

SENIOR HALL **DICKSON HALL** MAIN BUILDING TEXAS PRESBYTERIAN COLLEGE, MILFORD, TEXAS



ROSWELL, N. M., April 28 .- Following is the annual address of President Bugbee, delivered before the annual meeting of the Panhandle Cattle Raisers' Association in this city:

Members of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association, Ladies and Gentlemen: In this, the eighth year of our association, we have taken a new departure. For the first time the association holds its meeting outside the state of Texas. I am very glad that it has been decided to do so. We have all along had many faithful and useful members residing in New Mexico, and it is highly appropriate that we should recognize their loyal service to the association by meeting with them on their ground. It is right, also, to take notice of the great cattle interests of this portion of the territory and the share they have in the purposes for which this association exists. For these reasons it seems to me very properthat we should by no means confine our meetings to the state of Texas as we have heretofore done.

There is another reason why it is pleasant as well as profitable to hold our meeting here. We are in the center of an immense cattle country, where the business which our association is designed to promote is carried on on a large scale and furnishes a striking example how the work in which we are all interested can be conducted to advantage, and also a striking example of the need of such an association as this and its benefits in promoting so great an industry. We meet, too, in one of the most beautiful towns in all this section of our country, where we have only to look around us to admire its evidences of prosperity and the good taste which has adorned the town itself with so much grace and beauty. Charming in its outward appearance, and still more charming in the cordial and gracious hospitality with which we are welcomed, I have no doubt but that all who have come to Roswell will ever remember our meeting here as one of the most pleasant in the history of the association.

The past year has been on the whole a fairly prosperous one to the indus-

try we represent. The season has been especially favorable and the losses from cold and storms have been lighter than usual, while the increase in the prosperity of the country generally has helped, make the prices of our product more firm and stable as well as advance them to a considerable extent. Speaking generally, the cowman of the section tributary to this association is

in a comfortable condition. A very large per cent of individual indebtedness has been lifted and cattlemen generally are more contented and better satisfied than they have been for many years. Let us hope that this condition of things will continue and that the circumstances of the country and the means used to promote that prosperity will lead to even greater advances.

I may briefly refer to some of these circumstances and means of progress more particularly affecting us. In the remarks I made at the opening of the last session of the association I alluded to one of these-the advancement of agriculture proper in this section; the work of "the man with the plow." Another year's experience has only confirmed the opinion I then expressed. It was once thought that the only way a cattleman could suceed was by keeping the farmer at a distane; by holding all the range open and depending upon grass entirely to maintain his stock. But it is now clearly shown that the land of the Panhandle is capable of cultivation; that it is well adapted to produce reasonably sure crops which afford available feed for stock, and that in this way the cowman is able to keep a class of stock of higher grade than ever before and to escape a great part of the annual losses ocasioned by hard seasons and scanty feed, which in former years made cattle raising to considerable degree a game of chance, It has also made it possible to feed the stock to a high standard, to make them nearly or quite ready for the market, and increase the quality and

market value of our product.

During the past season the state of Texas, thru Professor Marshall of the A. and M. college, conducted a series of experiments trying or testing the value of different feeds for making beef. This being the natural home of the kaffir corn we were all interested to know what would make the best balanced ration with it. Your president had the honor of being called on to an sist in this experiment. I suppose most of you, have already seen an account of the results, but for the purpose of informing those who have not, and for the purpose of making a more public record of this test and its results, I take from the Drovers' Telegram of April 2 the statement made by Professor Marshall, under whose direction the experiment was conducted:

Texas Experiment Cattle-String of 100 steers fed under test sold here today. Two bunches of three-year-olds, fed under direction of A. and M. college. The tests were made with ground kaffir corn fed with otton seed, and ground kaffir corn fed with cotton seed meal. Cattle weighing 1,118 pounds on Jan. 1, when feeding began.

Lot No. 1-Fifty steers, fed twenty pounds ground kaffir corn with five pounds cotton seed.

Lot No. 2-Fifty steers, fed twentytwo pounds ground kaffir corn and three pounds cotton seed meal. Both lots fed kaffir corn fodder for roughness.

During the last thirty days lot No. 1 made a gain of 100 pounds and lot No. 2 gained ninety-one pounds. April 2, at Kansas City, lot No.



rage rourteen

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weighed 1,249 pounds and sold for \$5.20. Lot No. 2 weighed 1,216 pounds and sold for \$5.15.
strongly as we can all who are interested to join with us. We represent one of the great industries of our na-

The time occupied in feeding was eighty-five days.

Now, I want to call your attention to the fact that this feed was all raised in the Panhandle. That it has been shown that with graded cattle and careful feeding we can here fit our cattle for market and become independent of the corn growers of Missouri and Kansas, and turn the cattle business from a game of chance to a regularly organized business, where industry and skill will receive an adequate reward. This, I insist, confirms the suggestion last year that the development of farming in this country is a benefit; not only as regards the advance in the value of the land, but in the help it gives to stock raising itself.

I would not by any means, however, disparage the work of the pioneers of the cattle industry in this country, in Northwest Texas and New Mexico. They were the pioneers of civilization in this section long before any white men were here. They left comfortable homes and settled communities to come here to what was then apparently "the great American desert," and enduring the loneliness and the hardships of a pioneer life, the chances of misfortune and loss, gallantly fighting the battle with savage beasts and still more savage men, with the drouths of summer and the blasts of winter, with , cattle thieves and rustlers. They have made possible the development of the country which is now beginning to dawn. To their enterprise and to the business they gave in the way of livestock shipping we are indebted for the railroads that Have penetrated this section; and to the railroads in turn we owe the coming of the farmer and consequently the great agricultural development of our glorious country. Most of these pioneers have passed over to the life beyoud to receive their reward, but we can rejoice that there are some of them still with us; men like Goodnight and Slaughter and Littlefield, who are spared to see the land that they opened to use developing beyond all they could in those early days imagine to be possible.

At this meeting, held for the first time in a new place, and a new section of the country, it is proper to call attention to the purposes and objects of the association and to urge as

ested to join with us. We represent one of the great industries of our nation, next to grain growing, the most important and greatest of agricultural pursuits. Now, it has always proved true that with men engaged in a pursuit there is no truer proverb than the old one, "In union there is strength." We have many difficulties to encounter. The nature of the products of our pastures and ranches makes ourr calling peculiarly subject to the depredations of thieves and marauders. Our association sets itself to suppress this crime and to punish the criminal, and by maintaining at the points of shipment and at the markets a regular system of inspection to secure the property of its members and recover it when stolen. If the association accomplished nothing more than this it would of itself be a sufficient reason for its existence. But the cattle thief is by no means the only one we have to encounter. The country swarms with parasites who try to thrust in between the producer and the consumer and pick up the lion's share of the price of the product; and again and again have purhasers combined to keep down the price of cattle for their own advantage.

THE MAN

Singly we can do nothing to prevent such injustice, but by combining our forces we can in some degree at least serrve each other by preventing them. We have in the past, and may again, need legislation to prevent extortion in transportation and unfair and ruinous rebates. To regulate the charges of marketing and to prevent combination of customers to keep down prices, standing each man for himself we are powerless to seure it, but the united effort of the whole body has in the past and will again in the future succeed in some degree in getting these evils corrected. Then, apart from matters of business, our association has a great social side that is quite as attractive. Once a year a large number of men, good neighbors and good fellows, all of them having a common interest in the business they pursue. get together to greet each other, to compare their experiences and their

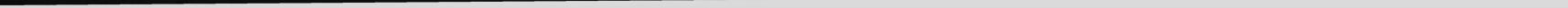


And I earnestly hope that the many who have gathered here will find this meeting so agreeable that they will all want to get together again, and that every cowman in this section will find our association not only profitable but also so pleasant that he will endeavor

It has been a popular fad at the national capital, as well as at nearly all the state capitals, to make a relentless war on railroads, and there is no doubt but that many of the evils complained of should be corrected and could be done without crippling that great in-

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dustry which has had so much to do with making this the grandest nation on earth. What railroads have done for parts of this great country they will do for us if we can but secure them. Nearly one-half of our counties, and some of them the best in this great Panhandle, are without a mile of railroad, and to develop these counties we must have railroads. So long as this war goes on we can hope for no new lines of railroads. Put out the fire of the locomotive and you stop the wheels of progress. We have a soil and climate unsurpassed, if equalled, on the continent; its wealth will far surpass the combined mineral wealth of the Rocky mountains and we must have railroads to bring that wealth to the surface. May the good Lord hasten the time when the shrill whistle of the locomotive will be heard in the remotest corner of the Panhandle. Then, and not till then, will all its greatness be shown to the world.

Who are the men who are making this vicious war on the railmads? Are they the men who bear the burdens of taxes? I think not. Many of them pay but little more than a poll tax, yet they would paralyze one of the greatest interests of the country. The car shortage is one of the great evils with which the cowman has had to contend, yet if he will look around he will see many conditions which this great wave of prosperity has brought about. The demand for cars and locomotives at foundry and factory cannot be supplied in half the quantities that are demanded. It is also true in every line of business. It will applyto the farmer as well as the manufacturer. In our own great Panhandle I see more cotton grown than can be gathered by the available help. In my own instance I raised more kaffir corn than I could get help to gather, and had to let the cattle gather it, and many of my neighbors were in the same condition. This condition of things does not bespeak hard times. So, gentlemen, let us not kill the goose that laid the golden egg.

I will not consume more of your time with what I have to say, as you will be entertained each day while this meeting lasts by prominent speakers. I hope you will give us your presence while those speeches are being made, as I am certain you will learn much that will be of advantage to you.

Our secretary's report will show that we are in good financial condition and that we are making a steady growth. But instead of 700 or 800 members, we should have 2,500. Every stockman and farmer will certainly find it to his interest to join us and be an active member.

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THE BEE HIVE

BEES IN UVALDE COUNTY

Some of the possibilities of honey production in Texas may be better understood from a study of Uvalde county which is practically the only county in which bee keeping has been developed to anything like its possible extent. The following clipped from a leading paper shows what Uvalde county is doing in the way of bee keeping:

We now have about 17,500 colonies of bees in Uvalde county. Eight years ago there were only about 6,000 colonies. This shows how the bee industry has grown in recent years. The value of the bees and appurtenances for the management of same are worth about \$137,500. What is termed a full honey crop in this country is 120 pounds bulk comb honey per colony. Should every colony in this county yield this amount it would give us 2,100,000 pounds of honey. This sold at the average price of 10c per-pound would bring to the beekeepers \$210,-000 or about 150 per cent on the investment.

Do not think that I mean to say that this amount is made by us beekeepers, for every man in the business loes not understand the proper management for profit. The bee business is a scientific study: in fact, as fine a study as law or any other scientific study, and when properly managed under just ordinary conditions should yield 120 pounds per colony. I harvested 183 pounds of comb

I harvested 183 pounds of comb honey one year, 222½ pounds another, 146 pounds another and 202 pounds average per colony in 1903. The latter crop was harvested by hired help, entirely and was not satisfactory under favorable conditions that year, as that year was the best yield in the county's history. There were produced about 1,500,000 pounds.

One of the chief things in securing the best results from bees is in the control of swarming. When this is mastered the beekeeper is on the road to success. Some people think that-all a person has to do is to get the bees, in some kind of hives, or gums, and they will do the rest, and all they will have to do is to rob them when they have honey. "Rob" is the term that no beekeeper will use when he knows his business, for an up-to-date bevkeeper never robs his bees, only taking the surplus, that his skill in management will secure above all the needs of the bees .- J. K. Hill, Uvalde, Texas,



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REPORTS CAR SHORTAGE

Seventeen Thousand Steers Awaiting Shipment at Bovinia

A communication has just been received at the State Cattle Growers' Association headquarters here from A. L. Cheser, inspector for the association. The communication tells of the car shortage at Bovinia and the outlook for the future.

It is estimated by Inspector Cheser that there are 17,000 steers at that point awaiting shipment northward. These cars are wanted for the shipping of steers to Kansas and Montana for the grass season.

TRAINED NURSE

Remarks About Nourishing Food

"A physician's wife gave me a package of Grape-Nuts one day, with the remark that she was sure I would find the food very beneficial, both for my own use and for my patients. I was particularly attracted to the food, as at that time the weather was very hot and I appreciated the fact that Grape-Nuts requires no cooking.

"The food was deliciously crisp, and most inviting to the appetite. After making use of it twice a day for three or four weeks, I discovered that it was a most wonderfud invigorator. I used to suffer greatly from exhaustion, headaches and depression of spirits. My work had been very trying at times and indigestion had set in.

"Now I am always well and ready for any amount of work, have an abundance of active energy, cheerfulness and mental poise. I have proved to my entire satisfaction that this change has been brought about by Grape-Nuts food.

"The fact that it is predigested is a very desirable feature. I have had many remarkable results in feeding Grape-Nuts to my patients, and I cannot speak too highly of the food. My friends constantly comment on the change in my appearance. I have gained 9 pounds since beginning the use of this food." "There's a Reason." Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

SUCCESS AND FAILURE

Did you ever stop to think how many bees are kept at a loss, either thru neglect or ignorance, by individuals who proclaim themselves to be bee keepers? Suppose you for yourself take a little survey in your immediate vicinity, enumerate the colonies of bees and their owners; what per cent are operated successfully? How many progressive bee keepers will you find?

If figures were in print it certainly would be astonishing to realize that such conditions would be possible after all has been said in our books and journals.

But there is a class of people who are always at a standstill, waiting for prosperity to come their way, without making any preparation for its reception; others who are too busy-"can't spare the time and money."

It may seem somewhat amusing to approach a man with a number of colonies in old boxes, kegs and the like to hear him speak of his bee industry, perhaps placing a value far beyond the ordinary. When you ask what he has realized from the sales of honey, he expects to get in the honey business next season.

There are some who make a partial success at almost anything they undertake. When I began bee keeping I had the pleasure to entertain a gentleman who said he kept bees upwards of ten years, mentioning that he had a large supply of fixtures stored away which he did not see fit to use, as there was no money in the business, as every pound he had secured cost him a dollar.

Hives and fixtures are a necessity for the production of honey, but must be applied with skill and in harmony with the work of the bees. In this class the successful bee keeper can be found, seeking information at all times which may lighten his burden. -A. J. Halter, Akron, Ohio, in American Bee Keeper.

BEE BUZZINGS

This is a good time to plan for the coming season.

These wet cold winter days is a good time to nail up new hives. Every beekeeper should read one or more bee journals.



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Talks With Texas Stockfarmers

Range Needs Rain.

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a age'r out

G. D. Shields, the weil known stockman, was in the city and gave his idea of the range conditions where he had been recently. "In have been down in the Uvalde country, and it was very dry indeed, and things looked bad for the stockmen. After leaving," however, I met a sheep man from Del Rii who had followed me over the Southern Pacific and he told me that it-began to rain just beyond Uvalde, and continued all the way to San Antonio. This will be a blessing to the stockmen, sure, I have been to San Angelo and had telephone communication all over the western country that is tributary to that city, and all reports showed a general lack of moisture and dry times. It is rather a bad time of the year. for a dry spell on account of the grass which does not get much chance to grow."

Good Crop Prospects

Colonel Berry Gatewood of Ennis, an old-time stockman and Texan, was in and around the Live Stock Exchange, exchanging howdys to his old friends, such as Colonel Marion Sansom and Major Bill Corn. "Well," it is pleasant to meet such old-timers as Sansom and Corn again," said Colonel Catewood, "and that, added to the good conditions that have arrived in our section, makes one feel extremely happy and joyful. Yes, we had a good rain and it came in good time. Our crops were not suffering much, but they were just on the ragged edge and the moisture hit just right. I am doing my own farming now, not being able to get satisfactory renters. I bought twelve head of good niules and the necessary plows and other outfits and set my men to work. It was dry, but I had my corn land-100 acresbroken flat and then had the corn planted by hand. The hands had nothing to do and were an expense, so I just thought I would experiment a little. I threw the dirt up to the corn on both sides and I tell you it, has worked and is no experiment any longer. My corn is higher than my knee, that is, the last time I saw it; a week ago, and is as thrifty and vigorous in its growth as any corn I ever saw. I have 200 acres in cotton and it is doing very well. The dry weather gave everyone a chance to get his work up and the farmers were never in better fix to receive a rain. I am feeding 1,000 steers and they are doing well. I came to Texas from Kentucky just after the war and settled.'

pounds brought \$5.30 per hundred; one car averaging 1,127 sold for \$4.75, and the other car with nineteen head averaged 1,457 pounds and sold for \$5.50. The last car belonged to Inman & Thompson and the first two to Driggert & Hughes. They were three and four-year-olds. We have been accustomed to shipping these classes of cattle to Kansas City, but these sales have enlightened us somewhat as to the advantages of this market. Freight rates are very much in favor of Fort Worth."

TO DE LA TALLE

Rain Is Needed

J. G. Hightower, who lives near Putnam, in-Callahan county, was on the market with stock the other day.

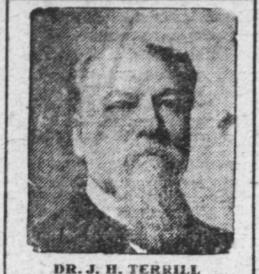
"The rain at our town in the country thas nothing more than a shower, and did comparatively little good, other than what a little rain does in laying the dust and freshening up things. It is pretty dry with us, and rain is needed badly for all classes, stockmen and farmers alike. The stockmen need grast in their business and the grass needs rain in its to do its best, and unless it comes stockmen and grass together will suffer and the cattle also. Farmers have crops planted and most of it is up, but it won't grow unless it has the necessary ingredient that goes into the successful fruition of its life-moisture. No one is predicting big trouble, however, for most of them have lived out there for some time and know the uncertainties of Texas weather, and have passed thru dry and wet times so are not borrowing any trouble."

Crops Look Good

T. R. Wisdom lives, if not exactly in Paradise, very near it, being located near Boyd, Wise county, on rural route No. 1, and deals in stock,

"We have had a yery good rain," said he. "for our crops, It began raining on Saturday, rained all Sunday and all of Sunday night, a slow steady, soaking rain, so that all went into the ground and gave it a good soaking. The crops all look very well indeed. They had not been hurt by the drouth and were in just the condition to receive the rain. Cotton has nearly all been planted and is a pretty good stand. Corn is well under way and has most all been plowed over twice. There is no wheat in our immediate section. but the oats were rained by the green bugs; all eaten up. Nearly all the land that was in wheat will now be planted to cotton. There is not much stock, that is in pastures, any more. Most all the farmers have a small bunch of cows and yearlings to sell every year. I brought in a car of grass stuff, which never had a mouthful of other feed and they sold for \$3.25 per hundred and averaged 760 pounds.

