



VOL. 14.

FORT WORTH, FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1893.

NO. 3.

Campbell Commission Co.,

(Successors to THE JAMES H. CAMPBELL CO.,)

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill.; National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill.; Kansas City Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo.; Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, Neb.

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Live stock express trains run daily over the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe from all points on their lines and from connecting lines in Texas and the Indian territory, via Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and St. Louis and San Francisco railways to the livestock markets of the Chicago, Kansas City and St. Louis, making the early morning markets in each city. Our stock pens are the most improved and furnished with all conveniences for the comfort and good condition of stock entrusted to our care. We are equipped with the most

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Assertion, unsupported by fact, is nugatory. Surmise and general abuse, in however elegant language, ought not to pass for truth.—[Junius.

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TEXAS LIVE STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL.

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No. 3.

TEXAS Live Stock and Farm Journal.

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—BY—
The Stock Journal Publishing Co.

D. C. MORGAN..... President
JOSEPH L. LOVING..... Secretary
H. L. OLDHAM..... Treasurer
GEO. B. LOVING, Editor and Man'g'r

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Correspondence on live stock and agricultural
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IN corresponding with any of the
JOURNAL advertisers, mention of
where you saw the ad might result fa-
vorably to all parties.

If some of our friends in the East
would send a few "ads" in lieu of cata-
logues, there is no doubt but what
more good to all parties would be the
result.

LOOK over our advertising columns
and see if you don't find what you want,
then write the advertiser and tell him
where you saw it; this is the sure way
to get the best.

LAST week a thorough synopsis of the
cattle sanitary commission act was
made for the JOURNAL, but was unfor-
tunately crowded out. It will appear
in our columns this week.

SEND the JOURNAL short letters
from your several localities on the sub-
ject of live stock farming, gardening,
dairying; in fact, anything connected
with the various industries of the coun-
try. In this way you will materially
aid us in distributing information from
all sections. Don't say that you "can't
write for the papers;" this is writing
for the people, so send them along and
they will be prepared for the press and
sent out to the people.

THE annual catalogue and announce-
ments for 1892-3 of the University of
Pennsylvania has been forwarded to
this office. In 1749 Dr. Franklin pub-

lished a pamphlet called: "Proposals
Relative to the Education of Youth in
Pennsylvania," which led to the or-
ganization of an association by the
citizens of Philadelphia for the pur-
pose of founding a school on the lines
suggested by this pamphlet, and in 1751
an academy consisting of an English, a
mathematical and a Latin school was
formally opened under a master. This
was the ground work of the great uni-
versity, started 143 years ago.

Bankers Congress.

This office is in receipt of a very nice
letter dated Chicago, April 1, and
signed Lyman J. Cage, chairman, giv-
ing notice of the importance and pro-
priety of holding a bankers and finan-
ciers congress at the World's fair,
commencing on June 19, to which all
bankers and financiers of the world are
"cordially invited."

A strict construction of this last
clause settles the question, that no re-
sponse is necessary from any member
of the JOURNAL staff. If, however,
fickle fortune should flip us into the
ranks of the fraternity, ere the ides of
June are passed, notice of acceptance
will be immediately forwarded.

Liberty Bell.

The old Liberty bell went on dress
parade the other day, from Philadel-
phia to the World's fair at Jackson
Park, Chicago. It carried with it a
bodyguard, including the mayor of
Philadelphia and other notables. The
ovation along the route was fully up to
the Columbian schedule, and was not
second to any yet offered, not except-
ing the President or Spanish duke.

This antiquated rattler is cracked
from bottom to top and carries with it
an intrinsic value of about a dollar and
a half as old junk, yet as a relic, a na-
tional heirloom, there clusters around
it more genuine devotion, more pure
unadulterated United States senti-
mentality than any other material ob-
ject on the face of the earth.

Cattle Production.

Texas is at the head of the cattle
producing states, having about 7,300,-
000; next comes Iowa, with nearly
4,000,000. The five next range from
2,600,000 to 2,000,000. Eight states and
one territory range from 1,700,000 to
about 1,000,000. Fourteen states and
one territory have less than a million
each, while thirteen states and one
territory have less than 500,000 each
Rhode Island and Delaware have each
less than 100,000.

The least percentage from loss from
winter exposure was in New Jersey,
being about 1 per cent, while Louisiana
shows the greatest, 5.3, the average
being about 3.4. The general condition
as to health is good, the most prevalent
diseases being murrain distemper and
"hollow horn."

Hats.

The Kansas City merchants appear
to be wide awake to the situation; they
are laying for the boys. Here is a part
of an ad taken from the Daily Drivers'
Telegram, April 27:

One carload Ladies' Trimmed Hats

for cattlemen's wives. Beauties \$5
to \$8.

Through kindness to the advertiser,
the point at which these may be found
is suppressed for the present, for two
reasons. First, a single carload of
"Ladies' Trimmed Hats," trimmed
after the modern fashion—after the
boys get everything "checked" in and
start to recreate in the millinery de-
partment—wouldn't last them an hour;
make it a trainload. Secondly, for the
reason that when recreating as above
referred to, they always order the
"trimmings" to suit their own "taste."

The Cisco Cyclone.

On the night of the 28th of April a
most terrific storm burst came upon
the little city of Cisco, in Texas, al-
most annihilating it. A few minutes
time was all that was required by this
fell destroyer to transform a bright,
business little city into a scene of
chaotic death, destruction and desola-
tion. As a matter of course the sur-
rounding country couldn't escape, and
the track of destruction lies well mark-
ed an either side to the east and west
of the town.

The result of this terrible catastro-
phe on human life furnishes a column
of dead and wounded that makes the
heart sick to contemplate. Just think
of thousands of people in one small
community joyous and happy at the go-
ing down of the sun to be visited dur-
ing the night by a calamity so disas-
trous that the light of coming day re-
vealed a scene of horror in which noth-
ing was left them but their dead and
dying. The besom of devastation had
swept from the face of the earth ap-
parently the accumulated earnings of
many years of sacrifice and toil. All
this could be borne, but, alas! where
are the dear father or mother, the dear
sister and brother, the greatly loved
son or daughter, these that are dearer
than life, are to be searched for in the
ruins—the charnel house of the dead
and dying. This fearful visitation has
called forth the united sympathy of the
whole people and contributions of
money and such other supplies as are
needed are being sent forward from
every section of the state. All is be-
ing done that possibly can be for the
relief of this sorely afflicted community.

The legislature, now in session, will
certainly do its part

Live Stock Commission.

The legislature has passed and the
governor has signed house bill No. 112.
This bill provides for the appointment
of three commissioners for live stock
sanitary purposes. These are to be
practical live stock raisers to hold of-
fice for the term of two years, and to
be paid \$5 per day while actually en-
gaged at work. One of these is to be
taken from the Southern portion of the
state, one from the East and one from
the West, each of whom must be a
stock raiser in that portion of the state
from which he is appointed.

The commission is authorized to es-
tablish such quarantine lines as they
may think proper to keep out infectious
diseases in the state, co-operating with

the sanitary commission of other states
and the agricultural bureau of the
United States.

This commission is to investigate all
cases reported to them of contagious
or infectious diseases among domestic
animals in Texas by inspection imme-
diately, and take all necessary steps to
prevent the spread of the disease if
found to exist; to this end they are au-
thorized to employ a competent veteri-
narian, allowing him \$10 per day
while engaged, this service not to go
beyond the sum of \$900 per annum.

All railroad cars are to be cleansed and
disinfected upon which livestock is
to be transported in and through the
state at such times and places as the
commission may designate, under a
penalty of \$500 for refusal.

All owners and keepers are requested
to report all cases of diseases of the
kind referred to that may be found in
their herds, whether certain or sus-
pected, to the commission, also the
sheriff and clerk of their respective
counties.

Any person bringing into Texas
knowingly any infected cattle, or cattle
from any infected district, will be
guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to
a fine of from \$500 to \$5000.

It will be a misdemeanor to refuse to
admit the commission to examine in-
fected stock, subject to a fine of from
\$100 to \$500.

To dispose of, or let run at large, any
infected stock will be a misdemeanor,
subject to fine of from \$100 to \$500.

These restraints are withdrawn
whenever the owner gets a health bill
for the animals from the commission.

The commission will be allowed trav-
eling expenses in addition to their per
diem, and are authorized and empow-
ered to call on sheriffs and constables
to execute all orders, with an allowance
of \$500 per annum for their pay, at the
rate of \$2.50 per day for horse and man.

Except, as otherwise provided, any
violation, attempt to violate, disregard
or evade any provision of the act, any
quarantine rules or directions of the
commission or attempt to do so is de-
clared a misdemeanor, subject to a fine
of from \$100 to \$500.

Twenty thousand dollars is appro-
priated to carrying the act into effect.
The commission erds and the liability
of the state ceases with the exhaustion
of the appropriation.

Any quarantine line fixed by the
commission against Texas fever
shall conform to the Federal quaran-
tine line, provided that the movement
or shipment of live stock within the
state from November 1 to May 15 each
year shall not be restricted by such
lines, and the quarantine line, now
established by Federal authority, shall
not be changed before December 1
next.

Two of the commissioners must agree
as to the location of any quarantine
line before it can be established.

This is cumulative to all other laws for
the protection of live stock and does
not affect them.

Subscribe for the JOURNAL.

CATTLE.

Yearling steers are selling for \$1 per head more to-day than they were twelve months ago.

Report says that large herds of cattle started on the trail from Brewster county have had to retrace their steps on account of scarcity of water and grass between Pecos and Midland.

The perspective settlers of the Cherokee Strip appear to be uneasy about the bringing in of Spanish fever with the thousands of cattle that are being unloaded there. They fear that it will spread among the native cattle.

When Texas grass cattle sell up to \$4.15, as they did in Chicago this week, owners have cause for rejoicing.

In the opinion of Colman's Rural World, which has the conservatism of age, the signs point to an increase in the price of cattle, and it is predicted that the advance will be continuous.

Chicago Drivers' Journal: Mr. John Wall was to-day notified of his appointment as live stock agent at the stock yards, to succeed John McDonal of Joliet. The appointment was made at the meeting of the live stock commissioners held at the Palmer house yesterday. Mr. Wall will assume the duties of his office May 1.

South Dakota ranchers will ship in a far greater number of cattle this year than they did last, both Southwest range cattle and dogies from the states. It is estimated that over 200,000 head were brought in last year and about 125,000 marketed.—Sioux Journal.

One Texas cattleman is going to ship 35,000 head of young steers into Wyoming and Montana for summer feeding. The Union Pacific had all of this class of business in 1892, but this year it will be given to the Santa Fe and the Burlington. The haul is longer but better rates have been secured. The cattle will be unloaded at Sheridan, Wyo.—Ex.

Beef steers on the western ranges are coming out of the winter in such fine flesh and form that shipments to the markets will undoubtedly begin several weeks earlier than common. As a rule the first shipments sell better than later ones, but quality must be considered. The earlier in the season you can turn off ripe cattle the better but it rarely pays to ship green stuff to any market.—Omaha Stockman.

As a sentinel upon the watchtower, for the protection of the livestock interests, the JOURNAL conceives it to be of special importance to the cattleman, just at this period, to sound a note of warning as to the danger ahead. You are now enjoying a fair market price for your cattle, your vast herds are upon the grass, and will in a few weeks be ready for market. Shall they all go in at once, as near as possible and place the option in the hands of the buyers, to say what the price shall be? Some co-operation, some concert of action, by which, if possible, to avoid this dilemma and hold the vantage ground now occupied, would mean hundreds of thousands of dollars to Texas breeders alone.

Field and Farm: For several years past graded cattle of the fine cattle breeds have been sold quite freely in the leading consuming markets of the country as beef cattle, and as a rule such cattle have brought the top prices where they have been sold, and as the prices of fine breeding cattle have for some time been down to bedrock, we have heretofore taken occasion to say that there has never been a time when farmers could buy breeding animals of the pure bred so cheap as they can now be bought. The best bred cattle

in Colorado have found ready buyers at from \$18 to \$20 for two-year-old steers, and yearlings sell readily at from \$12 to \$14, which proves conclusively that there is a good demand at satisfactory prices for well-bred cattle. The fact is, it is not the rangeman with the well-bred herd that has been unable to sell at prices entirely satisfactory to both buyer and seller, but it is as a rule the owner of scrub cattle who is trying to put them off at the same price paid for graded stock that is now muttering with disappointment. Those who insist on having top prices must, if they would succeed, produce the class of cattle the buyers want; but if they persist in raising scrubs they must be content with scrub prices.

Under the heading, "Shippers and Consignments," taken from the National Live Stock Reporter of the 27th ult. is found the following receipts at St. Louis on the 26th ult. of Texas shippers:

- L. H. & W. C. Lee, Albany, Tex., four double decks of sheep.
- H. N. Garrett, Stanton, Tex., four double decks of sheep.
- A. D. Walling, Hillsboro, Tex., six cars of cattle.
- D. B. Sloan, Brandon, Tex., cattle.
- Guy Borden, Rosenberg, Tex., five cars of cattle.
- R. H. Robb, Thorndale, Tex., three cars of cattle.
- M. J. Votaw, Encinal, Tex., eight cars of cattle.
- A. J. Culpepper, Pearsall, Tex., three cars of cattle.
- A. Richardson, Encinal, Tex., three cars of cattle.
- G. B. Withers, Cotulla, Tex., three cars of cattle.
- J. T. Maltberger, Cotulla, Tex., cattle.
- Dull Bros., Cotulla, Tex., four cars of cattle.
- Whalley & Jones, Gainesville, Tex., two cars of cattle.
- W. B. Hickman, Gainesville, Tex., two cars of cattle.
- J. K. Quinn, Thorndale, Tex., cattle and hogs.
- J. K. Burr, Eagle Pass, Tex., one double deck of sheep.

Big Lot of Cattle Going to Chicago.

SEDALIA, MO., April 26.—The first two trains of 4200 car loads of cattle consigned to the Chicago stock yards passed through this city over the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, being en route from Texas cattle ranches. The large shipment will require upward of 200 trains, and the railroad is adding new train crews to meet the demands of the extraordinary shipment.

A Better Feeding.

The Live Stock Indicator of Kansas City takes the same view of the cattle outlook that we do. It says:

Whether cattle go higher, hogs go lower, or sheep hold their own, one thing is certain, and that is the feeling among live stock raisers and the farmers is better at the present time than it has been since 1887.

There is no "boom" nor the immediate prospect of one, but there is a steady, substantial way of doing business, which until recently was unknown to what is spoken of as the New West.

Experience is oftentimes a dear teacher, and such has been the case within the past decade. The "hurrah" manner of doing business has given way to a more methodical, systematic, careful era, where the future is not being discounted.

The firmness with which good farming land is being held shows the tendency of the times, and if with the present population in the West lands are held at the reasonable prices they are, the outlook is decidedly encouraging, for while the advance in the property may not be rapid, it will most assuredly be sure.

Raisers of pedigreed cattle have felt the impetus that has been manifested in the market for beeves, but their time will certainly come in the near future. Taken all in all, never has

ALBERT MONTGOMERY,
Commission Merchant for the Sale of Live Stock.
Stock Landing, New Orleans, La. Consignments solicited, market reports free. P. O. box 558.

A. P. NORMAN,

COMMISSION MERCHANT FOR THE SALE OF LIVE STOCK.

