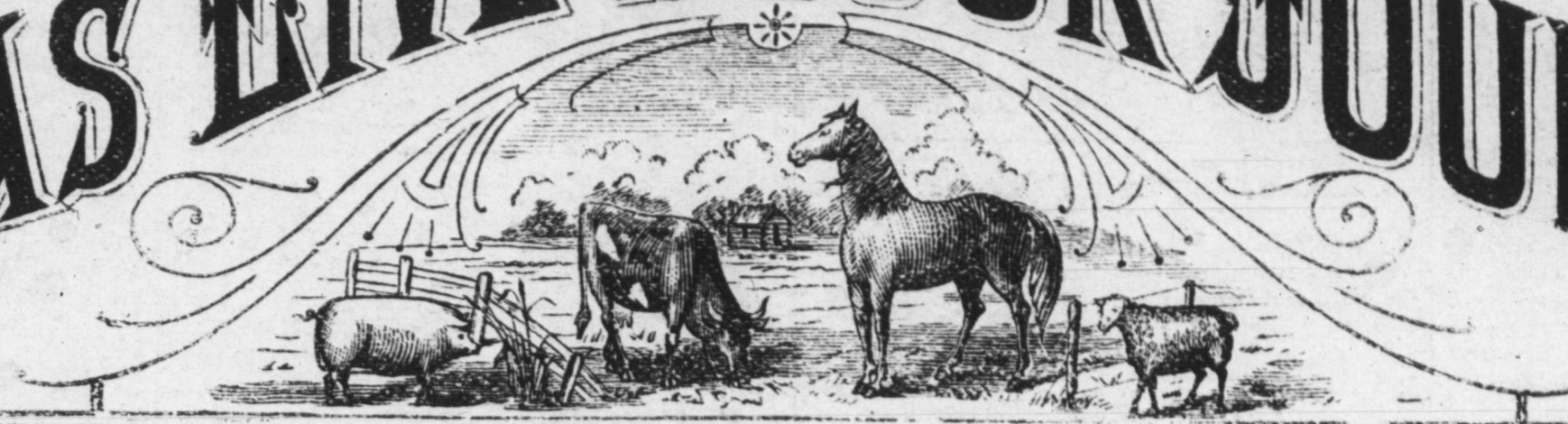


# TEXAS LIVE STOCK JOURNAL



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James H. Campbell, President, Jerome F. Wares, Vice-President, J. H. McFarland, Sec'y and Treas., Chicago, Ill.; H. F. Parry, Manager and Cashier, National Stock Yards, Ill.; G. W. Campbell, D. L. Campbell, Managing Directors, Kansas City, Mo.

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National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill.

Kansas City Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo.,

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-Of St. Louis.-

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Located at East St. Louis, Illinois, directly opposite the City of St. Louis.

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Incorporated. Capital Stock \$25,000.

Special attention given to the sale of Texas Cattle and Sheep. Write us for market reports

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REFERENCES—Drovers' Nat. Bank, Union Stock Yards Nat. Bank, Chicago; Bank of Atlantic, Atlantic, Ia., Bank of Roodhouse, Roodhouse, Ill.

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[TRADE MARK.]

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—[ESTABLISHED 1830.]—  
**DENNY, RICE & Co.**  
 Nos. 606 to 610 Atlantic Avenue,  
 BOSTON, MASS.,  
**-WOOL-**

**Commission Merchants.**  
 Prompt information given by mail or telegraph by applying to their Texas representative,  
**C. G. HUBBARD.**  
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 Cash advances made on consignments.  
 Also make Texas Wool Growers Cash Advances on Wool at Eight Per Cent. Per Annum, at any time during the year.

**E. WM. GRUENDLER,**  
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**Wool and Sheepskins**  
 Handled for

**Manufacturers' and Pullers' Orders.**  
 Consignments and Correspondence Solicited.

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**Commission Merchants,**  
 100 and 102 N. Main Street, Corner of Chestnut,  
**ST. LOUIS, MO.**

We solicit consignments of Texas and Southwestern wools, and will make proper advances on all wools consigned to us. Correspondence promptly attended to.

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**WOOL** Commission Merchants,  
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Consignments solicited from wool growers and dealers. Advances made from clip to clip.

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**Commission Merchants**  
 and Wholesale Dealers,  
 173 Strand, Galveston, Tex.

Solicit consignments of

**-WOOL-**

Hides and other Country Produce. Will make reasonable advances in cash or supplies, at lowest rates.

**WOOL SCOURING MILLS**  
 —AT—  
**Galveston, Texas.**

**THEO. HOWARD, Proprietor.**

**Wool Scouring Done for Wool Growers and Dealers.**

N. B.—Order your commission firm to have your wools scoured.

**WOOL!**  
**WESTERN WOOL COMMISSION CO.**

**ST. LOUIS, MO.**

**Consignments of Wool Solicited.**  
 Cash returns made within six days after receipt of wool. Liberal Advances made on Consignments.  
 References: Dun's and Bradstreet's Agencies and Local Banks.  
 Send for Circular and Price Current.  
 Represented in Texas by ED. MACKECHNIE, San Antonio.

**FUNSTEN & CO.,**  
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**WOOL**

Sacks and Twine Furnished at Cost.

TEXAS REFERENCES:—First National Bank, Abilene; First National Bank, Albany; Belton National Bank, Belton; First National Bank, Coleman; First National Bank, Denison; First National Bank, Taylor; Waco National Bank, Waco; Texas Live Stock Journal, Fort Worth.

**Liberal Advances Made.**

W. A. ALLEN. M. EVANS.  
 Established 1854.

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**Commission Merchants.**

Liberal advances made on consignments at 7 per cent. per annum. Full advices of market furnished on request. Prompt and faithful attention to the interests of consignors is our rule.

**Hide and Wool Buyer**

Wants a situation to buy in Texas, New Mexico and Kansas or either of them. 15 years experience. Reference given. Address,

**J. T. HICKEY,**  
 Fort Worth, Texas.

**SALESMEN** We wish a few men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. Largest manufacturers in our line. Enclose 2-cent stamp. Wages \$3 Per Day. Permanent position. No postals answered. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. Centennial Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

**AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.**

**Where Shall the Wool Grower Sell His Clip in Order to Net the Best Result?**

Editor Texas Live Stock Journal.  
 Replying to the Atlantic City (N. J.) Wool Grower who in your issue of the 16th hastens to the defense of the Eastern commission merchant, I trust I may be permitted to present a few facts I gleaned from an experience covering something like twelve years.

In comparison with San Antonio, cited as being the only point outside of Galveston in this state handling any considerable amount of wool, to be entirely correct a sale made at Galveston at 19½c. would positively be more beneficial to the producer than if made at the same figure in San Antonio, for the reason that the saving made in Galveston in the items of interest, storage, insurance, drayage, weighing, etc., based on an average time required to handle and sell the wool, of 60 to 90 days, would be \$.70.67 per 100 lbs, illustrated as follows, estimating

200 lbs to the sack and 20c per lb as value:

Interest at San Antonio for 3 months at 12 per cent, per sack \$1.20, per 100 lbs. 60  
 Storage, 3 months, 25c per sack per mo. 75c  
 Drayage, 15c per sack, per 100 lbs 10c. 05  
 Insurance, 3 months 15c per sack per month, 45c per 100 lbs. 22½  
 Weighing 10c per 100 lbs. 10

Total charges in San Antonio, 100 lbs \$1.30  
 Interest in Galveston, 3 months at 8 per cent, per sack, 87½c per 100 lbs. 39½c  
 Storage, 3 months, 12c 1st month then after 10c per 100 lbs. 16½c  
 Drayage, nothing.  
 Weighing, 5c per sack, per 100 lbs 2½c  
 Insurance, 3 months (actual) per 100 lbs about. 11½c 61.33

Difference in favor of Galveston 70.67

This saving of nearly three-fourths of a cent per pound goes directly into the pockets of the grower. The fact remains, however, and is incontrovertible, that wool is worth in Galveston, in point of freight alone, \$1.03 per 100 lbs more than in San Antonio, as the freight from San Antonio to New York as given by tariff sheets is \$1.58, whereas from Galveston the rate is 55c, showing conclusively and without the necessity of the intervention of a Philadelphia lawyer, that they are worth that much more at Galveston. As Atlantic City Grower correctly admits that the rate of freight determines the relative value of wool in Texas, no matter at what point, if it were left entirely to the magnanimity of the buyer whether to give the grower this \$1.03 per 100 lbs., his chances would indeed be slow of getting it. Fortunately, however, competition here steps in and compels the buyer to do so, otherwise it might with equal justness be claimed that wool is worth as much in Texas as landed in New York. There is no necessity of paying \$2.83 to get wools to New York, and that is just what Galveston is endeavoring to establish, but it is a fact that such is being done by every grower who stops and sells his wool in San Antonio, whose shipping point is embraced in the \$1.25 rate into San Antonio from the Southern Pacific road West, as the rate from San Antonio to New York (via Galveston, the shortest and cheapest route) is \$1.58, which added to the \$1.25 rate into San Antonio makes \$2.83 that comes out of the wools sold in San Antonio. There is no station known to the writer 425 miles from Galveston where the rate is \$1.50 to New York; the fact is, however, that the rate is \$1.58 from all common shipping points in the state to New York, or 98c to Galveston. Points west of Fort Worth, Temple, Waco, Austin or Gainesville the rate is higher, ranging from \$1.05 and upwards to Galveston with the corresponding difference to New York.

There is no more reason in stopping wools at San Antonio than there would be in stopping them at any other local point on the line or in shipping from Colorado City to Fort Worth, or than there is in shipping from Texas to St. Louis, it being a fact that all wools shipped to the latter point must seek the East for consumption. The rate thus from common points in Texas to St. Louis is \$1.33, and from St. Louis East 91, total \$2.24, against \$1.58 via Galveston, a saving in favor of the latter. As it is, how-

ever, only a small portion of the state can reach San Antonio at all and her territory is confined to only a limited district, she cuts but a small figure as a wool market when compared to any general market deriving its trade from every section of the state as well as adjoining states and territories, as is the case is the case with Galveston, hence the foregoing remarks are applicable only to such bosom friends of the San Antonio merchants as are willing to sacrifice their personal profit for the pleasures of enjoying the exquisite climate of the Alamo City.

The question then arises, where shall the vast territory beyond the reach of the Alamonite find a market for its wool? The deliberate judgment adduced from mature experience of a large majority of growers is that consigning to Eastern commission houses for sale is a remnant of barbarism, and hence in direct contradiction of the statement of the Atlantic City grower, who claims to have made 2 to 4c per lb thereby. The question is, why should I ship to Boston or New York when I can obtain the same results in much shorter time and at much less expense at Galveston?

Let us figure this out:

	Per 100 lbs
Commission man in Boston or Philadelphia charges.....	\$1.50
It takes an av. of 6 to 8 mos. to get returns, hence 6% on \$40 for 6 mos. is \$1.20 per s'k	60
Drayage in Boston or New York, 15c per sack or.....	07½
To which add freight from com. shipping points, being \$1.58 to New York or \$1.76 to Boston.....	1.76
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$3.93½</b>
Freight to Galveston from common shipping points.....	98
Commission at Galveston, 2½% on \$40.....	50
Drayage, none.....	none
Insurance av. time, 3 mos.....	11½
Storage av. time, 3 mos.....	16½
Weighing, 5c per sack or.....	02½
Interest av. time, 3 mos., 8% on \$40.....	39½
	2.17½
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$1.76½</b>

A saving for the benefit of the grower of \$1.76 by selling in Galveston, over Boston or Philadelphia. Now as Eastern dealers and manufacturers buy direct from Galveston parties without the aid of the agent, who receives 1c per lb, this much more is saved to the grower, as these commissions must be paid out of the wool. Not alone do these people get 1c per pound commission, but their expenses are considerable in traveling from point to point, and as they are not out here for their health, the grower must necessarily pay those expenses besides the commission, hence he had better ship his wool where it can be sold direct to manufacturers or dealers and get a round price for his wool and get his money and be able to use it within 60 days or 90 days at the outside, instead of waiting from 6 to 8 months for news from the East and then get advices that a portion of his wool has been sold at 25c, and finally about 11 months after shipping get account of sales about as follows: 15 lbs at 25c, 100 lbs at 22c, 700 lbs, more or less, as the case may be, at 15c.

Truly it may be said all wools in the East are sold on a scoured basis, but as for the general report of shrinkage

## SAN ANTONIO.

THE field corn is in roasting ears on the Rio Grande bottoms in Cameron county. Two crops a year are made regularly in that section, and some think that three crops will be made this year.

THE first shipments of grass beeves to any extent this spring will come principally from the counties of Frio, LaSalle, McMullen, Dimmit, Webb, Encinal, Maverick, Zavalla and Kinney. Many are now getting ready to forward their fat beeves, and a betterment in prices would make things lively in this section.

ON TO Llano! is now the cry. After three months labor in which Col. W. A. H. Miller of Llano was most conspicuous, the required bonus of \$50,000 has been raised by San Antonio for the extension of the S. A. & A. P. railroad from near Comfort to Llano, about 10 miles. For the commerce of San Antonio this is a good investment, and work will begin immediately.

