

# Weekly Optic <sup>and</sup> Live Stock Grower

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## BERNSTORFF HAD DIRECTION OF A SPY

FORMER GERMAN AMBASSADOR  
DEFINITELY CONNECTED  
WITH ESPIONAGE

New York, Oct. 4.—Evidence indicating that German funds held by New York banks for the Deutsche Bank of Berlin and which were employed to pay Bolo Pasha, German spy and peace propagandist, were placed at the disposal of Count von Bernstorff by wireless messages from the German foreign office was obtained today by State Attorney General Merton E. Lewis.

This evidence conclusively proves, according to the attorney general, that Count von Bernstorff had a direct hand in directing the activities of Bolo Pasha, who is now under arrest in Paris. It was obtained, he said, from Hugo Schmidt, agent here of the Deutsche Bank, whom he examined today.

Subpoenaed to appear before the attorney general today, Schmidt produced the text of eight wireless telegrams in code exchanged between him and the German foreign office in March and April, 1916, while Bolo was in this country. The messages authorized Schmidt to place at the disposal of Count von Bernstorff more than a million and a half dollars held in New York banks to the account of the Deutsche Bank, one of them being the Guaranty Trust company.

In these messages von Bernstorff was referred to as Charles Gledhill; the German foreign office was known as William Foxley, and the Guaranty Trust company was called Fred Hooven. The messages, Mr. Lewis said, served as links in a chain of evidence showing how German money was transferred to France by way of New York.

### Hearst Denies Charges

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 4.—William Randolph Hearst, the publisher, commenting on information made public today in New York by Merton E. Lewis, attorney general of New York, concerning Mr. Hearst's social relations with Bolo Pasha, alleged German spy, defied Mr. Lewis to "substantiate any one of his unwarranted implications," under threat of proceedings for slander.

### French Unearth Tricks

Paris, Oct. 4.—The chamber of deputies

assembled today and decided to take up immediately discussion of the case of Bolo Pasha, arrested on the charge of having conducted German propaganda in France. Louis J. Malvy, former minister of the interior, who resigned on account of press attacks against him in connection with exposures of German intrigues, said:

"The president of the republic has received a letter from Leon Daudet, leader of the royalist association and editor of L'Action Francaise. This letter reciting infamous calumnies against Mexico was transmitted to the premier, who has communicated it to me. I cannot accept this letter in silence."

Premier Painleve interrupted him, saying:

"The accusations against M. Malvy are very grave. He is accused of having betrayed secrets to Germany during three years."

There were loud cries from all parts of the chamber.

### ALBUQUERQUE MERCHANT WILL ASSIST IN FIXING FAIR RE- TAIL PRICES

Washington, Oct. 4.—The food administration today announced the appointment of C. O. Cushman of Albuquerque as merchant representative to assist the state food administrator in dealing with retail prices.

### AMONG INDICTED MEN ARE FOR- MER CANDIDATE FOR MIN- NESOTA GOVERNORSHIP

Minneapolis, Oct. 4.—The federal grand jury today returned 26 indictments, 13 of them against draft evaders or other alleged disloyalists. Among those indicted is Rev. C. L. Lehnert, former pastor of the Central German Methodist church here, who is charged with mailing a letter to the Minneapolis Liberty Loan committee containing "language of a nature to incite arson, murder an assassination."

J. O. Bentall, one time socialist candidate for governor of Minnesota, also was indicted, charged with violation of the espionage act and with aiding and abetting those trying to violate the conscription act.

### ARTILLERY IS ASKED TO BE SPARING IN THE USE OF HEAVY SHELLS

Copenhagen, Oct. 4.—Leaders of various groups of German labor were received at main army headquarters this week, not for the purpose of congratulating Field Marshal von Hindenburg on his birthday, as first was intimated, but in an effort to have German workmen speed up the production of munitions. The leaders

submitted to General von Ludendorff, chief quartermaster general, complaints of the laboring classes. These dealt particularly with the operation of the compulsory labor service law. Reliable reports from widely separated sectors of the western front say the German artillery has strict orders to spare ammunition in every way possible.

### RECRUITS WILL BE ACCEPTED NOW FOR NEW UNIT OF NEW MEXICO GUARD

Eighteen hundred men to form a regiment of Spanish-Americans for the New Mexico National Guard are wanted as soon as possible. Recruiting Officer Loneoak, U. S. A., whose office is at 617 Douglas avenue, this morning received a telegram from the office of the adjutant general in Washington telling him to begin recruiting for the regiment at once. Inasmuch as the Spanish-American young men have been anxious to be associated in a military unit officered and manned by Spanish-Americans, it is likely that the regiment speedily will be filled. The regiment is expected to have service in New Mexico and later in Europe.

The recruiting officer has been informed also that more recruits are wanted for the National Guard coast artillery. This is one of the attractive branches of the service, and Mr. Loneoak will be glad to explain it to any young men who are interested.

### SINK FIVE FRENCH VESSELS OF MORE THAN 1,600 TONS LAST WEEK

Paris, Wednesday, Oct. 3.—The weekly report of losses to French shipping by submarines and mines shows that five vessels of more than 1,600 tons each and five of less than that size were destroyed. Four smaller ships were lost in the preceding week. Five vessels were attacked unsuccessfully, one of them in the previous week. Six fishing vessels were sunk, two of them in the preceding week.

### Italians' Loss is Light

Rome, Oct. 3.—Italian shipping losses by mines or submarines for the week ending September 30, in all seas, were two sailing vessels of more than 100 tons and three sailing vessels of less than 100 tons. One small sailing vessel escaped when attacked.

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—John C. Hubbard of Farmington was today appointed United States commissioner by Federal Judge Neblett. Judge Neblett also issued an order today changing the rules of the federal court so that hereafter final action on petitions for naturalization will be taken up only on the third Monday in March and the third Monday of September.

## MAY EXCEED THE MAXIMUM PRICE OF WHEAT

NO PENALTY IS PROVIDED FOR  
PAYING MORE THAN FIXED  
FIGURE

Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—In response to numerous requests, State Food Administrator Ralph C. Ely has sent to all the millers and to grain men of the state information to the effect that it is not illegal for the farmer to sell his wheat at a higher price than that fixed by the United States grain corporation for New Mexico. No penalty is provided for paying more than the price fixed by the government. The government is seeking to control the situation entirely through voluntary agreement with the mills.

Below is a table of the different zone market basic prices which together with the above table will readily give you the value of any given grade at any zone markets:

Number one grade.

New York	.....\$2.30
Philadelphia	..... 2.29
Baltimore	..... 2.29
New Orleans	..... 2.20
Galveston	..... 2.20
Duluth	..... 2.17
Minneapolis	..... 2.17
Kansas City	..... 2.15
Omaha	..... 2.15
St. Louis	..... 2.18
Chicago	..... 2.20
Buffalo	..... 2.25

### A PATRIOTIC MAN

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 4.—In order that he might be physically fit when drafted for military service, Robert D. McCornack, a bank clerk in this city, has submitted to three surgical operations to remedy slight physical defects. After he had failed to pass the physical examination for entrance into the first reserve officers' training camp, he underwent the first operation. Later he failed of entrance to the second training camp for another defect, and was operated upon again. The third operation was performed later, and McCornack expects to be drafted on the next call.

### MEXICANS NOT IMPRESSED

Mexico City, Oct. 4.—The Mexican foreign office has issued an official statement that citizens of Mexico are not being pressed unlawfully into the American army.

# EUROPEAN WAR

## BRITISH PEOPLE, BECOMING EXASPERATED, DEMAND REPRISALS ON GERMANY

London, Oct. 1.—The week-end air raids established a record as the noisiest London has experienced. This was due to the increased number of anti-aircraft guns and the continuity of the firing.

Last night the only unusual incident of the raid was the cheering heard from different parts of the metropolis, due to the belief some of the raiders had been brought down.

The public, which has been looking forward to the approaching darker nights for a cessation of the raids, has been warned that although the recent raids occurred on moonlight nights, there is no reason to assume that as more experience is gained they may not be attempted on any night the atmospheric conditions are favorable. The taking of necessary precautions to provide shelter is urged.

British naval air patrols destroyed two enemy machines and brought down another, says an official announcement. A Gotha also was brought down, and is believed to have been damaged. All the British machines are safe. Nine persons were killed and 42 injured in last night's air raid, it is announced officially.

The air raid Sunday night, the fifth within seven days—as far as available details show—accomplished nothing important for the enemy. The claim that the new "air barrage" acts as a powerful deterrent to the raiders seems to have been justified further in the latest attacks.

The newspapers, while commending the vigor of the defenses, still call for other measures and advocate reprisals on German towns.

## DROP BOMBS ON IMPORTANT PLACES IN REPRISAL FOR TEUTON RAIDS

Paris, Oct. 2.—The German cities of Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Stuttgart, Treves and Coblenz were bombarded last night by French aviators in retaliation for German aerial attacks on French cities. The following official announcement was given out:

"The Germans last night made a new attack on the town of Dunkirk. The bombardment was violent, causing serious material damage. It is reported there were numerous victims among the civilian population.

"In reprisal for the bombardments carried out by the Germans against Bar-le-Duc and Dunkirk, our aviators last night threw down bombs on the towns of Frankfurt-on-the-Main, Cob-

London, Oct. 1.—A demonstration against the German government Saturday at Essen, home of the Krupp works, in view of the decision of Chancellor Michaelis, not to state Germany's peace terms, is reported in an Exchange Telegram Amsterdam dispatch. Women formed a majority of the demonstrators, says the dispatch, breaking windows of the town hall and shouting demands for more food, for peace and for the return of their menfolk. The police and military were called out to quell the riot. Two women were injured and several were arrested. Essen is reported to be in a state of ferment.

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lenz, Treves and Stuttgart.

"Our bombarding airplanes made numerous expeditions, in the course of which 2,120 kilograms (4,464 pounds) of explosives were thrown on military buildings in Roulers and 6,000 kilograms (13,200 pounds) on the railway stations at Metz, Sur-Woippy and Thionville, the airdrome at Chambley, encampments at Spincourt and Tilly and munition depots at the Longeu farm, where a violent explosion was observed.

"Two German airplanes were brought down yesterday by our pilots, and four others were compelled to land in a disabled condition."

## Ten Killed in London

London, Oct. 2.—In last night's air raid 10 persons were killed and 38 injured. The statement reads:

"Lord French reports that the latest police reports state that in last night's air raid the casualties in all districts visited by the raiders were, killed, 10; injured, 38."

## CENTRAL ALLIES LEARN THAT ROMAN GOVERNMENT INTENDS TO PUSH VICTORY

Washington, Oct. 2.—Alarmed by the success of the Italian drive over the Painsizza plateau, Germany is withdrawing large numbers of Austrian troops from France and from Galicia and Bukowina, and rushing them to the Italian front to meet the renewed offensive of General Cadorna. Official dispatches received here from Rome today say the second phase of the great battle is about to open.

As great as the Italian victory on the plateau, the battle there is by no means finished, according to today's dispatches. Only the first phase of the campaign is past and the Italian troops are preparing for a resumption of the action on a greater scale. The Austrians, aware of the Italian purpose, are making ready a strong defensive.

Further evidence of the Austrian preparations is found in the withdrawal of nearly all Austrian troops from Galicia and Bukowina, which they had been holding in check the Serbians and Russians, and their transfer to the Italian front. Similarly, large numbers of Austrian troops have been recalled from France.

## British Smash Attacks

British Headquarters in France and Belgium, Monday, Oct. 1 (By the Associated Press)—Once more the Germans have essayed, in a series of counter attacks, to break the new British lines between Polygon Wood and tower Hamlets, across the open road to the south. Again they have been hurled back with heavy losses. The principal result of three bitter attacks by the enemy between dawn and midnight has been the merciless shattering of his ranks and a still further advance over the front south of Polygon Wood by the British, who pushed their line forward some hundred yards in depth behind the fleeing Germans.

The first assault was delivered at 6:05 this morning. The enemy advanced in three waves toward the British, but immediately met with such a fierce fire of rifles and artillery that he was compelled to retire. It was apparent, however, that the Germans were not through with the attempt, and the big British guns turned loose such an avalanche of shells as is seldom seen along the front.

At 8:40 o'clock the Germans surged forward once more and as in the early attack were turned back by the intense fire from their opponents. Meanwhile the British artillery was hammering away with drumfire intensity, shaking the country miles back of the lines. The German guns were not silent and in the midst of the roar of the British artillery could be heard the detonations of heavy enemy shells.

It seemed impossible that another attempt would be made by the Germans in the face of such a hurricane of steel, but after a considerable rest they came forward once more. Again they broke, and this time ran, with the British in hot pursuit.

This is the first dispatch regarding the military situation on the British front to be received from the Associated Press, correspondent since last Friday, when notice was given that the sending of press dispatches from the field headquarters had been stopped temporarily.

## British Capture 40,000

London, Oct. 2.—Nearly 40,000 prisoners were taken by the British army in Mesopotamia, which captured Ramadie, it is announced officially.

## DOES NOT WANT HER CITIZENS FORCED TO JOIN AMERICAN ARMY

Washington, D. C., October 2.—The Mexican ambassador, Ignacio Bonillas, has made formal representations to the state department against the drafting of Mexicans into the national army, particularly from the border states. In some cases, where it is shown that Mexicans have been taken through irregular practice of the exemption boards, the state department has had the men released.

In other cases, however, the cases are complicated because of the difference in the constitutions of the two countries. Mexico holds that a man born abroad of Mexican parents is Mexican unless he voluntarily forfeits his citizenship. The United States holds that a person born here is an American citizen.

## GENERAL IN COMMAND OF THE DISTRICT IS ATTACKED AND BEATEN

Petrograd, Oct. 1.—A revolutionary movement is progressing in Turkestan. General Cherkess, commander of the district, has been attacked and beaten. A temporary revolutionary committee has been organized to take all power. Parts of two regiments joined in the counter revolutionary movement. The minister of the interior says he is not alarmed, and is confident the disturbances soon will be quelled.

Government dispatches describe the Turkestan revolt as increasingly serious. Irresponsible elements among the troops have obtained control of the military and seized the officers. The people are in panic.

Russian Turkestan is composed of four provinces in central Asia extending westward to the Caspian Sea. It has an area of 420,000 square miles and a population of about 6,695,000. The major portion of the region is barren or partly cultivated steppes or deserts.

The road between Las Vegas and El Porvenir ranch is reported in good condition. The only improvement that

it is said is needed are new bridges along the route. The old wooden bridges should be replaced by modern steel ones.

## COMMISSION JUST ARRIVED FROM ENGLAND OUTLINES THE SITUATION

An Atlantic Port, Oct. 2.—Seeking the co-operation of Herbert C. Hoover, food administrator, in filling the allies' food requirements, a number of representatives of the British commission arrived here today. The group, described as a special mission, is headed by O. H. Smith, assistant general secretary of munitions for Great Britain, and will work in conjunction with Lord Northcliffe, now directing the work of all the British commissions in this country. Mr. Smith explained that their work is set up in co-operation with Mr. Hoover, an organization to insure the amalgamation and equitable distribution of food supplies available here for the American and civil population of the allies.

"Just as the manpower and the capacity for making munitions for each contending nation have been organized," said Mr. Smith, "so must food resources—to the full—if victory is to be secured. And in this, in many other ways, we know that the United States will give their allies in Europe that which they so greatly need."

The British will go to Washington soon.

## GERMAN RAIDER SEEN

An Atlantic Port, Oct. 2.—Officers of an American steamer arriving here today reported sighting what they believed to be a German raider off the Brazilian coast recently. When first seen the ship appeared to be a three-masted schooner in distress, but as the American boat appeared she made off under auxiliary power, the officers said. They declared the stranger ship flew no flag, and had her decks piled with lumber, with an odd deck-house aft which they thought concealed guns. They said the vessel also had a dummy funnel.

Santa Fe, Oct. 2.—New Mexico is calling upon her senior senator to lead the fight for the expulsion of Senator LaFollette from the senate. The following telegram to Senator Fall has been sent by Charles Springer, chairman of the executive committee of the New Mexico council of defense: "Hope you will introduce a resolution to expel Robert M. LaFollette from the United States senate on account of obstructive tactics hampering his government in preparing for and prosecuting the war, and for utterances to nearly seditious to be spoken by a senator of the United States."

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Forty-five governors have approved plans to proceed at once with the physical examination of 7,000,000 men registered under the selective draft act, who were not included in the first call. The work will be done leisurely, two or three examinations being held each week. The accepted men will be included in the second call and will be used to fill gaps in the national army as they occur.

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## How Ex-Senator Root Defined Traitors in His Speech at Coliseum in Chicago

Arguments against the war in which the country is engaged are enemy arguments. Their spirit is the spirit of rebellion against the government and the laws of the United States.

Their effect is to hinder and lessen that popular support of the government in carrying on the war which is necessary to success. Their manifest purpose is to prevent action by continuing discussion. They encourage the enemy. They tend to introduce delay and irresolution into our own councils.

The men who are speaking and writing and printing arguments against the war now, and against everything which is being done to carry on the war, are rendering more effective service to Germany than they ever could render in the field with arms in their hands.

The purpose and effect of what they are doing is so plain that it is impossible to resist the conclusion that the greater part of them are at heart traitors to the United States and wilfully seeking to bring about the triumph of Germany and the humiliation and defeat of our own country.

ANYBODY who seeks by argument or otherwise to stop the execution of the order sending troops to France and Belgium is simply trying to prevent the American government from carrying on the war successfully. He is aiding the enemies of his country, and if he understands what he is really doing he is a traitor at heart.

ALL those naturalized citizens who are taking part in this obstruction to our government in the conduct of the war are false to their oaths, are forfeiting their rights of citizenship, are repudiating their honorable obligations, are requiting by evil the good that has been done them in the generous and unstinted hospitality with which the people of the United States have welcomed them to the liberty and the opportunities of this free land.

THIS war was begun and those crimes against humanity were done because Germany was pursuing the hereditary policy of the Hohenzollerns and following the instincts of the arrogant military caste which rules Prussia, to grasp the overlordship of the civilized world and establish an empire in which she should play the role of ancient Rome. They were done because Prussian militarism still pursues the policy of power through conquest, of aggrandizement through force and fear, which in little more than two centuries has brought the puny mark of Brandenburg with its million and a half people to the control of a vast empire—the greatest armed force of the modern world.

### MUST HAVE GRAIN EVEN THOUGH ITS DEMANDS DEFEAT DEMOCRACY'S CAUSE

While other American industries are making sacrifices; while individual citizens are practicing self-denial; while young men are giving themselves to the army and the navy; while farmers are bending every effort to increase the food supply; while housewives are working extra hours over hot stoves in uncomfortable kitchens to conserve food for the winter months that America's allies may have bread, the liquor business, unwilling to give up its claim to 110,000,000 bushels of grain which it annually converts into intoxicating drinks, despite the fact that every bushel thus used diminishes the already depleted food supply available for the forces of democracy, has proved itself a base traitor. Therefore it should be dealt with as any other traitor. It should be deprived of its liberty and right to carry on its operations. These were statements made last night by former Governor Hanly of Indiana, in an address at the Duncan opera house.

