THE TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1906

BUGBEE MAKES ANNUAL ADDRESS

President of Panhandle Stockmen's Association Reviews the Situation at the Seventh Annual Convention of the Organization Held in Amarillo.

the seventh annual meeting of Panhandle Stockmen's Associaheld in Amarillo last week, Pres-Ident Bugbee delivered the following

Members of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association, Ladies and Gentle-

We again meet on this, the seventh anniversary of the Panhandie Stockmen's Association, in this, the metropplis of northwest Texas, where we have been the recipients of most generous hospitality in the past; and I think I voice the sentiment of all when I say that we feel we are with nome folks. To keep us away you

must not ask us to come.

In appearing before you today feel entirely out of place. Speech making is not in my line as you who have known me longest are well aware. You, however, are responsible

for my being before you today. I had the pleasure of attending the Cattle Raisers' Association at Dallas pn March 19, 20 and 21, and I can asjure you that I heard before that neeting some of the most instructive and able talks that I have ever heard, which makes me feel more than ever that, as a speaker, I am in the wrong I will not detain you long with what I have to say. During our jession you will be entertained by many able speakers of prominence, and I hope you will feel that you have gained some knowledge while here.

The great investigation and trial of the beef trust which has been going on for the past two years has come to naught and we are just where we started. The railroad, oil, insurance, and many other trusts are now on It seems more than probable that the apparent results will be the same; yet the energy, honesty and zeal of the President of this great nation, assisted by a few fearless, patriotic, public men, who know their duty and dare to do it, have created in the minds of these grafters and managers of these trusts a wholesome

fear and respect for the righteous in-dignation of the people. the past, present and future of this great Panhandle. For thirty years I have basked in its warm sunshine and withstood its wintry blasts, which has endeared it to my heart as no other spot on earth. From a young man starting out in life I have grown old within its borders. I saw it when buffalo hides was its only product. I saw it again when grass cattle was its only product. I see it today with an hundred products that come from its virgin soil. I was here whenlands were almost valueless. I see it today with land worth from \$5 to \$20 per acre; and yet we have just begun. What has brought about this happy change? We have the same climate and soil we had fifty years ago. There can be but one answerrailroads and the man with the plow. It was said by one of our great men, "Civilization begins and ends with the plow." Give us more railroads, more farmers and I might say a little more capital, and we will fulfill the scriptural prophesy which says "The first shall be last and the last shall be first." Instead of being the handle or

be the head. To the railroad and farmer I will say, we greet you with open arms; will gladly co-operate with you in any movement which has for its object the upbuilding of this country which nature has done so much for. Every row man is a land owner and at present prices it is unprofitable to raise cattle on the native grasses alone. We must turn our attention to the raising of the various kinds of stock and of better grades, to all of which our country is well adapted: must raise more feed and give our stock better attention. We have proved that almost all grasses and grains grown on this continent can be grown in the Panhandle if given intelligent cultivation. We should keep in close touch with both the state and national experiment stations. The federal government will always gladly furnish free of cost bulletins covering experiments with grasses, forage and grains. These should be obtained by both stock growers and farmers and carefully studied. They can be had by writing to our congressman, John Stephens, at Vernon, Texas.

tail to Texas as we now are, we will

What we need now is a concert of action by the farmers and stock First of all we need an experiment station right here on the plains; not a garden but a large farm under the direction of the state. It would have the assistance of the government. I am confident almost every land owner would contribute liberally to its support if necessary.

I most earnestly appeal to all our Panhandle brethren to join us and help to secure favorable legislation. Singly we can do nothing, but by concert of action many abuses can remedied. When we ship to market. wthether it be live stock, grain or produce, we ship to a member of an exhcange who fixes commission charges as he sees fit. We are not consulted, yet these commission firms

Our government has been steadily at work for several years trying to ern treeless country. In the inevitable change from ranches to small farms think what an amount of posts it will require to fence the Panhandle into sections or even smaller tracts. Where are they to come from? I have demonstrated that a black locust tree can grown here in five years that will make three or four good posts, and they are as durable as cedar. This country took up the forestry move more than a year ago. It has had at its head Dr. Cartright, who has kept moving. He has interested the ladies who work with him in this great enterprise. I hope other counties will take the matter up and not stop until every farmer and ranchman has a forest on his place. It will furnish him not only posts but wood for fuel.

hope to see the day when forestry and

agriculture are taught in the public

Our association is making a steady growth as the secretary's report will show; but it is not where it should Concerted action, as stated before, is the only way by which we can hope to better our condition. If we would keep up with the procession we must work in unison as do other

organizations. The completion of the Panama canal will open new markets to us for over half the world's population, and make Galveston the greatest exporting port on this continent, because it will be natural gateway through which will flow the coal, grain, oil, cotton, both raw and manufactured, lumber and other export products of not only the empire of Texas, but the whole Mississippi valley. No one within the sound of my voice today can esti-mate the value of this canal to the south and middle west.

Before closing these remarks I cannot refrain from making some allusion to home manufactories, which, as you all know, is my hobby. I particularly desire to see packing houses and cotton mills built in Texas. Home manufactories mean home markets. We excel every other state in the union in the production of a great many things, but our boasted greatness sinks into insignificance when we allude to manufactories. Many other southern states have secured factories by favorable legislation. What others have done why cannot we? Begin a campaign of education get our newspapers to take it up; they will advocate the wants of the people if the people will make them known. We hold an election this fall; vote only for the men who will take up this cause and push it to its utmost These matters will be taken up during this meeting and discussed at some length. I hope everyone who is in-terested in building up Texas will take part, or at least give us their presence while these discussions are going We may talk factories markets on the corners or from the house tops but it will be of no avail; we must put our shoulder to the wheel of progress and never let up or look ick until we have reached the sum-2-BUGBEE makes-stockman accomplished by undying energy cou-

pled with faith and intelligent effort. Before closing these remarks I must make a last appeal to all good citizens of the Panhandle to join us. Make a membership in this body not only a certificate of good character but of good citizenship. A good citizen is one who obeys the laws of his country; a better one is he who helps to enforce them.

For six successive years by your unanimous vote you have elected me to the office I now hold. I cannot express in words how highly I appreciate that honor. How well I have filled the office you are to judge. At the close of this meeting I shall turn the office over to my successor, I hope untarnished by any act of mine.

Says Buyers of Panhandle Are

Disappointing

ARE HEREFORDS

Expects From Fifteen to Twen-

ty-six Dollars Per Head

or Will Ship North

AMARILLO, Texas, April 18 .- "Buy-

ers are not taking hold as we thought

they would," said Ben Van Tuyl of

Colorado City, a pioneer Texas breed-

er, who is attending the seventh an-

nual meeting of the Panhandle Stock-

men's Association, which closed its

Colonel Van Tuyl has been in the

Colorado City country for more than

twenty years, where he ranches on

thirty-five sections, 22,400 acres, a

goodly portion of which is in cultiva-

tion, producing seed stuffs for his we'll

This prominent ranchmen has ready

for market 800 high-grade Hereford

yearlings, and 1,000 ones and 1,009

"I am expecting \$15 \$20 and \$26.

respectively, and, unless I can obtain these figures, why there's plenty of good grass left. In fact, I have an

offer from a Montana buyer for a portion of my stock at prices quoted.

but prefer to sell all of my offerings

of prosperity and the cattle have win-tered well. The crop of calves bids

fair to be large. A large number of

farmers are cutting up the big ranches and land is selling at from \$4 to \$15

per acre, according, of course, to improvements, fertility and proximity to Colorado City. Land was sold at less than half these prices just about a year ago, the rapid rise being attribut-

"The Colorado country is in an era

twos. Continuing, he said:

second day today.

stocked outfit.

at one time.

COL. VAN TUYL TALKS OF

COLORADO CITY CATTLE

THE CONVENTION AT AMARILLO

J. K. Rosson has returned from the Amarillo cattle convention and reports among the cattlemen and hearing the good talk that they all had as to the conditions of range and cattle, it being the universal opinion of all that everything has come out of the winter and early spring in much better condition than usual, and with much less loss than could have been expected. There was a goodly crowd in attendance and

a lot of buyers and not a few sellers. Many Cattle Sold

"The number of sales," said he, were very limited, only two worthy of mentioning having been concluded. D. B. Gardner sold somewhere between two and three thousand yearlings for \$16 per head and C. C. Slaughter, the Lazy-S cattle, terms private. These sales were made to parties from the northwest, and the price of the yearlings was far in advance of what the northwesterners had expected to get them for. There was too great a chasm between buyer and seller for much trading. The uncertainty of the market at this time probably had a great deal to do with this, as those who buy for feeding and range purposes now cannot see their way to pay extra big prices for stuff at a time when the market is so uncertain as it is now. Moreover, the Texas cowmen, with the good prospects of plenty of grass be-fore them, are not nervous as to the future and can hold their stuff for some time yet, with a certainty of their ability to do so without crippling their ranges badly. It has rained all over the Panhandle as well as over the balance of the state and there is no doubt about the abundance of fine

"The Panhandle country, what I saw of it, is certainly in fine shape in every respect. The wheat is reported more than up to the standard and with clear dry weather is expected to make a banner crop. All other kinds of small grain is equally as good, and with the season in the ground that is there now every kind of stuff will do

WILL REPORT MAY 29 Committee to Consider Independent

Exchange Plan

DENVER, Colo., April 18 .- After 8 two days' conference of committees and representatives from the national live stock bodies to inaugurate a fight against the exchanges at the packing centers, the following resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, That a commission com-pany be organized on co-operative principles, viz., that after payment of a reasonable dividend on the balance of the profits be divided among the patrons of said company; that it have a capital stock of \$100,000, in shares of a par value of \$10 each; that said stock be subscribed for and owned by actual live stock producers and feeders, and that no stockholder be permitted to subscribe for or own more than fifty shares; that said company when organized shall charge the following commissions for the sale of live stock: Sheep and hogs, singledeck cars, \$6; sheep and hogs, double-deck cars, \$10; cattle, 50 cents per head, with a maximum of \$10 per car; the rates for the sales of calves and mixed carloads, and for purchase of

feeders to be subsequently determined. "Resolved, That in order to carry out the purposes of the foregoing res olution and to perfect the necessary details, a committee, consisting Murdo Mackenzie, president of the American National Live Stock Association; Dr. J. M. Wilson, vice president of the National Wool Growers Association, and A. L. Ames, president of the Corn Belt Meat Producers' Association, be hereby appointed, with full power to name subcommittees to

assist them in their duties." The committee is to report May 29. when the stock association will meet

ed to the awakening of the people to

the agricultural possibilities. Cotton

"I believe that the Colorado City

country is importing registered stock

faster than any other part of the

state. The Herefords are in the lead.

with the Durhams a close second, and

there are a large number of black

mulies. A number of breeders are fat-

tening and finishing their calves for early market, having come to the con-

clusion that it pays better than to raise aged steers. One breeder, C. A. O'Keefe of Fort Worth, whose cattle are in the

Colorado country, refused \$20 for his high-grade Hereford calves, which he

has been feeding during the winter. That's a pretty good demonstration,

isn't it, when you consider the fact

that last fall sellers were offering twos

at that same figure? That shows it

pays to mature 'em early. I certainly

agree with Colonel Slaughter in his

expression of yesterday before the Panhandle stockmen that it pays to

"A good many are feeding out our way, and Colorado City and vicinity is

furnishing cattle for market every

month, whereas movements heretofore

have been congested to a short period

in the fall. This means better prices of

ing out in our part of West Texas, and there are only two or three aver-

age size flocks within a radius of fif-

ing and pays handsomely. I have about

shires, and certainly intend to make

coach horses out there, and one pro-

that he was selling his horses at from \$400 to \$500. Good drivers are com-

manding as high as \$200. I sold an

average bunch last week at \$100 per

head, and was reluctant to let 'em go

at that. These animals were shipped

to St. Louis. A number of the ranch-

which are selling at \$70 and more.

men are devoting considerable atten-

"So I think that our part of the

state is becoming the cow, horse, hox and farming country of the southwest, for every one is happy and prosperous, and the farmer and stockman are en-joying all sorts of prosperity."

to the raising of good ponies,

ducer told me just a few days

"We have a good lot of registered

thirty fine Poland Chinas and Berk-

"The hog business is rapidly grow-

"The sheep industry is about play-

shelter and feed the babies.

ty miles of the city.

this a feature of my ranch.

itse!f.

averaged about three-quarters of a

dale per acre last season.

STOCKMEN APPLAUD CATTLE FAIR IDEA

Col. Edmonson's Suggestion Is Cheered at Amarillo

AMARILLO, Texas, April 17 .- Today is a gala day here. The business streets are profusely decorated and a holiday spirit is everywhere in evidence. Prosperity is fairly beaming from the faces of 1,000 and more stockmen who are present.

The seventh annual meeting of the Panhandle Stockman's association was called to order in the Amarillo opera house at 10:15 this morning by President T. S. Bugbee of Clarendon,

address of welcome was made by Will A. Miller, followed by Judge J. M. Browning, ex-lieutenant governor of Texas, J. G. Witherspoon, responding. Secretary E1 H. Brainard's annual report was then read and accepted, Treasurer Tol Ware's report

enlisted enthusiastic applause as he suggested that Amarillo have a grand fair here in the very near future, representing all leading beef breeds of cattle. Then John M. Simpson of Dallas, strongly recommended Edmonson's suggestion, urging plans be arranged immediately. C. C. Slaughter also spoke.

"Nothing will drive cattle from the Panhandle," said Colonel Slaughter, "and the whole world will be looking to Texas for fine blood. Put more money in fine cows as well as bulls.

"Keep cutting up the ranches, farm ing means better cattle, more breeders more farms, more cattle, a better output and higher prices. On rostrum besides the executive

committee including W. C. Isaacs, G A. Sachse, Sol Owens, William Harold, R. H. Norton, C. T. Ward, Ed Davis and Tom McConnell, were Colonel C C. Slaughter, Dallas; Burk Burnett, Fort Worth; John O. Simpson, Dallas; George Slaughter, Roswell.

The convention adjourned at 11:40 until 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. A big Hereford sale is now in prog ress. All visitors have about arrived, and the hotels are crowded to the utmost. Private families are afford-

ROOSEVELT SENDS BEEF TRUST SPECIAL MESSAGE

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21 .-The full text of President Roosevelt's message to congress on the beef trust situation, which is one of the most sensational in the history of his ad-

ministration, is as follows: 'To the Senate and House of Representatives: I submit herewith a letter of the attorney general, inclosing a statement of the proceedings by United States against the individuals and corporators commonly known as 'beef packers,' and commenting upon the decision of District Judge Humphrey. The result has been a miscarriage of justice.

"It clearly appears from the letter of the attorney general that no criticism whatever attaches to Commis-sioner Garfield; what he did was in strict accordance with the law and in pursuance of a duty imposed on him by congress, which could not be avoided; and, of course, congress, in passing the Martin resolution, could not possibly have foreseen the decision of Judge Humphrey.

Right of Appeal Needed

"But this interpretation by Judge Humphrey of the will of the congress, as expressed in legislation, is such as to make that will absolutely abortive. Unfortunately there is grave doubt whether the government has the right of appeal from this decision of the district judge. The case well illus-trates the desirability of conferring upon the government the same right of appeal in criminal cases, on queshas, in all cases where the defendant had not been put in jeopardy by a trial upon the merits of the charge made against him. The laws of many of the states and the law of the District of Columbia, recently enacted by the congress, give the government the character indicated should certainly be enacted. "Furthermore, it is desirable to en-

act a law declaring the true construction of the existing legislation so far as it affects immunity. I can hardly believe that the ruling of Judge Humphrey will be followed by other judges, but if it should be followed, the result would be either completely to nullify much and possibly the major part of the good to be obtained from the terstate commerce law and from the law creating the bureau of corporations in the department of commerce and labor; or else frequently to obstruct an appeal to the criminal laws by the department of justice. There seems to be no good reason why the department of justice, the department of commerce and labor, and the interstate commerce commission each should not, for the common good, proceed within its own powers without undue interference with the functions of the other. It is of course necessary under the constitution and the laws. that persons who give testimony or produce evidence as witnesses should receive immunity from prosecution.

Effect on Immunity Law

"It has hitherto been sopposed that the immunity conferred by existing laws was only upon persons who, besubpenaed, had given testimony produced evidence, as witnesses, relating to any offence with which they

were, or might be, charged. "But Judge Humphrey's decision is, in effect that, if either the commissioner of corporations does his duty or the interstate commerce commission does its, by making the investigations which they by law are required to make, though they issue no pena and receive no testimony or evilence, within the proper meaning of those words, the fact of the investigation may of itself operate to prevent the prosecution of any offender for any offense which may have been developed in even the most indirect ma ner during the course of the investigation, or even for any offense which may have been detected by investigations conducted by the department of justice entirely independently of the labors of the interstate commerce commission or of the commissioner of corporations—the only condition of im-munity being that the offender should have given, or directed to be given, information which related to the subject out of which the offense has

Hard to Execute Justice

"In offenses of this kind it is at the best hard enough to execute justice upon offenders. Our system of criminal jurisprudence has descended to us from a period when the danger was lest the accused should not have his rights adequately preserved, and it is admirably framed to meet this danger. But at present the danger is just the reverse—that is, the danger nowa-days is—not that the innocent man will be convicted of crime, but that the

guilty man will go scot free. "This is especially the case where the crime is one of greed and cunning perpetrated by a man of wealth in the course of those business operations where the code of conduct is at variance, not merely with the code of humanity and morality, but with the code as established in the law of the

"It is much easier, but much less effective, to proceed against a corporation than to proceed against the in-dividuals in that corporation who are

themselves responsible for the wrong-

"Naturally outside persons who have no knowledge of the facts and no responsibility for the success of the proceedings, are apt to clamor for action against the individuals. The department of justice has, most wisely, in-variably refused thus to proceed against individuals, unless it was convinced that they were in fact guilty and that ther was at least a reasonable chance of establishing tihs fact of their guilt. These beef packing cases offered one of the few instances where here was not only the moral certainty that the accused men were guilty, but what seemed-and now seems-sufficient legal evidence of the fact.

No Immunity Promised

"But in obedience to the explicit order of the congress, the commissioner of corporations had investigated the beef packing business. for the beef packers explicitly admit-ted that there was no claim that any of immunity had been giver by Mr. Garfield; as shown by the following collequy, during the argument of the attorney general:

Mr. Moody-I dismiss, almost with word, the claim that Mr. Garfield promised immunity. Whether there is any evidence of such a promise or not do not know and I do not care. Mr. Miller (counsel for the beef packers)-There is no claim of it.

Mr. Moody-Then I was mistaken, and I will not even say that word.

Makes Farce of the Law "But Judge Humphrey holds that if the commissioner of corporations (and therefore, if the interstate commerce commission) in the course of any investigations prescribed by congress asks any questions, not called as a witness, or asks any questions of an officer of a corporation not called as a witness, with regard to the action of the corporation, on a subject out of which prosecutions may subsequently arise, then the fact of such questions having been asked operates as a bar to the prosecution of that person or of that officer of the corporation for his

"Such interpreation of the law comes measurably near making a law a farce, and I, therefore, recommend that the congress pass a declaratory act stating its real intention

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT." Attorney General Moody's Views In the letter of the attorney general, referred to by the President, Mr Moody reviews, rather exhaustively, the proceedings of the government

against the beef packers. The attorney

general savs: 'In inviting the co-operation of the packers in conducting the investiga-tion, Mr. Garfield said to them that the detailed figures of cost, profit and loss that might be obtained would t considered as confidential and would not be published or disclosed as to individual houses, but would be used for the purpose of preparing tables showing general averages; he assured them that he was not co-operating with the department of justice, but was acting independently, and that he would not give to that department any evidence obtained from the packers, but would report it only to the President for such as he should determine to make

No Evidence of Immunity "In the opening statements made to the jury it was said that at this time Mr. Garfield promised the defendants immunity from prosecution, but there

was no evidence to sustain this state-ment, and during the argument any such claim was expressly disaffirmed by Mr. Miller, the leading counsel for the defendants. The attorney general says the packers finally aforded Mr. Garfield com-

plete access to their records relating to the costs, prices and profits of the beef business. He then adds: "Subsequently Mr. Garfield made

partial report to the President, which was transmitted to congress and printed as a public document, known as the Garfield report. Before the report was made it was submitted to the officers of the packing companies for the purpose of seeing whether the figures were properly used. Criticisms on minor points were made and the report corrected accord-After its publication the fendants ordered many copies for the purpose of circulation. As to the information obtained by Mr. Garfield, Mr. Moody says:

"It may be said here that not a scrap of evidence obtained by Mr. Garfield, directly or indirectly, from the pack-ers, was used before the grand jury to obtain the indictments.' In conclusion the attorney general suggests to the President the desirability of recommending to congress the

enactment of laws the President pro-

poses in his message. To Classify Cattle

G. M. Sharpe left San Angelo Tues-day for El Paso where he is to enter the employ of the British government as a cattle expert. Mr. Sharpe will judge and class cattle being bought by the English govenment to ship South Africa to re-stock the depleted Boer farms. While in this city the cattle expert worked as a painter. was formerly in the employ of Great Britain in the same capacity as now. —San Angelo Standard.

MONTANA COWMEN IN CONVENTION

Twenty-First Annual Meeting Held at Miles City With Large Attendance and Big Owners From All Sections Report Favorable Prospects for Coming Season

historic old cow town of the northwest is filled with the range men of Monannual meeting of the Montana Stock Growers' Association, and when President John M. Holt called the first session of the convention to order at 10 o'clock this morning he faced one of the largest gatherings of cattle men ever here. There was little done in the morning session, the organization of committees taking up the time of the Actual work of the cattlemen will be accomplished in the afternoon meeting.

At the afternoon session addresses will be delivered by men prominent in the live stock affairs of the country. Ex-Senator W. A. Harris of Kansas, one of Colonel Skinner's Chicago party, will talk to the cattlemen or the needs of the more favorable reciprocity treaties with foreign nations. Murdo Mackenzie, president of the American National Live Stock Association, will also give an address, as will Dr. R. A. Ramsey of Denver, inspector of the bureau of animal in-Conditions on the range are report-

ed as very good. Cattle came through the winter in good shape and range men say there were practically no losses. There is plenty of water on most sections of the range and all conditions and signs point to an early growth of good grass. Cattlemen are working hard for an

extension of the 28-hour law and the Montana congressmen will be urged to ise every effort to win the fight at Washington The Eastern Montana Wool Growers' Association closed the most suc

cessful meeting in the history of that organization last evening and today Miles City was given over to the cattlemen. The legislative committee of the Wool Growers' Association was in-structed to effect the appointment inspectors and

duties will be similar to those of the There will be two men detailed in Dawson, Rosebud and Custer coun ties to look out for the sheep owners' A resolution deploring the leasing of

public lands was passed by the convention by a vote of 50 to 4, The Hon. William Linsay was elected president for the ensuing year. A Laney vice president and H. D. Wiley

Preuitt Reads Annual Report In submitting his annual report to the Montana Stock Growers' Association Secretary-Treasurer W. G. Preu-

itt said: "I respectfully beg leave to present the twenty-first annual report of the Montana Stock Growers' Association, showing the condition of the association finances and records and of its affairs in general:

FINANCIAL STATEMENT. Cash balance on hand April 1, 1905-In annual dues fund \$ 8,749.84 In stray fund 13,762,15

Total balance on hand...\$ 32,511.99 Receipts during year-From stray receipts\$107,355.49 From annual dues 2,490.00 Total receipts from all

sources\$109,845.49 Total of balance and receipts\$132,357.48 Disbursements during year-

To owners of strays\$ 95,534.12 Transfer to board of stock commissioners, per resolution... 6,095,84 All office expen-

Denver committee, rewards and e nit d'r tainment

committee ... 2,112.00 Total disbursements for

. \$103.791.96 In stray fund ...\$ 19,437.68 annual dues

fund 9,127.84

Total balance on hand

April 1, 1906\$ 28,563.53 "We have a membership of 488 members paid up to April 1, 1906, and a list of new names to present to the convention at this session. Fourteen past year. We have 123 members who joined since the publication of the 1903 brand book, not including those who will join at this meeting, and would earnestly recommend that the secre-

tary be empowered to issue a supplement brand book to include the names and brands of these members. last legislature passed a bounty bill requiring the board of stock commissioners to furnish the supplies, which was done at a considerable expense. and through the new system much of the fraud practiced heretofore will be eliminated. The sheep commissioners at their meeting last spring voted to pay three-sevenths of this expense, which they have done, and much credit is due the attorney general's office for its help in preparing the paraphernalia for the county inspectors.

Bounty Law is Effectual in confunction with the board of sheep commissioners, has employed neys in different parts of the state to look out for the bounty law and the bounty inspectors in a general way. The new system will undoubtedly do away with much of the fraud and the stockmen in the various districs should do all in their power to see that reliable and competent men are appointed as bounty inspectors.

"The legislature also passed what is

MILES CITY, Mont., April 21 .- This | known as the 'scab law,' which makes the stock inspectors deputy veterinarians, and as the law was a new one, with the able assistance of the state veterinarian ,it was well carried out for the first year. A great num-ber of cattle and horses were dipped under the supervision of the stock in-spectors, and it did not become necessary for the board to enforce law, as most cattlemen realize the necessity of doing away evil, and cattlemen are advised where there is any of this disease showing to stamp it out as quickly as possible and to prevent its spread. Last year year cattle were allowed market unrestricted after being inspected at the loading point for scaleand found clean, the federal authorities keeping inspectors at various shipping points, and it is to be hoped that the same arrangements can be made this year.

Good Work in Year Past

"With regard to the work for the year, in which the association is most vitally interested, perhaps a quota-tion from the report of the board of stock commissioners will cover the subject more fully than we could otherwise do, inasmuch as the inspectior work and the enforcement of the stock laws are among the primary object? of the association. The report of this board shows that during the year there were 139 arrests made, thirtyseven were convicted, four jumped their bond and there are some cases still pending. At the markets, out of 34,829 head of strays inspected 2,614 were paid for through the Montana Stock Growers' Association and the remainder, or 32,215, were remitted for to the owners from place of sale. There were 1,541 head of cattle driven into Canada, as nearly as could be estimated, and 42 head of Montana cattle were found in Canada and remitted to the owners through the Western Stock Growers' Association of Mac-leod, N. W. T., while this association paid Canadian owners for Canadian cattle found on this side and shipped to the markets. The shipments of horses aggregated 26,000 head, and about 8,500 head of cattle were brought into the state for grazing

"The board further says: "The Montana Stock Growers' Association con tinues its loyal support of the work of the board, and no little credit is du that organization for its financial and ral assistance in years past. "Altogether the work for 1905 was

most satisfactory." John M. Holt of Miles City was reelected president of the Montana Stock Association at the Wednesday morning session, W. G. Preuitt of Helena was elected secretary, David Fratt of Billings and Conrad Kohrs of Helena vice presidents. The resolutions committee reported resolutions on the death of the late Joseph T. Scott, the first president of the association. A resolution was introduced and drawn by A. B. Clark, the range horse salesman, requesting the President and secretary of agriculture to establish an experiment station on the Fort Keogh military reserve and Crow Indian reservation for breeding of thoroughbred draft horses, similar to the station which has been established for coach horse breeding at Fort Collins. Colo.

spent inmemorial exercises in honor of the late Joseph E. Scott. Rev. H. A. James of Butte delivered the eulogy. A vacant chair was draped with crape in the center of the stage, si-lently suggested the departed. A choir of thirty voices sang "Lead Kindly Dr. R. A. Ramsey, chtef of the bu-

Tuesday afternoon an hour was

reau of animal industry at Denver. Col., spoke on the "American Exports of Animals and Animal Products." Dr. Ramsey said good meat was more essential to keep foreign markets than any political policy.

