#### PREVITIES.

ADOLPH BERNHARDT, age sevenceen, hanghed himself at New York on Sunday, because his step-mother forced himself and brother to leave home. He left a letter for "Dear Papa."

THE slaves on a number of plantations in Cuba have demanded their freedom, which demand the masters have agreed to grant on condition that they will agree to work three years for wages.

SILVER certificates bid fair to take the place of the silver dollars. In paying ten per cent. of checks in silver dollars, the treasurer at Washington is generally asked for silver certificates in preference to silver dollars.

WITH meerschaums, as with great men, the imitations far out number the genuine; that is to say, in Rhula, Germany, the center of this branch of the pipe trade, the annual product of the past few years has been 540,000 genuine meerschaum bowls, and exactly ten times that number of imitations.

CAPT. CAREY considers himself vindicated in regard to the Prince Imperial's death, and will remain in the service. He states that from the first moment of his arrest he took the whole matter to his Heavenly Father, and left it in His hands. Now he regards the official decision, to quash the court-martial proceedings, as a wonderful and direct

THERE was a waterspout off Newport, R. I., on Wednesday last. It was in the shape of a funnel and was connected with a dark heavy cloud overhead. It was located about two miles from the shore, and could be seen for about fifteen minutes, when it gradually disappeared. The ocean under the spout for some distance was in a wild state of commotion. No sooner did the spout make its appearance than a heavy thunderstorm burst upon certain sections of Newport, flooding the streets, while in other localities not a drop was seen. It was altogether a singular phenome-

According to Dr. C. Alberto, an Italian physician, the marine air produces the same benefit as that of the mountain, but each has a different modus efficiendi; the former acts more stitution which retains some robustness and internal resources to profit by
it, while the second acts more gently,
with slower efficacy, being thereby
more suitable to the weaker and less more suitable to the weaker and less excitable organizations. From this important distinction the conscientious physician, who takes the safety of his patient much to heart, ought to be able to discriminate whether the alpine or marine atmosphere is the better suited to the case he has before him.

On last Sunday week, the colored Baptist church at Simmons' Hammock, near Tampa, Fla., was somewhat excited over the strange conduct of a skunk which entered the church during services and proceeded up the aisle, leisurely looking at each person as it passed along. Finally he halted near one of the sisters, and caught hold of her dress skirt with his teeth and shook it vigorously for a moment or so, and then turned and walked out deliberately into a graveyard near by. The excitement was so great among the congregation as to cause the minister to bring his sermon to a close. A few of the old sisters and brothers contend that it is an omen of evil and a warning of some kind.

A PHILADELPHIA lady has left her hus band, a wealthy Reading lawyer, two months after marriage. On the second day after the wedding he charged her with flirting. After a wedding tour of all the fashionable watering-places the couple returned to their home in Reading, where she confesses she was provided with horses and carriages and unlimited pin money. Just before she left him she went on a visit to some friends in the country, and on her return she found her husband searching her trunk. He had discovered a letter which she had written to a gentleman recounting her grievances. She endeavored to snatch this from his hand, and in doing so says she pushed him down and planted her knee on his breast. He, in turn, forced her from him, and told her he wanted nothing more to do with her. By the advice of her mother, a deaf and dumb lady, she left him. She denies that she took \$15,000 of his money, but says he won't get rid of her until she Sets more than that.

### NEWS SUMMARY.

WASHINGTON.

THE bullion fund at the New York assay office has been further increased by the transfer to that office of another ten million dol-lars in gold to facilitate exchange on account of foreign payments for United States exports.

On account of the large accumulation of gold coin in the treasury arrangements will soon be made to exchange gold and silver coi for United State and es. Several sub-treasurie have been instructed to do this when conve

THE Society of the Army of the Cumberland meets here November 20th, when the statue of General Thomas will be unveiled. Gen. Gardeld, Congressman Young, of Ohio, and Gen. McCook have been appointed as a committee of arrangements.

To-DAY Senators Vance and Saulsbury, of the sub-committee of the Senate committee of priveleges and elections left for Topeka to investigate the charges made against Senator Ingalls in connection with his re-election to the Senate. The other member of the sub-committee (Gen. Logan) will join the party on the route.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

OLE BULL, the violinist, has sailed for CARLOTTA PATTI has a cork leg and that is the one which her husband requests her to kick with.

MONTAGU CORRY, Beaconsfield'ssecre

It is announced that Mr. and Mrs.

THE Russian government is getting atraid of Generals Skobeloff and Loris Meickoff, who are both of very liberal tendencies. LADY MARCH is dead. She was the Duke of Richmond's daughter-in-law and one of the acknowledged beauties of London society.

JOHN T. FORD claims to have discovered the coming American actress in Miss Lillian Spencer, daughter of Dr. G. W. Spencer, of Pitsburgh. GUSTAVE HIPPOLYTE ROGER, the fa-mous French tenor who made the tour with Jenny Lind on her first visit to England, is dead at the age of 64.

EASTERN capitalists are said to have

bought the Mammoth Cave last Saturday for \$200,000. A branch road will be built and the GENERAL ROBERT C. SCHENCK, whose

death has been hourly expected at Bennington, Vt., for weeks past, is reported as improving and will probably recover. FRED DOUGLASS has been delivering a lecture on the negro problem at Saratoga. His advice to the colored men is to keep away from Exoduses and stick to the South.

THE full name of Major Cavagnari was sir Pierre Louis Napoleon Cavagnari. He was of an Italian family, naturalized in England, and was educated at Christ's Hospital, where Charles Lamb and Coleridge received

Hon. Chapin Hall, aged 63 years, a man of large wealth and extensive business interests East and West, and a member of the firm of Hall, Holt & Parker, of Newark, N. J., died at Jamestown, N. Y., Tuesday night. Mr. Hall served one term in Congress from the Northwestern Pennsylvania District.

THERE was great excitement in New

### GENERAL FOREIGN NOTES.

SULEIMAN PASHA is reported to have died on Saturday at Bagdad. Four million dollars in gold were shipped from Havre, France, on Saturday, to the United States.

THE King of Abyassinia has made demands on territory which may result in a war with Egypt, if persisted in.

ALARMING rumors as to the relations between Russia and Germany continue to be circulated by the Continental newspapers. THE steamer Farraday, engaging in-tying the new French Atlantic cable, arrived in the English Channel of Prawle Point, on Satur-av atternoon.

Ar Middlesboro, a large iron-manufacturing locality in England, an order has been received from the United States for sixty thous-and tons of vig-iron.

THE value of the private railways which the Prussian government has contracted for, or is now negotiating the purchase of, amounts to \$375,000,000.

A DISPATCH from Constantinople says that France has indirectly advised the Greek Commissioners to adopt a conciliatory attitude regarding the acceptance of the Berlin treaty as a basis for negotiations.

THE inner surface of the dome of St. Paul's, in London, is to be painted with floating angels on a ble sky. The surface is to be divided by eight ornamental ribs, at the foot of each being the figure of a prophet, three times life size, seated on a throne.

THERE are coal mines in Germany in which the phenomenon of subterranean waters having a regular ebb and flow has been observ-ed. The scientific academies of Vienna and Berlin are studying it, and look for valuable additions to our knowledge of the earth's inte-

QUEEN VICTORIA, when she visits Chiselburst to see the Empress Eugenie, is in-variably conducted to the resting place of the Prince Imperial, where she places flowers, pre-sented by Monsignor Goddard, the Roman Catholic priest, for whom she has a special

A GERMAN medical writer, in a work published in 1977, says that there are but two anthentic cases known of five children being boin at one birth. A third case is now reported, from Kettwig on the Rbine. The children were well formed, though very small; but they lived only one hour.

only one hour.

PEOPLE are sometimes apt to say that they don't call any one a relation who is more remote than a second cousin at furthest, but when the present Earl of Breadalbane succeeded his twelfth cousin in the possession of Taymouth Castle, the finest seat in Scotland, with \$300,000 a year, he felt that relationship might be recognized even at that distance.

MR. C. S. CHANDLER, Jr., in writing MR. C. S. CHANDLER, Jr., in writing to the Science Observer, states that the comet whose discevery by Pelisa was telegraphically announced on the 23d of August was easily found on the evening of that day with a telescope of three inches aperture. It appeared as a round, bright disk, about two or three minutes diameter. The comet will be nearest the earth about the 24th of Septamber, and will be brightest about the 30th. It is now easily visible in a very small telescope, and will continue so for several weeks to come.

TROY, N. Y.. in 1878 made \$2,743.000

MRS. ETHAN COLBY, of 'Colebrook, N. H., recently had an eye taken out from its socket, cleaned of gathering matter and safely returned.

VANDERBILT has withdrawn his oppo-

VANDERBILT has withdrawn his opposition to the use of Madison Square garden for the purpose, and the walking match for the Astley belt will begin there on the 22d inst.

THE Corbin hotel, at Westerville, Ohio, was blown up on Sunday night, supposed by parties who objected to the sale of fiquors by the proprietor. No one was fatally injured, though the house was crowded with guests.

An explosion at the Quaker City oil works, at Cooperville, Pennsylvania, on Monday, resulted in the killing of George J. Emery, and the fatal injury of Andrew Emery and James Stranger. The Emerys were sons of the propriete.

THE new American Union telegraph company is laying its wires over the State of Vermont with very napid progress. It has 10,000 men at work there, and the line's laid up to Montreal. The company will be operating its wires before long.

An incident of daily occurrence at Passaic Bridge, N. J., is the appearance of a little girl at the depot, who awaits the arrival of the train with a bouquet of choice flowers, which she sends by a conductor to be placed on the grave of a playmate of hers who lately died

CHING TICK WAY, of North Adams, though a son of the Flowery Kingdom, has found the pathway of matrimony with his American wife not altogether rose-strewn. The Chinese are proverbially provident, and Ching might not have liked her Tick Way of buying things.

W. H. BARTON, of Yarmouth, Mass. W. H. BARTON, of Yarmouth, Mass. has invented a machine which he calls a pulse meter, as it is operated by the pulse. This machine, which it has taken him four years to make, when placed on the wrist, records the pulse. At every beat a hand advances one degree over a dial, thus recording the number of beats. Another hand sweeps over a graduated scale, which shows the force or intensity of the pulse. More remarkable still, a hammer is made to strike a bell and give forth a clear and distinct sound, thus making the human pulse audible as well as visible.

