

# Weekly Optic <sup>and</sup> Live Stock Grower

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## ARGENTINA WILL BREAK WITH GERMANY

### SENATE VOTES TO SEVER RELATIONS WITH BERLIN GOVERNMENT

Buenos Aires, Sept. 20.—The Argentina senate, by a vote of 23 to 1, yesterday declared for the breaking off of relations with Germany. The resolution now goes to the chamber of deputies. There is strong feeling in favor of its final passage.

### Montevideans are Angry

Montevideo, Sept. 20.—Upward of 20,000 men marched through the streets last night to register their protest against the action of the German minister to Argentina, Count von Luxburg, in sending cipher telegrams through the Swedish legation at Buenos Aires, in which he suggested that Argentinian vessels be "sunk without a trace." There were no disorders. Police are protecting the German bank and clubs and business houses.

### Protest to Germany

Stockholm, Sept. 20.—It was announced at the Swedish ministry of foreign affairs today that after the publication by the Washington state department of the code telegrams forwarded by Count von Luxburg, the German minister to Argentina, through the Swedish legation at Buenos Aires, the Swedish government on September 10 asked, through the intermediary of the Swedish minister at Berlin, whether it was true that the German representative at Buenos Aires had dispatched and the ministry of foreign affairs had received the telegrams in question.

When the reply was received, the Swedish minister at Berlin on September 15 was instructed by the Swedish government to hand to the German government a strong protest in consequence of these incidents, and to lay stress on the fact that it had been confirmed beyond doubt that German officials seriously had abused the confidence of Sweden.

### Cronholm Denies It

Mexico City, Sept. 20.—Folke Cronholm, former attache of the Swedish legation, in a statement to the Associated Press, today denied that German Minister von Eckardt offered or promised him a decoration in a German order or that he received any

such decoration. Cronholm also denied that he had "furnished the German minister with information gathered amongst the enemies of his country in Mexico."

### CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Unfavorable weather had a bullish effect today on the corn market. Frost was reported as far south as Nebraska, and there were predictions of additional frost tonight in Iowa. Besides rains and low temperatures appeared to be widespread, whereas the crop needed instead much sunshine and warmth.

Forecasts of a protracted period of mild weather caused later a more pronounced setback in values. The close was unsettled at the same as yesterday's finish to 1/4 advance with December at \$1.19 to \$1.19 1/2 and May at \$1.16 to \$1.16 1/2.

Oats bulged with corn. Some of the buying was ascribed to seaboard interests.

Wheat receipts continued relatively liberal in the northwest and scanty in Chicago. A big trade in flour was reported at Minneapolis.

Millers were eager for hard winter wheat and spring wheat here, but were unable to get much.

Higher quotations on hogs strengthened provisions. The chief advance was in pork. The close was as follows:

Corn, Dec. \$1.19; May \$1.16.  
Oats, Dec. 58 3/4; May 61 3/4.  
Pork, Oct. \$43.15; Jan. \$43.75.  
Lard, Oct. \$23.90; Jan. \$22.87.  
Ribs, Oct. \$24.80; Jan. \$22.57.

### KANSAS CITY STOCK MARKET

Kansas City, Sept. 20.—Hogs, receipts 4,000. Market higher. Bulk \$17.80@18.80; heavy \$18.25@18.85; packers and butchers \$18@18.80; lights \$17.50@18.50; pigs \$16.50@17.25.

Cattle, receipts 11,000. Market lower. Prime fed steers \$16.25@17.25; dressed beef steers \$11.50@15.75; western steers \$9@13.50; cows \$5.50@10.25; heifers \$7@13; stockers and feeders \$7@14.75.

Sheep, receipts 10,000. Market lower. Lambs \$17.50@18.60; yearlings \$12@13.50; wethers \$11@12.50; ewes \$10.50@12.

### HERBERT HOOVER SAYS WE'VE NOTHING TO GIVE TO UNRESPONDING NEUTRALS

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 20.—Herbert Hoover, food administrator, in speaking on the world food situation last night, declared that starvation would win the war, and the side best able to organize its resources for food production and conservation would come out victor.

"The food situation of America and

the allies is such," Mr. Hoover said, "that the neutral countries of northern Europe cannot hope to get food from the United States unless they expect to furnish equivalent service in other directions.

### England Must Economize

London, Sept. 20.—Inauguration of a new food economy campaign in Great Britain was announced by Baron Rhondda, the food controller.

"If voluntary measures fail," he said, "I shall have no compunction in putting the nation on compulsory rations."

Baron Rhondda added that the danger of the situation did not lie in the submarine peril, but in the world's shortage of cereals, meats and fats.

### ASKS THAT MURGUIA CEASE PURSUING HIM AND GIVE HIM A COMMISSION

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 20.—Francisco Villa believes that the United States and Mexico will have a war soon, and he has warned General Francisco Murguia against pursuing him further. Villa said in his warning he might be needed as an officer or a soldier in the event of an international conflict, especially with the United States.

This was announced by Andres Garcia, inspector general of Mexican consulates, upon his return today from Chihuahua City, where he has been in conference with General Murguia regarding the international situation.

General Murguia, Mr. Garcia said, ignored Villa's warnings and his letter asking that he be tendered the honors of war. Instead, the north-eastern commander has organized flying squadrons of cavalry to pursue Villa into the Durango mountains in the hope of capturing him, Mr. Garcia said.

### PROVIDES IMMENSE FUNDS FOR ASSISTING THE ENTENTE ALLIES

Washington, Sept. 20.—The conference report on the 11 billion dollar war credits bill was adopted today by the senate without a roll call. Approval by the house and final enactment is expected tomorrow.

Records for speed and unanimity were established in the bill's consideration. It passed the house September 15, after brief debate and by unanimous votes.

Conferees reached agreement yesterday within half an hour, and today's senate discussion occupied but 15 minutes. The bill authorizes \$4,000,000,000 of new bonds for allies' loans; \$3,538,000,000 for converting bonds previously authorized for that and other purposes, and \$2,000,000,000 each of war savings certificates and certificates of indebtedness. The

## SAN MIGUEL, HAS RECORD BEAN CROP

### ALSO IT RAISED MORE POTATOES THAN EVER BEFORE IN ITS HISTORY

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—The Zuni mountain district of Valencia county will ship about one million pounds of Irish potatoes this fall, according to the report of County Agent J. G. Hamilton to the state food administration offices here. A quarter of a million pounds of corn will be exported from the county unless an early frost cuts down the crop. Valencia will produce 200,000 pounds of pinto beans and 75,000 pounds of other beans. The oats crop however will be 60,000 pounds short of the county's needs.

San Miguel county is one of the banner bean counties. County Agent Gonzalez reports an expected harvest of 3,000,000 pounds, 95 per cent of which will be New Mexico pinto beans. San Miguel will have enough corn, wheat, oats, and beans to feed herself, with more potatoes than ever before in the history of the county.

