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CARRANZA TROOPS MAY JOIN WITH VILLISTAS

JUAREZ GARRISON FAILS TO GO OUT AFTER REBELS, IN SIGHT TWO DAYS

El Paso, Texas, June 12.—For two weeks now the Carranza soldiers have been closely shut up in Juarez, and for the past few days Villa troops have been raiding the Mexican villages east of Juarez. Carranza officials insist that Villa has no more than 1600 men in all the north, but it is noted that he has a garrison of about 4,000 men shut up in Chihuahua, and when he passed that city the other day they did not go out after him. He is also keeping General Dieguez at Torreon with five or more thousands of men, and if the official version of his strength is the true one there can not be very many revolutionists roaming around in the vicinity of Juarez, and the 3,000 soldiers shut up there should go out and get the enemy.

According to Mexicans who should know, and generally do, Villa has more men than he can arm and equip and feed. He is believed to have about 3,500 well armed, and some 2,000 indifferently equipped for warfare. These men he is using to destroy the railroads and do the scouting. He is believed to have brought, or sent, a large amount of money and bullion to the line within the past few days and will probably receive needed supplies for it. Three large American interests operating near Parral recently paid him a large sum in real money, United States currency, which he is using where it will do the most good.

For two days rebels have been within sight of Juarez, and while apparently few, the garrison does not venture out after them. It is reported that a force of 80 men was sent out Monday and went over to the enemy in a body, probably killing the officer in charge.

Mexican opinion is divided as to whether or not Angeles, who is said to be in command of the revolutionists, will attack Juarez. It is admitted by all that he can take the place if he is willing to sacrifice men, as it is doubtful if the garrison will make any harder fight than is necessary to make a showing. If Angeles takes Juarez it will be for the purpose of determining the attitude of this gov-

ernment, and it is believed by many that he has some assurance of official recognition.

Guadalupe, east of Juarez, was taken without a fight, and all the towns down the river as far as Ojinaga will fall the same way. The Carranza commanders are making no effort to hold any outside points, as it is understood they can not trust their men.

As many Mexican officials as can get away spend the nights on this side, and it will surprise no one to have the entire garrison come over en masse at any time.

El Paso, June 12.—The 24th United States infantry stationed at Columbus, N. M., is on a special train coming to El Paso.

Juarez, June 12.—At 1 p. m. advance forces of General Felipe Angeles are moving in on Juarez via the Rio Grande river bottom.

Every human being in the city was moving to safer quarters. The word went down Avenida Comercio, the main business district, that "they are coming;" some even so close as two miles.

General Francisco Gonzales, the Juarez commander and Colonel J. Gonzales Escobar, next in command received the news just before 1 p. m., and there was intense activity among the federal troops and their officers.

It is reported that over 1,000 men are between two and four miles from Juarez.

General Felipe Angeles knows the strength of the Juarez garrison and its fortifications and the number of his forces must equal those of the federals.

It is safe to believe that with the moving up of the Angeles forces so close to Juarez they will remain stationary until toward evening unless the federals move out to attack. Just where the 500 cavalymen, that went east last night, are now, is not known.

Garcia Imprisoned

Laredo, Texas, June 12.—Juan M. Garcia, governor elect of the Mexican state of Nuevo Laredo, has been imprisoned as the result of disturbances that followed the election last Sunday.

General Marcial Gonzales, whom Garcia defeated, has been taken to Mexico City under arrest.

Information from Monterey indicated a provisional government might be seated instead of Garcia as the result of the disturbances in which a number of persons have been reported killed.

JURISPRUDENCE OF NEW MEXICO REQUIRES SPECIAL STUDY IN LEGAL MATTERS

Detailed consideration is to be given a proposition to establish a law school as a department of the University of New Mexico at Albuquerque under the new regime that is being discussed. It is argued that annually, several score of young men are admitted to the bar by the state supreme court who have more or less training, but none of whom have made an intensive study of New Mexico jurisprudence, such as they would have in a New Mexico law school. The New Mexico statutes in part based on the common law, in part on the Code Napoleon and in part on the law as it came from Spain through Mexico to New Mexico require for their mastery special experience or study. Similarly, New Mexico precedents, and legal questions that might be called local growing out of irrigation customs, proximity to the Indians, old land grants, ancient deeds, Spanish phraseology and similar peculiar phases of life in New Mexico, must be well understood by the successful practitioner. There should be openings too for the man specially prepared in sympathetic environment to deal with legal questions in the adjoining republic in Mexico. It is argued that for a law school of that kind there would be immediate and considerable patronage, which would grow rapidly with the years and would keep many of New Mexico's finest young men in the state who otherwise go to universities elsewhere for their law course. It is pointed out that the establishment of a law school requires no extensive or expensive equipment, that Albuquerque has a scholarly bar and in its courts affords ample opportunity for practical work by students. The graduation certificate should admit to practice in New Mexico without further examination and thus assure to New Mexico law student preference and precedence over the law student who has graduated elsewhere.

TO HUNT DOWN ANARCHISTS

Washington, June 12.—Attorney General Palmer today asked congress for a special half million dollar appropriation to carry on the hunt for anarchists, bomb throwers and enemies of law and order.

FAVORABLE REPORT ON BILL

Washington, June 12.—Favorable report on the house bill to return telegraph and telephone systems to private control at once was voted today by the house interstate commerce committee.

Answer Will Probably Be Given German Envoys on Sat- urday Night.

There is an evident impression in Paris that the allied reply to the German counter proposals, which probably will be ready late Saturday night will refuse the German request for alterations in the terms of peace. The Germans will be given five days in which to make up their minds as to their course. Thus final action by them on the treaty may be expected on or about June 18.

While the council of four probably will explain the provisions of the treaty and may grant some minor concessions, it appears there are to be no changes that will materially lighten the burden placed on the enemy by the treaty presented May 7.

A dispatch from Coblenz tells of the Germans withdrawing all material from territories east of the allied bridgeheads and says that armed German forces also have retired a considerable distance east of the ground held by the allies on the east bank of the Rhine. That there is a disposition on the part of German civilian population to be prepared for an allied advance into Germany also is indicated.

Bolshevik Menace

The menace of bolshevism in central Europe has again assumed proportions which cause concern in peace conference circles. The success of the Hungarian soviet army against the Czecho-Slovaks, the military reverse suffered by the Kolchak forces in southeastern Russia and the danger of Austria passing under bolshevik control have brought matters to a stage where there is no disposition in official circles to minimize the danger. Poland, hemmed in by bolshevism on the east and south and hard pressed by the Germans' west, is said also to be potentially threatened from the direction of Austria.

Advices from Paris indicate that the peace conference has decided to back up the demand made upon Bela Kun by M. Clemenceau, president of the conference, who wired the Hungarian soviet government's foreign minister to cease hostilities against the Czecho-Slovaks.

The formation of a centralized organization for the control of the international conference of economic affairs.

WOULD SEPARATE TREATY AND NATIONS LEAGUE

Washington, June 10.—The treaty fight broke out anew in the senate today along lines which promised speedily to head up the issues involved over the league of nations.

Immediately at the opening of the session, Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, republican, of the foreign relations committee and a former secretary of state, presented a resolution of far-reaching proposals. It proposes to have the senate give official notice to President Wilson and the American peace mission at Paris that ratification of the treaty is opposed in its present form which has the league covenant interwoven with the terms of settlement.

It proposes that the peace treaty shall be so drawn that the question of a league of nations shall be reserved for consideration by the people of any nation without affecting Germany's obligations in the actual settlement of peace terms.

It proposes to have the senate declare it the policy of the United States government that should the peace and freedom of Europe again be threatened by any power or combination of powers the United States will regard such a situation as a menace to itself and would pledge the United States, if necessary to go to "the defense of civilization," again.

The Knox resolution was referred without debate to the foreign relations committee and the storm for the

A fresh outbreak was threatened, however, when Senator Pittman, democrat, of Nevada, began reading a speech in favor of the league of nations by former President Taft which previously had been denied unanimous consent for insertion in the record on objection of Senator Smoot, republican, of Utah.

Washington, June 10.—A resolution to have the senate declare it could not concur in the league of nations provisions of the peace treaty as now drawn was introduced today by Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, republican, of the foreign relations committee.

The resolution which is expected to bring to a more definite stage the fight being made against the league covenant, asks that the covenant be separated from the peace treaty before submitting the same for ratification.

At the request of Senator Knox, who announced he would later discuss it in the senate, the resolution was referred to the foreign relations committee.

The resolution was offered by Senator Knox after a conference with Chairman Lodge of the committee and there were evidences that it would have the backing of those who have conducted the fight against the league. It is understood to be designed as an official notice to the peace conference that ratification of the treaty in its present form is opposed.

The Knox resolution proposes that "the treaty shall be so drawn as to permit any nation to reserve without prejudice to itself for future separate and full consideration by its people the question of any league of nations" but that the obligations of Germany and her co-belligerents under

the treaty shall not be thereby affected.

The Knox resolution also would declare it the policy of the United States government in order to meet fully and fairly our obligations to ourselves and to the world, that the freedom and peace of Europe being again threatened by any power or combination of powers, the United States will regard such a situation with grave concern as a menace to its own peace and freedom."

In such an event the Knox resolution proposes that "the United States will consult with other powers affected with a view to devising means for the removal of such menace and will, the necessity arising in the future, carry out the same complete accord and co-operation with our chief cobelligerents for the defense of civilization."

FLEE JUAREZ, FEAR ATTACK OF VILLISTAS

El Paso, June 10.—A courier racing into Juarez last night at 5 o'clock from Tierra Blanca 15 miles south of Juarez with the news that forces of General Felipe Angeles were concentrated around Samalayuca, a small town 22 miles from Juarez, caused a near panic and a heavy exodus of Mexicans and other nationalities from Juarez into El Paso.

For five hours every street car from the city opposite El Paso was packed to capacity with frightened refugees, carrying bundles, suitcases and other small packs. Those who had passports valid from 8 p. m. to 7 a. m. were allowed to enter American territory, but many were turned back some having neither day nor night passports, and several were detained by the American immigration authorities for investigation.

One street car alone brought over the international bridge 174 refugees.

At 10 o'clock this morning Juarez apparently was "waiting for something; waiting for word that would cause another panic and a rush to the American side."

The streets of the city were almost deserted except for small groups of men talking in low tones. The big gambling halls where the sound of the roulette wheels and poker chips is heard day and night, were empty this morning, their doors closed. The salons, of which there are many, were likewise deserted.

At military headquarters there was a double guard and the streets in the downtown section were being patrolled. The outside fortification trenches and other precautionary impediments were heavily occupied during the entire night and today.

General Francisco Gonzales this morning said he had 3,000 men and that their morale was "perfect."

This morning more Mexican federals were patrolling the south bank of the Rio Grande. Just why the border guard on the Mexican side was increased, no one would say and Mexican army officials were reticent.

Guadalupe was occupied last night by forces of Villa and another force under the banner of General Angeles is said to be moving toward Juarez from the direction of Guadalupe, where evidently the two forces split.

Mexican military officials when asked this morning just how close to Juarez was General Angeles, said 30 miles but well informed persons on

the Mexican side said "not more than 15 miles."

There was a noticeable "tightening up" of passport inspection on the Mexican side this morning and generally three inspections were given to passers and one customs inspection.

On the American side there apparently was no change in military routine.

McKINLEY COUNTY TO ACCEPT FEDERAL AID

Albuquerque, N. M., June 10.—McKinley county has completed plans for co-operation in a federal aid project which will result in the immediate construction of a hard surfaced road over the six miles from Gallup to the Fort Wingate military reservation. Announcement of the project was made here today by A. E. St. Morris, district highway engineer.

GENERAL ELIAS CALLES, FORMERLY MILITARY GOVERNOR THERE IN COMMAND

Nogales, Ariz., June 10.—General P. Elias Calles, formerly military governor of Sonora, Mexico and two months ago appointed secretary of commerce in the Carranza cabinet, has returned from Mexico City and will take the field in Sonora with 1,600 troops in an effort to crush the Yaquis and other bandit bands which have been killing and plundering promiscuously for the past two weeks. This was the announcement made in Nogales Sonora this morning.

General Calles is at Hermosillo today in consultation with his military aides Generals Francisco Torres and Francisco Serrano.

General Calles' plan, it was stated is to take the pick of the garrisons which have been protecting the railroads during the harvesting and shipping of the \$5,000,000 chick pea crop, and with a force of about 1,500 men, sweep the La Colorada and Navajo districts clean of the bandits who have been terrorizing those sections.

It is expected that the campaign will occupy General Calles until September, when he will return to Mexico City to take his place in the federal cabinet and leave the administration of Sonora to Governor-elect de la Huerta, who is scheduled to take office September 16.

Mexican federal officials at Nogales, Sonora, attribute the banditry of the past two weeks to Villa propaganda, but they are confident that with General Calles in the field, the situation soon will be cleared up.

TWO RAILROAD EMPLOYEES KILLED IN ACCIDENT

Waterloo, Ia., June 10.—Two men were killed and five injured when a Rock Island train from Minneapolis for Chicago and St. Louis struck three horses at Washburn, Iowa, today.

The dead are: Fred Hisdale, engineer, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

C. A. Horton, baggageman, Minneapolis.

AUSTRIA PREPARES ANSWER

Vienna, June 10.—The Austrian government tonight was preparing its answer to the peace terms. It is understood that the reply probably would be evasive.

Brest, June 10.—Thirty thousand troops left Brest last night and today

for the United States on board nine transports, the Agamemnon, Nieuw Amsterdam and America sailed last night, while the Nebdaska, Vermont, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, and Prince Friedrich Wilhelm sailed today.

The troops are from the sixth and seventh divisions and the service of supply.

The transport Imperator arrived here at noon and is loading today. She will leave tomorrow with 10,000 soldiers.

Since June 1, 60,000 troops have left Brest.

MUCK TO BE DEPORTED

Boston, June 10.—Dr. Karl Muck, former conductor of the Boston Symphony orchestra, who is under indictment in the east, is to be deported soon, Judd Dewey, assistant United States attorney said today.

SPEEDED AROUND CORNER

Clyde Smith was fined \$10 in the court of Justice C. H. Stewart this afternoon on the charge of speeding. Smith was guilty of turning the corner of Sixth and Douglas streets at a rate of speed faster than is allowed by law and was cited to appear in court.

UNFILLED ORDERS DECREASE

New York, June 10.—Unfilled orders of the United States Steel corporation on May 31, were 4,282,510 tons, according to the corporation's monthly statement issued today. This is a decrease of 518,375 tons compared with the orders on April 30.

AMERICANS WIN CONTEST

Paris, June 10.—By a score of 24 points against 17 accumulated by four rival units, the United States army swimmers representing the army of occupation unit outclassed their competitors in the American expeditionary force swimming championships, which were contested in Lake St. James, Bois de Boulogne on Sunday. Among the spectators were many notables, including Secretary of State Lansing and John W. Davis, the American ambassador to England.

SECOND INCOME TAX INSTALLMENT JULY 15

Sunday, July 15, is the date named by the government on which the second installment of the income tax this year must be paid, or it may be paid before that date. An appeal has been sent out by the internal revenue collector to pay this second installment before July 15, so as to avoid the rush, and an appeal also is made to pay the entire balance due in a lump sum, when possible, to save book-keeping.

The treasury department has sent out an announcement that certificates of indebtedness of the series 1919, T2 and T3 may be issued to pay the income tax and are preferred to other forms of payment, because they will assist the banks and the collectors in the redemption of these certificates.

Commissioner Roper has called attention to the rule requiring every taxpayer to refer to his account number which is found on the receipts sent out by the office where the income tax was paid.

War times—wrist watches.

War Department Inquiry Compliments Work of 'Y'

The secretary of war ordered an official army investigation of war work agencies. Here are some of the results of the first report.—Editor's note.

New York, June 10.—The first report made in connection with the official investigation of war work organizations in France, ordered by Secretary of War Baker, has just been received here at the headquarters of the national war work council of the Y. M. C. A. The report covers the activities of the Y. M. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, Salvation Army, Jewish Welfare Board, and other organizations in the area around Gondrecourt, and is based on hundreds of sworn statements which are submitted as part of the report. The three volumes of the report take up 503 pages.

Army officers who made the inspection under the direction of Major L. B. Row, 88th division inspector, investigated the question of canteen charges, canteen management, personnel, adequacy of supplies for free distribution, workers and canteen supplies at the front, educational and recreational facilities, the service for the transmission of soldiers' funds, and the attitude and performance of duties of individual welfare workers.

That the Knights of Columbus, the Salvation Army, the Jewish Welfare Board, and Red Cross avoided harsh criticism by not assuming responsibility for canteen work and hence were able to work when and where they pleased and thus maintain at all times a reputation for work well done, is the statement made by the report to account in part for the criticism directed against the Y. M. C. A. as compared with other war work agencies. On account of this fact, and because these other organizations gave away much for free distribution, which the Y from necessity could not do, says the report, an unjust and unfair comparison was made to the discredit of the Y. It is pointed out that if the Y had adopted a policy of general free distribution, possibly more than ten times the amount of funds collected in the United States would have been required to support such a project.

Speaking of the Y. workers themselves, the report makes this statement:

"The great majority of the Y personnel were generous, sympathetic, hardworking and self-sacrificing. It is evident that much fearless, untiring work was done among the front line troops. It is to be regretted that this splendid service was overshadowed in part by criticism for which the personnel in general are in no way responsible."

The section giving the findings as to the canteen service is as follows:

"The greatest source of criticism was the taking over of the general canteen work. By this, the Y assumed a responsibility of gigantic proportions. Every organization of the A. E. F. then expected of the Y a service which it would be difficult to maintain in the most excellently functioning department of the army.

Transportation was inadequate. Military necessity did not permit the transportation necessary for supplies; and fighting men in the front lines did not receive supplies which had been advertised and in a manner promised, and which they expected would be delivered.