Montana state authorities promised

ready co-operation with federal au-thorities in live stock sanitary measres. In the audience was Hon. Murdo MacKenzie, and beside him ex-Senator Harris and W. E. Skinner of Chicago: Drs. R. R. Rasey, N. P. Smith, Butler and Tracy, federal inspectors; M. E. Knowles, state veterinarian; E. S. Kelly, D. D. Cuttler, A. T. Conley, E. S. ("Skew") Johnson, C. A. Sharkey, Hugh Chittick, P. H. Scanlan and other prominent railroad men.

Crowding the Range PIERRE, S. D., April 22.—The western half of South Dakota is at the present in the stage of transforma-tion which will exceed the changes in the northern and central parts of Da-kota territory a quarter of a century

The central points of the homestead movement at the present are Pierre Chamberlain and Rapid City, and the government land offices in those cities are besieged every day by men an women who desire to secure filings o the fast disappearing remnant of th government domain. The filings the Pierre office are sufficient to ta up from one to three townships ea month, and there is a constant streat of emigrants' movables going acrothe river to begin settlement. On man who recently came in from Hayes, 40 miles west, said that on the stream of way in he counted 73 loads of su goods on the trail west. Every frei train into this city brings from a hidozen to a dozen cars of goods, a special trains of that class of goo are brought in every few days to k the work cleared

The people are from every walk The people are from every walk life, but among them are sons a daughters of people who were pineers in Minnesota, Iowa, Nebras and eastern Dakota, who are out begin on raw prairie at the same stoof life where their parents begand who know from experience the stories told them by their parent just what they have to face in the new life.

could not exist without us.

Direct from Our Distillery to YOU Saves Dealers' Profits

FULL QUARTS \$3.20

case, with no marks to show contents, TAYNER PRIVATE STOCK RYE for \$3.20, and we will pay the express charges. Try it, have your doctor test t, test it any way you like. If you on't find it all right and the purest and best whiskey you ever tasted, ship it back to us at ur expense and your \$3.20 vill be promptly refunded.

At our distillery, one of he largest and best uipped in the world, we istill an average of 9,580 allons of PURE WHIS-DISTILLE urity and saving you the ealers' big profits. HAY-NER WHISKEY is pre-

KEY a day. When you buy HAYNER WHIS-KEY, it goes direct to you from our distillery, thus assuring you of perfect scribed by doctors and used in hospitals and by half a million satsfied customers. That's why YOU should WRITE OUR NEAREST OFFICE

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO. ST. LOUIS, MO. ST .PAUL, MINN. ATLANTA, GA. DAYTON, O. ders for Ariz. Cal., Col., Idahō, Mont., New., Mex. Ore., Utah, Wash., or Wyo., must be the basis of 4 QUARTS for \$4.06 by EXPRESS PRE-ID, or 30 QUARTS for \$15.30 by FREIGHT PREPAID. DISTILLERY, TROY, O. ESTABLISHED 1866 Capital \$500,000,00 Paid In Full.

GUTHRIE GOING TO HASKELL CO.

Accompanied by several of his ondsmen, who are among the most prominent and reputable business men of the city of Fort Worth, W. C. Guthrie will leave Fort Worth in time to be in attendance on the district court of Haskell county, which is to convene Monday, April 23.

Last December a well known stockman of Stonewall county, "Buff" Mc-Gaughey by name, died suddenly under unusual circumstances. A protege named Hills, almost standing in the attitude of an adopted son, was sus-pected by Stonewall county authorities and, after a time, arrested in Mexico, where he committed suicide,

Hills was somewhat prominent socially in Fort Worth, and Guthrie was an acquaintance of Hills.. During a vacation from his employment he vis-ited Hills and McGaughey and it so oppened that about the time of the death of McGaughey, Guthrie was at the ranch. That fact led to his arrest also on a charge of complicity in the crime. His friends in Fort Worth, who knew him best, were confident that his connection with the affair was limited to the misfortune of being a visitor at the ranch about the time of McGaughey's death. A bond tion of the grand jury of Haskell coun-The grand jury has taken no action in Guthrie's case to this time. is any expected, but complying with the terms of the bond, Mr. Guth rie will be at the court house when court convenes and await the action of the grand jury.

"PACKERS' CASE A MISCARRIAGE"

WASHINGTON, April 19 .- In a special message delivered to congress Tuesday, President Roosevelt clares the result of the recent trial of "beef packers" in Chicago was a "miscarriage of justice," and that the interpretation placed by Judge Humphrey on the will of congress is such as to make that will absolutely abortive.

LIGHTFOOT STILL **ON INVESTIGATION**

AUSTIN, Texas, April 17 .-- Judge J. P. Lightfoot, office assistant attorney general, returned this morning from Fort Worth, where he admits that he has been prosecuting further investigations of the Fort Worth Live Stock

what progress he has made. Judge Lightfoot also visited Dallas, where it is said he is also conducting an investigation, but he declined to state the nature of this mission either.

W. E. Bracken, a shipper who patonizes this market frequently, came in the yards with a car of good stuff.

Cancer of the Face Cured-Left No Scar

Baxter, Ark. Drs. Bye & Leach, Dallas, Texas.

that the cancer on my face is entirely cured and has left but very little scar. Words cannot express my thankfulness for your wonderful cure and I will always recommend your treatcancer and other malignant diseases. I will be glad to answer all letters of

ttching and crawling feeling after the first application of your treatment, and if myself or family should ever be apply to you at once.

May God ever bless you in your good work is my prayer. Thanking you for your kindness, I

Respectfully yours,
MRS. IDA ELLINGTON.

that is essentially a home treatut and is therefore a great boon to
be in limited circumstances. DocLawyers and Ministers endorse in
book containing valuable informain the care of the patient will be
free to those who write for it.
Iddress Drs. Bye & Leach, No. 416
by St., Suite W. Dallas, Texas.

EYE WITNESSES TELL OF FRISCO HORRORS

Terrence Owens of Denver, in Grand Hotel

DEP'T CHIEF FIRE

Two Shocks Felt Distinctly. Air Turns Bluish Yellow. People Panic-stricken

SALT LAKE CITY, April 21.—Ter-rence Owens, chief of the Denver fire department, was an eye witness to the San Francisco earthquake. The chief, with his wife and young son, arrived here yesterday. They were guests at the Grand hotel in San Francisco on the morning of the earthquake and, after the first shocks, escaped to Oakland.

"I happened to be awake when the first shock came," said Chief Owens. "The plaster began to come down around us and the furniture of the room was thrown about,

Rescues His Family

"My wife sprang up from the bed and a moment after she had quit it, a heavy dresser was thrown violently It would probably have killed her had she remained there, I quickly got my wife and child to the street. Going back I got our things together and took them down where my wife was. I saw fire burst out a few blocks away. An engine came down and hitched to a hydrant, but seemed to be doing nothing. I asked the en-gineer what was the matter and he said there was no water. I saw enough in those minutes to convince me the city was doomed.

Reach Oakland Safely "I made my way back to my wife and got away. She wanted to go to Golden Gate park but I told her that I believed the city was going and that we must get to Oakland. We managed to catch the first boat and got

over and saw the rest of the fire from a distance "Market street when we got out of the hotel, was in a frightful state. Wires were down, naked and half naked men and women were running along the streets, cattle and horses were mixed up with the crowd and scene was one of indescribable

Air Color Peculiar

"The air seemed to be a sort of yellow. To make matters there was the most peculiar nell in the air. The buildings were. eaning together in a crazy fashion and debris was falling everywhere. "I distinctly felt two heavy shocks before we left for Oakland and after we got over to the Oakland side there

Fire Spreads Quickly

"As we left the Frisco side I could see fire in all directions. People we met had come for many blocks running to the water front half naked and with bare feet. At that time it was no easy matter to get through the streets for the stuff thrown about The horrible I ever witnessed and I have seen many fires. Some persons met were cut about the face and hands falling glass and others had been hit by stones. None of them seemed to know where they were going, but ran about in every direction.'

Frank L. Ames Talks

Perhaps the most realistic story that come from the scenes of death and desolation at San Francisco is told by Frank L. Ames, a newspaper man who was standing directly in front of the Palace hotel when the first shock of the earthquake came. He describes his experiences in the following statement: 'I had finished a night's work on my newspaper and had been down to Zinkand's for luncheon, and was strolling by the Palace hotel. Under the port cochere of the Palace was a private carriage, and I vaguely wondered what should be keeping a man rich enough to own a private carriage up at that time of night. Inside the Palace office the lights were bright and inviting. Even as I looked the tall palms in the corner of the hotel lobby began

"An optical delusion, thought I, until the ground began sinking under my feet. Have you ever been in a swiftly decending elevator? That is the sensation. The ground does not sink so far as the elevator goes, but the earthquake sensation is the elevator sensation. I turned instinctively to the tall buildings of the Chronicle and Call.

"The clock in the Chronicle tower seemed to waver, and the Call's skyscraper, anchored as it was, hundreds of feet in the ground, simply

'Cornices and brick came-tumbling around me. The team in the port cochere of the Palace ran, and as the horses passed me I could not help noticing the beasts' eyes were big with terror, and foam was coming from their nostrils. I stepped into an alcove for safety. It seemed as if the very earth was reeling. We have had earthquake shocks before, but not like this. From every entrance of the Palace guests poured out in their night but when they saw the devastation before them they returned

Safer Inside Buildings

"In this they were wise because most of the people inside saved their lives. It was the people that ran outside that got killed and injured. This was true

with few exceptions. "As I stepped from the alcove the pavement simply went in waves under my feet. I ran for the Chronicle building, for the way the bricks were coming from the Palace indicated it was about to fall. The quake ran from east to west and the cobble stones of Every Market street seemed alive. one of them was moving and the street car rails were twisted from their places.

Pandemonium on Increase

"The shocks died away gradually. There was a low grumbling like the roar of 10,000 lions and then the ground would heave. It was terrify. ing to look at the ground, but when looked up I was even worse scared. The tops of the buildings seemed to be nodding good morning to each other. "Now a pandemonium began, Shricks of women mingled with the hoarser cries of men. On the various streets back teams were running away. I do not believe there were more than two or three hack drivers whose teams did

not get away from them. "Women stuck their heads from buildings and screamed that everybody else was killed. The tugs on the bay set up a shrill clamor. I thought the climax had been reached, but within ten minutes the cry of 'Fire, fire' sinote my ears.

"Down on the Barbary Coast," as
the cheap lodging house district is
called lamps were upset by the quake.

bay. Fire wagons were dashing through the streets, the drivers pulling up every now and then to some debris. Although the shocks were over bricks were tumbling from the roofs at random and it was dangerous to go out on the streets.

Policeman Crazed

"I met a policeman running for dear life. I stopped him. 'Let me loose,' he cried. "The end of the world has come and I must report for duty.' He went on incoherently in this manner,

and I soon saw he was crazy. "Electric wires were on the pave-ments, spitting blue flame and writhing like snakes. I saw a fire team run ir to one, which tangled about one of the horses' legs. The horse fell and then his mate went down, both electrocuted in an instant.

The scene was simply appalling. I had it in my mind to go to a tele-graph office, but before I reached one I saw the firemen at work with dynamite destroying buildings. "At this time there were rumors

that Oakland was as much affected as Fan Francisco, but we soon learned the earthquake there was of less violence.

Many Chinamen Killed "Chinamen were streaming out of

Chinatown, where a number had been caught in the collapse of the frail buildings there. In one Chinese building facetiously called the Palace hote! there were thirty dead Chinamen that the police took out while I was there. Notwithstanding the estimates of the police, I am convinced the en-tire list of dead in San Francisco will reach at least 1,000, and maybe more.
"The Chinese are not reporting their dead, nor are Italians nor the Greeks. For a month yet they will be finding

human bones in the debris, and not half of them will be identified. Many owners of automobiles living on Nob hill, where the earthquake was least felt of any place in San Francisco, came rushing downtown in their machines, but when they saw the danthey hurriedly returned to a zone of

Soldiers Stream In "About 10 o'clock, San Francisco time, Funston's soldiers began streaming into the city. They were for the police officials, but later on the soldiers took charge of everything and run things their own way. It was given out that all suspicious acting persons would be shot without any

"With great difficulty I made my way to the ferry slip, and from thence to Oakland. I never want to pass loing a rushing business taking people from Oakland to San Francisco, as the fer: les were not running, but when they got to the San Francisco side of he bay they could not land, as the soldiers had orders to keep everybody from coming into the town, although myone who wished could leave San

TELLS OF CROPS IN PANHANDLE

Wichita Falls Man Says Conditions Are Promising

Colonel H. B. Hovey, vice president and general superintendent of the Rock Island in Texas, has received a copy of the special letter sent on Panhandle agricultural conditions by W. D. Bent-ley, a special agent of the United States department of agriculture, to Dr. S. A. Knapp of Lake Charles, La. The letter is dated Wichita Falls, April 14. and is as follows:

"I visited our demonstration farm at Memphis, Hall county, on Monday, April 9, and went over the land care-

fully.
"The spring oats and barley are not in as good shape as they should be. Too little seed was used and they were sown broadcast, which is the worst possible manner of planting smail grain in this section. I charged Mr. Bradley, also Mr. Woodley, our farmers at Shamrock, that small grain should be planted with a drill with ress wheels if possible, but as they did not have drills and could get none they sowed the seed by hand. The winds dry out the soil as deep as a harrow covers two-thirds of the seed in a few hours, so that less than half of

the seed germinate. "It's my judgment that good crops of small grain can be grown with a reasonable degree of certainty all over this plains country if the land is properly prepared and good seed is proper-

"It is still early for corn planting here, but as the land was in good condition I left instructions to plant the corn at once and immediately after to list the cotton land.

"The indications are that the cotton land acreage in all of these western counties, where cotton is grown at all, will be increased at least 100 per cent over last year. The chief reason for this is the large number of new settlers who have come in, besides it has been fully proven that cotton is their surest and most profitable money cros and that it succeeds well on all kinds of their soils.
"Indian corn does well on deep sandy

soils and is as sure and as profitable as cotton on these sandy soils, but or the tight clay lands corn is a doubtfu proposition, as it is also where there is a clay subsoil near the surface.

"I visited Jerico, McLean and Sham-rock on the Amarillo branch of the Rock Island, and found that the croft prospects in those sections all that could be asked. At Shamrock, Wheeler county, Mr. Woodley made the mistake of flat breaking his land in the early winter. Mr. Woodley's land is deep, but light sandy soil, the very best for corn in this section, and should never be flat broken in the fall, winter or spring on account of the blowing. The winds soon cause the surface to be come smooth and the soil drifts and blows away. The good effects of win-ter breaking may be obtained on these light soils by using the lister, which leaves the land in ridges, which pre-vents the drifting. On these lands corn and cotton should be planted in the lister rows for protection from the

winds.
"In no section of the state is an early maturing, storm proof cotton needed more than here, on account of the short season. But it is my hope that some of our co-operators, by seed se-lection, will breed up a cotton suited to the land conditions existing. Many farmers all over this section are planting alfalfa and most of them are suc-

ceeding well. "I succeeded in getting a number of farmers to try som planting with wide rows and to plant cow peas between. At Chillicothe, Hardeman county, on the experiment station under Mr. Carleton of the department of agriculture, at Washington, Mr. Conners, the manager, has his corn in five foot rows. So we are sure of a number of demonstrations of the wide row plan of corn culture."

Amarilla Convention Hears Recipe for Insects

FOR 36-HOUR LAW

Strong Resolution to Extend Eight Hours

AMARILLO, Texas, April 19 .- The third and last day's session of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association was called to order at 10:20 o'clock this

The heavy rain that began at 3

Colonel Albert Dean of the United States bureau of animal industry addressed the stockmen anent parasitic insects that attack Texas cattle, re-

quarantine line," said Colonel Dean, "more than 5,000,000 belonging to Texas. Fifty cents per hundred weight is the loss suffered by the producers on account of the embargo against the tick, poverty, etc. In three tick states alone, east of the Mississippi, the loss on account of ticky cows, in the milk output alone, exceeds \$26,000 per day. If the ticks were eliminated, and they can be eliminated and eradicated, \$40,-600,000 per year can be saved the pro-The department of animal industry is making a vigorous campaign for the eradication of the scab and mange. The scientificaly analyzed nature of the disease and its history shows that it must be transmitted, as it cannot create itself, so that, once exterminated, care and disinfectants will prevent a serious recurrence. In six months one female mite reproduces

Colonel Dean also discussed interestingly the heel fly grubs, etc., and the stockmen would get out their books as Colonel Dean gave the following formular for emulsion for killing ticks,

"Four gallons Beaument oil, grade; one gallon rainwater; one galon of laundry soap suds.

water for each gallon of oil. This will destroy every tick without burning cattle thus dipped.

water to one of oil." F. W. Tomlinson of Denver, secretary of the American National Live Stock Association, offered the follow-

"Resolved, That the Panhandle the present limit, and that the secre a copy of this resolution to upon them to do everything possi cure the needed extension; and,

"That the secretary be directed to send a copy of this resolution to all

"That the Panhandle Stockmen's Association, in they are settled, they shall be used for grazing purposes under annual or seathat the land classified as grazing disupon payment of a reasonable fee." ommission charges, going over

Secretary Tomlinson protested strenuously against the advance of history of the thing. He told of the miserably poor reasons cited by the commission houses for advancing rates. not one of which was logical excepting perhaps the increased cost of living at the markets. He read the answer of an important commission house, con-fessing that there were too many houses, all of which were paid for by the producers. He told of Secretary Wilson's failure to enforce the cattle law now on the statute, complimenting President Roosevelt upon his persona. surance to the committee from the

forcement of the desired act. C. K. Bell of Fort Worth, an old-time cowboy of Hamilton, greeted the stockmen, contrasting the hardship of pioneer times with the advantages of

railroad and other facilities. The election of officers and the selection of the place of the next meet-ing will take place this afternoon. The

STOCKMEN FINISH **AMARILLO MEETING**

Roswell Chosen as Place for Convention in 1907

AMARILLO, Texas, April 20 .- The seventh annual convention of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association closed at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon after one of the most successful sessions in all of its bright annals.

At the opening of the session Treasurer B. Tol Ware's annual report was read/and accepted. The capitulation figures were as follows:
Balance on hand last year... \$464 10
Amount collected for fiscal y'r.-6,194 43

Balance on hand April 1..\$1,170 96 The resolution offered by F. Tomlinson of Denver, secretary of the American National Live Stock Company, in regard to the thirty-six hour law was amended to read as follows, and unanimously adopted:

assembled, unanimously indorses the change in the Federal statutes so as permit live stock in transit to remain on cars whenever necessary thirty-six hours, instead of twenty-eight hours, the present limit."

The resolution offered to indorse a plan to classify public lands in arid states and territories, etc. was not

Sloan Simpson, the youthful and elo-tuent cattle orator of the plains, entertained the audience with a happy address, thanking Amarillo's hospitable people for their royal cordiality and excellent management of all details in providing comfort for the hosts visitors. Mr. Simpson recited little funny stories galore, the kind that never bore, and finished amid vociferous applause.

Then the local brass band started up a two-step tune, and while the musical notes were floating over the heads of the assembled members and guests, those present noted two kinds badges dangling from the coats of the

Panhandle stockman.
One badge read: "We have done our best, Amarillo, 1907." The other read: "Roswell wants you, 1907."
George Slaughter nominated Roswell

as the place of the next convention and after a felicitous ten-minute speech, depicting the many advantages of the New Mexico city, called on T. T. D. Andrews of Fort Worth to say what he had left unsaid.
-Picturing the glory of the Pecos

valley and its beautiful city of artesian wells. Mr. Andrews seemed to convince the members that life would not be worth living unless they should see For Amarillo, T. G. Turner made a delightful response, finely listing the

many advantages of convening again at Amarillo. C. B. Pash of Amarillo also spoke for Amarillo.

The vote resulted in Roswell's vic-

tory, 42 for, 34 against. Then the motion was made unanimous. The convention adjourned sine die, to meet next April in Roswell. The band celebrated the victory by playing "Dixie," and the closing scene was a royal, good picture of smiles and joy about the man, who carved out the

plains of Texas. The stockmen were royally enter-tained with a reception at the hand-some home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. L. Smith from 5 to 10 o'clock. The trains leaving Amarillo Thurs-

paths of progress for the Panhandle

day night were crowded to the limit. Trading Slow Buyers were few and exceedingly lukewarm, few trades being closed. One produced with offerings of 3,000 head told a Telegram correspondent that he

was unable to find anything like a satisfactory market .-The Hereford sales were fairly well attended throughout the three days' session, rain interfering to some ex-

tent, yet prices paid were not as good as anticipated. A few good horses were sold at average figures. There is one deal pending, involving \$100,000, in which Panhandle produced are interested, but it is likely that this trade will not go through, on account of refusal of sell-

TELLS CATTLEMEN TO GET TOGETHER

Candidate for Governor Talks to Stockmen at Amarillo

DISCUSSION IS OPENED

Timely Addresses Made by Eloquent Speakers on Conditions and Needs

AMARILLO, Texas, April 18 .- The Panhandle Stockmen's Association resumed its session at 10 o'clock this morning at Potter county court house with a large and enthusiastic attend-

M. M. Brooks made some good hard raps at the merciless beef trusts and pointed out the advantages and practicability of establishing a packing nouse here, saying the solution was the organization of all producers to

State Senator D. E. Decker dis-cussed the opportunity of producers to start work now, sentiment of all Texas being with the Panhandle pro-

Judge J. N. Browning emphasized Amarillo's shipping facilities, urging all to back up such enterprise with their own money, so that home men and producers will own the packery, stating that the country would pro duce ample hogs and cattle to supply

the immense territory. L. B. Watkins' of Quanah elicited thundering applause as he humorously touched up the lawmakers present to use their influence in making laws that would restrict the beef trusts to Texas territory, asserting that live competition in the packing house busiess would consequently follow.

Superintendent of government experimental station at Channing, J. J. Edgerton, congratulated the Panhandle upon the determination now to have the means of finishing at home the natural product of the land. He stated that in March a bunch of twenty steers made a gain of three pounds per day on a mixture of thirteen pounds of cotton seed cake to one hundred pounds of meal, twenty-five pounds of kaffir corn and seventy-five

of milo maise. Colonel R. W. Edmonson offered resolution that a committee of the association meet a like one from the Amarillo board of trade to have a grand fair at Amarillo this coming fall. W. B. Slaughter of Dalhart offered the suggestion that if Amarillo wanted the fair the people should raise the money. No action was taken.

CAPT. LYTLE IS ILL

Is Unable to Go to Amarillo Conven-

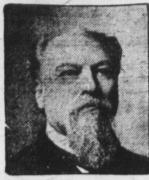
Captain John T. Lytle, who returned from a trip to South Texas Friday night, was taken ill on Sunday and is confined to his bed with the grippe. His many friends among the stockmen of the state will regret his absence from the Amarillo Stock Association's convention of the Panhandle.



New Location, 1024 Walnut St., Kansas City, Mo. Opposite Emery, Bird, Thayer's, We are specialists on the extraction

of teeth. We use Vitalized Air; it does not affect the heart; absolutely for weak and nervous people, and recommended by physicians. One or any number extracted at one time without one bit of pain. If you are coming to the city come in and see us. Consultation free. Moderate prices. Beware of the cheap, grafting dentists. They use worthless materials. We do particular work for thoughtful people who want nice, modern dentistry.

WEAK MEN ARE QUICKLY CURED.



DR. J. H. TERRILL.

By Dr. Terrill, whose treatment is the best for the special or pelvic diseases peculiar to the male sex. The fact that Dr. Terrill is daily curing cases which have successfully resisted the combined efforts of other physicians and specialists reflects most highly his remarkable skill and ability. Dr. Terrill's honesty and integrity are beyond reproach, and all promises made by him are fulfilled. If you are an afflicted man, call upon him or write him today in regard to your frouble. His expert opinion and advice will be given to you free of charge, and he will explain to you why he can afford to give you a WRITTEN LEGAL GUARANTEE of a POSITIVE CURE.

DR. TERRILL'S ENTIRE TIME AND PRACTICE ARE GIVEN TO THE CURE OF CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, LOST MANHOOD, SEMINAL EMISSIONS, NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY, EPILEPSY, CATARRH, PILES, HYDROCELE and all CHRONIC DISEASES of the STOMACH, KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and of the PROSTATE GLAND.

Dr. Terrill has a copyright given him by the government on a remy for Lost Manhood and Seminal emissions which never fails to cure. He will give a thousand dollars for any case he takes and fails to cure, if the patient will follow his instructions.

SEND FOR DR. TERRILL'S LATEST BOOK, No. 7 This is the best book ever published on the Diseases of Men, and it should be in the hands of every man, young or old, in the southwest. Send for it today. It will be sent FREE to any address in a plain sealed envelope, postage prepaid.

SPECIAL NOTICE. Afflicted men coming to Dallas for treatment owe it to them-selves to inquire of the leading banks, commercial agencies and representatives business men as to who is the best and most reliable specialist in the city.

J. H. TERRILL, M. D. Dallas, Texas.

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Afford a week's recreation yearly. This means to you a well physical being plus added energy plus a good clear brain which in all is HEALTH, WEALTH and WISDOM

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Pullman's latest standard sleepers and clean up-to-date chair cars and coaches from Waco, Corsicana, Fort Worth, Dalias, Greenville, Tyler and intermediate points to Texarkana, Pine Bluff, Stuttgart, Paragould, Memphis and St. Louis.

SEE READERS FOR FULL INFORMATION REGARDING LOW RATES Call on any Cotton Belt Agent for full information regarding your trip,

D. M. MORGAN. Traveling Passenger Agent, Fort Worth, Texas.

JOHN F. LEHANE,

Gen. Freight & Passenger Agent

Tyler, Texas.

GUS HOOVER, Traveling Passenger Agent. Waco, Texas.

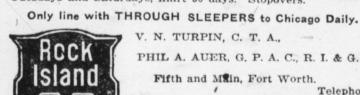
Asst. Gen. Frt. & Pass. Agt.,. Tyler, Texas.

\$50 San Francisco and Return APRIL 25 TO \$50 Los Angeles and Return MAY 5

Limit July 31. Stopovers anywhere. Takes in Los Angeles, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Rocky Mountains, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo. Go one way, return another. Via Portland only \$17.50 additional. Steamer or rail between

San Francisco and Portland. No Lower Rate To Far West This Year

ST. LOUIS and return, April 14 and 15, limit 22, \$19.90. HOMESEEKERS' rates to Pandle country and Beaver county, Tuesdays and Saturdays, limit 30 days. Stopovers.



V. N. TURPIN, C. T. A.,

PHIL A. AUER, G. P. A. C., R. I. & G. Ry., Fifth and Main, Fort Worth. Telephone 127.

UNITED Conféderate Veterans REUNION **NEW ORLEANS**



APRIL 25th to 27th, '06

Will on April 22, 23 and 24, sell tickets to New Orleans at approximately one cent per mile each way, limited to May 7th for final return. Ask Santa Fe agent for rate and detail information or address

W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A., G. C. & S. F., Galveston.