Mora county will have more than enough pinto beans for local consumption, and about 120,000 bushels of corn. Bernalillo will produce 400,000 pounds of corn, 700,000 pounds of beans and 50,000 pounds of oats, beans and oats being particularly short. Chaves county will export 400,000 pounds of beans and 10,000 bushels of corn.

Colfax, with only 50,000 bushels of corn, will have to ship in 150 cars of that staple. She will grow 67,000 bushels of Irish potatoes and export 25 per cent; and expects to raise 75 carloads of beans. Curry will show nearly 1,000,000 pounds of pinto beans.

### NEW ELEVATOR COMPANY

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—The Clovis Mill and Elevator company of Clovis, Curry county, today filed an amendment to its charter with the state corporation commission, making \$10,000 of its \$35,000 capitalization preferred stock, the remaining \$25,000 to be common stock.

new bonds are to be at four per cent and convertible and subject to income surtaxes and war profits excess taxes.

# EUROPEAN WAR

## The British Statement

London, Sept. 18.—Today's war office statement says:

"Beyond patrol encounters in the Ypres section, in which we secured a few prisoners, there was nothing of interest to report."

## Germans Make Violent Attacks

Paris, Sept. 18.—German troops, after a violent bombardment south of the Miette river last night, launched an attack and reached the French lines toward the Neufchâtel road. The French official statement issued this afternoon says that after a sharp fight the Teutons were ejected, losing heavily an leaving prisoners in the hands of the French. The artillery was active on both sides of the river and in the region of Fossewood.

## Russians Still Progressing

Petrograd, Sept. 17 (Monday, Delayed).—Russian forces on the Riga front continue to make progress in their drive against the Germans. On Sunday the Russians occupied a German position southwest of Hapsal and also forced the Teutons out of Sadzen farm, to the south of Sisseral, the war office says today.

## Premier Visits Army

Petrograd, Sept. 18.—Premier Kerensky, accompanied by General Verkhovskiy, minister of war, and Admiral Verdervskiy, minister of marine, left Petrograd last night for the Russian general army headquarters in the field.

## Rumanians Make Advance

Rumanian forces yesterday occupied a section of the Austro-German fortified positions in the region of Varnitza, says the official statement issued today by the Russian war office. In the area of Riga, the statement adds, there was no change in the situation.

## DROP BOMBS ON GERMAN SHIP- PING IN VICINITY OF OSTENDE

London, Sept. 18.—An official statement issued by the admiralty today says:

"Naval aircraft made a bombing raid Saturday on enemy ships between Blankenberg and Ostende. Bombs were dropped on destroyers and trawlers or drifters. One large destroyer was hit amidships, and one, probably two of a group of four trawlers, was sunk.

"In the evening, during a late patrol one of our seaplanes was attacked by two seaplanes which were engaged by our escorting airplanes and one was shot down in flames, the other being chased towards some enemy destroyers.

"About 10 o'clock yesterday our patrol engaged a formation of enemy aircraft, destroying one and probably two."

Rumania's army is continuing its activity on the Moldavian front and has won another success. Petrograd reports the occupation by Russian troops of a Teutonic position on a height near Grozecheti. The Russian front proper is comparatively quiet, neither side apparently being engaged in any important operations.

Reports from the British front in

Flanders continue to mention only raids and artillery and airplane activities. Notwithstanding that virtually all the recent London official statements have been similarly lacking in records of major operations, the British casualty lists disclose there has been heavy fighting. Casualties on all fronts reported during the week ended yesterday, for instance, totalled more than 27,000 of which the killed numbered 4,890.

Point is given by these facts to the recent reports of correspondents that depicted the laconic official announcements that British activities are by no means as unimportant as they might seem, and that all arms of the British service are being constantly employed in the process of wearing down the German resistance. The German casualties for specific periods are not so readily available, but observers at the front calculate them as extremely heavy in the sort of fighting now in progress.

## The British Statement

London, Sept. 19.—The official statement issued today says:

"The successful raid against the German positions in Inverness Copse, reported in last night's communication, was made by troops of the New York and Lancaster regiments."

## Rumanians Make Advance

Petrograd, Sept. 19.—Rumanian forces yesterday attacked the Austro-German positions south of Grozecheti, in the Oca region, and occupied points there, the war department announced today.

## Germans Expect Attack

Berlin, Sept. 19 (Via London).—Violent waves of artillery fire which were directed with increasing intensity yesterday upon the German lines between Houtholst wood and the Lys on the Flanders front, developed last evening, and this morning into drum fire, army headquarters announced today. The entente infantry, however, did not attack.

## German Trenches Raided

Paris, Sept. 19.—German trenches on various parts of the front were raided last night by French troops and prisoners taken, says today's war office report. A violent artillery action is in progress on the Verdun front east of the Meuse.

## CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE IS DONE IN RAID OF THE PAST SUNDAY

Berlin, Sept. 19.—French aerial squadrons on Sunday bombarded several German cities in Wurttemberg, Rhenish Prussia, and upper Alsace according to an official statement today by the German war office. The announcement reads:

"Our enemies on Sunday undertook several bombing raids against south German territory. Stuttgart, Tuebingen, Freudenstadt, Oberdorf, St. Ingbert, Saar bruecken and Colmar were attacked. Near Stuttgart one soldier was slightly wounded. At Freudenstadt and at Colmar damage was done to buildings. All the other attacks caused neither losses in killed or wounded nor material damage. Three enemy airplanes were brought down on German soil."

A French official statement Monday night said numerous raids were car-

ried out Sunday by French machines, which dropped 15,000 kilos of projectiles on German establishments. These include the barracks and factories at Stuttgart, an aviation camp at Colmar, depots at El Bacha, military establishments south of Metz, the railway station at Thionville, factories at Tuebingen and the Saarbruecken station.

## RUSSIAN SOCIETY DOES NOT LIKE THE ACTION OF MAXIMALISTS

Petrograd, Sept. 19.—In view of the resolution of the Maximalists, which was voted by a plenary session of the Petrograd Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, demanding that power be assumed by the council, the whole bureau of the council has resigned. Among those who handed in their resignations were President Tchезze, Vice Presidents Annismoff and Gotz and M. Skobelev, M. Tsere-telli and M. Tchernoff.

Delegates of the Petrograd council of soldiers' and Workmen's deputies at a meeting Saturday adopted the Maximalists' resolution setting forth that the fate of the country necessitated a strong revolutionary power free from all compromise with the counter revolutionary bourgeoisie elements and announcing that they had decided to convoke immediately a general conference of the representatives of those who organized the democracy to set forth the question of constituting a power capable of leading the country until the time of the calling or the constituent assembly. The conference, it was stated, would be held at the Russian capital not later than September 25.

The resolutions put forward an extremely radical program, demanding exclusion from power of all representatives of the propertied class, the abolition of private property and immediate declaration of a democratic republic.

David R. Francis, the American ambassador, last night presented to the Russian provisional government the telegram addressed by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to Premier Kerensky, pledging the support of American labor in the war and urging the aid of Russian democracy.

