

# Chase County Courant.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

VOLUME VI.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1880.

NUMBER 17.

## BREVITIES.

**DURING** leap year look out for Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Hicks-Lord.—Chicago Times.

**CONORS**, N. Y., has a population of 20,000, and only two persons are colored. They are lonely.

**AN** ox in Chesterfield, N. H., is nineteen feet long, six feet high, with 9 feet of girth, and weighs 2,840 pounds.

**A** Boston newspaper derives the word "plumber" from one of the definitions of "a plum," which, it asserts, is £100,000.

**THE** Philadelphia News, as truthful as it is solemn, expresses the fear that old Winter will be smothered if he isn't careful.

**THE** habit of some ministers in kissing the pretty women of their flock in the dark is aptly described as Plutonic affection.

**THE** Turner's Falls Reporter thinks that "one of the most profitable columns of a newspaper is the editor's solid spinal column."

**IN** England there are nearly 900,000 persons, out of a population of 20,000,000 absolutely dependent on the rates and taxes for charitable support.

**A** CAREFUL canvass of the Iowa House of Representatives shows that sixty-five Republicans are in favor of Blaine for the Presidency and twelve for Grant.

**THE** Cologne Gazette, in a recent article deemed "inspired," observes that "no body can be on good terms with the German Empire who cultivates a political intimacy with Russia."

**IT** is announced that Flood, the Bonanza millionaire, has registered \$2,500,000 in the name of his daughter who is to marry Ulysses S. Grant, Jr. This will give her an income of \$100,000 a year.

**IT** is announced in the army circles that Boston baked beans, in cans, are now issued as part of the army rations to troops in the field. This may operate favorably on the recruiting services in Massachusetts.

**DEADWOOD** this year will be the mining magnet that will irresistibly attract the bonanza kings of the Orient and the Occident. The bugle is coming, and no mistake. The climate of Deadwood is milder than that of Louisville, Ky.

**SEMIOS** trouble, as expressed by the Boston Transcript: "Here are we, with a culture beyond the culture of most men, and yet we sit listening to plays by a pair of Ohio men; we have cultivated so much that it is impossible to bring forth fair fruits."

**THE** Hayden trial exhausted so many Connecticut lawyers that now their Bar Association are inquiring into the desirability of changing the State Constitution regarding trial by jury. In view of the length of this case we should think they would like to inquire.

**M. DE LAVALEYE**, writing of the Catholic opposition to the Belgian school law, says the priests have begun a reign of terror. Many parents and teachers are being excommunicated for recognizing the state schools. He says now is the golden opportunity of Protestantism in Belgium.

**BOB INGRESOLL** threatened to prosecute the Rochester newspapers if they published his lecture entire, as it was copyrighted and worth money to him. He limited the space for reporting it to a column and a half, into which one newspaper crowded the whole lecture by using small type.

**THE** Society for Irish Church Missions to Roman Catholics in Ireland has raised \$640,000 in the last 26 years. In addition, it has been the means of erecting 19 churches, 9 parsonages, 23 school houses and 8 orphanages. Its agents now number 386, comprising 30 clergymen, 124 Scripture readers and school masters, and 132 other agents.

**DISPUTE** the Change of Ministry in Spain and the supposed half-heartedness of Canovas del Castillo, the Cuban Abolition Bill has passed triumphantly through the Chamber of Deputies. It is true that a large number of members abstained from voting; but these malcontents were either the West Indian deputies, who thought to make the bill a stepping stone to financial reforms, or the obstructionist minority, whose patriotism was not proof against their personal hostility to the Premier.

**A** FATAL foot-ball accident occurred at Warrington, Eng., a fortnight ago. Two clubs were engaged, and two of the players came into violent collision, the head of one striking the knee of the other with such force that both fell down insensible. The player who received the blow on the knee recovered his senses in a few minutes with no more serious injuries than some severe bruises, but the other unfortunate man, who was struck on the head, never regained his consciousness, and was carried to an infirmary, where he died shortly after his arrival.

## NEWS GLEANINGS.

**Intelligence by Telegraph and Mail Sifted, Selected and Classified.**

**Recent Important Events at Home and Abroad Duly Chronicled.**

### WASHINGTON.

Gov. Pitkin testified before the House Committee on Indian Affairs and attributed the Utah outbreak to a feeling of dissatisfaction among the young braves and disaffection towards living lives of civilization, and it was the opinion of the people of Colorado, that the outbreak was premeditated—the Committee on the inquiry of the causes leading to the negro exodus from North Carolina has been busy examining witnesses. The preponderance of testimony points to the immigration being induced by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad; and that the agents having the matter in charge were employed and paid by the railroad. The Senate Committee on census met and received reports from several sub-committees on the nomination of Census Supervisors. The appointments for Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Rhode Island were reported back favorably to the sub-committee for further inquiry. The indications are that a strong move will be made in the Senate to have up all census nominations for the present, with a view to forcing an equal division of those appointments between two great political parties.

**PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.**  
—The Crown Prince of Austria will shortly marry Mary, the niece of the King of Saxony.

—The Pope's health is causing anxiety. He suffers from fits of shivering and great prostration, but persists in his usual occupations.

—Captain Bogardus is in London offering to wager £2,000 against £1,000 that he can kill one thousand pigeons quicker than any other man in the world.

—Frederick M. Spaulding, late City Clerk of Leavenworth, Kan., has been found guilty of embezzlement in office, and sentenced to the State Prison for four years and six months.

—John Forsythe and Alexander Sullivan, of Chicago, have been appointed by Farnell to designate places in the northwest in which he and Dillon will speak after the Chicago meeting.

—Alex. H. Stephens is a puzzle to the medical fraternity. He is stronger now than at any time these fifteen years, and it is said he will shortly discard his rolling chair and crutches.

