

Breeders Who Seek Your Trade

HEREFORDS.

HEREFORD HOME HERD, Channing, Hartley county, Texas. Wm. Powell, proprietor. Herd established in 1905. My herd consists of 40 head of the best strains, individuals from all the best known families in the world. I have on hand and for sale at all times cattle of both sexes. Pasture close to town. Have some 100 bulls for sale and 100 head of choice yearling heifers, all Texas raised. Bulls by various sires, a specialty.

JOHN R. LEWIS, Sweetwater, Texas. Hereford cattle, sweetwater. Choice young registered bulls and high grade cows of both sexes on hand at all times. Ranch pure of quarantine line and stock can go safely to any part of the state.

LEE BROS., PROPRIETORS, San Angelo, Tex. Breeders of registered and high grade Herefords. Both sexes for sale.

TO EXCHANGE— A fine registered four-year-old Hereford bull, will weigh over 2000 pounds; don't want to run any longer. Will exchange for registered Hereford or Shorthorn Durham. J. W. STOVALL, Hico, Tex.

W. J. STATION, BEEVILLE, TEXAS. I have for sale at all times registered pure bred and high grade Herefords, Durhams, Devons and Red Polls of both sexes. All raised in Texas. Quotations in call or write for prices.

SUNNY SIDE HEREFORDS. Lord Wilton, Grove 3rd, Garfield and Anxity strains. Both sexes for sale. M. E. HARDAKER, manager, Henrietta, Texas.

FOR SALE— Car load of high grade Hereford and Durham bulls, coming two-year-olds. A few registered Hereford bulls, yearlings. Write for prices. M. W. HOVENKAMP, Keller, Tex.

HEREFORD PARK STOCK FARM. Pure bred Hereford cattle, largest herd south of quarantine line. None but high class bulls in service. Lord Wilton, Grove 3rd, Garfield and Anxity strains. Sale stock, both sexes, kept on Saginaw ranch, near Fort Worth. Come and see, or write your wanted card. R. H. HARRIS, Fort Worth, Tex. Phone 339.

J. L. CHADWICK, CRESSON, TEXAS. Near Fort Worth, breeder of registered and very high grade Hereford cattle. Bulls for sale.

U. S. WEDDINGTON, Childress, Tex. Breeder of pure bred registered Hereford cattle. A choice lot of young bulls and heifers for sale at reasonable prices. Breeding consistently profitable. Also raised. Only first class bulls, both as to breeding and individuality kept in service. Inspection invited.

V. WEISS, Breeder of pure bred Hereford cattle. (Ranch in Goliad county, Texas.) Both sexes for sale. Address: Drawer 311, Beaumont, Texas.

REGISTERED HEREFORD BULLS. One, two and three-year-olds, immune, natives, good. GEO. W. P. COATES, Abilene, Tex.

SHORTHORNS.

V. O. HILDTRETH, Breeder of Shorthorn cattle. A number of registered bulls and cows for sale, all reds, large and fine. Texas raised. Cattle and residence at Iowa Station, on T. & P. railroad. Postoffice—Aledo, Texas.

JULE GUNTER, Gainesville, Texas. I have 300 strictly pure bred registered bulls for sale. Write me your wants.

LOUIS B. BROWN, Smithfield, Tex. Breeder of registered Shorthorn cattle. Young stock for sale.

J. P. DAGGETT, Pres. and Gen'l. Mgr. STERLING P. CLARK, Vice-President. J. P. BUTZ and E. M. DAGGETT, Salesmen.

North Texas Live Stock Commission Company,

FOR THE SALE OF
CATTLE, SHEEP AND HOGS.
Write, wire or phone us. We are at your service.
CONSIGN YOUR STOCK TO US—
PHONE 64.
FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS, FORT WORTH, TEXAS

Dallas Commercial College

THE ACKNOWLEDGED LEADER in practical results. Largest percentage of successful students of any business college in the United States. Write at once for indisputable proof of these claims. Also see our new catalogue.
G. A. HARMON, President, 438-40 Commerce St., Dallas, Texas.

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The foremost school. Shoulder high above others. The largest, best equipped and most progressive. Wide-awake faculty of expert and experienced teachers and high standing and pre-eminence over other colleges is recognized by its large attendance and the great demand for its graduates. For catalogue and full particulars, write to
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Edward T. Tully, proprietor
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A thorough, practical training school, complete and up-to-date in every department. Day and night school the entire year. Day pupils attend night school without extra cost. Tuition \$1.50 per month. Board \$10.00 to \$15.00 per month. No vacation. Pupils may enter at any time. Every pupil is placed on his merits and may advance as rapidly as his ability will permit. Thorough training in shortest time consistent with efficiency. Reference—Any bank or business firm in Gainesville. For catalogue, address: G. P. SELVIDGE, A. M., President, Gainesville, Texas.

Alamo City Business College

Dallas Medical College

Medical Department of the Trinity University. Increased clinical facilities. Large faculty of salaried teachers. Third term begins October 1, 1922. Write for new catalogue. HUGH L. MCNEEW, M. D., Dean, Dallas, Tex.

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One of the best equipped schools in the South. Students entering almost every week in the year. No vacation. POSITIONS GUARANTEED. Scholarships only limited. Railroad fare paid. For address of 12 persons who might be induced to take a course, we will write your name on 12 cards. See our new catalogue. J. N. R. STONE, President, McKinney, Texas.

YOUNG MAN!

The recent opening of many telegraph schools, all claiming to be the oldest, best and most practical, is evidence of the great demand for training in the telegraph business. Ours was established 16 years ago. It is the only one which qualifies pupils for immediate service. Our reputation for this is well known that we are now receiving more applications for operators than we can fill. Write for prospectus. DALLAS TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, DALLAS, TEXAS.

AMERICAN ROYAL SHOW

THE LOW RATES MADE BY TEXAS RAILROADS WILL DRAW A LARGE ATTENDANCE.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 11.—For the American Royal Cattle and Swine show to be held at Kansas City Oct. 20 to 25 inclusive the railroads of Texas have made the unusual concession of a flat one fare rate for the round trip, with a liberal time limit. This rate applies to all territory under the jurisdiction of the Southwestern passenger bureau, including Southeastern Kansas and part of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. The rate from other points is one fare plus \$2 for the round trip.

Each day makes it more plain that this year's show will be far ahead of all predecessors. Reports from the headquarters of the Hereford, Short-horn, Galloway and Angus breeding associations are to the effect that the number of animals entered in the cattle departments of the show will be greater than any cattle show ever held in this country. Secretary Thomas of the Hereford association, says approximately 200 Herefords will be entered in the individual classes and as many in the carload lot classes. Eleven carload lots of Herefords had been entered up to Oct. 1, and the time of receiving entries has been extended to Oct. 18 in order to accommodate a number of cattle-men who are waiting to see if they can get their cattle in condition in time for the show. The Lady & Olmstead Jewelry company of Kansas City, has just offered a special prize of a sterling silver cup valued at \$100 for the best four animals, either sex, the get of one sire, open to all breeds. This prize will bring out the finest lot of cattle ever seen in one ring.

It has been ten years since there was an exhibit of Aberdeen-Angus cattle in this city. This year the Angus breeders are going to exert themselves, and W. C. McGavock, manager of the Angus division, says that every prominent breeder of "doddies" in the United States will be represented. Among them will be the famous show heifer, Black-cap Judy, which sold last February for \$6300, and which was undefeated until last week, when she was defeated at the Illinois state fair by a heifer recently imported from the herd of Lord Roseberry of England. The imported heifer was in turn defeated by an American cow for the championship. The three animals will meet in competition at Kansas City and are sure to arouse much interest among cattle fanciers.

The swine department of the show promises to be very successful. The number of entries of Berkshire, Poland China and Duroc-Jersey swine will be large.

RED POLLED CATTLE.

W. R. CLIFTON, WACO, TEXAS. I can spare a few Red Polled bulls and heifers, not alkin. Also a few Angus goats and a few pure bred Berkshire pigs.

B. W. LANGLEY, DENTON, HAS

Texas raised Red Polled cattle for sale.

JAMP CLARK RED POLLED CATTLE

At J. H. JENNINGS, Prop., Martindale, Texas.

L. K. HASELTINE, DORCHESTER,

Greene county, Mo. Red Polled raised in Southwest Missouri, from imported stock. We are so far south there is little danger in shipping to Texas.

ABERDEEN ANGUS.

ALLENDALE HERD,

Aberdeen-Angus, the oldest and largest herd in the United States. Registered animals on hand at all times for sale at reasonable prices. Import splendid imported bulls at head of herd. Address THOMAS J. ANDERSON, manager, Al-lendale Farm, Rural Route No. 1, John Allen county, Kansas, and visit the herd there; or address ANDERSON & FIND-LAY, Troop, Lake Forest, Ill.

O. C. LANE, SANTA ANNA, TEXAS,

Breeder of registered French Coach horses and Polled Durham cattle.

HOUSES.

T. B. WHITE, Treasurer. JNO. P. GRANT, Secretary. J. F. BUTZ and E. M. DAGGETT, Salesmen.

Midland, Tex., Oct. 5.
To Texas Stock Journal:
There seems to be a feeling that irrigation would be a great thing for Texas. Admitting that to be true; yet the theory and practicability of two different things. To irrigate, you must have water. Water is the essential thing. To devise means to get it, and there is but one way to get any considerable quantity, and that is by reservoirs (ground tanks). In order to have the subject more thoroughly understood the next legislature should appropriate \$100,000 to pay the expense of a commission of ten men appointed by the governor, to travel through the irrigating district of the state, see and report on the irrigating systems and the best way to store and utilize water that annually runs off to waste, as the melting snow used to do in states and territories that are now irrigating to great advantage.

If each farmer this year had had a tank that would have supplied water for one of them once at the right time, it would have insured a good yield to that acre. You can easily see what that would have meant to the state of Texas. By using tanks on your own land you interfere with no man's rights. All water held back in tanks lessens the water that overflows river bottoms, thus being a benefit in more ways than one.
J. S. CURTIS.

KANSAS-CITY SALES.

Some sales at Kansas City:
J. Savage, Wallingford, O. T., 40 head, 525 pounds average, at \$2.60; W. H. & Ira Klykendale, Elgin, Kan., 207 head, 930 pounds average, at \$3.65; Oral Keene, Wayne, O. T., 31 head, 848 pounds average, at \$2.10; Erkie & White, Elgin, Kan., 61 head, 861 pounds average, at \$3; G. C. Hampton, Cushing, O. T., 13 head, 1023 pounds average, at \$2.85; Harris Bros., Elgin, Kan., 174 head, 797 pounds, at \$2.50; F. A. Cook, Erick, O. T., 22 head, 980 pounds average, at \$3.40; R. Grimes, Sayne, O. T., 25 head, 814 pounds average, at \$2.65; Sam Sanda, Sayne, O. T., 51 head, 774 pounds average, at \$2.25; W. T. Morton, Ochelata, I. T., 78 head, 680 pounds average, at \$2.40; J. H. Clement, Quanah, Tex., 82 head, 181 pounds average, at \$5; Gunter & Jones, Elgin, Kan., 459 head, 806 pounds average, at \$3.10; D. L. Denney, Claremore, I. T., 24 head, 872 pounds average, \$3.15; M. Wolf, Davis, I. T., 25 head, 729 pounds average, at \$2.25; Gault Bros., Mangum, O. T., 12 head, 430 pounds average, at \$2.30; G. C. Bottom, Mountain View, Okla., 23 head, 787 pounds average, at \$2.15; Hines & Morton, Paradise, Tex., 9 head, 337 pounds average, at \$2.25; D. C. Brant, Jacksboro, Tex., 32 head, 653 pounds average, at \$2; S. S. Cumming, Cisco, Tex., 171 head, 713 pounds average, at \$2.50; O. L. Delaney, Okla., I. T., 25 head, 987 pounds average, at \$3.45; R. L. Wicoff, St. Joe, Tex., 59 head, 552 pounds average, at \$1.50; Howard & Woodman, Mangum, O. T., 24 head, 790 pounds average, at \$2.10; D. C. Nowling, Vernon, Tex., 29 head, 705 pounds, at \$2.75; J. D. Hagler, Vernon, Tex., 37 head, 317 pounds average, at \$3.50; J. J. Riddle, Elgin, Kan., 191 head, 803 pounds average, at \$2.60; D. N. Annett, Davidson, Kan., 122 head, 700 pounds average, at \$3; J. L. Besty, Tala, I. T., 24 head,