Notes of the manufacturing revival in Pennsylvania, from the Philadelphia Times: Scottdale's Fountain mill has been put upon double turns, orders being heavy. There is not an idle man in West Middlesex, the iron mills working day and night. Some of the Middlesex mills have been running on Sunday, so heavy is the pressure. Two hundred men shortly will be put to work in new coal tracts en Montour run, Allegheny county. About one hundred and fifty men and boys are employed at the new glass factory at Beaver Falls. Sharpsville iron manufacturers are unable to supply their regular customers, and are turning away good orders. The Sharpsville Advertiser says that everybody there was taken by surprise at the sudden demand for iron. The revival struk the place like a streak of lightning, and the whole community is certainly electrified

### THE WEST.

LEADVILLE has raised \$2,500 to build MINERAL surveyors are in brisk de-

OMAHA's new directory contains 9,826 ames, and they figure a population of 29,479 THE work of laying iron on the Lin-

coln and Northwestern railroad began in earnest on the 8th. A CONTRACT for forty miles of new rails has been let to replace the old ones between Denver and Pueblo.

THE Rio Grande railroad is built to

Silvert n, and it will cross the Rio Grande six-teen miles west of Del Norte. A FIRE at Longmont, Col., last week destroyed the St. Vrains hotel and all the buildings on the east side of Main street, south of the hotel. Loss estimated at \$40,000,

A MAN was found dead at Newpoint. A MAN was found dead at Newpoint, with a bullet in his head. A hint at the manner of his death was given by the evidence of an interrupted game of poker. In his hand were four kings, while four queens lay near by, having probably been dropped by his exasperated antagonist and murderer.

An aged Piute squaw deserted her An agest Pittle squaw deserved her husband and children to elope to California with a white man. The tribe sent two young and stalwart Indians to bring her back. Their mis-sion was a success, and at last accounts the white people of Carson, Nev., which is near by, were interfering to prevent the execution of a sentence that she be drawn apart by horses.

Work on the Northern Pacific road west of Bismarck, Dakota, is progressing at the rate of a mile a day, and in about twenty days the iron will be laid down for one hundred miles —the distance that was contemplated in the original contract. It is also announced that the graders are going right aiong toward the Yellowstone, and that work will be prosecuted without interruption, except from the elements, until the iron is stretched for two hundred miles from Bismarck to the Yollowstone.

OMAHA (Nebraska) Herald: Senator George E. Spencer, of Alabama, was in the city yesterday on his return from a look after his interests in the mining camps of the Rockies. In answer to an inquiry as to the prospects, he stated to a Herald reporter that he has given the Yankee Fork country a good looking over. It is a new district and little worked, and has the richest surface prospects he has ever seen. There is a large quantity of high-grade ore on the surface, and in the Senator's opinion it will turn out a second Comstock.

will turn out a second Comstock.

THE Fort Wayne (Texas) Democrat reports that in Johnson county a lady was visited by two of her lady friends who spent the day with her. She told them of having lately come in possession of a large sum of money, and that the absence of her husband annoyed her because she was afraid of being robbed. That night a stranger stopped at her house, and during the night, being awakened by a noise in the lady's room, he looked through the window and saw two negroes choking her in her bed. He fired at them and killed b th, and just then two persons field from near the house. On investigation it was found that the negroes were the lady's guests disguised, and it is supposed the two who field were their husbands.

basi ed! THE SOUTH.

MINING property near Charlotte, S. C.,

THERE is a small gold-fever boom round Edgefield, S. C. CHARLESTON'S business last year

nounted to \$53,000,000. NEXT year will be one of unexampled Singing at a colored camp-meeting at

Abbeville, S. C., was heard five miles.

A BILL making it decidedly unpleasant for tramps has just passed the Georgia Leg-

THE South Georgia caterpillar is en-THE French government has presented Dr. De Villeneure a gold medal in recognition of his services during last year's epidemic.

of his services during last year's epidemic.

DR. LOVICH PIERCE, the oldest clergyman in the Southern Methodist Conference, is dangerously ill at his home in Sparts, Ga.

IN South Carolina a statue provides that all persons having no reasonable or lawful excuse shall attend some religious service every sunday.

Tobacco and hemp run together, The Houston, (Texas) Telegraph says that within

eighteen months over a dozen men have been hanged in Texas, and that every man died with a cigar in his mouth.

a cigar in his mouth.

THE copyer ore discovered in Ashe county, N.C., in July last, is about to develop into a bonanza. A vein twenty feet wide has been reached, which it is believed will preve to be twenty-five feet wide, and it has already been opened over a thousand feet in length. Seven hundred men are employed, and the wors is being pushed vigorously. The ore yields four hundred pounds of pure copper to the ton. Ten blast furnaces are at work and ten thousand pounds of the refined metal is turned out daily. This mine is in the northwest corner of Ashe county, where North Carolina, Viginia and Tennessee almost join, and is operated by Baitimore capitalists.

THE Montezuma (Ga.) Weekly tells

THE Montezuma (Ga.) Weekly tells THE Montezuma (Ga.) Weekly tells of a horrible murder committed in the lower part of Macon county, in that State. The murderer was a negro boy about fifteen years old and the victim a co ored girl about thirteen. It seems that the boy had been beating an ox and the murdered girl threatened to tell on him. He told her that if she did he would whip her. She car ied out her threat, and shortly afterward was met by the boy away from the house, when he proceeded to give her the promised whipping. From the marks on her body it appears that he gave her a most unmerciful beating, and then beat her head to pice's with a fence rail. The body of the girl was not discovered until Monday morning. The murderer has not been arrested.

YELLOW FEVER NOTES. FORTY-EIGHT deaths from yellow fever

THE fever appears to have broken out a Concordia, Miss., and adjacent places.

A RECENT draft for \$5,000 has been sent by Jay Gould to the Howard Association at Memphis. A MANUSCRIPT bible six hundred years old is being exhibited at Madison, Wiscon for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers. AVALANCHE: Memphis is greatly af-

ficted, but it is not sick unto death. It will speedily recover its health and regain all its trade, and ultimately attain a prosperity without a parallel in the Mississippi Vailey. Other cities have had yellow fever plagues and survived, and marched steadily onward in prosperity and wealth and health, and Memphis will follow for a time their example.

MONTGOMERY (Ala.) Advertiser: Mrs. AMONTGOMERY (A.B.) Advertiser: Mrs. James Bryant, of Lowndas county, donated last year her colossal fortunes of natural black hair for the benefit of the Memphis yellow fever sufferers. It realized several hundred dollars and has now come back to the original owner, by the kindness of a Boston merchant, who was the last purchaser. It will be rafiled for in Montgomery in an evening or two, for the benefit or Gen. Hood's children, and everybody should take a chance. take a chance.

MEMPHIS Avalanche: One of the MEMPHIS Avalanche: One of the rules of the Meridian, Miss., Board of Health is that "no two grown persons are allowed to sleep in the same bed at the same time." Dr. Plunkett can now step down and out. The most thorough researches of the learned Doctor have gone no further than to discover spores in cotton bolls. It has been reserved for the Meridian Board of Health to unearth the true inwardness of the mysterious spore that has sent devastation and death over this Southern country. Fortunate Meridian.

### THE MARKETS

KANSAS CITY.

Extra prime s Native stockers, av. 800 to 1,000... Native cows, fair to good...... GRAIN. GENERAL PRODUCE.

HORSES AND MULES. Auction horses and ponies, good... \$20 to 35
Auction horses and ponies, extra... 35 to 55
Plug horses, very common... 15 to 25
Plug horses, fair... 40 to
Plug horses, stra... 50 to 60 Auction horses and ponies, extra.

Plug horses, very common.

Plug horses, stra.

Plug horses, extra.

Plug horses, extra.

Plug horses, extra.

Plain heavy workers.

Fair to extra heavy workers.

Fair to extra heavy workers.

Mules 13½ to 14 hands high.

Mules 14½ to 15 hands high.

Mules 14½ to 15 hands high, ext.

Mules 15 to 15½ hands high, ext.

Mules 15 to 15½ hands high.

Mules 15 to 15½ hands high.

Mules 15 to 15½ hands high.

### OTHER MARKETS.

OTHER MARKETS,

New York.—Wheat quiet. No. 2 Chicago, \$1.10; No. 2 Milwaukee, \$1.10½; red winter, \$1 07@1 15½ No. 2 red, \$1 15¼; No. 2 amber \$1 15¼; Lorn quiet; No. 2, 48½c.

St. Louis.—Wheat, September, 96c bid; October, 97¼c; November, 98½c. Corn, September, 31½; October, 31¾c; November, 30½c.

Milwaukee.—Wheat steady; cash, 94½c; September, 94½; October, 94½s; November, 95½c. No. 3, 88½c.

Chicago.—Wheat, September, 93c; October, 93½c; November, 34½c bid; November, 32½c November, 34½c bid; November, 32½c November, 34½c bid; November, 32½c October, 24½c; November, 25½c.

Toledo.—Wheat easier; No. 2 amber Illinois, \$1 04; western amber, \$1 02½ 102¾; November, \$1 02½c Cotober, \$1 02¾; November, \$1 02½c Cotober, \$1 02¾; November, \$1 02½c Corn, dull; high mixed cash, 31¾c asked, 30¾c bid; No. 2 cash sales, 37c.

Raltimore.—Wheat, western excited and higher; spot, \$1 16; September, \$1.14½c Corn—mixed western strong; spot 50c; September, 49¾c; Octobor, 48¾c.

Livempool.—Breadstuffs, market strong; winter wheat, 9s 24æ9s 4d; spring, 8s 6dæ8s 10d. Corn, old 4s 10d. Oats, 5s 6d.

London.—Consols, unchanged,

### An Ignoble Passion.

Jealousy is the meanest of passions, for most frequently it is an effect without a cause—a monster engendered in the imagination of its victim; and feeding alike upon its heart and brain, it withers the rose upon the cheek of beauty, dethrones reason from its judgment seat, and gives the reins to passion; it is the punishment of Tantalus, without his crime. To the jealous mind madness would be a relief, and death a blessing; it takes a martyr's pleasure in its tormentors, and adds to their intensity by the ingenious skill with which it adduces proofs from air-drawn nothings, adding fuel to the flame by which it suffers. Jealousy is a passion against which persuasion and argument are equally vain; the proofs which convince but tend

A SERENADE. Detroit Free Press. I sing beneath your lattice, love, A seng of great regard for you; The moon is getting rather high, My voice is, too.

The lakelet in deep shadow lies,
Where croaking froze make much ado,
I think they sing a trifle hoarse;
I sing so, too.

The blossoms on the pumpkin-vine Are weeping diamond tears of dew; "Tis warm; the flowers are wilting fast,] My linen, too.

All motionless the cedars stand, With silent moonlessns slanting thro The very air is drowsy, love. And I am, too.

Oh could I soar on loying wings.
And at your window gently woo!
But then your lattice you would bolt—
So I'll belt, too.

### ITEMS FOR WOMEN.

"Humph!" said a young gentleman at a play with a young lady, "I could play the lover better than that myself." "I would like to see you try it!" was the

naive reply. "Sara Bernhardt is said to sleep in her own coffin." If our sleeping cham-ber adjoined Sara's, we should rather she would sleep in her coffin than to be

coughin' in her sleep. The handsome dentist who was accused by a homely woman of kissing her while she was under the influence of chloroform, in his chair, now boards

at the best hotel and keeps a fast horse. By our Irish contributor: What is the difference between a waltz and a young wife of sixteen, who has just lost her husband? Answer: One is a giddy whirl and the other is a "widdy" girl!