Governor Hanly reviewed the history of autocracy and of democracy, and showed that the two cannot exist side by side. When human rights first began to assert themselves, democracy began to overthrow autocracy. They had to contend with each other, as it was impossible for both to exist—one must ultimately survive and the other must die. Gradually the western hemisphere became too small for both democracy and autocracy, and the latter had to go, through the medium of the Spanish-American war. Now autocracy is engaged in a death struggle in Europe, with the object of stamping out democracy. And the United States, realizing that the safety of democracy in the whole world is at stake, has thrown in her support to the forces of democracy beyond the Atlantic.

Governor Hanly said that autocracy

always seeks its kind, as does democracy. It was for this reason that the czar of Russia made so halfhearted use of the wonderful resources of his country in waging war on Germany. He knew that if autocracy perished in Germany it would be overthrown in Russia. But the czar did not reckon with the forces for liberty which were at work in his country, and his throne was overthrown in a day.

When the time came for sacrifices in the United States that democracy might live, Governor Hanly said, they were made nobly by nearly every individual and every business interest. The autocratic liquor business, however, sensing its kinship in the autocracy of Germany, and placing selfish gain above the triumph of freedom, refused to make the sacrifice required of it. So traitorous was it known to be that congress did not dare to cross its desires and deprive it of its 110,000,000 bushels of grain, lest it treacherously turn the people against each other and the enemy might be helped by dissensions and lack of concerted action on the part of Americans.

Governor Hanly said the thing to do is to stamp out this traitor wherever the opportunity arises, and that in time sufficient states will be in the dry column to drive John Barleycorn out of the country.

Before Governor Hanly's address, the Methodist conference quartette sang. Rev. H. E. Nixon sang a temperance solo to the tune of "Tipperary" and was encored. Mrs. Colbert C. Root was asked to play the accompaniments.

The speaker was introduced by Charles W. G. Ward, chairman of the county campaign committee of the "dry" workers in San Miguel county.

Washington, Oct. 2—On motion of the government the supreme court dismissed proceedings brought against the Great Lakes Towing company, the alleged towing trust, under the Sherman anti-trust law.

### MEN WHO PLEAD GUILTY TO DESTROYING RUINS ASK FOR PERMITS

Santa Fe, Oct. 2—Jacob Yrissari, of Albuquerque, Feliciano Griego, Jose Sanchez, Pantaleon Benavidez, and Patricio Trujillo, pleaded guilty in federal court today to violating the Lacey act for the protection of prehistoric ruins. They sunk a shaft on the Gran Quivera national monument, 120 miles south of Santa Fe, looking for buried treasure, or as they said for old church records and a great flow of water, which Yrissari said his grandfather had told him existed there. Yrissari has a chart made by his grandfather which gives the location of the water supply which the Indians are said to have plugged up when they abandoned the great community house of Tabira and also the location where the Franciscans buried all the church records of the cities that died of fear. Yrissari is positive that he is sinking his shaft on the right spot by the many signs which he said his grandfather had described to him, and that he would encounter. Yrissari asks for a permit to continue the sinking of the shaft, expressing himself willing to give a bond that he would not molest the ruins. Fines and costs totaling \$246 were assessed against the accused men.

### LAW RECENTLY PASSED HAS GONE INTO EFFECT; IT IS STRINGENT

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 2.—The province of British Columbia went dry under the provisions of a bill ratified by the electors last year. Every bar, brewery and distillery in the province closed its doors to the sale of liquor. Breweries may ship to points outside the province, if they can find a market. Consumers may import liquor.

The vending of liquor will be carried on by government officials who will have no interest in its sale. They may sell under the following heads:

For mercantile or scientific purposes 10 gallons.  
To druggists, five gallons.  
To physicians, two quarts.  
To dentists, one pint.  
To veterinary surgeons, one gallon.  
To superintendents for hospital use, to ministers of the gospel for sacramental purposes. All these are safeguarded by limitations as to doctors' prescriptions, etc.

The administration of the act will fall to the provincial police and the records of sales are to be constantly open for police inspection, and monthly returns are to be made to the department. No liquor may be consumed on the premises; it must be sold for cash and only between the hours of 7 a. m. and 6 p. m., closing at 5 o'clock on Saturday night. Clubs are prohibited from selling liquor or carrying it.

The vital clause of the act is section 10. It provides:

"Except as provided by this act, no person shall, within the province, by himself, his clerk, servant, or agent, expose for sale, or directly or indirectly, or upon any pretence, or upon any devise sell or barter, or offer to sell or barter or in consideration of the purchase or transfer of any property or thing or for any other consideration or at any time of the transfer of any property or thing give to any person any liquor."

The penalty for infraction of this clause is imprisonment on the first offense for not less than six months of trade,

or more than twelve months, with hard labor; for a second offense hard labor and imprisonment for from twelve to twenty-one months. There are lesser penalties for breaking other sections.

There are wide powers of search, and the ones of proof of sales, prescriptions, etc., is on the accused.

The percentage of alcohol sold under the prohibitions of this act, is two per cent proof. It does not apply to vinegar, cider, or denatured alcohol.

### ODD FELLOWS' CONVENTIONS BEGIN IN ALBUQUERQUE WITH BIG ATTENDANCE

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 2—With an attendance that showed no falling off, even though the session came without the added attractiveness of a state fair week, the conventions of the Odd Fellow organizations began yesterday when the grand encampment met. Every encampment in the state was represented except the one at Lovington. J. J. Votaw, of this city, presided as grand patriarch.

Business of the order was briskly transacted, and before adjournment at noon new officers had been elected. They were installed in the afternoon.

#### Officers for the Ensuing Year

Following is a list of the officers elected this morning:

Grand patriarch, Charles L. Dotson, of Silver City.

Grand high priest, W. J. Hewells, of Raton.

Grand senior warden, Will C. Wolf, of Roswell.

Grand junior warden, W. E. Bowen, of Hagerman.

Grand scribe, C. A. Doty, of Roswell.

Grand treasurer, John C. Spears, of Gallup.

Grand representative, C. Burt Smith, of Artesia.

The following officers were appointed:

Grand marshal, William H. Gamble, of Silver City.

Grand inside sentry, E. T. King, Albuquerque.

Grand outside sentry, Solomon Jacoby, of Silver City.

The grand lodge of Odd Fellows and the Daughters of Rebekah met today, the grand lodge in Odd Fellows' hall and the Rebekahs in W. O. W. hall.

#### CUTTING IS PROMOTED

Santa Fe, Oct. 2—Colonel Bronson M. Cutting of Santa Fe has been appointed assistant military attache to the American embassy in London. His knowledge of five languages and his previous residence in London especially recommended him for the position.

#### TEACHERS USE LIBRARY

Santa Fe, Oct. 2.—As a result of the teachers' day at the public library on Friday afternoon, the teachers of the public school today submitted a list of 67 books to which they desire to have their pupils make reference or which they desire read, assigning topics from them. It was found that 65 of these books are already on the shelves, while three more are temporarily out of circulation for repairs. This is rather a significant testimonial to the careful selection of the library, which clause is maintained by the woman's board offense for not less than six months of trade,

# EUROPEAN WAR

## Reprisals With Compound Interest

London, Oct. 3.—A crowd of poor people in the southwestern district of London yesterday appealed to Premier Lloyd George, says the Daily Mail, for reprisals against Germany for the air raids on London. The premier shouted to the crowd:

"We will give it all back to them and we will give it to them soon. We shall bomb Germany with compound interest."

The crowd cheered the promise of the premier wildly. The premier has just completed a tour of the area damaged in the raids with Viscount French, commander of the home forces.

## French Aviators are Busy

Paris, Oct. 3.—Continuing their reprisals for attacks of German airmen on French cities, French aviators last night dropped bombs on the German town of Baden, the war office announces. The statement follows:

"In reprisal for the bombardment of Bar-le-Duc, two of our aviators dropped several bombs on the town of Baden.

"On the night of October 1-2, and during the day of October 2, our aviators bombarded the railway station at Fribourg, factories at Volkelgen and Hoftenbach and railway stations at Brioules, Longuyon, Metz-Woippy, Arnaville, Mezieres-les-Metz, Thionville and Sarrebourg. In the course of these expeditions, projectiles to the amount of 7,000 kilograms (15,400 pounds) were dropped."

## The German Statement

Berlin, Oct. 3 (Via London).—German troops yesterday captured a section of French trench 1,200 yards on the northern slope of Hill 344, to the east of the River Meuse in the Verdun region, it was officially reported by the German general staff today.

## Haig's Forces Driving Ahead

British Front in France and Belgium, Oct. 4 (By the Associated Press). Field Marshal Haig's forces in the offensive began to the east of Ypres this morning in some places have penetrated the German lines to a depth of one mile and have overrun the crest of the Passchendaele-Gheluvelt ridge. At an early hour the Germans were surrendering by hundreds.

The British already have penetrated well beyond the Hamlet of Broodseinde in which locality are the cross roads formed by the highways between Zonnebeke and Moorsled and Passchendaele and Beclaire. Further to the south, Cameron Covert, where there had been much hard fighting, was left well in the rear.

Today's battle was along strongholds which comprised the crucially important system of German defenses along the Passchendaele-Gheluvelt ridge.

The northern ring of the onrushing British troops was battling forward this morning within a short distance of Poelcappelle; it had a footing on the famous Gravenstafel ridge, which juts out from the Paschendaele ridge to the west, and had crushed through the Zonnebeke-Broodseinde ridge, which is an integral part of the Passchendaele-Gheluvelt chain.

Between the village of Broodzinde,

on the north and Noordenhoek, more than a mile to the south, the British are holding the crest of the ridge in the face of heavy counter attacks.

Prisoners are coming in much more rapidly and in greater numbers than in the last push. Everywhere the British have done splendidly in one of the most pretentious offensives attempted on this front. The attack was launched under heavy clouds and with a mist following a night drizzle.

An unusual feature of the battle was that near Zonnebeke, three German divisions which had been ordered to retake positions captured by the British last week were caught in the British barrage as they were preparing to advance.

At 10 o'clock the battle was still raging furiously. It was apparent that the Germans would use every means to retake this invaluable territory, and determined counter attacks were expected. The British casualties today have been exceedingly light.

## Air Attack in Macedonia

London, Oct. 4.—A successful air raid by airplanes on hostile positions on the Macedonia front is reported in an official statement from the war office today. The statement says:

"Our airplanes made a most successful raid on an extensive scale, bombing the enemy's camps and dumps on the Belaschitzaplanina. Hostile troops were scattered by machine gun fire and one of several enemy airplanes which attacked our formation was brought down. All our machines returned safely."

## The Russian Statement

Petrograd, Oct. 4.—On the northern end of the Russian front, in the region of Jacobstadt, an artillery duel of great severity is in progress, says today's official statement. On the Rumanian front, in the Poliani sector, the enemy left his advanced trenches and retired to a more favorable position.

## American Flier Lost

Headquarters, Lafayette Escadrille, Oct. 1 (Delayed).—Corporal Andrew Courtney Campbell, Jr. of the Lafayette Escadrille is believed to have been brought down today in a fight with several German machines.

## RED CROSS TAKES UP IMPORTANT WORK NEAR ARMY CANTONMENTS

Washington, Oct. 4.—Appropriations to establish Red Cross sanitary units for the protection of health in districts surrounding four more army cantonments were announced today by the Red Cross war council. Twelve cities have now requested the co-operation of the Red Cross in taking measures to prevent the spread of disease or epidemics, and in making the communities surrounding the camps safe for the soldiers. The total amount now appropriated to begin this work is \$106,000.

The four latest cities to receive Red Cross aid in sanitation are: Newport News, Va.; Ayer, Mass.; Atlanta, Ga.; and Chillicothe, Ohio.

At Newport News large shipyards and an aviation school make the protection of the health of the inhabitants particularly important. To begin the work here, \$21,000 has been set aside.

Three public health nurses have been assigned to Ayer, Mass., for

which \$5,000 is provided. They will work with the Massachusetts state health department, which has already established a very efficient organization, for taking sanitary measures around the cantonment nearby.

Eradication of malaria-bearing mosquitoes will be one of the problems of the unit which will operate around Camp Gordon at Atlanta. It is to aid the personnel of the local organization. This unit, to be known as No. 11, has an appropriation of \$14,000.

The twelfth unit is designed for Chillicothe, Ohio, and will assign a bacteriologist to work in co-operation with the Ohio state board of health. It will include also several sanitary inspectors and two public health nurses to support the existing health organization. The appropriation here is \$10,000.

All these sanitary units of the Red Cross are to be placed at the disposal of the public health service and state and county health authorities. Under their direction they will assist in the sanitation of districts around cantonments and army communities.

Specifically, they will aid constituted officials in insuring the purity of milk and water supplies, and in cleaning up unsanitary places near the camps which might be dangerous as germ incubators. The inspectors will patrol the territory surrounding camp limits to enforce sanitary regulation, in co-operation with the sanitary officers of the army.

In addition to the 12 sanitary units now authorized by the Red Cross to help protect army camp communities from disease, the Red Cross has recently prepared to equip five laboratory railroad cars, for emergency work. These are to be so stationed that any cantonment can be reached within a few hours from receipt of request from federal or state health authorities.

Cities previously designated are Little Rock, Ark.; Louisville, Ky.; Des Moines, Ia.; Leavenworth, Kan.; Hattiesburg, Miss.; Petersburg, Va.; Anniston, Ala., and Columbia, S. C.

## GERMAN PAPERS SAY IT ALREADY EXISTS—IN THE CENTRAL POWERS

Amsterdam, Oct. 4.—Commenting on the speech delivered by Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, in Budapest, in which he made a statement concerning Austria-Hungary's peace policy, the Vossische Zeitung says it considers the speech one of the political manifestations made since the beginning of the war. His statement that the great thing to be aimed at must be the unity of Europe, not for war but for protection, is endorsed by this newspaper. The Tageblatt considers the address a statesmanlike forecast of the great decisive future and of the true aim of the war.

The Lokal Anzeiger commentator writes that in view of the repeated manifestations of unity of purpose on the part of Germany and her allies, no one can doubt that the principal ideas of Count Czernin's speech tally with those of the German government.

Die Post remarks that the material points of the speech correspond with the conception of the future aims of Europe laid down in the German reply to the pope.

## Hindenburg Urges Persistence

Amsterdam, Oct. 4.—Field Marshal

von Hindenburg has made a general reply to congratulations sent to him on his seventieth birthday, which is published in the German press. It is in the form of an appeal to the German people to "remain united and not trouble about what may happen after the war, because this carrier discord into our ranks and strengthens the hopes of our enemies."

"Have confidence that Germany will get what she needs for her security and that both air and space will be given to the German oaks for their free development," the reply continues, "Keep your muscles tense and your nerves firm, your eyes on the goal."

## MUDGE QUITS JOB

New York, Oct. 4.—With the announcement here today of the resignation of H. U. Mudge, as president and director of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, and the election of E. E. Brown, former vice president, as his successor, it became known that changes in the directorate of the road are contemplated, which, it is understood, will give Missouri Pacific interests a dominant position in the control of the road.

Luis S. Ortiz of Miranueva has applied for bounties amounting to \$55 for killing five coyotes and three lobo wolves at Canada del Pueblo during the month of September.

Recruiting Officer Louis L. Loneoak, United States army, desires the public to know that the army still has need for men for engineering service for foreign countries. Men qualified for the duties required of railway employes in nearly every branch are wanted. Those not qualified need not apply. Men who have been called for physical examination for the national army or who have received notice of such examination cannot be accepted.

## TO USE AUSTRALIAN BALLOT

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 3.—New Mexico voters will use the secret Australian ballot for the first time at the special election November sixth when the prohibition amendment, one creating a ninth judicial district and another providing no county, city, town, village or school district shall make levies in any one year which will produce in the aggregate more than five per cent in excess of the total of the preceding year.

The Australian ballot law was passed at the last session of the state legislature.

## LENOIR GETS VACATION

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—Walter Danburg, who has just resigned from the state tax commission force as special agent, today assumed the duties of secretary pro tem of the state council of defense, in place of Secretary LeNoir who has been granted a leave of absence, during which to build up his shattered health, which was broken down by too close attention to his duties with the council of defense.

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—Rev. E. E. Mathes of Albuquerque was again elected synodical missionary by the Presbyterian synod, which has just adjourned at Las Cruces.

After more than a century of existence as a man's institution, the college of physicians and surgeons—the medical school of Columbia university—has opened its doors to women.

**DISTRICT EXEMPTION BOARD AT SANTA FE SENDS LIST OF ACCEPTED**

The latest list of men accepted by the exemption board at Santa Fe, which contains the names of some who have already left for the training camp, is as follows:

- 35 Jose B. Montoya, 107.
- 67 Encarnacion Martinez, 10.
- 81 Alfredo Tapia, 1779.
- 115 Ramon Gonzales, 786.
- 123 Garnet Meredith Jones, 966.
- 148 Cipriano Martinez, 933.
- 150 Fred Schutt, 1288.
- 187 Ramon Lopez, 792.
- 196 Ignacio Roybal, 440.
- 258 Conrado Lucero, 269.
- 217 Jose Montano, 1358.
- 220 Charles G. Arnold, 341.
- 227 Demetrio Duran, 637.
- 239 Antonio Garcia, 1709.
- 252 Jacob Jennings Wall, 1765.
- 276 Roy Henry Brogdon, 1625.
- 283 Eduardo Martinez, 1423.
- 310 Antonio Sacoman, 222.
- 317 Jose G. Rivera, 297.
- 325 Samuel Thomas Kelly, 1101.
- 343 Geo. Marvin McGuire, 1191.
- 354 Emeterio Aragon, 1616.
- 367 Granville Ray McDaniel, 1284.
- 394 Ezequiel Martinez, 1517.
- 402 Francisco Gonzales, 8.
- 403 Filiberto E. Roybal, 1707.
- 437 Paul Hagins, 880.
- 444 Clarence F. Lewis, 1108.
- 434 Martin Blea, 877.
- 450 Andres Garcia, 1447.
- 457 Albino Romero, 1596.
- 458 F. Antonio Maestas, 562.
- 462 Alegario Lucero, 1411.
- 464 Wm. Earl Banks, 1780.
- 671 Donaciano Sena, 1341.
- 472 Adolfo Martinez, 1556.
- 473 W. Vernon Schlott, 1043.
- 474 Eneponuceno Romero, 1606.
- 477 Juan Jesus Garcia, 1690.
- 478 Carl A. Ehrlich, 1156.
- 482 Cirilio Herrera, 555.
- 484 John J. Sveen, 1260.
- 487 Martin Gonzales, 1591.
- 491 Eduvigen Saiz, 1525.
- 494 Oscar L. Huddleston, 68.
- 512 Ezequiel Gutierrez, 1571.
- 519 Polito Apodaca, 1700.
- 520 Charles E. Daugherty, 940.
- 529 Ignacio Pacheco, 1702.
- 530 Saturnino Vigil, 1304.
- 533 Francis Williams, 862.
- 541 Ernesto Griego, 133.
- 543 Claud Hemphill, 867.
- 547 Jose S. Lucero, 365.
- 548 Pat Joseph Fram, 285.
- 550 Gaspar Blea, 1785.
- 551 Jose O. Salazar, 1313.
- 552 Solomon A. Brogdon, 1602.
- 555 Fletcher Ray Hudson, 1051.
- 558 Nemecio Sena, 563.
- 560 Aurelio Paiz, 1435.
- 564 Juan D. Gomez, 843.
- 566 Braulio Aragon, 1376.
- 567 Seferino Quintana, 1379.
- 568 Adolfo Gonzales, 1008.
- 570 Edward Dalton, 410.
- 580 Evan Dalton, 400.
- 585 Francisco Padia, 1859.
- 586 Manuel Maldonado, 1871.
- 588 Guadalupe Pacheco, 115.
- 592 L. F. Monsimer, 1865.
- 593 Francisco Nieto, 228.
- 595 Hilario Rael, 136.
- 596 Ivan P. Rudolph, 872.
- 613 Dulcineo Chavez, 1500.
- 615 Francisco L. Garcia, 138.
- 621 Ricardo Barela, 838.
- 622 Daniel Martinez, 635.
- 624 E. Floyd Jacobs, 861.