"There can be no doubt that the Y has done a great work in the A. E. F. and that time will eliminate much of the fault finding which at one time was prevalent."

STATE PROSECUTOR DISMISSES INDICTMENTS—BEAN STEALING CASE UP

At the opening of the district court this morning the special venire for grand and petit juries was returned into court by Sheriff Romero, and upon examination as to their qualifications a petit jury of 24 men and a grand jury of 21 men was selected, empaneled and sworn to serve for the term.

A jury was called and the first case tried was that of the State vs. Santiago Aragon and Ricardo Romero, charged with the larceny of five sacks of beans of 100 pounds each, of the value of \$39.67 from Vicente Ulibarri. The larceny is alleged to have been committed in December, 1917, and the defendants were indicted in June 1918. Fourteen sacks of beans were taken from the home of Vicente Ulibarri, and five sacks were found in the warehouse of the Charles Ilfeld company, and according to the records the beans were purchased from Santiago Aragon and Ricardo Romero, at seven cents per pound, the Ilfeld company purchasing from the defendants six sacks of the 14 sacks which Ulibarri alleges he lost. This case is on trial this afternoon. Charles N. Higgins appears for the defendants.

The next case for trial is that of the State vs. Carlos Pino and Rufina Rael, charged with larceny of one head of neat cattle.

Upon call of the criminal docket by Judge Leahy, the following cases were dismissed by District Attorney Ward:

State vs. Eleuterio Lopez, larceny of cattle.

State vs. Nepomuceno Segura, unlawfully cutting a fence.

State vs. N. Segura, maiming and disfiguring a cow.

State vs. James Gentry, assault with intent to kill.

State vs. Irnatio Vigil, seduction. Upon statement that the defendant and complaining witness had married, this case was dismissed by the state.

State vs. H. L. Cutler, malicious prosecution, appeal, dismissed.

State vs. Hipolito Garcia, appeal, dismissed.

Defendants in the following cases having failed to appear when their case was called, their bond was forfeited by the court:

State vs. Seb Foster, unlawfully branding one head of cattle.

State vs. Florencio C. de Baca, assault with words, appeal. This forfeiture was afterwards set aside and the case set for trial.

It is alleged in the indictment that the defendant assaulted with words, Felipe Chacon, at one time editor of El Independiente. Florencio Baca being editor of La Voz del Pueblo.

The following citizens comprise the petit jury for the term:

Alejandro Aragon, Emiterio Leyba, Margarito Delgado, Jose M. Naranjo, Encarnacio Perea, Juan Trujillo, Santos Vigil, Jose D. Salazar, Crescencio Lopez, Antonio Gonzales, Toribio Roybal, Nestor Montano, Hipolito Baca, Simon Dminguez, Juan P. Montano, Enrique Vigil, Justo Gonzales, Eugenio Ortiz, Guadalupe Bustos, Jose Roybal, Florencio Mares, Fidel Luce-ro, Estanislado Saiz, Severino Baca.

The panel of grand jurors for the term consists of the following named citizens of San Miguel county:

Daniel Roybal, Sixto Jiron, Higinio Gutierrez, Cipriano Hurtado, Natividad Leyba, Pedro P. Lopez, Estanislado Gomez, Rosalio Roybal, Brigido Gallegos, Lucrecio Valdez, Matias Padilla, Catarino Atencio, Pablo Vigil, Jose T. Dominguez, Rodolfo Montoya, Luciano Pacheco, Adelaído Lobato, Octaviano Salas, Anastacio Bustos, Fidel Camaduran and Martin Sena.

Sixto Trujillo was appointed foreman of the grand jury, Pacomio Romero was appointed bailiff to the grand jury, and Pilar Abeyta, interpreter.

CASTANEDA HOTEL

HAS NEW MANAGER

S. L. Benedito, new Castaneda manager for this city, has moved his family to this city. Mr. Benedito was formerly manager of the Cardenas at Trinidad, Colo. His place at Trinidad has been filled by Ted Hayward of this city. Mr. Ralph Whetham, who has been manager of the Castaneda for some time, will leave about June 15 for his old home in England. He is taking his wife and three children, Alfreda aged 10, Ann age 5 and two months old son, who will be named after their arrival in England, with him. W. H. Bowman, former cashier at the Castaneda, has been promoted to manager of the Deming Harvey house. His place in this city has been filled by Miss Elsie Lee of Newton, Kans.

STATE PAYS EXPENSES

Santa Fe, June 9.—That gasoline inspectors may collect necessary traveling expenses was an opinion handed down by Attorney General Askren. The opinion was given Canuto Trujillo of Chimayo, gasoline inspector for the Rio Arriba district. He says: "The act in question does not limit in amount the expense to be incurred by the gasoline inspectors but provides that they may collect 'necessary traveling expenses actually incurred while performing the duties of his office.'"

FOOD VALUE OF POTATOES

Ten pounds of potatoes of good variety contain approximately seven and a half pounds of water and two and a half pounds of food, chiefly starch. The starch of the potato is equal as food to the starch which forms the principal nutritive substance of bread.

The United States Naval academy will celebrate its 75th anniversary next year, having been founded in 1845 by George Bancroft, who was secretary of navy in the cabinet of President Polk.

* Springfield, Ill., June 10.—Illinois is the first state to ratify the woman suffrage amendment. The general assembly approved the measure today. The vote in the senate was unanimous while in the house the roll call was 132 to 3.

* Madison, Wis., June 10.—The Wisconsin legislature today ratified the federal suffrage amendment, the assembly voting 54 to 2 and the senate 23 to 1.

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One outstanding feature impresses the mind of every man who reads the president's Memorial day address—the frequent misstatement of fact—in which respect it differs little from his numerous other addresses during the past four years. From his opening declaration that "these men who lie here are men of unique breed," his remarks were replete with false assumptions or erroneous assertions all contrived to bolster up the falling fortunes of his league of nations scheme.

The men who died in France were not unique. They were of no different breed from that of men who fought to the last gasp behind the doors of the Alamo, nor different from the breed of men who fought at San Juan hill or in the pestilential swamps of the Philippines.

And it is a false assumption that they went to France to fight for humanity. If that had been their impelling purpose they would have gone in 1915 to rebuke the rape of Belgium, to stay the devastation of France, to avenge the murder of innocents aboard the Lusitania. Self-deception avails us naught. We entered the war after receiving every insult one nation can heap upon another. We entered it after Belgium, France, England and Russia had stood for nearly three years between us and the ruthless hordes of the hellish Huns. We entered the conflict only when it became apparent that Prussian militarism was about to win and we must help or fight the enemy later and alone.

Wilson knows this. The record proves it. The declaration of war corroborates it. But the fact does not detract in the least from the heroism, the courage, the skill and the sacrifice of the men who rallied to the colors and redeemed American honor from the disgrace in which it had been dragged by a pacifist administration. The men who fought at Chateau-Thierry in the summer of 1918 would have fought as valiantly in the summer of 1915, following the sinking of the Lusitania, if they had been given the training, the arms and the opportunity. If America did not perform her part in the war as promptly and effectively as she should, no word of criticism can be directed against the rank and file of the warriors who later won the admiration of the world and the gratitude of all succeeding generations by their valorous deeds.

It is perversion of the truth to say that those men were consciously or unconsciously fighting for a league of nations.

Probably the best thing about a one story house is that the aroma of fried onions is confined to the ground floor.

OPERATORS CONTINUE AT WORK HERE

At the Western Union office in this city this morning, it was stated by Manager Tillotson that the operators for the company here had not gone out, not belonging to the union now on strike. The company is accepting messages for all points. The Postal office is open for business, none of the operators being on strike in this city. However, they are only accepting business for outside points, "subject to delay." Of the eight or more commercial operators in this city, none were on strike at noon today.

Working at Santa Fe

Santa Fe, N. M., June 11.—Up to noon, none of the local operators of the Western Union or Postal company's had quit work. There are about a half dozen operators employed here by the two companies.

Burleson Stands Pat

Washington, June 11.—Postmaster General Burleson declared in a statement today that no amount of pressure would avail to make the government wire control board "extend or go beyond rules and regulations of the war labor board which have been strictly observed since the government took over control of the telegraph and telephone properties."

Mr. Burleson declared the strike of wire employes which began was "wholly without justification."

Denver, June 11.—Practically every one of the 75 telegraph operators at the local offices of the Postal Telegraph company struck here today. Up to 8 a. m., when union officials maintained no operators had left their keys there was a wide divergence in statements of company and strike officials.

At the general manager's office of the Western Union it was said not a man had left work early today. The Postal company this morning was refusing messages. Patrons were told that no operator was left at the key.

Small Per Cent Out

New York, June 11.—Only 166 persons, including 121 operators out of a total of 40,000 employed by the Western Union Telegraph company throughout the country, were absent from duty at noon today, Newcomb Carlton, the company's president, announced in a statement today, terming the strike a failure.

Conflicting claims of union leaders and officers of Commercial Telegraph company made uncertain at noon today the extent of the nationwide strike of telegraph operators, but representatives of the workers confidently maintained that the number of strikers would reach 60,000 by night.

"We are operating 100 per cent." declared an official of the Western Union, after reports from points in this district, which includes Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana and Ohio. "Our proof is the fact that we are ready to accept all business offered."

"Two thousand seven hundred workers will be on the streets by night in this district," said S. J. Konenkamp, president of the Telegraph-

ers Union of America. "The number of strikers in the entire country will be 60,000 by night. Reports are most encouraging. In Chicago 500 are already on strike. The number will be nearly doubled by night."

He exhibited telegrams from various widespread points indicating that the strike response had been general, but failing to show the exact number of strikers.

First reports to the Associated Press from a score of central west cities and towns failed to show that the strike had brought serious results.

Both sides admitted that the central west and especially Chicago is the storm center of the strike.

The Postal Telegraph company here was most seriously affected by the strike. W. E. Collins, general superintendent said that only about 30 per cent of the operators quit, while union officials asserted 90 per cent of them had gone out.

Messengers joined the Postal strikers. A number of slight disturbances occurred about the Western Union and Postal offices, pickets clashing. The Western Union requested police protection.

Postal operators were entirely absent from the board of trade here today and the Western Union force there was reduced to about one-half.

Mr. Konenkamp declared it was uncertain whether electrical workers throughout the country would be called up to join in the strike set for June 16.

Atlantic City, June 12.—Moral support of the strike called for June 16 by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers which include the bulk of union telephone operators throughout the country, today was voted by the American Federation of Labor, which unanimously adopted a resolution containing such a provision.

The vital importance of close co-operation between American and British nations as a means of insuring the future peace of the world was today impressed upon the reconstruction convention of the American Federation of Labor by Miss M. Bondfield, delegate from the British trade union congress.

Consider Mooney Case

Among the resolutions now being considered by the resolution committee of the American Federation of Labor is one dealing with the Mooney case. In this it is proposed that the federation appoint a committee to take action intended to bring about a new trial for Mooney. Should the committee fail it is provided that the federation submit to the international organization the question of calling a 24 hour strike in protest, the date to be determined later.

More Operators to Strike

Chicago, June 12.—In the face of statements by officials of the Commercial Telegraph company that the nationwide strike of operators had failed, S. J. Konenkamp, international president of the Commercial Telegraphers union announced today that assurance had been given that the New York broker operators, some 3,500 strong, would join the strike.

Railway Men Affected

St. Louis, June 12.—An order directing members of the Order of

Railway Telegraphers to discontinue handling business of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies after 6 a. m. Saturday, June 14, was issued here today by E. J. Mancon, president of the railroad telegraphers. The order affects 26,000 railroad operators and approximately 20,000 offices, according to officials of the organizations.

PRAYING BY ELECTRICITY

Praying by electricity is now practiced by the Buddhists in India. The prayers, written on long bands of paper, are wrapped round a wheel, and each turn of the wheel is equivalent to one reception of the prayer. The pious native believes that the greater number of revolutions of his prayer-wheel the better his prayers will be answered, and he either turns it by hand or lets the wind or water turn it. To overcome the difficulty when the water-courses run dry and to safeguard the religious customs and traditions of the natives, the government now compels the electric companies to equip the prayer-wheels with motors, and supply the necessary current to turn them during the dry season free of all charge to the natives.

What Every Man expects

Oh, yes, it is perfectly easy for any woman to learn to cook, writes Helen Rowland.

All in the world you need is the "right spirit, my dear."

And a stove and a cook book, and a bungalow apron. And—the genius of a Newton, the science of a Savarin, the patience of a Griselda, the agility of a Charlie Chaplin, the judgment of Solomon, the skill of Ariel, the imagination of Jules-Verne, the persistence of Delilah, the versatility of Mrs. Fiske, the sure aim of Christy Mathewson, the coolness and composure of "Central," the calm decision of Haroun-al-Raschid, the thumbs of a blacksmith, the skin of a salamander, the batting average of Ty Cobb, the bluff of Cagliostro, the nerve of Jess Willard, the self-assurance of a kaiser, the faith of Joan of Arc, and—the meekness of a—worm!

Happiness in Work.

"Only regular, happy, productive work can give life its full savor," said Jules Payot in the "Education of the Will." "That upwelling sense of energy which we call the joy of living can only arise and be made part of daily life by work. He who does nothing at all has plenty of time to chew the end of petty annoyances. The mind 'gnaws itself,' to use a popular French expression."

"When a soldier or laborer complains of the work he has to do let him be put to doing nothing," says Pascal, and Darwin testifies to the wretchedness of idleness with the remark, "During my stay at Maer my health has been poor and I have been scandalously lazy. The impression that this has made upon me is that nothing is so unbearable as laziness." They and We.

A wounded corporal in a hospital told how, while on patrol duty, he had seen the body of a noncommissioned French officer hanging by the feet, his face bashed in with muskets.

"My men and I were furious," he said, "and made up our minds that we'd do the same thing to the first German we caught. That night we found two Germans hidden in a barn. We fell on them and then as they were hungry we gave them bread. We could not do what they did, for we are not of the same race."—Every body's Magazine.

Enrollment of associate members is the object of Boy Scout week, which is being observed during the present week. Associate members are adults who wish to aid the Boy Scout movement by paying an annual dues of from \$1.00 upward. The president of the United States has recommended to the country that the Boy Scouts be adequately supported, because of their excellent work during the war, when they assisted in every patriotic enterprise.

The Boy Scouts take an oath to do their best to do their duty to God and country; to help other people at all times, and to keep themselves physically strong, mentally awake and morally straight. The scout law requires that they be loyal, helpful, friendly, courteous, kind, obedient, cheerful, thrifty, brave, clean in body and thought, reverent and tolerant. It is believed that adults, when they learn that the scouts stand for these things, will be glad to give their complete support.

Details of the manner of enrollment will be announced tomorrow. Enrollment probably will be done on Saturday.

Washington, June 12.—As reported to the house today, the 1920 navy appropriation bill carries a total of \$601,500,000, a decrease of \$375,000,000 from the estimates submitted by Secretary Daniels.

The bill provides for a temporary enlisted strength of 241,000 men until October 1, 1919, and 192,000 to January 1 and 170,000 for the remainder of the fiscal year, with a permanent increase in pay of enlisted men from \$17.50 to \$32.50 a month.

The authorized number of enlisted men in the marine corps is temporarily increased from 17,400 to 27,400.

The appropriation for aviation was reduced from \$45,000,000 to \$15,000,000.

Winnipeg, June 12.—Investigation of the serious phases of the Winnipeg labor upheaval was in progress here today, with federal officials in charge. Conferences were held at parliament and in the office of Mayor Charles Gray.

Government officials have not authorized any announcement regarding the possible arrest of alleged seditious agitators beyond indorsing recent statements of General Ketchan and Premier Norris that returned soldiers could feel assured the government was preparing to deal severely with enemies of the government.

G. J. Hoxsey and wife, and George Callahan and wife of Mexico, Mo., were tourists in the city this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John Martin and daughter, Ethel, are stopping off in the city to visit Mrs. Martin's sister, Mrs. E. G. Maxwell, of this city. The Martins have been to Baton, where another sister was buried. They are on their way to their home in San Francisco.

The most powerful lamp in the world is in the De la Havre lighthouse near Havre. With flashes one-tenth of a second in duration it actually gives as much light as two and a half million candles.

JUDGE LEAHY EXPLAINS ACTION —S. ARAGON AND R. ROMERO FOUND GUILTY

The application of Louis Matthias Reiggar, to become a citizen of the United States was denied by the court yesterday afternoon upon a final hearing of the petition. Mr. Reiggar is chef at the Castaneda hotel and has been a resident of Las Vegas for the past seven years. The applicant, according to his testimony was born in Graz, Austria, in 1878, and he left Austria for America in the year 1897, when he was 19 years old. He has made two trips to Austria to visit relatives and friends, since coming to the United States. In the year 1912 he took out his first papers in the United States district court, sitting in San Miguel county, and after the period of five years had elapsed in 1917 petitioned that final papers be issued to him. At the time of his application for final papers the bureau of immigration and naturalization took up the matter and considerable testimony was taken in regard to the petition of Mr. Reiggar. Determination of the case was held in abeyance while the war was in progress. The application came on for hearing yesterday afternoon and the petition was denied. The court announced the reasons for denying the petition as follows:

(The Court.) Mr. Reiggar, your petition for admission to citizenship is now before the court for consideration. The privilege of becoming a United States citizen is granted to aliens upon certain conditions. One of these conditions is that the petitioner must satisfy the representatives of this government by his past actions as well as by testimony of competent witnesses, that the petitioner is worthy to become a citizen of the United States of America. The testimony taken in your case was reduced to writing; was submitted to the bureau of immigration and naturalization of the United States of America. You have not satisfied the government officials, nor this court, that you are worthy to become a citizen of this country, and your petition is therefore denied.