"Father," said a wistful lass of about sixteen years of age, "I know something about grammar, but I can't decline matrimony, nor see the reason why myself and Gilbert cannot be conjugated.

The young lady who educates herself to speak uniformly kindly to her brother will find a reciprocal love in his breast. He will never set the dog on her fellow, nor tar the front steps on a dark Sun-

day evening.

The Fiji Islanders were very much disgusted by the corsets worn by the last lot of female missionaries sent there. The hungry but ingenuous natives say that if white women are to have as many bones as a shad, it really doesn't pay to import them.

There will be five Sundays in next February. Think of so much Sunday night bliss in the shortest month. But then this won't happen again in forty years. Let the old gentleman remem-ber this and be hopeful when he lays in

the winter coal supply.

He had an auburn-haired girl and promised to take her out riding. She met him at the door when he drove up, and he exclaimed, "Hello! Ready?" She misunderstood him, and they don't slap at love's young dream.

A woman who was having her first introduction to the telephone, was told by the operator to place the instrument to her ear and listen to the words the wire would speak to her. "And now," said she, in all innocence, "Shall I talk with the other ear?"

### Death-Bed Marriage.

Philadelphia Record REID-PERRY—On August 26, 1879. by the Rev. Joseph Perry, Mr. E. Dixon Reid, of Philadelphia, to Miss Carrie A. Perry, daughter of the officiating clergyman, at the residence of the bride's father. REID-E Dixon Reid, on August 28, 1879

of consumption.

The above announcements tell a sorrowful tale of a young life cut short and a younger one blighted. E. Dixon Reid was a promising man of twenty-three, and oc-cupied a prominent position in a Chestnut street store. In the spring of last year he was betrothed to Miss Carrie Perry, daughter of the Rev. Joseph Perry, of the Bethel Baptist church. About a year ago it was apparent consumption had marked him for its prey. Reid went South in a hope that his health might be restored, but the trip produced no good result. For several months he has been daily wasting away at the residence of his intended father-in-law. At the time of his betrothal the wedding was fixed for Sunday last, but that day found him very near death's door. The young couple, however, expressed a wish to be united before it was too late, and on Tuesday evening the sad ceremony was performed in the sick-room, a few members of each family being the only witnesses. One day later the newlymade husband had breathed his last.

#### An Honest Opinion. Very few of our opinions can be based

upon personal observation. We must frequently follow the lead of others, and accept their statements and conclusions.

The most industrious of men can see but a small part of the world's surface; can know but a small number of its inhabit-ants; can study but a little of its history; can read but a few of its books; and can pursue original investigations in but a corner or two of its fields of learning. Even in forming estimates of character, or in building up one's own religious life, we must make the largest use of the testimonies of others. He who refuses to benefit by that which he has not done himself, must speedily starve body, mind and soul. Yet we need not wholly abandon inde-pendent thought. There is no advantage whatever in pretending to like what you do not like, to believe what you do not believe, to accept what you do not accept. If a book or picture does not approve itself to you, by all means say so, though it be the work of a Shakespeare or a Remrandt. If you prefer negro minstrelsy to Beethoven's symphonies, admit it at once. If the persons and society of good people are unendurable to you, acknowledge the fact. There is hope for candor, where there is no hope for pretence. If you are sick, you cannot cure yourself by making mile

WHEN CASHIS PAID

believe that you are well. De not think it necessary to adopt a popular verdict simply because it is popular. Of course there is a false independence, an independ-ence of eccentricity, of pride, of selt-will. It is really as dishonest as the most humble subserviency to received opinion. But there is no danger of mistaking such sham independence for genuine honesty of conclusion. The small soul betrays itself at once, whether it be in slavery or in a make-believe freedom. The large soul accepts the good and rejects the bad, according as its own conscience apprehends them. It ever tries to be candid, and it always strives to conquer prejudice. It seeks truth in new things or eld. Therefore it knows what it pretends to know,

#### Beauty in a Box-Car. Dallas Herald.

and never builds save on firm ground.

Saturday evening one of the train men at the Union depot heard a noise proceeding from one of the box cars on the switch and a voice calling, "Please open the door." On unlocking the car, which was nearly filled with machinery, he found, to his astonishment, a weman. He had judged by her fine voice that it was a boy who had stolen a ride. She said that her name was Mrs. Rebecca Clark, and that she was from Fulton, Ark. Her husband, William Clark, came to this State some two months ago going to Weatherford in search of work, he being a carpenter by trade. So soon as he got work and fixed he was to send for her. He got several jobs in house building, but he was taken sick, and it was not long before his meager earnings were eaten up by doctor's bills and board. He wrote her of his condition, explaining why he had delayed sending for her. She had saved up some money herself, enough to come to him and very little more. This she sent him at once by a postoffice order. Yet she was not satisfied for she yearned to be beside his sick bed to nurse him, but she did not have money enough to pay her fare. What was she to do? Like a true woman she put her wits to work to devise some means by which she could reach him, but she could conjure and a voice calling, "Please open the dof Like a true woman she put her wits to work to devise some means by which she could reach him, but she could conjure up no plan, and she became almost desperate, but she never despaired. At last a happy thought struck her, and while she was delighted at the feasibility of it, she did not fancy it very much, yet she never once hesitated to take the step that promised to forward her to her husband. The idea was to secrete herself in an empty box car, as she had heard of tramps doing, and come through in that way. The idea was hardly conceived before it was carried out.

out.

Secreting herself in the car she came through to this city, where the car was switched off on the side track. After waiting for some time and finding that the car was not going any further, she called to get out. She was a young and rather good looking woman, and told her story in such a simple straightforward manner that a simple, straightforward manner that a purse was made up at once to forward her to Ler husband, and she left on Saturday night's 11:45 west-bound train for Fort Worth, from which place she will proceed to Weatherford. Such a wife as this is worth having. worth having.

### Table Decoration.

The prevailing art mania extends even to the dinner table. A great deal of art is lavished on table linen and toweling. Some of the designs in embroidery show constantly increasing taste for those of mediæval days. The Russian patterns speak now. Thus slang makes another show the Asiatic colorings and hideous script birds, lozenges, and queer leaves and branches, which are worked in leather stitch, needle point, point russe, long, loose stitches, and herring bone. Drawn work is very fashionable. On a towel of linen damask the ends are hemmed, and then an inch above each hem the threads are drawn out, and the remaining threads are worked across with a kind of chain-stitch; above this is a border worked in Russian embroidery in red and blue cot-ton. Instead of being hemmed, the ends can be fringed and tied; if hemmed they are trimmed with wide Terchon lace. A beautiful tablecloth has the threads so drawn as to form squares about three inches in size, and in each square a different flower is embroidered in colored wools and floss silks. For the display of the many bits of china and glass, white cloths are preferred, many of these, however, having a colored border. Gold colored, buff, pink, gray, and even garnet damask are fashionable, but white pottery is then used, therefore the pure white cloth is esteemed more favorable for the display of large growing plants, colored glass and china. A charming effect is produced by dismissing absolute uniformity of color. While the minor parts of a dinner or dessert service are alike, the major, or, for instance, dishes for entremets or vegetables, are different. Some of the designs are exquisite. One delicate dinner set in white shows each piece different from the others in decoration of wild flowers, a rosebud, bunch of carnations, cluster of ibres and sprays of ferns. Some beauti-'ul little butter plates have a decoration of olue forget-me-nots on the outside in reief. This latter style, in spite of its beauty, may be objected to on the ground that reliefs make cleanliness difficult. A berry dish in the shape of a large leaf of a delicate malze color, has a graceful, cunning stem colling into a water lily of creamy white, which might hold the sugar. The pretty saucers belonging to the set are of similar shape, but differing in color, while preserving the same extreme delicacy of

#### The Size of Our Great Lakes. The latest measurements of our fresh-

water seas are as follows: The greatest length of Lake Superior is 335 miles; its greatest breadth is 160 miles; mean depth, 688 feet; elevation, 627 feet; area, 82,000 square miles

The greatest length of Lake Michigan is 300 miles; its greatest breadth, 108 miles; mean depth, 690 feet; elevation; 506 feet; area, 23,000 square miles. The greatest length of Lake Huron is

200 miles; its greatest breadth is 169 miles; mean depth, 600 feet, elevation, 274 feet; area, 20,000 square miles.

The greatest length of Lake Erie is 2

miles; its greatest breadth is 80 miles; it mean depth is 84 feet; elevation, 555 feet area; 6,000 square miles.

The greatest length of Lake Ontario is

180 miles; its greatest breadth, 65 miles; its mean depth is 500 feet; elevation, 261 feet; area, 6,000 square miles. The length of all five is 1,265 miles, covering an area upward of 135,000 square

#### W.E TIMMONS, Editor and Publisher

Hon. Geo. A. Crawtord has been York, in 1881. No better appointment could have been made.

The annual State meeting of the Contistian e to cles of Kansas will be held at Emporia, on Thursday, ations. October 2, at 2 o'clock, p. m., and continue over the following Sun-

The American Traveler, of Sept. 6, published in London, devotes four columns of its space to Mrs. Vict ria C Woodhull as a candidate for President of the United States.

There will be a re-union of the wife.—ED.] veterans of the war residing in and near to Kansas, at Topeka, on Thursday, October 2. County and local committees are appointed to mittee, in adopting a set of rules to

in Yazoo county, Mississippi, was tion, who is identified with any one of Mosby's Guerrillas, and, other political organization;" thus judging from that, it is no wonder making the convention partisan to that he occupied a place so near the the core, and indicating that none average Radical's heart. Mosby but the most ultra party men need himself is now in full fellowship expect a nomination at its hands, with the Republican party.

The 12th resolution adopted by

Minister to Hayti, is earning his this rule of the Kepublican's, and salary of \$5,000 a year by stump-ing Ohio for Foster, or rather for bers of this convention are those John Sherman, who appears to be ONLY who have renounced all conhis favorite for the Presidency nection with the old parties, and The Hartford Times calls attention have fully identified themselveto the fact that, although Langston with the Greenback Labor party; has held the office of Minister to thus, also, making their candidates Hayti for over two years, he has strictly partisans, and leaving the spent but three months at the post Democrats the only alternative to of duty. Such instances go to put a party ticket in the field or to prove that the diplomatic service is run an independent ticket, pledging not only a gross humbug, but like- it the party's support; and the Cenwise a gross fraud.

who, after leaving Kansas, married found elsewhere. the daughter of Horace Greeley: "Col. Nichelas Smith, formerly of mous people, including the Bender family, but Colonel Nicholas Smith is her only 'pretty' man. Let Col. Smith rejoice his former fellow citizens with his georgeous speech at that place? presence."

