

Chase County Courant.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

HOW TO TELL THE LINE, LET THE CHILD FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

VOLUME VII.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1881.

NUMBER 46.

TIMELY TOPICS.

ONE THIRD of all the beer produced in Europe is brewed in the English isles.

The municipal council of Paris intend to fax telegraph and telephone wires in sewers.

There has been a marked increase in eastern Europe of late years of publications in the Hebrew tongue.

The appointment of four negroes on the Philadelphia police force has been followed up by the resignation of only one white officer.

A FAITH CRAMP meeting is in progress at Old Orchard, Me., and several miraculous cures on the grounds in answer to prayer are reported.

The new wood pulp factories were put in operation in Norway in 1880, and eight of the nineteen old ones were enlarged. Six more are about to be built.

STIMULATED, perhaps by events in Tunis, Frenchmen are taking to rifle shooting. Ranges under government patronage are being created around Paris.

In excavating at the Lord Lorne mine at Gold Hill, Nevada, at a depth of 300 feet, there were found in a stratum of clay live worms about three-quarters of an inch long.

The Omaha Republican asserts that Council Bluffs has a young lady of uncertain age who is so modest that she puts her glass eye under the pillow every night before disrobing.

A SHIP canal across the peninsula of Maryland and Delaware, shortening the distance by water from Baltimore to the Atlantic, is an old project, but now it is to be speedily carried out, the necessary \$8,000,000 having been raised.

The Rev. George W. Williams, a member of the Ohio Legislature, is a negro. A year ago he was suing a Columbus hotel for refusing to board him on account of his color. Now a Columbus hotel keeper is suing Williams for failing to pay a board bill.

COSETT Wilson writes that Palestine is fast asleep. There is only one good wagon road in all the Holy Land, the one leading from Jerusalem to Jaffa; the newspapers are two small, feeble Hebrew sheets; and the railroad improvements are yet to be made.

LADY WALTER CAMPBELL, wife of the Lord Walter Campbell, who passed some three years here, in training for business in Wall street, is regarded as one of the London beauties. She is the daughter of a Manchester manufacturer, and had a large fortune.

JOHN LESTER, who had been perfecting his knowledge of civil engineering among the mines of Spain in the neighborhood of Bilbao, was making a journey into France, when, on arriving near the French frontier, brigands carried him off a prisoner to the hills. He remained eight days, and freed himself by actually gnawing his bonds asunder.

An enterprising but impetuous Philadelphia borrowed money enough to furnish an office and hang out a sign: "Franklin Protective Association." Then he went to work among the negroes, telling them of imaginary benefits to be obtained in the future by joining his society, and now he has an income of \$125 a week from members' dues.

The pneumatic clocks which have been tried in Paris with so much success are about to be increased in number. The municipality of Paris has concluded a contract of fifty years' duration with the Pneumatic Clock Company, which will be charged with the time service of the town. At Paris, then, the unification of the time will be an accomplished fact.

Is the Kurgarten at Enis stands a stone simply labeled, "13 July, 1870, guhr 10 minutes," which, to the uninitiated, means nothing; but on the last 13th of July it was piled high with flowers, because it marks the spot and hour when the Kaiser received the last messages from the French Ambassador, Benedetti, after which he turned on his heel, walked away, and a day or two later declared war.

According to the number of inhabitants, Providence R. I., claims to be the richest city in the United States.

The Cornell crew have abandoned the idea of rowing in race contests, and will return home the 24th.

A CONNECTICUT woman has given her son a large comforter made of hair cut from her own head during ten years.

THERE are three thousand applicants for the \$200 prize offered by Prof. Swift to the first discoverer of the comet.

In a quarrel at Boston a saloon keeper's lungs were cut because he refused to give drinks to a drunken man.

The Boston public library contains 301,238 volumes, the largest number of books under one administration in the country.

MONKON missionaries are proselyting among the Welsh miners at Hyda Park,

NEWS IN A NUT SHELL.

EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD.

The Cream of the Two Hemispheres Carefully Condensed and Classified—An Interesting Budget of Personal and Miscellaneous Information.

Washington.

The new commissioner of pensions has issued an order prohibiting smoking in the pension office building between the hours of 8:30 A. M. and 4 P. M., and the reading of newspapers or conversation among the clerks on subjects not pertaining to their official duties.

Among numerous messages of sympathy from all parts of the country, called forth by the critical condition of the president, was one from New York, the sender, a stout, healthy man, offering to furnish some of his blood if transmission would save the president's life.

Personal and Political.

C. P. PATTERSON, superintendent of the coast survey, died at Washington.

The New Hampshire legislature killed the bill providing for purity of election.

CAPT. HOWGATE, late of the signal service, has been arrested, charged with embezzling \$30,000.

EX-CONGRESSMAN MARTIN F. CONWAY, of Kansas, has been released from the insane asylum.

ST. JOHN has gone to Indiana. He will deliver a number of addresses in that state in the interest of prohibition.

SETH AMES, who in January resigned from the Massachusetts supreme bench, died in Boston on Monday evening last, at the age of 76.

The Illinois legislature is almost as expensive as that of Pennsylvania. The last session cost the people \$238,000 besides which there is a printing bill of \$40,000.

WALTER BRAY, for thirty years a popular negro minstrel, is a hopeless fanatic in a Massachusetts asylum. His right name is Baker, and he is a son of the Gen. Baker who was killed at the battle of Ball's Bluff.

General Foreign Notes.

The town of Victoria, Canada, was almost entirely destroyed by fire.

The Japanese residents in Paris propose to erect a temple in which to celebrate their religious rites.

AMERICANS are said to have spent over \$5,000,000 in France last year for works of art, engravings and books.

In the vicinity of Maravatio a deposit of marble has been discovered which is said to equal the famous Carrara marble of Italy.

The viceroys have telegraphed for permission to supply the army with murex shells, in the hope that it will enable him to gain his position.

At the recent Wesleyan conference in Liverpool it was shown that the total number of church members in Great Britain was 3,805,635.

A MARKET for the sale of toads is held every week in Paris. Gardeners buy them to put in their gardens to destroy insects. They bring about \$15 a hundred.

The first amendment of the laws, excluding from the right of free sale tenants on which permanent improvement had been made by landlords, was disagreed to.