Two Found Guilty

The jury in the case of the State vs. Santiago Aragon and Ricardo Romero yesterday afternoon returned a verdict of guilty against both defendants. The indictment against the defendants charged them with the larceny of five sacks of pinto beans, aggregating 57½ pounds, from Vicente Ulibarri. Ulibarri lost from his barn 14 sacks of beans, and found five of them had been sold by the defendants to the Charles Ifeld company, and upon his proof of ownership they were returned to him by that company. C. N. Higgins, attorney for the defendants gave notice that he would move for a new trial and the court gave him until Monday, June 16 to file such motion. The defendants were allowed their liberty upon a \$500 bond being executed by each of them, approved by the clerk of the court.

of cattle the property of Eustacio Atencio, and one charging him with the larceny of a plow the property of Mrs. Abelina Pacheco. The defendant appeared in court and pleaded guilty to both indictments. The court

sheriff, announcing that he would pass sentence at a later day of the term.

The case of the State vs. Secundino Hurtado, charged with assault with a pistol upon Guadalupe Sena, on the 18th of December, 1918, is on trial before the court today.

NO AGREEMENT REACHED—MUNICIPAL WORK BEING DELAYED BY ACTION

Laborers who are out on strike this morning attempted to get men who are now at work to leave their jobs, and Chief of Police Murphy was called by the contractors to warn the strikers that intimidation would not be tolerated. One contractor reported this morning that one of his men had resigned after a number of the strikers had visited him, saying that if he continued at work, the strikers would make things very uncomfortable for him.

A meeting between contractors and strikers this morning did not result in any agreement being reached. A committee from the strikers and the contractors representatives was held in the council chamber at the city hall. The strikers stated they wanted 40 cents an hour, and the contractors replied that they could no pay that wage.

Contracts have been accepted, after figuring a very close margin of profit, contractors state. The price of material and the price of labor had been figured on in the work, and to pay more than the amount which they are now paying would mean losing money every day, they said. Work on the paving of the street car line on Sixth street, which was to have been commenced Monday, is yet delayed, because of the strike.

During the meeting this morning, it was stated that the work to be done here by contractors at the present time was mostly work of municipal improvement and that it appeared that the strikers did not want to see the city progress. Contractors stated to the men that they could go back to work at the old rate if they so desired.

During the meeting it was stated that contractors can send in a hundred laborers from other cities at once, if the local men do not want to go back to work.

The blame for the strike will rest not on the workers themselves but upon a few agitators who seek personal aggrandizement from their efforts. Their efforts will not only prove unfortunate to the laborers, but will surely react upon themselves.

DETACHMENT OF OFFICERS AND MEN OF SEVENTH U. S. CAVALRY LOCATE IN CITY

A number of soldiers dropped into the city last evening and today erected an officers' tent and one tent for the enlisted men of the organization, they proving to be a recruiting detail of the 7th U. S. cavalry. The party, consisting of two captains, one of cavalry and the other of the medical corps, with ten enlisted men of the cavalry, will make a ten day stay in Las Vegas. This city will be headquarters, while trips will be made to adjoining towns in search of recruits for the cavalry, although they will accept men for any of the other branches of service at the same time. In the party are Captain Talmage

Wooley of the medical corps, Capt. Thomas A. Miller of the 7th cavalry, Sergeants James Dickey and George Mackordes, Corporal H. G. Hudson and Privates Alex L. Ribera, Andy D. Dyer, Jack R. Harris, August Santen, Jerome Herman, Flore Garcia and Robert A. Hubble all of the 7th cavalry.

An officers' observation car, shipped from France, is being brought here by three men of the detachment and a touring car will also be brought here for use during the recruiting campaign. The officers and men will be glad to give information to any who are interested in joining the service. Their tents have been erected on the K. of C. lot on Sixth street, just above the city building. The local recruiting station will be kept open as usual.

His Sweet Disposition.

"So you lost your case in court, Mr. Gloom?" said an acquaintance. "Yes," replied J. Fuller Gloom. "And still I am not soured by it; I do not think all lawyers are dishonest. Lincoln was a lawyer, and he was honest. Rufus Choate was honest. Probably some of the signers of the Declaration of Independence were lawyers and honest. And I know the names of several other lawyers, also dead, who are honest."—Kansas City Star.

GOOD MANAGEMENT OF SHEEP

Animals Require Study and Continuous Care—Flocks of 60 Ewes Are Recommended.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Sheep raising does not require expensive equipment or heavy labor, but does require study and continuous attention.

The beginner may acquire experience with less than 20 ewes, but for economy of time and fencing, and to assure proper care, flocks of 60 or more ewes are better.

In most cases lambs are most profitable if made ready for market at about four months, weighing 65 to 75 pounds.

Unless the flock has a very large territory to range over it is necessary to make divisions of the pasture or to use seeded forage crops. This permits the change of grazing ground necessary to insure the health and thrift of the lambs.

PIGS EXERCISE ON PASTURE

Animals Should Have Clean, Dry, Well-Ventilated Shelter to Guard Against Exposure.

Pigs on pasture usually get enough exercise. They should have a clean, dry, well-ventilated shelter to guard against exposure to storms and to supply shade. A concrete wallow will add to the pigs' comfort, and a layer of oil on the water will keep down lice. Clean bedding also helps to keep away lice, as will an oiled sack on a rubbing post, or sprinkle the pigs with crude oil every two weeks.

VALUE OF HOGS AS ROOTERS

Animals Are of Distinct Benefit on Grub-Infested Land—Also Help Soil Fertility.

Hogs root to get grubs mostly, and as rooters they have a distinct value on grub-infested land. First, the destruction of the grubs by the hogs cleans the land of a plant enemy. Secondly, the food value of the grubs as hog feed compares with feeds costing \$25 to \$35 per ton, and lastly the manure distributed by the hogs on the lands has a value of \$3.20

BIG PARADE TO FEATURE REUNION—WILL HONOR VETERANS OF THREE WARS

Features which the cowboys wish to emphasize especially during the coming Reunion are the street parade and the decoration of business houses, streets, and private homes. Though no definite announcement can be made, it is expected that the parade will include a large number of men recently in the service of the army and navy, in uniform, representatives of the Spanish war veterans, and those old heroes of the civil war whom the nation is coming to reverence with increased fervor since their numbers are becoming so few. That these men may receive the honors due them is the wish of the Reunion association, and it is asked that Las Vegas people vie with each other to make the parade as beautiful as possible. Substantial prizes will be offered for the winning floats which will be an added incentive to participate in the parade.

Advertising Widely Distributed

Reunion advertising is going all over the southwest, and is being displayed in some of the eastern papers. C. R. Buchanan, manager of the Penney store, is co-operating with the association by distributing advertising matter through the Penny stores in surrounding states and in New Mexico. Many inquiries are coming in from prospective contestants and visitors. A number of renowned bronc riders from one of the cavalry regiments on the Mexico border have stated that they expect to be here to enter the contests.

The open air racing on Douglas avenue and the Plaza will be a new and novel feature. It will begin at 7:30 o'clock each night during the Reunion and continue until 9 o'clock. Reunion dance will be given each night in the armory, with the big Cowboy ball on the night of July 4, when everyone who can is asked to wear cowboy regalia.

MORE TROOPS HOME

New York, June 11.—Brigadier General Moses, commanding, and seven officers and 60 men of the 156th field artillery brigade and headquarters of the 81st division were among the troops on the transport Cap Finisterre arrived here yesterday. Others included members of the main reconstruction park, (corps 300th motor transport repair unit, 302nd motor transport repair unit, 23rd engineer train, the 309th engineers and 58 nurses.

Weimar, June 12.—"We are still in office and we will stick because it is our duty to save the German people." Gustave Noske, the minister of defense declared at the meeting today of the majority socialist party.

As a reward for baking pies and conducting religious services under fire while with the American troops oversea Ensign ("Ma") F. O. Burdick, a member of the Salvation army of New York, has received the croix de guerre from the French government.

Misses Anne Fontaine and Christine Goke returned from Santa Fe yesterday, where they have been attending school the past year. They will spend the vacation with their parents.

ORDER MERELY DISSOLVES OPERATING, POSTMASTER GENERAL AVERS

Washington, June 6.—Unanimous decision to press legislation for repeal of the wire control resolution despite Postmaster General Burleson's order returning telegraph and telephone properties to private operation was reached today by the senate interstate commerce committee. Chairman Cummins announced that the bill would be called up in the senate next week.

Mr. Burleson today sent to Chairman Cummins a letter declaring that his order yesterday had been misconstrued, that he had not turned back the wires to private ownership and that no such action was contemplated.

Mr. Burleson's letter follows:

"An order issued by me yesterday relative to the operation of the telegraph and telephone systems has been construed by some as actual return of the properties to the owners. No such action has been taken by me nor is any contemplated.

"This order simply dissolves the operating board appointed by me under date of December 13, 1918, and directs that the systems again be operated by the regular operating units, under government supervision. Responsibility of the government to these systems in no wise ceases. It being evident that these properties are to be returned in the very near future, it was necessary for the postmaster general to take steps to set up the regular operating organization of the companies, so that when the properties are turned back it can be done without confusion or interruption to the service which was the purpose of the order. This order in no wise affects the legislation pending before your committee or before congress. It will enable the companies to begin steps to prepare the data and collect their information to be submitted to the state commissions for the rate cases, which will probably be taken up immediately after the period of government control ends."

Washington, June 6.—Senator Hitchcock's resolution asking investigation of how copies of the peace treaty reached New York, was taken up in the senate today after a dramatic clash between Mr. Hitchcock and Chairman Lodge of the foreign relations committee, which ended in the chairman withdrawing his request that an investigation resolution prepared by Senator Kellogg, republican, of Minnesota, be substituted.

The resolution of Senator Johnson, republican, of California, requesting the state department to furnish the senate with a copy of the German peace treaty was adopted today by the senate without a roll call, without further debate and with only a handful of senators present.

Without a record vote and after a sharp debate, the senate adopted a resolution by Senator Hitchcock, democrat, of Nebraska, providing for an inquiry into charges made on the floor two days ago by Chairman Lodge and Senator Borah, of the foreign relations committee.

Action on the Hitchcock resolution came after a sub-resolution by Senator Kellogg, republican, had been withdrawn at the request of Senator Lodge. Senator Hitchcock charged

the substitute would not authorize the investigation he proposed in his resolution.

Immediately after the vote on the Hitchcock resolution, the senate adopted another by Senator Johnson, republican, of California, asking the state department to furnish the senate a copy of the peace treaty.

Both resolutions had been the subject of bitter debate.

The Hitchcock resolution, Mr. Lodge said, had the appearance of having been "hastily drawn." He at first asked that it go over until tomorrow, but later accepted a suggestion of Senator Smoot, republican, of Utah, that it be laid on the table, making it possible to call it up later in the day.

It has been stated that Senator Hitchcock introduced his resolution at the request of the white house but it is understood the phraesology was his own.

"I regret that the enthusiasm of the senate for investigation seems to be oozing," said Mr. Hitchcock.

"The senator need not be disturbed; he will get all the investigation he desires," rejoined Mr. Lodge.

Declaring the Monroe doctrine would be under the jurisdiction of the league of nations, Senator Lodge said it was left out of the first draft.

"Now comes the second draft," he said, "with the direct statement regarding the Monroe doctrine, putting it in far worse position than under the first and that was had enough."

Was on a Torpedoed Ship

Thomas A. Breslax, 645 Broadway, Albany, N. Y., writes: "Having been on a torpedoed ship coming to this country from England, I had a cold ever since. I was advised by a friend to take Foley's Honey and Tar and before long I was cured." You can stop that cough or cold that has been lingering since spring. O. G. Schaefer. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

ORIGINAL A. E. F. IN RUSSIA OUT IN TWO WEEKS

Washington, June 9.—Official announcement was made today by General March that all of the original Archangel expedition will have sailed for home within two weeks. Companies E, G, I, M and the machine gun company of the 339th infantry are now enroute for Brest, having sailed for Archangel June 3.

Loss of Apeptite

As a general rule there is nothing serious about a loss of appetite, and if you skip a meal or only eat two meals a day for a few days you will soon have a relish for your meals when meal time comes. Bear in mind that at least five hours should always elapse between meals so as to give the food ample time to digest and the stomach a period of rest before a second meal is taken. Then if you eat no more than you crave, and take a reasonable amount of outdoor exercise very day you will not need to worry about your appetite. When the loss of appetite is caused by constipation as is often the case, that should be corrected at once. A dose of Chamberlain's Tablets will do it.—Adv.

A marriage license was issued this morning to Apolonio Mares and Teresa Varella, both of Hot Springs.

E. L. ROMERO, JR

GETS DISCHARGE

Eteban L. Romero, Jr., having been mustered out of army service Thursday at Fort Bliss, Texas, arrived in the city yesterday, and left shortly afterwards for his home at Tecolote. Romero left Las Vegas March 4, 1918 for Fort Riley, Kansas, where he received his early training in army life. On the 5th of May he landed at Brest and saw service on the Alsace sector from June 12 to the 21st. He was on the Amse-Maine offensive from July 29 to August 7, and was in the Oeill-Aisne offensive from August 26 to September 25 and was in the Meuse Argonne offensive from September 26 to November 11. He was with the 107th ammunition Train. He was mustered out of service at Fort Bliss, Texas on the fifth of the month.

Juan F. Sandoval, having been mustered out of army service at Fort Bliss has returned to this city. Private Sandoval left Las Vegas June 4, 1917, and received his training at Camp Funston, Kans. From Funston Sandoval was sent to Camp Mills, N. Y., from where he was sent across the sea, landing in La Harve on June 1, 1918. He was in the battles of Lucey sector from August 8 to September 11; was on the St. Mihiel sector from September 12 to 16; on the Meuse-Argonne offensive from October 19 to November 11. May 2 Sandoval landed at Camp Upton on his return trip and was sent to Fort Bliss, Texas, where he received his discharge on June 5, just two years after his enlistment. He left yesterday for his home in Guadalupita. He was connected with company L, 254th infantry.

Washington, June 7.—Administration officials believe President Wilson's reply to the senate resolution asking for the peace treaty with Germany will be that it is not compatible with the public interest to furnish the text at this time.

This belief was strengthened by dispatches today from Paris saying the American peace delegation apparently is firm in its decision not to authorize publication of the treaty until it is signed.

Paris, June 7.—The American delegation to the peace conference is firm in its decision to not authorize the publication of the German peace treaty until it is signed and not even to communicate the official text in its present form to the United States senate.

There is every evidence that the leading figures of the peace conference in Paris are endeavoring to hasten the delivery of the allied reply to Germany's counter proposals to the terms of peace. According to advices positive instructions have been given by the council of four to all commissions working on the reply to complete their reports by Monday. If this order is carried out it is probable the reply will be framed early in the week and will be presented at once to the enemy delegation.

From reports coming from Paris it seems that there is growing a sentiment in the council of four that alterations must be made in the treaty, but in what particulars the terms will be modified is not indicated. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head

of the German peace mission, left Versailles last night for Germany. It is reported from Paris that he is expected to return Sunday. French official circles are said to expect the Germans to refuse to sign the terms and it is pointed out that as delay would favor the Germans there is necessity for haste in bringing exchanges between the allies and the enemy to a close. A more hopeful sentiment is said to be apparent in Berlin.

The Italian claims to territory on the eastern shore of the Adriatic also are causing some uneasiness in peace circles.

The Italian parliament will meet on June 18 and Premier Orlando is demanding that a settlement be reached by that time. Dispatches from Paris indicate that the deadlock over the situation regarding Fiume and the Dalmation coast is still the source of concern and that efforts to arrive at an agreement have been futile.

Admiral Kolchak's forces operating in European Russia, a. e. it is admitted, checked by the bolsheviks, and it seems probable that there will be, to say the least, quite a serious delay in carrying the campaign to a successful conclusion.

Sold Everywhere.
O. G. SCHAEFER

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A Common Sense Cure

Don't suffer from biliousness, sick headache, sour stomach, gas, bloating or other results of indigestion. Foley Cathartic Tablets clear the stomach and bowels, enliven the liver, and have a good tonic effect on the whole intestinal tract. They relieve the heavy feeling so distressing to stout persons. O. G. Schaefer. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

BENSON COMING HOME

Paris, June 10.—Admiral William S. Benson, chief of naval operations of the United States navy and naval adviser to President Wilson and the American delegation at the peace conference, left for Brest yesterday. He expects to sail soon for the United States.

CHAPERITO MAN DEAD

Hilario Duran, of Chaperito, died last night at the home of Lucio Duran of Pacific street, on the West side. Mr. Duran who is of one of the oldest families of Chaperito, came to this city about two weeks ago to receive treatment for throat troubles, of which he died. The body was shipped today to Chaperito for burial.

TELLS AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR DELEGATES LABOR IS SUPREME

(By The Associated Press.)

Atlantic City, N. J., June 9.—Tyranny, whether it be in the political or industrial life of the nation will not be tolerated by organized labor, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, told delegates at the opening of the 39th session of the organization here today.

Men and women shed their blood and made great sacrifices during the war, fighting for principles," said Mr. Gompers, "Now that the war has been won, the workers—the bone and flesh of the nation—do not intend those principles shall be lost sight of. When the war began we realized that if militarism and autocracy should be victorious, never again would there be opportunity for freedom of any sort; never again would there be any chance for labor to develop and protect itself and the rights of people who were working. We threw our lot upon the side of those who stood for the largest measure of freedom. "Now the war has been won and the day of reconstruction and readjustment is at hand. A new conception of right has been reached and the world has gone through a great change. Hereafter the relations between nations and the relations between men, whether they be employers, skilled mechanics or ditch diggers, will be looked at in a different light. The workers of the world are determined to have a voice in settling reconstruction problems that affect them."