How many are listing their corn in Texas this year? In Kansas, the great corn-raising state, listing is now almost universal, because experience has taught that more corn at less cost can be raised by this method than by any other. If it is good in Kansas, it must be better here, because in this climate the roots need greater protection from the sun than in Kansas, which is afforded by the level cultivation of listing.

WHILE Johnson grass is not considered so great a curse in Southwest Texas as to deserve an outlaw act of the legislature, still by common consent it is out of fashion, and sorghum takes its place as a fodder crop. Johnson grass can easily be gotten rid of, as far as spreading is concerned, by planting or sowing Bermuda grass on it. The Bermuda will take possession of the land, especially if pastured, and furnish unexcelled summer stock feed.

AT LAST the ax has fallen on the neck of the much discussed state inspection law, and the head rolls over into the basket, where should lie all class legislation. The solicitor-general of New Mexico, the territory that claims the honor (?) of being the first to have passed the stereotyped bill sent to all the legislatures by the butchers, has notified the inspector appointed in Santa Fe that it is unconstitutional to interfere with the importation or sale of wholesome meat. The STOCK JOURNAL has always taken that position, even to the quarantining of live stock.

THE STOCK JOURNAL has often spoken of the error that is commonly made by ranchmen in placing values on their stock. They are prone to pick out the best sale reported and gauge their stock by it, instead of making impartial comparisons as to distance from market and the class and condition of the stock. It must be borne in mind that a fat animal not only weighs more pounds than a thin

one, but it is also worth more per pound because it is better meat. If the system of selling all stock by weight should be adopted much of the misunderstanding of the value of an animal could be obviated.

THE horse trade of Chicago is not so extensive as that of San Antonio, when numbers are considered, but when it is based on values it is way ahead. For instance, for the week ending March 14, 1889, 315 horses were sold in Chicago, in the aggregate, for \$56,645, or about \$174 per head, while the 702 head sold in San Antonio averaged not over \$20 per head, or an aggregate of only \$14,040. There is no reasonable excuse for this great difference of nine to one between Texas and Northern horses, and a little care—especially care—and improved blood would go a long way toward equalizing this rather humiliating discrepancy in value against Texas horses. This is a lesson in domestic economy worthy of the study of the most prominent ranchmen and economists of Texas.

It is very singular that many men who are enjoying the gift of ordinary horse sense can not see why at least all cattle producing states and territories should oppose the so-called state inspection laws, and it is only a proof that they are ignorant of the salient points in the bill, because their patriotism to the states and territories in which they live cannot be questioned. The opposition to said law is not based on a desire to permit the sale of diseased meats, no more than its advocates to prevent the same. The prime movers of the bill are farmers and butchers of the Eastern states, who wish to keep out Western beeves or crowd out dressed meat from competing with their home slaughtered meat. This would virtually kill out the Western range stock business. The Western range stockman does not object and will cheerfully indorse any movement to inspect the animal before killing and the meat before it is sold to the consumer, but he does object to being obliged to ship alive to the state in which it is to be consumed, because experience has taught him that long railroad transportation causes great loss in shrinkage of live stock and also in quality, and while his stock even now is discriminated against for said causes in Chicago, it would be in a much worse condition if it had to go double the distance to the Eastern states for slaughter. On its arrival there the inspectors would in many cases be perfectly justifiable in condemning much of the stock that would have been prime meat if killed near the pasture and shipped to its destination in refrigerator cars. If it is the desire to furnish wholesome meat to the consumers of the Eastern states no reasonable man will question that the nearer to the pasture that the animal can be slaughtered and then transported in a healthy state to the place of sale, the more wholesome the food would be. The beef producers can see no practical way out

## SADDLE HORSES!

H. M. MUNDY & BROS.,

El Paso, Texas.

Can supply at lowest possible prices

## Choice Mexican Saddle Ponies!

On short notice, delivered in El Paso in quantities to suit the purchasers. We make this business a specialty. Correspondence solicited.

of the present hard times except by establishment of slaughter houses nearer home, and with the state inspection laws such slaughter houses would be an impossibility. The consumers' side of this question as against this law is irrelevant here, but is equally strong with that of the producers, and it was this element that defeated said bill in the Ohio and Pennsylvania legislatures, and can be relied on to kill it in nearly all the states. They show it up to be simply a butchers' bill as against the people.

### Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. W. Williams & Co.

### San Antonio Horse Market.

The horse market has been only fair the past week, owing to the transitory state of changes from Southern to Northern demand. The special features have been the purchase of cavalry horses for the Mexican army and the purchase of a fine lot of mares to go to Edwards county for breeding purposes. Mules are off except colts, and what are on hand will mostly be carried over to next season. The continuous bad weather of the winter has materially interfered with this trade. The demand for mares is improving, and good prices can be realized for fat stock. Shipments were 488 head, against 702, or the week previous.

Quotations are as follows:

Scrub and poor mares, 12 to 13½ hands.	\$ 9 @ \$12
Scrub fair conditioned, 12 to 13½ hands.	12 @ 14
Medium mares, 13 to 14 hands, fat.	17 @ 20
Medium mares, 13 to 14 hands, thin.	13 @ 15
Yearling fillies, branded.	8 @ 9
Yearling fillies, unbranded.	10 @ 12
Two-year-old fillies, branded.	10 @ 13
Two-year-old fillies, unbranded.	12 @ 14
Texas improved mares, 14 to 15 hands.	30 @ 40
American carriage horses, 15½ to 16½.	75 @ 200
Saddle horses, good, 13 to 14½ hands.	30 @ 40
Saddle horses, poor, 13 to 14½ hands.	17 @ 22
Unbroke horses, 13 to 14½ hands.	15 @ 23
Weaned, unbranded colts.	4.50 @ 6
Mules, Mexican, 12 to 13½ hands.	24 @ 40
Mules, improved, 13½ to 14 hands.	45 @ 65
Yearling mule colts, improved.	22 @ 30
Two-year mule colts, improved.	30 @ 40
Yearling mule colts, Mexican.	17 @ 22
Two-year mule colts, Mexican.	18 @ 30

Don't hawk, and blow, and spit, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Of druggists, 50 cts.

### HORNS AND HOOF.

L. Saltentall is West on the Southern Pacific on a trading expedition.

R. E. Fletcher of Clarksville, Texas, is here figuring on the horse market.

James Gabbert is in with a bunch of horse stock from near Torreon, Mex.

N. R. Powell sold 7 head each of young Galloway bulls to Buck Pettus and James Ray of Goliad county.

## A CARD

—TO—

## Wool Growers!

We will from now on and in our own name carry on a Wool Business, as conducted heretofore by our Senior, F. Lammers, as manager of the Wool Factors' Association, which has been dissolved by mutual consent. We solicit the continued good will of old friends and are prepared to negotiate with all disposed to intrust the sale of wool to our care.

Wool sacks at cost to shippers.

## LAMMERS & FLINT, GALVESTON.

February 16, 1889.

On Sunday morning a bunch of 294 head of horses and mares arrived from Mexico, and were put on this market.

John J. Young left last Saturday for his ranch in Hidalgo county, and a big trade may be looked for almost any day.

L. P. Alexander is back from a mule selling trip to Arkansas and Louisiana, and reports small Texas mules slow sale.

J. M. Dobie of Live Oak county is here figuring about in the stock market. Jim has got some fine fat steers for somebody.

Hilton & Co. of San Antonio, Texas, make a specialty of ranch and farm lands, from one acre to 500,000 acres. Largest list in the state.

A Frio county man says that calves are coming in pairs in that county, and that the much-talked-of shortage of cattle is yet a long way off.

Ed Doak is just back from a horse buying expedition into Mexico, and went as far as the city of Durango. He brought a bench with him.

The best place in San Antonio to buy carriages, buggies, etc., is at Hick's repository, West Nueva street. Rice's coil spring vehicles a specialty.

C. W. Burt of Fort Worth is here, in charge of the shipping of the stock of the Arkansas City Cattle company which they bought from Half Brothers.

Eagle Pass Times:—A. B. Carothers, son of the doctor of San Antonio, passed through, the beginning of the week with a train of live fat hogs to the City of Mexico.

H. B. Shiner is back from a trip to his ranch in McMullen county, and says that cattle are doing splendidly, and that only good prices are needed to start up a big round-up in his pasture.

Seven of the best Clydesdale and Norman stallions ever on this market and a standard bred trotting stallion for sale or trade for horse or mule stock. Address T. H. Gilroy, San Antonio, Texas.

**Cotulla Ledger:**—Several car-loads cattle were shipped Wednesday last by Wm. Jennings to the New Orleans market. The shipping season has not yet fairly opened but will be within the next thirty days.

J. H. Jennings of Edwards county was down the first of the week and bought some mares to put on his range. He drove them, thereby saving about 50 per cent. of the freight charged by the Southern Pacific railroad.

John R. Mahone of Marshall, Texas, is back for horse stock for the spring trade, but will take his time in securing the same, as the shipping season for the North is yet some time off.

J. L. Harris has gone down to Hidalgo county, and it is safe to presume that he has not gone for his health, the chances being that John Young's long-horn steers were the enticing allurements.

Henry Stephens of Kansas City has gone down to begin the shipment of some 10,000 head of steers to the Indian Territory from the La Parra ranch in Cameron county, belonging to Capt. M. Kenedy & Sons.

Major James Moore came in from an extensive trip to the state of Tamaulipas, Mexico, where he bought about 350 head of horses and mares, which are being driven up and will arrive in about a week.

Capt. George Redmon of this city has bought the sorrel trotter of H. E. Singer for 15 Texas mares. It is said that he is the fastest horse in this section, and has made a mile inside of 2:30.

The well-known live stock commission man, W. L. Lubbock, has joined issues with Morin Brothers, and assumes the business management of that firm. This now makes a strong team, and one that will pull a heavy trade.

J. R. Blocker went up to Tom Green county to start his herds from that section to Montana, those from the lower country being already on the trail. He does not care whether the railroads cut off the pass privileges altogether, or raise their rates to the moon, as grass and water are good and he knows the trail.

**Pearsall Sun:**—G. W. Sanders, our merchant, and A. Chiles of Mullet, on the 5th instant delivered to Messrs. Stodridge & Howard of Wyoming territory 1400 head of one and two-year-old steers at \$9 and \$12 per head. This looks to us like a return of good times. This stock sold will be driven to Wyoming territory.

Col. C. M. Villasenor, a colonel in the Mexican army, is here buying horses to mount a special troop of Mexican army police of picked men. He requires horses at least fourteen hands high, and solid dark colors—gray and dun not taken. He has purchased eighty head of the Running W stock on the King ranch, in Nueces county, at \$40 per head. He is said to be a good judge of a horse.

Half Brothers sold 2100 head of two, three and four-year-old steers to the Arkansas City Cattle company of Kansas, for \$9, \$13 and \$16 per head, cash. They were mostly shipped from Pearsall to Panca, Ind. Ter., having been driven from above the Southern Pacific railroad. This is considered about the best sale made in this section this year of young steers.

Telegraph is supposed to be a lightning way of doing business, but when

a man telegraphs in the evening a distance of 60 miles and then goes next morning, transacts his business, and going into the telegraph office 24 hours after sending the message, to see it being received, the lightning dispatch business is rather "stretched." That is what happened to a cattle dealer here the other day.

It is reported that A. B. Frank sold the remainder of his steers from the Radio ranch, Maverick county, to some Mexican parties for \$20 per head. They are to begin receiving on the 15th of June, when the Johnson & Jennings contract ends, taking what the latter refuse at \$22.50. The Mexicans are to take 300 head per week till the stock is exhausted, which is supposed to number about 1000 head of marketable steers.

**THE WOOL SACK.**

Last week Mr. Jarvis of Edwards county arrived here with a bunch of muttons which he drove from his ranch and sold them to H. C. Duncan for 3½c per pound. They average 83 pounds, and were shipped to St. Louis. This price, \$2.91½ per head, is the highest price reported so far in this section.

It is understood that Captain A. E. Shepherd, president of the Texas Wool Growers' association, has decided to call the annual meeting of the association in Galveston on June 4, 1889, and that the Texas Wool association (Col. Black's association) will meet at the same time and place.

H. A. McKee of Del Rio recently sold out his entire flocks of sheep, amounting to some 5200 head, to W. W. Beasley of Rosebud, Mont., and J. R. Hamilton, Missouri, for \$2.50 per head. They were a fine select lot, fat, with the wool on, and all fit for muttons.

**Cotulla Ledger:**—Wool men are not as jubilant over the prospect of high prices for the spring clip as they were two months ago. We are of the opinion that many who were offered as high as 20c per pound will regret not having closed the contract.