1123 pounds average, at \$3.45; Thurmond Bros., Elk City, O. T., 144 head, 828 pounds average, at \$2.85; M. L. Metz, Elgin, Kan., 40 head, 806 pounds average, at \$2.40; G. W. Tretthart, Welch, I. T., 21 head, 837 pounds average, at \$3.25; Hagler & Timpf, Chillicothe, Tex., 23 head, 710 pounds average, at \$1.80; Shiner, H. & R. Davidson, Kan., 191 head, 855 pounds average, at \$3.30; Carrow & Wilesey, Henrietta, Tex., 17 head, 779 pounds average, at \$2.25; Brown & Williamson, Sapulpa, I. T., 81 head, 825 pounds average, at \$3; A. P. Rachall, Henrietta, Tex., 51 head, 606 pounds average, at \$1.65; J. Walker, Ft. Gibson, I. T., 38 head, 909 pounds average, at \$3.30; T. J. Rice, Erick, O. T., 34 head, 770 pounds average, at \$2.35; W. H. Ellis, Sugden, I. T., 21 head, 686 pounds average, at \$2; Tom Cowley, San Angelo, Tex., 131 head, 732 pounds average, at \$2.35; Wm. Gulagan, Ft. Gibson, I. T., 14 head, 937 pounds average, at \$3.15; Oscar Miller, Elgin, Kan., 21 head, 938 pounds average, at \$3.75; Tom Grant, Jr., Davis, I. T., 28 head, 710 pounds average, at \$2.80; Jackson & Scroggins, Boyd, Tex., 15 head, 220 pounds average, at \$2.90; Shawyer Bros., Seymour, Tex., 39 head, 730 pounds average, at \$2.30; W. B. Beck, Checotah, I. T., 17 head, 703 pounds average, at \$2.25; J. E. Chandler, Chandler, Tex., 52 head, 811 pounds average, at \$2.25; C. G. Hamilton, Bush Springs, I. T., 35 head, 778 pounds average, at \$2.35; Jess Allen, Bristow, I. T., 17 head, 876 pounds average, at \$2.25; J. H. Moore, Duncan, I. T., 47 head, 833 pounds average, at \$2.30; R. W. Smith, Berwyn, I. T., 89 head, 181 pounds average, at \$4.25; J. A. Majors, Ardmore, I. T., 30 head, 667 pounds average, at \$2.35; W. D. Reynolds, White Eagle, O. T., 214 head, 711 pounds average, at \$2.25; W. O. Braden, Cololan, I. T., 54 head, 675 pounds average, at \$2.35; C. R. Pool, Davis, I. T., 35 head, 708 pounds average, at \$2.50; J. W. Golden, Quanah, Tex., 22 head, 671 pounds average, at \$2.25.

SOME REPRESENTATIVE SALES AT ST. LOUIS NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

J. L. Savage, Weatherford, O. T., 19 bulls, 933 pounds average, \$2.50; Kley & Hanson, Lampassas, Tex., 30 cows, 705 pounds average, \$2.15; Scott & Robinson, Cataosa, I. T., 21 steers, 845 pounds average, \$3.35; John Collins, Ochelata, I. T., 132 steers, 1037 pounds average, \$4.00; W. S. Sprague, Alcoa, Tex., 139 steers, 635 pounds average, \$2.35; Fleming & Balfridge, Cataosa, I. T., 374 cows, 705 pounds average, \$2.30; W. E. Reynolds, Wetumka, I. T., 43 calves, 702 pounds average, \$3.90; J. T. Chittim, Okataha, I. T., 254 steers, 866 pounds average, \$3.50; Parr & Co., Okataha, I. T., 54 steers, 826 pounds average, \$3.45; H. M. King, Okataha, I. T., 91 cows, 732 pounds average, \$3.35; H. M. King & Co., Okataha, I. T., 60 cows, 700 pounds average, \$2.40; Ira & W. H. Kuykendall, Elgin, Kans., 373 steers, 868 pounds average, \$3.75; Turner, Wood & S., Muscogee, I. T., 48 steers, 904 pounds average, \$4.00; W. H. Ira Kuykendall, Elgin, Kans., 24 steers, 943 pounds average, \$3.85; C. Hayden, Chouteau, Tex., 109 cows, 756 pounds average, \$2.45; Morgan Weaver & Co., Strawn, I. T., 47 cows, 434 pounds average, \$2.25; Chas. Butler, Dixie, I. T., 21 steers, 1124 pounds average, \$4.75; H. Hoerster, Llano, Tex., 80 calves, each \$8.00; J. P. Paine, Argyle, Tex., 50 steers, 1134 pounds average, \$5.10; Baldrige Bros., Lellaeta, I. T., 102 steers, 349 pounds average, \$3.80; Chittim & Faidson, Checotah, I. T., 46 steers, 937 pounds average, \$3.75; John Cunningham, Seymour, Tex., 51 mixed 675 pounds average, \$2.35; M. F. Malone, Lampassas, Tex., 52 calves, \$9.25 each; R. G. Connell, Muscogee, I. T., 162 cows, 811 pounds average, \$2.65; J. A. Mathews, Muscogee, I. T., 30 cows, 735 pounds average, \$2.40; E. B. Thowell, Shotwell, O. T., 14 steer, 914 pounds average, \$3.65; G. A. Welhoumer, Lellaeta, I. T., 101 cows, 675 pounds average, \$2.35.

CHICAGO SALES.

A few representatives sales at Chicago:
W. E. Elwood, 157 cows, average 679 pounds, at \$3.35; W. L. Hawkins, 143 head, 902 pounds, at \$3.50; M. Hall, 280 calves, 290 pounds, at \$4.00; J. J. Adams, 158 cows, 664 pounds, at \$2.55; W. G. Taylor, 31 cows, 738 pounds, at \$2.90; W. L. Elwood, 118 head, 1042 pounds, at \$3.95; L. Larkin, 56 cows, 857 pounds, at \$3.20; Davidson Cattle Co., 115 cows, 788 pounds, at \$2.40.

SIX HEAD OF CATTLE

In Combination Sale Nov. 13, Owned By Chas. Maloney.

The consideration of prospective buyers of cattle at the combination sale of Shorthorn and Hereford cattle at the Fort Worth stock yards Nov. 12th and 14th is called to the pedigree of the following as the contribution of Chas. Maloney to the sale:
Bloom is a red heifer of good size for her age and promises to make a fine cow, and is a half sister to J. F.

Hovenkamp's prize-winning bull, Tillinghamst.

This heifer is bred to Sharon Victor the 27th, No. 60519, a show bull and one of Geo. Bothwell's finest bred young bulls. Her sire is Sharon Duke of Ashland 13th, No. 127342, an exceptionally fine Kentucky bred bull. This should make a valuable and worthy cow.
The 4th is a beautiful solid red heifer and of good size for her age. Her dam was a regular breeder, having never missed a calf from the ages of 2 to 15 years. Her sire is Sharon Duke of Ashland 13th, No. 127342, a Kentucky bred bull of excellent breeding. Croppy the 4th was bred to Sharon Victor the 27th, one of Geo. Bothwell's best bred bulls and also a show bull. A very nice young cow and would show well in any company.
Dolly Morris 2d, color is red and is a largely individual, extra large for her age and out of one of the finest breeding cows that has ever been in this country. She is bred to Sharon Victor the 27th, No. 60519, a show bull and one of Geo. Bothwell's finest bred bulls. Her sire is Sharon Duke of Ashland 13th, No. 127342, a Kentucky bred bull. Dolly Morris 2d should make a fine breeder.
Royal Queen is a light red, and is broad, round, well sprung ribs and a fine individual in every respect. Got by Sharon Duke of Ashland 13th, No. 127342, a show bull, and one of Geo. Bothwell's finest bred young bulls. Her dam is a beautiful matron and a fine breeder. Royal Queen is as good as the best in any class.
Violet is a beautiful solid color, well sprung and quartered, compactly built, a fine back and should be appreciated by all who desire the best to be had. Her dam is a strong hardy cow and a good matron. Her sire, Sharon Duke of Ashland 13th, No. 127342, has proven a fine sire and is a Kentucky raised rose of Sharon bull. She is bred to Sharon Victor the 27th, one of Geo. Bothwell's finest bred young bulls. The mother cannot be said in praise of the above young cow.
Perfection, as the name implies, is a bull of unexceptionally fine merit, and will prove a profitable investment to the one who has the good fortune to get him. He is a deep red, big-boned, strong, hearty young bull, just the right age and hard to beat. His dam, Merribel, is a large, smooth, good-quartered cow a good breeder and a fine milker and has produced some valuable calves. His sire is Sharon Duke of Ashland 13th, No. 127342, bred by Francis Hall, Paris, Ky., and tracted to Imp. Rose of Sharon.

Taylor McKrae, Abilene, Texas,

called at the office of the Journal in Fort Worth on last Thursday. He is very much interested in the Institute to be held at Abilene on the 13th and 14th of October at the time of the Abilene Fair. He says that many prominent speakers have been invited to attend the Institute and make addresses. He is also of the opinion that there will be a large crowd of attendance upon the Fair.
Mr. McKrae is very prominent in his city and is noted for public enterprise and the encouragement of every interest tending to develop the country. He is editor and manager of the West Texas Sentinel.
Col. H. O. Samuel of Dallas, a prominent Shorthorn breeder in this section, recently returned from Scott county, Kentucky, where he spent most of the summer at his country home. He brought back with him an ear of corn grown on his farm that measures fifteen feet in length. He says the yield in that part of the country is the largest he has ever seen. Col. Samuel is a strong advocate of good roads, and a hearty endorser of the Journal's idea of building them with convict labor.

S. B. Burnett has recently purchased

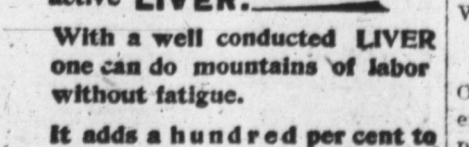
a ranch of 107,000 acres located in Carson and Hutchinson counties, known as the old Dixon Creek pasture. This ranch is located 30 miles from Amarillo and seven miles from Panhandle City. The price paid was \$2.65 per acre and was bought from F. De P. Foster and C. C. Cuyler of New York. Mr. Burnett says that he expects to sell this ranch at no distant day for farm lands but at this time it is not on the market.
Miss Mulhall, daughter of Zach Mulhall, the well known territory cattleman, has entered the riding and roping contest at the San Antonio Fair.

The Hereford Livestock company of

Portland, Me., with a capital stock of \$500,000, has been granted a permit to do business in Texas.
SAN ANTONIO FAIR.
Now that the Dallas fair has become history, San Antonio will endeavor to add to her fame as a great resort for stockmen. The following stockmen, with their herds, will go from Dallas to the International fair: J. F. Day, Rhome, Tex.; Henry Exall, Dallas, Tex.; W. R. Spann, Dallas, Tex.; B. C. Rhome, Fort Worth, W. E. Davis & Bro., Sherman; J. W. Burgess, Fort Worth; W. S. Ikard, Henrietta; U. S. Weddington, Childress; Jno. R. Lewis, Sweetwater; J. F. Hovenkamp, Fort Worth; J. H. Jennings, Martindale.
W. B. King, general manager, and O. W. Mathews, secretary and treasurer of the Fort Worth Stock Yards company, banqueted Col. Frank P. Holland of Dallas, last Saturday night at the Union Depot cafe. These gentlemen are distinguishing themselves in a social way.
Neither Armour & Co. or Swift & Co. will be ready for business before Nov. 15, the date named for the formal opening of these big plants. There is yet much to be done and all the men are being employed that can work to advantage.