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antee to cure you in a specified length of time and

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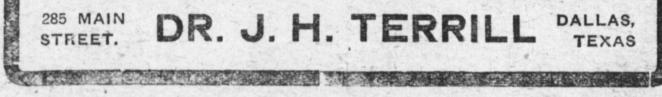
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out our way and people all have a smile on their countenances, which was put there by the good rain that fell the other day. The ground is in better shape than I ever saw it before at this time of the year. Cattle are doing well, such as there are, but there are very few for market yet. Grass is fine and will continue to get better from now on. We are all more or less mixed up with farming and stock raising in our section and do a good big lot during the year.

Diversifies Stock Farming

S. P. Burns lives at Blanket, in, Brown county, and is a stock farmer. While a visitor to this city the past week, in conversation with a reporter, he said:

"I farm and raise fine stock, includ-

Profit in Hogs

S. W. Davis lives near Snyder, Okla., and is a stock farmer and buyer and seller at the same time. "My father landed in Fort Worth from Missouri," said Mr. Davis, "when land could be bought for \$2 per acre, and I have run jack rabbits over most of the town site. Big difference now, I should say. I now live in Oklahoma, in Greer county, and am satisfied that ours is a good comfortable country to make a living in. Not that we have forgotten Texas by any means, but Greer was once a part of the old state, and we feel muchly at home there. Yes, I am stock farming, but am now paying more attention to hogs than any other classes of stock. The ticks have gotten so bad up with us that I found it best to go a little slow in the breeding. of cattle. Of course, I still handle them, but do not make it my main business. I have on hand now some two hundred head of hogs that will be fit for market after a while. They are corn fed and will make fine meat. There will be lots of corn put in this year and the crop will be again large. We have had rain enough to do, and as the farmers were all up with their works, things do notlook so gloomy as they might. Cotton has not all been planted yet, but farmers will soon get it in, now that the rain question has been settled definitely. I bought in a car of hogs and they sold on an average for \$6.421/2, which is a very good price."

Pleased With Market

Captain Huges brought in from the feeding pens at Chickasha three cars · of fat beeves, two of which were the property of Drigger & Hughes, and one that of Inman & Thompson.

"These cattle have been fed probably five months," said Captain Hughes, "and were in fair condition. They were entirely corn fed and stacked up well accordingly. They brought good prices, too, and as they were an experiment shipment to this market, I may say it was a good sale and satisfactory. The cattle sold as collows: One car averaging 1.324

Crops in Bad Shape

F. H. Dayton, who is a citizen of Cook county and whose residence is on R. F. D. No. 1, Gainesville, came on the market with a car of hogs, bulls, yearlings, etc.

"I am engaged in stock farming," he said, "and buy some more when the opportunity offers. Crops up our way are in bad shape. First, it was the wheat and oats that were caught by the green bugs and practically destroyed, then the drouth got things all twisted, so that when the rains did come, following the dry spell, matters were not in just the condition to meet the moisture properly. Of course this last rain has been of great benefit and recovery from the effects of the drouth are due to come quickly, but most other farmers are well up with their work and ready for the gain. Unless something unforeseen happens from now on we are going to pull out all right."

Bosque Wants Rain

R. L. Whisenant lives in Bosque county, near Morgan, and is a dealer in cattle and other stock, as the case may be.

"We have only had a slight rain down our way for some months, and it is becoming a serious matter with the farmers as to what is to become of them if good rains do not fall soon. The crops are all in bad shape and it will not be long until it will be too late for some of them to be saved. We have as good a country as any other and as a stock farming country it can't be beat, but it requires moisture in any country to produce crops. and we are not singular in this.] brought in a mixed car of stuff-cows, bulls, yearlings, etc."

Rain in Wise

R. L. Scroggins is a resident of Wise county, and lives near Boyd, Wise county, "Yes, we are in good shap

"The cow pens of the farmers furnish most of the stuff and it amounts to something in the aggregate during the shipping season.

"This is my cousin with me. A. J. Scroggins, and he lives at Boyd, too, and is engaged, like the rest of us, in stock raising and farming."

Reports Good Rain

Wade Smith of Frost was on the market and said: "I am a stock dealer in most every way you might mention, but at present am dealing in hogs mostly.

"We have had a good rain, that extended all over our county, and also over most of the territory contiguous to us. It was pretty badly needed, but no crop had begun to suffer to any, extent-were just on a stand. I learned that the Bosque country had a pretty fair rain some two weeks ago. Crops are most all planted, and are clean and in good shape. It being dry, all the spring gave farmers a chance to get well up with their work. Corn is knee high and flourishing as the proverbial green bay tree. A majority of the cotton has been chopped out. There is very little grass in our section, as it has long been a farming country. Cattle and in fact all stock are doing well."

ing cattle, hogs, jacks, mules, jennets and colts. Pretty good lot to select from, ain't they? Well, they all do well and our county is calculated to raise a good class of any or all of them. I sold a jack colt the other day of my own raising for \$500. Mules are a paying investment, for they sell at an early age and for big prices. I have good Hereford bulls, and am grading my stuff up. It is dry, a little rain recently, but not very heavy. Corn is very good and most of the cotton that has been planted is up, and a very good stand.

Fighting Johnson Grass

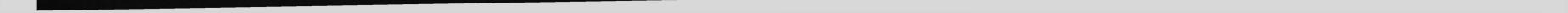
"It was getting pretty dry up our~ way," said Captain Charles Maloney of Haslett. "I plowed down six inches and it was still dry. The little northers and cold nights had a drying effect upon the soils and the moisture went out of it very fast. I am plowing up my Johnson grass and am going to get rid of it. There is no better feed as hay or as green feed, but the trouble is if you want to plant anything else it sure gets in the way. If any one could or would cut it while it was in the dough, and all his neighbors would do the same, there would be little difficulty in keeping it in place, but the trouble is that it never is cut at that time, either because people are careless or the weather is such that it would be a loss to cut it. It would pay a man to cut it any way, even if he lost the crop, rather than have it spread over his cultivated lands."

THE ARCADE SEWING MACHINE 200 CO-**OPERATIVE CLUB**



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ceptional bargain of this quantity, which alone enables us to make this offer. The machine will only cost you \$22.50 DELIVERED. You pay only \$2.50 ca joining the club and \$1 each week thereafter until the total \$22.50 is paid. The machine is shipped as soon as possible after your first payments of only \$2.50. You can join no matter where you live. If the machine is not perfectly satisfactory, your trial will cost you absolutely nothing. Send \$2.50 and join today or write immediately for any further particulars desired. Doolittle-Simpson Co., Arcade, Dept. 5, Dallas, Texas.



THE TEXAS STOCKMAN JOOKNAN

CATTLEMEN WHO COME AND GO

The Roswell Meeting

Colonel J. F. Lyon, secretary of one of the big live stock commission houses of Fort Worth, returned from attendance on the meeting of the Panhandle Cattle Raisers' Association, and said:

"The meeting was a big success in every way, and in proportion was equal to the attendance on the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas held recently in Fort Worth. The city of Roswell took good care of the crowd, and handled them in excellent shape. It was dry in the Pecos Valley on the up trip, but it was sleeting and snowing at Amarillo when we returned, and so I suppose they got the same at Roswell. It was dry going up, but wet coming down, Cowmen reported range dry, too dry for farmers, but not for the stockmen. I took an auto ride out among the alfalfa fileds, and that stuff looked good enough for a man to eat. I saw the famous Hereford farm of C. C. Slaughter, and those of Hagerman and others. Hagerman built the Pecos Valley road and located his farm upon the knowledge he gained while railroading. There is not a bit of trouble in getting flowing wells out there, and some astonished me for their size and the velocity with which the water flows out. They are eight inches in diameter and the water is pure and most excellently suited for irrigation purposes. Stock on an average are in fair condition, altho some of them on the ranges looked rather thin. The cattlemen gathered in Roswell all seemed to be in good spirits, and while there was no sales to amount to anything, they did not seem to care much anyway."

Broke the Record

Captain J. W. Lovelady, one of the remaining big cow men of Mitchell county, was in from his home at Colorado City, and was found in the Stock Exchange talking cow to friends:

"I live just outside of the limits of the city of Colorado, and have for many years." My ranch is above town, but wholly in Mitchell county. I have just returned from Kansas City, where I have been with some fed stock for that market. I sold some bulls up there this trip that broke the record, and I am the first Texas man who has ever done so. I took up two loads of bulls, all from four to six and eight years old, and they brought me in flat 4 cents. This class of stock have always held high at 3½c per pound,

but mine were better than any that had ever struck that market.

"My ranch interests are all in very good shape at present, Grass and all conditions are better than I ever saw at this time of the year. I have leased all of O'Keefe's lands, and am working my Hereford stuff on it. My calf crop will be a good one, and I look for a big average this year. I never saw Mitchell county and all of its interests in as good shape as they are now.

"Colorado has become one of the leading cotton towns in the state, that is inland markets. The oil mill is still running and all the cotton has not come in yet, it is said. The compress has done an extraordinary business this year, and it is its first. I have a farm and small ranch near town and can be called a farmer to that extent."

Rejoicing Over Rain

J. J. Putnam, one of Tarrant county's young and energetic stockmen, came in on the heels of the rain smilling and cheerful.

"I tell you it was refreshing," said he, "and helpful to all the feelings of we stockmen and farmers, when the rain came and began to fall gently, but persistently, in such fashion that it all soaked into the ground, and thus was of an infinite amount of good to all classes of vegetation. Grass will now take on an added growth and will soon be what it is intended for, the stockman's savior. The Blue Mound country is in its lovely spring garments now and would make the most pessimistic change his tune from a kick to a jubilant howl.

"The 'Loeb Hackberry,' that was planted by Secretary Loeb when he was here with the President two years ago, is doing nicely, I am told, altho I have not been on the Mound for some time, and it will in thme grow into a fine specimen of the native growth of timber.

"Stock are all doing well now and, of course, with this rain will continue to improve."

Rain in Territory

Hon. Dick True, the Ryan stockman, came in looking sleepy, which is not a natural condition at all with him, but, as he said he had had an allnight's experience with present railroad methods, and was tired.

"We have had some rain, enough to help the grass mightily and to put the





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P. O		*

This blank is not necessary but is given for convenience. AMERICAN HOME JOURNAL, Boom 4 Journal Building, Dallas, Texas. crops well up. The farmers had done their work well this spring and had everything in first-class shape, so when the rain fell it fell upon well prepared ground, which assimilated it in the most improved manner.

"Corn is well under way and has been plowed out. Cotton is well forward, such as has been in the ground, which is the majority.

"All things point to a good year for the agriculturist and in consequence the other classes will take their share of the good things. This is especially so with the real estate man. He was getting quite gloomy and his face was growing longer and longer, as the days of dryness still held on, but he is as chipper again now as he was before, and still insists on proclaiming the extraordinary value of the portion of the earth's surface that has been entrusted to him for sale."

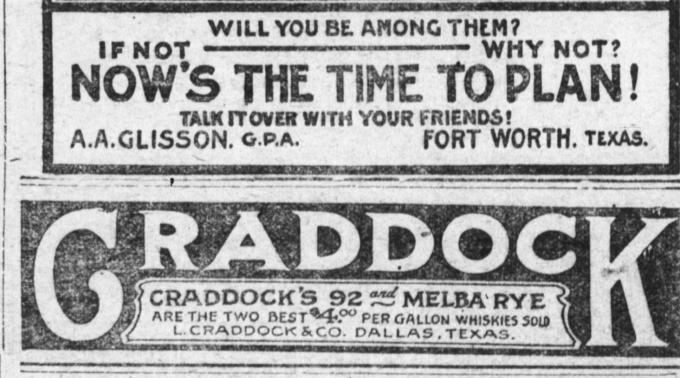
BIG SHIPMENT OF RANGE STOCK

Kansas and Territories Get Large Consignments

Cattle shipments from Texas are now very heavy and probably the largest of the season. Reports received at headquarters of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas and also thru private sources, tell of a big movement in all parts of the state, most of the live stock being consigned to points in Kansas and Indian Territory. The shipments began about two weeks ago and will continue until the tenth of May.

Shipments seem divided as to the Kansas and Indian Territory ranges, most of the Panhandle and northern Teas stuff going to Kansas and the shipments from southwest Texas to Indian Territory points.

The railroad companies are furnishing stock cars as rapidly as possible



and in instances extra equipment has been sent to the range sections to handle the consignments as rapidly as possible. Reports from, various sections of Kansas indicate that Texas cattlemen have leased extensive ranges and many Kansas people are arranging to buy cattle from this state after they are fattened there.

The shipments show an intercase over those at this season last year, but are not unusually large. The cutting up of many of the big ranches in Texas is causing a scarchy of pasture lands.

Planting Apple Orchards

HEREFORD, Texas, April 27.-J. T. Jowell has brought 100 acres adjoining the piece of ground he bought last week and will also put this additional tract in apple trees. This makes 200 acres of land in his apple orchard and it will be the largest of its kind in the Pahhandle.

Add some linseed meal and wheat middlings to the ration during the shedding season.



Page Sixteen

THE MARKETS	
WEDNESDAY'S RECEIPTS	881
• Cattle	
• Sheep	101

Heavy receipts of cattle caused a slight break in the market Wednesday, steers selling steady to 10c lower. Cows sold easier on more liberal receipts than on recent days. Calf receipts were light with the market steady. Hogs were fairly liberal. The market opened 5c higher, but closed with advance lost. Sheep receipts were liberal with the market 15c higher.

Beef Steers

Of the 4,000 head of cattle in the rards, probably 1,500 were on thru billing, leaving a very liberal market supply. Steers as usual formed the bulk of the supply and fed cutters were more numerous than grassers. Quality was not as good on the corn fed top as on yesterday or Monday, but the meal fed and grass beeves were fully as good as those shown on the two earlier days of the week. Packers went into the trade with the announced purpose of buying the supply at lower figures, in view of the large receipts. Shippers resisted for a time and this deloyed market operations, but they finally yielded on receipt of wires from northern points announcing weakness in the cattle trade there. When a basis was finally established on which to trade it was found that prices ran from steady to 5c lower, with occasional spots where a dime looked to be taken off. Corn fed steers sold at \$5.35, one load of meal fed steers made \$4.60, there loads but slightly short of the finish of the former load that sold at \$4.50, and a number of loads went to the scales between \$4.20 and \$4.35. One load of partly warmed up steers made \$3.80. Grass steers showed considerable variation in flesh and quality, and sold generally from \$4.30 to \$4.60.

Sales of 1	steers:			
'No. Ave.	Price.	No. Ave.	Price.	
181,348	\$4.85	221.145	\$4.40	
231,069	4.65	121,038	4.40	
661,130	4.65	22 985	4.35	
41,031	4.60	23 993	4.30	
\$81,138	4.60	22 992	4.20	
231,082	4.60	28 876	4.10	1

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL M 2 19 0 19

3.90

3.90

3.80

3.80

71... 184

79... 218

2...1,139 - 4.50 13... 799 16... 891 3...1,084 4.50 3...1,103 4.55 14...1,024 8...1,089 4.45 23... 80/7 **Cows and Heifers**

THE MAN

The proportion of mixed loads was greater today than for several weeks, and this made the supply of she butcher stock come in jack pot lots. But few choice cows were among the offerings, but plenty of good ones were ound to sell from \$3 to \$3.25. The lecline on steers extended to cows and the market was quoted generally weak to 5c lower.

Bulls

But few bulls were on the market, and these were mostly feeders. Butcher bulls containue to sell steady, and feed lot men absorbed the supply of thin bulls at steady prices. Sales of bulls:

No. Ave.	Price.	No. Ave.	Price.
1 980	\$3.50	21,200	\$2.65
91,309	2.90	11,260	2.50
11,1610	2.85	11,000	2.30
21,065	2.85	21,380	2.20
Entre Carrier	Cal	Ves	

The calf supply was short, no full loads arriving for the early trade. Purchasing was active at prices steady with yesterday. Sales of calves

Da	ICD OF	Carves.	1		
No.	Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.
3	136	\$4.50	7	178	\$3.50
1		4.50	10	317	3.25
4		4.50	14	405	3.25
6		4.50	4	360	3.00
8		4.25	4	230	3.00
8		4.25	3	293	3.00
2		4.30	8	2888	3.00
1		4.00	5	458	3.00
2	260	4.00	61	386	2.90
2	245	4.00	4	190	2.75
1	220	4.00	5	362	2.50
1	100	4.00	6	336	2.50
6	168	4.00	1	110	2.50
6	493	3.75	27	345	2.40
9	140	3.75	3	230	3.50
	No.	He			

Around 1,700 head of hogs arrived for the early market, the supply being about evenly divided between Texas and the territories. The selling side concluded to take an inning and accordingly priced their holdings 5c higher than yesterday. Without much resistance packers granted the raise, and on this basis the supply went to the scales about 10 o'clock. Before noon the supply was increased to 2,400 head, and on receipt of market reports from the north of declines there, the market here lost all the early advance, closing steady with Tuesday. Tops sold at \$6.55, with the bulk at \$6.421/2@ 6.521/2. Texas hogs sold up to \$6.50.

No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price.

77 215	6.52 1/2	61	232	6.55	mixed
85 198	6.521/2	61	223	6.55	Butche
35 212	6.47 1/2	79	204	6.50	sympa
63 212	6.471/2	80	215	6.50	Sale
87 199	6.47 1/2	75	201	6.50	No. A
93 181	6.47 1/2	77	212	6.45	11.
9 224	6.42 1/2	31	205	6.45	71,
7 230	6.421/2	31		6.40	11,
80 179	6.40			0.00	2
00 110	She			1	1
Three los			howle	sheen	11,
Three loa					21,
and yearling					
the bulk of					11, 0 1
demand was					21,
the whole s			straigi	nt, an	11,
advance of		bc.			11,
Sales of s		No.	A	Price.	Two
No. Ave.				\$4.75	
15 55	5.75	15		4.00	odd lo
463 89	5.70	3	100	4.00	the da
					Quality
					The s
•				•	figures
	RSDAY'S	RECE	IPTS	•	Sale
•			0.00		No. A
• Cattle .			3,8	00 •	4
• Calves .			2	00 •	8

65 ...

69 ...

6.5214

253

232

6.55

6.55

Horses and mules..... 19

Sheep 256

Cattle receipts amounted to 125 cars up to noon Thursday, with fifty-two cars on thru billing. Steers found the big end of market arrivals, about seventy cars. Grassers and fed steers were in about equal numbers. The market ruled weak to 10c lower, buyers taking it off the plain to medium cattle. Cows were quoted lower on 3 generaous supply. Calves slow sellers. Hogs were 7½c to 10c lower on a run of 2,800 head. Sheep were 5c lower.