On the subject of wool freights just now so interesting to wool growers and rival markets, Mr. J. G. Schriever, traffic manager of the Southern Pacific railroad, has the following to say to an Eagle Pass committee of influential citizens: "Regarding wool rates, the committee accomplished a great deal, for after their talk with Mr. Schriever, it was decided to reduce wool rates from this point to Galton no less than 20c and perhaps 25c—the rate to be arranged next Thursday and to go immediately into effect. The outcome of this is a through rate to New York which will be about 25c less than our present tariff, and a reduction of the same to Galveston. He would under no circumstances reduce the local rates to San Antonio, and expressed himself very emphatically on this point, claiming he had at the special request and earnest solicitation of the wool and commission men of San Antonio given them last year local rates such as would force woolmen to reach out for San Antonio as a wool market—freight rates being entirely in their favor. For this he had been promised, and the compact agreed upon that all wools that should be reshipped to New York and other Eastern points were to be handled by the Southern Pacific railroad. They, the wool commission men of San Antonio, had violated every agreement entered into between them, and shipped their wools from San Antonio East over the Aransas Pass and I. & G. N. roads. He would now do all he could against them, and there was no necessity of the gentlemen asking for a reduction of local rates. He desired it to be distinctly understood that all blame rested with the mossback merchants of San Antonio."

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ESTABLISHED APRIL, 1880.

Consolidated with

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SEPTEMBER 13, 1884.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.

—BY—

**The Stock Journal Publishing Company,**

—AT—

*Fort Worth, Texas.***FORT WORTH OFFICE,** 210 West Second Street. W. A. GARNER, Manager.**DALLAS OFFICE,** 735 Elm Street, W. HUGHES, Manager.**SAN ANTONIO OFFICE,** Room No. 2, Beze Building. L. A. HEIL, Manager.**EL PASO OFFICE,** Ground Floor, Central Hotel Building. GEO. B. LOVING, Manager.*Subscription, \$1.50 Per Annum.*

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**Notice to Subscribers.**

Our subscribers who may receive sample copies of this paper will understand that the extra copy is sent without charge, to be handed to a neighbor, who will likely subscribe.

Any person sending us three subscribers at one time will be furnished the paper one year for his trouble.

ATTENTION is invited to the illustration of the Rogers reservoir in this issue. These reservoirs are cheap and durable and can be built by any one with ordinary labor, no skilled labor being required. There is no patent on it, the promoter of it, Mr. H. D. Rodgers of the Chicago Ranch company, having given the idea free to his fellow stockmen of the range frontier.

**As to the Cattlemen's Sentiments.**

At Tuesday night's meeting of the cattle raisers' association of Northwest Texas, in session at Fort Worth, 314 members, representing over 2,000,000 cattle, being present, the inspection question came up and a declaration that inspection was contrary to the interests of Texas stockmen was adopted.—[Live Stock Indicator.

Copying this statement, the Gazette of this city adds:

At Tuesday's meeting of the association when the vote on the inspection resolution of Mr. Simpson of Dallas was voted on there were not in the hall over sixty members, and it is not regarded here that the vote of those present voices the sentiments of the majority of the association.

The Gazette should not make positive mistatements that can so easily be shown to be untrue. It is an unquestioned fact that the Simpson resolution was discussed at great length in the convention, having, however, only two opponents, and this discussion kept most of the members in the hall, so that when the vote was taken there were at least 150 members present, nearly all of whom voted for the Simpson resolution. The votes were not counted because there were not enough nays to call for a division.

The members of the state legisla-

ture who attended the St. Louis convention very fairly voiced the sentiments of the people of Texas toward the inspection law, and their opposition to the adoption of the resolution in favor of inspection, though ineffectual, will have a good effect throughout the country, showing, as it does, that the greatest cattle state in the Union is opposed to the inspection of cattle on the hoof.

**EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.****About Local Inspection and the Big Four.**

CHICAGO, ILL., March 18, '89.

At St. Louis the event of the week from the standpoint of the live stock interests was the legislative conference to "down the beef combine." It was not a cattle convention from a stock raisers' point of view, and it was not exactly an investigating committee, but more properly speaking a joint committee of ways and means. Two days were consumed in the organization, and on the third two resolutions were passed. One of these resolutions was simply a recommendation generally against mercantile trusts and combines of every description, and no one seems to care enough about it to contest the passage of the resolution. No one present claimed to represent either a trust or combination. Although the resolution was very strongly worded and would be very effective if in operation as a state or United States law, it did not satisfy the elements which brought this legislative conference upon the surface, and the lack of interest manifested in resolutions tending to "down" monopolies as monopolies, showed that they were not nearly so popular as the resolution framed for the purpose of destroying the dressed beef system.

The resolution recommending the passage of a law forbidding the sale of beef not inspected on the hoof within the state in which it is offered for sale passed the committee in this way:

	FOR	AGAINST.
Texas.....	16	7
Illinois.....	16	1
Missouri.....	44-5	31-5
Colorado.....	8	
Nebraska.....	8	
Minnesota.....	8	
Indiana.....	8	
Kansas.....	6	

Totals..... 124-5 371-5

This by no means secures the passage of such a law in any important state. Neither does the eminent legal authority supporting the law as constitutional insure it as such when before the supreme court to test a case. This test case, the papers say, will be tried in Indiana, and will probably close out this incidental check to the improved method of handling meat, and insure the dressed beef system from annoyance in the future.

I am against monopolies as much as any man, having no desire to see four men control the beef raising industry in the United States. Furthermore I do not believe they can or will control it, unless we frighten the balance of the capitalists of the country from engaging in the business. There are sufficient impediments in the way of find-

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A. T. ATWATER, Sec.M. P. BUEL, Vice-Pres.  
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IKE T. PRYOR.

ing competitors against the packers without legal action to prove that nearly all the cattle in the United States are diseased. At any rate the proposed sanitary law has not common honesty behind it, since it aims at one thing while the wording calls for another. In a year or two the whole business will have passed away and the care and preservation of meat by ice cold storage and refrigeration will be the rule until some better method supersedes it.

There is one thing I am certain of in this connection, it being that the power of the "Big Four" is greatly overestimated. That they are strongly entrenched in their position goes without question. They are successful and have command of all the money necessary for the conduct of the business. They are using economy and concentration against wasteful methods and scattered forces. The butchers who contend against them are strong in numbers and retail connections, but they will continually play into the hands of the dressed beef men by bucking against the system by which packers live, instead of using the system in defence of the butcher trade. They ask that the law shall give them state monopolies and insurance against all future competition rather than act as business men and contend for prosperity in business with the means inventive genius of the 19th century has provided for them. The only way in which they can rivet the chains of monopoly upon themselves is to persist in helping the "Big Four combination" by a continued fight against the economies of the dressed beef system.

At this day and at this hour there should be butcher abattoirs in all the principal cities. There is room for two or three in Chicago and one or two at St. Louis. The same can be said of Kansas City and other important cities. Such organizations can compete with anybody. With all their wealth and power the great packing houses cannot continually lose money in order to close up local markets. They can close up the little butcher killing, but cannot prevail against retailers who concentrate under cover of the economies of the dressed beef system.

So far as cattle raisers are concerned they will have to work out their own salvation. If production is too great they will have to reduce supplies. If it does not pay to raise beef they will have to spay their heifers, cas-

trate the bulls and sell the calves, saving the feed for better times. They will have to cut down the production. This is the usual monopoly programme and generally has the desired effect. I believe this cutting-down process is now going on, and has been for the last three years. Cattle raisers are seeking other means to derive incomes from the farms and ranches. The process is flooding the markets with all sorts and conditions of cattle, and while it is impossible to name a date for every one to see the effect, it will become apparent when least expected.

On this subject I had a long conversation with a gentleman dealing largely in hides for many years. His belief is that the excess of 800,000 cattle received in the great Western markets in 1888 over the previous year do not represent any very excessive consumption or supply. His statement was that not nearly so many hides can be had in smaller centers as in former years. The conclusion he reaches is that what we see is concentration, not over-supply. If he is right, the entire cattle statistics can be figured from the receipts, shipments and packing operations of some nine or ten great centers, and when these centers run that short the supply in the country will be short indeed.

The cattle business is not altogether in a satisfactory condition just now, and while I have great hopes of it, I anticipate no advantage from local inspection.

PHILIP H. HALE.

**It's Bad Enough**

to fool away one's precious time in experimenting with uncertain medicines, when one is afflicted, without being out of pocket as well. The only medicine of its class, sold by druggists, possessed of such positive curative properties as to warrant its manufacturers in guaranteeing it to cure, or money paid for it returned, is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For all liver, lung and blood diseases it is specific.

**Rock-Salt.**

Messrs. Turner, McClure & Co. of Fort Worth have en route a car-load of the celebrated rock salt, which is the best salt that can be used for cattle, horses, and all kinds of stock. Cattle like the rock salt and prefer it to all other. They cannot eat enough to hurt them, as it is as hard as a rock and must be licked. Messrs. Turner, McClure & Co. will fill orders by mail promptly, either in large or small quantity. Send a trial order.

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**FARMERS' INSTITUTES.**

**A Strong Letter from the Directors of the Wisconsin Experiment Station.**

MADISON, WISCONSIN.

Editor Texas Farm and Ranch:

I cannot tell you, in this letter, how surprised we have been in learning of the effort the people of Texas are making for Farmers' Institutes, and how much we will rejoice with the friends of progress if they succeed. Let me say to you frankly that if your people could see the good that has been accomplished by Wisconsin Institutes, they would not hesitate for a single moment about introducing them into Texas. I could give you any number of actual facts which go to show what good is being accomplished by our meetings. At River Falls the farmers were sick of grain growing and many wished to start into dairying, but were weak-hearted and did not dare make the move. An institute was held in an immense skating rink, which was filled to overflowing. The subject was thoroughly discussed, with the help of two or three institute workers who were familiar with dairying, and as a result a creamery was started. Now, during the summer season, they ship about one thousand pounds of first-class butter a day from their railroad station. Said a merchant at Plymouth, "that institute which was held here last winter has raised the price of butter fully 5c a pound, and it is a pleasure to sell the improved product, where it was formerly disagreeable work." A German near Manitowoc said: "I have shust der same acres of land, der same cattle, der same frau, der same children, and yet I make more as a hoondred dollars than I did last year and all on account of that institute."

Said a leading citizen of Trempeleau county: "Since the institutes in our section I can see a change in our people. While they have not grown rich they have gained materially in some directions. The mortgages no longer take the farms, but are being paid off." Said one farmer in the same county to an institute worker: "I owe my farm to you, for I was about to give up and let the mortgage take it, when I heard what you said about giving up wheat growing. I resolved to try again, and have been doing better, and now feel that I can pay the mortgage off."

Do not think, Mr. Editor, from what I have said, that all Wisconsin farms are plastered over with mortgages and that we are all on the road to ruin. Not so by any means; yet a good many people were in a bad way in some sections because they persisted in growing spring wheat which was usually eaten up by chinch-bugs. Exclusive wheat growing has ruined many of our farmers and would have ruined many more, but the institutes came along and set the people to thinking.

Now do not get the idea that outsiders run the institutes in Wisconsin. This is emphatically incorrect. The people in each locality run the institute themselves, there being three or four good workers sent along to help in the matter. If you could hear the lively discussions and sharp debates that follow the reading of each paper, you would soon learn that the farmers run the meetings, and only accept advice after it has been carefully examined.

The good that a two-day's meeting does is hard to measure. Farmers talk about it for weeks afterwards. In summing up the result I should say that farmers become more careful about borrowing money, take better care of their machinery, feed their cattle better, breed better stock, plant better varieties of grain and corn and are more hopeful of the future, because of the institutes. Although prices of all kinds of live stock are unusually low, I never knew such a call for good breeding animals as there is this spring.

**WILL THE INSTITUTE DIE OUT?**

Some have said: "The institutes will die out soon—won't they?" I reply that when people who read newspapers stop subscribing because they have read enough; when men who love horses grow tired of hearing about horses; when cattlemen prefer to hear anything discussed rather than cattle; when fruit growers grow sick of hearing about fruits; indeed, when intelligent people wish to learn no more, then, and not till then, will the institute work be completed.

**THE GRANGE AND ALLIANCE.**

Where the grange and alliance have done their best work, and where the most farmers meetings have been held,

there we hold our best institutes. The best institute worker Wisconsin has had this year was Mr. Hale, master of the Connecticut state grange. His training in the grange made him a power in the institute. I am a member of the grange myself, and know from experience that the institute will help build up the grange and is a powerful aid to the institute.

Politics and religion have nothing to do with our institutes, and we do not propose to allow any interference in this direction. They can be easily kept in the background if the farmers say so.

I write this upon my return from two rousing institutes and just before I start away to attend two others. I have been going among our farmers now for eight years. I have made journeys of from twenty to forty miles, to hold meetings when the mercury ranged from thirty to forty degrees below zero. I have held meetings among the Danes of Polk county, when a good part of my audience came to the meetings on snow shoes. I have been to meetings with the German farmers of Ozaukee county, where the school was dismissed so that the school master might interpret my remarks to the audience. I believe my experience is large enough and long enough to entitle my words to some weight, and I declare that the institute is worth millions to the farmers of Wisconsin.

If the farmers of Texas will but push the matter, they can solve the problem in a year or two, of whether or not similar gatherings will pay in that state. When the institutes have got on their feet I hope to go down and make your people a visit, for I feel that Texas and Wisconsin, though so far apart geographically, and very diverse in agricultural interests, are showing by the energy and push of their farmers, that they stand at the head of the long list for push and progress. W. A. HENRY.

**A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.**

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed only seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, continued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For fuller particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, druggist, Fort Smith. Trial bottles of this wonderful discovery free at H. W. Williams & Co.'s drug store.