—L. Z. Leiter, of Chicago, has written Representative Morrison, chairman of the house ways and means committee, urging that gentleman to use his best endeavors to secure the passage of Aldrich's bill in relation to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods.

—General Grant and party arrived in Havana on Thursday morning, where he was tendered the same enthusiastic reception which greeted him everywhere. He was received by the principal officers of the government and tendered the hospitalities of the palace, to which he and his party retired to repose after the fatigues of the voyage.

**GENERAL FOREIGN NOTES.**  
—Discoveries of rich petroleum wells have been made in Hanover, Germany.

—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows an increase in specie of 9,020,000 marks.

—During the absence of the keeper from the Lunatic Asylum at Blackwell's Island, one lunatic killed another.

—The strength of the German army on a peace footing as shown by the military budget of 1880-81, is 17,227 officers and 401,050 men.

—By a fire-damp explosion at a colliery in Meissen, Saxony, on the 27th, ten miners were killed and nine injured. Nine persons in the pit at the time of the explosion are unaccounted for.

—Cipriani Munoz, of Brooklyn, who with his sister-in-law were arrested in Cuba as political spies, will lay the matter before the Washington authorities and claim \$100,000 damages each.

—The situation in Afghanistan is becoming critical for the British as is apparent by the intimation of withdrawal from Cabul. The English and Indian forces are decimated by disease and death, and altogether, Great Britain has a big contract on her hands.

—General Roberts thinks that the native tribes will renew their attacks on the British position about the third week in February. Steps have been taken to provision all the departments, and to provide an additional quantity of munitions of war.

—In the vote in the Spanish cortes on the bill for the abolition of slavery, all the West Indians abstained from voting, except the state functionaries of Porto Rico, who voted in favor of the measure. The bill will be promulgated at once.

—A bill has been introduced in the German Bundestag, proposing an addition of eleven new regiments of infantry, two of artillery and one battalion of pioneers to the German military force. Thirty-two field batteries are also proposed.

—At Ottawa, Canada, on the 30th, a smallpox victim had been placed in the grave and was being covered over when the grave digger heard sounds proceeding from the coffin. It was raised from the grave and it was found that the person was still living. He was sent back to the hospital.

—An extensive robbery of arms and ammunition from gunsmiths' shops has been accomplished at Chester, England. The police say the robbery was committed by agents of the Fenian Association, a body which has numerous members in Chester. It is remembered the first organized attempt of the Fenians was made at Chester when they sought to carry out a plot for the capture of Chester castle some years ago.

**THE EAST.**  
—The women of Rhode Island are to vote on the school question.

—Sixteen million bushels of oysters are annually packed at Baltimore.

—The investigation of the so-called "Shepherd's Fold," in New York, reveals terrible cruelty to the unfortunate children confined to its care.

—Robert Johnson, a youth seventeen years of age, was shot and fatally injured in Scranton, Penn., Saturday morning, by some unknown party.

—Joseph Crowell, ex-city treasurer of Rah-

way, and formerly president of the senate and speaker of the assembly of New Jersey, has been indicted upon the charge of embezzlement of \$48,000 of city funds.

It is announced that the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw railroad is to be added to the Wabash system. This gives the Wabash two parallel lines across Illinois, and prevents the formation of a competing line.

—Joseph Berner, of Blackinton, Mass., 17 years old, jumped from the Boston Hoosac Tunnel and Western express train near Blackinton, on Saturday night striking against a post and killing himself instantly.

—A circular issued at Dublin says the statement reported in Irish newspapers to have been made at a meeting in Buffalo, New York, that defaulters in payment of rent are excluded from Mansion House relief, is unfounded.

—At Carrolltown, Ohio, Henry Hayes, a coal-digger, shot and instantly killed Wm. McDowell on the 29th. The ball entered about half an inch above the left eye. The man was the driver of an old coal about a woman, and the shooting took place on the street.

—The New York Neurological society, replying to the report of the senate committee on public health relative to lunatic asylums denounce it as slanderous, reckless, false and tricky. It is understood that the present legislature will be asked to investigate.

—Since the 1st of January the saloon keepers of Toledo, Ohio, have been required by city ordinance to close at 11 P. M., and on Saturday a test case for violation of the ordinance came up in the Police Court and the decision was against the validity of the ordinance.

—The report of the select committee appointed by the New York house to investigate the management of railways, says the charges of discrimination are fully sustained. They also propose some remedies for stock watering, which is denounced as a prolific source of evils.

—Richard C. Alexander, of Delaware City, Newcastle county, Delaware, who was bitten by a dog about six weeks ago, died of hydrophobia on Friday night, after an illness of five days. The united strength of six men were required to hold him, and he had afterward to be bound to the bed. In lucid intervals he begged to be killed.

—Yesterday morning a fire broke out in the engine room of the Russell Paper Company's mill, at Lawrence, Mass., and quickly communicated with the cutting, drawing and finishing rooms. The loss of the building, stock and machinery is estimated at \$3,000, which is covered by insurance. The fire throws sixty hands out of employment. The works will be repaired at once.

**THE WEST.**

—A man named Selpeck committed suicide on the 30th at Columbus, Ohio. Selpeck was a German, and a native of Prussia.

—The cold in Montana has recently been intense. A soldier of the Fifth Infantry, at Fort Keogh, was recently frozen to death.

—The Missouri Penitentiary is not self-supporting, and \$19,000 will be required this year to make receipts meet expenditures.

—Chicago packers, since the 1st of November to date, have killed and salted 1,778,000 hogs, against 2,837,554 of the corresponding period last season.

—The Chicago bank clearings for the last week foot up a total of \$27,061,984 33, being \$7,308,235 in excess of the corresponding week of last year.