CUDAHY SHIPS HOGS

Ten Car Loads Sent From Here to Los Angeles The Cudahy Packing Company

shipped ten carloads of live hogs Friday night from Fort Worth to Los Angeles. There is a rumor among stockmen that the company is considering a plan of putting in a branch house in Fort Worth, and it is stated that the company would find it much to their advantage on account of the expense involved in such heavy ship-ments of live stock to such a distance. With a packing house located here, freight expense would be eliminated.

In shipping at such a distance there is always a certain amount of shrinkage in animals which is set down as a loss, and a number of men must take the trip to care for the animals. The journey leads across an arid part of the country and if the proper care were not given a large number of the hogs would die before reaching the destination. For these reasons it is stated that

the Cudahy company is figuring on a Fort Worth branch, but no authentice confirmation has been secured.

Ireland Hampton, manager of Na-tional Live Stock Commission Com-pany, seems to think receipts will be

Judge Lightfoot declined to discuss

Gentlemen-I think I can safely say ment to all those I see suffering with

inquiry. The sore on my face never had that afflicted with such a disease I will

There is no need of cutting off a an's cheek or nose, or a woman's reast in the vain attempt to cure No use to apply the burning ster and torture, those already ak from pain and suffering. Canis a combination of essential is soothing and balmy, safe and and has been employed successin most every situation in the It is essentially a home treat-

FORMULA FOR TICKS TRIED

Time Limit From Twenty-

o'clock this morning caused tardiness, but the attendance was large, nevertheless.

citing ample statistics gathered for the benefit of the cattlemen.
"There are 16,000,000 cattle below the

one and a half million fold. Grease and oll form the cure."

"Dissolve the soap suds by heating "For ticks, add five gallons of rain-

"For mange, use eight gallons of

Stockmen's Association, in convention assembled, unanimously indorses the change in the federal statutes so as to permit live stock in transit to remain n cars whenever necessary thirty-six nours, instead of twenty-eight hours, tary of this association be derected to senators and congressmen, and urge

western congressmen and senators, and be it resolved. convention assembled. approve and indorse the plan to classify the public lands in the arid states and territories of the United States into agricultural lands open for settlement as grazing districts, and that the lands classified as agricultural be pened for settlement, but that, until

son permits, at a reasonable fee, and tricts be occupied under permits for as long a term as ten years, if desired,

convention that he would strongly favor the enactment and en-

rain has been continuous.

"Resolved, That the Panhandle Stockmen's Association, in convention

bents were eelcted by acclamation to place, and all of the present incum-fill the same offices for the ensuing

. NO LICENSED ENGINEER REQUIRED Producer Gas is the Cheapest Pewer there is

ECHOES OF THE RANGE

Weekly Compilation of Interesting Ranch and Stock News from All of the Great Range Country of Texas

In Potter County Amarillo Herald.

The importance of the Panhandle Stockmen's Association was duly emphasized during the meeting this week by the large representation of press representatives from all leading Texas newspapers. The Dallas News, Fort Worth Telegram, Texas Stockman-Journal, Live Stock Reporter, Farm and Ranch, Fort Worth Record and many smaller papers from the near-by towns were represented at the convention and full reports of the neetings sent their papers. A prominent Texas newspaper man is authority for the statement that more trading was done here than in Fort Worth and Dallas during the recent convention of the Texas Cattle Raisers' As-

A feature of the late stockmen's convention held in this city was the diversity of opinion between the cowmen and the buyers from the north; as regards the real value of cattle. The northern buyer has, in many cases, been running sheep on his pastures, and the indications are that there will be a sharp slump in the values of those useful animals. That being the case, and added thereto the fact that cattle are up, and that the Texas cattleman knows that they will not be lower in a long time, the northern buyer is skittish about jumping in and paying the prices demanded. That accounts for the little trading that was developed during the three days of the convention. The only sale of any moment reported was about three thousand 2-year-olds by Colonel C. C. Slaughter to Con Korhs of Miles City, Mont., owner of the Pioneer Cattle Company. The price is understood to have been \$22 and takes all of Colonel Slaughter's 2-year-olds. The sale of thoroughbred bulls at the Western stock yards and at Pottinger's stable did not materialize the prices which the animals were worth, if the statements of the breeders are to be relied upon. Eight bulls were sold at Pottinger's out of the Whitman and De-Graffenreid herds on Wednesday noon for a total of about \$975. Some forty were sold the day before at the stock yards for a total of \$3,760, which included an eight hundred dollar bull brought out from Iowa. But those who did, the buying were satisfied, and were in humor to repeat the investment at the next day's sale, and did so. Cowmen said that there were more real estate sellers in attendance convention and fewer real

In Taylor County

cattlemen than at any previous meet-

Abilene Reporter. In view of the interest exhibited in the experience of E. N. Kirby, feed-ing sulphur to his Jersey cows and costly results, the Reporter secured the following account from Mr. Kirby which will be read with interest by all stockmen:

"I had twenty-five head, seven yearlings, two cows and sixteen two-year-old helfers, that I fed the sulphur and cotton seed for the purpose of ridging them of ticks and other ver-They were all healthy and in a thriving condition. I put them into the lot on the night of the 9th instant. and on the following morning about 8:30 o'clock put 200 pounds of cotton seed and twenty-five pounds of sulphur, mixed thoroughly, in a large feed trough, where they could get to it. They ate about half of this feed.

"They remained in the lot until about noon of the same day and were turned out into the pasture of rye with my milch cows. They went at once to the creek and I gave them no attention until the following morning about 8 o'clock. Noticing that they were not grazing on the rye, I went to the creek to see about them. I found two dead. of which died early in the night and the other had been dead only a little while. In less than an hour two others were dead and by 2 o'clock and other and at 5 o'clock another. Following this, one or two died each day until Sunday, the 15th, eleven had died, Five others are still very sick and seem as if they will die from the same

'All that have died are two-year-old heifers with the exception of one, a yearling. The others that are sick are the two-year-old heifers. Neither of the two cows seem to be affected. "In this connection will add that I have fed sulphur to my stock for many years, cows and horses, and

have had no ill effects before. Some of my neighbors still said that sulwill not hurt cattle, one going so far as to say that ten pounds would have no bad effects on a single cow, Others say that one-half pound would kill a cow.

"I will also add that some of these cattle died in great agony and others died without moving a muscle.
"They were raised at Fort Worth

and shipped here April 1." In Mitchell County

Colorado News. The recent splendid rains make prospects exceedingly fine in the great west. Stock of all kinds have faired well during the winter and now good grass is assured, in fact, it is almost a

J. D. Ernest has closed a deal with Gus O'Keefe of Colorado for 120 head of Hereford cows to be delivered May This is one of the finest herds of cows in West Texas, and we consider Mr. Ernest very fortunate in securing them. They will be placed on his

Dawson county ranch. D. N. Arnett came in Wednesday from the plains ranch, after a three weeks' absence from the city. He was accompanied by Mrs. Arnett and Dick Mr. Arnett says the plains country is in fine shape, the recent rains having covered a greater portion of it and that early range and fat cattle was an assured fact.

In Menard County

Menardville Enterprise.

Ben Ellis recently sold to Russell Bevans about 130 head of 3-yearold steers.

I. W. Ellis bought from G. N. Noyes several days ago about 150 head of steers, 5 and 6 years old.

A bunch of 1,000 steers belonging to Irve Ellis passed through this morn-

ing for Brady and will be shipped to the Territory. About 700 steers belonging to E. F.

Tillman of Sonora passed through to-Lee & Will Murchison Tuesday evening received 200 cows which they bought from various parties in Mason county. Besides they have bought a number of cows and yearlings over the country, but which are not yet delivered.

About 1,450 head of steers belonging to Bevans & Cooper passed through town Monday en route to Brady, from which point they will be shipped to the Territory. hundred more belonging to same parties passed through Tuesday.

About 2,000 steers belonging to Russell & Bevans passed through yesterday and will be shipped to the Territory to fatten previous to placing them on the market.

R. R. Russell has been in Brady this week shipping steers bought from Charles Schreiner and from White & Littlefield. He in partnership with other parties bought 9,000 steers from Schreiner and several thousand from White & Littlefield.

In Irion County

Sherwood Record. Sheep shearing is starting up. Feeding is now a thing of the past

Funk Bros. are gathering several hundred head of steers which they Grass and weeds are coming a humming, and the stockman is now all

The poor old cows are all right now. The wrinkles will soon disappear out of their hides.

Frank and Ralph Harris are gathering 600 steers on their ranch west of here to ship to the territory.

Mr. Tillman Suggs spent Tuesday in the city. He says he figures losses on the Sugg ranch at about 1 per cent. A flock of 3,600 sheep belonging to W. T. Noelke were brought in from the Pecos the first of the week to be sheared.

Roland Hudson shipped two cars of fine mules out of this country to Co-manche Wednesday. They were 2s They were 2s and 3s and cost him \$60 a head.

The Phelps & Ellis outfit was in

the city Saturday on their way back to the headquarters on the Pecos from San Angelo, where they had driven 1,000 head of cattle to be shipped to the territory.

Dave Parker, ranching in Crockett

county, drove several hundred head of cattle through town Saturday. He was taking them to San Angelo to be shipped to the territory to fatten for

George L. Abbott, San Angelo; H. Campbell and A. C. Cunningham, of the Indian Territory, were in the city Saturday. While here the bought 1,100 head of steers from Fayette Tankersley, 3s and 4s, paying \$23.

Theo. Bjorkman's outfit was here Saturday on their return from San Angelo, where they had driven 1,100 head of cattle to be shipped to the territory. They were a jolly crew of young cow punchers. Mr. Bjorkman has ranch holdings in Crockett

In Scurry County

Enyder Coming West. Bainy Smith reports some loss of cattle from black leg during the past winter on both the Scurry and Kent county ranches. Otherwise the loss has been trifling.

Two heavy general rains at this season of the year is unusual, coming as they did about two weeks apart. They have served many good purposes, one to hold down the sand during this the season of high winds.

The cattle interests in West Texas has suffered very little during the past winter through disease or famine. Stockmen generally have emerged in good shape and everything bids fair for smooth sailing.

In Childress County

Childress Index. W. H. Craven of the Shoenail ranch was in town Saturday. He said they were gathering and shipping cattle from Estelline to their ranches on the plains and in New Mexico. He says grass is making a rapid growth and the prairies have a heavy coat of

S. 'P. Britt of the Hereford Grove Farm, says their cattle are in fine condition. They have over one hundred young calves, about half the crop, and the calves are better this year than ever before. Cattle from this herd are recognized over the state as being of the very best.

In Lampasas County Lampasas Leader.

S. W. Walker, one of the leading stockmen of San Saba county, is here to receive and ship to the Indian Territory several hundred-head of cattel which he bought from local stock-

Henry Wolf of the Naruna section, delivered cattle here Sunday and they went out to the pastures in the In dian Territory with some 1,300, which were shipped that day. Mr. Wolf makes it a point to raise good stock, and when he buys, to buy good stock, hence none were surprised when his cattle topped the market as to the

In Kerr County

Kerrville Sun. Rain began falling Thursday morning about 9 o'clock and continued throughout the day. A fine rain fell at Kerrville and reports by wire state that good rains were had throughout this section. At Junction, Rock Springs and all over the Divide country the rain was very heavy, two to three inches. This rain means a great deal to farmers, ranchmen and men, coming as it does at the opportune moment for crops and range.

J. W. Coffey, a sheep ranchman of Noxville community, was in Kerrville for supplies Monday. Mr. Coffey was a caller at the Sun sanctum and stated that they were needing rain in his country, but, so far, nothing had suffered yet from the dry weather. F. H. Coleman, a well known Edwards county ranchman, was in Kerr ville for several days this week. Mr. Coleman stated that he had just sold his ranch together with his cattle to a

Mr. Benskin for a good price and was here to fix up the necessary papers.

In Tom Green County

San Angelo Standard.
J. S. Todd shipped thirty cars, H. M. Brent twenty cars and T. J. Clegg twenty cars of cattle to the Osage Nation Saturday. It was necessary to send the shipments out in a train of

of three sections. L. B. Moreledge, the cattle buyer, shipped twenty-one cars of steers to the Osage Nation Thursday. The steers were a lot gathered in the Concho country by Mr. Moreledge dur-

ing the past three weeks. Hamilton & North of Sonora have sold to W. T. Noelke and R. L. Carruthers 1,400 wethers at \$3.25. The sheep are sheared and are to be delivered May 1. The sale was made through Max Mayer & Co.

Cattle shipments are now so heavy from this city, Brady and intermediate points on the Frisco and Santa Fe that the two railroads are almost unable to handle them. The movement of cattle to the Indian and Oklahoma territory pastures is almost as large as it was a year ago. Railroads are doing their best to handle theestock rush with the

greatest dispatch. L. B. Moreledge has bought cattle from the following parties: J. B. Murrah, 125 mixed steers; W. C. Barron 300 3s and 4s; John McCabe, 50 3s; L. D. Brooks Jr., 150 3s. All these cattle were bought at private terms. Mr. Moreledge will ship these cattle Fairfax, O. T., this week and will then eave San Angelo for the season.

Russell & Hays shipped thirty cars of cattle late Tuesday night and forty-five cars Wednesday to Elgin, Kan. B. Moreledge shipped to Fairfax, O. T., twenty-five cars on Wednesday. Ralph Harris shipped twenty-five cars Wednesday to Osage Nation points. Sol Mayer shipped sixty cars of cat-

tle to Elgin, Kan., Tuesday and seven-

ty-five cars Wednesday.

S. J. Blocker bought of George Richardson thirty-five head of 4-year-old steers at \$25. Mr. Blocker bought of J. L. Cargile sixty-five head of 3-yearold steers at \$22. A. A. Clarke sold to Taylor, Garland & Carson, thirty-five cows for territory shipment for \$12 around. Leon Mosbacher sold to S. J. Blocker, thirty-two head of 3 and 4year-old steers at \$25. M. B. Pulliam sold to J. M. Cunningham 400 steers, 3s and up, at \$24.50. William Williams of Knickerbocker, sold to Taylor, Garland & Carson, 150 territory cows at \$12 around. J. D. Fields & Co., of nora, sold to Kirtley & Martin of Cedarvale, Kan., 100 3-year-olds and 300 4s and 5s for \$25. Felix Mann & Co. sold to L. L. Russell of Menard county, 200 3s at \$22. Max Mayer &

Co. made all these deals. M. Cox sold to C. W. B. Collyns 125 head of stock cattle at \$14.50 around. All calves were thrown in. An extension of the date for dipping cattle shipped to the territories rould be a great boon to cattlemen of this section. Many of the cows being sent north for pasture are not in condition just now to stand the trip and dipping upon arrival. J. E. Henderson Jr. of this city took up the matter with the Drumm Commission company of Kansas City with a view to getting an extension of time. In reply Mr. Henderson received the following letter which indicates that favorable action will be taken by Colonel

Dean, the officer in charge.
"Dear Sir: We have your favor of the 7th inst., and note what you say in regard to seeing Col. Dean about the extension of time on the territory cattle. We have taken this matter up with Col. Dean and he suggests that we petition the secretary of agriculture to extend the time of dipping these cattle ten days, making it May 15th instead of May 5. The secretary of agriculture will refer the matter to Col. Dean and ask his opinion. He says he will be glad to recommend the ex-tension, we have gotten up a petition and all the commission houses have signed it; also the Interstate National bank and the officials of the Live Stock exchange: also the packing houses, which makes it a very strong petition. This petition we are for-warding to the secretary of agriculture and you may rest assured if there is anything that can be done, it will be done to give this extension."

In Deaf Smith County

Hereford Brand. Few people who have not taken the pains to investigate do not realize to what magnitude the sheep industry of this immediate portion of the Panhandle has grown. By an accurate census taken by our sheep raisers this week it was learned that there are between 11,-000 and 12,000 sheep in Deaf Smith and Castro countles. This shows a very rapid growth of this industry when it is taken into consideration that sheep raising has been practiced here only about three or four years. That there is good money to be made at the sheep business is evidenced by the fact that many cattlemen each year are closing out their cattle and substituting sheep.

It is not difficult to figure approximately the revenue which our Wool Growers' association receives from their holdings annually. We are informed tthat on an average each sheep will yield 9 pounds of wool while at 20 cents a pound would give a total income of \$19,800 from our 11,000 sheep. This added to the increase in the flock would likely increase the total revenue to about \$35,000.

With a continuance of the present favorable conditions, the sheep industry is bound to become more and more popular with the people of west Texas.

In Potter County Amarillo Herald.

J. T. McElroy, one of the substantial cattlemen of Western Texas, is among the visitors at the convention. Mr. McElroy has large ranching interests in the Odessa country, and is one of the oldest and best known cowmen in that section of Western Texas. Cattle are in good condition, as a

whole, so far as this section of country is concerned. The new grass is coming along fast, and a week of clear, warm weather will make it at least three inches high. Oats are as fine as could be, and in some fields eight and ten inches tall. Wheat looks splendidly.

In Mason County

Mason News. Hon. Calvin Thaxton and sons, Lamar and Harold, were here Wednes-day, delivering cattle to S. H. Buch-anan of Llano. Mr. Thaxton sold Mr. Buchanan 116 head of three,s fours and

fives. C. M. Wallace was here Friday on his way to Bray to ship a lot of steers he recently bought here to the territory. He and his brothers, Andy and Ed bought 3,000 head of top steers, which they will hold there.

In Hale County

Plainview Herald. Alfalfa feeders have fully demonstrated the superiority of this succulent forage plant, on which to winter cattle. All stock fed on alfalfa have made the winter with little or no shrinkage and some cattle that went into the winter in bad shape have picked up flesh from being fed on alfalfa.

In Coleman County

Coleman Voice. "Roosevelt" Dunman bought near Burkett of Bill Howe and George McNamara 200 head of cattle at \$15.50 to \$16.50 per head.

INTER-AMERICAN FAIR AT EL PASO

TATIFICATION PARTICIONALI PANCINCIONI PARTICIONI PARTIC

Livestock Show Is to Be Principal Feature

MEXICO WILL EXHIBIT

Arizona, Sonora , Chihuahua, New Mexico and Texas Will Send Entries

to Big Event This Fall

EL PASO, Texas, April 21 .- As one of the chief features of the Inter-American fair to be held in this city next fall, the promoters of the organization, which is as yet only in its infancy, expect to have an extensive live

stock show and race meet. El Paso is the natural center of a large and rich cattle raising territory. west Texas and in New Mexico as well as Arizona, Sonora and Chihuahua, all districts easily accessible from this city, the cattle industry reached large proportions and is constantly expanding. Sheep growing and the raising of other live stock

are of importance. From Mexico comes the report that such a stock show would receive great patronage from the republic. H. M. Mundy of this city, who is largely interested in cattle raising in Mexico. as received assurance that many ex-

hibits will be made from that republic The stock shows of this country, acording to J. W. Turner of Nashville breeder of Kentucky thoroughbreds, who passed through the city this week. have been the greatest factor in increasing the number of fine animals of all kinds in Mexico. The young men of Mexico who are educated in this country have their eyes opened by the splendid animals seen at the great stock shows, and upon their return, when they are usually placed in charge of their father's haciendas they take steps to secure such stock Mr. Turner accompanied a consignment of blooded coach animals and Kentucky jacks for Guadalajara, Jal-

isco, Mexico. Many horse trainers have given assurance that they will support the racing features of the fair. long cross-country jump, a pause at this city will be welcomed between Mississippi river points and the coast. Several trainers say they will make headquarters in this city. large number of owners of racing have agreed that El Paso should be made an intermediate point

between Memphis and Los Angeles. Organization of the Urraca Cattle Company of New Mexico has been dissolved. In its place the Stanley-Mc-Cormick Ranch Company has bee ganized. George H. Webster of Carlsbad, N. M., has been placed in charge as manager. The headquarters of the company are located at Raton.

WISE COUNTY STOCK FARMING

Paradise, Texas, is not in Palestine, but in Wise county, but is also a land of milk and honey, fat cattle, plenty of cotton and corn and a good and moral set of people to enjoy the good hings that they have.

"I live up in Wise county," said J. Lynch, "and my postoffice is Paradise. live in what is known as the cross timbers, which was known at one time by the people as good for nothing but hide out in from the law and Indians. It was said, and the people are still alive to whom it happened, that on one occasion the Indians got after a family up our way and the women and children ran into the cross timber for shelter and the Indians were afraid to venture in after them. This peculiar location was equal to the ancient cities of refuge mentioned in the Bible. for if once a man escaped into their friendly embrace he was safe from the man hunters and could bide his time safety until his pursuers tired of

the game and abandoned the chase. This is all a thing of the past now and there is no section that has proved more definitely that a bad name does not always hold fast. Our crops are all in fine shape now and fruit and vegetables are just doing their best. Grass is fine and though in great part sage, still it is strong, and not like the sage grass of the coast country, does not weaken cattle when young. Our people are giving attention to stock farming and as they have some good examples before their eyes all the time, they are forging ahead fast. Cattle and hogs both are being given more attention and it have proven of great pecuniary benefit to all

Advice to Hog Shippers "By the way, I wish to give shippers of hogs a piece of advice. It is this: When your hogs are very hot and exhausted do not pour water directly

A BUSY WOMAN

Can Do the Work of 3 or 4 If Well Fed.

An energetic young woman living just outside of New York writes: "I am at present doing all the housework of a dairy farm, caring for two children, a vegetable and flower gar-den, a large number of fowls, besides managing an extensive exchange business through the mails and pursuing my regular avocation as a writer for veral newspapers and magazines (designing fancy work for the latter) and all the energy and ability to do this I owe to Grape-Nuts food.

"It was not always so, and a year when the shock of my nursing baby's death utterly prostrated me and deranged my stomach and nerves so that I could not assimilate as much as a mouthful of solld food, and was in even worse condition mentally, he would have been a rash prophet who would have predicted that it ever would be so.

"Prior to this great grief I had suffered for years with impaired digestion, insumnia, agonizing cramps in stomach, pain in the side, stipation, and other bowel derange-ments, all these were familiar to my daily life. Medicines gave me no relief-nothing did, until a few months ago, at a friend's suggestion, I began to use Grape-Nuts food, and subsequently gave up coffee entirely and adopted Postum Food Cofee at all my

"Today I am free from all troubles I have enumerated. My di-gestion is simply perfect, I assimilate my food without the least distress, enjoy sweet, restful sleep, and have a buoyant feeling of pleasure in my varied duties. In fact, I am a new worcan, entirely made over, and I repeat, I owe it all to Grape-Nuts and Postum Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each package.

upon them, for it you do you will kill them in short order. The best way and the safest is to pour the water on the ground and let it run under the hog and he will attend to the rest. The shock of cold water upon a fat hog that is heated will kill him in a very few minutes. I told this to a young shipper once, but he would not listen, poured away and in five minutes he had thirty dead hogs in his car. A good idea is to put fresh sand in the car and then pour water on it. Sand holds the water and keeps moist and it keeps the atmosphere in a proper condition and relieves the swine of the excessive heat."

CO. SUP'TS WILL **MEET IN AUSTIN**

Program for Sessions at Austin Announced

AUSTIN, Texas, April 17 .- The county superintendents of the state will hold their annual session here April 18 and 19. The following is the program for the two days:

Wednesday, April 18 Forenoon-At 9:30, roll call and read-

ng of minutes; at 9:40, adoption of constitution and by-laws; at 10, ap-pointment of committees; at 10:10, What Should Be the Main Purpose of the Association of County Superintend ents," F. M. Bralley, Austin, and Su-perintendent M. L. Moody. Jefferson ounty; at 10:45, "The County Institute Work in Texas." (The discussion based on the institute circular sent out by the state department of education, pages 1 to 7). By Superintendent F. P. Stuart, Bexar county, and Super-intendent C. A. Wheeler, Bowle county. Afternoon—At 2:30 o'clock, "The Scope and Nature of the Work of the County Superintendent in Visiting the County Schools," Superintendent W. J. Morrow, Fannin county, and Superintendent L. L. Pugh, Harris county: at 3:15. "The County Judge as Ex-Officio Superintendent-His Attitude Toward a Movement Looking Toward Separation of This Work from His Office," C. A. Sumners, DeWitt punty, and E. P. Curry, Washington county; at 4, "The Transfer Laws," Su-perintendent J. D. Cochran, Dallas county, and Superintendent J. B. Wiliams, Guadalupe county; election officers; adjournment,

Evening—At 8:30 o'clock, reception to visitors by the University of Texas. Thursday, April 19 Forenoon-At II o'clock, formal inauguration of the president of the miversity of Texas.

Afternoon-At 2:30 o'clock, report of . committees; addresses by prominent educators of Texas and other states on subjects of especial interest to the as-Evening-At 8 o'clock, banquet,

AMARILLO GIVES STOCKMEN SMOKER

Many Speeches Made in Panhandle City

AMARILLO, Texas, April 18 .- A delightful smoker lasting two hours was tendered the stockmen in the Oliver-Eakle building here last night. Threeminute speeches was the rule through-Among those who spoke out. Judge M. M. Brooks, candidate for governor. Red-hot speeches and after dinner stories were given by Hon, J. N. Browning, ex-lieutenant governor Texas, now candidate for district judge of Jumbo district: D. E. Decker, state senator, Twenty-ninth district, candidate for re-election; a flowery address on the "Panhandle," by Dick Bowman, representative of the Jumbo district; Mayor Will A. Miller, A. J. Fires, Simpson, E. E. Simpson and Burk Burnett of Fort Worth.

Browning was telling a typical smoker story, when Representative J. Witherspoon of the Quanah district interrupted him, saying: "Go a little slow, there, Governor, for I had a Methodist dinner and a Christian supper today and can't stand much. Browning only laughed with everyone Senator Decker's celery story is

talked all around. Amid music by the Eagle band, there was a pretty sparring bout by Will (Kid) White and Jimmy Barnes, and then Kid White and young Dye, three rounds each, White, the lightest of the three, proving favorite. Neither local puglist was knocked out. The stockmen enjoyed this novel feature, and during the boxing match all sorts of exclamations rent the air as the Kid proved himself a scientific boxer.