The destructive effects of the use of gas near the pictures of Baudry in the new Opera House, Paris, have become so obvious that the authorities decide to illuminate that part of the building by electricity.

DRINKERS of Indian tea will be glad to learn that the area of its cultivation is rapidly extending. About 200,000 acres are now devoted to the plant, and this year's crop, it is believed, will not fall short of 50,000,000 pounds.

UNDER the new khedival decree abolishing slavery in Egypt, domestic slavery in future will be rendered impossible. Families possessing slaves now are not to be deprived of their property in them, but no new slaves are to be admitted.

GEORGE M. PULMAN has completed arrangements for operating a fast Pullman train on the London, Brighton and South Coast Railway. One car will have a restaurant and a news agency. The company will experiment with the American system of checking baggage.

CANADIAN capitalists have obtained a charter for a railway from some point on the Atlantic coast to Lake Superior, and have organized a company with a capital of \$10,000,000. Ground has been broken for a road from Montreal to Sorel, along the south shore of the St. Lawrence.

The East.

A FIRE at New Britain, Conn., destroyed property to the amount of \$45,000.

The American Bar Association assembled at Saratoga, elected C. N. Potter president.

The immigrants arriving in the United States for the month of July numbered 56,697.

CHAS. STOCKLY was hung at Batavia, N. Y., for the murder of Jno. Walker, his employer.

It is expected that 30,000 militia men will participate in the Yorktown centennial celebration.

The law against adulteration of food in New York state goes into effect on the 1st of September.

The salt product of the United States in 1880 was 23,800,298 bushels. In 1870 it was 17,096,105 bushels.

YIM YIM, a young Chinaman of Boston, drowned himself in the Neponset River from home sickness.

LOTS of scandal at Long Branch is the report. It is expected that this will fill the hotels there, right up.

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Penn., and have a church with twenty members.

The New York Herald states upon good authority that in case the president dies, no change will be made by Arthur in conducting the national affairs.

UPWARD of thirty of the inhabitants of Painted Bridge, Montgomery County, N. Y., are, it is said, in violation of some third law, will be with from \$5,000,000 to \$20,000,000 apiece.

It is rumored that the Grand Trunk Road proposes on Monday to make the passenger car interesting to Mr. Vandergilt by cutting the rates to Buffalo to two dollars.

The New York Times, in a review of the wheat crop of the country, thinks there will be a surplus from the old and new crops of 130,000,000 bushels. Europe will want 90,000,000 bushels.

The largest importation ever known of Kansas hogs to the United States, occurred Saturday when 126 were landed in New York. They were being shipped to Illinois for breeding purposes.

AN ANT town in the Alleghany mountains consists of 1,000 or 1,700 nests, which rise in a conical shape from two to five feet. The ground is ridged in every direction with subterranean passages.

A YOUNG man of 24 has married his aunt, aged 38, in Buffalo, and Judge Lewis, of the municipal court, who performed the ceremony, tells a complaint that there is no law of the state forbidding it.

The bodies of the Bugbee family, their servant, and Mr. Towne, who are believed to have been poisoned recently at Lancaster, Mass., are to be exhumed, and a chemical analysis made to determine the fact.

It is stated that the Boston committee on the location of the world's fair has in consideration the grounds of the Hovey nurseries, which are about three and one-half acres, adjoining which are lands some sixty acres in extent.

The West.

E. B. CURTIS' bucket shop was closed at St. Louis.

A VOLCANIC eruption was felt in Idaho on Tuesday, the 9th inst.

The brewers of St. Louis have fixed the price of beer at \$8 per keg.

AN EARTHQUAKE is reported as occurring in Mexico the 13th.

A FIRE at Cleveland resulted in destroying several manufacturing establishments. The nineteenth anniversary of the battle of Lone Jack was celebrated at Lone Jack, Mo., August 16th.

THERE are over fifty news girls selling papers in the streets of Chicago, in violation of the city statutes.

The cigar maker's strike at Detroit ended by manufacturers complying with the request for an increase.

The Western Union Newspaper establishment was destroyed by fire at Omaha, Wednesday. Loss, \$12,000.

The directors of the northern Indiana state prison held the labor of 125 convicts at sixty-three cents per day.

A LADY was bitten near South Bend Ind., by a rattlesnake and died. She gave birth to a child an hour before dying.

The railroads have settled nearly all the claims of fire made on account of the prairie fire in Ellis County, Kan.

A MAN by the name of McVeigh was found in the river at Pittsburg, murdered. It is supposed that he was killed for his money.

The Chicago & Northwestern Road will expend \$200,000 at Milwaukee in the construction of a ship from the Union dock to its freight sheds.

The biggest fish story of the season comes from Oregon, and tells of an eighty-four pound salmon filling sixty-nine cans when packed for the market.

The Douglas monument, after having been worked upon for twenty years, is completed. It cost \$38,000, and will be placed in position at Chicago.

A FARMER near Bellefontaine, O., has a big ten months old, weighing 150 pounds, that was born with but two legs, and it walks around on them.

The Second Brigade of Illinois militia will go into camp at Bloomington on September 7, simultaneously with the resignation of veteran soldiers and sailors.

SEVEN MEN were murdered by Mexicans in the Guadalupe Canon. Parties have been raised to pursue the murderers, and it is feared that serious troubles may result.

REPORTS on ST. LOUIS' papers, worked up the case of the Louderman murder and discovered that four boys between the ages of eighteen and twenty years committed the deed.

AN attempt to rob a train near Genoa, Cal., resulted in one of the robbers being shot dead by a negro soldier on board. The robbers then fled without accomplishing their purpose.

The number of horses, cattle, mules, sheep and hogs in Ohio by the returns of 1881 is as follows: Horses, 707,025; cattle, 1,533,462; mules, 25,078; sheep, 4,923,174; and hogs, 1,195,770.

WM. CAMPBELL has served nearly five years in the Wisconsin penitentiary for the assassination of Dan O'Leary at Chippewa Falls, C. W. Chase, a life prisoner in that institution, now confesses that he perpetrated the crime for which Campbell was incarcerated.