### AFRICAN EXPLORATIONS.

The extraordinary interest taken in African travels and explorations, by the entire reading world, is phenomenal. That quarter of the globe has not only been the theater of some of the grandest achievements and ventures in the solutions. The solution address, DR. J. FABER & Co., 121 6m 22 Ann. t. N. Y.

INTERESTING TO STUDENTS OF NATURAL HISTORY.

Specially commended and visited by the Clergy, Heads of Educational Institutions and Millions of the First People of the Land.

NATURE'S MARVELS CONGREGATED

In vast numbers in this stupendous exannals of human travel, but has been the subject of an infinitude of books; but the people de not tire of reading of this wonderful continent, and hence the supply of literature latest contribution to historic literature on the subject, is the new book by Hon J. T. Headley, giving in graphic and thrilling detail the achievements of Henry M. Stanley—the greatest, most successful explorer of this or any other time. Mr. Headley's experience, scholarship and literary ability well fit him for bis task, and Stanley is fortunate in baving the story of his deeds told by so skilful a hand. Mr. Headley will be remembered as the author of those fascinating works of nearly a gen is adequate to the want. The fascinating works of nearly a generation ago:—"Napoleon and His Marshals" and "Washington and His Generals." They created a marked sensation at the time, and have since held their place in liter ature as standards of entertaining biography and descriptive writing. They are guarantees of the value and great interest of the new work. which will also be rendered doubly interesting and salable by nearly 100 full page illustrations representing African scenes and adventures. The people will welcome this work to their libraries. It is sold by subscription, and informa tion can be had as to terms, etc . from N. D. Thompson & Co., St. Louis, Mo. We advertise them in another column.

### "WE REJOICE."

Under the foregoing head the Western Spirit, published at Paola, Kansas, says: W. E. Timmons editor of the Chase County Cou RANT. a sterling Democratic paper was recently married to Miss Mil dred C. Ratcliffe, of Oldham county, Kentucky. The hapyy couple have returned to Kansas and commenced the journey of life followed by the kind wishes of numerous friends. Such unions generally tend to strengthen the Democratic party, and for this reason we rejoice and extend our hearty congratulations."

In speaking on the same subject, the Kansas City (Mo.) Price Current says: "The Louisville Courier-Journal announces the recent mar

The Chase County Courant, of Mis- Mildred C. Ratclaffe to Mr. W. E. Timmons. The groom is a very promising young journalist, having formerly been on the staff of the Courier Journal, but now proprietor of the Chase County (Kan-Hon. Geo. A. Crawtord has been sas) Courant. The Courier Jourappointed to represent the State of nal adds: 'Miss Ratcliffe is a young Kansas at the world's fair in New lady of fascinating manners, possessed of rare beauty of mind and person, and, as a consort of Mr. Timmons, is well suited to aid him in his new field of labor.' The Price Current extends its congratu-

[The Western Spirit, Price Cur rent, Louisville Commercial, Courier Journal, Levenworth Times, To p.ka Democrat, Posbody Gazette Great Bend Democrat, Wichita Reacon and other papers that have so kindly mentioned our new state of life and extended their good wishes to us and ours, have the most hearty thanks of this deponent and

#### THE REASON WHY.

The Republican Central Com-H. M. Dixon, who was murdered mitted as a member of the conven-

the Greenbackers in their county John M. Langston, the U. S. convention is somewhat similar to following about Nicholas V. Smith, mass convention; which call will be

#### A POINT IN SELECTION.

are already prepared. One of good feeders, will mature early, and them says: 'He has been styled the possess fine flesh; while, on the conhandsomest man in America, the trary, coarse Lones and large joints Queen of England going so far, it indicate late maturity, poor feeding said, as to pronounce him the quality, and coarse flesh, with a handsomest man in the world.' large proportion of offal,—National Kansas has sent forth many fa- Live Stock Journal, Chicago.

Query .- Did the Fort Scott papers have any "cap" I's left at-ter setting up President Hayes's

Subscribe for the COURANT. Only \$1.50 a year, cash in advance. 100 Male and Female Artists; 15 Male Riders; 100 Arabian Ring Horses;

### Sheriff's Sale.

State of Kansas, Chase County, ss. In the District Court of the 9th Judicial District in and for Chase County, Kan-

ken as the p operty of John and Mary O'Byrne and will be sold [or as much thereof as is necessary,] to satisfy said ex-

Jabin Johnson, Sheriff Chase county, Kansas, Sheriff's office Cottonwood Falls Chase county Kansas, August 28th, 1879. Sanders & Carswell Att, ys for Piff

### J. M. TUTTLE

KEEPS

CONSTANSTLY ON HAND

FULL LINE

Groceries,

Queensware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Notions,

## LOW PRICES,

ESPECIALLY

WHEN CASH IS PAID

# THE MASTODON IS COMING! 59TH CONSECUTIVE YEAR

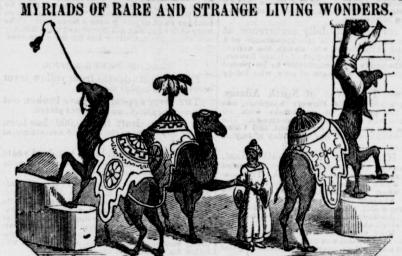
OF THE **GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH!** At COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1879



 $\mathbf{V}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{N}$ AMBURG 8 NEW, GREAT, GOLDEN

MENACERIE, CIRCUS AND COLOSSEUM manage affairs, and cheap rates on the railroads have been secured.

manage affairs, and cheap rates on their county convention, passed one their county convention, passed one that reads: "No person will be ad FIVE TIMES LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE



WHO ARE COMING?

Why the Minister, the Judge, the Merchant, the Lawyer, the Farmer, tral Committee, deeming it best to the Mechanic, the Miner, the Railroaders-in fact all mankind will celeignore politics in the selection of brate the goodness of a kind Providence in having crowned the labors The Atchison Champion has the county officers, issued a call for a of the husbandman, in giving to the people of this country the

MOST BOUNTEOUS CROP EVER KNOWN. COME ONE, COME ALL, come in wagons, come in buggies, come in carts, come on horseback, and come on foot. Bring with you the Kansas, is to take the field this winter, with four lectures. His notices find that small-boned animals are visit the GREAT WORLD'S FAIR,

THE LARGEST SHOW ON WHEELS IN THE WORLD. A MORAL AND IMPOSING PACEANT.

tinent.

COLOSSAL SPECIMENS OF ANIMATED NATURE.

Twice as Large as ever before, and Larger than any show in the known world. These WONDERS of CREATION are the Most Rare and Remarkable to be found in captivity.
"THE BEHEMOTH OF HOLY WRIT,"

A Zoological Specimen, the First and Only One ever exhibited in a Menagerie on this Continent, a grand vizier among animals. Here also may be seen the most rare and interesting animals in the world. VAN AMBURG'S GREAT SHOW!

11 Equestrians; 30 Acrobats; 20 Musicians in Unitorm.



In vast numbers in this stupendous exhibition, forming a practical catalogue, alike interesting, amusing and in-

The ÆRONAUTIC OSCILATIONS Awaken in the spectotor an unusual degree of interest.

THE WONDERFUL GYRATIONS AND EVO-

Excite a thrilling interest, affording infinite amusement to old and young. The Premier Show of the Age; it contains the Grandest Corps of Specialty Artists ever assembled. Fresh,

### SPARKLINC & ORINGIAL;

Conceived and pertected especially or the Grand Establishment. Super-Eminent in station; deservedly so rom Superiority in every department and achievement, it is unsurpassed in Christendom. THE PRESS AND PUBLIC UNITE in Proclaiming it a decided accession to the amusement

A Perfect and Complete Establishment,

Inviting comparison and challenging competition, it is alike renowned in the Old and New World, baving had an existence of nearly three quarters of a century, and traveled the world over, wherever civilization extends, culling from each nation so visited some memento in the shape of

REMARKABLE PERFOMER OR ANIMAL! Enabling Van Amburg & Co. to present to their patrons an Equestrian Banquet, composed of artistic dainties, the very choicest in the land;

also a feast of Zoological Eccentricities, very many of which are now for the first time exhibited in a Menagerie. Abnormol in its magnitude, every year adds new and startling features to Van Amburg & Co.'s Grand Establishment. Its pre-eminence undisputed, and its advent hailed with enthusiastic demonstrations and exuterant joy. Millions have been delighted. Its success is unparalled in the history of shows and its reputation unsullied.



OBSERVE THE GRAND STREET PARADE AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M. DOORS OPEN AT PRECISELY ONE AND SEVEN, P. M. riag in Oldham county, Kentucky, COTTON WOOD FALLS, KAS. Admission, 50 Cents; - - Children 9 Years, 25 Cents.

THE BEST WAGON ON WHEELS

IS MANUFACTURED BY

## FISH BROS. & CO.,

RACINE, WIS.

WE MAKE EVERY VARIETY OF

FARM, FREICHT AND SPRING WAGONS

And by confining ourselves strictly to one kind of work; by employing none but the

### BEST OF WORKMEN:

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FIRST-CLASS IMPROVED MACHINERY and the VERY BEST OF SELECTED TIMBER

And by a THOLOUGH KNOWLEDGE of the business, we have justly earned the reputation of making

### THE BEST WACON ON WHEELS."

We give the following warranty with each wagon:

WE HEREBY WARRAN'T THE FISH BROS'. WAGON No...... to be well maded in every particular and of good material, and that the strength of the same is sufficient for all work with fair usage. Should any breakage occur within one year from this date by reason of defective material or workmanship, repairs for the same will be furnished at place of sale, free of charge, or the price of said repairs, as peragent's price list, will be paid in cash by the purchaser producing a sample of the broken or defective parts as evidence.

Racine, Wis., Jan. 1st, 1878. TITUS W. FISH, JNO. C. HUGGINS. FISH Bros. & CO. Knowing we can suit you, we solicit patronage from every section of the United tates. SEND FOR PRICE AND TERMS, and for a copy of our AGRICULTURAL PAPER

FISH BROS. & CO., Racine, Wis. OR TO MOLINE PLOW CO., CEN. ACENTS, KANSAS CITY. MO.

HARDWARE TINWARE, WACONS, ETC.

ASA GILLETT.

## HARDWARE, STOVES AND TINWARE, ACRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

THE BEST HARVESTERS MADE IN THE COUNTRY

ELWARD'S, WOOD'S AND M'CORMICK'S.

CHARTER OAK STOVES. NAILS, IRON AND STEEL,

WAGON AND WAGON WOODWORK, ETO COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS.

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY, WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP, THAT THE



### CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R. R. IS THE GREAT CONNECTING LINK BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE WEST! SMOKING SALOON where you can enjoy your "Havana" at all hours of the day.