So Tired

It may be from overwork, but the chances are its from an inactive LIVER. With a well conducted LIVER one can do mountains of labor without fatigue. It adds a hundred per cent to ones earning capacity. It can be kept in healthful action by, and only by



Tutt's Pills

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

LIVESTOCK AT THE FAIR

SPLENDID SHOW.—GOOD SALES.—NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Lee Bros., San Angelo, were well pleased with their success in the show ring. Their 6-month-old heifer, Lee-Jade's Beauty, took first on heifer under six months. They will go down to San Antonio with about a carload of their best stock.
Mueckleroy Bros., Terrell, Tex., breeders of Hereford cattle, had a good showing of their herd at the State fair. They sold several animals at good prices and were well pleased with the fair.
B. W. Langley of Denton, Tex., breeder of Red Polled cattle, offers for sale in another column of this issue some of his Texas-raised bulls. Anyone interested in this class of cattle would do well to write Mr. Langley at once.

The J. W. Burgess company of Fort Worth are known to cattle breeders all over the Southwest, and it is doubtful if there is a more successful breeder anywhere than this firm. Their show at the fair this year attracted the attention of every visitor to the livestock department. They report some good sales while here.
J. W. Carey, the well known breeder of Armstrong, I. T., will be one of the strong competitors at the International fair this year. His showing at Dallas was very creditable and took a good share of the premiums. Mr. Carey expressed himself as well pleased in every way with his success here.
A. Hamilton, Cremoore, Texas, was a new exhibitor at the fair this fall. He breeds Red Polls and Herefords and had twenty-six head at the fair. He sold while at Dallas, seventeen head to Mr. Dupree, of Marshall, Texas.

Dr. W. R. Clifton, the noted Red Polled breeder of Waco, Tex., got a string of ribbons this year that would make any breeder rejoice. Thirteen firsts, six seconds, five thirds. Dr. Clifton's bull, Chancellor the Second, is said to be the best red Polled bull in the state. He has won more blue ribbons than any red Polled in this part of the country. His two-year-old imported bull, Lasso's Knight, has never been beaten in his class since he was six months old. Neither has his cow, Hannah, been beaten in any show.

J. F. Green & Co., Gregory, Tex., had prize-winning Shorthorns at the fair. They carried off the following premiums: First, second and third on two-year-old heifer and first and third on females any age. First on herd any age and second on herd under two years. Second on two-year-old bull and third on bull calf. This is one of the finest herds of Shorthorns in the state.

Mr. W. S. Ikard, manager Sunnyside Herd, Henrietta, Texas, was delighted with their success in the show ring at the fair. "We got \$750 out of \$1000 offered for cattle in our class," said Mr. Ikard. There were seven strong competitors in the Hereford class and that kind of a showing is a credit to any herd.

J. F. Hovenkamp of Fort Worth, made a very successful showing at the Dallas fair, capturing six first, four second and one third prizes. He took more than any Shorthorn exhibitor and received in prize money offered to exhibitors in his class \$385. Considering there were seven of the leading Short-horn men in competition, and the animals they showed, this is a remarkably good showing. Mr. Hovenkamp will go to the San Antonio fair with about a carload of his stock.

W. R. Spann, proprietor Burr Oak Jersey Farm, Dallas, won twenty-two prizes in the Jersey class at the Dallas fair as follows: Eight firsts, eight seconds and six thirds. He reported good sales.

Col. B. C. Rhome of Fort Worth will be at the International fair, San Antonio, with about thirty head of his cattle. His three-year-old bull Percival, took first prize in his class and sweetstakes at the Dallas fair and will be a warm competitor at San Antonio. Beau Lamplight took second prize on aged bulls.

Jno. R. Lewis & Son of Sweetwater, Tex., will have in the combination sale to be held at Fort Worth in November a yearling bull that is a half brother to their two-year-old bull, Schley, that will be sold to the highest bidder, the proceeds of which are to be donated to Buckner's Orphan Home, Messrs.

Lewis & Son are to be commended for

this very generous gift to such a worthy cause and it is expected the animal will bring a handsome sum.

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 9, 1922.

To the Journal:
Dear Sir:—Enclosed herewith you will find my check in payment of my account. I am glad to inform you that every bed in all my buildings was occupied this year on the first day of San Antonio with about a carload of their best stock.

I am now erecting two more buildings for the accommodation of an overflow of students. I attribute my unusually large enrollment to hard work in the school room supplemented by judicious advertising. Instead of sending out solicitors over the railroads of the state I remained in my office during the vacation, and depended upon correspondence, the large Dallas, semi-weeklies and weeklies of Texas to acquaint the people with the advantage I offer.

Assuring you that I shall take space with you another year, I remain
Yours truly,
WESLEY PEACOCK.

Mrs. J. C. Lea has returned from a visit to her ranch in Coleman county and reports grass fine, cattle fat and cotton much better than was expected before the recent rains. Thirty or forty wagons of immigrants passed through her section last week seeking homes in the west and she is cutting up for them such of her lands as are not leased for a term of years to cattle men.

E. B. Carver of Henrietta, Texas, had sold to Wilson, Walton & Bobb, of Corsicana, 1200 3 and 4 year old steers at \$38 per head. These cattle are to be fed at Corsicana. Mr. Carver is feeding 1200 head at Fort Smith, Ark.

Man—a machine; osteopath a machine. When disease is present the machine needs adjustment. T. L. Ray, osteopath, Fort Worth, Tex., phone 583.

San Antonio, Oct. 6, 1922.
Editor The Journal:
I send in this check to pay for advertisement in your papers. The San Antonio Female College has a large increase in attendance over last year. The rooms are all filled with new pupils, and still applying. Eight new bed rooms were added to the building, but these will not accommodate the additional attendance. A good school and a good climate go well together. Yours,
J. E. HARRISON,
President San Antonio Female College

San Antonio—Account International fair, convention rates, Oct. 17 to 25; limited Oct. 30.
Victoria—Account Southwestern Texas fair, convention rates, Nov. 9 and 10; limited Nov. 16.
Temple—Account North Texas Annual Conference, M. E. church, South; convention rates, Nov. 10 and 11; limited Nov. 21.
New Orleans—Account meeting Daughters of Confederacy; one fare for the round trip, Nov. 19 and 21; limited Nov. 18.

New Orleans—Account convention American Bankers' Association; one fare plus \$2, Nov. 8, 9 and 10, limited Nov. 20.

\$375 FOR LETTERS FROM FARMERS.
The Rock Island system offers \$375 in cash and transportation for letters relative to the territory along its lines in Arkansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico.

Letters should deal with the writer's experiences since he settled in the territory in question. They should tell how much money he brought with him, what he did when he first came and what measure of success has since rewarded his efforts.

THE JOURNAL

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL CO.

Under the Editorial and Business Management of SELDEN R. WILLIAMS.

OFFICES: Dallas, Fort Worth, Kansas City, New Ridge Building

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.00 PER YEAR.

Entered at the postoffice at Dallas, Tex., as second class mail matter.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. All correspondence and other matter for the Journal should reach us not later than Monday morning to secure prompt publication.

TO SUBSCRIBERS. Subscribers desiring the address of their paper changed will please state in their communication both the old and new address.

AD AND M. COLLEGE. In last week's issue of the Journal appeared a notice of the opening of the Agricultural and Mechanical college, in which the attendance this year is given at only 330.

young farmer a course of training in the agricultural school or college is a first-class investment. It pays itself back with large interest at once. It lifts him out of the ruts, out of the dark, out of the blindness, and sets him on the smooth road, in the light, with his eyes wide open, and with his brain and hands trained to use to the full advantage everything his opened eyes reveal to him.

He is familiar with all the causes that have led other farmers to failure or to success, and he knows what to omit in order to escape a failure, and what to do in order to insure success. Compared with his untrained competitors, he is two or three to one.

His worth more to him than a prospective inheritance of \$2000 or \$1000, or \$5000. The farmer with a bright, ambitious, energetic son can do him no greater benefit, than is embraced in a thorough training in agriculture. The time and money necessary for the schooling are not thrown away. It is not put where it neither pays interest nor repays itself. It is a living, growing investment, and it will increase in value to the son in every succeeding year.

Mr. Farmer, provide for your son and place him at the head of the procession.

LIVE STOCK CENSUS. The importance of a live stock census cannot be overestimated. It would give a protection to all raisers of live stock from speculative conditions that would mean much in the way of more reliable markets for all the farm has to sell.

Ever since its organization, the National Live Stock association has been working hard to secure the adoption of some law providing for gathering vital statistics on the live stock industry in the United States. While the improvement in the last census has been the only tangible result seen by the public, yet considerable progress has been made toward the end aimed at.

At the request of the association, Congressman Hopkins, chairman of the house census committee, introduced an amendment to the census act, providing for a classified enumeration and value of live stock, which shall be made under such rules and regulations as the director of the department may deem best.

The newly elected president, Prof. D. F. Houston, enters upon his new duties with great reputation as an educator of merit and possessed of large experience. He came from the University of Texas and it is claimed that no man in that faculty outranked him. If the incoming administration will be true to the interests of the college and leave things as they are now, good results may follow.

FARMERS, EDUCATE YOUR SONS AT THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE. If the farmers of the present day would leave an inheritance to their children that will bring to them all of usefulness and happiness guaranteed to man, and would keep them on the farm they must be educated for the intelligent growing of farm crops.

OKLAHOMA IRRIGATION. W. T. Roberts of Austin is one of the incorporators of the Otter Creek Irrigation company, which was recently organized under the laws of Oklahoma, with a capital stock of \$1,000,000, for the purpose of constructing an immense irrigation system in the southwestern part of Oklahoma, bordering on Texas. M. M. Hankins of Quanah, who is at the head of the Texas Live Stock Sanitary commission is also largely interested in the big enterprise.



NEQUITY. Tune: "Marching Trough Georgia." By A. H. Woodruff. In Up-to-Date Farming and Gardening.

Alfalfa has been officially recognized in Kansas for an even dozen years, and during that time its popularity has steadily increased. Prior to 1890 it was not deemed of sufficient importance to be taken notice of in the statistics of the state board of agriculture.

Timothy has been alfalfa's leading competitor in area until this year, when the returns proclaim its field is 138,677 acres, or 20 per cent smaller than that devoted to alfalfa.

From 1891 to 1897, inclusive, Finney led all other counties in acreage; in 1898, Butler was first with 12,029 acres; in 1899, Jewell forged ahead with 14,280 acres, which position has been retained with an increased area each year since, having in 1902 32,976 acres, which lacks but little of equalling the total for the state in 1901.

Alfalfa can be grown in any county in the state, and 99 of the 105 report a greater or less area devoted to this wonderful plant. Eighty-four counties show a total gain of 142,504 acres; sixteen lost 3,133 acres, and five make no change from last year.

Timothy and clover, as hay plants, have been long and favorably known in the agriculture of the United States, and occupy a high and well-earned place in the list of such, wherever grown, and alfalfa, their superior, is a rich acquisition to a region where it flourishes so abundantly.

rich acquisition to a region where it flourishes so abundantly. The statistics give indisputable evidence that under Kansas conditions alfalfa is proving to be the most valuable of her forage plants, which in no wise detracts from the well known merits of others, but emphasizes the desirability of extending its culture in a state where live stock and meat production are chief factors of its prosperity.

Following is a table giving the acreage of alfalfa, clover and timothy, in Kansas, beginning with 1891 (the year alfalfa statistics were first gathered) and each year since, ending with 1902:

Table with columns: Year, Alfalfa Acres, Clover Acres, Timothy Acres. Data from 1901 to 1902.

This portrays with statistical accuracy the steady rise of alfalfa in Kansas from comparative obscurity to the foremost ranks of the state's tame grasses, and suggests the present relative esteem in which they are held by Kansas.

Unquestionably the most satisfactory and useful horse is the one bred and raised on the farm. They need no domestication as they are raised amidst the environments that will form incidents in their future service. Horses learn by experience. They are naturally timid animals and apprehensive that every strange object will do them harm.

Modern dairy necessities call for better ideas and management. It is a most excellent thing to so arrange it, as to have a soiling corral growing next the pasture, either corn, clover, or alfalfa, so that as soon as the milk commences to shrink, the cows may be abundantly given a supplementary feed.

would go into the hands of farmers, and if they developed into animals of equal quality and endurance of domesticated horses, a reputation would be established and demand created for the youngsters that would sustain profitable prices at annual sales of the yearling crop of foals.

