

Chase County Courant.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CRIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

VOLUME VIII.

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A WEEK'S NEWS.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Army appropriation bill, containing the clause providing for the retirement of army officers at the age of 64, has been agreed to by the Conference Committee of the two houses of Congress, and War Department officers are preparing to execute the new law.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY DELL, of the Interior Department, has tendered his resignation, which has been accepted, to take effect July 1st. Mr. Dell will go into private business.

B. FRANK TELLER, receiving teller of the National Bank of the Republic of Washington, D. C., has absconded, leaving a deficit of about \$8,000 in his accounts.

The President has approved an act directing the Secretary of the Treasury to examine and report to Congress the amount of the claims of Texas, Colorado, Oregon, Nebraska, Kansas and Nevada, and the Territories of Washington and Idaho, for money expended and indebtedness assumed in repressing Indian invasion.

EX-SENATOR CONKLING has recently been in close personal conference with the President at the White House.

LEWIS DE LONG'S note-book has been received by the Navy Department. It details the terrible sufferings of the devoted little band, and notes the death of its members one by one.

THE EAST.

The Maine Democratic State Convention nominated Harris M. Plaisted for Governor.

The Governor and other officials of Massachusetts have petitioned Congress to make large appropriations to fill the schools of the country. They say the census statistics on illiteracy are very alarming.

OWING to the great strike of freight handlers at New York, Jersey City and other terminal points, Eastern railway freight traffic is almost completely blocked. Miles of cars, many of them laden with perishable freight, lay side-tracked, their contents in many cases being utterly ruined. The strike has extended to Baltimore.

The switchmen have joined the striking freight handlers at Jersey City. All men on the Weehawken branch of the New York, Lake Erie & Western Railroad have quit work. This will make it necessary to shut down the large oil refineries at Weehawken. No serious collisions had occurred, but trouble was imminent. Chancellor Ruyon, on the 26th, issued an order warning all persons from interfering with the management or doing injury to railroad property.

The notorious Christianity divorce suit has been settled by the withdrawal of Mrs. Christianity's answer to the original bill filed by the ex-senator. Her counsel have abandoned the case and the ex-senator will be given a divorce.

The Neal Dow Prohibitionists have endorsed the Republican State nominations in Maine.

RECENT dispatches say that the armyworm has appeared in Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, and is causing great destruction. They attack timothy fields and destroy every leaf on the stalks. In fields where there are mixed grasses they eat up the timothy without disturbing the other. Fields of young corn have been stripped to the ground, and even the stalks of tough, well grown corn have been destroyed by the devouring millions. Fortunately the wheat is beyond their reach, and no harm has been done to the ripening grains. Railroad trains have been seriously impeded by the vast numbers accumulated upon the rails and crushed by the wheels.

THERE is an extensive strike in the Clearfield coal region of Pennsylvania.

A FEARFUL accident occurred on the Central New Jersey Railroad on the morning of June 29th, by which the express train leaving Long Branch at 8:05 was thrown from the bridge that spans a branch of the Shrewsbury River, near Little Silver Station. The cars kept on the bridge until the train was half way across, when four passenger coaches and a smoking car went over into the water with a terrific crash. The train was filled with prominent business men of New York and other cities, and their families, including ex-President Grant. Fifty passengers were killed and all the others more or less injured, quite a number thought to be fatally. Gen. Grant was taken from the wreck slightly injured. Wm. R. Garrison, son of Commodore Garrison, was among the killed, also E. D. Bradley, G. W. Demorest, Chas. M. Woodruff and James E. Mallory, prominent business men of New York. The accident was the result of carelessness in not properly spiking a frog at the switch while changing the track for another train.

THE WEST.

THE storehouse of the Pacific Mills at Lawrence, Mass., was recently burned, causing a loss of over \$500,000. Two thousand bales of cotton were stored in the basement. W. A. Hodges and George Remick, framers, were taken out of the building suffocated.

THE following details are received of the work of the recent tornado in Nebraska: At Weston, in Saunders County, one child was drowned, several houses demolished and quite a number of persons were more or less injured by flying timber and hail. Near Brainerd, Butler County, a family named Adrine had their house demolished, killing a boy and a girl. The father had been killed by lightning on the 27th. His companion was uninjured.

A MAN by the name of James H. Haynes, residing in Nodaway County, Mo., while riding in a wagon with another man, was instantly killed by lightning on the 27th. His companion was uninjured.

wrecked. One man was killed and five injured near Palmadge, on the Missouri Pacific, while seeking shelter under a freight car, which was hurled against them. Corn will be put back two or three weeks. Crops are reported ruined almost the entire length of the Omaha & Republican Valley Railway and the Southern Branch of the Union Pacific. Omaha escaped with comparatively little damage. The country for twenty-five miles west, however, is badly damaged by hail.

It is estimated that no less than 139 persons have been killed by the recent tornadoes in Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, Dakota and Minnesota, and that the total amount of property destroyed will exceed \$8,500,000.

SAMUEL CUPPLES, acting President, and John Maxon and E. C. Simmons, members of the Board of Police Commissioners of St. Louis, have tendered their resignations to Governor Crittenden. It is understood the action of these gentlemen was based upon the fact that Governor Crittenden pardoned Robert C. Pate and other leading gamblers, without consulting them, he knowing they had spent a great deal of time and much money in procuring testimony and working up the cases against them.

THOS. J. FOSTER, State Senator and editor of the Fort Wayne (Ind.) Evening Herald, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Before firing the fatal shot he indicated a note to his wife and boy, saying, "Good-bye, my dear! Good-bye, TOM." He was thirty-five years of age, and his suicide was doubtless induced by the excessive use of intoxicating drinks.

G. H. SHEWEY, of Hillsdale, Mich., Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue, committed suicide by shooting. His mind had been affected for some weeks. He leaves a wife and two children in comfortable circumstances.

ROSS BURNS, one of the ablest lawyers in Kansas, who held the position of solicitor for the Santa Fe Railroad for a number of years, and until paralysis compelled him to stop all work, died at Topeka June 28. Mr. Burns distinguished himself at the battle of Westport during the celebrated Price raid of 1864.

AT Cincinnati, on the early morning of the 28th, Henry L. Cole, a lawyer, shot his wife Sarah, and his daughter Nellie (aged 19), and then took his own life. The three comprised the entire family. The tragedy was not discovered until noon, when the house remaining unopened, a policeman was called and effected a forcible entrance. Mr. Cole and wife were found in the same bed, the wife with a bullet hole in her left temple, and Mr. Cole with one in his right eye. The revolver was still in his hand. His daughter Nellie was lying on a lounge in an adjoining room, with a bullet hole in the back of her head. Friends say they knew of no family trouble to cause this tragedy, but Mr. Cole has been observed to talk wildly for the past two or three months, and some now recall that he had said that when his family died they would all die together.

IOWA has adopted the Prohibitory amendment by an estimated majority of 40,000. All the large cities in the State, except Des Moines, gave strong majorities against, while the counties without large cities or towns almost invariably gave strong majorities for the amendment.

THE Republican Congressional Convention, at Topeka, nominated for Congressmen at large, S. R. Peters, of Harvey County; E. N. Morrill, of Brown; Lewis Hanback, of Saline, and B. W. Perkins, of Labette. The convention to nominate State officers was called to meet August 9th.

THE Illinois Republican State Convention nominated Gen. J. C. Smith, of Chicago, for State Treasurer, and Charles T. Stratton, for Superintendent of Public Instruction. A resolution committing the party in favor of the prohibitory amendment to the Constitution was defeated.

In an attempt to arrest a gambler named Metzger, at Raton, New Mexico, he resisted, and using his revolver, killed five persons before he was captured and hanged to a telegraph pole. The names of the killed are: S. H. Jackson, a saloon keeper; Harvey Moulton and Hugh Eddston, formerly engineers on the Santa Fe Railroad; Beerger, a Deputy Sheriff, and J. H. Latimer, a painter, in the employ of the Santa Fe Railroad.

A SPECIAL from Fort McKinney, Wyoming, says there are about 3,000 Crow Indians between the Tongue and Powder Rivers. They are very insolent, killing cattle, and serious trouble is apprehended.