DAN TATEL and another rode their horses in a race at Lake Valley, Nev., last Sunday. TATEL's pony dashed against a tree, and the boy was killed. It is now ordered in that village that Sabath day sports shall not hereafter be countenanced.

The South.

A FIRE in Lexington, Ky., destroyed property to the value of \$5,000.

CAPT. JOHN H. FOLKE has sold his interest in The Sunter County Press to A. A. Richards.

LARGE numbers of Mexican families are leaving New Mexico and Arizona for the northern states of the States.

The temperance bill was defeated by the Georgia senate by a vote of 20 to 19. Twenty-three votes were necessary for its passage.

SHARKS are said to be plentiful in the river about Hampton, Va. A large one was caught at the soldiers' home there on Sunday.

A BRAND new baby in North Carolina lives in the devoted supervision of three great-grandfathers and two great-grandmothers.

A NEGRO in Dulock county, Ala., while raising a crop last year, slept in one end of

a hollow log and kept his cooking utensils in the other.

A DEAF MUTE at Raleigh, N. C., has invented a hat fan, which turns on the inside of the hat, and is said to keep the head as cool as a cucumber.

FARMERS in many sections of North Carolina who have heretofore hoped for at least a third of a crop of corn and tobacco now despair of even that, as the drought continues unrelieved.

The federal officials in Texas have nearly broken up a band of stage robbers, who have been very bold in their operations. Octavian is a former companion of Bill the Kid, and twelve others are in jail at Austin.

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

A Fertilizer from the Air—A Batch of Agricultural Notes.

A farmer had seven daughters. And the girls all had good appetites. And times were very bad.

He brewed the country paper to say in his cellar's mould. It had been in a former number. Seven kegs of red, red gold.

He thought he knew human nature. "That farmer, and he smiled. When down the seventh rope-ladder he saw clove his seventh child. But it is extremely doubtful. Their return with his fourteen grandchildren. And seven sons-in-law.

A Fertilizer From the Air.

(Philadelphia Record.)

Nitrogen is the most costly ingredient that enters into the composition of fertilizers. It is sold in the shape of ammonia, which is composed of nitrogen and hydrogen. The air is nitrogen (four parts) and one part oxygen, uncombined; that is, both are in a free state, ready to be extracted whenever desired. Nitrogen is much needed, because it forms compounds readily with a great many substances, but nitrogen is a substance that has heretofore baffled the most experienced chemists. It can be taken from the air, but not combine with other substances like oxygen. It forms ammonia in the manure heap only at the moment of liberation from some substance into which it previously formed a part, and the hydrogen must be liberated at the same time with it. When we buy ammonia, we pay only for the nitrogen, as we can easily procure hydrogen from water (oxygen and hydrogen).

Many attempts have been made to form ammonia directly from the air, but the experiments have not been satisfactory. Nitrogen, however, has been derived from the air by a roundabout process, but the compound was cyanogen (carbon and nitrogen), a very dangerous poison, and the acetic principle of prussic acid. It is reported, however, that certain New England parties have succeeded in artificially combining hydrogen and nitrogen, forming ammonia gas, which, by being passed over muriatic acid, forms a chloride of ammonia—a solid. It is a very valuable discovery if true, and will completely revolutionize the manufacture of fertilizers, provided the process is not an expensive one. If the difficulty of its manufacture is one of expense we can expect from comparison with other inventions that the discovery having been made, the idea will be given to improvement in that direction. No doubt it will not be long before our most ardent wishes will be realized.

The discovery is the most important in the world's history to farmers. Just think of it. Moving in a substance, as we do, composed of four-fifths of that which we are so anxious to procure, even at a high price, the wisest and most eminent agriculturists and chemists have been powerless to devise any method by which we could utilize it in any form. We have paid as high as \$60 to \$80 per ton for guano, of which but a small fraction was nitrogen, some of it containing not over 6 per cent. Sulphate of ammonia (crude) sells for five cents a pound, and in order to get our nitrogen in that manner we are compelled to buy not only nitrogen, but sulphur, oxygen, and a very large quantity of hydrogen. In the nitrate of potash and soda, which are costly, we put a small proportion of nitrogen, and still we must take all or none. And yet all this time we have had a superabundance of nitrogen all over our farms in the atmosphere. The air is 80 per cent. nitrogen and only 3 per cent. carbon, yet this small proportion of carbon produces our forests and enters largely into the composition of all plants.

What a grand future is in store for us from such a discovery. Ammonia being so cheap, every farmer will have it, and the poorest farm will yield bountiful crops. Indeed, the expression "producing bread at will" will be almost literally fulfilled, for there will be no end to the supply of fertilizers. Food will be produced at almost trifling expense, and production will be doubled and quadrupled on every acre of arable land. And who knows what is in store for the farmers a quarter of a century from now, with fertilizers as cheap as ordinary lime, and labor-saving machinery in every department of the farm?

Be Wise and Happy.

If you will stop all your extravagant and wrong notions in doctoring yourself and your health with expensive doctors or humbug cures, that do harm always, and use only nature's simple remedies for all your ailments, you will be wise, well and happy, and save great expense. The greatest remedy for this, the great, wise and good, will do you, is Hop Bitters—rely on it. See another column.—Press.

—Bonnets of all shapes, including those which show the hair back and front or entirely conceal it, are worn.

—You Must Try It.

Do not despair even if you have suffered for years from weak kidneys and torpid bowels. Kidney-Wort has cured hundreds of cases of from five to thirty years standing. This remedy is prepared both dry and liquid. See adv.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

How Washing Day is Made Enjoyable to Husband and Children.

(The Household.)

Blue Monday, that used to harass the mother, torment the husband and drive the children out doors, is now made comparatively easy.

Soak the clothes overnight in warm water with plenty of good washing soap. The next morning wash them from the water (with a little hot poured in) into another of very hot water. If two can work at this it will be a much shorter method. Rub these out and put into a third tub; pour hot water on these to scald them. Then wring them into a tub of clear blue water—an indigo bag is better than all the patent bluing—and the clothes will be beautifully clean and white. Of course it will not be necessary to have four tubs; two will be enough, and if you have a good wringer it will not take long to do out quite a large washing. There is a great difference in wringers, and each time they are used they should be dried carefully and a drop of oil put on the cogs or wheels. Then if the clothes are taken down at night and sprinkled well, they will iron easily. The best wringer is a wisp broom, kept for this purpose only. This sprinkles effectually and evenly, without a pool of water in one place and none in others.