**TWITCHELL SPECIAL MASTER**

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—District Judge Reed Holloman has appointed Colonel

Ralph E. Twitchell special master in the New Mexico Central case to succeed Judge Lorin C. Collins. Colonel Twitchell is already receiver of the road. D. C. Collier, who represented the Federal Export corporation of New York, which has bought the bonds of the New Mexico Central railroad, has become a resident of Santa Fe.

**ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND ARE HOMELESS AND 138 ARE DEAD**

London, Oct. 3.—A Shanghai dispatch to Reuters says that as the result of a typhon which swept over Tokio on Monday, 100,000 persons are homeless, 138 are dead and 217 missing.

The number of injured is 168 and 1,346 houses were demolished. Telegraph and telephone service and railway traffic were interrupted. Even worse damage is reported to have been inflicted in the rural districts. Many villages between Tokio and Osaka have been inundated by overflowing rivers, and it is said considerable loss of life has resulted.

**MEXICANS RAID RANCH**

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 3.—Mexican bandits raided the Humboldt ranch near Chihuahua city Saturday, killed the Mexican foreman and held Ernest Goeldner, the superintendent, for ransom, private advices received here today stated. Goeldner is a German subject and the ransom of 1,000 pesos demanded by the bandits was paid by the German firm of Ketelsen and Degetau, who own the ranch.

**THE MADRID STRIKE**

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 3.—The threatened strike at the mines of the Albuquerque & Cerrillos Coal company apparently has been declared off. Last night Sheriff Celso Lopez and Deputy George W. Armijo received the following telegram from Cipriano Lucero, representative in the last legislature and now acting as a special deputy sheriff at the Madrid mines:

"Men have agreed to go to work tomorrow. Will inspect scales and mines in the morning. Will report accordingly."

The men remained out of the mines yesterday to attend a mass meeting, called for the purpose of discussing grievances over alleged docking of mine loads. Mr. Lucero's telegram indicates that a satisfactory adjustment was reached, and that a walkout again has been averted.

**ATTORNEY GENERAL AND SECRETARY OF STATE ANNOUNCE POSITION**

Albuquerque, Oct. 3.—The liquor traffic in New Mexico got a severe slap in the face, and the cause of state wide prohibition got a corresponding boost today when the dry headquarters here gave out for publication a letter from Secretary of State Antonio Lucero and one from Attorney General Henry L. Patton, both strongly espousing the dry cause.

In the opinion of Secretary Lucero, the "closing of the saloons in New Mexico will mean the opening of more school houses." In his letter, Secretary Lucero says:

"The closing of the saloons in New Mexico will mean, in my opinion, the opening of more school houses and a considerable decrease in the number

of unfortunates in the penitentiary. A man who has the welfare of the state at heart ought not to have any trouble in deciding how to vote upon the prohibition question on the 6th day of next november."

Attorney General Patton expresses confidence in the result being a victory for the drys, declaring himself in hearty accord with the prohibition cause. He writes:

"I am heartily in accord with the cause of statewide prohibition in New Mexico, and from expressions which I hear from all parts of the state, I am confident that the saloons will be banished at the coming election in November."

The recent declaration of Governor Lindsey for statewide prohibition, and the similar utterances from Chief Justice Hanna of the supreme court and both associate justices, Roberts and Parker, do not leave much comfort for the saloon men around the New Mexico capital. Nearly ever state officer, it is declared, is in favor of the statewide policy. John Barleycorn does not have a look in around the state house at Santa Fe.

**NEW OIL COMPANY**

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—Incorporation papers were filed today by the Lake Arthur Oil company of Lake Arthur, Eddy county, capitalized at \$250,000 of which \$3,000 is paid up. The incorporators and directors are: B. C. Moore, statutory agent; Reginald Moore, and Milton McArthur.

**TWO MEN KILLED**

Raton, N. M., Oct. 3.—According to a report made to the Raton Reporter by C. D. Jones, of Fisher's Peak mesa, two men were killed and two others seriously injured in an automobile accident in North Sugarite canon, about four miles north of Lake Maloya, when the automobile in which they were riding backed over a 30-foot embankment. The men of the party, D. F. Gregg and H. D. Shipley, of the Gregg Land and Cattle company, and two of their employes, Vernor McMullen and "Shorty" Davidson, were en route in an Overland six to the H. Triangle Bar ranch on Fisher's Peak mesa, where they pasture their cattle, when their engine refused to work and the brakes failed to hold the heavy machine which backed swiftly down the road and over the embankment, with the above result.

Davidson and McMullen were instantly killed and Crosby and Gregg were frightfully mangled. Both legs of the men were broken and they were otherwise seriously injured.

Little is known positively of the particulars of the accident, says the Reporter, but so far as can be learned the bodies of the men lay for six hours before they were discovered by Charles Jones, who happened to be passing that way. Mr. Jones immediately summoned aid and the bodies of the dead men were taken to Trinidad, while the injured were taken to the ranch home.

Gregg's home is at Alcreek, Colo., and Shipley's is at Crosbyton, Tex.

**WANT RECRUITS FOR LAND ARMY**

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 3.—The National Woman's Farm and Garden association opened its fourth annual convention in this city today with an attendance embracing hundreds of women who are actively engaged in the management of their own farms or

who are employed as managers of farms, directing the tilling of the soil, the raising of livestock, or other forms of agricultural business.

The original purpose of the association was to encourage women to take up outdoor occupations, and to bring together the rich and the poor in their common love for gardens, to dignify labor and to widen the field for women in home activities. The present convention will formulate plans for the extension of the membership so as to include every woman in America who wishes to fit herself for the land army whose business it will be, to increase the supply of food during the continuance of the war, to conserve the livestock, to increase the cultivation of grains and vegetables, and to be ready, if needed, to take the places of men on farms.

**MOTHERS, WIVES AND SISTERS OF FIGHTING MEN TO AID IN FOOD SAVING**

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—Every bushel of wheat and every pound of meat saved in New Mexico homes helps to bring the war to an end that much more quickly by sustaining America's allies on the firing line and thus reducing the sacrifice of American lives at the front.

Every woman in New Mexico who has a son, a husband, or a brother in the national army wants to do everything possible to enable that man to return safe. Every woman can help do this by insisting on a meatless and a wheatless day every week, by substituting other things as far as possible for wheat and meat and sugar and preventing waste in the home.

The mothers, sisters and wives of New Mexico's soldiers have been asked by the state food administration to join themselves into a volunteer organization, the women of the national army, to take the lead in the personal work of helping sign up 60,000 families in this state as members of the food service army of 25,000,000 families in the United States. These women have made the great sacrifice by giving their own men to the cause. Their appeal to their neighbors to help win the war with food will come with peculiar force and the food administration believes that such an organized effort will be of tremendous value in making the October round-up a success in this state and placing the red, white and blue of the Hoover card in the window of every home—the badge of service and patriotism.

**SCOTTISH RITE MEETING**

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 3.—The twenty-fifth reunion of the Scottish Rite will open at the Scottish Rite cathedral here Thursday morning, October 4, and will continue through Thursday, Friday and Saturday. The class will not be as large as that at the last reunion, but a number of candidates will be here from various parts of the state. Degrees from the fourth to the thirty-second will be conferred.

**HOLT FOR PROHIBITION**

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—State Senator H. B. Holt electrified a large audience at Las Cruces last night by coming out unequivocally for statewide prohibition. He presided over the rally which was held in the armory building.

### MAN ACCUSED OF MURDER IN GUADALUPE TO BE TRIED IN DE BACA

The fall term of the district court for Guadalupe county met at the court house in Santa Rosa on Monday morning, September 24, Judge David J. Leahy presiding. The other officers of the court present during the term were Chester A. Hunker, district attorney; Jose Marquez, sheriff; W. E. Gortner, stenographer, and Lino Romero, interpreter. As few cases had been set for trial by jury, Judge Leahy decided to save the expense of empanelling a petit jury for the term, therefore no petit jury was called. A grand jury, however, was empanelled, and was in session for three days, and during that time returned several indictments. The following is a list of citizens of Guadalupe county comprising the grand jury:

Matilde Sandoval, foreman; Julian Aragon, Andres Aguilar, A. C. Cain, A. A. Tipton, Urvano Lucero, Adolfo Gallegos, Cres. Alverado, Fernando Aragon, Eulogio Baca, Jose E. Montano, Juan Segura, Segundo Garcia, Eduardo Mondragon, Felipe Sisneros, Reducindo Signeros, Pascual B. Baca, Adolfo auna, Merced Garduno, Reymundo Garcia, Apolicarpio Sandoval.

#### Civil Cases Called

The trial of Jones and Burnett vs. Claudio Gomes was the first civil case called for trial, and occupied the attention of the court Monday afternoon and evening. This was a suit for injunction to restrain the defendant from selling and disposing of crops raised by him under a contract with the plaintiffs on the Twin Lakes farm, until the sum of \$667 advanced by the plaintiff Jones, was paid to him from the proceeds of the crops raised on the farm. The court made the injunction perpetual, and required plaintiffs to give a bond for \$1,000, until the further order of the court. An accounting in the case will be made after the crops are harvested and sold.

#### Woman Collects Damages

In the civil suit of Tomasita S. Chacon vs. Alberto Giddings, for damages claimed by the plaintiff against the defendant, on account of defendant running into plaintiff with his automobile on the sixteenth of August last, knocking plaintiff down and injuring her, after hearing the evidence of plaintiff and defendant, the court awarded damages to plaintiff in the sum of \$35, and required the defendant to also pay the doctor's bill of \$13, a nurse's bill of \$10, and other bills amounting to \$8—making a total judgment of \$66 and costs. The plaintiff, through her attorney, E. Faircloth, brought a suit for \$4,000 damages, but the evidence of the physician who attended the plaintiff did not show that she was severely injured.

#### Divorce is Refused

In the case of Levi H. Bishop vs. Clara A. Bishop, for divorce, the court dismissed the divorce proceedings, stating that it was apparent to the court from the pleadings and an agreement filed by the defendant that collusion exists between the plaintiff and defendant in the case in an effort to procure the divorce.

The case of A. C. Davis and L. L. Burns vs. R. A. Fluitt was tried before the court. The plaintiffs claim the sum of \$200 to be due them for drilling a well on land of the defendant, and which the defendant refused to pay. After hearing the evidence counsel asked for time to file briefs

in the case, so the court reserved its decision pending the filing of briefs. Judge E. R. Wright appeared for plaintiffs and M. R. Baker for defendant.

#### Old Cases Dismissed

In several civil cases, some of which have been on the civil docket of the court since the years 1910 and 1913 and 1914, with no action being taken by either plaintiff or defendants, Judge Leahy entered the following order:

"Unless further action is taken before April second, 1918, the causes will be dismissed without further action by the court. The clerk to notify counsel.

The list of cases is as follows:

Moises Bros. vs. C. R. I. and E. P. railway, complaint filed November 23, 1910.

Toribio Salas vs. Adolph Strauss.

Nicolas Tenorio vs. Toribio Salas. State of N. M., vs. T. B. Catron (suit for taxes). Filed November 1913.

S. W. Railway company vs. Charles D. Smith, filed April 10, 1914.

Ramon Valencia vs. Hilario Garcia, suit filed April 7, 1914.

E. C. Gregg vs. A. Sellers, case filed November 4, 1914.

#### Cases Set for Trial

The following civil cases were set for trial on the first day of the April, 1918 term:

Martin Moya vs. Nicolas Ortega y Baca, case filed March 10, 1915.

E. A. Betts vs. John Polk, as agent for Taylor Bolk, replevin.

Luis Aguilar vs. J. E. Lober, appeal.

The case of J. E. McDowell vs. Marietta Sanchez y Baca, trespass, was continued until the April term.

The case of Joseph De Graftenreid vs. W. S. Day, damages for trespass by sheep of the defendant on land of the plaintiff, was set for trial on the first day of the April term. Being a suit for damages this case will be tried before a jury.

The following attorneys from outside of Santa Rosa were present during the short session of the court.

O. A. Larrazolo, Las Vegas, N. M.; Harry McElroy, Tucumcari; Mr. Harris of Vaughn; H. R. Parsons, K. W. Edwards, J. L. Pardue, Fort Sumner.

#### Indictment for Murder

Among the indictments returned by the grand jury, which made its final report Wednesday, were the following:

State of New Mexico vs. Ira P. Gillespie, charged with the murder in the first degree of John L. Caldwell, in Fort Sumner about two months ago. Gillespie appeared in court Wednesday afternoon after the indictment was returned and on being arraigned pleaded not guilty. Since the killing occurred Gillespie has been out on bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars. His counsel asked that bond be fixed in the same amount, but this was objected to by the district attorney. The court stated that in a case of murder in the first degree, no bond could be given by a defendant, except upon a showing made to the court, or upon recommendation of the district attorney.

Mr. Pardue filed a motion for a change of venue, asking that the case be sent to De Baca county. The district attorney made no objection to this motion and the venue of the case was changed to De Baca county. It is probable that a bond will be arranged for later. In the meantime Gillespie is in the custody of the sheriff of Guadalupe county.

In the case of the State vs. Dama-

cio Maes, the defendant was arraigned and plead not guilty. His bond was fixed at \$1,500 and his case set for trial on the second day of the April 1918 term. Maes was indicted for larceny of cattle.

Jeff Cunningham, a young man who has been in the county jail for several weeks, was indicted for grand larceny, charged with stealing \$22 in money from E. L. McAuley. Cunningham pleaded not guilty. His case was set for trial April 2, 1918 and not being able to give bond he will have to remain in jail until that time.

In the case of the state vs. Hilario Mares, charged with drawing a pistol in a threatening manner at and towards Francisco Sandoval, the defendant pleaded not guilty. His case was set for trial on the second day of next April term. In default of bond Mares was committed to jail.

Casimiro Abeza, indicted by the grand jury for larceny of sheep, pleaded not guilty to the indictment. His bond was fixed at \$1,500, which he gave.

#### Hittson is Accused

An indictment was returned by the grand jury Wednesday morning against William Hittson, charging him with having taken, stolen and knowingly killed two head of sheep the property of Bond and Weist. Wednesday afternoon Hittson appeared in court with his attorney, K. W. Edwards and pleaded not guilty to the indictment. His bond was fixed at \$1,500 and the case set for trial April second, 1918. Hittson gave bond for his appearance at that time.

Sanford S. Cope, Mrs. Sanford S. Cope and Etta Dockery indicted for assault on Mollie Dockery with a deadly weapon pleaded not guilty, and each gave bond in the sum of \$500— for their appearance at the April, 1918 term of court.

The case of J. E. McDowell vs. Gregorio Gonzales y Sanchez, Gregorita (Griego de Sanchez and Marietta Sanchez, was tried before Judge Leahy Wednesday. An injunction was issued by the court upon application of the plaintiff restraining and enjoining Gregorio Sanchez from pasturing his sheep upon certain lands claimed by McDowell. McDowell sought to prove that Sanchez and his wife had driven and pastured their sheep on the lands mentioned after the injunction was served upon them.

The court held that the evidence was not sufficient for him to find that the defendants had wilfully violated the injunction order.

#### Makes Good in the North

A cough remedy must be good to give satisfaction in a northern state's variable weather. Bertram Bros., Green Bay, Wis., writes: "We have used Foley's Honey and Tar and recommend it to anyone who needs a good, reliable cough and cold remedy." Relieves croup, opens air passages, eases strangling fight for breath. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The city library was patronized by 1,242 people during the month of September, according to the report of Miss Bessie Cooley, the librarian. New numbers registered total 18. The number of weekly periodicals received is 18; weekly, four; daily papers, four; magazines loaned, 26; books loaned, 583. The library always attracts greater interest in the fall and winter than in the summer, though during the past summer the large number of students and visitors in the city increased the patronage much above the average.



### The Evening Line-Up

Both children and grown-ups, with coughs and colds, are all the better for a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar at bed time. It wards off croup, stops tickling throat, and hacking coughs, and makes an otherwise feverish, sleepless night of coughing and distress, a quiet and restful one.

BROWNSVILLE, TEXAS. Mr. Chas. Baker, writes: "My wife would not think of using any other cough medicine, as Foley's Honey and Tar is certain to bring quick relief. It is especially effective in cases of bad coughs, and we give it to our children and recommend it always as a safe remedy, for it contains no opiates."

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

### APPEAL FROM JUDGMENT AND SENTENCE OF LOWER TRIB- UNAL IS GRANTED

Julian Romero, who was sentenced to death last spring for the murder of Mrs. Demetrio Jaure and whose execution on July 20 was stayed by the granting of an appeal from the order of the court denying a motion for a new trial, Friday took an appeal from the judgment and sentence. This was granted. The supreme court now is expected to review the case, though there is a likelihood that it may not, owing to the fact that required technicalities were not complied with. Messrs. Haydon and Lucas, attorneys appointed to defend Romero, are making a hard fight to save their client from the noose. Romero is in the county jail.

#### Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Most Reliable

After many years' experience in the use of it and other cough remedies, there are many who prefer Chamberlain's to any other. Mrs. A. C. Kirstein, Greenville, Ills., writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my mother's home and mine for years, and we always found it a quick cure for colds and bronchial troubles. We find it to be the most reliable cough medicine we have used."—Adv.

Try Zensal for that itching Eczema. Sold by E. G. Murphey.—Adv.

### SAD CASE FROM MORA COUNTY ENDS IN COMMITMENT TO ASYLUM

Mrs. Ursula Korte of Lacueva Friday morning was committed by Judge Leahy to the New Mexico hospital for the insane. It was shown to the satisfaction of the court that Mrs. Korte's mind is unbalanced. She lost her reason because of worry when one of her sons was called for military service and told to report for examination in Mora. Mrs. Korte is a member of a prominent Mora county family. She is the mother of 14 children. Juan Jose Hernandez of Mosquero was committed to the hospital for the insane a few days ago.