Beef Steers

With early wires quoting dull and heavy markets at the north, along with runs too large for the Thursday trade, bidding started on a weak to 10c lower basis on all cattle due to sell below \$4.25. Prime corn fed beeves did not suffer any, but there was some hesitation over the best end of the meal fed cattle. Sellers did not fall in readily with the suggeston of another dimr cut following the one of yesterday, and marketings were slow to move. The outlet had hardly been started at noon, tho some shippers cut loose early at the full decline, fearing the result of the oncoming tide of cattle reported to arrive. Grassers moved more freely than fed steers on the early market, six loads making \$4.30, one load at \$.405 and still another at \$4. Plain grassers landed at \$3.70. Fed cattle of a fairsh class sold at \$4.25, and the corn fed supply was quoted steady around \$5.50. Cudahy's buyer took nine loads at the decline. Sles of steers: Yo. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 19...1,454 \$5.50 17...1,050 \$4.25

Color of	bulls:	general mar	1. 1.
No. Ave.		No. Ave.	Price.
11.100		4 927	\$2.75
71,194	8.50	4 935	2.65
11,400	3.50	1 430	
2 975	3.25	201,240	
1 820	3.25	1 830	
11,470		2 565	
21,100	-3.00	1 840	The second se
11,480	3.00	11,030	
21,305	3.00	11,000	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL
11,040	3.00	11,050	
	0.00		2.30

on offer, feeders, and this sold steady

ay's small supply of vealers. y was just medium on the bulk. supply moved early at steady

s of calves:

NO.	Ave.	Frice.	140.	AVC.	1 1100.	
4	207	\$4.50	16	303	\$3.00	
	198	3.60	15	376	3.00	ł
	143	3.50	14	420	2.80	
4		. 3.50	13	441	2.80	
50		3.25				

Del

Hogs

Around forty loads of hogs came in for the market, Texas furnishing the light end of the supply, literally, for a good part of Texas offerings were but partly finished. Discouraging wires from the north put packers in the mind to buy 'em lower, and early bids were 7½c to 10c lower than the good close of yesterday. The movement was slow, the bulk of the supply not getting to the scales until near the noon hour. Indian Territory and Oklahoma heavy packing hogs made \$6.471/2, as against \$6.555 on yesterday, and pretty good grades of light Texas hogs could do no better than \$6.321/20 tho the bulk sold around \$6.40. Pigs continue to sell strong, with tops at \$5.50.

Sales of hogs:

No.	Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.	
78	232	\$6.471/2	58	187	\$6.45	
77	220	6.47 1/2	38	192	6.45	
78	209	6.47 1/2	45	201	6.45	
81	196	6.47 1/2	88	198	6.45	
62	251	6.421/2	90	187	6.45	
91	181	6.421/2	69	248	6.40	ļ
62	157	6.321/2	85	174	6.40	
17	169	6.32 1/2	73	198	6.40	
77	138	6.32 1/2	51	159	5.95	
	2 -		2			

FRIDAY'S RECEIPTS . Calves Sheep 950 Horses and mules.....



201,114	5.35	23	925	4.05
19	5.15	24	881	4.00
11,220	515	8	972	3.75
231.176	5.00	26	766	3.70
181,348	5.00	65	708	3.60
271,095	4.85	7	721	3.50
621,010	4.35	33	911	3.50
114 896	4.30		10 200	
	ockere a	nd Feed	are	

The supply of young cattle to go back to the country was somewhat larger than on any previous day of the week, and orders were placed at figures but slightly below those of last week.

Cows and Heifers

The supply of she butcher stock was about the same in volume as on yesterday, around welve 'cars, Altho cows felt the influence of the decline in the steer trade, it was lessened somewhat by outside competition. Two loads of medium to good cows made \$2.85 and \$3.15, respectively, and heavy fat cows coming in mixed loads, sold up to \$3.40. The same dullness was apparent in the cow trade that was noted in steers.

Sales of	cows:	Star Providence	
Vo. Ave.	Price.	No. Ave.	Price.
11,160	\$4.00	8 805	\$3.25
11,090	4.00	2 935	3.25
1 910	4.00	25 810	3.15
5 944	. 4.00	8 898	3.10
5 944	4.00	1 800	3.00
2 879	3.90	11,080	3.00
2 850	3.85	1 902	3.75
1 720	3.75	44 754	2.90
21,100	3.75	66 775	2.90
4 867	3.65	18 846	2.85
3 903	3.65	5 882	2.75
2 950	3.60	8 861	2.75
11,090	3.60	5 854	2.65
21,010	3.60	7 750	2.60
2 965	3.60	9 734	2.50
11,000	3.50	7 861	2.40
21,005	3.50	5 800	2.35
9 858	3.45	5 800	2.35
1 670	3.30	14 691	1.80
2 750	3.25		
Sales of			
to. Ave.	Price.	No. Ave.	Price.
8 650		5 576	
2 680	3.85	4 477	
4 607		38 607	3.00
	Bul		

A heavy run of cattle at Kansas City had the effect of handicapping this market. Little demand existed in the early trading for any heavy weight fed steers. Market was dull. Grassers sold from \$4 to \$4.30. Cows in moderate quantity, market steady; range \$2.50@3.20. Calves firm at \$4.25. Hogs steady at opening, weak to 21/26 lower at the close. Sheep steady.

Bcef Steers

The early run brought in about forty loads of steers for the market, and the day's run of thru cattle exceeded this by five cars. Fed stuff had a threecar shipment of corn-fed tops, and a half dozen loads of pretty good meal and hull steers were on offer, but the general run of offerings was little better than just medium in quantity. No outside buying was indulged in today, the steer market being entirely at the mercy of the packers. All the heavy steers were passed up for the early trade, purchases being confined to the better class of grassers. Selling on these was done at figures between \$4 and \$4.35. Traders were calling the market all the way from 10c to 25c lower for the week.

Sales of steers:

	ALLEND MA.	Decero.			
	No. Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.
	451,125	\$4.60	11	1,060	\$4.00
	11,170	4.60	1	890	4.00
	241,020	4.50	9	961	4.00
	17 906	4.30	15	870	4.00
	911,081	4.30 ,	6	848	3.75
	431,082	4.30	16	748	3.75
9	181,004	4.25	15:	873	3.50
	85 861	4.00			

Stockers and Feeders

No improvement was noted in this branch of the trade, except that the volume of sales was larger than on yesterday.

Cows and Heifers

She butcher stock was only fairly represented on the market today. around eight loads appearing for the early bids. Quality ran mostly to medium. One good load of cows was on offer. Packers were active for the supply, and offerings met with a ready clearance. One load sold at \$3.20, the best price of the day on car But one straight load of bulls was | lots, and other loads sold at \$2.50 and

\$2.75. Odd heads sold up to \$4. This !! part of the trade ruled steady. Sales of cows: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 760 \$4.00 5... 806 \$3.15 925. 3.90 6... 556 3.00 7... 790 3.90 4... 712 3.00 1...1,090 3.75 10... 815 2.90 9... 903 3.70 15... 712 2.85 28... 803 3.65 24... 784 2.75 4... 780 3.50 10... 880 2.75 1... 840 3.35 22... 786 2.50 22... 840 3.25 11... 660 2.25 11... 780 6... 910 3.25 2.25 56... 700 3.20 14... 681 2.25 6... 778 4... 897 3.15 2.25 13... 804 3.15 6... 713 2.09 7... 540 2.00 Sales of heifers: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 1... 580 \$4.50 · 1... 920 \$4.00 2... 710 4.00 3... 483 3.25 Bulls "Just steady," was all the comment that bull buyers could be induced to make on the market.

Sale of bulls:

No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 1... 950 \$3.50 2... 780 \$2.50 1... 560 1... 650 2.50 3.00 7... 525 2.50 1...1.180 2.90 2.35 1... 860 2.85 1... 930 1... 750 2.30 1...1,290 2.80 1...1,180 2... 504 2.25 2.65 4...1,032 2.65

Calves

Outside of eight loads of calves on thru shipment to northern pastures, the day's supply numbered but eighty head. These were just medium in flesh, and sold at \$4.25, averaging 317 pounds. New Orleans stuff continues dull and lower.

Sales of calves: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 6.... 183 \$4.00 1... 130 \$4.75 1... 260 10... 125 4.00 4.65 3.25 2... 125 6... 351 4.50 3.05 4... 115 4.50 25... 365 5... 282 3.00 1... 160 4.50 10... 400 2.60 75... 217 4.25 4... 160 4... 207 2.50 4.00 23... 411 1... 110 2.50 4.00 7... 376 2... 95 2.50 4.00 13... 176 7... 350 2.50 4.00

in for the early trade, and sixteen of these originated outside of Texas. Quality was about the same as yesterday, heavy packers in the lead. An outsider started bidding steady with yestedlay's close, but heaving filled his order, the market slowly settled into a rut weak to 21/2c lower than on Thursday. Packer tops were \$6.42, with the bulk below \$6.40. Pigs steady. Sales of hogs:

young thin cows (for pasture purposes) of steers selling 15c to 25c lower than No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. We quote choice light vealers 3.76 sold very uneven, some sales marking ten days ago. 🔹 80... 222 \$6.40 76... 228 \$6.471/2 We quote choice corn fed steers, \$5.25 to \$4.00; medium to good vealers \$3.25 a slight decline from the close of last 55... 201 87... 213 6.421/2 6.40 to \$3,50; choice heavy calves \$2,75 to week. The latter class is selling from to \$5.50; best meal fed steers, \$4.75 to 6.40 80... 265 6.42 1/2 74... 208 \$3.00; medium heavy calves \$2.35 to \$4.90; top grassers, \$4.40 to \$4.50; good 15c to 25c lower than the high time of \$0... 192 6.40 72... 265 6.421/2 -\$2.55; common heavy calves \$1.75 to last week, with very little action to the 87... 216 to choice grassers, \$4.15 to \$4.35; com-6.40 29... 233 6.37 1/2 mon to medium grassers, \$3.30 to \$3.75; | trade at the decline. Tuesday opened A. F. CROWLEY. \$2.00. 35... 214 74... 191 6.40 6.37 1/2 73... 214 79... 192 6.32 1/2 6.40 78... 185 12.... 250 6.35 6,35 the supply going to the scales at an 84... 168 8... 188 6.30 be steady. Three loads of new arrivals, 6.30 qualitied hogs that were delayed in ar-40... 176 early hour. Fairly good killing fed 6.25 fed stuff, made \$4.35, and the remainriving. Sellers were loud in protest steers made \$4.50, with plain to fair Sales of pigs: over the arbitrary action, but without ing four loads were forwarded north. fed going at \$4@4,20. The market was No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Frice. Sales of steers: avail. generally quoted steady to strong with 9... 114 \$5.00 No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. Sales of hogs: Sheep Monday's decline. A few loads of 50... 966 \$4.35 No. Ave. Price. 1... 950 \$3.75 No. Ave. Price. Three doubles of Mexican shorn warmed up grassers made \$4.25. 60... 690 3.15 9... 675 \$6.40 3.00 72... 237 73... 230 \$6.40 Sales of steers: Cows and Heifers 77... 217 wethers of a good fat class came to a 82... 218 6.37 1/2 6.40 local packer at a contract price, quoted 77... 214 66... 251 A good demand for all she butcher 6.40 6.37 1/2 No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. steady. Three short bunches of mixed stuff took all the small supply over 6.37 1/2 89... 187 6.35 74... 205 23...1,000 \$4.30 20...1,100 \$3.90 sheep and lambs arrived, and sold 71... 198 the scales in short order. Offerings 73... 215 6.35 6.37 1/2 48... 944 4.25 27... 809 3.55 weak to 21/2c lower than on yesterday. sold steady with Friday. 19 ... 237 103... 168 6.30 6.35 24... 873 4.10 49... 775 3.40 Sales of sheep: Sales of cows: Sheep No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. Stockers and Feeders One load of fairish shorn mixed 28... 84 \$5.90 55... 55 \$6.60 32... 736 1...1,115 \$4.00 \$3.50 sheep sold at \$5.40, with twenty culls As the prospect for additional grass 2... 35 15... 87 5.75 5.90 13... 800 1...1,070 3.35 3.25 out at \$3. The market was about has been bettered by the recent rains, 1... 40 1... 160 2.50 1... 800 *8... 743 4.00 3.15 3.15 steady. pasture men are more active for well 2.50 8... 743 86 3.15 8... 688 3.00 1 ... bred young stuff. But little trading was Horses and Mules 1... 860 5... 672 2.00 2.00 4..... done, however, for packers took the Some little demand has sprung up 1... 860 2... 605 2.00 1.15 bulk of the thin steer supply. The for unbroken horses and small mules. Sales of heifers: TUESDAY'S RECEIPTS market ruled steady, A car load of this mixture went out to No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. W. Smith of Naples. A saddle stal-30... 489 \$3.50 1... 570 . \$3.00 . Cows and Heifers lion was shipped to W. W. Wates of 2... 630 2.20 The supply of she butcher stock was Kerrville, and a German coacher went Calves Sheep 123 0 about equal in volume to the steer to Venus. Three loads of calves were on offer. Horses and mules..... 20 0 run, and quality was good to choice on all of plain quality. Packers took two-00000 the bulk, fed cows of good weight bethirds of the supply at \$3.25, a price 4000000 ing in the majority. Packer demand was but slightly supplemented by local held to be steady. The remaining load remained unsold at a late hour. . SATURDAY'S RECEIPTS Market receipts for Tuesday came butcher buying, and the former were Sales of calves: in about ten-cars for steers, ten cars active enough in the trade to send the No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price of cows and fourteen mixed loads of supply to the scales in good season. Calves 240 • 1... 150 \$4.50 5... 166 \$3.75 stuff. Steers sold steady, medium fed 3... 156 The bulk of the good end sold readily 3.50 143... 153 3.25 cattle making \$4.25. Cows in good de-Sheep 104 • at \$3.10@3.35, and no trouble was ex-10... 379 2.50 10... 237 2.25 mand, prices ranging from \$3.35 to Bulls perienced in moving all decent killing \$3.10, on good killers: Calves sold at cows at fully steady prices. The few bulls on the market sold as \$4.25 for light vealers. Hogs came in follows: to the number of sixteen cars, with Sales of cows: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. The only steers sold on the early No. Ave. Price. the quality common to medium. The Ne: Ave. Price. 1...1,280 \$3.00 1...1,460 \$2.50 market were three loads of good fed market was steady with tops at \$6.371/2, 19... 819 3...1,000 \$3.75 \$2.90 1... 930 2.50 stuff at \$4.35, a steady price. Cows 5... 720 and the bulk at \$6.30@6.35. Sheep 1...1,250 3.75 2.90 Hogs were scarce and steady. Calves of 20... 790 are weak to lower with wethers at \$5,25 3... 876 3.50 2.75 The thirteen loads of hogs on the plain quality weer steady at \$3.25. and lambs at \$6.40. 3.35 4... 842 2.75 Saturday's market acted as a hoodoo Hogs 21/2c to 5e lower, with tops at 9... 805 2... 775 3.35 2.65 Beef Steers on prices. The run was almost ex-\$6.40 and choice Oklahomas selling at 13... 986 8.35 13... 731 2.50 clusively from Oklahoma and terri-Cattle receipts reached 1,700 head, of \$6.35. Sheep were weak. Clipped 15... 831 3.10 . 3... 853 2.35 tory points and of good finish and weathers sold at \$5,40. which 600 were on thru billing or des-5... 780 3.00 758 2.25 7 heavy weights. Nevertheless packers tined for near-by pasture. Steer sup-17... 903 Beef Steers 3.00 7... 717 2.25 put opening bids at a heart-breaking ply was in consequence very short, but 21... \$19 3.00 .12... 512 2:25 Thru cattle made up the bulk of the decline of 212c to 5c. With no apthis afforded but little inconvenience to Sales of heifers: run on Saturday, 1.087 of the 1.365 heparent reason save that they, had the local packers, who had loaded up heavi-No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. ing thus designated. Mixed loads were power. Kansas City reported an adly on Monday. Quality of offerings 3... 520 \$2.55 3... 443 most largely in evidence. Steers came \$2.50 vanced of 5c, with tops at \$6,60, while was just medium, all partly fed steers. Bulls in about seven loads with two loads of the best offer here was \$6.40 on choice. Demand was large enough to absorb Bulls were scarce and selling about hold overs from yesterday. Two loads heavy Oklahomas, while on the late the the whole supply easily, and dicksteady to a slack demand. market \$6.35 was the best offer for like | ering was not protracted, the bulk of of these sold at \$3.15, a price held to Sales of bulls:



Godair-Crowley Commission Company. Steer Trade

VIEWS ON THE MARKETS

Monday's steer trade opened with the heaviest run of the year, around one hundred and fifteen cars arriving for the market. The bulk of the offerings were South Texas grassers, altho cake fed and corn fed steers were well represented. The average quality of the supply was good to choice corn fed steers, reaching \$5.50; cake fed, \$4,65, and grassers, \$4.50.

In view of the liberal run on the local market and liberal receipts north, a decline in prices would not have been surprising. However, the packers entered the trade with good orders and seemed disposed to buy such of

view of the heavy run offered Monday trading opened slow and inactive on . shade lower basis.

conditions we anticipate a steady market; especially on choice steers, cake

any improvement the balance of the such demand as last week, this grade close. Medium to good cows and the week.

E. E. BALDRIDGE.

Rog Trade With moderate receipts Monday, the

hog market opened steady with the close of last week tops selling at \$6.40. Tuesday's run was again light, but adverse reports came in from the northern markets and the general sales ruled 21-2c lower than Monday. It is very uncertain as to how the

market will rule the balance of the week. We are not inclined to look for any further decline in prices, but do not anticipate much improvement. Think you can figure on the below quotations for anything you may have for immediate shipment.

We quote best heavy hogs, \$6.3712; good mixed packers, \$6.25 to \$6.35; medium packing kinds, \$6 to \$6.15; pigs, \$5 to \$5.50, JOHN F. GRANT.

Butcher Stock

5... 276 2.50 Butcher stock was in moderate supthe offerings as they could use at Hogs last week. It was late in the day besteady figures with last week's close. ply on Monday's market, as compared fore any sales were made, but wires Less than twenty loads of hogs came with the liberal run of steers. About Tuesday's receipts were light, but in from the northern markets quoted a 50c 25 cars arrived for the trade, with the decline, and the salesmen were inclined average quality medium to good. Quite to concede the decline rather than risk a sprinkle of few cows was noticed forwarding the offerings. Practically among the offerings and the grassers Prospects indicate a light run the no calves arrived for Tuesday's trade. showed a good top. In view of the balance of the week and under these. The tone of the market, however, was liberal receipts reported north and the no better than on Monday. In view ample supply held here, trading was of the unsettied condition of the calf slow in opening. However, best cows fed, corn fed or grassers. market Tuesday, we do not anticipate sold on a steady basis with last week's Medium fleshed steers are not in

with a light supply and about the same conditions prevailed as on Monday. There is nothing evident that would prompt us to predict any change in the market the balance of the week. The cow market is in good shape and we believe prices will hold firm. Heifers showing flesh are also selling good. Common and medium heifers, however, are selling 15c to 25c lower than a week ago.

