. Be prepared for winter, build it this fall.



J. W. VOYLES, Local Mgr.
WE HANDLE LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING AND POSTS

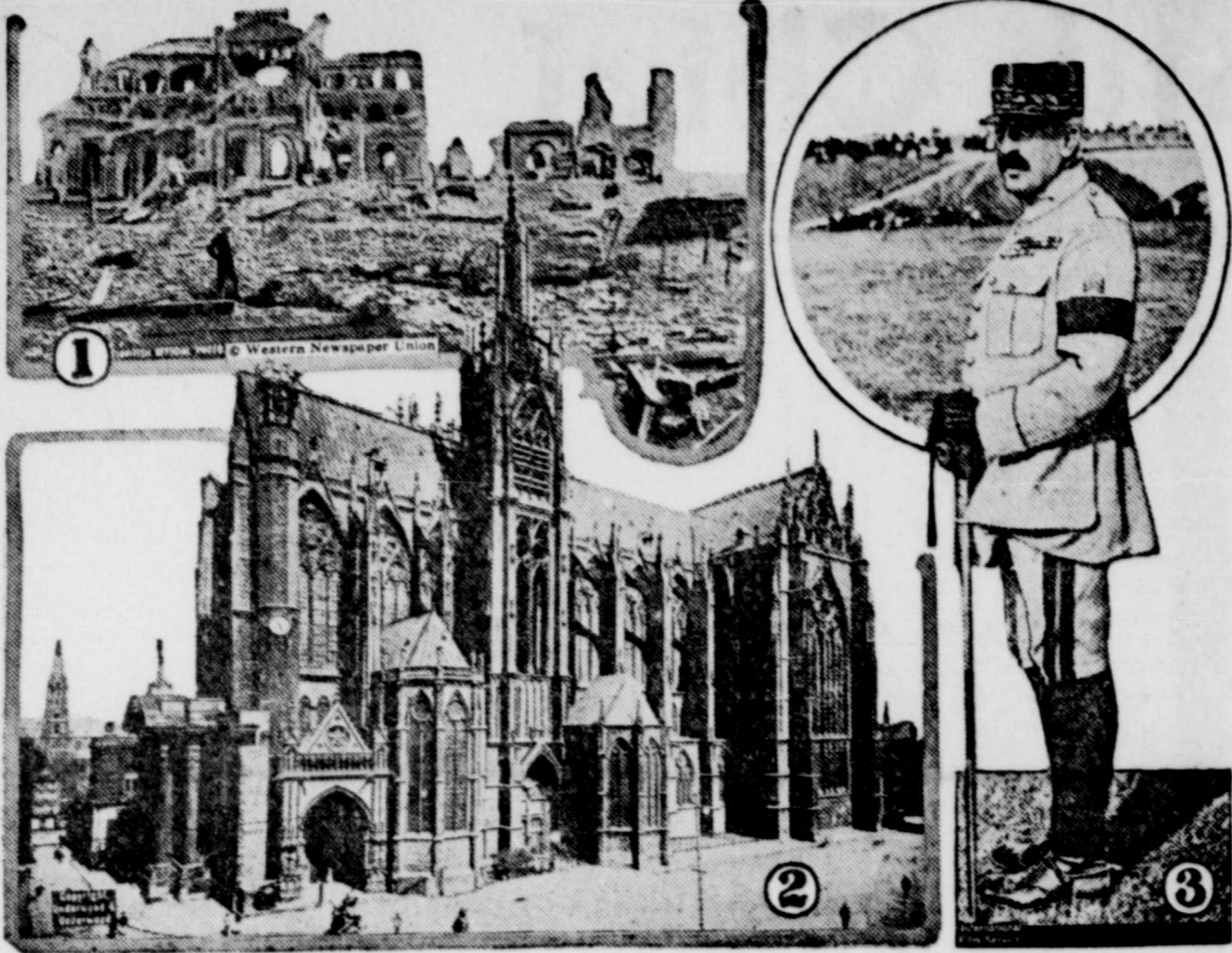
FOR SALE.
50 young stock cattle, must sell. 5 miles north east Washburn. 24p. R. A. Dowlen, Panhandle Texas, Route 1.

AVOID THE SPENDING DEMON

AVOID THE SPENDING DEMON ONCE HE GETS YOU IN HIS GRIP YOU ARE LOST TO PROSPERITY. THE ONLY WAY TO AVOID SPENDING YOUR MONEY IS TO PUT IT WHERE YOU CANNOT GET AT IT READILY. THE ONLY ABSOLUTELY SAFE PLACE TO PUT IT IS THE BANK. PUT YOUR MONEY IN OUR BANK AND AVOID THE SPENDING DEMON.

THE BANK OF MIAMI

(unincorporated)
Roberts County Depository



1—Ruins of the beautiful cathedral of Albert as the Germans left it, and, 2, in sharp contrast, the cathedral of Metz which the Americans are striving to save in their bombardment of that city. 3—Gen. Jules Janin, now on his way from America to Siberia to take command of the Czecho-Slovak forces there.

BARROOM IS NOW USED BY Y. M. C. A.

French Town's Most Popular Drink Emporium Is Bought at Auction.

SODA INSTEAD OF ABSINTHE

American Girl in Sky Blue Uniform Attends to the Wants of the Thirsty Soldiers and Sailors.

By ROY DURSTINE. Paris.—In the very heart of a French port town, where traffic is thickest, there stood a barroom. It was just at the point where a sailor's or soldier's thirst was greatest as he trudged up the hill. It did a rattling good business, such a good business that the authorities kept a special eye on it. Whenever a military policeman had nothing better to do, he would stroll up to this bar to see how many men were draped over it. Accordingly, its trade languished, for there are more desirable things to do than to be a consistent drinker in the most conspicuous place in town. Before long the madame found that her business had fallen on evil ways. Her success had been so great that it had failed!

Bids for Y. M. C. A. A public sale was announced—a sale of all the, oh, so beautiful fixtures. Without thought of price, everything would go beneath the hammer of the auctioneer. Everyone in town knew of it. And when you say "everyone," you include Arthur S. Taylor, who used to be a newspaper man in Philadelphia, and who is now the head of the Y. M. C. A. in the district of the port town. So he went to the sale. And when the bidding fell off, and the madame

WEARING "FLU" MASK



Chicago street sweeper wearing an influenza mask, by order of the health department.

wrung her hands because the price was so low, then up stepped Mr. Taylor, and bought all the fixtures for the Y. M. C. A. After that he dickered with the landlord, and came to an agreement which permitted him to leave the fixtures where they were, to leave the bar where it was—but to change what passed across the bar. That was only a little while ago. But today, as you mount the hill of the town, as you see the doors of the bar stretching out their invitation to bring in your thirst and have it quenched, you will see a strange thing. Over the door you will see in large letters the words:

The Red Triangle. Inside, behind the bar, you will see an American girl in the sky blue uniform of the canteen worker. And you will see sailors and soldiers leaning their elbows on the shining mahogany and hear them say things like: "Give us a chocolate milk-shake." "Make mine pineapple." "How's the Y. M. special today?" "Package of cookies and two strawberry sodas." "Think of it! Sodas, in France! And yet this is only one of three places in

YANKS DIE WITH FACES TO THE FOE

Valiant Spirit of Fallen Men Is Typified in Attitudes of the Dead.

TROOPS EAGER FOR BATTLE

Ever Crouching Forward With Their Faces Toward Germany, Impatient to Make World Safe for Humanity.

Paris.—Chaplains of two Yankee regiments that stormed the slope above the Ourcq river came wearily back at sundown from the task of burying their dead. They were two men spiritually uplifted and their eyes were shining as they made their brief but eloquent report. "In all that battlefield," they said, "we found, without a single exception, that every one of those boys died crouching forward."

That short dramatic story—a patriotic eulogy that was an epitaph for American heroes—came first under my eye when, after a three weeks' journey of 4,000 miles, I reached Paris.

Faces Ever Eastward. Stories of the valiant American spirit are old. Yet the proud words of the chaplains were tremendously impressive. They interpreted the spirit of America on the fighting line in the same terms as I had seen it among the fresh troops in the convoy across the Atlantic, in England, in the French port and in the trip across France—troops yet to face the Hun. Thousands were in that convoy. And their faces were ever toward Germany. They were grim faces of serious-minded, silent men during the tedious ocean trip—silent, strangely, until actually on French soil.

Then they underwent a change. The curtains of solemnity seemed to lift. The frown of impatience at delay was gone and, in contrast to the silence in which they had received the homage of British crowds, they sang rollicking war songs, laughed and cracked jokes and replied with a Yankee roar to the chorus of welcome French crowds gave them.

Their faces were away from the set-

ting sun as they waited in the French port for the trains to take them to France. Their eyes gazed longingly to the east, and they eagerly strained forward as if to hear the far-off boom of the guns. Every one of these Yankee soldiers, fresh from the homeland, was crouching forward—as did the heroes the chaplains told of—with their faces toward Germany. A complete division, commanded by an American major general, disembarked. And it was just one unit, one convoy of the unending stream that Uncle Sam is sending across.

Prays That God Will Damn German Empire

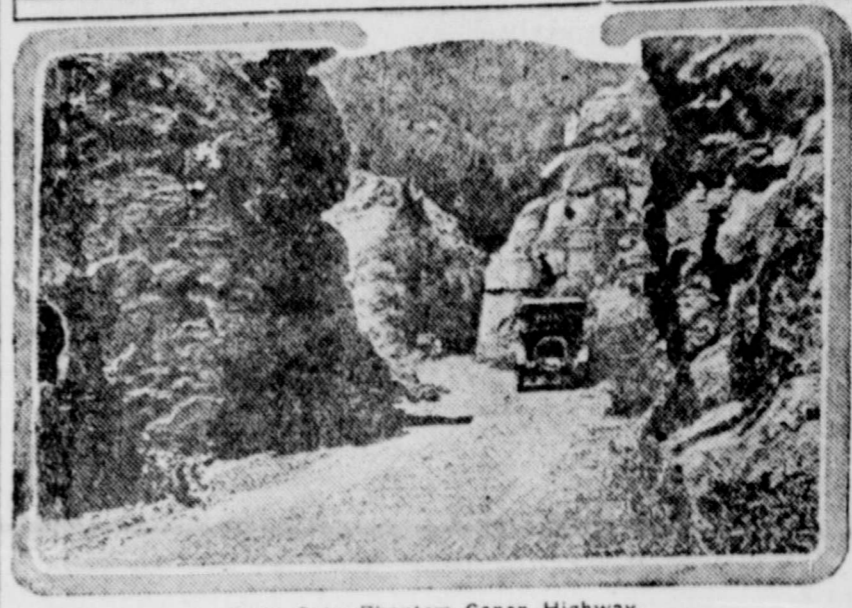
Cleveland.—Not irreverently, but with much feeling, Dr. W. H. Crawford, president of Allegheny college, brought "Amen's" from the throats of 2,000 Methodist divines in this city when he prayed fervently for "God to damn the German empire." He had just returned from a year and a half service with the Y. M. C. A. on the western front.

that one port town where the Y. M. C. A. has a soda fountain.

Beside the bar sits another American girl selling soda checks and, in the lulls, changing the record on the phonograph. Nothing old about those records, either. With New York just "a few days away," the supply of tunes is kept up to the minute. In the back room there are small tables and chairs. Those who prefer to rest as they drink may do so. And many do.