STOCK YARDS. GALVESTON, TEXAS

S. F. JONES, L. A. ALLEN, T. J. EAMAN, WIT ADARE.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO.

Rooms 249, 250, 251 Stock Exchange,

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS.

Correspondence and consignments solicited. Good sales, prompt returns, ample capital. Twenty years' active experience. Market reports free. Advances made on Southern cattle moving North for pasturage.

C. F. MORSE, President.

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Pueblo Union Stock Yards,

PUEBLO, COLORADO.

These modernly built and thoroughly equipped yards are prepared to handle the live stock traffic in a satisfactory manner. Try them.

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LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS, East St. Louis, Ill. } and { KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Kansas City, Mo.

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H. O. HOUGH, Secretary.

D. C. HOUGH, Treasurer.
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Hough-Carr Commission Co.,

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LIVE : STOCK : COMMISSION : MERCHANTS.

Special attention given to the sale of Texas cattle. Union Stockyards, Chicago, Ill.

References—Bankers National Bank, Chicago; Drivers National Bank, Chicago; First National Bank, Paris, Ill.; J. Millikin & Co., Decatur, Ill.; State Bank, Chrisman, Ill.; Evanston National Bank, Evanston, Ill.; Allerton Bank, Allerton, Ill.

HENRY MICHELL.

GEORGE MICHELL.

HENRY MICHELL & BRO.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

STOCK LANDING, P. O. BOX, 624, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

there been a period since the settlement of the country west of the Missouri when the conditions, present and future, were more encouraging.

New Treatment for Lumpy Jaw.

D. E. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, Washington, says of the new iodide of potassium treatment for lumpy jaw:

The treatment for lumpy jaw which has been used and recommended by this department, is the internal administration of iodide of potassium in doses of two to three drachms, according to the size of the animal, once a day. In the course of a week there are usually signs of iodism, viz: discharge from the nose, increased secretion of tears by the eyes, and scurfy appearance of the skin. When these symptoms appear the medicine should be discontinued for two or three days, when it may be commenced again and continued for another week, and so on according to the progress of the case.

"The cattle, numbering 185 head, which have been experimented with by the department, have all been slaughtered, and the result is that 131 were found to have been cured, or about 70 per cent of the whole number. Nearly all were benefited by the treatment. Taking animals in the early stages of the disease, before the bones are too badly affected, and my opinion is that 85 or 90 per cent can be cured.

"The department has already received a number of letters from cattle-feeders who have tried the treatment, and in nearly every case they have reported success."

Dehorning Fluids.

Dr. D. E. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, gives the following method for the preparation of a dehorning fluid that has been used with success by the department.

The mixture is prepared by taking

fifty parts of caustic soda, twenty-five parts of kerosene oil and twenty-five parts of water. An emulsion is made of the kerosene oil and soda by heating and vigorously stirring, and this is then dissolved in water. The mixture should then be placed in a bottle with a solid rubber cork. In applying, the following directions should be observed:

First, the calf should not be over three weeks old; from five to twenty days being the proper age. A horn will sometime be killed on calves that are even from four to six weeks old, but it cannot be depended upon with certainty.

Secondly, with a pair of scissors, clip the hair around the embryo horn so as to expose a spot about the size of a nickel. While an assistant holds the calf securely, drop two or three drops of the mixture upon the horn, and with the end of the rubber cork rub it in thoroughly over the bare spot. Apply the fluid first to one horn and then the other until each horn has been gone over three or four times. The rubbing should be continued until the caustic has softened and removed the hair and surface skin immediately around the horn.

Third, care should be taken that the fluid does not spread over too large a surface and run down the sides of the face. To insure success, the mixture must be carefully and thoroughly applied. If used carelessly the embryo horn may not only be killed, but the face of the calf may be disfigured by allowing the fluid to spread or run down over the skin.

The advantage in using is two fold. It is less cruel to the animal, and in the second place it gives a well-rounded pole and presents a more slightly appearance than when the saw is used.

Subscribe for the Texas Live Stock and Farm Journal.

SHEEP AND WOOL

Lambs, extra fine, \$7.50.

Sheep are reported to have wintered well in Kansas.

Some of the Ohio breeders will raise sheep, tariff or no tariff.

We consider sheep one of the best paying branches of farm economy.—Western Paper.

The peculiar flavors of mutton are largely due to the food of the sheep and its treatment.

The severity of the winter and want of proper attention has caused loss of sheep and lambs in Virginia.

The demand for nice lamb and good mutton is increasing faster than the supply.—National Stockman.

The American South Down association offers \$250 extra premiums for the best of the breed at the World's fair.

The Dominion could sell 6,000,000 lambs a year to the United States at \$6 a head.—Canada Live Stock and Farm Journal.

I know a man who keeps 100 sheep; his profit from them is \$650 a year, and he keeps his number good.—The Husbandman.

On the Chicago market the first shorn sheep of the season arrived last week. There were 471 head of Texans which averaged 72 lbs and sold at \$4.50.

The indications are that a choice carcass of mutton will be a luxury in the United States in a few years, more to be appreciated than any other kind of meat.

The smallest representatives of the sheep species are the tiny "Bretons," natives of Breton, France. When full grown they are not much larger than a rabbit.

In the neighborhood of Colorado City, Tex., fair sized mutton feeders are offered at \$2.75, minus the wool. This looks like a strict maintenance of prices in the South.

Wide sliding doors are best for the sheep sheds, as it lessens the risk of slamming on them or of their injuring themselves by crowding in.—Live Stock Indicator.

During the lambing season care and attention must be bestowed. The young lambs are delicate and easily chilled, but if carefully watched for three or four days the danger period is passed.

If any man who is qualified by reason of experience and close attention to business, invests in sheep yielding not less than six-pound fleeces, he may count on doubling his money every four years.—Denver Field and Farm.

This being between seasons, wool is scarce; this month (May) will carry a good deal of wool to market, and before September, at which time a called session of congress is to be held, most of the crop will have passed out of the hands of the producers.

If I was a young man with \$5000 capital I would buy 500 sheep and several hundred acres of cheap land; hire a trusty shepherd, dispense with all pasture fences and give my principal attention to providing winter fodder, clearing up land and increasing my flock. It would beat any dairying.—Old Sheepkeeper.

The sheep industry illustrates the old saying, as to the comparative profit of the nimble sixpence and the slow

shilling. A man investing his money in sheep will turn it over twice a year (wool and mutton), where the breeder of horses, cattle, mules, hogs, etc., will have no income only once a year. Then, too, the men with little capital will find in this investment something level to his means; he can break his few dollars up small and get a start more easily than he could with these varieties of stock of which a single animal costs so much.—Sheep Breeder.

The number and distribution of sheep and cattle in the world is of special interest. The total compilation in this particular is as follows, and reveals the significant and interesting facts as below:

Countries.	Sheep.
Europe	187,000,000
Asia	37,000,000
Africa	29,000,000
North America	47,000,000
South America	101,000,000
Australia	96,500,000
Total	497,500,000

Sheep to-day are the best farm property there is, and they will continue so for an indefinite time. Winter all your feed will carry and quarters shelter. The United States grows only four-ninths of the wool it uses. There is a market for every fleece at one's door. The home market for wool is the only home market for farm products that was never supplied. Why not supply it? It is anomalous to complain of not having home markets for farm produce while this great gap remains unfilled. It does not tally well with the boasted agricultural erudition of the North American farmer.—Country Gentleman.

Of the heavy supplies of sheep being marketed this year the Chicago Drovers' Journal says: Those who claimed three months ago that the number of sheep fed in the country would fall short of the average for the past two or three years have been convinced that their opinions were decidedly wrong. The supply for the first four months of the year will be something like 875,000 head, a monthly average of nearly 220,000 head. So far this year the gain in sheep compared with last year is about 175,000, which is equal to a good month's receipts. If the year 1893 don't show a surprising increase compared with other years then the indications of the first four months are not a reliable index.

After one has obtained the breed of sheep just suited to his locality it is very important that the quality should be maintained. This can only be done by yearly selection. As the farmer selects and improves his seed corn or wheat, year after year, so must the flockmaster attempt to improve his flocks of sheep. This must begin with the ewes. With poor ewes the lambs must be inferior; but, on the other hand, the mother cannot contribute everything. A pure bred ram of the same breed, or of some other which crosses well with it, should then be obtained. The flocks must be weeded out every fall at the time of the breeding. The best ewes should be selected, and the others should be sent to the butcher. The scrub-looking rams which may be in the flock are worthless animals, and, very often, detriments to the advance of the whole. They should be disposed of, and not be permitted to mingle promiscuously with the others. Any such weeding out of ewes and crossing with pure-bred rams, every fall, the flock will not only hold its own, but even make decided steps of advance over the original.

His Position is All Right.

"Fred," said the school teacher to a little boy who was behind in his classes, "you are always behind, you should have more push."

"How can I push," retorted Fred, "if I am not behind?"—Harper's Bazaar.

THE ADVANCE reaches more readers than any other afternoon paper in Texas

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HORSE DEPARTMENT

Don't breed to an unsound horse.

Don't breed for pedigree alone.

A horse must have power, else he cannot transmit it to his progeny.

If there is to be any-let up in grooming, let it be while the horse is shedding its winter coat.

The horse to breed to is one that is good within himself, in color, in size, in gait and quality.

In 1892 the amount of purses hung up for trotting horses was \$4,840,790, and the number of races run 12,161.

Early grass carries very little strength-giving qualities, so be in too much of a hurry to get your work-horses on the pasture.

The man who expects to grow colts rapidly and to a good size without feeding them liberally is sure to meet with disappointment if he undertakes the task.

When you select a class for breeding, be it coach, draft or light harness, stick to it, breed for it, train for it and make it an earnest actuality and you will make it a success.

There are one-fourth as many horses in the United States as there are human inhabitants. Under these conditions it scarcely seems that any person should be compelled to walk.

Gen. Tracy, ex-secretary of the navy, is an enthusiastic lover of horses, and will return to the breeding of trotters, in which he was extensively engaged before he was called upon to assume the cares of official life.

The farmers of Colorado, who have given some attention to horse breeding have about concluded that the best thing for them to raise is that class of animals commonly called the all-purpose horse. If this horse will not sell at one time, it will at another and is generally considered the most profitable to breed.

If it is true that neglected animals revert to the original type of their species, the wild ancestor of our domestic horse can hardly have been a paragon of beauty. The South American mustang, as well as the more than half-wild horses of the Russian steppes, are mostly small, knob kneed and thick-headed. On the pampas the silken coat of the Spanish steed has become rough and frequently marked with the black shoulder cross that betrays an affinity to the African zebra and the wild ass of the Persian tablelands.—Exchange.

The evidence is plentiful on every hand to prove that the low prices which prevail in the horse markets do not affect the better grades of stock. At the combination sales held at stock yards points it is not usual that exceptionally fancy animals are attracted, and yet at such a sale in Chicago last week, twenty-nine head of standard

bred animals sold for an average of \$410.20. It is not likely that the average cost of production of these horses was over \$150, so there was left a handsome margin of profit for the men who raised them. They were entitled to a handsome profit, too, for they had the good sense to select good dams, good sires and raise only first-class animals. The good sense that prompts to this kind of action is so rare in these days that it is only right it should bring a premium.—Ex.

How to Tell a Good Horse.

A writer for the National Stockman says: Unless a horse has brains he is not teachable. A horse that has breadth and fullness between the ears and eyes will not act mean or hurt any one. The eye should be full and a hazel color, the ears small and thin and point forward, the face straight with square muzzle and large nostrils. The under side of the head should be well cut under the jaw with jaw bone broad, and wide apart under the throatle. The back short and straight and square rump, high withers, shoulders well set back, and broad but not deep into the chest, fore feet short, hind legs pretty straight, fetlocks low down, pastern joint short with a round, mulish foot. There all kinds of horses, but the animal that has all these points is almost sure to be graceful, good natured and serviceable.

Cruelty to Horses.

W. B. Wells in Nashville American.

The first thing that met my gaze on looking out of the hotel window this morning was a pair of carriage horses most cruelly checked up with the overhead check-rein.

Nashvillians, why are you so cruel? Do you think your horses are only machines and insensible to feeling?

Would you like to be strapped in an uncomfortable position till night? How would you like to have your hands tied while the flies and mosquitoes were biting your face? The horse has no voice to cry out in protest against the cruel check-rein, but any person who notices closely need not be told that they are painful.

The slight advantage a check-rein gives—if it gives any advantage—does not compensate for the discomfort and pain it causes the horse. There are plenty of people who do not use them at all, and they all agree that they are worse than useless. In many cases it is nothing more nor less than frivolous pride; they want to make a poor old wornout horse look gay and high-headed, and to do that they will sacrifice all the comfort of the horse. But if you must drive with them on can't you at least unhook them when you stop? Have a little consideration for the comfort of the animal you make your slave.

Now, that the hot summer weather is coming on, when the flies are so troublesome, can't you sacrifice a little pride, a little fashion, or even a little convenience that the horse may defend himself against them?

Nature being so much kinder than man provides them with tails and manes, but as they are not provided with hands they have to shake their heads or rub them against some object to get relief from the flies, and it is cruelty to deprive them of this their only means of defense.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Cattlemen, sheepmen, horsemen or any one else interested in live stock or agriculture, are requested to call at the JOURNAL office, 1008 Houston street, (up stairs) when in Fort Worth. THE JOURNAL is always glad to welcome you. Call and make yourselves at home.

J. W. Gibson of Waggoner, I. T., was in Fort Worth Tuesday.

George Simson, an extensive cattle ranchman of Caddo, Tex., was in the city yesterday.

Tom Simmons, a prominent citizen and cattleman from Decatur, Tex., was in the city yesterday.

J. K. Zimmerman of Kansas City, Mo., an extensive dealer and buyer of steer cattle, is in the city.

Dr. J. B. Taylor of San Antonio, one of the large cattle ranchmen of Southern Texas, was in the city Tuesday.

J. M. Dougherty of Abilene, Tex., was in the city Wednesday en route to his several pastures in the Indian Territory.

Ed Cobb of Decatur was in the city Wednesday. Ed is a wide awake cowman, and is always looking about for a cattle deal.

W. S. Power of Roby, Fisher county, Tex., was in the city yesterday en route to his ranch from his old home in England.

C. T. Herring of Vernon, who is part owner of an extensive cattle ranch in the Indian Territory, was in the city Wednesday.

W. B. Worthane of Henrietta, Tex., one of the well-known and successful cattle men of North Texas, was in the city Tuesday.

Sam Davidson of Henrietta, Tex., was in the city Tuesday and looked happy on account of having had a good rain in Clay county.

A. E. Green, a catt ranch man from Comanche county, Tex., was in the city Tuesday en route to his home from the Indian Territory.

Merrill Davis of Seymour, Texas, was in the city Wednesday, and said there was a good rain in Baylor county on Saturday night last.

J. B. Caldwell and W. Weatherford, two cattle ranchmen of Ellis county, was in the city Wednesday looking over the cattle market.

George Gray of Midland, Texas, was in the city Wednesday. Mr. Gray sold this year a long string of two-year-old steers at good fair figures.

A. J. Shaw, a prominent dealer in Texas lands, of Galesburg, Ill., is in the city on his semi-annual visit to look after his Texas business.

W. H. Doss, a prominent ranchman from Coleman county, is in the city. Mr. Doss reports a nice rain in his county and crops looking well.