#### Prompt Action Averts Trouble

A constipated condition not only poisons the blood stream, but quickly affects the liver and other organs, causing biliousness, sick headache, sour stomach, bloating, etc. Foley Cathartic Tablets are mild in action, yet cleanse thoroughly, with no nausea nor costive after effects. Keep bowels regular, stomach sweet, liver active. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

### PROMINENT FINANCIER TELLS HOW ASSISTANCE IS EXTENDED

Atlantic City, Sept. 28—How the bankers of the United States have co-operated with the farmer to obtain a more profitable and increased production of food and livestock was related to the American Bankers' association today by Joseph Hirsch of Corpus Christi, Tex., chairman of the agricultural commission of the association.

"This campaign for increased food, feed and livestock production, which we have been advocating for five years, has become a vital factor in the successful conduct of the great enterprise of war upon which this nation is launched," said Chairman Hirsch. "Agricultural preparedness is just as necessary as military preparation. We are endeavoring to apply efficiency methods to the business of farming—the greatest business of this country. The purpose of the bankers is to increase our agricultural prosperity and at the same time make the banking business more profitable and infinitely safer by lending direction and financial assistance to the sound farming projects advocated by those efficiency experts, the field forces of the United States department of agriculture and the state colleges of agriculture.

"During the past twelve months we have redoubled our efforts toward the employment of additional county agents and no better proof of the wisdom of this policy can be offered than the fact that our government, in its campaign for increased food production, will endeavor to place a county agent in every agricultural county in the United States.

"We have continued to advocate the development of the livestock industry and hundreds of calf, dairy, baby beef, sheep, swine and poultry clubs have been organized by bankers all over the country. Thousands of pure bred cattle, swine and sheep have been purchased by bankers and have been sold to farmers and to children, members of livestock clubs, at actual cost. These movements are playing an important part in the campaign of the government to increase our meat supply. Illinois bankers have organized more than eighty calf clubs and as a result of their interest, more than 6,000 head of animals have been brought into the state.

"Wisconsin bankers, in conjunction with the state agricultural college have distributed a variety of seed which it is believed will increase the state's wheat yield from an average of twenty bushels an acre to thirty-eight and one-half bushels an acre. Michigan bankers hope to save the farmers of the state some \$15,000,000 which is lost annually because of poor seed.

"The entire south has engaged upon safe-farming campaigns conducted largely under bankers' auspices, which have saved millions of dollars for southern farmers and brought about an agricultural revolution in the land of cotton.

"All over the country a better understanding has been created between bankers and farmers. The Wisconsin and Washington Bankers' associations conducted banker-farmer excursions to their state colleges of agriculture. The California Bankers' association visited the state university farm in a

body. As a result California bankers are now turning their attention to the development of the livestock industry in their communities.

"This is the kind of agricultural work by bankers which will bring agricultural prosperity—the bankers are acting as the connecting link between the scientific forces of the colleges and the practical forces of the field.

"I appeal for support in this work which is bringing about a closer relationship and a better understanding between the bankers and their farmer customers—a work which has always been economically sound but which today has become so important a factor in the program for our national defense."

### SAN FRANCISCO ATTORNEY IS PUNISHED SEVERELY BY THE COURT

San Francisco, Sept. 29—Daniel O'Connell, a San Francisco attorney, was sentenced to seven years in the McNeil's Island federal penitentiary in Washington, in United States District court today for conspiring to obstruct the selective draft law.

"The act for which you stand convicted was close to treason," declared Judge W. C. Van Fleet in sentencing O'Connell. "Unquestionably the things you have done were directly intended to stab your country in the back."

Judge Van Fleet said all men are entitled to the right of free speech if the exercise of such right does not obstruct the laws of the country. Others indicted and convicted with O'Connell all of San Francisco, were sentenced as follows: Dr. E. Hoffman, three years; Carl Wacker, 18 months and a fine of \$250; Thomas Carey, two years; Herbert D. and David J. Smith, brothers, one year. O'Connell filed notice of appeal.

### THE WHOLE NEIGHBORHOOD KNOWS

Mrs. Anna Pelzer, 2526 Jefferson St., So. Omaha, Neb., writes, "Foley's Honey and Tar cured my daughter of a bad cold. My neighbor, Mrs. Benson, cured herself and family with Foley's Honey and Tar, and in fact most everyone in our neighborhood speaks highly of it as a good remedy for coughs and colds."—Sold every where.—Adv.

### PICKS UP BOMB WITH LIGHTED FUSE AND HURLS IT INTO RIVER

Paris, Oct. 1—The first American soldier to win the war cross with the palm is John McClain of Dayton, O., says the Paris Herald. On the night of Sept. 18 a German airplane flew over the village in which he was, and dropped several bombs. One fell within 15 feet of a building around which some 50 villagers had gathered.

"Notwithstanding the warning exhortations of those near him," the newspaper continued, "Private McClain dashed out into the road and discovering the bomb with the aid of a pocket electric lamp, picked it up and hurled it into the river. The projectile exploded as it struck the water. No one was hurt.

### Sour Stomach

Eat slowly, masticate your food thoroughly, abstain from meat for a few days and in most cases the sour stomach will disappear. If it does not, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Red meats are most likely to cause sour stomach and you may find it best to cut them out.—Adv.

### LOSSES ARE GREAT AND THEY MUST KEEP FORTY DIVISIONS IN READINESS

Washington, Oct. 1.—Shaken, but still powerful, is the estimate of Germany's defensive strength on the western front given in this week's official communique, issued by the war department.

The superiority of the British over their enemies, the communique says, has been proved conclusively by the last week's fighting, while it has demonstrated that the fighting stamina of the Germans is deteriorating.

Of the activities of the American force in Europe, the communique says, nothing. Of the forces at home, it reports mobilization of the National Guard and the national army proceeding satisfactorily. The analysis of the situation on the western front, which the communique says remains the principal battle of the war, follows:

"The battle of Menin road (Ypres salient) which promises to be one of the great battles of the war, is following its normal course. Last week we recorded the gains of the British in this sector. This week we must note the desperate attempts by the Germans to retake the lost positions.

"Beginning Sunday last, the constantly increasing violence of the counter attacks reached a culmination on the twenty-sixth inst., when seven powerful onslaughts by the picked 'storm battalions' of the enemy advanced vainly to regain the lost objectives. The village of Zonnebeke, the center of the conflict, is firmly held by the British.

"It is evident that the efforts of the enemy in this sector are not actuated merely by the desire to regain lost terrain of little more than tactical value, nor must their persistent attacks be considered merely the normal reaction of a modern field engagement in which counter attacks invariably follow attacks; but rather it is to be noted that the enemy realizes fully the immense strategic importance of the British thrust along the Menin road.

"This new British advance in the Ypres salient definitely threatens the enemy's line of communications to the Belgian coast. The Ostend-Lille railway, which in a large measure feeds the German naval base; at Ostend and Zeebrugge, the latter the homeport of the German high seas submarine flotillas, now comes within the range of the British guns. The superiority of the British over their enemies was conclusively proved during the engagements of the past week. The battle of the Menin road, furthermore, shows that the fighting stamina of the Germans is deteriorating, not that the enemy did not display skill and dogged determination in his repeated counter-attacks."

Of the fighting on the French front the communique says:

"The outstanding feature of the recent engagements is the wastage of the man power of the enemy. If we compare the combat front of Verdun in 1916 held by 12 German divisions, with the combat front along the Aisne in 1917, held by 14 divisions, both of practically the same length, it is found that during the same period of time from May to September 1916 and 1917 respectively, the enemy engaged along the Verdun front 25 new divisions last year; along the Aisne 35 new divisions this year.

"So great has the wastage of enemy forces become, owing to the improved mechanical means of the allies and the perfection of their methods of combat, that the Germans are obliged to maintain in reserve as a minimum guarantee for the safety of their battle line in the west, at least

40 divisions. The western front thus remains the principal battle front of the war. It is still strongly held by the enemy and the defensive strength while shaken, remains powerful."

The only mention of American forces is as follows:

"The mobilization of the National Guard in their camps is proceeding rapidly, and the formation of reorganized divisions taking place. The reorganization is necessitated by the conditions of the present war, and requires larger regiments and certain machine gun and other units not typical heretofore. Some misunderstanding of the reorganization has arisen, but its purpose and military necessity are being explained and the division commanders are doing their utmost to preserve the local associations and historic memories of these state forces.

"The assembling of the national army in the cantonments has gone on with smoothness and success. Equipment difficulties are not serious, and are being rapidly overcome. The most obvious shortage is in rifles, but an adequate supply for all purposes soon will be at hand, and no delay in training results from the shortage. All overseas forces of course, are adequately supplied."

### PAYS BIG FEE

Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—A fee of more than a thousand dollars was paid the state corporation commission by the Cannonball Motor company which incorporated with a capitalization of ten million dollars. The headquarters are at Texico, Curry county and the paid up capital is \$25,000. The incorporators and directors each of whom subscribes \$5,000 are: C. A. Roberson, Texico, statutory agent; W. L. Mansfield and J. B. Hanlin, of Farwell, Texas; D. A. Randall of Pueblo, Colo., and J. C. Milne of Grand Junction, Colo. The company is to engage in the manufacture of automobiles and automobile supplies.

The Walbridge Ranch company having headquarters on a ranch house just across the New Mexico boundary from El Paso, filed incorporation papers with capitalization of \$21,000 of which \$2,000 is paid up. The incorporators and directors are: C. M. Bassett, Edward C. Wade, Jr., and George D. Flory all of El Paso.

The Commerce Building company of Albuquerque, capitalized at \$60,000, filed incorporation papers. The incorporators and directors are: Max Nordhaus, G. A. Kaseman, A. B. McMillan, J. B. Herndon, Louis Ilfeld and Walter M. Connell.

### NO BEEF ON DINING CARS

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Roasts beef, porterhouse steaks, filet mignon and even plain hash—in fact, all cuts, or dishes made from beef—will be missing from the menus of the railway dining cars tomorrow and on every Tuesday thereafter during the continuance of the war. Wheat bread will not be available to patrons of the dining cars, unless it is specifically requested. The introduction of the simple fare is due to a decision of the American Association of Dining Car Stewards, following a request from Food Administrator Hoover.

When the chest feels on fire and the throat burns, you have indigestion, and you need HERBINE to get rid of the disagreeable feeling. It drives out badly digested food, strengthens the stomach and purifies the bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

# Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising  
Farming - Mining

ESTABLISHED 1882

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Lord Northcliffe, in an article on "What America is Fighting For," is quoted as saying: "If this country had meant to take up arms in defense of British or French interests or in the interest of Belgium, or in order to spread democracy, it would not have waited until April, 1917. If its aims been in the war long ago. The motive which brought the United States in was not sympathy for any other nation, was not desire for gain, was not an abstract fondness for democratic as opposed to autocratic government; it was self-interest, self-preservation and self-respect."

This is entirely true and just, comments the New York Journal of Commerce, and there is nothing in it to resent. We had no right or reason for taking up arms in defense of "British or French interests," however our sympathy may have been or our judgment of the attack made upon them. However indignant we may have felt about the treatment of Belgium, it was not our duty or our right to attack or punish the perpetrator, which we were in no position to do in any case.

Whatever desire we may have had to spread democracy we would not have believed it could be done by such means. It would rather have been discredited by any such attempt. We doubt whether commercial aims would have been promoted by getting into the war earlier but we should admit that the final motive was not sympathy with any other nation and we hope it was not desire for gain.

Abstract fondness for democratic as opposed to autocratic government, whatever influence the sentiment might have on our attitude, could not have been a sufficient motive for getting into the war.

It is quite true that self-interest, self-preservation and self-respect furnish the motive for the United States, as it did for Great Britain and France. We should have admired and justified their conduct and hoped for their success if our own self-interest had not become so deeply involved, if our self-preservation had not been menaced in case Germany should prevail and if our national self-respect had not been outraged; but what absolutely forced us into it was regard for these qualities, which no nation can afford to sacrifice or can sacrifice without forfeiting the respect and good will of the civilized world. Anybody who would wish his country to do that is unworthy of the name of American.

## NEW TILLAGE PLAN IS FOUND TO BE GREAT SUCCESS IN EMERALD ISLE

Dublin, Ireland, Oct. 3.—That the tillage plan introduced at the beginning of the year has been an unqualified success is indicated by the annual agricultural statistics which the Irish department of agriculture has just issued.

This time last year, the two remarkable features of the statistics were the unexpected decrease in the acreage of cereal and green crops, and the large increases in all kinds of live stock. The report for the present year tells a tale of the very opposite character. Cereal and green crops have gone up enormously, while live stock in every case has gone down.

The falling off in cereals last year was about 20,000 acres; this year there is an increase of 467,000 acres. The falling off in green crops last year was 22,000 acres; this year there is an increase of 151,000. The total area of cereals and green crops, plus fruit and flax, is now 3,038,000 acres; an increase of 637,000 acres or 26 per cent, the largest comparative increase being in Connought, with 32.8 per cent, and the smallest in Ulster, with 20.7 per cent.

The greatest cereal crop in Ireland is oats, which now stands at 1,464,000 acres, an increase over last year of 392,000. There are many possibilities as a result of this remarkable expansion, not the least of which is the likelihood of a greatly increased local manufacture of oatmeal for human consumption, for which purpose some of the old windmills may be set going again.

The acreage sown with barley also shows a large increase, in the face of the fact that the business of breweries and distilleries has been heavily restricted. A ten per cent increase in turnips, notwithstanding a decrease in cattle and sheep of over 80,000 head, is no doubt explained by the fact that turnips—formerly a purely fodder crop—are being increasingly used this year as human food, and have been selling at good prices.

The potato acreage has increased from 586,000 acres to 709,000. This is due largely to the high prices which farmers obtained for last year's crop, and the fact that they have been guaranteed a good figure for the crop of this year.

## German Crops Hurt

London, Sept. 27.—An official state-

ment from the food production department gives a reassuring view of the harvest prospects in the British Isles, and by way of contrast, a summary of the gloomy situation in enemy countries.

In England, it is stated, recent reports of damage from rain and storm were heavily exaggerated. "While the recent storms damaged crops in some areas, there is, speaking generally, not the slightest ground for public anxiety or alarm," says the statement.

In Germany, on the other hand, the information received by the British agricultural authorities is that "the crops are not exceedingly bad in the best areas of the German empire, but the whole harvest of the central powers will in all probability prove disastrous in consequence of the violent weather which has prevailed over western Europe."

## REFUGEES FROM FRANCE AND BELGIUM SELL FORTUNES LEFT IN FLIGHT

London, Oct. 3.—To be possessed of property worth thousands of dollars, if only one had it handy, and to be at the same time doubtful whether there will be sufficient money in hand for the next day's lodging, is a painful predicament.

There are hundreds of persons so placed in London and Paris today. They are refugees—persons who before the first overwhelming rush of the Germans, sweeping all before it, hastily buried their treasures in hiding places and fled to safety.

During the past three years the professional money lenders in London and Paris have been well nigh distracted by the new species of business proposed to them—the making of advances on or the buying outright or hidden gold and silver or jewels, the most treasured possessions of their owners, now lying concealed in places where the owners have no chance of getting at them. It is an immensely speculative business, one of the risks of which might well deter any but the most venturesome souls taking any part in it. But the profits, if the story of the treasure-owner turns out correct, and if the Germans have not discovered the treasure beforehand, will be enormous.

One of the first results of peace will be the setting out to Belgium and to the now-occupied parts of France of hundreds of little mysterious parties to search for the buried treasure. Syndicates of adventurous men and women have been formed here to deal in these hidden fortunes. The question is, will they be found in the places indicated on the maps and described by the concealers? If they are, many dealers in gold and silver, many snappers-up of rare gems, will reap a wonderful harvest.

Many of the buried treasures have undoubtedly long since been found and confiscated by the invaders. With his marvelously perfect system of spies in every town and village the German had before the war was declared, made himself well acquainted with the contents of the various chalets and houses of the wealthy folk along the path he had marked out for himself. The possibility that the most costly of the possessions they contained would be hidden when the owners found themselves obliged to fly entered his cunning brain. They could not be carried away. Where

solve the mystery. In the wake of were they?

The German invader, keen on the scent of spoil, set himself to work to his army there traveled another little army of detectives—men from the central bureau in Berlin and others from the big police centers scattered throughout the empire.

The duty of these sleuthhounds has been—with the aid of the spies who furnished them the information—to scent out the folk most likely to have been in the confidence of the owners of treasure that had disappeared, to interrogate them, to threaten, and, if needs be, to torture them by placing them in foul cells and keeping them short of food till they have become willing to reveal such knowledge as they possess. The servant who the spy has pointed out as one most likely to know the whereabouts of his or her master's hidden hoard has been threatened with death unless he or she betrayed.

Some of these unfortunate ones—the servants of once wealthy persons in Belgium—who have escaped and found their way to London have had harrowing tales to tell of the terrible days they passed while in the hands of the German secret-extractor; days passed in the shadow of death, with the prospect of being shot the next morning unless they spoke.

But there are many speculators in London who are willing to gamble on the chance that the Germans have not discovered this or that buried treasure. These speculators are shrewd persons whom it is hard to deceive. Many have tried it with fake stories. But if the speculator is satisfied that the customer has told him the substantial truth and has buried treasure where they state, he is willing to take a chance by advancing money or buying the valuables outright.

Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—"Save food," "Prevent Waste," "Substitute" and "Conserve" and other keynote legends will soon catch the eye of New Mexico citizens from billboards and store windows all over the state. The federal food administration is shipping to the state administrator's office thousands of large colored posters and hangers, window cards, street car cards, and so forth, urging on the homes of New Mexico the practical home conservation policies to which signers of the Hoover food pledge cards pledge themselves. This publicity feature is expected to be of substantial aid to the leaders in the big pledge card drive which starts October 21 and lasts for a week. It will be part of a wonderful campaign of publicity, unprecedented in the history of the country, which the federal food administration is waging in order that American may send to her allies the wheat, meat and other staples without which the stone wall of democracy will be seriously weakened in France.

Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—The city council has appointed a board of censors for the motion pictures, consisting of Aldermen George W. Armijo, Celso Lopez, Juan Shoemaker, Mrs. Reed Holoman and Mrs. A. J. Fischer. At the same time the council fixed the license fee for theaters of more than 600 seating capacity at \$100 a year and those with less at \$50 a year. The council authorized the purchase of a \$5,500 combination chemical engine and hose truck.



### DR. BERNARD DERNBURG WANTS ALL "JINGOES" OF WORLD BANISHED

Amsterdam, Oct. 3—Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, the former German secretary of the state on colonies, in an article in the Weekly Duetsch Politik takes a stand against the new fatherland party, which he treats as a harmful ebullition of would-be patriotism.

"A stream of loyal messages have been sent to the emperor," he remarks in his article, "as though on a word of command (some say it was a word of command) in which President Wilson's answer to the pope is stigmatized as an attempt to drive a wedge between the government and the people, as an effort to sow discord and as a proclamation of war on the Hohenzollerns.

"I have vainly tried," Dr. Dernburg adds, to find such things anywhere in President Wilson's note."