**Transfers of Jersey Cattle.**

Brown Dick, 15768—W. G. Beard to J. W. McCarty, Eagle Lake, Texas.

Champion of Texas, 10714—B. B. Cannon to H. V. Prather, Round Rock, Texas.

Mosetta's Alamo, 21404—J. M. Bethany to J. G. Wessendorf, Bellville, Texas.

**COWS.**

Compeer's Cricket, 52434—Mrs. M. S. Stephens to J. G. Wessendorf, Bellville, Texas.

Ella Grayson, 41052—W. R. Stewart to H. N. Bissell, Navasota, Texas.

Marie of Texas, 38876—B. B. Connor to H. V. Prather, Round Rock, Texas.

Miss of Ocean Springs, 41627—W. R. Stewart to W. L. Steel, Navasota, Texas.

**How Postmaster Hill of Texas Got \$15,000.**

The telegram of the drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery announced that Manor, Texas, had fallen heir to a portion of the \$600,000 prize. The lucky holder of part of the ticket was Postmaster John E. Hill, a deserving man. Although a staunch Democrat, (his father having been killed while serving in the Confederate army) Mr. Hill has the unanimous indorsement

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of the citizens of Manor for re-appointment. With part of the money he drew last month he has bought a farm of 400 acres for \$10,000.—Austin (Tex.) Statesman, Jan. 17.

**From Arkansas City.**

ARKANSAS CITY, KAN., }  
March 17, 1889. }

Editor Texas Live Stock Journal.

Grass has begun to show in the draws and in two weeks more it should keep stock.

Boomers are coming in at the rate of 100 per day and the woods on the Walnut is full of them.

Our town is lively, 5000 people are on the streets and everything buzzing. Soldiers on one side of the state line and boomers on the other, making faces at one another.

Good demand for large work horses and mules. A Canadian man shipped in one car of heavy draft horses and is selling at fair prices. C. M.

**Dairy and Creamery Supplies.**

Many of the readers of the JOURNAL are acquainted with the firm of H. McK. Wilson & Co. of 115 North Second street, St. Louis, Mo., who are dealers in dairy and creamery supplies. The firm is just issuing a new catalogue, including some estimates for creameries, cheese factories, etc. They carry every line of goods connected with the dairy and creamery business, including steam engines, horse power, etc. They are special agents for the Buckeye churn, the simplest farm churn on the market.

Piper & Schultess are headquarters for all kinds of fence wire, 33 and 35 W. Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas.



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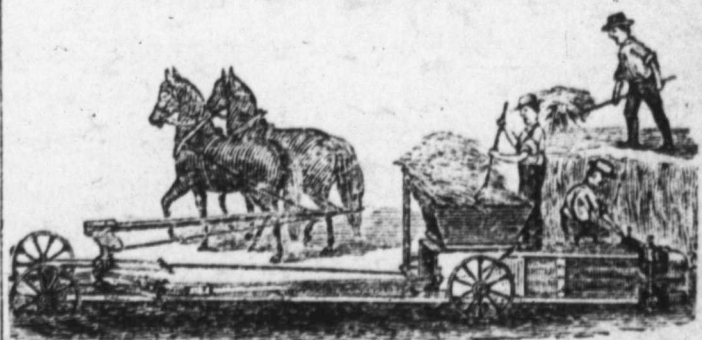
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GEO. C. HUDGINS, Manager.

FORT WORTH.

THE JOURNAL is pleased to announce that Mr. Geo. B. Loving of El Paso has returned to his first love, having purchased an interest in this paper.

THE idea generally advanced by commission firms as to the market prospect for cattle is that grass cattle, when they are sold, will outsell the fed cattle.

THE sheep market is fully one cent higher than cattle, and no sheep were fed in Texas.

The Secretary of Agriculture.

The new cabinet office of secretary of agriculture is of such importance to the farming and stock interests that they will demand that it be filled by men of the best class.

Mr. Rusk is a farmer, and his administration will be a practical, not a theoretical one. He has had large experience in public life, which broadens one's views, and which fits him for the position that he is now called on to fill.

The Live Cattle Trade.

To do away with the general idea that the packing houses at Chicago buy all the cattle on that market, the following list of live cattle shipments in car lots is taken from the official report for the week ending March 15th, inclusive:

Table with 2 columns: To (Locations like New York, Jersey City, Baltimore, Boston, East Liberty, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Detroit, Brooklyn, Buffalo, Watertown, Albany, Scattering, Western Points) and No. (Shipments).

Total cars..... 1058
Figuring these at 20 head per car the shipments amount to 21,160 head, with only 2000 or thereabouts going to feeders. Consequently the live cattle

trade at present is a very respectable portion of the business done at the yards.

The Texas cattle, however, are largely purchased by the packers and canners, since it is a fact that the quality is hardly good enough as a rule to suit the live cattle trade, and this in part explains so many accounts of sales of range cattlemen showing sales to have been made to the great packing houses.

General Range and Stock Notes.

A. T. Wooten sold to Thomas Wills 300 head of 3 and 4-year old beef steers and 150 1 and 2-year olds, at satisfactory prices. The steers were loaded at Mustang on the Rio Grande road to go to Vinita, I. T.

Mr. M. F. Dillon of Dillon Bros., who have a fine breeding ranch in Shackelford county, passed through here this week with a car-load of mares and a car of horses from their ranch, en route North.

J. D. Lundy, manager of the Ponca Cattle company, whose ranch is in the Indian Territory, is advertising range for lease in this issue. They also want to buy 100 head of good three and four-year-old steers. Address them at Ponca, Indian Territory.

Mr. W. B. Roberts of Titusville, Pa., is advertising a well-fenced pasture in the Cherokee Strip, I. T., together with 1000 cattle and 100 horses for sale, in our For Sale or Exchange columns this week.

A sale of 2000 yearling steers is reported from Shackelford county at \$7.25 per head, but the JOURNAL is not in possession of the particulars and cannot vouch for the truth of the rumor.

Messrs. Webb & Hill of Albany report the sale this week of 50 head of saddle horses to the Saginaw Cattle company; also the Lee stock of cattle near Albany of about 1000 head.

Tom Andrews of Young, Andrews & Kuhen is back from a trip to Tom Green county, and says that he never saw cattle in better condition for the time of year or the range better.

On Wednesday Young, Andrews & Kuhen sold to Col. A. T. Babbit, for the Standard Cattle company of Cheyenne, Wyo., 5000 head of two and three-year-old steers on private terms, to be delivered at Childress on the Fort Worth & Denver in May. From that point the cattle will be shipped to the company's ranch in Wyoming.

Hatcher, Woods & Coppinger say the market is well supplied here with good cow horses, but as yet few sales of importance have been made this season. The market will not fully open up until next month, and then, judging from the number of inquiries made for horses recently, it will be quite lively.

The sale of 900 head of 3-year old steers reported last week by the JOURNAL for the Texas Land & Cattle company was at \$17 per head.

The Union Stock Yards company here will be ready to receive cattle in about two weeks.

The latter part of last week Coffin Bros. of Itasca sold a fine jack to J. A. Hovenkamp of Tarrant county. They sold one jack this week to S. W. Harris of Roanoke, Denton county. They still have a fine lot to select from, and are constantly adding fresh shipments to the stock on hand.

C. F. Estill & Co. of the Kentucky stables sold a car-load of young bulls to H. B. Sanborn for his Grayson coun-

ty stock farm, and another car-load to Mr. Bell of Weatherford. A car-load of Texas mares was purchased by E. Maupin and were shipped to Huntsville, Missouri, for breeding purposes.

Mr. C. F. Estill of the Kentucky stock yards has brought here a bull and two heifers of the Aberdeen-Angus breed that are beauties and it will repay anyone a visit to his yards to see them. Following are pedigrees: Bull Loafer, 8444, calved November 29, 1887—Dam, Leona, 4632; Luna Cre-cenda, (6366) 4633; Harriet 3d of Balfing, (5067) 4313; Harriet of Balfing, (4248) 3330; Harriet of Auchlossan, (1578) 2200. Sire, Estill Eric, 4634; Landseer, (2913) 2016; Darkie, (1758) 3331; King John, (1644) 2935; Charlie of Campfield, (840) 806. Heifer, Bonnie Lass 4th, calved October 20, 1888—Dam, Bonnie Lass, 4321; Bella of Camalown, (5692) 3061; Bella of Fyvie 2d, (4682) 3062; Belle of Fyvie, (2440) 3063; Carnaeveron, (1521) 2731; Alford, (1518) 2734; Wellhouse. Sire, Estill Eric, 4634; Landseer, (2913) 2016; Knight of Methlick, (1636) 35; Jolly Sack, (884) 2194; Cavour, (566) 2461; Bognie of Fyvie, (1195) 2736; Lieutenant, (911) 2730. Heifer, Bonnie Lass 6th, calved October 25, 1888—Dam, Bella of Camalown, (5692) 3061; Bella of Fyvie 2d, (4682) 3062; Belle of Fyvie, (2440) 3063; Carnaeveron, (1521) 2734; Alford, (1518) 2735. Sire, Estill Eric, 4634; Knight of Methlick, (1636) 35; Jolly Jack, (884) 2194; Cavour, (566) 2461; Bognie of Fyvie, (1195) 2736; Lieutenant, (911) 2730.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proved catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally, in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists.

A Strong Force.

Messrs. Gregory, Cooley & Co, live stock commission merchants of the Union Stock yards, Chicago, have the following representatives in the field for the coming season: C. W. Merchant at Amarillo, Texas; D. D. Swearingen at Quanah, Texas; T. C. Shoemaker at Fort Worth, Texas, and James Harris at San Antonio. Parties having cattle to ship will please notify any of the above and prompt attention will be given and information cheerfully furnished.

To Wool Growers.

GALVESTON, TEX., March 23, 1889. We hereby extend to you a cordial invitation to attend the semi-centennial celebration, to be held in this city from 4th to 15th June next.

As low excursion rates will be in effect, we suggest that the excellent opportunity thus offered be taken advantage of by wool growers to hold their convention at this point on June 4th.

In order that some idea of the preparation necessary for the accommodation of guests may be arrived at, we solicit an expression from you on the subject of your attendance. Respectfully yours, JOHN OWENS, Manager.

J. R. JETER & CO., Real Estate Agents

405 Main St., Fort Worth, Tex..

MONEY TO LEND:

On Real Estate. Vender's Lien Notes Bought.

Also, have for sale

Cheap Lands for Home-Seekers.

On easy terms.

- 1. 10,000 acres in Hardeman county, from 1/2 to 10 miles from railroad, in tracts to suit.
2. A section (640 acres) in Mitchell county, under five-wire fence, good house, shed, corrals, pens, etc., fine well and plenty stock water, and within 2 miles of R. R. station. Will also sell wagons, horses, milk cows, etc., at a bargain. Most of this section is fine arable land and produces well. Price \$3 per acre, on easy terms.
3. The best improved stock farm in Texas now used as a horse ranch; 4000 acres in Jack county, on line of Fort Worth Western. Well watered and fenced, fine residence, barn, orchard, etc.; 400 acres in cultivation, 2 tenant houses. Price \$25,000, on easy terms. Also, fine brood mares, in foal to Percheron horses and Kentucky jacks.
4. Several fine farms near Fort Worth, of from 160 to 500 acres, at from \$12.50 to \$30 per acre, on easy terms.
5. 3000-acre ranch in Jones county, all fine arable land, on Brazos river, all fenced and cross fenced with 13 miles of fence, 4 wires on cedar posts; 3 1/2 miles of river front, good 7-room house, barn 90 feet long, plenty of fine timber, fine grass, now rented for \$1500 per year; 10 miles from railroad town. Price \$6 per acre, on easy terms.
Valuable city property in Northern city, rented, to trade for large bodies North Texas land, clear of incumbrance.
Many other bargains in farm, ranch and timber lands. Lands for sale and exchange, in all sections of the state, in any size tract desired. State what you want; we can furnish land to suit.

J. P. SMITH, President.

W. P. CONNER, Gen. Man'g.

THE GRANITIC ROOFING:

Factory at Fort Worth, Tex



Better than the best, cheaper than the cheapest roofing offered in Texas. Suitable for steep or flat roofs. Cheap enough to cover a hen coop; good enough to roof a palace. Specially adapted to stockmen's barns and out-buildings. Shingles, tin and corrugated iron must give way before our goods. For further particulars write to our office.

Fort Worth Granitic Roofing Co

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WINDMILLS!

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POWER,

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Write for catalogue to The Phelps & Bigelow Windmill Co.

1215 West 5th St., Kansas City, Mo.

All Texas orders filled from Dallas, Texas.

DEVON CATTLE

Polk Bros. of Fort Worth have for sale a car-load of pure-bred and

ACCLIMATED

Devon cows, two to three years old. The only car-load of acclimated Devons in Texas. Have been here a full year. Address

POLK'S STOCK YARDS,

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.



**An Important Question—Continued.**

made from the East, there is but little wool in Texas shrinking less than 60 to 70, and from that up to 82½, that basis is slightly below par. Now if the Atlantic City Grower has found it so profitable to ship East he deserves great credit for not profiting by the delusions of his neighbors who have sold in Texas, by buying their clips, as that certainly would have paid better than wool growing. If Mr. Howard had had in view the benefit of a small territory tributary to San Antonio, he might have built his scouring mill there, but when you come to think of it it would cost more in local freights to ship wools there to be scoured from most sections of the state than would be received, hence it must be that after looking over the field with an impartial eye he concluded that here at Galveston was the only point where the benefit of his mill would be available to every grower and dealer in the state, in that the outlay of an additional dollar in freights, etc.