C. W. (Clabe) Merchant of Abilene, Tex., but a cattle dealer all over Texas, New Mexico and the Indian Territory, was in the city yesterday, just from Southern Texas.

J. W. Childress of Benbrook, Tex., who is feeding 400 fine steers in Tarrant county, was in the city Wednesday, and reports his steers in good shape and fattening.

L. P. Williamson of the cattle ranch of Williamson, Blair & Co. of Dim-

mit county is in the city, and reports the country tributary to the Rio Grande as being quite dry.

J. F. Claggett, Baird, Tex., advertises muttons for sale in this issue. Look up his ad and write him.

M. (Doc) Harrold of Fort Worth, Tex., is at home just from New Mexico, where he has been for the past several weeks on business connected with his ranch in that country.

W. L. Hawkins of Midlothian, Tex., who is now feeding 1300 head of big steers near the Houston and Texas Central railroad, was in the city this week and reports his cattle as doing well.

J. M. (Doc) Day of Austin, Tex., formerly a large ranchman in cattle, but now a full-fledged real estate and land dealer, is in the city and is stopping at Ye Arlington Inn to rest up, as he says, from arduous labors.

T. C. Andrews of Fort Worth has just returned from Hot Springs, Ark., looking greatly improved in health. Mr. Andrews is troubled with a slight case of rheumatism and says the baths at Hot Springs gave him great relief.

C. O. Hervey & Co., 512 Main street, this city, are doing a good business. As printers they cannot be excelled. If you want letter heads, bill heads, envelopes, invitations, or anything in the printing line, write them or go to see them when in the city.

John S. Andrews, the well known cattleman of Fort Worth, returned from the Panhandle of Texas on Tuesday, where he had been to look after his outfit preparatory to starting a herd of 2500 one and two-year-old steers to Northern Montana.

E. B. Carver of Henrietta, Tex., who has just recently filled out his contract and succeeded in delivering 8000 head of cattle to parties ranching on Red river, Texas. Mr. Carver is an energetic cattle dealer, and the JOURNAL is always pleased to note his success.

C. C. French, a well-known livestock representative, formerly with J. H. Campbell Co., has arranged to do business with the well-known livestock firm of Evans, Buell, Snyder Co., in Texas. Mr. French is well and favorably known, and has a great number of friends throughout Texas, and will, no doubt, get his share of the cattle and livestock trade.

The JOURNAL wishes to call the attention of its readers who are tobacco users to the advertisement of the Ohio Chemical company, Lima, Ohio, which appears in this issue. They guarantee to effect a permanent cure of this vile habit in a very short time and with a remedy that is simple, harmless and produces no sickness. They invite the most careful investigation as to their responsibility and the merits of the remedy, and on application will furnish testimonials from persons who have been cured by its use. If you realize that you are tobacco-spitting your life away and desire to quit it, we would advise you to test the remedy offered.

Youth's Companion.

The World's fair number of the Youth's Companion is beautiful and bright. Nothing so far has appeared in the way of magazine illustrations of the buildings of the World's Fair exhibit that eclipses the Companion's, not even those "on the ground" by the "official photographs." All are well-taken and life-like, with a cover so variegated as to entitle it to the front seat in the art building.

Subscribe for the TEXAS LIVE STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL.

THE ENSOR REMEDY

FOR

Liquor, Morphine and Tobacco

Is a sure and harmless cure. It is purely vegetable, and cure guaranteed.

P. L. HUGHES, MANAGER.

Institute Cor. Third and Pecan Sts., Ft. Worth, Tex.

Mitchell

JEWELER

504 Main Street

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

The best of everything in the jewelry line.

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

Good and Bad News.

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEX., April 30. To Texas Live Stock and Farm Journal.

We have both good and bad news to report this time. Callahan county has had a good rain, and while it comes too late to insure full crops of wheat, it puts us in good shape for oats, corn, cotton and other crops, and furnishes water and grass for stock. It also infuses new life and interest into the cattle business, and work and trading will be lively in that line. Grass and water had become so short and scarce that it was impossible to move or handle stock. But while we rejoice because of our own good fortune, we are filled with sorrow over the sad misfortunes of our neighbors at and around Cisco. At 9 o'clock Friday night, the 28th inst., a terrible cyclone or hurricane, moving from west to east, struck the town, and almost literally wiped it up. One hundred and ten houses were destroyed, over 100 others badly damaged. About twenty-five persons already dead, twenty-one in Cisco and a few others in the country. Northeast of there forty-five others are badly injured, some of whom will probably die. Our people, we are glad to note are fully aroused to a sense of the terrible situation and are doing what they can to relieve the distress. We also note with pride and pleasure that other towns and cities in various sections of the state are responding nobly and promptly to the call for help. Let the good work go on until every farmer, stockman and other citizen of our broad state has contributed something to these unfortunate people, many of whom have lost everything and must nurse and support crippled and injured members of their families for weeks and possibly for years. A. G. WEBB.

Exactly So.

BELLE PLAINE, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEX., April 22, 1893. Editor Texas Live Stock and Farm Journal.

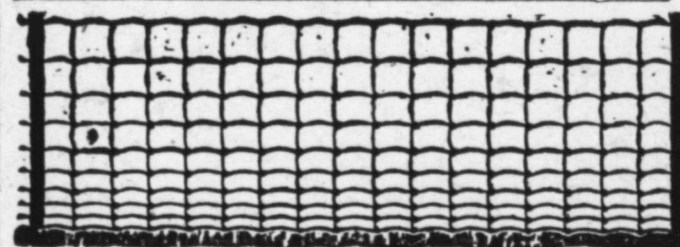
I saw in your paper the advertisement of P. C. Welborn, Holstein cattle. I wrote him, and as a result purchased registered bull, Hibiscus. Mr. Welborn asked that if I found bull worthy I would mention the fact in the JOURNAL. I bought the bull on Mr. Welborn's representation and found him all right, and am well pleased with him. As Mr. Welborn is a regular advertiser it may help him and the JOURNAL both to mention the fact.

Our section is dry. Everything waiting for rain to hit the trail. Yours truly, A. C. DAVIS.

FAT PEOPLE

To reduce your weight **SOON** use Willard's Obesity Pills and lose 15 pounds a month. No injury to the health. No interference with business or pleasure. **NO STARVING.** They build up and improve the general health, beautify the complexion and leave **NO WRINKLES.** Lucy Anderson, 84 Auburn St., Cambridge, Mass., writes: Three bottles of your Obesity Pills reduced my weight from 225 pounds to 190 and I never felt better in all my life. I am much pleased with the result, and shall do all I can to help you. Our patrons include Physicians, Bankers, Lawyers and leaders of society. Our goods are not sold in drug stores; all orders are supplied direct from our office. Price per package \$2.00, or three packages for \$5.00, by mail prepaid. Particulars (sealed) 4 cts. **ALL CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL.**

WILLARD REMEDY CO., BOSTON, MASS.



Arbitration

Is the ruling remedy for all difficulties. The contestants, whether disputing farmers or contending herds, should be ranged on opposite sides of the Coiled Spring Fence.

This elastic arbitrator seems to concede everything to each side, but positively prohibits their getting at each other.

Peace (per Page) reigns.

PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO.
Adrian Mich.

To Cure a Horse of Kicking.

Bill Nye has heard of a good recipe for curing a horse of kicking and running away when it gets its tail over the lines. "This is quite common," he says in a recent article, "and many horses must have their tail epitomized on this account. The mate has to go through the same operation in order to match. All this trouble may be saved by putting a surcingle on the horse, and after placing a broom handle or other round stick under the tail, tie it by both ends forward to the surcingle, placing the stick horizontally. In one night he is cured. I had once a very fine horse, but he had this fatal gift of kicking when some one dropped the lines under his tail. He would hug the lines with his massive tail and kick everything into chaos and run like a frightened comet with his tail over the dashboard. I got hold of this recipe and had faith in it. It have yet, but it is too much expense to take care of a man's family after he has put the broom handle under the horse's tail."

The entire railway property of the Houston, East and West Texas railway was sold on the 1st for \$1,200,000. This sum was distributed among the creditors whose judgments were given a lien on it.

NOTES AND NEWS.

A new trotting association has been formed at Springfield, Mo., with a paid up capital stock of \$60,000. A first-class regulation track will be constructed and the association will hang up \$40,000 in stakes and purses.

At the World's Fair.

To counteract false statements concerning charges at the World's fair President Higginbotham has given out the following officially:

1. The exposition will be open to visitors May 1.
2. Abundance of drinking water will be provided free for all.
3. Ample provision for seating will be made without charge.
4. Fifteen hundred toilet rooms and closets, conveniently located, will be absolutely free to the public.
5. The admission fee of 50 cents will entitle the visitor to enter all the exposition buildings on the grounds and inspect all the exhibits in them. (The Esquimaux village not included.)
6. Imposition or extortion will not be tolerated.
7. Free medical and emergency hospital service will be provided on the grounds.

This is definite explicit and official.

When These Old Things Were New.

First jury 970.
Pins made 1450.
Needles used 1545.
First cast-iron 1544.
Matches made 1829.
First newspaper 1494.
Coal used as fuel 1834.
Surnames used in 1162.
First gold coin B. C. 206.
First postage stamp 1840.
Tobacco introduced 1582.
First steam railroad 1830.
Kerosene introduced 1826.
Lead pencils used in 1594.
Window lights used in 694.
Electric light invented 1874.
Iron found in America 1815.
First wheeled carriages 1559.
First insurance, marine, 533.
First American express 1821.
First illuminating gas in 1792.
Musical notes introduced 1338.
Latin ceased to be spoken 589.
Bible translated into Saxon 637.
Bible translated into Gothic 872.
Paper made by Chinese B. C. 220.
Old testament finished B. C. 430.
Photographs first introduced 1802.
Emancipation proclamation 1863.
Bible translated into English 1534.
Gunpowder used by the Chinese 80.

Texas Stock Notes.

[From the Devil's River News.]

Massey Bros., of Crockett county, sold their ranch to D. M. McDonald for \$1000.

Cusenbary & Fields of Sonora bought John Bunton's stock of cattle, about 200 head, at \$7 a head.

John Gardner of Kimble county sold 100 cows and 100 head of yearling steers to Cusenbary & Field of Sonora at \$8 a head.

N. P. Bryant of Sleicher county sold to T. D. Newell of Sonora his ranch, for \$1300, and 1600 sheep at \$2.50 a head.

Callan & Russel of Menard county, started a herd of 2000 cattle on March 28 for shipment from Brownwood to the Territory.

A. J. Winkler of Sutton county sold 1200 head of stock cattle to James Massey for Cusenbary & Fields of Sonora for \$10,000.

E. Mayer & Sons bought from D. C. Ogden of Menard and Sutton counties, 200 cows at \$8.50 and 200 steers, 2's, 3's and 4's at \$11, \$15 and \$17 a head.

Hector McKenzie, the mutton buyer, was in Sonora, Friday. "Murphy," he said, "tell the ranchmen that I bought 600 head of three and four-year-old mutton this week in Sutton county at \$1.75 a head.

C. C. Lemen of Edwards county sold to Hamilton & Morgan of Missouri, 450

HILL'S

READ OUR TESTIMONIALS

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our **SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS**. During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all **FIRST-CLASS** druggists at **\$1.00** per package. If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us **\$1.00** and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for **HILL'S TABLETS** and take no other.

Manufactured only by

—THE—

OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 & 55 Opera Block,
LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS
FREE.

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.

A FEW Testimonials
from persons who have been cured by the use of **Hill's Tablets.**

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:
DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from one to five cigars; or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it.
B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.
DOBBS FERRY, N. Y.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Some time ago I sent for \$1.00 worth of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I received them all right and, although I was both a heavy smoker and chewer, they did the work in less than three days. I am cured.
Truly yours, **MATHEW JOHNSON, P. O. Box 45, PITTSBURGH, PA.**

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to speak a word of praise for your Tablets. My son was strongly addicted to the use of liquor, and through a friend, I was led to try your Tablets. He was a heavy and constant drinker, but after using your Tablets but three days he quit drinking, and will not touch liquor of any kind. I have waited four months before writing you, in order to know the cure was permanent. Yours truly,
MRS. HELEN MORRISON, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part.
Address all Orders to
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 and 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

RESponsible AGENTS WANTED
(In writing please mention this paper.)

wethers at \$3.35 a head, and 300 ewes and lambs after shearing at \$2.40.

San Angelo Standard: August Weisenbach, one of California's old reliable sheepmen, who has been lately ranching on Howard, Crockett county, Tex., sold his sheep and ranch to his partner, S. Poll. He will either buy sheep again and another ranch near San Angelo or move back to California.

Anson & Verner bought last week 1200 head of stock cattle in Schleicher county, from Dan Berry of San Angelo, for \$8.75, calves thrown in. There are 175 head of two-year-old steers in the bunch.

STRAY CATTLE SAVED TO THE OWNERS.

Report of the Wyoming Board of Live Stock Commissioners.

CHEYENNE, WYO., April 20.—J. W. Hammond, president of the state board of live stock commissioners to-day issued to the stock growers an address showing the business transacted in the last two years as follows:

Thirty-four thousand five hundred and forty-three head of stray cattle were shipped from Wyoming under the supervision of the commissioner. The proceeds of the sale of 24058 of these were remitted directly to the owner thereof. The proceeds of the balance, amounting to \$225,132, were remitted to the commissioners who paid \$237,301 to persons establishing ownership. Part of the balance has been turned into the state treasury.

The legislature made an appropriation of \$12,000 for the commission's work during the succeeding two years, but Governor Osborne vetoed the bill. At the annual spring meeting of the Wyoming stock-growers' association it is intended to be arranged that a system of inspection shall be operated by that association for the benefit of its members and that the expenses thereof shall be met by assessment. Persons not members of the association can obtain the full benefits of its inspection

upon making the same contribution to the expenses as is required of members.

Review of April.

Drovers Telegram.

Among the many new records made in the live stock industry at Kansas City during the fourth month of 1893 are the following:

Top hogs at \$7.50.
Top cattle at \$5.50.
Over 102,000 cattle.
Feeders sold highest at \$4.70.
Hogs came thicker than expected.
Most sheep ever received in April.
Nearly as many hogs packed as a year ago.

Car receipts, 7338, or 696 greater than a year ago.

Top hogs were \$2.95 higher than the top in April of 1892.

The \$7.50 hogs were 80c below the high top in February.

Receipts of calves, 1372, were the most ever received in April.

Texas cattle got up as high as \$4.65. A year ago the top was \$3.89.

April slaughter of cattle was nearly nine times as large as in 1886.

Largest week's shipment of hogs, 16,944; the second week; 1892, 21,985.

The 492 cars on the 28th were 8 cars larger than the largest day last year.

Horse receipts were 2759 head, against 1736 in 1862, 1800 in 1891 and 2070 in 1890.

Swift's slaughter of cattle was the largest ever made by a Kansas City plant in April.

The largest receipts ever had in one week in April were 29,213 head, in the week of the 26th, 1890.

Largest one day's shipments of hogs, 4394 head on the 22. Last April the largest were 7135.

Swift's purchases of cattle in April: 1893, 21,261; 1892, 14,411; 1891, 10,841; 1890, 15,421; 1889, 10,850.

With the exception of 76,000 sheep in May of 1890, last month's receipts were the largest on record.