The chief aim of the German policy Dernburg said, is that honest Germans who honestly desire peace shall meet equally honest opponents, the sequel of which meeting will be, he predicts, that the jingoes and chauvinists of all countries will be ejected from power and a situation created making possible the conclusion of a just and durable peace.

### HEAD OF UNITED STATES BREWERS' ASSOCIATION MAKES QUEER SPEECH

Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 3—Charging that "professional prohibitionists" are "deliberately trying to mislead the people by falsifications, by taking advantage of war conditions and industrial emergencies," President Gustav Pabst of Milwaukee, speaking before the opening business session of the war convention of the United States Brewers' association, today urged delegates to unite in the national fight for existence.

Mr. Pabst pointed out the association had offered its co-operation to the federal government and said, "the subscription by brewers of millions of dollars for liberty bonds at a time when the very life of the brewing industry was being threatened with destruction was substantial proof of the attitude of the industry toward the government and its war aims."

He called upon brewers throughout the nation to leave no stone unturned to secure the rigid enforcement of all prohibition and regulatory laws regarding the shipment and sale of beer. Mr. Pabst observed that there are "many indications the people are getting tired of professional prohibition leaders," and that the "reaction is shown by the demand for constructive measures that shall lead to permanent improvement."

### ENGLAND FORBIDS SHIPMENTS TO SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK AND NETHERLANDS

Washington, Oct. 3.—Great Britain's new embargo on shipments of practically everything to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and The Netherlands is regarded here as a most important move in tightening the cordon which slowly but surely is killing the military power of Germany. Great Britain's action is regarded as one of the most important of the war.

Great Britain's embargo is regarded by government officials here as de-

nouncing trade agreements entered into since the beginning of the war, preparatory to identic action by her allies. Such a step had been expected.

It was not believed there is any intention to cut off absolutely trade between those neutrals and the allied governments, but that the agreements under which exchanges of commodities have been made will be amended in order that they may conform to conditions slowly changed during the war, and radically altered by the entrance of the United States. It was pointed out that radical revision of the old trade agreements had become necessary and that the expenditure of lives of thousands of men and of billions of dollars while the enemy was being provisioned through neutral channels, was obviously a condition that could not be countenanced.

### ADDITIONS TO AMERICAN NAVY WILL BE BEST TO COPE WITH SUBMARINES

Washington, Oct. 3—Remarkable progress has been made in the handling of American destroyers to cope with the submarine campaign. The navy department is assured of much quicker delivery of the ships than was contemplated at the last estimate, in itself far ahead of the original time.

Progress on the ships now building and arrangements for others to follow, it was said today at the navy department, are such that the American navy will lead the world with its destroyers within 18 months. It is certain all destroyers now building will be delivered ready for duty in European waters early next year.

All new destroyers are of a design worked out by the navy department and showing radical changes from any of these craft now afloat. The great majority of them will be 35-knot vessels of improved sea-keeping qualities. The first of the new type has been tried out with results that amazed officers who made trial trips.

A greater amount of fighting tonnage is being produced in the United States in a given time than ever has been achieved before by any power.

### SENATOR WHOSE REMOVAL IS ASKED TAKES COGNIZANCE TO CHARGES

Washington, Oct. 3—Preliminary consideration of numerous petitions seeking expulsion from the senate of Senator LaFollette and several other senators for their attitude toward the war was begun today by the senate privileges and elections committee, but no action was taken, and another meeting will be held tomorrow. Sentiment was said to have developed at today's meeting for action of some kind and against merely tabling the petitions. The question of proper procedure was discussed without agreement. Senator LaFollette is said to be considering an address before congress adjourns in answer to his critics.

### PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATED PRESS

New York, Oct. 3.—The directors of The Associated Press, in session here today, unanimously resolved to transfer the sum of \$200,000, which the association has in its emergency reserve fund, to an investment in Liberty loan registered bonds, as was done in the case of the first issue. In addition, it was unanimously resolved

that the executive officers be authorized to encourage the subscription for Liberty Loan bonds by employes on a partial payment plan, the association to carry the bonds and deferred payments until fully paid for by employes.

### RUNS INTO BRITISH NAVAL VESSEL IN EUROPEAN WATERS; NOBODY HURT

Washington, Oct. 3—An American destroyer in European waters recently was in collision with a British naval vessel, which, after taking off the American crew, towed the disabled destroyer safely to port. In announcing the collision today the navy department said no one was injured aboard the American destroyer, and that since the vessel had been repaired and restored to active duty.

An official inquiry developed that the collision was unavoidable, the vessels having come together during a heavy rainstorm. No blame was placed on either the American or the British vessel.

### RAILROADS, USING EXTRA EQUIPMENT, ARE HANDLING THEM QUICKLY

Washington, Oct. 3.—About 200,000 men, the third increment to the national army, today are on their way to cantonments where already half the 687,000 called to the colors by the president are mobilized. Though today's quota should be 40 per cent under regulations promulgated by the provost marshal general, local conditions in the various states have reduced the general average to 20 or 25 per cent.

The railroads' war board today issued a statement in connection with the part the railroads have played in handling the biggest troop movements ever attempted in the country.

"Including the National Guard, the regular army and the new national army, the railroads to date have moved approximately 720,000 soldiers to training camps or embarkation points," says the statement.

"The great bulk of this army—all except the 32,549 men included in the first five per cent of the national army moved by regular train September 5, required special train service, involving use of 13,500 passenger cars, including 1,500 Pullman and tourist sleepers, 2,000 baggage cars and 4,500 freight cars.

### BYRAN AT WHITE HOUSE

Washington, Oct. 3.—William J. Bryan spent half an hour with President Wilson today on what he described as a personal visit. Mr. Bryan told the president he expected to take part this fall in a prohibition campaign in Ohio and the suffrage campaign in New York. Mr. Bryan also talked to Secretaries Baker and Daniels.

\* Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 3—De-  
\* claring that many of the motion  
\* pictures now in vogue are "im-  
\* moral and obscene," Santa Fe  
\* club women have accepted the  
\* offer of a local movie theatre  
\* proprietor to let them run the  
\* theatre one night a week in the  
\* effort to educate the public taste  
\* toward a higher class of films.  
\* They are furnished the house at  
\* cost, will select their pictures,  
\* advertise them and receive pro-  
\* fits or stand the deficit, as the  
\* case may be.  
\* \* \* \* \*

### PUBLIC UTILITIES OF ILLINOIS AND IOWA MAKE COMPLAINTS

Washington, Oct. 3.—A disagreement was reported today by a subcommittee of coal operators and miners of the central competitive field discussing a readjustment of the miners' wage scale. The chief point of difference is as to how long the new contract shall run. The miners want a contract covering a two-year period, beginning next April, but the operators want it to end 60 days after the war is over. The subject will be taken up by the full conferences of operators and miners.

Representatives of public utilities companies in Iowa and Illinois headed by Clifford Thorne appeared today before the fuel administration to protest against the coal prices fixed by the government. The fixed prices, they contend, in almost every instance are higher than the average prices for the last year.

Sworn statements of the Illinois Central railroad were introduced to show prices established by the government are more than 30 per cent higher than that company was able to contract for the entire output of more than a dozen Illinois mines this year and about 70 per cent higher than the Illinois Central reports as the cost of production in mines it controls in Illinois.

It was contended the federal trade commission's investigation accountants, in ascertaining production costs, did not conduct as thorough an investigation as they should have. Operators were not required to take oath as to the figures of their books, it is said, and were not required to go on the witness stand to present their figures and face cross-examinations and evidence in rebuttal.

### OXMAN CASE DROPPED

San Francisco, Oct. 3.—A complaint charging that Frank C. Oxman, an Oregon cattle dealer, perjured his testimony against Thomas J. Moorey, convicted of murder as an outgrowth of a preparedness day bomb explosion, was dismissed today by Superior Judge Franklin A. Griffin.

## Don't Scratch Use Zensal

This remedy is made to reach your particular case. If you have an Eczema that is dry and scaly, use Dry Zensal. If you have weeping skin or any watery eruption, buy moist Zensal and get the relief you have been seeking. 75 cents the jar.

## E. G. MURPHEY

### SENATE IS ASKED TO REMOVE GRONNA AND STONE AS WELL AS WISCONSIN MAN

Washington, Oct. 1.—Petitions from New York organizations asking expulsion from the senate of Senators La Follette of Wisconsin, Gronna of North Dakota and Stone of Missouri, were presented in the senate today by Senator Wadsworth of New York, and referred without action to the senate privileges and elections committee.

Vice President Marshall also presented today another lot of petitions, letters and telegrams from various organizations and individuals on the same general subject. Included were printed circular petitions that many such are being circulated and probably will reach the senate in great numbers. In reply to one correspondent Vice President Marshall pointed out that while the senate may expel a member the initiative must come from a senator and cannot be forced by an individual or organization.

The first step toward consideration of the petitions was taken today when Senator Pomerene of Ohio, chairman of the privileges and elections committee, called a meeting for next Wednesday. It was decided to have the committee discuss a course of action. The present attitude of senate leaders was said to be in favor of handling petitions in the committee.

### Southerners Ask Removal

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 1.—The Chattanooga Bar association today adopted resolutions "condemning in unmeasured terms the acts of Senators La Follette, Gronna, Reed, Hardwick, Stone, Vardaman and others, acting with them," in their attitude toward the war and demanding "their expulsion from the American senate."

New York, Oct. 1.—In an open letter to the governors of the United States made public here last night, the executive committee of the American Defense society urged that "steps be taken at once to rid the United States senate of those men who by their seditious utterances are giving aid and comfort to the German enemies."

"The public remarks and the votes of Senators Stone, Reed, LaFollette, Gore, Gronna, Vardaman and Hardwick," the letter stated, "clearly show their wilful obstructoin and seditious, if indeed not treasonable, tactics."

### Women Have Their Troubles

Not only middle-aged women, but younger ones, too, suffer from backache, pains in side, swollen ankles, sore muscles, rheumatic pains and kindred ailments without knowing that these are most often the result of deranged or overworked kidneys. Foley Kidney Pills are good medicine for kidney trouble. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

### TWO SUICIDES REPORTED

Santa Fe, Oct. 2.—At Escondido, sixteen year old Juan Maria Barela, shot himself with a .22 calibre rifle, death ensuing instantly. The accident occurred while the boy was hunting rabbits. Another self-inflicted death is reported from Meek, Lincoln county, when 48-year-old Gallie Harris hanged herself with a strap from a tree in the garden of her sister, Mrs. E. E. Spindle's home. Bad health is given as cause for the suicide.

Stop coughing! you rack the lungs and worry the body. BALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP checks irritation, heals the lungs and restores comfortable breathing. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

### WILL BROADEN SCOPE OF ITS ACTIVITIES IN THE ALBUQUERQUE FIELD

It has been announced by Gross, Kelly and Company that W. H. Booth and M. E. Crumley, who have been at the head of the Gross Kelly and Company store at Albuquerque, will associate themselves with a new organization January 1. E. M. Boule, the present manager of the Santa Fe store, will succeed Mr. Booth at Albuquerque, and other men in the big Gross Kelly and Company organization will be advanced to higher positions. It is announced that Harry W. Kelly, president of the company, will give the Albuquerque store much more of his personal attention than formerly, as the company contemplates a general broadening of its business at the Duke City.

### RAIDS OVER TEUTON-INFESTED REGIONS OF BELGIUM ACCOMPLISH MUCH

London, Oct. 1.—Two hostile machines were destroyed and two others driven down by British air patrols, says an official announcement made today, recounting bombing raids over Belgium Saturday night and air combats that resulted from patrol activities. The statement reads:

"During Saturday night bombing raids were made by naval aircraft on the following objectives: The Lock gates at Zeebrugge, the Saint Denis western airdrome, the Thorout airdrome and Burgoise works and trains. Several tons of bombs were dropped with good results, a large fire being caused at the St. Denis Western airdrome.

"During patrol several aerial combats occurred, with the result that two enemy machines were destroyed, and one driven back completely out of control. A Gotha also was driven down and it is thought to have been damaged.

"All our machines returned safely."

Wormy children are unhappy, puny and sickly. They can't be otherwise while worms eat away their strength and vitality. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE performs a marvelous transformation. Cheerfulness, strength and the rosy bloom of health speedily return. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

### MEASURE AFFECTS NEW MEXICO AND NINE OTHER WESTERN STATES

Washington, Oct. 1.—The bill by Senator Jones of New Mexico, providing for the classification of stock grazing lands in 10 western states, was passed today by the senate. The states affected are New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, Wyoming, Nevada, North Dakota, South Dakota, Washington, California and Oregon. The bill now goes to the house.

### Croup

If your children are subject to croup get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and when the attack comes on be careful to follow the plain printed directions. You will be surprised at the quick relief which it affords.—Adv.

### NEEDS OF WARTIME

Springfield, O., Oct. 2.—"War" babies, the proper handling of slackers, the care of soldiers' dependents, and other social problems arising from the war are to be discussed by the Ohio State Conference of Charities and Corrections at its annual meeting which opened here today.

### METHODIST ASSIGNMENTS

In the closing hours of the New Mexico conference of the Methodist Episcopal church Sunday it was announced that Rev. R. S. Dum, pastor of the First Methodist church here, had been transferred to Roswell. Rev. M. O. Stockland of Silver City will take charge of the pastorate here. While rejoicing in the advancement of Rev. Mr. Dum, for the Roswell church is larger than that in Las Vegas, Las Vegas Methodists regret that he is to leave. During the two years that he has been here Mr. Dum has endeared himself to his congregation and to the public. His energetic work has had its effect in a larger and more united church. Rev. Mr. Stockland comes not as a stranger, for he attended the conference here and has considerable acquaintance in Las Vegas. Las Vegas Methodists are convinced that under his leadership the work of their church will continue to grow in influence and importance.

Following are the New Mexico appointments, announced yesterday:

#### English District

Superintendent S. Alonzo Bright, P. O. 415 South Third St. Albuquerque, N. M.

Alamogordo, to be supplied.  
Albuquerque, C. O. Beckman.  
Belen, W. J. Waltz.  
Cimarron, W. E. Thomas.  
Clayton, H. R. Mills.  
Clayton Circuit, H. R. Mills.  
Columbus, Grover C Linn.  
Des Moines, Herbert E. Nixon.  
El Paso, Tex., First church, John M. Jackson; Orchard Park and City missions, Rufus C. Baker.

Espanola, W. H. Stevens.  
Estancia and Willard, J. A. Bretz.  
Elephant Butte and Mesilla valley, to be supplied.  
Ft. Sumner and Corona, Ed. Le Breton.  
Folsom and Johnson's mesa, to be supplied.  
Las Vegas, M. O. Stockland.  
Maxwell, Jesse L. Meredith.  
Mountainair, Thomas V. Ludlow.  
Mesa Point and Grandview, to be supplied.

Nara Visa, S. E. Turner.  
Raton, Autho P. Gaines.  
Roswell, Ray S. Dum.  
Roy, to be supplied.  
Santa Fe, Frank E. Lockridge.  
Santa Rosa, J. Clyde Keegan.  
Santa Rita, Hurley and Mogollon, to be supplied.  
Solano, Roy L. Matthew.  
South Clayton circuit, to be supplied.

Silver City, E. H. Hammond.  
Springer, W. E. Saville.  
Taos, to be supplied.  
Ute Park and Red River City, to be supplied.

#### Spanish District

Albuquerque circuit, Luis P. Tirre, Bernalillo circuit, supplied by Gregorio Fajardo.  
Castelar and Dulce, Cruz J. Martinez.  
Clayton circuit, to be supplied.  
Costilla and Cerro, Pablo L. Martinez.  
Deming and Silver City, circuit, Manuel Flores.  
Douglas Bisbee and Naco, John Burman.

El Paso, to be supplied.  
Hurley, Santa Rita and Hatch, Epi-  
menio Flores.  
Hillsboro and Las Animas circuit,  
E. B. Candelaria.  
Las Cruces and Dona Ana, Dionicio Costales.

Mountainair and Estancia, T. M. Harwood.  
Peralta, Belen and La Joya, T. M. Harwood.  
Raton, Springer and Wagon Mound, V. Cruz.  
Socorro and San Marcial, circuit, Juan C. Chavez.  
Santa Fe, Leandro Fernandez.  
Taos, Llano and Black Lake, T. Z. Salazar.  
Tucson and Sanchez, H. O. Costales.  
Flagstaff, Williams, Winslow and Jerome, to be supplied.  
Seneca B. Garcia, Sunday school missionary.  
President Albuquerque college, H. A. Bassett.

### EIGHTEEN BILLIONS WILL BE NEEDED BETWEEN NOW AND JUNE OF NEXT YEAR

Washington, Oct. 1.—The big drive for the second issue of Liberty Loan bonds began at noon today throughout the country, with a multitude of activities that will last four weeks. Secretary McAdoo formally opened the campaign with a speech in Cleveland, the first of many he will deliver on his tour of the United States to stimulate the sale of the bonds, and all over the country the publicity machine set up by the treasury has been set in motion.

Postmaster General Burleson has ordered that all postage stamps be cancelled with a stamp bearing the legend "Back the boys in the trenches. Buy a Liberty Bond. Inquire at any postoffice."

Cleveland, O., Oct. 1.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo opened the second Liberty Loan campaign in Cleveland this morning, with an appeal to every man and woman of America to purchase a liberty bond. Tris Speaker, of the Cleveland baseball club, purchased the first bond of the second Liberty Loan. Secretary McAdoo handed the bond to Speaker, and received his check for \$1,000.

Speaking of the financial problem of the nation, Mr. McAdoo said: "After allowing for the amount of revenue to be raised by taxation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, we shall have to raise by additional bond issues between 13 and 14 billions of dollars. It is estimated that \$5,000,000,000 will represent additional loans to the allied governments, which, in turn, will give us their obligations bearing interest.

"To raise thirteen to fourteen billions of dollars on or before the thirtieth of June, 1918, by the sale of bonds in recurring installments, seems to some people an impossible task. It is a stupendous undertaking, but it is not impossible for America. It is not easy, but it can be done.

"Our resources are adequate. Our will is perfect; our spirit is indomitable, and our success is certain. We have only to pull together and we can do the job.

"Already we have demonstrated what a united people can do when partisanship is subordinated to patriotism; when love of country becomes supreme. I look forward, therefore, with confidence to the success of the recurring campaigns we must make ready for the sale of the Liberty Bonds."

