

Chase County Courier

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

VOLUME VII.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1881.

NUMBER 16.

BREVITIES.

PRESIDENT HAYES has on hand 400 unanswered requests for his autograph.

JAMES T. FIELDS thinks that there are too many novels in the hands of the people.

THE HARPERs have sold 8,000 copies of the Franklin Square edition of "Endymion."

SENATOR SHARON is expected to return to the Pacific coast on or about the 20th of March.

LABOUCHERE thinks that the English like to dominate in cases which do not concern themselves.

THE postal-card agency at Holyoke, Mass., is having its largest orders of the quarter, running up sometimes to 4,000,000 cards a day, and one day they sent nearly 5,000,000.

OLIVE LOGAN, writing from New England, says that cold pork and beans for breakfast, bean porridge for dinner and warmed-up beans for supper, constantly remind her of the part of the country which she is visiting.

A LITTLE girl at Pottsville, Pa., took a litter of puppies, which she prized highly, to a next door neighbor, and wished to exchange them for a newly-arrived baby. She was greatly disappointed because the trade was declined.

THE cross of the order Takova has been conferred upon Mr. Thomas Bayler Potter by Prince Milan of Serbia, as a mark of his high appreciation of the services which Mr. Potter has rendered as the Honorary Secretary of the Colden Club.

FIVE Iowa doctors in a bob-sled drawn by six planned horses, made their New Year's call, presenting a card on which their names were printed around a figure of a dancing skeleton, with the motto: "Coming events cast their shadows before."

Mrs. REBECCA BROWN, of Bellefontaine, O., has given \$6,000 towards a fund for the endowment of the President's chair in the Ohio Wesleyan University. Some years ago she gave property valued at \$12,000 to the same University.

COL. FORNEY tells a wicked story about a man who, while coming out of a Boston theater, encountered a lady whose husband had died two days before, and who tearfully said through the folds of her handkerchief, "I suppose you have heard of my loss."

Miss BARBARA SCOTT, of Montreal, bequeathed \$30,000 to found a chair of civil engineering in the McGill College; \$2,000 for a classical scholarship, to be called "The Barbara Scott Scholarship," and \$2,000 to the building fund of St. Gabriel church, of Montreal.

OPTUM is said to be smuggled into the Sandwich Islands in tin cans labeled "Boston Baked Beans," but that is no worse than smuggling whiskey into a camp meeting by hiding the bottles in watermelons not illicitly importing brandy in a metallic-lined coffin with all the pomp and display of a first-class funeral.

THE London Post says that a "dastardly" attempt was made to wreck the express train between Paris and Geneva by laying across the track a bar of iron weighing eighty kilograms. This is a very obscure way of writing for an English-speaking people. Not one in ten could tell how much the bar of iron really did weigh, and it is only by going to a good dictionary that one is able to judge that it must have weighed about fifty-six miles. Readers ought not to be left in the dark about such matters.

On the desk of the late ex-State Senator Starbuck, of New York, and written the night before his death, was found a paper with calculations going to show that Kelly and his followers were responsible for the defeat of Hancock in that State. The paper denounces vigorously the Tammany men for bolting in 1870, and the course of the Saratoga convention in taking the Tammany men back into the fold. Mr. Starbuck thought that Tilden ought to have been nominated for President instead of Hancock.

The President has granted to Private James Quinn a certificate of merit for bravery. Quinn was the Lieutenant Schwatka and Scout "Captain Jack" in 1870 on the Big Horn and Yellowstone expeditions, and displayed great personal bravery on an occasion under fire and while engaged in digging and building breastworks. He also took part with twenty-five men in a charge upon an Indian village. He has participated in six different engagements with Indians, and is now in the service as corporal. The request for the certificate came through official channels, and was excellently endorsed.

NEWS IN A NUT SHELL.

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD.

The Crown of the Two Hemispheres Carefully Considered and Classified—A Tasting Budget of Personal and Miscellaneous Information.

The President Tuesday nominated J. B. Douglas as postmaster at Columbia, Mo.

Members of the House Pacific Railroad committee are confident that no action will be taken at this session on the Northern Pacific land grant.

The Inter-Oceanic Canal committee, at a meeting Wednesday, heard the conclusion of a statement by S. L. Phelps, representing the Nicaragua Canal company. A private session was afterwards held for the purpose of discussing the proposition to grant a charter for Eads' ship railway across the Isthmus. Several members of the committee took part in the discussion. Representative Frye and others advocated the scheme as the most feasible and practicable one now under consideration.

The Senate Committee on Railways Thursday, January 20th, authorized Senator Lamar to report for passage the bill to incorporate the Cherokee & Arkansas Railroad company, with authority to construct and operate a line of railroad and telegraph through Kansas City, Kan., through the Indian Territory to Fort Smith, Ark., via the general course of the Arkansas river. The bill approved by the committee is a copy of one now on the House calendar, and its passage is recommended as a substitute to Mr. Ingalls', from which, however, it differs in no essential respect except its list of incorporators.

The committee charged with the investigation of alleged abuses of the franking privilege during the late Presidential campaign held another meeting Monday. The committee has examined quite a number of postmasters and employees of the Postoffice and the employees of the Democratic Congressional committee, and this morning called before them as witnesses some employees of the Republican Congressional committee. It is understood the committee will report that evidence has disclosed carelessness or looseness in the franking privilege by both parties, and it is intimated that their report will contain a recommendation for the abolition of the franking privilege.

The following named officers were Friday retired from active service in the army: Judge Advocate-General, W. McK. Dunn; General Stewart Van Vleet; Assistant Quartermaster-General, Colonel Samuel Woods; Deputy Paymaster-General, and Major Joseph Hines, Paymaster-General. General Dunn's successor as Judge Advocate-General will be Maj. David G. Swain, it is understood, although his promotion would advance him over the heads of six other officers on the list. Secretary McCrary, before he left the War department, placed on its files the strongest sort of recommendation of Maj. Swain, who said that he regarded Maj. Swain's work in the Bureau of Military Justice as the most able and complete of anything that has been done in that department. This taken in connection with Maj. Swain's intimate relations with Gen. Garfield, seem to confirm the report that he will be appointed Judge Advocate-General.

The controversy between the auditor of the Pacific railroad accounts and the railroad company causes considerable comment. Auditor French this morning intimated that the company contemplated the disposal of certain property in violation of the last clause of section 9 of the Thurman act. The controversy also related to the payment of a declared 3 per cent. dividend. Regarding this portion of the clause, Auditor French has decided the dividend cannot lawfully be allowed, and the matter has, with that decision, passed from his hands to the department of justice; unless representations from the officers of the Central Pacific railroad, satisfactory to the government, are presented. Auditor French, accompanied by Solicitor-General Phillips, of the Department of Justice, and Assistant Attorney General McCammon, for the Department of the Interior, will leave for New York Monday evening, with a view to proceeding in the case.

Alvin Hawkins, the first Republican Governor which Tennessee has had for ten years, was inaugurated.

State Senator Williams of Arkansas fell to the floor of his chamber, from a paralytic attack, during the session of January 14.

The brains of the Establishment. Springfield (Mass.) Republican. A very fair story is told of a certain man who has recently come to Springfield to superintend one of the departments of a large industrial establishment. An out-of-town visitor happened to ask him the other day what position he held. "My friend," was the rejoinder, "I have you even in the Grand Central Depot at New York." The visitor allowed that he had. "Then," remarked the foreman, "you have noticed a man sitting in a little room very high up in the building near the tower, who governs the movement of all the trains. He does not seem to have anything to do, and often sits with folded hands, and while he is still nothing stirrs below. But when he gives the signal each train rolls out of the depot in accordance with a perfect system, which will not admit of the least particle of confusion. The illustration serves to show you my place; but, in fact, sir, I am—and here he gave his forehead a significant tap—"the brains of this establishment." And now the story is out and is being circulated among this man's co-laborers, some of whom have served the same concern for a quarter of a century.

Justice Swaine has given his resignation, and dated it January 23.

On reaching Albany General Grant found nearly all the buildings decorated with flags, fully seventy thousand people in the streets, and an imposing array of militiamen.

In the Illinois Senate, Mr. Whiting introduced an act for a 2 per cent tax on the gross earnings of telegraph companies. Mr. De Lang presented a bill precisely similar to the Ohio pool law.

In the Pennsylvania Republican Senatorial caucus, fifty-one members absented themselves by agreement. On the third ballot H. W. Oliver, was nominated by the machine. It is possible that a coalition will yet be formed to defeat the Camerons.

Three different reports have been submitted by the Congressional members of the Board of Visitors to West Point. Senator Garland and Representative Phillips declare that the mingling of the races is subject to drawbacks which no legislation can control. Senator Edmunds is of opinion that the standard of admission ought to be raised, and Representatives McKinley and Felton hold views directly to the contrary. Senator Garland's bill provides that hereafter no officer above the rank of colonel shall be assigned to duty at the academy.

GENERAL FOREIGN NOTES. The mother of Kate Bateman, the actress, died in London. Several persons were killed and thirty-three injured by a railway crash at Wakefield, England. The rival Canada Pacific syndicate now organizing at Toronto is seeking recruits among the capitalists of Manitoba. The militia barracks at Edinburgh, Scotland, were burned on Sunday. It is supposed that an incendiary lighted the blaze. In the state trials at Dublin, the counsel for the traverses called to the stand a man of 3 years, scarcely able to stand upright, who has been evicted from a holding. The suspension of C. & C. G. Geddes, a venerable firm of brokers in Montreal, very nearly brought on a panic at the stock exchange, where prices had been dropping for several days. The steamer Toronto, on reaching Lis-

pool from Portland, report d the loss of 114 head of cattle and 200 sheep on her passage. The Assyrian Monarch, on crossing the Atlantic, lost 61 beavers. The Toronto Globe is authority for the statement that the rival syndicate to construct the Pacific railway has been reinforced by subscriptions of \$10,000,000 in England, making its financial success certain. In reply to a question, Mr. Gladstone said, in the House of Commons, that the attention of the government had been called to frequent interruptions by motions of adjournment, but its views on the subject were not yet matured.

THE EAST. The Irish Land League of Rochester, N. Y., has entered a protest against the persecution of the Jews in Germany. The workmen of Weber's piano factory in New York have struck against a reduction of 10 per cent. in their wages. By an explosion of naphtha in the Wheeler & Wilson factory at Bridgeport, Conn., Engineer Meyle was fatally burned and three others seriously wounded. A fire in Walker street, New York, caused a loss of \$45,000 to Osteller & Co., silk importers, besides damaging the stocks of other dealers to the amount of \$5,000.

THE WEST. Samuel Smart, the last of a rich and prominent family of Cireleville, O., having spent a fortune in two years of dissipation, blew out his brains. The Jasper Falls fire-brick works, near Steubenville, O., were demolished by the explosion of a boiler. One man was fatally injured and four others seriously scalded. The farm residence of John Wiskow, near Okosh, Wis., was reduced to ashes. An investigation revealed the fact that in a fit of insanity he killed his wife, attempted the life of his daughter, fired the house and outbuildings, and then shot himself dead. Diphtheria is raging in the vicinity of Valparaiso, Ind., with a virulence that almost equals that of the yellow fever. Chauncy Gaylord, residing near Christian Station, has buried five children in one grave, and two more were not expected to survive the day. One of the latter begged most piteously not to be put in a coffin. Phillip J. Kreiger, Jr., formerly cashier of the Broadway Savings bank, St. Louis, killed himself with morphine at the Western hotel in that city. He had wrecked the bank, and misappropriated school funds, ruining his father financially. For some months he had been receiving aid from a mistress, whose death on Friday was the inciting cause of his suicide. A request to be buried at her side was inserted in a letter to his father. A fiendish crime, which seems the product of a diseased mind, was perpetrated at Lapeer, Mich. Mrs. E. J. Barnard has for some months followed the movements of Rev. E. S. Curtis and wife. During the absence of the pastor at church Mrs. Barnard charged his wife with having wronged her, threw gasoline over the venerable lady and set it on fire, returning to church and joining in the hymns of praise. The dying agony of the details as her sister ebb out. The murderer was placed in jail.

THE SOUTH. Alvin Hawkins, the first Republican Governor which Tennessee has had for ten years, was inaugurated. State Senator Williams of Arkansas fell to the floor of his chamber, from a paralytic attack, during the session of January 14.

THE BRAINS OF THE ESTABLISHMENT. Springfield (Mass.) Republican. A very fair story is told of a certain man who has recently come to Springfield to superintend one of the departments of a large industrial establishment. An out-of-town visitor happened to ask him the other day what position he held. "My friend," was the rejoinder, "I have you even in the Grand Central Depot at New York." The visitor allowed that he had. "Then," remarked the foreman, "you have noticed a man sitting in a little room very high up in the building near the tower, who governs the movement of all the trains. He does not seem to have anything to do, and often sits with folded hands, and while he is still nothing stirrs below. But when he gives the signal each train rolls out of the depot in accordance with a perfect system, which will not admit of the least particle of confusion. The illustration serves to show you my place; but, in fact, sir, I am—and here he gave his forehead a significant tap—"the brains of this establishment." And now the story is out and is being circulated among this man's co-laborers, some of whom have served the same concern for a quarter of a century.

FATHER IS GETTING WELL. My daughters say, "How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters. He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable, and we are so glad that he used Hop Bitters."—A lady of Rochester, N. Y.—[Utica Herald.]

KANSAS CITY MARKETS.

Table with columns: CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, WHEAT, BUTTER, EGGS, LARD, etc. listing prices for various commodities.

Nature's Sui-Generis. The kidneys are nature's sui-Generis way to wash out the debris of our constantly changing bodies. If they do not work properly the trouble is felt everywhere. Then be wise, and as soon as you see signs of disorder, get a package of Kidney-Wort.

CONGRESS CONDENSED.

Point and Pitch of Interest for the Week in the National House and Senate.

Monday—Mr. Williams introduced a bill to establish an ocean mail service and making appropriation therefor.

Tuesday—The bill for the relief of Ben Holladay was considered. Mr. Thurman proposed to strike from the bill the total amount of compensation therein named.

Wednesday—On motion of Mr. Williams his bill to prevent the introduction and dissemination of contagious and communicable diseases of animals in the United States was taken up.

Thursday—The House went into a Committee of the Whole upon the naval appropriation bill.

Friday—The appropriation bill, introduced in the House by Representative Cox fixed the number of representatives at 301 and apportioned them among States as follows: Alabama, 8; Arkansas, 5; California, 5; Colorado, 1; Connecticut, 4; Delaware, 1; Florida, 1; Georgia, 1; Illinois, 19; Indiana, 12; Iowa, 10; Kansas, 6; Kentucky, 10; Louisiana, 6; Maine, 4; Maryland, 10; Massachusetts, 11; Michigan, 10; Minnesota, 5; Mississippi, 7; Missouri, 13; Nebraska, 3; Nevada, 1; New Hampshire, 2; New Jersey, 7; New York, 31; North Carolina, 8; Ohio, 19; Oregon, 1; Pennsylvania, 26; Rhode Island, 3; South Carolina, 6; Tennessee, 8; Texas, 10; Vermont, 2; Virginia, 9; West Virginia, 4; Wisconsin, 8.

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Tuesday—Mr. Sparks, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back adversely the bill to place U. S. Grant on the retired list of the army. Mr. McCook submitted a minority report which, together with the bill, was referred to the committee on the whole and placed on the agenda of the House.

Wednesday—The House upon roll call continued the session of the committee of the Whole in making the interest three percent by 149 to 105. The amendment to pay out all gold and silver in the treasury, except \$50,000,000, in the purchase of bonds, was lost by 111 to 140.

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wondering about. It seems quite certain that we have one man who can outrun any English amateur at from 100 to 1,000 yards, and that for the shorter distances, say from 100 to 300 yards, there are several amateurs who have made better time than any English runners.

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AMERICAN PEARLS.

The Difference Between the Real and the Artificial Gems. New York Post.

While an Evening Post reporter was in the story of Tiffany & Co. this morning, some small pink pearls arrived from the West, which led to an inquiry on the part of the reporter as to the extent to which pearls were found in this country.

Mr. John R. Andrews, who is at the head of the jewel department, said that about \$50,000 worth of American pearls are bought by Tiffany & Co. every year.

With the exception of about \$5,000 worth of pearls, which come from fresh water mussels and are found all over the Union—principally in the Miami river, Ohio—the American pearls come from the Gulf of California. They are as fine as any Oriental pearls and are valued as highly. The fresh water pearls are almost all small but brilliant and somewhat rosy in tint.

About half of the California pearls are not larger than a pinhead and a better price than the white pearls. Some years ago about 80 per cent. of California pearls were black, the proportion having diminished rapidly during the last ten years. The biggest pearl ever found in this country was the celebrated one found about twenty years ago in a New Jersey pond and sold to the Men Empress Eugenie.

Of late many small and almost worthless pearls have been received from Texas as farmers who have an exaggerated notion of their value. The firm buy them more as an encouragement to the pearlhunters than anything else. Some day these hunters may discover valuable gems, and their custom may be worth something. Mr. Andrews showed the reporter a handful of these small, pink, irregular-shaped pearls, the majority of them not larger than a pinhead. The larger ones are the most defective they are in the shape and color.

Some of the larger ones might be mistaken for bits of bone polished up. The only use to which they can be put is for replacing lost pearls in old jewelry of no great value, which is sent for repair. Sometimes they can be cut into thin pieces, and a small piece of fair pearl can be obtained for enameling.

The finest string of pearls ever brought to this country is now in the possession of the firm. It consists of sixty pearls, the largest being about the size of a wren's egg. Every pearl is perfectly round and pure in color, and not one is valued at less than \$500.

While examining this string the reporter happened to remark that he could not tell the difference between that string of enormous value and one of imitation pearls. "No more can any one," said Mr. Andrews, "until they are handled. The best experts cannot tell a good imitation pearl from the real without touching it. The weight is deficient in imitation pearls, and the surface is different to an experienced hand. They can only be distinguished by touch and weight. But every pearl in a ballroom might be false without the best expert in the trade suspecting it."

During the voyage of the "Livadia" to Brest an accident of a startling character occurred. A man engaged as a stoker was asked to hold an electric lamp that was being swung for lighting the stock-hold. He incautiously touched the wire with one of his hands, and with the other completed the current by grasping the brass rod surrounding the lamp. The force of the current struck him dead. All efforts to revive him were unavailing, and the disintegration of the tissues of the body was found next day to be so great that it was necessary to bury him at sea.

Killed by Electricity.

Some Famous Dresses.

The blue dress became the property of a daughter of Mme. Mig' who married and removed to Holland, and was made into a suit of furniture now in the possession of her husband at Endhoven, Holland, near the frontier of Belgium.

The purple dress, after having been in the possession of a sister of Mme. Mignot, returned to her after her sister's death, and was burned in the great fire in Charleston in 1861.

The First Chinese Divorce Case. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—The first Chinese divorce case in the legal annals of the State came up in court to-day. A pretty young Chinese woman named Ah Shoa applied through her counsel for a divorce from her husband Ah Siang, now in China. Her complaint set forth that on February 25, 1879, she was married by a Justice of the Peace in this city, but after three months of wedded happiness she suddenly left for China on business, as he said, first placing her in a Mission school here.

The blood in this disease is found to contain an excess of fibrin. Vegetine acts by converting the blood from its diseased condition to a healthy circulation. Vegetine regulates the bowels, which is very important in this complaint. One bottle of Vegetine will give relief, but to effect a permanent cure it must be taken regularly, and may take several bottles, especially in cases of long standing. Vegetine is sold by all druggists. Try it, and your verdict will be the same as that of thousands before you, who say, "I never found so much relief as I have done by Vegetine," which is composed exclusively of Bark, Roots, and Herbs.

Thousands will bear testimony (and do it voluntarily) that Vegetine is the best medical compound yet placed before the public for renovating and purifying the blood, eradicated all humors, impurities or poisonous secretions from the system, invigorating and strengthening the system debilitated by disease. In fact, it is as nifty have called it, "The Great Health Restorer."

Vegetine, PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

THE CHASE COUNTY COURANT-SUPPLEMENT.

THE KANSAS LEGISLATURE.

NINTH SESSION.

Monday.

SENATE, JAN. 17.

Senate convened at 3 p. m., the president, Lieut. Gov. Finney in his seat. Roll called, a quorum present.
Prayer by the Rev. O. S. Cowles.
Journal read and approved.
The chair then announced the standing committee as follows:

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES.

- 1. Judiciary—Senator Thacher, chairman; S. S. Blue, Broderick, Glasco, Rector, Hackney, Patchin and Byrnest.
- 2. Ways and Means—Benedict, chairman; Brody, Metzger, Hutchison, Burns, Crane and Gosnell.
- 3. Elections—Briggs, chairman; Jones, Clark, Long and Riddle.
- 4. Federal Relations—Broderick, chairman; Blue, S. S. Williams and Alker.
- 5. Railroads—Williams, chairman; Hackney, Alker, Benson, Bachan, Lunson, Briggs and Strang.
- 6. Finance and Taxation—Collins, chairman; Clark, Lone, Riddle and Alker.
- 7. State Affairs—Hackney, chairman; Roll, Patchin, Blue and Hogge.
- 8. Appropriations—Barris, chairman; Metzger, Brody, Hutchison, Burns, Crane and Gosnell.
- 9. Corporations—Ware, chairman; Williams, Riddle, McLouth and Crane.
- 10. Counties and county laws—Crane, chairman; Barris, Strang, Case and Byrnest.
- 11. Mines and mining—Finch, chairman; Glasco, Hogge, Collins and Roll.
- 12. Education—Anderson, chairman; Patchin, Wilkie, Coswell and Byrnest.
- 13. Printing—Riddle, chairman; Case, Crane, Alker and Gosnell.
- 14. Roads and bridges—Bradbury, chairman; Kelly, Hogge, Anderson and Funston.
- 15. Insurance—Blue, chairman; Bachan, Finch, Roll and McLouth.
- 16. Agriculture—Kelley, chairman; Bradbury, Jones, Anderson and Wilkie.
- 17. Enrolled Bills—Crane, chairman; Brown, Case, Wilkie and Kelly.
- 18. Manufactures—Bohling, chairman; Metzger, Ware, Bradbury and Briggs.
- 19. Enrolled Bills—Crane, chairman; Glasco, Riddle, Rector and Patchin.
- 20. Unfinished Business—Brown, chairman; McLouth, Hill, Long and Wilkie.
- 21. Enrolled Bills—Crane, chairman; Benson, Jones, Brown and Brody.
- 22. Accounts—Cowell, chairman; Crane, Benedict, Williams and Brown.
- 23. Education—Fuson, chairman; Benson, Barris, S. S. Williams and Thacher.
- 24. Public Institutions—Crane, chairman; Benedict, S. S. Williams and Patchin.
- 25. Public Buildings—Metzger, chairman; Green, Broderick, Patchin and Briggs.
- 26. Military Affairs—Wilkie, chairman; Ware, Patchin, Benson and Roll.
- 27. Claims—Hutchinson, chairman; Young, Burns, Briggs and Bradbury.
- 28. State Library—Brody, chairman; Metzger, Barris, Brown and Roll.
- 29. Retirement—McLouth, chairman; Strang, Gosnell, Blue and Byrnest.

Resolutions—Hogge.

- 1. Officers and salaries—Jones, chairman; Collins, Rector, Case and Green.
- 2. Public Institutions—S. S. Williams, chairman; Finch, Collins, Case and Clark.
- 3. Enrolled Bills—Patchin, chairman; Wilkie, Finch, Ware and Bachan.
- 4. Cities of the 2nd class—Alker, chairman; Barris, Metzger, Fry, Green, Benon, Gosnell and Case.
- 5. Texas cattle—Long, chairman; Gosnell, Hackney, Clark and Kelly.
- 6. Public Institutions—Crane, chairman; Riddle, Clark, Anderson and Funston.
- 7. Temperance—Benson, chairman; Broderick, Brody, Thacher and Strang.
- 8. Cities of the 1st class—Everset, chairman; Alker, Metzger, Ware, Hackney, Thacher and S. S. Williams.
- 9. Legislative appointment—Straug, chairman; Anderson, Clark, Finch, Roll and Bradbury, Wilkie, Brown and Green.
- 10. Congressional appointment—Bachan, chairman; Funston, Hackney, Case, Ware, Hutchinson, Crane, Kelley and Collins.

Senator Williams offered the following resolution and moves its adoption, viz:

Resolved, That the president is authorized to appoint such additional pages as he may deem necessary for the senate during the session.

Senator Kelly moved to strike out the word male. Senator Williams said there was no call for female pages in the senate; he thought pages should for obvious reasons be males.

Senator Kelly saw no reason to discriminate against the female sex. The little girls should have as good a chance as the boys.

The amendment was adopted. The resolution was then adopted. Senator Funston introduced a resolution authorizing the Lieut. Governor to appoint a mail carrier for the senate.

Senator Metzger moved to strike S. C. R. No. 3, in reference to the joint convention to hear the governor's message from the calendar. Carried.

Senator Benedict moved that the committee on railroads consist of nine members. Carried.

The following bills were introduced and read the first time.

By Senator Slaus: Senate bill No. 6, being an act to amend section 7 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes, and to repeal all laws in conflict therewith."

By Senator Broderick: S. B. No. 7, being an act to amend section 255 and 259 of chapter 31 of general statutes of 1885, being an act entitled "An act to regulate crimes and punishment."

By Senator Benson: S. B. No. 8, being "An act to repeal chapter 145 of the laws of 1877, relating to the transfer of real estate in the name of the owner."

By Senator Green: S. B. No. 9, being "An act to vacate certain streets and alleys in the city of Emporia Douglas county, Kan."

By Senator Ware: S. B. No. 10, being "An act to provide for the organization, government, discipline and compensation of the militia of the state of Kansas and for the public defence."

By Senator Thacher: S. B. No. 11, being "An act to authorize cities of the second class to surrender their charters and to reorganize as towns."

state house and making an appropriation therefor, for a special law approved March 7, 1879.

General reading of bills being in order, the following bills were read by title and referred to committees:

S. B. No. 1 to committee on finance and taxation. S. B. No. 2 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 3 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 4 to committee on corporations. S. B. No. 5 to committee on judiciary.

Senator Slaus moved that the rules be suspended and bills read 1st time at this session be read 21 times and referred. So ordered.

The following bills were then read the second time by their title and referred:

S. B. No. 6, referred to committee on finance and taxation. S. B. No. 7 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 9 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 10 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 12 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 13 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 14 to committee on judiciary. S. B. No. 15 to committee on judiciary.

Senator Bachan moved that the sergeant-at-arms be instructed to prepare the new hall (old representative hall) for the use of the senate.

Carried. Senator Bachan moved that senate adjourn until 11 a. m. Tuesday morning. So ordered.

MOUSE, JAN. 17.
House was called to order in the new hall at 3 o'clock. Speaker Johnson in the chair.

Prayer by a chaplain Lawrence.
Roll called, a quorum present.

The journal reading was postponed on motion of Mr. Legate, who thereupon called up a resolution for the drawing of seats. It was learned that the said resolution had been indefinitely postponed in the house, Friday last.

Mr. Calvin offered the following resolution: Resolved, That we now proceed to draw for seats in the following manner: That the chief clerk shall write upon slips of paper the counties of the state, place them in a hat and proceed to draw by lot the counties in the order in which the representatives thereof shall select their seats.

Mr. Legate offered an amendment which was lost.

Mr. Sexton, of Wilson, offered an amendment, which was defeated 8 yeas to 4 nays, in deference to the age and deafness of several of the members, that they be permitted to select their seats first: the resolution as amended then carried.

Mr. Foucht offered a resolution requesting Hon. James Swoody and Hon. James Legate to delineate the new hall in a speech of five minutes each. It was adopted. Mr. Legate was not in the hall at this time and Mr. Swoody declined, stating that he believed the resolution was a drive at the gentlemen named.

Mr. Foucht assured Mr. Swoody that he would be heard in good faith.

Mr. Legate appearing at this time, was called out. He said he didn't think the time propitious; the occasion not a fitting one. It was out of the old hall into the new. Though there was too much in the subject to dedicate the new hall in a five-minute speech. He hoped there would be another time in which fitting dedicatory services could be held.

Mr. Foucht then offered a resolution, asking that a committee of dedication be appointed.

Mr. Swoody thought that owing to the unfinished state of the hall the resolution was premature.

The resolution then passed. H. C. R. No. 9, in relation to a joint convention for the election of state printer, was offered by Mr. Houston, who moved that the rules be suspended and that the rule be considered at once. It was laid over.

A resolution was offered asking that honor. M. C. Davis, on account of a wooden leg, be included in those privileges to select their seats first.

Mr. Davis didn't think it necessary, but the house passed the resolution.

Mr. Glick offered a resolution asking that the sergeant-at-arms assign the pages to different parts of the house to walk upon the members in the parliament.

Passed. Mr. Swoody asked unanimous consent to offer some bills. Objected to. Mr. Swoody then insisted on the house following the regular order of business.

The drawing of seats then proceeded in accordance with the resolution. Mr. Montgomery, greenbacker from Rooks county receiving the lucky first.

Presentation of petitions was then in order.

at an act entitling an act relating to townships and township elections. Approved March 7, 1879.

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H. B. 45, by Allen: An act to provide for giving judicial notice of local legislation by tribunals transacting county business.

H. B. 46, by Allen: An act to prevent certain elections.

H. B. 47, by Allen: An act to prevent certain elections.

H. B. 48, by Allen: An act to amend section 118, laws of 1877, entitled an act for the protection of bids and to amend chapter 32, laws of 1876.

H. B. 49, by Goz Taylor: An act entitled an act conferring the right of majority on John Kaighl Wortham, of Clay county.

H. B. 50, by Waring: An act to amend section 1, chapter 45, laws of 1877 for the protection of stock raising at large.

H. B. 51, by O'Brien: An act to provide for the employment of persons committed to jail of any county, etc.

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COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS. FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1881.

Terms—per year, \$1.00 cash in advance; for three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2.50. For six months, \$1.00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with 4 columns: Line, 1 in., 2 in., 3 in., 4 in. and 5 in. Includes rates for 1 week, 2 weeks, 3 weeks, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, and 1 year.

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

Pay up. Pleasant weather. Bargains at Caldwell & Co's. St. Valentine's day will soon be here. L. Martin & Co. are still selling goods at reduced rates.

LEGAL.

DIAMOND CREEK ITEMS. WOODHULL, KANSAS, Jan. 17, 1881. So the COUBANT is the official paper of Chase county, sitz Murrah for the COUBANT!

ROAD NOTICE.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County, ss. Office of County Clerk, Jan. 3, 1881. Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of January, 1881, a petition, signed by Simon Davis and 17 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and State aforesaid, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows, viz:

LEGAL.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County, ss. Office of County Clerk, Jan. 3, 1881. Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of January, 1881, a petition, signed by John Johnson and 15 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and State aforesaid, praying for the location of a certain section-line road, described as follows, viz:

ROAD NOTICE.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County, ss. Office of County Clerk, Jan. 3, 1881. Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of January, 1881, a petition, signed by Geo. Drummond and 15 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and State aforesaid, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows, viz:

LEGAL.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County, ss. Office of County Clerk, Jan. 3, 1881. Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of January, 1881, a petition, signed by Geo. Drummond and 15 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and State aforesaid, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows, viz:

LEGAL.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County, ss. Office of County Clerk, Jan. 3, 1881. Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of January, 1881, a petition, signed by Geo. Drummond and 15 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and State aforesaid, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows, viz:

LEGAL.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County, ss. Office of County Clerk, Jan. 3, 1881. Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of January, 1881, a petition, signed by Geo. Drummond and 15 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and State aforesaid, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows, viz:

There will be examinations of applicants for teachers' certificates, held at the school-house in Cottonwood Falls, January 29 and February 26, 1881. MARY E. HUNT, Co. Supt.

Parties who owe us on subscription will please to read our terms at the top of the first column on this page, and save themselves money, by paying up arrears and then paying for the paper in advance.

For the convenience of our patrons who may desire to subscribe for The Prairie Farmer (price \$2), in connection with our paper (price \$1.50), we will supply the two papers, if ordered at same time, for \$3.

Col. T. S. Jones arrived home yesterday morning from a trip to Topeka and other points. The Colonel has been remarkably successful with his criminal cases in the District Court during the present term.—Dodge City Globe, Jan. 18.

The Little Folks' Reader for January, published by D. Lothrop & Co., Boston, Mass., is on our table. The price of this little monthly is but 75 cents a year, which puts it so low that it is within the reach of any one to subscribe for it for his little ones.

A few days ago an honest (?) yeoman of this county took 430 rabbit scalps to the County Clerk to get the bounty for the same. On examination the Clerk found that but 48 of them were genuine, the rest being manufactured from rabbit skins.

A series of religious meetings will be commenced in the Congregational church, next Monday evening, the 31st instant. The preaching will be by Minister from abroad. An earnest invitation is extended to all to attend these meetings. HARVEY JONES.

The children and young people of the Congregational Sunday school will give one of their entertainments on Friday evening of this week. The exercises and songs will all have reference to temperance. An interesting programme has been prepared. Admission ten cents; children half price. HARVEY JONES.

In regard to that election notice, posted up at Cottonwood, and over which the Echo makes such a fuss, we have this to say: "Those who live in glass houses should not throw stones;" as it was only last Saturday we heard a gentleman say that it took not only "sharp eyes," but a powerful magnifying glass for a person to read the Echo.

Last Saturday, Mr. J. Harmon Doolittle started in his buggy to go Mr. O. M. Ellis's, two miles south-east of town, to buy some hogs, and when near Mr. Ellis's quarry, the horses took fright and ran away, throwing Mr. Doolittle out of the conveyance, and running into the quarry, and breaking the vehicle into many pieces. Otherwise, but little damage was done.

There has been a great deal of complaint by those in attendance at the masquerade ball about the early hour (10:30 o'clock) at which they had to unmask. Now, who was to blame we do not know; but this we do know, the great majority of the masqueraders were out of the usual courtesy of masquerades; that is, to unmask about midnight.

Died, at his residence just south of this city, at 7 o'clock, a. m., Thursday, January 20, 1881, after a long and painful illness, Mr. John Woodman, in the 50th year of his age. He was born at New Chester, N. H., November 17, 1831, and moved from there to Ohio when quite young; from there he moved to Barry county, Michigan, where he lived for upwards of thirty years, and where his parents now reside. He moved to Kansas, with his family, in November, 1876, and located in this city. Mr. Woodman was a good citizen, kind friend and neighbor, and his family, consisting of his wife, three sons and a daughter, have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement. The funeral was preached at the Methodist church, Saturday afternoon, by the Rev. J. W. Hancher, and the remains were interred in the cemetery west of town.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose. Lost, in this city, on Wednesday, a pair of seal brown mittens, which the finder will please to leave at J. W. Ferry's, and much obligo. W. H. MCGINLEY.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plaster. Try one and be free from pain. Price, 25 cents. Strayed from A. J. Crutchfield, on Buck Creek, a red yearling steer, branded on right hip with a cross in a circle. A liberal reward

is offered for the recovery of the same.

There will be examinations of applicants for teachers' certificates, held at the school-house in Cottonwood Falls, January 29 and February 26, 1881. MARY E. HUNT, Co. Supt.

Parties who owe us on subscription will please to read our terms at the top of the first column on this page, and save themselves money, by paying up arrears and then paying for the paper in advance.

For the convenience of our patrons who may desire to subscribe for The Prairie Farmer (price \$2), in connection with our paper (price \$1.50), we will supply the two papers, if ordered at same time, for \$3.

Col. T. S. Jones arrived home yesterday morning from a trip to Topeka and other points. The Colonel has been remarkably successful with his criminal cases in the District Court during the present term.—Dodge City Globe, Jan. 18.

The Little Folks' Reader for January, published by D. Lothrop & Co., Boston, Mass., is on our table. The price of this little monthly is but 75 cents a year, which puts it so low that it is within the reach of any one to subscribe for it for his little ones.

A few days ago an honest (?) yeoman of this county took 430 rabbit scalps to the County Clerk to get the bounty for the same. On examination the Clerk found that but 48 of them were genuine, the rest being manufactured from rabbit skins.

A series of religious meetings will be commenced in the Congregational church, next Monday evening, the 31st instant. The preaching will be by Minister from abroad. An earnest invitation is extended to all to attend these meetings. HARVEY JONES.

THE BEST PAPER! TRY IT! BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. 36th YEAR. The Scientific American.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large First-Class Weekly Newspaper of sixteen pages, printed in the most beautiful style, profusely illustrated with original engravings, representing the newest inventions and the most recent advances in the arts and sciences, including every and interesting fact in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, Health, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical papers, by eminent writers in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.

PATENTS. THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, in connection with Messrs. MUNN & CO., are Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, have had 35 years' experience, and now have the largest establishment in the world. Patents are obtained on the best terms. A special notice is made in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN of all inventions patented through this Agency, with the names and residences of the Patentees. The immense circulation thus given, public attention is directed to the merits of the new patents, and sales or introduction often easily effected.

"The Old Reliable" HANNIBAL & ST. JO. R.R. THE PIONEER ROUTE BETWEEN THE MISSOURI AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS.

In spite of opposition it is STILL THE FAVORITE. With the traveling public who appreciate the many advantages it affords for the comfort and pleasure of its patrons.

Smooth Steel Rail Tracks. ELEGANT DAY COACHES. RECLINING SEAT COACHES AND PULLMAN SLEEPERS. THE ONLY LINE.

CHICAGO, TOLEDO, INDIANAPOLIS. ALWAYS ON TIME. The public don't forget this and always take "THE OLD RELIABLE," JOHN B. CARSON, F. E. MORSE, Gen'l. Managers. Don't Pass Ag'ts.

JAMES B. BUCHANAN CARPENTER AND BUILDER. All work promptly attended to. Estimates and plans furnished. Residence opposite the Methodist church.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS. SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE! Apply at THIS OFFICE. ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

A large eight-page paper, always made up in the latest and freshest news at home and abroad; reliable and accurate Market, Financial and Commercial reports and useful agricultural matters, making it one of the very best newspapers for the Merchant, Mechanic and Farmer. The WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH Is sent postage prepaid for one year at Ninety Cents.

Public speakers and lecturers can use their voice continuously and with safety by taking small or alternative doses of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

The Rev. Henry Illowizi addressed a large and intelligent audience at the Tabernacle in Minneapolis, on Germany's attitude towards the Hebrews, the other evening.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, GOUT, SORENESS OF THE CHEST, SORE THROAT, QUINCY, SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS, FROSTED FEET AND EARS, BURNS AND SCALDS, General Bodily Pains, TOOTH, EAR HEADACHE, AND ALL OTHER PAINS AND ACHES.



No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and quick External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 CENTS, and every one suffering with pain will find the most positive relief in this claim. BUREAUX IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGEL & CO.
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

ASLEEP.

In summer-time, how fair it showed!—
My garden by the village road,
Where fiery stalks of blossoms glowed
And roses softly blushed;
With azure spires and earls and white,
Pale heliotrope, the sun's delight,
And odors that perfumed the night,
When'er the south wind rushed.

There solemn purple pansies blood,
Gay tulips red with floral bloom,
And wild things fresh from field and wood,
Alive with dainty grace;
Deep heaven-blue bells of columbine,
The darkly mystic passion-vine
And clematis, that loves to twine,
Bedecked that happy place.

Beneath the strong unclouded blaze
Of long and fervent summer days
Their colors smote the passing gaze,
And dazzled every eye.
Their cups of scented honey-dew
Charmed all the bees that o'er them flew,
And butterflies of radiant hue
Paused as they floated by.

Now falls a cloud of sailing snow,
The bitter winds of winter blow,
No blossom dares its cup to show—
Each folds them in her breast;
A shroud of white, a virgin pall,
Is slowly, softly hiding all;
In vain shall any sweet wind call
To break their silent rest.

My garden is a vanished dress;
Dead in the waning moon's cold beam,
Clear icicles above its gleam;
And yet—I know not how—
My flowers will bear the dropping rain,
When spring reneweth hill and plain,
And then it shall be mine again:
It is God's garden now.

DEATH AMONG SERPENTS.

A Horrible Method of Killing Criminals in New Guinea

Dayton Journal.

At 12 o'clock last night, as a Journal reporter made his usual rounds to report to him in the gentlemen's waiting room. It was an aged sailor who had come from Lausung, Mich., and was on his way to New Orleans, to end his days on the element more suited to his taste than the land. Attracted by his strange appearance, the reporter accosted him with a few inquiries, and in a brief time obtained a story of adventure in his wanderings that is marvelous in its incidents. He said that one of the apostle illustrations of savage barbarity that he had ever seen was in the Serpent's Valley, in New Guinea. It was a dangerous undertaking to travel through this valley, but we heard so much about it that we were determined to go through it at all hazard. As we stood at the entrance to give our ponies a "blow," and then proceeded to enter it, I was struck very much with the great height of the trees, but my guide regarded them as nothing at all as he had probably seen them a hundred times before. Their clear stems ran up nearly a hundred feet before the limbs began to appear on them, and were very thick. Here, too, were many pain trees, whose feather-like plumes gave a graceful appearance to the whole valley. There was also a large tree flower near by, which was at that season in full bloom, and the flower, which was a bright scarlet, hung suspended in long, folding pendants from the branches. At a distance one might easily imagine these trees to be of fire, and I was lost in admiration as I contemplated these things, and as we continued up the valley new beauties opened to us.

"Stop! beware, sailor!" cried my guide in warning tones.

I stopped impulsively and looked forward under his direction, saw an immense snake curled up at the foot of the tree in front of us. I could not judge of its length, but it must have been very great. Another and another of the coils were pointed out to me, and I had an unpleasant sensation of cool perspiration oozing out of my skin.

"Take care, take care," he cried out in terror, and catching my pony by the head he pulled me back toward the mouth of the valley.

After we had got away some twenty yards I saw an immense boa-constrictor curled around the stem of the tree near which we had been standing. The reptile's neck was stretched some ten or twelve feet over the pathway, and its head kept rising and falling in much the same way as I have seen a turkey wriggle about. The terrible thing had evidently been sunning itself, and having been awakened by our approach, proceeded to uncurl its immense body in order to obtain its mid-day meal. It was not less than sixty feet long, I am sure, for I counted at least six coils around the body of the tree, allowing seven feet for each coil and fifteen for the head and neck.

After this adventure we hurried back to the guard and reported what we had seen.

Several of the men expressed a desire to see the serpent, they were permitted to approach the mouth of the valley to catch a distant glimpse of the boa, which quite satisfied them. I learned afterward that this route was never traveled, and that the native escorts really made an extensive detour and came out by a secret channel whose approaches were carefully hidden by trees and rocks. Some had attempted to pass through it, but as they had never been heard of again, it was universally believed that they had been destroyed by the serpents and there is but little doubt that it is the case. I have heard somewhere of an artery that was stopped by a great snake, and I really believe that the boars in this valley would hinder the progress of the bravest army.

From this point our road lay along a sheltered plain, the path running by the side of a grove of tall, thickly-foliaged trees. In about an hour from our leaving the valley I was startled by hearing a cry for help, coming, as it seemed to me, from directly over my head.

On looking upward I was horrified to see an unfortunate wretch fastened to a tall tree by means of ropes, and near him was a small snake about eight feet long. The reptile was standing erect and hissing at the man, who was beating his hands wildly and endeavoring to avoid its fangs.

"Can we not help him?" I asked, greatly excited.

"No; he is a criminal and must die. Better to die thus than to be torn to pieces by birds. He is fortunate."

The snake had now bitten the man, at least so I judged, for the man gave a scream of terror and pain and seized his hands with half-open hands. The venomous beast curled itself rapidly around the neck and body of the poor man and strove to draw its head to his face, but desperation gave him strength, and for

a long time he resisted it successfully. At last his strength failed, and I saw to my great horror the snake's fangs steadily approaching the man's mouth, for he was almost suffocated.

I could look no longer, and, turning my head away, continued my journey. Again I remarked that my guide was indifferent, and gave no more than a single glance at the criminal who was suffering so horrible a death. In another half mile we saw a number of birds hovering over another tree, and, upon reaching it, saw another criminal chained to its upper branches. He was vainly trying to defend himself against the attacks of a large eagle, which sailed backward and forward, every now and then descending upon the poor wretch and striking him with his talons.

When I were then the fellow cried out for us to save him. This, however, was impossible. The guide was immovable, so we were compelled to ride on and leave him to his fate. Another tree contained the putrefying corpses of men who had shared similar fates. This is the mode of punishing criminals in New Zealand, and it is the cruellest that I have ever seen in all my travels and adventures.

The old man related this story and gave a meditative whiff at his pipe, remarking that "she's blown a stiff nor'-wester to-night." Seeing that nothing more was to be obtained of him, the reporter departed, imagining a boaster-crier lying in his path at every step.

Dr. Bartlett's Throat

From the Philadelphia Times.

Don't let the doctors fool with your throat! That at least is the moral message to march to the singular story of the Rev. Dr. Bartlett's fate in New York. The Dr. was a Presbyterian clergyman of high repute in Albany, and, having a sermon to deliver in New Jersey, he brought a letter from his physician to a swell specialist on Fifth Avenue. The report of the experiment, which is long and full of the puzzling terms of science, resulted in the patient's sudden death—or perhaps it would be more accurate to say, death followed the operation. There is, however, sufficient cloudiness veiling the affair to excite general attention. So far as it is clear, it appears that the clergyman remained two hours, his throat undergoing an elaborate plumbing, which does not seem to have at first produced any marked impression. First an instrument known as the laryngoscope was used, and then the physician employed "a small oval-shaped ivory ball, one and three-quarter centimetres in diameter, screwed to a steel rod about a foot long, putting it down the throat until he came to the obstruction, which he found at a distance of "twenty centimetres from the teeth." During this difficult test the patient "hunched" a little, forcing the sudden withdrawal of the instrument. No pain followed, Dr. Bartlett expressed, and the patient went on to the next operation. A Vienna professor of great skill and experience testifies that the operation is a common one and the substitution of a well-known condition of such throat troubles as Dr. Bartlett complained of. An autopsy revealed no puncture in the part of the throat visited by the instrument, but notwithstanding the testimony of a body of the most eminent doctors, the cause is a vague impression that the experiment brought about the derangement of the air pipe, resulting in almost immediate death. The death, however, was pronounced, after the autopsy, to be consequent upon sharp pleurisy, a small rupture having been made at the apex of the left lung, letting the air into the cavity of the heart as well as under the tissues of the face.

Sensible Advice.

You are asked every day through the columns of newspapers and by your druggist to use something for your Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about. You get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Flatulence, Bloating, Pains in the Heart, Heartburn, Water-brash, Fullness at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue, Indigestion, Swimming of the Head, Low Spirits, etc., we ask you to go to your druggist, and get a sample bottle of Green's August Flower for ten cents, and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

EUTHANASIA; OR, THE HAPPY DIATH.

Would'st see blithe locks, fresh cheeks and glee?
Age? Would'st see December smile?
Would'st see hosts of new roses grow
In a bed of reverend snow?
Warm thoughts, free spirits, flattering
Wives set into a spring?
In some would'st see a man that can
Live to be old, and still a man?
Who's latest and most laden hours,
Fall with soft sighs stuck with soft dowers;
And when life's sweetest fable ends,
Soul and body part like friends?
No quarrel, murmur, n delay—
A kiss, a sigh, and so away—
This rare one, reader, would'st thou see?
Hark hither!—and thyself be he.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage and expressage and carriage hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, nearly opposite the Grand Central Depot, 450 elegant rooms, single and in suits, fitted up at an expense of one million dollars. Rooms reduced to \$1 and upwards per day, on European plan. Elevators, restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots.

The annual product of beet sugar in France amounts to 420,000 tons, and the value is \$55,000,000. The number of persons to which this industry gave employment in 1879, exclusive of those who raised the beets, was 68,582, of whom 51,923 were men, 9,365 were women, and 8,192 were children.

My Tormented Back.

Is the explanation of more than one poor hard-working man and woman; do you know why it aches? It is because your kidneys are over-taxed and need strengthening, and your system needs to be cleansed from its morbid. You need Kidney-Wort.

No More Gossip.

[Indianapolis Daily Sentinel.]
If we are correctly informed, St. Jacobs Oil is now the usual tea-party topic in place of the former staple—free gossip. How wise and how much more beneficial!

—The English commissioners (Messrs. Pell & Read) who recently visited this country report that more attention is paid to the breeding up of stock in America than in England where many dairymen and breeders seem indifferent as to the quality of their stock so long as there are cattle.

That wonderful remedy for Rheumatism St. Jacobs Oil, has been used by a large number of people in this city, and with effect truly marvelous. Frequent reports are made where sufferers have been afforded relief, and the sale is growing largely. The fact that it is an external remedy commends it to many who would not otherwise think of going out of the beaten track to find a remedy. [Milwaukee Sentinel.]

—Like Jefferson and Adams, Rev. Dr. Chapin, of New York, and his classmate, Rev. Dr. Bartlett, of Aurora, Ill., died on the same day. Both were educated at Utica.

A pocket full of money amounts to little when life is gone. To enjoy life, a good appetite, sound digestion and elastic limbs, take "Tutt's Pills." Then if you are poor, you will be happy; if rich, you can enjoy your money. They dispel low spirits and give buoyancy to mind and body.

—One firm at Grundy Center, Ia., shipped thirty-five car loads of flax seed the past season.

If the mother is feeble, it is impossible that her children should be strong. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the female system of women. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

—Illinois manufactured half the farming machinery made in the United States last year.

Vegetine does not deceive invalids into false hopes by purging and creating a fictitious appetite, but assists nature in clearing and purifying the whole system, leading the patient gradually to perfect health.

Piles! Piles! Piles!—A Sure Cure Found at Last—No One Need Suffer.

A sure cure for the Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams (an Indian remedy), called Dr. Williams' "Wint Ointment." A simple, yet powerful, and the worst chronic cases of 25 and 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, Instruments and Electrodes do more harm than good. Williams' Ointment absorbs the tumors, alleviates the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts, and nothing else. For sale by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price, \$1.00. Henry & Davis, Proprietors, Cleveland, O. Woodward, Faxon & Co., Wholesale Agents, Kansas City, Mo.

Health and Happiness.

It seems strange that any one will suffer from the many derangements brought on by an impure condition of the blood when Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup will restore perfect health to the physical organization. It is indeed a strengthening syrup, pleasant to take, and has proven itself to be the best blood purifier ever discovered, effectually curing Scrofula, Syphilitic Disorders, Weakness of the Kidneys, all Nervous Disorders and Debility. It corrects Indigestion. A single bottle will prove to you its merit as a health renewer, for it acts like a charm, especially when the complaint is of an exhaustive nature, having a tendency to lessen the natural vigor of the brain and nervous system.

The Russians have a peculiar "eye fountain" for the use of those who are subject to weak eyes. It throws a tiny jet of delicate water spray for a distance of four feet, which, when allowed to play for a few seconds only upon the closed lids, produces a very refreshing and permanently strengthening effect. [Dr. Foose's Health Monthly.]

Pure Cod-Liver Oil, made from selected livers on the sea-shore, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market.

Barnett's Cocaine is the best and cheapest hair dressing in the world. It kills dandruff, allays irritation, and promotes a vigorous growth of the hair.

Straighten your old boots and shoes with Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners and wear them again.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Croup, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of Consumptive Persons in advanced stages of the Disease. Price 25 Cents For Sale by all Druggists.

TUTT'S PILLS

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine, and

TUTT'S PILLS

are especially adapted to such cases, a single dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

SOLD EVERYWHERE, PRICE 25 CENTS.
WILLIAM L. TUTT, DRUGGIST, NEW YORK.

DR. HARTER'S PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is a preparation of Protoside of Iron, Peruvian Bark and the Phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatic. Endorsed by the Medical Profession and recognized by them for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Disorders, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, Convalescence from Fevers and Chronic Chills and Fever. It serves every purpose where a TONIC is necessary.

Manufactured by THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., No. 213 North Main Street, St. Louis.

CURES DYSPEPSIA, IROK TONIC.

WHOLESALE JEWELRY

The Best Stock in the West of NEW HOLIDAY STYLES IN JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, &c. All Eastern prices duplicated. Order from me and save time and freight.

R. N. HERSFIELD, Leavenworth, Kansas.

Dr. John Bull's SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP FOR THE CURE OF FEVER AND AGUE OR Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicinal preparation for the cure of Malaria, Dysentery, Cholera, and other diseases, has had it analyzed by the highest medical authorities, and it is found to be a most valuable and reliable remedy for all the above diseases. It is sold by all druggists and is the only one of the kind that can be relied upon for a cure.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP. BULL'S SARSAPARILLA. BULL'S WORM DESTROYER.

The Popular Remedies of the Day.

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Principal Office: 319 Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

SIXTY DAYS—How to make it. Something new for Agents. Cor & Young, St. Louis, Mo.

KIDNEY WORT

THE ONLY MEDICINE IN EITHER LIQUID OR SOLID FORM That Acts at the Same Time on The Liver, The Bowels, and the Kidneys.

These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect; if they become clogged, dreadful diseases may follow.

TERrible SUFFERING.

Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Rheumatic Pains, Aches, and all the ailments connected with the bowels, which should be expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT WILL RESTORE

its healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will have to suffer.

Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and it will not only cure you, but it will restore you to your former health.

READ & THOMPSON.

First Class Organs from \$50 to \$300
First Class Pianos from \$150 to \$1,000
General Agents for Organette and Must
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Medical Common Sense and Plain Home Talk.

Send Your Name

Will pay for the Kansas City Price Current for three months, on trial. It has eight pages and forty-eight columns, and is the oldest, largest and best commercial and live stock journal in the West. Every merchant, business man, stock dealer and breeder of farm or live stock should have the Price Current. Send for free sample copy.

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MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.



DISCOVERER OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

The Positive Cure for all those Palatal Complaints and Weaknesses...

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an easy state of development. The tendency to cancerous tumors is checked very speedily by its use.

WOODWARD, FAXON & CO., KANSAS CITY.

POND'S EXTRACT

Subdues Inflammation, Controls All Hemorrhages, Acute and Chronic, Venous and Mucous.

CATARRH POND'S EXTRACT

NO REMEDY SO READILY AND EFFECTUALLY ARRESTS THE IRRITATION AND DISCHARGES FROM CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS AS

POND'S EXTRACT

COUGHS, COLDS IN THE HEAD, NASAL, THROAT, BRONCHITIS, INFLAMMATIONS AND ACCUMULATIONS IN THE LUNGS, EYES, AND

EMMA ABBOTT, "A valuable and beneficial."
HEYWOOD SMITH, M. D., M. R. C. P., of England. "I have used it with marked benefit."
H. G. PRESTON, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y. "I know of no remedy so generally useful."
ARTHUR GUINNESS, M. D., F. R. C. S., of England. "I have prescribed POND'S EXTRACT with great success."
Caution: POND'S EXTRACT is sold only in bottles with the name blown in the glass.

SPECIAL PREPARATIONS OF POND'S EXTRACT COMBINED WITH THE PUREST AND MOST DELICATE PERFUMES FOR LADIES' BOUDOIR.

POND'S EXTRACT... 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.75
Toilet Cream... \$1.00
Balm... 50c
Lip Salve... 25c
Toilet Soap... 25c
Ointment... 50c

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For a free sample copy of our new paper, write to us at once.