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## BAR JAPS IS DEMAND OF COAST MEN

Washington, Sept. 25.—Japan is violating the immigration barriers to this country intended to be raised by the so-called gentlemen's agreement, W. S. McClatchy of Sacramento, California and Miller Freeman, of Seattle, Washington today told the house immigration committee. They urged adoption of a policy of absolute exclusion by the United States and the deportation of Asiatics already in this country. The committee is considering immigration legislation.

Mr. McClatchy declared the coast was an example of what would happen elsewhere, finally resulting in the "United States being made a Japanese province."

"The question is purely an economic one not a racial one," declared McClatchy.

Both witnesses asserted that the white race was hopelessly unable to contend against Japanese competition.

The Japanese government is issuing passports under any head except labor," asserted Mr. Freeman. "The only way of solving the problem is by legislation. It cannot be solved by administration of existing laws."

Mr. McClatchy said a policy of absolute exclusion of the Japanese because of their economic standards would be practicing a policy enforced by the Japanese in their own country against the Chinese and Koreans.

In order that the country might be officially advised of the Japanese problem, the witness urged the committee to send a sub-committee to the Pacific coast to make an exhaustive inquiry.

Japanese immigrants entering at Seattle for the year ending last June numbered 6,170 of which 1,862 were women, Freeman said, while McClatchy said the total number of these immigrants on the Pacific coast was about 10,000 for the year. The women are brought for "breeding purposes," Mr. Freeman asserted, adding that the children born in this

country were entitled to own property."

Investigation of the Yokohama bank at Seattle was urged by Mr. Freeman, who contended that the Japanese imperial family owned the majority stock.

"The financial power of their government is back of the Japanese he said adding that the Japanese stores did not compete with each other, but that they were able by reason of their financial resources to drive small Americans out of business.

### VENDORS OF MILWAUKEE BEER HELD UNDER \$25,000 BOND FOR GRAND JURY

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Federal Judge Landis today dismissed a petition for an injunction and receivership involving 16 auto trucks and their cargoes of beer seized at Zion City, Ill., while being smuggled across the Wisconsin-Illinois line. He held for grand jury investigation 39 Chicago saloonkeepers and one truck owner. The hearing has not yet ended.

Saloon men who admitted that they had sold Milwaukee beer since the dry measures had become effective were held under bonds of \$2500, while those who refused to answer questions were placed under bonds of \$15,000 each.

Greenville, Tex., Sept. 25.—Firemen checked a serious fire in the business district ere early today after it had destroyed two buildings occupied by the Hudspeth Dry Goods company, together with the complete stock, entailing a loss estimated at \$235,000.

### EXPRESSES REGRET, HOWEVER, AT EMBARRASSMENT ACTION CAUSED

New York, Sept. 25.—Admiral Ugo Conz, of the Italian navy, who is paying a visit to the United States in behalf of his government expressed admiration for D'Annunzio here yesterday, but regret at the poet warrior's occupation of Fiume which has embarrassed Italy and the allied powers.

"I do not know officially of what has transpired," said the admiral, "but if what I have read in the American papers is correct, all I can say is that I have nothing to say against D'Annunzio."

Although he regarded the situation as serious, Admiral Conz said he believed it would be adjusted in time to the satisfaction of all parties.

### GOMPERS TO BE CALLED

Washington, Sept. 25.—Chairman Kenyon of the senate committee investigating the steel strike announced today that Samuel Gompers would be called before the committee tomorrow.

## ACCEPT OR REJECT IS ONLY COVENANT ISSUE

Denver, Sept. 25.—Declaring the issue in the peace treaty discussion

at last had been clearly drawn, President Wilson said in an address here today that the question squarely facing the nation was whether the United States would keep its pledges to help guarantee the peace of the world.

All of the minor objections to the treaty had been disposed of he asserted, and the whole discussion now had settled down upon the heart of the league of nations covenant—the guarantee of article 10. Adoption of a reservation like that proposed in the senate, he declared, would be equivalent to rejection of the treaty.

The president's declarations repeatedly were cheered by a crowd which packed the Denver municipal auditorium, said to hold more than 11,000 people.

Previously he had been greeted with uproarious cheers along the line of an auto ride through the principal streets, the crowds lining the sidewalks for many blocks.

"Qualified adoption" of the treaty, Wilson said, was "not adoption but rejection." He declared that to qualify the ratification would mean asking special privileges for the United States, a thing which would be unworthy of the nation. So the line had been definitely drawn, he added, and the only objection to be decided was whether the United States would go into the league or stay out.

It had been one of the purposes of the war, Mr. Wilson said, to set up a permanent peace guarantee. He declared he was "under bond" especially to the children of the country, to make good the promises of such a guarantee. He added that the next world war would be much more terrible than the last.

"Ask any soldier," he said, "if he wants to go through a hell like that again. I'm for any kind of insurance against a barbaric reversal of civilization."

Should the United States stay out of the league, continued the president, it would have to have "the biggest army in the world," and there would have to be conscription and heavy armies.

Eulogizing the labor section of the treaty, Mr. Wilson said it gives America an opportunity to raise labor standards all over the world. Until that is done, he asserted, the full en-

ergies of the world could not be released.

In his reference to reservations, the president declared the people at last were awake and no longer could be misled upon what was in the treaty. Of all the subject matter in the treaty, aside from the league covenant, Mr. Wilson said, the Shantung provision was the only one criticized. That objection now had been cleared away, he continued, as had the lesser objections urged against the covenant itself.

The president touched briefly upon the voting power of the British empire in the league assembly, saying that objections on that score had been exploded when it became known that the British dominions have six votes in the assembly, but the assembly does not vote.

On the final issue, as it had settled down about the question of reservations, said the president, there was no organized opposition to the treaty except among the people who tried to defeat the purposes of the government in the war.

### SENATOR SAYS ANY SLIGHT CHANGE MIGHT RESULT DISASTROUSLY

Washington, Sept. 25.—Senator Ashurst, democrat, Arizona, in a telegram today to President Wilson, declared he believed he could render the country and the world "a great service by voting for the peace treaty without amendment or reservation," administration leaders claimed a distinct advantage in the fight by reason of the senator's announcement today.

"Although I have had, as you of course know, serious doubts and misgivings as to some parts of the league covenant, I am nevertheless convinced that Germany would obtain a material advantage and would come out of the war a victor were the treaty amended or were any reservations adopted.

"To my mind it is the treaty or no treaty; and I for one am not willing to assume the frightful responsibilities of precipitating chaos by some hazardous amendment or reservation. I have studied this tremendous question from every angle and am sure that at this juncture I can render my country, indeed, the entire civilized world, a great service by voting for the treaty without amendment or reservation."

## THOUSANDS OF

## STEEL WORKERS WALK OUT

The preliminary skirmish in the great industrial struggle which opened today between the labor unions and the United States Steel corporation, which directly or indirectly affects a half million wage earners, produced the usual conflicting claims by generals on both sides.

In the great strategic centers of the struggle, the Chicago and Pittsburgh districts, many thousands of workers obeyed the strike order, but early reports stated that comparatively few plants had been compelled to close. At a large number of the outlying points officials of smaller plants reported they were operating as usual.

Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the steel corporation refused to make any comment on the situation.

Secretary Foster of the steel workers union issued a statement expressing satisfaction with the outlook and claiming that reports from outside the Pittsburgh district showed that the shutdown was general.

An important feature of the situation was the announcement by representatives of 35,000 workers employed by the Bethlehem Steel company that these men would not join the strike pending an attempt to obtain a conference with the company officials.

Some of the blast furnaces in the Pittsburgh district were banked, but the majority of the plants were in operation although admittedly with forces reduced from 15 to 60 per cent. In the Chicago district, including Gary and Hammond, where 90,000 steel workers are employed, similar conditions were reported.

At Cleveland the union leaders claimed that 15,000 men were out and that 16 mills of the American Steel and Wire company, employing 9,000 men, were closed down.

At Ohio's second greatest steel center, Youngstown, the strike leaders claimed that the great majority of the workers had struck and at Steubenville, where three plants of the Carnegie Steel company are located, it was asserted that all three had been forced to suspend operations. At the less important points in Ohio and Pennsylvania, officials of the various plants announced that their men had remained loyal and that operations were in full swing. One notable exception was Johnstown, Pennsylvania, where 12,000 men were reported to have struck.

Outside the great pivotal states of Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania, conditions were reported nearly normal with a few important exceptions. At Buffalo, where the great independent plants of the Lackawanna Steel company are located the union chiefs claimed that 70 per cent of the workers had obeyed the strike call. At Wheeling, W. Va., it was asserted that 8,000 men were idle and the Colorado Fuel and Iron company plant at Pueblo, Colo., was closed down when its 2,000 employes walked out.

The mills of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago were closed the unions estimating that 95 per cent of the 4,000 men on the day shift had struck.

for the formal opening tomorrow of the new St. Dunstan's cathedral, which has been built to replace the cathedral destroyed some years ago. The event will be accompanied by all of the ceremonies prescribed in the

ritual of the church. The first pontifical high mass in the new cathedral will be celebrated by the Most Rev. Peter Di Maria, the apostolic delegate in Canada. The sermon will be preached by Bishop McNally of Calgary. Other noted prelates who are expected to participate in the ceremonies are the Archbishop of Halifax, the Archbishop of Winnipeg, and the Bishops of St. John, Antigonish, Valleyfield and Chatham.

The most of the distinguished visitors will remain over Thursday for the **OPENING OF NEW CATHEDRAL**

St. John, N. B., Sept. 23.—Many of the most eminent prelates of the Roman Catholic church in the dominion, together with numerous clergy, lay leaders and educators, are gathering blessing of the Dalton Hall at St. Dunstan's university. The sermon on this occasion will be delivered by Bishop Morrison, of Antigonish, a former rector of the university.

The second day of the great struggle between the labor unions and the United States Steel corporation opened with the question as to the extent to which the industry has been affected by the strike still uncertain, confused as it is by the conflicting claims of the leaders of both sides. That the industry has been gravely crippled in the great centers of Pittsburgh, Chicago and Youngstown, was certain and early reports today recorded several gains for the strikers.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Braddock and Rankin plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which attempted to continue operations yesterday shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 19,000 men.

In the Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 75 per cent of the 90,000 workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 95. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 2.

In the east all reports agreed that the strikers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 55,000 men had quit work and their claims were supported by the fact that many large plants were closed, three in particular which employ 15,000 men.

Plants which were still operating had admittedly greatly reduced forces.

The possibility of the spread of the strike to as yet unaffected plants was more threatening today. At the Bethlehem works where 35,000 men are employed, the union leaders announced that no reply had been received to their request for a conference with the company officials and that preparations were being completed for calling out the workers.

At Cincinnati the executive board of the international iron molders union is in session and will decide what action will be taken by that body.

At Buffalo switchmen on the South Buffalo railway quit work when ordered to move cars into the Lackawanna steel plant.

Rioting, which broke out at the close of the first day of the strike was resumed at different points this morning. The known casualties so

far one man dead, three others so badly wounded that they may die and scores more or less severely wounded. The fatality occurred in the Pittsburgh district. Every mill in Farrell, Pa., was closed this morning but this did not prevent a renewal of violence in which 11 persons were wounded.

Simultaneously with the outbreak of rioting at Farrell, a pitched battle between mill guards and strikers took place at Newcastle, Pa., in which 11 persons are known to have been wounded, two of them women. Three of the injured men may die.

The situation throughout the Pittsburgh district today was regarded as somewhat grave.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—Three men, one of them John Wejda, a clerk in the Chicago postoffice, who is said to have planned the robbery, were arrested here early today charged with stealing \$240,000 of a shipment of \$415,000 last Thursday from the Federal reserve bank here to the Standard Oil company of Indiana, at Whiting, Indiana. Of the stolen funds \$93,620 was recovered. The remainder, according to an alleged confession of two of the men, was abandoned at the outskirts of Chicago, when the auto in which they were returning from Whiting broke down.

A "piece of police luck" is pointed to as responsible for the arrest of the men, Chicago detectives unearthed the robbery when two of the men, Leo and Walter Phillips, brothers 25 and 20 years old respectively, were arrested in connection with the robbery of a saloon in which approximately \$500 was obtained. Prior to the arrests no announcement of the big holdup had been made.

Informed by a "stool pigeon" that the Phillips brothers were involved in the saloon robbery, which occurred later in the same day as the hold up at Whiting, the officers at first believed they had stumbled on a big payroll or bank robbery when one found \$20,000 in the elder Phillips' pocket. Questioning developed, according to the officers, details of the entire program.

A fourth man, said to be the owner of a small farm near Chicago, was being sought early today. Police say they believe most of the missing money was buried in on his property. He is said to have been at Whiting with the Phillips brothers.

#### SENATE TO HEAR BOTH SIDES OF PRESENT LABOR DISAGREEMENT

Washington, Sept. 23.—Investigation of the steel strike by the senate labor committee was ordered today by the senate. A resolution by Senator Kenyon, Iowa, providing for the inquiry and authorizing a report as to whether any remedial federal action could be taken, was adopted without a roll call.

Senator Kenyon said it was proposed to call leaders representing both employers and employes to Washington in an effort to determine the cause of the strike.

Senator Kenyon announced later that the investigation would be begun Thursday and that the first witness would be Chairman Gary of the United States Steel corporation, and John J. Fitzpatrick, chairman of the national committee organizing the steel workers.

#### MANY MILLS CLOSED DOWN AND OTHERS RUNNING ON REDUCED SCALE

Chicago, Sept. 23.—With between 50,000 and 67,500 workmen idle and every steel plant in the Chicago district either closed or operating with a greatly reduced force, quiet reigned today. The only arrest reported was at Waukegan, Ill., where a striker was taken into custody charged with making threats against a workman who refused to obey the strike order.

John Fitzpatrick, organizer of the steel workers, announced that 67,500 men are idle in the Chicago district and predicted that within a few days every steel plant in this section will be closed down.

Although officials of the steel company decline to state how many men still are at work they declare that the figures given out by union leaders are greatly exaggerated.

An official of the Indiana Steel company at Gary, Ind., stated that not more than 15 per cent of the men in that city had left their posts.

Another report said to come from a minor official of the United States Steel corporation, placed the total number of men out in the Chicago district at 50,000.

#### DISSATISFACTION IS EXPRESSED OVER WAR DEPARTMENT'S PLANS

Washington, Sept. 23.—Dissatisfaction with the war department's national guard policy was expressed today by members of the house military committee after Major General Jesse McI. Carter, chief of the military bureau and Secretary Baker had explained the reorganization. Secretary Baker said the department must consider a policy of national interest as to the guard, not merely its usefulness as state police.

Representative Anthony, republican of Kansas, said recognition has been refused skeleton guard companies although their personnel would be larger than that in some regular army companies.

It was brought out that an Iowa regiment that served in the rainbow division had been promised recognition as surplus although not originally included in the plans.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Sept. 23.—All efforts to reach Drumright, Oklahoma, where rioting was reported last night in telephone messages to this city, failed early today through lack of telephone or telegraph facilities. Telegraph and telephone companies assert their wires have been taken over by the mob which is demanding the resignation of Drumright city officials, according to last night reports.

Telephone messages from Oilton, Okla., today stated that the Oulton chief of police has started for Drumright with several deputies following a request from persons there who reported that the mob was shooting recklessly in the street.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 23.—Bridges on all railroads leading into Corpus Christi except the Texas Mexican railway from Laredo, have been wiped out by flood waters, according to information received by the adjutant general's department here today from Acting Adjutant General W. D. Cope, who is at Corpus Christi. This will seriously hamper relief measures.

## OPENING GAMES OF SERIES TO BE PLAYED IN OHIO CITY OCTOBER 1 AND 2

Cincinnati, Sept. 22.—Cincinnati won the toss for the opening game of the world's series at the meeting of the National baseball commission here today.

The first two games will be played in Cincinnati, the next three in the American league city winning the pennant of that league, then two in Cincinnati if necessary followed by one in the American league city. The place for the ninth game, if necessary is to be decided by lot. The first game is scheduled for Wednesday, October 1.

The umpires, who will judge the plays in the world series games are: American league—R. F. Nachez and William J. Evans. National league—Charles B. Regier and Emmett Quay. Louis Comiskey, son of Charles Comiskey, of the Chicago White Sox, tossed the coin for the choice of the opening game. August Herrmann selected heads and heads came.

The business representatives selected by the commission were Leslie F. Constans of Pittsburgh who will represent the National league and William Harridge of Chicago, who will represent the American league.

## TWO HUNDRED MEN EMPLOYED DURING THE MORNING TO PULL FIRES

Pueblo, Sept. 22.—Two hundred men were pulling the fires in the Minnequa plant of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company here this morning preparatory to a complete shutdown of the plant where 6,000 men are employed. This was the announcement from the company president, J. F. Wellborn, who stated that until a sufficient force of men were secured no effort would be made to operate here.

Wellborn said no plans had been made to bring in strikebreakers. Neither would he give an approximate time on which the plant would be closed, saying "that depends on the strikers alone."

Pickets have been stationed by the union at all approaches to the steel works. These men are unarmed, and so far there has not been even a bit of trouble. The company is not employing extra guards, the regular force of watchmen being deemed sufficient to run the plant. The union claims the men are 100 per cent in favor of the strike and that it is "a fight to the finish."

## MINES ORDERED CLOSED

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 22.—All mines in the southern coal field, supplying coal to the C. F. and I. plants here have been ordered closed. This does not affect the commercial mines of the company.

Juarez, Sept. 22.—A left hand with one finger missing was brought to Barreal station, 95 miles southwest of here Friday night as proof that Epifanio Holguin, a former Villa colonel, had been killed by one of his own men with whom he had quarreled.

This was announced in a message received from Barreal today. Holguin was known to have a finger missing on his left hand. The details of Holguin's death were different in this report from the one given out by Mexican government officers here yesterday. Holguin was shot and killed by

one of his men named Ramirez instead of by federal troops, according to this message, which is considered here as authentic.

## FIGURES GIVEN OUT AT NOON TODAY SHOW 284,000 ON STRIKE

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22.—At noon William Z. Foster, secretary of the national committee of the steel workers gave out the following figures as indicating the number of men on strike:

Chicago district 60,000; Cleveland 30,000; Youngstown 65,000; Buffalo 12,000; Homestead 9,000; Braddock 5,000; Rankin 3,000; Clairton 4,000; Monesson and Donora 12,000; Wheeling 15,000; Steubenville 6,000; Pueblo 6,000; McKeesport and Dequesne 12,000; Pittsburgh City 15,000; VanGrift 4,000; Leechburg 2,000; Brackenrid 5,000; Johnstown 15,000; Coatsville 4,000.