GOOD PASTURAGE NECESSARY. Everything the cow does, every kind of exercise she takes, every condition which surrounds her, every species of food she eats, and the way she is treated, all these have a bearing on the quantity and quality of the milk she produces.

Let us consider for a moment the way in which a poor, scanty pasture affects a cow and her milk flow. In a time of drought or when a pasture is over-fed, the cows are constantly on the move, seeking food. In such cases we have often heard farmers say: "The cows seem to come up to the yard at night with full bellies, but their milk is constantly shrinking. I don't see how that can be."

Let us take one phase of the question, that of excessive exercise. When the food is abundant the cow eats her fill quickly and lies down. She does not expend a large part of food in exercise and so a larger portion of it goes to the making of milk. This matter of extra effort and labor to secure the necessary food must be paid for in milk. Even the difference in labor of chewing one food for another, calls for an expenditure of strength and that must take food energy, and it cannot be expended in two ways. Scientific experimenters have determined very closely what the difference is.

Zunat, an eminent German investigator, calculated by close experiments with a horse, that in chewing a pound of hay the animal expended 76.0 calories of heat units; in chewing a pound of oats the expenditure was reduced to 21.0 calories and with a pound of corn the expenditure was only 6.3 calories. This shows us how closely related is the question of bodily exercise and the final result which shall be obtained from the food. Of course there are other matters which affect the flow of milk when the cow is on a scanty pasture, such as a lack of succulence in the grass, or its having become too woody in its fiber. But the chief factor we believe to be the excessive labor the cow expends in securing the food she gets.

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In nearly all cases poor butter is overworked all the way through. The cow has hard work to make a living. It is hard work to get her milked regularly and well. It is hard work for the cream to rise because the milk is set away too cool. The cream is allowed to stay in the milk too long, and the butter is hard to gather and hard to sell after it is sent to market.

Advertisements inserted in this department in the three Journals at two cents per word. This pays for publication one time in: The Texas Stock Journal; The Texas Farm Journal; Kansas-City Farm Journal. The combined circulation of the three Journals secures by far the largest circulation in the Southwest.

CHEAP TEXAS LANDS. The San Antonio & Aransas Pass Railway covers Central and South Texas. Good lands, reasonable prices, mild and healthful climate. Address: J. E. MARTIN, General Passenger Agent, San Antonio, Texas.

REAL ESTATE. FOR TRADE-Improved or unimproved city property for a ranch of one or two sections, call on H. M. DAGGETT, Fort Worth, Tex.

WANTED-Agents for churn; makes butter in one minute; \$250 per month guaranteed. Outfit for BAXTER CHURN CO., Hamilton, Ohio.

ATTENTION, FEEDERS-For delivered prices on cotton seed meal, hulls or screened cake, also corn, oats, chops, bran and hay. Lower prices. Write: FRED BOAZ, 905 Main Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

WANTED-Salesmen and firms to handle the celebrated Alpine Fire and Burglar Proof Safes-exclusive or as a side line. Big demand. Lower prices. Write: ALPINE SAFE AND LOCK CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WE HAVE business man with \$10,000 desiring to purchase a small bank or interest in one; would consider investment in any profitable established business that will stand thorough investigation. MISSOURI, KANSAS AND OKLAHOMA INVESTMENT CO., Kansas City, Mo.

FORTUNES MADE CAN BE MADE ON EVERY FARM. By Co-operation through the American Society of Equity.

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF EQUITY. The Journal has for many months been advocating co-operation for farmers. The plan has been fully outlined and discussed. Arrangements are now being made to introduce the plan vigorously in all the states of the Union and Canada and it is confidently expected that this will be accomplished by first of January, 1903.

SPECIAL NOTICES. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in this department in the three Journals at two cents per word. This pays for publication one time in: The Texas Stock Journal; The Texas Farm Journal; Kansas-City Farm Journal.

Simplicity In Living

I AM about to lecture before our club on the subject of simpler living," remarked Mrs. Up to Date. "Dear me!" exclaimed little Mrs. Housekeeper. "I wish I could make it work! I have so much to do. I can hardly snatch a moment to pay you people a call."

"And yet there are only three of you, and your house is small. What would you do if you had to change places with me?" Mrs. Largefamily sighed. "You may think my responsibilities don't amount to anything," put in Miss Bachelorgirl, "but between my invitations and my charities and the magazine articles I write in order that I may eke out my income and the dresses and hats I evolve in order that I may present a decent appearance on the said income I assure you my life is a burden. At times I am worried to death. Oh, by all means let's hear about simpler living."

"It's one of the crying needs of the age. I can tell you that," returned Mrs. Up to Date. "Charles Wagner says, 'Nothing is simpler any longer—neither thought nor action nor pleasure; not even dying.' And he is right. Time to think is what we need—time to read, to improve ourselves, to enjoy the real things of life."

"I'd like to know how you're going to do that when you have a whole house to take care of and haven't the means to keep an army of servants," retorted Mrs. Housekeeper indignantly. "I like things artistic, too, but it takes a lot of trouble to keep them just so."

"Then don't have so many of them. That master of interior decoration, William Morris, used to say, 'Have nothing in your house that you do not know to be useful or believe to be beautiful,' and he was wont to advocate the simplest possible furnishings in a room. It is the bric-a-brac, the tortured moldings and chair legs, the heavily carpeted floors and the clumsy upholstered furniture that waste all the housekeeper's time and energy. Simple lines in furniture and decoration are far more artistic, even leaving out of consideration their practical qualities. Study the empire rooms, with their plain, beautifully tinted walls, their hardwood floors and their few pieces of furniture, each piece be-

with modern youngsters is that they are miniature men and women, and it's all this extra fuss which wears out the parents' lives."

"And where do I come in?" laughed Miss Bachelorgirl.

"You know, Dotty, you really ought to buy fresh white chiffon for the yoke of that gown you are wearing," was the lecturer's unexpected reply.

"Oh, I know! Isn't it a disgrace?" replied Miss Bachelorgirl lightly, but she flushed nevertheless and hid it with the front of her expensive fur coat. "The fact is, my dear girl, it'll have to go that way for another week or so. I'm broke. I've just bought a dear of a pearl gray tulle bon, and my last article was refused. I sat up until 2 in the morning writing it too!"

Mrs. Up to Date smiled.

"A plain, well fitting tailor made, smart, serviceable hat, good gloves, good shoes, a well made stock, the body clothed artistically and durably at comparatively small cost, peace of mind and pocket money to go to lectures, musicals, the theater, to buy new books—in a word, to feed one's soul; time to think also," she suggested softly.

THE BABY'S BED.

Do Not Arrange It For Display, But For Health and Comfort.

Resist your natural inclination and don't put the baby in a swinging nest of down, lace, ribbons and millinery trappings. It is about the most wholesome bed you can prepare for it. Baby is not a toy to be dressed up for display and then put away like a French doll.

The best bed for infants is not anything that swings or rocks. It must stand firmly on its legs and be a crib of liberal size, large enough for the child until it is old enough to sleep in an ordinary bed. The pillow should be a flat one, not over two inches thick and made of hair. The pillows sold in the shops are of goose-down, very heating to the sensitive head of a child and, furthermore, likely to find its way out in fine particles by the sleep. The mattress must be firm and even; rather hard than otherwise.

The best bed coverings are sheets of cambric or linen in the summer and soft blankets of California wool, which are as warm and light as down. If the mother can afford it, a silken comfortable of real arctic down may be added for winter use. This down is from the breast of arctic birds, and they pluck it to line the nests of their own little ones. This soft, down colored down does not float about, but clings together, so that it is safe to use.

The coverlet may be of any dainty, hued wash silk. Pretty ones made of cheesecloth filled with soft cotton combine comfort with comfort.

It is of the highest importance that all the fittings of a baby's crib should be washable and should be kept scrupulously neat. HELEN CLIFTON.

FASHIONS IN SKIRTS.

Numerous Variations to Suit Differing Tastes.

There is quite a movement in the direction of double and over skirts. Many of the new street and house gowns are made with a drop skirt of some kind, most often of the same material as that of the rest of the dress, but sometimes the upper one is constructed of one kind and the lower skirt of entirely different stuff even to the color.

Other skirts have shaped or gathered flounces from five to ten inches deep, set high on the skirt. Three of these bring this trimming nearly to the waist line and look somewhat like so many skirts. Plaited skirts are as popular as they were a year ago, and a new caprice is a skirt shirred in sections and between the shirred places, which are naturally lengthwise and about twelve inches deep, there are rows of fine braid or featherbone cording in the double cord. This is put twice or three times around, and the idea is carried out all the way to the bottom of the skirt, where the last part is left to flow free like a flounce. This kind of skirt is suitable only for a slender figure. The drop overskirt is scalloped

or vandked at the bottom, and beneath that is a skirt with several narrow ruffles. The illustration shows a dinner or house gown of white taffeta as to the skirt and part of the waist and sleeves, while the rest is of the dainty printed liberty silk in blue and white. The taffeta ruffles are bordered with very narrow rows of fine silk sou-



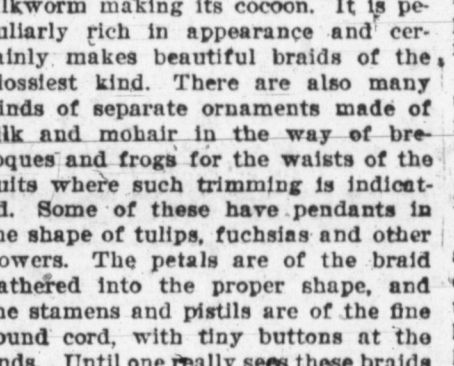
THE DROP SKIRT.

tached braid, and the blue portion is trimmed with white lace insertion and a narrow chiffon ruffle, with a tiny ruffling of the same at the bottom. At the neck is a trimming made of lace and braid a trifle wider.

Speaking of the braid reminds me of the immense place in popular favor gained by braids. They all come under the heading of braids, but some of the styles should be called laces and almost works of art, so beautiful are they and so curiously varied. There are all the old standard braids with which we have been familiar for a generation, but there are so many others that one is lost trying to remember them. Silk braids woven in blocks, in checks and in floral designs are all seen; also in lacelike patterns, and as these are of silk they are fine enough for the finest velvet or silk garment. There is a new and glossy braid in many designs, and this is made of "wood silk." The silk is produced by macerating mulberry wood and treating it chemically and forcing the pulp through spinners like those of the silkworm making its cocoon. It is peculiarly rich in appearance and particularly makes beautiful braids of the glossiest kind. There are also many kinds of separate ornaments made of silk and mohair in the way of bangles and frogs for the waists of the silks where such trimming is indicated. Some of these have pendants in the shape of tulips, fuchsias and other flowers. The petals are of the braid gathered into the proper shape, and the stamens and pistils are of the fine round cord, with tiny buttons at the ends. Until one really sees these braids the variety and beauty of them can scarcely be understood.

Disks of velvet in all sizes are also among the output of the braids, and buttons not much larger than a pin-head are made in all colors and of an incredible fineness. These are to be applied in clusters of six or seven in the form of a bunch of grapes. These have one leaf each, and are to be attached to the garment they are to trim so that the bunch of grapes hangs loose. Among the braids there are some cashmere colors wrought, like the black ones, into many fanciful designs open like lace. Plaids are also seen and some of the black ones are too handsome to call braids. Some of the braids are ten inches wide and others certainly not a sixteenth of an inch wide.

Laces for handsome home and social functions show much that is beautiful, but little that we have not seen before. The black nets with silver sparkles and silver stripes are among the prettiest for evenings. Black in everything, it seems, is the choice for this winter. Black all over net or chantilly made up over white taffeta or satin will be much liked for its refinement, also black and white in hats, in checks, in wool stuffs, and in the camel's hair zibelina. Many more combinations for many purposes have black and white as the fundamental idea. HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.



A FLAT PILLOW.

OLD LADY BANES

A H. Dr. Preachwell, I'm so glad to see you, dear child! It's good of you to come to see me, for I can't go to church. Do you know why I can't go to church? Dear child, I'm that sick and growed together, and I'm in a heap and can't stand up much.