Appreciating the fact that a majority of the people prefer separate apartments for different purposes (and the enormous passenger business of this line warranting it), we are pleased to announce that this Company runs its PALACE SLEEPING CARS for Sleeping purposes, and its PALACE CINING CARS for Eating purposes, and its PALACE CINING CARS for Eating purposes, and the property of the state of the property of the

A. KIMBALL,

One other great feature of our Paince Cars is at R. Ros.

PALACE CARS are run through to PEORIA, DES MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS,
ATCHISON and LEAVENWORTH:

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For information not obtainable at your home ticket office, address, E. ST. JOHN.

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BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

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The best of leather; first-class work; prices, the most reasonable. Call and see me. Shop adjoining the hardware.

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### W. P. PUCH. M. D., Physician & Surgeon,

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COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS. A. M. CONWAY,

Physician & Surgeon,

Residence and office a half mile north of Toledo. jy11-ff.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1879.

'Terms—per year, \$1 50 cash in advance; after three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2 00. For six months, \$1 00 cash in advance.

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sertion; and 5 cents a line for each subsequen insertion.

### CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.



MAIL, PASS, FR'T. FR'T. FR'T. | NAIL | PASS | FR | FR | FR | FR |
| PM | Am | PM | Am | Am |
| Safford | 517 | 636 | 117 | 800 | 410 |
| Cottonwid | 539 | 700 | 200 | 900 | 447 |
| Elmale | 558 | 718 | 236 | 953 | 517 |
| Hunt's | 615 | 735 | 310 | 1030 | 545 |
| Cedar Pt | 632 | 752 | 341 | 1110 | 610 |

Angola Lodge meets Monday

THE CURRENCY QUESTION. Notwithstanding the fact that have come on.

thousands of our people are worrying themselves almost to death over the vexed question, even to give them a call.
the extent of neglecting their business, their homes and their duties to their families, there are still thousands upon thousands of smart, hard working, intelligent men pouring into the great Arkansas Valley, the Garden of the West, where the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad offers them their choice of 2,500,000 acres of the finest farming land in the world at almost their own prices. If you do not believe it write to the un- sept26-2w dersigned, who will tell you where you can get a cheap land exploring ticket, and how, at a moderate morning, for the Kansas City fair. expense, you can see for yourself and be convinced.

W. F. WHITE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Topeka Kansas.

### QUININE AND ARSENIC

Form the basis of many of the ague remedies in the market, and are the last resort of physicians and people plaint. The effects of either of these drugs are destructive to the eystem, producing headache, intestinal disorders, vertigo, dizziness, ringing in the ears, and depression of the constitutional health. Ayer's Ague Cure is a vegetabl discovery, containing neither quinine, arsenie, nor any deleterious ingredient, and is an infallible and rapid eure for every form of fever and ceived by J. W. Ferry is very tember 27. ague. Its effects are permanent large, and the rush of the people to and certain, and no injury can result from its use. Besides being a possitive cure for fever and ague in all its forms, it is also a superior remedy for liver complaints. It is an excellent tonic and preventive, as well as cure, of all complaints peculiar to malarious, marshy and miasmatic districts. By direct action on the liver and biliary apparatus, it stimulates the system to a vigorous, healthy condition. For Sale by all Dealers.

THE HANNIBAL AND ST. JOE.

Elegant Day Coaches, Furnished with the Horton Reclining Chair, will be Run Hereafter Between this City and Chicago.

The "Old Reliable" Hannibal and St. Joe railroad will hereafter run magnificent day coaches, furnished with the Horton reclining cago, without change, by way of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railway. This is one of the most old. chairs, between this city and Chi first premium at the Emporta foir. vention to meet in the court house, ring of the circus, each of these direct and safe routes to the East, and this step places it in the very first rank in point of elegance and sardines, Holand herrings, pigs' perfection of accommodations.
Without doubt it will early become the most popular line in the West had at F. Oberst's confectionary. with the traveling public. The Horton reclining chair is immeas urably superior in point of comfort and ease of management to all others now in use, and those placed in the Hannibal and St. Joe cars and was badly cut in the forehead. are of the finest workmanship and materials; but to the traveling pub lic it is useless to speak of the excellence of these chairs. They have proved so entirely successful, and so fully meet the wants of the traveling community, that they have become a necessity. Mr. H. first premium. D. Price, the efficient passenger agent of the Hannibal and St. Joe Holsinger for re-election to the ofread, in this city, furnishes the information that these day coaches found in another column. Mr. Hol- most generous patrogage from our citizens, and they will not fail will be placed on the road, this singer has made an efficient officer, citizens and our country readers is to crowd the spacious tents of the week. We commend this rous to and, if re-elected, we have no doubt placed beyond a doubt. The Gol great Van Amburg at each perthose going east, who wish to se- he will continue to so. cure comfort, safety and expedi- Remember that M. M. Young sive collection of wild animals, Read the advertisement in this tion. - Kansas City Journal, Feb. 9 bought twenty-five of those extra- birds and reptiles that has ever week's paper.

#### LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

Fall and winter goods at J. W Ferry's.

obacco. Fresh goods, of all kinds at J.

W. Ferry's. Mrs. T. S. Jones is now visiting

in Virginia. Dry goods, in endless variety, at J. W. Ferry's.

Mr. E. A. Hildebrand has re turned from Chicago. Mr. B. Stout, on Denn creek,

has a fine horse for sale. Groceries, dry goods, clothing, etc., at Caldwell & Co.'s.

A very large stock of goods just received at J. W. Ferry's.

Two Kaw Indians passed through town, Wednesday, en route south. Prescriptions carefully com-Call on M. Oles and see how

cheap you can get boots for cash. Mr. S. D. Breese left for Chicago Monday, to lay in a bill of goods. Mesers. Albert and Robt. Mayer had a fine hores to die one day last

fair, Wednesday night.

After this date my terms for work will be cash or its equiva-M. OLES. lent. This is the last call I make to

my debtors to call and settle. M. OLES. Messrs. T. H. Grisham and Ar nold Brandley left, Wednesday

Mr. B. S. Crutchfield, of the

body is invited.

very warm to being quite cool.

buy of him is in proportion to it. Mr. Geo. Mayer and his sons,

Remember that L. Martin & Co

Babyland, for October, an interesting number, published by D. Lothrop & Co., at Boston, Mass. is on our table. Subscription, 50 cents a year.

Born, at 9 o'clock, p. m., Sep tember 18, 1879, to Mr. Joe and Mrs Mary Smrcina, a 101 pound boy; and Smrcina is the happiets man in town.

Mr. Wm. Foreman's yearling stallion, of Chase county, took the with this resolution, for such con-

cooked, as well as cove oysters. feet, cheese of all kinds, nick-nacks, etc., and meals at all hours, can be

Wednesday, as Mr. Ralph Denn was going in his buggy to his dinner, accompanied by his little daughter Dora, in turning a street corner, she fell from the vehicle

Mr. A. Z. Scribner's team, Lincoln and Billy, took the second premium at the Emporia Fair, last week, in a ring of trotters; time-3:30, 3:40 and 3:45. Mr. Geo. W. Newman, of Emporia, took the

fine heifers of Dr. Cartter's for his meat market, and if you want a nice tender roast or steak, go there and get it; for Mr. Joe Smrcina Chew Jackson's best sweet Navy the butcher, knows how to prepare

n29-1y either in the bost of style. In another column will be found the appouncement of Mr. W. W. Sanders as a candidate for County Surveyor at the ensuing election. Mr. Sanders has filled the office be fore, giving very general satisfact on, and therefore he needs neither introduction nor recommendation to the voters from us.

The Nursery, for October, published by John L. Shorey, at Bos ton, Mass., is on our table. The Nursery is a fine magazine for the little ones; but this number is specially interesting, the illustrations being well selected and splendidly executed, and the typography faultless, while the reading matter is of

men, en route west, were sitting in there wagon in front of Giese & Sharp's blacksmith shop, a pistol in the hands of one of them, named Miss Hattie Pugh has gone to the time. Lunnon was arrested Lawrence to attend the State Uni. and taken before 'Squire Kinney,

Attachment of attend the State University.

Goods can always be bought at Goods can be be beceted beautiful always the formation of the foods of the foods of the Goods can always be bought at Goods can always be bought at Goods can always be bought at Goods can always be boug

A MYSTERY EXPLAINED. No doubt many of our old readers will remember the loss, at sea, in 1843, of the English steamer "Isle of Wight." The vessel disappeared, if we are correct in our memory, about the 25th of August 1843, and from that date till within the week past, the fate of passengers and crew has been a Mr. Leroy Martin and wife went mystery. Accidents of a similar to Kansas City, Tuesday, to attend character have since occurred, but, the fair and lay in a bill of goods. with the exception of the illfated Miss Mary E. Maynard has gone "President," their fate has been asto Emporia to teach school. Her cortained within a short time after parents will move to that city, next they have been missed. Not so month. consecutive years nothing, till now, last resort of physicians and people Wingman Mercury, arrived here, Who know no better medicine to Saturday night, on a short visit to Bird" picked up a black bottle, There will be an Old Folks' tightly corked, and on the inside of it was found, in legible reading, the astounding information that the astounding information tha night, October 3, to which every "the passengers and crew were all safe on the north point of Alaska, A Kansas zephyr came up from and were to start overland, the same the north, Tuesday afternoon, and day, in the expectation of arriving changed the weather from being at Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, in time to visit the great Van Amburg canvass in this or any other coun-The invoice of goods recently re- Show, to-morrow, Saturday, Sep-

MASS CONVENTION. part in this convention;" therefore, we issue the call, in accordance and Coroner, and for the purpose Central Committee for the ensuing

By order of the Committee. A. R. Ice, Chairman. W. E. TIMMONS, Secretary.

THE CREAT SHOW IS COMING, over twenty horses is with the Van Amburg & Co.'s Great Got- show, and he will do it or break his will visit Cottonwood Falls, to-mor- of the forest king, and not only ture the assertion that, as a whole, a dozen of them, but will feed them this monster exhibition is by far with raw meat in the presence of the most attractive in all of its fea- the whole audience. No mistake The announcement of Mr. W. H. tures of any like institution that about it, a menagerie and circus is

WHITE BRONZE



STATUARY. MONUMENTS AND

MEDALLIONS,

PORTRAIT BUSTS, &C,

## such a character as to instruct as well as amuse. Subscription, \$1.50 Cemeteries, Public and Private Grounds.

Wednesday afternoon while two A Few of the Advantages White Bronze Possesses over Stone Monuments and Headstones.

week.

J. W. Ferry expects to do a big lot of business at his store on Saturday.

in the hands of one of them, named B. Lunnon, was accidentally discontinuous discontinuous description of the head of Mr. Giese, who was repairing a plow at urday.

in the hands of one of them, named B. Lunnon, was accidentally discontinuous description of the head of Mr. Saturday.

1st. Age will not impair their beauty.