## WILL WAIT OUTCOME OF MEETING WITH COMPANY OFFICIALS

Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 22.—Delegates representing all the unions of the 35,000 employes of the Bethlehem Steel company at a meeting last night decided they would not take part in the strike at present. Instead they will await the outcome of a meeting they expect to have with the company officials.

Union leaders say if they fail to secure a conference by 4 p. m. Thursday the national committee will be asked to call a strike for next Monday.

Labor heads express the hope that Charles M. Schwab will consider their grievances and avoid a strike.

## CLUBS USED TO BREAK UP MASS MEETINGS OF STRIKING WORKMEN

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 22.—Clashes between the Pennsylvania state police and crowds bent on holding mass meetings in the Pittsburgh district last night, ushered in the strike of the iron and steel industry. At North Clairton, 20 miles north of here the state police charged and broke up a crowd of union workers who were attempting to hold a meeting. Resistance was offered and union leaders state that the police used their clubs and injured several. Several shots were said to have been fired by some one in the crowd.

Several men had their heads clubbed and 20 arrests were made today in the borough of Clairton when the Pennsylvania state police had another brush with crowds that refused to disperse. Several shots were fired by each side, according to Clairton police headquarters.

Denver, Sept. 22.—The first frost of the autumn season will probably occur tonight, according to a statement issued today by the local branch of the United States weather bureau. Frost has been general throughout northern Idaho, Montana and Wyoming, the bulletin continued, heavy frosts occurred at Yellowstone Park and Sherman. Despite the fact that Sunday's temperature in Denver dropped to 36, no frost was apparent last night, due probably to the fact that the sky was overcast and also that there was some precipitation early in the evening.

## UNION REFUSES TO JOIN STEEL LEAGUE WILL GET MEN IN SYMPATHETIC WALKOUT

Cleveland, O., Sept. 22.—There will be no sympathetic strike by the United Mine Workers of America in behalf of the steel strikes by which men working under agreement might be called out. This was made clear today, when the committee to which was referred the resolution, pledging the miners not to refuse to furnish coal for any purpose which might endanger the success of the steel strike reported instead, that a sub-committee had called a meeting of the miners and it was decided there would be no sympathetic strike of the miners.

The convention further adopted resolutions demanding the recall of all American troops in Russia at once.

The resolution asking the organization of a labor party of and under control of the workers of hand and brain of the United States was adopted, and the convention instructed its officers to call a conference of representatives of the labor movement to take action towards launching a national labor party. Representatives of the movement, the non-partisan league and farmers organizations will be invited to the conference.

London, Sept. 22.—Admiral Kolchak, head of the all-Russian government at Omsk, has informed the allies that he resigns the title of chief ruler in favor of General Denkine, leader of the anti-bolshevik forces in southern Russia, according to a wireless dispatch sent out by the soviet government at Moscow. The message admits the bolsheviks have abandoned Kurst after severe fighting.

**BOLSHEVIKI READY TO RUN**  
Copenhagen, Sept. 22.—The bolsheviks have made all preparations for the evacuation of Petrograd, according to a Helsingfors dispatch to the Central News agency.

**BIG FIRE LOSS**  
Paris, Sept. 22.—The loss from the fire at the American camp at Miramas yesterday was estimated today at \$1,000,000. Half the loss was in the burning of foodstuffs.

**HOSPITAL BURNS**  
Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 20.—All the patients at the Shaughessey hospital here were carried outside to safety by rescue parties today when fire destroyed the east wing of the building. All the hospital equipment was saved. The Prince of Wales planned to visit the hospital on his arrival here Monday.

**RUTH GETS 27TH HOME RUN**  
Boston, Sept. 20.—"Babe" Ruth increased his home run record to 27 today when he cracked out a circuit drive in the ninth inning for the run which gave Boston the victory over Chicago, 4 to 3 in the first game of a doubleheader. It was "Ruth's Day" at Fenway park, special exercises being held in his honor.

**EQUAL REPRESENTATION**  
Washington, Sept. 20.—Equal agricultural representation in the conference for next month by President Wilson was urged on the president today.

G. B. Graham, who travels for a Kansas City house, is visiting local merchants today.

## LEAGUE WILL GET US INTO WARS

Washington, Sept. 22.—Speaking in the senate today against the league of nations, Senator Reed, democrat, of Missouri, declared that while Washington fought to establish this nation's right as a sovereign to control its own affairs, "Woodrow Wilson counsels with the representatives of kings to transfer the sovereignty to a league which they will dominate."

Senator Thomas, democrat, of Colorado in a letter to the Colorado democratic state committee which he placed in the congressional record today, announced he could not vote for ratification of the peace treaty in its present form because of objections to the league of nations covenant. He did not state whether he would support amendments of reservations.

Severe criticism of the league structure was made by Senator Thomas who replied to a letter asking for his view of the opposition to the treaty.

"I cannot under my oath of office cast my vote for ratification of this treaty in its present form," wrote Senator Thomas. He said the treaty was a "victor's treaty" with imposition of harsh terms, and added:

"Doubtless Germany deserves its punishment and much more, but the treaty nevertheless is freighted with a ghastly cargo of future wars."

Citing controversies over Fiume, Shantung, the Rumanian boundary and other disputes, Senator Thomas continued.

"I cannot perceive the wisdom of ratifying a treaty pregnant with strife and conflict and hoping to avoid them by inter-twining its articles with covenant for a league of nations."

Senator Thomas cited the fundamental principles unicated by President Wilson in many addresses for a league and added:

"The league in one or two very important particulars fails to measure up to the president's requirements for a successful covenant. It does not embrace half the world's population."

## PEACE TERMS WILL SETTLE INDUSTRY

New Orleans, Sept. 22.—Normal industrial conditions can come only when definite peace terms have been agreed to by the leading nations of the world, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor declared today to the annual session of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, meeting here. Mr. Gompers' address was read to the convention as he could not be present.

Urging prompt ratification of the treaty as a necessity Mr. Gompers said: "The treaty is not perfect. But it is our only constructive suggestion for dealing with some of the things which cause wars."

Mr. Gompers' address was read in connection with a triangular discussion which marked the opening session of the convention. Festus J. Wade, of St. Louis, will present the side of capital and Representative Champ Clark of Missouri, will speak from the view of the consumer.

**GOLD FOR SPAIN**  
New York, Sept. 20.—Gold coin valued at \$1,000,000 has just been withdrawn from the sub-treasury here for shipment to Spain, it was announced yesterday. The sum of \$500,000 in gold coin also has been withdrawn for shipment to Central America.

## 43 PASSENGERS AND 3 TRAINMEN HURT IN WRECK

Three members of the engine crews and 43 passengers were injured in a head-on collision between train No. 1 and a light engine, Tuesday night east of Kennedy station, 90 miles south of here. Three baggage cars and the smoker on train No. 1 were derailed, and the track was torn up for 300 yards, blocking the Santa Fe main line for 15 hours.

Engineer A. M. Sulier was rather seriously injured, suffering nervous shock. Fireman F. J. Cook and Fireman T. J. Carville suffered minor injuries.

Engineer Sulier and Fireman Cook were brought to the Santa Fe hospital here. First aid was administered to the injured travelers at the scene of the wreck, but none were so seriously injured as to necessitate bringing them to the hospital here.

Sulier was reported today as suffering considerably from nervous shock, and a general bruising. It is not believed that he was injured internally, as was given out last night. Fireman Cook is not injured seriously.

Dr. F. H. Crail, who was enroute from here to Albuquerque was called on for medical aid. Physicians were also summoned from Los Cerrillos and Santa Fe. Dr. Edwin B. Shaw went to the scene, on the wrecker, which left here at 8:30 o'clock. Physicians also accompanied the wrecker from Albuquerque. Misinterpretation of orders was stated to have been the cause of the collision.

Train No. 1 was in charge of Conductor Alonzo A. Cochran, Engineer L. C. Trainor and Fireman T. J. Carville. The light engine was being run by Engineer A. M. Sulier and Fireman F. J. Cook, all of Las Vegas. The light engine No. 232 was totally demolished and engine No. 3710, which was pulling train No. 1, was badly damaged.

A Santa Fe conductor who stood on the platform at Kennedy and watched the collision said that it was a miracle that the crews of both engines were not killed instantly. The boiler of the light engine was thrown 200 yards.

Both train No. 1 and the light engine were running at a speed of about 45 miles an hour. It was said that the light engine was carried back for 50 yards by the heavier engine of Train No. 1.

Dr. William Howe, who is attending surgeon at the Santa Fe hospital, reported this afternoon that Mr. Sulier is suffering considerably from the shock of his experience Tuesday. He is bruised badly and suffers from pains in his left side. While Mr. Sulier is injured seriously it is believed that he is not dangerously hurt.

Cook, the fireman on the light engine, said that neither he or Sulier saw the train ahead of them until the two engines were less than five car lengths apart. The air was thrown on and Cook climbed to the side step of the engine and jumped just before the engines met. He suffered a painful cut on his head and a few minor injuries. T. J. Carville, fireman on train No. 1 was bruised badly, but was able to be about the city Wednesday.

The injured passengers:  
Charley Davis, 1405 Myrtle Ave., El Paso, elbows skinned and bruised.

Louise Selig, Raton, right side bruised.

Mrs. Ola Bertholdi, Hachita, N. M., legs bruised.

Mrs. Julia McDonald, 3623 Stuart St., Denver, tooth broken.

Lola Horn, Corning, Ark., lip cut, teeth broken, her baby's face hurt.

John L. Williams, 211 Coal Ave., Albuquerque, head hurt.

Mrs. J. D. Rhyne, 905 East Prince St., East Las Vegas, badly shocked.

Martha Maland, left ankle dislocated, head bruised.

J. M. Doolittle, 1303 West Tijeras Ave., Albuquerque, right knee bruised.

Robert McKeand, Albuquerque, right shoulder bruised.

Samuel Klapperman, 116 Franklin St., Buffalo, N. Y., bruised face, and teeth injured.

Harry Schultz, Murphy's sanitarium, Albuquerque, back injured.

Arthur C. Shepperson, Burlington hotel, Los Angeles, back injured, fractured nose.

H. Garland, 33 Stuart St., San Francisco, left arm wrenched.

Mrs. Mary Horton, 313 Montezuma St., Prescott, Ariz., nose cut and back injured.

Paulita Padilla, John St., Albuquerque, face skinned.

C. A. Early, 7 West State St., Hammond, Ind., (cannot estimate injury).

Mrs. M. Winters, 300 North 11th St., Independence, Kansas, general bruising and shock.

Katherine Winters, same address, general bruising and nervous shock.

Anna E. Duikel, Prince George Hotel, New York, back injured.

Mrs. A. L. Tibbits, Prescott, Ariz., knee bruised.

H. H. Schmucker, 11 Third street, Miami, Okla., bruised.

Gertrude G. Schmucker, same address, face bruised.

Sarah E. Bears, 923 13th St. San Diego, back of head hurt.

John F. Robinson, 1721 East 48th St., Winfield, Kan., spine jarred.

Francisca de Chavez, Isleta, cheek bruised.

Mrs. Klapperman, 116 Franklin St., Buffalo, N. Y., snock.

M. Hirsch, 235 Montrose St., Buffalo, head and back injured.

A. D. Anderson, 3662 Indiana St., San Diego, right hip bruised.

Albert H. Ripple, Fort Rosecrans, Calif., bruised on back of head.

James Whitworth, 3422 Sixth Ave., Los Angeles, shock. Francis Whitworth, same address, head and face injured.

Mary Cloonan, 660 East 41st St., Los Angeles, head and face injured.

Mary Furtwangler, 1108 West High St., Jackson, Mich., head and back injured.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Wilson, 336 Guirade St., Los Angeles, bruised and shocked.

William E. Hardy, 29 North Main Ave., Toronto, Can., badly shaken up.

F. M. Wall, 2816 East 53rd St., Los Angeles, hip bruised.

Max Troerzky, 110 Eldridge St., New York, right side hurt.

Mrs. W. E. Hardy, 29 Northview, Toronto, Can., injury on head.

E. H. Cushman, 3232 Third St. San Diego, bruised on sternum and ribs.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—There was considerable change today in the steel

strike situation in the Chicago district.

Four thousand men were reported to be at work today in the Illinois Steel company's plant at South Chicago which is about half of the normal force.

At noon it was reported that the operation of the big plate mill had resumed. Plans were made for the operation of an electric furnace. Four blast furnaces which produce iron and the slab mill were put in operation yesterday.

At Gary, Indiana, the United States Steel corporation was reported to be operating its slab mill and about 75 of its 240 coke ovens and it was said that several blast furnaces and the rail mill would be operated with a limited force. More than 1,000 strikers are said to have returned to work yesterday and the company claims to have a force of about 4,000 inside the plant. Union leaders deny that any of the strikers have returned and that the company is operating any of its departments on a production basis.

At Waukegan, Illinois, officials of the American Steel and Wire company notified their 1800 striking employes that unless they returned to work within a few days the plant would be shut down for three months.

At Indiana Harbor, Ind., it was reported that the 6,000 employes of the Inland Steel company were willing to return to work provided they were given adequate protection. Union labor leaders, however, denied any defection from their ranks.

### POLICE MAKE STARTLING DISCOVERY IN CASE OF SUPPOSED HEART FAILURE

Chicago, Sept. 25.—That W. H. Purcell, who was found dead in his apartments on the north side last Monday, died from heart failure while he was being tortured in an effort to make him disclose the hiding place of a fortune in securities and cash was the new theory on which the police started work today in their effort to clear up the death of the wealthy song writer and real estate man.

The new and startling explanation of the crime was advanced following the discovery that \$25,000 in Liberty bonds which Purcell had secreted in his apartment were missing. The police believe thieves learned the hiding place of the bonds from their victim and were trying to force further information when he died of heart failure.

His body was found bound with rope and there was a gag in his mouth when the police entered the flat.

### SAYS TREATY IS NOT AS PERFECT AS WILSON WANTED IT TO BE

Paris, Sept. 25.—Speaking in the chamber of deputies today on the German peace treaty, Premier said that if he had any word to send the United States it would be that it hurry its ratification of the treaty.

Alluding to the entry of the United States into the war, the premier said France might count upon America in time of peace as well as in war.

Replying to criticisms for the treaty, M. Clemenceau said the league of nations was not as perfect as President Wilson would have desired but that he (Clemenceau) had no criticisms to offer.

Buffalo, Sept. 25.—Thomas Conway, secretary of the marine firemen, oilers, water tenders and coal passers union, announced today that the vote taken by the 5,000 members of the organization and tabulated today was unanimous for a strike in support of the steel workers.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 25.—Governor William C. Sproule today gave out a telegram which he had sent to William Z. Foster, leader of the strike in the Pittsburgh district, in answer to the message in which Foster had complained of the action of the state police.

The governor said that the interest of the state government is the preservation of law and order and that it will regard any armed mobs which may seek to cross the state line to overpower municipal officers as "armed invaders of Pennsylvania," and will deal with them as such.

### PRESENT RATES TOO LOW

Santa Fe, Sept. 25.—The state corporation commission has received the annual report of the Clayton-Texline Telephone company. The company complains that the present rates which have been in force for the past 17 years, are not remunerative because of rising material and labor costs, the charge being only \$3.00 for business phones, \$1.75 a month for town residence phones and \$1.50 a month for rural residence phones.

### CONFERENCE IS VITAL

Allentown, Pa., Sept. 25.—Unless officials of the Bethlehem Steel company agree by vote this afternoon to the union's request for a conference, the strike ordered for Monday morning at 6 o'clock will go into effect, leaders of workmen declare. Up to noon today no reply had been received, leaders stated.

Denver, Sept. 25.—With a rainfall which was generally light, weather conditions in the state were favorable for threshing and late harvesting during the past week, according to the bulletin issued by the local branch of the United States weather bureau. The early part of the week was warm, while unseasonably cool weather, with frost on the eastern slope, prevailed at the end of the week. The sunshine was adequate and favorable for the maturing of corn, sugar beets, late fruit and other crops generally.

The corn crop is ripening rapidly and the cutting of corn for silage continues. The harvesting of early truck and the digging of early potatoes have been completed generally. Apple picking is in progress and Jonathan apples are being shipped. Wine-saps and other late apples are reported to be larger than usual at this time.

The cutting and curing of the third crop of alfalfa continues with a good yield, and native hay is better than usual in the lower Arkansas Valley. The weather of the past few weeks has been very favorable for sugar beets, which are reported to be in excellent condition in the northern counties and in the upper Arkansas valley. Both the tonnage and sugar content have been lowered by drought in the north central counties.

Great preparation is being made at Roswell, N. M., to receive delegates to the annual Ozark Trails convention.

### PRICES ON LARD AND EDIBLE OILS SHOW SHARP DECREASE

New York, Sept. 23.—Americans are eating more bread and less of the higher priced foods, the consumption of flour the last 70 days showing an increase of 3,000,000 barrels or 15 per cent over the same period last year, according to a statement issued here today by Julius H. Barnes, United States wheat director.

A fall in prices of other foodstuffs was reported by Mr. Barnes, who called attention to the fact that lard, which sold in Chicago at 35 cents a pound wholesale two months ago, now is bringing only 22 cents. Other edible oils, he said, have shown sharp declines in sympathy. Condensed and evaporated milk, he reported, have not shown the usual tendency to advance.

### VETERAN HEAD OF THE NAVY HAS REACHED AGE LIMIT FOR SERVICE

Washington, Sept. 24.—Admiral William S. Benson, who has occupied the all-important post of director of naval operations since that position was created by act of congress five years ago, and was the officer in supreme charge of the operations of the United States navy in the late war, will be placed on the retired list tomorrow on account of having reached the age limit for active service.