—John Newkirk, while at work in his mill near Rushville, Ind., Saturday, had his leg nearly sawed off by a circular saw, whereby he will lose the use of it for life.

—James McDonough, a pilot of the steamer Carrier, at St. Louis, while crossing the river on Thursday evening at East St. Louis, dropped dead at the wheel of heart disease.

—The wagon roads in Licking county, Ohio, are now in a worse condition than they have been known for years. In fact, travel in some roads have been entirely suspended.

—Negro emigrants from Texas continue to reach Oswego county, Kansas in large numbers, and are suffering for want of house room. Some deaths have occurred from exposure.

—In a shooting affray at Los Vegas, New Mexico, between a party of herdsmen and the town officers, the Marshal and two of the cow boys were killed and three other men wounded.

—Advice from Atoka, I. T., says the well-known Indian, Creek Tom, and his boy have been murdered by some superstitious persons who thought Tom and his son were in league with Satan.

—A suit for slander was commenced in the Common Pleas Court at Akron, Ohio, on Saturday, in which Mrs. Louis Zeller asks that Mrs. N. Yager be made to pay her \$5,300 for damage done to her good name.

—A dispatch from Leadville, Col., says a party of Western capitalists, headed by Col. D. P. Dyer, of St. Louis, purchased on Saturday the Glass, the Pandary, and the Rough and Ready No. 2 mines, three of the richest deposits yet developed in that region, for \$5,000,000.

—William Jarvis (colored), living near Mitchell, Ind., on the night of the 29th killed his wife with an ax. She gave birth to a child about a week previous, which was followed by a puerperal fever, and she became delirious and attempted to get out of bed, to which Harris remonstrated, under threats, and on the next attempt Harris got his ax and plunged it into her head and body three times, causing death almost instantly.

**THE SOUTH.**  
—A chicken tournament is to be fought at Charleston, S. C., this month.

—Several cases of hydrophobia have occurred recently in New Orleans.

—Robert P. Butten, Grand Master of the Odd Fellows of Virginia, is dead.

—The city of New Orleans has appropriated \$200,000 for police purposes this year.

—Seventy thousand bales of cotton have been received at Rome, Ga., this season.

—Five hundred men are employed on the streets of Memphis in making excavations for the new sewers.

—The school population of Tennessee is 514,643; the value of public school property in the State is \$1,162,164.76.

—When Gen. Grant was at Sanford, Fla., he went out and turned the first shovel of earth on the South Florida railroad.

—In Savannah, Georgia, a negro woman gave a sick child lanthanum instead of syrup of ipecac, and almost sudden death was the result.

—A bill has been offered in the Mississippi Legislature making it a penalty for any one to encourage or decay emigrants from the State.

—Governor Blackburn, of Kentucky, offers a reward of \$200 for the capture of Jacob Geyer, the murderer of Jacob Licket, in Newport, last Wednesday night.

—In Anate City, La., Mrs. Mitchell presented a bill of forty cents for the feeding of prisoners. It was ordered to be paid as soon as there is money in the Treasury. A bill of fifty cents was allowed with the same provision.

—In New Orleans a difficulty occurred between two negroes, Henry Nelson, aged ninety years, and Joe Colron, aged seventeen years, in which the old man used a musket with such effect as to maim the youth for life.

—In Texas is a body of water known as Sour Lake, a circular pool an acre or two in extent, and bubbling and boiling continually. It is surrounded by wells also in a state of agitation, caused by the rising of gas, which may be set on fire with a match.

—The prominent bankers of Nashville are holding a convention to take into consideration the propriety of sending a petition to Congress asking a repeal of the law levying a government tax on deposits, and also insisting upon the repeal of the law requiring checks to be stamped.

—The duel between Major E. A. Burke, of the Democrat, and Major H. J. Hearsey, of the States, took place at New Orleans on the 27th. The duel was fought at Metairie Ridge, near the city, with pistols, distance ten paces. After firing two shots each friends interposed and the difficulty was adjusted.

—Nat Smith, the negro who was confined in jail at Jonesboro, Ga., for an attempted outrage on Mrs. Gray, was taken out by an unknown party, carried five miles into the woods and hanged on a tree. When found he had a gun-shot wound through his breast, apparently made after he had been hanged.

**Passing the Plate.**  
New York Times.

Last Sunday morning there were about 2,500 persons in Plymouth church, and Mr. Beecher noticed that the net cash received as reported by the deacons who passed the plates, was only fifty dollars. At the regular weekly prayer meeting last evening, Mr. Beecher took occasion to mention this parsimonious manner of giving by his people. "There is a power in this church," he said, "if it were organized, to do a hundred times as much without feeling it as we actually do. Speaking in this connection, I will say there were 2,500 people present last Sabbath morning. The collection plate is passed. If the contributions should average over 50c through the audience, and that ought to be a small average—it would make \$1,250. We oftentimes get \$50, \$80, \$100, \$200, rarely \$500 and \$600, occasionally \$1,000, and sometimes \$2,000. That seems very large, but when you come to take into consideration the number in the congregation, and calculate how much that would be for each individual, the amount would be very small. I have great fault to find with the result of our collections in proportion to the size of the congregation. They are parsimonious! They are mean! How many men put in a ten cent piece who ought to be ashamed of themselves! I think the contribution plate is a temptation of the devil in the church. When it is passed around men have not the courage to refuse to give, and so they pull out a nickel and ease themselves off with it. This constant passing of the plate through a congregation tempts selfish men to be niggardly—to make believe they give when they spare the poorest of the have. It is a bad thing. I dislike it exceedingly. I am sure the plate has been the means of educating a whole generation of men to be small."