"You've been away only three months, Dr. Preachwell, but many things have happened. Changes has come to all my three sons, Dr. Preachwell. There's Ned! He's been promoted to a hundred dollars a month, got a fine position in the Hog and Hominy Trust company. The dear lamb! The hog and hominy trust has got a monopoly of pigs' tails. It works them up into sweet pickles, and my little Ned has to see that nobody but his company gets any pigs' tails in its territory. It's hard work, but the dignitaries thinks a heap all her pictures taken a-settin' on ped-eastals in a group, and my Ned he was there among 'em, a-settin' on a ped-eastal too, and he writes me, and he says 'Ma, it made me feel like a dignitary too.' The dear lamb! He's a credit to the family. And my Ned he's got a sweetheart that writes for newspapers, the dear thing! And she sent me a letter; but, la, I ain't clever enough to answer it!"

"Then there's Billy. You didn't know Billy? The dear thing! Billy's health was always delicate. I think he takes after me. He was always sick bad when he was little, and we used to have to give him brandy and sugar, and after he was a man he kept on using the brandy, without the sugar for bad spells, and somehow the bad spells keeps a-comin' oftener and oftener, and he ain't rightly at himself always, the dear child!"

"Three months ago—it was the very day after you left, Dr. Preachwell—my Billy had one of his bad spells, the dear thing, and he took a little whisky, and, him being delicate, a teaspoonful of whisky settin' him off, it went to his head, and he goes into Mrs. Horton's greenhouse, and he smashes every flower in it, from ferns to morning-glories, the dear child! Then he goes home and goes to sleep. Mrs. Horton, she comes over to Billy's, and she says to his wife Becky: 'I can't stand this, Mis' Banes. Your husband has 'ruined my greenhouse. You support him, and I hold you responsible for his actin' up.'

"How much's it worth? says Becky, she says, 'I count it at \$5, not addin' my distress of mind,' she says. Then Becky says, she says, 'Here's your money, Mis' Horton, but I'll take it out of Banes.'

"And while Billy was layin' there a-sleepin' like an innocent babe, the dear child, his wife Becky, she ties him up with a clothline, he bein' bad in his head and knowin' nothin', and horsewhips him till she thinks she's took her pay out, he wakin' up bimeby and bellerin' like all Nlagry, the poor,

whilly user. A seven gore hare skirt, box plaited in the back, with a square or round cornered train, is the popular cut.

Lace, tulle or chiffon serves equally well for the wedding veil.

All things considered, the fancy full sleeve is easier to manage than one resting for its success on a more shapely fit; although the basis of most patterns comprises a fitted foundation in two pieces, and on the careful putting together of that hangs much.

We are no longer content with plain or ungaily garments for any purpose. Even raincoats must be picturesque and fashionable.

Rich and elaborate incrustations and applied embroideries will remain in favor for dressy toilets of velvet and silk.

The "slit seam" is the latest device for relieving the flatness of the fashionable skirt.

Fringe and braid are used in profusion.

Laces layin' on the new waists.

THE MARRIED PARTNERS.

A Good Husband Who Helps His Wife In Woman's Sphere.

The "gentle couple" is the name that seems to suit them best. At any rate, that is what I always call them in my mind when the husband and apparently the junior partner of the firm comes to our door twice a week—the first time with his clothes bag for the wash and the second time, on Friday evening, with crisp, snowy linen and smooth, perfectly ironed shirt waists—blue, white, pink and lavender—all done in neat paper parcels. He is a small man, rather timid and hesitating in manner, but the manner is that of a gentleman. The little man is our wash lady. He is not a Chinaman, but an intelligent,



THE MAN WASH LADY.

white, Anglo-Saxon man. He and his wife operate a laundry in partnership, and it is the best laundry I know of. His wife is taller than he and not so sweet tempered looking as he; still she is not a sourd woman. She is shrewd, or than he and attends to the mathematical end of the enterprise. She keeps the books, irons the starched things and wraps up the parcels of shining clean clothes. He goes after the linen, carries it home when it is ready and does the washing. Yes, he does. He has found his niche and fills it well. He wrestles over the wash-board as cheerfully and effectively as though he had not invaded woman's sphere at all, but was doing man's work. Perhaps he is.

Everything is very quiet in the little laundry shop. Across its plate glass window is stretched an ivory white Japanese silk curtain upon a brass rod. It looks really aesthetic, especially as the window shines like a diamond, it is so clean, and the walls and shelves of the place are spotless and sweet smelling. When the silken curtain becomes dingy, it is taken down and washed.

The gentle couple do not speak of themselves or their history. They have little to say to their neighbors, though they are civil and polite to all. They have never quarreled even with the people who live upstairs over their heads. Who they are or whence they came few in the neighborhood know. They are well bred and intelligent, and their silence and their appearance and manner tell a story in spite of them, and the story is true.

It is that they began life in a so called higher station, than that which they occupy now, and that they had some money. They lost it and sold down, down by degrees to the bottom of the ladder. The mild little man attempted to get work to support them. In the wild whirl of American city life he was tossed and dashed hither and thither and finally buried upon the shore, out of the swim. He was inefficient, helpless. He lost his grip. Then the second act in this little human comedy suggests itself, and this part of the story is true too.

The wife takes the steering gear into her hands. The husband's voice is mild and atonic. There is a ring of aggressiveness in hers. She is naturally the strong, pushing one. The little man is as good as gold, but he cannot make a living alone. He is too light in weight to shovel sand, he is too weak to force himself into a place for which half a dozen stronger, more capable men are already tussling. Madam decides she will start a laundry and that her husband shall help her with it till something else offers him better employment.

The laundry is started. It is very popular because everything is done so satisfactorily. Linen is called for and

New Woman Cleanings

THE saddest, most tragic of cable messages was flashed upon under the sea across from Europe to American newspapers recently. It was that the magnificent Sarah Bernhardt is so appalled at the thought of growing old that her friends watch her lest she attempt suicide. The thought that she must age, grow inactive physically, become shriveled and hideous looking, no longer able to enjoy the histrionic triumphs beyond compare that have been hers for a generation, never came to her before. Now it has overwhelmed her, and who can blame her? Last year, when she was here in America, she said of herself, "I look young because I am young." And she did look young. Is it possible that now she has suddenly lost her grip and given up to old age? If so, then this great woman will grow old rapidly. A determined keeping young in the mind and active in the body will stave off decay certainly twenty years. Old age! It is the most awful fact of human existence, the one fact to which mankind cannot reconcile itself and never has done so. But must it? Does not this instinctive horror itself show that decrepitude and senility are not absolutely necessary? There is not a seeming evil pertaining to human existence that cannot be remedied. I believe the time is coming when the race will know how to keep their bodies strong and slightly, their mental powers undimmed, so long as they live. Mankind has already solved harder problems than that. Scientists seem today very near the secret of life and its renewal. Does not this hint of a time when they will be able to replace, cell by cell, old bones and muscle with new ones and to infiltrate the arterial arteries of age with the fiery, rich, red blood of youth? I believe it does. Meantime keep young in dress, in expression and in physical activity. Do not be shoved into your grave before you are dead.

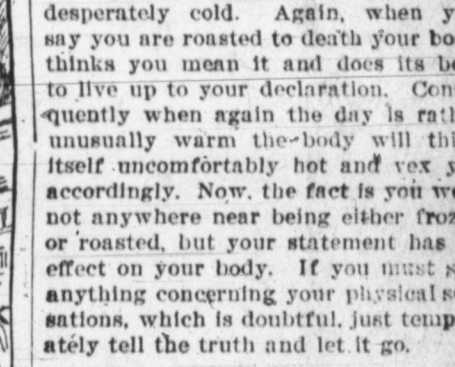
PRESENCE OF MIND.

Teach Your Children This Most Necessary of Qualities.

Why should children be made cowards? And yet, perhaps unconsciously, that is what every mother is doing when she shows fear in her children's presence. How can you expect your children to have presence of mind when you scream at the slightest little accident—when the horse dances in the carriage shafts or perhaps there is a loud crash during a thunderstorm? On the contrary, control your nerves and teach the children to do likewise. Presence of mind is one of the greatest gifts you have in your power to bestow on your child.

Teach the little ones emergency remedies, what to do in case of fire, when they get themselves, etc.

I recall the case of a friend of mine who had carefully drilled her small daughter in what she must do in case she caught fire. While playing around the open grate in the sitting room a spark flew, and in a minute her white pinafore was in flames. The brave baby, mindful of her mother's words, threw herself flat on the rug and rolled frantically over and over. By the time



your body is an animal over which you have or ought to have control. When the weather is a little chilly and you say you are just frozen to death, your body acts automatically and sympathetically on that statement. Next time the temperature is a little chilly your body recalls what you said before and begins to shiver as though it were desperately cold. Again, when you say you are roasted to death your body thinks you mean it and does its best to live up to your declaration. Consequently when again the day is rather unusually warm the body will think itself uncomfortably hot and vex you accordingly. Now, the fact is you were not anywhere near being either frozen or roasted, but your statement has its effect on your body. If you must say anything concerning your physical sensations, which is doubtful, just temperately tell the truth and let it go.

The federated women's clubs of Texas have obtained a legislative appropriation for the establishment of a girls' industrial school. This is more than the women of New York have been able to get.

The surveyor's office at Salt Lake has a woman map draftsman, Miss Mary Wrightman, who receives \$1,200 a year.

The women who manage the benevolent organization known as the Ladies of the Macabees at the World are very capable in business transactions. The society was started ten years ago and since then has disbursed \$2,000,000 in benefits. The headquarters are at Port Huron, Mich. The organization publishes a monthly magazine. Two of its officers, Mrs. Lillian Hollister, supreme commander, and Miss Bina M. West, supreme record keeper and editor of the monthly, receive each a salary of \$4,500.

The Democratic women of Denver have started a political organization called the Jane Jefferson club.

And now the Northern Baptist Theological seminary of Louisville, Ky., admits women students. The efforts of the brave and faithful Kentucky women begin to tell.

James L. Ford says in the Brandur Magazine that there is not a woman in the world who is not afraid of a thunderstorm. Even James L. Ford never was more mistaken. There are women not a few who enjoy nothing in nature more than the play of a magnificent thunderstorm.



"AT TIMES I AM WORRIED TO DEATH," being chosen for its simple elegance, and then turn your eyes back on our own overworked museums of rooms."

"So much for the housekeeping end of it, but what if you have a whole lot of children?" interrupted Mrs. Largefamily.

"Bring them up simply. Dress them sensibly—plain little frocks of good, durable materials, which can be run up by a family seamstress and which don't need tiresome frills or accessories. Give them wholesome food, teach them to enjoy nature, books, simple amusements. When you have rearranged their mode of life, you will find your own much easier. The trouble

CURES THE KIDNEYS

Kidney disease is the enemy we have most to fear as a result of the feverish haste of modern civilization. It is a treacherous enemy working out its deadly effect under cover of such telling symptoms as headache, slight but persistent backache, dizziness, heart-throbbing, weak digestion, constipation, frequent or diminished passage of urine, scalding urine, sediment in urine.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

Is a kidney medicine of the greatest merit. Its action is heating and strengthening, quickly relieves aching or soreness in the back, checks wasting or decay of the kidneys, corrects the flow of urine and through its excellent cleansing and regulating effect in the stomach, liver and bowels it speedily restores the strength and ruddy glow of vigorous health.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
PRICE, \$1.00.

To clean brass and keep it always bright rub it with a solution of oxalic acid, one ounce of acid to one pint of water, and alternate with a solution composed of one-half pound of rotten stone and one ounce of oxalic acid, with as much water as will make it into a stiff paste. Apply the solutions and polish with a piece of leather or an old silk handkerchief. Both solutions should be labeled "Poison."

Attributed To.

"I've sent for you," said the old merchant, "to paint a new sign for us. I've taken my son into partnership."

"Yes, sir," said the sign painter, "but your son gave me the order for the sign several days ago."

"He did?"

"Yes, sir. He told me to make it read, 'Job Lotz, Jr., & Father.'—Philadelphia Record.

Just Like the Real Thing.

"So your amateur dramatic club is a success?"

"Well, in one way it's real professional—everybody in it is fearfully jealous of everybody else."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

It's an easy matter to get into the habit of making trouble half way.