2d. There being no deterioration in their value, you always have in these your money's worth; while, with marble, or even granite, what you obtain at great expense, may, in a few years, become of little or no value, as defective headstones and monuments in every cemetery bear witness. Is it not then the part of wisdom to invest where you will always feel satisfied with your purchase, and also give the same satisfaction to coming generations?

Giese, who was repairing a plow at the cost.

the cost.

4th. Beautiful emblems full of meaning can be selected from our large list without extra 5th. The most delicate lines and sharpest letters will not chip nor lose a particle of their

### DRINKWATER, AT CEDAR POINT, KANSAS. KUHL.

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER

HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, WHIPS, ETC.;

ALSO

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BROADWAY

COTTONWOOD FALL, KANSAS.

been brought together under one try, in the list of which will be found the great Benemoth of Holy Writ, the only two-horned rhinoc-At a meeting of the Democratic eros ever imported into this coun-Central Committee of Chase county, try, the largest elephant in Amer-Robert and Albert have returned Kansas, held in the Courant office, ica, and twenty-nine eages of other form Wisconsin, after burying Mrs. in Cotton wood Falls, Saturday at rare animals. The circus perform-Mayer, who recently died in this ternoon, September 20, 1879, it lances will be of a startling and Sheriff. was unanimously "resolved that amusing character. A troop of we regret the introduction of politics nearly one hundred equestrians, have on hand a large stock of dry into an election of county officers; equestriennes, gymnasts, acrobats. goods, notions, etc., which they are but since the Greenback and Re- athlets, leapers, &c., all of whom selling cheap, because they sell for publican parties of Chase county have been selected for their peculiar have, by their action, forced the is- pecialty acts. The clowns-three sue upon us, we are in favor of a of them-have been chosen from call being made to the voters of the best and wittiest in the profes-Chase county to meet in mass con- sion, and, in short, everything in vention, at 10 o'clock, a. m., Satur- this gigantic show is of the most day, October 11, 1879, to designate elaborate and glittering descripand nominate candidates to be tion. We expect to see the mamvoted for at the coming election, moth tents of the Van Amburg excluding only those who may Show crowded at each performance, or shall have participated in party to morrow. Who is there that disconventions, this year, from taking likes to see a fine horse? No one. Who then will fail to see not only scores of the finest bred horses in the country dash into the magic carrying an equestrian, who from intancy has made the art of riding nating candidates for the following a horse his study? Who can listen Fresh oysters, both raw and offices: Treasurer. Sheriff, County to the quant sayings of Mr. Mer Clerk, Register of Deeds, Surveyor, ryman, the circus clown, without starting a button from his vest with of electing a Democratic County involuntar, laughter? What boy will hesitate to ride the mule when the ringmaster offers a five dollar gold piece to the lad who succeeds reyor at the ensuing election, Nov. 4 1879. without getting his neck dislocated? Oh, it is tun to ride the male! The

man who can turn a summersault den Menagerie has the most exten- tormance. Remember the day.

A Big Giant feed mill for sale; apply at this office.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SHERIFF. EDITOR OF COURANT: - In response cry general enquiry, please say that I am candidate for re-election to the office of herift. JABIN JOHNSON.

We are authorized to announce A. B. Watson as a candidate for the office of Shriff of Chese county at the November

FOR COUNTY TREASURER. Othe Prather, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, at the November 1879 election. We are authorized to announce Miss M

We are authorized to announce J. S Shipman as a candidate for County Tressurer at the easting election, Nov. 4, 1879. EDITOR OF COURANT; - Please say to the voters o Chase county that I am a candidate for treastier, and ask their stiffrage at the November (1879, election

II. R. ON DOOSITTLE.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

EDITOR OF COURANT;--Please to comer to the voters of Chase county, that I desire their support at the coming November election, for the office of County S A. BREESE. Clerk.

FOR RECORDER OF EEEDS. We re authorized to announce A. P. Gandy as a candidate for re-election to the office of Recorder of Deeds at the ensuing Neverals r election.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR. We are author z d to announce W. H. County Surveyor at the ensuing election. We are authoriz I to announce W W

### ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

On Fuesday September 39, 1879, I will offer at public side, at the home of the fate Herry Wilson in Toledo township, Chase Colosseum, the largest combined for he is bired for that one feat. he wheat corn ours and other articles menageric and circus now traveling, The lion tamer will enter the den note unerated. Sale to commence at 10 will visit Cotton would be the commence at 10 will visit Cotton would be the commence at 10 will visit Cotton would be the commence at 10 will visit Cotton would be the commence at 10 will visit Cotton would be the commence at 10 will visit Cotton would be the commence at 10 will visit Cotton would be the commence at 10 will visit country the country to the cou of said day and continue until all is Terms of sale.—Five dollars or unrow, Saturday, Sept. 27. We ven play "hide and go seck" with half der, ash; all sums over five dollars, six months, credit. Good security will be red. RICHARD CUTBERT, qui : d. S SMITH.

BLACKSMITHING.

CIESE & SHARP

are prepared to dress over at kinds of files. and dress mill picks; so farmers, black-smiths and all others having anything of this kind to do, should give bim a call. He does all other kinds of blacksmithing a low rates. ATTORNEYS AT LAW

F. P. COCHRAN,

Cottonwood Fai's, Chase county, Kansas, will practice in all the State and Federal Courts. Collections solicited. Deeds, mortgages, leases, &c., drawn carefully, and acknowledgmentstaken. Office—On Broadway, opposite the hardware store.

C. N. STERRY, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

EMPORIA, KANSAS, Will practice in the several courts of Lyon, Chase, Harvey, Marion, Morris and Osage counties in the State of Kansas; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts therein.

RUGGLES, SCOTT & LYNN,

Emporia, Kansas, will practice in the District Court of Chase and adjoining

C. H CARSWELL JOHN V. SANDERS.

CARSWELL & SANDERS,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, Will practice in the several courts of Marion, Chase, Lyon and Greenwood coun-

ENOCH HARPOLE. JOSEPH O'HARE.

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS.

HINCKLEY HOUSE' COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS.

The "Old Reliable" Hinckley House is again refitted, and furnished throughout with acw furniture, with spring bottom beds of the best quality, and in a better and more comfortable style than ever before, with a good sample room, and the best horse stable in the city attached, and everything on the table that the market will afford

Bills as low as the lowest of the same class of houses.

f houses.

Thankful for past favors, I would solicit
public patronage.
L. D. HINCKLEY,
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Proprietor.

### GEORGE HOFER, Barber & Hairdresser,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

Particular attention given to all work in my line of business. Give me a call. CHAS. RITTER,

WATCHMAKER 3 JEWELER,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, Store on Broadway, between Main and friend streets, keeps on hand a full stock of watches, clocks, lewelry and silver ware. Special attention is paid to repairing of all kinds.

WANTED BER of active, energage in a plea and and profit able business. Good men with find this a rare chance

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Such will please answer this advertise-ment by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been en-gaged in. None but those who mean bus-iness need apply Address FINLEY, HARVEY & Co., Atlant., Ga.

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Bristling with the Wild ADVENTURES of STANLEY IN AFRICA,

cheap edition, gives a full history wonderful discoveries in Africa, and marvelous journey down the Jongs more is-clusting than tomance, politically illus-trated, and highly endors at by the clergy and press More agents wan rela

cess of a eats and best terms address N D. THO "PSON & CO . Palis

### TREES! SHRUBS!

An immonse stock of Forest Tree and Evergreen As dings, Shrubs, Fruit Prees and Smill Fruits, the will be sold cheaper and packed better than any other place on the American continent. Address J. C. PINNEY. Stur geon Bay, Wis.

Ayer's Ague Cure,



ous, marsh, or miasmatic poisons,

This is a compound remedy, prepared with scientific skill from vegetable ingredients, which rarely fails to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever and the concomitant disorders. Such a remedy the necessities of the people in mala-rious districts demand. Its great superiority Its great superiority over any other medicine yet discovered for the nine or mineral, and those who take it are free from danger of quinism or any injurious effects, and are as healthy after using it as before. It has been extensively employed during the last thirty years in the treatment of these distressing disorders, and so unvarying has been its success that it has gained the reputation of being infal-lible. It can, therefore, be safely recommended as a sure remedy and specific for the Fever and Agne of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South. It counteracts the miasmatic poison in the blood, and frees the system from its influence, so that fever and ague, shakes or chills, once broken up by it, do not return until the disease is again contracted.

The great variety of disorders which arise from the irritation of this poison, such as Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Splenic Affections, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and derange-of the Stomach, all of which become intermittent or periodical, have no speedier remedy than AYER'S AGUE CORE, which cares them all alike, and protects the system from fature attacks. As a preventive, it is of immeuse service in those communities where Fever and Ague prevails, as communities where Fever and Ague prevails, as it stays the development of the disease if taken on the first approach of the premonitory symptoms. Travellers and temporary residents are thus enabled to defy these disorders, and few will ever suffer if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity, it is a versilent the sorgan.

it is an excellent remedy; it stimulates this organ, into healthy activity, and produces many remarkable cures where other medicines fail.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

### THE TRUE ISSUES.

JUDGE THURMAN AS THE INAUGU-RATOR OF A NEW POLICY.

The Senator's Grand Constitutional Speech at Columbus-How the Democracy Stands on the Live Questions of the Day-Some Radical Slanders.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 6.—Senator Thurman marked his active entrance into the campaign by a speech delivered at this place to-night, in the presence of an audience such as few Ohio cities, outside of Cincinnati, could furnish. The distin-guished Senator appeared to be in the best of health and spirits. His speech was almost entirely a constitutional argument, and as a legal plea in defense of the Democratic position on the reigning issues of the day, was simply superb. The address was received with unbounded enthusiasm. The Senator, after being introduced to the large audience by Hon. Frank McKinney, chairman of the Democratic executive committee, spoke substantially as follows:

chairman of the Democratic executive committee, spoke substantially as follows:

Mr. President and Fellow-Citizens:
The persistent efforts of the Radical leaders to destroy the plainest rights of the States and of the people, and thereby to overthrow local self-government in the United States, will justify me in asking your attention to-night to some observations that have been repeated a thousand times, and have therefore no charm of novelty to recommend them, but which can not be repeated too frequently if we would preserve our system of government and the liberties of the people.

Now, my friends, let us consider for a moment what is our system of government, and then further consider what would be the result of overthrowing lecal self-government and consolidating all power in the hands of the general government. We have in this country two governments—the federal or national government, whichever term you prefer, deriving all its powers from the Constitution of the United States, and the State governments, deriving all their powers from the State constitutions. The nature of this system was expressed with admirable brevity by Chief Justice Marshall delivering the unanimous opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States in McColloch vs. the State of Maryland, 4 Wheaton, 410. He said: "In America the powers of sovernment of the Union and those of the States. They are each sovereign with respect to the objects committed to it, but neither sorereign with respect to the objects committed to the other." In the same opinion, page 405, speaking of the general government, he said:

"This government is acknowledged by all to he one of animerated powers. The

ernment, he said:
"This government is acknowledged by "This government is acknowledged by all to be one of enumerated powers. The principle, that it can exercise only the powers granted to it, would seem too apparent to have required to be enforced by all those arguments which its enlightened friends, while it was depending before the people, found it necessary to urge. The principle is now universally admitted. But the question respecting the extent of the powers actually granted, is perpetually arising, and will probably continue to arise, as long as our system shall exist."