The chief of naval operations occupies a position in the United States navy similar to that occupied by the first sea lord of the British navy, being the highest non-civilian official in the naval service. It is the most important position in the navy, and therefore the one demanding the highest order of knowledge, ability and character. For the reason that custom requires that the secretary of the navy be a civilian, it is essential that his principal adviser be a man possessing in the highest degree those qualifications which the secretary as a civilian must necessarily lack. The secretary, as a representative of the president, wields autocratic power over the navy in every matter great and small. He can send any ship or fleet to any part of the world, order any officer to any duty commensurate with his rank, and decide any question of discipline, or engineering, or international law, or tactics, or strategy, as thinks best. From his decisions there is no appeal, except to the president; and to his orders the most absolute obedience is required.

Naturally, in ability to perform the technical duties of his office, or even to understand the sciences and arts which underlie them, the secretary of the navy cannot be an adept. Yet he has to give decisions and issue orders constantly, which must be based upon a clear intellectual grasp of them. As this understanding cannot exist in the secretary himself, it must be supplied by his advisers. Of these, the principal is the chief of naval operations.

Admiral William S. Benson, the man who has ably filled this high post during one of the most critical periods in the nation's history, is a Georgian. He was ten years old when Lee surrendered at Appomattox and 17 years of age when he was appointed to the naval academy as a

midshipman from Georgia in 1872, one of the first of the southerners to enter the institution following the conclusion of the peace between the States. His first duty afloat was as a junior officer of the old Hartford, then the flagship of the South Atlantic fleet.

After several years of alternating sea and land duty he was transferred to the Yantic, on board of which he was to take part in the historic expedition for the relief of Major Greeley, the army officer and explorer, whose experiences in the Arctic region are among the most tragic in the history of the Arctic exploration.

On the return of the relief expedition Captain Benson was assigned to duty under what was then known as the naval advisory board at South Boston. Then followed a short tour in the hydrographic service. In 1888 he was assigned to the dispatch boat Dolphin and on that craft he made his first tour around the world. Upon his return he was sent to Annapolis as an instructor.

Three years at Annapolis were followed by a year of service at the Washington navy yard, which was followed by two years of duty with the coast survey. In 1901 he was again ordered to Annapolis, this time as commandant of midshipmen, and for three years the disciplinary department of the great institution was under his charge.

Admiral Benson was one of the original dreadnought commanders of the United States navy, having commanded for several years the great dreadnought Utah.

### WILL TAKE MATTERS RELATING TO PUBLIC FINANCE UNDER DISCUSSION

A meeting of taxpayers of New Mexico will be held at the capitol building in Santa Fe, Friday and Saturday, October 17 and 18. There have been held meetings of all kinds to discuss ways and means involving the expenditure of money contributed by the taxpayer. Now, it is the latter's turn to take matters relating to public finances under advisement. He will seek the answer to the question: "How much money is being spent for government?" "For what is it spent?" "Is too much being spent?" "Are we getting the full value for the funds we contribute?" "Is there waste and extravagance and if so, what are the remedies?"

It is possible that a meeting of county commissioners and assessors will be called during the week by the state tax commission. If so, it is hoped that the dates fixed will overlap so as to permit a joint session or two with the Taxpayers' association. Thus will the disbursing officials meet with the taxpayers in conference on the vital subject of public revenues and expenditures.

Thus far arrangements have been only partially completed. All subjects will be so treated as to bring all points of view into consideration. "The Road Program in New Mexico" will be discussed by Hon. Eugene Kempenich, member of the state highway commission. There is no one in the state who is better fitted to handle this subject than Mr. Kempenich. "School Revenues and Expenditures" will be handled by Dr. R. E. McBride of Las Cruces, whose business-like administration of the schools of Dona Ana is responsible for his se-

lection to lead in the discussion of this important topic. J. T. Conway, county clerk of Colfax county, will point out the possibility for economy and better administration of general county affairs. Judge E. R. Wright of Santa Fe, will initiate the campaign for simplification and co-ordination in state, county and town government. From the discussion of this subject an interest will be aroused in a movement that will result in a great saving to taxpayers. "Waste in Government" is the subject assigned to Hon. W. E. Lindsey, formerly governor of New Mexico, who has been devoting considerable study to the matter of our public finances. Besides these set subjects, there will be reports of the officers of the association and addresses by Governor Larrazolo and other officials. All speeches will be brief and to the point and ample time will be allowed for informal discussion.

The Taxpayers' association has been in existence for four years and is entering its fifth year of usefulness. Its members are found in every county of the state and its influence is seen in the increasing attention to economy and efficiency in the administration of public affairs in all departments of government.

### CONFERENCE AT LONG BEACH TO TAKE THIS MATTER UNDER CONSIDERATION

Plans will be perfected to secure national legislation for federal care of migratory tuberculosis patients at the meeting of the Southwestern Tuberculosis Conference to be held at Long Beach, Calif., October 1-3. According to Mrs. E. L. M. Tate-Thompson, director of the California bureau of tuberculosis, an effort will be made to persuade the federal government to assume the financial burden of migratory, dependent patients.

Migration is a pronounced symptom of the white plague, Mrs. Tate-Thompson declares. The tubercular patient who goes to Colorado from the east, wanders from there to New Mexico and finally settles in California because it is the last place on the map for him, should be a federal case, and if present plans carry there will be steps taken for laws that will provide \$3.00 a day appropriation from the government for the care of each such patient.

At present there are 32 tuberculosis hospitals maintained in California, and approximately 3800 patients were cared for during the last year. At the conference medical experts will compare the work of these hospitals with those of the other states represented, there being Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma, Colorado.

Preventative work, based on children's clinics and home hygiene, will be a prominent feature for discussion at the conference.

Dr. Livingston Farrand, chairman of the central committee of the American Red Cross, will appear at the conference to go into the matter of the Red Cross work with tuberculosis. Dr. Farrand is considered one of the "big guns" of the occasion. Dr. William Palmer Lucas, chief of Children's hospital at the University of California hospital, will also be an important speaker, his message being discoveries made along children's work in the line of prevention of the white plague.

### HARVEST CARNIVAL TO BE CELEBRATED ON DAYS OF OCTOBER 3 AND 4

The Farmers' Harvest Jubilee and Fair will be held at Wagon Mound, Mora county, on October 3 and 4. This harvest carnival will be in the nature of a county fair, and exhibits of produce and live stock will be brought in from all parts of the county. The committees in charge have arranged for numerous attractive premiums for the best exhibits. One of the features will be a big bean feed. Wagon Mound has become famous for her bean feeds, and no people anywhere can raise, cook and serve better beans than the people of that town. A parade, with floats representing the business houses and other industries will be a part of the celebration. A band has been secured to furnish music during the two days. Horses races, ball games and other amusements will furnish entertainment for the guests.

District Judge Leahy has been asked to deliver the opening address at the official carnival opening at 1 p. m. October 3. County Agricultural Agent M. R. Gonzalez will speak to the farmers and an enjoyable and profitable time is assured to all who attend. A list of prizes which are being offered by the committee will be announced later.

The Rev. B. E. Eutsler is president and general manager. Thomas Bolt and A. L. Zimmerman are in charge of the farm exhibits; Jim Monroe and Sim Calley form the committee for livestock, while J. M. McOutt, Jim Taylor, J. M. Bentley and the Rev. B. C. Eutsler are the committee on advertising and publicity. The Wagon Mound Harvest Jubilee and Fair association will be made permanent, and an annual exhibit and celebration will be held.

Irving Berlin's international syncopated musical success, "Watch Your Step," will come to the Duncan opera house Wednesday, October 1.

This is the attraction originally produced by Charles Dillingham and which ran at the New Amsterdam theater, New York, for six months, at Colonial theater, Boston, for three months, at the Illinois theater, Chicago, for three months, at the Forrest theater, Philadelphia for three months. Now running at Les Famiua theater, Paris.

"Watch Your Step" is well named for from the start of the first curtain until the finish it is "step lively" all the time. It is a melange of tuneful music, exceptionally good dancing and witty dialogue. In the beginning a will and a huge sum of money is mentioned. This inheritance is to go to the man who has not been ensnared by a woman and if none such qualify, to a young lady who has not been beguiled by man. There are two candidates and both are led out to "see the town" and temptations thrown their way. This gives opportunity for visits to a stage door, a fox trot palace, the foyer of a grand opera house, a box scene in the opera house, a sleeping car and a cabaret entertainment.

### BREAKS ALTITUDE RECORD

Dayton, O., Sept. 24.—Major Schroeder, of Cook field broke the world's record for altitude today when he reached the indicated height of 30,900 feet.

### TELLS SENATE COMMITTEE ONLY REMUNERATION WAS IN THIS FORM

Washington, Sept. 19.—Dr. Allen Tupper told the senate committee investigating the Mexican situation today that he had received approximately \$3,400 from the Carranza government in settlement of expenses he had incurred. Documentary evidence had been submitted to the committee interested indicating Dr. Tupper had been on the Carranza payroll, presumably for his work for peace under the supervision of the international peace forum.

The witness said he had repeatedly refused remuneration for his services, but when pressed by Charles A. Douglas, then attorney for the Carranza government, had accepted the draft which was made a part of the committee's record last week. He claimed the payment was on a basis of expenses of \$3 a day and said he had received no other payment of any sort.

Dr. Tupper also admitted that Carranza had presented his daughter with a wrist watch and himself with a watch and fob engraved with an expression of friendship. "These," he said, "I accepted as a gentleman."

Dr. Tupper said he had approved the pursuit of Villa by Pershing and regretted it had not been more successful.

Dr. Tupper filed letters and other documents to support his statements including one message of felicitation from President Wilson.

Seattle, Sept. 19.—At least \$25,000 was obtained by a robber who bound and gagged a mail clerk on an east bound Northern Pacific passenger train between Seattle and Kanasket, Wash., today, according to reports received here by the police and railroad officials.

The train left here shortly after 8 o'clock today. When it arrived at Kanasket the mail clerk was found bounded and gagged and the money gone. There was one package of \$25,000 for Roslyn, Washington. The amount of money in the other packages which were taken as yet is unknown. Officers working on the case said they thought possibly the robber boarded the train at Seattle.

### REBEL REACHES CAPITAL

San Juan, Sept. 19.—General Gutierrez, one of the military leaders of the Honduran revolution has reached the Honduran capital. He telegraphed from Tegucigalpa today this fact.

Shreveport, La., Sept. 19.—Shortly before noon today three unmasked men robbed the bank at Gillial, La., about 20 miles north of Shreveport of \$10,000 and escaped in a motor car.

### Michigan Bank Victim

Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 19.—Shooting and killing one man who attempted to give warning, automobile bandits this forenoon held up a branch of the Grand Rapids Savings bank and escaped with several thousands dollars. The exact amount secured by the bandits has not yet been determined.

### FOUR HURT BY BOMB

Louisville, Sept. 19.—Four men were injured, one probably seriously when two bombs, said to have been thrown from a passing automobile, exploded on the roof of a street car barn last night.

### MISSING BISHOP LOCATED

Baltimore, Mr., Sept. 19.—Bishop Nussbaum, of the Corpus Christi Catholic diocese, who was reported to have lost his life in the storm there, is in Baltimore.

### MEDAL FOR HEWETT

Santa Fe, Sept. 19.—A beautiful medal struck by the French government has been conferred upon Dr. Edgar L. Hewett, director of the museum of New Mexico. It was received today, resting on velvet in an artistically tooled leather case inscribed with gold as follows: "To Dr. Edgar L. Hewett from the French Mission, 1918." The medal is of white bronze and its face has the figure of "Knowledge and History" removing the veil which clouds the vision of "Humanity." In the background are the ruins of Greek temples, a symbol of the science of "Archaeology."

### DECLINE IN FOOD PRICES

Washington, Sept. 19.—Reports to the department of justice from 12 states indicate there has been a decline from 10 to 15 per cent in food prices from the time the fair price campaign began. From four states have come reports on wholesale prices indicating a decline of two to five per cent. No reduction in clothing prices are noted.

### DETROIT SAILORS IN SYMPATHY

Detroit, Sept. 20.—Members of the sailors union of this port voted in favor of a strike in sympathy with the strike of steel workers called for September 22, union officials announced this morning.

### CAN WRITE FOR TICKETS

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Charles A. Gomiskey, owner of the Chicago Americans, authorized the statement that applications for world series tickets would be accepted by mail.

Reservations will be limited to four tickets to each applicant and it will be necessary to purchase tickets for three games. Box seats will sell for \$3.50; grand stand seats \$3.30; pavilion seats \$2.20 and the bleachers \$1.10.

### For Men Who Work Hard

Men who work at hard physical labor are subject to kidney trouble. J. G. Wolf, 734 S. Jackson St., Green Bay, Wis., writes: "Foley Kidney Pills relieved me of a severe backache that bothered me for several months. A few bottles fixed me up in good shape." They also relieve bladder and urinary ailments. O. G. Schaefer, Sold everywhere.—Adv.

New York, Sept. 19.—A nation wide strike of Baptist clergymen unless they are granted higher salaries, was advocated in a statement issued here tonight by Charles A. McAlpine, member of the national committee of northern Baptist laymen.

### Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

Mrs. H. E. Timberlake, Indiana, Pa., had pneumonia a few years ago and it left her throat and lungs in a weak condition and that she has since suffered a great deal from bronchitis. She writes "I learned of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy through a neighbor who had used it with good results. I purchased a bottle of it and was glad to find that it relieved my cough at once."—Adv.

### RETURN OF DISEASE WILL LIKELY BE MILD BUT WILL TAKE NO CHANCES

The physicians of the state and nation are making preparations for the battle against the next epidemic of the "flu" which authorities state is scheduled for this fall and winter. The disease this year if it gains a foothold at all will be in a very light form due to the heavy ravages of last year.

### Fumigation Valueless

Fumigation is now regarded as valueless, not only against the "flu" but against any disease, unless it is carried out under certain conditions which do not prevail once in a hundred or thousand times. The health officials of the country now maintain that fumigation, to be effective, must be done in a certain temperature, in a certain humidity and that it must be intense. The average person burning sulphur or something else in a room is said to be wasting his time as well as sulphur. What is recommended now is to boil everything boilable; wash floors and furniture with disinfectant; put everything possible out in the air and sun, and above all, get air and sunlight into the room. It is following the old principle enunciated by Virchow: "Enter sunlight, depart disease," or as the Italian medica said, "The room which is not entered by the sun is visited by the doctor."

### Advised from New York

Some good advice on how to handle the forthcoming "flu" epidemic comes from Dr. Royal S. Copeland, commissioner of health for New York city, who has observed that the last epidemic of "flu" in America prior to that of last winter was in 1891, which was the minor appendage of the major epidemic of 1890.

The New York Sun quotes Dr. Copeland as follows:

"I have no doubt but that we will have another epidemic this year, though infinitely less violent than last year's, when virtually every person was affected.

### Air and Cleanliness

"Seventy per cent of last year's victims were between the ages of 15 and 45, probably due to the fact that so many men were in training camps.

"My only fear is that it will attack another age group this year. Apparently the germs develop and appetite for a certain kind of food and choose people of a certain age, though there is no known explanation for the attraction of certain ages."

Asked what could be done to prepare, Dr. Copeland prescribed "soap and water and fresh air."

"Influenza is a house disease," he said. "Apparently it needs long continual contact to become infected. It is not like smallpox, which you could get in a minute. You have to live with influenza to get it.

"It naturally follows that out-of-door life, sleeping with windows open regardless of weather, taking exercise and using common sense with regard to food are the best preventives.

"Above all, avoid those who have influenza. In families patients who have influenza or colds ought to be kept by themselves. They should not associate with others.

### Watch the Hands.

"Apparently the germs of influenza are conveyed by the hands more easily than other ways. Every one should

have clean hands. People should make it a rule to wash the face and hands several times a day with soap and water."

Commissioner Copeland says there is no cause for excitement, since the board of health is watching symptoms of influenza the world over and is co-operating with other boards of health throughout America. It is also working on vaccines.

"Masks are no good, it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of scientists," says Dr. Copeland. "We are old fashioned here. We do not believe in closing schools or churches. We did everything unconventional here in 1918 and had the lowest death rate of all."

To prove that masks are dangerous instead of healthful Commissioner Copeland cites the case of San Francisco, which had a high death rate, he thinks, "because the masks are filthy, prevent the patient from getting fresh air and cause him to rebreathe bad breath."

"Above all, let's not get excited," says Commissioner Copeland, who advises everyone to do his utmost to "keep his equanimity, piety and occupation."

### ITALY TO CELEBRATE

Rome, Sept. 19.—All Italy is preparing for a glorious celebration of the national holiday tomorrow, and for the time being the high cost of living, the industrial unrest and other undesirable conditions resulting from the war will be forgotten, while the people from one end of the kingdom to the other will give themselves over to the festivities of the day.

What the Fourth of July is to the United States and the Fourteenth of July to France, the twentieth of September is to Italy. It was on this date, in 1870, that the Italian troops stormed the Porto Pia and made their triumphant entrance into Rome, thus making the Eternal City the capital of United Italy.

Yet that glorious conclusion to a remarkable campaign—a united Italy—left one great ambition of the Italian people unrealized, for hundreds of thousands of their countrymen in "Italia Irredenta" were left beyond the pale—still under the yoke of Austria. Since last year's celebration of the national holiday the world has seen Italy triumphant and her ancient enemy humbled in the dust, so that it is but natural that the anniversary this year finds the Italian people in jubilant mood.

It was General Count Raffaele Cadorna who led the brave troops into Rome on September 20, 1870, and it was his son, General Count Luigi Cadorna, who commanded the Italian armies in the late victorious conflict. The capture of Rome was accomplished by the elder Cadorna almost without bloodshed.

### Diarrhoea Quickly Cured

"I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy many times during the past four or five years," writes H. L. Widger, Earlville, N. Y. "I have been subject to frequent attacks of diarrhoea and this remedy always affords me immediate relief." When troubled with diarrhoea give it a trial. It has a great reputation for its cures.—Adv.

## RAILROAD MAN

## COMMITTS SUICIDE

James H. Pursley, aged 31 years, shot and killed himself shortly before noon Saturday, in a rooming house at 328 Grand avenue. Two shots were fired, the first entering the left breast just over the heart, and the second, evidently fired after the man had fallen to the floor, entered the right temple, and passed entirely through his head, coming out behind the left ear. A coroner's jury was summoned which found a verdict of death by gunshot wounds self inflicted.