WATER IN PANHANDLE

Interesting Report Made By United States Geological Survey

MEMPHIS, Texas, April 18.-An inceresting report on the geology and water resources of the eastern portion of the Panhandle of Texas has just been issued by the United States geotogical survey. The area included in this report includes the following twelve countles: Lipscomb, Ochiltree, Hansford, Hutchinson, Roberts, Hemphill, Wheeler, Gray, Carson Armstrong, Donley and Collinsworth.
The underground water of the Panhandle is discussed under two heads -that from the red beds in the southern and eastern part of the region and that from the Tertiary rocks of the High Plains. The water from the red beds is generally plentiful, although It is unsatisfactory because of the large amount of mineral salts; in many localities, however, it is soft and pure. depth of wells in the red beds varies from 20 to 190 feet, averaging 60 feet. The water from the Tertlary rocks of the High Plains is good al most without exception. Wells throughout the Tertiary area usually Wells secure water at depths varying from 20 to 500 feet. The deepest wells are along the line of the Santa Fe rallroad on the high divide south of Can-adian river, in Carson and Gray counties where the wells are from 350 to 500 feet deep. The artesian water conditions are discussed and the conclusion is reached that the chances are very poor for finding artesian water in the red beds under the plains the eastern part of the Panhandle the red beds are probably 2,000 feet deep and the drill has never reached this depth in the red beds anywhere in this part of the plains. These ged present difficulties to very deep drilling which usually have been in surmountable, and if artesian water does exist in the lower members of the series it is doubtful if it can be reached at a cost which would be generally profitable. There is a general discussion of the springs, streams and drainage features of the region and of the use and extent of irrigation, and there is a detailed description of the water conditions by counties.

mothers the first 24 hours, and then turned in to them three times a day

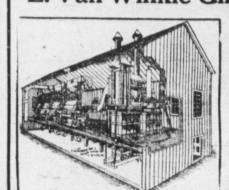
THE COMFORTER

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Van Winkle Cotton Gins, Feeders, Condensers, Presses, Pumps. Van Winkle Cotton Seed Oil Machinery. We build the finest ginning systems on earth. Cleaner Feeders, Revolving heads, adjustable fronts, iron space blocks on saw cylinders, making theminterchangeable. Complete ginning systems equipped with electric magnets. We furnish complete outfits with Atlas Engines, Boilers, Feed Water Heaters and Pumps. We are not in a gin trust and our prices are right. Write us for circulars, estimates, etc., and get prompt reply. Ad-

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General Selling Agent, 101 South Houston St., P. O. Box 87. Telephone 2761.

Panhandle Feeders For Sale!

will have for safe for either May or June delivery to any accessible point on the railroad, 500 head first-class steer yearlings out of registered Hereford bulls and good graded Texas cows. They are dehorned and immune to Blackleg, having just been vaccinated; are being roughed through the winter on cotton seed, kaffir corn, sorgum, and are on good grass; they will be kept in a healthy growing condition. Address

JACK ALLEY, Tahoka, Lynn Co., Tex.

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TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Consilidation of the Texas Stock Journal with the West Texas Stockman. Published every Tuesday by The Stockman Publishing Co., incorporated.

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Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas.

OFFICERS:

First Vice President-Ike T. Pryor.....San Antonio Second Vice President-Richard Walsh...Palodura Secretary-John T. Lytle Fort Worth Treasurer—S. B. Burnett......Fort Worth

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN

Fully appreciating the efforts put forth by The Stockman-Journal in furthering the interests of the cattle industry in general and the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas in particular, and behaving that said Stockman-Journal is in all respects representative of the interests it champions, and reposing confidence in its management to in future wisely and discreetly champion the interests of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, do hereby in executive meeting assembled, endorse the policies of said paper, adopt it as the official organ of this association, and commend it to the membership as such.

Done by order of the executive committee, in the city of Fort Worth, this March 18, 1905.

TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE

Colonel C. C. Poole is the duly authorized traveling representative of this paper, and as such has full authority to collect subscription accounts and contract advertising.

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL.

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COMMISSION MEN INVITE DISASTER

It must be clear to the average observer of the trend of current events that the live stock commission men of the country have placed themselves in a position where they are apparently inviting grave disaster. It is clear to every thinking mind that the live stock producers of the country are not going to submit to the proposed increase in commission charges. They have stated this much unequivocally from the very beginning of the existing controversy, and they have reiterated it at the recent conference held in Denver. That Denver conference was remarkable for the unanimity of sentiment among its members. It was decided there was nothing else to do but fight. The Denver Record-Stockman says:

The conference between the committee of the National Live Stock association and committee from other organizations at the Brown Palace hotel has resulted in the determination of the organized stockmen to organize a co-operative commission company to sell their own stock on the markets. This conclusion was reached after a long conference in which every phase of the matter was discussed. The advance in commissions was regarded as unwarranted and it was the opinion of most of those present that if this advance was permitted it would be but the forerunner of other advances. The stockmen were unanimous in their determination to fight this and all further advances, and it was agreed that the only succcssful way to do it would be to arrange to sell their own stock on the markets. A committee has been appointed to carefully investigate the situation and develop the plans for active business and the new company will, it is expected, be ready to do business on the markets next fall.

President Murdo Mackenzie presided at the meeting, and among those present were Vice President J M. Wilson and Secretary Walker of the National Wool Growers' association, F. W. Gooding of the Idaho Wool Growers' association, A. L. Ames and H. C. Wallace of the Corn Belt Meat Producers, C. M. O'Donel of the New Mexico Cattle Growers, W. H. Comstock of the. Nebraska Cattle Growers, Richard Walsh and S. H. Cowan of the Texas Cattle Raisers, J. H. Hailey of the Western Slope Wool Growers, Ora Haley of the Wyoming Stock Growers, E. M. Ammons, Isaac Baer, J. E. Reef and R. J. Carey of the Colorado Cattle Growers, Charles Scheleter of the Northern New Mexico Stock Growers, J. T. Johnson of the Prairie Cattle company and John Johns of Trinidad.

The meeting went carefully over the situation and it was agreed that the multiplicity of commission firms on the big markets was largely responsible for the arbitrary action of the live stock exchanges. There are twice as many commission firms as there is business for them, and the advance in commissions was considered as an effort on the part of the smaller concerns to make their business profitable. It was also pointed out that as the live stock exchanges are now constituted their policy is dictated by the small merchants who are everywhere in the majority.

A resolution to contest the advances in commission charges in every possible way was adpoted unanimously. A committee consisting of C. M. O'Donel, H. C. Wallace, J. M. Wilson, F. W. Gooding and Ora Hailey was appointed to prepare and report a plan of

This committee reported in favor of organizing a Producers' Co-operative Commission company with a capital of \$100,000, divided into shares of \$10 each. These shares are to be non-transferable and not more than fifty shares sold to any one person, and no share to be sold to other than a stock producer. The plan is to make the company as nearly co-operative as possible and prevent trading in the shares.

A committee will be appointed to visit the different markets and mature the plans for active operation. It is the intention to establish a branch of the concern in each of the principal markets and to at once cut the commission charges to what will be considered a fair charge. The new company will operate without regard to the live stock exchanges, and while bitter opposition is expected from the exchanges, the new company will have the earnest support of the organized stockmen over the country, and those present at the meeting expressed confidence that it would be success-

Before the new company is launched into active business, a general meeting of the organized stockmen of the country will be held to give the proposition the full endorsement of the shippers. As no shipper can invest over \$500 in the company, the profits will be divided among a great number. The stockmen present were full of determination and there can be no doubt but that they are fully determined to take this step. It was agreed that the time had come when the prolucer must determine whether he would be permitted

to conduct his own business or whether it would be handled by the commission firms and the middle men. The conference was remarkkable for its lack of hot air talk and its grim determination to join issue with the live stock exchanges in a fight to a finish.

That there is no real necessity for a clash between the live stock producers and the live stock commission men is clearly apparent. Their interests are identical, for one is mutually dependent upon the other. No interest knows better than the commission men that the producer is at this time in no condition to submit to an increase in the cost of marketing unprofitable stock. For several years stock has been generally sold at a point barely above the cost of production, and any increase under such circumstances can but appear in the guise of a direct imposition. The commission men may not be making as much money as they feel they are entitled to, but neither is the producer.

It would seem that the sensible thing for the commission men to do is to reduce the number of commission firms doing business at the different markets to the point where there is sufficient profit from the volume of business to insure the desired profit. It is all wrong to try to force this desired additional profit from an interest that is so clearly in no condition to

CALLS THE EXCHANGE A TRUST

According to the San Angelo Standard, the cattlemen of the Concho country are thoroughly imbued with the idea that the Fort Worth Live Stock exchange is a trust, and they are rejoicing over the prospect of trouble that is promised by the investigation now being made by the attorney general of the state. The

The Standard desires to extend its hearty commendation to the attorney general for the effort he is making in the interest of the stock raisers of Texas to ascertain whether or not the Fort Worth Live Stock exchange is being conducted in violation of the antitrust laws. It hopes the investigation will be wisely and energetically conducted, and if found necessary, the strong arm of the law invoked to protect the stock raisers against further imposition by the commission

Being located at the largest cattle shipping point in Texas the Standard has always tried, to the best of its ability, to represent the best interest of the stock raisers, and has never failed to raise its voice in warning, whenever it believed those interests were in dan-For that reason it suggested to the Cattle Raisers' association the danger to their organization if allowed to fall into the control of the commission men, by making the head of a commission company their president with power to appoint the executive committee. For its pains it was made the target for some caustic criticism by the retiring president of the association, whose supersensitive feelings were so wrought up by our criticism of himself and his executive committee, that he denied having taken any part, or exercised any influence, in behalf of his successor

Evidently he thought the association had forgotten that just two years before he launched the Pryor boom, by introducing Mr. Pryor to the convention as their next president. Was Mr. Turney afraid of the effects of commission control and trying to unload or rather deny his responsibility before something dropped? It looks a little that way. Mr. Turney is a very smooth politician and doubtless saw the danger to the Cattle Raisers' association should it fall into the hands of a trust that drew its sustenance from the live stock industry.

It is learned that one of the attorneys for the Cattle Raisers' association was surprised that the assistant attorney general did not call on him and notify him of his business in Fort Worth on the occasion of his recent visit while investigating the Live Stock exchange. When we consider that this attorney is employed by an executive committee, a majority of whom are officers or directors of commission companies and that the hose commission companies or their representatives compose the very exchange whose alleged illegal conduct the assistant attorney general was investigating, we are surprised that he was surprised. If the assistant attorney general ever was sufficiently simple and unsophisticated to think it likely he could get the Information desired from members of the exchange or their attorneys he has no doubt learned from the experience of Commissioner Garfield that it is not a good practice, when inquiring into the conduct of a trust, to be very intimate with those who compose it. For when they can no longer conceal their pernicious practices they brazenly admit their guilt and plead immunity from punishment because they furnished the prosecution with the evidence necessary for their conviction.

The Standard congratulates Mr. Lightfoot in the wise and businesslike manner in which he is pursuing this investigation and assures him he has the endorsement of the cattle raisers of this section whether the executive committee approves his action or not.

It was hoped after the failure of the fight made on Colonel Pryor at Dallas that the differences that had appeared within the association over the election of a president had been healed, especially as the new president made such a straightforward and manly talk before the convention and defined his policies so clearly they could not be misunderstood. It is peculiarly unfortunate that an effort should still be made to create friction within the organization, whose degree of usefulness depends so largely on the harmonious action of its membership. It would be much better for the interests engaged in fomenting discord to bend their energies in the direction of peace and accomplishing the purposes for which the association was or-

The question as to whether or not the Fort Worth Live Stock exchange is being operated contrary to the laws of the state is one over which there is a decided diversity of opinion. Members of the exchange are just as confident they are violating no law as the Standard seems to be that they are. Certainly, if the exchange is being operated contrary to the provisions of the law it should be brought within the pale of its influence and control, but it is hardly just to infer that it is an illegal organization just because some people are inspired by the belief that it is. If the attorney general finds the exchange is being conducted contrary to law there is a method of procedure open to the state calculated to stop it and it will be done, But it is entirely unfair to prejudge the case and declare the exchange a trust even before proceedings of any kind have been instituted.

THE CATTLEMEN WILL FIGHT

Reports from the meeting of cattlemen held in Denver-Friday indicate a fixed determination to organize for the purpose of fighting the commission men comprising the various live stock exchanges of the country that have seen fit to arbitrarily advance the

price of selling stock consigned to them for sale, Every possible effort has been made by the shippers and producers to have the commission men recede from their announced determination. Conferences have been held and all kinds of overtures held out to induce the commission firms to hold their charges down to what the other side considers a legitimate and proper basis, but the appeals have apparently fallen on deaf ears. The commission men have stood flat footed in the determination to exact additional tribute, and in so doing they have invited consequences that promise

to be quite serious. The announced plan of the shippers and producers is to organize independent live stock exchanges at all the offending market centers, composed of commission firms who will be satisfied with the reasonable rate of commission charge willing to be paid. The plan is said to embody an organization with a capital stock of \$100,000 at each of these market centers, and the various organizations are to be possible. This means the beginning of what will probably be a long and expensive war, in which the commission firms will lose

for. It also promises to be even more far reaching than that.

One of the results of the fight is certain to be an appeal to the courts of the country to determine whether er not the existing live stock exchanges are being operated contrary to the provisions of the anti-trust law. The agitation that has already resulted from the introduction of that feature of the situation has resuited in the exchange at Kansas City coming under the ban, so far as the supreme court of Kansas is concerned, and there are indications of grave disaster. Right here in Texas there is an agitation on this subject that is sure to provoke trouble.-Fort Worth

Telegram. It is about time that the Texas cattlemen and those of other states as well, stood on their rights and called down the commission firms that have combined to make such rates for selling cattle as to destroy the profits of the cattle raisers. Year by year the profits of raising cattle have grown less and less, and the rates of the commission men have not receded. What the result of the fight that the cattlemen are about to engage in no one can predict, but a conclusion that there is a cattle commission trust will not be so hard to reach .-

At the Denver meeting referred to, the cattlemen not only launched the movement for independent live stock exchanges, but they also adopted the following resolutions

Resolved, further, That said committee procure a egal opinion from the attorney of the American National Live Stock association, upon the following

First-Whether the live stock exchanges are acting in violation of the anti-trust laws of the United States, or of the several states in which they are doing business.

Second-If so, what remedies and procedure should be adopted to enforce such laws and prevent such violation Third-Whether the laws of the United States, or of

any of the states, require any amendment, in order to fully reach such combinations as may be found to exist among the live stock commission men or exchanges. Resolved, further, That said committee embrace in its report such recommendations as it may see fit to

make with respect to proceeding against the live stock

exchanges under the existing laws. The attorney for the American National Live Stock Association is Judge Sam H. Cowan, of this city, and his opinion on this very subject was freely expressed to the commission men at the first conference held in Kansas City. They were warned at that time that unless they receded from their announced program steps would at once be taken to ascertain whether or not they were operating contrary to the laws of the country. The commission men have not receded, but are standing pat, and the matter here in Texas has evidently already been called to the attention of the

attorney general, from the several investigations that

have taken place, some of which are yet pending. Whether the live stock exchanges of the country are being operated contrary to law or not, it is certain the cattlemen are preparing to have them investigated along that line, and this means the beginning of a long and bitter fight between two interests that should dwell together in perfect harmony. The commission men cannot exist without the producer, and the pro ducer is obliged to have the services of commission men. Under such circumstances it would seem that good judgment would dictate a coming together of the belligerent forces and an adjustment of differences along lines that would be mutually satisfactory. A long and bitter fight in the courts is going to hurt somebody financially, and the disruption of existing relations will occasion friction that it will require many years to-obliterate. Almost any thing is better than the promised fight. The commission men and the cattlemen should get together.

A DISTINCT DISAPPOINTMENT

The cattlemen who attended the seventh annual meeting of the Panhandle Stockmen's association in marillo last week returned home with the look of disappointment plainly apparent in their contenance. In justice to Amarillo it should be stated that this disappointment was not the result of any failure on the part of that progressive little city to fully measure up to the requirements of the situation, for she covered herself with quite a lot of honor and glory. The fault lay with the men who were expected to show up there in large numbers and buy the steers that were offered for sale by the cattlemen located above the state and federal quarantine line. These people were not there in the expected numbers, and they were

rather shy in the matter of making offers. At the Dallas convention it was said the buyers would not make any offers, but would prefer to wait until the meeting at Amarillo, where they would meet the men they wanted to do business with face to face and come to the figures of a very stiff nature demanded by the Texas producers. It was evident at Dallas that the Texas producer was in the game to stay in the matter of obtaining better prices. The proposition of lower figures has passed the period where cheap cattle are possible. The increased cost of grass, rapid enhancement of land values and annual curtailment of the range country, constitute factors in the situation that can no longer be-ignored by the Texas producer, who is no longer satisfied to do business on the mere margin of coming out even at the end of each year.

He wants just a little to show for the effort. This was the status of affairs at Amarillo, and it is known that a number of cattlemen journeyed several hundred miles to meet the men they expected would be on hand to clean up the offering of Texas steers. But the buyers were not present in the expected numbers. There were a few of them in evidence, but they made the same kind of a noise they had previously made at the Dallas convention. It was the same old song of necessity for lower prices in order that the cattle might be handled with some prospect of profit by the northwestern men, but it was an appeal that fell on deaf ears. The Texas men were standing pat on the proposition of better prices, and when men cannot agree there is not much prospect for doing business.

The net result of the existing complications was that but little trading was done at Amarillo. Colonel C. C. Slaughter of Dallas sold the Long S twos, numbering 3,000 head, to John M. Boardman of Montana, at \$22-about the same price that was paid for the same steers by the same party last year. This is a shade higher than the average northwestern man was willing to pay, but it is evident that the Slaughter figures will probably be the governing ones this spring. The trades that will be made in the future will be largely based on the price paid for the Long S twos and this accounts for the effort made to keep the figures private.

The outlook is not altogether discouraging for the sale of the small number of steers remaining to be sold above the line. There are a number of buyers now on the ranches of the west, and the process of trading may well said to be in a way of fair incubation. The cattle will show up in much more satisfactory condition than formerly, from the fact the winter has been a mild one and they have kept in good flesh. When the buyers see the stuff right where it is produced they will come up a notch or two in their offers, and the producer will slip down a notch or two on much more than the amount they are now contending | account of entertaining his visitors. Then they will



LE SEUER, Minn., April 21.-Judge Ulbie, of the criminal division of the circuit court, showed the boys some strenuous paces in the discharge of his official duty out at Drift yesterday afternoon.

The court, with a jury, was engaged in the trial of Oscar Thume for a felony and, at noon, adjourned till 1:30. Ten minutes before the hour for reassembling arrived the court house was discovered to be on fire down in the basement, and in a very short time the flames had made such progress that smoke had filled the building and was pouring in volumes from every

Strange as such technicalities may seem to the mind of a layman, it appears that it is the law that when a jury has once been impaneled and sworn in a case against a prisoner on trial for a felony he can never be tried again for the same offense unless the trial is continued to a proper termination and the jury disagrees or, unless by means of some proper order of the court made in regular conformity to law and practice the case is adjourned, or a mistrial is declared-as for instance, if one juryman should die-and no order in this behalf would be of any avail unless made in open court in the presence of the prisoner.

Now, in this case, the court stood adjourned till 1:30 to meet in the court room, and unless an order was made there, in the presence of the prisoner, adjourning the sitting to some other place, the prisoner would have been, as it is called, "once in jeopardy," and could not be further prosecuted.

Judge Ulbie was as well aware of this embarrassing predicament as were the state's attorney and the lawyers for the defendant, and, without waiting to get his hat or coat, he ran down from his room at the Heddle house and up the street like a professional sprinter. There was a great crowd of people around the court house and among them were the state's attorney, looking very blue, for the case was an important one, and/

whittle a little more, eject more tobacco juice and ex-

press surprise at the narrow margin that separates

them. They will agree to split the difference and the

That is the way such things are done every year

out in the range country, and this spring will be no

exception to the general rule. The eager buyers from

Kansas were missed at the Amarillo convention, for

they were the people who did business last season

while the northwest was engaged in an effort to ham-

mer them down. The Kansas men lost money and are

consequently not in the game this year, and it is either

sell to the northwestern buyer or wait and take chances.

only a few years ago, but more changes are coming.

It is evident now the former big demand from the

northwest is to seen become but a memory, and the

producers of the Texas range country must look else-

where. This they are doing, but the matter of feed-

ing and finishing cattle at home has not yet attained

Texas railways that penetrate the range country are

kept busy these days in the movement of cattle to

the Territory and Kansas pastures. Thousands of cars

are moving, and the carrying capacity of all the roads

is being taxed almost to full capacity. The cattle move-

ment to outside pastures this spring is reported un-

Judge Charles K. Bell told the cattlemen at Ama-

rillo the other day how he rode the trail behind the

festive Texas steer back in his boyhood and young

manhood days, and they saw and understood. They

NEVER BLAMES THE BOOZE

Drinks whisky hot each night,

Drinks cocktails in the morning,

And sometimes has the blues.

"But he never blames the booze."

He has pains between his shoulders,

"But he never blames the booze."

Cold chills run down his back;

At night he can not snoose,

His constitution is run down

(At least that's what he said),

"But he never blames the booze."

He says he can not sleep at night,

He claims he often lies awake

Though that is but a ruse.

He blames it on to everything,

"But he never blames the booze."

And his kidneys have the gout.

Till he thinks he's cleaned them out

And it hurts to wear his shoes,

"But he never blames the booze."

He will wind up with the tremens,

Then he will have the shakes.

. And his friends will have the blues.

-Cyrus Hannibal Lyle.

Then this should be his epitaph-

Then will have rats and snakes.

Till early sunrise beams,

He thinks he has malaria,

His liver needs a scraping

He swallows lots of medicine.

His legs are stiff and droopy,

He blames it on the doctor,

First he will have a fever,

At last will have a funeral,

"I never blame the booze."

And always has bad dreams.

His legs are stiff each morning,

And often a swelled head.

He tackles wine and whisky,

He blames it on dyspepsia,

And if they do not fuse,

Until he takes a drink or two.

His joints are full of rheumatiz,

knew at once why they were all Bell people.

He takes a bottle up to bed.

And often gets very tight.

He shivers in the evening.

His appetite is slack:

He suffers with insomnia,

He says it is the climate,

anything like its proper and necessary development.

The situation, has vastly changed from what it was

cattle will have a new owner.

with the corn belt feeders.

usually heavy.

the prisoner and his lawyers, seeming to be in the best of spirits.

Some men belonging to the local fire company were just placing a long ladder in position against the sill of one of the windows of the court room in the second story when the judge arrived at the scene of the conflagration, and, without waiting to say a word to any one, his honor scrambled up the ladder, carrying one of the men, and as soon as he reached the top he with him a fireman's ax which he had snatched from crushed the glass and sash with fusty blows, and, climbing inside, he turned about and peering calmly down through the smoke to the crowd below, he remarked with great composure, "Court is open, Mr. Sheriff; bring up the prisoner."

The officer, who was standing near to Thume, laid his hand on his shoulder and ordered him to mount the ladder. He took a few steps forward and then Irwin Ollock, one of his lawyers, having hasitly whispered a few words in his ear, stopped and refused to go any further, saying that it was too dangerous a thing for any man to do. "Did you tell the prisoner not to come up, Mr. Ollock?" inquired the court. "I did, your honor," the lawyer replied. "The court fines you \$50 or ten days in jall for contempt," said the judge. "Officer, bring the prisoner up. The clerk and court reporter will follow at once."

Thume made still further resistance, but the gigantic sheriff carried him up the ladder with perfect ease and by direction of the court held him close to another window that had been broken out, while, with the clerk and reporter standing at a third window. Judge Ulbie duly and formally adjourned court to the hour of 9 o'clock on the following day to meet in the city hall and directed the reporter to note down the exceptions to the order which one of the attorneys was shouting in the window from the top of the ladder. All then descended in safety from the burning building and the clerk immediately proceeded to collect \$50 LE SEUER LYRE. from Mr. Ollock.

SPRING HAS COME

The sunbeams, lost for half a year, Slant through my pane their morning rays; For dry northwesters cold and clear, The east blows in its thin blue haze.

And first the snowdrop's bells are seen. Then close against the sheltering wall The tulip's horn of dusky green, The peony's dark unfolding ball.

The golden-chaliced crocus burns; The long narcissus blades appear; The cone-beaked hyacinth returns To light her blue-famed chandelier.

By the wild winds of gusty March, grown... With sallow leaflets lightly stung, Are swaying by the tufted larch. The elms have robed-their slender spray

The willow's whistling lashes, wrung

With full-blown flower and embryo lear; Wide o'er the clasping arch of day Soars like a cloud their hoary chief. See the proud tulip's flaunting cup,

That flames in glory for an hour-

Behold it withering-then look up-How meek the forest monarch's flower! When wake the violets, winter dies: When sprouts the elm buds, spring is near;

When lilacs blossom, summer cries, "Bud, little roses! Spring is here!" The windows blush with fresh bouquets, Cut with the May-dew on their lips; The radish all its bloom displays,

Nor less the flood of light that showers On beauty's changed corolla shades-The walks are gay as bridal bowers With rows of many-petaled maids.

Pink as Aurora's finger tips.

The scarlet shellfish click and clash In the blue barrow where they slide, The horseman, proud of streak and splash, Creeps homeward from his morning ride.

Here comes the dealer's awkward string With neck in rope and tail in knot-Rough colts, with careless country swing, In lazy walk or slouching trot.

Wild filly from the mountain side, Doomed to the close and chafing thills, Lend me thy long, untiring stride To seek with thee thy western fills!

I hear the whispering voice of spring. The thrush's trill, the robin's cry, Like some poor bird with prisoned wing That sits and sings, but longs to fly.

Oh, for one spot of living green-One little spot where leaves can grow-To love unblamed, to walk unseen, To dream above, to sleep below!

FOR SELF ALONE

-Oliver Wendell Holmes.

O, star-built bridge, broad milky way! O, star-lit, stately, splendid span! If but one star should cease to say And prop its shoulders to God's plan-The man who lives for self, I say, He lives for neither God nor man.

I count the columned waves, at war, With Titan elements; and they, In martial splendor storm the bar And shake the world, these bits of spray, Each gives to each, and like the star. Gets back its gifts in ten-fold pay.

To get and give, and give amain, The rivers run and oceans roll. O, generous and high-born rain, When reigning as a splendid whole! That man who lives for self alone Lives for the meanest mortal known.

-Joaquin Miller.

absolutely worthless after having eat-

is less of other green feed, but once

a horse has eaten of it, he will always eat again if the opportunity preser itself, whether for the effect or not

problematic, but it appears to 'ne the same effect as "dope" on a human.

A Prophet from Vesuvius

dressed individual, accompanied by

demure little woman in black," said the hotel keeper. "He asked for a

suite of rooms, and informed me that

as he was feeling indisposed we would

few days. His wife—and he pointed to the little woman in black—would

look after his comforts, and he would

like to have his meals sent to his

as he paid in advance from a big roll.

"That was all satisfactory, especially

probably not see much of him for

"He was a dapper looking, sedately

crazy) and when hitched act newly broke ponies. The greatest loss is in winter seasons when there

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JERSEYS AS GOOD **MAKERS OF MONEY**

Tarrant County Farmer Tells of His Success

The Grapevine prairie is a section of country that spreads over a part of both Tarrant and Dallas counties and is noted among other things for its the fine black soil and producive qualities, oth as to crops and children, there cat being no "race suicide" known out there. Part of the Grapevine country is in the post oaks, but all of it that is in Dallas county is black prairie. The prairie begins in Tarrant county, about four miles from the Dallas line and runs east for several miles into Dallas county. It has a large population, almost wholly made up of farm-

"All our people," says D. D. Wall, "plant, cultivate and harvest crops of wheat, oats, corn and cotton, and in addition such forage crops as sorghum millet and some alfalfa. Our black land cannot be excelled for raising cotton and now that the price is up and looks as if it would stay up, there is no crop that will pay better, so in consequence our people will continue to That is, it will be the main crop. As to cattle, our farmers are bringing

the Jerseys into more common use 'And my partner and I buy up lots of Jersey cows and swap them off to our farmers for other stock, which we

sell on this market. "Anderson of Fort Worth has established a butter separator, and this is one of the main reasons why the Jerseys are coming into such general use It is estimated that there is 5 per cent butter fat in every pound of milk, and dairyman pays 25 cents for this butter fate Something like from 800 to 1.000 pounds of milk is brought now to this separator and sold, and the supply is on the increase. Obviously it is the interest of the man who the milk to get the most butter fat out STOCKMAN TO JOE SCHMIDT .. of it, and as the Jersey cow is known to supply a larger percentage than any of the cow kind, this breed naturally becomes popular with farmers who wish to sell their milk. I sell a large quantity of milk to the separator. and gef the milk in return, which I feed to my hogs. The milk after the butter fat is removed will clabber, but do not know whether it will make uttermilk or not; anyway there would be no butter in it if it did."