## STATE SCHOOL ENDEAVORS TO GUARD STUDENTS FROM STEEP PRICES

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 18.—In spite of advances in costs of various foods, ranging from one to one hundred per cent, the New Mexico state university will maintain its dormitory and dining hall system during the coming college year, opening October 1, without any increase in cost to students. The announcement is an important one since it means that students at the state university may go through the college year at a maximum necessary expense of \$200, for university fees, room, board and incidental charges, being the lowest annual cost in any university in the United States where the dormitory system is maintained.

During the summer the university dormitories have been thoroughly renovated and repaired and one new dormitory, Rose cottage, has been added. Increase in number of students and in the extent of the university

plant has made it necessary to add a new officer to the executive staff. He is known as the purchasing agent, and has direct charge of all buying for the institution, reporting to the financial committees of the board of regents. The new officer has been able to work out a system of buying which will permit the old scale of costs for rooms and board in the university dining halls to continue unchanged, without any departure from the standards of room maintenance and food which have governed in the past. It has been the theory of the university dormitory and dining hall management that it should be run at actual cost. But because of careful business management the department has earned a small profit during the past two years, thus aiding the university now in its successful effort to meet advancing living costs and hold down charges to the student.

## REPORTS ALSO COME IN OF LOSS OF AMERICAN AND NORWEGIAN SHIPS

Copenhagen, Sept. 19.—Two German submarines have been sunk by British naval forces, reports the Berlin correspondent of the Tidens Tegns. Six men from the u-boats were taken prisoners.

An armed British steamer in the North sea sank a German submarine which was shelling a neutral sailing vessel. The second submarine was sunk by a British torpedo boat destroyer while attacking an armed steamer.

## Norwegian Vessels Sunk

Christiana, Norway, Sept. 19.—German submarines have sunk the Norwegian steamships Facto, of 2,372 tons, and the Thomas Krag, 3,562 tons, it was announced today at the Norwegian foreign office. Two men from each vessel perished.

## American Vessel Destroyed

London, Sept. 19.—The American steamer Platuria, was torpedoed by a German submarine on September 15. Forty-five survivors have been landed by the Italian steamer Anrea. The master of the Platuria and eight of the crew were drowned.

## Captain Loses Life

New York, Sept. 19.—The Platuria, a tank ship of 3,445 tons registered, owned by the Standard Oil company and was formerly known as the Diamant. She left Newport News, Va., in July with a cargo of oil for Italian ports. She was commanded by Captain John Leslie.

## PLUMBERS QUIT WORK

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 18.—Every plumbing establishment in the city was affected today by a walkout of all union plumbers, tying up an industry already suffering because all but about 40 plumbers had gone to Deming, N. M., and other scenes of government construction. Union plumbers had been paid \$7.00 a day. The demand is for \$8.00 for a day of eight hours; time and a half for overtime up to midnight and double time after midnight. Employers said they would not accede to the demands and would import plumbers from elsewhere.

R. R. Larkin returned this afternoon from a business trip to Nebraska for Ginn and Company.

### BIG STRIKE OF IRONWORKERS ON PACIFIC COAST DELAYS WAR PROGRAM

San Francisco, Calif., Sept. 17.—Approximately 25,000 iron workers and metal trades mechanics engaged in war emergency construction in San Francisco and bay cities, went out on strike at 9 o'clock today, following rejection of their demands for a 50 per cent increase in wages. The walk-out in more than 100 plants was carried out without a hitch, it was reported. Feverish eleventh hour efforts to avert the strike by employes and representatives of the United States shipping board failed. Propositions of arbitration on a basis of 10 per cent increase offered had been rejected by the conference committee of the iron trades council composed of 25 unions on whose authority the strike was declared.

Sporadic street rioting closely followed the walkout today of iron workers and shipbuilders, sympathizers of the one group attacking a United Railroads street car and beating two substitute platform men, according to police reports. A riot call was sent into the mission police station. Patrolmen dispersed the crowd with drawn revolvers.

While some of the unions are asking for an increase in pay of 40 per cent, the majority are demanding 50 per cent. Pattern makers demand \$7 a day. The crafts demanding \$6 a day, an increase of 60 per cent, including machinists, molders, boiler-makers, blacksmiths, stationary engineers, sheet metal workers, copper-smiths, electrical workers, steam fitters, metal polishers, shipwrights, caulkers and joiners, structural iron workers, pile drivers, ship painters and ship fitters.

In addition to affecting shipbuilding plants having private and government contracts, several concerns at which men quit work today were engaged in the manufacture of airplane engines for the government.

#### 150,000 May Quit

Employers announced that if the strike is of long duration probably 150,000 persons, including organized workmen of relative trades and their families, will be involved. R. S. Scott, of the Moore-Scott company said that under the contracts with the government, the employers were prohibited from granting any wage increases without federal sanction. No attempt will be made to operate with substitutes, it has been announced by spokesmen for the employers.

The Iron Workers' strike spread today to many shops where machinists were employed. Laundry workers in 31 places walked out. Sixty moulding plants were tied up, twelve boiler and garment factories partly suspended operation and machinists in automobile shops quit, according to reports issued from strike headquarters.

#### Seattle Strike Ends

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 17.—Wood workers in the steel ship yards of the Seattle Construction and Dry Dock company, the largest plant here, resumed work today, the company having given bond to use only lumber manufactured in eight-hour mills. Two other large yards had previously resumed work. There was no change today at the wooden ship yards tied up several days by a sympathetic strike.

**Settlement is Expected**  
Washington, Sept. 17.—Shipping board officials are confident a basis will be reached this week for settlement of all labor disputes in Pacific coast shipyards. On receipts of reports of the strike of iron workers at San Francisco today, the board made efforts to have a settlement of the strike in Seattle ship yards in the belief that it will serve as a basis for agreements at Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles and other places.

### EAST AND WEST SIDES MAY CO-OPERATE; DANCE HALLS MUST PAY LICENSES

At an adjourned regular meeting of the city council last evening it was decided to take up with the West side the important matter of building a sewer system which will adequately serve the needs of Greater Las Vegas. A committee composed of Aldermen Purcell and McGuire will confer with a committee of two to be named by the West side council. The conference is expected to result in the formation of a plan for presentation to the two councils for consideration. It is more than likely that the plan will provide for a common outlet and disposal works, the two towns bearing an equal share of the cost. The rest of the sewer system will be paid for by the property owners in districts where mains and laterals are laid.

The East side council has received petitions asking for the construction of sewer systems in practically all parts of the town not now served. Sentiment is believed to be for sewer building without further delay. Large property owners in Old Town also are urging sewer construction.

#### Delinquent Business Licenses

It was brought to the attention of the council that several businesses have refused or neglected to pay their licenses, though given notice. It was decided that if another notice fails to bring in the money, the matter will be turned over to the district attorney. As conducting a business without a license is against a state law, several indictments are likely to follow, it was stated last night.