We quote choice fed cows \$3.50 to \$3.75; choice grass cows \$3.25 to \$3.50; cutters, \$2.50 to \$2.75; young thin cows, \$2.00 to \$2.25; canners \$1.50 to \$1.85.

A. C. THOMAS,

Calf Trade

Ten loads of calves arrived for Monday's trade, consisting of two or three loads of good quality light vealers and eight loads of common to medium grades. Trading opened slow and on a good 50c decline from the close of

Page Sixteen

CHART DIDE ANT IN

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Consolidation of The Texas Stock Journal with the West Texas Stockman. Published every Wednesday.

Entered as second-class matter, Jan. 5, 1904, at the postoffice at Fort Worth, Texas, under the act of congress of March 3, 1879.

HEC A. McEACHIN.....Editor D. R. MURRAY....Business Manager

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION, TELE-GRAM BUILDING. Eighth and Throckmorton Streets,

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: ____ One Year, in advance.....\$1.50

Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas. OFFICERS:

President-I. T. Pryor.....San Antonio First Vice President-Richard Walsh

Second Vice President-J. H. P. Davis..... Richmond

Secretary—H. E. Crowley, ... Fort Worth Assistant Secretary—Berkely Spil-

lerFort Worth Treasurer—S. B. Burnett. Fort Worth

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN

Fully appreciating the efforts put forth by The Stockman-Journal in furthering the interests of the cattle industry in general and the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas in particular, and believing that said Stockman-Journal is in all respects representative of the interests it champions, and reposing confidence in its management to in future wisely and discreetly champion the interests of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, do hereby, in executive meeting assembled, endorse the policies of said paper, adopt it as the official organ of this association, and commend it to the membership as such.

Done by order of the executive committee, in the city of Fort Worth, this March 18, 1905.

TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE

Colonel C. C. Poole is the duly authorized traveling representative of this paper, and as such has full authority to collect subscription accounts and contract advertising.

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL.

It is our aim not to admit into our advertising columns any but reliable advertisers, and we believe that all the advertisements in this paper are from responsible people. If subscribers find any of them to be otherwise, we will esteem it a favor if they will advise us. We accept no "fake" or undesirable medical advertisements at any price. We intend to have a clean paper for clean advertisements. Our readers are asked to always mention The Stockman-Journal when answering any advertisements in it. this spring. The stuff that is changing hands is moving on a legitimate and satisfactory basis, and there will be no sales made that will not measure up to the same requirements.

TITE MAN

Cattlemen here during the week have been generally quite optimistic over the outlook, and while the range is still needing rain in some localities, the general report is that grass is very good and all classes of cattle that have been on good ranges are in very satisfactory condition. Where drouth has prevailed conditions are not so satisfactory.

SHOULD RAISE MORE SHEEP

It has not been many years since Texas was one of the greatest sheep producing states in the union. Much of West Texas was covered by thousands of sheep and the wool industry was one of the greatest features of that section. But a combination of circumstances conspired to knock the sheep business out, and in many counties in that section where sheep were formerly abundant not a single hoof can now be seen. A few cattlemen in that section have overcome their antipathy toward sheep and are now producing them on their ranches in conjunction with cattle. One of these in discussing his experience with sheep, says he has met with success in handling them, and after an experience of several years he has come to the conclusion that the animals do better without protection. This is something of a new theory in the sheep business, and will doubtless attract attention. He says:

"I believe the greatest success can be had in sheep raising if they are left almost entirely out in the air, and I have proven this even to my own satisfaction. I never bring my sheep in from the time there is grass enough to justify them in going out in the spring. They are never housed, night or day, and I find I can succeed with them better that way than I can by bringing them in and housing them.

One of the advantages of sheep raising is the small expenditure that is necessary to provide for them and take care of them. Then the different kinds of forage that a sheep will devour and thrive on is another advantage and a very considerable one. I have heard many ranchmen say that one of their greatest objections to sheep is that they are very hard to pasture. My experience is that you can carry more sheep, more pounds of sheep to the acre, by 25 to 30 per cent, than any other kind of stock; that is, when they are living on the pasture alone.

"It is a surprise to me that the people of West Texas have not awakened on the sheep question and restored the sheep and wool industry to something like its former proportions. We all know from both experience and observation, that West Texas is a great sheep country, and the men out there today who are engaged in the business are making good money out of their investments."

people have realized the size of the contract that lay before them. All these cattle that had so unexpectedly come into sight had to be gotten into the territories and Kansas before the government quarantine limitations went into effect the first week in May, as after that time the stuff could not enter. May is rapidly approaching, and huscle as they might, it appeared there was no falling off in the demand for cars or the threats of big damage suits in the event the cars were not immediately forthcoming. Conditions were the most serious down in the southwestern range country, where some ranchmen were engaged in the delectable occupation of skinning an average of about twenty head of cattle per day, on account of the fact that moisture had failed to connect with that section for about ten months. And when a man knows he is losing several hundred dollars daily and believes that loss is largely the result of the inability of the railways to furnish him the shipping facilities he has ordered and paid for in advance, it is little wonder that the milk of human kindness in his breast all turns to clabber, and he forthwith determines that the losses shall be shared with the offending railway company.

Incidentally, it may be stated that the real ranchmen of Texas are as a rule quite averse to damage suits against the railways. They do not care to be mixed up in legal complications, which require time and attention, and would gladly avoid the necessity of filing a single suit. But under the existing conditions there is no other recourse for them. In the majority of instances they care little for the actual amount recovered at the end of such suits, and only press them with the hope that they will serve as object lessons in the future and inspire the transportation companies to get a move on themselves and furnish adequate shipping facilities. There is no desire to fleece the railways, as some people have been led to imagine.

But the skies are clearing so far as the railway men and the ranchmen are concerned. Bountiful rains have fallen over the most sorely stricken range districts, and that puts a new phase on the situation. President Ike T. Pryor of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, whose home is in San Antonio, was here just after the rains had fallen and rejoiced greatly over their coming. He expressed the opinion that sufficient rain had fallen in the southwest country to so improve range conditions that the rush to outside pastures would come to a summary close, and the despairing ranchmen who have been bewailing their inability to get their stuff out, will be content to keep it at home. It does not require but a few days for grass to get good after rain has fallen, and southwest Texas will now soon be as green as the proverbial wheat field.

A Pious Object Lesson

This tenderfoot seemed hoein' in a mighty rocky 10W;

- Moped around the rancho like a ghost that had no place to go;
- A thin an' saller lookin' chap, a-rastlin with a cough
- He seemed to know had come to stay, an' some day take him off,
- An' yet he never made a roar, was never known to kick,
- Nor never sprung a durned complaint about a-bein' sick,
- But always flashed a smilin' face an' liked to take a part
- In any sort o' jolly fun the cowboy gang'd start.

The only times we'd ever shy an' chop off on the cuss .

- Was when he'd sling his Bible texts an' pious talk at us,
- An' this he'd purty frequent do, advisin' us to turn,
- An' sayin' our immortal souls was givin' him concern.
- The cowboys, take 'em as they run, don't hanker after wings
- An' golden harps an' songs o' praise, an' all that sort o' things.
- But when he'd turn his talker loose an' light the gospel glim
- We'd stand an' take our medicine jes' thru respeck for him.
- He'd kneel down in the bunkhouse an' 'd bow his sickly head
- To say his prayers every night afore he'd hit the bed.
- Us fellers sittin' still as mice until he'd made the deal,
- A-feelin' what you'd call a sort o' reverential feel,
- We never made no game o' him, we'd never laugh and scoff
- When he would crook his pious knees to work a praver off;
- Fur recollections come to us, not always free from shame,
- Of the childhood days when mothers ust to make us do the same.
- We stood around him when he died, an' I jest want to say
- There's somethin' more than nerve that helps a Christian pass away;
- A smile was on his peeked face, an' in his eyes a light
- That told us he was seein' things 'twas hid from sinful sight.
- An' after he was bexed an' shipped back on his homeward trip
- Us fellers ust to set an' talk 'bout how he slipped his grip,
- It throwin' more reprovin' light upon our sinful ways
- Than all the pulpit sermons could since John the Baptis' days. JAMES BARTON ADAMS.

SPRING SALES OF CATTLE

While there has been nothing of the nature of a boom in cattle prices this spring, the producing element of the state as a rule is very well satisfied with the figures that have prevailed, which have been materially better than those of previous years. As a general thing, the prices received this spring are from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per head better than last year, and as the prices heretofore have been just about the real cost of production, it can be set down as a very safe proposition that the Texas cattlemen are making a little money this spring-not enough for the purpose of creating any excitement, but sufficient to recompense them in some degree for their care and trouble."

The Texas producer this spring has been largely independent of the men who are usually in position to fix the prices, and this no doubt accounts to some extent for the betterment of prices. When prospective buyers began to whittle and ask for figures early in the spring, the producer met them with a stiff upper lip predicated on the flatfooted assertion that they did not have to sell. "We have enough local demand to take care of all our stuff," was the talk made by the producers, and subsequent developments proved they were mixing strong medicine. If there were enough Texas demand to take all the Texas stuff, then it was clear the out-Bide buyers would have to compete with Texas buyers in the matter of price and the longest pole would promptly take the persimmon.

A little quiet investigation established the fact that the Texans knew what they were talking about, and as a result every sale made so far this geason has shown an improvement over last season, and every dollar profit made by the producer has but served to add to the generally stiffening tenidency of the market. No cattle are being sold under compulsion in Texas

RAINS HELP THE RANGE

It is difficult to determine whether the cattlemen or railway people are rejoicing the most over the fine rains that have visited such a large portion of the range country during the past week.' For several weeks the railways have been wrestling with one of the greatest problems they have had to contend with in some time--that of making the limited equipment at their disposal accommodate the largest movement of Texas cattle to outside pastures that had presented itself for years. The movement this spring has been estimated as high as 350,000 head, which would require in the aggregate at least 10,000 cars to handle and constituting an excess over last season's shipments of at least 100,000 head.

From one end of Texas to the other there has come steady and peremptory demands for cars, coupled with the information that grass and water were short, the cattle were being held in the vicinity of shipping pens where grazing was becoming more limited daily. and the condition of much of the range country was such as to insure the death of thousands of cattle unless they could be moved out at once. Money for the cars ordered was deposited with railway agents at shipping points and curt notices given that if the required means of transportation were not furnished within the time required by law dire penalties would be invoked. Then the railway people proceeded to get busy. A few of them have been able to fairly meet the unprecedented demands of the situation, but in the majority of instances it has been beyond their power to do more than furnish sufficient cars to make it appear they were doing their level best, and in this way they have succeeded in partially placating irate shippers and keep them hopeful that down the line cars had been located and would be rolling westward as soon as steam could bring them. But as a matter of fact, the railway

CATTLEMAN KILLED

Fatal Ending of Struggle With Sheep-Grazers in Colorado

DENVER, Colo., April 27.—For many years a bitter feud has existed between the cattlemen on one side and the sheepmen on the other in the west, especially in Montana and Wyoming. The same troubles have also prevailed to a certain extent in certain portions of Colorado, altho not to such an extent, all due to the grazing question. Cattlemen claim that where the sheep are permitted to graze they destroy the range for the cattle. Hence the difficulties.

These troubles culminated in a pitched battle a few days ago near Montrose, this state, in which Charles Wilkinson was shot dead and William Young, accused of shooting him, is now in jail at Montrose. The killing occurred in Paradox valley.

Wilkinson belonged to the Cattle Growers' Association and was a prominent man, being quite wealthy. In this instance the killing resulted over a division of the range for grazing purposes.

Last year the troubles resulted in an open battle between the two factions, during which several men were seriously wounded and a man named Young was killed outright.

JAPANESE ORANGE

This week Wiley F. Jones received a quantity of Japanese orange trees of a very hardy variety from Florida, which he has had placed upon different ranches of the artesian district. He ordered them for experimental purposes and is confident of successful results. They are of a fine, sweet, seedless variety, budded on to a very hardy root, and we hope the experiment may be the means of adding to the many resources of our farming community.—Safford Guardian;

TO MAKE EWES OWN LAMBS

There are various ways suggested to make a ewe own her own lamb, or a twin from another ewe that has not enough milk for both. Some advise whipping the ewe into subjection, but this is very cruel and seldom satisfactory. When a ewe loses her own lamb and it is desired to make her own anther, it has been recommended to skin her own dead lamb and tie the pelt over the lamb that is to be adopted. This plan is sometimes satisfactory of the ewe's sense of smell is not very keen, altho it more often fails. Other breeders have tried tying a dog nearby, claiming that the maternal instinct of the ewe will exert itself to shield it from the dog. Perhaps the most satisfactory method when a ewe refuses to own her lamb is to fasten her in between two hurdles. This gives her a chance to eat and at the same time prevents her from turning around to butt the lamb. In such a position, however, the ewe will often lie down. This may be prevented by passing a light pole thru the hurdles, resting it on the lower bars beneath her belly. The ewe can be confined this way thruout the day and if the lamb is at all lively, it will manage to get enough to eat. The ewe should always be released at night. A day or two of such confinement is often sufficient to bring an obstinate ewe to reason. Such hurdles can easily be made by any farmer and it is well to have them on hand for such emergencies.

Cattle Movement

The movement of cattle to the pastures in Oklahoma is well on and the movement has been quite heavy up to this time on account of the drouth in south Texas. The movement over the Santa Fe is pretty well over, but it is still heavy from south Texas over the International and Great Northern, and from the Aransas Pass territory over the Katy thru Fort Worth.

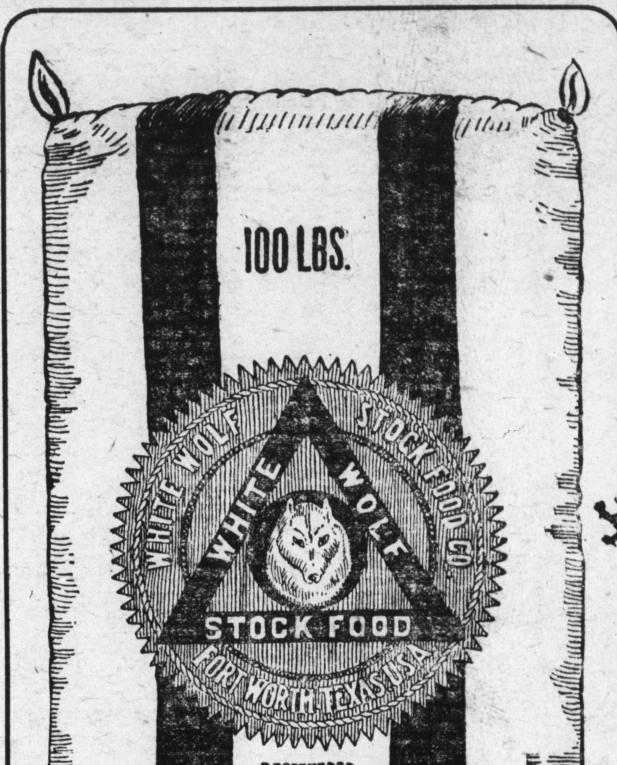
WARNING TO HORSE BREEDERS

A successful horse breeder gives this sensible advice to the breeding of the horse for market:

The very rapid increase in the value of all good, useful horses will very masical qualities of the animals, for the former is inherited and transmitted with as great uniformity as the latter. THE TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL

WHITE WOLF STOCK FOOD

Formerly Advertised and Sold as RED CROSS STOCK FOOD





S a food of value this feed surpasses all feeds on the market. While it contains corn, oats and barley, it is a better feed than either, because it is so proportioned as to make a balanced ration;

the feeding result of which is firmer flesh, a building up of bone and muscle. Being very nutritious, it quickly produces results readily appreciated by the change of color and glossiness of the animals' hair. This feed contains alfalfa and bran, along with the above mentioned cereals, combined and so ground as to warrant a quick digestion.

A Proper Trial of This Feed Will Convince You



FEED COMPANY

WHITE WOLF

Manufacturers, Fort Worth, Texas.

Or Medlin Milling Co.

SELLING AGENTS

SWINE

SQUEELS FROM THE PIGS

Adding a little oil meal to the slop will aid materially in-maintaining a thrifty growth with the pigs.

Getting the pig into market as soon as possible is the way to make pork production most profitable.

An active hog will make more muscle and make it faster than an inactive or sluggish one.

Early maturity is simply impossible if the animals are stunted while they are forming both bone and muscle.

Growing pigs need a richer ration in winter than in summer and one that will supply more animal heat.

Every breed sow should have great depth of carcass, be strong about the heart, good broad back and limbs.

The purity and high breeding of an animal determine its power to transmit Xs good properties to its offspring.

Charcoal or coarse coal and wood ashes should always be kept where the hogs can reach them as a preventive of worms.

A hog will thrive much better if he comes to fresh feed every time rather than to that he has mussed over before.

Of two lots of pigs with same care and surroundings, except that one has slop as a part ration, the lot having slop will thrive best.

Sell hogs when the market is best and they are ready. There is no wisdom or economy in keeping hogs until they weigh just so many pounds.

The sooner an animal can be gotten to market the less will be the bill for its feed or maintenance, which is the great factor in its cost.

GREEN FEED FOR HOGS AND COWS IN SUMMER

As my farm is not a large one, I do not always have sufficient pasture for my hogs and cows. In order to help out and provide green feed during a portion of the summer and early fall, I plan a small field near the barn and hog pen to evergreen sweet corn every spring. About July 20 this corn is large enough to begin to feed, and about that time the pasture begins to fail. At milking time night and morning I feed my cows a liberal ration of this green corn fodder, which they greatly relish. At the same time the pigs in the yard are fed what they will eat up clean. They thrive on this kind of feed and it saves a large amount of land that would otherwise have to be used for pasture.

By using a wheel barrow it is no great job to feed half a dozen cows and eight or ten pigs. But, of course, the sweet corn should be planted conveniently near the cow-stable and pig yard. One acre of evergreen sweet corn planted thickly in drills will furnish more succulent feed during the latter part of July, August and September than half a dozen acres of pasture.

I would advise every small farmer who has never done so to plant a small patch of corn this spring and feed it as recommended above and see if it does not pay.—John Jackson, Ottawa County, Mich.