YET ANOTHER GOVERNMENT

London, June 9.—A provisional government for liberated territory in Russia, after the expected capture of Petrograd has been arranged for.

MISS RICHARD DEAD

Miss Sabina Richard of Fredericktown, Mo., died in this city this morning at 6:30 o'clock. The deceased was 26 years of age, and came to this city for the benefit of her health in March. The body will be shipped tomorrow noon to her home in Missouri. Arrangements are in charge of Charles J. Day.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy

This medicine always wins the good opinion if not the praise of those who use it. Try it when you have need of such a remedy.—Adv.

STUDENT HONORED

Santa Fe, June 9.—Edna Rich, who graduated from the Santa Fe high school Friday evening, has been honored by the state department of education, with the presentation of a silver plate suitably inscribed, in recognition of the fact that in the 12 years she has attended public school, she never missed a day and was never tardy. Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Wagner says that statistics show that in the United States such record was made by only one pupil in every 50,000.

LAW IS CONSTITUTIONAL

Washington, June 9.—The supreme court in an opinion today by Justice Pitney held the Arizona state employers' liability law constitutional.

Washington, June 9.—A wheat production of 1,236,000,000 bushels this year combining the winter wheat and spring wheat crop was forecast today by the department of agriculture for the condition of the crop June 1.

Winter wheat production is forecast at 849,000,000, making it the largest ever grown. Condition of winter wheat was 94.9 per cent of a normal, compared with 100.5 last month and 83.8 per cent last year.

Spring wheat production is forecast at 343,000,000 bushels, compared with last year's production of 359,000,000 bushels. This is also a record crop. Acreage this year is 22,593,000. Condition of the crop June 1, was 91.2 per cent of a normal, compared with 95.2 a year ago.

Detailed reports of other crops follows: Oats, production forecast 1,446,000,000 acreage 42,365,000; condition 93.2.

Barley, production 232,000,000; acreage 8,899,000; condition 91.71.

Rye, production 71,000,000.

Hay, production 11,000,000 tons, condition 91.1.

Apples, production 166,000,000 bushels, condition 67.8.

Peaches, production 50,300,000; condition 73.1.

Pastures, condition 97.4.

Condition and production in thousands in bushels, by important producing states follows:

Winter wheat, Pennsylvania, 103 and 34,713.

Ohio, 106 and 56,331.

Indiana, 98 and 56,656.

Illinois, 96 and 67,985.

Missouri, 93 and 71,786.

FIRE DEPARTMENTS OUT

Early yesterday morning, both fire departments answered an alarm on the West side. However the services of both department were unnecessary as a little rubbish on fire was the cause of all the trouble.

JEWS BADLY PUNISHED

Paris, June 9.—Evidence of cruelties practiced upon the Jews in Vilna by Polish troops as seen by witnesses has been collected by Dr. Rachmilevitz and sent to the premier of Lithuania and transmitted by him to the Lithuanian commission to the peace conference.

Paris, June 9.—"Guerilla warfare of a character which usually precedes a major conflict is now going on in Ireland," it is declared by Frank J. Walsh and Edward F. Dunne, in a supplementary report which they have forwarded to President Wilson regarding conditions in Ireland.

Messrs. Walsh and Dunne, delegates of Irish societies in the United States affirm in this addition to their report submitted to President Wilson last week, that clashes between Irish volunteers and the army forces in Ireland, in which men on both sides are killed, are of daily occurrence.

It is All Gone Now

Samuel L. Kramer, Box 95, Sellersville, Pa., writes: "I had kidney trouble for two years and had a terrible backache. That is all gone now after using Foley Kidney Pills and I feel well again." Foley Kidney Pills get results quickly and are tonic in their healing and soothing effect. O. G. Schaefer. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

FOUND—Black mare

Left hip
About 4 years old, white hind feet.

FOUND—Black mare, about 7 years old

Left hip

Right hip

Return to Ben Schutt, Los Alamos, N. M.

New York, June 9.—The full text of the peace treaty with the central powers, which has been the subject of discussion in the senate for a week or more, has been brought to this country by Frazier Hunt, a correspondent of the Chicago Tribune and is being syndicated to newspapers in this country in copyrighted sections.

Mr. Hunt says the copy which he brought here is one of the original drafts and was obtained in Paris. He says it is quite easy to obtain German translations of the treaty in Germany and neutral countries.

Another American correspondent abroad also secured and mailed a full copy of the treaty but the British censor held it up. A complaint in the matter will be officially made today to the foreign relations committee of the senate.

Investigation Begun

Washington, June 9.—Investigation of how copies of the peace treaty got into the hands of certain persons in New York was begun today by the senate foreign relations committee and before it was fairly under way a copy of the document was presented to the senate by Senator Borah, republican, of Idaho, and ordered printed in the congressional record. It was a copy brought to the United States by a Chicago newspaper man, probably one of those now on sale in the Scandinavian countries.

Acting Secretary Polk of the state department, testified that he has received copies from the American peace mission in Paris, had them locked in the state department vault and believed none of those copies were the ones referred to as being in New York.

Coincidental with the opening of the investigation, President Wilson cabled Senator Hitchcock he hoped the investigation would be thoroughly prosecuted.

WILSON HONORS LAFAYETTE

Paris, June 9.—President Wilson Saturday visited the tomb of Lafayette in the Michoux cemetery and placed on it a bronze wreath. The new wreath is a duplicate of a floral wreath which the president placed on the tomb when he first arrived in France. The card on the bronze wreath bears the same inscription as the card on the floral one, reading: "To the great Lafayette, from a fellow servant of liberty."

DUNCAN FUNERAL

The funeral services of J. S. Duncan, Jr., were held yesterday afternoon at 2:30 from the Elks home. Rev. Moore held services at the home, and the Elks were in charge and held their services at the cemetery. C. P. Trumbull, John Rudolph, Jack Stewart, Manuel Henriquez, Walter Randall and Orrin Blood acted as pallbearers. Burial was made in the Masonic cemetery under the direction of Charles J. Day.

GOVERNOR TO ATTEND

MEETING OF REGENTS

Albuquerque, June 9.—Governor Larrazolo will attend the meeting of the board of regents of the state university this week. The meeting was set for today, but at the request of the governor it was postponed until Wednesday.

County Clerk Nestor Montoya, newly appointed member of the board, received his commission from the governor and will attend the meeting.

The following item will prove of interest locally. Dr. Moyer formerly lived in this city and has many friends here. The wedding occurred in Ames, Iowa, and one of the newspapers of that place says:

The marriage of Miss Constance Beardshear, one of the most popular and best known young women in Ames, occurred at high noon today when she became the bride of Capt. R. A. Moyer of Colorado Springs, Colo., the ceremony being performed at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. W. M. Beardshear at 714 Brookridge avenue, by Rev. J. M. Campbell, of St. Cecilia's Catholic church.

Mrs. Moyer has made her home in Ames all her life, is a graduate of the Ames high school and of the home economics department of Iowa State college, class of 1915. For the past year and one-half she has been employed in the office of Dean R. E. Buchanan at the college and has endeared herself to all with whom she has come in contact while carrying on the work in the office.

Capt. Moyer attended Iowa State college and is a graduate of the veterinary medicine department with the class of 1917. Until recently he has been in the service of his country, but will now locate in Xenia, Ohio, where he will practice veterinary medicine. While in school, Mr. Moyer was one of the most popular young men on the campus and was admired for his high sense of honor and fine example of manhood.

Those present at the wedding were Lieut. and Mrs. Fred H. Higley Cedar Rapids; Ensign Dale T. Moyer, brother of the groom, Colorado Springs. Prof. and Mrs. W. F. Coover, cousins of the bride; and Mrs. L. M. Chambers, sister of the bride, of Oak Creek, Colo.

Capt. and Mrs. Moyer will leave tomorrow for Xenia, Ohio, where they will make their future home, and to which home the best wishes of a host of Ames friends will accompany them.

GOVERNOR'S SON GRADUATES

This is commencement week at St. Michael's college at Santa Fe, which is the oldest college west of the Missouri. Among the graduates is Heliodoro Larrazolo, son of the governor. Governor Larrazolo will give the commencement address on Friday evening at the Saint Francis auditorium.

MEXICANS LEAVE CONGRESS

Mexico City, June 10.—The Mexican government has ordered the withdrawal of the Mexican delegates from the pan-American commercial congress as a protest against the speech recently made before the congress by Speaker Gillett of the house of representatives.

Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising Farming - Mining

ESTABLISHED 1882

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The period set apart by the railroads as "No Accident Week" might properly and profitably be similarly observed by the general public; if parents would begin that week to keep their children from making a playground of the public streets; if drivers of automobiles might begin to show some regards for the rights of others, drive more safely and sanely, and begin to show some appreciation of the dangers lurking at public grade crossings, etc., it would be a history making week for this entire region.

President Wilson's way of punishing a republican congress for being in existence is to send it a message that is open to a variety of interpretations. It's going to be some trouble to get the pigs out of the clover and into the pen.

Though Germany is very sorry for itself just now it heroically refrained for over four years from weeping over the woes of Belgium, France and Serbia.

Looking on from the outside we should estimate that the democrats who want the president to stay away unnumber those who want him to come back.

The Austrian peace delegates in Paris complain of being short of cash. Others who have visited Paris have found themselves in the same position.

GUY GRIFFIN HOME

Corporal Guy Griffin, formerly of this city, but now residing at Raton, returned to that place Monday from Germany, where he was with the army of occupation from November 30 last.

Corporal Griffin was in the company commanded by Captain Marion Hunt (Co. D, 314 amunitiin train, 164th field artillery brigade, 89th division) throughout the entire period of its service abroad, and was given his wound chevron for injuries from arsenic gas received during the action at Benny Woods.

EX-CONGRESSMAN DEAD

Winona, Minn., Jun 12.—James A. Tawney, former congressman of the First Minnieasota district and one time chairman of the house appropriations committee, died today at Excelsior Springs, Mo., according to advices received by his family in this city.

NO SPECIAL SESSION

Albuquerque, June 12.—Governor Larrazolo announced he would not call a special session of legislature.

SECUNDINO HURTADO FOUND GUILTY OF ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON

At 3 o'clock this afternoon the jury in the Claudio Armijo case reported to Judge Leahy that they had not reached a decision.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the trial of the case of State vs. Claudio Armijo commenced before a jury in the district court. Claudio Armijo is a young man 20 years of age and formerly worked for John H. York, driving a delivery wagon. He now resides in Albuquerque, where he states he is employed as a chauffeur. He is charged with the crime of rape upon Maria Felciana Vigil, a female under the age of 16 years, alleged to have been committed on November 15, 1917. A night session of the court was held last night until 10:30, and this morning the testimony was concluded and the jury retired to deliberate upon its verdict at noon today. Charles Hedcock represented the state in the prosecution of the cast, and C. W. G. Ward appeared for the defendant, Mr. Ward having been employed by the defendant prior to his appointment as district attorney.

In the case of the State vs. Secundino Hurtado, charged with assault with a deadly weapon upon Guadalupe Sena, by pointing a pistol at the complaining witnesses in a threatening manner, the jury returned a verdict of guilty against the defendant yesterday afternoon. The offense is alleged to have occurred at El Pueblo, where both the defendant and the complaining witness reside. Secundino Hurtado is a boy 18 years of age, and in his testimony he denied that he ever owned a pistol or that he had ever pointed one at Guadalupe Sena. Three witnesses for the state testified exactly opposite, however.

NORMAL HAS 666 STUDENTS

There are now 666 students registered at the Normal University. The training school will open at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning and it is expected about 150 will be registered in this branch of work. Parents are urged to see that children who are to attend the training school report to the Douglas building at 10 o'clock Saturday morning.

The San Miguel Bank has received its quota of Victory bonds. Those which have been paid for may be secured upon application at the bank.

IN FRANCE UNTIL JULY

Paris, June 12.—General Pershing the American commander in chief, will remain in France until the middle of July.

SEVENTH MACHINE GUN BATTALION HELD BRIDGES THERE SEVERAL DAYS

The following article is taken from "The Watch on the Rhine" official newspaper of the Third division, with the army of occupation in Germany:

Up until this time there is a general impression among the American people that the marines, which compose one brigade of the Second division, accomplished the tremendous task of holding the enemy at Chateau Thierry, particularly in the Belleau Woods, but with the Second division in this defensive action was the 7th Machine gun battalion, the motorized machine gun battal, of the Third division. This battalion held the bridges in the City of Chateau Thierry from May 31, 1918, until the night of June 4, 1918, and repulsed the strong attacks of the Germans. Neither the marines nor any part of the Second division ever fought at Chateau Thierry and up until this time the 7th Machine gun battalion of the 3d division. This unit that ever fought there. During the third battle of the Marne, in July, 1918, the 4th infantry, Third division, held the eastern outskirts of the city, the French holding the city itself.

The 7th Machine gun battalion, being mobilized, traveled overland in small Ford trucks from its training area in the vicinity of Chateau Villain, and reached Chateau Thierry late in the afternoon on the 31st of May. Positions were immediately taken up in that historic city, part of which was already occupied by the enemy. After a thorough reconnaissance each company was given a mission. The general mission was to repulse any attempt of the enemy to advance.

About 1 o'clock in the morning of June 2 a detachment of this battalion was forced from its position on the north side of the river and fell back across the large bridge. In the meantime the enemy had formed in considerable strength on the north end of the bridge and attempted to enter into Chateau Thierry. This bridge was then blown up and caused the immediate failure of the enemy attack.

General Marchand, commanding the 10th Colonial division, made the following statement after the action:

"On May 31 the 7th Machine gun battalion, U. S. A., had just arrived with its automobiles. It installed itself in a cantonment to the south of Chateau Thierry.

"At 3:30 p. m. the enemy threatened to take Chateau Thierry, attempting to flank the town on our left, where an opening had occurred.

"The unit was immediately thrown into Chateau Thierry at the same time as a colonial infantry battalion which was in the same cantonment with it.

"Immediately the Americans reinforced the entire bridge, especially at the approaches of the bridge. Their courage and skill as marksmen evoked the admiration of all.

"Crushed by our fire, the enemy hesitated and, as a result of counterattacks, vigorously supported by the American machine guns, they were thrown beyond the edges of the town.

"Chateau Thierry remained entirely in our hands.

The colors of the 7th Machine gun battalion have been decorated with the Croix de Guerre with palm, and

the battalion was cited by Petain, the marshal of France, as follows:

"The 7th Machine gun battalion barred the enemy the passage of the Marne. In the course of violent combat, particularly the 31st of May and the first of June, it disputed foot by foot with the Germans the northern outskirts of Chateau Thierry, and covered itself with incomparable glory, thanks to its valor and to its skill, costing the enemy sanguinary losses.

(Signed)

"The Great General Headquarters, 24 November, 1918. Petain, the marshal of France, commander-in-chief of the French armies of the east."

TEAMSTERS STRIKE

Omaha, June 11.—One thousand union teamsters went on strike today effecting a partial tie up of deliveries. Ice companies and milk dealers reported they were able to handle their business. The men ask recognition of their union and wage increases.

BOLSHEVISTS TAKE UFA

London, June 11.—Bolshevik forces on Monday captured Ufa, one of the cities recently taken by the troops of Admiral Kolchak, after three days of sanguinary fighting, according to a Russian wireless dispatch received here.

HELPING PUT IT OVER

Traveling men for Gross Kelly and company and the Charles Ifeld company, and railroad men and travelers are assisting materially in advertising the Cowboys Reunion. George H. Hunker, Clarence Iden and Perry Earickson, on trips to the southern and eastern sections, are putting out a lot of advertising matter. K. C. Owen and others are looking after Dawson, Raton and the north end of the state.

RECOGNIZE GOVERNMENT

Belgrade, June 11.—The French minister here has informed the Belgrade government that France has officially recognized the Serbian-Croatian-Slovanian state.

LABOR CONFAB PLANNED

Chicago, June 11.—A plan to call an international workingmens conference on peace here September 6 and 7 was announced today by the speakers committee of the Chicago labor party, which is arranging a demonstration of labor interests here in September.

The laborers who are on strike in this city are yet out today. There seems to be no change in the situation, other than that the contractors are planning to bring in laborers from other points. One contractor stated that even though there was a disposition on the part of all labor in the city at present to keep at work, there would yet be a shortage of men. The laborers to be brought here will be housed in tents purchased from the government, it was stated.

New York, June 12.—With 11,942 members of the American expeditionary forces swarming her decks, the transport Leviathan entered the harbor today. On the Leviathan were Brigadier General Wm. R. Dashiell, commanding the 11th infantry brigade. Units aboard included the 15th and 52nd and 53rd Infantry.

Movie Rivals Brought Together



William S. Hart and Dustin Farnum

By Buck Howard

I want to state right cheer at the set out that if writin pieces was my only means of livinhood an' introducin' both ends to meet, I'd be ridin herd right now with J. James, Billy the Kid an' other ceased birds what did somethin they hadn't ought to.

Wall to git down to the cherry-tree truth, if it wasn't fer Col. Root, the seckatery of the Cowboys Reunion, I wouldn't be gassin with my pencil at this here pertickular minute.

But Col he sez to me, Buck didn't yet hev somethin to do with this? tossin me the above pitcher. Why, shore, I sez, me and Phil Le Nor did. Wall, sez he, the public is jest pinin to hear all about it, speshuly as how you ever got two sech movin pitcher rivals an' enemies as Bill Hart and Dusty Farnum together, an' drinking friendship fire water from the same bar.

Wall, I sez in reply thar ain't sech-a-secha helluva lot to tell. When the Cowboys Reunion was jest a comin four year old the fellers put me on the publishers committee. At that time ol' Phil Le Nor was our seckatery and express agent. Yet express agent's right. Me an' Walt Naylor, our President, an' Brife Bagley an' a lot of them Reunion birds would mess around an' figer out all the dee-tails of our show, includin what was who an' who was what an' then we'd mosy over to Phil an' tell him all about it. Then Phil he'd sit down at his tipewriter an' express what we hed told him in all langwides, includin' the Scandinavian.