While discussing licenses, the councilmen expressed surprise to learn that the various public dances conducted here are not paying licenses. It was decided that all must pay licenses or close up. This will affect at least two public dances which are run regularly in East Las Vegas.

Present at the meeting were Mayor Smith, Clerk Benjamin, Attorney Ward and Councilmen Greenclay, McGuire, Stern, Roseberry and Purcell.

#### EVIDENCE WAS SUFFICIENT

Chicago, Sept. 19.—When Henry Spies of Milwaukee began shouting his predictions today that New York would triumph over Chicago in the coming world's series, he was immediately taken to the psychopathic hospital for examination. Previously Spies had stopped residents of Meirose park, a suburb, and insisted upon discussing the war.

#### JAPS SHOWN EQUIPMENT

Newport, R. I., Sept. 17.—A glimpse of the workings of the American navy and military machine was given the Japanese mission here today. The party visited Fort Adams, the torpedo station, and the naval training station.

### MEN FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY TO JOIN THE NATIONAL ARMY

Washington, Sept. 19.—Three hundred thousand men of the national army are on their way to 16 cantonments to undergo an intensive training period, preparatory for service over seas. Today's increment represents approximately 45 per cent of the total quota under the first call from nearly 5,000 exemption boards. The transition from civilian to military life was effected with a minimum of delay.

The new increment will join the first quota of 45,000 men called to the colors September 5. Because of obstacles encountered by the war department in procuring supplies, it is probable that some of the men will be only partially equipped on arrival. No attempt to completely outfit the units for war service will be made until just prior to the departure for France.

Every effort will be made by the government to adapt the men of the selective draft forces to the branch of military work to which they are best suited by experience and natural aptitude. To carry out this purpose, a corps of civilian experts trained in the service of great corporations in selection of men for special occupations will be appointed soon to make a similar appraisal of the enlisted men of the national army preparatory to the assignment of the men to the special units necessary in modern warfare.

Charts have been prepared to be filled out by the men, showing exactly their experience and training, and providing also for a statement of their preferences as to the kind of work they will be called upon to do. If possible these cards will be supplemented by a personal estimate of the men by the civilian experts. This can be done only after a rough general classification has been made possible through the card system, as it would be too great a task to personally interview every man.

### SENTIMENT IN DEUTSCHLAND SEEMS TO BE FOR FREEING BELGIUM

Amsterdam, Sept. 19.—Vorwaerts, the socialist organ of Berlin, holding that the complete restoration of Belgium is corollary to the reichstag resolution declares:

"Whether the German government remains deaf thereto, it is not only a question of power or policy, but justice and conscience. No policy is truly wise that disregards the moral and legal factors in the life of nations. Despite the howling of the mailed-fist politicians, we affirm that right is right and that Belgium has the right to its independence."

### ISSUES PROCLAMATION IN CHICAGO BRISTLING WITH PATRIOTISM

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Mayor William Hale Thompson, whose opposition to sending troops abroad aroused comment all over the country, apparently climbed into the patriotic band wagon today with a proclamation occasioned by the departure of selected men from Chicago to the Rockford cantonment. In the course of the preamble he says:

"Whereas it is the duty of all patriotic citizens to stand by our country in times of controversy, with any other country, and to show in an unmistakable way that the American people stand behind the army and navy, which represent the majesty of our government."

He calls upon citizens of the "sixth German city" as he labeled it some time ago, to show soldiers and sailors we are "united in a common love for the blessings of our free government."

#### TO ENTERTAIN SOLDIERS

Washington, Sept. 19.—The biggest recreational program ever staged in America, a continuous performance for the duration of the war, with an annual supporting fund of at least \$14,000,000 started today at the 16 national army cantonments. The country's best theatrical talent has been mobilized under the direction of Mark Klaw, to give free entertainment for the soldiers.

#### ODD FELLOWS PARADE

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 19.—This was the spectacular day of the national conclave of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, when thousands of members of the order from all sections of the country paraded through the streets of Louisville in martial array.

#### TO MOBILIZE ACCOUNTANTS

Washington, Sept. 17.—Plans for the concentration of a large number of the country's leading accountants for important war work in government auditing and supervising were announced here today at the opening of the annual meeting of the American Institute of Accountants.

### NEBRASKA PRELATE IS PROMOTED TO THE DIOCESE OF DENVER

Washington, Sept. 19.—Appointments of two bishops of the Roman Catholic church were announced today at the apostolic legation here. They are: Bishop of Denver, Rev. J. H. Henry Tihen, at present bishop of Lincoln, Neb., and bishop of Los Angeles, Rev. John J. Cantwell, of San Francisco. Bishop Tihen, before he became bishop at Lincoln, was vicar general at Wichita, Kan.

## Don't Scratch Use Zensal

This remedy is made to reach your particular case. If you have an Eczema that is dry and scaly, use Dry Zensal. If you have weeping skin or any watery eruption, buy moist Zensal and get the relief you have been seeking. 75 cents the jar.

### E. G. MURPHEY

## SAN MIGUEL COUNTY BOYS OFF TO TRAINING CAMP

San Miguel county Thursday did more than its duty. It sent to training camp at Fort Riley 10 more men than its allotment for the second increment of the national army. If need had arisen, San Miguel county could have sent 20 or 30 more men, so great was the enthusiasm and desire to go expressed by the men whose names have been placed by the draft toward the top of the list of accepted soldiers.

The San Miguel county exemption board was notified Wednesday by the state council of defense that some of the southern counties, because of delays, had not completely filled their quotas for this installment for the national army, and was requested to notify as to how many men could be sent from here, above San Miguel county's share, 85 men. Sheriff Delgado immediately wired that San Miguel would furnish as many men as it was asked for. Thursday he was asked to add 10 to the county's allotment, which was done. There were a lot of disappointed young men when it was found that all who wished to volunteer to go ahead of their call could not be accommodated.

No county will be asked to furnish boys a warm sendoff Thursday. Stores this reason, the next installment sent from here is likely to be less than the number called for. People of San Miguel county have reason to feel proud of the patriotic spirit shown by its young men.

The people of Las Vegas and surrounding territory gave the soldier boys a warm sendoff today. Stores, offices and schools were closed at 2 o'clock, and many did not re-open during the remainder of the day. Thousands gathered at the Santa Fe station to tell the boys good bye and to give rising cheers. An immense procession, in which participated the Grand Army, the national army men of San Miguel and Mora counties, the Greater Las Vegas band, and many citizens, including pupils of the various schools, the E. Romero Hose and Fire company and the East Las Vegas Fire company, formed at the city hall at 2 o'clock and marched to the Santa Fe station.

On the Castaneda lawn Captain John A. Ross of the Grand Army of the Republic lined up the San Miguel county soldiers, and an informal reception was held. A large number of people passed down the line to clasp the hands of the boys and wish them a safe return. A number of young ladies under the direction of Mrs. Elmer E. Veeder and Mrs. Jose A. Baca pinned badges on the young soldiers bearing the words "San Miguel County, New Mexico." The members of the choir of the Church of the Immaculate Conception presented the boys with packages containing camp comforts; the Boosters' club handed the boys tobacco; Perry Onion presented them with buttonhole bouquets, and numerous individuals made presents to individual soldiers.