TO GROW HOGS ON PASTURE

Keep corn constantly before hogs on grass. In the morning after they have eaten their fill of corn, feed a slop of bran and middlings, mixed half and half by weight, at the rate of one pound for each hundredweight of hogs. There is no danger of feeding a pig too much corn if it is supplemented with other balanced foods. When feed has to be bought I feed the young pigs two quarts of shorts, one quart ground oats, and one quart cornmeal, mixed in two

parts with water. After shoats have been weened about two weeks. I give them one quart less of shorts and substitute a quart of cheap flour. The last eight weeks of their feeding period I give them one quart mixed grain, one quart flour, two quarts cornmeal and the last four weeks before selling, I give an extra pint of corn, the last thing at night. All of these feeds for a hog weighing 250 pounds cost about \$13 and I am usually able to sell for a good price. Small potatoes or other vegetables are good substitutes for part of the grain, and will reduce the cost. Keep the pigs healthy by having a box of charcoal and a drinking fountain with plenty of fresh water in the pasture, plenty of succulent grass and good shade 'in hot weather. Hogs treated in this manner will never die from cholera, or any other disease. Worms will not stay by them .-- O. Melvold, Lyon Co., Minn.

A BOY WITH GUMPTION

It is now time to begin to put the work horses in condition for the spring campaign, says Tim in Farm Journal. Exercise them every day, give some grain, and use the comb and brush vigorously. It is cruel as well as profitless to put horses at hard work without pretty thoro preparation. Page Sixteen

SHIP CATTLE TO **NORTHERN RANGE** Total of 752 Cars Recorded by Inspectors

According to reports of the inspec-

tors of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, the rains of last week were general over most of the cattle country, altho a few places are still complaining of draw weather with the grass getting into bad~ shape.

Heavy shipments of cattle are still being made to the northern pastures, the record of the week being the largest that has been reported yet, a total of 752 cars being recorded by inspectors. A number of inspectors have not sent in their reports for the week, so that the total number of cars of cattle shipped to northern ranges during the last week will probably amount to over one thousand.

Allowing thirty head of cattle to the car, the total shipments of cattle during the week will amount to 22,560, for those reported now with more to come. As usual, San Angelo leads, with 173 cars shipped last week.

The reports of the inspectors are as follows:

San Angelo-Last part of the week, a mistry rain fell. Heavy shipments of cattle to northern ranges still continue, 173 cars being shipped out during the last week, two less than the week before. All these cars went to Indian and Oklahoma Territory pastures. Among the shippers were E. H. Wallace, 69 cars; L. C. Halbert, 6 cars; J. Q. McCabe, 22 cars; J. S. Todd, 66 cars; J. M. Shannon, 2 cars; O. T. Butler, 5 cars .-- Lee Wilson, Inspector. Encinal, Cotulla-One hundred and sixty-one cars of cattle shipped during the week; almost all to northern pastures, a few cars, however, going to Fort Worth. Among the shippers were Pool & Smith, 16 cars; J. B. Blocker, 42 cars; F. M. Shaw, 35 cars; W. H. Jennings, 45 cars .- T. H. Poolem, Inspector.

Beevlile, Skidmore, Tynan, Alfred-Range dry; rains Thursday and Saturday; 77 cars cattle shipped to northern ranges and six to Fort Worth .-- John E. Rigby. Inspector.

Victoria, Inez, Clarks-Range and weather good; good showers Friday, Saturday and Sunday: 69 cars cattle shipped to Indian Territory. Shippers were G. W. Sutherland, 15 cars; L. L. Baldridge, 5 cars; H. M. Stonebreaker, acars.-Charles E. Martin, Inspector.-Monahan, Odessa, Midland-Range and weather good; 130 cars cattle shipped to Kansas pastures and three to Fort Worth .-- W. L. Calahan, Inspector.

Osage reservation .- F. M. Cauton, Inspector. Englewood, Caldwell, Ashland-Have had on the Englewood branch of the Santa Fe 350 cars of cattle to go to Eastern Kansas. So far haven't been able to get cars, but hope to get them next week .- B. F. Harper, Inspector. Carlsbad, N. M.-No cars in sight: 900 head of cattle belonging to one shipper, waiting for cars to ship and another had ordered fifty cars, but has not received them yet .--- Ed Toner, Inspector. Pecos-Weather dry and misty; cold

----- DIUCAMAN-JUURNAL

THE THE

rain Saturday and Sunday: 35 cars cattle shipped to Kansas ranges; 8 cars by Chaces & Huddleston; 37 cars by Gibson & Baldridge .-- C. Brown, Inspector.

SHEEP

SHEEP ON THE FARM

At the Ontario winter fair,' Guelph, Mr. Joe Campbell, Woodville, discussed the requirements of a sheep house. In building a suitable pen, as in other farm operations, notice should be taken of the preference of sheep for resting on dry roads as compared with grassy plots. This characteristic demonstrates that the building site of a sheep house cannot be too high and dry for the best comfort of the stock, for if there is one thing more than another that sheep do not like it is dampness; and to insure perfect dryness in a pen it must be well lighted. Another characteristic of sheep to remember when building a house is that they require a lot of exercise during their whole lives. Notice how well lambs grow on the roadside, where they have to follow the dams over considerable distances. Especially do pregnant ewes require exercise. These are points to bear in mind in selecting a site for building. The house itself can then be built of the desired material, but wooden walls are to be preferred. The place must not be too warm, and must be well ventilated, else the sheep will show their disapproval of arrangements by sleeping out in the yard. The feed racks may vary according to the variety of stock kept. With the short wools the side of the rack from which the sheep feed should be perpendicular, to prevent the chaff getting into the wool. Beneath this rack there should be a trough for feeding grain and roots. Mangolds should never be fed to pregnant ewes, and never more than two pounds of turning per day to the smaller breeds. nor four or five to the larger breeds, gradually accustoming them to the amount. Always look well to the water supply in order to prevent the sheep acquiring an appetite for snow. Clean the pen out frequently, if roots and other succulent foods are fed. Provide plenty of salt; keep other stock away from sheep, and provide rape for pasture in the fall. Sheep should never be kept on permanent pastures. as the practice is sure to bring on disease and encourage parasites .---American Stockman.

FOR WEST TEXAS Kentucky Horses and Fine Cattle to Be Raised William Withers of Boyle county, Kentucky, was in Fort Worth Tuesday, en route to West Texas on a hunt after a tract of land suitable for the establishment of a stock farm. He left for the west Wednesday morning and will make a complete tour of the western part of the state east of the plains

BIG STOCK FARM

said "I am after a body of land on which to establish a blooded stock farm, both cattle and horses. I prefer land on which there is running water, but if I cannot get that, land on which water in abundance can be secured by sinking wells, will answer. I propose to engage in the breeding of fine stock in Texas if I can secure what I am after."

and north of the Colorado river. He

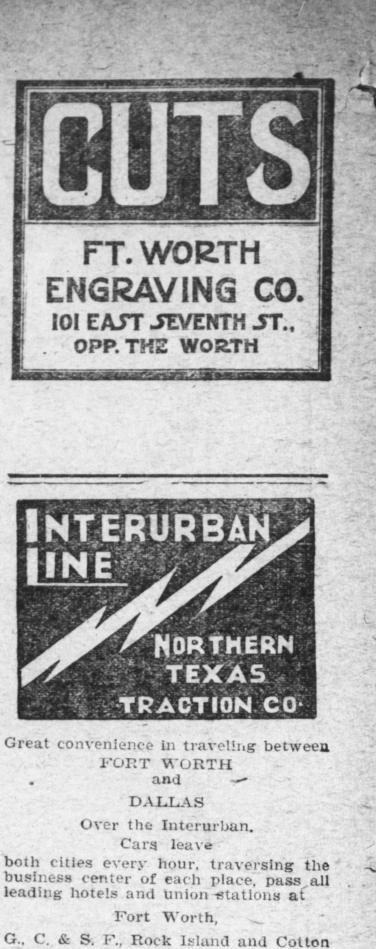
Asked if there was much of a movement from Kentucky to Texas probable, Mr. Withers said:

"Not as much as there has been, Kentucky has furnished its part of the population of Texas and there is not so much restlessness back in the old state as there has been. In the past Kentucky people have been coming to Texas because they could get good land here cheaper than they could buy the same character of land elsewhere, but now conditions are different. Lands in Texas have become so valuable that the price has been advanced and that has had a tendency to check the Texas movement in my state. However, there are people still back in the old commonwealth who have, every now and then, attacks of Texas fever."

LARGE CATTLE DEAL

George T. Reynolds Sells Eighty Cars of Cattle to California Buyers

George T. Reynolds of Fort Worth has remained on the Reynolds Cattle Company ranch at Kent for over a week longer than he originally intended and he will probably remain there for several more days. When he went out it was with the intention of disposing of 2,400 2 and 3-year-old steers Several parties were willing to take them if cars could be provided, but they refused otherwise. . The cattle have finally been sold to Miller & Lux of San Francisco for shipment to California, the Texas and Pacific and Southern Pacific having promised the cars for May 1, 3, 5 and 20. Altogether eighty cars will be used in the shipment. Terms of the sale of the cattle have not been announced.



Belt Stations, Dallas. Five Baggage cars each way daily.

W. C. FORBESS, G. P. & T. A. Fort Worth, Texas,

Alice, Hebbronville, Realitos-Range improving steadily. Rain reported every day in the week' except Monday and Tuesday; 87 cars cattle shipped, almost all to northern ranges .-- James Gibson, Inspector.

Kingsville, Inara, Placedo-Rain Friday and Saturday; remainder of the week dry; twenty cars of cattle shipped by H. M. Stonebreaker to Kansas.-W. B. Shelton, Inspector.

Dickens-Range fair and weather very dry. The grass has quit growing on account of lack of rain.-J. D. Harkey, Inspector.

Pawnee, Fairfax, Rolston-Weather alternating from cold to warn, but all the time dry. Heavy shipments of cattle being received from Texas for



Fort Worth, Texas, guaraniees to teach you bookkeeping and banking in from eight to ten weeks, and shorthand in as short a time as any first-class college. Positions secured, or money refunded. Notes accepted for tuition. For catalogue address J. W. Draughon, president, Sixth and Main streets, Fort Worth, Texas.

Rogan & Simmons

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Rooms 9, 10 and 11, First National Bank

105 W. 7th. St. Austin Texas.

VETERINARY COURSE AT HOME. S12UC year and upwards can be made taking our Veterinary Course at home during sparetime : taught in simplest Engl sb ; Diploms granted. positions obtained successful stu-dent ; cost in reach of all ; satisfaction guaranteed ; particulars free . ONTARIO VETERINARY CORRESPON-DENCE SCHOOL, Dept. 17, London, Canada.

SHEEP FEEDING NOTES

Sheep should be fed regularly in the winter. In fact, as much depends on the regularity of feeding as on the food itself. Those who are familiar with the characteristics of sheep know that they always become restless about feeding time. The value of regular feeding has been demonstrated by experiments with two flocks. One was fed daily at 6 o'clock in the morning and again at different times during the day. The result was that the flock fed regularly turned out in a thrifty condition the following spring while the others were thin and sickly. Many of the latter flock had died during the winter and fully 8 per cent of the lambs had either died at birth or made only a stunted growth. By feeding at a set time every morning and evening, better results will be obtained. The essentials in the winter care of sheep are regular feeding, plenty of water and salt and roughage. This means, contentment for the flocks and contentment in this case for everything. -Shepard's Criterion.

Big Cattle Sales

SAN ANGELO, Texas, April 27 .--Taylor & Garland have purchased, received and shipped from San Angelo, the following three and four-year-old steers-- to Red Rock, O. T., for pasturage:

From J. M. Shannon, Crockett county, 1,500 head.

From Ellis & Phelps, Crockett county. 700 head.

From C. A. Broome, San Angelo, 700 head.

From Hall Brothers. Water Valley, 600 head.

From Jim Garrett, Knickerbocker, 100 head.

From R. F. Tankersley, Knickerbocker, 500 head,

and a cather and a faith

The Santa Fe could not promise cars for shipment of the cattle over its lines until after July 1, shipments now booked filling up the supply of cars until that date.

If Americans would buy more purebred draft mares and not try to grade up from scrub mares, they would find the results more satisfactory. This is the opinion of Arthur Beck, in charge of the king's shires.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

We will permit any one to drive cattle to Bovina for shipment included within the following lines:

Beginning at Texico and running south along the state line between New Mexico and Texas to the southwest corner of Yoakum county, thence east along the south lines of Yoakum and Terry counties to southeast corner of Terry county, thence north along the east lines of Terry, Hockley and Lamb counties to the northeast corner of the Elwood pasture, thense east to the southeast corner of the North ranch of George M. Slaughter, and along the east and north lines of said ranch to the east fence of the Spring Lake pasture of the W. E. Halsell ranch thence north and west along the old original lines of the capitol syndicate ranch to the Pecos Valley railway.

It is mutually agreed that parties driving cattle to Bovina shall have only a reasonable length of time to drive thru pastures of the undersigned, and two days for shipping at Bovina. For any further time required 2 cents perday per head shall be charged.

W. E. HALSELL, PHELPS WHITE. C. K. WARREN. GEO. M. SLAUGHTER. JOHN W. JONES. WALLACE GOODE. W. D. JOHNSON, H. S. BOICE, W. L. ELLWOOD.



DATE AG

LOW RATES VIA. THE COTTON BELT.

Annual reunion United Confederate Veterans, Richmond, Va., May 30 to June-3, 1907.

General assembly Presbyterian church in United States America, at Columubs, Ohio, May 15 to 30.

National Congress of Mothers, at Los Angeles, Cal., May 10 to 15.

National Electric Medical Association, at Los Angeles, Cal., June 18 to 21.

Annual meeting Grand Lodge B. P. O. E., at Philadelphia, Pa., Junly 15. to 20.

General Assembly Presbyterian church in United States, at Birmingham, May 16 to 25.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at Los Angeles, Cal., May 6 to 11.

Conference of German Baptist Bretheren, at Los Angeles, Cal., May 16 to 23.

General assembly Cumberland Presbyterian church, at Dickson, Tenn., May 16 to 25.

Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition, at Norfolk, Va., April 26 to Nov. 30. 1907.

Tennessee Funeral Directors and Embalmers' Association. at Nashville, Tenn., May 7 to 12.

Annual convention International Independent Telephone Association of America, at Chicago, June 3 to 6.

Special excursions to the City of Mexico, May, June and July, 1907.

Twenty-third International Christian Endeavor convention, at Seattle, Wash., July 10 to 15.

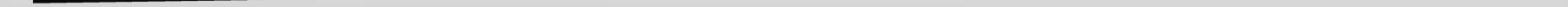
Convention Baptist Young People's Union; Seattle, Wash., July 4 to 7. Grand Lodge Independent Order of Good Templars, Seattle, Wash., July 16 to 22.

Some of the rates authorized for the above occasions are as low as one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. By reading over the list of cities above you will note it will be to your interest to see the nearest Cotton Belt agent, or to address the following represenfatives, in the event you contemplate a trip to or near any of them.

JOHN F. LEHANE, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Tyler, Texas,

R. C. FYFE,

Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent, Tyler, Texas.



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THE TEXAS STOCKMAN JUCKNAL

LITTLE MAVERICKS

Fighting Fever Ticks.

VICTORIA, Tex., April 27 .- Mr. W. A. Hooker of the department of agriculture has been here for several days upon work connected with the bureau of animal industry. In company with Mr. J. D. Mitchell of this city he is giving the Texas fever tick a thorough study. It is the purpose of the government to find a means of eradicating this evil, and a campaign of education will be inaugurated to that end as soon as conclusions are reached in the investigations. Every one who has any stock should avail himself of the published bulletin upon this subject, that the government has prepared. They can secure the same by applying to the secretary of agriculture. It is not generally known that the fever tick is generally over the whole Southland from the Atlantic to the Pacific, while Mexico is thoroughly infested, says Mr. Hooker. There is nothing that causes a greater loss to the people of the South than this same fever tick, the boll weevil not excepted. The plan that is being tried is the feed lot and pasture rotation methods.

It is known that the tick will live just so long if there is nothing for it to feed upon, and if all stock is removed from an infected pasture the ticks in that pasture will die in a short while, the time varying with the seasons. Then clean cattle may be put in that pasture and will remain free until the tick is reintroduced. The tick is about the only form of animal life that can transfer the fever or disease to its young through the egg, and as the female lays from 1,500 to 3,000 eggs, the chances for spreading the disease are plenty. Some parts of the infected area are practically clean of the disease, just thru the efforts put forth as outlined above. The hearty co-operation of all stock owners is asked for, and the returns will far exceed any inconvenience or loss that may be occasioned by the carrying out of these ideas.

Must Furnish Cars.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 17 .- Railroads must furnish cars for shipment between points in Texas upon Jemand, the supreme court today holding that the law on the subject, acts 4497 to 4502, as amended in 1899, are valid as to intrastate shipments. It affirmed the judgment of the district court in the case of Allen vs. Texas & Pacific, from Nolan county, reversing the judgment of the Fort Worth court of civil appeals. Associate Justice Williams wrote an elaborate opinion upholding the statutes and correcting the erroneous idea of the Fort Worth appellate court relative to a decision of the supreme court of the United States in Houston & Texas Central Railway company vs. Mays, which held the Texas statutes void in its application to interstate commerce," as imposing a burden upon it. "The court of civil appeals thought that while the decision referred to expressly decided only the federal question stated, the reasoning of the opinion condemned the statutes as a regulation of the intrastate business of the railroad as well."

there is big money in the business. Hog prices are so high now that they pay extra well. We also raise bumper forage crops, kafir corn, cane and the like. These are excellent feeds for cattle, and the kafir corn when threshed makes a fine feed for all kinds of stock. A large acreage of corn was put in this spring.—Drovers' Telegram.

Stockmen Should Aid.

Word comes from Washington to the effect that the federal government is going to make a vigorous fight against the sheep scab and the cattle mange this year. Late advices from the western range states give the information that those government are just as determined to wage unremitting war against these costly diseases. All that is lacking now is the free co-operation in this grand work of cattlemen and flock masters.

Range Conditions Good.

The range conditions at the present time have never been more encouraging, both for the increase of the herd and flock. Reports from the Northwest indicate the weather clear and dry, the range fairly good and the calf and lamb crop well started, with excellent prospects of saving a larger per cent than usual, says the Twentieth Century Farmer.

More Ranches to Cut Up.

The Fant, Brown and Aransas ranches in Live Oak and Bee counties, comprising about 40,000 acres, have been sold to Clifton George of Indian Territry. The price was \$8 an acre, or \$320,000 for the 40,000 acres. It is the intention of the purchaser to cut up these ranches and put them on the market for farmers in farm tracts.