"You see, I figured it out this way," said Mr. Taylor, as he looked over the blue-and-olive-drab shoulders packed along the bar. "I figured it out that half the attraction of a bar is the sociability of drinking slowly and gossiping while you do it. And, you see, it is!"

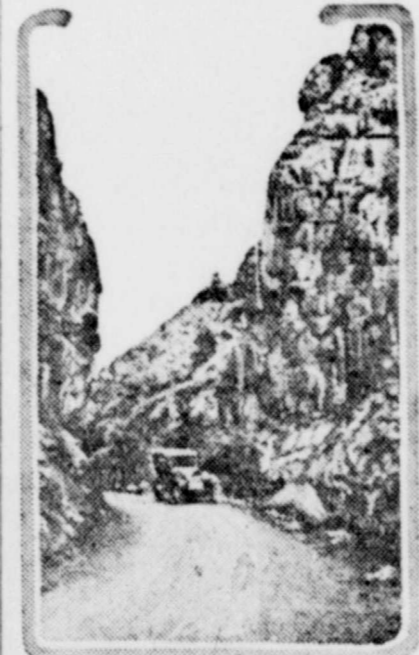
PHANTOM CANON HIGHWAY



Twin Cuts, Phantom Canon Highway.

THE Phantom Canyon highway between Cripple Creek and Canon City, Colo., is now open to travel, and as a result Colorado offers to the motorist another great circle trip through some of America's finest scenery. The highway was formally dedicated on August 30, when more than 500 motorists from Teller, Fremont, El Paso and other Colorado counties gathered at Glenbrook, a point midway between Cripple Creek and Canon City, and participated in the ceremonies incident to the opening of this road.

Phantom Canyon highway is unique among the scenic roads of the Rocky mountains, and its story is one of the most interesting chapters in the history of road building in Colorado. In the early days of Cripple Creek, there was built the Florence and Cripple Creek railroad, a narrow-gauge line, to carry the rich ores to the smelters and to bring the fruit, hay and other products of the fertile valleys to the mining camps high in the hills. As time went on the need for this road grew less and less, until finally it was abandoned and dismantled. But the need for communication between mining camp and agricultural valley con-



The Narrows.

tinued. The county commissioners of Teller and Fremont counties were equal to the occasion; with the cooperation of the state highway commission they secured the right of way, and then they set about to convert it into a real highway.

Built on Old Railroad Line. Probably \$1,000,000 was the original cost of building this roadbed, miles of which were cut and blasted from solid granite. At an expense of \$75,000, the road builders have made of it a first-class motor highway, rebuilt and repaired bridges, widened the roadbed where necessary, and generally put the 87 miles in excellent condition. While the road is almost a continuous curve, mile after mile, it is wide enough at most places for cars to pass, and ordinarily careful driving is all that is necessary. It is built on a 4 1/2 per cent grade.

It is a wonderful ride from the world-famous Cripple Creek mining district through Phantom Canon to Canon City and Florence. For the first few miles out of Victor the road stays on the top of the ridge, with long-distance views of Pike's Peak, the Sanzre de Christo and other snow-capped mountain ranges. Then it loops its way down into the canyon.

Granite Walls and Deep Cuts. Rugged granite walls stand like towers of many ancient ruins. The road winds along the base of these mighty cliffs, often through great cuts between high granite piles, occasionally

crossing the ravine on a solid steel bridge, and even piercing the mountain sides through tunnels blackened in bygone days by the smoke of the locomotive that no longer sounds its shrill whistle to the echo of the narrow walls from which the canyon took its name. After a serpentine descent of 20 miles the road comes out onto the broad plains and soon is making its way past great apple orchards and fertile fields to the twin cities of Florence and Canon City.

Completion of this highway makes accessible from Colorado Springs, and equally as well from Canon City, Cripple Creek, Pueblo, Florence or Manitou, a circle trip of 135 miles, unrivaled either in ruggedness of scenery or in variety of interest. This trip completely encircles Pike's Peak, snow-capped historic Ute pass; winds through the world's greatest gold-mining camp, and passes the dumps of the greatest producing mines at Cripple Creek, Victor and Goldfield; unfolds the grandeur and rugged majesty of Phantom Canon, unquestionably one of Colorado's finest gorges; connects with the far-famed Sky-Line drive and the road to the top of the Royal Gorge; Canon City; passes through the great orchard section, the oil fields and the cement districts, and winds back to Colorado Springs through pine forests and picturesque foothills country. Or the wider circle may well take in Pueblo, the "Fittsburgh of the West," with its immense steel mills, and up the fertile Fountain valley to Colorado Springs.

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USED ELECTRIC RAYS

Cleopatra's Court Physician known to Have Prescribed Them for Medical Purposes.

The electric ray is a species of fish found on the Pacific coast. It is known from central California southward to the Santa Barbara channel and is very common in Monterey bay.

This fish is provided with an electric organ composed of hexagonal cells reaching from the skin of the upper surface to that of the lower, and situated at each side of the head and gill chambers. The electricity discharged from this ray has the properties of other electricity, such as rendering an iron bar magnetic, decomposing chemicals and producing a spark.

Stories vary as to the volume of the discharge, but even a small ray is capable of inflicting considerable pain. After a few discharges the fish becomes exhausted and must rest before its electric organs are again functional.

It is of interest to note that the first record we have of the application of electricity is of the time of Antony and Cleopatra, whose court physician recommended the electricity of an electric ray for medical purposes, especially for pains in the head. Later it was prescribed for the cure of gout.—American Angler.

Patriotic Honey Bees.

It is stated as a curious fact that the honey bee is this season doing more than its usual share in providing a substitute for sugar. An East side resident of Rochester, N. Y., who has succeeded measurably in keeping bees without undue annoyance to his neighbors, reports that none of his colonies have swarmed thus far this season, and that they are producing honey in great abundance. This is cheerful news in view of the fact that the English ration of two pounds of sugar per month for each person is now to be enforced in this country.

Lace Curtains.

To do up lace curtains, says a correspondent, soak the curtains overnight; in the morning run through the wringer, put in the boiler with two tablespoonsful of any kind of washing powder. When scalded put in clear rising water, then into boiling water to which you have added the boiling starch; then pin on the line. Begin at the end scallop and draw the curtain as you pin. When pinned along one edge then pin the other edge, scallop to scallop. When all pinned

Dwarf Trees.

Dwarf trees are suited to gardens, they occupy little space and are easily cared for, bear sooner than ordinary kinds, and they are easily used in espallier forms, trellises, buildings, fences or trellises.

Big Enough Now.

"A fellow threatened to punch the head." "That would be too bad." "Thank you." "It would have a tendency to increase the swelling."—Boston Transcript.

Home Town Helps

TREES ALONG CITY STREET

Work Done by Philadelphia Commission Might Be Copied to Advantage in Other Places.

The Society of Little Gardeners at the time of its inauguration proposed street tree planting as one of its most vital needs and its immediate idea received a tremendous impetus from the clever plan conceived and carried out by Miss Edna H. In the early spring of 1913.

Instead of contenting herself with a couple of trees in front of her door, Miss Howe determined to have the whole block planted in an efficient manner. To obtain this end she solicited the Fairmount park commissioners, who have charge of the streets in the streets of Philadelphia. They were glad to assist her, and she had an expert who drew up a ground plan for the block, with an estimate of the cost of planting; and armed with this she invited her neighbors to cooperate with her.

Her success was remarkable. Her money was subscribed not only for the trees, but to have them cared for three years.

Some of the officers of Little Gardeners, hearing of this well-thought plan and its results, determined to use the same methods of a larger scale endeavor to have all Spruce and chest streets and others transformed into avenues. Accordingly letters were written to a number of public-spirited women inviting each to undertake planting of her own block; and, in reply, 11 agreed to make the experiment. That the effort has not been a successful goes without saying. Nevertheless, much has been accomplished.—October House Beautiful.

STAIRWAY AND FIRE ESCAPE

Ingenious Scheme by Which Both Object Was Achieved at a Relatively Small Cost.

At the rear of a frame building serves as a public meeting house, citizens of a small New York town an outside re-enforced concrete way has been built as a fire escape. It consists of more than a



By Constructing the Outside Staircase of Concrete, a Dependable Fire Escape Was Provided at a Small Cost.

steps and a landing of ample size held by heavy supporting walls supplied with an iron pipe railing structure was erected at right angles to the wall and filled its purpose quite well as would conventional steelwork of less capacity and greater cost.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Use Many Materials.

A larger private ownership of land in this country than known in 25 years is predicted by H. O. Jones, construction engineer, New York, in an interview published by the Ingham Post.

"There is material for building in almost every community," Mr. Jones, "and it is not a question of style of construction, but of availability. In one of the big cities in Ohio all sorts of houses have been built—from brick, stone, wood, concrete and even iron—and all are only commodious, but comfortable and durable. Modern engineering has enabled builders to construct houses rapidly and better than they could a decade ago."

Bird Bath Worth While.

A bird bath, in the center of the lawn, tempts feathered visitors, cardinals, robins, woodpeckers, sparrows, catbirds and mockingbirds frequent the garden. Last winter a Chinese elm tree and a bush about the ground, brought a number of hungry birds, including crows, and 19 being counted many times over slowly about and making breakfasts.—Exchange.

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WHAT CAN WE DO?



American soldiers in France can receive but one Christmas package each year and each package must weigh not more than three pounds, according to regulations announced by the war department. Boxes for men in the navy, however, may weigh twenty pounds.

The regulations governing Christmas packages for soldiers have just been completed after conferences between the war and postoffice departments and the American Red Cross. "The men themselves will decide as to the contents of their parcels. They are to receive Christmas parcels labeled with instructions to mail these parcels to the person in this country from whom they wish to receive the holiday gifts."

No Christmas parcels will be accepted for shipment after Nov. 20, and the cardboard boxes or cartons for these parcels are 3 inches by 4 inches by 3 inches in size. When packed, wrapped, and ready for mailing, these boxes must not weigh more than three pounds.

The American Red Cross has agreed to provide these cardboard boxes and supervise their distribution to relatives of the soldiers who present the Christmas parcels label credentials. The following is an outline of the procedure to be followed by persons planning to send one of these parcels abroad:

On receiving one of these Christmas parcels labels it should be presented at the nearest chapter, branch, or auxiliary headquarters of the Red Cross, where the holder will receive a carton. These labels are not expected to reach the country before Nov. 1, but by that time each Red Cross branch will have its allotment of boxes, based on the number of soldiers in service overseas from that community.

These boxes may be filled with any combination of prohibited articles, except those on the list barred by the postal officials. The articles prohibited are all intoxicating liquors, all inflammable material, including friction matches, and any composition likely to ignite or explode (cigarette lighters come under this classification), liquors and fragile articles improperly packed. Under the regulations no note or message or written matter of any kind will be permitted to remain in the boxes.

When the package has been packed it should be taken, unwrapped and unsealed, together with the label and sufficient stamps, to the nearest collection center designated by the Red Cross. After the package has passed the inspection of the Red Cross representatives the Christmas label bearing the address of the man for whom it is intended is placed on it. The person sending the package, in the presence of the Red Cross worker, is required to affix stamps, sufficient to carry it to Hoboken, N. J.

Wide and Narrow Braid.
Braid trimmings from the narrowest sash to the widest of Hercules are used. One finds dresses covered with wide Hercules from the hem half-way to the waist and again on the blouse from the waist nearly to the under-arm point with a narrower width on the sleeves from the wrist to the elbow.

The Dolman Returns.
A new winter wrap of heavy black satin is made like the dolman our grandmothers wore and has long monkey fur along the bottom, around the neck and where the sleeves would be if there were any. Of course dolmans do not have sleeves.