**STEPHEN GREGORY'S AIR SHIP.**  
(Albany Express.)

Mr. Gregory is a tall, red whiskered man of about fifty. His face is rather cadaverous, his features are prominent, and his eyes are so large and bright that they seem to constitute the most important part of his anatomy. He is a man of apparent intelligence, and while he walked by the writer's side from North Pearl street to Broadway and Clinton avenue he told his story with earnestness, but without any great play of enthusiasm.

"My idea of an air ship is feasible, and is built upon common sense principles. The utility of every part of it, except the rudder, has been practically demonstrated, and there can be no question of its entire success. Just as soon as I can build a ship, the cost of which will be about \$6000, I shall go to Europe and will reach London in four days, for I can easily make forty miles an hour, even against reasonably adverse winds. \*\*\* "There it is!"

**WEEKLY MARKET SUMMARY.**

**KANSAS CITY.**  
CATTLE—Extra prime steers, 1.50 and over; \$4.75 to 5.00; to prime, \$4.50 to 4.75; \$4.25; native feeders, av. 1,000 to 1,200, \$3.25 to 3.75; native stockers, av. 800 to 1,000, \$2.80 to 3.50; native cows, fair to good, \$2.50 to \$3.25; Texan steers, \$2.90 to \$3.00.

**HOGS**—Common to choice, \$4.00 to 4.35; stockers, \$3.00 to 3.75.

**GRAIN**—Winter wheat, No. 2, \$1.15; winter wheat, No. 3, 1.02; winter wheat, No. 4, 97; corn, No. 2 mixed, 27c; corn, rejected, 26c; oats, No. 2, 32c; rye, No. 2, 31c.

**GENERAL PRODUCE**—Apples per bbl., \$2.25 to \$3.50; Butter, choice 15c lb; Butter, medium grade, 11c 45c; Cheese, Kansas prime, 12c lb; Hams, 96c lb; Lard, 68c; Eggs, per dozen, 35c; Potatoes, 40c to 75c; Sweet potatoes, 55c to 70c; Horses—Auction horses and ponies, good, \$20 to \$35; Plug horses and ponies, extra, \$35 to \$55; Plug horses, very common, \$10 to \$25; Plug horses, fair, \$40 to \$50; Plug horses, extra, \$40 to \$60; Plain heavy western, \$35 to \$75; Good heavy workers, \$30 to \$50; Fair to extra heavy workers, \$100 to \$150.

**BROKE MULES**—Mules 134 to 144 hands high, \$30 to 45; Mules 146 to 154 hands high, \$40 to \$50; Mules 147 to 157 hands high, \$50 to \$65; Mules 144 to 154 hands high, extra, \$75 to 100; Mules 15 to 154 hands high, \$85 to \$100; Mules 14 to 154 hands high, extra, \$115 to \$149; Mules \$1 to 16 hands high, \$140 to \$150.

**OTHER MARKETS.**

**St. Louis**—Wheat, January, \$1.34; February, \$1.39; March, \$1.43. Corn, January, 36c; February, 35c; March, 40c; May, 42c.

**Baltimore**—Wheat, January, \$1.25; February, \$1.25; March, \$1.25; January, \$1.25; February, \$1.25.

**Baltimore**—Wheat, No. 2 red winter, lower and freely active at \$1.52 to \$1.53; December \$1.52 to \$1.53; January, \$1.54; February, \$1.57; Corn, mixed western, dull and over, old, 65c; new, 63c; December, new 62c; January, 59c; February, 60c.

A lioness in the Royal Zoological Garden of Ireland encouraged the presence of rats in her cage, and they gnawed the bones of which the lioness had dined. The ungrateful rats, when the animal became sick, nibbled her toes. A tan terrier was placed in the cage to save the lioness from this annoyance. She received him with a growl, but when the dog tackled the first rat she coaxed him to her side, folded her paw around him, and kept him at her side every night.

## ANOTHER KISSING CLERGYMAN.

**Pleads Guilty to Kissing a Pretty Cook.**

Rumors have been current among the congregation of the Lutheran Evangelical Church of Hoboken concerning a scandal in which the pastor, the Rev. H. G. Hafemann, is involved. The board of church trustees instituted an investigation and held a secret session on Monday night. The congregation is composed, largely of Germans. The pastor, a tall, muscular man, with prominent features and black beard, lives in the handsome parsonage adjoining the church with his wife and three daughters. It seems that three months ago he employed as cook in his family Ida Stogman, a girl about 18 years of age. After a little time he began to think that the girl was associating with evil-designing men and he called into his parlor and told her of his fear. The girl said she had fled from the house of her mother and finally kissed her, the room, but in order to avoid scandal said nothing about the occurrence. Recently she avers, the parson has repeated his caresses and she quitted the house and informed her mother. At the request of her mother she related the story to Mrs. Hafemann. Then the girl quitted the parsonage. Mrs. Hafemann demanded an explanation from her husband and he informed her that he had kissed the cook out of pure Christian motives and that he had intended to do so to her as a father. The girl told several church members of the kissing and on Monday it came to the ears of the church trustees. A special meeting was called and they waited upon the pastor, who prepared a statement reciting the facts in detail. He said that he noticed the behavior of his cook, and sought, out of Christian motives to induce her to keep away from bad associates. He thought she was going with an evil-designing man, who would accomplish her ruin, and he called her to his study and informed her of his suspicions. He asked her to keep away from the man, and said that if she followed his advice he would make a lady of her and adopt her as his daughter. He allowed her to eat of his family table and gave her the freedom of the house. He admitted that he had kissed the girl, but declared that he did so out of pure Christian motives and for her spiritual welfare. In conclusion, he said that the girl evidently misconstrued his motive.