LITTLE MAVERICKS

Terse Tales of the Movements of Cattlemen All Over the Great Range Country of the Entire Southwest

Light Wyoming Losses

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 22.— Warmer weather gladdened the hearts of the Wyoming stockmen for conditions were beginning to cause considerable alarm in certain sections where little or no hay had been provided, and where the ranges were completely covered with snow. Under a bright, warm sun and warm chinook winds the snow has melted rapidly, and with two or three days more of this kind of weather, the snow willhave entirely disappeared, except in

the guiches and water holes.

Leading stockmen and officers of the state live stock boards and live stock associations say the losses as a resul of the recent storm will not exceed 5 6 per cent on the average. In some portions of the Red Desert considerable loss was suffered by some flock-masters who had failed to provide hay for their stock, but in most instance owners rushed in plenty of hay and corn for the snowed-in flocks.

In the Pinedale country, north of Rock Springs, and in the Muskrat country, east of Leander, the heaviest losses occurred, but even in these places the loss will not exceed 10 or 12 per cent among sheep, and practically

live stock losses have been confined almost wholly to sheep, for cattle have not suffered to speak of. Here and there an old cow or a calf has perished, but for the cattle business the present winter has been an exceptionally faborable one, and the losses will not exceed 2 per cent. Horses have wintered well and no osses are reported.

· Getting Good Prices

SILVER CITY, N. M., April 22.-Cattlemen in this section are all feeling fine over the calf crop this spring and they state that the number of calves will be the largest for many year.

Quite a number of stockmen in the southern end of the territory have contracted for some good sized bunches of ones, twos and threes for May delivery, at \$12 for one, \$15 for twos and \$18 for threes, but there are a large number of cattle to be bought in this end of the county for spring delivery yet.

These cattlemen, however, are holding out for \$13 for ones, \$16 for twos and \$19 for threes. Owing to the excellent condition of the ranges and the shape the cattle have come through the winter, the loss in calves unless some unforeseen condition should arise, will be practically nothing and the stock will be in the best shape for shipment that has been known for many years.

South Dakota Meeting RAPID CITY, S. D., April 23.—The

meeting of the Western South Dakota Stock Growers' association has been a big success. Over two-thirds of the members were present and the greatest interest has been manifested at all the sessions. Yesterday, among other things, resolutions were adopted indorsing the proopsition to extent the so-called twenty-eight hour law to thirty-six hours. This concerns the length of time in which the cattle are allowed to remain in the cars.

A resolution was also adopted congratulating the bureau of animal industry on the effort to exterminate mange and urging that it make every e for mange at the point of loading rather than at the market. The old

officers were re-elected as follows: President—C. K. Howard. Vice President-H. H. Dawson. Secretary and treasurer-F.

Making Baby Beef

stock show recently held in was the greatest benefit to the range cattlement. Extensive experiments were made in connection with the stock show which were an object lesson to every cattleman who attended it. One of the most important thinks was the experiments in the production of baby beef. This is something comparatively new in the west but it is of marked interest to the growers. The yearling calves from 6 to 9 months of age are taken off the milk and put on corn and al-falfa. This makes beef while they are growing and by the time they are yearlings past they are ready for the market, writes F. J. Hagenbarth in Field and Farm.

Baby beef is undoubtedly the best put on the market, and means a saving of thousands of dollars to the range people, and at the same time gives the consumers a better product The sheep men long ago saw the advantage of this and for years past have been putting lambs on the market in the same manner. The live stock men in the west are handling their stock as they did years ago. It his been their system to range cattle until htey are four years of age, and then market them, but I think the experiments in the production of baby beef will be adopted by a number of the leading live stock companies in the intermountain region. For instance, it was shown that calves taken off milk and put on proper food grew, rapidly in flesh. When the calves were

9 months old they weighed 800 pounds and sold for \$40. A calf up to the time it is a year, and a half old can be fattened at a cost of \$3.50 per cwt., while a 2-yearold steer can be fattened at a cost of \$7.50 per cwt. It is figured that it costs \$11 a hundred to fatten a 3-year olr steer and \$17 to fatten a 4-year-old steer. These figures show conclusivethat it would be to the advantage of any stockman to put his calves on the market whe nthey are yearlings, t has been proved by experiments

that it is the best beef.

Oklahoma Conditions G. F. Gossett, from Piedmont, Okla. is a shipper and breeder in the Territory and comes to the market of Fort Worth. "We are in a very advanced state of prosperity this spring and all our crops and stock are in the very finest condition, such as would make eastern people envious to look at. Corn is the only thing that is behind and that is on account of the backwardness of the season and it will make up for lost time under the influence of the encouraging weather we are now having. Our people are; of course, all stock farmers and are able to raise good stuff because they have plenty of corn and other good feed to Corn just now with us is a little high-priced for cattle feeding purposes and there are not many on feed. It takes ten bushels of good corn to put 100 pounds of flesh upon a steer, and at 40 cents a bushel and present prices of cattle there would probably be more loss than gain in the business. However, I am not a man to kick at this, for I believe that it is for the benefit of all the for a farmer to get the very highest prices for his produce, for this will put more money directly in circulation among the people and thus add to the

"It is a great mistake, I think, to try

to keep the prices of farm stuff down, for it does not benefit anybody much but the intermediaries, and the greater part of the money goes away from home. I am now paying strict attention to hogs and find that even at the high price of corn there is a good profit to be made. I ship all my stuff down here and am sure that market is as good as any other and in time will be better when shipments are made through the Gulf ports.

Buying Bulls

W. E. Merrill, a ranchman who has holdings over in Old Mexico, in the vicinity of Sabinas, state of Coahuila, has been in Fort Worth buying bulls for his ranch. "The part of the country that we are in," said he, "is very fine for cattle, as the pasturage is almost as good one time of the year as the other and cattle are practically in shipping order all the time. Of course we have cold spells that kill stuff, but these are the exceptions and not the We are improving our cattle al the time by buying bulls in Texas o the various breeds that are considered the best for the purpose and are cross ing them on the native cattle and through this cross we are getting a fine class of grades that will sell well

"Lands are all being bought up by Americans and other foreigners and are being turned into breeding places for stock. The laws of the republic are very liberal in dealing with foreigners who come into the country for the purpose of making a home and assisting in building up the industrial interests of the country. The import laws are made to aid the immigrant in his endeavors to fit out a home and do business and he has a certain length of time in which to supply himself with all that will be necessary to outfit his holdings in a manner will help him in his work of develop-ing the country. The land laws are good and after a title has been passed upon by the government there can be no superior title intervene and disposess the holder of his rights and title, for the Mexican government/acknowledges no superior within the limits of the republic, and never allows any one to dispute a decision of its officers. The government's dictum is final.

'The stock interests are among th chief money makers of the state of Coahuila, and bring a great amount of wealth, and accordingly it is so recog nized by the authorities and protected to a greater or less extent. The great plains country that compose a greater part of this state are fine for range purposes and the grass is wonderfully nutritious and fattening for stock. It will not be many years, in my opinion before Mexico will be breeding as fin stock as can be found anywhere, and it is a mistake to suppose that the foreigners are the only ones that are interesting themselves in fine stock raising and improved breeds of all kinds of stock. Of course Mexico labors un-der the great difficulty of having, from well known causes; lagged behind other countries in the race for the best, but there is in this world no more enlightened or patriotic ruler than President Diaz and under his fostering care the leading Mexicans are fas developing into as great an industrial people as their neighbors. It is very often lack of opportunity that keeps a people in the back ground, but once awaken them to what can be done with their country and they soon en-ter the race and easily develop as splendid qualities as other peoples of different blood. We of the white race were not always as far advanced in the arts and sciences and industrial works, by comparison, as we are now and we may, judging by our past, look for a great advancement by the Mexi-

Short Wool Crop

In an interview in the Salt Lake Herald on the wool situation F. Hagenbarth of the Wood Live Stock company, one of the greatest outfits in the country, said that in his opinion the wool crop of this season would be about 40,000,000 pounds short He also figures that the contract price of wool will range this year from 20 25 cents a pound, which is from 1 to 11/2 to 3 cents a pound higher than

"The price must advance owing to a shortage the world over, which was caused by losses in recent past years in different wool producing sections, said Mr. Hagenbarth. "The production has not kept pace with the increased consumption. After the slump from the high prices last autumn the mar ket began to stiffen about the first of tne present year. The March sales in London showed a decided advance The output of wool in the United States in 1905 was 299,309,853 pounds. Of course the major portion of this

was grown in the western states. "The reason for this," said Mr. Hagenbarth, "is that the western ranges are gradually being restricted by the settling up of the country and from other causes. In the eastern states the wool growers all feed their animals and as they have found the business profitable, they are increasing their

Southern Cattle Movement OKLAHOMA CITY, April 22.-It is estimated 3,500 cars of cattle will be shipped inti Indian Territory and Osage Nation for grazing purp during the first ten days of April. Fifteen cars were shipped in this week from Brady, Texas, and 1,700 cars more were brought in from points in that state. During the past two weeks cattle cars have been sent south by the hundreds, and it is thought the supply of cars will be far short of the demand. Additional dipping vats have been erected on Midland Valley road in Indian Territory, and before the dipping season is over others will be erected. Dr. L. J. Allen, federal live stock inspector for Oklahoma and Indian Territory, says he thinks from present indications that twice as many cattle will be brought into the grazing lands of the Osage Nation as last year, because of the improved conditions in the fever tick situation, the extermination of which pest during the past year has been conducted so successfully. About 75,-000 head of cattle were brought into the grazing country from the south last year, and this greatly outdone any previous year.

Eat Loco Weed

PHOENIX, Ariz., April 22.—Reports from the ranges in the Kirkland valley, Chino valley and the Upper Verde indicate that horses are dying off in great numbers there from eating the loco weed.

Horses have died from the polsonous weed in the past, but forothe first time in the memory of stock raisers it is now affecting cattle and deaths of large numbers of range cattle are

reported from the Oak Creek section The effect of the weed on horses is peculiar. If eaten dry, loco weed produces death in a very short time, if eaten green, the horse may live for several months or even years, but is en the weed. Horses that have partaken of it act

The testimony presented makes a complete and indisputable showing of actualities which transpire in shipment of live stock to prove beyond controversy that the enforcement of the twenty-eight-hour law is inhuman; that humane treatment demands that the time be extended so that proper treatment will be given to the live stock, and supports in every detail the propositions which were established at the first hearing, as previously set forth in the twenty-one numbered par-

agraphs submitted with this paper.

Against this array of testimony there came one lone witness, namely, E. K. Whitehead af Denver, Col. In the course of Mr. Whitehead's statements, and in speaking of a meeting that he had last summer with a committee of stockmen, Mr. Whitehead said:

days after I noticed a lot of people whom I had never seen before going up the elevator, and I asked of 'Where are those folks going? "'I have been having a rush of them,' he replied. 'They all go to rue to some extent.

said

"Suite 13, and I remembered. That was the suite engaged by the sedate

looking little individual and his little wife in black. "'Something doing,' I thought, but couldn't think what. "Just then my friend, the old detective, walked in, as was his daily

"Old Jim thought awhile. 'Let me see yesterday afternoon's paper,' he "He scanned the ad pages and in a

custom, and I put the matter up to

few minutes broke out into a laugh. This is a good one, he exclaimed. 'What commission do you get?' "'What do you mean, Jim?" "'Read this," He pointed out black-faced ad on the want page:

"'For this week only at the Metropolitan hotel. "The renowned Professor Perquisito Demolito will remain in trance for three days. During this time he will answer all questions pertaining to the

past, present and future. Divorces unnecessary; marriage made easy. "'It was Professor Demolito who foretold months before of the terrible eruption of Mount Vesuvius, and while his way to visit his friend and confidant, Director Matteucci, who so bravely stuck to his observatory, Professor Demolito was overwhelmed by lava and ashes, but owing to his wonderful powers he threw himself into a trance and remained twelve days thus buried until discovered.

'Inquire for Suite No. 13.' "'Well, what do you think of that?" exclaimed.

"'It's a hot one,' said Old Jim, 'let's go up and look the game over.' "We found the professor stretched out on a bed; his simulation was perfect. There were several people the room, one an old man with gray whiskers, the others women. "I was for doing something, but

Jim clutched my arm. An old lady was bending over the professor. 'Will see my husband again?' she asked tremulously. 'Is he dead?' asked the hero of

Vesuvius. "He is. "'Oh, yes, I see him now,' said the

professor. 'He bids me tell you to wait patiently till you join him.' "'Dear Alfred,' she said, and as the demure lady in black approached she handed her a five spot.
"'And now I must abide again for

awhile with the dead,' said the professor. The others in the room looked on in awe.
"You certainly will. I yelled, 'and in the morgue, too, if you don't get out of here quick. To use the good

name of this hotel for your miserable quackery.' And I gave him a solid poke in the ribs. "He came out of his trance for-

"'Couldn't you allow me to abide with the dead for one other day?' he said, plaintively.
"'Yes I could and I would willingly put you with them for a good many

days. Git!' The wrath of Professor Demolito will yet fall on you,' he threatened.
"'And I'll fall on you—you—" "But Old Jim laughingly said: 'Let

"And the little lady in black remarked: 'Come, Henry, they don't appreciate us.'"

Trade Notes

Frank Hurley of the National Live Stock Commission Company, says "The past week Swift & Co. placed here a sheep buyer. They say that they propose to protect this market against any market in the country, and I believe they mean it. This is development in the growth of this market which is worth while to note.

James D. Farmer, cattle salesman for the National, was today calling the steer market uneven and very much lower, and thought forwarding danger ous. St. Louis reports a decline of 350 this week, and the outlook is not good unless receipts grow very much light er at all points.

C. C. Noaker, with a car of hogs, represented Minnekah, I. T., on the market. Caddo, I. T., through Dick Riddle,

sent to this market one car of fat 'squeelers."

HARD TO DROP

But Many Drop It.

A young California wife talks about "It was hard to drop Mocha and Java and give Postum Food Coffee a trial, but my nerves were so shattered that I was a nervous wreck and of course that means all kinds of ails.

"At first I thought bicycle riding caused it, and I gave it up, but my condition remained unchanged. I did not want to acknowledge coffee caused the trouble, for I was very fond of it. At that time a friend came to live with us, and I noticed that after he had been with us a week he would drink his coffee any more. I asked him the reason. He replied, 'I have had a headache since I left off drinking coffee, some months ago, till last week, when I began again, here your table. I don't see how anyone can like coffee, anyway, after drinking Postum!'

"I said nothing, but at once ordered a package of Postum. That was five months ago, and we have drank no ther coffee since, except on two octhe result each time was that my husband could not sleep, but lay awake and tossed and talked half the night. We were convinced that coffee caused his suffering, so he returned to Pos-tum Food Coffee, convinced that the old kind was an enemy, instead of a riend, and he is troubled no more by

I, myself, have gained 8 pounds weight, and my nerves have ceased to quiver. It seems so easy now to quit the old coffee that caused our aches and alls and take up Postum." Name Mich. There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Mich.

Wellville," in each package.

LIVESTOCK SHIPPERS **PROVE THEIR CAUSE**

"They (the stockmen) said it was less of a hardship to the stock to stay on the cars the additional number of hours than it was to be unloaded and eloaded under the conditions which now prevail. I think that is probably Thus he admits the injuries from

The following colloquy occurred be-

tween the chairman and Mr. White-

The Chairman-Suppose that this committee should come to the conclu-sion, after the hearings are concluded, that it would be more in the interest of humane treatment to the live stock to permit it to be run through exceeding the twenty-eight-hour limit rather than to force cattle to be un-loaded at the end of twenty-eight hours, and within a few hours of their final destination, what would you advise the committee to do under such Mr. Whitehead-I do not think that

would help the stockmen at all, unless you had a minimum speed rate." The Chairman-Tell us what you

Mr. Whitehead-I do not know that understand the question.

The Chairman—Suppose we should become convinced that it would be more humane to amend the law than it is to enforce the existing law. matter of humanity, do you think we ought to act upon that conviction? Mr. Whitehead-Upon your honest onviction, yes. Otherwise I would not

be here. The stockmen, whom we regard as friends, regard us as enemies. and we intend to be friends, and we want to help them out in any way we can, but we think this is not the right The Chairman-You do not think the

present condition of the law and the present practice is satisfactory, as l understand. Mr. Whitehead-In many cases I think it is. I think the stockmen deserve some help.

The Chairman-In your judgment, he proper method would be to run the tock trains with greater speed. Mr. Whitehead-I think so.

The Chairman-You are not a rail-Mr. Whitehead-No. sir.

The Chairman — Have you given careful study to the question as to whether it is possible to run the stock trains at a much greater speed than they are now run? Mr. Whitehead-I think we have given considerable attention to it. The conductors made the suggestion: "Why do you people not ask to have stock

trains run next to passenger trains?"
Mr. Chairman—"You say that is sually the rule now of the company?" Mr. Whitehead—"Yes, sir; whether they comply with the rule I do not

(He and his societies are flooding

congress with a lot of literature about a matter concerning which they really Mr. Whitehead had stated that certain stockmen had claimed that twenty-eight hours was long enough, but h said he could not give their names, but he gave the name of one, Henry Porter, of Denver. Examination of Mr. Murdo Mackenzie's statement

of the humane society and a cattle man, and Mr. Mackenzie said: "He (Mr. Porter) told me emphatically that he did not have any objection to the extension of the time.

show that he said that Mr. Porter was

a personal friend of his and a membe

No one who will take the time to read this testimony can fail to see that the humane society, in seeking to continue this obnoxious law, is compelling the live stock shippers of the country to treat their live stock injuriously They assume that the shipments will always be kept upon the cars the limit of time allowed by law. This is flatly disproven. The stockman unloads his live stock when the circumstances show that they need to be unloaded and the railroads uniformly recognize this common law right. The human society insists on judging the matter without the slightest actual experience n the business, and the demands that live stock shall be unloaded at the end of twenty-eight hours, when the proof s conclusive that to do so is extremely injurious, and Mr. Whitehead even admits, as shown by the above quotation, that such is the case oftentimes One may search the extensive testimony upon that subject in vain for any other than the mere blind sen timent in this matter, of those representing the humane society, who have chosen that side of the question and who refuse to be convinced by testimony, and who, when called upon, fail to produce any evidence from any ource of the actual occurrences in the shipment of live stock which would support their side of the case. interest engaged in the handling of live stock shipped by rail, from the time they are loaded upon the cars to the time when the packer slaughters them, including the government de-partment, and the officers in charge of the enforcement of this obnoxious and injurious law, all testify that the time ought to be extended in the interests of the humane treatment of the live stock. Yes, for some reason, entirely unsupported by anything outside of th imaginings of those who, admittedly, are not acquainted with the actual facts, the humane societies persist in an opposition to the extension of the

Congress can at least afford to head the facts and to be governed by the, actualities and to do justice to the shippers of live stock. And when they do it, they will have provided for the humane treatment which the humane society professes to wish. As the clearly shows, we desire 'to secure a law that will permit us to be humane.

We do not ask more than that we be permitted to use our judgment in the proper treatment of our live stock, and we have proved, beyond controversy, that is to their best interests. We are perfectly willing that the secretary of agriculture may regulate it. Our motive, if placed wholly upon the basis of money making, would lead us to the best treatment of our live stock, and we have abundantly proved by undis-puted testimony that when the law was enforced, it worked the most normous cruelties, and that its enforcement must do so, as actual ex-

perience shows and has shown. Geographically most of the country oes not need an extension of They reach their destination without suffering from the enforcement of this law. Evidence from that locality is of little consequence, It lacks experi-



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C. E. BINNINGS, Inventor and Owner, STAMFORD, TEXAS. Jones County.

ence. Persons so situated have given it little attention. The shipments which have to be sent long distances, and which are injuriously affected by the forcement of this law, are naturally the shipments of persons who will complain. These complaints should not be turned down because those who

do not need it are not making request for an extension of the time. The agricultural department and the bureau of animal industry endorse the proposition to extend the time.

The officers of the government, in charge of enforcing the law, endorse All the live stock shippers for long distances and the exporters of live

stock endorse it. All the packers endorse it, for the reason that frequent unloading and reloading injures the meat. All the live stock associations endorse it. The National Live Stock Exchange of Commission Men endorse it.

The senate committee on agricu:ture endorse it. e house committee on interstate and foreign commerce endorse it. We, therefore, pray congress to do us an act of simple justice and provide for the extension of time.

In Midland County

Midland Reporter. R. & Dell Dublin this week sold to Marsh Parker about one thousand yearlings. Price not made public. Estes & Watts last week sold a reg-

istered bull calf to Pink Watts of Chaves county, N. M., for \$75. J. O. Reynolds last week purchased of J. T. Walton of Barstow 107 head of stock horses and arrived in Midland with same Tuesday evening. Burl Holloway left last Monday morning for Portales, N. M., to deliver 1.600 4 and 5-year-old steers sold some time ago to Kansas parties. Lee Vaughan of Sterling City was here this week and through the agency of W. J. Moran bought the home sections of the George G. Gray ranch, ten miles south, paying therefor \$7,000 cash. Pate Collins was in Wednesday from his ranch forty-two miles west. gives an excellent report from the range out there. He says they have had more rain there than here and that everything is as fine as can be. Six hundred and fifty 3 and 4-yearold steers were shipped Thursday from here to pastures at Duncan, Kan. They

Parnell, who has had them pastured here this winter on the "5WLS" range. The Quiensabe ranch some time ago sold 800 4-year-old steers to parties who shipped them to Kansas pastures Millard Eldson, foreman of the 5WLS

ranch, was in this week with the bal-

belonged to an Old Mexico party named

ance of the boys out there. He reports the range fine. Bustin came in Tuesday from Shafter Lake ranch and reports the range out there very fine and prospects good for a large calf crop. Voliva & Goldsmith shipped twenty six cars of 3 and 4-year-old steers last

Sunday to pasture in Kansas. steers were bought of Pleas Childress of San Angelo, dipped and brought over the line last fall and H. N. Garrett, alsa interested in the deal, and C. A. Goldsmith accompanied the shipment

In Brewster County Alpine Avalanche.

Jim P. Wilson and family returned Tuesday from their lower ranch. Mr. Wilson brought up about 175 cows, which he will keep on his home ranch until they are ready for market.

A large land deal was made a few

days age by L. W. Durrell, agent for A. B. Frank & Co. of San Antonio. Twenty thousand acres of land in block G1, this county, was sold to W. P. Gaines of Austin for a consideration of \$10,000. This land is unimproved and embraces a broad stretch of country between the San Francisco and Maravillas creeks, each of the George Miller

In Terrell County

Sanderson News. George Wurzbach went to the ranch last week and will remain for several days, probably deliver his cattle and turn over the ranch he sold some time

ago before returning. R. W. Prosser has just completed shearing some six thousand sheep at the emon & Co. ranch, and although the clip was light, the wool is of the finest quality and no doubt will bring a good price. Prosser handles the best sheep, therefore has high-grade wool for the market.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN We will permit anyone to drive cattle to Bovina for shipment included within' the following lines: Beginning it Texico and running south along the state line between New Mexico and Texas to the southwest Yoakum county; thence east along the south lines of Yoakum and Terry counties to the southeast corner of Terry county; thence north along the east lines of Terry, Hockley and Lamb countles, to the northeast corner of the Ellwood pasture; thence east to he southeast corner of the North Ranch of George M. Slaughter and along the east and north lines of said ranch to the east fence of the Spring Lake pasture of the W. E. Halsell thence north and west along ranch; the old original lines of the Capitol Syndicate ranch to the Pecos Valley

It is mutually agreed that parties driving cattle to Bovina shall have only a reasonable length of time to drive through pastures of the undersigned and two days for shipping at

Bovina. For any further time required two shall cents per day per head charged etaoindlu (Signed.)

W. E. HALSELL, C. K. WARREN. GEO, M. SLAUGHTER.º JOHN W. JAMES SLOAN SIMPSON. W. D. JOHNSON, W. L. ELLWOOD,

Cattle-B. H., Stamford, 35; J. D. Jennings, Aquilares, 56; Coleman & Kerran, Encinal, 114; T. A. Coleman Encinal, 115; W. G. Dunchee, Glen-

A HAPPY

is one where health abounds. With impure blood there cannot be good health. With a disordered LIVER there

cannot be good blood.

revivify the torpid LIVER and restore A healthy LIVER means pure

Pure blood means health. Health means happiness.

Take no Substitute. All Druggists.

WEDNESDAY'S MARKET

Cattle receipts today reached 2,900, which was far in excess of the needs of the market. Steers

Steers of the beef variety were most in evidence, and southern grassers the largest, percentage of steers. In all grades the quality was ordinary for the most part. Many loads of steers were of the feeder class. A few loads of grassers were good enough to self at \$4.30, and some fed stuff that brought Prices were very unsatisfactory, and market conditions mean. Packers are filled up, and are not bidding to any great extent, and when made bids were 10c to 15c lower. Sales:

No. Ave. Price. Ave. Price. \$3.50 4.00 23... 891 22...1,180 19...1,172 21...1,209 4.30 3.99 50 . . . 3.00 994 24 . . 705 945 947 3.40 833/ 979 937 2... 930 3.00 24... 960 3.55 24 . . . 961 24... 930 Butcher Stock

Butcher cows were in the pens in volume sufficient for normal trade. conditions, and they suffered along with steers in the bidding. Several loads of good southern grass cows were seen. The outside trade took some cows and that helped some, but prices were generally 10c to 15c lower on all cows except the canner sort. Sales of cows:

No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. \$3.25 1... 930 8... 943 \$2.60 2.502.60 15... 745 9 . . . 6... 820 28... 826 2.40 785 2.60 814 68... 200 Sales of helfers: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price:

29... 548 \$2.60 Bulls Bulls sold about steady, as follows: No. Ave. Price. 20...1,375 \$3.00 No. Ave. Price. 20...1,408 \$3.00 3...1,466 3.00

22s..1,079 Calves Calves made a good showing in point of numbers and the market was better than on any other portion of the cattle trade, best calves selling up to \$5.15, with the bulk at \$4.50. Sales:

3.00

Price. \$3.75 No. Ave. Price. \$2.50 4.50 3.50 3.00 . 4.50 38... 350 491 3.00 4... 325 4... 95 5... 134 3.50 4735 3.50 189... 162... 5:.. 980 3.35 468 43... 300 25... 224 Hogs

The supply of hogs was of good proportions and reached 2,900 head. Qualiwas good all round, and with some outside buyers to help the market was fully steady. No top stuff, such as was shown late yesterday, came in. but the quality was good enough to bring \$5.52½, with the bulk from bring \$5.52½, with the bulk from \$6.20@6.40. Pigs sold steady around

6.37 1/2 6.27 1/2 52... 191 75... 200187 44... 178 $\frac{195}{193}$ 6.37 1/2 6.37 1/2 78... 214 228 6.50 75... 190 6.37 1/2 6.35 187 83... 198 78... 221 180 6.25 Sales of pigs: No. Ave. Price No. Ave. Price. 9... 118 10 . . . 5.00 105 50 ... 100 111 5.00 Sales of hogs late westerday Price No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. 91 ... 172 6.37 1/2 195 6.40 6.47 1/2 ₩ 221 6.50 3.... 262 6.52½ 73... 278 Sales of pigs late yesterday: 6.60

Late Shippers Yesterday Cattle-Wolf & S., Lawton, Okla., 80; W. A. Parks, Reynolds, 43; Wades, 28; A. B. Kerr & Sons, Beeville, 162; F. G. Miller, Rock Island,

4... 112 \$4.80

No. Ave.