The fact is the corner stone of the Galveston wool movement is "economy" and the foundation stones of this market are proportionate to what is destined to be extent of the trade at this point, the time being not far distant when Galveston will handle all the wool of Texas, New Mexico and Colorado, being in their natural and legitimate territory.

There is a time in the tide of life which if taken at its ebb leads on to fortune. Trade, though it may for a time be diverted by artificial means, must eventually like a great river find its natural channel. The change that is now taking place in the wool trade of Texas as to seeking a market, though long delayed, is as natural as it is for water to run down hill; you may dam it up for a time, but it will eventually work its way through. I can readily understand and account for the opposition of the Eastern commission merchants towards the concentration of wools at Galveston, as well as that of San Antonio, St. Louis and other local interior markets, and to all such as are dissatisfied with their present location, I feel sure Galveston will extend a hearty welcome.

LIKEWISE A GROWER.

BUCHER CO., TEX.,  
March 13, 1889.

Editor Texas Live Stock Journal:

I am indeed much interested and amused at the cry San Antonio is making about freight discriminations being made against her on wool rates. Is such really the case? Let us carefully examine into this important matter and see whether or not such accusations are borne out by the facts in the case. It is a well known fact that the freight on wool from Alpine to San Antonio has for years been from \$1.25 to \$1.44 per 100 lbs, never less than \$1.25 until last spring, by reason of the Galveston wool movement freights were reduced from \$1.25 to \$1 per 100 lbs. Is it not a fact that San Antonio fought with all her might and strength any change being made, for the reason that Galveston was fighting for pro-

portionate through rates to her port? If such is not the fact will San Antonio step up and explain for what purpose their so-called wool exchange was organized last spring? Will she tell us all that occurred in this star chamber about the time there was so much talk about the celebrated warehouse being built? Not a word all this time about freight being too high. No, they were all right then, as they were all the time before when \$1.44 was the rate. All they asked for then was to let rates remain as they were. We, who understand this matter fully, realize as well as greatly appreciate the fact that it was directly owing to the efforts of Galveston that the \$1 rate was made from Alpine to San Antonio. Now notwithstanding the fact that rates have been advanced by all railroad lines throughout the state, the rate from Alpine to San Antonio is today just the same (\$1.25 per 100 lbs) as it was ten years ago. Will San Antonio explain to us something about the mysteries and long-to-be-remembered arrangements entered into with the Southern Pacific people by which a considerable local reduction was made on freights into San Antonio? It has been charged and I have never heard denied that the Southern Pacific railroad was to have the wools out of San Antonio. Was there or was there not such an arrangement entered into? and if so, was it not understood that in case it became necessary to induce buyers to ship out over the Southern Pacific, that the difference between the old and new rates of freight was to be given to the buyer as an inducement to ship over that line? The rates are now about the same if not identically the same as for years into San Antonio. Then why is it that we never heard anything about Mexican carts, etc? The truth of the matter is, if the rates were one-third what they are, and correspondingly so to Galveston, we should hear the same howl. The truth of the matter is, the wagon Mexican cart business is all poppycock. No wool grower can be found fool enough to ship his wool on wagon and thereby not only incur the risk of getting his wool wet and ruined, but in reality cut his own throat by reason of showing his inappreciation of favorable through rates of freights being given him on his wool.

The lower the rate we can get on our wools to manufacturing centers the greater benefit to us. Whereas, it should make but very little difference to us what the rates are into San Antonio; we are by no means compelled to ship our wools there. I am sure I am not and will never do so again. I shall continue to ship my wool to Galveston as long as I am treated right; when I am not, will find some other place. Galveston deserves much credit for the good already done sheepmen with her cheap money and she would certainly be very near-sighted not to fully appreciate the magnitude and importance of our business, which is gradually but surely drifting to her. I trust that all wool growers throughout the state will take a lively interest in the proposed wool growers' organiza-

tion and be in large attendance in Galveston on the 4th of June next.

Trusting, Mr. Editor, that you may excuse me for my presumption in trespassing upon your time and in asking space in your valuable columns for the insertion of these lines, before closing which I cannot refrain from stating that as it I understand it railroad companies should be, and I believe are, generally, operated upon business principles. Then if such is the case, why should every town or city situated on their lines expect favors of them that from business standpoints they are not entitled to? Can it be reasonably expected that a drayman can load on and haul a bag of wool or cotton a mile and unload it for, say, 25c, and on the same principle expect 50c for hauling two miles and 75c for three miles, and so on? Is it not seen very clearly that he can haul a load for say four miles for less in proportion to the distance than for one mile? Then such being the case with the dray, would not the same principle apply with equal force to a railroad company, and in this way of reasoning is there anything strange or wrong about a railroad demanding more in proportion to distance for a short haul than a long one? I think not. Then why should San Antonio or any other place cry out discrimination when the facts in the case do warrant it? Can San Antonio reasonably or by any degree of justice expect any railroad to bring wool or any other kind of freight in there from the West at the same rate in proportion to distance as to Galveston or any other terminal point? Galveston is the end, so to speak, is the end of the line of all roads in the state, and for such reason is on business principles justly entitled to lower rates in proportion to distance than any place in the state, for the reason that the railroad in landing freight there has had the advantage of the long haul; in a word, they have got all out of it that is to be had. It is certainly largely to the interest of all producers to rigidly oppose any legislation in this state that would in any way affect the recognized and admitted advantages of the long haul. San Antonio does not want a reduction into San Antonio as much as she wishes a raise on the through haul to Galveston.

Yours truly,  
GROWER.

**Citation by Publication.**

The State of Texas to the Sheriff or any Constable of Tarrant County, Greeting:

Oath therefor having been made as required by law, you are hereby commanded that, by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in said county, once a week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, you summon W. N. Warren, defendant, to be and appear before the county court, to be holden in and for the aforesaid county of Tarrant, at the court house thereof, in Fort Worth on the first Monday in May, 1889, then and there to answer the petition of E. H. Keller, plaintiff, filed in said court on the 12th day of September, 1887, and numbered on the docket of said court 2467, against the said W. N. Warren, and alleging in substance as follows: Promissory note dated June 28, 1884, for \$165, due on or before Sept. 28, 1884; also one other promissory note, dated July 14, 1884, for \$170, due Nov. 14, 1884, with interest on each of said notes at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from date, and 10 per cent. as attorney's fees. Plaintiff prays judgment for his debt, interest, attorney's fees and costs of suit.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there, before said court, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Issued this the 5th day of March, A. D. 1889. Witness JNO. P. KING, Clerk of the County Court of Tarrant Co. Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office, this the 5th day of March, A. D. 1889. Attest JNO. P. KING, Clerk County Court Tarrant County. By J. J. NUNNALLY, Deputy.

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Halladay Standard  
EUREKA Wind Mills

HORSE POWERS, tread or sweep,  
PUMPING JACKS, best in market,

Feed Cutters, Pear Cutters,  
Iron Pipe, Well Casing, Engines,  
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If you want any of the above, or if you want farm or ranch fitted with a water supply outfit, get our prices and our catalogues. It will cost you but little and may pay you well.

THE PANHANDLE  
Machinery and Improvement Co.

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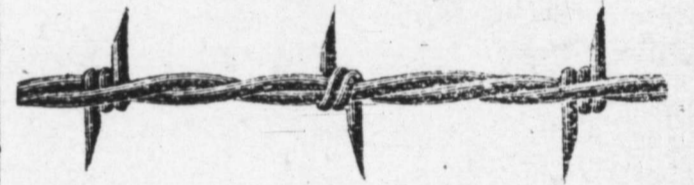
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Branch House, Colorado, Texas.

Active Agents wanted in every county in the state.

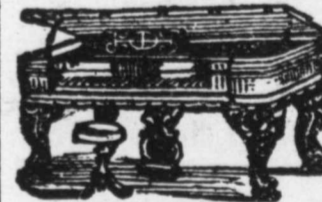
**CAUTION!**

The "Only and Genuine Glidden"  
BARB WIRE.



Dealers and consumers handling or using UNLICENSED "Imitation Glidden" barb wire, subject themselves to assessments for damages by so doing. The fact of dealers handling unlicensed "imitation Glidden" barb wire and representing it to be the GENUINE GLIDDEN, is an admission in itself that they know that the real GLIDDEN WIRE (received from us) to be the best, or they would not attempt to claim the name and reputation it has so justly earned for itself. In consequence of its uniform perfection. Send for our GLIDDEN BARB WIRE Pocket Compendium for 1889, fully descriptive of this superior wire, and our exceedingly low prices now in effect, before placing orders. SANBORN & WARNER, Houston, Texas

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Jesse French Piano & Organ Co.,  
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**FOR MEN ONLY!**

**A POSITIVE CURE** For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely unerring HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in 3 days. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed sealed free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

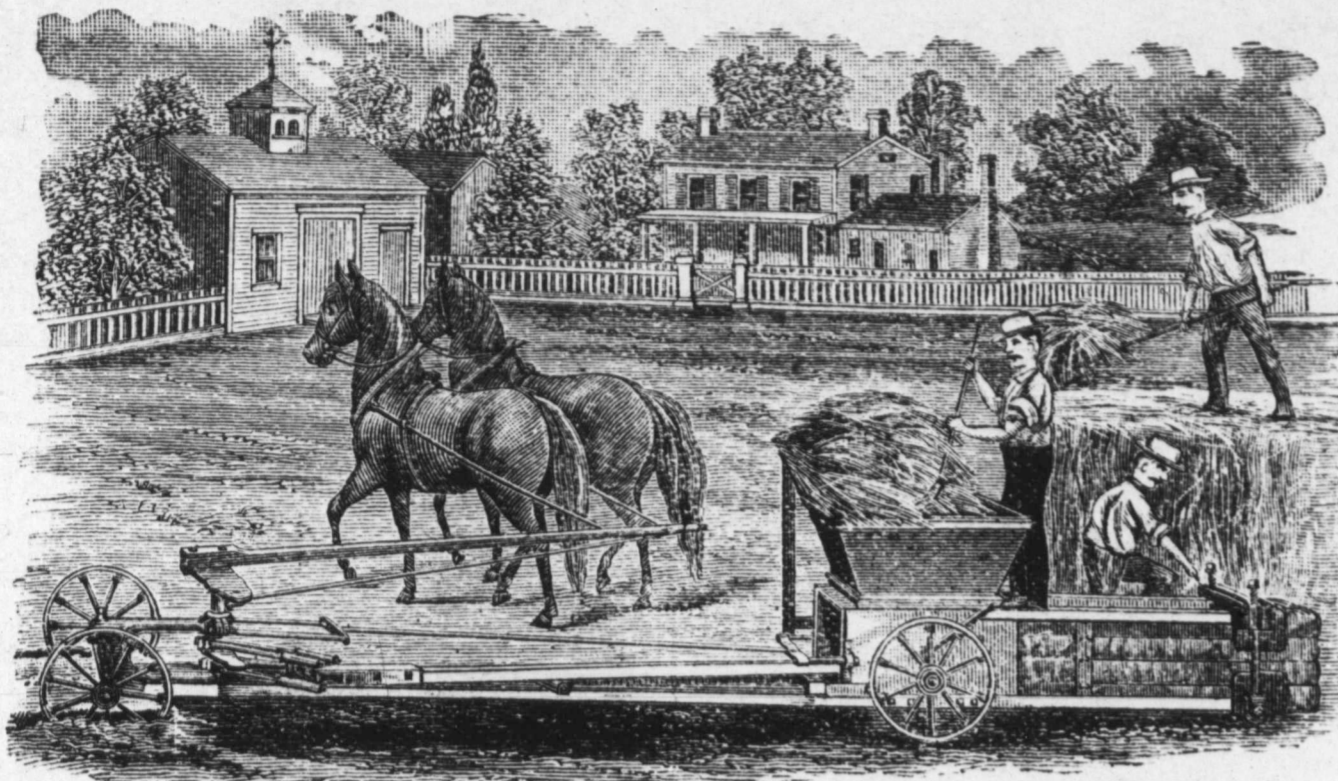
W. K. LEWIS,  
VETERINARY SURGEON,

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Sixteen years practice in all branches of the profession. Liberal contracts made for spaying, with the best of references from New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts and Texas.

Correspondence Solicited.



WHITMAN AGRICULTURAL COMPANY'S HAY PRESS.

**Hay Presses.**

As there promises to be a very large trade in hay presses in Texas this season, we wish to inform our readers that the Whitman Agricultural Co., large manufacturers of St. Louis, whose horse lever half-circle and steam presses are well and favorably known throughout the entire country, are now prepared to offer a full-circle or continuous travel press made of steel and iron, with all modern improvements and appliances, constructed with the same principle of power that they have used in their half-circle machine, which is concentrating and very powerful. This firm declined to put a press of this class upon the market until they could furnish one that could load ten tons or more in a grain

car, and sufficiently strong to be durable. They are now prepared to guarantee this, and also warrant their press superior in every respect to anything of its class now in use. This well known and reliable firm will be pleased to answer any inquiries in relation to any of their machines. They have traveling men now in the state appointing agencies for the coming season, and will be fully represented throughout the hay sections of the Southwest with a full line of half-circle, full-circle and steam presses. They have therefore sold a large number of presses in Texas, and we learn they have given excellent satisfaction. Parties desiring information will do well to address the manufacturers at St. Louis.