During the third week 17,601 sheep

were received, about 2200 short of the big week in the same month of 1892.

There were over 22,000 cattle received every week in April, while a year ago the largest week was 19,974 head.

The bulk of hogs sold highest on the 26th at \$7.30@7.50. In 1892 the bulk sold highest at \$4.45@4.55 on the 2d.

Largest day's receipts of cattle, 7100; hogs, 12,840; sheep, 5353. Largest in April, 1892, 6146 cattle, 17,118 hogs and 8428 sheep.

Armour's purchases of hogs in April have been: 1893, 43,952; 1882, 49,670; 1891, 42,732; 56,358; 1889, 46,912; 1888, 47,430; 1887, 72,073; 1886, 55,730.

There were 450 cars of cattle received in the Texas division against 418 in March and 142 in February. In round numbers the 450 cars contained 11,000 head.

There were six days on which over 5000 cattle were received, against three days last year. Hogs exceeded 8500 on four days, against nine such days a year ago.

The average weight of hogs was 220 pounds, against 216 pounds in March, 1893, and 203 pounds in April, 1892. The past month's average was the heaviest since 221 pounds last December.

The largest number of cattle bought by local packers in one day was 4557, against 2644 in 1892, and 1813 in 1891. The largest number of hogs bought for packing in one day was 9322, against 8010 in 1892, 7818 in 1892, and 11,516 in 1890.

The Best Advertising Medium.

Those who wish to buy or sell any class or kind of real estate or live stock should make their wants known through the **TEXAS LIVE STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL**. It is the best medium in Texas through which to reach the stockmen and farmers of the state. Advertisers should make a note of this and govern themselves accordingly.

AGRICULTURAL.

If you have soil deep enough, there is no trouble about deep ploughing in the fall; the deeper the better.

It is the land that is to be cultivated by ploughing, not the plants, therefore commence in the fall by giving it a thorough shaking up, before you seed it down.

Economy in farm work is highly important, but great care should be taken not to allow the system to become so saturated with this wholesome teaching as to lead us into a delirium of enthusiasm for the shade trees, to the neglect of the annual plants, when the genial sun's rays, with some cultivation, is required to keep them growing, and at the same time keep the pores of our own corpus properly open.

All seeds may be divided into three parts—the germ, the body and the skin. The germ is the part which contains the life principle, the part which sprouts, and is, therefore, the life of the seed and the future plant. On the vigor and perfection of the germ or chit depends the value of the seed. The body is the reserve fund of the germ, which supports the embryo sprouts, both top and bottom, or stem and root, until the root is advanced enough to feed upon the soil. During this process the body is generally absorbed entirely to support the plant. The skin of seed is merely for protection; it protects the interior from undue moisture and minor enemies. The germ is of amber color, about the consistency of old cheese, and cuts under a knife exactly like cheese. The body is harder, of various colors, and much less susceptible to attacks of water or insects. These are the characteristics of well-ripened seed, and are invariable. If the seed is caught by frost before becoming ripe, the chit crumbles to a fine powder and becomes dead; so the test of good seed, sure to grow, is the cheesy nature of the germ—a very simple thing, easily tested with a sharp knife, and infallible.

The Worth of a Clover Seeding.

By all means sow clover whenever possible, no matter how soon the land is to be plowed after a grain crop is off. More than likely if the clover catch is good, it will be left, as it nearly always should be, to attain its largest growth. If it does this, it is impossible for the most improvident farmer to entirely cheat his land of the benefit.

Louisiana's Cotton Acreage.

Special reports received by Bradstreet's state that while planting in Louisiana does not commence until about April 10, and will not be finished until the latter part of that month, from present appearances a very large crop will be planted. The weather has been exceedingly fine for cultivating, and the danger from high water is almost past. The river was only forty feet at Vicksburg and falling at Cairo and other points. Tributaries are also declining.—Bradstreet's.

An Immense Rice Crop.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Dan Talmage's Sons have issued the following: The rice crop of the United States is now practically in sight, and the following estimates are given out: Louisiana will fractionally exceed 7,500,000 bushels; Carolina, inclusive of the Carolinas and Georgia, 2,000,000 bushels; scattering in other states, \$250,000; total, 9,750,000 bushels, a rough equal say to about 255,000,000 pounds of cleaned or edible rice, of which 130,000,000 pounds have been marketed. The crop is 60 per cent greater than any previous one, and over two and a half times an average rice crop before the war.

Washington's Last Letter.

The last letter written by George Washington was sold a few days ago at

Philadelphia for \$850. It was bought by the Historical society of Pennsylvania. It was as follows:

MOUNT VERNON, 13th Dec'r, 1799.

Mr Anderson:

I did not know that you were here yesterday morning until I had mounted my horse, otherwise I should have given you what I now send.

As Mr. Rawlins was going to the Union Farm to lay off the clover lots, I sent by him the duplicate for that farm to his brother, and, as I was going to River Farm myself, I carried a copy for that farm to Donal. Both of them have been directed to consider them attentively, and to be prepared to give you their idea of the mode of arranging the work when they are called upon.

Such a pen as I saw yesterday at Union Farm would, if the cattle were kept in it one week, destroy the whole of them. They would be infinitely more comfortable in this or any other weather in the open fields. Dogue Run Farm pen may be in the same condition. It did not occur to me as I passed through the yard of the barn to look into it. I am your friend, etc.

GEO. WASHINGTON.

Mr. Jas. Anderson.

Here is a letter from one who was not only the paternal sponsor for his country, but a friend, not only of the country, but of every industry and appliance that went to render it great.

While he never forgot his people, he was at the same time mindful of the wants of even the dumb animals that were dependent upon his bounty.

There are several vacancies where those of the George Washington pattern could be profitably used even in this advanced age of philanthropy and progress.

DAIRY.

Let the culling in the dairy herd commence with the opening of the spring. Send the small milkers to the market and retain the best for home use.

It is claimed that night's milk is richer than morning's milk. The difference is attributed to the shortness of time between the milkings.

A small herd of Jersey cows can be made profitable by getting a hand separator, fitting up a good dairy house, hiring a good butter maker and in this way furnish a first-class article of butter for the market.

It pays the farmer to raise his own calves, if he selects them from his best cows and they are sired by a thoroughbred bull whose dam possessed the milk or butter qualifications needed. Decide whether milk, butter or beef.

An exchange tells of a New York dairyman who doubled the yield of butter, per cow, of his herd, in one year, by testing every cow and disposing of the poor ones, and feeding a little better his new herd; both acts are in full accord with modern dairy gospel.

When adding a fresh skimming of cream to that already in the can, it can

be better mixed by pouring out into another can slowly and then turning slowly back again, than it can by stirring, and the aeration thus given will remove the most of any objectionable flavor that may be in it.

The time that a heifer is allowed to go dry after her first calf is dropped affects her habit in this respect all her life. It is not necessary for a good cow properly cared for to go dry longer than from three to four weeks. The very best cows can hardly be dried off, the inbred tendency to milk production having been developed so strongly.

To show the difference in cows, the "Practical Dairyman and Stock Journal" gives the following: "A New York dairyman tested two cows and found that one gave 4247 pounds of milk a year, which yielded 123 pounds of butter; while another gave 4308 pounds of milk, which yielded 306 pounds of butter. One ate as much as the other.

Those who want the best, sweet butter next summer must see to it that the pastures are free from weeds, or that there is enough grass there so that the cows will not think it necessary to feed upon weeds or to browse the bushes. Such feed will not make good-flavored butter under any system that we know.

A speaker at a dairy institute recently said that sweet cream butter would undergo the same process of ripening after churning as ripened cream did before; and in a week's time no one could tell one from another. As to whether it would keep as well through an entire season had not yet been fully demonstrated.

If you want rich milk for butter or other purposes you will have to give your cows attention. In the first place the breeding will have to be looked after. Some breeds furnish much richer milk than others. For instance, the Jersey gives more fat in her milk than the Holstein, but neither will give what you want in quality unless you feed for it.

The state of Pennsylvania has a strong anti-oleomargarine law which is in practice almost prohibitory, consequently an effort was recently begun to repeal the law. Farmers, officers of the Grange, and representatives of the produce dealers and the Dairymen's protective association appeared before the legislative committee in full numbers, while the oleomargarine people did not care to face such an array of opposition and remained away.

The separator is claimed to take one-half pound more of butter from 100 pounds of milk than is taken by even the best churns and most careful handling. As not many dairymen are sure of having the right churn nor the proper care for the milk at all stages, it might be nearer the average figures to say that the increase in an ordinary dairy would be nearly 15 per cent of the product; knowing it may be easy to figure up a profit in using the separator in dairies where forty cows are kept, and perhaps even a smaller number.

Nature works without haste.—Goethe.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

LEATHER Gets hard and old without Vacuum Leather Oil; 25c, and your money back if you want it. Patent lambskin-with-wool-on swob and book—How to Take Care of Leather—both free at the store.

Vacuum Oil Company, Rochester, N.Y.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY THE GREAT Southwest SYSTEM.

Connecting the Commercial Centres and rich farms of MISSOURI, The Broad Corn and Wheat Fields and Thriving Towns of KANSAS, The Fertile River Valleys and Trade Centres of NEBRASKA, The Grand, Picturesque and Enchanting Scenery, and the Famous Mining Districts of COLORADO, The Agricultural, Fruit, Mineral and Timber Lands, and Famous Hot Springs of ARKANSAS, The Beautiful Rolling Prairies and Wood lands of the INDIAN TERRITORY, The Sugar Plantations of LOUISIANA, The Cotton and Grain Fields, the Cattle Ranges and Winter Resorts of TEXAS, Historical and Scenic OLD AND NEW MEXICO, And forms with its Connections the Popular Winter Route to ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA.

For full descriptive and illustrated pamphlet of any of the above States, or Hot Springs, Ark., San Antonio, Texas, and Mexico, address Company's Agents, or

H. C. TOWNSEND, Gen'l Passenger & Ticket Agent, ST. LOUIS, MO.

A MAN

UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL OBTAIN MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF THE



Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry.,

The Direct Route to and from CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND, DAVENPORT, DES MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA, LINCOLN, WATERTOWN, SIOUX FALLS, MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL, ST. JOSEPH, ATCHISON, LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS CITY, TOPEKA, DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS, and PUEBLO. Free Reclining Chair Cars to and from CHICAGO, CALDWELL, HUTCHINSON and DODGE CITY, and Palace Sleeping Cars between CHICAGO, WICHITA and HUTCHINSON.

SOLID VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS

of Through Coaches, Sleepers, Free Reclining Chair Cars and Dining Cars daily between CHICAGO, DES MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA and LINCOLN, and between CHICAGO and DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS and PUEBLO via St. Joseph, or Kansas City and Topeka. Excursions daily, with Choice of Routes to and from Salt Lake, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco. The Direct Line to and from Pike's Peak, Manitou, Garden of the Gods, the Sanitariums, and Scenic Grandeur of Colorado.

Via The Albert Lea Route,

Fast Express Trains daily between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, with THROUGH Reclining Chair Cars FREE, to and from those points and Kansas City. Through Chair Car and Sleeper between Peoria, Spirit Lake and Sioux Falls via Rock Island. The Favorite Line to Watertown, Sioux Falls, the Summer Resorts and Hunting and Fishing Grounds of the Northwest.

For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information apply to any Coupon Ticket Office, or address

E. ST. JOHN, JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt., CHICAGO, ILL.

READERS OF ADVERTISEMENTS IN these pages will greatly oblige and assist us by mentioning the TEXAS LIVE STOCK JOURNAL when writing to our advertisers.

STOCK FARMING.

If the farm is not your home then there is a missing link in your being a first-class farmer.

When the ground is wet and muddy, keep your children and your other live stock in doors: otherwise, both animal and vegetable life may suffer damage.

Contentment comes so readily to some people that they appear to be perfectly satisfied to let nature provide for the protection of the balance of the animals on the farm, so their own head is under cover.

The man who has thoroughly mastered the science of feeding stock is on the way to agricultural prosperity. He will get vastly greater results from the outlay. This is one of the problems that can hardly be given too much attention.

When you find nice streets and beautiful parks in the cities and towns, you will find in their vicinity well improved farms, gardens, yards and houses. "Birds of a feather will flock together" is as great a truism in this as with any other covey.

As a rule, the better profits from the farm are obtained by growing a variety of crops and feeding them out to a variety of stock on the farm and marketing. In this way the risks of failure are much less, and the various productions can be used to the best advantage.

The leading object of every farmer should be to provide home supplies. The farm produces its own bread, meats, poultry, fruits, vegetables, butter and even the wool for the small knitted articles of the children's clothing, and so avoid every possible expenditure of money.—Ex.

One of the lessons enforced by constant observation is that there is no use in sending poor, common or even fair stock to market and expect to sell it at the top figures. The best profit is made by getting on top of the market. Unless that point is approached there is often very little margin.

There is a great difference in animals about taking on fat. Under the best of treatment some make slow gain. It is in a degree a matter of temperament. One that never frets and takes things in a moderate, good natured way, will usually fatten easily if it has good appetite and proper digestion.

It is believed by many stockmen who are in a position to know whereof they speak that on account of the unusual number of female stock sent to market this year that a decided shortage will be the result for the next two or three years. The remarkable scarcity of hogs and the increased consumption of fresh meat products will doubtless have a tendency to call for greater supplies of both cattle and sheep. This fact, some argue, will bring to market much of the stock which is usually kept at home for breeding purposes, and therefore impoverish the producing factor in a way that will be very noticeable in the next few years. If this is true to any very great extent the chances for higher priced cattle for the next two or three years is very favorable. It must be borne in mind, however, that this is a big country and that a shortage in one section does not necessarily imply a shortage everywhere, as has been demonstrated often at our market centers.—Farmer.

Fed With Regularity.

With all stock or poultry, regularity in feeding is an important item in securing the best gain in proportion to the amount of food supplied, says the Marysville Democrat. This is of more importance when stock depend upon what feed is given to them than when

at least a portion of their food is secured from pastures.

The time of feeding should be divided as equally as possible. If they are fed twice a day feed reasonably early in the morning, and in the evening a good plan is to feed what was fed first in the morning first in the evening. With the exception of the work teams it is not usually necessary to feed more than twice a day, but care should be taken to give it at regular hours and in regular quantities. It is poor economy to fill the racks full of hay or fodder and then let them pick it over and then feed again. Regularity in quantity is of as much importance as in hours of supplying when a regular grain is supplied. Whenever they fail to get their feed they will fret, and, if their appetites are not satisfied and they fret, they are losing what must be made up again. It is the looking after details that largely determines the profits, and feeding regularly is an item of detail in management to be looked after.

The Duke and the Banker.

The late Duke Maximilian, father of the empress of Austria, was one of the most simple and affable of men. One day, as he was traveling on the train between his country residence and Vienna he fell into conversation with a banker from Stuttgart.

"Are you going to Vienna?" asked the duke.

"Yes; to see my daughter. She has just been married."

"Ah!" said the duke, "mine has just married also. Was it a good match?"

"Excellent! And that of your daughter?"

"Not bad, either."

"My daughter married the banker, Goldschmidt."

"Mine the emperor of Austria."—Harper's Bazar.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

J. F. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

In general a man in his younger years does not easily cast off a certain complacent self conceit, which principally shows itself in despising what he has himself been a little time before.—Goethe.