Mr. A. Moller, secretary of the board of trustees, said last night that the members were satisfied with the explanation given by the pastor and that they place no confidence in the slanderous rumors that were being circulated. He regarded the parson as a very eccentric man, too eccentric to remain, but said that he didn't believe him capable of doing an injustice to any one. "Of course," added Mr. Moller, "the trustees are fully determined to take some action in this matter and they have already asked the pastor to resign. We think it for the best interest of the church that he should sever his connection with us."

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It is a unique combination. The vessel proper is about the size of a canal boat, although sharp at both ends, and with a propelling screw and rudder at both ends. Above the boat, and attached to it by brass arms, are built on either side of the vessel long cylinders, which are to hold the gas. They are lashed to the ship not only by the brass arms, but by shrouds. These, of course, are to supply the buoyancy and to keep the vessel in the air. The boat is to be propelled by means of a screw, and the resisting force is from the air which forms a vacuum in the stern of the ship. The power is supplied by rarified air from an engine fed by kerosene. By a skillful contrivance there is a leverage on the flanges of the propeller, and the rudder is worked by means quite dissimilar to those used on the water ship. There is also an invention for making the vessel rise and descend at the will of the navigator, and altogether the affair as explained by Mr. Gregory appears very beautiful in theory, however faulty it may prove in practice.

"Have many persons seen it?" the writer asked.

"A great many. Fully three thousand persons have been to see the model. They have come from Maine and Massachusetts, from the far West, and from Philadelphia and other cities south of us. Out of all this number all spoke well of it—all admire its feasibility save one, and he is an Albanian, who says it 'won't work,' and when I asked him why, he answered, dog naturally, 'cause it won't!'"

**The Art of Kissing.**

Never kiss a young girl if she don't want you to. The main ingredient that makes kissing endurable is a willingness on the part of the female. If it deepens into anxiety so much the better. When a girl kisses a man's hair and scratches his face like a fool, drop her at once. She is destitute of good taste and natural affection; and the sooner you make love to her sister the better. As long as a girl don't claw, and yell and struggle

like a panther, it is perfectly safe to continue prospecting. Get a little behind her, pass the right arm around her waist in front, and if you don't know what to do next, go and associate with the boys in the First Ward. If you are just beginning to teach a sly young girl, who has been kissed heretofore only by her brother or father, touch your lips gently to her forehead. She will take it as an exhibition of self respect. When that position has been gained, working the way down to the lips is as easy as the course of a log making its way down a wooden flume. Never sit down to kiss; it looks awkward in case anybody is looking. It seems awkward anyhow. Stand up, and the closer you press the girl the higher estimate she will place on your good taste, common sense and experience.

## THE EVARTS ENDOWMENT FUND.

The corruptions of the Grant Administration placed his party on the defensive in the State and National campaigns during the eight years of Grant's incumbency, reducing the Republican vote from the overwhelming majority of 1868 to the discouraging minority of 1876. Mr. Everts has rendered his party the same service that was performed by Grant's notorious gang. The Shanghai consulate scandal, in its entirety, is as disgraceful and degrading as any event of the Grant era.

The Republican party has made this infamy its own property. The Republican members of the forty-fifth Congress rallied in solid phalanx to the support of Everts and his pet thief, Seward. This record is a part of the luggage with which the Radicals must be incumbered in the campaign of 1880. It cannot be dropped or shirked. The responsibility cannot be thrown from the party on to the shoulders of Mr. Everts, for it has been adopted and owned by the representatives of the party voting solidly in Congress to shield the thief who is minister to China, and the thief-protector in the state department.

No claim for the honesty of the Administration in the discharge of its departmental duties can be set up that will not at once be knocked down by the naked facts of this infamous story. The evidence of Gen. Grant in support of the charges against Seward, Bradford and Bailey will cut off any possibility of disposing of these charges as "Democratic lies." Even without a word from Gen. Grant or Col. Mosby the evidence of the guilt of those scoundrels and the complicity of the State department is conclusive.

But with the full indorsement of the ex-President and his friend Mosby, the allegations of fraud and complicity must stand







The Chase County Courant.

W. E. TIMMONS, - Ed. and Prop.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1880.

Terms—per year, \$1.50 cash in advance; after three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2.00. For six months, \$1.00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with columns for 1 in., 2 in., 3 in., 5 in., 1 col., 1 col. and rows for 1 week, 2 weeks, 3 weeks, 4 weeks, 1 month, 2 months, 3 months, 1 year.

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.



TIME TABLE.

Table with columns for EAST, MAIL, PASS, F.R.T., F.R.T., F.R.T. and rows for Cedar Pt., Hunt's, Elm Dale, Cottonwood Falls, Safford.

I. O. O. F.

Angola Lodge meets Monday evening in Britton's Hall.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

Notwithstanding the fact that thousands of our people are worrying themselves almost to death over the vexed question, even to the extent of neglecting their business, their homes and their duties to their families, there are still thousands upon thousands of smart, hard working, intelligent men pouring into the great Arkansas Valley, the Garden of the West, where the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad offers them their choice of 2,500,000 acres of the finest farming land in the world at almost their own prices.

W. F. WHITE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., Topeka Kansas.

THE HANNIBAL AND ST. JOE.

Elegant Day Coaches, Furnished with the Horton Reclining Chair, will be Run Hereafter Between this City and Chicago.