Our Garments, Eccentric and Pretty



Just as the perplexed reporter of fashions is about to begin to describe the fetching new fur garment as a scarf, she discovers that it has an inimitable claim to be called a scarf. And when she has decided that it belongs to the straightforward, upright and downright scarf family, she finds consoling with a belt, something new and novel have heretofore not been. Eccentric and interesting—these are the terms that belong to the fall fur garments that have lent a new ear to tales of aluring camouflage this season. They look like so many things we finally have to call them by the most indefinite of terms—"garments"—they are that anything.

Here is one of them which is a cape far as the back and shoulders are concerned, a scarf so far as the front is, and a jacket, if we take the word for it. It is made of Hudson seal and has a collar of Siberian squirrel. And this is another characteristic of fur garments this season. Only one of them but has two kinds of fur in its make-up.

The little fur wrap shown in the illustration, worn with a heavy suit, warm enough for average winter weather and an ideal affair for autumn and early winter. Women wear these small garments with wonderful ease and it is no wonder that furs are carried over into the summer months. It is for style—and they

TAKE THEIR REST ON FLOOR

Russian Peasants Have Beds That Are Costly, but They Do Not Slumber on Them.

In the home of a Russian peasant Denis Garstin discovered the great bed, according to the Youth's Companion.

The room, says Mr. Garstin, was small, scrupulously tidy and covered with ornaments. The walls were entirely hidden with ikons—some 30 of them—sacred pictures, cheap lithographs of the czar, zarina and their children, calendars decorated with saints and lovers, and crude photographs of their own family taken at a fair. But by far the most imposing article, dominating over all in the room and insisting on all observation, was the bed.

It was a massive creation in itself, made still more imposing by layer on layer of bedding and mattresses and pillows reaching high up the wall and covered with black and red embroidered counterpanes. It was a monument of Russian peasant respectability rather than a suggestion of any repose.

I was marveling at it when the baba returned, laden with thick potato pasties and wine and fruit. We sat down to eat and my companion explained who we were and gave the messages. The old woman nearly embraced us in her effusive welcome. A boy was sent to call in the husband, who was out on the hillside gathering fagots. A little girl went toddling down the village to round up all the relatives she could find, and soon we were the center of a crowd of rough peasants, who tried to cover their shyness by pressing us continually to eat.

The husband, a shock-headed old peasant, came last. His wife poured out all the news to him, referring every moment to us for confirmation of each detail, and whenever we said "truly" to her remarks he turned his hat round in his hands and said: "Thank God, but eat and drink some more."

"You have a very fine house," I said to him. He stared at me, puzzled by unusual "you."

"Yes," he said finally, struggling into the plural, "we have. Tell Lukyan he must come to visit us with every one. There is much room."

"But only one bed?" I said.

"Again I puzzled him. "Yes," he said, "there is a bed, of course."

My companion nudged me. "No one sleeps in a bed," he whispered.

The baba, glad of any reference to that piece of furniture, had stripped off the covering. "See," she said, "one, two, three, four—15 mattresses. That is enough for every one, is it not?"

"They all sleep on the floor," said my companion. "My grandfather used to, too, when he was staying in the country."

Thought Curb a Pantomime.
Two English officers, accompanied by an American lieutenant, were out sight-seeing the other afternoon, and as they wended their way down Broad street were amazed at the crowds standing in front of the subterranean, where the glee club of the police department was giving a concert as a part of an effort to sell tickets for the police field day, the New York correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch writes. A little farther down was an orator selling War stamps, while over on Broadway the party was entertained by a man climbing up the side of a building. Then they came to the curb market and naturally thought this was further entertainment. "I say," remarked the elder of the Englishmen, "I can understand the chap going up the building and the 'bobbies' singing, but I can't get the idea of this pantomime." The American officer hastened to assure his guests that this was not an entertainment, but the serious business of trading in stocks. "Now stop your spoofing," said the Englishman. "Isn't it a chap made up like Henry Irving?" He had seen Percy Guard, dean of the curb brokers, in the crowd.

Columbus' Name Perpetuated.
Cristobal-Colon, the joint city of Colon in the republic of Panama, and Cristobal in the canal zone, is the Spanish name for Christopher Columbus, the first man who sought an all-water route across the isthmus, in his quest for a new path to Asia. But history shows that Columbus never bore that name while living. He was born of a family known as "Colombo" and when he entered the Spanish service he changed his name to "Cristobal Colon," yet we insist on calling him "Columbus." The Panamanian and American cities of Colon and Cristobal, situated at the Atlantic entrance to the Panama canal, are so named in recognition of the great explorer, and a massive bronze statue representing Columbus presenting before the court of Spain one of the native Indians of the new land he had discovered was erected many years ago on the sea front of Cristobal-Colon, and still stands as a monument to the memory of one of the world's most intrepid explorers.

Sheep and Wool for Japan.
It is interesting to note that after a thorough investigation in this country regarding the plan of campaign for more sheep and more wool by Issa Tanimura, commissioner of live stock for Japan, that it is the purpose of the leading Japanese live stock men to create a bureau, consisting of seven expert wool men, together with a score of assistants and secretaries. The plan of action outlined will require ten years to work out, but it is the intention to make Japan self-supporting as far as the country's wool requirements are concerned.

Julia Bottomey
Uneven Fringe.
Fringe is still used with distinction. This is a style that might easily have been run to the ground, but because of the cleverness of the designers it is still a good style and excellent results are still obtained with fringe of many sorts. Perhaps a mark of the newer usage of fringe is this: Unevenness. Fringe on the edges of panels is so put on that it hangs very often in irregular or uneven lines. Some of the new frocks and blouses have fringed sleeves, with uneven edges. Sometimes, even, the fabric of the frock itself is fringed out to give the right effect.

The many women connected with the British air service are called **Peaguins**.

LOSE DUKHOBORS

Peculiar Sect in Canada Going Back to Russia.

Their Departure a Few Years Ago Would Have Been Hailed With Delight, but Sentiment Has Undergone a Change.

The announcement that Peter Verigin, the leader of the 10,000 to 11,000 Russian Dukhobors, or Dukhobortsy, has declared his intention of returning to Russia with his followers has caused a mild sensation in Canada. Fifteen years ago a similar announcement would have been received by the people of western Canada with expressions of devout gratitude. The illiterate peasant "spirit-wrestlers," as their name implies, were disliked as religious fanatics, who herded together in community houses, and though peaceable and industrious peasants, refused to conform to Canadian laws and regulations or to accept nationality. But now everywhere in western Canada they are recognized as remarkable colonists, even if bad citizens, while Peter Verigin is acknowledged to be a genuine leader of men.

The Dukhobor has never been a wanderer of his own free will. He has moved from place to place in Europe as the result of consistent persecution. Church and state went for him "hammer and tongs," the one telling him that all religious sects must be brought into conformity with established Greek Catholicism, the other that he must become a soldier under the conscription act of 1857. At first he complied with the military law and went off to battle, but with the distinct understanding between him and the elders that if he were compelled to discharge his rifle he would fire it in the air. For he has always been a consistent nonresistant, and so consistent an opponent of war of all kinds that, in exile in the Caucasus, the community threw away the weapons that had been considered necessary to protect its members from wild animals.

In the first year of their settlement in Canada, the men scattered in order to earn wages on farms, on railways, and sawmills. Meanwhile, the women built the future residences and, lacking horses, plowed the land by harnessing themselves, 12 pairs of women to a plow with one plowman to drive them!

Brilliant, in British Columbia, is one of the great Dukhobor centers and the socialist's Utopia. Here the community is wholly self-contained and has realized something of that equality of its component citizens for which there is so much striving in the world today. In contrast to the modern city, there are no anxieties concerning the source of the next day's needs. There are evidently no divisions between "mine" and "thine" no jealousies or envies over the possessions of another, for no man is richer than his fellow. No money is in circulation. One member of the executive does all the outside selling and buying, and all moneys received are turned over to the treasury. Money, in fact, has no purchasing value within the community. All the necessities of life are doled out without it by the various departments in charge. Everybody has the wherewithal, which is not of silver and gold, and there is no theft, any more than there is visible machinery of government. The government is the people. Once a week they crowd into the large assembly hall and discuss the affairs of the community, and the managers of the several departments are given their instructions according to popular sentiment. The Dukhobors possess the system of initiative, referendum and recall in an admirably simplified form; their officials and temporal representatives hold office as long as they do their work well.

What is the explanation of these peculiar people who live so simply on a farm or ranch which may stretch for miles along the road and stately Columbia river? And can Canada afford to lose the "sisters" and "brothers" of a community who have built better than they knew, who have created a unique state in the midst of the wild?—Christian Science Monitor.

Last of Kin of Great Novelist Dies.
William Dickens, the last kin of the great novelist, Charles Dickens, died recently at his home in Hamilton, Ont. Mr. Dickens was born in Braunstone, England, where his father, George Adams Dickens, kept the Admiral Nelson, an old public house. William Dickens came to this country about ten years ago, accompanied by his wife, Emily Stennes, and his youngest daughter. Mr. Dickens was seventy-five years of age, and possessed a most interesting character, resembling in some ways his great cousin. When Charles Dickens was passing through the little town of Braunstone he stopped at his cousin's inn, and, noticing the little bright-eyed boy, patted him on the back and quietly told him to grow up to be a better man than his father. Mr. Dickens treasured that incident among the fondest memories of his life.

Air Speeds.
Every airplane has a minimum air speed at which it must be thrust through the air if it is to be maintained aloft, and a maximum air speed in excess of which it cannot safely be nose-dived, for the various components will not stand the strain beyond a certain given point.

WORSE THAN WAR'S HORRORS

Among Active Aids of Recruiting Sergeant May Surely Be Classed the Nagging Woman.

He was khaki-clad, with the "U. S. R." on his collar, and as he clambered aboard the interurban car he swung in his free hand a small traveling bag that appeared to be empty. Preceding him was the other member of the family, all fussed up in her tailored regalia, bound for a town a few miles distant, while the husband's destination was Detroit. Once inside, he tossed the traveling bag on a vacant rack at the forward end of the car and seated himself facing his better-half. Then the car lurched around a curve and the bag, slipping from the rack, deposited itself on the woman's hat and bounced off to the floor.

"My heavens!" was her startled exclamation, then when she discovered the trouble: "That was a very careless thing to do."

The man gathered up the bag, with profuse apologies and placed it back of his feet, where it could do no further harm.

"You don't know how that hurt," came the complaint, although the crown of the hat was not even dented.

"Supposing it had been filled with a lot of your truck," she went on.

No response from her vis-a-vis.

"You should never put anything like that up there," was the next bit of strap-up, in tones loud enough to be heard the length of the car.

"It must have been the metal strip on the bag that struck me."

"It was a very careless thing for you to do."

"You might have known that it would fall off there."

"I'll probably have a headache all the day that will spoil my trip."

"When anything like that comes down on you it unnerves you, I can tell you."

Her vis-a-vis only smiled amiably, and getting no satisfaction from that quarter she turned to her seatmate, who was trying to hide his annoyed expression behind a weekly war digest.

"Did that bag hurt you when it fell?" she inquired, although it had missed him by at least a foot.

"Not at all," was the reply, without looking up. "It never touched me."

"It was an awfully careless thing to do," she rattled on, "and—"

"Good night," ejaculated a man across the aisle, who had tried in vain to read the news from the front in his morning paper. And as he stalked toward the solitude of the back platform he was heard to mutter: "No wonder some men enlist so they can get away from home."