Pursley, who has been a resident of Las Vegas for two years, had been arrested shortly before, by A. R. Gere of Albuquerque, who is in charge of the bureau of information, U. S. department of justice. Gere was taking his prisoner to the county jail and was waiting for a street car, in front of the Peoples bank. Just as the car rounded the corner near the Castaneda, Pursley turned and ran. Gere drew his gun and followed, but did not fire at the fugitive. Pursley reached the rooming house, more than two blocks away, and entered. Gere, fearing that he would try to escape by the back door, waited on the street corner, until he heard a shot fired. Then, thinking that Pursley would endeavor to kill him, Gere ran behind a tree. The second shot was then fired, and Gere entered the house. Pursley lay on the floor, bleeding profusely, but was breathing. Gere went to a telephone, and summoned Dr. Kaser. However, before the doctor could administer aid, Pursley had died.

Gere refused to state with what the dead man had been charged, contenting himself with relating the details of the arrest, the escape and the tragedy. He told the coroner's jury that the crime could not have brought Pursley more than five years' imprisonment, if he had been convicted. He said that the evidence against Pursley was conclusive.

The coroner's jury which sat in the case was: Justice C. H. Stewart and Jurors J. E. Blevins, Peter Olsen, B. M. Bennett, W. G. Moulton, I. H. Drake and J. W. Lewis.

Pursley came to Las Vegas two years ago, from La Jara, Colorado, and had been employed as a fireman on the Santa Fe, until recently, when he began working at the White garage. He was a widower, and had a daughter, eight years of age, who at present is with the dead man's brother, in Colorado. It is said that Pursley recently fell heir to a considerable amount of money.

The body, after the coroner's inquest, was taken to the undertaking parlors of Charles J. Day, where it is being held, pending word from relatives.

The man did not room at the place where the tragedy occurred, but had visited a man named Colby, who rooms there. The gun with which Pursley shot himself was a .38 caliber Colts, and was taken from a wash stand drawer in the room. The gun belonged to Pursley, but he had left it in the room where Mr. Colby stayed. Two empty shells and a loaded cartridge were found in the chamber of the revolver, and several more were in the coat pocket of the dead man. Evidently Pursley ran into the room, secured the gun and cartridges, loaded the gun, and fired the first shot as

quickly as possible. Several seconds passed before the firing of one second shot.

The second shot passed through the man's head and through the wall of the room lodging in the covers of the bed of the next room. One of the residents of the house who occupies this room had gotten up but a short time before and probably owes his life to this fact.

Since his arrival in Las Vegas Pursley has been an active member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers.

## CARRANZA TO TAKE TRIP

Mexico City, Sept. 20.—President Carranza will leave today for a trip of several weeks' duration to the northern part of the republic. Arrangements have been completed for a large party to accompany him including several members of the cabinet and a strong military escort.

London, Sept. 20.—A war office communication issued tonight records a successful anti-bolshevik operation by British, Serbian and Russian troops with the capture of two villages on the northwest shore of lake Onega.

No dates are given as to when these incidents took place, but they are regarded in some quarters here as indicating a movement toward

Petrograd, possibly confirming the recent suggestion that it is the intention to evacuate Archangel by that route.

## VEGAS COMPANY INCORPORATES

Santa Fe, Sept. 22.—Incorporation papers were filed Saturday by the Champion Oil Shale and Refining company of East Las Vegas with N. C. Higgins as the statutory agent. The capitalization is two million dollars divided into dollar shares. The incorporators are J. A. Wilson of Watrous; J. G. Paden, M. W. Bausell, D. R. Carroll, E. A. O'Brien, N. E. Beck and E. T. Underwood of East Las Vegas.

Vienna, Sept. 20.—Efforts are being made by the inter-allied coal commission to meet a coal crisis which is threatening Vienna, being due to the failure of the Czecho-Slovaks to deliver coal.

The city found itself facing a critical situation yesterday. A notice was issued that beginning Sunday tramways would cease running, all cafes, restaurants and houses would be closed at 8 o'clock in the evening and street lighting would be reduced.

Seventy feet is the longest distance known to have been leaped by a kangaroo.

Washington Sept. 20.—The house pension committee reported favorably yesterday a bill granting a minimum pension of \$50 to the veterans of the war between the states. Their widows would receive \$30 a month and their children under 16 years \$6 a month, while nurses would receive \$30 a month. The measure would add \$65,000,000 to the pension roll in its first year.

The bill would grant \$72 monthly to all totally disabled veterans and \$90 a month to those who suffered such disability in service.

## TWO KILLED IN STREET FIGHT

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 20.—O. W. Webster, a deputy United States marshal, and William Smiddy, a former city detective, were killed and a negro bystander was wounded in an exchange of shots between Webster and Smiddy on Monroe avenue, near Main street, near the center of the downtown shopping district yesterday.

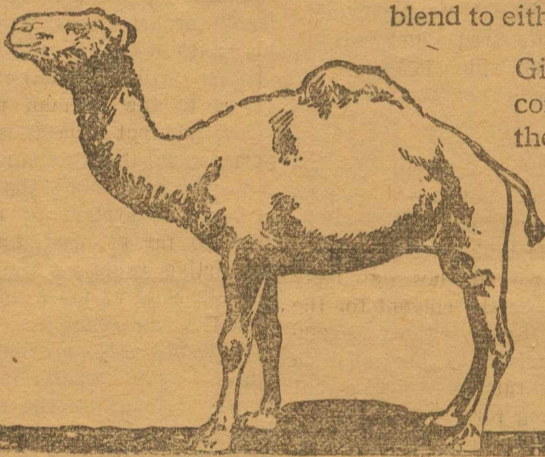
## ROOSEVELT CANCELLATIONS

Washington, Sept. 20.—Special cancellation for mail matter which will show the words "Roosevelt Memorial association October 20-27," was authorized today by congress to aid the association's campaign for \$5,000,000 to construct a Roosevelt Memorial.



13 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.



They Win You On Quality!

Your enjoyment of Camels will be very great because their refreshing flavor and fragrance and mellowness is so enticingly different. You never tasted such a cigarette! Bite is eliminated and there is a cheerful absence of any unpleasant cigarette after-taste or any unpleasant cigarette odor!

Camels are made of an expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos and are smooth and mild, but have that desirable full-body and certainly hand out satisfaction in generous measure. You will prefer this Camel blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Give Camels the stiffest tryout, then compare them with any cigarette in the world at any price for quality, flavor, satisfaction. *No matter how liberally you smoke Camels they will not tire your taste!*

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.  
Winston-Salem, N. C.

# Optic and Live Stock Grower

ESTABLISHED 1882

Stock Raising  
Farming - Mining

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at East Las Vegas, N. M. under act of Congress of March 3, 1897.

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One of the marked characteristics of poets is the strong power of imitation, and another is the ability to transform themselves into imaginary persons. They can weep over woes that never had existence and strike against wrongs that never were on sea or land. There is not the slightest doubt that Gabriel d'Annunzio, soldier-poet, who is setting all Europe and the council of allies by the ears because of his theatrical seizure of Fiume, thinks that he is the reincarnation of Garibaldi marching to the overthrow of the monarch, of the two Sicilies against the protest of Cavour, the great Italian statesman of his day.

The poet is as profound an imperialist as Bismarck, and as much a militarist as von Hindenburg. It is an awaking dream that Italy is to be restored to her once proud eminence of mistress of the world. Hence his demand that the Adriatic far coast be given over to her and her way opened to succeeding to Venice's sea power. The Hapsburg menace gone his feverish mind finds foes in the Greeks, the Balkan peoples and even in the Americans. In his hectic thoughts he believes that Italy won the war against the central powers, and, therefore, should be permitted to satisfy herself before her associates are gratified.

His seditions and preaching of mutiny among the Italian armies is placing his government in a desperate position before the world which has long ago assessed the real value of his country as a factor in the great war. Upon it is thrown the strain of restoring order in the occupied territory and of awaiting in orderly fashion the disposition which the council of nations is to make of the Dalmatian coast. The poet, to insure the keeping of the peace, should be brought home, divested of his uniform and set to polishing new verses. If he must have military employment he should be required to make a new translation of Homer's "Iliad," a task that will permit him to weep over the woes of the topless towers of burned Troy and engage in his imagination in the combats of Ajax, of Achilles, of Hector, and of Priam.

Commenting on the possibility of a recurrence of epidemic influenza in the near future, the state health department expresses the view that at least local outbreaks may be expected during the coming fall and winter. The department advises that preparation should be made now, to meet possible emergencies arising from such outbreaks, by the previous organization of each community in such manner as to make the best use of available resources.

"While the epidemic which occurred last fall and winter exhibited

some peculiarities which justify the hopes that influenza will not sweep the country again," states Commissioner Waller, "it is not improbable that local outbreaks will occur in the near future. This view is based on the history of previous epidemics, of which recurrences have been characteristic."

"With the return of the disease a probability no community should fail to prepare itself to meet a possible emergency, by previously organizing its local governmental agencies, civic societies, and other forces and resources, for the purpose of combating the spread of the disease and caring for the sick. The state department of health has prepared a program for such organization which is being sent to the local health officers throughout the state."

In dealing with profiteering can we get away from the political buncombe and limit the profits of retailers, or even the humble milkman?

Is the once sacred law of supply and demand to be the solvent for the problem of existence without revolution? Will a return to individualism bring about the tumble of prices that we are all crying for?

The trend is in the other direction as congress by resolution wants to regulate and regulate still more. Too many Americans believe in paternalism, which is another name for regulation.

Competition would bring everything to a level if permitted by government.

Take off all the war hobbles and prices would come back to near normal.

Remove price-fixing by the federal government and let products have a free market.

Profiteering is a mania or contagion that follows every world upheaval, according to history.

Can government at Washington or at home prevent the corner store charging a profit of from 200 to 500 per cent on a bunch of vegetables or a box of fruit?

Can it prevent the retailer from charging more than the wholesale cost of his goods as a retailer's profit?

Can it get rid of that mountain of bureaucracy that is eating into the nation's vitals and is encouraging profiteering in many quarters?

Congress has been asked for \$2,500,000 to fight western forest fires and no appropriation that could be made would save more of the natural resources of the nation than this.

Millions of dollars worth of valuable timber are destroyed by fire each year and 1919 has seen the worst fire ravages in 30 years.

Private companies have done their best to protect the forests from fire

in conjunction with state and federal aid.

When one considers the billions of dollars worth of timber at stake which it is impossible to protect without federal aid, the \$2,500,000 asked for is small indeed.

As the country continues to settle up fires will grow worse unless more strict fire prevention measures are adopted and a more extensive fire fighting organization perfected.

Dr. Hugo Pruess, who drafted the new German constitution, like all German public men, reminds one of that dishonest type of wrestler who secretly anoints his body with oil, to the end that his opponent may not be able to hold him securely in any position. The doctor takes exceptions to the demands made by the peace conference that Germany must amend her constitution—to prevent Austrian representation in German parliamentary affairs.

We do not care here to discuss his contention that the demands are "illegal," but to point to the peculiar quality of the Teutonic mind, which finds the proposal of the entente to hold Germany strictly to the terms of the peace treaty indicative of a "most sudden and brusque manner." He says that Germany must comply submissively with the absolutely "illegal" order, and then speaks from his heart in the threat that such compliance "will add to the spirit of revenge in the German people." Revenge and not reparation is ever uppermost in the German mind of today, whether among the protagonists of the old system or among those who, so far at least, have given no distinctive proof of the worthiness and sincerity of the supporters of the new German republic.

If the "forcible prevention of a union of Austria and Germany is a 'blow in the face' for all the solemnly proclaimed principles of the entente," then Germany must endure it with such grace as may be possible for her. Let her perform her obligation according to the terms nominated in the bond, and consider herself lucky that worse has not come to her. The ridiculous assertion that the present German government has protected the western world as a dam against bolshevism is an illustration of insolent assurance, made in the face of Germany's obvious support of all revolutionary factors in Russia, and her continuous activities in seeking to control commercially that former empire through an unholy alliance with its destroyers.

Because the president of the new German republic was a saddler and because Trotzky was a journalist the socialists have jumped to the conclusion that their form of government is the most truly representative, and therefore to be accepted everywhere. They are deceived by their apparent ignorance of history. Taking even the monarchical phase it is to be remembered that it was a blacksmith who founded the royal Serbian house, and his leather apron was the standard of the fighting forces on the battlefield.

What they seem to ignore is the remarkable series of promotions from lowly stations to the highest in this country. Jackson emerged from a prison camp a half-naked boy with actually no resources. Lincoln split rails and worked as a laborer on a flatboat

for a living. Johnson, who succeeded him, was a journeyman tailor. Grant was a tanner and Garfield drove a team on the canals. Taft, like Trotzky, gained a livelihood as a reporter, and Wilson taught school in a girls' academy. There are other instances of a similar character. Indeed, it may be said of American presidents that none was born in the purple.

The socialistic argument is therefore lame. It is a question of mere relation at best. That Prussia, fountain head of autocracy, should be ruled by a bourgeois is, indeed, most extraordinary, but it establishes nothing save that the larger democracy has triumphed. Until Ebert and the other commoners who have been elected as the chief executives of their newly organized governments have demonstrated by administrations that there is an actual improvement over kingly reign it will be time for the gentlemen of the red caps and destructive dispositions to make their claims of excellence seriously. They rank, as Burns said very well, it but the stamp on the coin. Its metal may be counterfeit.

Trained public school teachers, strangely enough, take little stock in the reported strike of the pupils at Greifswald, Germany, because the kaiser's picture was removed from the classrooms. They say that it's only the latest excuse.

Just why Emma Goldman should protest against being deported to Russia gets our goat. Isn't her system of government in operation over there and aren't all her friends running it? Perhaps Emma, being on the inside of things, has reasonable doubts.

Paris cables that the French military authorities have definitely decided to abandon red as the color for the soldiers' trousers. Now, if they will only roll up the long sleeves and cut off the long tails of the army overcoats the poilu ought to be happy.

Our railroads seem to resemble a certain well-known sex—we cannot manage them and we cannot get along without them.

The administration's cure-all and scare-all policy does not seem to be making much headway.

Occurs that Mr. Wilson might run over again and drive Mr. D'Annunzio out of Fiume.

Secretary of War Baker says he is anxious to retire from his job.

Diamond weighing scales are so accurately poised that an eyelash will turn the balance.

You never can tell. Many a man is his own worst enemy simply because he has too many friends.

Don't be too hasty in bowing to the inevitable. It may be a case of mistaken identity.

He who fights and runs away has to be able to run faster than the other fellow.

Running an ugly rumor to earth is the best way to find that it is groundless.

Many a man wastes all his time thinking about what he ought to do.



### ADMIRAL CAGNI PROCEEDING TO CITY TO DEAL WITH D'ANNUNZIO

Rome, Tuesday, Sept. 23 (Havas).—It is announced by the Idea Nazionale that Admiral Umberto Cagni, who was appointed governor of Fiume shortly after the armistice was signed last fall has agreed to proceed to that city to set the government's propositions with regard to Fiume before Gabriele D'Annunzio.

A dispatch to the Messagero from Fiume quotes D'Annunzio as declaring he rejected in advance the project of assigning Fiume to Italy and turning over Abbazia and Volosca, across the bay from Fiume, to a small buffer state.

At the reform socialist congress held here a motion of censure of the government was adopted, declaring for the annexation of Fiume and a session was opened to promote the movement.

### TWO TO THREE TIMES AS GREAT AS DURING PRE-WAR YEARS

Washington, Sept. 24.—Maximum profits for the five largest packers under limitations prescribed by the food administration during the war were "unreasonably high", and from two and one quarter times to three times as great as those in pre-war years," according to a report made to President Wilson by the federal trade commission on June 28, 1918, but withheld from the public at the request of Food Administrator Hoover.

A copy of the report together with letters sent by Mr. Hoover to the president were transmitted to the senate today by the commission in response to a resolution by Senator Norris of Nebraska.

Recommendations made by the commission included:

"That net worth (actual invested capital) presented by stock issued and surplus as of November 1, 1917, be the basis upon which the allowed rate of profit be computed for all packers.

"That the normal rate for the five chief packers be seven per cent on net worth, with one-half per cent increased allowance for every 10 per cent increase in weight slaughtered, and one-half per cent decrease in rate for every 10 per cent decrease in weight slaughtered; the maximum profit allowed not to go above nine per cent.

"That the maximum allowed the smaller packers be nine per cent increasing on a sliding scale to 11 per cent but without a decreasing scale.

"That profits in excess of the prescribed rates be either turned over to the treasurer of the United States or applied against further government purchases."

Washington, Sept. 24.—People who continue to believe that there is a bag of gold at the end of the rainbow are largely responsible for industrial and social unrest in America and other countries, Secretary Lane said today in an address before the convention of the Association of American Secretaries of State.

"These folks," said Mr. Lane, "wont take the word of experienced men all down the road of history that there is no magical way to happiness. Work alone finds the way.

Work is the salvation, materially and spiritually.

"Our war morale has not been maintained, we have not the unity of purpose that prevailed then. We lack a common purpose.

"We can develop an aggressive, constructive program, for America. Let us all work to make this country a better place in which to live, not by selfish enterprise but by cooperation. That is our ideal. Let us live up to it."

### PREMIER DECORATED

Peking, Sept. 24.—In the mandate issued last night by President Shi Shi Chang, formally declaring the state of war between China and Germany at an end, General Tuan Chui Jui, the former premier, who was responsible for China's declaration of war, was awarded a decoration. The honor accorded him is the bestowal of the grand order of merit.

### HOUSE PASSES COMMERCE BILL

Washington, Sept. 24.—Without a record vote the house passed and sent to conference a bill granting authority to the interstate commerce commission to regulate rates with the same power it exercised prior to government control.

### GETS DEATH SENTENCE

Chicago, Sep. 24.—Thomas R. Fitzgerald, watchman who confessed that he had strangled to death six-year old Janet Wilkinson on July 22, was today sentenced to be hanged on October 17 by Judge Crowe in the criminal court. Fitzgerald had entered a plea of guilty after his arrest and his attorney had made an effort to have the sentence fixed at life imprisonment.

### CONCRETE ROAD SURFACE

Santa Fe, Sept. 24.—The laying of concrete surfacing began today on the Las Cruces-Mesquite highway 11 miles in length being a link of the Las Cruces-El Paso highway. Preliminary work was also begun today in initiating four new highway projects; Nos. 40 to 43; Ruidoso-Tularosa, Lincoln and Otero counties, 6½ miles; Oro Grande-Las Cruces, Otero county, 18 miles; No. 42 in Socorro county; No. 43, Abo highway through Willard. This gives every county in the state at least a portion of a federal aid project.