A SPECIAL dated June 28 says: Grand River in Missouri is higher now than in 1857. The water came up so fast that families had barely time to escape. A large number have lost their stock and chattels. At Trenton the river is two miles wide, with the railroad tracks covered with water three and four feet deep for miles. The damage to crops is very great; in some cases complete.

AT Las Vegas, N. M., an Indian desperado, known as Navajo Frank, in a moment of hilarity threw his lariar over the head of Mr. R. H. Hutton, a peaceable citizen, and putting spurs to his horse, dragged his lassoed victim for a considerable distance over the rocky street, causing him serious injury. A bystander drew his revolver and fired at the Indian, causing him to sever his lariar. He then put spurs to his horse and escaped, but was subsequently captured and lodged in jail, whence he was taken by a party of infuriated citizens and hanged to a telegraph pole.

A MAN by the name of James H. Haynes, residing in Nodaway County, Mo., while riding in a wagon with another man, was instantly killed by lightning on the 27th. His companion was uninjured.

THE SOUTH.

LOUISIANA has received a magnificent gift. Paul Tulane, a resident of Princeton, N. J., who possesses a property in New Orleans valued at \$500,000, has donated the whole of the property for educational purposes.

A RECENT dispatch from Mount Sterling, Ky., says: The freshest in Beaver Creek

flooded the town of Frenchburg. The water was six to eight feet deep in the streets and houses. Three dwellings were swept away and six of the inmates drowned. Their names are Mrs. John Fox, Mrs. Byrne and two grown daughters and two daughters of preacher Watkins. The flood covered the entire valley and swept away all the fences and crops. The Post-office at Frenchburg, with all letters and papers, was carried away and lost.

THERE is still great destitution in Patrick County, Va., nearly half the population being forced to depend upon charity for food. All the corn and other provisions are exhausted, and there are not five bushels of grain in the hands of any one except the Distributing Committee. Harvest will soon commence and relief will come with it.

A FIRE broke out in the dry-goods store of Bonner, McDaniels & Co., at Dallas, Texas, on the night of the 28th, and reduced the whole of the business part of the town to ashes. The total loss is estimated at \$90,000, half covered by insurance.

W. R. AND JOHN HARPER, two brothers in Tarrant County, Texas, quarreled about some land the other rented from the former, when John went off, armed himself with a shot gun, returned and shot his brother, mortally wounding him. John then fled.

GENERAL.

IN the English House of Commons Sir Charles Dike, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, speaking of the troubles in Egypt, announced that representatives of each power in the conference at Constantinople had signed a protocol to prevent the accumulation of territory in Egypt.

SMYRNA has been shaken by an earthquake.

It is now stated that Gen. Ignatieff resigned from the Russian Ministry of the Interior because he could no longer guarantee the safety of the Emperor. Credibility is lent to this view by the fact that since his resignation the political police have been revived.

A LARGE theater has been burned at Riga, in Russia—supposed to have been the work of nihilist incendiaries.

A TELEGRAM from Montevideo states that the Uruguayan revolution has ended.

AS official dispatch from the Philippine Islands reports that cholera has appeared in Japan and the Sooloo Islands.

REMOVALS of a projected uprising in Dublin are causing no little disquietude, although not generally credited. There was some rioting at Cork on St. John's eve.

A MOVEMENT for the severance of Norway from Sweden and the establishment of a republic is assuming increasing proportions. Unpleasant complications are expected.

THERE are mutterings of discontent even in Portugal. At Lisbon the other Sunday a monster mass meeting of Progressionists and Republicans was held, at which cries were heard of "Viva la Republica!"

The Khedive says that if the Porte abandons him he will publish correspondence proving that every step taken since the 7th of September was instigated by the Porte.

LOCUSTS have totally destroyed the crops on the Island of New Grenada. Corn is \$6 to \$7 a bag.

ELIJAH VAN KAUGHNET was hanged at Kingston, Ont., on the 28th, for the murder of John Richardson in August last.

THE LATEST.

AN officer of the Brookville Bank recently visited the Missouri Penitentiary for the purpose of getting the convicted robbers to tell where they had concealed the remainder of the stolen funds of the bank, about \$1,000, but he had poor success. It is thought Mrs. Mason, wife of one of the robbers, knows where the money is but will not tell unless she can use her secret to the advantage of her imprisoned husband.

L. S. NICHOLS, superintendent of the Dakota Central Railway, sent a dispatch to Gen. Terry, dated Redfield, D. T., June 29th, saying a reliable messenger had arrived from Faulk County, with information that the remaining members of his colony, consisting of three children and eleven adults, had been massacred by the Indians. There were at least fifty Indians in the party. Gen. Terry ordered troops to the place, with orders to pursue and punish the hostiles.

NEARLY complete returns from the Iowa election, show a majority of 28,000 in the State for prohibition.

NEAR Mt. Vernon, Ind., Alice, daughter of Frank Wilson, started a fire with coal oil with the usual result. She was burned to death.

HENRY GOLDWATER, of San Antonio, Texas, Deputy United States Marshal, has been indicted for making false and fictitious accounts.

CONGRESSMAN HAWK, of Illinois, died suddenly at his hotel in Washington on the day that the Convention of his District assembled to renominate him for another term.

THE Brazos Cattle Company, of Fort Worth, Texas, have filed articles of incorporation with a capital of \$300,000. The object is to raise, buy and sell cattle.

WM. JACKSON, of Galveston, Texas, a seaman, walked off the deck of a steamer while asleep and was drowned.

In just five months since the cable cars have been put on State Street, in Chicago, eight deaths have resulted from collisions with them. In most cases, however, the accidents were caused by carelessness of the people.

The temperance people of Shelbyville, Ill., had a big justification over their victory in Iowa. They fired cannon, made speeches and hurrahs, just as other people do when crowing over a victory.

GEN. PALMER, President of the Mexican National Railway, telegraphs from London that he has been successful in negotiating \$10,000,000 of bonds of that Company, which will complete the entire main line from Laredo to the City of Mexico.

THE Captain of the British Steamer Strotholme was fined \$11,150 by the United States District Court at San Francisco, for bringing Chinese passengers on board in excess of the number allowed by law.

A South Carolina View of the Election Contest.

The Republicans, as was expected, paid no heed to the facts and arguments presented by the minority. The conviction that this would be the case led the minority to interpose dilatory motions for the purpose of securing a full investigation of the evidence of Mackey's forgeries. The filibustering was unsuccessful, but to make it unsuccessful the Republicans were obliged to amend the rules by a revolutionary process. This process is based upon the assumption that the Speaker has the right to stop debate on any question which he considers privileged, whenever he thinks proper to do so. The Speaker and a bare majority of the House can, by virtue of this doctrine, adjust the rules of the House to the necessities of every hour and question, and the rules are so made an absolute nullity whenever the majority choose to disregard them. It is now contended, and with reason, that the doctrine formulated for Mackey's benefit will apply equally well to appropriation bills and other similar measures, and that the majority can amend these, as well, in violation of the rules which were framed for the protection of the public Treasury. Ex-Secretary Robeson and the rest of the Grant crew knew what was held.

Mackey holds a seat in Congress, but he is no more the representative of this Congressional District than he was before the Republicans violated law and precedent for his benefit. Might does not make right. Mackey is in Congress to-day by virtue of forgery, and not by virtue of the popular vote. To the honest voters of the District he is a political outcast, and such he must remain.

The duty of the Democrats in Congress is not yet done entirely. They allege and can prove Mackey has been guilty of conduct which unfits him for any office of trust, and which exposes him, if found guilty, to more severe punishment than simple expulsion. To stop now is to admit that a partisan vote has established Mackey's innocence. The Democrats should move at once for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the charges against Mackey.

There can be no plea that the rights of the constitutional majority are invaded or that public business is obstructed. Mackey is in position to draw his pay and vote. The majority cannot oppose the motion for an investigation without exposing themselves to the suspicion that they know him to be guilty. Mackey cannot resist it without confessing a fear of the consequences to himself. If the Republicans refuse to consent to an investigation by a committee of the House of Representatives, there is nothing to prevent an investigation by a Grand Jury here in South Carolina. The law has been violated flagrantly. It is a more heinous crime to rob the people of representation, by forgery, than to rob an individual of money. The State will not be respected, the law will not be feared, if a man who steals a whole Congressional District, by deliberate and systematic fraud, goes unchallenged, untried, unpunished.