Conservation Under Fire.
I know of nothing more strange than the usual conversations in which one indulges at the front in the heat of battle. Recently I was racing down a road to get out from under heavy shell fire, falling on my face every five or ten yards as a whistling scream announced a fresh arrival. A panting lieutenant caught step with me. "Do you know So-and-So?" he gasped.

"Yes," I replied as a shell whirred down out of the sky and we both fell flat on our faces. "Where is he now?" he continued as the sound of the explosion died away and we rose, running together. "I think he's in Paris," I answered, and even as I spoke rolled flat with him in a muddy ditch as another shell screamed down and broke nearby. And thus we continued our way for several hundred yards, discussing our friend and his characteristics between dives into the mud.—William Slavens McNutt, in Collier's Weekly.

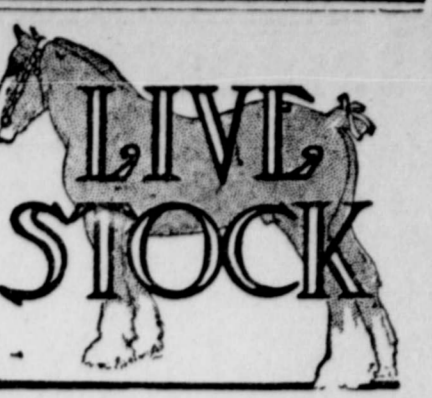
Animals Die on Substitutes.
Animals in the zoo in Berlin have died in large numbers recently, principally because the substitutes which they have been given instead of their accustomed food could not be digested sufficiently to sustain life. Among the species in which the mortality has been greatest are the giraffes, mandrills and chimpanzees. The health of the surviving animals is not good.

According to Hamlyn's Menagerie magazine, published in London, the Berlin Zoological society declared that while dates and bananas and other tropical fruits were unobtainable, the apes were fed on a kind of biscuit made of musty flour.

The carnivora manage to live on scraps from the slaughter houses, but the animals requiring grain and seeds are not thriving well on the wild roots given them as substitutes.

Identification Tag.
There has been a good deal of unfavorable comment in the navy on the prescribed method of wearing the identification tag on account of the behavior of the woven wire necklace, which rides up on the neck and inconveniences the wearer in various ways. These features have been overcome at the naval training station, San Francisco, by lengthening the wire so as to permit of its being worn bandolier fashion from above the left shoulder to below the right arm, the tag hanging a few inches below the apex of the right axilla. In this way the wire does not ride up nor interfere with the movements of the body.—Army and Navy Register.

Too Dark for a Picture.
A young French lieutenant, on special instruction duty in this country, went to visit one of the universities and was taking some pictures when a colored soldier from the camp nearby passed directly in front of him. He looked up and to his companion smilingly remarked: "I w'll wait till so clouds roll by."



LIVE STOCK

Sanitation in the Hog Lot

Important as Preventive of Cholera and Other Diseases—Cleanliness Is Relied Upon.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
The greatest drawbacks to the hog industry that breeders in this country have to contend with are the losses through hog cholera, tuberculosis, and the infestation of the animals, especially young pigs, by parasites. Were it not for the fecundity of swine their profitable production in the presence of these serious diseases would be out of the question. In the following remarks on sanitation no attempt is made to go into the details of the diseases affecting hogs or their treatment. The object is merely to call attention to the simple measures which may be used by any farmer to avoid, to a large extent, the declination of his herd by epizootics. Cleanliness and rational methods of management are relied upon by thousands of farmers to keep their herds in health and vigor. They are the marks of the good farmer and successful hog breeder.

Hog cholera and swine plague, both highly fatal diseases characterized by fever and heavy mortality, are so very similar that the breeder may regard them as identical so far as his practical management of the herd is concerned. Positive differentiation be-



Pigs Kept Under Sanitary Conditions.

tween the two diseases can only be made by the most careful bacteriological tests, and by employing the assistance offered by a fully equipped laboratory. However, sanitary preventive methods which are found beneficial with one of these diseases will prove equally efficacious with the other.

There are a few fundamental facts which the breeder must remember if he is to avoid losses through hog cholera or swine plague. The first is that they are specific diseases caused by germs, and the contagion cannot be spread from one animal to another or from one herd to another except through the agency of these minute organisms. They may be carried in a multitude of ways—by the hogs themselves, on the clothing of persons, on vehicles, in feed, by birds, dogs, and other animals, or by streams. The breeding or feed of a hog cannot cause either disease, although bad methods may so weaken the constitution and vitality that the animal becomes more susceptible to them than would otherwise be the case. Since these diseases can only arise from the presence of their specific causative agents, it can readily be seen that dentition and the presence of supernumerary teeth or black tusks cannot, as has been suggested by many, play any part in their development. A second fact to be borne in mind is that diseases caused by germs may be best prevented or controlled by thorough disinfection and scrupulous cleanliness.

GIVING LAMB A GOOD START

Ewe's Flanks and Udder Should Be Sheared to Prevent Wool Getting Into Lamb's Eyes.

Before the lamb is given the teat the ewe's flanks and udder should be sheared. If this is not done the lamb is likely to injure its eyes with the wool or perhaps get the wool in its mouth and then refuse to take the teat.

Shepherds do not all agree as to the best time to do this. But it will generally be found best to wait till the ewe drops her lamb, but before she recovers strength to resist the shearing. Care is always necessary not to cut the udder or serious injury may result.

IMPROVE QUALITY OF STOCK

Difference in Expense of Keeping Scrubs and Good Producers Is Not Very Large.

Better breeding stock must be kept if we are to improve the quality of our farm animals. There is much difference in the price of a fine draft horse as compared to a scrub pony; the value of the five-gallon cow when compared to an animal that produces but one gallon is striking, and yet the difference in the cost of keeping the scrubs and the good producers is not great.

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 Complete Abstract of land in Roberia county.
 Protect your property against fire and Tornado.
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Greatly Benefited by Chamberlain's Tablets
 "I am thankful for the good I have received by using Chamberlain's Tablets. About two years ago when I began taking them I was suffering a great deal from distress after eating, and from headache and a tired, ungratified feeling due to indigestion and a torpid liver. Chamberlain's Tablets corrected these disorders in a short time, and since taking two bottles of them my health has been good." writes Mrs. M. P. Harwood, Auburn, N. Y.

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 ON LONG TIME EASY TERMS
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About Croup.
 If your children are subject to croup, or if you have reason to fear their being attacked by that disease, you should procure a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and study the directions for use, so that in case of an attack you will know exactly what course to pursue. This is a favorite and very successful remedy for croup, and it is important that you observe the directions carefully.

Large size tracing sheets of carbon paper at the Chief.

"NEVER-TEL"
 Better than advertised
Darken Your Gray Hair
 With Never-Tel—the world's cleanest, safest, most sanitary hair restorative. Not a dye, not sticky, and positively will not stain the most delicate skin. No extras to buy, no mess, no red-dust, no stinky. Put up in delicately perfumed Tablets.
 Easily dissolved in a little water or milk. At all drug stores, or send direct in plain wrapper.
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 Dept. 26 Kansas City, Mo.

The Miami Chief.

Published every Thursday.
 Entered at the postoffice at Miami, Texas, as second-class matter.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.
 One year \$1.50
 Six months .85
 Three months .50
 Single copies .05
 IN ADVANCE, ALWAYS

L. G. Waggoner, Editor and Owner.
 Miami Texas.
 Thursday, Nov. 21st, 1918.

A tabulated report of the Panhandle country on the wheat acreage shows a big increase over last year.

The world will never forget the eleventh hour of the eleventh day of the eleventh month of 1918.

Prof. J. W. Craker, piano teacher and tuner of Canadian for several years but late of Pampa died at Pampa last week and was buried at Canadian.

Lightless nights have been suspended in the cities, and building restrictions have been removed. Everything is getting better now since the war is over.

That old saw, "one thing right after another" looks very applicable this week. Right when the war is over and we are happy because the boys will soon be home, the "flu" has to take another start.

According to official figures first of the week, we have lost twenty eight thousand boys killed in battle and over eighty-two thousand civilians have died of the influenza. Nearly three times as many people have died of the disease as have been killed in the war. Disease is something terrible and the influenza has proven to be the worst epidemic with the highest mortality rate the world has ever experienced.

Were it not for the newspapers, this world would certainly be a riddle. About the only way you can get anything straight is to either see it or read it, and then sometimes you are mistaken or misled. If one had to depend upon hear say for information, things would surely get in a bad shape before they went very far. Most newspapers, however, are dependable, and one can really afford to believe what they read in them.

We acknowledge with many thanks a big pound of the finest country butter produced which was presented the writer this week by Mrs. Gus Ehman living on the South Plains. The good lady didn't know that we would eat more rice fresh country butter than any other one article on the table, but "pounded" us with the pound of food we like best anyhow. We are so accustomed to such things as lemons and bricks presented, that we hardly know just how much this nice present is appreciated. Thanks, again.

The Food Control has gotten beyond a State and National into a World proposition. The Allies have fought for us and stood between us and the Barbarian Hun. Our boys have laid down their lives also, in fighting for us with the Allies. We may not have to fight we certainly do have to divide our food with the additional millions that we have rescued from the Germans. Remember we are not asked to go without—merely to substitute and eliminate waste.

CAN YOU LOOK THROUGH

Can you look through the ugly face and see the pretty smile?
 Can you look through the tears and see the joys?
 Can you look through worn ragged clothes and see a kind heart?
 Can you look through the torn and ragged carpets on the floor in a humble home and see the welcome?
 Can you look across the muddy road and see the little beneath its banks?
 Can you look any other direction at good when bad is before your eyes?
 Does the little bad things in life show themselves plainly to you and blind you from seeing the big good things?
 We find what we are looking for, and if you are looking for the little bad things in life, you need not expect to find the big good things. Don't look always at one bad deed by men, change the scene to some of their kind deeds. Look for the big clean spots instead of the little dirty places, and for the big kind deeds instead of the little bad ones.

The amendment voted on in the general election providing free text books for the children, carried overwhelmingly. We are indeed proud to make this announcement, as we consider this the most important step taken in education since the enactment of compulsory education. Free school goes in hand with free text books. Why should we compel parents to send children to school unless the schooling and books are free. Texas is gradually advancing along educational lines. We made an upward step when we elected Miss Webb Blanton as Superintendent of Public Instruction in this State. Come to think of it, we believe a woman is naturally better fitted for his important position. Women are closer to the children than are the men.—Lockney Bacon.

If a country editor sits around on the streets most of the time which is necessary to gather news, some fellow asks him why he cant stay around the office occasionally. If he stays around the office all the time, the paper comes out without much news, and then some jasper says, "Why don't you get out and rustle a little news." Some folks just must have someone to quarrel at, and that is what editors are made for.

Statement of ownership, management, circulation, etc., required by the act of August 24, 1912, of the Miami Chief published weekly at Miami, Texas, for October, 1918. State of Texas, County of Roberts. Before me, a notary Public, in and for said County and state aforesaid, personally appeared L. G. Waggoner, who having been duly sworn according to law deposes and says that he is

the Publisher of the Miami Chief and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the act of August 24th, 1912, embodied in section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form.

1 That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business managers are: Editor, Managing editor, Business manager and Publisher, L. G. Waggoner, Miami, Texas.
 Owner, L. G. Waggoner, Known bondholders, mortgages, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds,

THE ORDER OF THE DAY

"FIX IT NOW"
 Repair that broken fence.
 Put a new glass in that broken window.
 Repair that leaky roof.
 Replace the missing board on that shed.
 It is about time for a hard winter. Let's get in the clear.