### CATTLE FROM KANSAS

Santa Fe, Sept. 24.—A train carrying 1100 head of cattle arrived from Kansas, the cattle being delivered to the Haley-Harris company for winter stocking in the Pankey Caja del Rio ranch extending from near Santa Fe to the White Rock canon. Four more trains carrying about 1,000 head of cattle each, are to arrive during the week, all of the cattle going to the same ranch.

### COLFAX COUNTY SCHOOLS

Santa Fe, Sept. 24.—Superintendent R. C. Bonney of Colfax county's public schools reported to the state department of education for the past year showing that every district in Colfax county had a nine months' term or longer; that only first and second grade and no third grade teachers are employed; that rural teachers receive from \$75 to \$125 a month and principals and superintendent from \$1,500 to \$2,500.

### FULL INVESTIGATION OF DISMISSAL OF MEMBERS REQUESTED OF PRESIDENT

Washington, Sept. 25.—Demand for a full investigation of the dismissal of two members of the civil service commission and a direct charge that the president is responsible if there has been debauchery of the civil service, are contained in a statement issued today by the Republican Publicity association, through its president, Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr. The statement is as follows:

"Few people in any town care who holds the position of postmaster. But they do care whether the occupant of the office gives them prompt, reliable, and courteous service. Few people care what method is pursued in selecting a postmaster, if the method gets desired results. But the people care much whether a method once adopted is honestly pursued, for therein lies all the difference between honesty and dishonesty in government. If the government sets examples in subterfuge amounting to dishonesty, a spirit of lawlessness and bolshevism is created and contempt for law and order is aroused.

"Not ten men in a million care whether the niece of the postmaster general is postmistress at Lockhart, Texas. But all law-abiding citizens of the United States—and there are more than a hundred million of them—care whether the appointment of a postmistress at Lockhart is effected in lawful manner in accordance with the spirit of regulations which pretend to give the appointment to the best qualified. Postmaster General Burleson announced adoption of a plan for making postoffice appointments on the basis of qualification. He endeavored to gain public approval by such a course. When, therefore, it is intimated that he tried to evade or violate the terms of the competitive test in appointing a postmistress at Lockhart, Texas, a question is raised that goes to the vitals of the whole appointing system. If the rules are disregarded in order to appoint the less competent, the government is robbed of the more valuable service just as truly as the government is robbed when a burglar blows the safe of the postoffice to get a small amount of cash and stamps.

"The president recently asked for the resignations of two members of the civil service commission, and it is charged that the reason was the refusal of the members to ignore the regulations relative to selection of postmasters. Few care who occupies the office of civil service commissioner, just so he is honest and capable. But all good Americans care whether an honest member of the commission has been ousted for loyalty to his oath of office. The public is deeply interested in a matter of this kind, for there is involved the question of order against lawlessness—honesty against dishonesty—official virtue against official mendacity—good government against bad government.

"Unfortunately, the people are ignorant of the facts. Announcement was made that the president had requested the resignations of two commissioners, and the rest has been official insinuation, exposition of seemingly closely related facts, and conclusions that may or may not be well founded. Whether Mr. Burleson violated or attempted to violate the civil

service regulations is a minor question. Mr. Burleson did not and could not remove a commissioner. The president called for the resignations, and the whole issue is concerning his reasons and the train of circumstances that led up to the dismissals.

"Congress should get all the facts and lay them before the country. And there should be no delay, no secrecy, no whitewashing, no failure to fix responsibility."

### TUCUMCARI URGES VEGAS TO SEND BIG REPRESENTATION TO ROSWELL

J. W. Corn, or Tucumcari, who is the vice president for New Mexico of the Ozark Trails association, yesterday telephoned Colbert C. Root, secretary of the Commercial club, that it is important that New Mexico points be represented at the O. T. convention in Roswell, October 1, 2 and 3. Mr. Corn said Tucumcari will send a 20-piece band, and will have a good size delegation. He laid stress on the necessity for Las Vegas and Tucumcari being well represented, because of the well known fact that Roswell and other cities in the southern part of the state are anxious to become designated as points on the main line trail. This would deprive Las Vegas of the honor and prestige of being at the New Mexico terminus and junction with the transcontinental road.

Tucumcari is interested because it enjoys benefits from the tourist traffic that goes through there. Las Vegas should be more interested, because the greater part of the tourist travel ends here. If it is worth a brass band and big delegation Tucumcari, a station on the line, why should it not be worth infinitely more to Las Vegas, the terminus? The Tucumcari delegation is anxious to have the Las Vegas delegation go, as scheduled, via Tucumcari, Clovis and Portales, and has offered to entertain the Vegas folks royally. To go this way, however, would require starting on September 29; it had been planned by the Commercial club to go by the "short-cut" route, leaving here September 30.

Up to the present, the response to the call for delegates to Roswell has not been as hearty as was hoped for, but it is believed greatest success will be attained within the next few days, when Las Vegas realize the importance of the Roswell convention.

### "WATCH YOU STEP" IS A DELIGHTFUL COMEDY

There is not a lull from start to finish in Irving Berlin's musical success, "Watch Your Step," which will come to the Duncan next Wednesday.

"Watch Your Step" is made up almost entirely of music, dancing and girls. The costumes are the latest expressions of fashion and the scenes are designed to admirably enhance the brilliancy of the costumes.

It is a dancing show, as the name implies. The story begins in a lawyer's office where dancing is found to be the feature of the day's work. The stenographers dance with their fingers and their toes, the clients and the lawyers of the firm dance a bit before and after taking evidence or reading a will.

Prominent among the principals are Helen Delany, Charles Orr, Marguerite La Pierre, Clay Crouch, Etta Hager, Charles Udell, Lillian La Pierre, George Robinson and Harry Ormand,

St. Paul, Sept. 19.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California in an address delivered to a special session of the Minnesota legislature this morning presented his arguments in opposition to the unqualified ratification of the league of nations covenant.

The senator expressed the opinion that if action on the league could be delayed 60 days the people would speak in positive terms and insist upon its defeat or amendment so as to protect the country's interests.

"Public sentiment against the league is growing every day and is fast assuming the proportions of a revolution," said Senator Johnson. "Its friends realize that if it is not rushed through now before the people have had an opportunity to see it, the case is hopeless. That explains the haste to have it ratified without amendment."

"The statement that immediate action is necessary to stabilize business is absurd."

"The pitiless logic of events is gradually dispelling the halo with which its advocates have enveloped the so-called league of nations. The diplomacy and intrigue, the wars and counter wars of which we catch a hasty glimpse through a rigorous European censorship, are slowly but surely presenting it in its true aspect and making plain its real design. The unbridled and irrational emotionalism which greeted the suggestion of a league to promote peace and prevent war and which was utilized to the full with a people before its provisions were known and understood is with the lapse of time gradually passing."

"As our people become nearer normal and see again with clearer vision, they begin to understand the case."

Corpus Christi, Texas, Sept. 20.—Actual funds or assurances of financial support for rehabilitation of storm swept Corpus Christi are coming in from every part of the country, with officials estimating that the total, at the present rate, might reach \$5,000,000.

Roy Miller, chairman of the citizen relief committee, said the country wide response to the appeal for aid had exceeded expectation.

"With the drouth of the two years previous to 1918 many merchants and residents suffered great reverses from which they had not recovered even with the banner crops of 1918," Mr. Miller said, "and a large percentage of the crop this year was destroyed by the storm as it had not all been picked."

Washington, Sept. 20.—Swedish press reports from Petrograd say deaths at Petrograd from cholera and dysentery have risen from 200 to 300 a day. Sanitary conditions are reported intolerable and many of the hospitals have closed because of scarcity of food and medicines. Bolshevik robbers for the third time within a short period have sacked the Russian state bank, taking more than \$2,000,000 rubles in cash.

#### JOHNSON ON VACATION

Coffeyville, Kan., Sept. 20.—Walter Johnson, Washington's premier pitcher, has obtained a leave of absence from his club and returned to his home here for the winter. He owns a farm here and will attend to it, after the season ends next year.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 20.—With all chances of averting the steel strike gone and with plants all over the Pittsburgh district shutting down for the week end, police authorities in communities where steel mills are situated prepared today to handle the situation as it develops with the coming of the walkout on Monday.

The United States Steel corporation officials directly in charge of its plants were busily engaged in the preparing for the strike. A request was made of loyal employes to assist the corporation to guard its property against injury. A large number of men, it was declared, responded and were sworn in as guards to assist the regular company police.

Reports that the United States Steel corporation would shut down its plants in the Pittsburgh district unless there was 100 per cent loyalty was announced from their office here today.

London, Sept. 20.—An Evening News dispatch from Kirkwall today reports a White Star liner aground north of Ronaldsnay. At the war office it was stated the vessel ashore off the Orkney had about 1,000 troops on board returning from the Russian front. She was not believed to be in a serious condition.

#### PULLS TEACHER'S HAIR

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 20.—Mrs. James Stewart pulled a school teacher's hair and was fined \$20. When arraigned, Mrs. Stewart denied that she had slept a teacher of the Central high school but admitted that she did pull her hair. The trouble arose over the request of the teacher that Mrs. Stewart's son furnish a vaccination certificate.

#### Not so Old as He Looks

Women do not like to look older than they really are. Neither do men. Both sexes are subject to kidney trouble, and kidney trouble makes the middle aged look old. Foley Kidney Pills act promptly to restore weak, overworked or disordered kidneys and bladder to a healthy condition and banish lameness, aches and pains. O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

#### WANT RELIEF FROM SHORTAGE

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 20.—Governor Samuel R. McKelvie today made public a telegram he sent to Director General Hines of the federal railroad administration urging that steps be taken to relieve a shortage of railroad cars in western Nebraska where huge quantities of wheat are said to be in danger of rotting because of a lack of shipping and storage facilities.

#### FARMERS EXEMPT

Washington, Sept. 20.—Before passing the general deficiency bill today, the house again exempted from prosecution under the anti-trust laws all organizations of laborers and farmers combining to increase wages or maintain reasonable prices for farm products.

#### Your Attention, Please

A Foley Cathartic Tablet is a prompt and safe remedy for sick headache, biliousness, bloating, sour stomach, gas, bad breath, indigestion, constipation, or other condition caused by clogged or irregular bowels. They cause no griping or nausea nor will they encourage the "pill habit." Just fine for persons too stout. O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 20.—The convention of the United Mine Workers of America today classed the chamber of commerce of the United States with the Industrial Workers of the World and other syndicalist organizations as hostile to the cause of organized labor and adopted an amendment to the constitution forbidding members of the United Mine Workers to join any and all organizations. President Lewis stated that the intent of the amendment was to bar membership in local chambers of commerce as well as in the national organization.

One of the chief charges brought against the national body was its endorsement of the Rockefeller industrial plan now employed to regulate the relations of employers and miners in certain mines in Colorado against which the United Mine Workers are waging a vigorous opposition.

The amendment the original aim of which was more effective means to combat bolshevism efforts to gain control or a foothold in the miners' organization was carried like all moves against the radicals by a very large majority.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Continued reports to the department of justice of profiteering in shoes and other wearing apparel and of increased prices for the new sugar crop caused the department today to call on Chairman Haughen of the house agriculture committee for early action on the administration amendments to the food control act.

Assistant Attorney General Ames wrote Chairman Haughen:

"We are just advised that the Holly Sugar corporation of California, is placing the new crop of beet sugar on the market at \$11.50 per hundred against \$9.00 the price for the old crop. This being a case of individual action, and the new crop not being controlled by the sugar equalization board, the board can not take action in the matter until the amendments are passed."

The amendments asked are delayed by a dispute between house and senate over legislation to control rents in the District of Columbia.

Omaha, Sept. 20.—Two unmasked handits held up and robbed the Citizens' National bank of Paiston, a suburb five miles south of this city shortly after noon today. After locking the cashier in his cage and lining four customers against the wall, they stole \$4,000 and made their escape.

#### CAN'T BE AT CONFERENCE

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Brigadier General Charles G. Dawes of the Central Trust company, who was among the 22 men selected by President Wilson to represent the public at the industrial conference to meet in Washington October 6 has advised the president that it will be impossible for him to serve. General Dawes only recently returned to the banking institution after two years service in France.

Paris, Sept. 20.—Captain Gabriele D'Annunzio may be given 24 hours to move his forces out of Fiume, upon which city a squadron of allied warships have turned their guns, according to advices received here by way of Berlin, Laibach and Vienna. It is indicated that this ultimatum will come from the allied powers representatives of which are reported to have conferred about two miles north-

west of Fiume to which place they retired when Captain D'Annunzio entered the latter city.

In peace conference circles it is intimated the settlement of the question of the disposition of Fiume has been complicated by the Italian delegates insisting on a decision before further moves will be made.

Advices from Rome say that the Duke of Aosta, a close friend of Captain D'Annunzio has conferred with King Victor Emmanuel and Premier Nitti and it is suggested he may act as mediator in an effort to bring about an abandonment of Fiume by the D'Annunzio force.

Fiume is closely blockaded by land and sea, but there are stores in the city sufficient to maintain the people and troops for three months. Captain D'Annunzio is reported to have with him many members of his famous aerial squadron which fought on the Austrian front during the war. The Italian government, however, has ordered the magnetos of airplanes at all aviation camps removed so that no more machines may go to Fiume.

#### COAL DEALERS CANNOT BLAME RAILROADS FOR HIGH COST SAYS HINES

There is nothing in the transportation situation with reference to coal that will justify using it as a reason for increasing the price of this commodity this winter. During the first six months of this year the market for coal was less than normal and probably will result in a larger demand than usual from now on. But the railroads at all times were able to haul all coal offered and are confident that they will continue to furnish adequate service.

This is the view of Walker D. Hines, director general of the United States railroad administration, as given before a sub-committee of the senate interstate commerce commission, investigating the coal situation.

After suggesting that the United States geological survey be called upon to investigate coal production, consumption and prices, he says:

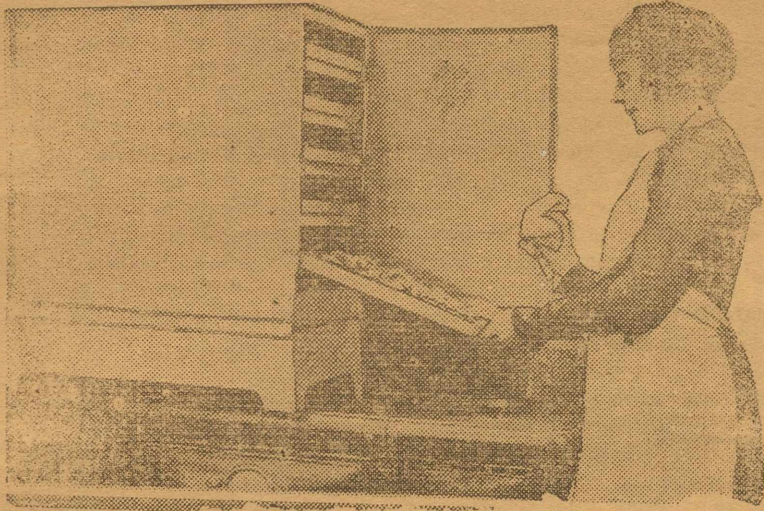
"My judgment is that we will overcome transportation difficulties to the extent of transporting the coal which the country needs, but these difficulties will be manifesting themselves all during the year. There will be a most favorable opportunity for stressing those transportation difficulties, creating the impression there is going to be a serious shortage of coal, and therefore that coal had better be bought at a higher price rather than take the chance of waiting. I think, therefore we are in danger of having a state of mind created in which prices will be substantially increased."

The director general suggests that it would help in handling the situation if the government powers, held during the war under the Lever act, were exercised to prevent price inflation.

A mild winter, the suspension of many important war industries and a plentitude of coal in storage were all factors that contributed to the light demand during the first half of the year.

One reason why we wish figures sometimes lied is because present-day styles make them reveal some embarrassing truths.

## Drying Peaches by Use of Facilities in the Home



Cookstove Driers Make the Work of Drying Quicker and Easier

Peaches are usually dried unpeeled although a superior variety is made by removing the skins. Select peaches for drying which are ripe, but not soft. Wash, cut in half, remove the stone and place in trays with the pit side up.

Many housewives use a lye solution for removing the skins. Dissolve two pounds of commercial concentrated lye in 10 gallons of water. When boiling hot, place the peaches in a wire or wooden basket and plunge into the solution for 1 to 2 minutes, moving the basket up and down to hasten contact with the lye.

Lift from lye when fine cracks or checks in the peel appear. Plunge immediately into cold water and move about to wash off the lye. Remove the skins by rubbing between the hands or with a brush. Wash to remove the adhering lye. Halve, take out pits and place on the drier, cavity side up.

If peaches are dried in the sun, cover with muslin or mosquito netting to protect from insects the same as with other kinds of fruit. In an artificially heated drier the temperature at the beginning of drying should not be more than 120 degrees Fahrenheit. This may be gradually increased to 160 degrees. When the pieces are pliable and leathery and no moisture can be pressed out of the freshly cut surface, the product is sufficiently dry. Transfer from the drier to large, clean wooden or pasteboard boxes and cover with muslin, which will admit the air and exclude insects. Place the box in a warm room in a rather dark spot. Stir daily until the fruit is in a uniform condition, after which pack it in permanent containers and store in a dry, airy place.

Apricots and nectarines are treated in precisely the same way.

### PEARS RIPE BUT FIRM ARE BEST FOR CANNING

Pears which are ripe but not yet soft are best for canning. Peel, and with large pears, halve and remove core. Small ones can be packed whole with stem on. Blanch by lowering for 15 seconds in boiling water and then put for an instant in cold bath. Drain and place one layer with stems up and the second layer with stems down in jars which have been boiled for 15 minutes. Space is saved by this

method of packing. When the jars have been packed with fruit, fill to overflowing with a sirup made to suit the individual taste. An excellent one is made of 7 cups of sugar and 4 quarts of water. Boil and skim. Put in place rubber which has been cleaned in a hot soda solution. (1 teaspoon baking soda in one quart of water), and boiled cover. Tighten cover about half way.