Too many follow example rather than precept, but it is safer to learn rather from precept than example.—[Warwick.

From Head to Foot

you feel the good that's done by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It purifies the blood. And through the blood it cleanses, repairs and invigorates the whole system.

In recovering from "la grippe" or in convalescence from pneumonia, fevers or other wasting diseases, nothing can equal it as an appetizing, restorative tonic to build up needed flesh and strength. It rouses every organ into natural action, promotes all the bodily functions, and restores health and vigor.

For every disease that comes from a torpid liver or impure blood, dyspepsia, indigestion, biliousness, and the most stubborn skin, scalp, and scrofulous affections, the "Discovery" is the only remedy so certain that it can be guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, you can have your money back.

For a perfect and permanent cure for catarrh, take Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Its proprietors offer \$500 reward for an incurable case of catarrh.

WILLIAMS' CONDITION POWDERS

Take the lead of all condition powders now on the market for Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Fowls. No farmer should be without it; it will pay for itself in one case of Cholera among your Chickens. For Hog Cholera it is a specific. Will fatten horses, cattle and other animals in remarkable short time. Nothing but the purest material used in their manufacture. The largest package on the market. Manufactured by

H. W. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists..... Fort Worth, Tex.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.

If you can effect a saving of 50 per cent in the cost of your Life Insurance and have it placed in one of the

STRONGEST

—OF THE—

REGULAR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

Would you not consider the matter? If you could give your family an estate of \$10,000 for the same money you are now paying to secure \$5000, would you not consider the matter?

PROVIDENT SAVINGS

Supplies what is suggested by the foregoing questions.

AGENTS WANTED.

Apply to

R. B. PARROTT, General Manager,

WACO, TEX.

"Dreams Go by Contraries."

The interpretation of dreams has ever been a favorite subject for the superstitious. The savage soon learned that dreams could not be depended on for truthfulness on general principles, and so our Aryan ancestors laid down the rule that "dreams go by contraries," a belief shared in at the present day by the Zulus as well as by many people residing in more civilized portions of the globe.—[New York Telegram.

There are no times in life when opportunity, the chances to be and to do, gathers so richly about the soul as when it has to suffer.—Phillips Brooks.

Not by lamentations and mournful chants ought we to celebrate the funeral of a good man, but by hymns, for in ceasing to be numbered with mortals he enters upon the heritage of a diviner life.—Plutarch.

Franklin left behind him more maxims than any of his countrymen, and prudence is the pivot on which they turn.—[A. Rhodes.

Merino Sheep for Sale.

Col. L. B. Haynie of Rice, Navarro county, Tex., has, for the purpose of reducing his flock of Merinos so as to meet the capacity of his pasture, concluded to offer for sale about 100 bucks from two to three years old in the best of condition, weighing from 140 to 160 pounds with fleece on. Also about 300 ewes. All these are first class thoroughbred Merinos. Write to him for full information.

includes the great temperance drink

Hires' Root Beer

It gives New Life to the Old Folks, Pleasure to the Parents, Health to the Children.

Good for All—Good All the Time.

A 25 cent package makes Five gallons. Be sure and get Hires'.

C. W. BARNEY, LIVE STOCK BROKER,

913 Seventeenth Street, DENVER, COOL.

Southern and Western steers, wethers and broke horses. Stock cattle, sheep and horses. Ranches and ranch loans. Commission 1 per cent. Refer to Montana National Bank, Helena, Mont.

TANSY PILLS!
Safe and Sure. Send 4c. for "WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD," Wiley Specific Co., Phila., Pa.

Now flowers unfold their beauties to the sun and, blushing, kiss the beams he sends to wake them.—[Sheridan.]

SAN ANTONIO.

Branch office Texas Live Stock and Farm Journal, at residence, No. 1000, corner Main avenue and Macon street, under management of

FORD DIX.

SAN ANTONIO, May 3, 1893.

J. T. Blanks came in from Alice Wednesday night, and says the town was floating that morning, having had a good rain, heavy but short, at 7 o'clock, while he was loading cattle. He has shipped out twenty-three cars of cattle, bought in February from the Seeligson ranch to the Territory. Mr. Blanks says the rain extended as far as Skidmore.

John Bennett of this city went down to his ranch in Jackson and Victoria counties Monday, accompanied by Sol West, another genial and prominent stockman of Santone, to deliver some 600 calves to those rustling buyers, Davidson and Fleming of Victoria. No prices learned.

James Yoxall of Sharon Springs, Kan., after a stay of two or three days in the city, left Friday morning for Uvalde and points west on the S. P. on the hunt for fat sheep. Says he hoped to find some 100-pounders, but from what he can learn is prepared to be disappointed. Mr. Yoxall expects to spend about three weeks in the sheep country when he will again show up here.

Ed Davidson and Mike Carrigan of the Shaeffer ranch, Duval county, arrived Thursday over the Aransas Pass. Say a very good rain has fallen on the ranch recently, and good showers also at Alice, San Diego and Corpus Christi, but do not know whether or not it extended any further west than San Diego.

Brown Paschal and E. A. Lochousen, two prominent Alpine cattlemen, came in Thursday for the avowed purpose of finding a buyer for their cattle. Mr. Paschal says he took the trail with two herds, but had to return home with them from the Pecos river on account of the extreme dry weather and want of water for his stock. He lost between 200 and 300 head on the trip, and says no cow brute on earth can drink that Pecos river water.

James McLymont of Standart came in from Encinal Thursday, where he has been shipping out 550 head of steers, 4's and up, bought of Raymond Martin of Laredo at \$13.50. They are in fine condition, and a month's grazing on the splendid grass in the Territory will make them big fat. He has shipped out about 3500 steers from his own pasture, and does not know when he will stop, unless he has a good rain. He is also shipping out the West cattle from Beeville as fast as he can, and so far is doing very well with them.

William Ragland returned again Thursday night from the Brownwood country and reports a disastrous condition of affairs. Citizens say the town will be without water if it does not rain within a week. Oats and wheat crop is a total failure. Men who have cattle to ship and are holding them there on account of storage of cars are buying out lost wheat fields to put them on as there is not a sprig of grass anywhere not even a stump. One man bought out twenty-five acres wheat for \$15 and the owner was glad to get that.

W. F. Ackerman, a rustling young stockman of this county, was in town Friday. Says he has not been doing much lately, not having shipped anything for about three weeks.

John F. Camp returned home Friday from San Angelo, and says he finally got his cattle shipped out, and dry is no name for it out there.

Since my last communication some 969-pound cows were sold in Chicago

by the Texas Livestock Commis Co. at \$3.85, which tops the price on grass cows reported in my last. These were the Walcott cows. The same company also sold for S. A. Hicock of Campbellton, Atascosa county, a string of grass beeves at \$4.25.

H. S. Tom came up from Floresville Friday, and says that although recent rains have been light, still they were better than nothing, and people generally were feeling better over the prospects.

W. H. Brooks, one of Duval county's wealthiest stockmen, who, however, resides in Corpus Christi, and John Reynolds, son of George Reynolds of the famous Ventana ranch in Nueces county, came in from the Territory Saturday morning and left the same evening over the Aransas Pass, each for his home. Will says everything looks lovely now up there, and his cattle that were on feed during the winter are now on grass and will soon be ready for market, as they are in fine condition now.

Walter Billingsly of Mathis came in Saturday, bringing Mrs. Billingsly for medical treatment. He has the sincere wishes of his many friends and acquaintances that his wife may speedily recover. Mr. Billingsly says his country has been flooded with rain, and there is no complaint there.

Capt. John F. Lytle has been to the ranch since his return from Washington, and reports very good rains there.

W. D. Driskill of Spearfish, S. D., was in the city Sunday, and said he would stay till he got what he wanted, a carload or two of horses to take back with him. Later he got them.

C. M. Swift arrived here Sunday night from Twohig with a car of fair grass cows, which he sold even before unloading to S. W. Barber for \$12.50 net. Charles says they still need rain down the International road. No rain fell there even Sunday, when it was supposed to be general. A fine rain fell here that day, which was a heavy one and lasted for about two hours.

W. L. Donaldson of San Marcos passed through on his way to Corpus on court business; says the rain reached to San Marcos, that he knows, as it was raining there when he left.

R. H. Berry came up Sunday from Beeville, and A. J. Williams from Floresville, and both say a splendid rain fell in their respective localities.

A. D. McGehee of San Marcos was at Taylor Tuesday at the opening of the fair. Says he was there from necessity, and not choice, as he was on the return from the Territory, and the train by which he expected to leave Taylor was four or five hours late. Mr. McGehee has just shipped 1000 1's and 2's up there and left them in the western part of the Chickasaw Nation. Says he will have to feed them during the winter, but that will only bring them out in the spring in better shape and enhance their value.

W. N. Connell shipped out from Taylor Tuesday two cars of splendid hogs to St. Louis which he thought would average 250 pounds and bring him \$7.50. These were bought of J. P. Pumphrey. Mr. Pumphrey also made a shipment of sixteen cars of fat cattle to market last Sunday.

Tom Y. Pettus of Charco, Goliad county, and A. W. Talk of Goliad were at the fair and were looking out for some good bulls. They both believe in exterminating the long horned scrub, and say they are after bulls, either shorthorns or devons, that are eligible to register or registered. They report a regular trash-lifting rain at Runge and neighborhood, accompanied by some hail which did considerable damage to growing crops, which are, however, young yet and will come out again and recover from the little set back.

R. R. Harper, general manager of the Farmers' and Stock Breekers' Live Stock Insurance company with headquarters at Corsicana, was at Taylor at the opening of the fair and expected to stay it out and do some business with the enterprising farmers and stock raisers of that county, the

A Stable

shelf ought to have on it a bottle of Phénol Sodique for bruises, cuts, sore spots, &c. Just as good for a man.

HANCE BROTHERS & WHITE, Philadelphia.
At druggists. Take no substitute.

PERSEVERANCE PAYS

The constant drop of water
Wears away the hardest stone,
The constant knaw of Towser
Masticates the toughest bone;
The constant cooling lover
Carries off the blushing maid,
And the constant advertiser
Is the one who gets the trade.

Put Your Ad in the Journal

WOOL

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Experienced and competent men in every department. Refer by permission to: Third National Bank, St. Louis, Mo.; St. Louis National Bank, St. Louis, Mo.; Laclede National Bank, St. Louis, Mo. Consignments of cotton, wool and hides solicited. Wool sacks and market reports furnished on application.

WOOL

banner fine stock county of the state. Mr. Harper says this is new thing in Texas, his being the only county operating here. They commenced business in the state on January 1, and are meeting with unexpected success.

Was in Taylor at the opening of the fair, but as I can not give all the news connected with it at this writing will reserve what I have picked up some more between now and the close and give it all to my readers in a lump in my next communication. It will be interesting.

Drs. Hunter & Thompson, dentists of this city, have their card in this issue of the JOURNAL. Look it up and learn the address, then when you want any work done come to the metropolis and call on the firm.

American Southdown Association.

The annual meeting of this association will be held at Springfield, Ill., on May 31, 1893, as reported by circular now on our table.

As a muton sheep the Southdown is in the front rank. Thousands of dollars are up as premiums for the sheep men to compete for at the World's fair.

Rain.

Mark Lane Express on 17th of April has this to say about the weather and its influence on the crops in England:

Another rainless week has added to the farmers' apprehensions and made the backwardness of the pastures and March sowings more notable than ever. A pleasant temperature and many hours' bright sunshine have made the townsman's lot a happier one than is usual in April, but the drouth which watering carts can grapple with in cities is a very different matter from that which prevails in the open country. Despite the want of moisture—in some counties this is the seventh absolutely rainless week—the landscape is already bright in vernal hues. This, however, will be found to be due to the development of foliage in the wood and in the hedgerow, and where there are well-rooted shrubs. The plant life which depends on surface moisture is not doing well, and the easterly winds have parched the autumn wheat, imparting a gray appearance to the outer edges of the blades. We don't think that for all the fine weather the season as a whole can now be regarded as favorable to the farmer.

From the same source we take the following regarding the live stock trade

In the whole of the country during the past week the trade for cattle has been firmer, with a small rise in London. In the metropolis a larger number of sheep was on offer than has been the case for some years; although in large supply, they sold fairly well and

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COMPLETE MANHOOD AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tint. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc. Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK. It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. It convenient enclose ten cents to pay postage alone. Address the publishers,

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

values kept up. Pigs have not fallen and are still nearly at the same level as for the last few weeks. Only a few calves were on offer and values remain unaltered.

Something New Every Week for the Ladies.

New fresh goods received every week during the summer season at Miss Dora Bronson's Bazaar, 210 Main street, city. Also hair dressing in connection and hair goods always on hand. Prompt attention given to all orders.

Merino Sheep For Sale.

Col. L. B. Haynie of Rice, Navarro county, Tex., has for the purpose of reducing his flock of Merinos so as to meet the capacity of his pasture, concluded to offer for sale about 100 bucks from two to three years old in the best of condition, weighing from 140 to 160 pounds with the fleece on. Also about 300 ewes. All these are first-class thoroughbred Merinos. Write to him for full information.

MARKET REPORTS.

BY WIRE.

St. Louis Live Stock.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS,
EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL., May 4.

Special to Live Stock and Farm Journal.

Cattle—Receipts, 1600.
Hogs—Receipts, 7700. Market steady,
10c lower; heavy, \$7.00@7.45; mixed,
\$6.90@7.30; light, \$7.00@7.35.
Sheep—Receipts, 3000. Market
steady; clipped, \$5.35; clipped Texans,
\$4.85.

UNION STOCK YARDS, E. ST. LOUIS,
May 4, 1893.

Special to the Journal.

Wednesday, with 1975 Texas cattle,
the market was strong and prices were
about the same as the best of the sea-
son. Sales included 925 to 941 pound
grass steers at \$3.70@4.00; fed steers,
\$4.5 to 1112 pounds, \$4.30@4.50. A lot
of 951 pound fed heifers sold at \$4.15.
Receipts of Texas cattle to-day, 2500.

The market was quiet and weak and
prices were fully 10 cents lower than
yesterday. There are many cattle de-
layed by washouts. To-day's sales in-
cluded 794@840-lb grass steers at \$3.45
@ \$3.60. Fed steers, 718@1160-lbs at
\$4@4.90. A lot of 248 head, averaging
1160 lbs, sold at that price.

Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 4.—Cattle—Re-
ceipts, 19,000; market, slow and steady.
Top steers, \$5.75@5.85; fed Texans,
\$3.60@4.90; cows, \$3.10@4.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 20,000; market,
slow, 10c lower, ranging from \$7@7.40,
owing to grade; pigs, \$6.50@6.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 8000; market, dull
and lower. Clipped Texans, \$4.25@
5.25.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS,
CHICAGO, ILL., May 4.

Special to Live Stock and Farm Journal.

Supply of Texas cattle to-day small.
The bulk was grassers and quality
averaged only fair. The general mar-
ket ruled 10 to 15c lower than Wednes-
day's closing figures. The demand was
a moderate one, though everything
was disposed of by the close of the
market.

A train of cattle arrived too late for
the market and were held over in first
hands. Sales include for J. H. Cowen,
Lewisville, 23 fed steers, 984 pounds, at
\$4.25.