PANHANDLE LUMBER CO.
 OUR AIM - TO HELP IMPROVE THE PANHANDLE

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4. That the two paragraphs text above, giving the names of the owners stockholders and security holders contain not only the list of stockholders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholders or security holders appear upon the books of the company as trustees or in any other fidu-

books of the company as trustees or in any other fiduciary capacity, in a capacity other than that of bondholder, this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association or corporation has any interest, direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds or other securities then as so stated by him.

L. G. WAGGONER
 Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of October, 1918.
 Thos. J. Boney, Notary Public

THE FAIR PRICE LIST

The Roberts County fair price Interpreting Committee submits the following fair prices for the week ending Nov 1918.

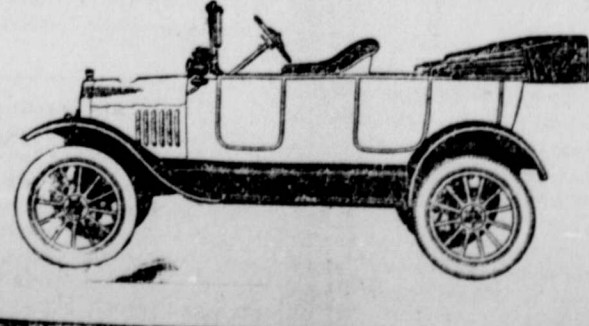
| Wholesale Price | Article | Retail |
|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| \$10.61 | Sugar | \$12. to \$12.50 |
| \$5.52 | Flour | 10.05 to \$6.15 |
| \$1.40 | Corn Meal | \$1.55 to \$1.70 |
| .28c 3 lb 7 oz | Oat meal | .35 |
| .68 | Corn Starch | .10 |
| .10 | Rice Blue Rose | .12 1-2 |
| .16 lb | Navy Beans | .20 |
| .12 lb | Pink Beans | .15 |
| .27 lb | Lard Substitutes | .30 to .32 |
| .06 per small can | Evaporated milk | .7 1-2 |
| .17 per can | Corn standard | .20 |
| .20 per can | Pink Salmon | .25 |
| .27 1-2 per can | Red Salmon | .35 |
| .21 per can No 2 | Tomatoes | .25 to .26 |
| .16 per can | Standard Peas | .20 |
| .13 to .17 lb | Dried Fruit | .16 to .22 1-2 |
| .75 | Corn Syrup | .95 |
| .50 doz. | Eggs | .55 |
| .50 lb | Butter | .55 |
| .02 lb. | Potatoes | 3 1-2 to 3 3-4 |
| .38 | Cheese | .45 |
| .35 to 37 per lb | Fancy Hams | .40 to .43 |
| .52 per lb | Fancy Bacon | .59 to .60 |
| .47 per lb. | Standard Bacon | .54 |
| .04 per lb | Onions | .05 |

The Price Committee have no way of determining whether or not the wholesale price is a fair price. They can govern them selves only by the quotations from wholesale houses.

Ford
 THE UNIVERSAL CAR
THE TRUCKS THAT TRUCKS

There's the same economy in using the one-ton Ford car—only the larger carrying power of the truck commends it particularly to farmers and other business men. The famous Model T motor assures reliable power, and lots of it; the manganese bronze worn drive makes certain the use of all that power; the three-point suspension gives flexibility, and vanadium steel strength. Price, very reasonable.

J. A. Covey & Son, Authorized Agts.



EVERYBODY LIKES GOOD EATABLES

Belle of Wichita Flour will please, and Alton Steel-cut Coffee is the best, with every other article their equal, is what you will find at

G. M. MOON'S
 A Complete Line of Everything Good to Eat, all Fresh and the Very Best. Particular Goods for Particular People.
 "Swift's Premium Hams and Bacon"

WE FIX CRIPPLES.
 Horses, Automobiles, Wagons, Buggies, Plows, in fact every thing you ride in are work with. If your car is giving you any trouble don't put it off, bring it in and let us look it over we don't charge to examine it for you. We have free air in front.
 Our Hobby is fixing Generators Starter, Motors and Batteries. All work is Gauranteed to give satisfaction both Blacksmithing and automobile repair
DUNIVEN BROTHERS

K. HICKMAN
 DEALER IN
 Lath Mills, Pipes, Casing
Hardware, Stoves, and Tinware.
 "CANTON CLIPPER" FARM IMPLEMENTS & MACHINERY.
 Galvanized Tanks, Troughs, Metallic Well Curbing, etc. Made to Order
 TIN SHOP IN CO SECTION, MIAMI - TEXAS

THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
 DRUGS and MEDICINES, Toilet articles, Etc.
 -C. S. SEIBER, Prop-
 JEWELRY, KODAKS AND SUPPLIES
 Miami - - - Texas.

WE PLEDGE TO SERVE OUR COUNTRY WE HAVE ENLISTED IN THE UNITED STATES. FOOD ADMINISTRATION.

We pledge ourselves to give our customers the benefit of fair and moderate prices. Selling at no more than a reasonable profit above cost to us.

J. W. WELLS

Member of the United States Food Administration.

FOR SALE

Two year old gelding. Grade. Ten foot Star Geared windmill. 30ft Star windmill tower. Steel. Eight horse power gas engine. Dred and fifty feet of 3 1-2 in. piping with a perforated screen. Good milk cow. Registered Poland China pigs. Everything to sell all the time.

HARRY A. NELSON

S. D. PARK The big loan man of Mobeetie is making land loans now at 8 per cent instead of nine which has been the regular rate SEE, PHONE OR WRITE HIM FOR LOANS BUY THRIFT STAMPS AND HELP WIN THE WAR.

ARE YOU GOING TO BURY YOUR DEBTS WITH YOU?

We are living in an age of "Safety First." The "safety first" principal makes the same demand upon the individual as upon the institution, and the only way the individual can maintain a legal reserve guaranteeing the payments of his debts is by the use of legal reserve life insurance. Investigate.

The Missouri State Life Insurance Co. "All that's good in Life Insurance."

W. H. CRAIG, Agent. MIAMI, TEXAS.

THE RED DEER GRAIN CO.

We carry a full line of feed. Bran, Shorts, Corn Chops, Maize and Kaffir Chops, Cake Hay and Salt.

We Buy Second hand Sacks

H. M. BARRETT Licensed Auctioneers

Make sales anywhere and positively guarantee satisfaction. Years of experience in the business and we know we can please you. Our terms are always right, and if our service is not right, it costs you nothing. For dates address H. M. Barrett, Pampa, or the Miami Chief.

PURSLEY'S

TRANSFER LINE

Solicit a liberal share of your work and hauling. All work given careful and prompt attention.

Miami, Texas

Keep Yourself Up to Scratch

Fortify Your System Before it is Weakened by Ills

Don't wait until you are actually sick to take a laxative, you know "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." If you will just take LIV-VER-LAX regularly, it will keep you continually in the best possible shape, bright, energetic and happy. It is made of harmless vegetable matter, and by acting gently but effectively keeps the system cleared of poisons and ready to perform its best work.

LIV-VER-LAX is sold under an absolute guarantee to give satisfaction, or money will be returned. For sale in 50c and \$1 bottles at Central Drug Store.

Mrs. E. J. Callihan of Dallas came in first of the week and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Nettie Bennett

J. W. Wells made a two days trip to White Deer first of the week, looking after interests at that place.

J. R. Webster spent Tuesday at Groom making ready for wheat planting on his section near there.

John Webster was down from Pampa Sunday, visiting homefolks.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Dunn of Gage country were in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Kelley of Cleburne visited her son, Dr. J. H. Kelley last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Elkins returned to their home at El Paso first of the week after a visit with Miami relatives. John Abig Kelley returned with them to spend the winter.

W. Y. Reed went to Wichita again last week and his wife went up first of this week. We learn that he is to undergo another operation this week.

Olle Duniven is getting along nicely this week and gaining strength very fast.

G. G. Hollis and family were trading Miami yesterday.

Mrs. W. R. Ewing will attend the Food Administrators meeting at Houston next Monday as a representative of this county.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Garlington and children of Vaughn, New Mexico, have been here this week visiting Mr. and Mrs. Whatley and the Ed Lard family.

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Cunningham, Dan Kivlehen and son Charlie spent first of the week on the river hunting.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gray came in Monday from Virginia where he has been working in the Government works.

Joe Williams was over Tuesday from the Elliott ranch near Mobeetie.

Sam Strader of the U. S. Navy, a son of Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Strader visited them last week and returned to his quarters Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. White of Gray County were trading in Miami Tuesday.

C. M. Hockett and family left last week for Bayside where they expect to make their future home. Mr. Hockett has purchased some land near there.

My big extra fine Registered Poland China male hog will make the fall season at my place. John Cunningham.

NOTICE We do not carry any book over thirty days on account. Please pay your blacksmith bill on the first of every month. Duniven Bros.

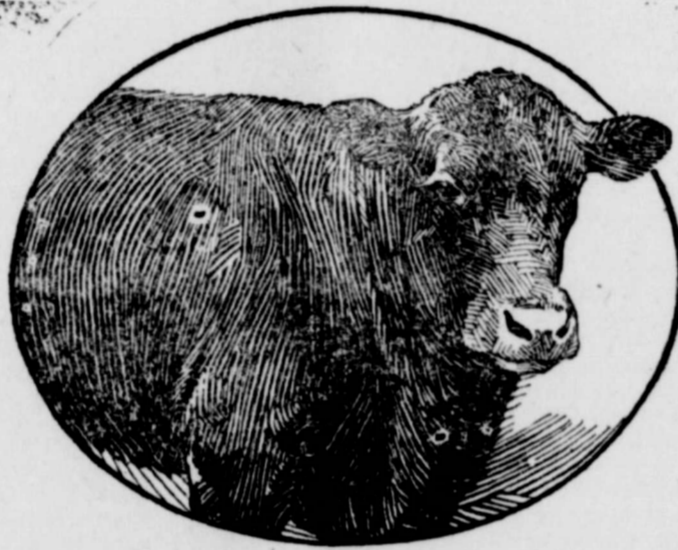
FOR LEASE. A good section of grass land watered by tanks, located near the Gordon neighborhood. For information write, E. M. Henderson, 163tp. Byers, Texas.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE.

All our Grocery accounts are due and payable on the first of each month and we will be pleased if you are knowing themselves indebted to us would call and settle same at once, as it takes money to keep business moving.

Yours very respectfully, Miami Produce Co.

It can be done right here at home if it is commercial printing. Send your order for anything in the printing line to the Chief and save that much transportation.



What Determines Meat and Live-Stock Prices?

Some stock men still think that Swift & Company—and other big packers—can pay as little for live-stock as they wish.

Some consumers are still led to believe that the packers can charge as much for dressed meat as they wish.

This is not true. These prices are fixed by a law of human nature as old as human nature itself—the law of supply and demand.

When more people want meat than there is meat to be had, the scramble along the line to get it for them sends prices up. When there is more meat than there are people who want it, the scramble all along the line to get rid of it within a few days, while it is still fresh, sends prices down.

When prices of meat go up, Swift & Company not only can pay the producer more, but has to pay him more, or some other packer will.

Similarly, when prices recede all down the line Swift & Company cannot continue to pay the producer the same prices as before, and still remain in the packing business.