To make good Starch.—Dissolve two table-spoonsful of starch in a little cold water; when it is smooth paste, pour in boiling water slowly, and stir briskly to keep from lumping. The exact quantity of water will depend on the quality of starch, a pint to each ounce is a fair average; add a good teaspoonful of salt, a drop of blueing, and half a teaspoonful of lard. (Menn. For colored goods put a little alum in the starch.) Boil for twenty minutes by the clock. A clean bright pan and spoon should be kept ready for making starch. Strain it not perfectly smooth when done, and if it has to stand before using, cover the pan to prevent a scum forming, and keep it hot. It should be used as hot as the hand can possibly bear, in order that it may better penetrate the linen; for the same reason the starch must not be made too thick. It must be rubbed in until the linen is completely saturated, and now is left unsoaked on the surface. In mild weather stretch the clothes from the rinsing water, in cold or windy weather dry them first, as both wind and frost snap out the stiffness. After the linen is perfectly dry, and a couple of hours before it is to be ironed, mix a table-spoonful of starch in a little cold water. Add a little salt and a piece of borax, the size of a hazel nut, dissolve in boiling water. Mix the starch thus prepared with enough water to dip the bosoms, cuffs and collars. Fold these parts inside and roll the shirts up tight in a clean dry cloth. Iron the back, sleeves, cuffs and bands, then put the shirt on a shirt-board and smooth out the bosom. Rub it hard with a fine cloth wrung out of hot water. Iron rapidly with a clean hot iron; it would be wise for those who are not experienced to do this first ironing with a piece of thin muslin laid over the surface. In either case, after the whole bosom is done, rub the surface with the damp cloth and iron again, without covering, repeating this operation until the work is satisfactory. Do not move the bosom until the ironing is completely finished and the linen perfectly stiff and dry.

Polishing Fluid and Irons.—Dissolve two ounces of powdered gum arabic in a pint of boiling water; when cool stir in half an ounce of carbonate of magnesia, and after it has settled bottle the clear fluid for use.

When the shirts are all ironed, put the first one on the shirt board, and rub it with a clean hot iron; it would be wise for those who are not experienced to do this first ironing with a piece of thin muslin laid over the surface. In either case, after the whole bosom is done, rub the surface with the damp cloth and iron again, without covering, repeating this operation until the work is satisfactory. Do not move the bosom until the ironing is completely finished and the linen perfectly stiff and dry.

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London Consulate-General is about \$50,000 a year. The present Vice Consul is Mr. Nunn, an Englishman, who has been retained in the service for many years because of his intimate knowledge of the relations and business of the consular service with English affairs.

THE LITTLE FOLKS.

How Little Clara Spent the Day at a Store and Did Mischief.

(Nursery.)

I am only five years old; but I have a great deal of trouble. Papa pulls my ears, and calls me a sad rogue; brother Tom asks me every night what new mischief I have been up to to-day; and poor mamma sighs, and says I am the most troublesome child she ever saw.

But dear good grandma looks up from her knitting, and smiles at me, saying, "Tut, tut, naughty! Our Amy isn't any worse than a little girl I knew once thirty years ago."

"O grandma!" cried I one day, "do please tell me about her; for I like to hear about naughty little girls. What was her name, grandma?"

Grandma looked over her spectacles at mamma and smiled. "Then grandma nodded and smiled back. Then grandma said, 'I think I will tell you of one of little Clara's capers; but mind, you are not to go and do the same thing the first chance you get.'

"Little Clara lived on a farm away out in the country. She was the youngest of seven children, and a great pet, of course. But Clara's little restless feet and mischievous fingers often brought her into trouble and disgrace.

"One day Clara's mother had occasion to go to the store, which was three miles away. Clara wanted to go too. Her mother feared she would be in the way, and looked doubtful; but big brother Ben said, 'Let her go, mother. She'll be good, I know.'

"Yes; let her go," said Susan, who was trying to get a bead purse, and keep Clara's fingers out of her box of beads at the same time.

"Do let her go!" said Roger. "I want to rig my ship this afternoon; and a fellow can't do much with her around."

So it was decided that Clara should go; and it was the work of but a few moments to polish up the chubby face and hands, and brush the curly hair. The pink dress, red shoes, and white sun bonnet, were put on as quickly as possible, and Clara was ready.

"Now, do try and behave yourself, child," said Susan, as Ben lifted the little girl into the wagon.

"Of course I will," replied Clara, putting her red lips.

"But did she behave herself?" you ask. Ah! I will tell you.

"When they reached the store, Mr. Dale, the storekeeper, came out to assist them; and, as he helped Clara out of the wagon, he called her 'a little lady,' which made her feel all of two inches taller than usual. Then he gave her a stick of candy, and lifted her to a seat on the counter, close beside a dear old pussy cat, who purred loudly as the little girl smoothed her fur.

"Clara's mother had a good many things to buy, and very soon forgot all about her little daughter; when Ben came in, half an hour later, his first question was 'Where's Clara, mother?'"

"Sure enough, where was Clara? Her seat was empty. She had disappeared. 'Clara, Clara!' called both her mother and Ben; but there was no answer.

"She's in some mischief," said Ben; and, as quick as thought, he rushed into the back part of the store, followed by his mother and Mr. Dale. What a sight met their eyes! There stood Clara, in the center of the room stepping back slowly, as a pool of molasses, streaming steadily from a Loghead in the corner, crept towards the toes of her little red shoes. Ben caught up Clara as quick as a flash, and—

"No, grandma!" interrupted mamma, "it was Mr. Dale who did that, while Ben made haste to turn the faucet to prevent further mischief."

"Why, mamma," said I, "how do you know? Were you there?"

"I heard about it," said she; and she and grandma both smiled. "The little girl was just my age, and I knew her very well."

"And your names were both Clara," said I. "How queer!"