G. J. Mitchell, Prairie City, I. T., 16
steers, 916 pounds, at \$3.85.

W. G. Bass, Catoosa, 50 Indian year-
lings, 424 pounds, at \$3.



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The largest exclusively live stock commission house in the
world. Perfectly equipped to handle large or small consign-
ments with equal facility and advantage. Money loaned to the
trade. Market information furnished free. Customers' interests
carefully protected by members of the company.

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UNION STOCK YARDS, Chicago, Ill.
KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Kansas City, Mo.

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Fort Worth, Tex. P. O. box 140.

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R. B. STEWART.

E. B. OVERSTREET.

Stewart & Overstreet,

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YARDS, KANSAS CITY, MO.

If You Want	PASTURE FOR YOUR CATTLE,	WE FURNISH IT.
	FEED FOR YOUR CATTLE,	
	FREIGHT CHARGES ADVANCED,	
	RELIABLE INFORMATION AND HONEST WORK,	
Write to the Siegel, Welch & Clawson, Live Stock Commission Co., Kansas City Stock Yards		

J. M. Dobie, Mathis, 99 steers, 918
pounds, at \$3.75; 24 bulls, 990 pounds,
at \$2.40.

W. H. Jennings, Pearsall, 25 steers,
878 pounds, at \$3.50.

Jennings & Walton, Millette, 97
steers, 944 pounds, at \$3.65.

Underwood & Company, San Anto-
nio, 28 steers, 768 pounds, at \$2.40.

Allee & Jennings, Pearsall, 26 steers,
758 pounds, at \$2.50.

G. W. Saunders, San Antonio, 18
cows, 693 pounds, at \$2.40.

Kansas City Live Stock.

KANSAS CITY, MO., May 4.—Cattle
—Receipts, 6500; market, 5c to 10c
lower. Shipping steers, \$4.40@5.60;
stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.68; na-
tive cows, \$1.80@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 6500; market, 5 to
10c lower, prices ranging from \$6.95@
7.25. Pigs, \$6.50@7.15.

Sheep—Receipts, 3600 head; market,
steady to strong. Muttons, \$5.25@
5.75.

STOCKYARDS, KANSAS CITY, MO.,
May 4, 1893.

Special to Live Stock and Farm Journal.

Receipts, 220 loads common to fair
Texas cattle, market easy, 10 to 15
cents lower than Tuesday. 132 steers,
967 lbs, \$4.25; 25 steers, 917 lbs, \$4.20;
73 steers, 942 lbs, \$4.15; 51 steers, 882
lbs, \$4.12.

New Orleans Market Report.

[Reported by Albert Montgomery, Live Stock
Commission Merchant, Stock Landing.]

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—The receipts
of fair to good beef cattle continue
light, but since Friday the run of
calves and yearlings has been liberal.

Good heaves and fat cows steady and
in fair demand. Good calves and year-
lings firm and fairly active; poor stock
dull and weak. Good corn-fed hogs
firm; sheep not wanted. Quotations
unreliable.

	Receipts.	Sales.	On Hand
Beef cattle.....	1103	1153	177
Calves and Yearlings.	2012	1767	298
Hogs.....	444	459	132
Sheep.....	26	70	463

Texas and Western Cattle—Good fat
fed heaves, 3½@4½c; good, fat grass
beaves, per lb. gross, 3½@3¾c; common
to fair beaves, 2@3c; good fat cows,
per lb. gross, 3@3½c; common to fair
cows, per head, \$10@16; good fat
calves, per head, \$8@10; common to
fair calves, per head, \$6@7.50; good
fat yearlings, per head, \$11@13;
common to fair yearlings, per head,
\$7@11.

Good milch cows, \$30@35;
common to fair, \$15@25; good at-
tractive springers, \$20@25.

Hogs—Good fat corn-fed per lb gross,
6@6½c; common to fair per lb gross,
4½@5½c.

Sheep—Good fat sheep, per lb, gross,

4@4½c; common to fair, per head,
\$1.25@2.50.

Diseased Horses.

A correspondent writing from Cory-
ell county, Texas, describes quite a
vicious disease attacking the horses in
that county. This reached the office
just as the JOURNAL is ready to go to
press. The matter will be attended to
and results reported in next issue.

A good housewife in Virginia last
year provided her purse with \$77.20
before the holidays with a part of the
season's effort of four hens. They
hatched and raised eighty turkeys,
which she sold at 8 cents per pound,
live weight.

If given good treatment poultry
pays, but if left to look out for them-
selves as is so often done this profit
will necessarily be small. With poultry
as with other farm work every advan-
tage must be taken if the best profit is
realized.

World's Fair Visitors.

An intending visitor to the coming
World's fair at Chicago need have no
far as to the possibility of securing sat-
isfactory accommodations at reason-
able rates at either the many hotels or
residences listed in a neat pamphlet
entitled, "Homes for Visitors to the
World's Fair," compiled at great ex-
pense and published by a trustworthy
Chicago firm.

This book contains a list of about 9000
private families who will accommodate
visitors in Chicago during the time of
the fair, viz: May 1 to October 30; gives
their names and addresses, and number
of rooms each will have to spare. The
book also gives a list of the hotels and
their locations; has twelve full-page,
large-scale maps, each representing a
section of the city, so that with
this information before him the
intending visitor himself can, at
leisure, select the quarter of the city
in which he would prefer to stop, cor-
responding in advance with one or
more families in that locality with re-
gard to rates and the accommodations
desired.

To help you in fixing in advance upon
your place of residence while attend-
ing the World's fair, we have placed
in the hands of our agent at your sta-
tion copies of this work, which may be
obtained at 50 cents per copy.

W. H. WINFIELD,
General Passenger Agent, Cotton Belt
Route.

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weight possible as well as sell for full marke
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Sleepers from

Waco, Corsicana and Tyler.

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through tickets on sale via the

COTTON BELT ROUTE

For rates, maps, time tables and all infor-
mation apply to any agent of the company.

A. A. GLISSON, S. G. WARNER,
Trav. Pass. Ag't. Gen. Pass. Ag't,
Fort Worth, Tex. Tyler, Tex.

Young turkeys should be fed every
two hours. They do not eat much at a
time but they eat often. Keep a small
box of ground bone where they can
reach it and give water in vessels that
will not permit them to get wet.

The Chinese know where the econ-
omies of nature are better than any
other people in the world, and are
great poultry raisers. They would not
be so if it did not afford a cheap way of
producing food.

Subscribe for the Texas Live Stock
and Farm Journal.

Wish & Meek Co.
(INCORPORATED)
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS
KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT

[Devoted to topics of interest to women, and to the social interchange of ideas pertaining to home. Edited by Miss FLORENCE A. MARTIN, 152 Greenwood street, Dallas, Tex., to whom all communications should be addressed.]

WEARY, SO WEARY.

BY BERTHA H. DAVIS.

Weary, so weary, oh weary of tears;
Weary of heart aches, and weary of fears;

Weary of moaning and weary of pain;
Weary, so weary, of hoping in vain.

Weary, so weary, of the burden of life;
Weary of toiling and weary of strife;
Weary of parting and weary of night;
Weary, so weary, and longing for light.

Weary, so weary, of waiting alone;
Weary of asking—receiving a stone;
Weary of watching, weary of jeers;
Weary, so weary, of taunts and of sneers.

Weary, so weary—but some time I'll rest,
Dreamlessly sleeping, hands crossed on my breast;
No more to sorrow, no more to weep;
Only lie down and quietly sleep.

Last week mention was made of the woman who has to work for her living, the thread of the subject being her recognition in society. The results of such recognition shall be the theme this week. This, like all other good, has its evils attending it; for the daughters of the rich no longer hesitate to accept positions that should be given to those who are compelled to earn their own livelihood. They not only seek these positions, but take them at a more nominal salary than those who are absolutely compelled to can afford to work for.

The woman who can live independent of salaried positions is tired of the monotonous home life, and in order to have a little more pin money, seeks independence and change. In such a woman the bump of avarice is more fully developed than the bump of independence.

I was once asked by a lady, a lady whose husband was in easy circumstances, what my weekly stipend for certain work—newspaper correspondence—amounted to.

"I should like so well to get some such work to do; something that will employ me. I get so restless and crave something that will occupy my time and mind as well."

I thought to myself, woman, where is your heart that it is not full, as well as your mind and hands? She lives in a city house, has four small children, the oldest a boy of twelve years. Think you, she could not find work enough in her own home?

It was not the idle brain nor was it the idle hands that troubled this woman. She thought, "Your earnings come so easily I might just as well earn that much myself and be independent of my husband's purse for the many little trifles that are so dear to a woman's heart." Deluded creature, she who thinks the path rosy-hued!

The way was cleared for her to make the effort. A journalistic friend gave her a trial.

A call at the office of the publication that had given her the "chance" to mount the high pinnacle of fame re-

vealed the fact that while in her estimation she was capable of doing "anything at all," she was really incapable of doing any kind of literary work. After a few inglorious attempts to win fame and fortune, she found it consumed more of her time than she had expected, and informed her generous-hearted employer that "her services were worth double the amount she received."

"This let me out gracefully," said he. "I told her however valuable her services, we were not at that time in a position to increase prices, and we could not pay her what her work demanded."

Those who have never tried it know little of the trials, vexations, drudgery and constant anxiety and solicitude to which the working woman is subject. No one save these knows of the mental strain and anguish one suffers during a long day's hard work while separated from a loved mother, who is sick and suffering at home.

I say, be not afraid nor ashamed to work if dire necessity or circumstances demand it. If this is not the case I conjure you to remain at home where you will not be compelled to mingle with the grosser elements or lose the greatest charms a woman can possess—modesty, femininity of character.

Leave the places that are open to women for those who must work.

M. M.—You will be enrolled as a "charter member" of the Household. Your words—Advice to Mothers—have the right ring. So do I pity the children who have to look for happiness and pleasure elsewhere than at home. Many of the faults and vices of the grown-up child is attributable to early home influence and example.

Your recipe for the sponge cake is good. I used to make cake by the same recipe, but could never tell when the hot water should be added. I know it makes a great difference. I can almost taste those grape pies. Your directions for canning grapes will be followed by one reader of the JOURNAL, at least. Now, "M. M.," I do not want to draw on you too heavily, but tell us something else.

April 30, 1893.

Miss Florence A. Martin, Editor Household Department.

Thanks for your kindness; I will send directions for putting up grapes, as some one asked for information.

I wish to give directions for a good cake when butter is scarce:

Take six eggs, separate, set aside whites of 2 for icing, beat yolk and add 2 cups of sugar, beat 15 minutes, add 1 cup boiling water, sift 2½ cups of flour and 1 tablespoonful baking powder thoroughly together; add to your other ingredients, beating well; add 1 teaspoon lemon extract; whites, well frothed, add last. Bake in layers, in quick oven; put together with icing made in ordinary way, flavored with lemon.

To Can Green Post Oak Grapes.

The grapes should be gathered before the seeds get hard; when about half grown is the proper time. Carefully nick off all stems and waste; get jars and sealing wax ready. Put the grapes in sufficient cold water to cover well, set the vessel containing grapes on stove and scald, but be careful not to let them boil. When scalded put in jars and cover with the scalding hot liquid; seal immediately. If well sealed will keep a year. They are splendid for pies and dumplings. When you are

Your Painter

has often wasted time and material in trying to obtain a shade of color, and has even resorted to the use of ready mixed paints, the ingredients of which he knew nothing about, because of the difficulty in making a shade of color with white lead. This waste can be avoided by the use of National Lead Company's

Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These tints are a combination of perfectly pure colors put up in small cans and prepared so that one pound will tint 25 pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead to the shade shown on the can. By this means you will have the best paint in the world, because made of the best materials—

Strictly Pure White Lead

and pure colors. Insist on having one of the brands of white lead that are standard, manufactured by the "Old Dutch" process, and known to be strictly pure:

"Southern" "Red Seal" "Collier"

These brands of Strictly Pure White Lead and National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors are for sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere. If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

St. Louis Branch, Clark Avenue and Tenth Street. NATIONAL LEAD CO., 1 Broadway, New York.

sweetening for pies, add a pinch of soda; less sugar is required and they are just as good.

Mothers, dear friends, wherever you are all over this wide and beautiful country, I wish to put in a plea for the children.

Do not forget your own childhood. Reprove not the children for childish mirth; rather laugh with them, and rejoice in their happiness. Provide pleasant and interesting games, and take a hand with them sometimes. There are so many good games. Dominoes cost little and is interesting. The game of "logomachy," or letters, is good, and is played with the "anagram" sets that may be bought at toy shops.

Get good, wholesome reading and encourage both boys and girls to read aloud while you sew. How I pity the children who have to look away from home for pleasure!

Make friends and comparisons of your boys, and teach them that it is just as necessary for them to live pure lives as it is for their sisters. God no more excuses sin in man than in woman, neither should right minded people.

Oh, that erroneous idea that has so long been accepted, that young men must sow their wild oats.

Not so, not so! Mothers, educate your boys better than that. Whatever you sow, so shall you reap. You shall gather in the harvest what you have sown.

I should be glad to see the Lothrop magazines in every home where there are children of any age, as these magazines are steps from babyhood to noble man and womanhood. If there are any interested who are not acquainted, send fifteen cents to D. Lothrop Co., Boston, Mass., they will send sample copy of four splendid children's magazines, "Babyhood," "Our Little Men and Women," "The Pansy," and "Wide Awake." M. M.

The Art of Fascination.

The secret of fascination is one which many a woman would sacrifice a great deal to learn. To cultivate a charming and attractive manner one must begin at home, and surely a better school could not be devised, for the training is, in its way, perfection. Here you are sure to find each day little rubs which must be soothed with skillful touch; there is a constant mind friction going on among even the most devoted members of the household. It is a painful fact, though none the less true, that one's family acts as a constant counter-irritant.

Now, a steady effort to smooth over the rough places, minister to wounded hearts and with deft touches erase unpleasant memories is called for, and the woman who obeys the summons is pretty sure to find herself able to cope

in the most agreeable fashion with the outside world. Few women, however, realize that a fascination of manner is not born, but cultivated. It begins to bud in the nursery, develops under the skillful training of painstaking instructors, and blossoms forth into complete beauty in the society of well-bred women.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

Lettuce salad—Take one raw egg, one tablespoonful sugar, one-half teaspoonful of mustard, a little cayenne pepper (never use black pepper), two tablespoonfuls best olive oil, one tablespoonful vinegar; mix together and pour over lettuce.

Glycerine is said to be effective in removing stains of coffee and tea, even if they are of long standing. Rub it on and then wash out, washing the linen afterwards in the usual way.

Chocolate cake—One pint fine sugar, one and a half pints of flour, half pint milk, four ounces butter, four even teaspoonfuls baking powder sifted with the flour, three eggs. Cream the butter, add sugar and yolks, then the milk and the whites of the eggs beaten stiff, alternately with the flour. Bake in jelly-cake tins. Make the Philadelphia chocolate icing (beat the whites of three eggs stiff, add half pint of sweet chocolate, grated, and then half pint pulverized sugar) and put between the layers of cake and on the top one.

Fancy tea cakes—Sift 1 pound of flour on the pastry board, make a hollow in the center, put in ½ pound powdered sugar, ½ teaspoonful of lemon essence, 5 ounces of butter, ½ saltspoonful of salt, and mix to a soft, smooth paste, adding the yolks of 3 eggs and 1 gill of cream. After the latter has been thoroughly incorporated with the other ingredients and well mixed, let the paste stand for an hour, then roll it out ¼ of an inch thick, cut it into various small shapes with fancy cutters, put the little cakes on a buttered baking pan, brush them over with beaten egg, strew on the top some chopped citron, raisins or blanched almonds, and then bake them in a moderate oven.