Then one day Phil he sez to me: Buck, I gotta a new stump. Meanin'—? sez I, eyeing him supichus-like for a feller never knew whar he and when he was going to bust out next. Mean, sez he, that the Cowboys Reunion has got to elect the two most typical lookin' cowpunchers in the U. S. A. Who'll we elect sez I. Thets up to the boys sez he. So at the next meetin we

elects Bill Hart an' Dusty Farnum as the two cowpunchers who was most typical lookin—lookin, mind you, altho Bill and Dusty are regular cowmen, hev'n ranches an' big herds of cowhands an' wearin a diffrunt pair of chaps everyday.

Wall anyway, right on top of ther, Phil he springs a real one. Buck, sez he, now that them fellers is elected we've got to hev their pitchers tuk together so's to show the world that we ain't bunkin an' for our advertisements. Wall just about that time I eased offern my saddle an' begins to reason with him. Hell, sez I, or words with the same effect, 'bean with them movin pitcher fellers—spent five of my best years on 'em—an' I'm tellin you that you ain't got no more chancet gittin Bill Hart and Dusty Farnum hev'n ther faces tuk together at the same time, than you hev of getting Gen. Pershin an' Hindenburg to sit down together arms in arms an' watch fer the little birdie to sing. And whats more, sez I, thars more hard feelins between movin pitcher compnees than thar is between the Boishewiki an a pound of soap. Wall, Phil, he jest grinned an' lowed as hov he guessed I didn't know much about express agents an went peckin away on his ma-chine.

Few weeks later Phil he shows me the color pitcher jest as you see it, the only one of its kind in existense he sez. Yes sir, thar war bill an' Dusty sittin thar plumb together an' lookin like they was enjoyin it. Seems like accordin to the letter that was sent, thet Bill's express agent and Dusty's conspired together an' one afternoon they snuck Dusty 'ove r to Bill's camp an' before the movie generals an' staffs an' gas exbirds could get to the battlefield Bill and Dusty had been shot.

That is all there is to it. This fifth Cowboys reunion, which is to be the daddy of em all an' whats more we're goin to hev—but that all

sounds like I was ringin in some advertisements, don't it?

But this much I will say before you re-move your gas-masks, especially to you grinning cowhands, whats bean making fun of my litterairy efforts, an' thet is thet I want to pint you all in closin, to the illystrated words of thet famous skin soap salesman who sez: "Even the rash may become serious."

M'LAUGHLIN SUCCEEDS

WADE AT ALBUQUERQUE

Albuquerque, N. M., June 11—J. T. McLaughlin, retired mining engineer and pioneer business man of Albuquerque, will be named as a member of the city commission, succeeding Charles F. Wade, who died suddenly several days ago. Formal announcement of the decision of the city commissioners to appoint Mr. McLaughlin was made today by Walter T. Connell, who has succeeded to the chairmanship of the commission, made vacant by Mr. Wade's death.

"MYSTERY SOLDIER" HOME

New York, June 11—The steamship Mount Vernon, which arrived at Hoboken from Brest yesterday, brought among her passengers a "mystery soldier" found wandering on the streets of Paris and suffering from loss of memory, whose only knowledge of his identity was that his name was Roland Phillips. Sent home by General Pershing in order that his identity might be definitely established he was found today to be Roland Phillips of Evansville, Ind.

DIVIDENDS WITHELD

New York, June 11—Directors of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway in taking no action today in connection with the dividends customarily payable on June 30 on the preferred stocks explained that application was made some time ago to director general for approval of these semi-annual disbursements but that the request was denied. The statement adds that the company is hopeful of paying both preferred and common dividends at an early date.

CALUMET AND HECLA

DECLARES NO DIVIDEND

Boston, June 11—The Calumet and Hecla Mining company today held its quarterly meeting without declaring a dividend for the current quarter. No dividend was declared for the previous quarter and it was stated at that time that the omission was due to re-adjustment in the copper trade. No statement was available today regarding the situation.

New York society and club women are manifesting a lively interest in the approaching visit of Queen Marie of Roumania. Already plans are under way to give her Majesty a welcome befitting her reputation as one of the chief personages of the war.

AUSTRIANS ASK AID

Paris, June 11—The Austrian delegation at Stuermain has asked Germany to protest to the allies against the rigor of the peace terms presented to Austria. The reported action of the Austrians is unfavorably commented upon here.

Ernest Millihan and Ernestine Millihan of Detworth, Okla., are in the city today.

TO ASK WILSON TO EXPLAIN

Paris, June 11—Frank P. Walsh and ex-Governor Ward F. Dunne of Illinois have secured an appointment with President Wilson. They will ask him for a definite statement of his attitude with regard to the permission of the Irish Sinn Fein delegate to appear before the peace conference, in view of the United States senate resolution urging this step. Messrs. Wash and Dunne also will urge the president personally to present the case of Ireland to the council of four.

Alice Brady Likes Athletics

Alice Brady is an athlete, but the entire cast that supported her in "The Indestructible Wife," which is to be shown at the Coronado Sunday, are not athletes, and so it was no wonder that at the finish of the filming of this picture the cast hied to a rest resort to try and recuperate from the over-amount of strenuous exercise they were forced to indulge in before the camera.

What with swimming, rowing, golfing, playing tennis, running and riding, everyone was worn out at the end of each day—everyone but Miss Brady, who bright and hearing as ever, filled an engagement each evening at the Central theatre in New York, where she was playing the lead in "Forever After."

She never seems to get tired—and perhaps that is because she likes her work so much. She puts her whole heart and soul into her work and that is one of the principal reasons for her success.

"The Better 'Ole" Coming

With the announcement that the Coronado theatre will on June 18 and 19 show Bruce Bairnsfather's celebrated "Better 'Ole" as a screen production there arises a situation that has seldom, if ever, been paralleled in the history of motion pictures. Simultaneously with the presentation of the play, which is represented on the legitimate stage with five companies touring in England, one in Australia, and another in South Africa, the United States is represented by ten productions in various parts of the country. No other play has ever had so many companies playing at the same time as this comedy, which grew into being from a soldier's sketches while serving his country in the trenches in Flanders.

These sketches were first syndicated through the greatest newspapers of the world and then gathered into book form and sold by hundreds of thousands. Charles Cochran saw the value of the sketches and made a comedy of them, which he produced, and the play reached its eight hundredth performance in London before it was withdrawn to go on tour.

"The Better 'Ole" is not a war picture. It is a comedy that carries a message of good cheer from those who fought for principle and love of justice, but never forgot to laugh. It was made to create amusement and there are 7,000 feet of laughs in the film.

Just 250 years ago the first triple alliance was formed by Great Britain, Sweden and Holland, to protect the Spanish Netherlands against the encroachments of France.

Berlin, June 7.—The German national assembly has been called to meet in Weimar Thursday, June 12.

Berne, June 7. (French wireless service)—Great activity is being displayed in Germany in recruiting men for the army and in gathering ammunition, the independent socialist Die Freiheit of Berlin, says. According to the socialist Abend of Vienna, German recruiting agencies are busy at work in Austria.

The German national assembly will meet today with members of the government and members of the German peace mission for a joint conference over the status of the Versailles peace negotiations, the Berlin Gazette announces.

Paris, June 7 (Havas)—The government of Hesse has issued orders to officials throughout its territory directing them not to give allegiance to the government of the Rhenish republic.

Wiesbaden, Friday, June 6.—Opposition to the Rhenish republic is growing here each day. The judges of the province are the latest to defy the new government and with court employes, have declined to recognize the legality of the regime headed by Er. Dorten.

London, June 7.—Germany's inability to meet the financial demands of the peace terms and the inability of the allies to make her pay, are insisted upon by Dr. Bernard Dernburg, the German minister of finance, in an interview telegraphed by the Daily Mail's Berlin correspondent. Dr. Dernburg reiterates his recent declaration that Germany will not sign the terms as presented.

Paris, June 7.—Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German peace delegation, who left Versailles last evening, is on a visit to Cologne, it developed today. According to the French papers the count's visit is connected rather with events in the Rhineland (where conditions are unsettled through the recent proclamation of the Rhineland republic) than with the peace conference.

It is understood that the Germans will confer at Cologne with Cardinal von Hartman, the archbishop of Cologne.

WILSON BACKS TREATY

Paris, June 7—"I am convinced that our treaty project violates none of my principles," President Wilson is quoted by the Matin as having said when he was made acquainted with the German counter proposals to the peace treaty. "If I held a contrary opinion I would not hesitate to confess it and would endeavor to correct the error. The treaty as drawn up, however, entirely conforms with my fourteen points."

SPY SENTENCED IN PARIS

Paris, June 9.—Captain Kunck of the Austrian army has been tried and sentenced to death as a spy by a secret court trial here. Captain Kunck was in Paris before the war began and remained in the city throughout the hostilities and it was alleged that he made the enemy acquainted with information regarding air raids and long distance shelling of Paris.

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke



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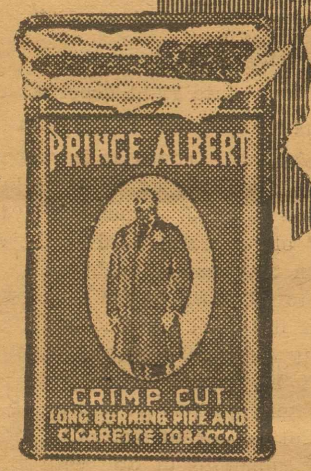
NEVER was such right-handed-two-fisted smokejoy as you puff out of a jimmy pipe packed with Prince Albert! That's because P. A. has the quality!

You can't fool your taste apparatus any more than you can get five aces out of a family deck! So, when you hit Prince Albert, coming and going, and get up half an hour earlier just to start stoking your pipe or rolling cigarettes, you know you've got the big prize on the end of your line!

Prince Albert's quality alone puts it in a class of its own, but when you figure that P. A. is made by our exclusive patented process that cuts out bite and parch—well—you feel like getting a flock of dictionaries to find enough words to express your happy days sentiments!

Tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.



Paris, June 9.—It has been decided by the allied and associated governments that the reply to the German counter proposals will not be delivered before Friday, June 13. The reply will give the Germans a period of five days in which to accept or reject the treaty.

(By The Associated Press.)

Plans for easing the terms upon which Germany will be admitted to the league of nations are under consideration by the peace conference heads. If she shows that she possesses a stable government, signs the peace treaty and loyally executes it, she will be admitted, according to the proposed plans.

The replies to Germany's counter proposals may be delivered by the latter part of the present week but not before the coming Friday, according to present indications. It will be stipulated in the reply that Germany must act in acceptance or rejection of the treaty within five days.

The people disinguiBi½ The Paris dispatch indicates that the delay in framing the reply is due to divergent views held by Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau. President Wilson is said to be adhering to his policy of deferring to the British

and French in this matter, while Premier Orlando of Italy is still holding aloof, following his plan of leaving the settlement of the negotiations relative to Germany to the other allies.

The Turkish peace mission is expected to arrive at Versailles Monday. Estonian and Lithuanian forces are advancing against the bolsheviki along the Dniver south of Riga. The former have taken the important towns of Kreitzburg and Jakobstadt, while the latter are approaching Dniester. East of Riga, however, German troops are reported to be aiding the bolsheviki and to have forced Lettish detachments to retire.

She Feels Younger and Stronger
Middle-aged and older persons are apt to suffer from overworked or weakened kidneys and bladder. Mrs. Warren Dyer, Arkport, N. Y., writes: "I used Foley Kidney Pills for weak kidneys and pains in my back, and they gave me relief. After taking Foley Kidney Pills I feel younger and stronger." O. G. Schaefer. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

Lisbon, June 9.—The French armored cruiser Jeanne d'Arc arrived here today with President-elect Pessoa of Brazil and his party on board.

MEXICAN NATIONAL DEBT

Mexico City, June 9.—The Mexican treasury department, as a result of numerous references to Mexico's national debt, recently in the United States and Mexico, today furnished a statement to the press showing that on June 30 the debt will total 529,572,085 pesos. This is made up of an internal debt of 138,795,550 and an external debt of 286,944,251 pesos and the interest due on both debts.

FEDERAL COURT UPHELD

Washington, June 10.—Federal court decrees releasing from custody Frank J. Godsol, arrested here on charges of defrauding the French government out of \$1,500,000 on the purchase of motor trucks, and whose extradition was sought by that government, were in effect sustained by the supreme court.

REGULAR POLITICIAN

Santa Fe, June 9.—Holm O. Bursum of Socorro, after a conference with Governor O. A. Larrazolo, William G. Sargent and other republican leaders left Saturday night for Albuquerque and his home. When asked about the political situation, he declared that the lamb crop was extraordinarily good this spring.

SIXTEEN NEW MEMBERS TO BE ADDED JULY 1—MANY CASES IN TAOS COURT

On the 25th of this month Captain A. A. Sena will be given an additional 16 men in the mounted police who will start work on the first of July. With the new men, and the aid of the sheriffs and district attorneys of the state, Captain Sena promises to rid the state of all cattle and horse stealing within a very short time. At the present time a great decrease in this district has been noticed by the stockmen in the number of cattle stolen.

Captain A. A. Sena of the mounted police arrived in the city last evening from Taos, where he has been attending court. To this term of court he took Nazario Esquibel from Mora county, who was indicted for stealing horses in Taos. His case has been continued until the next term of court.

Ross Liston, who was arrested in Sandoval county for cattle stealing, has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury under a bond of \$1500. Six cattle have been recovered.

Epifanio Peco who was arrested for sheep stealing in Sandoval county, has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury under \$500 bond.

Melquides Martinez who was arrested in Torrance county for forgery of a check, has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

Nazario Crespín and Fernandez Lopez who were arrested in San Miguel county for cattle stealing, will be given a hearing before Justice Garcia Monday morning.

MEXICAN SPY JAILED

Juarez, Mex., June 7.—Mexican federal intelligence officials arrested Caesar F. Moya, formerly a general under General Villa, here last night and are holding him in the jail here on a charge of being a spy. Moya is said to have gained information as to the defenses here and to have been trying to get through to Villa, now reported to have established headquarters at Hacienda Charco, 18 miles southwest of Chihuahua City.

Washington, June 7.—Fifty thousand recruits for the army of occupation have been obtained. General March, chief of staff, announced today, that incomplete reports showed 48,023 men enrolled. Three year enlistments continue to predominate over the one year.

Helped Her Little Girl

Children need all their strength for growing. A lingering cold weakens them. Mrs. Amanda Flint, Route 4, New Philadelphia, O., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar cured my little girl of the worst tickling cough." Gives immediate relief from distressing, racking, tearing coughs, soothes and heals. O. G. Schaefer. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

SELECT SPANISH BOOKS

Santa Fe, June 9.—The state board of education convenes today to select and adopts Spanish text books under the new legislation, which requires Spanish to be taught in the public schools.

Washington, June 7.—Return of the national guard and national army divisions from France has been completed, the war department announced today, and the homeward movement of the regular divisions began this week with the embarkation of the present units of the sixth division. The fourth and fifth divisions also are scheduled for return this month.

Complete figures for the movement of the army during May show that 333,303 officers and men were embarked during May. This was considerably in excess of recent estimates by department officials.

Demobilization has returned 2,391,639 officers and men to civil life and June 1 had reduced the American forces in Europe to less than 700,000. The speeding up process has proceeded to the point where the war department has found it necessary to put on brakes. Commanders of centers were told that instances had been reported of soldiers being sent through the camps so swiftly as to prevent the finance and quartermaster officer properly checking their records.

Washington, June 7.—Officials and members of the navy league, which attacked Secretary Daniels before the United States entered the war, were denounced before the house naval committee today by Mr. Daniels, who said they were "as much enemies of the country as any anarchistic parties."

"These men," said the secretary, "were as guilty of infamy as any man arrested during the war and they should have accorded the treatment they deserve. While I am secretary they can never have anything to do with the navy."

BIG SUIT IS HEARD

Chicago, June 7.—Depositions concerning 150 homestead rights valued at about \$200,000 and held by the Big Horn Sheep company of Wyoming, were taken here today before a special master of the federal court. The hearing was part of an investigation of the company's affairs by the government. The testimony came from a number of Chicagoans who filed homesteads held by the company.

GOVERNORS APPROVE PLAN

Washington, June 7.—Governor Robertson of Oklahoma and Governor Davis of Idaho added their endorsements today to Secretary Daniels' project for farms for soldiers and sailors. They testified before the house public lands committee. Governor Davis told the committee letters received by him from soldiers indicated a great demand for farm lands.

Summer Complaint Quickly Relieved
"About two years ago when suffering from a severe attack of summer complaint I took Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy and it relieved me almost instantly," writes Mrs. Henry Jewett, Clark Mills, N. Y. This is an excellent remedy for colic and diarrhoea and should be kept at hand by every family.—Adv.

Munich, June 9.—A general strike threatens this city as a result of the execution of Livin Sisson. Occupa-tional troops have been ordered to prepare to meet any emergency.

LOCAL LODGE OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF MUSICIANS FORMED LAST NIGHT

A successful meeting was held at the city council rooms last evening, at which a local lodge of the American Federation of Musicians was formed. A goodly number of the musicians of the city were in attendance and the prospects for a solid and substantially organization are promising. As is demonstrated in other cities, in both musical and other organizations, the results and benefits to both those who employ musicians and to the musicians themselves, will be widespread and many, say the members. Under this plan, which is new to Las Vegas, parties desiring the services of any number of musicians whatever, and for any purpose, will be referred to the secretary of the organization, who will handle the matter without the necessity of having to refer it to several individuals for their approval. The power will rest with the secretary also, to furnish prices to parties desiring musicians for any occasion.