When your food does not digest well and you feel "blue," tired and discouraged, you should use a little HERBINE at bedtime. It opens the bowels, purifies the system and restores a fine feeling of health and energy. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

COUNTY BOARD ANNOUNCES LIST OF THOSE WHO WILL NOT BE CALLED

The San Miguel county exemption board this morning announced the names of over 100 men who have been exempted or discharged by it from military service. Some of the exempted men, it is understood, have joined in other branches of the army service. Others were excused because of having dependent relatives or because of physical disability. In the latter case it is illegal to divulge the names, as it might work to the disadvantage of the men. Following is the list:

Ramon Jimenez, Ferndale.  
 John Luther Jones, Las Vegas.  
 Gregorio Martinez, Tecolote.  
 J. Norton McSchooter, San Geronimo.  
 Miguel Hernandez, East Las Vegas.  
 Placido Quintana, El Cerrito.  
 Geronimo Garcia, Variadero.  
 Severino Montoya, Cherry Vale.  
 Candido Ortega, Las Gallinas.  
 Frank Herrera, Sapello.  
 Pablo Martinez, Pecos.  
 Tobias Vallegos, East Las Vegas.  
 Santiago Roybal, Pecos.  
 Ross A. St. Clair, Doretta.  
 Delfido Rodriguez, Las Vegas.  
 Benjamin Ortiz, Villanueva.  
 Chester Frew Morton, East Las Vegas.  
 Salomon Martinez, Las Vegas.  
 John Richard Chaum, East Las Vegas.  
 Leandro Bustos, Rociada.  
 Telesfor Herrera, La Liendre.  
 Jose C. Morales, Maes.  
 Tomas A. Salas, East Las Vegas.  
 Benito Baca, El Cerrito.  
 Juan Aragon, Leyba.  
 Gussie Adolph Rothgeb, East Las Vegas.  
 Jose Luis Kolowski, Rowe.  
 Fidel Ortega, Canada del Medio.  
 Demetrio Martinez, Las Vegas.  
 Fred Smith, Variadero.  
 William Earl Banks, Ribera.  
 Juan B. Romero, La Liendre.  
 Manuel Rubio, Las Vegas.  
 Charles Albert Topie, East Las Vegas.  
 Alfonso Fulgenzi, Las Vegas.  
 Jacobo Amado Gonzales, Variadero.  
 Juan Maldonado, East Las Vegas.  
 Saturnino Crespín, San Geronimo.  
 Juan A. Garcia, Trementina.  
 Martin Gonzales, Trementina.  
 Delfino Baca, Trujillo.  
 John Cleo Howard, El Porvenir.  
 Jose Tranquilino Baca, Pecos.  
 Juan Demata Tenorio, Leyba.  
 Jose Abenicio Baca, Las Vegas.  
 Antonio De Tabis, East Las Vegas.  
 Robert Tunstall Banks, East Las Vegas.  
 Patricio Alarcon, Las Vegas.  
 Joe Pintimonti, Santa Femia, Italy.  
 Feliberto Lujan, Las Vegas.  
 H. C. de Herrera, Upper Las Vegas.  
 Samuel Gomez, La Liendre.  
 Antonio Jaramillo, Trementina.  
 Filadelfo Tafoya, San Jose.  
 Wesley Gunn Moulch, East Las Vegas.  
 Manuel Patron, East Las Vegas.  
 Isaac Montoya, Cherryvale.  
 Fidel Marino Sandoval, Rociada.  
 Antonio Roybal, Pecos.  
 Palito Apodaca, Sapello.  
 James Buster Brown, East Las Vegas.  
 Antonio Gallegos, Upper Las Vegas.  
 Eustasio Roybal, Pecos.  
 Melecio Valencia, Pecos.  
 Alberto S. Gonzales, Trementina.  
 William Thompson Gray, East Las Vegas.  
 Julian Gonzales, Hilario.  
 Juan Bautista Aranda, Las Gallinas.  
 Perfecto Maes, Upper Las Vegas.  
 Manuel M. Delgado, Las Vegas.  
 Ernesto Griego, Tecolote.  
 Vicente Dominguez, Canon del Agua.  
 Alberto Herrera, East Las Vegas.

Arthur Bliss Livingood, East Las Vegas.  
 Roman Duran, Las Gallinas.  
 Ponciano Garcia, Rowe.  
 Roy Max Cook, East Las Vegas.  
 Theron Herodotos Reeves, East Las Vegas.  
 Celestino Martinez, Rociada.  
 Chris John Moore, Las Vegas.  
 Manuel S. Sanchez, Las Vegas.  
 Jose M. Lucero, Ribera.  
 Lawrence Clifford Trainer, East Las Vegas.  
 Luis E. Armijo, Las Vegas.  
 William Henry Rhodes, East Las Vegas.  
 Melecio Esquibel, Trementina.  
 Ramon Maez, Las Vegas.  
 Rosendo Romero, El Cerrito.  
 Toribio Salas, Las Vegas.  
 Angel P. Villanueva, Villanueva.  
 Daniel Maestas, Shoemaker.  
 Jose Felipe Chaves, Sena.  
 Abel Segura, Ribera.  
 Santos Salazar, Los Alamos.  
 Pablo Zamora, Chapelle.  
 Valentin Aragon, Pecos.  
 Androu Victor Sendquist, Valley Ranch.  
 Manuel Romero, East Las Vegas.  
 Bisatacion Urioste, La Liendre.  
 Epifanio Lucero, Variadero.  
 Bentura Martinez, Rociada.  
 Florencia Esquibel, Rowe.  
 Manuel Roybal, East Las Vegas.  
 Pedro Gallegos, Trujillo.  
 James Orr Lawrence, East Las Vegas.  
 Adolfo Roybal, East Las Vegas.  
 Fermin Salazar, Trujillo.  
 William Mertsching, East Las Vegas.  
 Raymundo Gonzales, Trementina.  
 Salomon Ribera, Ribera.  
 Adelaido Lobato, Las Vegas.  
 Jose Otero Montoya, Sapello.  
 Rafael Martinez, Ribera, (Sandoval county).  
 Paul Wesley Bieber, 812 Seventh street, East Las Vegas, N. M., (Linn county, Mo.)

TO MY—SON SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE

I meet the men who do not go,  
 But make no sign  
 That in my heart is quiet scorn;  
 That I thank God they are not  
 mine,  
 Not of me born.

Then when in loneliness I sit  
 With grief-worn eyes,  
 But strong in pride of mine, these  
 lines  
 By one who knew man's heart so  
 well  
 In my mind rise:

"Cowards die many times before their  
 death,  
 The valiant never taste of death but  
 once."

So scorn dies down, and pity takes  
 its place;  
 And faith is mine that if  
 Death lays his hand  
 On you, my only son, that facing  
 straight,  
 At the salute you'll stand.  
 —Janet Spark, in Melbourne Argus.

Mrs. Smith Recommends Chamberlain's Tablets

"I have had more or less stomach trouble for eight or ten years," writes Mrs. G. H. Smith, Brewerton, N. Y. "When suffering from attacks of indigestion and heaviness after eating, one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets have always relieved me. I have also found them a pleasant laxative." These tablets tone up the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. If you are troubled with indigestion give them a trial, get well and stay well.—Adv.

L. C. Leonard from Chicago is here for a few days.

GOVERNOR OF MINNESOTA AND STATE COMMISSION ASK REMOVAL

Washington, Sept. 29—A communication from the governor of Minnesota and the state public safety commission requesting the expulsion from the senate of Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin was presented in the senate today by Senator Kellogg of Minnesota and referred by Vice President Marshall to the senate privileges and elections committee.

Senator Kellogg received the communication which was adopted by the state commission as the result of Senator LaFollette's recent speech at St. Paul. Before presenting it to the senate, he conferred with Vice President Marshall, Senator Martin of Virginia, democratic leader and Senator Pomerone of Ohio, chairman of the committee to which it was referred. Any further action will first come from the committee.

Senator LaFollette was not in the chamber when the communication was presented, and there was no discussion or other action.

Four other communications, one from the Washburn Loyalty league of Washburn, Wis., and three from individuals demanding the impeachment of Senator LaFollette were received by Vice President Marshall and presented to the senate in the usual routine way. Senator Kellogg explained that he presented the resolution according to the usual practice of all senators of filing communications from responsible organizations and that there was no other significance in his action.

Characterizing LaFollette's speech in St. Paul on September 20 before the non-partisan league as "disloyal and seditious," the resolution declares the utterances already have served to create treasonable sentiment of Minnesota, and petitions the senate to begin proceedings to expel LaFollette as "a teacher of disloyalty and sedition, giving aid and comfort to our enemies and hindering the government in the conduct of the war."

Senator Pomerone indicated that the privileges and elections committee would take no action, for the present at least. He said he could not decide until after conferring with other members and that a quorum of the committee could not be obtained probably during this session.

**Worth Their Weight in Gold**  
 No man can do his best when suffering from backache, rheumatic pains, swollen joints or sore muscles. B. H. Stone, 840 N. 2nd. St., Reading, Pa., writes: "For months I was unable to attend to business. I used Foley Kidney Pills and soon the pains and aches were gone. They are worth their weight in gold to me." Sold everywhere.—Adv.

**GUARANTEEING DELIVERY**  
 Washington, Oct. 1—To make sure American troops abroad get their letters from home, 150 postal clerks will be dispatched to France and the war department has given orders that transports bound toward the battle front shall carry all accumulated mail available.

Neuralgia of the face, shoulder, hands, or feet requires a powerful remedy that will penetrate the flesh. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT possesses that power. Rubbed in where the pain is felt is all that is necessary to relieve suffering and restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

Zensal will stop the itching. For all skin troubles. Sold by E. G. Murphy.—Adv.

Notable People to Address Federation

All is in readiness for the opening of the State Federation convention at Gallup, October 2. The program committee takes pleasure in announcing that Miss Gordon, the president of the national W. C. T. U., is expected to be present and speak on "Prohibition as a War Measure" at the big patriotic rally on Wednesday evening of the convention. The presence of a woman of such national prominence as Miss Gordon will be a great advantage to the delegates who come from all over the state.

S. Poulterer Morris, director of the Rock Mountain division of the Red Cross writes that he expects to be present in person to present and explain the needs of that organization.

Mrs. E. L. Bradford, chairman of the music department, will give a musicale on Thursday evening which will be a rare treat, and the Misses Sanberg of Raon, well known musicians, will also assist with the musical program.

The woman's auxiliary to the state council of defense announces that it will hold a war congress of New Mexico women in connection with the celebration of patriotic week in Albuquerque, during the second week in October. The auxiliary will have headquarters in the new Occidental building and the Hoover food administration demonstrators will be there to demonstrate all the latest and best be exhibits of canned and dried fruits and vegetables from all parts of the state and every puzzled housekeeper may be sure of receiving the advice and help that she needs. During the mornings and afternoons of Thursday and Friday, there will be councils of the various organizations of women workers in the state, the auxiliary, the state Federation of clubs, the suffrage leagues, the W. C. T. U., and the Red Cross at which plans for war work will be discussed and reports of programs received. On Friday night there will be a big mass meeting at which there will be presentations of these various lines of work and patriotic music and addresses of special interest to women.

The Shakespeare club of Roswell will give its whole year to work for the Red Cross; holding only business meetings of the club.

The Silver City Woman's club will have a class in dressmaking under its household economics department this year. Every other meeting of the club during the year will be given to Red Cross work.

The women of Santa Fe have filled 125 Christmas "Good Cheer" bags for the American soldiers and sailors on foreign duty. These have been sent by the local chapter of the navy league to their national headquarters whence they will be sent abroad.

**Cut This Out—it is Worth Money**  
 DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley and Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

E. P. Smith from Denver is a visitor in town.

London, Sept. 29—British casualties reported during month of September total 104,598, divided as follows:  
 \* Officers killed or died of \*  
 \* wounds, 636; men, 18,302. Officers \*  
 \* wounded or missing, 2,151; \*  
 \* men, 83,509. \* \* \* \* \*

### OFFERS TO GIVE NAMES OF CONGRESSMEN WHO "ACTED SUSPICIOUSLY"

Washington, Oct. 3.—The protracted wrangle over charges by Representative Heflin of Alabama, that certain members of congress have "acted suspiciously" in the present war, flared up again in the house today when Representative Mason of Illinois spoke, contending that Heflin inferentially charged Mason with treason and "linked him up with Emma Goldman."

Representative Heflin requested consent of the house for time to reply to Mason's remarks and to name the men he thought had "acted suspiciously,"—but objection was made by Representative Garner of Texas, and the row for the time being was brought to an end.

### TRAINING CAMPS TO GIVE THEM OPPORTUNITY TO QUALIFY ARE PLANNED

Washington, Oct. 3.—A third series of officers' training camps to be opened January 5 will run until April, the war department announced today, primarily for the education of enlisted men of the regular army, National Guard and national army for commissions. In addition, 2,490 graduates or undergraduates from 93 specified schools and colleges will be admitted.

A camp will be located in each of the regular army, National Guard and army divisions. Additional camps will be located in the Philippines, Panama and Hawaii, and one each at Fort Bliss, and Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and Chickamauga, Tenn.

The quota of each regiment or smaller unit of the army to be selected to attend the officers' schools will be 1-70 per cent of the enlisted strength of the organization. Graduates recommended for commissions as second lieutenants will be commissioned as vacancies occur. College men to be admitted must be between 21 and 31 on the day of the opening. There is no restriction against married men, but unmarried men will be preferred.

Any enlisted man between 21 and 40 years of age may apply. Character and military aptitude will govern selections. College students will be required to enlist for the duration of the war and serve out their enlistments if they do not obtain commissions. They will receive the pay and allowances of first class privates while under instructions.

The camps are primarily for the training of line officers. The quartermaster, chief of ordnance, chief of coast artillery, chief signal officer and chief of engineers have been authorized to organize such schools for special training as may be necessary.

### POSTAL HEAD WILL ENDEAVOR TO HAVE NEW LAW AFFECTING POSTAGE CHANGED

Washington, Oct. 3.—Postmaster General Burleson has assured congress that before the new increased second class mail rates in the war tax bill become effective next July, he will use his influence to have the entire subject reopened by the senate and house postal committees and a new and probably modified system established as a substitute.

The conferees accepted the compromise in the revenue bill, it was stated today, with the express under-

standing that the department and congressional committees would take up the question before the rates become effective and present some new plan.

Members of congress prominent in the fight for increasing the rates, said today that they did not expect the revenue bill's rates to go into effect. Postmaster General Burleson is said by congressmen to oppose increasing the rates on reading matter, especially in newspapers.

### STATE WARDEN ANNOUNCES FULLEST CO-OPERATION WITH THE GOVERNMENT

The federal game laws will be enforced in New Mexico the same as the state regulations, according to State Game Warden T. Rouauit and Deputy Federal Game Warden Lawrence A. Tamme of Las Vegas. The federal regulations control the shooting of all migratory birds in New Mexico. This means that spring hunting of ducks and geese is prohibited. Following are the open seasons on migratory birds:

All waterfowl, meaning ducks, geese, coots, and jacksnipe, October 16 to January 31. Black-breasted, golden plover and yellow legs, September 1 to December 15. Woodcock, November 1 to December 31. Rails, September 1 to November 30.

All insectivorous birds as protected indefinitely. Band-tail pigeons, cranes, swans, curlew, willet, upland plover, wood ducks and smaller shore birds protected until September 1, 1918. Shooting between sunset and sunrise is prohibited. Shooting is prohibited on the Elephant Butte federal bird refuge.

### YOUNG MAN WHO FORMERLY LIVED HERE IS IN CAMP IN IOWA

Walter Burns, son of Mrs. S. A. Westerman of this city and formerly assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A., is in camp with a regiment of army engineers in Fort Dodge, Ia. He has written the following letter home:

Dear Mother and Sisters  
Camp Dodge, Iowa.  
It is Sunday today and a holiday for the soldier boys. The camp is full of visitors from nearby towns in automobiles and on foot.

Ever since we arrived there has been solid train loads of men coming in every hour of every day, from Minnesota, the Dakotas, Illinois, Iowa and part of Wisconsin.

I am sending you a copy of the "Camp Dodger," a paper published right here in camp. I am going to subscribe to it for four months and have it sent to you. Please take care of, and save all of them, as they will be interesting to look over in a few years.

Our food is good, well cooked and clean and our quarters are also clean and we have comfortable cots and warm blankets. Every precaution has been taken to insure the men's health and comfort. Of course, we work, and work hard. We are being drilled all day with short intervals of rest, but are always through at 5 o'clock in the evening. (We get up in the morning at 5:15.)

The engineers is the highest branch of service in the army and we certainly have a bunch of smart men in our company—a lot of them are college graduates.

The Y. M. C. A. has a big tent

where there are phonographs, reading matter, tables for writing, and a free moving picture show every night. They are also going to have vaudeville shows.

The regiment has an exchange (or store) where everything a man needs or wants can be bought. The exchange has been taking in from eleven hundred to thirteen hundred dollars a day. The profits are to be used for the benefit of the men of the regiment.

WALTER BURNS.

Private Walter Burns,  
Company F, 313th Engineers,  
Camp Dodge, Iowa.

### SECOND LIBERTY LOAN EXPECTED TO BE POPULAR IN WESTERN STATES

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 2.—Shortly after noon yesterday the second Liberty Loan drive began in the twelfth federal bank district when 1,000 men and women opened the campaign at a luncheon held in the Palace hotel.

Speakers urged the necessity for an overwhelming response by the people to the government's second call for money with which to finance America's participation in the great war for the dual purpose of convincing her enemies both abroad and at home that the nation will brook no interference with her solemn pledge to put an end forever to militarism, autocracy and ruthlessness.

Among those who stirred the diners to frequent outbursts of patriotic enthusiasm were Archbishop Edward J. Hanna, M. H. DeYoung, publisher of the San Francisco Chronicle; P. H. McCarty, president of the State Building's Trade Council; James K. Lynch, governor of the federal reserve bank; C. C. Moore, president of the Panama Pacific international exposition, John A. Britton and others.

From now until October 27, when the campaign closes, a whirlwind advance in force will be made by companies and brigades of volunteer workers to make the second Liberty loan an impressive success.

George A. Van Smith, a former well known newspaperman and writer on political affairs, now assistant cashier of the Anglo and London-Paris National bank, has been made publicity manager.

### NEW FOOD LAW WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH THEIR POPULAR DRINK

Honolulu, T. H., Oct. 3.—Despite the operation of the Food law, sake, the Japanese national drink is immune. Although figures show that 192 tons of rice are used monthly in the manufacture of the drink in Honolulu, this favorite drink of the Nipponese will continue to be made, under rulings of the federal food commission, the internal revenue office and customs office that no special recognition is taken of sake in the federal food law. They base their interpretation on the fact that only distilled beverages are considered, whereas according to a supreme court decision in Hawaii four years ago, sake is held to be a brewed not distilled drink.

Likewise sake may still be imported from Japan despite the edict in the food law barring importations of "disfilled" liquors manufactured in foreign countries.

Unless Washington issues a spe-

cial order to the effect the Japanese in Hawaii will continue to enjoy their sake.

But not so with the Chinese whose favorite drink, samshu, comes, under the imports ban of the food law. The Chinese do not take kindly to the liquors of other nationalities and regard samshu, of which there are 24 varieties, as having medicinal properties.

The customs officials of Honolulu have instructions to seize all foreign liquors now en-route here and it is expected that large consignments will be confiscated on their arrival by the next big liners from the states.

The food law has also acted to force one distillery on the island of Hawaii to close down. This distillery manufactured rum and gin from waste molasses.