Mr. Dibble has no reason to regret the immediate result of the struggle in which, against his own wish, he became engaged. Politically speaking he was a conspirator, as he did not want a nomination for Congress and refused to take it, but he has fought with the ardor of a volunteer and his ability has won that recognition which is usually the reward of years of good service. In every respect he has been an admirable Representative of the District and in the management of the contested election he was everything that the State and the people could desire. His labors, his arguments, his investigations, put the Democrats on solid ground and enabled them to take a stand that will be of infinite benefit to the party wherever courage in the assertion of right and the denunciation of wrong are felt and appreciated. Some compensation there is in store for Mr. Dibble. Deserving well of the State and the people, he will be re-nominated for Congress and will again be elected. This is due to him and to those whom he has represented so faithfully and well.—Charleston News and Courier.

A Cheap Political Pretense.

The cheapest of all political pretenses is that of the so-called Independent Republicans of Pennsylvania, that their movement is in the interest of genuine Civil-service reform or general reform within the party. There are many who are acting and will act with the bolting faction, who honestly believe that it represents what it professes to represent, simply because in order to accomplish its purposes it has had to break away from the tyranny of Cameronian dictation; and after the yoke has galled one spot for a long time, it seems like liberty to have it shifted to another. Though Senator Mitchell probably lacks the peculiar talent for political management that has distinguished the Camerons, father and son, we cannot say that he will not be a more agreeable boss, at least at the outset, for it is necessary to win the confidence of his followers before he can command their services to that extent which may seem to him desirable. But in spite of the endorsements that he has received from Half-breed organs and the epioene press, and the flattery that has been so freely dispensed, the fact remains that in his purposes and ambition he is as much a boss as the Cameron, and has in his mind's eye the possession of a machine that shall surpass in splendor and effectiveness anything that his hated rival has been able to bring into the field. When we see the reform notions of a party or faction leader finding expression in a man, it is a good time to take a gauge of them. Those

which inspire Senator Mitchell find their incarnation in James G. Blaine. Between the types of malign selfishness which animate Blaine and Don Cameron, there is little to choose. Either can wreck the political morality of a State with a despatch which must excite the grateful admiration of the father of evil; but if there are extenuating circumstances to be taken into account, Cameron is more entitled to the benefit of them. He was carefully trained to unscrupulous political manipulation from his boyhood. Blaine had to acquire by his own perseverance and aptitude the skill in it which he now possesses. Their sins in this direction are about on a level. When we come to personal character Cameron is comparatively clean, while Blaine is blotched with the stain of dark transactions through the whole of his later record. Rebellion against Cameron is well enough as far as it goes, but when the people forsake him to glorify Blaine, it is renouncing Satan to embrace sin.—Boston Post.

The Colored Man in Politics.

The attitude of the colored man in American politics is a subject of perpetual interest and remark. It is not a satisfactory attitude, either to him or the public; and yet almost nothing has been done to improve it. It is claimed that the colored people have made notable progress since their emancipation; that they are more intelligent, self-reliant, methodical and industrious—and the assertion is strongly supported by facts. Still they are not what they want to be, what they ought to be, and what they were promised they should be. They are voters only—and not independent and intelligent voters at that. If they were, they would be something else. They are not allowed to hold office. True, there is no statute which forbids them to hold office; but neither is there one that forbids them visiting the moon; and an essay of the lunar enterprise would promise about as successful results as the other. It is charged that in the Southern States the colored people are habitually proscribed and deprived of their political rights. And yet the Southern States are the only part of this country where they are permitted to hold office and figure conspicuously in juries. In the North, they are regarded sumptuously upon the fleshless and flavorless bones of nominal rights, but they know little of the say and substance of that equity with their white brothers which their white brothers are never weary of sounding as the inevitable chorus of Northern politics. Northern laws allow the colored man to hold office if he can be elected to it; but Northern people take particular care that he shall not be elected, nor even nominated. In Missouri the Republicans sometimes nominate a colored man for an office, but they never carry their affection for him so far as to elect him, even when they carry the office. The case of Pennsylvania is a colored population of 85,000, 30,000 of whom it is estimated are voters; and New York has a similar population of 65,000, 20,000 of whom are said to be voters; yet, colored men are not allowed to hold office in either Pennsylvania or New York. They are not taken account of, at all, in politics, though both Pennsylvania and New York are claimed to be Republican States, and their colored people are far superior to those of Mississippi and South Carolina. A colored man sat in the Massachusetts Legislature a few years ago, and the fact was pointed out as an illustration of the superiority of the cultured and liberal people of that Commonwealth to the less fortunate inhabitants of other States. But there must have been a good deal of cant and clap-trap about the matter, for no colored member has sat in the Massachusetts Legislature since, and it is not probable that another will be seen there in the next three generations.

Perhaps it is the negro's misfortune, and it may be that he will overcome it, in time. But he will never overcome it by holding meetings and demanding the rights that are withheld from him. He will never get office by demanding it. If he is ever to secure the recognition he covets, it will be by deserving it and becoming qualified first. Then it will follow as an inevitable consequence. The things that command respect and deference from persons and parties in this country are virtue, intelligence, public spirit and, last, but not least, property. The colored people must accumulate property, even if they have to neglect politics to do it. If they would command the recognition which the possession of it almost invariably involves. As long as they are content as a class to be hevers of wood and drawers of water in the social hive, so long will they be allotted these tasks exclusively in the apportionment of political favors. No party will or can lift the negro up. He must lift himself up, or remain where he is.—St. Louis Republican.

The widow of the late Captain Robert Mitchell, who was killed on the Norfolk & Western Railroad last fall, has recently been awarded \$6,800 damages by the Bedford (Va.) Circuit Court. Captain Mitchell was in the employ of the company, going over the track on a hand-car examining the rails, and was furnished with a timetable. He was run over and killed by "a frolic train from headquarters."—Chicago Tribune.

A novelty in cable linen is the Shakesperian napkin. They come in sets of a dozen, are made of fine linen damask, and each one has an appropriate quotation from Shakespeare worked upon it. We don't know just what those quotations are, but judging from the time a man sometimes has to wait for his dinner, the most appropriate quotation would be Iago's remark: "How poor are they that have not patience!"

A Third and Fourth Term.

Though absent in the flesh the Man on Horseback is present in spirit in the Government at Washington. The reconstructed Cabinet is a Grant Cabinet. The organization of the House of Representatives is a Grant organization. The political control of the Senate is in the hands of Logan and Cameron who are the personal representatives of General Grant. In fact the whole machinery of the Federal Government is in the possession of the partisans of the rejected candidate for a Third Term of the Presidency. The anti-Grant men in the Republican party are to-day as voiceless in its councils and as studiously ignored in appointments to office as if they belonged to another political party.

The Third Term is actually upon the country through its personification in the Executive office is Chester A. Arthur instead of Ulysses S. Grant. The Frelinghuysens and Brewsters and Tellers would not have been selected as Cabinet Ministers by any President besides Arthur but General Grant. The Blaines, the MacVeaghs and the Windmans would not have been turned out of the Cabinet by any President besides Arthur save Grant. No Administration that did not breathe the breath of General Grant would have dictated the election of the stalwart underhand who disgraces the Speakership of the House of Representatives. No President but one who is the mere puppet of Ulysses Grant would lay at the feet of the Logans and Camerons and Mahones the patronage of the Government.

It is indeed no longer a question whether there is to be a Third Term of the Grant regime, but whether we are to have a Fourth in 1884 and whether a Grant dynasty in perpetuity. It is so plain as to be perceptible to the dullest understanding that President Arthur is bending all his energies to an effort to become his own successor. The reconstruction of his Cabinet is sufficient evidence to establish this fact. The appointment of William E. Chandler as a member of the Cabinet is especially significant. It was not Chandler's statesmanship that commended him to the favorable notice of the President, for he possesses none. It was not any special fitness for the office of Secretary of the Navy that brought about his appointment, for he knows no more about naval matters than any other land-lubber. Nor was it purity or nobleness of character that in this instance won the President's partiality, for William E. Chandler is not noted for the possession of any such quality. It was the President's knowledge of Chandler's ability and daring as a political organizer that induced him to make this appointment.