And mamma and grandma must have thought it queer, too; for they both laughed heartily.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

Beeswax, native	89 00 to 12 00
Sheep, common to choice	5 00 to 7 75
Hogs, live	5 10 to 4 80
Flour, good to choice	4 90 to 6 75
Wheat, No. 2 red	1 36 1/4 to 1 13 1/4
Corn, No. 2 white	68c

ST. LOUIS.

Beeswax—Good to fancy	55 31 to 5 00
Native cow	2 00 to 3 75
TEXAS	
Cattle, common to choice	2 40 to 4 00
Sheep, common to choice	3 25 to 4 50
Hogs, common to fancy	6 75 to 6 90
Other grades	8 00
Wheat, No. 2 red, October	1 31 1/4
Wheat, No. 3 red, December	1 31
Rye	85c
Corn, No. 2 white mixed	60 1/4 to 63 1/2
Oats	26 1/2 to 43c
Butter, dairy	12 1/2 to 12 1/2
Eggs	7 1/2 to 8c

KANSAS CITY.

Beeswax—Extra native	55 31 to 5 50
Butcher's cows	3 00 to 3 50
Bulls	1 00 to 2 00
TEXAS	
Cattle, good to choice	2 75 to 3 50
Wheat, No. 2	1 31 1/4
Wheat, No. 3	1 27 1/2
Corn, No. 2 white mixed	60 1/4 to 61 1/2
Corn, No. 2	58c
Out, No. 2	57c
Butter, medium to choice	12 1/2 to 13c
Eggs	10c
Poultry, per pound	12 1/2 to 2 1/2
Fork	12 1/2 to 13 1/2
Lard	12 1/2 to 13c
Hams	10c

Mary Walker asserts that the Venus de Medici never wore corsets. Of course not. She didn't wear anything; her wardrobe was tore-a

A water famine prevails at Richmond, Va.

The President now takes liquid food, by mouth, and is still in a dangerous condition.

Rain comes too late in Iowa to save the corn crops. It is thought a half crop of potatoes will be saved.

Ex-Congressman Martin F. Conway, of Kansas, has been released from the insane asylum, at Washington.

The hot and dry weather has greatly injured the grain in England, and during the past week it has advanced considerably in price.

The Douglass monument, after having been worked upon for twenty years, is completed. It cost \$95,000, and will be placed in position at Chicago.

Five inches of rain have fallen in Dodge City up to date this year. More rain has fallen in the western portion than in the eastern portion of Kansas since January.

About 9 o'clock, yesterday morning, as the east-bound passenger train on the Santa Fe road was pulling into Newton, Elder D. P. Mitchell, late candidate for Congress, from this district, on the Greenback ticket, and who was a passenger on said train, fell dead, from heart disease.

About 8 o'clock, Saturday night, we looked towards the northwest and discovered comet "C" with the naked eye. It was in Ursa Major, about twelve degrees below the bottom of the bowl of the Dipper, and was the upper one of a pair of faint stars. It is now below the outer part of the handle of the Dipper.

"Brick" Pomeroy, who is now editing the Great West, at Denver, Colorado, and who was one of the original founders and great lights of the Greenback party, and is therefore to be presumed to know what he is talking about, has lately been moved to declare himself as follows: "The greenback party, as a party, will never come to power; it has too many knaves, fools and traitors in its scattered ranks; but the greenback or paper money principle will prevail, as we see and believe, through the Democratic party."

The American Agriculturist for Sept. 1st, is, as usual, illustrated with some sixty original engravings and sketches which are both pleasing and instructive. Besides the usual assortment of useful, practical articles, the work of the season, etc., including Plan for Cheap Silos; Illustrations of "Polonius" and "Iroquois"; New Strawberries; Treatment of Colery; special contributions appear from Dr. Salmon, on "Controlling Contagious Diseases of Animals"; Prof. Arnold, on "Butter Substitutes"; Professor Baer (Michigan Agricultural College), on "Improving Cereals"; "Beecher's Clearing," by D. W. Judd; "Railroad and Agriculture," by Edward Arkinson; "Saving Corn fodder," by Col. Weld; "Horse Shoeing," by Dr. Shade, of Harvard University; "Garget, Its Causes, Symptoms, and Cure," by Dr. Miles, of "Houghton Farm"; "Rules for Right Living," by Mrs. Leland; "The Great Grain and Produce Speculation, Bulls and Bears, Prospective Prices," etc. by Orange Judd. Terms, 1.50 a year; 15 cts. a copy. Orange Judd Co., Publishers, New York.

"Why do nations die?" asks an exchange; and then it goes on to say that cultivated Greece and all-conquering Rome; Vandal, and Turk, are dead or dying; why? swallowed up by earthquakes; swept away by pestilence or plague, or starved by pitiless famine? Not by any of these. Not by the lightning and thunder; not by the tempest and storm; not by the poisoned air nor volcanic fires did they die! They perished by moral degradation, the legitimate result of gluttony, intemperance and effeminacy. When a nation becomes rich there is leisure and the means of indulgence in the appetites and passions of our nature, which wear the body and wreck the mind.

with nations so with families. Wealth takes away the wholesome stimulus of effort; idleness opens the flood-gates of passionate indulgence, and the heir of millions dies heirless and poor, and both name and memory ingloriously rot. If, then, there is any truth and force in argument, each man owes it to himself, to his country, and more than all, to his Maker, to live a temperate, industrious and self-denying life as to every animal gratification; and, with that life having in view the honor and glory of God, this nation of ours will live with increasing prosperity and renown, until, with one foot on land and the other on the sea, the angel of eternity proclaims time at an end.

Now that we have returned from the East our readers will expect us to say something about the business outlook back there, and we will begin by saying business is very dull throughout that portion of the country through which we have been; and the prospects are that it will not be much better until another year's crops have been gathered. Farmers and merchants are both down in the mouth because of the continued drouth. It has now been about two months since there was any rain to do vegetation any good in Kentucky and the southern parts of Indiana and Illinois and a great portion of Missouri. In some parts of Indiana it is hard to get enough water for cooking purposes, while in some parts of Kentucky the same state of affairs exists. The grass is as dry as in mid-winter, and will burn like our prairie grass does after being deadened by the frost; in fact, nearly all the grass along the railroads between Kansas City and the eastern part of Kentucky has been set fire to by passing locomotives, and burned off, the fences, in many places, catching from the grass, and being consumed, also. Where the grass has not yet been burned off, along the railroads, the section hands have been ordered to devote their whole time to putting out fires started by sparks from passing locomotives. We saw no green grass from the time we left Kansas, three weeks ago, until got back to this State. The tobacco crop in Kentucky is almost a total failure, while the corn crop, in many counties, will not average five bushels to the acre. Tennessee and other portions of the South are also suffering for want of rain. Rain, to secure fall pasturage, is what is now hoped for throughout the drouth-stricken part of the country.