**THE CLIP.**

The Wool Growers' association of Hamilton, as is their usual custom, will have on May 1 a display of fine sheep, etc., together with a general fine stock show; also a ball at night. This interest in Hamilton county amounts to at least \$125,000 annually.

Fort Benton River Press:—Mr. W. D. Denton, foreman of the Judith Cattle company, near Lewiston, Fergus county, arrived by yesterday's coach. He is on his way to Fort Worth, Texas, for a visit to old friends. He reports the cattle in his section as beef fat. Stock of all kinds was never in better condition.

Vernon Guard;—Mr. E. Lowe, one of the old-time settlers and a solid farmer, living three miles southwest of town, says that the prospects for a heavy yield of all kinds of crops are more flattering at present in this section than he remembers of having seen before, while the acreage in wheat, oats, corn, etc., he thinks, will foot up fully three times larger than that of any former year.

Tucson (A. T.) Citizen:—A genuine camel was caught one day last week by Dennis Madagon, near the ranch of Col. Lewis Wolfley, in the vicinity of Gila Bend. It was a large one, measuring over 9 feet in height. It is supposed to be a stray from the old herd that has been roaming over the deserts of Arizona and California. These camels were brought to this country many years ago, for the purpose of carrying freight from Inyo, Cal., to Carson, Nevada, and proving a failure were turned loose and have been at large ever since. Colonel Wolfley says he is now fixed for a trip up the Salt river should he get left in his race for governor.

Las Cruces Democrat:—A prominent cattleman of this county in conversation here the other day, advanced a theory which will be a new one to many, viz: That jack rabbits feed on carrion when they can get it. He said he had doubted this for a long time, but had finally become convinced of it by seeing jack rabbits collected about a dead heifer, nibbling at it. Another cattleman joined in, saying that there was no doubt about jack rabbits eating carrion, that he had seen them do it himself. Both men were in earnest in what they said, and were thoroughly convinced that jack rabbits are carrion eating beasts. If any of our readers know of any facts which will either support or refute this theory we shall be glad to hear from them.

The card of W. A. Allen & Co., wool commission merchants of Chicago, appears in this issue of the JOURNAL. The firm writes us as follows about that market: We have been having a very good trade lately from the large number of Western mills who look to us for supplies, and the stock of wool here now is very small. The new clip will come on a bare market, and early receipts of new clip, Texas, will doubtless meet a ready sale at good prices to supply the needs of our Western mills. The merits of our market as a wool distributing center may not be fully understood by all Texas wool folks. We are surrounded by a large number of woolen mills scattered through these Western states, and also by means of "machine compressing" and the competition from water freight rates on the Lakes, we are able to lay wool down at Eastern mills at a trifle more freight and often at less freight than can be done from Eastern markets; also, and in this respect different from any other Western market, we grade wools carefully and cater for the trade direct

with manufacturers. Thus we are able to get our consignors good prices, and through our lighter charges net them more money than other markets."

**Eupepsy.**

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you good digestion and oust the demon dyspepsia and install instead eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for dyspepsia and all diseases of liver, stomach and kidneys. Sold at 50c and \$1 per bottle by H. W. Williams & Co., druggists.

Largest stock of tin plate, metals, sheet iron, iron roofing and siding in Western Texas, Piper & Schulthess, San Antonio, Texas. We sell at factory prices, only freight added.

Canadian Free Press:—Cattle are looking in fine shape for this time of year. The cattlemen have certainly had a good winter for their business.

**LITTLE MARY CECILIA BRUNOLD**

Has just been cured of the worst Eczema ever seen by the doctors who treated her. From head to feet a mass of diseased skin. Several physicians, a medical college and all remedies fail. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

My little daughter, Mary Cecilia Brunold, was afflicted with the worst case of eczema ever seen by the doctors who treated her. She was literally covered from head to foot with scabs. These physicians tried their best to cure her, but I believe they were only experimenting. They kept on experimenting for over ten months, but, instead of getting better, the child got worse, and I did not know what course to pursue. My wife took her, after we had paid all we could afford for medical treatment, to a medical college where there were some twenty or thirty doctors assembled, but the case baffled them all. My wife had to go every day, and sometimes twice a day. In fact the medicine they gave my child did not have time to act, even if there was any virtue in it, it was changed so often by orders of the doctors. The latter part of January, after everything had failed, and patience and money were both exhausted, I made up my mind to quit all doctoring and try the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I did so, and now, I can say that my daughter is cured, sound in health, and well, to the surprise of hundreds.

The druggist, Mr. H. M. Krueger, corner Chouteau and Ewing avenues, who sold us the CUTICURA REMEDIES, is as much astonished as any of us. The CUTICURA REMEDIES have worked a complete cure, and we have used but a little more than three-fourths of a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, and a proportionate amount of Cuticura and Cuticura Soap. I am ready at any time to make affidavit that my daughter had the worst case of eczema, as the doctors all admit, ever seen in this city, and that she had been cured solely by the Cuticura Remedies, after the best physicians and remedies failed.

I shall be glad to have any one call upon or write me who has a child similarly afflicted, or any person who is troubled with a skin disease, that he may see for himself what your Cuticura Remedies have done. I do this in gratitude for the cure that has been effected in my child's case.

CHAS. B. BRUNOLD,  
2905 Gratiot Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Sold everywhere Price, CUTICURA, 50 cts.; SOAP, 25 cts.; RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL Co., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations and 100 testimonials.

**LOVELIEST, Whitest, Clearest Skin and softest hands produced by Cuticura Soap.**

**KIDNEY PAINS,**  
With their weary, dull, aching, lifeless, all-gone sensation, relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-subduing Plaster. All druggists, 25 cts.

**PIANOS ORGANS**

**LOWEST PRICES IN AMERICA.**  
Standard, Reliable Instruments at Lowest prices known. No competition with cheap, inferior instruments.

**REDUCED PRICES, SPECIAL OFFERS. PIANOS \$200. ORGANS \$65.**

7 1/2 Oct. Upright, 3 Stringed, Rich Rosewood Case. Four Sets Reels, Eleven Stops, Couplers, Pins Case.

**STOOL, COVER, INSTRUCTOR—ALL FREIGHT PAID.** Largest Stock South. 200 Styles and Prices. Pianos—\$10 Monthly. Organs—\$3 Monthly. Low Time Prices—Fair Contract—No Risk—No Forfeiture of Cash paid. **SIX SPECIAL OFFERS.** Send for Free Paper, "Sharps and Flats," giving full information.

**LUDDEN & BATES,**  
SOUTHERN MUSIC HOUSE, SAVANNAH, GA.

**CITY HOTEL, - CHICAGO.**

Cor. State and 16th Sts. S.

**SPECIAL RATE TO STOCKMEN, \$1.50 PER DAY.** Nearest hotel outside the yards. Table and Rooms first-class. State st., Archer avl or L. S. & M. S. Dummy pass the house to a part of city and depots.

W. F. ORCUTT, Proprietor

**PROPOSALS FOR BEEF AND MUTTON.**

Headquarters Department of Texas. Office of Chief Commissary of Subsistence. San Antonio, Texas, MARCH 15, 1889.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received at this office, and at the offices of the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence, at the following named posts in the Department of Texas, until 12 o'clock, noon, THURSDAY, April 25, 1889, and then opened, for delivery at Forts Bliss, Brown, Clark, Concho, Davis, Hancock, McIntosh, Ringgold, and San Antonio, and Camp Del Rio, Camp Pena Colorado, and Camp at Eagle Pass, Texas, of such quantities of Fresh Beef and Mutton as may be required by the Subsistence Department at these posts from JULY 1, 1889, to JUNE 30, 1890, or such less time as the Commissary General of Subsistence may direct. Proposals will also be received for the delivery of choice cuts of Beef and Mutton for sales. Each bidder must furnish a guarantee in the sum of five hundred dollars, to the effect that if his bid is accepted he will enter into a contract, and give bond with good and sufficient sureties, within sixty days from the date of opening the bids. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Preference will be given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions or manufactures the duties thereon) being equal. Full information will be furnished upon application to this office or to the A. C. S. at any post named. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked: "Proposals for Beef and mutton at \_\_\_\_\_," and addressed to the undersigned, or to the A. C. S. at the post for which the proposal is intended. SAMUEL T. CUSHING, Major and Commissary of Subsistence, Chief C. S.

**PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF AND MUTTON.**

Headquarters Department of Missouri, Office Chief Commissary of Subsistence, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, March 11, 1889.—SEALD PROPOSALS in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office or at the office of the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence at the posts named below, until 11 o'clock A. M. THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1889, at which time and places they will be opened in the presence of bidders for furnishing and delivery of fresh beef and mutton required by the Subsistence Department, U. S. Army, for twelve months commencing July 1, 1889, or such less time as the Commissary General of Subsistence may direct at the following posts, viz: Forts Leavenworth, Riley and Hays, Kansas; Forts Lyon, Lewis and Crawford, and posts near Denver, Colorado; Forts Gibson, Reno, Sill and Supply, Indian Territory; Fort Elliott, Texas, and Fort Sheridan, Illinois. Separate bids are invited for furnishing for the same period choice cuts of fresh beef for officer's use and also for furnishing such beef cattle on the hoof as may be required at each post for the use of the troops in the field or on the march. Each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee as specified in the printed information as to conditions and quality of beef and mutton, payments, etc. Bids and guarantee must be made out on blanks furnished for the purpose giving the bidder all information required, which can be obtained on application to this office or to the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence at the posts named. Preference will be given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions or manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Proposals should be inclosed in sealed envelopes and marked "Proposals for Fresh Beef and Mutton." The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. C. B. PENROSE, Capt. and C. S., U. S. A. Chief C. S.

**Fort Worth Grocer Co. Fort Worth Grocer Co. Fort Worth Grocer Co. Fort Worth Grocer Co.**

We keep in stock ROCK SALT. Orders for car lots or in small quantities filled promptly. Ranchmen can depend upon us for any supplies needed. Orders by mail given especial attention. Send us a trial order for anything in the grocery line. Fresh goods at low prices. We can save you money on your next bill of groceries. Give us a trial.

**EL PASO.****EL PASO ITEM.**

Everything is rather quiet, and news scarce in the "Pass City." The local election to be held April 9th seems for the time being to absorb all other matters. Each party has nominated a full ticket for city officers. The Democrats head their ticket with C. R. Morehead, president of the State National bank, and at one time a citizen of Fort Worth, while the Republicans place at their masthead Mr. A. Krakauer, a prominent hardware merchant. The contest promises to be the liveliest one ever known in this city. The tickets are both composed of the very best material their respective parties could put forth, and being pretty evenly divided, the fight will be close and hotly contested.

During the past sixty days Montana and Wyoming buyers have bought about all the steer cattle in the country tributary to El Paso for their northern ranges. The sales are a little old for news, but as they have not been correctly reported heretofore, will give them in full:

J. M. Holt has bought for himself and associates 9000 head, to be delivered in May, as follows: From J. H. W. Weldy of Dona Ana county, N. M., 1000 twos and threes, to be delivered at Engle, N. M., at \$10.50 and \$14.50; from Cooper & Earhart, Dona Ana county, N. M., 1000 head, to be delivered at Engle, N. M., at \$11.75 and \$15.75; from Cage & Cox, El Paso county, Texas, 1000 head, to be delivered at Van Horn, Tex., at \$10.50 and \$14.50; from the San Pedro Cattle company of Arizona, to be delivered at San Simon, A. T., 2000 head at \$11.00 and \$15.00; from the Magdalena Cattle company of New Mexico, 2000 head to be delivered at Magdalena, at \$11.50 and \$15.50; from Upsher & Stevens, 2000 head, to be delivered at Magdalena, at \$11.50 and \$15.00.

Col. A. T. Babbit, manager of the Standard Cattle company of Wyoming, bought of the San Simon Cattle company of Arizona 3000 head of ones, twos and threes, to be delivered at San Simon station, at \$8.90, \$12.00 and \$15.00.

M. R. Draper bought of Lynch Bros. of New Mexico 1000 head at \$11.00 and \$15.00, to be delivered at Engle.

Ryan Bros. bought 1500 head of M. Z. Smissen, to be delivered at Engle, at \$11.00 and \$15.00. They also bought 1000 of Phelps Bros., to be delivered as above, at \$10.50 and \$14.50. Ryan Bros. are now moving the 5000 bought by them last fall of E. L. Gage. The last named lot will be driven to and shipped from Amarillo via Denver, Texas & Fort Worth, while all the others will be shipped via Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe to Wendover, W. T.

Most all of above sales were made by and through the International Investment agency of this city. This company closed a sale yesterday of the Rugg herd, in Presidio county, Texas, numbering about 800 head, to L. W. Evans of Fort Hancock, for \$7.50 per head, Evans to pay expenses of gathering and counting.