At the meeting last evening only temporary officers were elected, to handle the business of the organization during the period of formation.

The international headquarters have been requested to send the charter, and as soon as it is received the local will start business on sound union principles. Members of the new organization will earnestly seek the assistance of other local organizations in other lines of business, and in turn promise their aid.

Any musicians in the city who have not yet signed up with the organization, should by all means do so as early as possible, thereby availing themselves of the half rate initiation fee to charter members, the original members assert. This privilege will only be granted for a short time. Any one who is a capable player of any instrument is eligible provided he or she is an American citizen. Parties desiring to join may call on Mr. S. L. Moore, at the San Miguel bank and make the necessary arrangements. Mr. Moore is the temporary treasurer and is handling collections for initiation fees from the new members.

When the charter is received permanent officers will be elected and the public so advised through this paper. Members of the local federation of musicians will make their debut by furnishing music for a dance to be given in East Las Vegas, Thursday, June 12 for the resulted soldiers and sailors. This dance is given under the auspices of the new organization and is entirely free to soldiers and sailors. A special invitation is extended to the soldier and sailor boys.

Watch the papers for information as to where the dance on June 12 is to be held.

He Threw Away His Crutches

"Six years ago I had rheumatism so bad I was going on crutches," writes August Strandell, Sister Bay, Wis. I tried several medicines and doctors and got no relief. Three bottles of Foley Kidney Pills cured me. I threw away my crutches." Have no equal for weak, sore, aching back, muscles or joints. O. G. Schaefer. Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

Philadelphia, June 7.—Soldiers who faced death in a "battle of bugs" to save the American army in France from trench fever, were lauded today by Surgeon General Merritt W. Ireland.

The "unsung heroes" submitted themselves as volunteers for experiments with disease bearing cooties to determine the cause of trench fever. They survived.

Ireland said: "As a result of the experiments we learned that trench fever is transmitted by the bite of this insect. This led to the elaborate delousing plants."

Detroit, June 7.—An alleged conspiracy to defraud the government of \$30,000,000 worth of munitions supplies has been uncovered by department of justice agents here, it became known today.

Indictments charging conspiracy have been returned by the United States grand jury against Captain Sotarios Nicholson of Washington, connected with the ordnance department. Grant Hugh Browne millionaire sportsman; Fred C. Collins, vice consul of Greece, and president of a local realty company, and a United States army officer.

CAN IMPORT SUGAR

Paris, June 7.—The Journal Officiel today publishes a decree repealing the prohibition upon the importation of foreign sugar into France.

LIBRARY REPORT

Carnegie Public Library report for May, 1919:

No. books loaned	750
No. new members registered	16
No. of patrons, total	1553
No. monthly magazines on tables	13
No. weekly periodicals	1
No. daily papers	3

New Books received:
The Secret City, Walpole; Autumn, Hine; Unconquered, Diver; Shops and Houses, Swinnerton; Maggie of Virginsburg, Martin; The Peacock Feather, Moore; Diverging Roads, Lane.
ELIZABETH COOLEY, Librarian.

CASUALTY LIST

Today's casualty list as reported by the commanding officer of the American expeditionary forces, reports Robert Wedgewood of Hillsboro as killed in action. Wedgewood was previously reported missing in action. Alfonso Salazar of Seco, died of wounds, and Alfredo Gutierrez of Rito Quemado was wounded severely.

Summer Complaint in Children

There is not anything like so many deaths from this disease now as before Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy came into such general use. When this remedy is given with castor oil as directed and proper care is taken as to diet, it is safe to say that fully 99 out of every 100 cases recover. Mr. W. G. Campbell of Butler, Tenn., says, "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea for summer complaint in children. It is far ahead of anything I have ever used for this purpose."—Adv.

The best punch for one's old age is not a child that is a "perfect stick."

DENVER DETECTIVE

IS HELD FOR MURDER

Denver, June 11.—City Detective George Klein, head of the Denver "bootlegging squad," today was charged with the murder of Jerry Corletta (24 years old). The charges were preferred by District Attorney Foley who recommended Klein be held without bail. He was shot by Klein while making an investigation at a soft drink parlor. The Italian ambassadorial association has called attention of the government to the matter.

READY FOR FLIGHT

Harbor Grace, N. F., June 11.—Officers of the Handley Page biplane announced today they expect to start Friday on the trans-Atlantic flight if weather conditions were favorable. The big machine, which made a successful flight yesterday was being prepared for a second preliminary cruise tomorrow.

WILSON TO AID IRISH

Paris, June 11.—President Wilson today told representatives of Irish societies in America that he would do what he could unofficially to bring the Irish question to the attention of the other peace commissioners.

REPRIEVED MAN ESCAPES

Santa Fe, June 11.—Isidoro Martinez, just reprieved for 60 days by Governor O. A. Larrazolo, postponing his execution to August 5, for the brutal murder of his wife near Santa Cruz, has escaped from the custody of Sheriff George W. Armijo.

LETTER CARRIER SERVICE

The postoffice rules and regulations require the postmaster, so far as the same can be done with satisfaction to patrons, to encourage the use of the carrier service for delivery of mail.

Therefore it is requested that all persons who can without inconvenience, will avail themselves of carrier service in preference to use of general delivery at postoffice. If patrons will leave at the office, or with carriers, street and number of address, with direction to deliver by carrier, they will thereby assist in giving better and quicker service. Placing receptacles at the place of delivery in which mail matter may be placed is especially urged as this will save annoyance to addresses and aid in quicker delivery.

POSTMASTER.

WATCH YOUR MAIL

Just to show how things happen it may be mentioned that June 10, Tuesday, a letter unsealed with valuable draft therein was found in the drop box of postoffice. It was officially sealed and went forward to addressee.

A postal card beginning, "Dear Children", without any address was also found in drop box. It mentioned the sending of a prescription for "vet."—If sender will give name of addressee it will go forward. Many inadvertencies occur so it is advised in all matters relating to mail you exercise great care.

POSTMASTER.

DR. ROBERTS IN SANTA FE

Santa Fe, June 11.—The heads of most of the state institutions joined in a symposium at the opening of the Santa Fe County Normal institute in

this city. Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Wagner, President Frank H. H. Roberts of the Normal university, President Hinski of the School of Mines, President W. O. Hall of the State Normal school of Silver City, Superintendent McClure of Socorro and other educators made brief addresses at the opening session.

LAST TROOPS LEAVE RUSSIA

Archangel, June 11.—The last units of the American troops south of Archangel, except engineers, were withdrawn today and will sail for home next Sunday. They include the remaining companies of the 339th infantry, the 337th ambulance company and a medical detachment.

DREXEL DENIES REPORT

New York, June 11.—In a statement issued through the offices of the board of boxing control here today, Major Anthony Drexel Biddle denied he had officially named a referee for the Willard-Dempsey bout at Toledo, July 4.

ROCAP MAY NOT REFEREE

Toledo, Ohio, June 11.—Tex Ricard promoter of the Jess Willard-Jack Dempsey championship contest, today expressed doubt that Wm. G. Rocap of Philadelphia has been officially appointed by the army, navy and civilian board of boxing control to referee the title match here July 4. The appointment should not have been made, he said, until Major Anthony J. Drexel Biddle, who announced Rocap's selection, had placed the question before other members of the board.

Railroads under federal control, comprising the central western region, have set aside the week of June 22nd-28th inclusive as a no-accident week. During that week the 350,000 railroad men employed in this region will be asked to, in every possible way, guard against injury, will be asked to have in their make-up just a little more of the milk of human kindness, to be actuated by somewhat different motives and strive for a higher ideal than ever before and it is to be hoped will be conscientiously and wholeheartedly striving to avoid an injury that might bring physical suffering to themselves or fellow workmen or carry a sorrow into their homes.

Few people outside of railroad service know of the constructive, effective safety work being carried on today; as evidence of its accomplishments be it noted that in the central western region alone, during the first three months of 1919, there were 90 fewer killed and 1050 fewer injured than in the same period last year.

The Santa Fe say in their appeal for the individual co-operation of their employes: "The commodity we are trying to sell is Happiness, the price of it is merely an effort to do the right, the square thing; we will take an assurance of one's good intentions as the first payment, and promise larger and more lasting dividends than are possible from any other investment."

When the Japanese desires to woo the fickle goddess of sleep he stretches himself on a rush mat on the floor puts a hard, square block of wood under his head, and does not sleep if he does not have it.

REASONS FOR REFUSAL EXPLAINED IN LENGTHY MEMORANDUM TO HUNS

Paris, June 11.—The reply to the German counter proposals, agreed upon by the peace conference heads refuses the German request for a mandate for the former German colonies it was learned today.

A lengthy memorandum gives the reasons for the refusal and explains the operations of the league of nations on colonial matters.

The reparations portion of the reply, which has been completed and has reached the printer, does not fix the total sum which the Germans must pay. The text of the treaty itself is not changed but the reply contains assurances to Germany regarding the method of reparations process, explaining that it is a workable arrangement.

International Situation

Although agreement is still lacking on important features of the allied reply to the German counter proposals, hope was officially expressed after the meeting of the council of four in Paris on Tuesday that a decision would be reached in a comparatively short time.

It is said elsewhere, however, that there may still be considerable delay before the treaty is again submitted to the enemy delegation.

France is standing out against the immediate admission of Germany to the league of nations.

Advices state that the reparations clauses of the treaty have been agreed upon in convention and will not indicate fixed terms upon which Germany must pay. It is declared in French circles that the treaty will be changed less than has been generally expected.

Austria Complains

Karl Renner, the Austrian chancellor and head of Austria's peace mission, has sent a letter to the peace conference complaining of the harshness of the terms of the treaty presented to him and his colleagues at St. Germain.

Work on the clauses of the Austrian treaty which were reserved when the terms were presented at St. Germain is apparently at a standstill, pending the settlement of the questions arising from the reply to the Germans.

Bela Kun, the foreign minister of the Soviet government of Hungary, has wired M. Clemenceau, president of the conference, agreeing to stop hostilities against Czecho-Slovakia, although he blames the latter for causing the recent severe fighting along the frontier.

Atlantic City, June 11.—Organized labor today went on record against wartime prohibition and in favor of the exemption of 2 3/4 per cent beer from both the wartime prohibition act and the federal prohibition amendment in resolutions adopted by the labor committee. The resolution was carried by an overwhelming majority. It provided that a strong protest embodying its essential points be sent to President Wilson and congress.

Introduction of a resolution proposing that the American Federation of Labor go on record as against prohibition of beer and light wines precipitated a hot battle of words at today's session of the federation's reconstruction convention. Debate last

ed two hours, the fight against the resolution being led by delegates from the Seattle labor council and at its conclusion the convention voted that a roll call vote should be taken after recess for luncheon.

Many Sign Petition

The resolution was signed by more than a hundred delegates from all sections of the country and in presenting it to the convention the resolution committee recommended its adoption.

Mr. Gompers said that as his name had been drawn into the discussion by delegates who criticized him for having written articles on the subject of prohibition he felt called upon to speak.

He explained that he had written articles as an American and a citizen. "From the time of the signing of the declaration of independence and the conception of the constitution of the United States," he said, "the prohibition is the first that has ever actually involved denial of the right of people to do things.

"What is going to happen if the habits of a people are suddenly changed over night? Look at Russia? Since vodka was suppressed entirely it is a fact that there have been more cases of alcoholism in the hospitals than ever before in the history of that country.

"I am not prepared to say that prohibition of alcohol and bolshevism are cause and effect."

RETURN INTERNED HUNS

Washington, June 11.—Return to Germany of about 2,000 former officers and sailors taken from German vessels when the United States seized enemy shipping at the outbreak of the war will begin about July 1. Those to be released are now being held at Forts McPherson and Oglethorpe.

WANT SUFFRAGE RATIFIED

New York, June 11.—Twenty-two governors are asked to call special sessions of their legislatures to ratify the suffrage amendment, in a telegram from Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National Woman Suffrage association, it was announced here today.

TROOPS REACH BREST

Brest, June 11.—The first contingent of American soldiers from Archangel arrived here today. The detachment comprised the 339th infantry.

CASUALTY LIST

The name of Elias Quintana of Cuervo, N. M., as wounded slightly is reported on the casualty list, reported by the commanding officer of the American expeditionary forces.

PLAN ANOTHER REPUBLIC

Copenhagen, June 11.—A movement has started in Schleswig-Holstein aiming at the creation of an independent republic, Berlin papers say. The republic would be separate from Prussia and would cede no territory to Denmark.

TO TRY OCEAN FLIGHT

New York, June 11.—The mammoth British dirigible R34 assigned to begin flight from England to United States, by way of Newfoundland, about June 20, probably will attempt a return cruise if the westward voyage is successful.

BEYOND ALL OTHER DEBTS

Leaning Turrets of Benares Recall to Men Their Deep Obligation to Their Mothers.

You can repay all services, all kindnesses, either by money, or service, or love, or devotion, but a mother's debt you can never repay. Bhupendranath Basu writes in the Journal of the Royal Society of Arts. Those of you who have been to India and visited Benares must have noticed the leaning turrets on the banks of the Ganges. Benares is the holiest city of the Hindus, and temples erected there were considered as earning great merit for both those who built them and those in whose memory they were built.

Tradition says these turrets are the remnants of a Hindu temple which a dutiful son erected to the memory of his dead mother, believing that he would thereby repay the debt which he owed to her. When the temple was completed after several years—for you can even now see it was a great temple of stone—and was about to be consecrated, the son was filled with the pleasure which comes of a duty discharged, and he cried out: "Now, mother, I have after all been able to repay my debt to you," and lo! and behold, the temple began to lean toward the earth, and was about to fall, when the pious builder, remembering his blasphemy, exclaimed: "Oh, mother that art in heaven, truly I am sinful, for how can I think of repaying my debt to thee!" and the fall of the temple was arrested, but the leaning turrets still preach a great lesson to devout Hindus who visit Benares.

Put a Ban on Term "Lunacy."

It would seem that such words as "lunatic" and "lunacy" may be dropped from the vocabulary of medicine, not only as being a stigma on those affected mentally, but as offensive to the kin of those unfortunates. Says the New York Medical Journal in this connection:

"Mankind insists on classifying his world in great groups, and the individual who happens to fall into an unpopular category is doomed to a certain amount of ostracism. Perhaps those who suffer most from this general vagueness are those styled 'lunatics,' though the old belief of the insane being particularly affected by the moon has long ceased to exist, and at a recent conference of asylum authorities in London it was decided that this word and some others equally indefinite, yet which cast a slur on the people so designated, should be abandoned.

Remarkable Women Rulers.

Remarkable in many ways was Elizabeth Petrovna, empress of Russia, and daughter of Peter the Great. She died 157 years ago, after a reign of 20 years. While history knows her chiefly for her immorality, she left behind her monuments to her better nature, the University of Moscow and the Academy of Fine Arts in Petrograd. Empress Elizabeth's mother was the Empress Catherine, who had been the wife of a Swedish dragoon, and became the mistress of several men before Peter the Great married her. Her daughter, Elizabeth Petrovna, when she ruled Russia, once became so mortified by one of the jests of Frederick the Great that she made war on the witty Prussian king, and until her death Russia was one of his most dangerous enemies.

Studying Ideas of Beauty.

Women at the Michigan Agricultural college are taking courses dealing with the methods of beautifying the farm home. A study of ornamental trees, shrubs and perennials is made, as well as the principles of grouping, arrangement, use of masses, etc.

QUANTY ISLAND.

Elmley, one of England's oddest little islands, though only 48 miles from London, is a parish where roads, shops, lamps, telephones, motor cars, public houses and postoffices are unknown. The island, which lies off the Isle of Sheppey, Kent, has an area of about 2,000 acres, and is the property of Oxford university. The inhabitants are mostly shepherds of large flocks of sheep. The oldest man of the village is in his seventieth year. He has yet to see a motor car. The school and church are the two chief landmarks on the island. The reason they were built in such a sparsely populated spot is that in winter it is almost impossible to leave the island, as the ferry which runs to and from the island is dangerous.

A novel method of obtaining the services of the ferryman, who lives opposite to the island, is the opening of the white door of a hut facing the shore. At night a lighted candle held aloft serves the purpose of the open door.

Stonewall's Plan.

As an American troopship pulled away from a New York dock on its journey to France, Stonewall Jackson and Welcome Brown hung over the forward rail and looked with solemn faces down into the choppy waters of the Atlantic.

"What you'll gwine to do, Stonewall, if one of dem pow'ful mean torpedoes smash into dis here boat?"

Stonewall remained silent for a minute, then he turned a sober face toward his brother in sorrow.

"What I gwine to do? Listen, Welcome, my ole mammy done tole me dat dere nebber wuz but one man dat eber walked on de water an' got away wid it—but ef one ob dem chasers ever smash into dis boat—say, Welcome, Ah'm goin' to be de second one."—John E. Scroggins, U. S. N., in Judge.

CITY OF GREAT FINANCIERS

Frankfort-on-Main Celebrated for Remarkable Men of Genius It Has Given to World.

Frankfort, the famous German town on the River Main, is the birthplace of the world's greatest millionaires. It is a wealthy commercial city, and quite disproportionately famous in comparison with its actual size.

The Rothschilds, whose ancestral home is now the solitary relic of the once famous Jewish quarter of the city; the Sterns and the Speyers in England, and the Kahns, the Kuhn, Loeb & Co., in this country, would alone suffice to make it remarkable as the birthplace of international financiers.

Even more extraordinary is the number of successful financial firms which had their birth or whose founders were born on the banks of the Main.

The reason which is usually given for this seemingly strange coincidence is that the geographical position of Frankfort is such that a mixture of races is fostered, and that has been proved to be specially favorable to financial genius.

Peculiar Patches in Sky.