Patriotic addresses were made by O. A. Larrazolo and Judge David J. Leahy. Their remarks were in such a vein as to make the boys realize the dignity of the cause for which they have been enlisted to fight. Mr. Larrazolo as a civilian and Judge Leahy as a veteran soldier combined

the elements and principles necessary to impress upon the soldier-to-be: that it is right and proper to fight in a holy cause, and that the civilian and the fighter each have a duty to perform and a responsibility, one to the other.

The members of the Mora county contingent were present to depart on the special train which carried the San Miguel county boys. They were given an ovation. Members of other county contingents who were here for nearly an hour while the special train was at the station, also came in for their share of honors.

One of the pretty things in connection with the farewell was the profuse display of the national colors.

The farewell was under the direction of the Commercial club. President N. O. Hermann and other officials had charge of the arrangements. The girls who pinned on the badges and bouquets were

Misses Louise Jaramillo, Pauline Jaramillo, Ida Nolds, Victoria Wilhemy, Jeanete Spiess, Ruth Neafus, Ruth Winters, Marie Mann, Mary Culley, Mary Lowry, Margaret Bernard, Phebe Hart, Jeanette Ward, Emma Tamme, Ruth Nahm, Chella Van Petten and DeSaix Evans.

Those who presented the gifts for the Catholic choir were

Misses Lucy Clement, Nellie Parnell, Margaret Floyd, Josephine Murphy, Helen Elliott, Luella Condon, Rose Condon, Louise Watrous, Josephine Eckert, Elizabeth Groth and Beatrice Standish.

Garnet M. Jones, familiarly known as "Butch," was in charge of the San Miguel county contingent. Jones is a truly western product and is equipped mentally and physically to be a good soldier. He is a veterinary of several years' experience, and was accepted for a commission in the veterinary department of the army. He preferred to go with the San Miguel county boys, however. Daniel Trahey, Jones' first assistant, is a Las Vegas boy, and has been chief clerk to Superintendent Myers of the Santa Fe up to the time of his departure. Jose L. Cisneros and Alfred G. Sena, second and third assistants, are young Spanish-Americans who have the respect of their fellow soldiers. The exemption board made wise selections in every case.

Following as the names of the young men who left today:

Frank Russell Linberg, East Las Vegas.  
Jose Sena, Leyba.  
Charles R. Nolan, East Las Vegas.  
Olin Irving Lewis, East Las Vegas.  
Daniel B. Mondragon, Chaperito.  
Daniel Trahey, East Las Vegas.  
Adolfo Gonzales, Las Vegas.  
Antonio J. Abeytia, San Geronimo.  
Apolonio S. Madrid, East Las Vegas.

Garnet Meredith Jones, East Las Vegas.

Bertran C. Martin, East Las Vegas.

Clarence White, East Las Vegas.  
Clinton M. Graham, East Las Vegas.

Paul Hagins, Bell Ranch.  
Adolfo Martinez, Cherryvale.  
Ivan P. Rudolph, Bell Ranch.  
Federico Baca, East Las Vegas.

Juan B. Hernandez, Sapello.  
Eugene Sweeney, Las Vegas.  
Hilario Abeyta Benavidez, San Geronimo.

Charles Daugherty, East Las Vegas.  
Placido G. Baca, Ribera.

Felix Garcia, Sapello.

Francisco Gonzales, Villanueva.

Jose L. Cisneros, Las Vegas.

Fermin Cortez, Cowles.

Jose Sandoval, Maes.

Samuel Crespin, San Pablo.

Eulalio Dimas, San Juan.

Demetrio Ortiz, Las Vegas.

Reginald Martin Young, East Las Vegas.

Noberto Griego, San Jose.

Jose Ignacio Lujan, Sabinoso.

Sebastian Benavidez, Soham.

Clodio Bernardo Aragon, Variadero.

George Archuleta, Rowe.

Andres Florez, San Juan.

Theodore Henry Seamon, East Las Vegas.

James Ellis Jones, East Las Vegas.

Blas Marquez, Los Vigiles.

Juan Gutierrez, San Geronimo.

Eliseo Aragon, Chaperito.

Polito Gonzales, Rowe.

Beverly London Arnold, East Las Vegas.

Earl Edward Smith, Isidor.

Ray Robert Cannon, Leyba.

Juan Jose Sanchez, Trujillo.

Patricio Archuleta, Rowe.

Ezequiel Salazar, Sapello.

Ramon Montoya, Las Vegas.

Elias Jaramillo, Upper Las Vegas.

Secundino Ribera, Isidor.

Marino Quintana, Rowe.

Cesarjo Belasquez, East Las Vegas.

Paco Lucero, Las Vegas.

Alfredo G. Sena, Las Vegas.

David Reynold Hendin, East Las Vegas.

Alfredo Lucero, East Las Vegas.

Santiago Jaramillo, Sapello.

Rafael Crespin, Sabinoso.

Jose Hilario Medina, Maes.

Jose Onesimo Martinez, Las Gallinas.

Hilario Gutierrez, Las Vegas.

Arch Montoya, Sapello.

Faustin Gutierrez, Sabinoso.

Antonio Quintana, Sabinoso.

Frutoso Martinez, Sapello.

Inez Valencia, Pecos.

Marcos Esquibel, San Geronimo.

Antonio Pacheco, Tecolote.

Claud Elvin Smith (Amarillo, Tex.), Isidor.

Juan B. Aragon, Trementina.

Juan Ortiz, Las Vegas.

Felix Ortega, Rowe.

Genio Lucero, East Las Vegas.

Canuto Ramirez, Villanueva.

Saturnino Lujan, Pecos.

Eufrazio Lucero, Pecos.

Jose Cerilio Gonzales, Cuervo.

Filemon Gonzales, Pecos.

Frank West Roberts, East Las Vegas.

Macario Herrera, Sapello.

Cacy Thomas Day, Beil Ranch.

Antonio Ortiz, Leyba.

Natividad Ortiz, El Pueblo.

The additional ten men who were called to make up for the quota missing in other counties were as follows:

Cosme Gallegos, Rowe.

Adelaido Mondragon, Chaperito.

Samuel Tafoya, Las Vegas.

Alejandro Montoya, Rowe.

Marvin O. Giles, Chapelle.

William H. Coleman, Jr., Las Vegas.

Jose R. Garcia, East Las Vegas.

George Hall, Trementina.

Miguel Trujillo, Chapelle.

### MATTHEWS GOES BROKE

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—In the federal court, Harry Alexander Matthews of San Marcial filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy, giving his liabilities as \$613 and his assets as \$95.