In Texas vs. White, 7 Wallace, 725, Chief Justice Chase, delivering the opinion of the Supreme Court, said: "But the perpetuity and indissolubility of the Union by no means implies the loss of distinct and individual existence or of the right of self-government by the States. Under the articles of confederation, each State retained its sovereignty, freedom and independence, and every nower installations.

ticles of confederation, each State retained its sovereignty, freedom and independence, and every power, jurisdiction and right not expressly delegated to the United States, And we have already had occasion to remark at this term that 'the people of each State compose a State having its own government, and endowed with all the functions essential to separate and independent existence, and that 'without the States in Union, there could be no such political body as the United States.' Not only, therefore, can there be no loss of separate and independent autonomy to the States through their union under the constitution, but it may be not unreasonably said that the preservation of the States, and the maintenance of their governments, are as much within the design and care of the constitution as the preservacare of the constitution as the preserva-tion of the Union and the maintenance of the national government. The constitu-tion in all its provisions, looks to an in-destructible Union composed of indestruc-tible States."

You thus see, my friends, that according You thus see, my friends, that according to the highest authority, the rights of the States are as indestructible, if our system of government be preserved, as are the rights of the federal government; that the one is just as sacred as the other; and that he who assails the plain rights of the States is just as much an enemy of our system of free institutions as is he who assails the just power of the federal government.

Now, mark it, my friends, the doctrine of States rights, or, in other words, local self-government, for which the Democracy contend, is wholly different from the doctrines of nullification or secession. The Democracy of the North never believed in either of those doctrines. contend, is wholly different from the doctrines of nullification or secession. The Democracy of the North never believed in either of those doctrines. They never believed in the right of nullification or of secession. One great cause that endangered the Union (slavery) has ceased to exist. To re-establish it is a manifest impossibility. No man, North or South, imagines that it could be re-established. The Southern people would be among the first and the most earnest to oppose such a measure. Their political power is largely increased by the emancipation of the uegro, and they are first coming to the conclusion that their material prosperity is likewise improved by his emancipation. It is not, therefore, a fear of secession, or of the re-establishment of slavery, that prompts the Radical leaders to degrade and debase the States. The cause lies far deeper than that. It grows out of the long and never ending effort of consolidated capital, seeking special privileges by means of legislation; privileges that the mass of the people do not enjoy. The holder of government would give greater security and value to his bonds. The mammoth railroad corporation, running through many States, feels restive under what it considers the annoyances of State legislation. It would greatly prefer to State charters or State licenses, a national charter rendering it independent of the States. The sational bank interest, with its two thousand and odd banks, destined, if the system continue, to be tripled or quadrupled in number in no long period of time, looks with complacency on the legislation of Congress that has destroyed the banking institutions of the States and given to the national system a monopoly of the issue and profits of bank paper money. The high tariff protectionists and the seekers of subsidies alike desire a government of almost unlimited power to gratify their wishes and foster their schemes, In a word, almost or quite every form of concentrated wealth, except real estate, desires, by construction or otherwise, to add

My friends, I have said that the purpose of the Radical leaders to overthrow local self-government is shown, among other things, by numerous acts of Congress. To speak of these acts in detail would require not one speech, but many. I cannot, therefore, undertake that task to-night. But there are some laws to which I must ask your attention, not only because of their deep reaching effects, but also because they were prominently brought under considerself-government is shown, among other things, by numerous acts of Congress, To speak of these acts in detail would require not one speech, but many, I cannot, therefore, undertake that task to-night. But there are some laws to which I must ask your attention, not only because of their deep reaching effects, but also because they were prominently brought under consideration at the last two sessions of Congress, and are among the most prominent issues now before the people. And first let me say a few words about the law enacted in February, 1865, authorizing the use of the

army of the United States to keep the peace at the polls. When that law was enacted, the government of the United States had been in existence for more than three-quarters of a century. We passed through a war of four years duration, and almost unequaled in magnitude in the annals of mankind; and yet during all this period, nearly seventy-six years, neither in peace nor in war had it been deemed proper, or even admissible, by our law-makers, to use the standing army of the United States to interfere it any manner in the elections of the people. But when, in 1865, the Radical leaders resolved to overthrow civil government in the South, and divide that portion of the Republic into military departments, to be ruled by the generals of the army, and to permit no elections, indees sanctioned by those generals and supervised by them, then this law authorizing the use of the army at the polls, was first enacted. How it was executed is now a matter of history. The only effect of the law is always and the permit no elections, in the permit of the army at the polls, was first enacted. How it was executed is now a matter of history. The only effect of the law is always and the permit no elections, in the permit of the army at the polls, was first enacted. How it was executed is now a matter of history. The only effect of the law is always and the permit no elections, in the permit of the army at the polls, was the permit of the perm in magnitude in the annals of mankind; and yet during all this period, nearly seventy-six years, neither in peace nor in war had it been deemed proper, or even admissible, by our law-makers, to use the standing army of the United States to interfere is any manner in the elections of the people. But when, in 1865, the Radical leaders resolved to overthrow civil government in the South, and divide that portion of the Republic into military departments, to be ruled by five generals of the army, and to permit no elections, funless sanctioned by those generals and supervised by them, then this law authorizing the use of the army at the polls was first enacted. How it was executed is now a matter of history. The only effect of the law is to enable the President to overawe the people who are opposed to his administration. It makes the army an instrument of party instead of being what it ought to be, and what, constitutionally, it can only be, the army of the whole United States. It is a law not only repugnant to liberty, but greatly injurious to the army itself. I have never heard an officer of the army speak of it except to deplore its existence. Now, my friends, the Democracy, at the last session of Congress, did all that was in their power to repeal the statutory provisions authorizing the use of the army at the polls. For that purpose, we passed bill after bill, but they were successfully vetoed by the President and thereby defeated. The General Appropriation bill for the support of the army was thus vetoed, the President, by defeating it, declaring, in effect, he would let the army go without support rather than lose the right to it at the times and places of elections. Thus thwarted, by an unparalleled exercise of the one-man power, we had nothing left for us to do but to withhold

right to it at the times and places of elections. Thus thwarted, by an unparalleled exercise of the one-man power, we had nothing left for us to do but to withhold appropriations for the army when used at the polls. But this remedy is, in its nature, but temporary, and may by too easily evaded by a hostile executive to be securely relied upon. Nothing short of a repeal of the obnoxious provision will suffice, and the question whether it shall be repealed is one of the great questions to be decided by the people. This issue is clearly made and sharply defined. The Republicans in Congress, as well as the President, are opposed to the repeal, as their speeches show. The Democrats and Nationals are to a man in favor of the repeal. What say you? If you are tired of freedom and wish the ballot box to be interfered with by the bayonet, vote to keep the law upon the statute book. But if you still cherish your liberties, and wish to cast a free and untrammeled vote, unawed by military force, vote to repeal it.

force, vote to repeal it. NATURALIZATION AND ELECTION LAWS. Under this caption Senator Thurman then proceeded to speak. He began to give a history of the efforts of the Democratic party since is organization, to conserve the rights of naturalized voters and to resent Federalist and Radical attempts to overthrow them, the Alien and Sedition laws being quoted as an example. He

then went on to say: When the Republican party after the first election of President Grant had the most absolute control of the government that any party ever possessed—the Presi-dent being a Republican, nearly all the judges of the supreme and the other fede-ral courts being Republicans, more than six-sevenths of the Senators being Repub-licans and over two-thirds of the House of Representatives being of the same party six-sovenths of the Senator's being Republicans and over two-thirds of the House of Representatives being of the same party—the Radical leaders conceived it possible to once more assail the rights of the naturalized citizen. This time the attack was made under the guise of preserving the purity of elections. The object was to bring all elections under the control of Congressional law and federal officers, and to uge the whole power of the federal government and its treasury, too, to maintain the ascendancy of the Republican party. They began by the introduction of a bill professedly to enforce the provisions of the lifteenth article of the amendment to the Constitution, and that bill, originally introduced in the House, after being greatly amended and enlarged, was passed by both houses and approved by the President on May 31, 1870. It is entitled, "An act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union, and for other purposes," United States to vote in the several States of this Union, and for other purposes," and it contains no less than twenty-three sections. I have no time to-night to speak of this law in detail. I can only say in a general way that it assumes to control the action of the election officers of the States when performing their duties under State laws and to punish them by indictment in the federal courts and by numerous other penalties for any violation of the act, notwithstanding the existence of State laws to punish them for the same thing; thus inflicting About every twenty years we have a ground in the same thing; thus inflicting About every twenty years we have a commercial revolution which for brevi them for the same thing; thus inflicting upon them a double punishment—one under the laws of the State and the other under this Congressional act. It creates a host of federal officers and employes to be paid out of the treasury for interfering in the elections of the States, and it seeks to confer upon the circuit or district courts of the United States a right to try contested elections in the case of every office whatever, except that of elector of President or Vice-President, representative or delegate in Congress or member of the State legislature. If this provision be constitutional, the right of your Governor to his seat, of all your judges, from the to his seat, of all your judges, from the highest to the lowest, to their offices, of every county and municipal officer, might every county and municipal officer, might be drawn into litigation before one of the federal district judges at Cincinnati and Cleveland. My principal object in referring to the statute at all is to show the purpose of the Radical leaders to interfere by Congressional laws and federal officers in the elections of the States. Having passed this act, the Radical leaders next turned their attention to the subject of naturalization. They passed through the House of Representatives, at the same session, a bill, No. 2,201, to amend the naturalization laws and to punish crimes against the same.

rouse of Representatives, at the same session, a bill, No. 2,201, to amend the naturalization laws and to punish crimes against the same.

Having failed to destroy naturalization by the bill to which I have referred, they now seek, by a corrupt and tyrannical execution of the election laws, to throw every possible obstacle in the way of the naturalized citizen's right to vote. The purpose to thus use election laws disclosed itself the moment the substitute of which I have spoken was defeated. That, as I have said, was proposed as an amendment to the House bill. As soon as it was voted down, the Senator who had the bill in charge moved two additional sections to it, one providing for supervisors of elections and the other providing as follows:

"And be it further enacted, that in any city having upward of twenty thousand mhabitants, it shall be lawful for the marshal of the United States for the district where such city shall be, to appoint as many special deputies as may be necessary to preserve order at any election at which representatives in Congress are to be chosen: and said deputies are hereby authorized to preserve order at such elections, and to arrest for any oftense or breach of the peace committed in their view,"

The bill, thus, amended, passed both he cases, and was approved by the President Jet 14, 1870. This bill was the entering wedge for the engatment of the voluminous Congressional election laws that have since been passed. It introduced the United States deputy marshals upon the scene under the pretense of preserving order at the elections, but it stopped far short of the powers conferred upon them by the subsequent acts to which I shall shortly refer.