Not less than 182 more or less clearly defined dark patches in the sky are recognized by Prof. E. E. Barnard in his latest catalogue. In some cases they are fairly round and regular, in others they are of complicated and contorted form and their appearance and sharpness suggest that they are dark clouds or nebulae cutting off a background made faintly luminous by unseen stars or diffused nebulous matter. Most, though not all, of the dark patches are in the region of the Milky Way, where so much of the material visible in the heavens is concentrated.

SET EXAMPLE IN COURTESY

Venetians Were the First to Put Before World the Nobleness of Gentle Manners.

Pompeo Molmenti, the historian, relates that in the sixteenth century the gentle manners of the Venetian people were evident in every department of daily life, even down to the greetings in the street. The very nobles in the Seicento, the period of greatest hauteur, were wont to salute courteously by raising their cap with the left hand and laying 'he right on the heart. The populace was always obsequious, especially toward patri-cians and foreigners, and to every question addressed to them would never answer brusquely, "Yes," but always, "At your service," though this humility of expression implied not so much servility as an inborn courtesy of feeling. The penalties for blasphemy were exceptionally severe. For instance, Benigna, in his memoirs, writes, under June 28, 1724: "A certain Bertelli for having used foul oaths was placed in the pillory and had his tongue cut out." Yet, ceremony in Venice was never allowed to degenerate into ridiculous etiquette. As early as the close of the sixteenth century a resolution was passed forbidding the use of glowing expressions in salutations.

MANY USE ONLY ONE BUTTON

Jackets and Coats Employ the New Style, Despite Number of Buttons and Buttonholes.

There is an informal air about a tailored suit whose jacket, provided with buttons and buttonholes all the way down the fronts, is fastened only by the top button; but this is fashion's pet whim of the season. By some clever art in cutting, the new jacket—buttoned only at the top—does not gape widely open; the fronts fall close together all the way down, or almost close together.

The idea is to have a bright-hued waistcoat just visible in the opening. A suit made by a Paris dressmaker has buttons set five inches apart on the jacket front and between these buttons the jacket fronts bulge open a trifle to reveal a yellow silk waistcoat beneath. Few women really like an unbuttoned jacket; the trim belted effect or a neatly buttoned up coat makes one feel much better dressed, but not only are jacket fronts left conspicuously unbuttoned this spring, but many suit coats are slashed up the side seams and buttons and buttonholes—unused like those at the front—emphasize the open effect.

Forming Artificial Pearls.

Pearls were valuable as gems in China as early as twenty-two centuries before our era, and the Chinese had worked out a plan for the artificial formation of pearls about 700 years ago, which they have carried on extensively. Large numbers of oysters are collected and the shell gently opened to allow the introduction of various foreign substances which are inserted by means of a forked bamboo stick. These pellets are generally made of prepared mud, but may be bone, brass or wood. The oysters are then placed in shallow ponds connected with canals and are nourished by tubs of night soil thrown in from time to time.

Some time later, from several months to two years, depending upon the size of the gem desired, these oysters are taken out of the shell, the pearls removed and the body of the animal eaten as food. Millions of such pearls are sold annually in China. The most valuable are either round or pear-shaped.

The KITCHEN CABINET

Sometimes we love the vision bright
That leads us on though dark the night,
But life's ahead whate'er befall
And come what may, we're comrades all.

FOOD FOR THE FAMILY.

When there are two cupfuls of well-seasoned, mashed potato left add two eggs, slightly beaten, two tablespoonfuls of pimento puree and salt and pepper; mix well and set away to chill. Later the croquettes are shaped, dipped in egg and crumbs, and when time to serve are fried in deep fat until delicately browned.



Creamed Fish in Scallop Shells.—Melt three tablespoonfuls of butter, add three tablespoonfuls of flour and when well mixed add one cupful of milk which has been scalded, with one slice of onion, a sprig of parsley and a bit of bay leaf. Bring to the boiling point; add one and three-quarters cupfuls of flaked fish and season with salt and pepper. Fill buttered scallop shells with the mixture, cover with cracker crumbs and bake until brown.

Baked Lobster in Shell.—Remove the meat from a two-pound lobster and cut in cubes. Heat in one and one-half cupfuls of white sauce and add salt, cayenne and two teaspoonfuls of lemon juice. Refill the body and tail shells, cover with buttered crumbs and brown. To prevent the lobster from curling over while baking, insert small wooden skewers of the right length to keep the shell in its original shape.

Onion Puree.—Cook onions until tender; drain, dry and force through a sieve; there should be two cupfuls. Melt two and one-half tablespoonfuls of butter; add two tablespoonfuls of flour and stir until well blended, then pour on one-half cupful of milk. Bring to the boiling point; add the onion puree and season with salt and cayenne.

Creamed Mushrooms on Toast.—Clean and peel one pound of mushrooms; cut in slices. Melt five tablespoonfuls of butter, add the mushrooms, sprinkle with salt and pepper and dredge with one and one-half tablespoonfuls of flour; pour over a half cupful of thin cream and cook five minutes. Serve on oblong pieces of buttered toast and garnish with toast points and parsley.

Mushrooms cooked as above and served in a thin white sauce as a vegetable make a most acceptable dish.

Nellie Maxwell

Observed Father's Vision.

Thackeray's daughter, Lady Ritchie, the widow of Sir Richmond Ritchie, died recently at the age of eighty-two. She had endeared herself to a wide public by her delightful reminiscences of her father and of the other famous Victorians among whom her early life was spent.

If as a novelist she achieved no popular success she was incomparable in relating anecdotes of the sort that illuminate, about the many remarkable men and women whom she had known intimately. It is much to be regretted that, in obedience to Thackeray's dying wish, she was precluded from writing her father's "Life."

Ritchie's "Thackeray" would have ranked with Lockhart's "Scott." Lady Ritchie's charming introductions to the biographical edition of "Thackeray" tantalize without satisfying his devotees. The reader wants more.—Living Age.

Mike Sena has accepted a position as clerk with the Ludwig Wm. Hfelt's hardware store.

Edward McCord of Dodge City, Ia., is in the city, having accepted a position with the Santa Fe as a painter. His wife is with him.

Mr. William E. Gortner, who has been visiting at Goshen, Ind., for the past two weeks, returned home Saturday night on train No. 9.

Charles O'Malley is wiring the Santa Fe hospital throughout preparatory to the installation of a new electric light system in the institution.

Mrs. Pauline Sandoval has received word from her son, Johnnie, now with the U. S. navy, that he is at Brest, France. Mrs. Sandoval had not heard from her son for three months past.

Miss Emily Baca, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jose A. Baca, who has been in Washington for the past year employed in the war department, is at present in Goshen, Ind., visiting Miss Irma D. Gortner. She expects to return to Las Vegas about June 20.

Miss Ruth Turner of Wagon Mound arrived in the city Saturday night to visit with her parents on Fifth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Pritchett received a cable this morning from their son, George, who has been overseas for 17 months with the 21st engineers, announcing his safe arrival today at Boston, Massachusetts.

The First Baptist church recently voted to have a series of meetings for the reviving of the Christians and the winning of the lost to Christ. Rev. J. M. Dawson, pastor of the First Baptist church of Waco, Texas, was asked to come and do the preaching. He has wired that he will be delighted to do so. Rev. Dawson is pastor of one of the largest and most influential Baptist churches in Texas. Two years ago he held a meeting in Santa Fe, at the conclusion of which meeting the First Baptist church of that place was organized. Rev. L. M. Gambrell of Amarillo, Texas, has accepted the invitation of the church to lead in the singing. Mr. Gambrell has had special training for this work. The date of the meeting is August 10. All people in Las Vegas are cordially invited to make plans to attend these meetings. Watch the Optic for further announcements.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Tolman and daughter of Los Angeles, Calif., arrived in the city last evening in their Oldsmobile Sedan. Mr. Tolman is the Oldsmobile agent at Los Angeles, and he and his wife are making the trip to New York and Boston to visit friends and relatives. They are stopping at all the principal cities on the way, and making side trips to all points of interest. They spent two days in the Grand Canyon; and at Flagstaff they visited the big pines, and in leaving, just escaped a heavy snowstorm. At Williams they arrived in the city in time to escape a huge cloudburst, which sent a huge wall of water down an arroyo which they had crossed. Early this morning the party left for the day to visit Las Vegas Hot Springs, before continuing on their journey east.

Second train No. 1 will arrive in this city this evening at about 5:20 o'clock. The train is a troop train composed of hospital cars from Nos. 1 to 7, and a tourist and two standard coaches. The train is on its way to Fort Bayard.

The spring term of the district court for San Miguel county met at the court house this morning, Judge David J. Leahy presiding. The grand and petit juries were called and examined, but owing to excuses and disqualifications of some of the jurors it was necessary to issue a special venire to fill the panel of both juries. The new names were drawn from the jury wheel and placed in the hands of the sheriff for service.

The criminal docket was called and several cases set for trial during the week. There are no criminal cases of importance on the docket for the term, but the session will probably last ten days.

The new musicians union, just formed will be hosts for all soldiers and sailors, returned from overseas and the different camps, on Thursday night. This entertainment will be in the form of a dance, given free to all those who have returned from the seats of war or from any of the different camps throughout the United States. Music will be furnished by a twelve piece orchestra (Every member a union member.)

A concert will first be given on the street, in honor of the boys who have sacrificed so much, by the Las Vegas Military band, all members of the union. The announcement says: "All soldiers are requested to come in uniform, and they will be admitted free. Dancing will be enjoyed from nine to one, or longer if you want it.

"You're going to be given the time of your life, as you deserve. Now a word to the girls. You will all be admitted free and are wanted as we want the boys to have "some dance," and you can help make it so. A charge of 50 cents will be made to all who are not soldiers or sailors, but all are welcome. Turn out and help make this a big dance. It's the only thing of the kind that has been given the boys, and we and you want to make it a big one. You're not too old to dance; you're not too young to dance; if you haven't danced for years, dance this time. Just think, "a twelve piece orchestra."

Governor Larrazolo received a telegram Saturday from Herbert Wall, secretary of the Rocky Mountain club announcing that 98 New Mexico and Arizona boys left Friday for Fort Bliss, Texas. Among the Las Vegas boys mentioned are: Max B. Krause, Moises Maldonado, John M. Fultz, Roman E. Lopez, George McGuire, John V. Thomas, William H. Koozler, Reginald M. Young, William H. Coleman, Charles E. Daugherty, David R. Hendin and Dan Trahey. Jack Sommon and Austin Brice of Springer, and Fred L. Rosier of Maxwell.

The telegram was from Hoboken and stated that Lieutenant Perkins commanding casual company 581, among them 98 New Mexico and Arizona boys, left Friday at 1 o'clock for Fort Bliss. The day before their departure, the Rocky Mountain club land, where they had dinner and were entertained.

CIVILIAN FLIER DEAD

St. Louis, June 10.—Oscar Bricker, 30, of Wabash, Ind., a civilian flier, was burned to death at Hannibal, Mo. today when his airplane fell out of control and crashed in a street, bursting into flames. Bricker's airplane was acting as herald for a convoy of motor trucks making a demonstration tour over Missouri and Illinois.

Julius Lind, a former Las Vegas resident, now traveling out of Los Angeles, Calif., is in the city today on business.

A marriage license was issued yesterday afternoon to Saturnina Herrera and Luis Sedillos, both of upper Las Vegas.

Word has been received by relatives in this city, from Albert Atkins, stating that he has landed in the U. S. and is now at Camp Stuart, Virginia, awaiting discharge. He has been overseas a year.

Miss Louise Trahey, principal of the Dawson high school and an instructor in Spanish and history, returned to this city last evening on No. 9. Miss Trahey has just completed a very successful term of school.

Bounty has been applied for by Crescencio Martinez of Sena on one wild cat and by O. Chavez of Sena one coyote.

A dance given for the sole purpose of welcoming home the returned soldiers and sailors, will be given at the armory at 9 p. m. Thursday, June 12 under the auspices of the American Federation of Musicians, recently organized in this city. The committee in charge requests that every soldier or sailor be present in uniform, if possible. No admission will be charged for ladies nor for the soldiers and sailors. The Las Vegas Military band will render a short concert at Douglas avenue and Sixth streets and in front of the armory between 8 p. m. A 12 piece orchestra composed of organized musicians will furnish the music for the dance. A fifty cent admission fee will be charged men other than sailors and soldiers. Everybody is invited to come out and help show the boys that Las Vegas really is glad to have them back again.

Three young boys were given a 30 day sentence in jail yesterday in the court of Justice Garcia, on the charge of stealing a Buick and taking a joy ride. The car was used Sunday afternoon, during the ball game between the Cicos of this city and St. Michael's college of Santa Fe, and belonged to members of the visiting team. However, as no material damage was done, the sentence has been suspended on promise of future good behavior.

Thomas P. Gable, state game warden arrived in the city today to prosecute Maldonado Abel on the charge of killing two does near Mora. However, Abel will have to be tried in Mora county, and was bound over to the grand jury of that county under a \$500 bond. Abel was arrested by Julian Sena, deputy game warden on the 6th of this month, the date of the killing.

A committee of the local members of the Cattle and Horse Growers association of New Mexico has been appointed and ordered by the president of that organization to assist the mounted police of New Mexico in the prosecution of cattle and horse stealing cases.

There was a pretty wedding, as pretty as most June weddings are, yesterday morning at the Cathedral of St. Francis in Santa Fe, when Miss Beatriz Baca of Las Vegas was married to Remigio Mondragon of that city. The ceremony was performed by the Rt. Rev. Monsignor Antonio Fourchegu, vicar general of the archdiocese of Santa Fe, who celebrated the nuptial mass. The bride was attractively gowned in white silk, and carried a showed bouquet of bride's roses. She is the daughter of former Assistant State School Superintendent Filadelfo Baca of Las Vegas, for many years a resident of Santa Fe. The bridegroom recently returned from overseas, where he served with the A. E. F. Following the wedding a breakfast was served at the home of the bridegroom on Upper Palace avenue.

The Normal University registration today and noon had reached a total of 650. More pupils are coming on every train so far, said one of the officials at the school today. The training school will open on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock in the Douglas building, and 150 or more students are expected to register there. The response of people who have rooms for rent has finally eased the pressing need as it is believed that all pupils will be properly accommodated.

Tom P. Ryan, aged 36, died at 1:30 this morning at the Las Vegas hospital of tuberculosis. Mr. Ryan was a native of Ireland and came to this country about ten years ago, and resided in Chicago until about a year ago when he came to this city for the benefit of his health. He has been a patient at the hospital since November.

BILL CUT CONSIDERABLY

Washington, June 7.—As reported out of the house military committee, the 1920 army bill carries only \$310,000,000, a decrease of \$40,000,000 from the estimates made by the war department. The measure will be taken up in the house Tuesday with leaders planning a vote Thursday.

TESTIMONY ADMISSIBLE

Mount Clemens, Mich., June 7—Judge Tucker ruled yesterday that testimony bearing on conditions in Mexico and on the Mexican border was admissible in the Chicago Daily Tribune's defense of the libel suit brought against it by Henry Ford.

SEAMEN ACQUITTED

New York, June 10.—Captain Adolph G. Pedersen and his son, son, Adaloph E., were acquitted by a federal jury today of the charge of causing the death of Axel Hansen, a sailor on the bark Puako, of which they were officers. The jury was out six minutes.

BILL PASSES

Washington, June 7.—The \$155,000,000 Indian appropriation bill was passed yesterday by the senate and sent to conference.

PEACE MEDALS FOR INDIANS

These Struck by Philadelphia Association in 1757 Are Now Treasured as Relics.

The first peace medals manufactured in America, for promoting friendly relations with the Indians, were struck in 1757 by a Philadelphia association, composed chiefly of the Society of Friends. One of the first issued had on the obverse side the head of King George II, and on the reverse the sun, an Indian sitting at a campfire, and a white man offering him a pipe of peace. After the Revolution such medals always bore the head of the president in office at the time of its manufacture. One struck in 1792, bearing the profile of George Washington, was presented to Red Jacket, chief of the Iroquois and last of the Senecas.

A silver peace medal, of the Jefferson medallion type, found in an Indian grave on the banks of the Clearwater river, Idaho, in 1899, was one used during the famous Lewis and Clark expedition, from the mouth of the Mississippi to where the Columbia empties into the Pacific. Many such medals were given to Indians on the trip. The one found in Idaho is in the American Museum of Natural History. The Jefferson medal differed in design from that issued by Washington. It was made in bronze of three sizes. The smallest was also struck in silver. All sizes bore the same design. On the obverse side is a bust of Thomas Jefferson, and on the reverse clasped hands, pipe and battle ax crossed, and the legend, "Peace and Friendship."

Observed Father's Way.

Thackeray's daughter, Lady Ritchie, the widow of Sir Richmond Ritchie, died recently at the age of eighty-two. She had endeared herself to a wide public by her delightful reminiscences of her father and of the other famous Victorians among whom her early life was spent.

If as a novelist she achieved no popular success she was incomparable in relating anecdotes of the sort that illuminate, about the many remarkable men and women whom she had known intimately. It is much to be regretted that, in obedience to Thackeray's dying wish, she was precluded from writing her father's "Life."

Ritchie's "Thackeray" would have ranked with Lockhart's "Scott." Lady Ritchie's charming introductions to the biographical edition of "Thackeray" tantalize without satisfying his devotees. The reader wants more.—Living Age.

CITY OF GREAT FINANCIERS

Frankfort-on-Main Celebrated for Remarkable Men of Genius It Has Given to World.

Frankfort, the famous German town on the River Main, is the birthplace of the world's greatest millionaires. It is a wealthy commercial city, and quite disproportionately famous in comparison with its actual size.

The Rothschilds, whose ancestral home is now the solitary relic of the once famous Jewish quarter of the city; the Sterns and the Speyers in England, and the Kahns, the Kuhn, Loeb & Co., in this country, would alone suffice to make it remarkable as the birthplace of international financiers.