All the packer can do is to keep the expense of turning stock into meat at a minimum, so that the consumer can get as much as possible for his money, and the producer as much as possible for his live-stock.

Thanks to its splendid plants, modern methods, branch houses, car routes, fleet of refrigerator cars, experience and organization, Swift & Company is able to pay for live cattle 90 per cent of what it receives for beef and by-products, and to cover expense of production and distribution, as well as its profit (a small fraction of a cent per pound), out of the other 10 per cent.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



Attention! Cattlemen

From the undersigned you may obtain the genuine KANSAS GERM FREE VACCINE for Blackleg directly from the laboratory of Dr Franklin, the dis-



coverer You cannot afford to use the cheaper imitation Purity of product is not only guaranteed, but the life of your animal is positively insured against death from blackleg Let Us Show you

R. K. Elkins. Phone 125

FULL LINE

NEW FALL SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, HATS, CAPS, AND SHOES PRICES RIGHT. CALL AND SEE THEM.

STYLES AND PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT

W. E. STOCKER

THE TELEPHONE Speaks for Itself

- Time-saver, Errand-runner, Letter-writer, Efficient helper, Protection of Home and business, Order-bringer, Night and day worker, Easy way to travel

MIAMI COMPANY Kate Lard Chief Operator

DENTIST DR. R. C. BAIRD GENERAL PRACTICE Christopher Bldg. Phone 132 Miami, Texas.

MIAMI-WHEELER MAIL LINE.

Via Mobeetie Schedule Except Sunday. Leaves Miami 7:30 a. m. Arrives Mobeetie 9:30 a. m. Arrives Wheeler 11:30 a. m. Leave Wheeler 1: p. m. Arrive Mobeetie 2: p. m. Arrive Miami 5: p. m. Carry Passengers and Packages. Make connection with the Daily mail line from Canadian. J. R. Crocker, Carrier.

SPECIAL NOTICE

To my patrons and friends in Miami and surrounding country, in order that I may better care for your Eyes and Optical needs I have moved to ground floor 618 Polk Street next door to the Golding Drug Co., where I will have a fully equipped optical shop which will enable me to test your Eyes and grind the required lenses thereby saving time and expense to you. You are invited to call on us in our new location and investigate our system of Testing Eyes and making Glasses to fit. Dr. J. M. Hyden. 618 Polk Street Amarillo, Texas.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Do not imagine that because other cough medicines failed to give you relief that it will be the same with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Bear in mind that from a small beginning this remedy has gained a world wide reputation and immense sale. A medicine must have exceptional merit to win esteem wherever it becomes known.

FOR SALE. Two good heating stoves, one hot blast, practical new, both in excellent condition. Mrs. M. L. Gunn.

FOR SALE. Two sixty gallon steel oil drums, both have faucets. Cheap for cash. W. H. Craig.

JOHNNIE WECKESSER'S TRANSFER LINE

YOUR WORK SOLICITED All work Promptly Done and SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Miami, Texas.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

R. R. TIME TABLE PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

Table with columns for East Bound and West Bound, listing train numbers and times.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

Sleep and Rest. One of the most common causes of insomnia and restlessness is indigestion. Take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper and see if you do not rest better and sleep better. They only cost a quarter.

DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair...

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter...

Noblesse Oblige. "I didn't think I'd live to see it, but I have," remarked the old-fashioned gentleman...

"Cold in the Head" is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE...

No Doubt of It. "Are you engaged in war work?" asked the sweet young thing of the man with the underslung spectacles...

No Worms in a Healthy Child. All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy count, which indicates poor blood...

Billeted. "Any news from your boy in France?" "Just got a letter this morning." "What does he say?"

Soothe Baby Rashes. That itchy and burn with hot baths of Cuticura Soap followed by gentle anointings of Cuticura Ointment. Nothing better.

Defining It. "Why do they call the big waves in the ocean at the seaside breakers, pa?" "Because they're the excuse for the hotels, my son."

Vanity. Every man has just as much vanity as he wants understanding—Pope.

Chill has nine paper factories employing an aggregate of 400 workers.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy. No stinging—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

GUNNER DEPEW

Albert N. Depew

EX-GUNNER AND CHIEF PETTY OFFICER, U. S. NAVY MEMBER OF THE FOREIGN LEGION OF FRANCE CAPTAIN GUN TURRET, FRENCH BATTLESHIP CASSARD WINNER OF THE CROIX DE GUERRE

GUNNER DEPEW SEES WONDERFUL WORK OF BRITISH AND FRENCH NAVIES IN GALLIPOLI CAMPAIGN.

Synopsis.—Albert N. Depew, author of the story, tells of his service in the United States navy, during which he attained the rank of chief petty officer, first-class gunner. The world war starts soon after he receives his honorable discharge from the navy, and he leaves for France with a determination to enlist.

CHAPTER XI.

Action at the Dardanelles.

I made twelve trips to the Dardanelles in all, the Cassard acting generally as convoy to troop ships, but one trip was much like another, and I cannot remember all the details, so I will give only certain incidents of the voyages that you might find interesting.

He told me one time that Henry Ford had invented something or other for locating subs miles away, and also another device that would draw the sub right up to it and swallow it whole.

So I got pretty tired of this stuff after a while and when we put out from Brest on the fourth voyage I got this fellow on deck in rough weather and began talking to him about the chap who had gone overboard the time before and had been cut up by the propeller.

When we were out two days I got hold of our prize liar again. I figured that he would be superstitious and I was right. I said that of course he knew that a ship could not draw near Cape Helles and get away again unless at least one man was lost, or that, if it did get away, there would be many casualties aboard.

That was all I had to tell him. Either he thought the Old Man knew of his yarning or else he did not think himself of much account, for he disappeared that very watch and we did not see him again until we were on the homeward voyage and a steward happened to dig into a provision hold.

I was on the starboard bow at the time and had turned to watch some garbles poking at the scuppers to drain the water off the deck. But the scuppers had been plugged and they were having a hard time of it. The officer on the bridge, in oilskins, was walking up and down, wiping off the business end of his telescope and trying to dodge the rain.

The fourth voyage was pretty rough, too. The old girl would stick her nose into the seas and many times I thought she would forget to come out. We had a lot of sand piled up against the wheelhouse and after we dived pretty deep one time and bucked out slowly, there was not a grain of sand left.

Our boys were on the job, too. We held our part of the works until the time came for everybody to quit, and it was no picnic. The French should be very proud of the work their navy did there in the Dardanelles.

On our sixth trip I saw H. M. S. Goliath get it. She was struck three times by torpedoes and then shelled. The men were foundering around in the water, with shrapnel cutting the waves all around them. Only a hundred odd of her crew were saved.

garbles believed. This chap was the real original Baron Munchausen when it came to yarning, and for a while he had me going too. He would whisper some startling tale to us and make us promise not to tell, as he had picked it from some other ship's message, and the Old Man would spread-eagle him if he found it out.

When the Queen Elizabeth entered the Dardanelles, the Turkish batteries on both shores opened right on her. They had ideal positions, and they were banging away in great style. And the water was simply thick with mines, and for all anybody knew, with subs.

They were wonderful boys, these Australians and New Zealanders, Great big men, all of them, and finely built, and they fought like devils. It was hotter than I have ever known it to be elsewhere, and there was no water for the boys ashore but what the navy brought to them—sometimes a pint a day, and often none at all.

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superstitious, too, and he disappeared and was not found for two days. But he was a landsman and not used to heavy weather.

When we got to the Gallipoli peninsula the fifth time our battle fleet and transports lay off the straits. We could not reach the little harbor on the Turkish coast, but the whole fleet felt happy and fairly confident of victory. We lay off Cape Helles, and it was there we received the news that there were submarines lying around Gibraltar. Then they were reported off Malta. We got the news from British trawlers and transports. Our officers said the subs could not reach the Dardanelles without putting in somewhere for a fresh supply of fuel, and that the allied fleets were on the lookout at every place where the subs might try to put in. But they got there just the same.

Then the British superdreadnaught Queen Elizabeth, "the terror of the Turks," came in. She left England with a whole fleet of cruisers and destroyers, and all the Limeys said, "She'll get through. Nothing will stop her."

One of the boys aboard of her told me he had no idea the Dardanelles would be as hot a place as he found it was. "Gaw blimey," he said, "what with dodging shells and submarines, you cawn't 'elp but run onto a bloomin' mine. 'I don't mind tellin' you," he said, "that 'I was scared cold at first. And then 'I thinks of what 'Oly Joe' (the chaplain) told us one service, 'In times of dynger, look upwar'ds,' 'e says. So 'I looks upwar'ds, and blimey 'if there wasn't a bally plane a-droppin' bombs 'on us. 'What price upwar'd looks, 'Oly Joe?' 'I sings out, but he weren't nowhere near. Blarst me, there weren't nowhere you could look without doin' yer bloody eye a dirty trick."

When the Queen Elizabeth entered the Dardanelles, the Turkish batteries on both shores opened right on her. They had ideal positions, and they were banging away in great style. And the water was simply thick with mines, and for all anybody knew, with subs.

Yet the old Lizze sailed right along with her hand up on the main deck playing, "Everybody's Doing It." It made you feel shivery along the spine, and believe me, they got a great hand from the whole fleet.

They say her Old Man told the boys he was going to drive right ahead and that if the ship was sunk he would know that the enemy was somewhere in the vicinity. Well, they were headed right, but they never got past the Narrows. They stuck until the last minute though, and those who went up, went up with the right spirit. "Are we downhearted?" they would yell. "No!" And they were not, either. They did not brag when they put it over on the Turks, and they did not grouch when they saw that their Red Caps had made mistakes. Their motto was, "Try again," and they tried day after day. I do not know much about the histories of armies, but I do not believe there was ever an army like that of the allies in the Gallipoli campaign, and I do not think any other army could have done what they did. I take off my hat to the British army and navy after that.

It was hotter than I have ever known it to be elsewhere, and there was no water for the boys ashore but what the navy brought to them—sometimes a pint a day, and often none at all. The Turks had positions that you could not expect any army to take, were well supplied with ammunition and were used to the country and the climate. Most of the British army were green troops. It was the Anzacs' first campaign.

They were wonderful boys, these Australians and New Zealanders, Great big men, all of them, and finely built, and they fought like devils. It was hotter than I have ever known it to be elsewhere, and there was no water for the boys ashore but what the navy brought to them—sometimes a pint a day, and often none at all.

At Cape Helles every one was wide-awake. We were all on the lookout for subs and you could not find one man napping. Anything at all passed for a periscope—tins, barrels, spars. Dead horses generally float in the water with one foot sticking up, and we gave the alarm many a time when it was only some old nag on his way to Davy's locker.

On the Cassard the Old Man posted a reward of 50 francs for the first man who sighted a periscope. This was a good idea, but believe me he would have had trouble making the award, for every man on the ship would be sure to see it at the same time. Each man felt sure he would be the man to get the reward. The 14 pounds were loaded and ready for action on a second's notice. But the reward was never claimed.

Depew gets into a hot place when he volunteers for service in the trenches at Gallipoli. After a battle he finds his pal a victim of Hun frightfulness. The next installment tells the story.

One day, off Cape Helles, during our seventh trick at the Dardanelles, we sighted a sub periscope just about dinner time. The Prince George and a destroyer sighted the sub at the same time, and the Prince George let go two rounds before the periscope disappeared, but did not hit the mark. Transports, battleships and cruisers were thick around there, all at anchor, and it was a great place for a sub to be.