10... 91 \$5.00

Calves-W. A. Wade, Wades, 61; A. B. Kerr & Sons, Beeville, 68. Hogs-J. F. Simmons, Clarendon, 90; . Tyler. Hobart, Okla., 73; R. C. Harris, Bradley, I. T., 73; H. O. Dutton, Rocky, Okla., 67; R. C. Harris, Chickasha, I. T., 79; J. Chappell, Union City, Okla., 75; Duncan & R., Walter, Okla., 90; L. D. Jeffries, Lawton, Okla., 77; F. Jackson, Kingfisher, Okla., 69; J. A. Wood, Vernon, Okla., 79; Gibson Bros., Paul's Valley, I. T., 95, Crawford & A., Purcell, I. T., 82; Howard Martin, Davis, I. T., 91. and Mules-O. E. Kinsey Cotorado, Springs, Col., 24.

THURSDAY'S MARKET

The cattle run today dropped within reasonable limits and the market tone improved in consequence. The total market run reached 1,300 head, with 2, through billing. 100 head reported coming in on

Grass steers from the southern counties continued to make up the bulk of run, and nothing very choice in this class was observable. Some fairly good grassers sold at \$3.60, and a onger string of plainer steers at \$3.35. These sales could hardly be called stronger than yesterday, but the trade had more snap to it than at the close on Wednesday.

Fed steers were few, but had a good top end. One bunch of heavy fed long yearlings that would weigh better than 950 pounds, had a bid of \$4.40, but this was declined as some heavy fed cattle of a rougher class sold at that price. The general steer market was fairly active.

Sales of steers: No. Ave. Price. 10... 886 \$3.25 10... 886 \$3.25 18... 726 \$2.80 18... 911 4.40 17...1,208 4.40

ck in Thi	s City			3
61 982	3.60 5.00	431	1,147 809	3.90
9 898 11,720	3.00 5.00	144 38	901 844	3.40 3.50

38... 844

26... 900 . 985 Butcher Cattle Butcher cows were again scarce, and the necessities of buyers drove them to abandon their late bearish tactics and put a little more ginger into the market. Cows came mostly in mixed loads. Tops on a sorted load sold at \$3.15.

No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. 2... 800 2... 905 793 2.00 3.09 668 2.15 3.00 2.55 1.50 2.60 835 2.25 7... 934 10... 587 $\frac{2.50}{2.00}$ 870 21... 793 846 1.80 $\frac{2.00}{1.65}$ 785 640 910 493 4...-525 Sales of heifers: No. Ave.

\$2.35 2.40 \$2.25 2.25 520 470 530 1... 500 1... 7303.00 500 500 2.00 Gy.. 543 were steady on a very light Bulls supply. Sales No. Ave. Price. 1...1.170 \$2.50 1s..1,380 3.50 1...1,260

20x.1,680

4... 422

1...1,210 Calves Calves sold steady to lower, with a top of \$4.25. New Orleans stuff was draggy and heavy calves weak. Sales: No. Ave. Price. 2... 285 \$2.00 No. Ave. 4.... 255 2... 170 3.00 3.50 2.00 4.25 3.25 2.25 1.75 163 3.50 107 2.15 49... 325 3.25 382 6. .

6... 430 16... 325 2.25 Hogs made a good run, 2,054 head for the middle of the week. Quality was not up to the pace set on Tuesday and Wednesday, having more partly-fat hogs than the trade calls for. Bidding began a nickel lower and so ruled the

market. Pigs were steady. Sales of heavy hogs: No. Ave. Price. 9... 197 133... 172\$6.25 233' 4 \$6.35 98... 176 71... 211 88... 220 77... 172 176 6.37 6.10 6.45 6.32 76... 62... 42... 88... $\frac{195}{195}$ 6.3214 185 198 6.321/2 Sales of pigs: No. Ave. 20. 115 52. 114 Price. \$5.00 19... 5... 45... 98 5.00

12... 115 Cattle Receipts

107

5.00

5.00

J. F. Spiner, Gonzaies, 44; 'Cardwell & G., Gonzaies, 43; W. J. Robbins, Plano, 25; W. F. Gambill, Sanger, 34; H. G. Beckwith, Cotulla, 71; J. M. Williams, & Co., Cotulla, 243; J. M. Sales of heavy hogs:

No. Ave. Price.
No. Ave. Price.

8... 208 \$6.35 57... 186 \$6.35 Sulphur Springs, 40; R. L. Gibson, 53... 207 6.37½ 41... 210 6.35 Sugden, I. T., 24; W. C. Ringsley, Garland, 19; C. C. Hül, Duncanville, 33; Chittim, Paloma, 29; Matson & Me-Daniels, Penelope, 49; G. F. Bluett, Snow & Graves, Gatesville, 31; W. H. Green Jr., Cisco, 40; J. E. Sharp, St. Jo, 36; J. B. Sutherland, Hebbronville, Chittim, Falfurrias, Fowler & Fowler Calvert 56: Newton & Fowler, Calvert, 28; N. Arnsperger, Van Alstyne, 23; C. W. Lusk, Co-manche, 27; J. M. Bryan, Comanche, 35; M. V. Baugh, Rogers, 20. Calf Receipts

J. M. Chittim, Paloma, 139; Jasser & Darby, Duncanville, 11; Z. Rogers, Cameron, 4.

Hog Receipts
E. O. C., Caddo Lake, 62; Barwise & B., Seymour, 104; Satchell & Co., Waxahachie, 98; W. J. Robbins, Plano, W. F. Gambill, Sanger, 21; G. F. Bennett, Sulphur Springs, 10: Carden & Brown, Comanche, Okla., 98; R. S. Gibson, Sugden, 74; E. C. True, Ryan I. T., 74; Hawkins Brothers, Ringgold, 154; Arnett & Elson, Luther, Okla., 74; S. E. McCullough, Kopperl, 57; Jasper & Darby, Duncanville, 63; J. R. Scott Wills Point, 79; J. D. & R. Coleman,

FRIDAY'S MARKET

Cattle receipts shrunk today within very modest limits, only 500 coming to market and 900 going through to pasture.

Steers Not many grass steers were on the market and they were principally of a common class. Fed steers were represented by two loads of about the same class as sold highest yesterday Buyers lost some of their bearish in clinations today when they looked upon the empty pens in the yards and compared shrunken receipts with their or-

The good class of steers took on a show of strength and sold readily at the same price as yesterday's be though lacking 100 pounds in weight and considerable in finish. Three loads of steers were shipped out. Sales: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 24...1,002 \$3.90 22...1,090 \$3.90

Butcher Cattle There was no trading in cows ex-cept a few jack pots, mostly of canners left over from yesterday. Three loads of common heifers were on the market, but failed of satisfactory bids and went forward.

No. Ave. Price No. Ave. Price. 763 \$2.30 1... 690 1...1,250 3.35 690 2... 844 1... 980 3.10 Bulls Nineteen bulls, averaging 1,168 pounds, sold at \$2.60.

Calves The southern calves, three loads, were all from one shipper, and had a good top end that sold steady with yesterday's strength at \$4.25. The heavy end showed no improvement in price,

landing at \$3.25@3.40. Sales: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 2... 165 \$4.50 41... 344 \$3.25 61... 288 3.40 105... 201 4.25 Hogs

The run of hogs today reached 1;-300 head, most of the offerings coming from territory points But three

ESTABLISHED 1877.

The A. P. Norman Live Stock Co (Incorporated) A. P. NORMAN, Sec'y and Treas. W. T. PEARSON, Salesman. C. P. NORMAN.

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL 1906 118th Year Asheville Plateau. MILITARY. Forty-nine (49) Texas boys during 112th year. Spanish Speaking Teacher. \$180 per Half Term.

COL. R. BINGHAM, Supt., R. F. D. No. 4. Asheville, N. C.

loads were noticed of Texas origin. The quality shown was somewhat better than that displayed yesterday,

weights being heavier. In view of the shortened run and a better tone prevailing at northern poits sellers wanted a slight advance on their offerings. This was conceded after some back talk and an early clearance was effected. The best load remained unsold at noon. Early tops sold at \$6.471/2, with the bulk at \$6.30@

Sales of heavy hogs: No. Ave. Price. 261 \$6.47 1/2 64... 160 6.32 1/2 6.42 1/2 6.42 1/2 188 190 6.37 1/2 78... 202 180 . 6.30 males of pigs: No. Ave. Price. 15... 100 \$5.00 55... 97 \$5.00

108 Four doubles of a right good class of shorn wethers from the Comstock range were on offer, along with two singles of fed ewes and wethers of very good quality. No selling on the early

5.00

Friday's Shippers Cattle-J. W. & C. H. Pennell, Midland, 665; W. Scott & Company, Stanton, 252; —, Merkel, 1; M. & B., Paradise, 8; J. D. Jennings & Company, Aquilares, 81; J. D. Elliott, Georgetown, 50; B. Hall, Georgetown, 50; W. J. Steele, Thornton, 46; Geo. Porter, Brownwood, 26; J. D. Wallace, Bluf-

Calves-J. D. Jennings & Company, Aquilares, 130; R. Jennings, Aquilares,

Hogs—E. P. Slade, Minco, I. T., 68; Lakey & A., Byars, F. T., 101; F. J. Etter, Ada, I. T., 118; A. M. Jackson, Byars, I. T., 93; W. J. Jarvis, Hub-bard City, 82; C. W. & S., Stonewail, I. T., 100; M. & B., Paradise, 37; F. P. Lee, Lindsay, I. T., 91; Noble State Bank, Noble, O. T., 80; C. Wheeler, Norman, O. T., Rowe & Penn, Po-cassett, I. T., 90; N. D. Clark, Co-manche, I. T., 80; Landrum, South & Son, Bowle, 62; J. D. Elliott, Georgetown, 7: J. P. Sharp, Chickasha, I. T., 67; Thompson & Company, Anadarko, O. T., 86; Ford, Wells G. Co., Anadarko, I. T., 71; First National Bank, Sheep-R. W. Prosser, Comstock, 1,-

379; J. E. Parker, Clifton, 296. SATURDAY'S MARKET

The week has been featured by an unseasonable and unreasonable run of immature beef cows, the result of which was a heavy slump in the market, causing great loss to shippers and utter demoralization in the market. The reason-for the unexpiained rush of thin cattle is hard to find, the reason for the sharp decline in the market is close at hand. The stuff was such as could not be utilized by killers at a profit. Had the rush of cattle been of a good killing class the market could easily have absorbed the run, as It has often done before, but, nobody wants a lot of cutter and canner steers and these made up the chief part of the increase in supplies.

The week's trade started out on Monday with a liberal supply in the pens and a weak and uneven market. Supplies slowed upon Tuesday to a better market tone, but Wednesday's heavy run of half fat and part fed steers put the market entirely to the Thursday no improvement could of Friday and Saturday served as a tonic, and gave buyers a chance to work off their surplus stocks of poor meats.

The end of the week finds beef steers lower from 10c to 50c, the loss falling lightest on good to choice stuff, either grass or fed, and bearing hardest on the common to fair kinds.

buyers taking advantage of the demoralized state of the market to get cows in line with steers. The net result is that good cows lost more than good steers, the decline being 20c to 35c. Strictly choice cows lost a full quarter. Canners and cutters have not lost more than a dime. Bulls are selling unevenly lower with the greatest loss on their feeders. Fat bulls have declined 10 to 15 cents.

The demand for good and desirable calves has been well sustained all the week. Supplies have been unevenly distributed. Choice light calves have lost scarcely anything, while good heavy calves have suffered a decline of 25c. New Orleans stuff closes the week dull and declining.

Hogs have been the only redeeming feature of the market, and sellers have worn broad smiles all the week. Prices went up 10c and better on the first two days, bringing about the top price of the season, \$6.60, on a load of choice 278-pound Territory hogs. Wednesday the market began selling easier, the close of the week finding hogs generally a nickel higher than at the close of last week. Pigs remain steady.

Sheep The greater part of the sheep supply has consisted of grass clipped wethers of a fine fat class. However, some fed sheep have been on the market, but they have not met with favor. The good grass sort have declined during the week 50c, the best of the week's supply selling on Friday at

The cattle supply today consisted of thirteen cars or 320 head. Ten cars were southern grassers, and no buyers appearing they were ordered out.

Steers Four steers, averaging 885 pounds,

sold at \$3.
Butcher Stock The cow supply was confined to one load and a part of a mixed lead. No bids were made on the full load. A speculator bought three choice cows

remainder, mostly bulls, sold steady. Sales of cows: No. Ave. Price. 8... 746 \$2.50 3...1,142 3.35 6... 725 \$2.00 766 3.00 Sales of bulls: No. Ave. Price. 15...1,123 \$2.50 1...1,160 2.50 No. Ave. Price. 1...1,120 \$2.50 1...1.290 2.40

out of the mixed load at \$3.35.

Calves A few head of calves, mostly hold. overs from yesterday, sold steady, as follows: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 15... 364 \$2.35 14... 340 \$2.10

The hog supply consisted of four head. The market was loads, 400 head. steady. One load of light territory hogs sold for export to Cuba at \$6.35. A bunch of roasting pigs sold at \$5.50. The bulk of pigs sold steady. Sales of hogs:

No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 68... 170 .\$6.42½ 11... 165 \$6.90 20... 154 29... 163 _ 167 6.35 No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 40... 39 \$5.50 58... 89 \$4.75 54... 115

4... 115 5.00 Sheep No sheep came on the market today, but the six doubles that were reported yesterday sold just before the closing hour at \$4.75. They were the best sheep of the season thus far and, quality considered, the market is 500 lower than on Monday.

Saturday's Shippers
Hogs E. J. Phillips, Oklahoma City,
77; A. C. Moyers, Ganado, 127; E. R.

Thomas, Duncan, I. T., 98; S. Thompkins, Cameron, 92.

Horses and Mules—S. E. D., Enid,
Okla., 26; Smith & Miller, Labette,

MONDAY'S MARKET

Total receipts of cattle on the yards today numbered 3,226, and of these 3,-112 were steers on the way to north-

ern pastures. Steers The steer supply made up about all there was of cattle on the market and, while some good cattle were shown, no toppy end was observable, and a big

end of light and common steers made

up the bulk of the run. Northern markets generally reported good cattle runs, and packers paid no attention to the light local supply, absolutely declining to pay any than steady prices or what they announced as steady, but which were in reality considerably weak. Under these ircumstances but five loads of the thirty on offer went to the scales before noon, \$3.40 being the best sale, the bulk going at \$3@3.35.

Sales of steers: 27... 792 10... 760 \$3.35 891 3.40 1...1,000 1... 790 3.00 3.49 3... 965 Sheep

Butcher Stock Something like three loads of cows were for sale, and these on the comnon order. A few scattering good cows sold at \$3.35@3.40, but car lots went at \$1.75@ 2.10.

Sales of cows: No. Ave. Price 2...1,015 \$2.15 No. Ave. Price. \$2.15 830 \$3.25 3.40 1.65 740 590 .701 2...1,015 Sales of heiters: No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. 3... 416 \$2,40 Buils

Bulls were scarce and the demand on level with the supply. Selling was done on a steady basis. Sales: No. Ave. Price. Price. \$2.40 $\frac{2...1,160}{2....770}$ \$2.35 1...1.200 1...1,440 2.60 1... 720 103..1,200 2.40

Calves Only one full load of calves were on offer, yet twice the number in the load straggled in in mixed loads. The quality was generally poor, and the market sympathized with the quality. Top sales \$4.25, with the bulk at \$2.75

1	T CALL	CLL CO	Tranci, mic.	II CIIC M	TATE CE	r darro
ļ	@3.	Sales	:			
	No.	Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.
j	5	332	\$2.75	5	285	\$1.65
ì	18	236	2.00	3	466	2.09
ĺ	5	356	1.60	10	314	2.00
1	10	314	2.00	2	290	3.00
1	54	199	4.25	2	105	\$2.00
1	29	387	2.75	11	130	3.50
	2	290	3.00	5	284	1.69
	* 3	143	3.00	18	321	3.25
	12	257	3.00	10	280	3.00
	7	322	2.50	43	115	3.25
	2	220	3.50	14	227	1.75
	25	239	3.35	2	155	4.00
	2	150	4.00	6	180	3.75
	5	242	2.75	5	80	3.25
			Ho	gs		

The hog supply was the smallest this year for a Monday trade, 1,300. Most loads had pigs included, and only three loads were from Texas points. Indications from the north were for lower market conditions, and this influence 1 No. Ave. Price. No. Ave. Price. bidding here, trading being done on a No. Ave. Price. 5c lower basis than at the close of last

Sales of heavy hogs: \$6.32½ 10...2230 6.42½ 29...204 .. 204 6.421/6 291 $6.37\frac{1}{2}$ 79... $6.42\frac{1}{2}$ 50...179 6.40 272 182 6.35 10.. 183 6.30 Sales of pigs: No. Ave. No. Ave. Price 20... 116 25... 98 5... 104 5.00 5.00

Cattle Receipts

5.00

M. P. Malone, Standart, 48; Coleman & Co., Aguilares, 99; A. G. Farrington, Waco, 47; S. W. Walker, Lo-meta, 77; Gunter & Jones, Benavides, 283; H. B. Holmes, Luling, 60; E. D. Caston, Commerce, 31; Otto Armstrong, Cotulla, 24; J. T. Maltsburger, Cotulia, 47; F. D. McMahan, Artesia, 53; C. Stillman, Kingsville, 57; J. A. Stewart, Uvalde, 44; T. B. Budd, Stewart, Uvalde, 44; T. B. Budd, Uvalde, 42; E. D. Green, Pilot Point, 28; C. & J., Bartlett, 4; J. O. Landry, Laurence, 43; Paul Willouby, Brown-wood, 27; Sam H. Cromer, Winnsboro, 2; T. F. Guthrie, Midland, 700; J. A Love, Midland, 58; G. L. Brown, Big Springs, 103; F. P. Schultz, Colorado, 800; F. F. Tailor, Midland, 449. Calf Receipts

B. H. Pharr, Sulphur Springs, 7; Hammond & Dubois, Cline, 72. Hog Receipts

E. D. Glenn, Gunter, 74; B. H. Pharr, Sulphur Springs, 87; E. D. Caston, Commerce, 16; F. M. Smith, Ardmore, I. T., 85; Storey & Cheatham, Stillwater, Okla., 95; William Courtney, Edmond, Okla., 81; Riddle & Son, Caddo, I. T., 105; C. & J., Bartlett, 60; E. D. Glenn, Pilot Point, 30; Brothers, Okemah, I. T., 70; J. O. Petree, El Reno, Okla., 80; A. L. Mc-Dowell, El Reno, Okla., 102; Okarche Gocery Co., Okarche, Okla., 88; D. Meacham, Kingfisher, Okla., 88; J. O. Thomas, Duncan, I. T., 85; Nakes & Cleveland, Minnekah, I. T., 67; J. O. Landry, Lawrence, Texas, 6.

REV. ROGERS DEAD

Well Known Baptist Minister's Death Occurs at Waco

WACO, Texas, April 24.-Rev. G. R. Rogers, a well known Baptist minister, 49 years old, died yesterday and was buried at 10 o'clock this morning. He came to Texas fifteen years ago from Louisiana, though a native of Mississippi.

Rev. Rogers was representative of the American Baptist Publication Society for the southwest, and was for a time in charge of the chapel car, 'Good Will." He was pastor of churches in Lake Charles, Beaumont, San Angelo and other points. He leaves a wife and eight children.

GUILTY OF HORSE THEFFT

Ben Kegans Gets Two Years' Confinement by Houston Jury

HOUSTON, Texas, April 24 .- Two years in the penitentiary was the verdict given by a Houston jury against Kegans, found guilty here of horse theft. Kegans was out on bond on a murder charge when convicted of the

Thurber Postmaster Named WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.— The President yesterday sent the following nominations to the senate: Postmasters-Mississippi: Jones, Brookhaven, Texas—J. L. Sloan, Navasota; R. McKinnon, Thurber.

Grand Total \$424,000 BOSTON, Mass., April 24.-Yesterday's response by the citizens of Massachusetts to California's cry for help included more than \$100,000 in cash subscriptions, making the total

of the general fund to date \$424,000.



CAMPBELL BROS. @ ROSSON LIVE STOCK COMMISSION COMPANY

SAINT LOUIS

KANSAS CITY

FORT WORTH

Views on the Market

Campbell Bros. & Rosson

As we predicted in our specal last week, on account of the good rains in southern Texas and the condition ofthe markets in general we would see lighter receipts the coming week and probably for some time to come, and we would like to have all readers of this paper study our market letter and our methods of doing business, realizing that by doing this they would soon learn that your interests are ours.

Steers-The supply has been heavy and as a rule inferior in quality and in sympathy with the northern markets, we have experienced a gradual but steady decline for two weeks on the medium to half fat kind, while the best steers have only declined 15 to 25c and are selling steady. Best steers 1,200 to 1,300 pounds, smooth and fat, \$4.20@4.40 with 1,050 to 1,150 pounds, \$4.00@4.15, and 900 to 1,000 pounds, \$3.40@3.75, with medium fleshed kinds weighing from 800 to 950 pounds, \$2.75

@ 3.15. Cows-Choice fat \$3.00@\$3.25, with the bulk of good cows selling from \$2.50 to \$2.75; medium kinds around \$2.15 to \$2.40; good strong canners are bringing \$1.75 to \$2.00 and common rows is fairly strong at a decline of 15@25c from last week.

Bulls-Choice to fat, \$2.60@2.80 with ordinary to good kinds from \$2.35 0 Common light bulls, \$1.60@2.00 with the very common kinds selling around \$1.40 to 1.50. The decline in balls has probably not been more than 10 or 15c during the week.

Calves-Choice kinds weighing 150 to 200 pounds, smooth and fat, \$4.50 @ \$5.00 with the bulk of the good calves selling from \$4.15 to \$4.50, with ordinary kinds around \$3.50@4.00 with the eastern Texas dogie kinds bringing from \$2.50 to \$3.25 with heavy calves of good quality and flesh selling around \$2.50@3.00. Medium kinds of weight \$2.25@2.65. The ordinary kinds letter while the good kinds are strong and higher.

Hogs-Last Wednesday's top was \$6.55, which was "high point" of the

Arrivals of the Week

Wallis D. Wade, an enterprising

Nueces county stockman, who has re-

cently recognized the popular "C. B. &

R." firm as his stronghold on the sell-

ing side of the market, had a two-car

consignment back to us the past week,

which sold at remunerative figures.

heavy calves bringing \$3.50 and com-

mon cows on the canner order at \$2.

W. E. Meadow of Williamson coun-

ty, an official member of the firm of Meadow & Company, which is com-

posed of that genial good fellow, Rich-

ard Kuehn, et al., was responsible for

As a trader W. E. has no peer, and

can't get them right, all right, all

Baldwin & Gainous of Fannin coun-

signors of the firm, sending in a car of

porkers and heavy vealers which

swung the long green to the right

notch in our sales cupola. Mr. Camp-

head of our Fort Worth sales depart-

ment, has had the pleasure of prepar-

ing many satisfactory dwelling places

in the return tide of our northern

Texas past friends and customers, who

have full and complete assurance the

Thompson & Rose, our royal hog shippers of the Santa Fe, who cover

their buying forces, were with us the past week again with a car of \$6.40

firm, a hustler of exceptional worth, is

right there with the goods when it comes to taking care of the hog re-

ceipts in the busy mart in which he

located, and never fails to "sample"

J. W. Eckelberger of Cooke county,

Texas, was one of our representative

shippers the past week, who bestowed

upon us the favor of selling for his

account a car of swine at strong fig-

ures, which went to the credit side of

is a hustler of exceptional energy, and

never fails to connect with the good

I. D. Scoggin of Kent county sent in

the past week a contribution to the

bovine supply, coming down with the

shipment to superintend the sale. He

was in his usual good health and

vigor, and stated on account of the

excellent conditions prevailing that his

feeling voiced the sentiment of the

Sam Merchant of Wagoner, 4. T.,

Miss Maud Lovelady of Colorado

large sprinkle of cowmen out west.

was our guest the past week, looking over the situation.

City, who has recently returned from California, was a visitor at our offices

'profit and loss" in a landslide. J. W.

territory north of Red river in

Sam Black of this popular

good work will continue.

substantial profits.

things of life.

since assuming his duties at the

ty, Texas, were among Tuesday's con-

\$6.35 hogs the early part of the week

when he is buying cattle he

or takes a "warpath highball."

week, the bulk selling for \$6.30@6.50. Monday of this week top hogs brought \$6.421/2, showing a decline of 121/20 bulk, however, sold for \$6.25@6.40, showing only 5c to 50c decline. Competition on light and medium grades for a California order prevented this kind from dropping as much as the good heavies. Light pigs are still selling at last week's prices, the bulkbringing 5c. Tuesday again 5@10c lower, with top on Oklahomas \$6.35.

Sheep-Sheep have declined 25 to 50c per 100 from the high point early this month. Several doubles of very choice 97-pound wethers sold for \$4.75. The same kind sold for \$5.25 two weeks

Special-Pardon for presenting you with a tale of woe in our special this

To begin with we are sorry to have to advise that the packers are bitterly complaining of the inactivity of the beef market in the east and say they have been Icsing heavily on their beef the past week or ten days, and therefore, are compelled to buy cattle cheaper in the markets in order to continue in business. And again the class of cattle we are receiving from southern Texas with but few exceptions are from medium flesh to half fat and are not killing at all satisfactory which, of course, has a tendency to depreciate values. Taking both of these matters into consideration we naturally have a very unpleasant situation facing us, but inasmuch as south and west Texas have been blessed with fine rains which gives most everybody an assurance of plenty of grass and water we feel the shippers will hold their cattle back until are in better condition for market and thereby get the benefit of a higher market, which will soon prevail. are strong believers in a good healthy market through May and June and possibly July and therefore are inviting our customers to ship only such cattle as are fat, realizing they nothing to lose and all to gain. Read carefully our weekly letters and our specials if you desire to receive the benefit of twenty-five years' experience from practical commission men who do not speculate, but handle your business strictly on a commission basis and which assures you of the full strength of the market at all times. We go on the theory that many years of experience is worth money to you. If you have anything to ship and want our market letter, write us.

the past week. Miss Lovelady is an

artist who will no coubt so he day en-

joy a wide reputation, and to those

connected with the stock yards her

John K. Rosson, while in the west-

ern part of the Choctaw nation the

conditions prevailing for the welfare

of stock interests. He states the spring

has been rather backward, but that

cattle will get good and fat on the

grass. South of the Osage nation, he

says, there were very few cattle

shipped in to run on the Indian Ter-

ritory grass, and he did not consider

the supply of bullocks from that sec-

Lokey & Agnew, well-known Indian

Territory shippers, united in our Club

of Newly-Found Friends the last week

disposing of a car of porkers at pleas-

ing figures, a letter having just been acknowledged which states the sale

was highly satisfactory, and our reg-

ister will no doubt continue to show

the wisdom of this firm in the selec-

Ford-Wells Grocery, Company of Caddo county, Oklahoma, the "back-

bone" to the Oklahoma hog shipping

industry, dropped anchor in our bay

last Friday with \$6.421/2 swine. Fa-

vorite shippers on our market, they have "borne away the palm" by quali-

T. J. Ryon of Fannin county drifted

to our office the past week in charge

of a car of hogs, which sold above the

companied by Edgar Kerr, another one

of our enterprising and prosperous

clients in Fannin county, both of whom

had a proposition up their sleeves

whih may mean the transfer of some

Tarrant county soil adjacent to the

G. F. Burr of McLennan county en-

listed in our "visiting list" the last

week, coming in charge of a shipment

of mixed cattle. "G. F." is a jolly good fellow and Central Texas or Mc-

Lennan county can boast of no one

who surpasses him as a cow mer-

Texas, camped on our soil the last week, his sale sliding through the

sales department, finding prompt and efficient service, both in the "fills" and

Member of our "Association of Ardent

Admirers," with branch headquarters

in his section and the firm's flag of appreciation has long been unfurled in

his section for the excellent proportion

of the favors extended in the shipping

N. C. Colerick of Cadde county,

Oklahoma, gave us a call for the "Initiatory Degree" the last week,

landing a bunch of porkers at \$6.45,

which was the top figure on the

Mr. Smidt is an Honorary

Henry Smidt 'of Uvalde county,

chant.