### TSIANINA WILL TAKE PART IN CEREMONIES IN SANTA FE NEXT MONTH

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—George L. Beam, official photographer for the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, who left with Traffic Manager F. A. Wadleigh this forenoon for Denver, declares that Santa Fe has a great treat in store for it in the appearance of Princess Tsianina in her Indian songs during dedication week. Both Mr. Beam and Mr. Wadleigh declare that her voice is as superb as any on the operatic stage and that in the Indian songs she sings she has no equal, uniting the dramatic with the lyric elements. As she promised her mother while the latter was upon her deathbed, ever to wear Indian dress, she appears not only in concert but also on the street and in society in her beautiful, distinctive Indian costumes. Mr. Beam says that she is a magnificently beautiful woman and to have heard and seen her once is never to forget her.

"It would be throwing away a publicity asset worth \$50,000 a year to the owners and to the community, to build a tourist hotel in Santa Fe in any other but the distinctive Santa Fe style," said Traffic Manager F. A. Wadleigh this forenoon before returning to Denver on his special car. "I know something about publicity and the things that advertise themselves such as the Mission Inn at Riverside, Cal., and I know that a tourist hotel along the lines of the new Museum, or the water company building, or the deaf and dumb school, would advertise itself, and many a man and many a woman would make the detour to Santa Fe just to spend a day or two at such a distinctive hotel and would be willing to pay almost any price for the privilege. Sentiment rules the world and it's generally the fellows who have the money to pay who are most ruled by sentiment."

The artists who have returned from Taos are loud in their praises and exclamations as to the attractiveness of the scenery, the mission churches, the Spanish plazas, especially Chimayo and the Indian villages from Nambe to Picuris. They declare that nowhere else in the world is there such an opportunity for the artist.

### LINNEY GOES INSPECTING

Santa Fe, Oct. 3.—Director Charles E. Linney of the United States weather bureau is on an inspection trip of meteorological stations in the Mesilla Valley.

Have you read the classified ads?

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. T. O. Downing, Texline, Texas.

One 3 year old red white faced cow, 700 lbs.

Branded  
Left ribs.



Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 23, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 101 Book 6 124 A  
1st pub. Sept. 27, last pub. Oct. 12, '17.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. Santiago Garcia, Domingo, New Mexico.

One red, white faced, steer, about 4 years old, 700 lbs., 4 feet high.

Branded  
Left hip



Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 23, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 96 Book 6-122B  
1st pub. Sept. 27, last pub. Oct. 12, '17.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. D. T. Roberts, Hayden, New Mexico.

One yearling steer, red and white spotted, 3 1/2 feet high, weight about 500 lbs., unbranded and no ear marks.

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 23, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 97 Book 6-122 A  
1st pub. Sept. 27, last pub. Oct. 12, '17.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. T. O. Downing, Texline, Texas.

One 8 year old cow about 800 lbs., medium height, red with some white spots and white face.

Branded  
Left ribs



Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 23, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 102 Book 6 123 D  
1st pub. Sept. 27, last pub. Oct. 12, '17.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by

Mr. G. C. Gerheart, Stanley, New Mexico.

One 20 year old sorrel horse 650 lbs., 13 hands high.

Branded  
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 26, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 103 Book 6-106 D  
1st. pub. Oct. 1, last pub. Oct. 16, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by B. G. Ramey, Moriarty, N. M.:

One brown or dark bay mare about one year and four months old, unbranded.

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct., 20, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 94 Book 6 119 A  
1st. pub. 9-24, 1917, last pub. 10-9, 1917

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. J. J. Wall, E. Las Vegas, New Mexico.

One 3 year old 1100 lb. mare, bay with 3 white feet, 16 hands high, unbranded; also one 3 year old 1000 lb. steel gray mare, 16 hands high, unbranded.

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 26, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 103 Book 6-124 C and D  
1st. pub. Oct. 1, last pub. Oct. 16, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. Clemente Padilla, Padillas, New Mexico.

One 20 year old black mare, 800 lbs., 5 1/2 hands high.

Branded  
Left shoulder



Branded  
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 23, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 100 Book 123-C  
1st pub. Sept. 27, last pub. Oct. 12, '17.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Inspector Frank H. Clark, Albuquerque,

New Mexico. One 12 year old 600 pound brown mare:

Branded  
Left hip.



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct., 20, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 93-Book 6 120 D.  
1st. pub. 9-24, 1917, last pub. 10-9, 1917.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Hipolito Dominguez, Santa Fe, New Mexico:

One 8 or 9 year old black cow, about 500 pounds, about 4 1/2 feet high, unbranded. This cow has calf about three months old also without ear mark or brand.

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct., 20, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 95 Book 6 120 C.  
1st. pub. 9-24, 1917, last pub. 10-9, 1917

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. J. M. Nunn, Lanark, New Mexico.

One 7 or 8 old black mule about 12 hands high, weight about 550 lbs. (Mexican and unbroke).

Branded  
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 23, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 98 Book 6-121B  
1st pub. Sept. 27, last pub. Oct. 12, '17.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by J. M. Nunn, Lanark, New Mexico.

One 6 or 7 year old bay horse, 14 1/2 hands high, weight about 750 lbs., (common and broke).

Branded  
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 23, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 99 Book 6-121 D.  
1st pub. Sept. 27, last pub. Oct. 12, '17.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Inspector Frank H. Clark, Albuquerque,

New Mexico:

One three year old 600 pound black mare unbranded but carrying a blotched brand on left hip

like the following:

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct., 20, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

**CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,**  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 92 Book 6-121 A.  
1st. pub. 9-24, 1917, last pub. 10-9, 1917

**RIGLER, KLEM, O'LAUGHLIN AND EVANS ALL HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE**

The umpires appointed for the world series of 1917 are William J. Klem and Charles Rigler, National league and Frank O'Laughlin and William G. Evans, American league. All of these have had considerable experience as arbiters of play in the world's championship contests. This quartet worked together in 1912 when the Boston Red Sox defeated the Giants in the memorable eight game series and again in 1915, when the Boston Americans won four out of five games from the Philadelphia Nationals. Now for the third time they have been chosen to act together, calling balls and strikes; making decisions on the bases, and watching the foul lines, each in his turn as the series progresses.

Klem's first experience in the big baseball feature was in 1908 and since that time only two world's flags have been won, without his having been connected with the games in his official capacity. The exception were the battles of 1910 and last year. So that the coming series will be the eighth in which he will have taken an active part.

O'Loughlin antedates Klem in world series history as he was one of the umpires in the Chicago series of 1906 when the White Sox beat the Cubs four out of six games. He officiated again in the 1909 series between Pittsburgh and Detroit when the Pittsburgh Nationals shut out the Tigers in the seventh game and won the championship. Then in 1915 he was active and the coming contest will mark his fifth appearance in the world series.

Rigler also will officiate for the fifth time in a world's championship struggle, when he steps out on the diamond at Chicago. In 1910 together with Connolly, O'Day and Sheridan, he umpired the series between the Athletics and Chicago Nationals. In 1913 he was appointed for the New York-Philadelphia series, while in 1912 and again in 1915, he and the other three umpires who are officiating this year worked together.

Evans had his initial experience as a world series arbiter in 1909, when he worked with Johnstone, Klem and Evans, in the Pittsburgh-Detroit series. Then again in 1912 and 1915 he and his partners of this year made up the umpiring staff, which has been reappointed for a third term.

**WATERWAYS CONVENTION**

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 4.—The possible uses of the canals and other inland waterways by the federal government will be discussed by the New York State Waterways association at its eighth annual convention which opened here today.

### McADOO SAYS WE CANNOT FAIL WITHOUT HURTING NATIONAL PRESTIGE

Washington, Oct. 2.—Treasury officials today were elated at the returns pouring in from all parts of the country indicating that the appeal to raise three billion dollars for the second Liberty loan is meeting with an enthusiastic response from the public. Although reports from all large cities make it appear that the public welcomes the opportunity to assist the government in the present emergency, officials recognize that only a sustained intensive drive can make the campaign a success.

#### We Cannot Fail

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 2.—If by any possible chance, a single loan offered by the United States government to the American people should fail, it would be a more fatal disaster, and have worse effect than the loss of a great battle, William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, said in a speech to a mass meeting of hundreds interested in boosting the second Liberty loan throughout the state today.

Mr. McAdoo described the events which caused this country to enter the war, dwelling at length upon the murder of Americans by the Germans, and the order of the kaiser to the United States to keep out of certain parts of the ocean, which, he said, if obeyed, might have been followed with another order to say "within the three-mile limit" of the American coast. Two objects of entering the war, he said, were to vindicate American rights and while doing that achieve the altruistic ideals for which we contend.

"The least that can be done for the American fighting forces is to give them the means of defending themselves, so that when they meet the Germans, 'every brave boy at the front will know that in his hands, put there by American love and American skill, is a weapon the best that possibly can be devised, that will give him a possible superiority over his foe,' Mr. McAdoo declared. He continued that he wanted the fighting forces to know that "every American dollar is back of them and that lines of communication and supplies would be kept open."

"We must be just as willing to sacrifice all our money as they are willing to sacrifice their lives for us."

### GRAND JURY MAY RETURN INDICTMENTS; TWO MAY BE TRIED THIS TERM

Santa Fe, New Mexico, October 2.—Due to the fact that a number of men drawn for the grand jury in the district court on September 15 could not be located by the sheriff's office, supposedly having left the country, several additional grand jurors were drawn this morning, and it is expected to have the jury organized and ready for work before evening. The additional jurors drawn are Nelson Stevenson, Ramon Velarde, R. M. Henderson, H. H. Dorman, M. L. Burrows, Vincente Martinez, Juan Delgado, Maeteo Rael, Ambrosio Duran, G. W. Jacobs and Coimiro Quintana.

The work of the grand jury is expected to take the greater part of the week. The petit jury, also drawn for this term of court on September 15, will meet next Monday, when the criminal docket will be taken up by Judge Holloman. This docket now

contains two murder cases, that of the state vs. "Butch" Edwards, accused of the murder of Ira Washington, a negro, in a saloon at Madrid, and that of the state vs. Isidro Martinez, accused of the murder of his wife at Santa Cruz, and the case of Delfido Trujillo, who is alleged to have killed Timoteo Trujillo, a relative, at Cow Springs, several weeks ago, and Ramon Trujillo, accused of firing the shot that killed Henry Romero at the National Guard armory here several months ago, will be considered by the grand jury this week. Edwards escaped after the killing of Washington and has not been apprehended. An indictment charging him with murder was returned by the last grand jury, on April 7. Martinez, who was captured after an exciting man hunt, led by Deputy Sheriff George W. Armijo, had a preliminary hearing on August 20 and was held to grand jury without bail. Delfido Trujillo is out on bond, and Ramon Trujillo has been simply under the surveillance of the sheriff. The latter claims that the shooting of Romero was accidental.

Other criminal cases now on the district court docket are the following:

State vs. H. M. Sawyer, false pretenses; L. H. Winney, embezzlement; Daniel Ortega, assaulting house; Francisco Chaves, forgery; Thomas Salazar and Solomon Lucero, burglary; C. C. Peters and Amos A. Ewing, gambling; Ciriaco Rael, bound over to keep the peace; Eugenio Ortega, bound over to keep the peace.

### SEVERAL MEN INDICTED FOR CONSPIRACY ARE FOUND IN NATIONAL ARMY

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Search for alleged I. W. W. leaders named indictments returned here last Friday was made today in various army cantonments, where, it is learned, a number of the men sought are in service. A check of all the registered men is being made by federal authorities who assert it will be only a short time until all of them are under arrest. One of the charges made in the indictment is: "The discovery of certain efforts of the I. W. W. to create among the registered men a feeling of disloyalty and insubordination."

### CARLSBAD MAN IS NAMED GRAND MASTER AT THE GRAND LODGE SESSION

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 2.—The New Mexico grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows elected the following officers here today.

Grand master, L. E. Hayes, Carlsbad; deputy grand master, E. O. Hannah, Artesia; grand warden, C. A. Doty, Roswell; grand treasurer, J. R. Whiteside, Albuquerque; representatives on the Odd Fellows' home board: V. L. Minter, Carlsbad (five years), and John C. Spears, Gallup. (three years.)

The following officers were appointed: Grand marshal, William H. Gamble, Silver City; grand inside sentry, E. T. King, Albuquerque; grand outside sentry, L. L. Warren, Gallup.

### TO AID STEVEDORES

Washington, Oct. 2.—The bill by Senator Johnson of California, bestowing on longshoremen, stevedores, and other maritime workmen the benefit of state workmen's compensation laws was passed today by the senate. It

will meet a supreme court decision which held such rights subject to federal statutes.

### PIONEER CITIZEN DEAD

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 2.—Jacob Weltmer, pioneer business man of Santa Fe, and one of the most widely known residents of this capital, died at his home on Grant avenue at 1:50 Sunday morning. He was nearly 76 years of age.

Mr. Weltmer had been in failing health since last spring, and in June went to Mineral Wells, Texas, in the hope of securing benefit. He returned here but little improved, and about five weeks ago his condition became serious. He was confined to his bed constantly during the five weeks, and for some time before his death practically no hope of his recovery was entertained. Bright's disease, complicated with heart leakage, was responsible for Mr. Weltmer's death.

### DRY IN SANTA FE

Santa Fe, Oct. 2.—This year, up to today, is 7.33 inches short in precipitation as compared with the normal for the past 40 years. As the average is between 14 and 15 inches the entire year, the shortage indicates "some drought." During the month just past, the precipitation measured by the United States weather bureau was .64 of an inch, or a shortage of exactly one inch compared with the normal, and almost five inches if compared with such years as 1904.

The highest temperature last month was 84 degrees, the lowest 36 degrees, the greatest daily range 34 degrees on September 27 and the least range 12 degrees on September 10. The mean was 63 degrees or almost three degrees higher than the normal. The mean maximum was 73.9 and the mean minimum 51.2 degrees.

### LIEUTENANT ERVIEN WEDS

Santa Fe, Oct. 2.—Lieutenant Howell G. Ervien of Camp Funston, and Miss Sybil Hunt were married yesterday at 3 o'clock at the Episcopal rectory, Rev. Leonidas Smith officiating. The groom is a son of State Land Commissioner and Mrs. R. P. Ervien and the bride was formerly employed in the state land office.

### INVESTIGATING A JUDGE

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 2.—The senate of the New York legislature, by the adoption of a formal resolution, today requested Secretary of State Lansing to transmit to Governor Whitman any information not incompatible with the public welfare, which would tend to throw additional light upon the alleged participation of Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan of New York in German activities, especially with regard to Ireland.

### DISTRICT COURT UPHELD

Santa Fe, Oct. 2.—The state supreme court today affirmed the district court for Bernalillo county in the judgment of ouster entered in the case of the state ex-rel. Northwestern Colonization and Improvement company vs. Luis Huller, et al, appellee. The opinion is by Chief Justice R. H. Hanna.

### WITTMAN SUCCEEDS KING

Santa Fe, Oct. 2.—E. F. Wittman was today appointed chief clerk in the office of the surveyor general, to succeed Major Norman L. King, who is with the New Mexico troops. Mr.

Harold C. Hamill was appointed chief draughtsman to succeed Mr. Wittman. The salary of the chief clerk is \$2,000 a year and of the chief draughtsman \$1,800. Both positions are under the civil service.

### COAL DIGGERS STAND PAT IN DEMANDS FOR 20 PER CENT INCREASE

Washington, Oct. 2.—Representatives of coal miners in the central competitive field rejected today a proposal by operators offering in part the wage increases demanded. Conferences will be continued.

The operators met the miners' demands for an increase of 15 cents a ton in pick machine mining with an offer of five cents and proposed an advance of one dollar a day for unskilled labor instead of the \$1.90 asked. The demand for a straight 20 per cent increase in pay for yardage and dead work drew a counter proposal of 20 per cent in Ohio and Pennsylvania, with an equal amount in cents to be paid in Indiana and Illinois.

The operators proposed a contract for the period of war instead of one lasting for one or two years, and suggested rigid provisions for its enforcement. They would have the contract drawn subject to the approval of the fuel administration. At the end of a morning conference it was said the operators and miners probably would get together before the week was over, each yielding somewhat. Both sides are looking to the fuel administration in increase coal prices to absorb the wage raises agreed on.

### GERMAN OFFENSIVE STOPS

Copenhagen, Oct. 2.—Major Moraht, the usually well informed military critics of the Deutsche Tages Zeitung, predicts further offensive movements with limited objectives against the Russians on the lines of the recent advances in the Riga and Jacobstadt sectors. He agrees with General von Freytag-Loringhaven that the general initiative must remain with the entente.

### PEACE DEMONSTRATIONS

Copenhagen, Oct. 2.—A monster demonstration in favor of a peace without annexations was held on Sunday at Frankfort-on-the-Main. Leaders in the clerical and socialist parties sponsored the demonstration. The crowd numbered 40,000 to 50,000 and addresses were made from six different platforms simultaneously.

### POTASH BILL SIGNED

Washington, Oct. 2.—The bill to open potash lands for development was signed today by President Wilson.

### Released in El Paso

El Paso, Texas, Oct. 2.—Twenty Mexican citizens drafted and certified by the local board here have been exempted from military service, Mexican Consul General M. G. Seguin today. He said he had no difficulty in obtaining the release of his nationals as soon as their citizenship was established.

### SHAY TRIAL POSTPONED

Indianapolis, Oct. 2.—For the second time, trial of Dan Shay, former manager of the Milwaukee American association baseball club, charged with the murder of a negro waiter here, has been postponed because of illness of one of the attorneys.

**IMPROVING OF ROADS INTO AN-TONCHICO DISTRICT HELPS BOTH PLACES**

For the past month a force of men with plows, scrapers and a grader have been repairing the Ozark Trail road between Las Vegas and the county line which crosses one and one-half miles north of Antonchico, the latter town being located in Guadalupe county. The outfit is now camped near the Apache Springs ranch of Domingo Hays. The road at Middle Springs, 14 miles south of Las Vegas, has been straightened, widened and the grade made better, as has also been improved the road just past Apache Springs, which has always been the worst stretch of road between Las Vegas and Antonchico.

Apache Springs is 20 miles from Las Vegas and 12 miles from Antonchico. The 20 miles already repaired has been put in much better shape. Stones have been removed and bridges and approaches put in better condition. The part of the road in Guadalupe county, between here and Santa Rosa has always been and is now in fairly good condition. Now that the San Miguel portion is being worked, the Ozark Trail out of Vegas to Santa Rosa—64 miles south via Antonchico, is a good road which will delight tourists and others who use it for business or pleasure.

**Mercantile Company Branches Out**

The Antonchico Mercantile company at Antonchico, has this week installed a telephone in its place of business. The line connects with the Mountain States Telephone company line from Las Vegas to Santa Rosa. The Antonchico Mercantile company has been in business about one year and has had a remarkable growth. Already being one of the most important business houses in Guadalupe county. The firm is represented by Sostenes Delgado, E. L. Griego and Jose V. Delgado. Mr. Griego, who was formerly with Appel Brothers, Las Vegas, is manager. The company has lately established a branch store at Dilia, 5 miles from Antonchico. The Telephone company has this summer strung a wire for local business between Las Vegas and Santa Rosa and put in telephones at Apache Springs and Dilia, besides this last phone put in at the Antonchico Mercantile company store. There has been one telephone, at the J. M. Abercrombie store, in Antonchico for a number of years.