In no time at all the destroyers breezed out with their tails in the air, throwing a smoke screen around the larger ships. They hunted high and low, all over the spot where she had been sighted and all around it, thinking to ram it or bring it to the surface, so we could take a crack at it.



"I Saw H. M. S. Goliath Get It"

It. All the rest of the fleet—battleships and transports—weighed anchor at once and steamed ahead at full speed.

It was a great sight. Any new ship coming up would have thought the British and French navies had gone crazy. We did not have any fixed course, but were steaming as fast as we could in circles and half circles, and dashing madly from port to starboard. We were not going to allow that sub to get a straight shot at us, but we almost rammed ourselves doing it. It was a case of chase-tail for every ship in the fleet.

But the sub did not show itself again that day, and we anchored again. That night, while the destroyers were around the ships, we slipped our cables and patrolled the coast along the Australian position at Gaba Tepe, but we did not anchor.

The following day the Albion went ashore in the fog, south of Gaba Tepe, and as soon as the fog lifted the Turks let loose and gave it to her hot. A Turkish ship came up and, with any kind of gunnery, could have raked her fore and aft, but the Turks must have been pretty shy of gun sense, for they only got in one hit before they were driven off by H. M. S. Canopus, which has made such a fine record in this war.

Then the Canopus pulled in close to the Albion, got a wire hawser aboard and attempted to tow her out under a heavy fire, but as soon as she started pulling, the cable snapped. The crew of the Albion were ordered aft and jumped up on the quarter deck to try and shift the bow off the bank. At the same time the fore turret and the fore six-inch guns opened up a hot fire on the Turkish positions to lighten the ship and shift her by the concussion of the guns. For a long time they could not budge her. Then the Canopus got another hawser aboard and, with guns going and the crew jumping and the Canopus pulling, the old Albion finally slid off and both ships backed into deep water with little harm done to either. Then they returned to their old anchorages.

At Cape Helles every one was wide-awake. We were all on the lookout for subs and you could not find one man napping. Anything at all passed for a periscope—tins, barrels, spars. Dead horses generally float in the water with one foot sticking up, and we gave the alarm many a time when it was only some old nag on his way to Davy's locker.

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Depew gets into a hot place when he volunteers for service in the trenches at Gallipoli. After a battle he finds his pal a victim of Hun frightfulness. The next installment tells the story.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Martial Law. Martial law is not a law at all in the usual sense of that term; it is really the abrogation of law. It is an order that supersedes civil law, and is employed in time of extreme peril to the state or municipality from without or within, when the general safety cannot be trusted to the ordinary administration of government, or the public welfare demands the adoption and execution of extraordinary measures.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVER

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE SONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, coated, it is a sure sign that the one's stomach, liver and bowels need a gentle, thorough cleaning.

When peevish, cross, listless, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or rally, or is feverish, stomach breath bad; has stomach-ache, throat, diarrhoea, full of wind, teapoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all constipated waste, undigested and sour bile gently moves out, little bowels without griping, have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children take this harmless "fruit" they love its delicious taste, always makes them feel better. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," with directions for babies, children, ages and for grown-ups playfully here. To be sure you get the ask to see that it is made by the California Fig Syrup Company, any other kind with contempt.

All He Wants Said of "I don't want any praise I'm doing in this war."

"Not at all. All I ask is to write me down as one who has advantage of a scholarship and fifty-dollar bond from him who has been ashamed to take two thousand dollars worth of grown man."

Keep clean inside as well as outside a gentle laxative at least once a week. Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Squels. "What makes more noise in a dog under a fence?" "Two under a fence." "Wrong. The answer is a dog to be liked."

The Vatican contains 100,000 rooms and covers 14 acres of street and subway cars.

ASTHMAD GUARANTEED TO INSTANTLY RELIEVE ASTHM OR MONEY REFUNDED—ASK ANY

Calf Enemy WHITE SCOURG BLACKLEC

Your Veterinarian can't get them out with Cutter's Free Serum and Cutter's Free Blackleg Filtrate and Cutter's Blackleg Pills.

The Cutter Laboratories Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago "The Laboratory That Knows"

Eczema MONIE

HUNT'S

Your Best A—A Skin Clearer Cuticura

HAIR Beauty to Captivate

W. N. U., WICHITA

WAR WORK

American women nurses are installed eight miles in the rear of the fighting lines "over there." Right here at home many women should learn nursing to take care of the sick or, in emergencies, the wounded. You can learn a great deal by obtaining the "First Aid Adviser," a book of 1,000 found in cloth, containing chapters on First Aid, Bandaging, Anatomy, Sex Problems, Mother and Babe, Descriptions for acute and chronic profusely illustrated by wood-colored plates. Ask your druggist 50c. to Publisher, 603 Main Buffalo, N. Y.

INDIGESTION, GAS, UPSET STOMACH

HURRY! JUST EAT ONE TABLET OF PAPE'S DIAPESPIN FOR INSTANT RELIEF.

No waiting! When meals don't fit and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you feel indigestion, lumps of distress in stomach, heartburn or headache. Here is instant relief.

Just as soon as you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapiespin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapiespin always make sick, upset stomachs feel fine at once and they cost so little at drug stores.—Adv.

Coming Year to Be Lively. Stirring events are in Old Moore's Almanac for next year. Among other things there is to be a "mighty struggle" between capital and labor, but after "a fearful fight," all will be well once more. Warm times between lords and commons are predicted. Russia is to be "full of trouble." November will be thus signified: Death of a monarch, "well known, but not well beloved, or trusted. No need to appoint a successor."—London Mail.

Get New Kidneys!

The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body, and when they fail in their work of filtering out and throwing off the poisons developed in the system, things begin to happen. One of the first warnings is pain or stiffness in the lower part of the back; highly colored urine; loss of appetite; indigestion; irritation, or even stone in the bladder. These symptoms indicate a condition which may lead to that dreaded and fatal malady, Bright's disease, for which there is said to be no cure. Do not delay a minute. At the first indication of trouble in the kidney, liver, bladder or urinary organs start taking Gold Medal Haarlem Oil Capsules, and save yourself before it is too late. Instant relief is necessary in kidney and bladder troubles. A delay is often fatal. You can almost certainly and immediately relieve in Gold Medal Haarlem Oil Capsules. For more than 200 years this famous preparation has been an unfailing remedy for all kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It is the pure, original Haarlem Oil your great-grandmother used. About two capsules each day will keep you toned up and feeling fine. Get it at any drug store, and if it does not give you almost immediate relief, your money will be refunded. Be sure you get the GOLD MEDAL brand. None other genuine. In boxes, three sizes.—Adv.

Keep It to Yourself. "Keep your troubles to yourself," said Uncle Eben; "meanin' dat if you's got de grip, don't sneeze in a crowd." A grand dinner in China usually includes 18 or 20 courses. The skeleton of an average whale weighs about 25 tons.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

Home is the resort of love, of joy, of peace, and plenty, where supporting and supported, polished friends and dear relations mingle into bliss.—Thompson.

TOMATO WAYS.

When canning, select tomatoes that are ripe, but not over-ripe, and free from blemishes. Scald them for two minutes, then dip in cold water and remove the skins and the green core with a sharp knife. Pack into sterile jars whole for the cold pack method, fill each jar with boiling hot tomato juice, add a teaspoonful of salt to a quart jar and if liked, one to three teaspoonfuls of sugar. Cook 25 minutes in a hot-water bath.

Tomato Puree.—This may be made from small or broken tomatoes. Cut and cook them until the tomatoes are soft, then press the pulp through a sieve, discarding the seeds and skins. Add one medium-sized onion, two tablespoonfuls of chopped sweet peppers and a teaspoonful of sugar and a half teaspoonful of salt. Cook all together until the mixture is of the consistency of catsup, stirring often to keep from burning. Pour it into jars and sterilize for 20 minutes in a hot-water bath.

Dried Tomato Paste.—Prepare the tomatoes as for canning. Put to cook with no water in an enamel kettle; when tender put through a sieve and cook the pulp until it is very thick, then place it over hot water in a slow oven, where it may dry out without danger of scorching. It may be then sealed in hot sterile jars or further dried on plates, cut in squares and stored in moisture-proof containers. This paste may be used for soups, sauces or scalloped dishes. One teaspoonful of the paste will make a dish of soup.

Spanish Pickles.—Slice thin one peck of green tomatoes, four onions, and chop four green peppers. Let the onions and tomatoes stand over night in a cupful of salt. In the morning drain them and put them into the preserving kettle. Add the pepper, one-half ounce each of nipslice, cloves, and peppercorns, one-half cupful of brown mustard seed, one pound of brown sugar, and enough vinegar to cover the mixture. Heat gradually to the boiling point and boil one-half hour. Pour into scalded jars and seal.

The sweetest music is not in the oratorio, but in the human voice when it speaks from its instant life, tones of tenderness, truth or courage.

CHICKEN SOUPS.

FOLLOWING are chicken soups a little out of the ordinary: Vermont Chicken Soup.—Reheat six cupfuls of chicken stock, seasoning with salt and pepper and a grated onion. Add one head of lettuce, shredded, and one cupful of green peas. Simmer until the peas and lettuce are done. Beat an egg, add enough stale bread crumbs to make a paste and shape into small balls. Drop these into the boiling soup and simmer ten minutes, then serve.

New Jersey Chicken Soup.—Reheat three quart of chicken soup. Simmer one cupful of rice until it is tender in the stock, rub through a sieve, season and reheat. Thicken with one tablespoonful of cornstarch, rubbed smooth in a little cold milk. Add a cupful of boiling cream and one-half cupful of chopped cooked chicken; serve with croûtons.

Chicken Soup With Dumplings.—Chop fine two ounces of suet, add half a cupful of flour and salt and pepper to season. Add enough cold water to make a paste and shape into balls. Reheat six cupfuls of stock, drop in the balls and simmer 15 minutes. Season to taste and serve.

Chicken Soup Hollandaise.—Cut into dice two cucumbers, two carrots and two turnips; cover with a quart of chicken stock and cook until the vegetables are tender. Season to taste, add a tablespoonful of butter and thicken with the yolks of four eggs beaten smooth with a cupful of cream. Pour into the tureen and add half a cupful each of cooked green peas and French beans.

New Orleans Chicken Gumbo. Cut up a chicken, dredge the pieces with flour and fry brown with a sliced onion and four slices of salt pork. Add four quarts of water and cook until the chicken is nearly tender. Add two slices of boiled ham cut in bits, a pod of red pepper, two quarts of sliced okra and half a can of tomatoes. Simmer until the chicken is done, season with salt and pepper and add one teaspoonful of powdered saffron.

Peaches With Marshmallows.—Take halves of peaches, arrange in serving dishes and pour over a sauce made of the juice thickened with cornstarch and a bit of butter added, then place a marshmallow in the center of each peach and pour the sauce over, chill and serve cold.

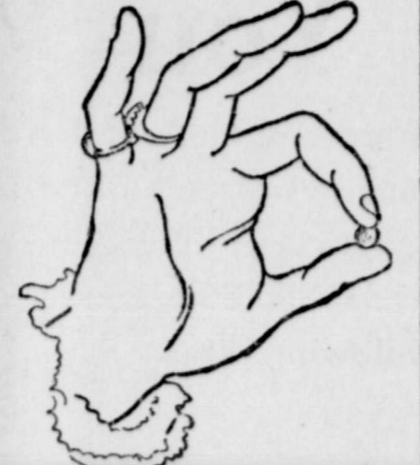
Of men who marry, 10 are bachelors to one widower.