Now, why should Mr. Arthur desire the services of a Cabinet Minister whose fame rests solely on his skill and artifice as a political manipulator? Certainly not because he simply meant to employ him in the work of building up the Republican party. Mr. Chandler is a stalwart and would have performed his full duty as an active and unscrupulous worker out of the Cabinet as he has done heretofore. No, he gave Chandler a seat in the Cabinet in order to make him the engineer of the Arthur machine which is already in motion for the canvass of 1884. The man who defeated the Third Term temporarily at Chicago in 1880, is to manage the political campaign as the representative of the Third Term who drew the Presidency in "the lottery of assassination" so that a Fourth Term of the Grant regime may supervene.—Harrisburg (Pa.) Patriot.

The Duty of Democrats.

When a new sect or party arises it is of course able to give reasons for its birth and existence satisfactory to those who join its organization. If it failed in this it could have no members among intelligent and conscientious people. It follows, therefore, that the Independent Republican party which has sprung up in this State within the last year must have some reasonable excuse for existing or it could not muster the numbers that have flocked to its standard. The chief *raison d'être* of the new organization, as announced by its founders and exponents, is the "purification" of the Republican party. This object can be effected only by Republicans avowing their purpose to remain Republicans and claiming in fact to be better Republicans than those who control the old and corrupt organization of the party. The inventors and promoters of the Independent Republican movement were wise enough to perceive and comprehend this fact and therefore nominated a ticket for State officers composed of the most ardent, uncompromising and aggressive Republicans in the State. The political character of that ticket is notice to all parties that the new movement looks for no assistance from the Democrats, but on the contrary declines and repels it. It is also declarative of a policy which is intended ultimately to defeat the Democracy after the Republican party shall have been relieved of the incubus of "bossism." Republican independentism means that the barnacles are to be scraped off the Republican ship so that in 1884 the old hulk may be the more seaworthy. Of course the present stalwart crew dislike the process, and the practical bosses oppose it furiously, but it is nevertheless a plan to enable all on board to make a successful voyage two years hence. Hence it is apparent enough that the true policy of Democrats is not to meddle in any way, least of all by their votes, in the struggle that is now going on between the Independent Republicans and the adherents of Cameron for future mastery in the Republican party. Democrats have no interest in the quarrel except to hope that it will serve to place their own party in power.—Harrisburg (Pa.) Patriot.



FOURTH OF JULY.

A Grand County Re-Union at the Fair Grounds,

In the People's Grove, Where a Most Enjoyable Time was Had,

About One Thousand Persons Taking Part in the Festivities of the Day.

Monday afternoon there were some showers in different parts of the county, and the wind veered round from the south to the north, and so continued until the morning of the Fourth, when it came from the northeast, thus cooling the atmosphere, and rendering the day all that could be desired, as far as the weather was concerned, and which went far towards making the celebration the enjoyable affair that it was. As the clock struck 12 at mid-night, on Monday night, Independence Day was ushered in by the ringing of bells and the firing off of anvils. At daylight the ringing of bells was repeated and a salute of thirty-eight guns, in honor of the States of the Union, was had.

Long before the procession had formed the town was filled with the stout sons and fair daughters of this noble Commonwealth, who had come from far and near to assist in making the day joyous, as it ever should be to every true American and lover of liberty.

About 11 o'clock the line of procession was formed on Broadway, with Jabin Johnson as Marshal, assisted by A. B. Watson. At the head of the procession was a finely rigged wagon containing young ladies representing the different States, which was drawn by two noble looking steeds. The names of the occupants of the wagon, and the States they represented, are as follows:

Goddess of Liberty, Miss Flora Gandy; Maine, Mrs. J. M. Kerr; Connecticut, Miss Willa Meek; Oregon, Miss Eula Findley; North Carolina, Miss Ada Pugh; South Carolina, Miss Minnie Strail; Arkansas, Miss Mary Schimpf; Ohio, Miss Mabel Brockett; Iowa, Miss Stella Kerr; Minnesota, Miss Ella Schimpf; Florida, Miss Mary Gandy; Louisiana, Miss Mary Lloyd; Nevada, Miss Nellie Watson; Vermont, Miss Stella Hunt; Michigan, Miss Kitie Maun; Nebraska, Miss Jessie Balch; Colorado, Miss Little Mann; California, Miss Dot Scribner; Massachusetts, Miss Hattie Gillman; Virginia, Miss Rosie Mann; New York, Miss Belle Snofe; Wisconsin, Miss Stella Breese; Alabama, Miss May Buchanan; Illinois, Miss Rida Winters; Rhode Island, Miss Ida Vetter; New Jersey, Miss Jennie Jones; West Virginia, Miss Mirah Tuttle; Georgia, Miss Maude Ransford; Mississippi, Miss Alice Caldwell; Kentucky, Miss Julia Caldwell; Delaware, Miss May Jenon; Maryland, Miss Dot Breese; Maryland, Miss Dora Cochran; New Hampshire, Miss Belle M. Sanders; Texas, Miss Lizze Heintz; Missouri, Miss Daisie Brockett; Pennsylvania, Miss Florence Buchanan; Tennessee, Miss Clara Hofman; Kansas, Miss Aggie McGrath. Several songs were sung during the day by the occupants of this wagon.

Next came Judge J. L. Speer, in a buggy, accompanied by Hon. Jos. W. Ady, of Newton, orator of the day.

Then came a buggy, containing Hon. A. S. Bailey, President of the Day, and W. A. Morgan,

Next was the band wagon of the maskers, H. Boyden being leader of the band; and it is astonishing the amount of music those boys got out of their bones, tin cans, drums, violins, etc.

Next came maskers on horse-back and afoot. They were followed by the people. The line of march was out Main street to the Fair Grounds.

After reaching the Fair Grounds the following was the

PROGRAMME. Prayer, by Rev. John Taylor. Reading of the Declaration of Independence, by H. Ransford, Esq. Oration, by Hon. Jos. W. Ady, of Newton. Song—"Freedom's Banner" Glee Club. "Kansas," response by Judge J. L. Speer. Basket dinner. "The Day We Celebrate," response by Hon. F. B. Hunt. Song—"America," Glee Club. "The Ladies, and Their Influence upon Our Institutions," response by T. H. Grisham, Esq. "The Patriot Fathers of the Revolution—May Their Fortitude and Valor be Ever Remembered by a Greatful People," response by Hon. J. W. McWilliams. Song—"On Hail Us, Ye Free," Glee Club.

"The Signers of the Declaration of Independence—May Their Efforts for the Amelioration of a People, and Their Iron Courage in the Days of Extremest Peril, be Greatfuly Remembered and Re-Vered by Every Lover of Liberty," response by D. Madden, Esq.

"The Soldiers of the Late War, Who Crowned Their Country with the Wreath of Perfect Liberty," response by F. P. Cochran, Esq.

Song—"Let the Hills and Valleys Resound," Glee Club.

"The Beauties of the Country," response by Dr. J. W. Stone.

"The Influence of American Liberty on the Old World," response by John Madden, Esq.

There were two trials of speed on the race track, both mile, trotting races. The first was between horses owned by M. A. Campbell and W. M. Kellogg, respectively, and was won by the latter. The second was between J. M. Tuttle's and S. A. Breese's horses, and was won by the former.

Climbing a greased pole; prize, \$5. Several unsuccessful attempts. Catching a greased pig; prize, the pig, won by D. Chapels.

Wheelbarrow race; prize, \$3; three entries; won by Geo. Messer. Two mile root race; prize, \$3; two entries; won by L. W. Heck.

In the evening there were a magnificent display of fire works and a grand ball on ascension at the court-house, and dance at Music Hall, at which J. W. Starcken & Co. furnished the music.

Taking it all in all, it was a day that will be long remembered, with pleasure, by all who were here on that occasion.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

The Board of County Commissioners met in regular session, on last Monday, all the members, except Mr. P. C. Jeffrey, being present.