## WHOLE TOWN TURNS OUT TO BID FAREWELL TO THE NATIONAL ARMY BOYS

Seventeen of the Mora county boys who were in the parade Thursday were from the town of Mora and the nearby villages. At 9 o'clock on Thursday a public farewell was given in the streets of Mora, there being a great gathering. Don Rafael Romero gave a short address and the parish priest pronounced a benediction. The gathering was intensely patriotic, almost all of the onlookers carrying flags. Cheering and enthusiasm were notable rather than depression and gloom. The Mora county boys who came to Las Vegas were accompanied by C. U. Strong, Sheriff Patricio Sanchez, Eugenio Romero and Manuel Madrid. Sheriff Sanchez gave 11 drafted men a dinner at the Castaneda on Thursday.

The boys of Mora county who left Thursday are:

Noah F. Moore, Max Urban, Guy E. Merrill, Casimoro Gonzales, Ralph T. Thomas, P. Crine, Jose I. Cullen, Alberto Baca, Edwin G. Mares, Jose Patricio Trujillo, Juan A. Romano, Jose Archuleta, Eduardo Martinez, Elias Trujillo, Tobias Tellano, Antonio Vena, Bradio Thomas, Ralph Brand, Jr., Margarito Vigil, Ira L. Graves, Manning Osborne, Hogram E. Smart, Francis E. Smart, Deciderio Valdez, John J. Jardell, Abel Valdez, Manuel A. Maestas, Glenn Robert Kendrick, Jose Mascarenas, Owen Harold Moen, John Brockman, B. Valdez, Pedro Archuleta, M. T. Care, Fidel Sanchez, Jose D. Cruz, William Helman Salome Maestas, Emilio Weather, Eutimio Santistevan, Carlos Manzanares, Herman T. Miller, Pete Bellino, Juan Felipe Sandoval, Juan B. Maes.

### Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by J. W. Cleek, Roswell, New Mexico:

One light gray four year old, 700 pound horse, about 15 hands high.

Branded

Right shoulder



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 1, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.

No. 75-Book 6-114 b.

1st. pub. Sept. 5, last pub. Sept. 20.

### Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described animals were taken up by O. M. Cotton, Mountainair, New Mexico.

One 8-or 9-year-old dark bay horse, 850 pounds, 14 hands high.

Branded

Left shoulder



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by owner Board, unless claimed by owner on or before Oct. 11, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.

No. 87 B-6 117 D

1st pub. Sept. 15, last pub. Oct. 1, 1917.

### AN "OBSERVER" WRITES THAT THE EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM NEEDS IMPROVEMENT

To the Editor of The Optic: Sir—To an observer of educational conditions there is much to interest and surprise in Taos county. Although the county has been long established and has had its school system longer than many others in the state, there are still to be found a majority of third grade teachers, a large number of teachers who do much of their work in Spanish instead of the language of the country, no county nor town high school other than the one-teacher high school established this year.

At the county teachers' association meeting in March the attendance was astounding. At several of the meetings more than a thousand were present and there was unbounded enthusiasm for the cause of education, but many of the teachers who spoke were able to do so only in Spanish, the county superintendent was unable to make a public discourse in English. An interpreter was necessary for all speeches made in English and all business transacted. Something seemed to be fundamentally wrong.

Investigation shows what it is. The people have enthusiasm to spare, but are imbued with the idea that all progress must be gradual. They fail to note that this gradual progress never gets them anywhere. When a resolution was presented before the county board of education to do away with third grade certificates and effect only first and second graders, it was opposed by the county superintendent and finally postponed until the future. The idea is that Taos county boys and girls who have finished the sixth or seventh grade are qualified to take charge of schools in their own home districts and make the necessary progress. This keeps up an indefinite circle. The eighth graders of today are the eighth grade teachers of tomorrow, and so on ad infinitum. Not more than one boy or girl in the fifth grade out of 20 can speak English. It is not taught them. This is the accomplishment of the years of "gradual progress."

In the election of Taos county teachers the first qualification is residence. The superintendent believes that Taos county teachers must be found jobs in Taos county, and if the applicants from other counties are first or second grade teachers, the third grader is given preference on account of his residence. This is not an opinion. It is a definitely observed fact. Two school districts which petitioned the county board for first grade teachers were given resident teachers of lower grade. This loyalty to native sons and daughters may be commendable, but it doesn't bring the educational situation up to the par set in other counties of the state.

In regard to the high school for the county this argument is put up: Why have an accredited high school when everybody sends their children to Albuquerque or Santa Fe or to the east? Not less than 15 high school pupils on an average leave Taos county every year to attend high school somewhere else simply because there is no school to attend in Taos. This year the board has arranged for a one-teacher high school. It is better than none, yet any educator knows that one teacher can no more do the work of an accredited four year, or even

two or three year high school than the Germans can ultimately win this war. There are about ten pupils leaving the county this year because one teacher will not be able to do the accredited work of several years of high school. Then there are the pupils who can in no way afford to go away to school. This is some of the "gradual progress," the "poco a poco" of the county.

It would be unwise to make the charge of politics. It is probable that the superintendents and teachers are conscientious, but they are not on the right track or else they have failed to get up enough steam. But even conscientious school superintendents make mistakes. Mr. Quintana believes in providing for Taos teachers first; it is a known fact that two brothers, one sister and one sister-in-law of his teach in the county on third grade certificates, but even so they are not all Taos county residents!

I happened to be present when Superintendent Wagner and Mr. Conway visited the Taos County Teachers' association. An audience of a thousand is inspiring. Mr. Conway was enlightened. Taos county was not the backwoods sister he had heard of. Nowhere could such interest be aroused in education. It would be cruel to disillusion him, but I would wager all I have that I could get a crowd of the same size to attend a free entertainment where prominent citizens would make speeches and children do stunts and where there would be music and never mention education. The interest is in "something doing." How many third grade teachers resolved to qualify for seconds as a result of the meeting? Maybe a good many. How many actually made the effort? The records of the county institute will not show one.

I have asked space for these observations because I think the Taos children are worth educating. Superintendent Quintana believes that the natives are discriminated against by the world in general, by the United States government, by the professions of other states. He is wrong. There is no discrimination. It is because the schools of counties like Taos have not prepared their Spanish speaking children to compete with the educated children of other counties and other states. It is not the fault of the children. It may not be the fault of the parents, but it is undoubtedly the fault of a system of "gradual progress." Who is responsible for the system?

It is actually heartbreaking to see the lack of opportunity offered the eager Spanish-American children of the county in question. Even the outsider feels it.

Signed

AN OUTSIDE OBSERVER.

### PRISONERS ARE DYING

Paris, Sept. 19.—Albert Champion, a French soldier, who on his third attempt has just escaped from Germany, brings the information, according to the Paris edition of the New York Herald, that 3,500 French and British soldiers and 1,500 Russians have died of typhus at the German concentration camp at Cassel, 90 miles northeast of Frankfurt on the Main.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 19.—Eight candidates are contesting for the mayoralty of Pittsburgh in the local non-partisan primaries today.