'figure."

mark.

fying in the "know-how" class.

tion would hurt market values.

tion of commission firms.

week, observed very favorable

paintings are very much admired.

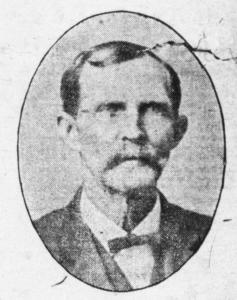
spired to sound the approval of Rossonhood. J. H. Stanford of Collin county, Texas, dropped down with us the last week, having charged himself with the care of a car of porkers. "J. H." is an "old-timer" in the live stock department of commerce and has long known

where to bill his consignments for the

ing initial relations they have been in-

best results, and his customary porker representation each week fails to put a substantial crease in his "roll. W. F. Gambill of Denton county, Texas, reported the last week in persons, bringing down a "tester." said: "I am well pleased with my hog and cattle sales," an expression which has been OKed recently by others from

his section of the country. L. L. Hill of Williamson county registered on the "C. B. & R. Campus" the last week two cars of steers and cows. Not finding time to pay us a visit he sent T. H. Hill, who observed the shipment was given careful consideration at every corner." "L. L." has long been a well-known actor on the "Fancy Cattle Feeding Stage" and has won many honors, payable in cash, for his maneuvers.



WILLIAM BROYLES. SHACKEL. FORD COUNTY, TEXAS.

The above "snapshot" is a speaking likeness of our warm friend and cus-tomer, W. M. Broyles of Shackelford county, a radiant star in our western firmament, whose acquaintance stretches from Western Texas to Lake Erie, anchored with us not long since incidentally to retouch himself on the "signs of the times," preparatory to depleting his ranch confines with his usual contribution to the supply. A life-long Campbell Brothers & Rosson man, his "shipping instructions" are friends, accompanied by experienced reasons.

Mr. Broyles stated stockmen along the "Tin Can" say grace over splendid range conditions and says fat bullocks will ride when the packers participate in more sugstantial values.



ED McCULLOUGH OF FALLS COUN-TY, TEXAS.

In presenting the above "C. B. & R. Shapshot" of Ed McCullough, a popular Central Texas client and "boomerang thrower" for the firm, his many friends will readily recognize one of the most progressive and energetic live storand provision merchants in Texas

Edward's skilled judgment may may not be traceable back to Paul of Tarsus, albeit and nevertheless he has treasured up many triumphal turns in his live stock conquests and always in-trenches himself behind the Campbell Brothers & Rosson "market fortifications," at whose headquarters he invites his friends to camp when at the yards, especially those desirous of charging their porkers and bovines to a "negotiating safeguard" or to and discuss conditions or otherwise.



BLACKLEGOIDS

THE SIMPLEST, SAFEST, SUREST AND QUICKEST WAY TO VACCINATE CATTLE AGAINST BLACKLEG. No dose to measure. No liquid to spill. No string to rot. Just a little pill to be placed under the skin by a single thrust of the instrum An Injector Free with a Purchase of 100 Vaccinations. For Sale by All Druggists. Literature Free-Write for it.

PARKE, DAVIS & COMPANY.

public life less expensive to them.

our institutions to the top.

New England.

The cause of wrong in the upper-

places in our government, whether lo-

cal or national, comes clear up from

the bottom, the graft beginning with

the garden seeds, and going up thorugh

But again and again it is said that

you cannot raise folks enough out in

Arizona to support a state government

and two United States senators. Why.

gentlemen of the committee, if I were

in Arizona I could take a street sprink-

ler and go out before breakfast and

make a bigger oasis than all the agri-

cultural lands in any of the states of

I have sometimes wondered how the people of this beautiful Capital City

would feel to see ten stalwart Texans

with sombreros on their heads, their

pants in their boots, and their guns in

their belts, marching on Washington

with the firm determination to blow out

I am glad most of the democrats have

taken my advice of two years ago and have come over and voted for most of

the republican measures. I am glad that they made the election of the Pres-

ident so unanimous in 1904, in accord-

I can remember when "Texas" was

synonymous with "hell," and now it is

about as populous, and two senators

are not enough properly to represent

it. A state with such diversified in-

trests should not be under one govern-

ment. In northern Texas they raise

mules, grain and free traders, and in

southern Texas they raise sugar, rice

How can a senator be expected to

maintain an administration family of

ten children and subscribe to every charity on \$5,000 a year? It is the cost

the keeps people out of the senate. No man from my state wants to go there.

I know how expensive it is to sit in the

other house, and I have declined to go.

I see my friend from Michigan, William

Alden Smith, looking at me and trying

to figure out what the expense will be;

but I'll give him details later.

ance with my request.

and protectionists.

SOME CHOICE BITS FROM J. ADAM BEDE'S SPEECH

Following are some of the clever bits | American people to assist in making that illuminated the recent humorous speech of J. Adam Bede, in the house of representatives, proposing a division of Texas into four states:

I have always voted for the appropriation for a fast mail train from New York to New Orleans, on the ground that it is a good thing for the southern people to read the northern papers at the earliest practical time.

have been pleased to find the allece of the delegation from Texas to wn Lone Star State holding itself Ith an unfaltering trust, even when the other brethren of the south had come over and supported the federal quarantine bill. They stood up in a solid phalanx of sixteen and voted for Texas rather than Uncle Sam. I rather like such sweet devotion, for their great state is big enough for an empire or a republic of its own. It reminded me of an incident which occurred in Duluth a few years ago when a pretty little Scandinavian girls who had recently come over from her native land and had learned somethig of our language, but who had not learned all of our ways, attended church. The minister, in keeping with his custom, stood at the door, and as the audience passed out, shook hands and said a kind word to each. He asked the girl her name and where she lived, and then, thinking only of his pastoral duty, added, "I will call on you in a few days," when she exclaimed, "Oh, I have got a feller al-

Oh, I hear it said that the senators are bad folks. I do not know whether it is against the rules of this house to speak well of the senate or not, but I am going to make that attempt.

I would rather leave my political rights in the keeping of a member of either house of congress hailing from the Rocky mourtains and representing nothing but the sunset than to one standing in the shadow of a trust company and representing the unearned in-

If we want to make a United States senator honest, if we want to make city officials honest, we must appeal to the

FOR MORE MONEY

Capt. Lytle Talks of Condi-

tions on the Ranges

Captain John T. Lytle, secretary of

the Cattle Raisers' Association of

Texas, who has been ill for a week or

"I was taken sick," said the cap-

tain, "on my trip below San Antonio and got home feeling pretty bad, and

had to go to bed Sunday after my re-

look into some matters with reference

to the association and found conditions

pretty good everywhere but out in the Uvalde, Dimmitt, Zavalla and Maverick

the big divide north of the foothills of

Uvalde county as far north as the head

waters of the Guadaloupe, it was very

dry and things were looking blue. In

fact some of the stockmen said that

it was about as dry as they had ever

"However, since my return I have received information that it has rained all over that section and good rains

at that. This will put things all right as it only needs good rain to put every

kind of forage plant and grass down

of cattle from there that was expected

to the territories, and the cattle will

do well as they are. There were very

few sales of young stock at Amarillo,

and one of the largest was only a con-

nmation of one that was begun at convention at Dallas. Most of the

aving good grass now and a prospect

for the year they feel so confident of

their ability to hold indefinitely that

the buyers will have to come to them

PHARMACISTS TO MEET

Indian Territory Association Conven-

tion, Sulphur, May 22

SULPHUR, I. T., April 24.-The In-

dian Territory Pharmaceutical associa-tion will cohvene in annual session

Ginnis, who is himself a member of the

association, will deliver the address of

if they want the stuff."

Special to The Telegram.

welcome.

men are out of debt, and don't to sell on the first offer, and

"There will hardly be the movement

there to growing in a big hurry.

went down into South Texas to

I was also told that up on

more is back in his office again.

HOLDING CATTLE

BISHOP SAYS SETTLE WEST

Advises Poor Not to Stop in **Eastern Cities**

TWO EACH MINUTE

Astonishing Number of Europeans Arrive in America Constantly Without Plans

NEW YORK, April 24 .. - At the annual concert lecture given by the Society of St. Vincent de Paul at Carnegie hall, Archbishop Farley introduced Archbishop Glennon of St.

The proceeds of the concert and lecture are to go towards the maintenance of the society's fresh air farm this summer at Spring Valley in the Rampo hills.

Archbishop Glennon's subject was "An Apology for Charlty." He praised charity as against philanthropy. He defined philanthropy as a worship cf humanity, charity as a worship of God; the former as working for the good of the nation in helping to make strong men and virtuous women, the latter as working for the individual in

pointing his way to heaven. "Philanthropy would take a man to the grave," he said, "and there leave. Charity goes with him not only to the grave, but to the resurrection and finally leads him to the side of his elder brother, Christ.

Philanthropy vs. Charity "We have so many men now, especially in America, who will devote their means to philanthropy and not to charity," continued Bishop Glennon.
"Millions for universities, for settlements, for hospitals, for institutions that look only after the physical are given each year. Is poverty eliminat-ed by these? Are the poor satisfied? They cried out, 'You have given us money. We want more. You sit in golden palaces and discuss our condition; we want your places, not your Touching on New York's ever present

difficult problem of its poor, Archbishop Glennon continued:

Two Every Moment "And you have to deal not only with

the thousands of poor that are always with you, but with the poor of other countries that are coming at the rate of two every minute. Over there in their little homes they have heard of the land of freedom and of gold. They come, and they find neither freedom nor gold. Down in the tenements into which their circumstances drive them, they lose their happiness and their "For the good of the nation, for the

happiness of those whom the name of America lures from their homes across the seas, I would have you tell those that come by the thousands:

"'You shall not settle in New York, nor in Chicago, nor in St. Louis. Go on your way far over the west. There are thousands of acres of land. There you have known. There you can know again the grass and the broad, bendness. There you can know happi-God."

MONEY FOR ALL

Relief Fund Not Confined to

Merchants' Association met last night

and discussed the best means of af-

fording aid to San Francisco suffer-

ers, especially the Chinese. Shai Kai

whatever aid the Chinese of New York

future funds was not decided, but it is likely that the committee will fol-

low the advice of the consul. The Chinese have made it plain that the

aid from them is not to be confined to

Dr. Eaves Has Narrow Escape

AUSTIN, Texas, April 24.-The state

health department has heard from Dr.

J. F. Eaves, quarantine inspector at Rockport, who had been sent to San Francisco on official business for the

department. Much apprehension had been felt for the welfare of Dr. Eaves,

who, is was thought, must have been

at San Francisco on the morning of

the earthquake, but it develops that

the doctor had left the ill-fated place on the night before the earthquake,

thus escaping injury. Had he re-mained over night there he would

Dr. Tabor, on his way back from Washington, stopped a short time at

Bryan and he met Dr. Eaves, who chanced to be there at the time, and he

told Dr. Tabor of his narrow escape.

May 1 and resume his duties there as

TWO ARE GULITY OF MURDER

Almon and Cressie Crowson Get Fif-

teen Years in Ponitentiary

mon and Cressie Crowson were as-

sessed fifteen years each in the peni-

tentiary in district court here for mur-

the second degree. Notice of

CROCKETT, Texas, April 24.-Al-

Dr. Eaves will go back to Rockport

probably have lost his life.

quarantine inspector.

appeal was given.

members of their own race.

Special to The Telegram.

CHINESE RAISE

By Associated Press.

Hsi at San Francisco:

in the future."

(Continued from pege 8.)

to suggest that that is the mission of the committee. We are open to conviction. If you have anything to say in opposition to this bill, will be glad

committed error, they are willing to admit their error. That is all, Mr. Chairman. (But the officers of the Humane So-

nesses. nouse committee on interstate and foreign commerce and the sub-committee appointed for that purpose, viz: On were given full opportunity to be heard. The evidence and proceedings

that report. Facts proven show that in interest

of humane treatment the time should be extended. The ultimate important facts, definitely and clearly established, from the undisputed evidence of every detail of the actualities in shipments, by witnesses of high standing and experience from a dozen states and terri-tories, may be summarized as follows: First-That the origin of the twentyeight hour law was previous to the date of long-distance shipping, as it now exists. Conditions of cars, brakes, couplings, roadbed and method of thirty-six hours on cars is less harmful than twenty hours in 1873.

Third-That experience has demonstrated that it is more injurious to live stock to unload them in obedience to the arbitrary demands of this law than it is to permit the shipper to exercise

Fourth-That the secretary of agriculture, by actual examination the facts, had decided such to be the

Fifth-That its enforcement would, and does, result in unloading in insufficient pens earlier than twenty-eight hours, to the injury of the live stock. when a few hours over twenty-eight will reach suitable pens or the market.

has received recognition as a financial center of Texas. The large increase of business of a public character in Abilene and the growth and favorable location of this city as a commercial, railway and banking center induced the secretary of the treasury to select the appointment was given to the Farmers and Merchants' bank, oldest bank in Abilene and Taylor county. Being the only one between Fort Worth and El Paso and one but two in West Texas, Abilene feels fonored.

RAILROADS BUILDING

SULPHUR, I. T., April 24 ..- The Sulphur, Coalgate & Western railroad grade is complete between Sulhpur and Davis. Switch connections are being effected with the Frisco at this point. The Santa Fe grade is being pushed as fast as men and mules can move dirt. After thirty days' work one-third of the grade has been finished between

MAKES REPORT ON **RANGE CONDITIONS**

Weekly Statement Given Out by Capt. Lytle

From the reports of fifteen inspectors

of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas received at the office of the association by Captain John T. Lytle, the secretary, covering most of the state and the Territory, with a part of Kansas, it is learned that everything is of the very finest, both as to range and cattle. There seems to be no exception, for the rains have fallen upon the just and unjust alike and both the dry and the wet sections have received their due portions. Thirteen hundred and seventy cars of cattle were shipped out, the most going to pasture in the Territories. This is not quite up to the shipments of the week before. The

Alice, Falfurrias, Ella and San Diego -Range good, weather cloudy Monday and Tuesday, with good rains Thursday, fair Friday, rains Saturday. Twen-ty-eight cars of stuff shipped out.—

reports cover the week ending Sunday,

James Gibson, Inspector.

Beeville, Reynolds, Wades, Mathias and Borclair—Rain Monday, good weather Tuesday, rain Wednesday; weather good balance of week, Fiftyseven cars shipped out.-John E. Rigby, Inspector. Cotulia, San Antonio, Encinal and Artesia—Weather fine. Seventy-nine cars shipped out .- T. H. Poole, In-

Brady, Coleman and Santa Anna—Range good; weather fine. Three hundred and two cars shipped out.—John R. Banister, Inspector.

Amarillo, Pampa, Higgins, Sanborn and Canadian—Rain Monday, nice day Tuesday, heavy rain Wednesday; nice balance of week. One hundred and sixty-nine cars shipped out.

Ardmore, Maysville Country and Purcell-Grass coming fine; cloudy, with showers throughout day Monday and Tuesday; heavy rain of ten hours duration Wednesday; clear and warm Friday and balance of the week. Cattle doing well. Four cars shipped out. G. H. White, Inspector. Chickasha and Walter—Fair Mon-

day; rain balance of week. Twenty-two cars shipped out.-J. M. Barkley. Pawhuska, Forker, Fairfax and

Ralston-Weather warm with some rain; grass growing fine. All stock doing well; heavy shipments of cattle from Texas unloaded here; all doing well. Warm and cloudy Wednesday; grass fine. Texas cattle unloaded here every few days; all doing well; warm and clear; grass growing fine; same condition Friday and Saturday; warm and clear Sunday. All stock doing fine. Seventeen cars shipped out.—F. M. Canton, Inspector.

Lawton and Chatnogo—Weather and

good Monday and Tuesday, Wednesday evening and Thursday, raining and cloudy; same Friday with good weather Saturday and Su Forty-four cars shipped out.-W. F. Smith, Inspector. Beaver County, Liberal and Seward

County-Weather good all week. Thirty-eight cars shipped out.—P. A. Craig, Inspector.

Pecos and Carlsbad-Range good, with cloudy weather; light rain Tuesday; good rain Wednesday; balance of warm and clear. One hundred and twenty-two cars of cattle shipped out.—W. D. Swank, Inspector. Carlsbad and Pecos—Range good;

warm and cloudy Monday and Wednesday, big rain from Amarillo to Davis mountains; cool and cloudy Thursday and Friday; Saturday warm and clear. Forty cars of cattle shipped out.—T. A. Gray, In-Roswell and Amarillo-Grass grow-

ing fast; raining all along the line .-E. Odum, Inspector.
Dalhart and Amarillo—Cold with

rain Monday, fine balance of week; good rain Sunday at Dalhart. Cattle doing well. Twenty cars shipped out.

—J. E. McCauless, Inspector. San Angelo-Rain Monday, cloudy

Tuesday and Wednesday, with a good rain; cloudy with mist and Thursday; clear balance of week. The country is in fine shape. Four hundred and forty-eight cars shipped out. -Lee Wilson, Inspector.

BANKERS, CHEERFUL,

Steffens and Lowden Attorneys Preparing for Appeal

ABILENE, Texas, April 24 .. - The Inited States court here has been adjourned, the American National bank cases having consumed the entire two weeks. The cases against W. J. Thoripson, connected with the bank as cashier, at the time of the failure, was continued until the next term. though it is not expected that it will ever be brought to trial.

As soon as the appeal is perfected in the cases of O. W. Steffens and J. G. Lowden they will be released on bond. Many friends visited the defendants yesterday and left them in a cheerful mood, confident of reversal by higher court and final acquittal. BENEFITS WELL ATTENDED

Given in New York By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, April 24 .- In spite of the storm, the benefit performances in aid of the San Francisco sufferers last night were well attended.

At the Lyceum "The Lion and the Mouse" was played to a full house, and \$2,000 will be added to the fund. At the Madison Square theater the first of four performances of Temple's Telegram" for the fund was given. Today an automobile with members of the company will visit Wall street and the downtown dis-

Arnold Daly in "Arms and the Man" will give two matinees and a night performance today, and the total receipts from these performances are to go to the fund. At Weber's Music Hall there will be a matinee performance of "Twiddle-Twaddle," and "The Man's Girl of the Golden West." There will be a matinee performance at Hurtig & Seamon's Har-

The billiard players will also do what they can to swell the fund tonight at Madison Square Garden. Willie Hoppe and Jacob Schaeffer will points at 18.1 balk line; Slosson and Sutton will play 100 points at 18.2 balk, line; Cure, Cutler and Mornngstar will play a 15-point, threecushion game, and others will give fancy exhibitions.

receipts of the night performance at Percy G. Williams' Orpheum theater

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY

The Leading Breeders of the Great Southwest

HEREFORDS

PLATTE VALLEY HEREFORDS We have 60 extra good pure-bred non-registered bulls for sale. Thirty-five 14 to 28 months old; 25 coming yearlings. All in good condition and good every way. Get our prices. KIRTLY BROS.

Breeder of Registered Hereford Cattle and Poland-China Swine.

John R. Lewis

Hereford cattle for sale. Choice young registered bulls and high grades of both sexes on hand at all times. Ranch south of quarantine line and stock can go safely to all points.

C.T. De Graflenried HEREFORD BREEDER,

BOTH SEXES FOR SALE CANYON, TEXAS

B. C. RHOME JR., Saginaw, Texas.

Breeder of Registered Hereford Cattle and Berkshire Hogs. Herd headed by the Beau Brummel bull, Beau Bonnie. Reg. No. 184688. Choice bulls for sale.

Hereford cattle. Nice lot of young

HEREFORD BULL AND HEIFER CALVES.

ELKINS & HENRY, Colorado and Snyder, Texas. A. B. JONES, Big Springs, Texas,

B. C. RHOME, Fort Worth, Texas .bulls and heifers for sale.

We will have this season about 300 fullblood Hereford Calves for sale. Apply early if you want fine calves, as we conract now to deliver Nov. 1.

breeder of high-class registered Herefords. Herd headed by the noted prize-winning bull, Fair Lad E., 167739. HEREFORDS

BELLEVUE STOCK FARM, Geo. B. Root, Proprietor. "The Texas Home Halts and Hamiltonians." Register Registered Hereford Cattle. Poland China Hogs. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens. A choice lot of young stock for sale at all times. 7 high class trotters and pacers. Colorado, Texas.

Breeder of pure-bred Hereford cattle. (Ranch in Coliad county, Texas). Both sexes for sale. Address Drawer 817, Beaumont, Texas

FOR SALE-High grade Hereford cattle, nine yearling bulls, 175 stock cattle. Clint Lyons & Son, Runge,

REGISTERED HEREFORD cattle, all classes, for sale; 200 to select from; car lots a specilary. Chadwick Bros., successor to J. L. Chadwick & Son, Cresson, Johnson County, Texas.

POLLED DURHAM POLLED ANGUS CATTLE

BULLS AND HEIFERS DICK SELLMAN.
Rochelle, McCulloch County, Texas.

IRON ORE HERD

Red Polled Cattle, Breeder, W. C. Aldredge, Route 4, Pittsburg, Tex. RED POLLED CATTLE-Berkshire

Hogs and Angora Goats. Breeder W. R. Clifton, Waco, Texas. EXCELSIOR HERD,

Red Polled cattle of both seves for sale. M. J. EWALT, Hale Center, Hale county, Texas. CAMP CLARK RED POLLED

Cattle. J. H. JENNINGS, Prop., Martindale, Texas. Wanted-A breed of hog with the

head on the right end. Don't feed the sow for a day after she fallows. But give her drink

ABERDEEN ANGUS

Aberdeen-Angus Stock Farm Breeder of registered and high-grade Aberdeen-Angus Cattle. Some of the leading families represented. Young stock of both sexes for sale at all times. E. W. Perminter, proprietor, Big Springs, Texas. Farm 16 miles south of Big Springs. Phone 273,

FOR SALE — Registered Aberdeen-Angus Cattle.

All immune. Some choice bulls. .. C. E. BROWN, WILLS POINT, TEX.

SHORTHORNS

WM. & W. W. HUDSON, Gainesville, Texas. Exclusive breeders of registered Shorthorn cattle.

V. O. HILDRETH Broeder of registered Shorthorn cat-tle. A number of good young bulls for sale. P. O., Aledo, Tex.

BROWNVIEW SHORTHORNS-Some pure Scotch cows and helfers for sale, bred to my great Scotch bull Diamond King No. 221076, junior champlon at Fort Worth Fat Stock Show. His calves show great scale, substance and quality, and his breeding is unsurpassed in Scotland, England or America. Jno. E. Brown, Granbury,

FOUR CARLOADS Shorthorn bulls, 120 head; 80 yearlings, 40 twos and threes; dehorned and well colored; full blooded but non-registered; will sell in car lots. Address W. P. Stewart, Jacksboro, Texas.

Trade Notes

Never let cows drink from a pond that has no outlet.

You cannot make good butter if the cows eat garlic. Never add anything to milk to pre-

vent it from souring. Never mix fresh milk with that which has been canned.

J. K. Rosson returned from a visit to the Houston section

W. A. Johnson, the big stockman of Scurry county, was on the market,

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR EXCHANGE—Several stocks of merchandise and city property to trade for western land. Oliver Land and Immigration Co., 908-10 Main St.,

FOR SALE Eleven section ranch, with cattle, near San Angelo, Texas. Plenty of grass, protection and water. Address BOEHRENS & LINDERMAN,

C bristoval, Texas. POULTRY

WHITE, Brown and Buff Leghorn eggs, 14 for \$1. Pekin duck eggs \$1 for 11. E. Edwards, R. F. D. No. 7,

Pittsburg, Texas. WHITE WYANDOTTES, high-grade stock and eggs for sale; eggs \$1.50 for 15. Shipped in patent cases.

F. Wells. Gatesville. Texas. A disconsolate night awaits him who MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE-20 coming 2-year-old bulls, 80 yearling heifers and bulls. H. C. TAYLOR & SON, Roanoke, Mo.

horses, 3 thoroughbred Clyde, 4 thoroughbred running horse stallions and fine jacks. Address Capitol Freehold Land and Investment Co., Channing, Texas.

DURHAM PARK STOCK FARM-Shorthorns, English Berkshires, Angors Goats, White Wyandottes, high-class, pure-bred stock in each department.

WANTED-Cattle to pasture: fine range; fresh running creek; in Gray and Donley counties, Texas. Address, Box 135, Clarendon, Texas.

FOR SALE-400 to 500 choice Delaine

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE-Two well-bred, registered Hereford bulls; 16 months old. Price \$175 for the two. S. R. Jeffery, True,

FOR SALE-1400 head of good stock

cattle. Have 23,000 acres leased land on C., R. I. & P. Ry. Will turn over lease upon delivery of cattle. Address either Hale I. Lutz, Willard, N. M., or Ernest Brandhorst, Santa Rosa,

A. C. Mayers shipped in from Beeville a car of fat porkers.

Paul Steiren left on a southbound rain for San Antonio and the flower

Captain John T. Lytle is reported to

E. P. Thompson with car of hogs arrived over the Rock Island from

DON'T BUY GASOLINE ENGINES "THE MASTER WORKMAN." a two-cylinder gasoline engine superior

all one-cylinder engines; revolutionizing gas power. Costs Less to Buy and Less to Run. Quickly, easily started. No vibration. Can be mounted on any wagon at small cost—portable, stationary or traction. Mention this paper, SEND FOR CATALOGUE. THE TEMPLE PUMP CO., Mirs., Mengher & 15th Sta., Uhleago. This is OUR FITY-SECOND YEAR THE RIGHT STRAW LID LAKENAN & BARNES

Suffers Slight Stroke

savs: Former President Castro has had a slight stroke of paralysis, but is now

recovered. President Gomez says there will be

It is reported that the French punishment will take this form:

M. Taigny, escorted by a fleet, will be received as representative of France with full honors. M. Taigny will then be withdrawn and relations

re-established. It is believed that President Castro, in order to avoid meeting M. Taigny, made General Gomez acting president. It is doubted that this will satisfy the

INDIAN TERRITORY

DAVIS, I. T., April 24.-All doubt as to whether or not the Arbuckle mountains have been thrown up from great depths by volcanie action have been set at rest by scientific investigation within the past few days, and since Vesuvius and other old craters have been belching both fire and lava, Burning mountain, eight miles from Turner Falls, has been acting queerly, to say the least. Recent investigations by Professor Nattoon proves conclusively that the Arbuckle range is affected and this wonderland of the southwest is attracting more than passing notice,

The most clear profit in handling

brim is flexible and is shaped to turn



Clothing Takes Fire From Burning Stalks

By Associated Press. MUSKOGEE, I. T., April 24.—Miss Lola Smith, who lived three miles northwest of Tahlequah, was burned to death while working in the field. She had gone to carry some water to her stepfather, who was burning cotton stalks. The wind whipped the flames around, her clothing caught fire, and before they could be smothered the girl was so badly burned that

A sheep that starts to go down, goes With sheep, punctuality in feeding should be strictly observed.