H. G. Boice, an extensive ranchman from Montana, and ex-Gov. G. W. Baxter of Cheyenne, W. T., are here and will doubtless buy a good string of cattle within the next four days.

Geo. W. Williamson, agent for the bureau of animal industry, is taking in the sights of the city.

For want of time must be brief, but will keep your readers fully posted from this section in future.

GEO. B. LOVING.

**CENTRAL TEXAS CATTLEMEN****Hold Their Annual Convention at Waco, and Discuss Important Questions.**

The annual meeting of the Central Texas Live Stock association was held in Waco, beginning on the 20th, and was called to order by President A. F. Wheeler, with W. E. Hall, secretary.

President Wheeler made a short address, in which he stated that while the association was not as large as it should be, yet it has been the means of securing great benefits, not only to its members, but the cattlemen of the state at large. When the association organized four years ago the cattlemen of Central Texas lost a great many cattle each year from the depredations of cattle thieves and the workings of the executive committee had been so effective that not a single case of loss by theft has been reported during the past year. Two years ago, while the railroad rates from Texas were very high, the association through its officers made a contract with the Cotton Belt road to ship 500 cars at a cut rate of \$15. The result was that the other railroads had to meet the cut and the whole state got the benefit of the same rate.

The principal questions before the association were the best methods of feeding and taking care of stock through the winter, securing cheap rates for shipping and a good market and fair treatment at the hands of the Eastern buyers.

The reports of Secretary W. E. Hall and Treasurer W. W. Seley were read and approved. They showed the finances of the association to be in a flourishing condition, with a cash balance on hand.

The present method of weighing stock by the railroads was taken up, and after much discussion the following resolution was passed:

"Resolved, that it is the sense of this convention that the present system of weighing stock by the railroads discriminates against Texas cattle, and we favor its revision or abolishment."

On motion Messrs. A. Wheeler, W. W. Seley, W. A. Poage and E. J. Ashburn were selected as a committee to ascertain how many cars of live stock would be shipped during the year by the stockmen of Central Texas, and secure from the railroads more advantageous rates.

The following resolutions were passed: "Resolved, that it is the desire of the Central Texas Live Stock association to have the cattle exchange of Chicago ascertain the visible supply of beef cattle over the cattle growing states and territories, the number of calves and females and male cattle compared with shipments in former years and that the Central Texas Live Stock association is willing to co-operate and assist said exchange in ascertaining said facts."

After a lengthy discussion of the best method of feeding stock the association went into the annual election of officers with the following result: President, A. F. Wheeler; first vice-president, H. E. Conger; second vice-president, J. B. Payne; third vice-president, J. W. Riggins; W. E. Hall, secretary; W. W. Seley, treasurer; E. J. Ashburn, marshal.

Executive committee, J. B. Payne, J. W. Riggins, W. W. Seley, W. A. Poage, G. H. Gassoway, H. E. Conger and W. B. Allen.

**Catarrh Cured.**

A clergyman, after years of suffering from that loathsome disease, Catarrh, and vainly trying every known remedy, at last found a receipt which completely cured and saved him from death. Any sufferer from this dreadful disease sending a self addressed stamped envelope to Prof. J. A. Lawrence, 88 Warren street, New York City, will receive the recipe free of charge.

**Correspondence Solicited.**

Live men (merchants preferred) wanted in Texas, to act as local agents for engines and boilers, mills, cotton gins, scales and belting, by the special representative of several large manufacturers. Address H. W. Hubbard, Dallas, Texas.

Don't buy the Missouri penitentiary saddle trees, but buy the genuine Loeloff, for sale by L. S. Brackett, San Antonio, Texas.

**J. B. ASKEW,**

Successor to R. F. TACKABERY.

Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

**SADDLES, HARNESS, LEATHER, ETC**

Also, a Well-Selected Stock of Road Carts, Buggies, Phaetons, Carriages, Etc.

107 and 109 North Houston Street, FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

The Tackabery Saddle leads all competitors. During the past year mail orders were received from ten states and four territories for this popular saddle. Send for photos and price list. I also manufacture large quantities of wagon, express, carriage and buggy harness.



We deal with one of the largest wholesale manufacturers in the United States, and can sell you as good goods and on as reasonable terms as any house in Texas. Call and examine for yourself. Mail orders will receive prompt attention. Three car-loads just received.

**A Central Horse Exchange.**

Opposite the Iron Mountain freight depot in St. Louis, at the corner of Broadway and Choteau avenue, is now established the most elaborate and extensive of all Western horse exchanges. It is called the Missouri Horse Exchange and is presided over by Mr. George Gay, with Harry Ashman, secretary. They are certain to do a large business and receive consignments from all parts of the United States. The exchange is remarkably well located from a city standpoint, and especially so for receiving and shipping stock to and from the Southwest.

St. Louis is largely interested in horse stock, and some large sale establishments are here, but none so well arranged as this for the accommodation of high class stock. There are numerous boxes and 300 stalls. There is a broad gallery on the second story to view the ring below, and light is furnished the building from the glass overhead. The carriage and harness rooms are large and there are handsome dressing rooms for the use of the members of the riding school.

Tuesday and Saturday are auction sale days and private sales at any time. Stock is received and sold under the rules of the exchange, strictly on commission. The first sale was held March 19th, and was well attended. The building covers an entire block. Texas stockmen who visit St. Louis will be courteously treated by the management if they accept the general invitation to call and look over the stock and premises.

**R. E. McANULTY,**  
Fort Worth, Texas,**Dealer in Live Stock****AND**  
**REAL ESTATE.**

CONTRACTING

**Cattle for Future Delivery**

A SPECIALTY.

**ALFALFA:**

Johnson Grass, Sorghum, Millet and other

**SEEDS!**

For prices, mention this paper and address

**W. F. PATTERSON,**  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

**Notice.**

Notice is hereby given that we have this day sold our business and good will of same in Texas to the F. F. Collins Manufacturing company, who will continue the same at our old house, No. 1607 Main street, where a full line of star windmills and water supply goods will be carried in stock. We solicit the patronage of our old customers to remain with our successors. All liabilities will be settled by us, and we request all knowing themselves to be indebted to us to call and settle the same at earliest convenience. Most respectfully,

FLINT & WALLING MANUFACTURING CO.  
Referring to the above notice, we beg leave to inform the public that we will continue the business at Fort Worth, and also at San Antonio, carrying a full stock of Star and Eclipse windmills together with water supply goods generally, and respectfully solicit the patronage of all the old customers, together with all others that are in need of good goods. Assuring them of the same honorable treatment as in the past, we are respectfully yours,  
F. F. COLLINS MANUFACTURING CO.,  
1607 Main street, Fort Worth, and 1, 3, 5 and 7 Houston street, San Antonio, Tex.

CHICAGO MARKET LETTER.

Native Cattle of Poor Quality Still Moving Freely—Sheep Lower. U. S. YARDS, CHICAGO, ILL., March 18, '89. Regular Correspondence Texas Live Stock Journal.

Last weeks receipts were 45,402 cattle, 118,415 hogs, 31,639 sheep, showing a decrease of 4000 cattle compared with one year ago. The trouble is that next week's receipts are liable to show 10,00 increase.

To-day Brown Bros. sold for J. W. Dudley of Ennis, Texas, 38 head of 1136-lb corn-fed steers at \$3.30.

Gregory, Cooley & Co. sold for J. M. Frost of Houston 20 corn-fed steers, 930 lbs, at \$3.

The Evans-Snyder-Buel Co. sold for J. M. Frost of Houston 20 steers, 931 lbs, at \$2.75; 19 bulls, 1119 lbs, at \$2.15, and 20 stags, 980 lbs, at \$2.40.

Native bees are selling badly at \$3@4.65 for inferior to double extra steers, with the bulk at \$3.50@3.75.

Native cows have have sold all the way from \$1@3.65 for thin old "shells" to fancy Hereford heifers, with the bulk of the cows and mixed lots at \$2@2.50.

Stockers and feeders, \$2@3.35.

Cattle receipts keep up just as if we were getting liberal runs from Texas.

Mr. E. E. Brown has just returned from a short trip to Texas.

The popularity of the state inspection idea would not be so great if prices for beef cattle were what they were during the boom. There are many who sigh for and dream of the palmy ranch boom days when cowmen could borrow money, invest in cattle and clear up several hundred thousand dollars in a year or two. Many of these same men have not the least idea that it was this crazy period in the business which increased the number of cattle growers about 500 per cent., and it seems still further from the minds of such people that this great increase in the number of cattle raisers and of the number of cattle raised can have anything to do with present low prices.

Nothing has been seen here yet of the proposed new commission company.

W. H. Thompson was re-elected president of the Live Stock exchange. "When Texas cattle really begin to move," said a well-posted Texan, "they will come right along at a lively rate."

This time last year we were receiving lots of Texas grass cattle from the Southern part of the state and a good many fed cattle. Thus far this year there have not been enough cattle from Texas to even make quotations.

Sheep declined sharply the past week, selling at \$3.50@4.85 for natives, \$3.60@4.70 for Westerns. Some 111-lb Minnesota screening-fed sheep sold at \$4.40, and 71-lb lambs of the same lot sold at \$5.25

Texas sheep nominal at \$3.25@4.50.

Mr. Philip H. Hale of the STOCK JOURNAL was here this week. Mr. Hale has many friends here who are always glad to see him. Hale thinks that the common cattle flooding the markets are good enough for the prices. A. C. HALLIWELL.

ST. LOUIS MARKET LETTER.

EAST ST. LOUIS, ILLS., March 19, 1888.

Regular Correspondence Texas Live Stock Journal.

The usual conditions prevail, and Texas ranchmen know what this means. If some of the readers of the STOCK JOURNAL do not, I will say it means that the market is still dull and uninteresting. The run of cattle for the week now ended was fair and consisted mainly of native steers of 800 to 1500 lbs, which brought in extremes from \$2.75@4.25 per 100 lbs. But few Texas steers were offered, and fat ones sold well enough, considering the low range of prices, bringing from \$2.50@3.25 per 100 lbs according to quality, the bulk going at \$2.70@2.80 per 100 lbs.

Yesterday and to-day a few car-loads of Texas steers were offered of 800 to 900 lbs for which \$2.60@2.90 per 100 lbs was obtained. It can be said the quality was not very good. Fat steers would bring \$3@3.25 and over. Cows brought from \$2.10@2.35 per 100 lbs.

Stock dealers when interviewed on the future have but little to say. They have lost hope and amount the future with misgivings.

Common and half-fat stock in abundance and dull. Texas shippers should make a note of this and act accordingly. It is nothing remarkable to see cows and other stuff sell at \$1.50@2.25 per 100 lbs.

There is no change to note whatever in the sheep market. For some unaccountable reason the receipts continue very light and buyers, as a result, can not operate. The demand for fair to choice muttons very large and prices firm at \$3.75@5 per 100 lbs. But few Texas sheep are offered. To-day Wm. McGurry of San Antonio had on the market 630 fall Texas clipped sheep of 78 lbs for which he obtained \$3.80 per 100 lbs. He informed me that he expected more money for them than what he got. Common and medium sheep are dull at low prices and should be kept at home.

Sam A. White, superintendent of the horse department of the National Stock yards, is receiving some Texas mares, but they are shipping out in first hands. The season is not opened yet. Some Oregon mares are coming in which are bringing \$32.50 per head. They are good ones.

The wool market is quiet and unchanged. RATTLER.

Sales of Live Stock at Polk's Stock Yards, Fort Worth, Texas.

L. Booth sold to Shahan 4 steers, average 1050 pounds, at \$3; and 6 steers, average 880 pounds, at \$3.

R. H. Farmer to Schober, 4 steers, 870 pounds, at \$3.

Peter Welborne to Smith Bros., 4 cows, 900 pounds, \$2.25.

Wm. Randle to Schober, 1 steer, 815 pounds, at \$1.60.

Getzendeimer to Morrison, 2 heifers, 575 pounds, \$2.

W. E. Redford to Canto, 4 cows, 825 pounds, \$2.50.

Sims to John Adams, 7 cows, 840 pounds, \$2. Also 4 cows, 800 pounds, \$2.

G. W. Waters to John Adams, 4 cows, 675 pounds, \$2.

H. Speer to Kaufman, 6 steers, 1150 pounds, \$3. And 1 cow, 615 pounds, \$2.25.

B. Hackett to Wolly Parks, 26 cows, 770 pounds, \$2.25.

Ferd Slocum to Shahan, 2 cows, 880 pounds, \$2.

J. J. Watson to John White, 6 steers, 900 pounds, \$3.

J. C. Ray to Miller & Collins, 7 steers, 860 pounds, \$3.

D. C. Payne to Woodall, 4 steers, 915 pounds, \$3.

USE REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE FOR CUTS, BRUISES, BURNS, SORE AND INFLAMED EYES

M. F. Akers to Stuart, 2 cows, 780 pounds, \$2.

M. F. Akers to J. D. Andrews, 3 cows, 825 pounds, \$2.25.

Wm. Henderson to Kemper, 17 steers, 890 pounds, \$3.