Almonds are blanched by soaking them in hot water until the skin can be rubbed off with a cloth. The petits-fours, as these cakes are called, after being baked in a moderate oven until a light-brown color, are cooled on a sieve and then dusted with sugar.

CAUTION—Buy only Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Carefully examine the outside wrapper. None other genuine.

For Malaria, Liver Trouble, or Indigestion, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

SWINE.

Pigs that are well fed make but little noise.

The pig fed on grass alone will not be allowed to go to the fair.

Feed the pigs so that they will become hogs as soon as possible.

The dust pile is not a healthy place for beds for the hogs to sleep in.

If high feeding helps cholera, starving will not prevent it in the least degree.

It don't pay to sell hogs in the fall and save the money till spring to buy bacon and lard with.

As a general rule it is a safe plan to sell pigs whenever a paying price can be received for them.

Since March 1st the pork packing shows an aggregate falling off of over 20 per cent as compared with the same period last year.

Plenty of good feed, good bright running water, sunshine, and at ten months old your pig is ready for the market; provided the breed is worth having.

Sow rye or barley as a pasture for your brood sows in the winter time; clover or any grass that you can rely is good, but in the Southern states the first two named are most reliable; the pasturage with liberal feed will insure a strong, healthy offspring.

The best protection against swine diseases is general cleanliness and plenty of wholesome food in variety and suited to the hog's nature. An exclusive diet of corn converts a normal hog into a large lump of fat, which is functional degeneration. An abundance of muscle-forming food is required to build up a hog systematically and keep him healthy. A hog should never die until his time comes.

It is a fact worthy of particular note in this part of the country, that the hog products which command the highest prices in the English markets come from countries that grow little or no corn—England, Ireland and Denmark. The quality and consequent high price, of bacon from these three countries is due, first, to the feeding of the hog, and second, to the manner of curing. The best quality of bacon is produced by feeding barley, rye, wheat and peas, boiled potatoes skimmed milk, buttermilk and whey. The hogs should range in weight from 180 to 220 pounds. The shoulders, sides and hams are cured in one piece. The over-fat corn-fed hog does not make the finest bacon and does not bring the highest price. By growing the kind of hog wanted the Danish farmers have, in the last dozen years, enlarged their sales of bacon in England from 4,000,000 to 200,000,000 pounds, and the price has constantly increased. That is the style of hog best grown in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

Peas for Hogs.

Many inquiries have come to hand in regard to raising peas for hogs, and this article will answer all. The depth at which peas are planted, in different soils and under different climatic conditions, varies much. As peas are not a surface feeder they should be put in at the depth of the normal moisture line. On our sandy soil in Northwestern Wisconsin we find five inches the best depth. To ascertain this intelligently for each different locality and soil, one can for several years make a test in his garden with a field variety of different dents.

To feed in a green state we either use the common plan of hogging them off, or soiling, when nearly ready for table use. We sow them broadcast by

hand, using 2½ bushels per acre, and plow them under five inches deep early in the spring. We never had good results from late sowing. If the land is hard-baked and smooth it should be harrowed first, so as to prevent peas from rolling. We then sow one-half bushel of oats per acre and harrow twice. The result has varied the last four years as follows: 1889, 27 bushels per acre; 1890, 41 bushels per acre. 1891, 47 bushels; 1892, 34 bushels. The above yields were peas without oats. In 1888 they were a partial failure.

In regard to threshing our experience has been that if wanted for seed the old-fashioned flail is best; it matters little if all the concaves are taken out of the thresher, it will split more than one half of the peas.

Various methods are advised for harvesting. Our experience has been, taking one year with another, that mowing them with the scythe is the best method. They are then windrowed with little labor and stacked out of the windrows.

We retain our threshed peas for feeding brood sows and pigs, grinding peas and corn together in equal parts. We find scalding the feed twelve hours before feeding an advantage; even moistening it would be better than dry.—Theo. Louis in Farm, Stock and Home.

HORTICULTURE.

Don't go too deep in the ground when ploughing the orchard.

A pail of whitewash, with a pound each of sulphur and soft soap, applied to your fruit trees in early spring will be beneficial.

An orchard of dying and decaying trees furnish no fruit. It is too much like going to the hospital to procure a corpse of able-bodied laborers.

There is nothing that will give you more comfort, save your wife more work, and preserve your health, like a good supply of fresh ripe fruit.—Exchange.

Commence at the outer circle to dig when you want to take up a tree for the purpose of transplanting it. That is, keep away from the body as far as possible, so as to avoid cutting many of the small fibrous roots, which should hold their place in the dirt taken up with the tree.

Few persons prune quinces, yet it is an important thing to do. There must be young wood, or there will be no flowers and no fruit, yet how often do we see large bushes with nothing but old, stumpy-looking branches on them. If your trees are like this, cut them back one-half or so to get a good stock of young wood. Then cut them back a little every winter, topping the last season's wood and cutting the elder growth back closer. This is an essential point, yet one rarely thought of or practiced. As a rule, flowers are produced abundantly on healthy quince bushes, but for some reason the first to open rarely set; it is the later flowers which produce and bring forth the fruit.

More or less on every farm there is an accumulation of bones; that is, they will accumulate if they are saved, and every one should be saved. Even if they cannot be put in proper shape for use on annual quick-growing crops, they can very readily be got in good shape for use as a fertilizer for the fruit trees and grape vines. When broken up into small pieces and dug in around the vines or young fruit trees, they prove a fertilizer of the most enduring kind. There is no better fertilizer than raw bones. When finely ground and applied several inches under the surface, it begins to feed the crop in a very little while. When placed under the soil in good sized pieces, the bone slowly, but steadily, undergoes decomposition and yields up its nitrogen and phosphoric acid to any plant which is



OFFICE WORLD'S FAIR

Sept. 15, 1893

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO., Durham, N. C.

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BLACKWELL'S Bull Durham

Congratulating you on your success, we remain Yours truly,

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Has been the recognized standard of Smoking Tobacco for over 25 years. Uniformly good and uniformly first. Bright, sweet and fragrant—we invite the most fastidious to test its peculiar excellence.

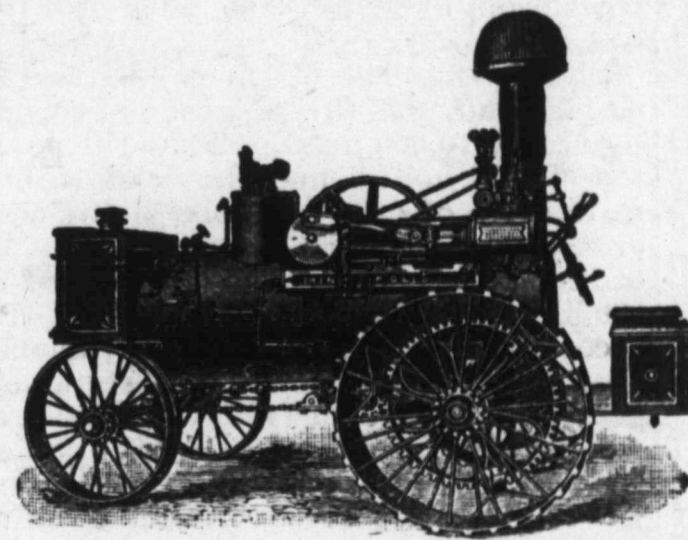
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THE VICTORY SEPARATOR

has no equal for rapid threshing separating and cleaning all kinds of grain, flax and Timothy. Seven sizes from 28 in. cylinder and 42 in. rear, to 40 in. cylinder, 62 in. rear.



THE MINNEAPOLIS TRACTION ENGINE



will draw a heavier load, steam easier; use less fuel, than any other engine in America. Sizes 10-12-14-16-18 horse power, Wood and Coal or Straw-burners, as desired. Also Victory Self-feeders, Reliance Horse Powers, Weighers, Bagger Attachments, etc., etc.

Manufactured by The Minneapolis Threshing Machine Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Write for catalogue.

STRATTON & WHITE. General Agents. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

prepared to make use of it. There is no potash in bone, but it is rich in the other two elements.

If you think you can find any tree, shrub or other plant entirely free from insect enemies, you are certain to be disappointed. Nothing of this kind has ever been known, and we are very much in doubt if such things exist, for to provide a way of destroying seems to be as much a law of nature as the means of production. All living things have their natural enemies, if we choose to class them as such, and, while one link in the chain may be larger or longer than the other, still all belong to the same chain. A tree or variety of fruit may appear to be insect proof in a circumscribed locality or region of country, simply because its insect enemies are absent, or have not as yet found it, but it does not prove that it has no insect enemies.

Why the Apple is Healthful.

The acids of apples are of signal benefit for men of sedentary habits whose lives are sluggish in action, those acids serving to eliminate from the body noxious matters, which, if retained, would make the brain heavy

TOWER'S
FISH BRAND

The Best Waterproof Coat in the WORLD!

SLICKER

The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. The new POMMEL SLICKER is a perfect riding coat, and covers the entire saddle. Beware of imitations. Don't buy a coat if the "Fish Brand" is not on it. Illustrated Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

and dull, or bring about jaundice or skin eruptions and other allied troubles. Some such an experience must have led to our custom of taking apple sauce with roast pork, rich goose and like dishes.—Medical Age.

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try **BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.** It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Kansas City Market Letter.

Special Correspondence.

KANSAS CITY, May 3.—The Texas and Indian cattle trade in the Kansas City stockyards has proved very satisfactory this week, both to shippers and dealers. Monday's receipts were 42 cars of steers, all but six cars being good to choice quality. The market was active and almost excited, and ranging from 10c to 25c higher than the close of last week. The grassers were common and sold well. Sales were: 49 1175 pounds, \$4.70; 32 1166 pounds, \$4.70; 30 1215 pounds, \$4.70; 96 Indian, 1140 pounds, \$4.60; 216 Indian, 1143 pounds, \$4.60; 52 1116 pounds, \$4.50; 60 1090 pounds, \$4.40; 80 894 pounds, \$4.17; 54 913 pounds, \$4.17; 104 Indian, 947 pounds, 417; 91 1013 pounds, \$4.15; 26 928 pounds, \$4.00; 25 938 pounds, \$4.00; 55 grassers, 834 pounds, \$3.55; 56 grassers, Indian, 836 pounds, \$3.55; 19 cows, 817 pounds, \$2.60.

Tuesday's receipts were sixteen carloads, half of them only medium steers and the others a lot of mixed common stuff. Again the market was active and quotable, 10 cents higher, according to the quality of the cattle sold. Sales were 26,937, \$4.25; 26,934, \$4.20 @1.48; 874,410. To-day fifteen cars of fair quality, as a rule, came. The market was a trifle dull, opening steady to weak and closing 10 cents lower, though all sold as follows: 73, 1025 lbs, \$4.45; 42, 979 lbs, \$4.30; 27, 912 lbs, \$4.25; 44, 998 lbs, \$4; 26, 979, \$4.05; 27, 900 lbs, \$3.80; 22 rough, 1072 lbs, \$3.75; 24 graded, 967 lbs, \$3.50.

The trade in native cattle has been especially good this week. Almost 4000 cattle were received on Monday. The quality of the steers was good to choice, and the market was much improved all through the cattle yards. Both heavy and light steers were advanced 10@15c, and they sold as fast as buyers could get to them. Actual sales of choice dressed beef and export steers, averaging from 1400 to 1600 pounds, were \$5.15@5.25; good 1125 to 1400 pound steers sold for \$4.80@5.10, and butchers' and dressed beef, 800 pounds and upwards, \$4.35@4.75.

Tuesday's receipts were 6500 cattle of the same quality, and there was another booming market all along the line. Some 10c more was added to prices, and the top was \$5.30 to \$5.35 for 1500 pound steers. Light steers reached their highest point of the season. To-day receipts were about 1000 less, with the quality thought to be not quite so good. Heavy runs and sharp advances somewhat checked buyers, and the market failed to have the brisk move of the two days previous. Some early sales were steady to strong, but trading got quiet and the close was 5c to 10c lower. However, the sales mostly show steady prices. A bunch of eighteen fine steers averaging 1527 pounds were sold by Hall & McIntosh for \$5.55 per cwt., and there were numbers of loads sold for \$5.20 up to \$5.35. Cows have not been plentiful, and the market for good grades has kept right along close to the advances in steers. Fine spayed cows and heifers are worth from \$4.35 to \$4.75, and choice cows and heifers from \$3.75 to \$4.25. There has been a run of 20,000 hogs to-day and yesterday. The quality was good, though hogs were mostly light. Yesterday there was a big excitement in the hog trade and prices jumped 10 to 15c, reaching a top of \$7.35, with a bulk of \$7.15 to \$7.25. The close was nearly with the previous day's prices. To-day the market was even, and though showing a range of only \$7.05 to \$7.30, the bulk of sales were \$7.20 to \$7.25.

The sheep market has been exceedingly good of late. Runs have been heavier than is usual. More than 6000 came to-day, mostly from Texas, or

Texas sheep Northern fed. The quality was good. The market was active and stronger to 5 or 10c higher, the sheep bringing higher prices than last year and 5 to 10c higher figures than the same kinds in Chicago, to-day. Sales were, clipped sheep, 237, 105 lbs, \$5.15; 80, 97 lbs, \$5.25; 201 Texans, 90 lbs, \$5.15; 126, 83 lbs, \$4.95; 2855 Texans, 90 lbs, \$5.15; 260 Texans, 78 lbs, \$4.75.

Godair, Harding & Co.'s Letter.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 2, 1893.

The way Texas cattle have been selling for the past month ought to be a source of much gratification to owners and shippers. Prices now are at the height of the season and so much better than a year ago that ranch men ought to be happy. Receipts for the past week have been regular and the heaviest of any week since the division opened. The number reached 9037 against 7439 last week and only 1500 for the same week a year ago. The supply for the month of April was 32,783 head against 25,841 in March and 9386 in April, 1892.

For the week the market has shown but little change. Good fed steers of all weights have sold well, but generally at no different prices from a week ago, while the canning cattle have advanced 10@15c in sympathy with the excellent demand that prevailed for cow stock. There has been a greater demand for good cows and light steers this season than ever before, chiefly because the consumption of fresh beef has shown a great increase.

Good butchers' stock has met with the greatest favor, and of course this had a direct bearing on the Texas cattle trade, and has given an impetus to the general trade which has been a source of much satisfaction. Fed steers have sold this week at \$4.25@5.15, largely at \$4.40@4.75; grassers, \$3.50@4.25, mostly \$3.60@4; Texas cows brought \$2.25@3.65, with few below \$2.75.

Sheep—The run of sheep last week, 68,142 head, was the largest on record by nearly 10,000 head. That the market should hold firm and even advance in the face of such a supply shows conclusively that there is more than an ordinary demand behind it. Fully 25,000 Texas sheep were included in the receipts and all have sold at remarkably good prices. Our sales showed a good advance over the week before, ranging from \$5@5.50 for good to choice 70 to 85 pound wethers. During the week some very choice 88-pound clipped grass sheep sold at \$5.55, the best of the season. We would advise not to let supplies come too fast. Already the market is being too heavily supplied with common sheep.

GODAIR, HARDING & CO.