Place jars on false bottom in water-bath canner with water sufficient to cover them. Process for 25 minutes after the water starts to boil vigorously. Remove, tighten top, test for leaks and store in a cool, dark, dry place.—United States Department of Agriculture.

### Cut This Out—It is Worth Money

**DON'T MISS THIS.** Cut out this slip enclose with 5c to **Foley and Co.** 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing **Foley's Honey and Tar Compound**, for coughs, colds, and croup. **Foley Kidney Pills** and **Foley Cathartic Tablets**. **O. G. Schaefer** Sold everywhere.—Adv.

### MAKE YOUR OWN

#### CANDIED FRUIT

Fruit which is to be candied should be washed, peeled or pared if necessary, and then cut or sliced. Drop fruit into boiling water for two or three minutes, drain well and cover with a sirup made of boiling together one pound of sugar for each pound of fruit, with one cup of water. Boil fruit rapidly in this sirup for 15 minutes. Remove from the fire and allow to stand over night. The next morning boil for 10 or 15 minutes again. Repeat the heating and cooling for 4 to 6 days, according to how rapidly the water is drawn out and the sirup absorbed. When the fruit is transparent and bright lift it from the sirup and dry in the sun or in a cool oven.

### Brace Up

Stomach trouble often makes one despondent. It hits a man where he lives, saps his strength and energy and makes him feel like giving up. Give him a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to improve his digestion and loosen up his bowels and in most cases recovery is prompt and he is soon feeling well and happy.—Adv.

### WOMEN SAY THE MALE OF THE SPECIES IS RESPONSIBLE FOR STYLES

New York, Sept. 20.—Men in general are responsible for the contortions which women undergo in order to wear so-called fashionable clothes, the International conference of women was told yesterday by Mrs. Beatrice Cortes Robertson Hale.

Man, according to Mrs. Hale, likes to have a "little, useless lily about the house," to flatter his conceit that he can afford such a luxury.

Dr. Hale Swift of Boston found the origin of fashion follies in the unwholesome styles in apparel of the woman who makes "an exaggerated sex appeal for trade purposes."

The models produced for this type of women, asserted Dr. Swift, "are sanctioned by the unthinking women of fashion in search of the easiest way to charm and show off her unearned money."

### LOOK FORWARD

Turn not in vain regret  
To thy fond yesterdays,  
Put rather forward set  
Thy face toward the untrodden ways.  
Open thine eyes to see  
The good in store for thee—  
New love, new thought, new service,  
too

For Him who daily maketh thy life new.

Nor think thou aught is lost  
Or left behind upon the silent coast  
Of thy spent years:

Give o'er thy faithless fears;  
Whate'er of real good,—

Of thought, or deed, or holier mood,—  
Thy life hath known,

Abideth still thine own,  
And hath within significance

Of more than Time's inheritance.  
Thy good is prophecy

Of better still to be.

—Fredeick L. Hosmer.

### AFTER BORDER SALOONS

Albuquerque, Sept. 20.—Bishop Francis J. McConnell of Denver, in an address before the New Mexico Methodist conference, declared this government should withdraw its protection of citizenship from any American who engages in saloon business below the border in Mexico, or who engages in a business in any other country that is outlawed in this country. He said serious conditions will be fostered if liquor interests of America are permitted to carry out their hope of planting saloons throughout northern Mexico.

### PROMOTION FOR CROWDER

Washington, Sept. 20.—In recognition of his administration of the selective service act, the senate military committee yesterday ordered a favorable report on the bill by Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, authorizing the elevation of Major General Enoch H. Crowder, judge advocate general of the army to the rank of lieutenant general on his retirement.

### Getting Children Ready for School

Common colds are infectious and it is wrong to send a snuffing, sneezing, coughing child to school to spread disease germs among other little ones. **Foley's Honey and Tar** relieves coughs and colds, loosens phlegm and mucus, and coats raw, irritated membranes with a healing, soothing medicine. Contains no opiates. **O. G. Schaefer.** Sold everywhere.—Adv.

## Run Down?

Kidney and bladder troubles are not limited to men. Housework, or work in office or factory, causes women to suffer from weak, overworked or diseased kidneys. The symptoms are—puffiness under the eyes, sallow skin, constant tired feeling, lack of ambition, nervous condition, backache, rheumatic pains, sore muscles, stiff joints.

## Foley Kidney Pills

Get right at the cause of suffering and misery, regulate the kidneys and bladder and restore the diseased organs to sound and healthy condition.

Mrs. Wm. Fischer, 2009 Woodbourne Ave., Louisville, Ky., writes: "I am just getting along fine. I am taking Foley Kidney Pills every other night. You should have seen me before I started. I was yellow as gold, now my eyes and skin are all cleared up. My kidneys do not bother me at night any more. If it will help some other poor soul who is suffering you may use my name wherever your medicine is advertised."

4 Sold Everywhere

Paris, Sept. 19.—The treaty of peace between the allied and associated powers and Bulgaria was presented to the Bulgarian mission at the French foreign office this morning at 10.40.

After the delegates had assembled, M. Clemenceau spoke briefly in opening the session. He was followed by General Thodorff, head of the Bulgarian mission.

M. Thodorff spoke for 15 minutes, pleading that the Bulgarian people were not responsible for the war.

King Ferdinand and Vasilko Radovoff, Bulgarian foreign minister in 1914 were blamed for Bulgaria's entry into the war by M. Thodorff. He said the Bulgarian people did not approve of the German alliance, which he declared 'came to them as a cataclysm' but they realized they must accept part of the responsibility.

Each of the 27 governments participating in the conference including Rumania, were present. Frank L. Folk, head of the United States delegation sat on M. Clemenceau's right and Sir Eyre Crowe, the new British plenipotentiary to the peace conference sat on the president's left.

The Bulgarian delegates, M. Thodorff, M. Ganef, M. Sakessoff, M. Stambulif, and M. Haroff, entered after the other delegates, who rose when the enemy representatives appeared. The Bulgarians showed courteous confidence in their demeanor.

Twenty-five days are allowed Bulgaria to present observations on the treaty terms. The ceremony ended at 11 o'clock.

### DON'T NEGLECT YOURSELF

Lame back, shooting pains, torturing, rheumatic aches, swollen joints, sore muscles, puffiness under eyes, floating specks, and an "always tired" feeling are indications that the kidneys and bladder are not working properly. **Foley Kidney Pills** soothe and strengthen weak and disordered kidneys and bladder. **O. G. Schaefer.** Sold everywhere.—Adv.

During the ceremonial dances the natives of Papua, New Guinea, wear probably the tallest hats in the world—a headdress varying from six to eight feet in height and most gorgeous in coloring.

### Chamberlain's Tablets

Chamberlain's Tablets are intended especially for stomach trouble, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of that sort give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.—Adv.

### PUPILS RECEIVE GRADES FOR WORK ALONG GOOD LIVING LINES

With the announcement made by the National Tuberculosis association that the second annual tournament of the modern health crusade for school children will begin immediately after the opening of the school terms this fall, a further statement was made that the National Education association, which includes 400,000 teachers in the country, has endorsed the crusade in a formal resolution.

There will be approximately 3,000,000 entries in the crusade this year. All children who won the title of page, squire, knight or knight banneret last year are eligible again to try for promotions in "the field of the cloth of gold" and new entries may take the jousting field at any time.

The modern health crusade is based on the performance of 11 chores to be done each day for 15 consecutive weeks. By completing 75 per cent of the chores each week during the 15 weeks, the entrant becomes a knight banneret and the lesser titles are graded according to the number of chores done.

The endorsement from the National Education association came at the Milwaukee meeting this summer. Mrs. Josephine Corliss Preston, the newly elected president of the teachers' association, in her first address said there were at least 15,000,000 defective children in the country and that only two per cent of 387 representative counties she had visited had adopted a health program. Following her speech, the resolution of endorsement for the modern health crusade was adopted.

It was also announced that the governors of Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota and Alabama, in proclamations addressed to the mayors of cities at the opening of school terms, urged the adoption of the crusade. Governor Harding of Iowa called upon "every Iowa teacher, patient and child to co-operate in this health-habit forming movement."

The modern health crusade is conducted by the National Tuberculosis association and the 1000 local and state organizations affiliated with it. More than \$6,500,000 worth of Red Cross Christmas seals will be placed on sale during the holiday season under the auspices of the National Tuberculosis association. The seal sale will provide the funds for the extensive educational campaign which the association is conducting in its fight on tuberculosis.

Contract has been let for the completion of another unit of the engineering laboratories at the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts. This completes the south wing of the engineering building. The laboratory will be 100x40 feet with a power house at the end which will house the new boiler equipment to be used for instruction purposes. This building is especially designed for a mechanical laboratory and will house the steam and gas engine equipment that for a long time has been housed in the original engineering building which was constructed in the early nineties. It is patterned largely after the new engineering laboratory at the Iowa state college, Ames, Iowa, and it will contain some of the best equipment for mechanical engineering study and experimenta-

tion in the southwest. The steam plant will be a model boiler room and will supply power for driving a large two stage air compressor, a steam turbine and steam Corliss engine besides numerous other engines and pumps. The arrangements will be made for condensing the steam used in this machinery and other special equipment used to completely study steam engineering.

For the study of gas engineering there will be a variety of gas and oil engines together with a test plant for automobiles. This test plant will make it possible to completely study the power developed, fuel, used, etc., of any kind of car. The laboratory will be the only one of its kind in the state of New Mexico and in fact, is as well equipped as any in the southwest. It is interesting to know that at the completion of the building there will be a total floor space of over 22,000 square feet of laboratories, shops, drawing rooms, etc., devoted entirely to engineering instruction at the state college.

The enrollment for the coming year will be the largest in the history of the college and although every preparation is being made, it will tax every facility of the school to meet the demand.

Word has been received in Las Vegas of the death in Topeka, Kansas, of Mayor J. J. Shuler, of Raton. Dr. Shuler died at noon Saturday in the Santa Fe hospital at Topeka, following an operation for appendicitis. He is survived by his widow and two children.

Dr. Shuler was taken to Topeka the middle of last week, from Raton. He had been doing well, it is understood, until Saturday, when a sudden turn for the worse came, from which he did not rally.

Dr. Shuler was born near Grover Hill, Va. He graduated from the medical department of the University of Virginia and later the degree of M. D. was conferred on him by the University of New York. He located in Raton in 1881 and engaged in the practice of medicine. He was one of the best liked municipal officers in the southwest. The funeral arrangements have not been announced.

### TO MARK NEW CATHOLIC ERA

Washington, Sept. 23.—The meeting of the Catholic hierarchy of the United States, to be held tomorrow at the Catholic university of America, is expected to be the most important conference of its kind since the Third Plenary council, which was held in Baltimore in 1873. The general purpose of the meeting will be to organize committees to study and work for the welfare of church and country, particularly along social and educational lines. It will discuss not only ecclesiastical questions but social and educational problems involved in legislation by congress and will formulate a uniform Catholic policy and coordinate diocesan activities. In many respects the meeting will be, it is said, the beginning of Catholic church autonomy in the United States, in that it will take upon itself certain American work in larger ways than it has ever done before.

Of course if his daddy-in-law is a candidate for a third term McAdoo will not be a candidate for a first term.

### SEMI-CENTENNIAL OF WHITE STAR LINE

New York, Sept. 23.—The White Star line, one of the oldest and best known of the steamship lines operating between America and Europe, is celebrating its semi-centennial this month. The line was founded in England in 1869 as the Oceanic Steam Navigation company and is now part of the International Mercantile Marine company of America.

Previous to the building of its first steamship, the Oceanic, in 1870, the company had a fleet of clipper ships which carried thousands of the pioneers out to the Australian gold diggings by way of the Cape of Good Hope and then sailed across to China to bring home cargoes of tea. The horses for the Indian troops, which were in the march under General Roberts from Kabul to Candahar, were taken from Melbourne to Calcutta on the White Star clippers, as well as the horses for the Madras artillery, which took part in the Afghan campaign.

The first Oceanic was 2,000 tons and the present Olympic, the largest British ship afloat, is 47,500 tons. She carried 300,000 troops during the late war without counting the work done by the Baltic, Cedric, Celtic, Adriatic and others, which also carried thousands of tons of oil in their deep tanks for the navy, while their holds were jammed to the hatchways with foodstuffs and ammunition for the allies.

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 23.—A resolution placing the dominion trades and labor congress on record as favoring the soviet form of government demanding the withdrawal of troops from Russia and refusing financial and other aid to "reactionary governments" was reported to the committee on resolutions today.

The resolution was introduced by George Armstrong, of Winnipeg, who announced that he was prevented from introducing it sooner because he was "in jail ten days ago." Armstrong was released on bail after his arrest on a charge of sedition growing out of the recent strike in Winnipeg.

### HENRY AND EDEL IN CONTROL

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 23.—Control of all stock in the Ford Motor company has been secured by Henry Ford and his son Edsel, it was announced here today, through purchase of the minority holdings of James Couzens, millionaire mayor of Detroit, and former vice president of the company.

### DEFENDS CARRANZA

Washington, Sept. 23.—Vigorous defense of the Carranza administration was presented to the senate investigating committee today by Thomas I. Lill, a certified accountant who, with other Americans went to Mexico in 1917 to assist in formulating a plan of administrative and financial reform. They were invited, he said, by Luis Cabrera and Alberto Pani, members of the Carranza cabinet, and many of their suggestions were approved and adopted. Charges that Carranza countenanced financial irregularities in his officials were denied by the witness.

Thus far no one has suggested that the league of nations ought to be ratified in order to restore the free lunch counter.

### PEACE CONFERENCE FEARS THAT THE SITUATION MAY SPREAD

Paris, Sept. 23.—Uneasiness is growing in peace conference circles in regard to the situation in Fiume. It is feared that the movement started by Gabriele D'Annunzio may spread to other parts of the Dalmatian coast and result in the occupation of Zaccara and other towns with large Italian populations located in districts where the majority of inhabitants are Jugo-Slavs.

The Jugo-Slav delegation in Paris is extremely apprehensive and the situation generally is regarded as one which might conceivably develop into a serious war.

The general disposition at first in several of the entente delegations were was to regard D'Annunzio's movement as a beautiful romance. This disposition apparently is disappearing as the realization is becoming general that Greece or even Germany might adopt similar tactics.

No reply has been received from President Wilson to the proposed compromise of the differences regarding Fiume. The compromise plan in final form did not leave Paris until Wednesday and delay in cables as well as other delays will consume several days.

### CHAMP CLARK MAINTAINS THAT SUCH A PLAN WOULD END STRIFE

New Orleans, Sept. 23.—The solution of the differences between labor and capital lies in the scheme of profit sharing, Representative Champ Clark of Missouri, declared today in an address at the annual convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World.

"The plan for profit sharing," he said, "will require much thought to bring it to perfection, but it certainly is not beyond our ability for doing things."

"The high class of American labor is a matter for national congratulations and should be cherished. On the other hand, nobody should have any prejudice against a man because he has acquired capital provided he secured it honestly. What people really and reasonably object to is being skinned within an inch of their lives."

"Some time next month President Wilson will call a convention of labor, capital and farmers in Washington for a free exchange of opinions in a laudable effort to establish justice and abiding peace among them. It is a tremendous undertaking and all the men and women of good sense and patriotism hope and pray that it will result in complete success."

"So far as we are concerned, one of the principal questions with which we should wrestle is how to increase our foreign trade. Upon the increase our foreign trade rests in largest measure the future prosperity of this mighty republic."

### KOLCHAK STILL IN

Washington, Sept. 24.—Official advices received by the state department today from Omsk under yesterday's date indicated that Admiral Kolchak had not resigned and that he did not contemplate such action. The advance against the bolshevik is progressing favorably to the Kolchak forces, according to the advices, and the Kolchak armies are in a stronger position than they have been for some time.

### OFFICER WOUNDED WHEN ATTEMPTING TO ARREST EMPLOYEE OF THE COMPANY

Charleston, W. Va., Sept. 24.—Don A. Chafin, deputy sheriff of Logan county, here to make the arrest of a man wanted for trial in that county, was shot and seriously wounded today in the offices of district number 17,17, United Mine Workers, it is alleged by Vice President Petry of the mine workers.

Chafin who was shot just over the heart, was taken to a local hospital where it is said his condition is critical. Petry was arrested and taken before a justice of the peace where he gave bond in the sum of \$10,000 for his appearance before the grand jury.

Deputy Sheriff Chafin went to the mine workers' headquarters with a warrant for the arrest of Luther Willis, a miner, wanted on the charge of carrying a pistol. He had demanded the custody of Willis and was waiting until conference should be held by the members with their attorney, Harold W. Houston. While he was in the office, Petry came in. He is alleged to have ordered Chafin out of the office and almost immediately drew a pistol.

With the gun pointed at his heart, Chafin grabbed it and tried to wrest it out of Petry's hands. The gun was discharged. It is said the trouble between Chafin and Petry had been long standing, Petry claiming that Chafin had once beaten him when he was in Logan county.

Dallas, Texas, Sept. 24.—Because of Governor W. P. Hobby's recent public address for armed intervention by the United States in Mexico, the Mexican government has cancelled its plans to send an extensive exhibition and a delegation of business men to the Texas state fair next month, Mexican Consul Flores of Dallas, has informed the fair management, it was learned today.

Leon Salinas, acting secretary of the department of industry and commerce in Mexico, in instructing Consul Flores to take this action, declared Governor Hobby's recent remarks at El Paso were "harmful to the sovereignty of Mexico and hurt the feelings of the Mexican people."

### TOWN IN DANGER FROM FIRES

Placerville, Calif., Sept. 24.—Placerville was threatened again with destruction by forest fires this afternoon when the wind shifted towards the city. All business establishments were closed and every man was called out to fight the fires that were within one mile of the city. Ashes fell in Placerville.

### DECISIONS SUSTAINED

Santa Fe, Sept. 24.—The federal court has received a number of mandates announcing decisions in appeals from decisions handed down by the late Federal Judge William H. Pope, who was sustained in all but one instance, that of Thurston D. Fleming et al vs. The Monte Rico Mining and Milling company of Moggollon, in which the decree of the lower court was modified. The suit was one by minority stockholders for an accounting. Most important, perhaps, was the Raton Waterworks company vs. the City of Raton involving forfeiture of charter, in which

the U. S. supreme court sustains Judge Pope. This is also true in the cases of the United States vs. Frank C. Bluemhlein of Clovis; U. S. vs. Eugenia Barra alias Lina Franceschini, and Guiseppi Merline alias Jose Franceschini of Albuquerque, who will now be deported to Italy; U. S. vs. Marie L. Highsmith and U. S. vs. Charles Bigelow et al, involving condemnation proceedings under the Pecos Valley reclamation project.