The "Old Reliable" Hannibal and St. Joe railroad will hereafter run magnificent day coaches, furnished with the Horton reclining chairs, between this city and Chicago, without change, by way of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railway. This is one of the most direct and safe routes to the East, and this step places it in the very first rank in point of elegance and perfection of accommodations. Without doubt it will early become the most popular line in the West with the traveling public. The Horton reclining chair is immensely superior in point of comfort and ease of management to all others now in use, and those placed in the Hannibal and St. Joe cars are of the finest workmanship and materials; but to the traveling public it is useless to speak of the excellence of these chairs. They have proved so entirely successful, and so fully meet the wants of the traveling community, that they have become a necessity. Mr. H. D. Price, the efficient passenger agent of the Hannibal and St. Joe road, in this city, furnishes the information that these day coaches will be placed on the road, this week. We commend this route to those going east, who wish to secure comfort, safety and expedition. —Kansas City Journal, Feb. 9

LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. 2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their paper, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrears are paid. 3. If subscribers refuse to take or neglect to take their paper from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their bill and ordered their paper discontinued. 4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible. 5. The courts have decided that refusing to take a paper from the office is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud. 6. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the postoffice—whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment. 7. Action for fraud can be instituted against any person whether he is responsible to a financial point of view or not, who refuses to pay subscription. 8. The United States courts have repeatedly decided that a postmaster who neglects to perform his duty of giving reasonable notice, as required by the Post-office Department, of the neglect of a person to take from the office newspapers addressed to him, renders the postmaster liable to the publisher for the subscription price. By getting your sewing machines of us you are helping your county paper. Remember that.

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

Subscribe for the COURANT.

Dr. E. Smith, dentist, is in town.

A top buggy for sale; apply at this office.

A Big Giant feed mill for sale; apply at this office.

Mr. Jake Moon, of Emporia, was in town Wednesday.

A very large stock of goods just received at J. W. Ferry's.

Harness, saddles, groceries and provisions at Ralph Denn's.

A full line of staples and other goods at Caldwell and Co's.

Apples, oranges, lemons, or anything you want at Ralph Denn's.

Subscribe for the COURANT. Only \$1.50 a year, cash in advance.

If you want to buy a sewing machine at low figures, call at this office.

Dry goods until you can't rest at Caldwell & Co's; and at bottom prices.

Kansudusters is the name for colored emigrants from this State back to the South.

The total amount of taxes levied in Chase county, last year, for all purposes, was \$47,169.10.

Dr. and Mrs. Sanford, Spiritualists, will lecture in this city, Feb. 6, 7 and 8, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

The first musquito of the season made its appearance at our house, on the night of February 2.

Mr. J. S. Shipman, of Elm Dale, the County Treasurer elect, started to Ohio, last Tuesday, on a visit.

There will be a donation party at the M. E. Church next Thursday night for the benefit of the Rev. H. J. Walker.

Superintendent Lemmon is arranging for an excursion of Kansas school teachers to New Mexico next June.

Mr. Geo. Hofer, the barber, has moved from this building into the office formerly occupied by Mr. G. W. Pritchett.

The first election of this year has passed; those who wish to get bargains do not pass the cash store of L. Martin & Co.

In our obituary of Mr. John O'Byrne, we should have stated he was born in Carrick-on-Shannon, in the county Leitrim, Ireland.

The Main excitement don't begin to compare with the excitement created by the low price at which L. Martin & Co. are selling their goods.

Fifty exodusters left Labette county for Texas on the 20th inst., their fare being paid back by a large cotton planter. —Emporia Journal.

Mr. T. S. Stockton has his saloon on Broadway, two doors south of Union Hotel, now in full blast, where you can get any kind of drink you may wish.

J. W. Ferry sells goods very cheap for cash. He does not advertise his prices, because he does not want competing merchants to sell at lower figures than he does.

The Sterling (Rice county) Gazette is in about the same fix as the COURANT on the county printing question. We will have something more to say on this subject next week.

In God we trust; The rest pay cash; To trust is best; To trust is best; No trust no bust; No trust no bust!

By J. W. FERRY.

The Social Club will give one of their very enjoyable entertainments on Friday, Feb. 13, 1880; tickets, usual price, 50 cents. Those in search of a good time, should remember the night of the 13th.

Married, at the residence of the bride's parents in El Dorado township, Butler county, Kansas, January 24, 1880, by the Rev. Paul F. Jones, Mr. Richard Hays, of Chase county, Kansas, and Miss Sallie Fowler, of Butler county, Kansas.

Geo. O. Hildebrand, of Cottonwood, Kansas, one of Kansas' most extensive cattle dealers, and who is at present feeding between three and four hundred head, and has 28,000 head of cattle running on the range, is at the Pacific. —Kansas City Commercial Indicator, January 29.

Mr. C. W. Ross, traveling agent of The Western Magazine, an excellent literary monthly, published by Pierce, Patton & Co., at Chicago, Ill., called at this office, last Tuesday. Mr. S. A. Ferrigo, last postmaster, is the local agent for

this magazine, and subscription can be left with him.

The young folks of this city have formed a literary organization and called it the Philharmonic Society. The society meets every Thursday night in the school-house. The paper read at its meetings is named the Karnippety Sack; and the COURANT has been put on its exchange list. It is a bright paper; and we wish it and the society success.

The Members of the Chase county Horticultural Society will take notice that owing to a failure to meet at the regular meeting in January, the election of officers for the ensuing year will take place at the regular meeting in February, which will be held at the court-house in Cottonwood Falls, on Saturday, Feb. 28, at 1 o'clock, P. M. sharp. It is hoped all the members will be present; and all others who take an interest in Horticulture are requested to meet with us, don't forget the time, Feb. 28, at 1 o'clock. J. W. BYBAM, Secretary.

ELECTION RETURNS. The election in this county, last Tuesday, passed off very quiet and peaceably, with the following result.

FALLS TOWNSHIP

For Trustee—W. S. Smith, 201; J. P. Caldwell, 74; Smith's majority, 127.

For Clerk—W. W. Sanders, 39; Ralph Denn, 206; J. P. Caldwell, 25; A. B. Wagoner, 1; Denn's majority, 167.

For Treasurer—Arch Miller, 115; E. A. Hilderbrand, 158; Hilderbrand's majority, 43.