CONSIDER THESE FACTS. Our contemporary this morning deprecates the idea of drawing the temperance question into politics. So does The Patriot, in one sense of the word, but these are facts that must not be lost sight of:

- 1. The amendment was submitted by a Republican legislature.
2. The Democrats in the legislature voted against its submission.
3. It was adopted by Republican votes.
4. Not five per cent. of the Democrats of Kansas voted for its adoption.
5. A Republican legislature passed what is known as the temperance law.
6. The Democratic members of the legislature voted against it.
7. The Republicans elected state officers in hearty sympathy with the amendment.
8. It is a Republican governor, the head of the party in the state, who makes the temperance question a paramount one.
9. A Republican State judiciary have passed upon its constitutionality and legality.

Now we propose to be fair and therefore declare;
It prohibition is a good thing in Kansas, let all the honor be given to the Republican party.

If it works harm to the state and people; if it prevents immigration; if it should be productive of increased drunkenness and violation of law, as we believe it will be, the Republican party ought to bear the blame.—Atchison Patriot.

If you want to buy a threshing machine, spring wagon, sewing machine, organ, piano, vapor stove, riding saw, or fanning machine, call at this office and see if you can't make money by getting them.

DELINQUENT TAX LIST-1880.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. I, J. S. Shipman, County Treasurer in and for the county and State aforesaid, do hereby give notice that I will, on the first Tuesday of September, A. D. 1881, and the next succeeding days thereafter, sell at public auction, at my office, in the county seat, in the city of Cottonwood Falls, Chase county, Kansas, so much of each tract of land and town lot, hereinafter described, as may be necessary to pay the taxes, penalties and charges due thereon for the year 1880.

J. S. SHIPMAN, Co. Treas. of Chase Co., Kas. County Treasurer's Office, Cottonwood Falls, Kansas, July 9, 1881.

Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for BAZAAR TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for COTTONWOOD TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for COTTONWOOD TOWNSHIP.

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Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for COTTONWOOD TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for DIAMOND CREEK TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for DIAMOND CREEK TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for DIAMOND CREEK TOWNSHIP.

FALLS TOWNSHIP.

Table with columns: S. T. R., mill, S. T. R. for FALLS TOWNSHIP.

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CAMPBELL & GILLETT, HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, IRON, TIN SHOP.

Steel, nails, horse shoes, horse nails. A full line of wagon and buggy material. Irons and wood pumps. A complete line of steel goods, forks, spades, shovels, hoes, rakes, handles, &c.

We have in our employ a tinner of long experience, and are prepared to do all kinds of work in this line, on short notice, and at very low price.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

We have a good stock of breaking and stirring plows, cultivators, harrows, wheelbarrows, &c.

Agents for the Well Known Wood Machine and the Celebrated Thomas & Coats' Sulky Hay Rakes.

PAINTS AND OILS.

GLIDDEN FENCE WIRE.

We are sole agents for this celebrated wire, known to be the best now in use. We try to keep a full line of everything generally called for by the farmers and if we haven't it, will get it. Thanking them all for patronage, and favors of the past, we desire a continuance of the same.

MAIN STREET, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS.



WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY, WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP, THAT THE

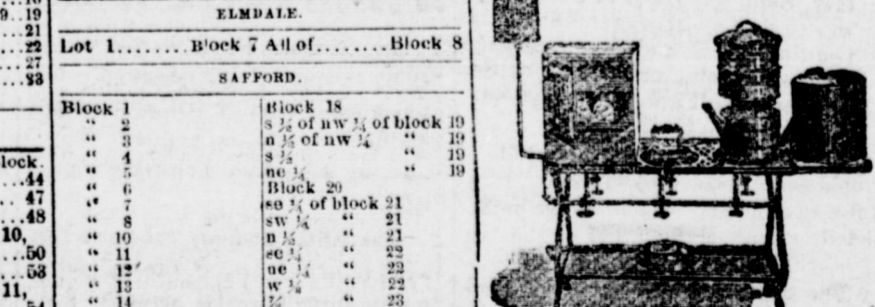


CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R. R.

IS THE GREAT CONNECTING LINK BETWEEN THE EAST & THE WEST! Its main line runs from Chicago to Council Bluffs, passing through Iowa, La Salle, Geneseo, Moline, Rock Island, Davenport, Liberty, Iowa City, Meriden, Keosauqua, Keokuk, Des Moines, the capital of Iowa, Sioux, Atlantic City, and branches from Bureau Junction to Peoria; from Junction to Muscatine, Washington, Emporia, Eldon, Bellevue, Centre, Princeton, Trenton, Galena, Cambridge, Leavenworth, Atchison, and Kansas City; from Leavenworth, Atchison, and Kansas City to Council Bluffs, Ottumwa, Keosauqua, Keokuk, and Des Moines; from Des Moines to Keosauqua, Ottumwa, Keokuk, and Des Moines; from Keosauqua, Ottumwa, Keokuk, and Des Moines to Council Bluffs, Ottumwa, Keokuk, and Des Moines; from Council Bluffs, Ottumwa, Keokuk, and Des Moines to Chicago.

For information not obtainable at your home ticket office, address: A. KIMBALL, Gen'l Superintendent, Chicago, Ill.

Subscribe for the COURANT. HULL WAGON STOVE.



The only Vapor Cook Stove that has stood the test of years, and given entire and perfect satisfaction.

L. P. SANTA

Can be found at the Green Front Restaurant. BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK.

A choice lot of confectionaries always on hand. L. P. SANTA, Proprietor, STRONG CITY, KANSAS.

SEWING MACHINES

FOR SALE; Apply at THIS OFFICE.

The Chase County Court.