Scott's Santal-Pepsin Capsules A POSITIVE CURE

Chamberlain's

Cough Remedy

The Children's Favorite Coughs, Colds, Croup and

Whooping Cough. This remedy is famous for its curse over a large part of the civilized world. It can always be depended upon. It contains no opium or other harmful drug and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult Price 25 cts; Large Size, 50 cts.

WHY THE 28-HOUR LAW SHOULD BE AMENDED

to hear you." Humane Society, however, throughout the country have been opposed to the extension of the twenty-eight hour

iety could not be convinced against their will.) Thereupon the committee proceeded

the clerk of the house committee. Ref-

Second—That there is a universal demand for the extension of the time by the live stock shippers affected by the law, because of the injuries caused

(All agree on that.)

The chairman then said: "Allow me

law. If in that attitude they have

with the hearing of testimony of wit-Three hearings were had before the Jan. 23, Jan. 30 and Eeb. 20. All parties weer printed and cover about two hun-

dred pages. Copies can be had from erences herein are made to pages of

his judgment.

ABILENE, Texas, April 24 .. - Abilene it as a United States depository and

Thereupon Mr. Smith said: "The

handling trains have improved, so that

IS U. S. DEPOSITORY

Members of Own Race NEW YORK, April 24.-The Chinese

Fu, the Chinese consul, was present and read this telegram, received on SHOW CONFIDENCE Sunday night from Consul Chung Pao "Chinatown is entirely destroyed and our people are in great distress. Send whatever money you can collect from our people to Cin Fook & Co.,

378 Ninth street, Oakland. "CHUNG PAO HSI." In addition to \$2,700 handed over to the mayor's relief fund yesterday, the Chinese expect to raise at least \$3,000. "It was grand of President Roosevelt to take upon himself to see that every one shared alike in the relief," said Consul Shai. "It is only another proof that he is the friend of all manwith our contributions than he with his wise counsels. I believe that

can give should be divided up among all sufferers. It was wise to turn the contributions already raised over to Mayor McClellan, and the committee cannot do better with what they get The question of the disposition of

Many Theatrical Performances Were

tricts to sell tickets.

lem Music Hall.

FOR SALE-About 700 head good stock

DAVID HARRELL, Liberty Hill, Texas

battle.

be better and will soon resume his wethers; too young and too good

for butcher sheep this year.. Address W. C. Gay, Coleman, Texas. wastes the day. Duncan, I. T.

SENOR CASTRO

Former President of Venezuela

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, April 24.- A cable dispatch to the Herald from Cuercoa

no change in the policy or conduct of the government.

French government **VOLCANOIN THE**

Burning Mountain Is Emitting Gas and Smoke

Straw hats for men have a new HAS PARALYSIS twist to them this season. The stiff, narrow brim to the flat-crowned hat has given away to an innovation which is shaped very much like the flat felt worn last year. Its curving



Rainbow ribbons will be the right thing for these hats, if a fellow must be gay. But there is nothing the matter with a plain black or

Panama straw, hats do not differ

band.

much from those worn last year. They are not extreme in their brims and prices, for the good, genuine article are unchanged. Nothing less than \$18 will buy a good one, and they run to H. L. Shifflett, an extensive hog raiser from Krum, was about the yards with a load of choice stuff.

The hog tight fence helps keep the mortgage off.
Sheep, compelled to eat snow for

Keep the pens clean and dry-even

if you have to floor them with cinders

LAND AGENTS AMARILLO HOTEL ANNEX, AMA-RILLO, TEXAS; ALSO MEXICO, MISSOURI. Some special bargains in farms, large

tracts and ranches in the Panhandle

RAT ATTACKS INFANT Baby's Eye Torn Out and Face Badly Lacerated at Roswell, N. M. ROSWELL, N. M., April 24 ..- The experience the 2-year-old girl of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Casey had at the home of its grandmother, Mrs. Chas. Tucker. with a white rodent that was a pet will likely break up the craze here for pets of the rodent nature. The baby had been placed on the bed when its screams brought in the mother and grandmother. The rat had succeeded n about gnawing out one eye and had lacerated the face before they could release its hold. It seized the baby's tongue that was protruding and it was plerced through. The infant's facturned black, but physicians say there is no danger of death, barring blood

GIRL BURNED TO DEATH

she lived but a few hours.

MARK N. FRENCH, F. L. MILLER, PERCY WEBB, Hog and Sheep Salesman. Cattle Salesman

HENRY HOWELL, J. W. CONWAY,

Yardman.

We invite the attention of every shipper to our sales. We want your business, based strictly on merit in every department.

The volume of business we have handled since our opening has been very satisfactory, and we return our sincere thinks to all who have contributed to our success. It is our aim to live up to the commendation of our friends.

Represented at St. Louis and Kansas City by first-class firms. Market reports furnished free. Correspondence solicited.

French-Webb Livestock Commission Co. FORT WORTH, TEXAS

WHY THE 28-HOUR LAW SHOULD BE AMENDED

The law as it exists requires that | fair?" (Page 7.) live stock be unloaded every 28 hours, except in case of accident, unless they are shipped in cars which afford the opportunity of rest, food and water. was passed in 1873. (U. S. Revised Stat. 4386-7-8-9.)

The injustice of the law and the fact that its enforcement oftentimes compels an injury to the live stock, is not only inhuma but entail to the shipper, and has induced all of the live stock associations throughout the west, where the long-distance shipments are the rule, and those who ship for long distance to markets and to the seaboards, to urge the extenbetween the principal shipping and unloading points, points of reshipment and the markets may be covered without unnecessary and harmful unload-

The live stock shippers from the western and central western states have caused to be prepared and submitted to the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce morials signed by the principal live stock shippers in twenty-two western states and territories, and have presented various resolutions of the live stock associations and associations of live stock commission men and state sanitary boards, setting forth the reasons for such amendment. The great expense incident to attending hearings at Washington, makes it impossible for stockmen to attend other hearings, and they ask the senate to

consider this evidence. The live stock sanitary boards of all states at their annual meeting at St. Paul, in 1904, passed a resolution recommending extension of the time.

The secretary of agriculture, through the bureau of animal industry, and the various inspectors of the government, in their efforts to enforce this law during the years 1904 and 1905, were convinced that its enforcement produced more injury to the live stock than its non-enforcement, and because of this demonstrated fact the secretary of agriculture has recommended the extension of the time limit

The packing houses and exporters of live stock have discovered by actual experience that the frequent unloading on long distance shipments occasioned the enforcement of this law during the period of its rigorous enforcement occasioned serious injury to the qual-Ity of the meat, by bruises from unloading and reloading, and on that account they have asked for the extension of the time limit, the object being to prevent physical injury, pain and suffering, caused by this arbitrary and the loss resulting.

Shippers and officials of the government, who know what happens under the enforcement of this law, are the best judges of what should be done and the most competent to give evidence about it. It is their evidence to which we refer.

Whatever virtue there is in present law is not due to the fact of revious experience in the long distance hauls calling for such cause of the well known fact that in 1876 such transportation of live stock the exception and not the rule. for the western lines and railroads, which are the large live stock carry ing lines today, were not then built.

It has been said, and undoubtedly that is true, that this law was passed not by humane societies, but under the influence and at the instance of the patentees of the private feed and water cars, the law not applying to therein, if there can be room for rest, but as that is impracticable on range cattle, and as watering in cars is not beneficial, the law did not effect the monopoly which the car lines hoped for.

Question Was Fairly Tried Before the

House Committee Upon the Facts At the beginning of the hearings ore the house committee, Jan. 1906, the advocates of extension, in the presence of officers of the humane ocieties, made this proposition:
"All we want to do is to have this

committee ascertain the facts. If, in judgment, after ascertaining the acts, you are of the opinion that it produces a cre cruelty to animals to continued the creating and delivered this line to 26 hours than it does to ken it where it is, do not read the continued on Page Seven.)

(pages 4-17) of what it was proposed the shippers would probe as actual happenings in the shipment of live stock in support of the extension. The representatives of the humane societies were fully informed as to that. Before hearing the witnesses will first hear some gentlemen

senting the opposition to the bill general statement." Thereupon Mr. James LEdgar Smith, attorney, of Washington City, representing the Humane Society of Washington, D. C., was called upon and he stated, among other things (page 17):

"We come here in the attitude of a learner. We want the interests of the cattle preserved as far as possible. We have been in conference with some of the cattlemen from Idaho-I think it is Mr. Gooding and Mr. Philbrick and Mr. Johnson-and we are open to conviction if the present law can be modified."

Sixth-That it resulted frequently in unloading fifty to one hundred miles out from market, and often resulting in a delay of a day in reaching the mar-ket, to the injury of the live stock and consequent loss to the shipper. (All agree on that.)

Seventh-That live stock were arbitrarily unloaded by this twenty-eight requirement in storms, rain snow, sleet, at all hours of the night, to their injury, and that sheep cann be unloaded or loaded at night. (All

agree on that.) Eighth-That the unloading under favorable circumstances for food and water every twenty-eight hours is rarely beneficial when the market can be reached in thirty-six hours or more.

Ninth-That the best and most humane treatment which live stock can receive is obtained from allowing the shipper to exercise his judgment from the circumstances as they present themselves, unloading earlier than twenty-eight hours or giving longer, as may seem best. (Every experienced

witness so testified.) Tenth-That the railroads did not make slower time when the law was not enforced, but that the service was better then than when the law was enforced, and cattle arrived better. Eleventh-That range cattle do not obtain rest by unloading, and little

benefit from food and water by un-(Not disputed.) Twelfth-That the principal injuries in the shipment of live stock to marare occasioned in the process of loading, unloading and reloading, the bruises on hips and sides, or being crippled from crowding each other passing out and in at car doors and

is not disputed.) Thirteenth-That lambs or calves do not drink or eat, and hogs are fed in cars, hence should not be subject to a law at all. That its enforcement as to them is wholly injurious. (This is undisputed.)

Particularly of cattle. (This

Fourteenth-That the principal points of unloading for market purposes, or at the best equipped stock yards and the markets, as well as the distance between the principal markets and the points of shipment and reship ment, is from five to six hundred miles, which cannot be made in twenty-eight hours at the average speed of twenty miles per hour between division points, deducting about two and a half hours required at the loading .points and two and a half hours at the markets, to get in and unload the trains, and thirty to forty-five minutes at division points for change of engines and crew. It requires, under most favorable circumstances and good weather conditions, more than thirty hours for the run of 500 miles, and generally from thirty to thirty-six hours from time loading is begun until unloading is completed. It is not questioned that live stock should not be required to be unloaded between these markets and the principal unloading and feeding points that distance apart,

shipper in charge sees it is best to do so. (This cannot be questioned.) Fifteenth-That the situation at the stock yards at the markets requires for switching and terminal service unloading or reloading and delivery out to main lines two hours and a hal

for stock trains, and a minimum of thirty minutes at each division point to inspect cars, oil train and change engine and crews, and frequently set in or set out cars, there being four or five divisions for five or six hundred

miles. (This is not disputed.)
Sixteenth—No one claims that an average speed of over twenty miles an hour can be expected, particularly on single-track roads, between division points. In many localities that speed cannot be accomplished without so reduring the size of trains as to make it

Seventeenth-That range cattle gore and injure each other when confined in pens, but do not in cars. (This is not disputed.)

Eighteenth-That they voluntarily go without water two days in many cases. This is not disputed.)

Nineteenth—They do not generally suffer for food or drink in thirty-six nours in transit. (No one of experience disputes it.) Twentieth-That the nervous tension keeps up from the time they are first

ut in the pens till killed, and when

killed without being forty-eight hours

ithout food are found to have in their stomachs undigested food.

Twenty-First—That the condition of the meat of the cattle shipped long distances is far better with the least possible unloading, and that when the twenty-eight hour law was enforced, causing frequent unloading, it was demonstrated that the meat was injured on that account, and that cattle ming in to market from long distances, where the law had not been ob-

served, were in much better condition than where it was enforced.

Issued by authority of the executive Live Stock Association.

PERMANENT SCHOOL **FUND GROWS LARGE**

Counties Rapidly Redeeming Bonds From State

AUSTIN, Texas, April 23.-There is at present in the state treasury over \$700,000 to the credit of the permanent. school fund and that amount is growing daily by counties redeeeming their bonds which are held by that fund. It may be said that the state is practically out of the market as far as buying county and city bonds at present as the rate of interest is too high, and, besides, to these bonds, when issued, premium is attached which places them out of the reach of the state board of education.

Under the law the state board of education, which controls the permanent school fund, has an option on all bonds issued by counties and cities in the state, but then the market price of the bonds have to be taken into consider-The county that issues the bonds places a market value on the bonds, that is the amount that it can get for them by selling to bond dealers, and this value is invariably too high for the state, consequently the state waives its option and the bonds are sold to individuals of dealers in bonds

Another reason which is causing the great accumulation of the permanent school fund, is that there are not as many new school houses being built in the state this year as last and fewer bonds comparatively are being issued. During the past several weeks the attorney general's department has apite a number of different inds of county bonds, some bridge, some court house, etc., and none of these bonds have been bought by the state board of education for the beneflt of the permanent school fund.

There has also been an unusually large number of counties this year that have redeemed their bonds, many of them before they were due, and ever paying the interest in advance so that they could redeem them. This has also contributed to swell the amount of the permanent school found. If the fund continues to increase at the same rate that it has in the past several months, it will not be long before it will have reached a million dollars.

5 YEARS EACH FOR BANKERS

ABILENE, Texas, April 21 .- The jury in the American National bank case here returned a verdict of guilty for Steffens in six counts and Lowden in sixteen counts this afternoon at 5:50 o'clock, after five hours' delib-

eration. The charge of Judge Edward R. Meek was given at 11 o'clock this morning, one hour and a half being required to read the document, which covered all laws bearing on the case. It was listened to with much atten-

A motion for a new trial was overruled and the defendants were sentenced to five years each in the United States priso nat Atlanta, Ga., ninety days being given in which to perfect ar appear to the United States circuit court of appeals, and the court gave directions to hold both defendants at Abilene pending the same.

WARRANTS MANY ...

Confederates Being Paid Pension Money at Austin AUSTIN, Texas, April 23.—The records of the treasury department were broken this week so far as the number of warrants presented and paid at the office of the department concerned. These warrants, numbering over 25,000, represent a period of days. This is the largest number of warrants which has been cashed in this department in the history of

the state. This exceedingly large number warrants is the result of several dif-ferent causes. This number represents about 6,500 Confederate pension warrants, also the warrants of the members of the legislature for mileage and per diem during the special session, and all the warrants which had been registered during the time that the state was working under a deficit in the general revenue and which were

subsequently paid.

The task of entering this vast number of warrants upon the books of the treasury has been a great one, and has kept a clerk busy for several weeks, having just finished the work.

J. L. DEAL ACQUITTED

Farmer Charged With Murder at Hillsboro Freed by Jury
HILLSBORO, Texas, April 1:.-The case of the state against J. L. Deal, charged with murder, the charge grow-inf out of the death of Charles Hudnall, near Abott, in June, 1904, from a knife wound, was given to the jury yesterday, and this afternoon a ver-dict of acquittal was returned.

Deal and Hudnall were prominent farmers, living in the same communi-A difficulty arose over the charge made by Hudnall that Deal had b terfered to prevent Hudnall getting rent contract for another year.

COWMEN DISCUSS RANGE MATTERS

The cattlemen on their way to the cattle convention at Amarillo called in bunches at the Live Stock Exchange to meet others of their friends and have them as companions during the journey. Among the number were Ben VanTuyl of Mitchell county, Eugene Clark of Garza county, Captain Fuller of Scurry county and Colonel W. D. Wortham of Clay. "I am on my way to Amarillo," said Ben VanTuyl, "and am the only representative of my county that I have met as yet, but Clark of Garza and Fuller of Scurry are going along also. I am, of course, going to meet the boys, but am also bent on selling some three thousand steers that I have on my ranch. It is a good place and time to find a buyer, now that things are out of the winter, and if I can get my price, \$15 for 1s, \$20 for 2s and \$26 for 3s, I will let them go. Of course, no cowman out our way has to sell just now when grass is getting fine and there is a good season in the ground, but there is a time when the price and a buyer meet and then it is time to let go. Grass is splendid out our way and cattle could not be doing better than they are now. This rejoices the stockman's heart, and now that he can sell his land to the farmers for a price that was never dreamed of his heart ought to sing peans of praise. "Yes, there is no diminution in the

rush for homes out in our section, and it does not look as if there would be soon, for now that the true value of the Colorado section has been discovered by the man with the plow, the demand is enormous. It is hardly possible to get a team of any kind from the livery stables at any hour of the day, as they are all engaged from an early hour by the real estate men in hauling people around looking at choice lots of our earth. It seems to me that at this time there is not a poor piece of land in the whole county; at least that is what you would be bound to believe if you once listened to the siren songs of our agents. Mitchell county has always been looked upon as the abiding place of the cattleman, and this was the truth. Whatever may have been the methods adopted in the past to make the industry profitable, there is no manner of doubt but that the plan proposed at present of turning things into stock farming will beat the old plan as easily as four aces would beat a full-hand in the Take a section, 640 acres of land, give it to an up-to-date hard-working farmer, and he will make enough on half of it in feed to keep twice as many cattle as it would in grass, using the whole section at that. The cattle that will be raised on this land and fed will be, of course, of much superior grade and will bring better prices in market. This is not my idea alone, but almost all of our first-class stockmen believe the same. How about that,

"You are right," said Mr. Sansom, "and anyone who will watch this mar-ket and see the number of little one and two-car men come in will bound to believe in the truth of what you say

A World of Evolution

"This is a wold of evolution," said Mr. VanTuyl, 'and one need only go out to the Colorado river, near my place, and look at the old trails of the Buffalo to become a convert to that theory. In the rock on the banks of the river in the soft sandstone rock can still be found the plain footsteps of the buffalo, sunk six inches in rock, where countless thousands these animals passed back and forth, wearing the rock each year deeper and The evolution of that section deeper. from the great herds of buffalo to the thousands of long-horn Texas cattle, then to the better breeds that took their places, and now the farmer comes

and changes every theory and practice of the past and develops a new practice that used to be at actual crosspurposes with every idea of the cow-man. This is evolution with a vengeance, but as it happens to be in line with the progress of the age it is accepted and everyone makes ready to adopt it.

Orient Progressing "The Orient railroad is progressing finely and now has some seventy-odd of road built and running as far as Mundy, in Knox county, or near there. South they have been delayed by a cut through the hills twelve miles south of Sweetwater. The rock in this cut is of a very hard kind limestone. As soon as they get through this im-pediment the road will be built in a hurry, as there are no other bad places on to San Angelo. Colonel Dick Worsham of Henrietta

Clay county, entered into the spirit of the talk going on between the other stockmen who were collected in the Exchange, and being an old and veteran member of the cowman's guild, had something to say himself about old times as compared with the present, but he was especially pleased when the subject of the buffalo came to the fore. "Have seen miles of buffalo," said he, "and this is no exag-geration. At one time when my trains of mule teams were passing from one part of the country, away north of here, it took us fourteen days to pass through the herds of buffalo. There were tens of thousands of them in countless herds, and they were a sight to behold. We had to stop our trains often to let them pass by, and they did not seem to be at all alarmed at us. Talk of evolution, why just think of the countless numbers of these animals that roamed the plains from Canada down to the coast of Texas, and then to think how quickly, almost in the twinkling of an eye, they disappeared and were known no more, their places being filled by the Texas long-horn, and the long-horn by the short-horn and other fine breeds of cattle. What will supersede the latter, I don't know, but something will if this evolution keeps on, and as it is the way of nature it will surely come.

A BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY

S. D. Myres, the well known and reliable saddle maker and dealer Sweetwater, Texas, had on display at The Elmhirst Hotel at Amarillo during the Panhandle Stockmen's convention, a handsome collection of fine saddles, and the splendid array at once attracted the attention of the cattlemen.
In this connection it is not irrele-

vant to say that eleven years ago Mr. Myres established a saddlery at Sweetwater, doing his own work. Today he employs a large number of mechanics and is enjoying a fine and rapidly growing business.

Mr. Myres, who has had twenty years' experience in saddle making, has spent all his life among, those who spend most of their working hours in the saddle, and by close association and intimate acquaintance with them, has learned all the fine points about It is no wonder then that today he is manufacturing one of the finest lines of saddles in the world.

At his manufactory are made forty styles of saddles, ranging in price from \$10 to \$500. He gives in quality style and finish what others give in discount. His policy has always been to use only the best leather and he employs only the most skillful saddle makers, and today has a line of customers that any competitor might well

Mr. Myres believes in selling con tinuously good, serviceable, durable saddles to a well pleased line of customers at a small profit, rather than to sell at bigger prices and not enjoy the steady patronage of customers, once they have tested the merits of Myres' saddles.

C. W. Martin, secretary of the Texas Hereford Breeders' Association, was a visitor at the Live Stock Exchange.

THE AMERICAN TROTTER

In the beginning allow me to state I'm offering these facts for consideration, and one reason is I feel I understand, from practical experience and observation, as I've seen and studied the characteristics of most all classes of horses, and believing few have had more practical experience with the types of today and using them and seeing them used for different kinds of work and in different ways, viz: To the plow, to the wagon, to the carriage and on the speedway or under the saddle, etc., under numerous conditions and circumstanemes. I have seen, studied and used the so-called Spanish, the mustang or mixed breeds; the draft horse of different strains of blood; the short bred runner, the thoroughbred, the gaited saddler and the American trotters and pacers. You will hear many other names applied to horses and I have seen most of them, considered them, too. But the best known and most distinguished types in the United States are those above mentioned. Understand I am not writing to run down any breed of horses except the scrub, but to compare the best types of the American trotter, against any other breed of horses in the world, even for a general utility and all-purpose horse, besides being the best and fastest harness horse or driver on the earth. Let us consider here what the American trotter is:, But first, the horse we call a high-bred or well-bred, Is it a horse whose ancestors lived 100 or 1,000 years ago? Not so far, we suppose, most all horses could claim that, but it is the horse whose ancestors could do some special work better than another, and these horses have been carefully bred and crossed with others for generation after generation, that were also best suited for that purpose, and then improved along that line. Thus you hear horses spoken

of as being well bred horses. Considering, first, the English thoroughbred, and understanding that the term thoroughbred is the name of a distinct type of horse, but this horse sometimes being termed the "long heat horse," or the "four-mile horse," etc., we find that he has been carefully bred and kept for generation after generation on account of his wonderful endurance and running speed. No other horse kown to the world was or is his equal in that line. Had any other horse been able to compete with the thoroughbred in the two points mentioned above, their places would have been filled with the superior breed, but in the endurance and running speed all other horses have been found wanting for that purpose. Therefore these two points in this class have been paramount, and everything else has been sacrificed for these qualities, and good they are as far as

Let us consider next the "American trotter." whose highest development has been carried on in the United States We find him to be a descendant of the "thoroughbred." By this he has and is entitled to great powers of

they go.

endurance, and by continued effort a more valuable and practical gait has been developed, which is the trot. For this reason and a necessarily different use of his legs and body, he most naturally becomes a very fast walker, and this is easily trained into saddle gaits. The walk and the trot are practical gaits, used and needed every day by all who use horses. Again, in regard to the endurance of our best famlilles of trotters. Go to the records and see what wonderful feats and tests these horses have stood. Mile heats and further yet with repeat after repeat have they gone to their post. These tests speak for themselves. Nothing but the very best can stand such work or such heating work. Thus we can understand that with the same care or equal showing, why the trotter or thoroughbred heat up less than draft horses or other breeds. They have not that superfluous amount of flesh or beefiness, but are sinewy muscled horses and different in conformation. You may not be able to see by looking at two horses why one horse has so much more enduraance than another, any more than you can tell or understand why it is the long-eared fox or wolf hound can run two or three common dogs to death, but nevertheless it is a fact. It is in their nature and makeup. The tests answer all questions. With these things in view, there are also few horses that have the style and fine action of the trotter. Other things I would like to mention in praise of the trotter, would time and space permit. But will make a few brief comparisons, and first and last remembering this class of horses as the best and fastest driver or harness horse known. We will compare the best types of the American trotter with all other breeds as the most practical horse for the majority of people, and for the farmers as well as others to raise . Remembering the most valuable and practical horse in this day and time is the horse best

suited to the carriage, wagon or plow, and that can also be ridden. In comparing the trotter with the thoroughbred, as a class, the trotter is not so excitable or "rattle-headed." He has more style than the runner, and our best types of trotters have more bone and are larger, as a rule, but still the important part of the superiority lies in the gaits, the trot and the walk. The above is also true in comparing the quarter or short bred running horse. But these short horses or common chunks, heat up worse and have not the powers of endurance as

have the trotter and thoroughbred. The American pacers have been bred much along the same lines as the trotters, and some of them are wonderful horses for speed and endurance. But as a rule the pacing galt is not desirable, except for racing purposes or extreme speed. Many pacers can hardly walk at all, their first step being a pace. This of course is undesirable, especially if you have any pulling to do, or when roads are rough,



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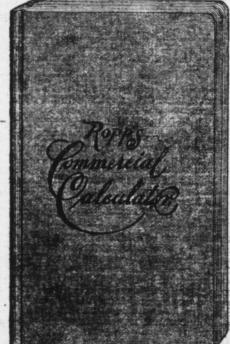


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GRAIN BUYER—The top price for No. 2 Corn to-day is 38c. Your load weighs 3180 lbs. net. Take a seat while I am figuring it up. FARMER—(Calculator in hand), O, I've got it already: I had on 56 bu. and 44 lbs., and it comes to \$21.58. (See pages 16 and 27.) In like manner, the correct answer to nearly

every conceivable problem is instantly found.



STOCK SHIPPER—The net weight of your lot of Hogs is 4425 lbs. and at \$3.75 per cwt., amount to \$155.94. Here is your check.

FARMER—There is an error somewhere. I see by Ropp's Calculator (page 6) that the amount should be \$1.65.94. Here is a \$10 bill with your check. Pardon



MERCHANT—At what figure must we mark these Goods, in order to sell them at a discount of 10% from the marking price, and still make 20% Profit on cost.

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FARMER—I wish to borrow \$500 for 90 days. I'll pay the \$9.04 Interest next Saturday, as 1 must have even \$500 to-day.

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