"CHANGES HAS COME TO ALL MY SONS," dear lamb! But he couldn't move hand or foot, and she lays it on to him hot and says:

"You'll smash flowerpots and ferns that don't belong to you for me to pay for ag'in, will you? That's for Mis' Horton's stag's horn fern, that's for her Philippine mornin' glory and that's for her Lillium auratum lancifolium! And with that big word she lams him tremendous, and he squeals and begs for mercy, the dear child! I can't think of it without sheddin' tears. Dr. Preachwell, forgive a mother's feelin's. But he ain't been drunk since!"

"And my Tom's gone, doctor. They said it was alcoholism or some such farned name. He was buried from his mother-in-law's, the poor dear, and she hain't got no discernment, doctor. Everybody knows a woman's crazy that don't put the window blinds down and turn the lookin' glasses face to the wall at a funeral, and she never does neither, she was that mad at Tom. The poor dear never done harm to nobody in his life. He wasn't like Billy. When he was drunk, he was always quiet and gentle as a lamb, the dear thing!" KATE SHARP.

Fashions and Fancies.

White peau de soie, ivory white louisine and silk voile are all fashionable for wedding covers. Lace is

"KATY FLYER" MKT

TO THE COOL SUMMER RESORTS. MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, NEW YORK, OHIO, MINNESOTA, COLORADO. ROUND TRIP TICKETS ON SALE DAILY. — AT RATE OF —

ONE FARE PLUS \$2.00

GOOD FOR RETURN UNTIL OCTOBER 31ST 1902 FOR FULL PARTICULARS WRITE "KATY" DALLAS, TEXAS.

POULTRY

57 PREMIUMS—67 In three shows in 1920, breeders of high class poultry... Single Comb White, Brown, Buff and Black Leghorns, Eggs \$2.00 and \$3.00 for 15, and \$4.00 for 25.

THE BEST—THE BEST BUFF LEGHORNS—Buff Rocks, Eggs for hatching, \$2.00 per 15. No stock for sale.

GOLDEN AND WHITE

Wyandottes, White, Buff and Barred P. Rocks, Brown and Buff Leghorns, Silver Hamburgs, Black Minorcas, Light Brahmas, C. I. Game, White, Black and Buff Langshans, Pekin ducks, M. Bronze and White Hollander turkeys, for sale in large and small quantities.

I HAVE FOR SALE 100 young and old chickens now ready to ship, such as Light and Dark Brahmans, Barred White and Buff Plymouth Rocks, Golden, Silver and White Wyandottes, Single and Rose Combed Minorcas, Leghorns of all breeds, Frisette, White, Buff and Barred P. Rocks, H. of Bantams, also all varieties of Games and Duck and turkey and geese.

BONES FOR POULTRY. Bones are valuable for poultry largely for the phosphate of lime they contain. They contain also a small quantity of animal matter which is useful for food.

Dr. Woolley's Painless Opium and Whiskey Cure. Sent free to all users of morphine, opium, laudanum, heroin, cocaine or whiskey. A large book of pamphlets will give description of sanatorium treatment. Address: R. M. Fryer Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

I Can Sell Your Farm. J. STEPKER SEED CO., LTD., NEW ORLEANS, LA. Southern Seeds are the Best. Everything for Garden, Field and Farm. Ready to deliver, Creole Onion Seed, very scarce, order early.

POULTRY

When oyster shells are used, they should be broken into pieces the size of grains of corn.

When it is found that a certain hen breeds remarkably true, it will be best to keep her for a number of years.

Chickens do not require food for the first twenty-four hours after hatching. One of the best foods that can be fed the first few days is stale bread soaked in milk.

Poultry suffer as much from heat in the summer as they do from cold in the winter; therefore, it is just as necessary to provide a shady spot during the summer months as it is to build warm houses for winter.

Corn is the cheapest of all foods for the formation of fat, but fat is not what is wanted if the best results are expected in egg production. Oats is a better food for the production of eggs.

The poorest sandy soil is the best for fowls. It is true that it will not provide grass, although some kinds of green food will grow on it. On sandy land, diseases, such as gapes, cholera, etc., seldom appear.

Just how much money one can make in the poultry business depends on the person, the locality, the market, the breed and the cost of feed. Careful thought should govern one's choice of the breed selected—climate, environment, market, all are essentially objects of consideration.

the fallacy of such advice, unless one's choice is a variety that is in commercial demand also. For it matters not how fond one may be of a certain color or plumage or type of fowl; unless such a breed is popular and desirable it is not commercially profitable.

Eggs range high among the nutritious foods. More of them should find their way to the farmer's table.

When the fowls are healthy their condition is easily noted by the vigor and activity. Dumpy, inactive fowls are victims of overfeeding or of its result, disease.

The dust bath is the fowl's own peculiar method of freeing itself from insects. Do not fail to provide this feature in some sunny corner of the yard, and have the box filled with dry earth or fine ashes; damp earth is no good for the purpose.

Get the young pullets to roosting in the hen house now. It will be easier to do this now than to break them of the habit of roosting on the farm machinery and in the trees about the place after they once become accustomed to this primitive way of living.

"Do not allow the idea launched by some in the past," says a writer in a poultry journal, "a standard breed fowl is not a useful one, to find lodgment in your mind; no more serious thought was ever scattered abroad. A standard breed fowl must possess shape, vigor, size, brightness of the eye, grace of carriage, symmetry of form. From an angle of vision we fall to see how one can draw a line between standard bred and the so-called utility bred fowls. There is nothing in the fancy points of a fowl that can be objectionable from a utility standpoint.

Under the hen lies to steal her nest away under some building or in the hedge-row, and keeping her eggs there until she has enough for a clutch. The earth is cooler than the nests in the house, and there is also less trouble from lice and mites. There is also the moisture which our incubators furnish as a hot steam, by which rises from the damp earth as a vapor, keeping the eggs just moist enough.

DAIRY The men who make the most money from their cows are the most liberal feeders, and many of them feed bran. If a cow does not look bright and well, give her a teaspoonful of wood charcoal in her bran. Willow wood charcoal is best.

All profit that comes from a dairy cow on a farm is derived from the food over and above that which is necessary to sustain life.

Feeding Hay and Pasturing. Calves will begin to eat hay if it is put before them, about as soon as they will eat grain.

When to Wean—Some difference of opinion exists as to the best time to begin hand feeding. Some prefer to take the calf away from its mother without allowing it to nurse at all. Some let it nurse once, and others allow it to run with the cow three or four days or until the fever is out of the udder and the milk is fit for the dairy.

Importance of Sweet Milk.—In order to make a success of raising the calf on skim milk the condition of the milk must be uniformly sweet. Probably nothing can be done that will produce indigestion and scours with more certainty than to feed sweet milk one day and sour the next.

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Importance of Sweet Milk.—In order to make a success of raising the calf on skim milk the condition of the milk must be uniformly sweet.

POULTRY

In a Glass of Water. Put a handful of glazed coffee in a glass of water, wash off the coating, look at it, smell it, it is fit to drink! Give LION COFFEE the same test. It leaves the water bright and clear, because it's just pure coffee.

VARICOCELE. A safe, painless, permanent cure for varicocele. Twenty-five years' experience. No money accepted until patient is well.

FOX AND WOLF HOUNDS. Of the best English strains in America; 40 years' experience in breeding these fine hounds for my own sport.

The "Weber Junior" Pump. In all complete, ready to run. In fact, it is a complete outfit, including all the parts and tools.

Genuine C. C. Co.'s PATENT EDGE CORRUGATED ROOFING. Makes a perfectly tight joint with one corrugated side lap.

DEAL DIRECT WITH MAKER. CHAS. P. SHIPLEY Boots and Saddles. Are winners. Order catalogue and measure blanks.

Opposite Stock Yards KANSAS CITY, MO. No. 50, Tongue French Calf Boot, price \$12.00.

W. G. HUGHES & CO. Alfalfa, clover, timothy, or any other feed, shipped anywhere. Hastings, Kansas City, Mo.

R. H. LOWERY, CAMP SAN ABA, Texas. Breeder of Registered Andorra Goats. Correspondence solicited.

A. B. BOTHWELL & SON, Inc. THREE hundred extra good Rambouillet Rams for sale at a bargain.

ROUX'S Uterine Powder. Specific Against Retention in After-Birth of Cows. Prepared by L. Roux, Veterinary Surgeon (France).

E. FOUGERA & CO. 26-30 N. William St., New York. Agents for the United States.

ELECTRIC LIGHTED TRAINS. Are operated by the TRISCO SYSTEM. Between TEXAS and the North and East.

Observation cars, under the management of Fred Harvey. Equipment of the latest and best design.

BERKSHIRE

UP-TO-DATE BERKSHIRES. Baron Victor, Champion, Dallas Fair, 1901, at head of herd. Write me, J. C. WELLS, Howe, Texas.

WINOY FARM BERKSHIRES—ON HAND now some fine adults of pigs ready for shipment. Write to make room for youngsters coming on with this lot.

POLAND CHINA. LONE STAR POLAND CHINAS. For sale. States ready for service. Bred sows and pigs in pairs or twos.

RICHARDSON HERD POLAND CHINAS. Herd headed by the Great Day Wilkes 2nd, Jr., 2037, assisted by Texas Chief. Pigs for sale of the most fashionable strains.

DUROC JERSEY. TOM FRAZIER MORGAN BOS'UE. Counts registered. Duroc-Jersey Pig Choice registered; now ready to ship.

It is a good plan to stir the milk for a moment or two after milking. This ailing introduces the oxygen of the air, and the formation of gases is retarded.

GOOD SADDLES. AT REASONABLE PRICES. The Famous Pueblo Saddles.

MADE BY R. T. FRAZIER PUEBLO, COLO. Send for New Catalogue No. 4.

SWINE

The increased production of bacon and hams in Denmark has been phenomenal. In 1873 the production was but 8,120,000 pounds, whereas in 1908 it had increased to 129,700,000 pounds.

In breeding rests first on the view that the way to obtain the best stock is to select the best obtainable animals and breed them and their offspring together over and over again, thus maintaining their excellencies free from the intermixture of any less excellent blood.

In breeding is not required today in any line of animal husbandry. Practical stockmen do not need to concern themselves with it at all. In swine breeding the greatest requirement now is for more rational systems of feeding, particularly in the corn-belt, where a too prodigal use is made of corn.

Being made of inch lumber, it is light and convenient and a sixteen foot trough weighs only about forty or fifty pounds, and forty-eight hogs can all feed at the same time at this kind of a trough.

A GERM BREEDER.—The more closely swine diseases of the ordinary character are investigated the more clearly it appears that they result almost exclusively from improper feeding and care.

At one of the northern experiment stations Poland-China sows have been bred to a scrub or "Razorback" boar captured in the Indian Territory, and the resulting pigs are said to be better market hogs than any purebreds ever raised at that station.

The swill barrel is located to tempt deposits of everything that no other use can be made of, regardless of its character as food of health or nutrition. So into it goes meat scraps, partially decayed fruits, vegetables, cooked and uncooked, all the table scraps, greasy, sour and sweet com-

SWINE

Swine breeders will do well never to breed hogs akin and to avoid inbreeding in any form. Whenever a boar cannot be used without mating him with sows related to him he should be sold and another boar purchased.

A HOG TROUGH.—A good "recipe" for the construction of a hog trough is offered by G. H. Moore of Kansas City, who writes as follows:

"Take a board one inch thick, eighteen or twenty inches wide, bevel the edges at an angle of fifty degrees, and six inches wide, allowing one inch to project below lower edge of board that forms bottom of trough. Place a board twelve inches wide in center, raising the board two inches from bottom and every eight inches put in a partition, nailing secure to board in center and side pieces of the trough. This makes a trough the hogs cannot get into and every hog must eat in his own department. On the top or board in center you can build a hopper where shelled corn can be put, leaving the space below large enough for the corn to pass through to the trough below. If a cover is placed on this hopper it will keep out all kinds of stock from eating the feed in the hopper, also storm and dirt.

"This trough has many advantages over any others I have seen or known, and I will mention a few of them. Being made of inch lumber, it is light and convenient and a sixteen foot trough weighs only about forty or fifty pounds, and forty-eight hogs can all feed at the same time at this kind of a trough.