W. E. TIMMONS, - Ed. and Prop.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS., THURSDAY, AUG. 25, 1881.

Terms—per year, \$1.50 cash in advance; after three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2.00. For six months, \$1.00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with columns for ad length (1 in., 2 in., 4 in., 8 in., 1 col.) and rows for different durations (1 week, 2 weeks, 4 weeks, 6 months, 1 year).

Local notices 10 cents a line for the first insertion; and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion; do not top for black letter.

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

Master Edgar Jones left for Dodge City, Tuesday. Mr. W. S. Romigh went west on business, last Monday.

Mr. Frank Holz left, Saturday, on a visit to Michigan.

Some of the 'boys' are talking up another brass band. Mr. M. M. Kuhl arrived here yesterday, from Newton.

Mr. J. P. Kuhl is confined to his house on account of sickness.

Candidates, bring in your announcements, accompanied with \$5.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Buchanan, Wednesday, August 24, 1881, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Rettiger, of Strong City, August 16, 1881, a 16 1/2-pound girl.

This county was visited by a good rain, last Thursday afternoon, and also on Saturday morning.

Mr. T. H. Grisham returned, Saturday, from Missouri, where he had been visiting friends and relatives.

There will be service at the Catholic church, in Strong City, next Sunday, August 28, at 8 and 10 o'clock, a. m., as usual.

Messrs. J. N. Nye and N. A. Dobbins have been granted licenses by the City Council to sell pop, soda water, lemonade, etc.

The September number of the Nursery, one of the best little magazines extant for children, published at Boston, Mass., at 1,50 a year, is on our table.

Married, at South Haven, Michigan, August 1, 1881, Mr. George Simmons and Miss Florence E. Strail, oldest daughter of Mr. M. P. Strail, of this city.

The 100-yard foot race at Strong City, last Saturday, for \$100 a side, between Mr. J. C. Hammock and Mr. Frank Holz, was won by the first named gentleman.

Mr. A. T. Ferlet, son of Mr. A. Ferlet, of the Union Hotel, who has been working in St. Louis, at his trade, for some time past, returned home, last Sunday.

Master Willie Brice, of Indianapolis, a nephew of Mrs. C. A. Britton, of this city, who has been visiting relatives here, started on his return home, this morning.

Married, by Judge C. C. Whitson, in the Probate Court room, Cottonwood Falls, on Monday, August 22, 1881, Mr. Wm. Kuhl and Miss Clara Lautzsch.

Born, on Buck creek, in this county, on Tuesday morning, August 23, 1881, to the wife of Hon. J. C. Martin, of the Dallas (Texas) Gazette, a 14-pound daughter.

Master Charlie Jones, son of the Rev. P. F. Jones, of Eldorado, and who had been clerking for Mr. J. W. Ferry for some time past, returned to Eldorado, Saturday.

Mr. A. Casterline, a noted short-horn breeder and raiser, of Harvey county, who lived on Brush creek, in this county, last year, died on the 16th instant, of malarial fever.

Hay is now selling at \$2 per 100 pounds at Cincinnati and other places in the East; therefore, it behooves our farmers to put up every pound of hay they possibly can.

Married, on Sunday, August 21, 1881, at the residence of Mr. W. J. Dougherty, on Fox creek, by the Rev. Charles Mapes, Mr. William Brown and Miss Emma Plumburg.

Mr. Edgar W. Ellis got out a spicy paper in our absence. Ed. has a good deal of wit and humor about him, and is a good 'boy,' and we wish him success through life.

The editor and his wife and two sons returned, last Saturday afternoon, from Oldham county, Ky., where his family had been spending the summer with friends and relatives.

Mr. J. S. Boynton has moved his family to Lawrence, where his daughter will attend school. He will remain at Strong City, where he is keeping books for Emma & Rettiger.

All teachers interested in the organization of a Teachers' Association are desired to be at the office of the County Superintendent, on Saturday, August 27, at 10, a. m.

MARY E. HUNT, Co. Supt. The case of E. R. Allen, on a charge of bastardy, sworn out by Emma Ope, the mother of the child

has been taken from before Squire F. M. Rooks to the Court of Squire Nathan Stout, on a change of venue.

The Burton Bros., at Strong City, have dissolved partnership. The business will be continued by Mr. A. C. Burton, while his brother, Mr. Geo. K. Burton, will, probably, go to Nebraska, to engage in business.

In another column will be found the announcement of Mr. W. C. Thomas as a candidate for Sheriff. Mr. Thomas is now, and has been for some time past, Deputy Sheriff. And, no doubt, well versed in the duties of the office, and he will make a strong race in the convention.

Last Saturday, while driving cows, near his place on Prairie Hill, Mr. A. B. Moore, aged about 60 years, and nearly blind, got too near some horses, which he did not see until one of them had kicked him and broken the large bone of his right leg and injured his back somewhat.

Geo. Row, the Harvey county man who was confined in our jail so long for stealing a watch, was arrested, Saturday afternoon, on suspicion of robbing Mr. A. S. Howard's till at the mill of \$15, and placed in jail. Tuesday morning he was released on condition that he leave the county, and he left.

A fashion writer in a southern Kansas paper states that "during the coming season ladies who wish to be considered fashionable will wear nothing but longitudinally striped hose." This is, no doubt, a comfortable costume for this weather; but for modesty's sake there should be added to it a pair of earrings, or a necklace at least.

Mr. J. S. Doolittle informs us that the other day, when he was out on High Prairie buying some steers, he saw a lady of 53 years of age, who is a true lady in every sense of the word, shocking corn, who was putting up 20 shocks, 14 hills square, a day, and who had already shocked 20 acres of a 40-acre field, which she intends finishing. There is Kansas grit, if you please.

Wm. Hetrod and wife, of Strong City, went east, Saturday night. We understand that Mr. Hetrod is wanted by several different creditors hereabouts, to whom he owes several hundred dollars. A warrant for his arrest was sworn out by Mr. C. I. Mau, to whom he is owing over \$200. Sheriff Johnson went as far as Topeka in search of him, but there found out he was out of the State, and returned.

When people find erroneous reports in the Republican organ, we hope they will not come to this office to whip us, as we only wish to do our own fighting, and very little of that. If people wish to be correctly informed on what is going on in their midst, they should subscribe for a paper like the COURANT, which probes things to the bottom, stating facts as it finds them, and drawing on the imagination for nothing.