Canada Found Wanting

Thomas McDonald, foreman of the Bear Paw Pool cattle outfit of northern Montana, speaking of the Canadian Northwest as a range country, said in an interview: "The Canadian country has been given a trial by the big outfits and has not been found to be an altogether ideal place for growing live stock. The winters are too long and too severe and the losses are so heavy during this season that it overbalances the advantages of good summer range. I think they will all be getting southward soon. The dose has been too severe this winter."

The Fat Stock Show

The steady growth of the Fat Stock Show held annually at Fort Worth is a matter of deep satisfaction to all intelligent farmers and stockmen, because it is a prophecy of greater prosperity for the land owners and soil tillers of the Lone Star State. Without good soil Texas would not be Texas. We now have a valuable pure bred live stock interest of considerable magnitude, and as the intelligence in matters agricultural increases, as it is steadily doing, this better live stock idea will run more freely and occupy a larger field.—Farm and Ranch.

LONG TIME LOANS On Cattle or Land

Pnop Tal

If you can give good security and will pay 10 per cent interest, you can obtain long-time loans from an old-established private bank; large loans a specialty; will buy vendor liens netting 10 per cent.

Address Box 557, Stockman-Journal, Fort Worth, Texas.

Now has on hand ready for inspection and sale as good or better DRAFT STALLIONS as ever came to Texas. These horses are highly bred and registered, perfect in conformation, and SOLD UNDER A GUARANTEE by us. We made arrangements for these stallions last season late, and got a special low price on them. We would say they are the twenty-five hundred dollar kind at a much less price. Intending buyers would do well to "get busy." Come and see us if you are in the market. They will be higher after these are gone.

Fort Worth Horse and Mule Co.

North Fort Worth, Texas

CHAS. E. HICKS Pres't,

Stallons The Fort Worth Horse & Mule GOMPANY

Greene Buys Sheep.

Colonel Charles F. Hunt of El Paso has just bought for Colonel W. C. Greene 23,000 head of sheep from General Luis Terrazas. They are to be delivered May 10, next.

Colonel Greene has organized a sheep company which will embark in that business in Mexico. He put them on the lands of the Sierra Madre Land & Lumber company in Chihuahua. Much of the latter company's vast domain of about 2,250,000 acres of land is the Sierra Madre region in Chihuahua is considered fine sheep range as it is covered with luxurious grasses. Another object in running sheep over this range is to keep the grasses down so as to prevent fires.

The Hearst estate is making a success of sheep raising on the Hacienda Babicora, which adjoins the Greene lands on the eastward.—El Paso Herald.

Panhandle Producing Hogs,

Fred Odell of McLean, Tex., reports that the increase in the number of hogs raised in that part of the state during the past few years, is astonishing, even to those who live there. "Corn and hogs," said Mr. Odell yesterday, "are two very important crops with us. During the past winter over 100 carloads of corn were shipped from Mc-Lean and shipments of hogs were made every week. This is a big showing for a coutnry which has but a very few years ago raised neither. But the farmers have found they can raise corn there about as well as anywhere, and as hogs can be raised at a small cost, I

Texas Elected Secretary MILES CITY, Mont., April 28.—After

the longest and hardest fought session in the history of the association the Montana Stock Growers' organization adjourned.

Keen rivalry between friends of the old secretary and treasurer, W. G. Preuitt, and Hugh R. Wells, the new candidate, brought about a bitter feeling in the convention, but friends of Mr. Wells finally carried the day for him, his election being won by a vote of 79 to 58.

G. F. Ingersoll, the big cattleman of Miles City, was named president of the association, succeeding John M. Holt. David Fratt of Billings, first vice president, and Conrad Keepers of Helena, second vice president. Bulk of the old members of the organization fought for the re-election of Mr. Preuitt as secretary, but the coup of the opposing faction in forcing the new members into a vote for their choice carried the day for them.

Short on Cattle

J. A. Thorner of Odessa, Texas, who reached the yards today, reports that cattle are looking well in that part of the state, and that recent rains have started grass. Mr. Thorner states that a good many cattle will be shipped from that district to Kansas durling the next few weeks. "We are short on all classes of cattle down there." he said, "and especially cows and heifers and aged steers. It would be a big task to start out and buy \$500 cows and heifers, or that many aged steers. A few years ago a man could have rounded up that many in no time. But so much of the range country has been converted into farms that the cattle business has been reduced." We have more men engaged in farming and the real estate business there now than in the cattle business. To the oldtime cowmen, this change seems very strange."- Drovers Telegram.



WAMAN-JUURNAL



THE MAN

Weekly Compilation of Interesting Ranch and Stock News from All of the Great Range Country of Texas

In Potter County Amarillo Herald.

Page Sixteen

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The Western Stockyards Company yesterday shipped one carload of spayed heifers, which they have been feeding all winter at the local yards, to Kansas City for market. These beifers were bought last fall from the Brave ranch and the feeding of them has been somewhat in the nature of an experiment. The result of the sale will be watched with interest by Panhandle stockmen.

W. M. Ferguson, the big Kansas cattleman, is here today on his way from Plainview, where he has just received the Kokernot cattle, to be taken to Kansas pastures. Yesterday the new stockyards in the south plains metropolis were used for the first time and four trains, forty-seven cars, were loaded with the cattle, which were sold by Herbert Kokernot of Alpine, to the Kansas stockmen. These cattle were steers and spayed helfers from near Lubbock and are said to have been exceptionally good stuff. They will be taken to Grand Summit and put on summer pastures to fatten for the fall market.

. In Baylor County

Seymour Banner.

E. C. Sterling & Sons have sold most of their ranch interests in Baylor and Throckmorton counties to Knox Brothers of Jackshoro, The deal comprises about 4,000 head of cattle at \$22.50 around. E. C. Sterling & Sons retain their leases on about 38,000 acres and also their Miller creek pasture, which will be looked after by Fyed Sterling for some time yet.

In Deaf Smith County

Hereford Brand.

Hereford is well represented at the stockmen's convention at Roswell. N. M., this week, About 120 tickets were sold from this place Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. Of this number the following came under the observation of the Brand reporter: Eli Dunlap, C. Schrimsher, J. H. Bowers, James Wilkerson, J. P. Collier, J. S. Jones, Sam-Dunn, Ernest\and Jess Carpo Roxa Witherspoon, J. D. Burkett, Miss McXie May Mayon, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Goats, C. S. Garrison, Charles Sanders. Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Beach, Claude Witherspoon, Albert Herbest, B. W. Miller, D. R. Gass, N. E. McIntire, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Collins, Miss Minnie Tygert, C. E. McClain and wife and C. H. Clifton of Dimmitt, Rufus Hubbard. Monroe Hill, Jet Fore and Haynes.

L. L. and W. W. Russell 616 2s from Kent.

Walter Russell shipped for L. L. and W. W. Russell, 1,700 of the McCutchean steers, 3s and 4s, from Pecos City. Also 625 head of 2s and 3s of the W. L. Kingston cattle, and 1,100 head of 4s and 5s of the J. W. Rose steers, all going to Silverdale, Kan.

Russell & Rose shipped 600 3s and 4s from Ballinger to Soldina, O. T. L. L. and W. W. Russell shipped from Brady 500 3s, 4s and 5s, bought from G. S. Allison of Sonora. Also they shipped 1.352 of the Gus Noves 2s from Brady, all going to Soldina, O. T.

Mr, Russell says this makes an aggregate of 22,000 steers that L. L. and W. W. Russell have in Kansas, Oklahoma and the Osage and Kaw countries.

In Presidio County

Marfa New Era.

Tom Love bought of W. E. Love, 180 cows, which he will ship to Kansas, where they will be pastured. W. E. Love has arrived with the cattle and is waiting for the cars, which have not yet arrived.

In Runnels County Ballinger Ledger.

Blocker & Russell have just finished the shipment of 1,000 head of two and three-year-old steers, being out of the famous R. K. Wylie herd, to the territories, today, where they expect to fatten them for market.

Jo B. Johnson, who recently sold 800 head of stock cattle at \$20 per round, has just made delivery thereof and reports the range fairly good.

In San Saba County

San Saba Star. Chowning & Linn delivered 166

head of two-year-old steers to W. F. Dutton of Brady, last week, for which they received \$18 around. W. J. Moove delivered 600 three and

four-year-old steers to O. F. Golson of Llano, hast week for which he received \$25 around.

In Potter County

AmarNio Her

Lindsay, at private terms, after a partnership of five years. Mr. Edwards expects to go back to San Saba and after disposing of some property there, return to Edwards county, the stockman's paradise.

Edwards Bros. sold to J. W. Edwards 1,500 head of stock sheep at private terms.

Edwards Bros. bought of R. D. Woods 1,700 stock goats at private terms.

Seth Woods and George W. Ellis bought of Chris. Hagelstein 1,000 steers at private terms, and leased range from Edwards Bros.

In Lampasas County

Lampasas Leader. Sheepmen report that the flocks have come thru the winter in splendid condition, the loss being nominal. There was a fine season for the lambing period, and the loss here was very small. The wool is almost ready for clipping, and soon shearing will begin.

In Sterling County Sterling News.

J. T. Davis shipped in a string of

mules to Central Texas today. W. R. Barton sold thirty-eight mares and mules this week to Paul & Kirk at \$50 and \$100 per head.

Fire broke out in Reed & Cole's pasture last Wednesday night and burned off about four sections of land.

A good rain fell in the southwest portion of the county last Tuesday morning.

James Richardson, the sheepman in the southern part of the county, reports a good crop of lambs this spring.

In Schleicher County

Eldorado Success.

Ira Word of Sutton county sold to J. A. Whitten of El Dorado 1,00 cows, 3s and up, at \$16.50 per head.

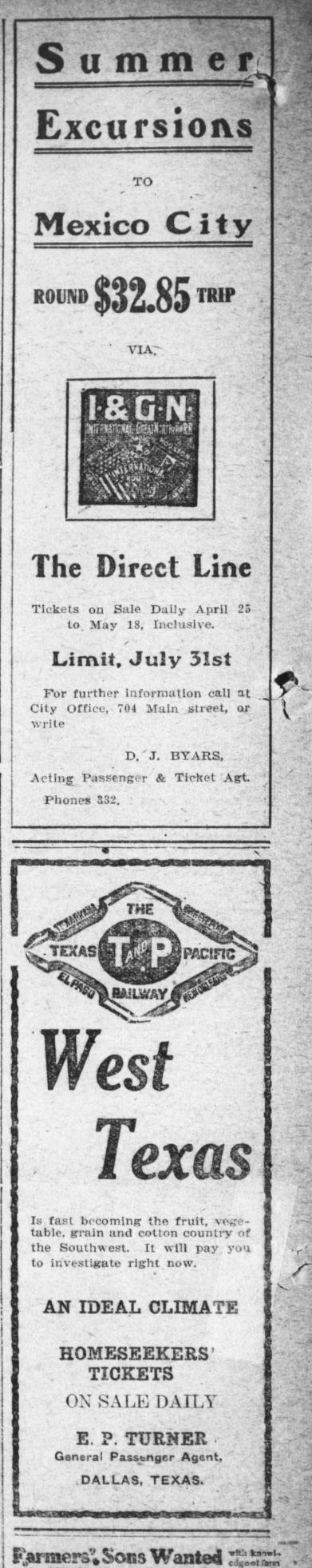
O. T. and Ira Wood of Sutton county sold to J. A. Whitten of El Dorado 500 yearling steers at private terms.

Cooper & Savell bought eight fat cows from J. A. Ward at \$18 and \$50 around.

William Sulteymeir sold to W: A. Glasscock six head of 3-year-old steers at \$23 per head.

In Tom Green County San Angelo Press.

The Santa Fe crews are working overtime loading and handling cattle shipments at this point. One hundred or more cars were shipped out Wednesday, J. S. Todd shipped sixty cars to Oklahoma and J. W. Lawhon



in Sutton County

Sonora News.

Wallace & Allison of Sonora sold to W. M. Young of Fredericksburg, seven horses at \$90 per head.

Bert Bellows sold his ranch down the draw to George Clements for \$3,000. J. A. Cope, the commission man, sold for Shurley Brothers of Sonora, seven-

teen mules, ones and twos, to Oscar Cain of San Angelo, at \$55. Theo Savell bought for Cooper &

Savell, the butchers, nine head of fat cows from R. E. Taylor at \$18.50 per head, and two from West Bryson at \$20.

A. D. Warren of Hillsboro, sold to Sid Martin of San Angelo, sixty-six head of thorobred Durham cows at \$60 per head. These cows have been on the Duubar ranch for some time. John Martin of Sonora, passed on the cattle for his brother Sid.

In Menard County

Menardville Enterprise.

L. L. Russell of this place is one of the biggest cattle shippers in this section of the state. He has been quite busy for the past several weeks, making arrangements and shipping Texas steers to the territory, where they will be put on grass and fattened for the market.

He shipped for the Russell Brothers from Brady 7,750 of the Schreiner steers to the Osage and Kaw country. He also shipped the following from Brady for himself and Mr. Kyger of Kansas: 1.098 of the Withel steers: 1,360 of the Max Russell steers; 154 head of the Spiller, and 425 head of the John Baker cattle.

ne shipped from San Angelo, 1,715 head, bought from J. P. McConnell, and 600, bought from J. P. Gillespie of Sonora.

All the above cattle went to the Osage And I - nations.

J. M. Bigham shipped to Kansas for I

H. C. Harding has completed the sale of 700 of the Burk Burnett fouryear-old steers to McDonals & Akin of Manhatlan, Kan. The cattle are from the range near Panhandle and brought \$34.70 per head. They will be shipped from Panhandle to be put on Kansas grass pastures in preparation for market.

Beverley & Harding shipped vesterday from the local yards 250 threeyear old steers to Kansas. These go Kansas stockmen for summer pasture. F. W. Jersig of Kansas City is here

to receive 200 yearlings from W. H. Gray. The terms of the sale are private.

In Crockett County

-

Ozona Kicker.

Good rains are reported at Juno and vicinity.

J. B. Moore has sold his ranch near Ozona to J. B. Young of Uvalde for \$30,000.

B. P. Nolen sold twenty-two head of stock cattle to Pleas Childress at \$14.

Miller & Clayton, who are lambing over on the divide, lost a number of lambs by freezing, but flocks in brush and protected places did not suffer seriously. Frank Friend is shearing the Oglesby sheep with his machine, and the animals suffered greatly. Bob Massie's sheep have already been sheared, but are fat, and stood the cold admirably.

In Carson County

Panhandle Herald.

J. E. O'Keefe sold seventy head of two-year-old steers to C. B. Cox this week, which netted him \$27.40 per head. The steers were put in the pens in December and fed kaffir corn and maze, and were purchased by Mr. Cox for 4c per pounds, and when drove on the scales Tuesday, they averaged 698 pounds each. Mr. O'Keefe figures that the bunch gave him a profit of over \$7 per head above all expense of feed and care.

In Edwards County

Rock Springs Rustler.

Paul Edwards sold his half interest in the Lindsay & Edwards ranch property and stock, consisting of a twentyseven section ranch, sixteen sections of which are patented land, 4,000 head of sheep, 100 head of horses, to his brother-in-law and partner, O. F.

forty cars, the latter going to Fairfax.

March and Thornton have purchased from George Hagelstein and Barnes 1,200 head of 1, 2 and 3-year-old steers for a total of \$20,000, or an average price per head of \$16.67.

Fayette Tankersley was in the city on Wednesday and made a delivery of 788 yearling steers and heifers to George Hume of San Antonio, for which he received \$15 and \$12 respectively.

A. J. Rawlings of the Rawlings-Dalton ranch, near Bronte, in Coke county, was in the city Monday effecting the delivery of A. H. Moore of 450 head of 2 and 3-year-old steers, sold to the purchaser at \$20 and \$24 respectively.

In Mason County

Mason News.

The protracted dry spell from which this section has been suffering was broken Tuesday afternoon by a fine shower, nearly an inch rainfall, and reports come that there were good showers all around us. That was a starter and we are hoping for more.

A. A. Keller was in Friday from his ranch on the Llano river and reports heavy losses recently among his sheep and goats from wolves. He lost thirty head of sheep within a couple of weeks, and says he is ready to sell his flock for fear the wolves will put him out of business. He said that the \$1 bounty for wolf scalps paid by the state is not sufficient inducement for trappers to hunt them. He is offering to supplement this with \$5 for every wolf killed in his pasture.

Establishing Pipe Line

BOWIE, Texas, April 27 .- A surveying party establishing a route for a pipe line from the Petrolia oil fields to Dallas have worked thru town and it is evident that the company at the back of the project fully intends to use the route being surveyed as they are paying for the right-of-way as they go. The uniform rate paid is 19 cents a rod. This line is a branch of a main line to begin at Dallas and run to Houston. Another from Indian Territory will intersect at Dallas. The pipe will be laid 18 inches under ground and will be 4-inch size. A tap station will be put in here for the benefit of users of crude oil in Eowie.

stock and fair education to work in an office, SGD a month with advancement, steady employment, must be honest and reliable. Branch offices of the association are being established in each state. Apply at once, giving full particulars. The Veterinder Science Association, Bept. 12, London, Canade

The Garden Spot GARDENDALE, SOUTHWEST TEXAS-This new colony is located in La Salle county, Texas, immediately on the railroad north of Cotulla, and some 80 miles southwest of San Antonio. The soil is rich, sandy loam, within the rain belt; also artesian wells. There are 16,000 acres cut up into 730 tracts of 20 acres, 10 tracts of 40 acres. 7 tracts of 80 acres and 3 tracts of 160 acres each. The uniform price of each tract' is \$420, on easy payments, and each purchaser of a farm will be given one lot in the new town free. The day of opening will be Oct, 31, next, when full possession will be given to the farms and lots. This is one of the best investments, as well as opportunities for homeseekers to be found today. Local agents wanted. H. C. ROBERTSON,

316 Kiam Building, Houston.

Spasms St. Vitus' Dance

Many persons who suffered untold agonies from epilepsy, fits, spasms, and St. Vitus' Dance are today well. The strengthening influence of Dr. Miles' Nervine upon the shattered nerves having restored them to perfect health.

"I endured agony that words can-not express from St. Vitus' dance, which followed a very severe spell of rheumatism. I doctored with a physician; but the more I took of his medicine the worse I got. My mother's de-votion saved me. After she had become almost heart-broken , as well as physically exhausted from constant care. by the advice of a neighbor she procured a bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine, From the first dose to the last a continual change for the better was noticable, and when I had taken eleven bottles I was well, and in mobust health." EDWARD D. REAM. North Manchester, Indiana.

"Our little boy Harry, had spasms for three years, and although we doc-

HORSES

WHAT KIND OF HORSES SHOULD WE RAISE?