"The swill barrel is located to tempt deposits of everything that no other use can be made of, regardless of its character as food of health or nutrition. So into it goes meat scraps, partially decayed fruits, vegetables, cooked and uncooked, all the table scraps, greasy, sour and sweet com-

Guinea fowls large number of eggs, which, though small, are of good flavor and nutritious. Their flesh is dark and gamey, but not strong.

SHEEP---GOATS

The bulk of the wool clip of the United States for 1902 has now passed out of the hands of the growers and is in the control of the eastern trade, says the Sheep and Wool Market.

The pigs may eat it, for the hungry pig is not fastidious, and he is not well enough up in hygienic lore to know that the stuff is unhealthy.

F. D. Coburn, secretary of the Kansas state board of agriculture, is an enthusiast on the subject of alfalfa, and rightly so, for alfalfa has done much for his state.

"Alfalfa hay is especially valuable for brood sows and young pigs. Corn contains too much fat, producing not enough blood, bone and muscle-wood material for these classes.

The importance of breed or variety in sheep is frequently recognized, and not only by the breeder for mutton or wool, but by those who are on account of soil and climatic conditions, compelled, whether or not they prefer their varieties, to keep a specific type.

One of the principal advantages in using the separator on the farm is that sweet skim milk can be fed to a so much better advantage.

Guinea fowls large number of eggs, which, though small, are of good flavor and nutritious. Their flesh is dark and gamey, but not strong.

SHEEP---GOATS

KEEP THEM SEPARATE.—The ram should not be allowed to run with a flock of ewes. He should be trained to be handled so that they will be quiet. It is better to keep him by himself where you can give him extra feed and care.

To maintain him in a thrifty and vigorous condition implies wholesome food and exercise. During the winter the object should be to maintain the weight if the ram is mature, and if a shearing or young ram to make condition improve as he grows older.

During the summer he should be kept on pasture, as the results in breeding will be much better than if housed. The breeding season is a severe strain on the vitality of the ram, which has to be met by liberal feeding of grain and other foods in as great variety as possible.

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CARRIE AT THE FAIR.

MRS. CARRIE NATION, THE KANSAS SALOON SMASHER, LECTURES TO A BIG AUDIENCE.

There was a big attendance at the state fair last Wednesday, and Mrs. Carrie A. Nation, the Kansas "saloon smasher," who formerly lived in Texas, but now, hailed from Medicine Lodge, a place rendered famous, also, by having once been the residence of "stockless Jerry" Simpson, was easily the "feature" of the day.

Thousands of people went to the grounds just to get a look at Mrs. Nation. They made inquiries about her before she arrived at the grounds, and followed her about in droves like small boys follow a circus after she had passed through the turnstile where big exhibitors and newspaper men go.

Upon reaching the grounds Mrs. Nation went directly to General Manager Smith's office, where she chatted pleasantly with Captain Smith and President Gaston for a few minutes.

She was shown the various animals, exhibits in exposition hall, the needle work, fancy sewing, pictures, etc., in the ladies' department and other things.

\$500 REWARD

Will be paid for any case of syphilis, gleet, stricture, lost manhood, nervous debility, seminal losses, weak, shriveled, undeveloped organs which I fail to cure. This offer is backed by \$25,000 worth of real estate owned by me in Houston, Texas. Consultation and advice free and confidential. Send for symptom blank. Address: DR. F. A. HOLLAND, 1019 Congress St., Houston, Tex.

E. G. SENTER,

LAWYER

341 Main Street, DALLAS.

RUPTURE OF PILES QUICKLY, SAFELY CURED AND PERMANENTLY WITHOUT THE KNIFE. Piles, Fistulas, Ulcerations and Hemorrhoids. No Cure No Pay. Consultation and advice free and confidential. Send for symptom blank. Address: DR. F. A. HOLLAND, 1019 Congress St., Houston, Tex.

SEEDS FOR FALL PLANTING.

Turkey Seed, Garden Seed, Bayley, Rye, Wheat, Virginia and Kentucky Winesap, Puff Oats. These seeds make fine winter pasture and 100 bushels seed to the acre. Headquarters for Alfalfa.

THE HOLLOWAY SEED & GRAIN CO., DALLAS, TEXAS.

A REGULAR \$15 GUN FOR \$9 85

985

Fine laminated steel barrels, bar rebounding steel pistol grip, CHOKE BORED for close, hard shooting, low hammer, extension rib, original walnut stock, 12 or 16 gauge, 30 or 32 ft. barrels. Sent on receipt of wholesale price, \$9.85, or send \$1.00 and we will send by express. O. D. for balance and all necessary tools to examine and fit not exactly as represented return and we will refund the \$1.00. Shell loading set, complete with cleaning rod and all necessary tools for loading, 20 cents. Send 20 stamp for Gun Catalogue. BERNER & BOND, 318 W. Market St., Dallas, Tex.

Dining Cars

ON IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE

Meals served a la carte on trains from Texas to Memphis, St. Louis and intermediate points.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS ON DINING AND SLEEPING CARS.

THE ONLY LINE FROM TEXAS TO THE NORTH and EAST WITH DINING CAR SERVICE.

J. C. LEWIS, TRAVELING PASSENGER AGENT, AUSTIN, TEX.

H. C. TOWNSEND, GEN'L. PASS'G AND TICKET AGENT, ST. LOUIS.

one that she wanted to see. "This fancy needle work don't suit me," observed Mrs. Nation. "Women spend a whole lot of valuable time on it and it doesn't amount to anything after it is finished."

On her tour of inspection Mrs. Nation met several gentlemen whom she knew in Texas years ago. One or two of them were traveling men who used to stop at Mrs. Nation's hotel in Richmond, Fort Bend county. "God bless you, and may you vote the prohibition ticket," said Mrs. Nation, as she grasped their hands. One traveling man promised that he would, and she seemed particularly pleased at the idea that she had made a convert.

After Mrs. Nation had looked at many exhibits she asked to be taken to a place where spirituous, vinous and malt liquors are sold. Such a spot was located near the music hall and she rapidly walked up to the four-sided bar. An immense throng scented "fun," as they called it, followed her and crowded around the place. "What do you sell here?" asked Mrs. Nation of one of the dispensers of drinks. "What do you want?" countered the man behind the bar.

"Give me a glass out of that keg," said Mrs. Nation, pointing to a cask that bore the Dallas Brewer's trademark. The bar man promptly complied with the request while all the crowd looked on, smiled and wondered what was coming next. She smelled the flaming lager, turned up her nose and remarked: "That smells like something rotten. What do you sell it for? Don't you know it poisons people who drink it? Young man, don't you know you are going to hell?"

"Can't I take a chance?" politely inquired the bartender. "You're not taking chance, young man, for you are going straight to the devil unless you change your ways." Still, you are no worse than the people who buy it and the people who vote to give you license to sell it."

Everybody says Mrs. Nation seemed to be uncomfortable, when her attention was called to two men who rapped on the bar and ordered "whiskey straight." Mrs. Nation asked them what they wanted, with the "rotten stuff." They recognized her, and both shook hands with her. One proved to be from Richmond, and Mrs. Nation begged him to throw his whiskey away. He refused to do it, and she grasped the glass and dashed its contents to the ground. The crowd yelled and Mrs. Nation hurried away to music hall to begin her lecture.

She spoke about forty-five minutes to a crowd that packed the big building. Many ladies were present, and many of them applauded the Kansas woman's vigorous sentences. She told "Why I am a Smasher," and delivered one of her usual prohibition lectures.

National Live Stock Commission Co.

DALLAS UNION STOCK YARDS, DALLAS.
A. C. THOMAS, Manager and Salesman.

FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS, FORT WORTH.
JAMES D. FARMER, Vice-Pres. and Salesman.

We are prepared to give you first-class service on either market. Write, wire or telephone us. No trouble to answer questions. Market reports free on application. Correspondence solicited. See our market report in Journal.

500,000 ACRES IN MEXICO

Located in the State of Coahuila, west of Monclova, within 60 miles of railroad. Splendid grass country. 5000 feet above sea level. No ticks. Healthiest climate in the world and a fine tract for a large cattle ranch.

For particulars, price, etc. address
FRANK B. JAMES, Monclova, Coahuila, Mexico.

original idea is that many of the members have taken the names of girls and boys in the country, and each month send them a new magazine by mail. In some cases a correspondence has been established which no doubt is both a pleasure and benefit. It may be plainly seen that the plan as carried out is simply a waste in our homes. A benefit only easily bestowed, and gratefully received, and it is to be hoped that in time, every city in the state of Texas will have similar organizations. For this work, any energetic and willing woman has the means at hand, and it is with the hope of awakening such women to their own possibilities for helping others that this resume of the work in Fort Worth has been written.

MRS. R. M. WYNNE, Fort Worth, Tex.

FACTS WORTH READING.

Victoria got 40,000 pounds of Tonic Stock Salt last week. The stock men in that section have been using it for the past year and have profited much thereby. There are many sections of Texas, however, where stockmen have done the same and with the same results. If you have not used it, the same good results are in store for you. Look out for Blackleg, don't wait until it has attacked your young cattle, feed them Tonic Stock Salt, and they won't have it, or any of the other diseases that stock are subject to. By using this product, you will be improving your herd in many other ways at the same time. With perfect digestion, the food they eat will be assimilated, and none wasted, keeps the hide in a healthy condition, hair sleek and glossy, you will be fattening your young animals with bone-making material and salting them at the same time, thus insuring the most rapid development. The ticks and lice will feed healthy animals with pure blood, unhealty for them and move out. There is profit in it, use it, because it does the work as we state. Ask your friends who have used it. Specially packed for range animals and feeders in 100 pound bags, Inland Mfg. Co., San Antonio, Texas.

FRANK B. WHITE CO.

It is announced that a change has been made in this company by which Mr. Frank B. White, the former president and founder retires.

The Frank B. White Company was organized in 1894, and all of the men at that time associated with Mr. White in the organization of the company still remain in the directorate of the Frank B. White Company. The efficiency and thoroughness of the Frank B. White Company in this change is retained. It is thorough in its organization, systematized and personably rich in its good reputation for prompt and intelligent work. The outlook for increased business for the coming season is said to be better than ever before.

Mr. Frank B. White is a man of wide experience, strong personality and is perhaps more widely known among agricultural advertisers than any man in the United States. It is stated he will devote his time for the present to promoting, systematizing and organizing class advertising for a few firms.

W. H. Wray, of Wray Bros. Music Company, Dallas, said to a reporter for the Journal a few days ago:

"I have just returned from a business trip through the Southern States. I found things in very good shape and business good. In our line there is more activity than a year ago and collections are much better. Dallas is a great distributing point for musical instruments, and I look for a splendid trade during the fall and winter."

Mr. J. T. Hayes, manager Texas Challenge Windmill company, Dallas, says they did a very satisfactory business at the fair this year.

"Our business was very satisfactory. We had at our display an Alamo Gasoline engine which, together with our salesmen, made enough noise to get and hold a tolerable good crowd during the entire time. We sold several pumps and a great deal of other stuff. The engine we had in operation was sold to Rohde & Paetel of Dallas. We have recently installed, and completed two large contracts for water works plants, one at Gorman, Texas, the other at Moody. In fact, for pumping purposes the Alamo is very hard to beat."

A DAY ON A PARLOR CAFE CAR FOR 25 CENTS.

You can ride all day on a Cotton Belt Parlor Cafe Car for only fifty cents extra. Have your meals at any hour you want them, order anything you want from a porterhouse steak or a spring chicken down to a sandwich, like as long as you please to eat it, and you will only have to pay for what you order.

SANGER BROS.

New Building soon to be formally opened Model in Construction, Arrangement, Ventilation and Safety.

Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas, are perhaps more widely known than any mercantile house in the Southwest. They have just completed an addition to their already large establishment in a building of dignity and excellence in harmony with the business world to be conducted within its walls. It is one of the most modern and complete of progressive Southern representative of progressive twentieth century retail merchandising.

The new building is essentially a modern skeleton structure of steel. Powhatan brick and terra cotta trimmings. It is the only building in the state where every story is self-supporting, all the bricks on front being supported on the beams and columns. The two entrances are divided by a handsome iron column with S. B. in monogram.