There will be an examination of candidates for teachers' certificates, at the stone school-house in Cottonwood Falls, on Friday and Saturday, Sept. 2 and 3, beginning at 8 o'clock, a. m. This examination in the common branches will take place on Friday. Saturday will be devoted to the sciences required for the first-grade certificate. This will, probably, be the last examination this fall.

MARY E. HUNT, Co. Supt. The dedication of the new Catholic church at Strong City will take place on Sunday, Sept. 11, 1881, at 10 o'clock, a. m., by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Louis M. Fink, O. S. B. Confirmation will be administered at High Mass by the Rt. Rev. Bishop. High Mass at 10, a. m.; vespers, at 3, p. m., on Sunday, September 4. First Communion of the children will take place at High Mass at 9, a. m., same day.

REV. JOHN E. WELLINGHOFF. BUSINESS BREVITIES. Two business houses on Broadway for rent; apply to J. W. Ferry. Wanted, to trade a mare and colt for young cattle; apply to A. J. Cruchfield, on Buck creek.

Just received at Campbell & Gillett's a car load of Glidden's fence wire; also, a car load of Smith wag.

Farmers and others can always get a good meal at the old Hincley House, kept by Mrs. L. D. Hincley. Dr. W. P. Pugh will continue to do a limited practice; and will be found, at all unemployed times, at his drug store. Doolittle & Breese are constantly in receipt of fresh goods for which they pay cash, and are, therefore, determined not to be undersold by any one in this valley.

When in the course of natural events it becomes necessary for any one to purchase either food or raiment for himself or family prudence would dictate that he buy those things where he can get the most of them for the least money; and reason will tell him that the place to find such a state of things is at a store where a cash business is done; therefore, L. Martin & Co.'s is the place he should seek.

Published in the Chase County Court, August 25, 1881.

ORDINANCE NO. 111. An ordinance allowing bills against the city of Cottonwood Falls.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Cottonwood Falls, SECTION 1. That the following bills against the City of Cottonwood Falls, be, and the same are, hereby allowed, and the City Clerk is directed to draw orders on the City Treasurer for the same: G. W. Estes, grading 811 yards on Broadway, \$85.20; S. A. Dobbins, Marshal fees, City vs. F. Smith, \$2.00; P. J. Norton, Clerk District Court, fees, City vs. Thomas O'Donnell, \$6.45.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. FOR SHERIFF. We are authorized to announce W. C. Thomas as a candidate for Sheriff, at the coming November election, subject to the nomination of the Republican convention.

C. W. JONES, Dealer in Groceries, TOBACCO AND CIGARS. AT THE POSTOFFICE, STRONG CITY, CHASE COUNTY, KAS.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FACT THAT Tuttle is Still On Deck, WITH A Large Stock of Summer Goods, CONSISTING, IN PART, OF Dress Goods, Prints, Cashmeres

SOLED AS CHEAP AS THE SAME GOODS CAN BE SOLD BY Any Living Man, for Cash. FULL STOCK OF GROCERIES, ALL FRESH AND NEW. Tea, Coffee and Sugar, CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST. CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

ENOUGH FOR ALL. USE PURE TINTED GLOSS PAINT. DON'T make experiments on your buildings with untried and unreliable articles at your expense. DON'T PAY for water and benzine \$1.50 to \$2.50 per gallon. DO BUY the Lucas reliable and guaranteed tinted glass PAINTS.

JOHN LUCAS & CO. 141 North Fourth Street, ap29-6m Philadelphia.

HARDWARE, Lumber, Coal, Lime, Cement, Plastering, Hair, Etc., Etc. The Largest Stock This Side Of Topeka. LUMBER DELIVERED AT ELMDALE, HUNT'S, CEDAR GROVE AND SAFFORD AT YARD PRICES HERE.

AGENTS FOR Buckeye, Warrior, Climax, Wood's & Standard Mowers. HILDEBRAND BROS., - - STRONG CITY, KANSAS.

BURTON BROS. FAMILY GROCERIES. Handle groceries largely from first hands; therefore, are better enabled to give their customers the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!! I am now making the LOWEST PRICES EVER ATTEMPTED IN THE WEST.

STOCK IS LARGE AND WELL SELECTED, CONSISTING OF LOW PRICED, MEDIUM PRICED, AND THE VERY FINEST GRADES OF GOODS. WOULD DO CREDIT TO ANY OF THE LARGE CITIES. THE PEOPLE OF COTTONWOOD FALLS AND CHASE COUNTY ARE INVITED TO Call, if you appreciate the saving of 20 to 50 per cent. On Furniture. Go to W.M. CLARKE, - - 182 COMMERCIAL ST., EMPORIA, KAS.

"The best is the cheapest" therefore "The best is the cheapest" therefore "The best is the cheapest" therefore.

W. P. PUGH, M. D., Physician & Surgeon. Office (at present) in the Bank. COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

A. M. CONWAY, Physician & Surgeon. Residence and office a half mile north of Toledo.

C. H. CARSWELL, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS.

WOOD & COCHRAN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, CHASE COUNTY, KANSAS.

C. N. STERRY, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, EMPORIA, KANSAS. Will practice in the several courts of Lyon, Chase, Harvey, Barton, Morris and Osage counties in the State of Kansas; and in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts therein.

JO. OLLINGER, Central Barber Shop, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS. Particular attention given to all work in my line of business, especially to ladies' shampooing and hair cutting. Cigars can be bought at this shop. FARMERS & OTHERS, TAKE NOTICE THAT A. J. PENROD Will soon call on you, taking orders for Fruit Trees, Flowers, Hedge Plants and Shrubbery.

MONEY. 7 and 8 Per Cent! CALL ON W. H. HOLSINGER.

WALTER A. WOOD NEW Enclosed-Gear Mower. Weight, 555 Pounds. - From \$8 to 100 pounds lighter than any other Two-Horse Mower. Height of Drive, 3 feet 7 1/2 in. - From three to six inches wider than other Mowers. Weight of Driving Wheels 31 inches. - From two to four inches higher than other Mowers.