G. W. Brickell, A. R. Witsie and John Hammer were appointed viewers on a road petitioned for in Toledo township, by Thos. Reagan and others.

A. S. Bailey, S. F. Barnes and John McDowell were appointed viewers on a road petitioned for in Diamond Creek township, by Theodore Harper and others.

A. M. Breese, S. F. Barnes and J. R. Blackshore were appointed viewers on a road petitioned for in Diamond Creek township, by Jos. Hartley and others.

W. P. Martin, I. Alexander and Wm. Rockwood were appointed viewers on a road petitioned for in Falls township, by M. Thompson and others.

The appointment of W. H. Holsinger, Arch. Miller and Jacob North as appraisers of the following school land was confirmed; east 1/2 of northwest 1/4 of section 16, township 20, range 8.

Adjourned till July 5.

If you want your friends back East to know of the progress of the county in which you live, send them the COBANT. It is better than many letters.

WESTERN CHATAQUA.

Meeting of the Summer College—Senator Ingalls with His Eulogy on Garfield Among the Attractions.

The next meeting of the Kansas and Missouri Sunday School Assembly and Church Encampment will be held in Hartzell Park, commencing July 11th and continuing till the 20th. This is the fourth annual encampment of this association, sometimes called the Western Chataqua, the methods and general plan being similar to those adopted at the popular summer college at Chataqua Lake. This year the management have arranged a programme of more than usual interest. The departments of normal instruction, of music, of orientalism, of special lectures and of attractive entertainments are all filled by persons of eminent ability and national reputation. Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut, the experienced and scholarly teacher of Chataqua Lake Assembly, will contribute his services to the success of the Western Chataqua this year and will have direct supervision of the normal department, the object and scope of this department being the training of young men and young women and others for the highest success as Sunday school teachers. The value of this course to all interested in and engaged in Sunday school work, or special study of the Bible in any direction, can hardly be overestimated. Dr. Hurlbut will also have charge of the children's department.

The primary teachers' instruction will be conducted by Mrs. G. R. Alden, better known as "Pansy," the author of several charming stories, and whom every Sunday school teacher knows and loves. The department of music will be under the direction of Prof. E. L. Eaton, of Madison, Wis., assisted by a quartette whom he will bring with him. The musical feature of the encampment will be among the most attractive, and as a special treat those who attend will have an opportunity to hear one of America's finest vocalists, Miss Henson, of Chicago, who will give several concerts.

In the department of Bible readings, etc., the managers have secured the assistance of Henry Plant, of Minnesota, who is present during most of the encampment, and enliven its interest by his wonderful specialities in Scripture interpretation and delineation of Scripture character. Daily conference and familiar conversation on Sunday school questions will be conducted by Mr. Plant, Dr. Hurlbut and others.

One of the most interesting features of the assembly will be the astronomical department, under the management of Rev. H. C. Sedgwick, of Wisconsin. A fully equipped observatory will be located on the grounds, with a five inch equatorial telescope, also charts, maps, sun and moon glasses, etc.

Mr. A. O. Van Lempe, a native of Turkey in Asia, will exhibit a large collection of oriental curiosities, and will give several exhibitions illustrating life in the orient. He will train a large class of ladies and gentlemen to wear the costumes and assist in these exhibitions. His exhibitions of oriental rites and customs are always interesting.

SENATOR J. J. INGALLS has definitely promised to be present and deliver his great eulogy on the life of the late President Garfield. Senator Ingalls' oration has been pronounced one of the most finished and eloquent of his productions and the management are indeed fortunate in being able to add his name to the array of talent which they are able to put on their programmes. Among other lecturers positively engaged are Gen. O. O. Howard, commander of West Point military academy; Rev. M. Rhodes, D. D., St. Louis; Rev. C. H. Henson, D. D., Chicago; Rev. C. F. Foote, Topeka; Rev. F. T. Ingalls, Atchison; Rev. Dr. Krohn, Leavenworth; Rev. D. C. Miller, Ottawa, each of whom will give from one to three lectures. Hartzell Park is a well shaded grove, of forty acres, admirably located and adapted for assembly and camp meeting purposes, and easily reached from the city by steam or street cars. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, and Union Pacific railroads will sell round trip tickets from Kansas City, Atchison, Leavenworth and Emporia, to Topeka for \$1.25; from Lawrence to Topeka 75 cents for the round trip; from all other points west of Topeka, on both roads, one and one-half cents per mile. The officers who have the immediate management of affairs at Topeka, are Prof. Geo. M. Stearns, president, and J. W. Campbell, secretary, to whom application may be made for programmes, etc.—Topeka Capital.

\$50 a week in your own town. \$5 out of free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to HALL & CO., Portland, Maine. dec29-ly

To Consumptives.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of the dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Coughs, Colic, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. Wilson, 194 Penn St., Williamsburg, N. Y. mh9-ly

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you \$12 a day made at home by the instruction of our men, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business pays you nearly so well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. dec29-ly

SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE; Apply at THIS OFFICE,



SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE; Apply at THIS OFFICE,

READ THIS.

THE GREAT EMPORIUM!

J. W. FERRY

Desires everybody to know that he has one of the

BEST & LARGEST STOCKS

Of goods ever brought to this market,

CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

GROCERIES,

COFFINS,

FURNITURE,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

QUEENSWARE,

GLASS WARE,

TIN WARE,

And, in fact, anything

NEEDED BY MAN

During this existence on earth.

BE SURE TO GO TO

J. W. FERRY'S

Cottonwood Falls, Kas.,

And

YOU WILL BE PLEASED

With his

BARGAINS.

104-41

HARDWARE, TINWARE, WAGONS, ETC.

M. A. CAMPBELL, DEALER IN

HARDWARE! Enclosed-Gear Mower.

STOVES, TINWARE, Iron, Steel, Nails, Horse-shoes, Horse-nails; a full line of Wagon and Buggy Material, Iron & Wood Pumps, a complete line of



STEEL GOODS!

FORKS, SPADES, SHOVELS, HOES, RAKES & HANDLES.

Carries an excellent stock of Agricultural Implements,

Consisting of Breaking and Stirring Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, &c. and is Agent for the well-known

Wood Mowing Machine,

and best makes of Sulky Hay Rakes

Glidden Fence Wire.

Sole agent for this celebrated wire, the best now in use.

Full Line of Paint & Oil on Hand.

A COMPLETE TINSHOP.

I have an experienced tinner in my employ and am prepared to do all kinds of work in that line, on short notice, and at very low prices.

MAIN STREET, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1871.]

HILDEBRAND BROS.,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE, LUMBER,

FARM MACHINERY, ETC.,

STRONG CITY and COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS. my11-24

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

C. H. CARSWELL, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS.

Loans made on improved farms, at 7 per cent interest. jy22-17

C. N. STERRY, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, EMPORIA, KANSAS.

Will practice in the several courts of Lyon, Chase, Harvey, Marion, Morris and Osage counties in the State of Kansas; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts therein. jy13

F. P. COCHRAN ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, CHASE COUNTY, KANSAS.

Will practice in all the State and Federal courts and land offices. Collections made and promptly remitted. fe2-17

SPEER & CRISHAM, ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

Office at Court-House, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS. fe2-17

JOSEPH G. WATERS, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

Topeka, Kansas.

(Postoffice box 405) will practice in the District Court of the counties of Chase, Marion, Harvey, Reno, Rice and Barton. fe23-17

PHYSICIANS.

J. W. STONE, M. D.,

Office and room at Dr. Fugh's drug store.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS. W. P. PUGH, M. D.,

Physician & Surgeon,

Office at his Drug Store, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

A. M. CONWAY, Physician & Surgeon,

Residence and office a half mile north of Toledo. jy11-17.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing the perfect confidence, JOHN B. QUINCY, Corner 26, New York. mh9-ly

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. MC'WILLIAMS'

Chase County Land Agency,

ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

Special agency for the sale of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad lands, wild lands and stock ranches. Well watered, improved farms for sale. Lands for improvement or speculation always for sale. Honorable treatment and fair dealing guaranteed. Call on or address J. W. McWilliams, at

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, ap27-lyr

WILCOX & WHITE ORGANS

For sale on 27 Months' Time; Also, for sale, Webber's Steinway and Fisher Bros. Pianos and all kinds of Musical Instruments,

Music Instruction Books, Sheet Music, Piano Stools, etc;

MILLINERY GOODS OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS.