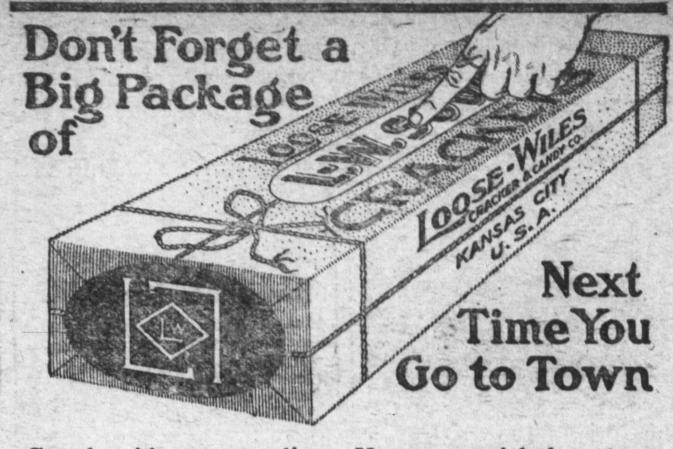
The whole country is taking up horse breeding. The New England states and the south are starting to raise their own horses, but how to go about it? They formerly raised little trotters up north and little mules down south. The present industrial and farming interests demand the draft and coach horse classes now. A correspondent in West Virginia writes an exchange:

In no line of animal husbandry have our farmers made more serious mistakes than in the breeding of horses. A few years ago we had a mania for raising saddle horses. All kinds of mares were bred to so-called saddle horses with the result that not one out of a hundred ever showed any saddle gaits. In the first place the mares were net the kind to breed for that purpose, and in the second place very few of the sires were saddle horses. The result was that the country was filled with a lot of little ponies that scarcely had a market value and for farm work were almost worthless. Later on a few progressive farmers began to patronize draft horses and in a few years the quality of the horses was very much improved, but the fact that most of the good young mares were shipped out of the country retarded the improvement very much. The common mare can be bred to nothing that will so uniformly pay a profit as to-the draft horse. In times of depression it is the inferior article that suffers most. Good horses are now in demand even among farmers. In a conversation with one of our best farmers a few days ago he told me that he wanted a family horse and when asked how much he would pay, said: "Oh, the price has nothing to do, with it if I can find what I want."

HUMANE HINTS TO HORSEMEN The physical nature of the horse is similar to our own. In winter instead of taking off clothing we put on more. Use the same logic with the horse and provide him with a good warm blanket when standing in the cold. When standing hitched, turn his head with the wind, rather than facing it. He will feel the cold much less.

Save your horse from exposure to sudden and extreme changes of temperature.' See that he has proper shelter and that he is fed and exercised regularly.

Horses are naturally well and strong and seldom suffer from any but manmade causes, such as over-driving. over-loading, under-feeding, bad shoe-



See that it's on your list. See that your grocer has it. See that it's in your rig when you start home.

TATRNAL

THE TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL

Then you'll have what you wanted.

You'll be saved an extra trip.

You'll be saved the disappointment that comes with every paper bag of bulk crackers-soggy from exposure to moisture, broken and crumbled because it can't be helped.

You are entitled to your money's worth. Get it in a 25-cent package of Loose-Wiles Soda Crackers.

Made in a modern bakery by our exclusive methodfrom soft winter wheat flour that has all the good of the wheat.

Clean-crisp-cheap-convenient.

Fresh from first to last.

Don't forget the Loose-. Wiles Soda Crackers.



"The Modern Bakers"

tored with many physicians, he continued to grow worse until he had ten spasms in one week. About that time our attention was called to Dr. Miles' Nervine. We began giving it to him. His improvement seemed slow, but when he had finished the fourth bottle the spasms had disappeared, and have not been seen now for years. We shall always recommend Dr. Miles' Nervine."

MRS. BELLE M. TINDALL. Hastings, Neb.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

In Reeves County

Pecos Times.

Charles Weinacht, one of Reeves county's most prosperous ranchmen, was a Pecos visitor Monday. He reports that everything around Toyahvale is in fine condition.

Bob Haley, manager of the U ranch, was in Pecos a couple of days the fore part of the week. He reports everything in that section of the country as being in fine shape.

Bridge Nearly Completed WICHITA FALLS, Texas, April 27.-The Wichita Falls and Northwestern expects to have its bridge across Red river completed by the first of the month. The laying of rails will then be begun on the other side of the river.



ing, neglect and exposure.

Over-loading a horse is a violation of law. A horse should not be given a heavier load than he can pull with comfort on a level road.

Water your horse often, in winter as in summer. There are all kinds of theories about the proper time to water horses. If you water him as you water yourself you won't be far wrong. Let him drink with the bridle on and the bit in his mouth, so that he will drink quietly and slowly.

See to it that blinders do not press too close on your horse's eyes and. obstruct his vision. The "open" bridle is a sure cure for close and flapping blinders.

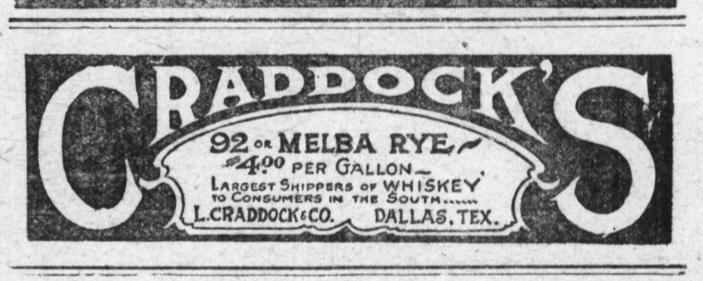
Do not dock your horse's tail. It involves a cruelly painful operation, which stamps it as a barbarous fash-

Do not over-check your horse. It is painful, unnatural and ungraceful .---Selected.

"I have been - conducting a quiet search for some time for the man who said the automobile would drive the horse out of business," said Hon. Millard Cox of Marengo, in Des Moines, recently, says the Iowa State Register. "The day before I came to Des Moines this week, a farmer came into the bank and deposited \$615 in a bunch. He remarked, as he handed the money thru the window, that that was the result of the sale of three horses. They were ordinary farm horses, which he had kept on his place and he had been solicited to dispose of them.

"That \$200 gait for a horse has been going on for some time down in Iowa county, and I am led to believe that the prices for horses all over the state and country are way up. There is no war on now and so that cannot be the reason. It simply is due to the fact that all prices of farm products are high, and the demand for horses is so great that the supply is deficient.

"With Iowa county land selling at \$90 to \$100 an acre and not a foot to be had without long argument with the owner, it is not strange that horses are at \$200 and \$300. Of course there is a better grade of horses than there used to be. I have observed this in looking out my front window at the passing outfits. Even five years ago some pretty scrawny looking animals were driv-



in past. What does one see now? Nothing but the high-headed, spirited, sleek inimals with good blood and style. "And it spells prosperity."

FARM HORSES

As farmers are more liable to neglect their horses than any other animals on the farm, I will tell my way of caring for them. First, I feed and water regularly. I never feed over five cars of corn at a feed, when working, and three ears when idle. I never trot whem to a big wagon or a load and always have fast walking borses. My team will walk four miles an hour with load, or without load, and are always in good flesh, and ready to do a day's work. I handle 120 acres with one team. I never have horses with sore shoulders or necks, I use a cheap 75 cent collar 4 inches.

and find them the best for young or old horses.

I use for colic twenty drops of fluid extract of colycinth; put twenty drops in half teaspoonful of water, put on root of tongue and repeat in one hour if no better.

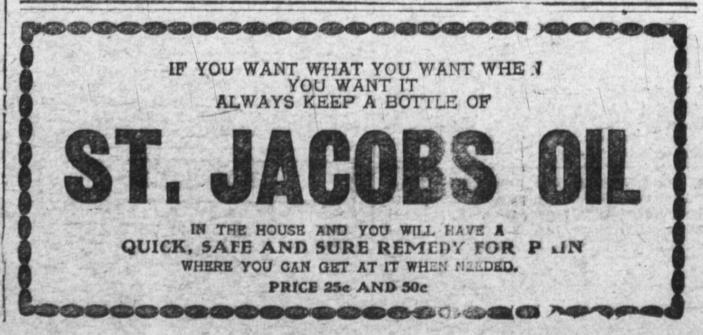
I have used Gombault's caustic balsam for spavins, side bones and all other enlargements and found nothing its equal. I have used the two above remedies for thirty years .-- George Mills, Kansas.

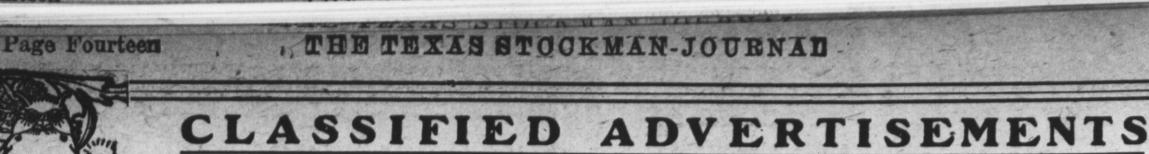
NICKERS FROM COLTS

A lousey colt is a disgrace to his owner.

A white spot in the forehead is a blaze.

Hand-one-third of a foot-four





MR. CLASSIFIED ADVERTISER, m any thousand Stockman-Journal readers want what you have, or have what you want. Make your wants known here, at the following rates, cash with the order-One cent a word for the first insertion; five cents a line (six words to the line) for each consecutive issue; no ad. accepted for less than 30c.

REAL ESTATE

Page Sixteen

WE own and control thousands of acres of as fine lands as there are in the world. Adapted to all purposesrice, cotton, corn, fruit and vegetables -all in the beautiful and healthful Port Lavaca and Matagorda Bay country. Come to this lovely coast country, where the roses bloom the entire year and where oranges and figs grow in abundance. Fish and oysters free for the taking. Come and enjoy the sea breezes, hunting, yachting and bathing. We have any size tract desired at prices to suit purchaser. A 50-acre oyster farm with no taxation will net you more than a whole section for farming. We will send you circulars fully describing each tract, terms, etc. The Okla-Texas Land Co., A. S. Cobb. President, Port Lavaca, Texas.

VALUABLE improved ranches, Old Mexico, 25,000 to 75,000 acres, 1,000 acres cultivated, well located and stocked, 31 to \$2 per acre.

Fine, modern Fort Worth two-story residence and valuable grounds, choice location, \$17,600.

Extra bargains: \ Three-year lease, West Texas, 8,000 acres, 1,000 acres cultivated, farm subrents overpay entire yearly cost lease; \$25,000 choice stock cattle, mares, mules. Business netting over \$7,000 yearly. S. M. Smith Delaware Hotel, Fort Worth.

AT the end of Rosen Heights car line, due west of packing houses, 175 acres of fine land, with good house, barn, deep well, windmill, tanks, stock lots, etc., for \$75 per acre. This is an ideal place to handle stock from the stock yards. Good terms,

Three miles southeast of Childress we have two fine sections of agricultural land with good improvements. Price, \$12 per acre. Would exchange for else.

DEPT. STORES

TIP MEN



Houston, Fifth and Main streets, Fort Worth, BOOK DEPARTMENT will supply any book published for LESS THAN. PUBLISHERS' PRICE. Mail orders filled on day of receipt.



MAIL ORDER STORE

Send for samples. Shopping here by mail is entirely satisfactory. Your orders are looked after by experienced shoppers, who are only interested in filling your wants satisfactorily. We pay express charges on all orders of \$5 and over. Send in your croers.

POULTRY PET STOCK

FOR SALE from the best pen of Silver Wyandottes in the state of Texas, high score won at every show that I exhibited at this last year; will ship eggs anywhere in the United States for \$3 per 15; will make all imperfect eggs good, if set under hens; will pay express. Address T. D. Bethea, Caddo Mills, I. T.

NORTON'S champion prize-winning Single-Comb White Leghorns at only six shows in 1906-07 won 71 regular

PERSONAL

DR. LINK'S Violet Ray Cabinet, in connection with his Vibrator and Electric Wall Plate, is nearly specific cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica, all Blood Diseases, Pains, Inflammations, Female Diseases, cleanses the skin of all Eruptions. I cure you of morphine, opium and cigarette habits quickly on guarantee without suffering from nerve prostration. Rooms 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Brooker building, Fourth and Main. Elevator.

WEAK MEN-Our improved vacuum developer permanently cures sexual weakness, varicocele, stricture, enlarges shrunken organs; sealed par-CHARLES MFG. ticulars. CO., Charles Building, Denver, Colo.

DR. CHAS. MCDOWELL, Office Fort Worth National Bank Building, 212 213. Old phone 1252, new phone 898. Gives special attention to Chronic diseases, diseases of women and children.

FINANCIAL

MUTUAL HOME ASSOCIATION (Incorporated 1894), pays 5 per cent on demand deposits, 6 to 8 per cent on time deposits. Deposits Jan. 1, 1905, \$61,598.44; deposits Jan. 1, 1906, \$85,-541.49; deposits Jan. 1, 1907, \$118,-950.81. Loans made on Real Estate only. A. Arneson, Secretary and Manager, Sixth and Main.

WM. REEVES buys vendor's lien notes and lends money anywhere in Texas on real estate, collateral or personal indorsement. Rooms 406-407 Fort Worth National Bank Bldg., Fort Worth, Texas.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS-HED AEOLIAN LINE OF PIANOLAS, PIANOS AND PIANOLA PIANOS.-

The only instruments containing the Planola are the WEBER, STECK, STUYVESANT AEOLIAN, and WEELOCK Pianos. No other instruments have the METROSTYLE THE-MODIST ATTACHMENTS. There are \$60,000 worth of these instruments in the homes of the best people of this city. A list of these customers can be seen at our store.

A select variety of Pianola, Metrostyle and Themodist music will be on exhibit at our wareroom.

THE CHRISTOPHER-CHAMP PIANO COMPANY, 1009 Houston Street.

EVERETT PIANOS-This Artistic Piano is preferred by the World's Greatest Artists. Warranty unlimited. Sold on easy terms of payment if desired. For prices and terms apply to THE JOHN CHURCH CO. of Dallas, Texas, 338 Elm Street.

FOR SALE-First-class pianos. Will take good horse in exchange on any piano in stock. Hirschfeld Piano Co., 812 Houston street.

FOR SALE-New and first-class pianos; will take horse in exchange on any piano in stock. S. D. Chestnuk 303 Houston street. Both phones 1505

UNEEDA Phonograph in your home to entertain your family and friends. Write us for latest catalogue, etc. Cummings, Shepherd & Co., 700 Houston street, Fort Worth, Texas.

AMUSEMENTS

WELL BOWERS & CUMMINGS, 109 West Sixth.	prizes, 18 specials and 3 silver cups. Eggs \$3 per 15. Catalogue free. The Norton Poultry Farm, Dallas, Texas.	MONEY TO LOAN on farms and ranches, by the W. C. Belcher Land Mortgage Co., Reynolds Building, cor- ner Eighth and Houston streets.	THE Emperor Billiard Hall, a first- class, well-ordered place of amuse- ment; no rowdyism; large hall, electric
STOCK RANCH FOR SALE 00 acres near Eureka, Nevada, nted; plenty of water; perpetual ; controlling 30,000 acres contig- pasturage: ranch now stocked 1,000 head of cattle, many horses, property fenced and contains ern improvements, houses, barns, cutting 600 tons hay: broken th only cause for sale. Price 00. For terms and particulars ad- s the owner, Mrs. M. Winzell, Eu- , Nevada. ENDID home, every convenience, Jacksboro, on Rock Island rail- , with 1,230-acre pasture and farm, in two miles of town, for sale t; fine prairie and timbered land, watered and improved; ideal com- tion of fine town home with stock ing proposition in live town and I section; all improvements thoro- odern and permanent. W. P. Stew- Jacksboro, Texas. ACRES— Ve miles above Nuevo Laredo, ico; \$3.50 per acre; all fine farm- land; good improvements; unlim- supply of water. and just across the river priced a \$50 to \$100 per acre. Many other bargains in Mexican and West as lands. W. S. ESSEX, Fort Worth, Texas.	WE are state agents for Cyphers' cele- brated incubators and brooders and carry the most complete assortment of poultry supplies in the south. Write for catalogue and prices. Texas Seed	MONEY TO LOAN on any good col- lateral. John W. Floore, 909 Hous- ton.	fans, well lighted. Gentlemen invited. 1006 Main street, Fort Worth.
	and Floral Co., Dallas, Texas.	W. A. DARTER, 711 Main street. Bar- gain in city property, farms, ranches.	JEWELRY
	FOR SALE—One 220-egg Chatam in- cubator, two No. 1 outdoor brooders at bargain, 15 White Wyandotte eggs from standard stock for \$1. Henry Lange, 172 Commerce street, Dallas.	ABSTRACTS	J. E. MITCHELL, CO.—Diamonds, watches, clocks, statuary—jewelry of all kinds. Repair work. Mail orders promptly filled. Fort Worth, Texas.
	RED POLLS FOR SALE or exchange -J. C. Murray of Maguoketa, Iowa,	THE TEXAS TITLE CO. makes ab- stracts to country and city property. Also abstracts to ranches in South or West Texas. Work guaranteed. Robt. G. Johnson, Pres.; W. Morris, Secy. Office, Fort Worth Nat'l. Bank Bldg.	VETERINARIAN
			DR. HAROLD ELDERKIN, veterin- ian, office Fort Worth Veterinary
	owner of the best known herd of Reg- istered Red Polled cattle in America, offers to sell four carloads of choice animals for cash, or exchange them for	ABSTRACTS to any lands in Fort Worth and Tarrant county. Guar- anty Abstract and Title Co., John Tarl- ton, manager. Both phones 433.	Infirmary, Weatherford and Lamar. Old phone 5225.
	Panhandle land, or improved farm in Texas. Write him. STALLIONS and brood mares for sale;	HOTELS, CAFES	FURNISHED ROOMS
	it will pay you to use stallions raised by me, as I keep them constantly be- fore the world and make a market for their colts. Henry Exall, Dallas.	HOTEL WORTH, Fort Worth, Texas. First class, modern, centrally located. American plan. Mrs. W. P. Hardwick, O. P. Haney, Managers.	THE ANGELUS has the best rooms and accommodations of any flat in the city. Corner Fifth and Throckmor- ton streets.
	WANTED-10.000 wethers 1 year old up, immediate delivery, f. o. b. cars your station. Write price and de- scription to Stoller Live Stock commis- sion Company, Kansas City, Mo.	DELAWARE HOTEL, European plan, 140 rooms, 50 with bath. Long & Evans, Proprietors.	FIRE INSURANCE
A. N. EVANS & CO., REAL ESTATE AND LOANS. The have farms, ranches and city perty for sale and exchange. Write of you have anything for sale or the purchase. We established mess in this city fifteen years ago. Main St. Fort Worth, Texas.	FOR SALE—Registered Hereford cat- tle good breeding and quality. Both sexes. A. N. Wilson, Joshua, Texas.	THE O. K. RESTAURANT, 908 Hous- ton street. First class service. Everything in season. Fort Worth.	HARRISON, COLLETT & SWAYNE, Fire and Casualty Insurance, Conti- nental Bank Bldg., Fort Worth, Texas.
	HELP WANTED	ATTY'S. DIRECTORY	VEHICLES {
	WANTED—Agents of good moral char- acter to solicit life insurance for the	N. J. WADE, attorney at law. Rey- nolds building. Phone 180.	funimum minum
2. HEAD & Co., Real Estate and ental Agents, Loans, City Property, ms, Ranches, Fire Insurance. nts Sycamore Heights Addition,	Fort Worth Life Insurance Co. Call or address C. R. Reynolds, 412 Hoxie Bldg., Fort Worth, Texas.	C. K. BELL, LAWYER, 610-11 Wheat building.	IF IT IS A BABCOCK vehicle it is the one you are after. For sale by
Worth, Texas. G. LUSE & CO., General Land gents. Special attention given to sale of ranch property. List your s with us for quick sales. Brooker ding, Fort Worth, Texas.	FOR SALE	RUFUS W. KING, LAWYER, Western National Bank Bldg. Phone 583.	401-403 Houston Street.
	\$22.56 WORTH \$40. THE ARCADE 206 Sewing Machine Co-Operative	DENTISTS	COLUMBIA. The old reliable buggy. We have them at all times. We also have other good
ACRES of land to lease. Six les from Amarillo. H. B. White, dian, Texas.	Club alone makes this offer possible. Your opportunity is now. See Ad else- where in this issue. Doolittle-Simp- son Co., Arcade, Dept. 5, Dallas, Texas.	GARRISON BROS., modern dentistry. All manner of filling of the highest degree of perfection. 501½ Main street, Fort Worth, Tex23.	new and second-hand buggies. FIFE & MILLER, 312 Houston St. W. J. Tackaberry. Manager.
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Breeders' Directory Of the Great Southwest

HEREFORDS kanna

HEREFORD HOME HERD of Herefords. Established 1868. Channing, Hartley county, Texas My herd consists of 500 head of the best strain, individuals from all the well known families of the breed. I have on hand and for sale at all times cattle of both sexes. Pasture close to town. Bulls by carloads a specialty. William Powell, proprietor.