Even more extraordinary is the number of successful financial firms which had their birth or whose founders were born on the banks of the Main.

The reason which is usually given for this seemingly strange coincidence is that the geographical position of Frankfort is such that a mixture of races is fostered, and that has been proved to be specially favorable to financial genius.

BEYOND ALL OTHER DEBTS

Leaning Turrets of Benares Recall to Men Their Deep Obligation to Their Mothers.

You can repay all services, all kindnesses, either by money, or service, or love, or devotion, but a mother's debt you can never repay, Bhupendranath Basu writes in the Journal of the Royal Society of Arts. Those of you who have been to India and visited Benares must have noticed the leaning turrets on the banks of the Ganges. Benares is the holiest city of the Hindus, and temples erected there were considered as earning great merit for both those who built them, and those in whose memory they were built.

Tradition says these turrets are the remnants of a Hindu temple which a dutiful son erected to the memory of his dead mother, believing that he would thereby repay the debt which he owed to her. When the temple was completed after several years—for you can even now see it was a great temple of stone—and was about to be consecrated, the son was filled with the pleasure which comes of a duty discharged, and he cried out: "Now mother, I have after all been able to repay my debt to you," and lo! and behold, the temple began to lean toward the earth, and was about to fall, when the pious builder, remembering his blasphemy, exclaimed: "Oh, mother that art in heaven, truly I am sinful, for how can I think of repaying my debt to thee!" and the fall of the temple was arrested, but the leaning turrets still preach a great lesson to devout Hindus who visit Benares.

NOT ALWAYS PROPERLY SANE

Scientists Assert Few People Have at All Times Full Command of Their Mental Faculties.

Many people think that the expression "temporary insanity" is merely used by a jury wishing to save relatives pain, but numbers of doctors who have made a study of mental disorders emphatically declare it is no idle term.

One doctor has stated that temporary insanity is a condition of double consciousness, not dissimilar to epilepsy. A person normally quite sane may have attacks of temporary aberration lasting little more than a few minutes, especially after long bouts of hard, continuous mental work, being particularly liable if insomnia supervenes.

Crimes have been committed in the early morning when the perpetrator has not really been properly awake, and has been horrified to find what he has done. This is a true case of temporary insanity, but it is comparatively rare, and a man in normal health would not suffer in this way.

A specialist in mental diseases has stated that he knew a case in which a person was insane during a certain time of each day, and that others have been known when the patient was quite normal at ordinary times, but suffered from a temporary fit of mania regularly once a month.

Protect Lace.

Many of the black gowns are of face—and sometimes black chantilly is mounted over white satin. This is very distinguished when the lace is new, but chantilly which is an heirloom should never be put over white or any light tint. The old, if rare, lace tears easily, and any mending of the fabric, however delicately done, shows up unpleasantly against the light lining. It is always best to mount valuable old laces over a "drop" of tulle or to veil the lace frock with tulle if this can be done without spoiling the design and the lines.

LARGEST LANDOWNER

England's largest landowner is the Duke of Hamilton. It is estimated that he could give away a square mile of land every day for half a year, and yet have a comfortable little estate eight miles square to call his own.

MORE TROOPS LAND

New York, June 9.—The transport Kentuckian arrived from St. Nazaire bringing 1,860 troops. They comprised the headquarters first, second and third battalions of the 315th field artillery, 90th division; three officers and 218 men of the 315th sanitary train, 79th division, medical supply detachment, headquarters detachment, field hospitals numbers 357 and 39,5 and ambulance company number 359; and one officer and 47 men of the 323rd motor transport company.

Washington, June 7.—Favorable report on the bill to repeal the daylight saving law on the last Sunday in October was voted today by the house interstate commerce commission.

Mexico City, June 9.—The city of Chihuahua, which Villa was reported to hold, was entered Sunday by federal troops, commanded by General Manuel Dieguez, it was announced last night from the offices of President Carranza.

It was added that General Dieguez would remain in Chihuahua to await orders before continuing the campaign against Villa. The official announcement set at rest reports regarding the situation in Chihuahua.

REDUCE R. R. FUND

Washington, June 10.—Reduction of four hundred and fifty million dollars in the \$1,200,000,000 revolving fund asked for by the railroad administration for the remainder of the year was made today by the house appropriation committee.

Denver, June 9.—Every union telegraph operator now in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph company in Denver, will leave work at 6 o'clock Wednesday morning, according to a statement by J. P. Reddington, local secretary of the telegraphers union made this afternoon.

Neat!

One of the neatest replies on record must be credited to Christopher North, remarks a writer in the London Daily Chronicle. Professor Aytoun, of "Scottish Cavalier Lays," loved and was loved by North's daughter. He was too nervous to face the father, so the blushing girl herself asked paternal consent to their marriage.

"Papa's answer is on the back of my dress," said the scholar's daughter returning to her trembling waiting lover, who, turning her round, read on a pinned slip of paper:

"With the author's compliments."

Fowls Plucked With Vacuum.

A machine of the vacuum type for plucking fowls is described and illustrated in Popular Mechanics magazine. With it, it is said, a person can remove all the feathers, dry, from an average-sized bird in about five minutes. A motor-driven fan creates suction in a large flexible tube, at the free end of which is a special plucking apparatus. Once loosed, the feathers pass through the tube into a large receptacle overhead.

ANOTHER OVERSEAS

SERVICE MAN RETURNS

Bonifacio Martinez, who was mustered out of army service on June 5 at Fort Bliss, Texas, arrived in this city yesterday on his way to his home at La Cueva. Martinez left this city March 5, 1918 for Fort Riley, Kansas, where he received his early military education. He was in camp only a short time when ordered to Europe. He landed at Brest on May 5 with the 107th ammunition train. He was in the Alsace sector from June 12 to July 21, in the Aisne-Marne offensive July 29 to August 7, in the Oise-Marne offensive from August 26 to September 9, and in the Meuse-Argonne offensive from September 29 to November 11. On the first of May, 1919, he set sail from Brest, landing in New York on the 13th of the same month. He was mustered out of service on Thursday.

ANOTHER OVERSEAS

MAN IS BACK HOME

Carl Regensberg, son of Mrs. Berthrat Regensberg, who has been in the service for 21 months, leaving Las Vegas with the first 5 per cent in the first draft, is home once more. Regensberg saw all kinds of service abroad, being with Co. B, 120th Machine Gun Battalion of the "Red Arrow" division. He was more recently with the army of occupation. Regensberg landed in the states May 13, at Hoboken and went to Camp Merritt. He was discharged from Fort Bliss in his 14 months service overseas. Regensberg was in the Alsace sector from May 18 to 21 and in July, 1918; Aisne-Marne July 29 to August 7; Oise-Aisne August 26 to September 6. Meuse-Argonne September 26 to November 11 and with the army of occupation from November 17, 1918 to April 8, 1919. A brother, Sidney, is yet in the A. E. F.

Lt. John Harris

First Lieutenant John Harris, Jr., who arrived home Friday after foreign service, left Las Vegas in July, 1917, and was sent to Leon Springs, Texas, where he received his early military training. After a year's service in this country he was sent to Liverpool, England. Shortly after his arrival at this port he was sent to La Fleuve, France, and later to the interior of France. On May 1, 1919, he landed in this country, and was mustered out at Camp Mills on the fourth. Since that time he has been visiting relatives in the eastern cities. Lieutenant Harris was connected with the 18th company of the Fourth Mechanic unit.

EDWARD A. MELONEY

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Meloney of Grand avenue, received a telegram Saturday, from their son, Sergeant Edward A. Meloney announcing his safe arrival from overseas on the Madewaske, Friday. The telegram from Camp Mills also stated that the expected to go to Camp Travis in five days, to be mustered out of service. Sergeant Meloney was with the 288th military police, 90th division. He left Las Vegas September 19, 1917, and was sent to Camp Travis. He landed in France the following June, having sailed from this country May 25, 1919.

The Cicos baseball team, will take their strongest line up with them Sunday to Santa Fe, where they will play the famous White Sox team of that city. The team and their admirers will go by auto. The E. Romero Hose company's ball team will go to Dawson Sunday and play the Dawson city team. A return game was promised for Las Vegas on July 6.

On today's train No. 1 was one coach of California overseas boys enroute from Camp Dix to Presidio, Cal. to be mustered out of service.

Miss Charlotte Clevenge, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Clevenger, left this noon on train No. 10 for an extended visit in the east.

J. Roman Ortiz, a prominent merchant of Ribera, who arrived in the city Monday, became suddenly ill of heart trouble and is at the home of Mr. B. F. Baca on the West side. His condition is reported improved today.

The East Las Vegas postoffice has announced a civil service examination for clerk and carrier to be held June 28. For application blanks, and for full information relative to the examinations, qualifications, duties, vacations, promotions, etc., enquire at the postoffice.

Mrs. Susan Howard passed away yesterday after a long illness. Deceased was 71 years of age and had lived in Las Vegas one year. The remains, which are in charge of J. C. Johnsen and Sons, will be shipped to Nevada, Mo., for burial.

Two boys about the ages of 17 and 19, whose names the police did not get, were arrested this morning about 3 o'clock and held for investigation by Santa Fe Special Officer P. L. Barnett. On the 6th of the month, the cash register of the Trinidad Harvey house was stolen, and the contents taken by two young men. However, in exchanging wires, the Trinidad officers stated they were unable to identify the thieves and ordered the boys here released. Th boys were loitering about the Santa Fe depot when arrested.

The two old shacks on Sixth street adjoining the Peoples Drug store, are being torn down by workmen under the direction of the owner, Chris Wiegand, today. The buildings have been the scene of several fires within about a year's time past, and were considered a dangerous nuisance. The city some time ago ordered that the buildings be torn down and the concerns which were occupying the buildings moved to other quarters within the past week.

The funeral of Tom P. Ryan, who died yesterday morning at the Las Vegas hospital of tuberculosis, was held this morning from the Church of the Immaculate Conception, by the Ladies Aid society of that church. Burial was made in St. Anthony's cemetery under the direction of Charles J. Day.

Marshal P. J. Murphy announces that he has two horses and one mule colt in the city corral, awaiting the call of the owners. The animals have been in the custody of the police for the past ten days, and according to law, after ten days, they are to be advertised, as found, for

three days, at the end of which time they may be sold at auction to the highest bidder for cash. If you own these animals or know of the owner, have them call at once, and pay the pound fee.

Judge Reed Holloman of Santa Fe will deliver the principal address at the Elks' Flag day services at the Elks home Sunday afternoon. There will be a special musical program and the ritualistic exercises will be conducted by the officers of the lodge. Veterans of all wars are invited to be present. A special invitation also is extended to the public and to the summer school students.

Captain T. J. Molinari, field agent of the state tax commission, arrived in the city last night and will be here for about two weeks. Captain Molinari has special charge of merchandise and fixtures and will visit all the merchants of both cities and of the county to adjust the assessments in his particular line. Every merchant will be required to present his books showing the amount of merchandise carried up to the first of the year. The manner in which he will adjust tax matters is of the same system being followed all over the state, so no partiality will be shown and every merchant will get a square deal, he says.

Former Secretary of State Antonio Lucero of this city has resigned his position as member of the board of regents of the State University and his resignation has been accepted by Governor O. A. Larrazolo. Mr. Lucero received a letter from the governor this morning accepting his resignation. The governor and members of the board of regents all urged Mr. Lucero to retain the position, but he felt it impossible to do so.

Attorney A. A. Sedillo, former speaker of the house, has been appointed a member of the board of regents to succeed Mr. Lucero, according to word received here today from Santa Fe.

JOHN MURPHY LANDS

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Murphy have received word from their son, John, announcing his safe arrival from overseas. John Murphy left Las Vegas in January, 1918, for Camp Grant, Ill., where he spent only six weeks before going to France. In France he was in most of the principal battles with Company D of the 21st engineers. He landed in the United States last Monday, and at present is stationed at Camp Devens, Mass. He does not state where he will be mustered out of service, nor when he expects to arrive home.

Tomorrow morning an extra section of No. 3 will be run on account of the overflow California travel.

R. F. Hays, formerly a Santa Fe conductor residing in Las Vegas, who is now with the hospital board at Topeka, Kan., and D. E. Livingston, also of the Santa Fe hospital board, who were in the city yesterday on business, left last night for Albuquerque.

Sergeant Major Dan Trahey, and Sergeant Reginald M. Young of Co. A, 342nd Machine gun battalion, 89th division, arrived in the city last evening on delayed train No. 9, about 8:30 o'clock. A large delegation of

citizens were at the station to welcome them.

Trahey and Young left Las Vegas 21 months ago and landed in Camp Funston, Kansas on the 20th of September, 1917. Eight months were spent in training at Funston, when they were sent overseas. They were at St. Mihiel, and in the Meuse-Argonne drive, and in the front line trenches for 20 days. Altogether, 12 months were spent in France. In that time the 342nd Machine gun battalion had 33 per cent casualties, among them being 25 wounded, 25 gassed, 6 killed and several deaths. They landed in this country on their return at Camp Upton, N. Y., on May 27th.

Trahey and Young were separated from the New Mexico boys at Camp Upton, being sent to Camp Funston they had the company records and organization equipment, and were sent to division headquarters at Camp Funston. The New Mexico boys are to be mustered out at Fort Bliss, Texas, and left Camp Upton on the 6th of June.

Among the Las Vegas boys with the 342nd Machine gun battalion, were Sergeant W. H. Koogler, Sergeant Rene Gillis, Musician David R. Hendin and Charles E. Daugherty.

The remains of the late E. E. Greenley of Shoemaker were brought to Las Vegas this morning. Mr. Greenley was a well known farmer of the Shoemaker district. The deceased was 54 years of age and leaves his wife, three sons and a daughter to survive him. Interment was made in Masonic cemetery. Arrangements were in charge of J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

LAS VEGANS LAND AT BOSTON

Telegrams have been received in this city announcing the arrival at Boston on the U. S. S. President Grant of the 11th Veterinary hospital, John Howell, Salem Curtis, Byrl Meeks, Joe Romero and Joe M. Sena of this city, who left Las Vegas the first of last July, are in this organization.

RAILWAY CLERKS TO MEET

Las Vegas lodge of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks will meet tomorrow evening in regular session in the Odd Fellows hall at 8 o'clock. After regular business is transacted, a dance will be enjoyed. Refreshments will be served. All are urged to be present.

MAY REPEAL LAW

Washington, June 12.—A rider repealing the daylight savings law, effective when the clocks are turned back in October, was added to the agricultural appropriation bill today by the senate committee. The vote was unanimous.

TRANSPORT ASHORE

New York, June 12.—The transport Grifa Waldersee, formerly one of the crack passenger liners of the Hamburg-American line, which was rammed last night by the ship Redondo, was beached shortly after 11 o'clock this forenoon on the sands of Long Beach, L. I.

Dr. Rosan McLeon of Los Angeles, is a business visitor in the city for a few days.

J. W. Grasse and J. L. Jones of Denver, Colo., are in the city for a few days on business.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, June 12.—On the stock market today stocks were supplied on the early rise but after the list had digested these offerings the advance was resumed with the substantial gains far out measuring the early recessions. Conspicuous strength was shown by international haverster, leather, fertilizer and food shares. Crucible and Bethlehem steels and shippings, tobaccos, public utilities and motors, the advance ranging from 1 to 5 points. The close was:

American Sugar Refining	133 3/4
American T. and T. Co.	106 1/2
Anaconda Copper	73 1/2
Atchison	99 1/2
Chino Copper	46 1/2
Colo. Fuel and Iron Co.	49 1/2
Inspiration Copper	60
Southern Pacific	108
Union Pacific	132 1/2
United States Steel	107 1/2

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, June 12.—The closing quotations in the grain market today were:

Corn, July	\$1.71 3/4	Sept	\$1.64 3/8
Oats, July	68 5-8	Sept	68
Pork, July	\$51.40	Sept.	\$49.90
Lard, July	\$35.75	Sept.	\$34.47
Ribs, July	\$28.22	Sept.	\$28.05

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK

Kansas City, June 12.—Hogs, receipts 7,000. Market higher. Heavy \$20.70@20.85; packers and butchers \$20.50@20.85; lights \$20.30@20.75; Cattle, receipts 2,900. Market steady. Prime fed steers \$15.10@15.16; dressed beef steers \$13@15; common \$9.50@13.10; heifers \$7@14. Sheep, receipts 6,000. Market steady. Lambs \$13.25@13.75; yearlings \$11@13.25. ewes \$7@9.50.

Matt Gerk of Cherryvale is abusiness visitor in the city today.

Minter G. Harper and family left today on train No. 1 for Phoenix, Ariz. Mr. Harper, who has been an official of Las Vegas lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F. for the past two years, is well known in this city, and was employed as a clerk in the East Las Vegas postoffice. He is being transferred to Phoenix, taking the place of C. W. Taylor of that city, who arrived in this city a few days ago, and is breaking in on route No. 3 in the southeast part of the city. Russell Linberg has been transferred from route No. 2 to clerk in the office, and R. E. Hamilton of route No. 3 will take route No. 2. The family of Mr. Taylor will arrive in this city in a few days.

SHRINERS TO MEET IN PORTLAND IN 1920

Indianapolis, Ind., June 12.—Portland, Oregon, was selected over New Orleans as the 1920 meeting place of the Ancient Arabic Order of the Mystic Shrine at the closing session here today. The vote was 235 favoring the Pacific coast city to 122 for New Orleans.

* Albuquerque, N. M., June 12. *
 * —Directing that on Saturday the *
 * American flag be raised over all *
 * state buildings throughout New *
 * Mexico and that proper ex *
 * ercises be held by state patriot *
 * ic organizations, Governor Lar *
 * razolo has issued a proclamation *
 * designing Saturday, June 14, as *
 * Flag Day. *
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