### SEE CELEBRATION OF SUCCESS OF THIS YEAR'S WAR GARDENS

American Engineers' Training Camp in England, Sept. 19, (Correspondence of the Associated Press)—A large delegation of the American railway engineers spent a day recently as guests of the British troops encamped at Aldershot, where the king and queen with other members of the royal family were present at the largest program of field sports that has ever been held on Salisbury plain.

The Americans brought with them a tug-o-war team which provided one of the features of the afternoon in a long-drawn contest with the championship team of the British engineers, the result being finally declared a draw.

The big fete was arranged by the British garrison at Aldershot as a celebration of the bringing in of its harvest. For months past men of all ranks and regiments in the garrison have been practicing, in addition to their military duties, the patriotism that seeks to defeat the enemy by providing the nations with home-grown food. Turf that had never before known the ploughshares was ploughed and sown, and men who had never learned the first rudiments of farming toiled strenuously in their spare hours under the guidance of their more skillful comrades. The result exceeded all efforts. The Aldershot harvest was so bountiful that men and officers simultaneously agreed that a great harvest festival was eminently the thing, and that nothing would satisfy them short of the attendance of the king and queen.

The arena in front of the harvest tent was surrounded by a great circular "grand stand," composed of a double line of ancient and modern transport wagons which afforded seats for the soldiers and their friends. For sixpence, the gate money all going to local war charities, the American visitors found they could have their choice of a number of desirable positions, either in the drivers' seats of big army lorries, or on benches alongside friendly delegations of British Tommies and non-commissioned officers.

It was like a many-ringed circus. While the field sports were in progress on the ground, there was a continuous performance of high-diving, somersaulting, trapezing, and all varieties of aerobatics by a squadron of British airplane men up aloft. Relay races and tugs of war were the most popular items on the program, but there were many unusual and spectacular types of field sports, such as a mounted wrestling competition, in which both horses and men took part in an exciting struggle, the team from the royal engineers finally defeating the army service corps on points.

There was also a "Victoria Cross" race, illustrating the methods by which mounted men rescue comrades in the actual fighting of today. This was followed by mimic exhibitions of bayonet fighting, and a blindfold drill competition, in which blindfolded non-commissioned officers of various units vie with each other in putting blindfolded detachments through the complex movements of open field drill.

Meanwhile the women of the garrison had a baby show, in which Mrs. Corporal Tootle's twin boys secured

an easy victory. The first prize medal was handed to them by the queen.

Outside the circle of army wagons were the side-shows, including a comic bull fight which the king declared the best thing of its kind which he had ever seen.

### HER HEAVY PURCHASES MAY EMBARRASS MANUFACTURING THIS WINTER

Washington, Sept. 19.—Reports to the geological survey on production of bituminous coal show a decrease during August of more than 3,000,000 tons, and indicate a shortage, feared by the government officials, may be a reality.

Indications are that although there will be sufficient anthracite for domestic consumption in the east, there may be an insufficiency of bituminous to keep industrial plants going at their present capacity. The chief sections of the country facing suffering are New England and the west and northwest.

Reports of officials here say Canada withdrew approximately 1,700,000 tons of bituminous coal from the United States during the period between the time of the government's fixing the flat coal price and the placing of the embargo. They are reported to have obtained this large stock by bidding from 25 to 50 cents per ton higher than the price set.

Other contributing factors to the situation are the growing needs of France and Italy for coal with which to keep munition factories and other war time industries going there.

Railroad officials at present are working on a program designed to meet the heavy winter demand for domestic coal and to devote to that purpose as large a number of cars as possible.

### WILL HOLD COTTON

Dallas, Texas, Sept. 19.—Members of the Farmers Union of Texas will inaugurate a statewide campaign to induce farmers to hold their cotton for a better price, it was announced here today at a meeting of the field department of the union.

### BANDITS ARE BESTED

Presidio, Tex., Sept. 19.—Skirmishing between a band of bandits claiming to be followers of Villa and 65 government troops from the Ojinaga garrison, occupied at San Jose on the international line near here yesterday. Alfonso Sanchez, commanding the bandits, charged the federal force under Lieutenant Colonel Salvado. One government soldier and two of the bandits were killed, and four of the latter wounded.

### HEAVY BRITISH LOSSES

London, Sept. 19.—Casualties in the British ranks reported for the week ending yesterday, follow: Killed or died of wounds: 135 officers and 4,755 men. Officers wounded or missing 43; men wounded or missing, 21,843.

### INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 19.—A number of rural schools have been closed in the northern part of Crawford county in an effort to prevent an epidemic of infantile paralysis. Forty-three cases have been reported to the board of health thus far in September as against a total of 20 for August.

### OF NEARLY TWO HUNDRED EXAMINED LESS THAN HALF WANT EXEMPTION

A large number of those who were examined by the San Miguel county board for the national army, on September 11, 12 and 13, claim exemption, mostly on grounds of having some one to support. Those claiming exemption were as follows:

Lawrence Clifford Trainer, Seferino Quintana, Melecio Esquibel, Daniel Maestas, Santos Salazar, Andrew Victor Sendquist, Bentura Martinez, Manuel Roybal, William Mertsching, Raymundo Gonzales.

Adelaido Lobato, Jose Otero Montoya, Placido Quintana, Candido Ortega, Lawrence A. Tamme, Pablo Martinez, Tobias Vallegos, Santiago Roybal, Delfidio Rodriguez.

Benjamin Ortiz, Clarence F. Lewis, John Richard Chaum, Jose C. Morales, Juan Aragon, Jose L. F. Jowski, Francisco A. Maestas, Fidel Ortega, Olegario Lucero, Juan B. Romero.

Isaias Griego William V. Schlott, Nepomuceno Romero, Alfonso Tremencia, Juan Maldonado, Saturnino Crespín, Martin Gonzales, Edubigen Salas, Antonio de Tabias, Robert T. Banks.

Patricio Alarcon, Feliberto Lujan, H. C. de Herrera, Antonio Jaramillo, Wesley Gunn Moulch, Antonio Roybal, Polito Apodaca, Buck Hugh Hammond, Melecio Valencia, Alberto S. Gonzales.

Saturnino Vigil, William Thompson Gray, Julian Gonzales, Perfecto Maes, Vicente Dominguez, Gaspar Blea, Jose Odacio Salazar, Celestino Martinez, Jose M. Lucero.

### DEMONSTRATOR FOR AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE RECALLED TO SAN MIGUEL

The work of Mrs. Koger who spent ten days in this county several weeks ago in giving demonstrations in canning and drying of fruits and vegetables proved so great a success that County Agent Gonzalez asked for her return. Mrs. Koger arrived today at noon and will work in the county the balance of the month. Most of her time will be spent in the outlying districts, but if there are any questions that need answering, or further enlightenment on the work under her charge desired, interested persons are requested to call up Mr. Gonzalez that the field may be thoroughly covered while Mrs. Koger is here. She is a woman eminently fitted in her particular line of work and has been securing excellent results in all parts of the state.