36 REASONS Why you should buy the New Light Running "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE.

- 1. It is the simplest. 2. It is the lightest running. 3. It is the quietest. 4. It is an Automatic Tension. 5. It has a Self-healing Shuttle. 6. It has the largest Bobbin. 7. It runs without oil on the shuttle. 8. It has the best Loose Pulley. 9. It has the best practical Braider. 10. It has the best Kniffer. 11. It has the best general line of attachments 12. It is the only machine with Oil Temperature. 13. Its Needle is the easiest to set. 14. Its Needle rises higher. 15. Its Foot rises higher. 16. It has the best Feller and Hemmer. 17. It does the greatest range of work. 18. It is the most durable. 19. It is the easiest to understand. 20. It is always ready for use. 21. It has more power. 22. It will not skip stitches. 23. It has a Compensating Journal in the 24. It has no cogs or gears. 25. It has no cams or cranks. 26. It has a compensating journal in the band. 27. It has an iron pitman rod. 28. It has ball & socket joint on pitman to prevent. 29. It does the greatest range of work with 30. It has the handiest finish. 31. It has greatest space under arm. 32. It is the cheapest where quality is the test. 33. It has means for taking up lost motion. 34. It is the best sewing machine made 35. It has been on sale for 15 years, and none can be found unfit for use. 36. It is guaranteed for five years from date of sale.

E. COOLEY, Cottonwood Falls, my25-17

TREES! TREES! TREES!

Farmers, Planters, Tree Dealers and everybody who feels at all interested in the subject of Tree Growing, will confer a favor by sending a postal card for a copy of my catalogue for season of 1882, FREE TO ALL.

Prices low, Trees good, and packing Superior. Address, J. C. PINNEY, Prop. Sturgeon Bay Nursery, Sturgeon Bay, Wis. mh9-6m

The Chase County Courant.

W. E. TIMMONS, - Ed. and Prop.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS., THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1882.

No fear shall awe, no favor sway; How to the line, let the chips fall where they may.

Terms—per year, \$1.00 cash in advance; after three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2.50; for six months, \$1.00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with columns for ad size (1 in, 2 in, 3 in, 5 in, 1/2 col, 1 col) and duration (1 week, 2 weeks, 3 weeks, 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks, 9 weeks, 10 weeks, 1 month, 2 months, 3 months, 4 months, 5 months, 6 months, 7 months, 8 months, 9 months, 10 months, 1 year).

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.

A Card from F. W. and A. Judd. STRONG CITY, June 26, 1882.

To the Editor of the Courant:

In answer to Henry Judd's card in the INDEPENDENT of June 23d, in the first place the report came to us from the neighbors, that H. Judd was staying in the little girl Lillie. We had a talk with the neighbors and found four where Lillie had been sent on errands, who say that Lillie told them she did not get half enough to eat at home, and what she did get was corn bread, and milk if it was handy, if not it was water. Lillie told us that the corn bread was meal, salt and water mixed and baked, and that H. Judd and his own little boy never eat any of it; but had baker's bread and all other things they wished. The neighbors also told of bruises on the little girl, where H. Judd had clubbed her. We, and the county attorney, saw the last bruise H. Judd put on the little girl's left arm. Lillie told the county attorney that H. Judd pounded her there with a pine stick. And neighbors where Lillie was sent with some pie-plant, an hour or two after the whipping, told us the girl came there crying, and that on examination found the last bruise, which is on the left arm; it was black and blue from the elbow to the shoulder, and there were welts cross ways of the arm. The little girl said Henry Judd bruised her arm with a pine stick. On further examination it was found that Lillie had scars on the other arm and shoulders and all down her back. Feelings of pity for the little girl and the request of the neighbors to do something caused us to make a complaint in the Probate Court on the 19th of June. The judge set the trial for June 22d; the charge being cruelty and inhuman treatment to the little girl. Now, in answer to H. Judd's card, article No. 1: H. Judd says he had previously made up his mind to give up the girl, and that he notified the Probate Judge of her whereabouts and his desire to resign as her guardian. Now, if such is the case, why did he wait to be subpoenaed by the sheriff to appear and answer to the above charge? And, if he was innocent of said charge, why did he not stand his trial like a man? But, now, his conscience troubled him, and on the 20th day of June he brought the little girl to town and gave her up to the party we recommended in our complaint, and then H. Judd went over to the Probate Court, resigned the guardian papers of the little girl and paid all costs of prosecution and the case was dismissed. Now we ask the people to compare the articles in the paper concerning this matter and judge for yourselves who is the liar and who is not.

Now as regards article No. 2, in regard to Archie, we have this to say:—We have made no complaint, but the people want to know what H. Judd has done with him for it is rumored about the country that H. Judd has killed the boy, and for that reason has not tried to find him. In all former times, when the boy ran away, H. Judd took pains to hunt him up; this last time he says he is not inclined to hunt him. Knowing what we do, and what we can prove if the boy be found, we can make out a penitentiary case, for we can find a disinterested gentleman who saw Archie this spring hunting a horse, who knows the boy well, and had a talk with him. The boy showed this gentleman his head and the gentleman says he is willing to swear before any justice of the peace that he saw six or eight cuts two or three inches long; they were cut clear to the bone and matted. The boy told this gentleman H. Judd cut his head with a club. In connection with this we have to say that after the boy was reported to have run away, Lillie, the boy's sister, was sent to my house on an errand. She then told the folks that H. Judd clubbed Archie over the head with a club and that the boy ran away. With this evidence staring H. Judd in the face, it behooves him as a gentleman to clear his skirts of this matter. We hope he will do so speedily. As for the rest of H. Judd's card, we care nothing; neither does it interest the people of Chase county. We would not have answered H. Judd's card at all, but the people demanded to know the truth of this matter, all of which we can prove without a doubt. F. W. JUDD, A. JUDD.

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A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT should be stopped. Neglect frequently results in an incurable Lung Disease or Consumption. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES do not disorder the stomach like cough syrups and balsams, but act directly on the inflamed parts, allaying irritation, give relief in ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, CATARRH, and THROAT TROUBLES which SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS are subject to. For thirty years BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have been recommended by physicians, and have always given perfect satisfaction. Having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well-merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age. Sold at 25 cents a box everywhere.

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

Subscribe for the Courant. Apples and peaches are ripe. Hon. J. S. Doolittle is at home on a short visit. Miss Anna Saads, of Peabody, is visiting friends here. Miss Laura Ferrigo, of Emporia, spent the Fourth here. Miss Kate Hogsboom, of Topeka, is visiting friends here. 97* in the shade last Friday, Saturday and Monday afternoons. Mr. J. V. Sanders and wife, of Emporia, spent their Fourth of July here. Miss Jennie Gatewood, of Emporia, is visiting at Mr. John H. Scribner's.

Hon. O. M. Drinkwater, of Cedar Point, gave us a pleasant call on Monday. Mr. Jonathan Minnix, of South Fork, gave this office a pleasant call on Monday. Messrs. John Gatewood and T. W. Wibley, of Emporia, were in town, yesterday. Miss Mell. Sallee, of Ft. Scott, is visiting friends and relatives here and in Alexandria. Mr. P. P. Schriver and his son, Paul, of Cedar Point, called in to see us, last Thursday.

Mr. Ross Thomas, of Emporia, father of Mrs. Jabin Johnson, spent the Fourth of July here. Mr. J. M. Kerr, who is at work in Colorado for the Santa Fe railroad, is at home on a visit. Mrs. N. A. Dobbins, left Monday afternoon, for a short visit to Canton, McPherson county. The work of putting a stone fence around the graveyard at Bazaar is progressing very slowly.

Babyland for July, published by D. Lothrop & Co., Boston, Mass., at 50 cents a year, is on our table. Mr. Benjamin H. May, of Newton, was in town, last Saturday, and gave this office a pleasant call. Mr. D. F. Janeway having gone to Iowa on a short visit, his wife and son are visiting friends at Vernon.