**Fruit is Hauled In**

Traveling over the Ozark Trail toward Antonchico one meets a continuous string of wagons bringing fruit to Las Vegas from the fruit ranches in and about Antonchico and Dilia. The fruit is of good quality and sells here for from three to five cents per pound. It consists of peaches, pears and apples, besides melons and chili, both green and red. The alfalfa crop this year is good and there will be a fair crop of corn and beans. These latter crops are all bought by the Antonchico merchants and re-shipped to Las Vegas. There is a remarkable difference in temperature between Las Vegas and Antonchico—the latter place being about 1,200 feet lower and 32 miles south, so that it is much warmer and frost may be three or four weeks later.

**PENSACOLA NOT DAMAGED**

Washington, Oct. 1.—Pensacola, Fla., was not seriously damaged by the Indian hurricane, but a number of

merchant vessels were driven ashore, though the storm was of exceptional violence. This information, the first to reach the outside world from Pensacola since Friday afternoon, came to the navy department from the Pensacola navy yard radio station. Damage to the navy yard was estimated at \$100,000.

**GOVERNOR OF KANSAS AND OTHER NOTED MEN MAY ATTEND PATRIOTIC WEEK**

Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—The United States food administration bureau of speakers has offered the state administrator choice of a number of speakers of national eminence, to appear at Albuquerque during the exercises of Patriotic Week and deliver addresses on various aspects of the conservation campaign. Especial attention will be paid by the speakers to the importance of the nationwide food pledge drive to be started in New Mexico and all other states on October 21, to sign up 25,000,000 families in the food service army. Among the speakers who will likely be secured are Governor Capper of Kansas; President Wilbur of Leland Stanford university; Shirley Matthews, dean of the University of Chicago, and Chief Justice White of Colorado.

**JUDGE RAYNOLDS DECIDES THAT CRIST WAS ELECTED DISTRICT ATTORNEY**

Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—District Judge Herbert F. Reynolds Saturday decided in favor of the incumbent, J. H. Crist, district attorney, the election contest brought for that office by his predecessor Alexander Read, holding that the disputed ballots upon which pasters had been placed by the independents did not deceive the voters who cast them. Read will appeal to the state supreme court.

**AS A RESULT, PRICES OF NUT AND LUMP WILL BE RAISED TO CONSUMER**

Denver, Colo., Oct. 2.—The Rocky Mountain Fuel company, the Colorado-Utah Coal company and other coal companies today raised their prices on prepared sizes of coal—nut and lump—from \$2.70 at the mine, the price fixed by the president's proclamation of August 21, to \$4, which is the maximum price fixed in the order given to the public yesterday by the coal administrator, Dr. H. A. Garfield. This means, leading Denver retailers say, that the price of \$6 to the consumer, prevailing today, will jump immediately to \$7.45.

**LABOR DECISION UPHELD**

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Conviction of 14 business agents of labor unions two years ago is affirmed in a decision handed down by the appellate court today. The defendants were convicted of conspiracy to conduct boycotts, extortion and destruction of property. Six of the defendants were sentenced to from one to three years each in prison and the remainder fined from \$2,000 to \$2,500.

**COTTON PRICES SOAR**

New York, Oct. 2.—Cotton rose approximately \$5 a bale in the market here today as a result of the government crop report indicating a yield of only 12,047,000 bales. Active and general buying sent December contracts

up to 24:87, or 104 points above last second Liberty loan.

**FUEL ADMINISTRATOR REGULATES CHARGES BY RETAIL DEALERS**

Washington, Oct. 1.—An order of Fuel Administrator H. A. Garfield, made effective today, defining profits of retail coal and coke dealers throughout the country is expected to effect an immediate decrease in the prices now charged the consumer. Gross margins over production cost are limited to the average of 1915 plus maximum increase of 30 per cent, with a check provision that the average margin of July this year not be exceeded. Compliance with the order will be enforced by the fuel administrators in the several states. In an order simultaneously issued the fuel administrator directs a downward revision in the mine price of anthracite in Pennsylvania districts and grants appeals for increases in government fixed bituminous prices in the outlying fields.

Among new prices for run-of-mine coal for certain districts, fixed today by the coal administration, are the following:

Bituminous domestic coal in Wal-senburg, Canon City, Routt, Garfield, Gunnison, Durango, Mesa, Montezuma, Delta, Montrose and Rio Blanco districts, Colorado, \$2.75; lignite coal in the northern field and El Paso district, Colorado, \$2.45.

**Won't Affect Denver Prices**

Denver, Oct. 1.—Denver consumers of bituminous coal mined by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company will not be able to purchase fuel at lower prices because of the order of the coal administrator, Dr. H. A. Garfield, on retail coal prices, according to a statement issued today by J. F. Welborn, president of the fuel concern. The reason, the statement said, is because the margin received by Denver retailer last July. The maximum which may be obtained under the order, is not more than 30 per cent above that they received in 1915, which the order takes as an average year.

**WILL ENDEAVOR TO HELP IN DISPOSING OF SECOND LIBERTY LOAN**

New York, Oct. 2.—Neill B. Field of Albuquerque, chairman of the New Mexico state branch of the League to Enforce Peace, has been asked by William H. Taft, the league's president, to organize the members and supporters of the league in New Mexico for co-operation in the campaign for the second liberty loan, pursuant to an appeal from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

The League to Enforce Peace, which has dedicated its organization to war work on definite, constructive lines, and which subscribed to \$10,000 in Liberty bonds of the first loan, was chosen by Secretary McAdoo as the medium for an appeal to all national societies engaged in patriotic propaganda. Copies of his letter to Mr. Taft and of Mr. Taft's reply are appended.

In his letter to the leaders of the league's state organizations, Mr. Taft says:

"The secretary of the treasury, the Hon. William G. McAdoo, has requested the League to Enforce Peace, through its state and county branches, to join with the committees in the several federal reserve districts in the campaign that will begin on October first, to secure subscriptions to the

"As president of the league, I have promptly and gladly acceded to his request, in so far as it is possible for me to commit the organization. It remains for you to take the steps necessary to make our co-operation effective, a thing I have no doubt you will be both quick and zealous to do."

"I speak for the executive committee and all the national officers of the league, in expressing the earnest hope that our league may under your direction give a good account of itself in this matter."

"With assurance of my appreciation of your activities in behalf of the league program for guaranteeing international law and order, after the victorious ending of the war against Prussian aggression, I am, Sincerely yours, W. H. Taft."

Sotero Lucero, a resident of La Liendre, has received a four dollar bounty for killing two coyotes on the La Liendre mesa.

Alejandro Tapia, proprietor of a pool hall on Center street, this morning was fined \$20 and costs for allowing minors to play in and frequent his place. The police are said to be determined to see that minors are not allowed to hang around pool halls. William Morgan drew down a fine of \$5 and costs for having been intoxicated.

M. R. Gonzalez, county agent, has left to attend a meeting of the Farmers and Stockmen's association at Lumberton, N. M.

The Canon Ball Motor Company, is building one of the largest automobile factories in the world at Texico, according to its salesmen, here today. Because of its locality near the coal fields, Texico was chosen for the factory. This company will have on the market within a short time a truck, tractor, touring car and roadster. The salesmen representing the Canon Ball company are in town today. They are B. O. Griswell, J. M. Twombly, F. A. Lembar, W. A. Ruff and J. H. Burhop. Two of these salesmen will remain in town for the next two weeks to sell shares. The new factory will occupy eight buildings in Texico.

Nestor Sena was committed to the New Mexico Hospital for the Insane, this morning. Sena's case is supposed to be hereditary insanity. He lives in Pecos.

**WHITMAN TAKES TIME**

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Governor Whitman announced today that he would withhold his decision in the matter of the extradition of Alexander Berkman, the anarchist leader, until he had examined the minutes of the San Francisco grand jury which returned the indictment. Berkman was recently arrested on a murder charge in connection with the San Francisco "preparedness parade" bomb explosion.

**MAN ACCIDENTALLY SHOT**

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 2.—Dudley A. Bragdon, vice president of the advertising company of which William D'Arcy, president of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, is head, died last night at a local hospital of a revolver wound. The death was made known to the coroner today. Members of the family think the shooting may have been accidental.

## THIRD CONTINGENT FROM SAN MIGUEL COUNTY GO

San Miguel county Thursday sent its third contingent of men for the national army. As was the case upon the departure of the preceding contingents, the entire city and surrounding territory joined in a farewell demonstration. Despite the fact that this was the third public farewell in less than a month, there was nothing perfunctory about the ceremonies of the day. They were not carried on mechanically, as though the community had established a precedent to which it must hold true. On the contrary, the farewell was as sincere, the good wishes as fervent and the handclaps as warm as on any of the preceding occasions. The only difference was that there were hundreds more people at the station to tell the boys good bye.

The San Miguel county soldier boys met with the county draft board at the court house promptly at 12:30 o'clock. They received their final instructions and necessary credentials, and then marched into the courthouse yard, where benedictions were pronounced by Rev. Father Balland and Rev. Mr. Moore. Badges bearing the words: "San Miguel County, New Mexico," were pinned on the boys' coats by a committee of girls under the direction of Mrs. E. E. Veeder, Mrs. F. A. Manzanares and Mrs. Jose A. Baca. Then the boys, with the two clergymen accompanying them, marched to the corner of Sixth street and Douglas avenue, where the band and Sherman Post No. 1, Grand Army of the Republic, fell in ahead. Members of the choir of the Church of the Immaculate Conception marched in the parade, and at the station presented to each of the soldiers a prettily wrapped box, fastened with tiny flags, containing a safety razor. Perry Onion, the florist, as has been his custom, presented the soldiers with buttonhole bouquets.

Mrs. P. C. Carpenter presented to each soldier a handkerchief. Mrs. Carpenter was assisted by Miss Marie Mann. Perry Onion's gifts were pinned on the soldiers' coats by Mrs. Onion and Mrs. Colbert C. Root. The young ladies who pinned badges were Miss Louise Jaramillo, Miss Phebe Hart, Miss Jeanette Spiess, Miss Margaret Cavanaugh, Miss Mary Hanson, Miss Margaret Bernard, Miss Helen Kelly, Miss Marie Mann, Miss Mary Lowry and Miss Ruth Winters. The choir members who presented the gifts were Miss Josephine Murphy, Miss Margaret Floyd, Miss Rose Condon, Miss Luella Condon, Miss Josephine Eggert, Miss Elizabeth Groth, Miss Gertrude Gump, Miss Helen Elliott, Miss Leona Rensing, Miss Louise Watrous, Miss Lucy Clement, Miss Nellie Parnell, Miss Amelia Jones, Miss Ruby Jones, Miss Opal Jones.

A short address was made at the station by William G. Haydon, whose remarks were of such a nature as to make the boys feel that while the Las Vegans who are left behind necessarily cannot be with the soldiers in body, they are with them in spirit and will do all in their power toward assistance in prosecuting the war to a successful close.

Rev. Father Balland made a short patriotic address in Spanish that was much appreciated by the Spanish-American soldiers. The Normal Uni-

versity students, during a long wait after the soldiers had entrained, made things lively by giving several college yells to the effect that "the soldiers are all right."

The stores, offices and schools were closed the greater part of the afternoon. The train did not leave until about 3:30 o'clock, owing to the fact that a long wait was necessary here in order to feed the soldiers from other parts of the state who passed through here on their way to Camp Funston.

Following is a list of the names of those who left today:

Adelaido Baca.  
Miguel Trujillo.  
Timoteo Licon.  
Jose Trinidad Sandoval.  
Encarnacion Martinez.  
George Mirdled Frick.  
Cipriano Martinez.  
Fred Schutt.  
Ignacio Roybal.  
Manuel Padilla.  
Damacio Licon.  
David Roibal.  
Charles G. Arnold.  
Jacob Jennings Wall.  
Adolfo Garcia.  
Jacobo Roybal.  
Antonio Sacoman.  
Samuel Thomas Kelly.  
Charles Arthur Garner.  
Aniceto G. Coca.  
Granville Ray McDaniel.  
Vicente E. Pena.  
Rosalio Martinez.  
Martin Blea.  
Clarence Flavius Lewis.  
Andres Garcia.  
Albino Romero.  
Juan D. Leyba.  
Donaciano Sena.  
William Vernon Schlott.  
Enepomuceno Romero.  
Cerialio Herrera.  
Edubigen Sais.  
Oscar L. Huddleston.  
Ezequiel Gutierrez.  
Ignacio Pacheco.  
Saturnino Vigil.  
Claude Hemphill.  
Jose S. Lucero.  
Pat Joseph Fram.  
Gaspar Blea.  
Jose Odacio Salazar.  
Solomon A. Brogdon.  
Nemecio Sena.  
Aurelio Paiz.  
Braulio Aragon.  
Seferino Quintana.  
Adolfo Gonzales.  
Edward Dalton.  
Evan Dalton.  
Francisco Padia.  
Manuel Maldonado.  
Guadalupe Pacheco.  
Luis Garcia.  
L. F. Monsimer.  
Francisco Nieto.  
Hilario Rael.  
Dulcineo Chavez.  
Francisco L. Garcia.  
Ernest Floyd Jacobs.  
Conrado Lucero.  
Roy Henry Brogdon.  
Ramon Gonzales.  
Roman Lopez.  
Alberto Lucero.  
Jose Montano.

### THEY ARE GIVEN CHEERS AND HANDSHAKES BY SAN MI- GUEL COUNTY FOLK

Following is the list of Mora county boys who left Thursday for Camp Funston:

Agapito Trujillo y Sisneros,  
Harold May Funk,

Isaz Lujan.  
Alberto Manzanares.  
Herbert Robert Mitchell.  
William Joseph Meyers.  
Alfonso Espinosa.  
Martin Lucero Mares.  
Juan Urban.  
Kenneth Gray Lamb.  
William Edgar Baker.  
Conrado Mascarenas.  
Godfried Implmans.  
Andres Abelino Soliz.  
Margarito Montoya y Vigil.  
Frank Junier Sidel.  
Ernio Arguello.  
Filiberto Vialpando.  
Casimiro Roybal.  
Bernardo Trujillo.  
Chester Eugene Van Meter.  
William Arnold.  
Felix Aragon.  
Alfonso Maestas.  
Reyes Rivera, Jr.  
Laureano Martinez.  
Eduardo Archuleta.  
Desiderio Vigil.  
Manuel Rael.  
Rafael Garcia.  
Abel Romero.  
Juan Alfonso Maestas.  
Luis Gallegos.  
Harry Lohmier.  
David Cruz.  
Charles Louis Herron.  
Floyd Slusher.  
George Cassidy Lamb.  
Abel Yara.  
Adolfo Abeyta.  
Tomas Herrera.  
Webb Kidd.  
Alfred H. Davenport.  
Guadalupe Gallegos.  
G. Fuente.  
Jose Nepomuceno Sanchez.  
John Hasley Kendrick.  
Epifanio Romero.  
Candelario Sains.  
Roy A. Evans.  
Frank Ogilver Carpenter.  
Onesimo Martinez.  
Clyde Venson Kendrick.  
Benjamin Lefebre.  
Juan Benito Arguello.  
Eziquio Sanchez.  
Homer T. Parks.  
Seferino Serna.  
Robert Lynn Sansbury.  
Roy Beard.  
Damian Mares.

### HOUSE WANTS TO LEARN WHAT MEMBERS "LOOKED SUS- PICIOUS"

Washington, Oct. 4.—A committee of five members was appointed by the house today to investigate charges made by Representative Heflin of Alabama that certain members of congress had acted "suspiciously" in connection with the war.

The committee must report before the adjournment of congress. It consists of Representatives Barnhardt, Indiana, chairman; Venable, Missouri; Dewalt, Pennsylvania; Longworth, Ohio, and Walsh, Massachusetts.

Representative Stephens of Mississippi offered the resolution under which the committee was appointed. While consideration of it was in progress, Representative Heflin made futile attempts to obtain the right to make a statement on the floor. Speaker Clark held that he was out of order.

The action arose through Heflin's declaration in connection with the disclosure that Count von Bernstorff asked his government to authorize expenditures of \$50,000 to influence congress, that he thought certain members had been "acting suspiciously."

### CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, Oct. 4.—Weakness developed in corn prices today as a result of unsettled condition in the security market and because of references to lightness on money. Ideal weather was conducive to bearish feeling. Opening quotations, which ranged from the same as yesterday's finish to  $\frac{1}{2}$  lower, at \$1.19 1-2 to \$1.19 3-4 December and \$1.14 1-4 to \$1.16 1-2 May, were followed by a moderate rally, but then a downturn all around.

Oats duplicated the course in corn. Bear pressure on lard tended to weaken the entire provision list. The close was:

Corn, Dec. \$1.18 5-8; May \$1.15 1-8.  
Oats, Dec. 59; May 60 $\frac{3}{4}$ .  
Pork, Jan. \$46.20.  
Lard, Oct. \$24.02; Jan. \$23.55.  
Oct. \$27; Jan. \$24.55.

### KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK

Kansas City, Oct. 4.—Hogs, receipts 3,000. Market steady. Bulk \$18.90 @19.50; heavy \$19.25 @19.65; lights \$18.60 @19.40; pigs \$17 @18.

Cattle, receipts 9,000. Market steady to weak. Prime fed steers \$16 @17; dressed beef steers \$11.50 @15.50; western steers \$9 @14; cows \$5.50 @10; heifers \$6.50 @13; stockers and feeders \$7 @14; bulls \$6.25 @8; calves \$7 @13.50.

Sheep, receipts 10,000. Market strong. Lambs \$17.50 @18.35; yearlings \$12 @13.50; wethers \$11 @12.50; ewes \$10.50 @11.75.

### SEDITIONARY CONSPIRACY WILL BE THE CHARGE TO BE PRE- SENTED

Chicago, Oct. 4.—Formal arraignment of the leaders of the I. W. W. arrested on federal indictments charging seditious conspiracy is expected within a month. This announcement was made today by the district attorney, who added that all possible dispatch would be made in hastening the trial of the defendants, in view of the gravity of the charges. Much evidence remains in the hands of the federal attorneys, and this must be carefully reviewed before actual proceedings in court are begun.

Jerome, Ariz., Oct. 4.—J. R. Baskett, organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World for Yavapai county, is held in jail here today for federal authorities. He was arrested at Cottonwood as one of 66 leaders of the I. W. W. named in the indictments returned in Chicago recently charged with efforts to hamper the government's war work. Baskett's home was searched recently and papers were seized.

### DETECTING THE SLACKERS

Butte, Mont., Oct. 4.—The Patriotic Order of Drafted Men has been organized here, for the purpose of detecting draft evasion. Membership, which is not made public, is limited to men who have appeared before the exemption board here.

"Many of us who were examined on the second call will have to go into training because some other fellow showed his cowardice by skipping out of the country," one of the drafted men told the county board. "For the protection of ourselves and the men who are to follow us, we intend to hunt out such men and see that they are brought to justice."

Try Zensal for that itching Eczema. Sold by E. G. Murphey.—Adv.