Swellings of the flesh caused by inflammation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT. It should be well rubbed in over the affected parts. Its great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

### NO SUBMARINES REPORTED

Washington, Sept. 17.—The navy department, after a complete investigation as is possible, is satisfied that there is no foundation for reports of a hostile submarine off the New England coast.

### COLONEL RALPH E. TWITCHELL, TOWN MARSHAL OF LAS VEGAS FORMERLY OF LAS VEGAS, IS NAMED

Santa Fe, Sept. 17.—Ralph C. Ely was Saturday removed as receiver of the New Mexico Central railroad, by order of District Judge Reed Holloman, who appointed Colonel Ralph Emerson Twitchell as his successor.

After a long and exhaustive hearing of the facts and arguments by the attorneys for and against the ouster, and after going into all of the facts and circumstances of Mr. Ely's receivership, Judge Holloman allowed Mr. Ely \$6,770 for his services and \$2,753.85 for his expenses, leaving a balance of \$6,327.58 drawn from the funds of the railroad, which must be paid by Mr. Ely or his bondsmen, under the judge's order.

It was shown that Mr. Ely, as receiver, had drawn for expenses \$15,851.43, used by him chiefly, he alleged, while traveling from city to city in an effort to sell the road. Judge Holloman held that these expenses were excessive, hence the order for recovery of more than \$6,000 and its restoration to the trust.

Recently the efforts of Mr. Ely to sell the road seemed about to materialize, owing largely, it was charged by the attorneys seeking his removal, to the fact that the price of steel had advanced so much that from \$600,000 to \$900,000 could be realized from scrapping the road and selling it as junk.

### Prospective Sale Vanishes

When Judge Holloman announced that he would forbid the scrapping of the road, the prospective sale of the road seemed to have vanished into thin air, although the prospective purchasers claimed that it was not their purpose to tear up the tracks and sell the steel.

Mr. Ely was recently appointed by Herbert C. Hoover to the position of food commissioner for New Mexico, a highly responsible position which carries with it no salary. While it has not been confirmed by Mr. Ely, it is believed that, with the loss of the receivership he will resign from the food commissionership, as the latter can hardly be held by a man without an independent income.

Colonel Ralph E. Twitchell is a veteran railroad man and booster, and it is understood that he was not an applicant for the position. Judge Holloman fixed the receiver's salary at \$3,000 a year, and no expenses for legal services unless allowed by the court in special cases.

### Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

The great benefit derived from the use of this remedy in cases of coughs and colds has been gratefully acknowledged by many who have used it. Mrs. Benj. F. Blakeney, Decatur, Ill., is one of them. She says, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is by far the best medicine for colds and coughs we ever used in our family. I gave it to my children when small for croup and have taken it myself. If all mothers knew as much as I do about this medicine they would appreciate its real worth."—Adv.

Washington, Sept. 17.—More than 4,000 farm loan associations are being organized in the United States to borrow money under the federal farm loan act, it was said today.

Try Zensal for that itching Eczema. Sold by E. G. Murphey.—Adv.

Jose Leon Pinard, town marshal of Las Vegas, dropped dead Saturday morning at his home opposite the North public school. Mr. Pinard was taken ill suddenly. He had been around Friday night, performing his duties up until 10 o'clock. The news of his death was a complete shock to his host of friends.

Mr. Pinard was a native of France and came to this country with his uncle, the late Father Pinard, at one time parish priest of Las Vegas. He was also accompanied by his three sisters, one of whom now survives, Clemencia Pinard.

Mr. Pinard at one time was in business in Clayton, Union county, as a stock man and general merchandise dealer. He also was county commissioner for San Miguel county and at one time member of the legislature. He was proprietor of the Romeroville ranch for some time. He served as sheriff of San Miguel county, and was a republican.

Mr. Pinard was 69 years of age, and is survived by his sister and an adopted son, Saturnino Pinard, his wife having died two years ago.

### HE AND SOUTHERN SURETY COMPANY SO INSTRUCTED BY SUPREME COURT

Santa Fe, Sept. 17.—Execution has issued against the Southern Surety Company of Oklahoma, on the judgment given by the Santa Fe district court and affirmed by the state supreme court, against Morgan O. Llewellyn and the Southwestern Surety company for \$75,000 plus interest, less \$6,995 already paid. The Southern Surety company took over the assets and liabilities of the Southwestern Surety Insurance company which went on the bond of Llewellyn as treasurer of State College, the litigation growing out of the Las Cruces bank failure.

### LUMBERJACKS NEEDED

Albuquerque, Sept. 17.—In addition to ten battalions of lumberjacks and foresters now being raised with the assistance of the forest service, nine service or labor battalions will be recruited in connection with the Twentieth reserve engineers (forest). The total number of recruits needed is therefore approximately 15,000 men. All recruits will be listed as privates and non-commissioned officers will be chosen from the ranks by the commanding officers.

Of the commissioned officers, 50 per cent will be sawmill and logging operators, 25 per cent will be technical foresters, and 25 per cent will be men with military training. The minimum age limit for commissioned officers is 31.

Skilled lumberjacks, portable mill operators, tie cutters, logging teamsters, camp cooks, millwrights, and charcoal burners are among the classes of men desired. Full information can be obtained by prospective recruits from forest service officials or from the district forester, Albuquerque, N. M.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

### Inactive Kidneys Cause Disease

"I shall not soon forget the benefits I derived from the use of Foley Kidney Pills."—Al. A. Godfrey, Forest Grove, Oregon.

Too much work and too little work seem to have about the same effect on persons past middle age. Proper action of the kidneys is necessary to good health. They act as a filter and remove from the blood poisonous waste matter which if permitted to remain in the system leads to many complications.

Many nervous, tired, run-down men and women suffer from pains in the back and sides, dizzy spells, bladder weakness, sore muscles and stiff joints and fail to realize that rheumatism, diabetes or even Bright's disease may result.

If you have cause to believe that your kidneys are weak, disordered or inactive you should act immediately. Foley Kidney Pills have been used by young, middle aged and old with complete satisfaction. They act quickly and surely and have given relief in cases of ten years' standing.

O. G. SCHAEFER

### DECLARE THEY WANT RUSSIA LEFT ALONE TO WORK OUT DESTINY

Stockholm, Sept. 17.—The organization of the Stockholm socialist conference in its report on the question of holding the conference, after declaring that Stockholm was closely connected with the revolution in Russia, expressed the hope that Russian comrades would close their ranks and depend upon Russian democracy to solve the present crisis there. The committee report hopes that German and Austrian socialists would protest energetically against projects and tactics tending to weaken the Russian revolution and to make Germany an accomplice of the counter revolution.

### HARDEST WORKED NEED HELP FIRST

Through all the years the kidneys are at work filtering out impurities that poison the blood if permitted to remain. Is it any wonder that they are overworked and in need of help? Foley Kidney Pills are tonic and strengthening in action. Get rid of backache, rheumatic pains, stiff joints, sore muscles.—O. G. