

Chase County Courier.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

HOW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

VOLUME VII.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1881.

NUMBER 17.

BREVITIES.

The Christian Intelligencer put the expense incurred for seeking Charley Ross at \$60,000.

Mrs. L. B. WALFORD, author of the pleasant novel, "Mr. Smith," and other popular stories, is described as of very agreeable aspect, and about 45.

LOUISIANA was sold to the United States in 1803 for \$15,000,000. It would have been a mere bagatelle for W. H. Vanderbilt to have made the purchase.

In consequence of some Capucins having been stoned at Barcelona, and others hooted at Valencia, they have been forbidden at Madrid to appear in public in the dress of their order.

MR. HENRY MORHOUSE, the lately deceased English missionary, was converted in a circus in high native city of Manchester during a gospel service. He kept two vehicles and men distributing Bibles.

A MAN named Sterling was hanged in Youngstown, Ohio, in 1877, for the murder of a young girl. He was convicted on the evidence of a huckster, who a days ago, on his deathbed, confessed that he was the murderer.

MR. RICHARD A. PROCTOR, the eminent English astronomer, has resurrected the "Boss Puzzle" for the purpose of showing how to solve it, and he has succeeded in clearing up the whole business. But why didn't Mr. Proctor publish his solution while the 15x14 mania was stalking through the world?

AT STUTTGART, a student in love with a very pretty girl had repeatedly written to her parents for their consent to a marriage. Receiving no reply, he poisoned himself at the girl's lodgings. Next day came a letter with the parents' consent. At the funeral the girl swallowed poison, and fell lifeless into the arms of one of the chorists singing over the grave.

The finest portrait extant of OLIVER CROMWELL is said to be that in the Baptist College at Bristol, for which \$2,625 has been refused. It is small, and depicts the Protector without armor. It is never allowed off the premises, in consequence of an attempt having been made to substitute an engraving for it. There is no engraving from it, but engravings have been made from copies.

LOD BEACONFIELD, says the London "Truth," is in high spirits regarding the "situation." His conviction is that the majority at the last election was obtained entirely by Mr. Gladstone's eloquence, and by the success of the first day creating enthusiasm that carried everything before. The country, he thinks, is awakening to the dangers of a House of Commons of so radical a complexion as the present one.

At the time when Heinrich Heine's fame had reached its zenith he happened to be sojourning for a few days at Munich, and a Bavarian princess, one of his most enthusiastic admirers, hearing of his presence in the capital, sent him an invitation "to take coffee with her in her palace." Heine replied to her royal Highness's bidding in these laconic words: "Madam, I am accustomed to take my coffee when I have dined."

SIR SAVILLE LUMLEY, the British minister at Brussels, who was for many years at Washington as first secretary and charge d'affaires, seems to have an easy time at the capital of a quiet little kingdom. His chief duty seems to be the transmission of some special biscuits from the Queen of the Belgians to her sister, Queen of England. Victoria took a fancy to them while traveling in Germany, and is passionately fond of them.

The new and elegant panel photograph of Gen. Grant, which has just been made by Bogardus, No. 872 Broadway, New York, is a superb picture. It is an admirable likeness, as well as a very chaste and finished illustration of the highest photographic art. Faithful to the one original, it signally conveys the impression of simple strength and reserved power which distinguish Gen. Grant. It ranks among the best portraits of the great soldier.

AUGUSTE EDWARD MAGNETTE, Pasha, the French Egyptologist, has died at Cairo, Egypt. He was born in Boulogne February 11, 1817, and became attached to the Egyptian Museum of the Louvre in 1848. He was the discoverer of the temple of the Serapis at Memphis and the colossal figure of the Sphinx. He was a commander of the Legion of Honor and had the Prussian order of the Red Eagle. He discovered in 1880 at Thebes the mummy of Queen Ash-hep of the eighteenth dynasty, now spoken of as the pride of the museum at Boolak. He was a prolific writer upon Egyptian history and ranked high as a discoverer.

NEWS IN A NUT SHELL.

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD.

The Cream of the Two Hemispheres Carefully Condensed and Classified—An Interesting Budget of Personal and Miscellaneous Information.

Washington.

In the executive session of the Senate Wednesday the nomination of ex-Senator Stanley Matthews to be associate Justice of the Supreme court, was referred to the committee on Judiciary.

The House Committee on Census has instructed Mr. Cox of N. Y., to call up the appropriation bill agreed to at the last meeting, at the first opportunity, and urge its immediate consideration.

The House Committee on Commerce voted making an appropriation for Mississippi river improvements and for a reservoir system, leaving the amount to be determined after the other items of the river and harbor bill have been fixed.

It is believed that the Senate will require three weeks to raise the date of interest stipulated in the funding bill or lengthen the term of the bonds. There is high authority that President Garfield will convene Congress in extra session should the bill fail.

The bill introduced in the House Monday by Representative Buckner of Missouri, to amend the Revised Statutes relative to the election of directors of national banks, provides that no two members of the same business co-partnership shall be eligible as directors of the same national bank; that no money broker or private banker, a director in any private banking house or savings institution, shall serve as director of the national bank located in the same city or town; and, further, that when any national bank director ceases to own ten shares of its own stock, or otherwise becomes disqualified, he shall at once vacate his office as director.

The government printing office is almost daily in receipt of a letter from medical men throughout the country, asking where they can obtain copies of a medical and surgical history of the war. A bill has recently been introduced in Congress which authorizes the public printer to reprint from the stereotyped plates an edition of 50,000 copies of each of four volumes heretofore issued from the government. The fifth volume is now going through the press. Should the bill become law, these books will be freely distributed by members of Congress, consequently those desiring copies, who make timely application, can no doubt be accommodated.

At a meeting of the House Inter-Oceanic Canal Committee Saturday the committee on the Erie ship railway bill reported it back with the eulogistic section stricken out. They accompanied the report with a recommendation that the committee insert in lieu of the omitted section a modified proposition providing for a guarantee of interest at 4 per cent. upon a fifteen-year bond instead of 6 per cent. and thirty years, with requirements as to the tests of the canal's capacity, bringing the latter up to vessels of 4,000 tons. It was claimed for this modified proposition that a majority of the full committee will favor it, but without reaching the point of action, adjournment was taken.

The bill introduced by Mr. Springer in the House Monday, January 31st, to provide for the appraisement of telegraph lines, owned and operated by companies acting under provisions of the act of Congress passed in July, 1866, entitled "An act to aid in the construction of telegraph lines, and to secure to the government the sole use of same for postal, military and other purposes," and to procure information concerning postal telegraphs in other countries, is drafted in accordance with the act mentioned in its title. By the provisions of this act of 1866, the telegraph companies are required to accept from the United States the amount of the appraised value of their property, and all three of the companies now prominently before the public have each filed its acceptance of this provision of law, and obligated itself to the amount of its appraised value when the same is tendered by the United States.

The bill introduced Friday, January 28th, by Senator Kirkwood, of Iowa, to aid the United States Postal Telegraph company in the construction and operation of telegraph lines, refers to the incorporation of that name, organized under the general incorporation laws of the State of Iowa, and also under the telegraph laws of the United States, as made and provided in the Revised Statutes, and the articles named in the articles of incorporation are Chas. C. Gilman, president; W. H. Pollard, secretary; and Joseph Edgerton, treasurer, all of Iowa. The bill proposes to authorize this company to construct telegraph lines throughout the entire United States, and in all waters embraced in the treaties made by the United States with other governments, and to enter and to occupy any and all government postoffices for the establishment of stations therein, the performance of postal telegraph service for a period of 100 years, with the right of renewal. The bill further provides that the company shall be empowered by the United States to construct and maintain its lines over all public and private lands, post roads, bridges, etc., to the same extent that the government might exercise its right of eminent domain for the same purpose; that the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General shall be appointed to exercise supervision over the affairs of the company; that the tariff to be charged to the public shall not exceed twenty cents for the transmission of each message of twenty words or less for any distance in the United States, and where delivery is made through the postal department, the government shall assume all responsibilities attached to the same, and charge one cent per message for drop letter delivery, two cents for carrier delivery, and such rates may be fixed by the Postmaster General for special delivery, when a receipt may be demanded by the sender. It is provided that within twenty days after the enactment of this bill the company shall commence the construction of its plant, and within twelve months thereafter shall connect the cities of Washington, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, New Orleans, Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, Milwaukee, St. Louis and intermediate cities with its lines. Within three years thereafter the plant must be increased to 30,000 miles in length, and within seven years to 70,000 miles and at a rate thereafter that Congress may from time to time direct. The capital stock is to be limited to \$100,000,000, issuable in two series, A and B, of equal amounts, and each series limited to \$45 per mile of each mile of line

equipped with one wire, and \$50 per mile for additional wires. Series "A" is to be a dividend bearing stock, and shall alone represent the ownership and management of the property. This stock is to be sold to the public, to provide means for construction purposes, etc. Series "B" is to be a non-dividend bearing, and allowed no voice in the management of the affairs of the company, except in the disposition of its property and franchises by sale or lease, and shall be donated to the United States government in return for the privileges granted, as a bar to the disposal of its franchise or property.

Charles Eaton, the man suspected of altering the assessment books of the Cook county clerk's office, is locked up in the armory, and orders have been issued for the arrest of Reinke.

Auditor French is to visit New York to carry out an arrangement with the directors of the Central Pacific road to stop the payment of the 3 per cent dividend recently declared, on the ground that the net earnings of the road since June barely cover the deficit to the government.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The Chilians are reported to have forced the surrender of Callao.

The death is announced of Verbockhoven, the eminent Belgian painter.

The French Senate has passed a bill granting the victory to designate the districts in which it is to be enforced. A clause will suspend the habeas corpus by permitting the arrest of offenders on reasonable suspicion, not to be tried or released without the order of the privy council or the viceroy.

The race between Hanlan and Laycock on the Thames has been postponed to February 14.

The death is announced at Lancaster, Pa., of Mrs. Boos, foster mother of the Grand Duke Louis III. of Hesse-Darmstadt.

A meeting held by twenty thousand miners at Leigh, England, was succeeded by a desperate riot, in which the hussars charged upon the mob, injuring several persons.

The coercion bill which is to be introduced into the British Parliament will empower the viceroy to designate the districts in which it is to be enforced. A clause will suspend the habeas corpus by permitting the arrest of offenders on reasonable suspicion, not to be tried or released without the order of the privy council or the viceroy.

THE EAST.

There are snowdrifts thirty feet high in the vicinity of Kingston, Ont.

The steamer Rochester lost 448 cattle on her passage from Boston to Liverpool.

An Erie railway train, having postal and express cars and nine Pullman sleepers, and running at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour, was thrown from the track near Oswego by the breaking of a driving wheel axle of the locomotive. By the explosion of the oil lamps the postal-car took fire and burned like tinder, four clerks being roasted to death. An express messenger, Henry C. Brer, also expired in the flames. The train employees escaped unhurt, but ten members of a colored minstrel company from Birmingham were more or less injured. The mail agents were Messrs. Redinger, Seybold, Ingraham and Fox. An inquest was held at Oswego.

THE WEST.

The military headquarters at Prescott, Arizona, have been burned.

James W. Pate, clerk of Ripley county, Indiana, has been placed in the insane asylum.

The authorities of Mount Ayr, Iowa, report that the small-pox is raging there with great violence.

Walter Griffith, of Braidwood, Ill., has been sentenced to eighteen years hard labor for incestuous intercourse.

The La Salle county board of supervisors has adopted plans for a new court-house at Ottawa, to cost \$100,000.

A fire in Main street, Buffalo, ruined the building and stock of the Howe Scale and Safety Lamp company, doing damage of \$50,000.

A row of frame stores on the public square at Wooster, O., has been reduced to ashes, the insurance companies suffering to the extent of \$25,000.

While being driven into Terre Haute, Ind., a horse became frightened and leaped over the high grade west of the city. A Mrs. Butler, of St. Marys, was killed and her husband badly injured.

Leaving citizens of Shelby county, Ill., met at Shelbyville on Saturday and agreed to secure the right of way for the extension of the Lake Erie & Western railroad, and give \$1,000 per mile to the enterprise.

Bayard Dailey, of Logansport, Ind., shot his betrothed, Annie Beckley, last month, severely wounding her, for refusing to give him a dirk to use on his rival. He has now obtained her consent to a wedding, and secured a marriage license.

Two masked men succeeded in taking \$800 of railway funds from Station Agent Henderson at Wahoo, Neb., at 10 o'clock on Saturday evening, as he was closing the day's business. They left him locked in his office.

The Democratic candidates for sheriff and district attorney of Dane county, Wisconsin, have done protest against their offices being filled by their Republican opponents, on the ground that many votes were fraudulently cast by students of the State university.

A. A. Kennedy, of Oxford, Iowa, has been convicted of conspiracy with his son-in-law, R. C. Lyman, to obtain dry goods on credit, secure insurance, stealthily remove the stock and burn the store, dividing the profits equally. An appeal will be taken to the Iowa Supreme court. Chicago wholesale merchants secured the conviction.

THE SOUTH.

Snow fell heavily in New Orleans for eight hours, melting rapidly away.

The nomination of Robert M. Wallace to be United States marshal for South Carolina was rejected by the Senate.

The Lower House of the Tennessee Legislature has unseated Stewart, a Democrat, and thereby secured a majority on joint ballot in the election of minor State officers.

The leading Republicans of Arkansas gathered at Little Rock and adopted an address to General Garfield urging the appointment of Hon. Millin W. Gibbs, colored, to a position in the cabinet.

CONGRESS CONDENSED.

Point and Pith of Interest for the Week in the National House and Senate.

SENATE.

MONDAY—The Grant retirement bill occupied the morning hour, but no definite action was taken.

TUESDAY—Mr. Davis of Illinois introduced a bill in relation to the resignation of judges of courts of the United States who may be permanently disabled to discharge their duties. It provides that upon the tender of a resignation which shall state the fact of a permanent disability, the President shall nominate his successor, and the judge so resigning shall receive full and complete salary payable to him at the time of his resignation. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

WEDNESDAY—The day was consumed in discussion of the Land in Severalty bill, the question being upon Mr. Morgan's amendment adding a proviso to the amendment of Mr. Hoar, conferring citizenship upon Indians taking lands in severalty under the provisions of the bill. Mr. Morgan withdrew his amendment temporarily. Mr. Hoar's amendment was rejected.

THURSDAY—On motion of Mr. Windom the Senate took up the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Windom stated the amendments, that the net amount added to the bill, as passed by the House, was \$2,975,000, making a total, as reported, of \$14,720,877, which was \$391,543 less than the estimates and \$1,887,000 less than the bill last session. In the Committee of the Whole the amendments of the Senate Committee were agreed to, as was also the amendment offered by Mr. Burnside admitting boys to the naval training school at fourteen instead of sixteen years of age. The bill was then referred to the Senate and passed finally—Bills were then severally considered:—On motion of Mr. Plumb, for the sale of certain portions of the Fort Leavenworth military reservation, passed.—On motion of Mr. Cockerill, to establish an assay office in St. Louis, passed.—Mr. Teller submitted a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Interior to forward to the Senate the Commission report, and a calling for all correspondence between the Secretary and Commission, and between the Governor of Colorado, concerning the Utah Indians, since March 8th. Both resolutions were adopted.

FRIDAY—The select committee on diseases and epidemics reported an amendment to the bill for the establishment of a bureau of animal industry and for the suppression and prevention of contagious diseases.—Mr. Blaine introduced a bill for the establishment of a United States ocean and mail service, and the revival of foreign commerce on American steamships. Mr. Blaine said he introduced the bill as a substitute for the one which was the subject of Mr. Beck's speech on the previous day, namely, the bill for the revival of foreign commerce on American steamships. Mr. Beck's speech on the previous day, namely, the bill for the revival of foreign commerce on American steamships. Mr. Beck's speech on the previous day, namely, the bill for the revival of foreign commerce on American steamships.

MONDAY—The House went into a committee of the whole on the postoffice appropriation bill. Mr. Blackburn briefly explained the provisions of the bill. The total amount appropriated was \$40,760,432, or \$1,715,000 less than estimated. The estimated postal revenue for 1882 was \$38,845,174, and he congratulated the country that the time had arrived when the appropriation for the support of the postal service was less than two millions in excess of the revenue received from that service. The bill was then read by sections for amendments. Mr. Cannon moved to increase the appropriation for compensation to carry the mail cars safety heaters and to the military academy appropriation bill was concurred in. The bill providing for the deficiency of \$162,000 in the appropriation for interest on the 360 loan of the District of Columbia passed, also the bill appropriating \$30,000 for a monument in commemoration of the battle of Saratoga. The House then went into a committee of the whole upon the postoffice appropriation bill.—Mr. Brigham offered an amendment requiring the railroad companies to carry the mail cars safety heaters and saws, axes and other implements to be used in case of accident. Adopted.—Mr. Davis of Colorado offered an amendment to authorize the Postmaster General to pay to the steamer of New Zealand and New South Wales so much of the cost of overland transportation of the British colonial mails to and from Australia as he may deem just, not to exceed one-half of said cost, and appropriated \$40,000 for that purpose. The amendment was agreed to. Yeas 91, nays 27. The committee then rose and reported the bill to the House, when it passed.

WEDNESDAY—Mr. Bicknell called up the electoral count resolution. At 4 o'clock, after a half dozen roll calls, the House found itself exactly in the same position in which it had been three hours previously, as Mr. Reagan expressed it, "the House merely went up hill and then came down again." The tactics of the Republican side were to answer to their names on a call of the House, but to remain silent upon a motion to table the appeal, thus leaving the House without a quorum and forcing a call of the House. A motion to adjourn was defeated, yeas 127, nays 129. Another call of the House was ordered and then the House adjourned.

THURSDAY—Mr. Spear at the expiration of the morning hour called up the contested election case of Yates vs. Martin, in favor of the contestant, Yates. The discussion was protracted. Mr. Keifer presented the case of contestee Martin, and at the conclusion of his speech warned the Democratic party if it did not place the seal of disapproval upon such practices as had been reported in the case, the day was coming when it would be swept from the halls of Congress by the American people. Mr. Russell also warned the Democratic party that if the reasonings of the common electors were adopted, some fifteen or twenty gentlemen from the South in the next Congress would walk out some morning, and give place to men who had been counted in, whether elected or not. A Democrat will see about that. At the conclusion of Mr. Russell's speech Mr. Springer demanded the previous question, and the Re-

publicans refusing to vote, the House was left without a quorum. Adjourned.

FRIDAY—A long and acrimonious debate occurred on the bill to pay the widow of Capt. Page \$134, the amount due him as a naval officer at the time he resigned his commission, when his State succeeded in 1861, but the committee rose without action and the House adjourned.

A Steamboat Captain Surprised. (San Francisco News-Letter.)

The nationally gratifying fact that Edwin Booth has just made so palpable a hit in London in Richelieu calls to mind a little story told by our leading star to the writer one Sunday during his last visit here, while taking a look at the Golden Gate from the lantern of the Point Bonita light-house.

"Once, during the days of my early struggles in the profession," said Booth, "when we were barn-storming down in Virginia, an odd thing happened, which illustrates the shifts to which the 'poor player' was then put in order to get along. We were playing—showing they called it then—one night at a little place called Lee's Landing, and the tobacco warehouse we had improvised into a theater was crowded with planters for miles around. We had arranged to take the weekly steamer which they expected would touch here late that night, and between the acts were all busy packing up. The play was the Merchant of Venice, and we were just going on for the court scene, when the Jew insists for his pound of flesh, when we heard a whistle blow, and the manager came running in to say that the steamer had arrived ahead of time and would leave again in ten minutes.

"But what was our only chance of getting down to the Chesapeake, we were naturally in a dreadful quandary. 'If we stop right here and explain,' said the manager, 'the audience will think they are being cheated, and go in for a free fight. The only thing we can do is for you fellows to get up some sort of a natural-like impromptu ending for the piece and ring down the drop. Go right ahead, ladies and gentlemen, and take your cue from Ned here, and be hurried away to get the luggage on board.

"If it had been in any other part of the country I wouldn't have had the assurance to do as he said, but the ignorance of the clay eaters or ordinary Virginians of those days was something marvelous; so, when old George Ruggles, who was doing 'Shylock' got to where he sharpens his knife on his shoes, I walked solemnly up to him and said:—

"You're bound to have the flesh, are you?"

"You bet your life," said George, under the impression that he was improvising very skillfully indeed.

"Now, I'll make you one more dicker, I continued. 'In addition to this bag of dust, I'll throw in two kegs of nigger-head terback, shot-gun and a couple of the best coon dogs in the State.'

"I'm blamed if I don't do it," said Shylock, much to the approbation of the audience, who were tobacco-raisers and coon-hunters from the ground up.

"And to show that there is no hard feeling," said Portia, tucking up her legal gown, "we'll wind up with a Virginny reel."

"And as the prompter struck up 'Money Musk,' on his fiddle, we danced a couple of figures and made a break for the boat as the curtain fell, amid thunders of applause.

"When we got on board, the steamer's captain, who had witnessed the conclusion of the play with great delight, tendered the troupe the compliment of a hot supper, and remarked, as we sat down to what was a rare treat in those 'palmy days of the drama':—

"I'd like to see the whole of that play sometime, gentlemen. I'm blamed if I thought that fellow Shakspeare had so much snap to him."

George's Snake Charmer.

Mr. S. P. Avery, says the New York Tribune, has now on exhibition at his rooms, No. 98 Fifth Avenue, near Fourteenth street, an important picture by J. L. Gerome, just completed, a commission of a citizen of this city. The picture is painted on a canvas four feet long by two feet nine inches high, and contains twelve figures. Like everything painted by this artist, it exhibits in every part a complete knowledge of the subject, an astonishing science, a most painstaking care in execution, and an absolute want of feeling. The scene is in some large hall in some actually existing building in Cairo, and the background of the picture is formed of one of the walls of this apartment, completely covered from floor to ceiling with Persian tiles. At the foot of this wall, seated upon the floor, nine men and a boy are watching—some intently, others with Oriental apathy—the strange scene which is enacting before them. A rug has been spread on the once handsome, but now broken and ruined floor, and on this rug stands with his back to us a boy of fourteen years, entirely naked, about whose immovable body a huge anacanda is twined in a double fold, the boy holding the creature with his outstretched left hand, while with his right he grasps the writhing tail. Next the edge of the rug, at the left, are the head and neck of the serpent in a basket and a large earthen bottle. The picture when seen at a distance of six feet shows the absence of all decorative effect.

Answer This.

Did you ever know any person to be ill without inaction of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys; or did you ever know one who was well when either was obstructed or inactive? And did you ever know or hear of any case of the kind that Hop Bitters would not cure? Ask your neighbor the same question.—(Times).

—Twenty-five sons and daughters of Longfellow ran in 142 races in 1880, of which they won thirty-two, got second place in twenty-three and third place in twenty-eight, winning a total sum of \$19,015.

ZOOLOGY.

Oh! merry is the Madrepose that sits beside the sea. The cheery little Coralline has many charms for me. I love the fine Echinoderms of azure, green and gray, That handled roughly fling their arms impulsively away; Then bring me here the microscope and let me see the cells. Wherein the little Zoophyte like garden floweret dwells.

We'll take the fair Anemone from off its rocky seat; Since Rodolpheus has said when fried 'tis good to eat; Dyspeptics from the Sea-Cucumbers a lesson well may win, They blithely take their organs out and then put fresh ones in.

The Kotifer in whirling round may surely bear the bell. With Oceanic Hydrozoids that Huxley knows so well. You've heard of the Octopus, 'tis a pleasant thing to know, He has a ganklion makes him blush no red, but white as snow; And why the strange Cæcaria, to go a long way back. Wears ever, as some ladies do, a fashionable "sar."

And how the Prawn has parasites that on his head make holes, Ask Dr. Cobbold and he'll say they're just like tiny soles.

Then study well zoology, and add unto your store, The tale of Biogenesis and Protoplasmic lore; As Paley has nearly observed, when into life they burst, The frog and the philosopher are just the same at first.

But what's the origin of life remains a puzzle still, Let Tyndall, Hæckel, Bastian go wrangle as they will.

Ho Meant Labor.

New York Commercial Advertiser.

Henry Ward Beecher in yesterday's service spoke a good word for Sunday and a better one for labor. It seems harsh to say "Blessed are those who are driven by poverty" to do such and such a thing, and maybe the sentiment would have been more musical to the ear of poverty had the word used been labor. The great preacher is right, however. Poverty had pushed people forward and upward more than any other agent. It has produced our greatest men and women; it has given us the most exalted political government under the sun, and at this hour, it is the living bone and sinew that holds up the world. It is not a disgrace to be poor. It is a disgrace to be unwilling to work.

KANSAS CITY MARKETS.

CATTLE. Extra steers.....\$4 75 to 5 25 Medium steers.....4 25 to 4 50 Butcher's steers.....3 75 to 4 00 Feeders and stockers.....1 75 to 3 00 Choice heavy.....\$4 90 to 5 00 Medium and light.....4 45 to 4 70 Good muttons.....\$4 50 to 4 75 Stockers.....3 00 to 3 75

WHEAT. No. 1.....97c No. 2.....89c No. 3.....82c No. 2 mixed.....29c No. 2 white.....30c

CORN. No. 2.....30c No. 2 white.....30c

BUTTER. Medium to fair.....14 to 16c Good to choice.....17 to 19c Par dozen.....30 to 32c

PROVISIONS. Mess pork.....\$13 50 Lard.....9 to 9 1/2c

Butter No More.

If the bowels are torpid, if piles torment, if the back is full of pain, get a package of Kidney-Wort and be cured without more suffering. It can be bought of all druggists in either dry or liquid form.—[Republican.]

The Utica Observer announces the death of a famous chestnut gelding known as Dan, aged 29. He was ridden by Adjutant Racon when that gallant soldier lost his life at Fredericksburg.

NATURE'S REMEDY. VEGETINE. THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

WILL CURE Scrofula, Serofulous Humor, Cancer, Rheumatic Humor, Erysipelas, Cancer, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Humor in the Face, Coughs and Colds, Ulcers, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Itch in the Side, Constipation, Cystitis, Headache, Dizziness, Headache, Nervousness, Pains in the Back.

Faintness at the Stomach, Kidney Complaints, Female Weakness and General Debility. This preparation is scientifically and chemically combined, and so strongly concentrated from roots, herbs and barks, that its good effects are realized immediately after commencing to take it. There is no disease of the human system for which the Vegetine cannot be used with perfect safety, as it does not contain any metallic compound. For circulating the system of all impurities of the blood it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease. Its wonderful effects upon the complaints named are surprising to all. Many have been cured by the Vegetine that have tried many other remedies. It can well be called THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

DR. W. ROSS WRITES. Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness. H. R. STEVENS, Boston: I have been practicing medicine for 25 years, and as a remedy for Scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, I have never found its equal. I have sold Vegetine for 7 years, and have never had one bottle returned. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier. Dr. W. ROSS, Druggist, Wilton, Iowa. Sept. 18, 1878.

Vegetine. PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

JACOBS OIL



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation so safe, so sure, so simple and so cheap. External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have a positive proof of its claims.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

WOMAN'S TRIUMPH!

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

The Positive Cure for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses common to our best female population.

It cures entirely the worst forms of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration, falling and displacements, and the consequent "Bleeding" weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

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AGENTS FOR THE WEEK. Will send 1000 copies of our POND'S EXTRACT CO. 215 N. 7th St., N. Y.

TWO NOTED PEOPLE.

One Dead, the Other Living—M. Blanqui and Louise Michel.

M. Auguste Blanqui, the great Socialist and Communist, who recently died in Paris, was, though it may not have been generally known, much addicted to roulette and trente-et-quarante, Monte Carlo, in the little monarchy of Monaco, was his favorite field of action. Being a native of Nice, only a few miles distant, he naturally was attracted to the Casino of Monte Carlo more than to other larger, and, in former years, more frequented gambling resorts.

All of M. Blanqui's ventures upon the green cloth were made in so quiet and unostentatious a manner as to attract little if any attention from casual lookers-on of the Casino, however, knew him well, and were perfectly aware of his astonishing nerve and temerity in taking his chances with Dame Fortune. He would seldom sit at the table, but would conduct his operations from behind the friendly screen of a neighbor's chair, waiting until the croupier had given his last warning cry—"Faites vos jeux, Messieurs"—and then, reaching quietly over and placing a pile of gold or a packet of bank-notes upon his favorite color or combination, he would wait quietly for the result of his play.

It is his stake was successful he showed emotion whatever, and if the result proved contrary to his expectations his countenance never betrayed it. It was not his habit to gamble long at a time, for a few minutes apparently satisfied his passion for play. Of a well-known nervous and excitable temperament, it often puzzled his friends to witness his calm self-control under the influence of a passion that as a rule sways the emotions of the strongest men. This was probably due to the fact Auguste Blanqui was in one sense a fatalist, and, so far as games of chance are concerned, a believer in signs and omens. It was strange, too, how often his faith in such things was justified.

Several years ago M. Blanqui paid a flying visit to Nice, and afterward to Monte Carlo. Sitting with some friends one evening in the Cafe de Paris, close to the Casino, a game of billiards was proposed and played. During the progress of the game M. Blanqui (who, according to his own story, was not a very proficient player) made a run of nineteen points, the highest he had ever made. He seemed impressed by this circumstance in a peculiar manner, for, quietly laying aside his cue, he crossed over to the Casino, and put every centime he had in his pocket upon the number nineteen in roulette. Nineteen won, and Blanqui, in his usual unobtrusive way, gathered up his winnings, left the Casino, and went back to the cafe, where he rejoined his friends. Finding the game still in his favor, he finished it successfully, having been absent from the billiard-table scarcely five minutes.

The notorious woman Communist, Louise Michel, who was one of the principal speakers at the late funeral of Blanqui, is said to be as much of a revolutionist in spirit and by habit as was eternal plotters against governments. She is to the fullest a malignant and irreconcilable; she would not be contented if France were to be suddenly converted into an ideal Republic of Plato's pattern. She seems to believe that what nations is wrong, that the masses of mankind are either despots or dolts, and that the chief duty of life is to be at once and forever a political conspirator. Blanqui was one of the objects of her attraction; she thinks he was one of the greatest men of the century, comparing him with the noblest Romans who have perilled everything for liberty. Her theories are naturally of the wildest, most impracticable sort, but they appear to be entertained with entire sincerity. All her intimates aver that she is the embodiment of honesty.

She certainly nurses what she imagines to be a noble discontent, and nurses it tenderly and incessantly. A woman of very strong, intense, passionate character she unquestionably is, and her mind is of no common order. She has not much culture, but she has any number of ideas, and they are born every minute. She possesses the gift of oratory, too, as is shown by her influence over the people. Her sentences spoken to the public are short, vehement, fiery, and they flash directly to the mark. An American who heard her not long since declared her to be a sort of incarnated Marcia. Although very excited, meditative and sensational, like all her compatriots, she has undoubtedly great moral and physical courage—the courage, it may be, of pure fanaticism. While very tender at times, she is capable of dire cruelty. She is reported to have said that she would be delighted to see half of all the Parisians perish, provided their death would firmly establish her dearly beloved Commune. She is of the same stuff as the revolutionary women of the French Revolution of 1789, and is full of contradictions. She cherishes her opinions to a point of frenzy. Under strong excitement she would burn, stab, poison; and yet she is portrayed as often very affectionate, especially to children, and to be very kind to all dumb animals. Her faith in the ultimate triumph of her cause is supreme, and all who do not believe as she does are her worst enemies. She has no very clear idea what she would have or do if the Commune was instituted, or what might be its results. The thing needed, she frequently proclaims, is the destruction of all obstacles in the way of a Nihilist, for she sympathizes intensely with the doctrines and deeds of the Nihilists throughout Russia. The Conservative or Radical Republicans, like Girardin, Louis Blanc or Gambetta, she abhors, saying that they are worse than the most earnest Legitimist or Imperialist. Some people hold that she is more dangerous than any man of her creed in Paris, but such extremists are never very dangerous.

The Cold Weather in Europe. When we read in the press dispatches from London that the thermometer (Fahrenheit) marked there from 2° to 5° below zero, we say to ourselves, "That is not very severe. We have had it considerably colder this winter in New York." And so we have by the mercury; but we have not by feeling. Those who have passed an exceptionally cold winter in England will not be apt to forget it. There is probably no city in anything like the same latitude where one feels the cold as in London. The extreme humidity of the climate is one great cause, and another is the absence generally of furnaces and steam pipes or

any of our elaborate means of keeping warm. The English think, and with justice, that we overheat our offices, counting-rooms and dwellings, and we think, with equal justice, that they underheat their places of business and residence. A medium between the two would be both comfortable and wholesome. When our trans-Atlantic kinsmen experience such weather as they have had this winter, they are willing to admit the inadequacy of their heating apparatus. They suffer much and unmercifully; they declare that we are sending them long winters to counterbalance the many luxuries of our exportation. The extra ordinary number of growls from our growing cousins over the sea, and has seriously interfered with their outdoor pleasures. Nor is it strange.

When the mercury is at 32° in London it seems almost unbearable when the mercury is at zero here, not only for the reasons already named, but from the unaccustomedness of the people to meteoric extremes. The thermometer at 30° below freezing, as it has been very lately, is enough to congeal the marrow in the average Briton's bones. A good deal of the ordinary social machinery of the big town of the Thames has been destroyed by the downward course of the thermometer this season. The places of amusement have, as a rule, been so poorly attended that not a few natures have lost money. Many tradesmen have done, and are still doing a very slender business, and any number of Englishmen who usually stay at home have gone off to Southern Italy, to Spain, Algeria, Malta, Greece and Egypt in search of winter sunbaths.

In their own foggy, cloudy, frigid island an American writes from London that he has never passed so dreary a winter as the present one, and contrasts with regret the accounts he receives of the activity and gaiety of New York.

The Last Man. Dr. J. L. Vattier, of Cincinnati, who died the other day, was the "last man" of a party of seven men who on Sunday September 30, 1832, the dreadful cholera year, formed the Society of the Last Man.

On the day mentioned, Joseph R. Mason, a prominent young artist, Dr. Vattier, Dr. James M. Mason, Henry L. Tatem, Fenton Lawson, William Disney, Jr., and William Stanbery sat in the artist's studio, conversing upon the plague and the havoc it was causing. One of the number in a spirit of levity suggested the formation of a society to be known as the Society of the Last Man, and proposed that on each recurring anniversary a banquet should be held, at which the survivors were to attend, but invariably covers should be provided for seven. It was further arranged that when but one living representative remained to attend the feast he was to drink a bottle of wine, the cork of which had been provided at the first meal. They came together for the first time on October 6, 1832, and on that occasion a bottle of wine, with a tightly closed cork, was produced and placed in a casket of mahogany made expressly for the purpose. The repository for the sacred keeping of this "wine of wines" was shaped like Bunker Hill monument. In the base the records of the society were preserved, and in a shaft which led to the bottle only to be reached by unlocking and lifting the lid. The lid was closed and locked, after which the keyhole was filled with sealing wax in a quantity that admitted of the seal of the society being impressed upon the outside. Death spared the little band for the first four years, and when next they met there was one vacant chair. Dr. Mason had died. Five of the wine of the bottle only to be reached by unlocking and lifting the lid. The lid was closed and locked, after which the keyhole was filled with sealing wax in a quantity that admitted of the seal of the society being impressed upon the outside. Death spared the little band for the first four years, and when next they met there was one vacant chair. Dr. Mason had died.

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The Russians have a peculiar "eye fountain" for the use of those who are subject to weak eyes. It throws a tiny jet of delicate water spray for a distance of four feet, which, when allowed to play for a few seconds only upon the closed lids, produces a very refreshing and permanently strengthening effect.—[Dr. Foot's Health Monthly.

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It is very rare that the Republican consents to editorially forward the interests of advertisers of what are known as patent medicines, and it does not frequently fall out that we can have positive knowledge of their merits. However, we take pleasure in saying of St. Jacobs Oil from individual experiment, that it is a most excellent remedial agent, and as such we can heartily recommend it.—[St. Louis Republican.

—Ladies says a foreign journal, will discover in "Endymion," a new mode of showing their regard for dead husbands—a mild form of suttee. The heroine cuts off her long hair, which reached nearly to her feet, and ties it round the neck of her husband in his coffin. The idea is original, but it has not much else to recommend it.

The Madison (Wis.) Democrat, in endeavoring to treat the wounds received by the candidates for the Presidency, wisely prescribes St. Jacobs Oil. Of course we could not expect our worthy contemporary to do otherwise than recommend that famous Old German Remedy, which "heals all wounds but those of love," and soothes all pains—save those of political disappointment.—[Galveston News.

—Dr. Theodore Christlieb, the celebrated preacher and professor of theology at Bonn, in Germany, has been engaged to give a course of lectures on preaching before the students of Yale Theological school in 1882.

Good Advice. Now is the time of year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, etc. Every family should have a bottle of Bosche's German Syrup. Don't allow for one moment that cough to take hold of your child, your family or yourself. Consumption, Asthma, Pneumonia, Croup, Whooping Cough, and other fatal diseases may set in. Although it is true German Syrup is curing thousands of these dreaded diseases, yet it is much better to have it at hand when three doses will cure you. One bottle will last your whole family a winter and keep you safe from danger. If you are consumptive, do not rest until you have tried this remedy. Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by your druggist.

—Prof. Ram Chandra, an eminent mathematician, is dead. He was one of the leading native Christians in the Punjab.

W. J. Blair, of Danville, Va., says: "I have long suffered from Torpor of the Liver and Dyspepsia, and have tried almost everything, but never derived half the benefit that I have from Tutt's Pills. I recommend them to all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia, Sick Headache or Biliousness. Knowing Dr. Tutt personally, it gives me pleasure to add my testimony to the merits of his pills."

—Now is the time when the butcher slays his hog and the young man sleighs his girl.—Kokomo Tribune.

"Vegetine," says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the laboratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from pure herbs and herbs of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

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