For Justice of the Peace—A. B. Wagoner, 27; E. A. Kinne, 270; T. J. Dean, 124; C. I. Maul, 94; scattering, 4.

For Constables—H. Roberts, 203; G. W. Estes, 166; J. H. Mann, 143.

For Road Overseer, Dist. Number 55—George George, 49; A. M. Townsend, 41; W. Craft, 16.

Number, 3; W. H. Carter, 10; Geo. Collet, 1; Asa Taylor, 6.

Number, 4—E. A. Childs, 5; C. McDowell, 4.

Number, 7—E. Cooley, 1; A. B. Moon, 6; John Woodman, 1.

Number, 2; J. North, 1.

Number, 6; Isaac Alexander, 1.

BAZAAR TO VNSHIP.

In this township J. Horvey was Trustee; Jas. Mitchell, Treasurer; C. Winebrock, Clerk; J. P. Jackson, and E. Mitchell, Justices of the Peace; Geo. Jackson, and H. Wahrenburg, Constables.

COTTONWOOD TOWNSHIP.

In this township A. R. Lee was elected Trustee; Clay Shaft, Clerk; and F. Bernard, Treasurer.

DIAMOND CREEK TOWNSHIP.

In this Township R. Brash was elected Trustee; P. C. Jeffery, Clerk; T. J. Pratt, Treasurer; W. N. Bond and Wm Jeffery, Justices of the Peace; Jas. Lawless and W. J. Keller, Constables.

LOCAL ADVERTISING.

The following from one of our exchanges so well states the advantages of advertising that we insert it here: "The virtue of advertising is of more consequence, in a general way, than it is often credited with. A too contracted view is so frequently thrown around its salutary influences that those who read a business card seem to think that its import is of but little consequence to any one besides the advertiser. This, however, is a great mistake, for the community at large is benefited according to our way of thinking, by every business card of a town store appearing in local papers. It needs no very skillful reasoning to calculate the proposition, for there can be no better method adopted to improve a village, town or city, than that which keeps the bulk of trade at home. By so doing the results of in-lustry are widely in the expenditure made, society becomes co-operative to a considerable extent, material improvements are encouraged, and a pride of place is fostered. Our live store keepers are beginning to understand the value of advertising, and our residents fail not to reward them for their enterprise. A contemporary puts the matter in this wise: When the business men of a town fail to advertise extensively, they diminish the importance and trade of the place and permit more enterprising localities to take the latter away from them. Although done for their individual interest, ad-

vertisers should be looked upon by citizens of the town where they reside as in some sense public benefactors, and they should be encouraged accordingly. One merchant who advertises extensively is worth more to his own town and its people than forty who never show themselves in print, and should be, for this reason alone, preferred, assuming that he is, of course, a fair business man."

THE SETTLEMENT OF SILVER CREEK.

The following history of the settlement of Silver creek, in this county, was written by Lorn Park, a school boy, and read before the Progressive Literary Society at Silver Creek, a short time ago. The dates are correct:

"Silver creek forms the head waters of the Pacific ocean. It is situated in the central part of the United States. Some of its chief tributaries are the Mississippi, Missouri and Arkansas rivers.

"Silver creek contains a large volume of water, being so wide in some places that a spring chicken couldn't fly across it; that is, if both wings were broken; and sometimes after a shower it swells to terrible dimensions, sweeping everything before it, the waves rolling away up to the height of a jack-knife handle. It is a very crooked stream; and a man starting down stream in the morning is liable to meet himself before night. Therefore, its course has never been exactly determined.

"Silver creek and its surrounding country are noted for their mineral wealth, which, however, has never been developed, for want of capital; but it is evident that the valley contains mineral, from the fact that several horse shoes and a buffalo horn have been found in this vicinity; hence, the name of the creek.

"The country surrounding Silver Creek is very level; that is, there are just hills enough to fill the valleys; and it is remarkable for the fertility of its soil—just the soil for producing mullen stalks and snail shells.

"It is not chronicled in history who first discovered Silver creek. Perhaps the honor belongs to Ballou or De Soto; but it matters not. The first permanent settler was a man named Shaft, who settled near the junction of Silver creek and the Cottonwood river, sometime in the first part of the last half of the present century. His sons still own extensive tracts of land near the old homestead. A few years later T. J. Piles settled farther up the creek, where he now resides. He came from Illinois.

"Susan Moots purchased a tract of land adjoining Mr. Piles. She was married, a few years since, to Mr. Lewis Mack, an obscure German Prince. They still live on their farm.

"In 1870 several families by the name of Park arrived from the State of Pennsylvania, of which three families settled on the beautiful banks of Silver creek. Several more have settled on the creek since then, increasing their number so much that now a person traveling the road of upper Silver creek can call every person he meets Park and never hit the wrong name. They have outlived drought, grasshopper and everything which tends to make a poor man poorer.

"In 1877 an Eastern capitalist purchased a large tract of land adjoining T. J. Piles, on the north; such beautiful bluff you never saw. He leased it to a man by the name of Reifsnider for a period of ten years. He completed his contract in the opening of 1878, and then it was leased to another man for the same period. His contract was finished in 1879. Then Mr. Clay, the man who is on it at present, took possession. About this time the capitalist died of a peculiar disease, which the doctor pronounced bluff fever. Most of the property was sold, the remainder the lawyers are taking as fast as they can get it. Thus ends the first chapter."

CENSUS TRICKS.