At the next session of Congress the Rad-

In the first place, have we specie payment? Do any of your debtors pay you in specie unless the debt be \$5 or less? Do the banks pay their creditors in specie? Try and see if they do. Collect as many bank bills as you can and assort them. Out of \$10,000 you will have probably not over \$200 on the National banks of Columbus. The remaining \$9.8.0 are of banks scattered all over the Republic. To present them at the banks that issued them would require you to travel thousands of miles and incur hundreds of dollars of expense. To present them at the Treasury department in Washington would cost less, but yet would be enormous and expensive. So you abandon the idea of doing either. But you have \$200 of Columbus bills, You present them at the banks and demand specie. Do you get it? Not unless the banks see fit to give it to you. Then what would you do with your greenbacks, if you want-ed specie for them? Present them to any Federal officer in Columbus for redemption? If you'did, he would smile at your ignorance, and politely tell you that the government does not redeem greenbacks in Columbus; that if you want specie for them, you mast carry or send them to the city of New York and present them to the assistant treasurer of the United States. Our so-called specie payments, therefore, are no specie payments at all. Neither individuals, banks nor the government make payments in specie. In the first place, have we specie pay-

dividuals, banks nor the government make payments in specie.

But, while we have no specie payments, accurately speaking, I admit that our paper money has been brought to a par with specie. Of the sacrifices suffered by the people in order to bring this result about, of the shrinkage of all values, the paralysis of all industries, the thousands of laborers thrown out of employment, the bankrupteies, amounting to hundred of milhons of dollars, I shall not speak tonight. If there is any one who thinks that we have not paid very dearly for the whistle, I will not, to night, attempt to disturb his belief. But when the Secretary of the Treasury perambulates the country, boasting of the achievement of bringing greenbacks to a par with coin, it is not improper to point out to him the gravevards through which we have passed in our dreary march to point out to him the gravevards through which we have passed in our dreary march to this result. And when he claims that that this consummation was brought about by the resumption act, and his execution of it, it is eminently proper to show him how baseless is his claim, how hollow is his pretension.

There are various causes that have one

hollow is his pretension.

There are various causes that have operated to bring our paper money on a par with specie and among them the resumption act is the least. Had that act never been passed, and had Congress authorized what the Secretary of the Treasury, without authority of law row permits the reout authority of law, now permits, the receipt of greenbacks in payment of customs duty, they would have been at par with specie a year at least before the tion act. When the act was before the Senate, I moved an amendment providing for the receipt of green backs in payment of custom duties. The Republicans voted it down. I have said that had the resumption act never been passed, greenbacks would have reached a par with coin. It would have been through great suffering, as it has been through great suffering caused by that act; but it certainly would

About every twenty years we have a commercial revolution which, for brevity's sake, we call a panie; when the country wakes up to the fact that, owing to imprudent extension of credit or bad legislation, or both, it is not able to pay its debts on demand. A long period of suffering, generally five or six years ensues, and then, having reached the bottom, any change must necessarily be for the better, and then business begins to revive. Specie payments are resumed, as it is called, that is, paper money and specie come to par. It is not this resumption, so called that produces a revival of business, but it is the revival of business that produces the resumption.

Where the Sun Rises Early.

San Francisco Bulletia.

The very brightest of Wrangel days are not what Callfornians would call bright. The sunshine is always tempered in sift-ing down through the moist atmosphere, allowing no dazzling brilliancy—no dry, white glare. Lae town, like the wild landscape, reaction beneath the bottom, any other produces a revival of business, but it is the revival of business, but it is the revival of business that produces the resumption. the resumption.

But another cause has largely contributed to our so-called resumption, and for this cause our Republican rulers can certainly claim no credit. Owing to boun-

equalization of paper and coin, was the Democratic measure of remonetizing silver, which President Hayes vetoed, but

which we passed over his veto.

Still another cause, was the Democratic bill that put an end to the destruction of the greenback. For without the greenback in existence, neither Secretary Sherman nor the national banks would have the audacity to pretend that they could maintain actual specie nayments. In a maintain actual specie payments. In a word, my friends, the claim of the Radical leaders to your support on the ground that they have brought about prosperity to the country by a resumption of specie payments, is a bold pretense, without any foundation in fact, and that can deceive

foundation in fact, and that can deceive none but those who are ignorant or those who wish to be deceived.

In conclusion, upon this subject, let me say, that they who charge us with a purpere to undo what has been dene, and to plunge the country into a wild career of inflation, do us the greatest injustice. However much we deplore the suffering that has been caused by Radical measures, and especially by the contraction of the currency, we have no purpose to embark and especially by the contraction of the currency, we have no purpose to embark apon a career of wild and senseless speculation. There never was a platform adopted by a political party in America that insisted so strongly upon a staple currency as does the platform of the Ohio Democracy. To that platform we can safely point for a complete reintation of the false accusation of our enemies.

RADICAL INVENTIONS.

cratic party for the office of Governor. I shall do all in my power to elect him, and I trust that every Democrat in the State will do likewise. In view of the consequences to result from our election this fall, I do most sincerely hope that there may be no discord, no dissension, no bolting in our ranks. And I have every reason to believe that there will be none. From all quarters I hear that the party is harmonious, active and full of spirit. Let it do its duty manfully and earnestly, and do its duty manfully and earnestly, and victory will crown its labors and its

efforts. Judge Thurman's speech is bound to have an immense influence on the campaign, inasmuch as it is the key-note of a new Democratic policy. The Senator has wisely foreseen that the issues made in Congress last winter and spring are the ones to be brought into the Ohio canvass to the exclusion of financial topics, and the course he took to-night will work a lasting change in the Democratic tactics.

LETTERS FROM WASHINGTON.

His Idea of Appointments to Office—A Quiet Joke.

The subjoined letter from Gen. Wash ington was read at a recent meeting of the St. Paul Historical society:

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6, 1791.

DEAR GENERAL.—Acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 29th of December, and offering you my best thanks for the interest it expresses in my behalf, I beg of you to be persuaded that neither iny late silence nor my present brevity are in any degree the consequence of diminshed regard. Your friendship receive 3 from me the same grateful and affectionate return which I have ever made to it; but the multiplied duties of my public sta-tion allow me little or no leisure for the cultivation of private regards, and the necessity of a prior attention to those duties cannot fail, my dears r, to excuse me to you. Having in all cases of application for appointment to office prescribed as an invariable rule to myself, the right of re-maining to the last moment free and unengaged, I did not find myself at liberty, even in your regard, to deviate from that rule, which you will be so good as to assign as the reason why I did not answer last spring. I have the best disposition to serve the person whom you then rec-ommended, and in what may comport with circumstances and public propriety I shall be happy to do so. At present I know not what offices may be created, and appli-

cants multiply with every new office, and some of them come forward under such fair pretensions and pressing wants that a preference is difficult and painful in the extreme. In a word, to a man who has no ends to serve, nor friends to provide for, nomination to office is the most irksome part of the executive trust. The concern which you take in my health enhances the pleasure I have in answering that it is now perfectly re-established. It will add greatly to my satisfaction to hear that yours is also improved. With affectionate regard and esteem, I am, my dear sir, y'r most obed. serv't, Go. Washington. Gen. Armstrong.

In an interesting account of an interview with Gen. Thomas I. Kaig, at his home in the mansion near Hagerstown, Md., built years ago by Col. Frisby Tilghman, the Baltimore Gazette reproduces following letter addressed to Col. Tench Tilghman:

ROCK H.LL, Oct. 2, 1783. DEAR SIR-The Chevalier de la Luzerne hearing me the other day inquire after claret informed me that he had a duantity of it at Baltimore-more than he wantedand would spare me some. As you know how liable liquors are to be adulter ated, and that it is the quality only that constitutes the value, I persuade myself that you will put this wine into the charge of some person who will be responsible for the safe transportation of it. The Chev. assures me that it is old wine and of the first quality. I hope to drink a glass of it

Why have you been so niggardly in communicating your change of condi-tion to us? or to the world? By dint of enquiries we have heard of your marriage; but have scarcely got a confirmation of it yet. Present Mrs. Washington's and my compliments to your lady and Mrs. Car-roll, and be assured that with great truth and affection, I am, dear sir, yr. obed't serv't, GO. WASHINGTON.

is never dark. Cock-crowing is the one certain, invariable sound peculiar to civilization, but there are only a few, half a dozen or so, all told, of full grown roosters in Wrangel to awaken the town to give it Christian character: After sunrise a few smoke columns may be seen rising lan-Christian character. After sunrise a few single copy in America and short crops in America and short crops in Europe for three years, the balance of trade, instead of being against ns, has been largely in our favor; until, at length, gold is being shipped, in large amounts, to this country to pay for bread.

Another cause that has facilitated the consoliration of preer and delivate the desired part of the production of preer and getting ready for trade, but scarcely a sound is barn-like cabins, and a merchant getting ready for trade, but scarcely a sound is heard, only a muffled stir gradually deepeaing. There are only two white babies in town, as far as I have seen, and as for the Indian babies, they wake and feed, and make no crying sign. Later you may

hear the strokes of an ax on firewood and the croaking of a raven.

About 8 or 9 o'clock the town is awake and on its legs and in its boats. Irdians, mostly women and children, begin to gather in scores on the front platforms of the half dozen stores, sitting carelessly in the blankets, every other face blackened hideously, a naked circle around the eyes, and perhaps a spot over each cheek bone and on the tip of the nose where the smut had been weathered off. Some of the little children are also blackened and none are over-clad, their light and airy costume consisting of a calico shirt reaching only to the waist, as if even this flinisy mate rial were sorely scanty, the whole weighing, when dry, about as much as a paper collar. Boys eight or ten years old often have an additional garment—a pair of cast away miner's overalls. These also are wide enough and ragged enough for extragant ventilation. The larger girls and young women are quite brightly and extensively called tensively calicoed, and wear jaunty straw hats, gorgeously ribboned, which glow among the blackened and blanketed old crones like scarlet tanagers in a flock of

A bee flew out in the sunny air
By a boy so blithe and young,
Who laughed and screamed without a care,
And would not hold his tongue.

The scene it changed; with sob and shrick

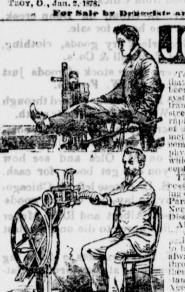
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Have, D., Jan. 2, 1878.

Taoy, D., Jan. 2, 1878, 014 0 110 J. P. WATSON, Pastor Christian Church, Trey, O



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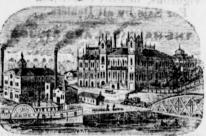


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