Chicago Market Letter.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 2.—There was only a moderate supply of sale cattle to-day, the total number of Texans being about sixty carloads. The demand was good and the market was active at prices quite as good as the best of the season. It was the opinion of some good dealers that the grass cattle sold relatively better than the fed cattle.

A lot of 221 grass steers, 1052 lbs, sold at \$4.25. Other sales of grass steers were as follows: 92 head, 954 lbs, \$3.75; 275 head, 933 lbs, \$3.65; 389 head, 928 lbs, \$3.65; 21 head, 804 lbs, \$3.50, with 1079 lb. yearlings at \$3.30, and 987@1025-lb bulls at \$2.60.

Three lots of fed steers sold as follows: 81 steers, 1044 lbs, \$4.80; 19 steers, 1208 lbs, \$4.70; 21 steers, 1006 lbs, \$4.40.

A string of shorn grass sheep sold as follows: Monday, 869 muttons, 86 pounds, \$5.55; 500 wethers, 64 pounds, \$4.00; 68 tailing, 58 pounds, \$3.50. A good price was paid for shorn grassers, but they were good sheep.

Some 81 pound fall clipped Texas sheep sold at \$5 and shorn Texas wethers of 63 pounds sold at \$3.87.

Quite a string of 73 pound clipped Texans sold at \$4.65; 1023 head, 78 pounds, \$4.90; 862 head, 78 pounds, \$4.90.

Top native cattle, \$5.85; top hogs, \$7.75; top sheep, \$6.30; top lambs, \$7.30.

The following tables show the receipts of live stock at each of the four mentioned markets for the first four months of '93 and of '92:

FIRST FOUR MONTHS OF 1893.

Chicago	994,198	1,710,749	898,770
Kansas City	410,000	653,000	191,000
Omaha	293,550	396,487	114,505
St. Louis	194,250	330,115	61,085
Total	1,891,998	3,080,351	1,265,360

FIRST FOUR MONTHS OF 1892.

Chicago	1,070,398	2,843,427	688,707
Kansas City	335,000	845,700	150,000
Omaha	236,429	529,166	66,748
St. Louis	96,119	312,682	47,661
Total	1,737,947	4,530,975	953,116

The receipts for the first four months of the year compared with the same time last year show a decrease of 76,200 cattle, 1,132,678 hogs and an increase of 210,063 sheep.

April receipts of Texas cattle about 33,000, being the largest on record for April, the previous banner run being 17,764 in April, 1890. The receipts last March were 25,841 head. In April, 1892, there were 9386 and in April, 1891, only 5520 head arrived.

While there were 76,000 less cattle received the first four months than last year, there were 60,000 more Texas cattle, so it will be seen that the supply of native cattle runs about 136,000 cattle short. However, the bulk of the Texas ed cattle were fed and filled the place native beeves.

A. C. HALLIWELL.

Notes from Pecos.

PECOS CITY, TEXAS, May 2, 1893.

Editor Journal.

The drouth continues in the Pecos valley. Stock on the river are doing badly and many are dying. Sheepmen are coming in every day and a large amount of wool is being shipped every day.

Fine horses are being shipped in every few days, but I am afraid many of them are sold by bogus dealers and their pedigrees not reliable, and I don't see why stockmen will continue to deal with such parties when they can buy from strictly reliable dealers, such as you have in Fort Worth, Polk Bros., for instance, who are first-class gentlemen and entirely trustworthy in all their dealings and can furnish stock growers with all kinds of stock, from a Shetland pony to a thoroughbred racer, and at reasonable prices.

Alfalfa is now being harvested, and will turn out a good yield this season. Fruit looking well. A collection is being taken up to-day for Cisco sufferers. Rain last night at Midland.

Yours, J. J. I.

Wool Growers' Association.

RICE, TEX., May 3.—To the members of the Texas Wool Growers' Association and all others interested in the wool industry of Texas: The time has come when the wool industry of Texas must take care of itself. The Texas legislature is unfriendly to the wool interest of Texas, as evidenced by the recent repeal of the scalp law. And the national legislature evidently contemplates unfriendly action, such action as will be injurious to the wool producing interest of all the United States.

"Free wool" will surely sound the death knell of the wool industry of the United States. Hence the necessity of united and organized effort on the part of those engaged in the wool industry.

I, therefore, call a meeting of the Texas Wool association to meet in the city of San Antonio the first Tuesday in June next, for the purpose of thorough organization for protection and promoting the wool interest generally in Texas.

L. B. HAYNIE,
President Texas Wool Association.

Subscribe for the TEXAS LIVE STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL.

POULTRY.

Select eggs from the best for hatching purposes.

The market basket is not a good place to get eggs for hatching.

When the weather is pleasant don't keep your chickens in the house.

Avoid wet feed for young fowls, let their first rations be dry; broken wheat is as good as any you can give.

Furnish your setting hens with a dust pile, or box filled with dust, to wallow in. See that they have fresh water and food regularly.

There is not a city or town in the United States that is furnished, all the year round, with plenty of fresh eggs and nicely fattened poultry for their tables.

For people who are forced to put up with limited resources, and are unable to do very hard work, there is hardly any occupation that can be undertaken so readily as poultry raising. If they get good varieties and know, or will learn, how to operate them properly, a comfortable living can be made out of the business almost anywhere.

Broilers come into demand in the New York market a little earlier than in Boston, but Boston prices are better later in the season. At this season the small sizes, about one pound weight each, are preferred, but larger sizes are also sold. At the present time the small broilers are selling for 30 cents per pound, and the larger sizes, not over one and a half pounds, bring 25 cents a pound. These prices are the wholesale quotations, and retail prices are much higher. Prices may be expected to steadily advance until the middle of May but in a few weeks there will be a greater demand for the larger sizes than for the smaller. It must not be overlooked that the highest prices refer to the choice stock. That which is scraggy, and which does not present an attractive appearance, is not readily sold. Much depends on properly picking and preparing for the market. The chick should be clean and contain no broken skin, while the pin-feathers should be carefully removed.—Ex.

To Select Good Layers.

How many poultrymen can pick out a good laying hen from a strange flock? Not many can do it; yet it can easily be done after a short study of make-up, and character. There goes a hen with a thick neck, large head, ill-shaped, walks listlessly about seemingly with no intention or purpose in view. She doesn't care to scratch, but hangs around the hen house evidently waiting for her next feed. She gets up late in the morning and gone to bed early in the evening. That hen may be put down as a very poor layer. The eggs of some of the other hens go to help pay her keeping.

Here comes another hen. She walks briskly, and there is an elasticity in her movements that denotes she has something in view. She is neat and natty in appearance, small head, with a slim neck, nicely arched or curved. She forages and scratches all day long, and may be too busy to come to her evening meal. She is at the door in the morning, waiting to be let out. She snatches a few mouthfuls of feed and is off to the meadow, looking for insects. Before she gets out in the morning she generally deposits her daily egg in the nest, or returns after a short forage. She is neat, clean and tidy, with a brightness and freshness pleasant to the eye. That is the hen that pays for her feed, and gives good profit all the year round. The writer has noted these traits since boyhood, and knows that they are infallible. By studying these traits any man may in a few years, by selection, have a fine flock of hens.—Coleman's Rural World.

Breeders' Directory.

NECHES POULTRY FARM AND KENNELS.



Largest Poultry Farm in the Southwest. Registered Collie and Scotch Terrier Dogs. My Poultry won in 1891 one hundred and forty two prizes, at Dallas, 1892 forty-one; also largest and best display. In hand of customers have won at fairs all over the state.

Send two cent stamp for catalogue.

J. G. McREYNOLDS,

P. O. Box 25, Neches, Texas.

H. C. STOLL, Beatrice, Nebraska. Breeder of Poland-China, Chester White, Small Yorkshire, and Essex Swine. Parties wishing superior stock would do well to get my prices. Write and mention this paper.



Hereford Park Stock Farm.

Rhome, Wise County, Texas.

RHOME & POWELL Props.

Breeders and Importers of pure bred Hereford cattle.

PLANT HOGS.



Write your wants to J. P. RICE, breeder and shipper of Registered

Poland China Hogs. San Antonio, Texas.

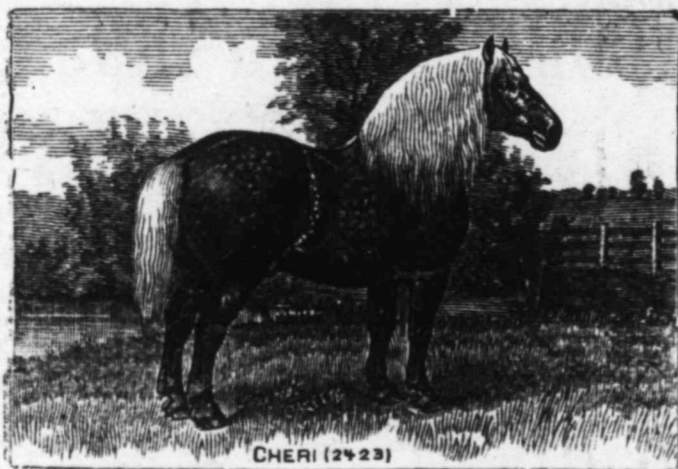
Registered and Graded

Hereford Bulls and Heifers

For Sale by W. S. IKARD, Henrietta, Tex.

Have a lot constantly for sale of high-grade and registered bulls and heifers all ages. Herefords sold are guaranteed against Texas fever in any part of the United States. Also BERKSHIRE HOGS for sale, and nothing but imported stock, all from prize winners.

San Gabriel Stock Farm,



CHERI (2723)

Direct From France

A new lot of PERCHERON and COACH horses just received at our well known Stock Farm, one mile east of Georgetown, Texas. In addition to our large stock of Superb Animals already on hand, we have just received two car-loads of REGISTERED PERCHERON and COACH stallions. Buying in large numbers direct from the Importer, we are able to sell these horses at low figures and on easy terms. Those wishing Draft horses or Roadsters are cordially invited to visit our stables, as we claim to have the finest and largest stock of imported horses ever brought to Texas. In addition to our stock of Registered stallions, we have a number of high grade and registered colts—two years old next spring. For particulars and Catalogue, address

D. H. & J. W. SNYDER,

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Additional brands: MAK on side; FANTON side; LL on side and L on the hip.

MURDO MACKENZIE, Manager, Trinidad, Colo. A. G. LIGHTWOOD, Superintendent, P. O. Matador, Tex.

Breeders' Directory.

PIGS, Chesters, Berkshires, Polands, Fox Hounds, Collies, Setters. GEO. B. HICKMAN, West Chester, Pa. Send stamp for Circular.

ENGLISH RED POLLED CATTLE for sale. Pure bloods and grades. Address L. K. Haseltine, Dorchester, Greene Co., Mo.

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Bred and raised in Childress county, Tex. For terms apply to

U. S. WEDDINGTON, Childress, Tex.

M. R. KENNEDY, Taylor, Tex., Breeder of pure bred and high grade Herefords. Carload of two and three-year olds, out of half Hereford and half Shorthorn cows by registered Hereford bull, now on hand and for sale.

FOR SALE.

I have for sale, and keep constantly on hand a good stock of thoroughbred Duroc-Jersey red swine. Also pure bred Holstein-Friesian cattle. For prices write to

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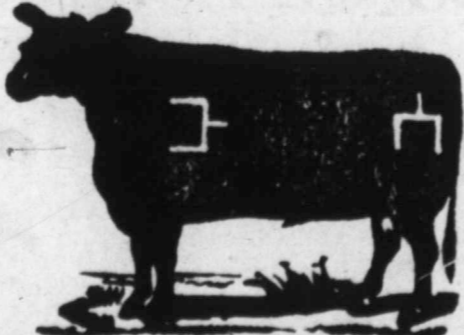
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2000 Archer county four and five-year-old steers, at \$20.

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Call and see me.

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Two 640-acre tracts, adjoining, each partly fenced and cultivated. One has 150 acres growing wheat, one has 150 acres being put in oats and corn in spring of 1893.

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9:45 a m	5:00 p m	Lve.....	New Orleans.....	Arr	10:55 a m	7:05 p m
7:30 p m	7:00 a m	Lve.....	Galveston.....	Arr	9:30 p m	9:35 a m
11:10 p m	9:00 a m	Lve.....	Houston.....	Arr	7:30 p m	5:35 a m
2:20 a m	11:37 a m	Arr.....	Brenham.....	Lve	4:52 p m	2:20 a m
8:20 a m	3:10 p m	Arr.....	Austin.....	Lve	1:25 p m	8:00 p m
2:15 a m	9:45 p m	Arr.....	Llano.....	Lve	7:00 a m	3:15 p m
7:40 a m	3:55 p m	Arr.....	Waco.....	Lve	12:35 p m	8:40 p m
7:07 a m	4:40 p m	Arr.....	Corsicana.....	Lve	11:48 a m	9:15 p m
10:20 a m	7:55 p m	Arr.....	Fort Worth.....	Lve	8:30 a m	6:10 p m
9:35 a m	6:40 p m	Arr.....	Dallas.....	Lve	9:35 a m	6:40 p m
12:10 p m	9:30 p m	Arr.....	Sherman.....	Lve	7:05 a m	3:25 p m
12:30 p m	9:50 p m	Arr.....	Denison.....	Lve	6:45 a m	3:00 p m
6:40 a m	4:40 p m	Arr.....	Kansas City.....	Lve	11:00 a m	8:30 p m
6:25 p m	6:55 a m	Arr.....	St. Louis.....	Lve	9:30 p m	9:00 a m

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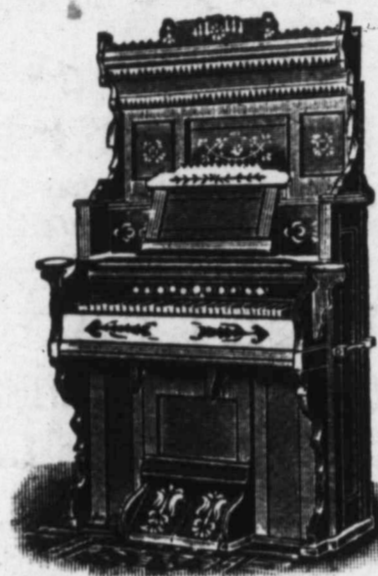
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	Cattle and Calves	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules	Cars
Official Receipts for 1892	1,571,155	2,397,477	438,268	32,505	97,462
Slaughtered in Kansas City	727,981	1,805,114	218,909		
Sold to Feeders	213,923	4,260	29,078		
Sold to Shippers	446,501	586,583	48,259		
Total Sold in Kansas City	1,388,405	2,395,937	296,246	15,974	

C. F. MORSE, General Manager,
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E. E. RICHARDSON, Secretary and Treasurer,
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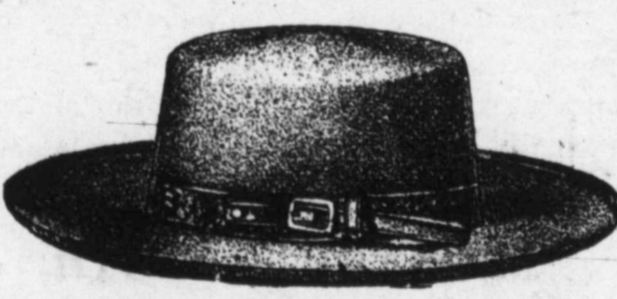
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