Two hundred and fifty tons of steel were used in construction. This is all covered with fireproof brick, even up to the elevator tower and water tank. Foundations under all columns rest on two layers of steel beams, crossed like a grille to prevent the settling of any portion of the vast structure. These steel beams are 12 inches thick and 14 feet long, embedded in concrete.

Its seven floors represent 25,000 square feet and would hold 17,000 people. The staircases are all of iron with slate treads. Show windows are constructed of steel and brick. Floors are made of 12-inch fire tile, with a 4-inch cinder concrete fireproofing, and the white maple 1 1/2 inches thick.

The basement, which extends to curb line of street, is illuminated by pendant prism glasses embedded in the sidewalk.

The entire front is of plate glass. The rear, side and skylights have sashes of wrought iron, glazed with wire glass, which close automatically in case of fire.

The entire height, from foundation to top of cornice, is 120 feet, surmounted by a steel flagpole that rises forty feet above the highest portion of the roof.

The first, second and third floors have mezzanine galleries.

In the basement will be located the Cut Glass, Silverware, China and Confectionery departments; also a handsome Soda Water Fountain.

The first floor will be given up to Men's Haberdashery, Ladies' and Men's Shoes. First balcony, reached by elevators, will contain Misses' and Children's Shoes.

The second floor, 50x125 feet, will be the handsome new saloon of the Ladies' ready-to-wear section—Suits, Cloaks, Waists, etc.

The third floor—Millinery, Muslin Underwear, Corsets and Infants' Wear.

The fourth floor—Dressmaking Parlors, Public Reading and Reception Rooms, Ladies' Rest Room and Toilet.

The fifth floor—Exclusively for Carpets and Rugs.

The sixth floor—Reserve Stock Room and Carpet Work Room.

These seven floors are reached by two Otis electric elevators of the full magnetic control-type, traveling 300 feet per minute, with three patent devices. These are regarded as absolutely safe. They will each easily accommodate twenty people. The handsome cars are constructed of heart oak and ornamented iron in the Bauer Barff finish.

To make ingress and egress rapidly the doors automatically open two-thirds of the entire width of the car. The very pretty bronze and iron enclosures are in entire harmony. One Otis freight elevator, slightly higher, will be used exclusively for handling the reserve stocks of the Retail Department. The elevator hatchways have skylights and ventilators. To equip and run the elevators the cost is equal to the cost of an ordinary business house.

A twenty-five station Lamson improved cash carrier system, with central station in the basement, is another new feature. The tubes are of brazen brass, highly polished, operated by a ten-horse electric motor.

The electric lighting is supplied from a system of conduits, each wire being incased in an iron armored conduit. There are fifty-six arc lights, eight to each floor. The switches for all floors are incased in fire-proof slate-lined cabinets. Around columns are combination chandeliers for electric light and Welsbach gas illumination.

The steam heating plant is of the latest improved pattern, operated by exhaust in connection with the Paul system of steam circulation.

There are handsome drinking fountains on every floor. Ice water circulates from the basement, directed by a Worthington pump.

The ladies' toilet room is finished in mahogany, pretty encaustic from the basement, directed by the Worthington circulating pump.

The ladies' toilet room is finished in mahogany, pretty encaustic tile floors, white marble walls and partitions, nickel-plated trimmings and strictly sanitary plumbing throughout.

The precautions against fire include the General Fire Extinguisher company's wet pipe system with improved Grinnell sprinkler heads to the number of 500. Water is supplied by a 12,000 gallon gravity tank and a 5000 gallon pressure tank, both situated on the roof of the building. These little heads are made of fusible metal, that melts at 180 degrees Fahrenheit. That releases the water by high pressure from pressure tank, followed by 12,000 gallons from gravity tank, and when both are exhausted, the city water is automatically turned into the pipes. An electric gong also automatically gives warning of a fire.

Between the old and the new buildings Kenner patent roller shutters drop automatically whenever fire starts. The power behind all these modern

APPLIANCES ARE AN INCORPORATED

air compressor, two immense Helme safety boilers, two Harris safety boilers, two Ball engines with direct connections to general electric dynamos, with sufficient capacity to illuminate any ordinary Texas city.

REPORT ON COTTON.

Mr. Harry D. Farney of Dallas has been appointed a local special agent of the census office to collect cotton ginning statistics for this county, and we join the government in urging the ginner to give Mr. Farney their hearty support and co-operation, thus enabling him to make prompt and accurate returns. We would impress upon the ginner the fact that this agent is the sworn officer of the government, and that their reports are forwarded as given him directly to the census office at Washington without passing through the hands of any middlemen. The information given is held as strictly confidential, and the operations of individual ginners are not divulged. Upon the joint co-operation of the cotton growers, ginners and local agents must depend the success of the census office in this inquiry and its ability to render this great service to the southern people and to all interested in the cotton staple.

The census office has demonstrated in three annual reports that fact that the ginners are the only reliable source of information as to the volume of the annual cotton crop. This is very complimentary to the ginners, who, no doubt, will feel a pride in sustaining the reputation earned.

In recognition of this interest shown by the ginners, and of a general demand for more frequent reports through this source, the office is in the act of creating a permanent census office, provided for the collection and publication of these statistics at intervals during the ginning season. For the crop of 1902 the office will issue three reports. The first two will cover the quantity of cotton ginned up to and including October 15 and December 15, respectively, and the final report will cover the total quantity ginned from the growth of 1902.

Realizing that the collection of the data for these reports is made at a season when the ginners' time is greatly taxed, and appreciating the necessity for prompt returns, the census office has located, in each county containing ten or more ginners, an agent, who will visit each ginney in the county and secure a report of the quantity of cotton ginned up to certain dates. In undertaking the frequent and hurried reports now sought, it is of vital importance that the returns be made with absolute uniformity, and that all be received at Washington at once. The result could not be expected from individual requests made by mail of 30,000 ginners, at a time when they are engrossed in their ginning work. Furthermore, the census office must be kept advised of all changes in the management and operation of these establishments, and secured returns from all new and revived plants. To accomplish such results, it becomes necessary for the office to have local representatives who shall be charged with the duty of keeping in close touch with the ginning industry in each county, and of promptly reporting the quantity of cotton ginned.

The statistics for the October report will be collected during the week beginning with Monday, October 20, and ginners should keep such records as will enable them to furnish promptly the required information. These returns will be tabulated and the result published within one week from their receipt at Washington.

Cotton statistics collected through the commercial system, however accurately compiled, fall short of the demand of both producer and manufacturer—first, in that as they cover the quantity of cotton marketed between September 1 of one year and August 31 of the following year, they are not statistics of a crop grown in any one year; and second, in the liability to error involved in statistics so compiled. Nothing short of official reports, made sufficiently early to form a basis of prices, will entirely satisfy the cotton grower or manufacturer. It is gratifying to know that the South has the assistance and co-operation of the government in bringing about the result they desire—an undertaking the success of which now depends upon the cotton growers and ginners themselves.

Priekly Ash Bitters cures disease of the kidneys, cleanses and strengthens the liver, stomach and bowels.

There has recently been organized in Dallas a company known as the Word H. Mills Company, which will manufacture and sell toilet goods, perfumes, etc. The organization is based on the co-operative plan, with the following officers in charge: N. W. Dugham, president; Ward H. Mills, secretary and J. C. Wakefield, treasurer. Their offices are at 349 Main street. Among other things they manufacture a cream soap, put up in jars, said to be one of the best preventives for chapped hands and skin diseases ever put on the market.

The Kokomo Fence company of Kokomo, Ind., had an exhibit of plain and ornamental fencing in charge of their state agent, Mr. R. P. Smith. They had a special graduated mesh hog-fence on exhibition that was especially attractive to farmers. It is 27 inches high, made with three 3-inch spaces and four 4-inch spaces. It is made with three 3-inch spaces and four 4-inch spaces. It is made with three 3-inch spaces and four 4-inch spaces.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

I AM getting in another car of Hynes Ranch buggies, phonos and Surries. Will sell them at factory prices. Call and see me. GEO. L. MARLOW, corner Fourth and Rusk streets, Fort Worth, Tex.

Mr. Geo. A. Shawhan, president of the Shawhan Distillery Company, belongs to the fourth generation of a famous family of distillers. His great-grandfather, Daniel Shawhan, having settled in Bourbon County, Ky., shortly after the revolutionary war, set up and operated there the first distillery in that state, and was the first to give to his product the name of "Bourbon" whiskey. The formula, skill and care used in making Shawhan whiskey in those early times are still used today.

It may be of interest to our readers to know that Mr. Shawhan was one of John Morgan's men in the civil war. Physically, he is of herculean type, well proportioned, weighing 275 pounds and standing 6 feet 4 inches. In one of Morgan's raids Mr. Shawhan rode and slept in his saddle for 18 consecutive days. He is still strong and active. He took the first prize at the Chicago World's Fair for the best butter-produce from the herd of Jersey cattle. His son, Leo, was the famous football player at the Missouri State University. No one who ever looked at the honest face of John Shawhan could doubt for a moment that he makes honest whiskey.

To make a long story short and to give Shawhan Whiskey a wide introduction where its merits will be appreciated, we make the following offer:

SEND US \$3.20 and we will prepay express and send you in plain box, 4 full quarts of 10-year-old SHAWHAN WHISKEY.

A pure, unadulterated, old-fashioned, honest whiskey, made out of the best grain, with pure, soft, cold spring water from the famous 100-day Springs in Platte county, Mo. Aged in a bonded warehouse, STRAIGHT GOODS—STRAIGHT FROM AN ACTUAL DISTILLERY TO YOU. No marks on box to indicate contents. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Write us and let us send you a beautiful calendar for 1909 and an illustrated book on Shawhan Whiskey.

THE SHAWHAN DISTILLERY CO., 510-11 Baird Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.
The Central Distillery of America, Distillery and Warehouse, Weston, Mo. References: Any Bank, Express Company or Business House in Kansas City or Weston, Mo. Agents wanted everywhere.

DO YOU WANT \$20.00 PER WEEK SALARY? Many of our graduates are receiving this salary. Do you? If so, send at once for our illustrated catalogue "T" containing full information in regard to course, etc.

SPALDING'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, Kansas City, Mo.

CATTLE FOR SALE

Stock cattle principally; forty head of steers go with the bunch, about two hundred head all told and must sell all together; pasture privileges until spring without charge. Write to-day if you want the bunch.

CAL. E. KERR,
CORNICANA, TEXAS

Cured in 5 Days TO STAY CURED

VARICOCELE HYDROCELE NO CUTTING OR PAIN

I want every man afflicted with Varicocele, Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Impotent, Debility, Hydrocele

Or allied trouble to come to my office, where I will explain to him my method of curing these diseases. I invite in particular all men who have become disheartened with treatment elsewhere. I will demonstrate to you entire satisfaction why I can cure you permanently. My consultation is free and my charge for a perfect cure will be reasonable and not more than you will be willing to pay.

Certainty of Cure.

Persons coming to Dallas for medical treatment are respectfully requested to interview the doctor and leading business firms in reference to the best and most reliable specialist in the city.

DR. J. H. TERRILL,
285 Main St., DALLAS, TEXAS

ARMOUR AND SWIFT

will open Nov. 15th, 1902.

Remember OUR SERVICE THE BEST.

TONIC STOCK SALT,
SUREST, SAFEST AND BEST.

START RIGHT—Send us your first shipment.

We will help YOU KEEP RIGHT.

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CONTAINS NO INTRINSIC CHEMICALS. PURIFIES THE BLOOD, REGULATES THE BOWELS AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS. EXPELLS WORMS AND GRUBS. KEEPS CATTLE FREE FROM TICKS. IT PRODUCES BONE, MUSCLE AND FLESH, AND INSURES PERFECT DIGESTION.

FOR HORSES, CATTLE AND SHEEP.

THE INLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

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FOR HORSES, CATTLE AND SHEEP.

THE INLAND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

PACKED IN 10, 50, 100 AND 500 LB. BAGS. IT HAS MERIT AND DOES THE BUSINESS. INDISPENSABLE TO CALVES AND GROWING CATTLE. FOR RANGE RITES AND FEEDERS IT HAS NO EQUAL. MAKES A PERFECTLY HEALTHY ANIMAL. YOUR DEALER MAN DLES IT. ASK FOR IT.