Cleveland, Sept. 24.—Four men were stabbed, two probably fatally, and two others were badly beaten near the entrance of the American Steel and Wire company Newburg plant this morning in the first serious local disorder of the steel strike. The trouble broke out when a street car stopped near the plant to let off men bound for work at the mills.

Reports from steel centers today record little change in the alignment of the opposing forces of the labor unions and the steel companies. In the Mahoning valley of Ohio the strikers' success is complete. The industry which is the backbone of Youngstown and a score of neighboring villages is paralyzed and all its 44,000 wage earners idle. The issues still is doubtful on the great strategic sectors radiating from Pittsburgh and Chicago.

In the Pittsburgh district the Carnegie Steel company announced today that the situation "looks good" and backed up its optimism with claims that men were returning to work in considerable numbers. These claims were stoutly denied by William Z. Foster, chief of staff of the unions, who claimed that two additional large plants had been closed down today and that Homestead would be idle by the end of the week.

The situation around Chicago is more definite than that in the Pennsylvania region. A majority of the mills are closed and those which are still operating are doing so with reduced forces. The threatened sympathetic strike of the lake seamen seemed nearer as the result of the refusal of the crews of 11 ore freighters to dock their vessels.

Rioting and disorder still mark the progress of the struggle but so far only sporadically.

### SEND ULTIMATUM DEMANDING SETTLEMENT ON PART OF GOVERNMENT

London, Sept. 24.—Because of the situation created by the presentation to the government today of an ultimatum by the railway men in which a strike was threatened, a full meeting of the cabinet was called to be held this afternoon to consider the situation.

The executive body of the railroad men, it was declared by J. H. Thomas, the general secretary of the national union of railway men, has decided to declare a strike at noon Friday unless a settlement offer from the government is received meantime.

J. W. Harper, aged 42 years, died here yesterday, after a long illness. His home was in Nara Visa, this state, where the body was sent this afternoon for burial. He is survived by his widow, who at present is at Nara Visa. Mr. Harper came to Las Vegas for health reasons. The body was prepared for its journey by Charles J. Day.

### THE CUMMINS RE-ORGANIZATION PLAN, DRAWS FIRE FROM BOTH SIDES

Washington, Sept. 24.—Sections of the Cummins railroad re-organization bill which would forbid strikes by railroad men continued to draw fire today before the senate interstate commerce commission.

Officials of the railroad brotherhoods attacked the proposals as a return to slavery in industry.

"These proposals take away rights of citizenship from railroad men," P. J. McNamara, vice president of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Engineers said.

W. N. Doak, vice president of the trainmen's brotherhood, classed the sections "as the most bold attempt at bondage since the civil war."

Machinery provided in the bill for adjudicating wage disputes, he said, constituted "the meanest form of compulsory arbitration."

"You don't need to be afraid of organized strikes in this country," he declared, "but you do need to be afraid of the unorganized, mob strike. When they start, there is no way to get them back. This bill simply fosters I. W. Wism and one big union movement, because it will destroy sober organizations."

Bonus systems and profit-sharing under private management, always were unsatisfactory, said Doak.

### ROCKEFELLER AIDS BAPTISTS

New York, Sept. 24.—John D. Rockefeller today contributed \$2,000,000 to the ministers and missionary board of the Northern Baptist convention. No restrictions are made as to the use of the principal and income, which will be expended to take care of indigent Baptist ministers of the northern states.

### NEW INSPECTOR APPOINTED

Chicago, Sept. 24.—Postoffice Inspector E. L. Jackson was today appointed general inspector of postoffices in Utah, Wyoming, Colorado and New Mexico. He will leave for Denver in a few days, where he will make his headquarters. Mr. Jackson has been in the inspection department of the Chicago postoffice since 1914 and has been connected with many important cases.

### RED TROOPS IN TOMSK

London, Sept. 24.—A bolshevik wireless message received today from Moscow says that red troops commanded by General Lubkoff are reported to have occupied Tomsk, 500 miles east of Omsk, the all-Russian seat of government on the trans-Siberian railroad line.

### MANAGER OF PUEBLO PLANT SAYS HE IS READY FOR WAITING GAME

Pueblo, Sept. 24.—No change in the strike situation occurred here today. The plant of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company is closed and no effort will be made to operate until the strikers are willing to return to work.

Manager F. E. Parks declared today that no strikebreakers would be used and that the company was prepared to stand a year's siege in the waiting game. All members of local unions will be asked soon to contribute \$1 a week towards the support of the strikers.

Some of the mountains on the moon are estimated to be 36 thousand feet

### ACTION ON FALL AMENDMENTS TO BE TAKEN AT FRIDAY'S SESSION

Washington, Sept. 24.—Senator Hitchcock, administration leader in the senate fight over the peace treaty, issued a statement today interpreting the vote in the senate yesterday on Senator Lodge's motion to postpone consideration of the Fall amendments to the treaty as a victory for the friends of the pact.

"The outcome in the senate yesterday was highly satisfactory to treaty supporters," said Senator Hitchcock. "We defeated the effort to postpone consideration of the Fall amendments and accomplished our purpose of having a definite day set for their consideration and decision. I first asked for today, but the net result was we secured Friday. We have the votes to defeat those amendments and we accomplished our purpose in having the matter so arranged that the decision will come this week. The only democratic vote we lost was Senator Reed's which has been lost for months. We only gained two republican votes on the question but many republicans on the merits of the question will vote against the amendments. That is the reason Senator Lodge attempts to delay the vote."

### FOREST FIRES CAUSE DAMAGE

Los Angeles, Sept. 24.—Two mountain fires that have devastated more than 100,000 acres of timber and watershed area in the Angeles national forest near Los Angeles, burned unchecked today. A third fire in the San Bernardino mountains was reported under control.

### COONTZ SUCCEEDS BENSON

Washington, Sept. 24.—Secretary Daniels announced today the appointment of Rear Admiral Robert E. Coontz to be chief of naval operations, the highest office in the navy. Rear Admiral Coontz, who will succeed Admiral William Benson on his retirement is in command of a dreadnought division of the Pacific fleet.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 24.—Subpoenas have been issued for the appearance in federal court here of Secretary Baker, Secretary Daniels and Generals Pershing and March, to testify as to demobilization in criminal proceedings brought against three liquor dealers, charged with violation of the wartime prohibition act. The subpoenas were issued in an effort to prove that demobilization as referred to in the wartime prohibition act was completed when his clients were arrested.

the leaders of the strike and sent a telegram to that effect to the people of collective bargaining states Steel workers in support of endorsed today the action of United Dominion trades and labor congress Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 24.—The STRIKE ENDORSED

### PACKAGE MAIL RELEASED

Washington, Sept. 24.—The British government has decided to release a great quantity of package mail held up in England during the war. This was announced today by the state department.

Mercury, the swiftest traveller among the planets, makes through space at a rate of 30 miles a second.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Blackburn are the parents of twins, a boy and a girl, born to them this morning at the Las Vegas hospital. The mother and babies are doing well.

William Southard, superintendent of the Trinidad Light and Power company, and manager for this district, is here on business. Mr. Southard formerly resided in Las Vegas.

Lieutenant William H. Gross, who has been the guest of Harry W. Kelly and family, left this afternoon for St. Louis. Lieutenant Gross saw more than a year's service in France, and was wounded over there. He was identified with the fifth and seventh divisions. He expects to receive his discharge soon.

Alfredo Sanchez of Trementina applied to the county clerk this morning for \$2 bounty on a coyote killed by him. Ramon Chavez of Sapello applied for \$6 bounty on three coyotes.

Frank R. Linberg and family are the guests of Mr. Linberg's brother, Assistant Postmaster Oscar Linberg. Mr. Linberg is storekeeper for the Missouri Pacific company in East St. Louis, Ill.

Eduardo S. Gonzales is in the city from Hilario. Mr. Gonzales reports that the rains around that place were much needed and that the early crops were harvested before the wet weather.

Lino Garcia died yesterday at Chapelle. He was 14 years of age and had been ill but a few days. Charles J. Day had charge of the funeral, which was held at Chapelle this morning.

N. V. Gallegos is here for a short stay. Mr. Gallegos said this morning that never had he seen so much grass on the ranges as this year. The recent rains in the lower country have aided greatly in assuring grass for winter pasture.

Dean Frank Carroon of the New Mexico Normal university left last night for California where he will spend three months at Leland Stanford, Jr., university studying the latest methods and theories for the teaching of psychology. Dean Carroon has been connected with the Normal for ten years and during that time has had no vacation. The board of regents granted him three months leave of absence in order that he might visit the institution on the Pacific coast.

Justo Montoya and Miss Agueda Martinez were married at the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows this morning, Rev. Father Ballard performing the ceremony and celebrating nuptial high mass. The couple will reside at Montoya, this county.

Gregorio Gallegos was given a preliminary hearing Saturday afternoon before Justice of the Peace Baca on the West side, on a charge of seduction. He waived preliminary hearing and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury, under \$500 bond, which he furnished. Gallegos is accused of having seduced a young girl at Red River, this county.

Donaciano Garcia, who was arrested Friday at Pecos, was under indictment

by the grand jury for this county on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon, and it was not until Friday that he was located by the sheriff's force. Deputy Sheriff Henry Cifre made the arrest and brought Garcia to the county jail, where he is being held until court convenes in December. G

Th Guadalupe county court convened today in Santa Rosa, with District Judge David J. Leahy presiding. Court Stenographer William Gortner, District Attorney Charles W. G. Ward and Assistant District Attorney Luis E. Armijo are attending the court session at Santa Rosa. No grand jury was empaneled, owing to the fact that no criminal cases of importance were to be investigated. Most of the cases to be tried at Santa Rosa this session are civil. However a petit jury was summoned, to try a few criminal cases.

Miss Agnes Lopez was married this morning to Elliard F. McClanahan, of Alamosa, Colorado. The marriage ceremony was performed by Justice C. H. Stewart, in his office at the city hall. The newlyweds will go at once to Alamosa, where they will reside. Mrs. McClanahan is a Las Vegas young lady, who has many friends here. She has been a clerk in the Las Vegas Mercantile company store for the past year. Mr. McClanahan, who formerly lived here, is in business at Alamosa. He recently returned from service overseas.

#### HIGHWAY DEBENTURES

Santa Fe, Sept. 22.—The state highway department has announced that it will offer for sale \$300,000 of highway debentures on October 20. The last offering was taken by Otis and Company of Cleveland, Ohio, through ex-Mayor Arthur Seligman of Santa Fe. It was for \$500,000.

H. B. Bartlett, of Arkansas City, Kansas, underwent an operation for appendicitis yesterday at the Santa Fe hospital. He and his wife were here spending their vacation, when Mr. Bartlett was taken ill. Mr. Bartlett is a Santa Fe conductor. Dr. William Howe is the attending surgeon.

Santiago Rodriguez, aged 65 years died at 9:15 o'clock last evening at his home in upper Las Vegas after a short illness. He is survived by the widow and a daughter, Miss Louisa Rodriguez.

Edwin Thorpe and Miss Frances Robertson were married at 5 o'clock this afternoon at the Episcopal rectory, the Rev. J. S. Moore performing the ceremony. The young people came down from Raton last night, and secured their license this morning. They slipped one over on their friends by coming here to be married. They will return shortly and will reside in the Gate City.

Dan Rhodes has received a letter from Sergeant "Bill" Cullen, who is serving his second enlistment with the army. Bill is enlisted in the headquarters company of the 18th artillery and is stationed at Little Rock, Arkansas. He says: "I would rather be broke and standing up against your taxi in Vegas, than be in Little Rock with my pockets full of money."

Three new students have registered at the Normal university for work this fall. Miss Jimmy Louise Chewning of Roswell, Miss Isabel Baca of Santa Rosa and Mrs. Donnie B. Trammell of La Lande. Mrs. Trammell is a sister of Frank Culberson, who was a student at the local school for several years. Miss Baca is a teachers' scholarship student.

Fred Lewis brought in a small twig from a pear tree on his ranch at Romeroville this morning, which contained six pears, weighing three pounds. Six bushels of pears were grown on two trees, in the Lewis orchard. This is an excellent pear country, says Mr. Lewis, who has been interested in orcharding and gardening for several years.

Manager C. R. Buchanan, of the J. C. Penney store returned last evening from Fort Worth, Texas. Mr. Buchanan has been out on business for the J. C. Penney company, and also arranging for a location for the store of which he will take charge in February. Mr. Buchanan will go to Fort Worth and assume charge of the Penney store there, one of the largest of the system.

County School Superintendent Benito F. Baca reports that the new graded school at Upper Las Vegas is doing exceptionally well. Heretofore but one teacher has been employed at Upper Las Vegas, but this year, through the efforts of Superintendent Baca, a graded school, with two teachers, was arranged for. With the exception of some three or four boys, the attendance at the school has been all that the teachers could desire. However, the truant officer visited parents of delinquent boys, and this morning the attendance was 100 per cent. Mrs. Marie C. Navarro and Miss Josephine Garcia are the teachers. Superintendent Baca, Rural Superintendent Miss Reed and County Physician Fleming left today for a visit to the school at Cherryvale, and five other districts in that vicinity.

Miss Elsie Lee, cashier at the Castaneda hotel, has been forced to resign her position, on account of ill health. Miss Lee will leave tomorrow for Denver. She has been cashier here for more than a year, and is considered one of the most efficient accountants of the Fred Harvey system. She has made many friends in Las Vegas, who regret to see her leave. Jack Howell, clerk at the local Fred Harvey hostelry, has been promoted to the position of cashier at Syracuse, Kansas. Mr. Howell has been clerk here for the past three years, except for the time he spent in the army in France. While his friends are sorry he is leaving, they congratulate him upon his advancement in the Harvey service. Dick Tibbetts, who formerly was night clerk here, will succeed Mr. Howell in Las Vegas.

A. O. Bolling, who for the past two and a half years, has been agent for the Denver Post, has resigned his position and will represent the Albuquerque Journal here. Roy M. Cook, of the Las Vegas New company, has taken the Denver Post agency.

Fifty-eight new complaints have been filed with the county clerk, against delinquent taxpayers in this county. Two weeks ago 97 complaints

were filed, making a total of 155. Luis E. Armijo, special counsel for the state tax commission filed the complaints.

Patricio Gutierrez was arrested and arraigned before Judge C. H. Stewart this morning on a charge of assault with words. Gutierrez is said to have used a number of choice epithets on the person of Miss Manuelita Baca. After considering the case the judge permitted the parties to settle their difficulty out of court.

Manager F. O. Blood, of the Texas Oil company here, has had erected a metal storage tank with a capacity of 18,000 gallons, at the storage plant east of the Santa Fe tracks. This tank is one of the largest in the southwest, and is the largest to be erected in New Mexico. It is elevated on a mammoth framework. A motor for pumping gasoline into the large tank and for other purposes has been installed, and the oil plant is being overhauled and remodeled throughout.

A week from today the party of Las Vegas boosters for the Ozark Trails is scheduled to leave for Roswell to attend the annual convention of the Ozark Trail association. The Commercial club hopes to send 10 cars, or at least 40 people. It is desired to have every line of business represented by one or more persons. Committees of the club are calling upon the business houses and asking for representatives. The club hopes the people of the town will realize the value of the O. T. to Las Vegas, and plan to send a large delegation, so that Las Vegas may be prepared to resist any efforts to have some other route designated for the trail in New Mexico.

The Rev. Thomas E. Thuresson, pastor of the First Methodist church of this city has been returned to this charge for the coming year by the New Mexico conference. The Rev. Thuresson's many friends are pleased that he is to remain in Las Vegas.

#### FAMOUS EDITOR RESIGNS

Philadelphia, Sept. 23.—The resignation of Edward Bok as editor of the Ladies Home Journal, effective January 1, next, was announced today. H. O. Davis, of Los Angeles, California, who has been managing editor of the magazine for the last six months, will succeed him. Mr. Bok has been editor of the publication for 30 years. He will retain his interest in the Curtis Publishing company and continue as a member of the board of directors.

#### WILSON AT RENO

Reno, Nev., Sept. 22.—When President Wilson arrives here tonight at 8 he will be driven through gaily decorated streets, especially lighted, to a theater where he is to speak. The auditorium has been arranged to seat 2,600 and admission is strictly by ticket. After a two hour stop here the president and his party will resume their trip east.

Paris, Sept. 22.—Troops under Gabriele D'Annunzio, the insurgent Italian commander at Fiume, have begun extending their zone of occupation into Jugo Slav territory according to the Jugo-Slav delegation in Paris. They penetrated seven miles into Jugo-Slavia on Saturday, occupying the heights at Pishniak, dominating the surrounding country.

### MANY CASES BELIEVED TO BE HOARDING ARE NOT LEGALLY SUCH

United States Attorney Summers Lurkhart at Albuquerque has written the following letter in reply to a communication sent him by a number of local residents concerning food hoarding and profiteering:

Gentlemen:

Your letter of August 25th concerning the high cost of living was forwarded to me from Santa Fe, but on the day it was mailed there, I went to Santa Fe and have been there practically ever since and have never had an opportunity yet to answer it.

I want to say in the first place that I did not give out the statement attributed to me as it is stated in the Associated Press dispatch. I did say, and want to repeat, that the amount of food stocks held by wholesale dealers of New Mexico as a whole are at present smaller than the amount held by them a year ago. This statement is based on the reports made to the food control committees a year ago on July 1st and the report made by these same houses about the middle of August of this year. In some cases the stocks have been checked and found to correspond with the reports.

I have only two men available for this service in a state about 500 miles square. The present congress has failed to appropriate one cent to help make this investigation. Two men cannot possibly do the necessary work.

In Vegas, about the time that your letter was written and for a week to ten days after, it was widely advertised that Mr. A. R. Gere, one of the special agents of the department of justice, was there to investigate the food situation and other matters of kindred nature. I am sorry you did not furnish him with the evidence you say exists at Vegas.