Under the foregoing head the St. Louis Republican says: "As there is a great deal of talk about the forthcoming census, it may be well to warn people against pretended officials who will, no doubt, attempt to perpetrate fraud under the guise of gathering statistics for the cen-

sus. The game has already been begun in some States. A good looking person, armed with blanks and papers that give him an air of respectability, drives up to a farmer's house and asks him for information about his crops of grain, potatoes and other farm produce, the number of acres in cultivation, the number of head of cattle he owns, and other facts connected with his vocation, all of which is carefully noted on his blanks. Then the farmer is requested to sign his name at the bottom of a blank space on the paper, to verify the information—and here is where the trick comes in. The farmer may unsuspectingly append his signature, without asking questions; if so, he is entrapped, for the pretended official, bidding him good day, takes his departure, goes off and writes over the signature a promissory note for \$199, \$200 and \$3,000 and sells it to the nearest bank or note buyer, and the farmer knows nothing of the fraud until the note falls due, and he is notified by the innocent holder to come forward and pay it. As we have taken frequent occasion to warn farmers and others, they can not be too wary of strangers, who, under one pretence and another, ask them to sign their names to papers. In nine times out of ten there is a fraud intended. The census law does not require persons to sign their names to papers at all."

LOOK HERE FARMERS AND OTHERS.

Rubber boots and shoes of all kinds repaired on short notice at Wm. Hillert's, who also makes sewed and pegged boots and shoes of all kinds, giving satisfaction to all his customers. d12 ft

THE SUN FOR 1880.

THE SUN will deal with the events of the year 1880 in its own fashion, now pretty well understood by everybody. From January 1 until December 31 it will be conducted as a newspaper, written in the English language, and printed for the people.

As a newspaper, THE SUN believes in getting all the news of the world promptly, and presenting it in the most intelligible shape that will enable its readers to keep well abreast of the age with the least unproductive expenditure of time. The greatest interest to the greatest number—that is the law controlling its daily make-up. It now has a circulation very much larger than that of any other American newspaper, and enjoys an income which is not at all times prepared to spend liberally for the benefit of its readers. People of all conditions of the soul of all ways of thinking buy and read THE SUN; and all derive satisfaction of some sort from its columns, for they keep on buying and reading it.

Its comments on men and affairs, THE SUN believes that the only guide of policy should be common sense, as pleaded by genuine American principles and backed by honest motives. For this reason it is a constant to be, absolutely independent of party, class, clique, organization, or interest. It is for all, but of none. It will continue to praise what is good and to censure what is evil, taking care that its language is to the point and plain, beyond the possibility of being misunderstood. It is uninfluenced by motives that do not appear on the surface; it has no hidden agenda, and no secret which may be used by any purchaser for two cents. It hates injustice and rascality even more than it hates unnecessary words. It has no hidden agenda, and no secret which may be used by any purchaser for two cents. It hates injustice and rascality even more than it hates unnecessary words. It has no hidden agenda, and no secret which may be used by any purchaser for two cents.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

F. P. COCHRAN, Cottonwood Falls, Chase county, Kansas, will practice in all the State and Federal Courts. Collections solicited. Deeds, mortgages, leases, etc., drawn carefully, and acknowledged. Office—On Broadway, opposite the hardware store.

C. N. STERRY, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, EMPORIA, KANSAS, Will practice in the several courts of Lyon, Chase, Harvey, Marion, Morris and Osage counties in the State of Kansas; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts therein. Jy 13

G. H. CARSWELL, JOHN V. SANDERS, CARSWELL & SANDERS, ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, Will practice in the several courts of Marion, Chase, Lyon and Greenwood counties. Jy 12-11

ENOCH HARPOLE, JOSEPH O'HARE, HARPOLE & O'HARE, ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, In connection with the practice of law, will discount notes and make short time loans.

RUGGLES, SCOTT & LYNN, Emporia, Kansas, will practice in the District Court of Chase and adjoining counties.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. Notice is hereby given that F. H. Drinkwater, the Administrator of the estate of H. E. Drinkwater, deceased, has filed in the office of the Probate Judge of Chase county, Kansas, his petition as such Administrator for authority from the Probate Court of said county to sell, for the payment of the debts of the estate of the said deceased, the following described real estate belonging to the said estate, to-wit: the northeast quarter (1) of the northwest quarter (1) of section thirty-six (36), in township twenty (20), range five (5), in said Chase county, Kansas; and that the same will be heard and passed upon by the said Court at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1880.

F. H. DRINKWATER, Administrator of the said estate.

A. M. CONWAY, Physician & Surgeon, Residence and office a half mile north of Toledo. Jy 11-11

W. P. PUGH, M. D., Physician & Surgeon, Office (at present) in the Bank, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

WANTED—A LIMITED NUMBER of active, energetic canvassers to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance. To Make Money. Such will please answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply. Address: FINLEY, HARVEY & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

VICTORIOUS! HIGHEST & BEST AWARD And Grand Medal of Honor

Economy, Durability and Rapidity combined with perfect work. Are Distinguishing Features of the celebrated

Giant Farm and Warehouse Fans, MADE BY A. P. DICKEY, Racine, Wis.

Now having many late improvements, they are fully equal to every demand; cleaning all kinds of Grain, Peas, Beans, Castor Beans, Corn and Small Seed. They grade Wheat perfectly by overhauling. Separate fans for Wheat, Barley and Rye. They have every perfect arrangement for cleaning Timothy, Clover, Flax Seed, Orchard Grass, and all other Small Seeds. They chaff perfectly, and combine every qualification required to do the best work in the shortest time.

Warehouse, as well as Farm Mills, are largely constructed, both kinds requiring same sizes to accommodate the demand, and giving a capacity of from 50 to 100 bushels per hour, according to size of mill. They are shipped, hood for ocean transportation, and "set up" or "knocked down" for forwarding inland, as requested; and in all cases put free on board Cars or Steamers. Orders filled same day as received.

Mills shipped "knocked down" for half the freight charged when forwarded "set up." (Overhauling and repairs supplied on application. Prices will be quoted free and on liberal terms. Correspondence solicited.)

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