V. WEISS

Breeder of pure-bred Hereford cattle. (Ranch in Goliad county, Texas). Both sexes for sale. Address Drawer \$17, Beaumont, Texas.

BLUE GROVE HEREFORDS W. H. Myers, Proprietor.

Breeder of registered and high-grade Hereford cattle. None but first-class bulls in service. Some young bulls for sale. Correspondence solicited.

Shipping Point-Henrietta.

B. C. RHOME, Fort Worth, Pexas .--Hereford Cattle. Nice lot of young bulls and heifers for sale.

FULL BLOOD SHORTHORN BULLS 140 head, non-registered, coming 1, 2, and years old, out of full blood cows and registered bulls, unbranded, dehorned, good colors, etc. Fed and in good strong condition. . Immune. Are near Jacksbore. Will sell reasonable. W. P. Stewart, Jacksboro, Texas,

COLBERT & CO.'S Homestead Herd of Poland Chinas. 125 spring pigs now ready for de-

POULTRY

THE DANGER OF DAMPNESS

A poultry house may be ever so well built; but unless it has means for good ventilation, it is of little more value to its inmates than an air-tight sleeping room would be to their owner. Proper ventilation is one of the best safeguards for fowls as, well as for man against disease of any kind. It must be ventilation, however, not cold winds or drafts blowing thru the bouse. Assuming the building is closed up on very stormy days,' as poultry houses generally have to be, the windows in front of the structure should be so arranged that they may be let down from the top for ventilation. Otherwise if the fowls are confined in the house, thees windows should be opened every day. It will pay to leave them open as much as possible. These will admit a sufficiency of light and plenty of fresh air and so eliminate a great deal of internal dampness. On pleasant days it is desirable to have the front windows let in the full sunshine, for nothing is more enjoyed by hens than a sun bath in the dust box. It warms them up and does them good. At night, of course, the window shut-ters should be closed tight. If the house is fairly well built the temperature then will not fall much, if any below the freezing point, the the nights be very cold. Under such conditions a range of temperature from almost summer sunshine to the freezing point is not detrimental, whereas keeping the house closed too tightly during the day is a great evil; it causes the air to become foul, moist and over-heated and that breeds mischief right away. Where the size of the building will permit it, it sometimes assists ventilation greatly in the matter of keeping the floors and interior dry to make a loft space. near the roof, with an opening in the bottom, and fill it with dry straw. This will absorb much of the dampness in the poultry house, and if there is a window at each end of the loft, these. opened on dry warm days will induce a current of air to pass thru the straw and dry it out sufficiently to take up the moisture again when it comes inside.-Farm Stock and Home.

A Misnomer

The name "queen," as applied to the mother bee in bee culture, is a misnomer. The word carries with it the idea of royalty, empire and dominion, and signifies when applied to this individual, that she rules or controls the colony in which she has a location. Nothing can be further from the truth. The colony is not an empire, and she exercises no dominion over it or its inmates. She is simply the mother bee, and nothing else. A colony of bees is a community of insects, in which each member, the sof-called

BIGGEST ON BUYING SEPAR

The Beatrice-Continental Creamery Companies gather the cream from more than 50,000 Farm Cream Separators, nearly all of which are DE LAVAL machines, being by far the largest creamery concern in the world. Their advice may well be accepted as the highest possible authority by every intending buyer of a cream separator:

Topeka, Kan., March 26, 1907. "We are sorry to note quite a tendency to buy cheap separators. If the farmer properly understood what he was doing he would not buy cheap machines from a 'mail order' house or anybody else. This is a case where the cheapest costs most and the best least, in the long, run. These cheap separators only last a year or two and cause lots of trouble while they do last, whereas a good machine like the DE LA-VAL will last ten to twenty years with proper care. However, the ability to RUN A HEAVY CREAM and skim clean is of even greater importance. Cheap 'mail order' machines skim cream of about twenty per cent of fat. DE LAVAL machines easily skim forty per cent cream. There is a big difference, of course, in the cost of transportation, and a still greater difference in the QUALITY of the cream when it arrives at the creamery.

The thin cream will not keep sweet, especially in hot weather, and must frequently be made into second grade butter. The average farmer using a cheap separator loses from \$50 to \$60 annually thru this cream difference alone-usually to save \$25 or \$30 in first cost of the separator."

THE CONTINENTAL CREAMERY CO., W. F. Jensen, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO. 108-113 YOUVILLE SQUARE RANDOLPH & CANAL STS. **General Offices:** CHICAGO 75 & 77 YORK STREET 1213 FILBERT STREET 74 CORTLANDT STREET, TORONTO PHILADELPHIA 16 PRINCESS STREET SAN FRANCISCO NEW YORK. WINNIPEG

queen included, performs is respective duties for the good of the whole, and in which each member, in its sphere, has equal rights and privileges. The name, as applied to this insect, had its origin in the dark ages, when the people believed that kings and queens ruled by divine right, but in this enlightened age, when all people know better, is it not time to drop this misapplied name and call this insect the "mother bee," which fully describes her ?-H. F. Coleman.

pair, altho they will take care of two or three mates.

TARGET AND A STREET AND A ST

Geese seem to be on the constant watch. The approach of a stranger, either night or day, is at once the signal for alarm, and their yell can be heard quite a distance. The fertility of the eggs is generally

small until the geese have attained the age of two and a half to three years.

The wild Canadian gander seldom

livery, sired by Chief Perfection 2d, Moorish Maid Perfection, Roller Boy, Meddler, E. L. Perfection, Impudence, Spellbinder, Perfection E. L. and Highland Chief. Address BEN H. COL-BERT, General Manager, Box 16, Tishomingo, I. T.

DURHAM PARK STOCK FARM-Shorthorns, English Berkshires, Angora Goats, White Wyandottes, highclass, pure-bred stock in each department. DAVID HARRELL, Liberty Hill, Texas.

RED POLLED

RED POLLED CATTLE-Berkshire Hogs and Angora Goats. Breeder W. R. Clifton. Waco, Texas.

EXCELSIOR HERD

Red Polled Cattle of both sexes for sale. M. J. EWALT, Hale Center, Hale County, Texas.

GUINEA=ESSEX

"The New Breed," the ideal hogs for the southern states, solid black, very prolific. Have some Polled Hereford bulls, eligible to register. Welton Winn, Santa Anna, Coleman county, Texas.

IRON ORE HERD

Has thirty (36) registered Red Polled

Cattle for sale. W. C. ALDREDGE,

SHORTHORNS

I have for sale highly bred Scotch-

topped Shorthorn cattle, bred in the

fever district. Young bulls and heif-

ers always for sale. Prices to suit the

P. B. HUNT, Dallas, Texas.

Route 4, Pittsburg, Texas.

times.

SHORTHORNS

WM. & W. W. HUDSON, Gainesville, Texas. Exclusive breeders of registered Shorthorn cattle.

B. C. RHOME, JR. Saginaw, Texas,

Breeder of Registered Hereford Cattle and Berkshire Hogs. Herd headed by the Beau Brummel bull, Beau Bonnie, Reg. No. 184688. Choice bulls for sale.

quarantine.

GEESE FOR PROFIT

Goose grease is an old-time household remedy.

The wild Canadian goose is easily domesticated.

Dr. Symes says goose grease can be eaten on bread, with salt, and, if freshly prepared, is both palatable and nutritious.

The gander, especially during breeding season, will not stand teasing, and unless treated kindly is apt to become very ugly.

Where sexes are equal, geese will

mates with more than one goose, and is constant in his attentions throuout their married life.

The wild gander seldom mates until the second or third season, and if once deprived of his mate is very particular in selecting a new one.-Exchange.

CACKLES FROM THE HEN HOUSE

Be sure that the ground floor in the hen house is higher than the ground outside, so it will keep dry.

Sharp gravel should always be supplied to fowls that are kept in confinement.

There's meat in an egg. Do your hens have the necessary meat to make eggs? Also grit and shells.



MANY NOVEL FARMS THAT ARE WORKED PROFITABLY

4,000 boats.

TITE MILLY

THE REAL PROPERTY AND A CONTRACT OF A CONTRA

Near Los Angeles, Cal., a Frenchman named Vernot is managing a successful snail farm, and so far his is the only snail-raising farm in the United States. About two years ago Vernot imported a number of snails from France, and so rapidly did they increase during the breeding season that he found it necessary to employ additional help on his farm. He has succeeded in producing the slimp, repulsive-looking creatures at a rate entirely gratifying to himself and he believes he will experience no difficulty in finding a market for all that he can raise. In the event of the demand not being sufficiently large in this country he says he can ship them to Paris, at which place more than nine tons of snails are consumed annually as an article of food. Vernot says the proper management of a snail farm does not require very laborious work, and all that is needed is an inclosure in a moist place, so protected that the crawling gasteropods cannot crawl away.

Telling handling to be been and the state of

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A Woman's Frog Farm

Altho the national law makers kicked vigorously on an appropriation for continuing the governmental experiments in frog farming, the work will go along just the same. States and individuals have demonstrated that there is big money in raising for market the low-browed songster of the marsh, and even without the. "scientific" assistance which the government might be able to give in frog farming there is not likely to be a scarcity of frog legs. Pennsylvania maintains a large frog farm, perhaps the most extensive of any state, but the largest individual frogery is owned and run by Miss Edith Stege, at Stege, Cal. This farm covers nearly ten acres, and last year the young lady marketed more than 3,500 dozen frogs' legs, from which she netted something more than \$2,000-a fairly good business for a freak farm.

Terrapin and Crab Farms

In Mayrland, on the . Chesapeake, near Crisfield, Mr. Lavalete owns a terrapin farm which covers several acres and on which he has more than \$100,000 worth of diamond backs, ranging in size from that of a 10-cent silver piece to the "buster" terrapin, which are worth as much as \$160 a dozen. Nothing has been offered to epicures which can take the place of terrapin and champagne, and Mr. Lazalette has never experienced any trouble in selling the output of his farm. Terrapin are getting scarcer every year, until now large ones are worth their weight in silver. Less than seventy-five years ago Maryland had to enact a law prohibiting slave owners from feeding slaves terrapin meat oftener than twice a week, as the food was too rich and produced disease. At that time terrapin sold for as low as 50 cents for a wagon load. Washington and Lafayette entered a protest at being fed terrapin at Yorktown. There are other terrapin farms

on the Chesapeake, but Mr. Lavalette's is the largest in the United States. In the same section, too, there are a number of crab farms, and the crab farmers can match dollars with any class of farmers in the country. The crab season is a short one, and it is easy money for hundreds of persons on the eastern shore. The first shipment of any importance from the Chesapeake crab farm was in 1887, when the output was valued at \$84,000, but it will now reach \$650,000, with 8,000 farmers and

FERMU DIUUNMAN-JUUMAAD

Baising Grounds in the South

Not an uncommon sight in some of the southern states is the gourd farm, and it is an investment which pays well. Recently Representative Adamson of Georgia brought to a friend in Washington a gourd with a handle more than four feet in length and with a beautifully shaped bowl not larger than a large cocoanut. This species of gourd is raised to be sold and used as a dipper. It is asserted that a drink of water from a clean, well-seasoned gourd is better and sweeter than from tin or glass. Another gourd raised for market is a very small egg-shaped one which is used by housewives as a darning egg. There are large, round gourds which sell readily and can be easily converted into salt, coffee and bins for other purposes. These large gourds are frequently used as peck measures in the rural districts.

An Ostrich Farm

The ostrich cannot come under the classification of good eating, but there are a number of successful farms where these birds of beautiful plumage are raised, and the women are more interested in fine plumes than something for satisfying the appetite. While our women folk can forego terrapin and champagne, there would be forty million conniption fits thrown if the men folk balked on contributing thousands annually for the support of these plume-producing farms. The flesh of an ostrich is about as palatable as a grass firedog and about as juicy, and as a toothsome bird he is a rank failure, but as a dig-downand-produce-the-coin plume-producer he is the star performer in all birddom.

Breeding Skunks for Profit

Axtell-McKee Manufacturing Co. MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS

Corner Second and Throckmorton Sts., Fort Worth. Standard and Monitor Wind Mills, Power Pump Jacks, Well Casing, Pipe, Fittings, Tanks, Etc. Gasoline Engines. Irrigation Plants a Specialty.

MAY 14th, 1906

Fort Worth Life Insurance Company ISSUED ITS FIRST POLICY OF LIFE INSURANCE

MAY 14th, 1907,

Will be the First Anniversary of that event, and it is the desire of the management to celebrate the occasion by showing the Directors of the Company the largest amount of insurance in force that fair, honorable, conservative methods can produce.

To that end, commencing Monday, April 1, 1907, and ending Tuesday, May 14, 1907, the management will offer the public a "Special Anniversary Policy"—a policy that is truly a "Bargain."

This policy will be offered at Special Rates for the 44 days named above, and for that period only. If you want life insurance, this is an opportunity you cannot afford to overlook—you will never again be able to duplicate the proposition.

FRIENDS HELP

St. Paul Park Incident.

"After drinking coffee for breakfast I always felt languid and dull, having no ambition to get to my morning duties. Then in about an hour or so a weak, nervous derangement of the heart and stomach would come over me with such force I would frequently have to lie down.

"At other times I had severe headaches; stomach finally became affected and digestion so impaired that I had serious chronic dyspepsia and constipation. A lady, for many years state president of the W. C. T. U., told me she had been greatly benefited by quitting coffee and using Postum Food Coffee; she was troubled for years with asthma. She said it was no cross to quit coffee when she found she could have as delicious an article as Postum.

"Another lady, who had been troubled with chronic dyspepsia for years, found immediate relief on ceasing coffee and beginning Postum twice a day. She was wholly cured. Still another friend told me that Postum Food Coffee was a Godsend to her, her heart trouble having been relieved after leaving off coffee and taking on Postum.

"So many such cases came to my notice that I concluded coffee was the cause of my trouble and I quit and took up Postum. I am more than pleased to say that my days of trouble have disappeared. I am well and happy." "There's a Reason." Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

A few years ago the man who boldly announced that he was going to start a skunk farm in Minnesota was laughed at and derided, but when he proved that he was making a cart load of money out of his odorous venture, others followed in his footsteps, and now there are a number of skunk farms in different sections of the country. At first publication of the facts about the skunk farm the Agricultural department was flooded with letters asking about this species of farming. The department, being in the dark about the skunk farm, thought the matter a huge joke, but as letters continued to flow in the secretary begged the newspaper correspondents to announce that the department was in ignorance of any such undertaking and had made no investigation along the skunk line. However, matters changed, and the agricultural department realized that there was something in it, and the beautiful but loud-smelling animal has received attention at the hands of the experts of the secretary. Skunk farming is not a joke, but a money-making enterprise, even if it is not pleasing to the olfactory organs of the farmers.

A Snake Farm, Too

In Watkinsville, Ga., there is a man who conducts a regular snake farm, and who has made a good living by raising them for sale. He has a large number always on hand, and says he can handle without fear any kind of snake, including the rattler. Over these reptiles he seems to have some mysterious soothing power, and but for the fact that some of the townspeople object to his enake farm, his life would be pleasant and his occupation more profitable.

Build an Elevator

PANHANDLE, Texas. April 20.—S. D. Moore of an Amarillo contracting firm was over this week doing some preliminary work toward building a large wareroom addition to the west of the elevator. The proposed addition will be seventy-five feet long, eighteen feet wide and two stories high. On the east they will build a new engine house and put in a larger and better engine, which they find is necessary to handel their increasing business. When completed the Panhandle can boast of the best elevator in this part of the country. Send us your Name, Age and Address for full particulars and sample policy.

A limited number of good Agents to help place this policy can be used by the Company, on terms that will prove very attractive.

Fort Worth Life Insurance Co. FORT WORTH, TEXAS

JACKS FOR SALE

I keep on hand at all times a good stock of Jacks, 3 to 6 years old, 14½ to 16 hands, standard measure; prices the lowest. Address **TUCK HILL**, care Cooke & Simmons, Fort Worth, Texas.

SEEDS Fresh and reliable that give good results. Garden seeds, field seeds, improved varieties of cotton. Also fruit trees, shade trees, roses, green baker BROTHERS, Fort Worth, Texas