Last Thursday afternoon, this office was visited by the Rev. John Taylor and wife, and Miss Willis Meek and Miss Anna Sands. If you do not want to pay \$2 a year for this paper, you should not wait so long to pay your subscription. Read our terms in the first column.

Among the visitors at this office, last week, were Messrs. John R. Holmes and J. R. Blackshere, of Elm Dale, and G. W. Hays and I. C. Warren, of Bazaar. Mr. G. A. Sieker, formerly of this city, but now of Hillboro, Marion county, is a little larger than usual, because of the advent of a little girl at his house.

A steer belonging to Stephen Place, on Cedar creek, died of hydrophobia, last week. He hooked a boy. He fell in a fit, with his neck between two trees, and soon died. The annual meeting and preparatory lecture of the Congregational Church will be held, next Saturday, at 2:30 o'clock, p. m. Communion service will be on the Sabbath following.

There was a game of base ball at Strong City, on the Fourth, between the club of that city and the club of this city, ten innings and nineteen runs, each side, and a purse of \$57 was divided between the two clubs. Mr. Warren Peck, of Cedar Point, called in on Monday and "did us proud," by paying his subscription to January 3, 1884. Mr. Peck is a Greenbacker, still he has confidence in the COURANT. How many Democrats will come and do likewise? Born, to Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Robinson, of this city, on Tuesday morning, July 4th, 1882, a daughter, and it was wrapped up in the American Flag while its father came down in town and set up the cigars to the "boys." "Long may it wave." Mr. F. P. Cochran, who was in attendance at the Republican Congressional Convention at Topeka, came home much exhausted, from the severely warm weather; and he has been quite feeble ever since; though he was able to take part in our Fourth of July festivities.

Mr. Jas. VanVechten, of Buck creek, made a short visit to Chicago, returning, last Saturday, and bringing a wife along with him. The name of the lady was Mrs. J. Permillie Babcock, and the wedding ceremony was performed at the residence of her parents, at Oconomowoc, Wis., on June 23, 1882, by the Rev. J. L. Davis, Rector of Zion parish.

We were up South Fork, last week, and we must say that all kinds of crop prospects were simply immense; and where all the grain fields took so well it is hardly fair to single out any person for special mention; but we must say that Mr. A. Z. Scribner's field of corn—120 acres—is the cleanest and best looking field of corn we have seen this year.

On the 19th ultimo D. B. Berry (777) sold out his ranch, a range of 40 miles, on the North Paladuro river, Panhandle, Texas, together with between 10,000 and 11,000 head of cattle, 90 head of horses and camp equipments, to the London Cattle Ranch and Land Co. for \$225,000. He still has his farm on Shafer creek, in this county, consisting of 6,000 acres of land, with 400 head of Hefords on it.

At the meeting of the Directors of the Chase County Agricultural Society, which was held at the office of J. S. Shipman, County Treasurer, on Saturday, July 1st, at 1 o'clock, p. m., it was decided to hold a fair this fall, the time to be fixed upon hereafter. Messrs. Geo. W. Hays and W. P. Martin were appointed a committee to arrange the premium list. The Secretary was instructed to have colored posters printed. The meeting adjourned until Saturday, July 29.

Last Friday, a man named Brown alias Long alias McVickers alias Hamilton was arrested, and, on Saturday, he was taken before Squire Robinson and found guilty of stealing a pair of boots, three shirts and a bunch of keys of John Smith, residing about two miles east of town, and was fined \$10 and costs and given 60 days in the county jail. He is also accused of stealing a shot-gun and revolver of Mr. H. Brandley, on South Fork, and a watch of Mr. John Mitchell on Norton creek. These cases will no doubt, be heard at the adjourned term of the District Court.

Mr. Frank McMaster, of Gunnison, Colorado, has purchased a residence in Wyandotte, where he intends locating for the present. He was in town Monday, and he says he has traveled over a great portion of Kansas since he left this place, a few weeks ago, and that he has seen no place that looks as beautiful as does Chase county, and that we have the finest stock country in the State; yes, and now is the time for new comers to take advantage of the situation and buy farms in this county, because land here is increasing in value every day, and in less than five years hence much of it will have doubled in value.

The Chase County National Bank, to be located in this city, has been organized. The full amount of capital (\$55,000) has been subscribed, and the following Board of Directors elected: Arch. Miller, J. R. Blackshere, E. W. Pinkston, Wm. Jeffrey, A. J. Crocker, Sam. Baker, H. Brandley, J. D. Minnick and A. S. Howard, who will serve until the second Tuesday of next January. The Board of Directors met last Thursday and elected the following officers of the bank: A. S. Howard, President; J. D. Minnick, Vice President; W. H. Hollinger, Cashier. It will, probably, be two months before the institution will be opened for business.

ADVENT OF THE COLLOSSUS OF ROADS, By which is meant the six, united enormous railroad shows of the Sells Brothers.

Hereafter Sells Brothers' name will be as good on a show-bill as Vanderbilt's is on a bank check—Binghampton (N. Y.) Daily Republican.

Sells Brothers' great exhibitional venture, which is to unfold its six caponied treasure-houses at Emporia, on Saturday, July 15, has finally solved for us the much-discussed, so-called "problem of life." That problem, here and now, has resolved itself into the one great question, not of who is going to the big show, but who can possibly

be left at home on the great day of its appearance. Having thoroughly convinced the public that it is an honestly advertised exhibition, and that its promises are as good as old Vanderbilt's, or as any other man's, there is going to be many a domestic mutiny of "irrepressible conflict" dimensions, when it comes to deciding who are not to be permitted to feast amazement with wonder rounded eyes, by gazing upon its huge pair of full-grown Hippopotami, strang woolly Elephants, magestic Giraffes, rare Midget Dwarf Elephant, Arctic Amphibia, performing Colorado Camp, tremendous Tigers, roading Sea Lions, gigantic Felines, monster Two-horned White Rhinoceros, fifty tons of performing animals, Charles Fish, the "Hero Horseman," Signoria Adelaide Cordona, the French family Davene, the Caron and Washington Troupe, the Twenty Comical Clowns, Lottie Aymar, Jerome Bell, and a thousand and one separate shows of equal interest; not to speak of the magnificent free street parade, with its enormous caravan of Asiatic and African Elephants, its Sultan-like army of Camels, its Three Bands Levitan Locomotive Steam Orchestra, and living avalanche of dazzling sensations, which the average boy would walk ten miles on his hands to see. For the sake of peace, and in the name of universal enjoyment, spare no effort to so arrange it that all may take in the best show of their life-times, and one whose memory will be a continual pleasure.

IMPORTANT TO LAND MEN.

Land Lawyers and Real Estate Agents. Your names will be inserted, without charge, in the new edition of the American Settlers' Guide, a popular work on public land law, extensively circulated in the Eastern States and in Europe. Send at once for a circular giving details of great importance to every land man. Address HENRY N. COPP, Washington, D. C. We hope no land attorney or real estate broker will be so careless of his own or his country's interests as to neglect to send his name for insertion in this forthcoming book. Addresses should be forwarded at once, as the first part of the book is already in press. Mr. Copp is the editor of Copp's Public Land Law, Copp's Mining Code, and other works on our public land system. He refers to the Surveyors-General, U. S. Registers and Receivers, and the leading land attorneys of the country.

DIED WHILE TRYING TO STARVE THE PRINTER.

POST OFFICE AT CEDAR POINT, STATE OF KAS., June 21, '82. To the Editor of the Courant: Sir—Pursuant to instructions from the Postmaster General, I beg leave to inform you that your paper, addressed to ———, this office, is not taken out, but remains dead in this office. You will please discontinue the same. A. B. EMMETSON, P. M. Reason: The man is dead.

[The man owed us \$12 on subscription. He might have known that it was quite a task to starve a printer, and that he was likely to die and leave the job unfinished. We wish not the death of a delinquent, but rather that he come in and pay up all arrearage and one year in advance; because such deaths as the foregoing don't help us out any financially.—Ed.]

SOMETHING NEW.