In many cases, what people believe to be hoarding and profiteering do not come within the jurisdiction of the government. The law does not cover in any way the investigation of the sale of clothing or shoes, and no one is a retail dealer except one who does more than \$100,000 gross business during the year. There are very few retail dealers within the law in this state. The only remedy, it seems to me, under the present conditions and the present state of the law is that in each county the county food administrator form committees on fair prices and investigate for themselves, as they have a right to do, the conditions that exist, and when these conditions do not show a violation of the law, to give publicity to what business is carried on, and by whom in violation of the spirit and not the word of the law. There are many things which seem to the public to be violations of the law which are not.

The county food administrator in your county is Donald Stewart. In addition to having Mr. Stewart appoint a committee to investigate these matters of which you have evidence, or if he will not act, apply to the district attorney there, who has been asked by the governor to assist in these matters, I would be very much obliged to you if you would send me a memorandum of the evidence in each case that you have, so that we can prosecute those who are guilty of any offense, and should it turn out that they have not violated the terms of

the law, publicity can be given to those who overcharge by your local committee.

As I have heretofore stated, the government is without a cent to spend in employment extra men to make the investigations and we have only two in New Mexico for that purpose.

I am sending this letter to Jno. R. Shaum, 909 Gallinas avenue, East Las Vegas, with the request that he pass it on to each signer of the petition so that each man may make a statement of what he knows. I think you will all be willing to help the government out in this investigation. I cannot write a letter to each of the signers because of my limited clerical assistance; I have only one stenographer in this office and we are overwhelmed with work in preparing for the grand jury which meets on October 6. I shall be very glad to hear from any of you with suggestions as to how this work can be done.

Because of my inability to write to each one of you personally I am sending a copy of this letter to the Las Vegas Optic with the request that it be given publicity so that all men who have cases which need investigation may have the opportunity to present them to the local board there and if the local board or district attorney will not act, then to me and I will do the best I can under the circumstances.

The local authorities have full jurisdiction as to unlawful combinations to raise the price of foodstuffs, and every case should be presented to the district attorney where the man engaged in these unwarranted high prices does not do a business of \$100,000 gross per annum.

Respectfully,  
SUMMERS BURKHART,  
United States Attorney.

### NEW JERSEY LIQUOR DEALERS

Atlantic City, N. J. Sept. 22.—The Liquor Dealers' Protective League of New Jersey will hold a convention in Atlantic City this week. The league will endeavor to arouse a spirit of resentment that will spread to other states in the hope that eventually a strong organized anti-prohibition stand will be created.

By way of injecting national interest into the proceedings Joseph W. Baley, former United States senator from Texas, and Charles Windle of Chicago, editor of the Iconoclast, have been invited to deliver the special addresses. It is understood that both have accepted and are prepared to put hot shot into the ranks of the dregs.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—All indications point to a large and representative attendance at the sixth annual convention of the Farm Mortgage Bankers' association of America, which will open in this city tomorrow. The two-day program will be devoted to practical discussions of important problems now confronting the financiers and business men of America.

Santa Fe, Sept. 22.—The state corporation commission today wired the division superintendent of the Rock Island system to furnish 12 stock cars to David Ellis at Naravisa, Quay county, who complains that he had ordered 12 cars for loading his cattle yesterday but that the cars or any information about them failed to reach Naravisa leaving him far from his pasture with a big bunch of cattle.

### RED CROSS AND JEWISH RELIEF ORGANIZATIONS JOIN FORCES

In accordance with an agreement made between the National Tuberculosis association and the American Jewish Relief committee, which is for \$25,000,000 will be held in the fall. The National Tuberculosis association campaign, which is for the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals, will be held in December just before Christmas.

The Jewish relief committee aims primarily to help Jewish people in the zones devastated by the European war, but its purpose has been extended to give aid to all people in the sphere of its operation. The National Tuberculosis association and the 1000 state and local organizations affiliated with it, aids all people stricken by the great plague.

Through this co-operation, the Red Cross Christmas Seal which for ten years has stood for the battle against tuberculosis and the educational campaigns against the disease, will carry its influence across the seas, because the American Jewish relief committee will be called upon to help stamp out tuberculosis in Poland, Serbia, France and other maimed countries.

The success of the Red Cross Christmas seal sale will mean greater activity than ever before in the fight to save the army of tuberculous men, women and children in the United States. Over one hundred and fifty thousand deaths in the United States each year are due to tuberculosis. The white plague claims most of its victims between the ages of 16 and 45. Those are the years in which the average person is a paying factor in the economic life of the nation. Tuberculosis kills producers.

### REPORT ON RECLAMATION

Santa Fe, Sept. 22.—Assistant State Engineer E. N. Hobart today filed his report on the Carey act reclamation project on the Colfax-Mora counties boundary at Colmor, approving of the construction of the \$200,000 dam and work which will reclaim 16,000 acres. Under the Carey act, the settlers pay the state 50 cents an acre but the water rights will cost them something like \$60 an acre distributed over a long term of years.

### MANY CONTESTS IN BAY STATE

Boston, Sept. 22.—The annual state political campaign in Massachusetts closes today, preliminary to the holding of the general primaries tomorrow for the nomination of candidates for the state and county offices to be filled at the election in November.

Many party fights are to be settled in the primaries. Chief interest centers in the contest for the democratic nomination for governor. The four contestants for the place are Richard H. Long of Framingham, former Governor Eugene N. Foss, ex-Congressman Frederick S. Dietrick of Cambridge, and George F. Monahan of Charlestown.

On the republican side the principal contests are those for the nominations for state treasurer and attorney general. Governor Calvin Coolidge is opposed for renomination as head of the republican ticket.

If it were possible to put all the land on the globe above water level in the Pacific ocean, only one-seventh of the latter would be covered.

### DOMINION LABOR CONGRESS

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 22.—The most important congress of labor leaders ever held in the Dominion, as far as the numbers represented and the interests involved are concerned, was begun in this city today when the thirty-fifth annual Trades and Labor congress of Canada was called to order by President Tom Moore. During the week that the congress will continue in session a number of issues of vital importance to labor and industry in Canada will be considered and acted upon. Optimism expressed by the delegates before the opening of the session indicate that the congress is likely to go on record as opposed to one big union.

Santiago, Chile, Sept. 23.—New cabinet appointments announced today are as follows: Minister of the interior, Enriquez Bermudez, minister of war in the recent cabinet; minister of foreign affairs, Louis Barros-Borrono; minister of finance, Jules Lillo; minister of justice, Jules Pradoamor; minister of war, Anibal Rodriguez, a former occupant of the portfolio.

### ITALIAN MINISTER RESIGNS

Rome, Sept. 23.—Tomasso Titttoni, Italian foreign minister, has resigned because of the Fiume incident according to an announcement by the Giornale D'Italia.

### WILSON AT OGDEN

Ogden, Utah, Sept. 23.—President Wilson and party arrived here at 2 30 for an hour's ride about the city.

### PLOTS AND MORE PLOTS

London, Sept. 23.—A bolshevik wireless dispatch today reports the discovery of an anti-bolshevik plot with ramifications throughout Russia, which led to the capture and execution of 66 men on charges of conspiracy. The plot is said to have originated in Moscow.

### WANT 50 PER CENT MORE

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 23.—Demand for 50 per cent wage increase was made today on the American Smelting and Refining company.

Trinidad, Colo., Sept. 23.—Local offices of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company report company industrial mines at Starkville, Engleville, Sopris, Tabasco and Tollerburg closed down by order of the company headquarters. The Colorado Fuel and Iron company employs about 2,130 men in this district and about half of this number will be thrown out of employment by the closing of these mines. All men who can be used in the commercial mines will be employed there, but it is doubtful if more than 10 per cent left idle by the close down can be employed.

The daily output of all the Colorado Fuel mines in the district is about 6,000 tons. Commercial mines do not produce more than 45 per cent of this so the output will be reduced fully 3500 tons daily. No trouble of any kind is reported here.

### FRIEND OF "TEDDY" DEAD

Leadwood, S. D., Sept. 23.—Seth Bullock, life long personal friend of the late Theodore Roosevelt, died at his home here this morning after an illness of several weeks. He was a pioneer of the Black Hills and was 62 years old.

Miss Louise Cunningham left this afternoon for Portland, Oregon, where she will visit with friends for some time.

Marriage licenses were issued this morning to Ezequiel Martinez and Carlota Fresquez, both of East Las Vegas, and to Elias Romero and Catalina Ribera, both of Pueblo.

Miss Josephine Gallegos, who has been visiting her mother, returned this afternoon to Pueblo, where she is employed. She was accompanied by Miss Josephine C. de Baca and Mrs. R. A. Montoya.

Men were at work at the Normal university this morning removing the flagpole from the main building. The pole had become rotted at the base and was a menace to the safety of the students. The work is being done by steeplejacks from Denver.

George M. Robinson and Miss Zella McCafferty were married yesterday afternoon at the Methodist parsonage, the Rev. Thuresson performing the ceremony. Only the intimate friends of the couple were present. Mrs. Robinson came to Las Vegas from Oklahoma City, and has been employed at the Castaneda hotel. Mr. Robinson is an engineer running out of Las Vegas on the Santa Fe. He returned recently from army service. The couple will reside here.

The lack of interest and enthusiasm on the part of Las Vegas towards the Ozark Trail may result in the removal of the trail from this city and the designation of another New Mexico town in its place. This would mean considerable loss as 95 per cent of the tourists that visited Las Vegas during the past summer came over the Ozark trail. If Las Vegas is dropped as the western terminal of the trail it can easily be seen that the result would spell finish to our tourist visitors.

Florencio Pedrosa was arrested yesterday by Solomon Asa, marshal of Las Vegas, and this morning was found guilty of robbery from the Danziger store, and was sentenced by Judge Garcia y Gutierrez to serve a term of 90 days in the county jail and to pay a fine of \$90.

Pedrosa had in his possession when arrested, 17 pairs of silk stockings, stolen from the Danziger Brothers' store, and also a brand new hat, which it is believed he had stolen also. He is a Mexican citizen, and is believed to be of the party of Mexicans who came here when run out of Pueblo two weeks ago.

Silbino Marquez, accused of being a pocketbook exchange artist, was given a hearing yesterday afternoon before Justice of the Peace Felix Garcia y Gutierrez, and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury, under a bond of \$2,000. Not being able to furnish the bond, Marquez is being held in the county jail. He entered a plea of not guilty when arraigned yesterday afternoon.

The police on the West side, and the sheriff's office are making every effort to round up the men who have been committing numerous crimes in Las Vegas, and who have been labeled as undesirables. Both Pedrosa and Marquez, who is awaiting action by the grand jury, on a charge of robbery, are Mexican citizens, and it is said that they are of a party run

out of Mexico, or who left there because the situation in that country made their "business" unprofitable. Officials stated today that these fellows would find Las Vegas to be a dangerous town for any law breakers to make their headquarters, or in which to operate.

**Billie Burke Next Tuesday.**

Billie Burke will be the feature at the Coronado next Tuesday playing "Good Gracious, Anabelle!"

Many stage sets of unusual splendor have been provided for this play, and several of the scenes were photographed in Miss Burke's own home at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, in which Miss Burke's private library containing hundreds of volumes, her real cut glass, silver and gold ornaments are shown with admirable effect.

Attorney Luis E. Armijo and Tom La Rue made a record trip from Fort Sumner to Las Vegas. They left Fort Sumner at 2 o'clock p. m., and reached Las Vegas at 10 p. m. The distance over the direct route is 118 miles, but a washout on the Fort Sumner-Santa Rosa road made it necessary for them to make a detour of some 35 miles. The roads are dry, but rough, say automobilists who travel this way.

In the new Polish republic women enjoy absolute political equality with men and a number of them are holding government positions.

Throughout New Mexico the American Legion is growing, and the representation of this state at the national convention in Minneapolis will be much more than was hoped for before the drive of last week ended.

However, one city in the state has not done its part. Las Vegas, which should have a membership of at least 500, has less than 50 men enrolled as members of the organization to which every man who saw military or naval service during the great war, should belong. The American Legion stands for a square deal and for 100 per cent Americanism. Are the men who have returned from overseas, from the camps and the naval stations going to stay out of this Legion, just because the Legion members aren't enthusiastic enough to invite them to join it? Better get some pep, somewhere, either in the Legion or out of it, is the advice of those who wish the veterans' organization to become the factor here that it is becoming elsewhere.

Mrs. H. G. Coors and daughter, Miss Alice Coors, expect to leave tomorrow for an extended visit in California.

Six men were fined in Albuquerque, as a result of a raid on a pool hall there. The men were convicted of gambling. Thirteen men were arrested, but seven of them were merely onlookers.

Mrs. C. F. Cunningham, Santa Fe operator at Rowe, was brought to the Las Vegas hospital last night, for medical treatment. She was reported this afternoon to be doing well. Mrs. Cunningham was threatened with appendicitis.

Mrs. Johanna Vollmer left last night for Urbana, Illinois, where she will visit with her daughters, Misses Wilhelmina and Sylvia Vollmer, who are attending the University of Illinois.

Miss Sylvia Vollmer is an instructor in Spanish in the university.

Max Ilfeld left last night for Boston where he will enter the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He was accompanied by Caldwell Archibald, who is returning to Annapolis after spending his vacation in Las Vegas. Archibald is a student in the naval academy.

Las Vegas who enjoy seeing really excellent farm and livestock exhibits are asked to remember the Wagon Mound fair and jubilee, on October 3 and 4. Wagon Mound citizens, and the farmers from the surrounding country are planning to make the fair the biggest of its kind ever held in the county. A bean feed will be a feature that should not be missed.

A temporary Y. W. C. A. in which membership is voluntary has been formed at the New Mexico Normal university. Miss Agnes Brinegar was chosen by the young women for their acting president and Mrs. Miller is the temporary secretary. A committee on constitution and by-laws has been appointed and as soon as a national organizer arrives the permanent association will be formed.

The students and board at the Normal university for the present year was named yesterday. The board is composed of President Roberts, Dean Frank Carroon, Assistant Dean T. G. Rogers, Miss Margaret Kennedy, Miss Elsie Reeves, Elmer Schmidt and M. A. Rogers. It was rumored at the state institution this morning that ground for the new building would be broken on October 10.

Severiano Montoya of Canon de Manuelitas has been arrested on a charge of larceny of one head of meat cattle. The case was scheduled for late this afternoon at Justice Stewart's court. C. N. Higgins and Henry Blattman will defend Montoya.

Engineer A. M. Sulter, who was injured in the collision between two Santa Fe engines Tuesday night, was reported this afternoon to be recovering. Mr. Sulter is not so seriously injured as was thought yesterday. Fireman Cook, who also was brought to the hospital here, suffered only minor injuries is recovering rapidly.

The fall term of the Guadalupe county court ended at Santa Rosa Tuesday, and the district officials who went there to hold court, have returned to Las Vegas. A few minor cases were disposed of in the short session. Several cases, on the call docket, were dismissed by Judge Leahy. Those who came up from Santa Rosa: District Judge David J. Leahy, District Attorney C. W. G. Ward, Assistant District Attorney Luis E. Armijo, Court Stenographer William E. Gortner, Interpreter Lino Romero and Judge E. R. Wright of Santa Fe.

Justice C. H. Stewart's court devoted the entire session today to an assault and battery case in which Manuel R. Lucero and his sons Cristobal and Antonio S. were the defendants and Prudencio Urioste the plaintiff. A heated argument on the morning of the third of September at Tecolotito resulted in blows in which Lucero and his sons were the chief instigators. The clothes of Urioste were badly torn and his person damaged to the extent

of losing several handfuls of hair and considerable skin. The clothes and hair of Urioste and some rocks used by the Luceros were exhibited to the court. Attorneys Luis E. Armijo and Garcia y Gutierrez represented the defendants and C. N. Higgins and Rafael G. Lucero prosecuted. The case was still being tried at a late hour this afternoon.

Mrs. Gordon Rowe will leave this evening for St. Louis, where she will visit for some time.

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**

New York, Sept. 25.—Repeating its course of the previous day the stock market reacted quite generally in the first hour today. United States Steel fell back a point. Sugars added to recent advances and California packing and American can were benefited by the broader demand for food shares. The market strengthened again at noon, copers making substantial gains. The close was:  
 American Sugar Refining .....136 3-8  
 American T. and T. Co..... 98  
 Anaconda Copper ..... 67 1/2  
 Atchison ..... 38  
 Chino Copper ..... 42 1/2  
 Colo. Fuel and Iron Co..... 42 1/2  
 Inspiration Copper ..... 59 1-4  
 Southern Pacific .....100 3-8  
 Union Pacific .....121 1/4  
 United States Steel .....103 3-8

**CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE**

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Fresh weakness developed in the corn market today as a result of lack of support and owing to continued selling pressure from commission houses.

Provisions were dull and weak. The ruling factor was the downward tendency of grain and hogs. The closing quotations were as follows:  
 Corn, Dec. \$1.23 1/2; ay \$1.20 1/2.  
 Oats, Dec. 68 5-8; May 71.  
 Pork, Sept. \$40; Oct. \$35  
 Lard, Oct. \$24.90; Jan. \$22.  
 Ribs, Oct. \$18.45; Jan. \$18.15.

**KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK**

Kansas City, Sept. 25.—Hogs, receipts 5,000. Market lower. Heavy \$16.65@17.45; mediums \$17@17.50; lights \$16.75@17.50; pigs \$14@17.15.  
 Cattle, receipts 6,000. Market higher. Prime fed steers \$16.10@17.85; mediums \$12.40@16; common \$10.50@11.75; cows \$6.35@12; heifers \$6.75@14.25; stockers and feeders \$5.50@9.75; feeders \$8.30@13.40; calves \$11.75@18.  
 Sheep, receipts 20,000. Market steady. Lambs \$12@14.75; yearlings \$9@10. ewes \$5.50@17; culls \$7.25@11.

Joe Taichert has proven himself to be an expert shot, by killing a coyote while traveling in a Ford. Yesterday Taichert and Sidney Regensberg were returning from Mora, in the Taichert Ford, when they almost ran over a coyote near the stockyards north of town. Regensberg was driving, and Taichert seized a shotgun which he habitually carries in his car, and drew a bead on the coyote, killing it the first shot. The car was traveling at the rate of some 25 miles an hour, and the coyote was digging for the tall timber as fast as its legs could carry it. Joe applied for the \$2 bounty at the court house.

If it were all to do over, do you suppose the president would go to Paris alone?