H. Spears to Robinson, 10 steers, 905 pounds, \$3.

J. D. Carter to Tom Smith, 1 cow, 880 pounds, \$2.

F. M. Sims to John Adams, 11 cows, 745 pounds, \$2.

R. Vickery to Kaufman, 6 steers, 1050 pounds, \$3. Also 1 cow, 830 pounds, \$3.

B. C. Smith to Schober, 9 steers, 825 pounds, \$2.75. Also 1 cow, 810 pounds, \$2.25.

Hackett to John White, 6 steers, 850 pounds, \$3.

Hollingsworth to Miller & Collins, 20 steers at \$30. Also 2 stags, \$28.

Sims to John Adams, 4 calves, \$3.75.

Hackett to Newman, 4 steers, 825 pounds, \$2.75.

L. Booth to Hierholzer, 5 steers, 900 pounds, \$3.

Sims to John Adams, 10 cows, 675 pounds, \$2.

J. C. Hart to Miller & Collins, 165 sheep, \$2.75.

Capt. E. Harper to J. C. Connor, one jack.

Knocked Out in the First Round. Kansas City Star.

An important legal decision in relation to the dressed beef industry has been rendered in New Mexico, and is unfavorable to the Butchers' Protective association. In an opinion given to the meat inspector of Santa Fe county relative to the law recently passed by the legislature of New Mexico requiring the inspection of cattle and hogs prior to the slaughtering in cities where they are consumed, and practically prohibiting the sale of beef and pork slaughtered outside of the territory, the acting solicitor general holds the act is unconstitutional and void so far as its effects on the shipments into the territory for the purpose of sale and public use are concerned. He holds that dressed meats are plainly included in those commodities of common consumption covered by the interstate commerce law, and that the local inspection act is an attempt, under the guise of police power, to keep the products of packing houses out of the territory. This view of the case has been sustained by the ablest exponents of judicial thought throughout the country, and is so rational as to warrant the belief that it will be upheld by the highest tribunal to which the question may be submitted. If the several states which were represented at the interstate dressed beef convention at St. Louis attempt to carry out the recommendation of that commission by enacting local inspection laws, the packers will promptly seek redress in the courts, and the decision which has just been made in New Mexico may be accepted as an indication of what the result of such an appeal will be. The great industry which supplies cheap meat to consumers and affords a market to the cattle growers has rights which the butchers are bound to respect.



ELLIS HOTEL Fort Worth, Texas. The best appointed hotel in the South. Commercial travel solicited. ED. MUELLER, Proprietor.

JNO. S. POWELL & CO



Offer for sale choice thoroughbred and high-grade Hereford, Polled-Angus, Durham, Holsteins and Jersey Bulls and Heifers. Stock on hand and for sale on very reasonable terms.

\$2,500,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE at 10 per cent. straight BY

WRIGHT & LENOIR,

At Mansion Hotel, Fort Worth, Tex. Also have some choice Farm, Ranch and City Properties FOR SALE.

And invite correspondence from buyers and sellers. T. P. LENOIR, Live Stock Broker, will contract horses, cattle or other live stock.

W. C. YOUNG, of the Llano Live Stock Co. T. C. ANDREWS. J. M. KUHN.

YOUNG, ANDREWS & KUHN,

Dealers in LIVE STOCK. Tenth and Houston Sts., FORT WORTH, - - TEXAS.

Cattle contracted for spring delivery. Horses of every description in yards and pastures. Cow-horses a specialty. Horses, mares, mules and jacks for sale at all times. We are prepared to enter into contracts for the delivery of cattle, horses, mares and mules at any point in Texas, and solicit correspondence.

BEST STEEL WIRE GALVANIZED. Woven Wire Fencing Wire Rope Selvage McMULLEN'S

80c TO \$2 PER ROD. All sizes and widths. Gates to match. Sold by us or dealers in this line of goods. FREIGHT PAID. Information free. THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO. North Market and Ontario Sts., Chicago, Ill. Mention this paper.

SAVES POSTS, TIME AND MONEY! Old Fences made as good as new by using

Wheeler's Practical Fence Stay

Patented June 23d, 1864. Improved August 21d, 1887. WHEELER & CO., 7-21 38th St., Chicago. W. A. HOFFMAN IMP. CO., Ft. Worth, Tex.

W. J. HAYNES.

H. F. LANGENBERG.

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W. J. HAYNES & CO.,

**WOOL COMMISSION**

Cor. Market and Commercial Streets,  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Liberal Advances on Consignments of WOOL, HIDES, PELTS, ETC.

REFERENCES: St. Louis Nat'l Bank, Dunn's and Bradstreet's Commercial Agencies

**ARMENTROUT & FRAZER,**

Corner of Weatherford and Throckmorton and corner of Weatherford and Lamar Streets  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Dealers in Wool, Hides, Etc.

Also keep in stock a full line of  
**WEIR PLOW COMPANY'S FARM IMPLEMENTS,**  
Tennessee Wagons, manufactured by Cherry, Morrow & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; Bain Wagons, H. W. Davis & Co.'s Buggies, Cincinnati, Ohio; The E. M. Miller Buggies, Quincy, Ill.; Cook & Co.'s Buggies, Cincinnati, Ohio; The Racine Spring Wagons and Carriages; The Minnesota Chief Thresher, and Traction Engines.

*Wm Macraughtans Sons,  
Wool Commission Merchants,  
168 & 170 South Fifth Avenue  
New York  
Mohair*

**De GROAT & CO.,**

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS

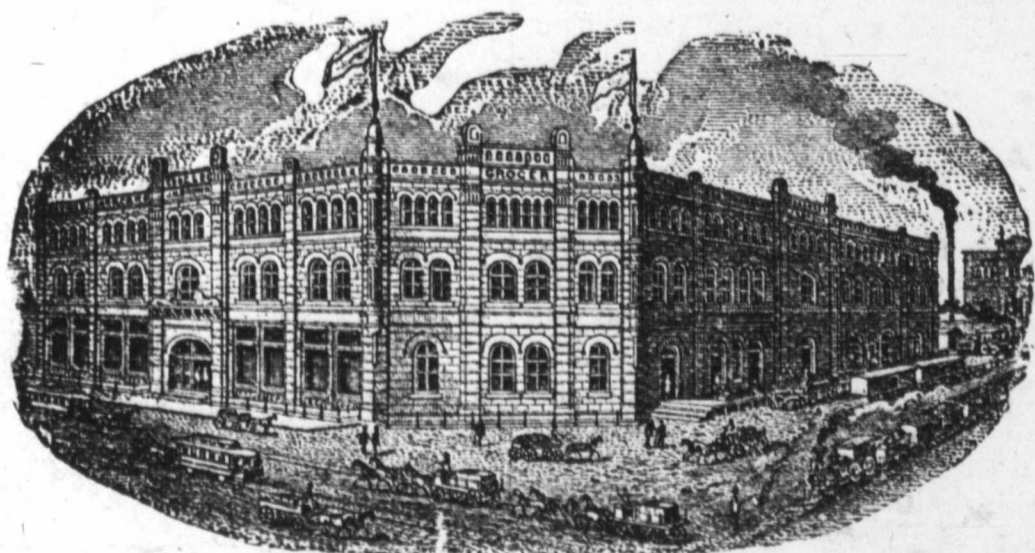
Stock Landing, - (P. O. Box 2510.) - New Orleans, La.

**JOSEPH H. BROWN,**

*Wholesale Grocer,*

Manufacturer of the Celebrated

**SILVER LOAF BAKING POWDER.**



*-: Sultan Roasted Coffee:-*  
FORT WORTH, TEX.

**C. H. EDWARDS MUSIC HOUSE,**

308 Houston St., Fort Worth, Texas.

Clickering, Wheelock, Mathushek **PIANOS** Mason & Hamlin, Western Cottage and Kimball **ORGANS**

Lowest prices and easiest terms.

Call and see them before buying.

**PURE**

**TRUMBULL, REYNOLDS & ALLEN.**  
GRASS, FIELD, GARDEN & TREE SEEDS,  
FERTILIZERS, Etc.  
Send for Catalogue. Mailed free.  
1426-1428 St. Louis Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

**SEEDS**

**TWENTY STALLIONS**

Reserved for the Spring Trade of 1889:

**Will be Placed on Sale March 25th,**

**20 PERCHERON and FRENCH COACH STALLIONS**—all choice animals—Prize Winners at the Three Great Shows of France, 1888, as follows: That of the Societe Hippique Percheronne at Nogent-le-Rotrou, the Government Show at Alencon, and the Horse Exhibition of Paris.  
I have found each year that a number of my customers could not conveniently buy until late in the season, and it was to accommodate these that I last Fall made a reserve of TWENTY of my BEST STALLIONS, old enough for Service, which will be placed on Sale **March 25th, 1889**, it being my determination to so control my importations that I can offer purchasers a first-class Horse any day in the year.  
A Satisfactory Breeding Guarantee given with each Animal Sold.

**M. W. DUNHAM, WAYNE, DU PAGE CO., ILLINOIS.**

**THE KANSAS CITY**

**STOCK YARDS**

Receipts for 1888: Cattle, 1,056,086; Hogs, 2,008,984;  
Sheep, 351,050; Horses and Mules, 27,650.

These yards are by far the most commodious and best appointed in the Missouri Valley, with ample capacity for feeding, weighing and shipping Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Horses and Mules. They are planked throughout, no yards are better watered, and in none is there a better system of drainage. The fact that higher prices are realized here than in the East is due to the location at these yards of eight packing houses, with an aggregate daily capacity of 3300 cattle and 27,200 hogs, and the regular attendance of sharp, competitive buyers for the packing houses of Omaha, Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, New York and Boston.

All the sixteen roads running into Kansas City have direct connection with the yards, affording the best accommodation for stock coming from the great grazing grounds of all the Western States and Territories, and also for stock destined for Eastern markets.

The business of the yards is done systematically and with the utmost promptness, so there is no delay and no clashing, and stockmen have found here, and will continue to find, that they get all their stock is worth, with the least possible delay.

*Kansas City Stock Yards Company*

**HORSE AND MULE MARKET.**

FRANK E. SHORT. {FRANK E. SHORT & CO., Managers.} CAPT. E. S. TOUGH.

This company has established in connection with the yards an extensive Horse and Mule Market, known as the KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS COMPANY HORSE AND MULE MARKET. Have always on hand a large stock of all grades of Horses and Mules, which are bought and sold on commission in car-load lots.

In connection with the Sales Market are large feed-stables and pens, where all stock will receive the best of care.

Special attention given to receiving and forwarding.

The facilities for handling this kind of stock are unsurpassed at any stable in this country.

Consignments are solicited with the guarantee that prompt settlement will be made when stock is sold.

**C. F. MORSE, E. E. RICHARDSON, H. P. CHILD,**

Gen'l Manager.

Treasurer and Secretary.

Superintendent.

A. NATHAN, Pres.

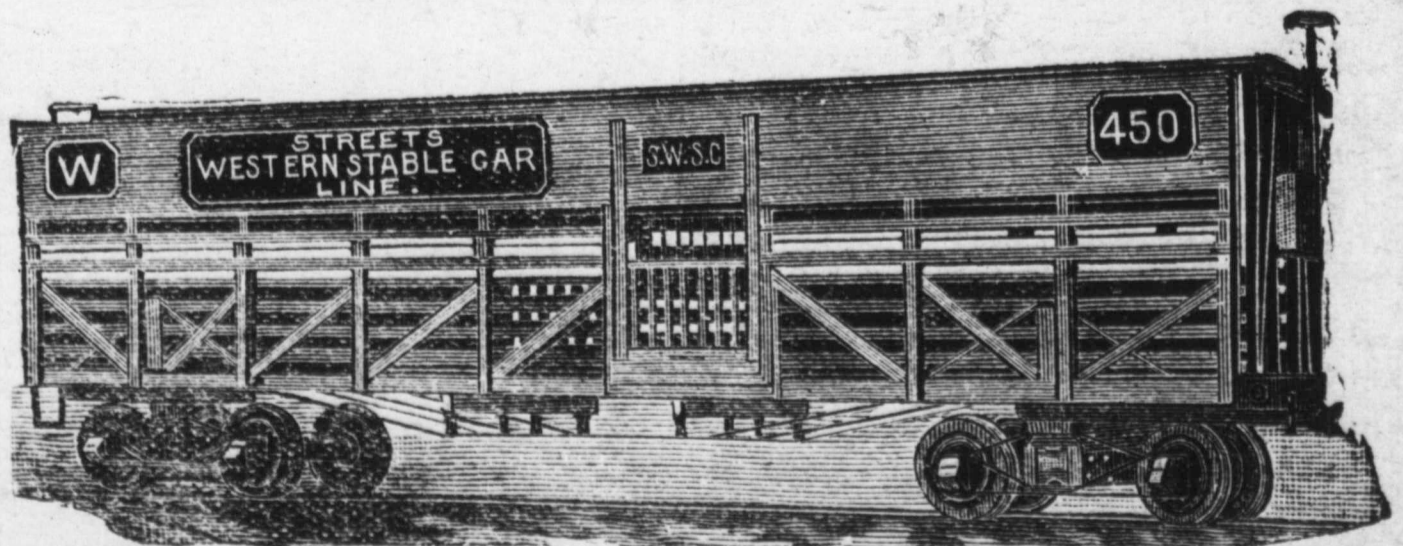
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