It is said that copper workers are generally immune from typhoid fever.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

With fingers! Corns and calluses lift off. No pain!

Magic! Just drop a little Freezon on that touchy corn, instantly it stops aching, then you lift the corn off with the fingers. Truly! No humbug!



Try Freezon! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezon is the discovery of a noted Cincinnati genius.—Adv.

Answered in Kind. During the severe storm that flooded Galveston and caused some loss of life and much damage to property, an artillery officer, on leave of absence, telegraphed to his superior officer in command of the coast defenses at that point: "Sympathy to the regiment, where are my clothes?" The answer received was: "Sympathy from the regiment—you have no clothes."—Everybody's Magazine.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

When Conditions Are Right. Boarder.—Didn't you tell me you could sleep under blankets at night in this place? Owner.—So you can, when it's cold enough.—San Francisco Chronicle.

WOMEN SUFFERERS MAY NEED SWAMP-ROOT. Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble. Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions. Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

Food and a Meal. "Do you serve meals here?" "We serve things to eat here, but, mister, we ain't served a regular meal since the war began."

Sure Enough. "What do you think will happen when Kaiser Bill dies?" "Well, we'll have a picnic instead of a funeral for him."

Of Course. There seems to be a bond of sympathy between a good-looking lass and a good-looking glass. A colony of houses has been erected by the British government for munition workers near Woolwich, England. In 1880 women constituted less than 15 per cent of the total number of wage workers in the United States.

SPANISH INFLUENZA---WHAT IT IS AND HOW IT SHOULD BE TREATED

Nothing New—Simply the Old Grip or La Grippe That Was Epidemic in 1889-90, Only Then It Came From Russia by Way of France and This Time by Way of Spain

Go to Bed and Stay Quiet—Take a Laxative—Eat Plenty of Nourishing Food—Keep Up your Strength—Nature Is the Only "Cure"

ALWAYS CALL A DOCTOR

NO OCCASION FOR PANIC. Spanish influenza, which appeared in Spain in May, has all the appearances of grip, or la grippe, which has swept over the world in numerous epidemics as far back as history runs. Hippocrates refers to an epidemic in 412 B. C., which is regarded by many to have been influenza. Every century has had its attacks. Beginning with 1831 this country has had five epidemics—the last in 1889-90.

There is no occasion for panic—influenza itself has a very low percentage of fatalities—not over one death out of every 400 cases, according to the N. C. board of health. The chief danger lies in complications arising, attacking principally patients in a run-down condition—those who don't get to bed soon enough or those who get up too early.

THE SYMPTOMS. Grip, or influenza, as it is now called, usually begins with a chill, followed by aching, feverishness, and sometimes nausea and dizziness, and a general feeling of weakness and depression. The temperature is from 100 to 104, and the fever usually lasts from three to five days. The germs attack the mucous membrane or lining of the air passages, nose, throat and bronchial tubes; there is usually a hard cough, especially bad at night; oftentimes a sore throat or tonsillitis, and frequently all the appearances of a severe head cold.

THE TREATMENT. Go to bed at the first symptoms, not only for your own sake, but to avoid spreading the disease to others—take a purgative, eat plenty of nourishing food, remain perfectly quiet and don't worry. Quinine, aspirin or Dover's Powders, etc., may be administered by the physician's directions to relieve the aching. But there is no cure or specific for influenza—the disease must run its course. Nature herself will throw off the attack if only you keep up your strength. The chief danger lies in the complications which may arise. Influenza so weakens the bodily resistance that there is danger of pneumonia or bronchitis developing, and sometimes inflammation of the middle ear, or heart affections. For these reasons it is very important that the patient remain in bed until his strength returns—stay in bed at least two days or more after the fever has left you, or if you are over 50 or not strong stay in bed four days or more, according to the severity of the attack.

EXTERNAL APPLICATIONS. In order to stimulate the lining of the air passages to throw off the grippe germs, to aid in loosening the phlegm and keeping the breathing easier, Vick's VapoRub will be found effective. Hot, wet towels should be applied over the throat, chest and back between the shoulder blades to open the pores. Then VapoRub should be rubbed in over the parts until the skin is red, spread on thickly and cover with two thicknesses of hot flannel cloths. Leave the clothing loose around the neck, as the heat of the body liberates the ingredients in the form of vapors. These vapors, inhaled with each breath, carry the medication directly to the parts affected. At the same time VapoRub is absorbed through and stimulates the skin, attracting the blood to the surface, and thus aids in relieving the congestion within.

HOW TO AVOID THE DISEASE. Evidence seems to prove that this is a germ disease, spread principally by human contact, chiefly through coughing, sneezing or spitting. So avoid persons having colds—which means avoiding crowds—common drinking cups, roller towels, etc. Keep up your bodily strength by plenty of exercise in the open air, and good food. Above all, avoid colds, as colds irritate the lining of the air passages and render them much better breeding places for the germs.

KEEP FREE FROM COLDS. Use Vick's VapoRub at the very first sign of a cold. For a head cold, melt a little VapoRub in a spoon and inhale the vapors, or better still, use VapoRub in a benzoin steam kettle. If this is not available, use an ordinary tea-kettle. Fill half-full of boiling water, put in half a teaspoon of VapoRub from time to time—keep the kettle just slowly boiling and inhale the steam arising.

Note.—Vick's VapoRub is the discovery of a North Carolina druggist, who found how to combine, in salve form, Menthol and Camphor with such volatile oils as Eucalyptus, Thyme, Cypripedium, etc., so that when the salve is applied to the body heat, these ingredients are liberated in the form of vapors. VapoRub is comparatively new in New York State and New England and a few Western states where it is just now being introduced, but in other sections of the country it is the standard home remedy in more than a million homes for all forms of cold troubles. Over six million jars were sold last year. VapoRub can be had in three sizes at all druggists. It is particularly recommended for children's croup and colds, since it is externally applied and therefore can be used as freely as desired without the slightest harmful effects.

Watch Your Colts. For Coughs, Colds and Distemper, and at the first symptoms of any such ailment, give small doses of that wonderful remedy, now the most used in existence. Consumers may order direct from the manufacturers. Send remittance with your order, 60 cents and \$1.15 a bottle; \$5.00 and \$11.00 the dozen, delivered. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Mrs. Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Especially if It's Coal. The man who wants but little and lets it be known that he does has a poor chance of getting even that.

When Baby is Teething GROVES BABY HOWEL MILDRED will soothe the stomach and relieve the troubles. Perfectly natural. See directions on the bottle.

Martin Luther was one of the first to advise the employment of women as teachers.

Germany has so far lost more than 250 U-boats and 8,000 submarine sailors. Americans sunk 50.

Middle Aged Women Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles. Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which is exactly proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GODDEN, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. FLORENCE ISELLA, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

In Such Cases LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND has the greatest record for the greatest good. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.



Losing Calves Stamp Abortion Out HERD and Keep It Out. By the use of DR. DAVID ROBERTS' "Anti-Abortion" Small Expense Results. Consult Dr. DAVID ROBERTS' "Anti-Abortion" Small Expense Results. Consult Dr. DAVID ROBERTS' "Anti-Abortion" Small Expense Results.

Woman Wants. SEPTIC POWDER PERSONAL HYGIENE. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham, M.D., for ten years.

It's Acid-Stomach that Makes Millions Sick and Suffer. Get rid of the excess acid. That's the secret of good health and is the only way to obtain good digestion and assimilation. It is the right way to be well and keep strong. Ordinary tonics won't do any lasting good. The best they can do is to spur up your appetite. When the stimulating effects wear off, you are worse off than ever.

A modern remedy makes it possible to remove excess acid without the slightest discomfort. It is called EATONIC. In the form of pleasant tasting tablets, their action in the stomach is a good deal like a piece of blotting paper taking up a drop of ink—they literally absorb the injurious excess acid and carry it away through the intestines. Begin using EATONIC right now—today—and go on the road to bounding, vigorous, vibrant health. Thousands upon thousands of people who have used EATONIC are enthusiastic in its praise. They say they never dreamed that anything could bring them such quick relief.

Get rid of the excess acid. That's the secret of good health and is the only way to obtain good digestion and assimilation. It is the right way to be well and keep strong. Ordinary tonics won't do any lasting good. The best they can do is to spur up your appetite. When the stimulating effects wear off, you are worse off than ever.

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THE MIAMI CHIEF, Miami, Texas.

MY COUNTRY.

Your country is all that surrounds you all that has reared, nourished you, everything that you loved. That land you see, those houses, those trees, those smiling girls that pass, that is your country. The laws that protect you, the bread which rewards your toil, the words you exchange, the joy and the sadness which comes to you from men and things amid which you

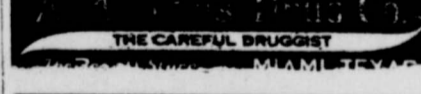
live, that is your country! The little chamber where you once saw your mother, the recollections she has left you, the earth where she reposes, that is your country. You see it, and you breathe it everywhere! I imagine, my son, your rights and your duties, your affections and your needs, your recollections and your gratitude, all united under one name, and that name will I be "MY COUNTRY."
Emil Souvestre.

FOR SALE. Good clean seed wheat at \$2.00 per bushel, cash, at my farm on the Mobeetie road.
Gus Fhn.an.



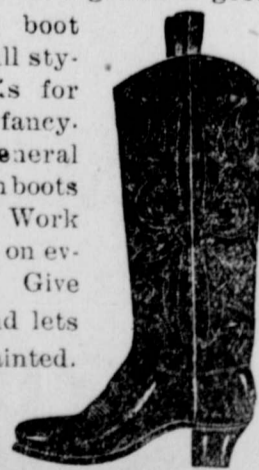
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SCHOOL PATRONS.
I have a nice line of school supplies Fountain pens, pencils, tablets, inks etc. I handle a high grade of goods and my prices are absolutely right. I will ask parents to make satisfactory arrangements before sending your children to have school supplies charged. My terms are cash.
Yours respectfully,



Boot & Shoe Maker.

I am now prepared to give you the very best in a genuine good Shopmade boot or shoe. All styles and kinds for your own fancy. Also do general repairing on boots and shoes. Work guaranteed on everything. Give me a call and lets get acquainted.



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Given prompt and careful attention. Shop across street from Wagon yard. Come In.
ALBERT WILDE
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Our national leaders are admonishing us to be—in the selection of our gifts—early and wise. It is both wise and patriotic therefore to disregard anything of a frivolous, evanescent or no-essential nature and select only a gift that is helpful and essential. This applies in a very particular sense to our children:

Americans in the Making

Educationl authorities throughout the American speaking world, men and women whose names are known throughout the width and breadth of the land, over five hundred thousand delighted, "just common-folks" unite in their raise of

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"The CHILDRENS ENCYCLOPEDIA" as the great boon to children and the greatest educational help to the century.

Tremendous problems will have to be solved by our children: The American men and women of the future!

The Book of Knowledge will assist more and better than any other educational factor to make our Boys and Girls better, wiser, all-round Americans.

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308 Sumpter Building, Dallas, Texas
Please mail me particulars of your 1918 Christmas offer of the Book of Knowledge.

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We have just received the full and complete line of samples and latest styles of the

PERCIVAL B. PALMER CO of CHICAGO

And we want to impress upon you the great saving you can make by letting us order your goods. We can save you about 50 per cent on your coat or dress, because we do not have the big investment necessary to carry such in stock, and will only charge a very reasonable commission over the actual wholesale cost

We want you to see the sample lines and prices.

Save \$10. to \$15. per suit by ordering from our samples.

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