Summer goods, such as ladies' summer dress goods, lawns, laces, ribbons, calicoes, gentlemen's straw hats, and notions, selling at cost, not including freight, at my store. I do not do this in order to entice people into my store. I don't have to do that, for my trade, so far this summer, has been good beyond all expectation; but I do it because I do not want my goods to lay on the shelves from one year to another. All my customers know and say that I sell my goods cheaper than anybody else in this city; and those who don't know it are the ones who never enquire around and find out where they can buy the cheapest. Come in; I never let anybody go out of my store empty handed. J. W. FERRY.

MONEY AND INSURANCE

Money on improved farms at 7 per cent. Insurance against fire and lightning, in good companies, at lowest rates. C. C. WHITSON.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Ice cream at J. N. Nye's. Subscribe for the COURANT. Rooms for rent; apply to J. N. Nye. ap20-tf House to rent; enquire at this office. my11-tf Buy your goods of men who advertise.

Great bargains just now at J. W. Ferry's. First-class organs at E. Cooley's for \$50 cash. jy6-tf Best calico, 16 yards for \$1, at J. W. Ferry's. Straw hats are selling at cost at J. W. Ferry's. Fresh rolls and fresh bread every day at J. N. Nye's. A desirable residence for sale. Enquire of C. C. Whitson. ft-tf Buckeye, Warrior and Wood mowers at Hildebrand Bros'. 4t The Fourth of July has passed, but you can still get great bargains at L. Martin & Co.'s.

Mr. Wm Giese has his new shop completed, and is now ready to do all kinds of blacksmithing. Queensware will be sold at first cost, for cash, for 30 days, at the "Famous" store of J. W. Ferry. My hat stock at first cost, for cash, for 30 days. J. W. FERRY, Famous Store. Fine Pacific lawn that used to sell at 16 1/2 cents a yard, is now sold at 12 1/2 cents a yard, at J. W. Ferry's.

Dr. W. P. Pugh will continue to do a limited practice; and will be found, at all unemployed times, at his drug store. You can do better now at my store than ever before. Terms, cash. J. W. FERRY, Famous Store. jy6

Forty thousand pounds of mill feed and bran for sale at reasonable rates, at Drinkwater & Schriver's mill, at Cedar Point. jy-15-4t My stock of boots, shoes and slippers will be sold at first cost, for cash, for 30 days. J. W. FERRY, Famous Store.

Insure your houses, barns and live stock with J. W. McWilliams, against cyclones, tornadoes and wind storms, at once. ap27-tf If you don't believe that L. Martin & Co. are selling goods at astonishingly low figures, you should call and see them, and be convinced of this fact.

Don't forget that Breese's groceries and everything else at that store are fresh, and that you can get the highest market prices for produce there.

J. S. Doolittle & Son are constantly adding to their already large stock of general merchandise; and they are selling goods as cheap as any one in this valley.

L. Martin & Co. are offering \$50 reward to any one who will send them a purchaser for their store. Of course, if this item should, of itself, bring them a buyer, we shall claim the reward.

On and after this date, May 1, I will not put any more names on my books; and all who owe me must pay, or I will put the accounts in an officer's hands, for collection. No exception to this rule. J. W. FERRY.

THE GENUINE SINGER. The most popular sewing machine in the world; 538,609 sold in 1880—excess over any previous year 107,442. Buy no other; it is the strongest, the simplest, the most durable sewing machine ever yet constructed. For price and terms call on or address I. B. Vail, agent, Cottonwood Falls.

PUBLIC SALE.

John Wallace, of Fox creek, will have an extensive sale of personal property, on Thursday, July 13th, 1882, on what is known as the Bent, Baldwin farm, five miles north of Strong City, on Fox creek, consisting of 350 head of high bred sheep, 7 Angora goats, and 5 common goats, 3 work horses, one good milk cow, one spring wagon, farm harness, one lumber wagon, and a large amount of farm implements and tools, household and kitchen furniture, and a large lot of chickens and turkeys.

Also the 80 acres upon which Mr. Wallace lives will be offered for sale, with or without 320 acres of stock range adjacent. TERMS.—All sums under five dollars, cash; sums of five dollars and over, six months' time, with 10 per cent. interest, or 5 per cent. off for cash.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS! Are you disturbed at night and brozen of your rest by a sick child suffering and with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold every-where. 25 cents a bottle.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY. 7 and 8 Per Cent! CALL ON W. H. HOLSINGER.

JQ. OLLINGER. Central Barber Shop, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS. Particular attention given to all work in my line of business, especially to ladies' shampooing and hair cutting. Cigars can be bought at this shop.

WELLS! WELLS! WELLS! WHO WANTS WATER? J. B. BYRNES Has the GIANT WELL DRILL, Nine Inch Bore, The Largest in the Country; Guarantees His Work; To Give Satisfaction; TERMS REASONABLE.

WELLS PUT DOWN ON SHORT NOTICE. COTTONWOOD FALLS OR STRONG CITY, CHASE COUNTY, KAS. Great chance of making money. Those who always take advantage of the good chance for making money that we offer, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us in our own mills. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. dec2-ly

PIMPLES. I will mail (free) the recipe for simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples and Blisters, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful. Also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, enclosing 2c. stamp, FRY, VAN DUSEN & Co., 12 Barclay St., New York. dec2-ly



KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE. The most successful remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. READ PROOF BELOW.

From the Oneota Press, N. Y. Oneota, New York, Jan. 6, 1881. Early last summer Messrs. B. J. Kendall & Co. of Enosburg Falls, Vt., made a contract with the publishers of the Press for a half column advertisement of their Spavin Cure, setting forth the merits of Kendall's Spavin Cure. At the same time we secured from the firm a quantity of books, entitled Dr. Kendall's Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases, which we are giving to advance paying subscribers to the Press, as a premium.

About the time the advertisement first appeared in this paper Mr. F. G. Sherman, who resides near Coler's, had a spavined horse; he read the advertisement and concluded to test the efficacy of the remedy, although his friends laughed at his credulity; he bought a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and commenced using it on the horse in accordance with the directions, and he informed us this week that it effected a complete cure that an experienced veterinarian who examined the horse recently, could find no trace of the spavin or the place where it had been located. Mr. Sherman has since secured a copy of Kendall's Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases, which he prizes very highly and would be loath to part with at any price, provided he could not obtain another copy. So much for advertising reliable articles.

Read Proof of Wonderful Cures

Fremon, Ohio, January 25, 1881. Dr. B. J. Kendall & Co., Genls.—I think it my duty to render you my thanks for benefits and profits which I have derived from your invaluable and far famed Spavin Cure. My cousin and I had a valuable stallion, worth \$4,000, which had a very bad spavin and was pronounced by four eminent veterinary surgeons, beyond any cure, and that the horse was done forever. As a last resort I advised my cousin to try a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure. It had the magical effect; the third bottle cured him and the horse is as well as ever. Dr. Dick, of Elenburg the eminent veterinary surgeon, was an uncle of mine, and I take great interest in assisting his profession. Yours, truly, JAMES A. WILSON, Civil Eng.

Kendall's Spavin Cure ON HUMAN FLESH.

West Enosburg, Vt. Feb. 13th, 1881. Dr. B. J. Kendall & Co., Genls.—Several months ago I injured my knee joint which caused an enlargement to grow the size of a large walnut and caused me very severe pain all the time for four or five weeks, when I began to use Kendall's Spavin Cure with the most satisfactory results. It has entirely removed the enlargement and stopped the lameness and pain. I have long known it to be excellent for horses, but now I know it to be the best treatment for human flesh that I am acquainted with. Yours, truly, P. L. Lawrence.

Kendall's Spavin Cure is sure in its effects, mild in its action, it does not blister, yet it is penetrating and powerful to reach every deep-seated pain or remove any bony growth or other enlargements, such as scrofula, splints, curbs, callosities, sprains, swellings and tumors, and enlargements of the joints or limbs, or for rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast. It is now known to be the best treatment for man ever used, acting mild and yet certain in its effects. Send address for illustrated circular which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever been so successful in such unqualified success to our knowledge, for as well as man. Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on request of price by the proprietors, Dr. B. J. Kendall & Co., Enosburg Falls, Vt. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, ap2-4t

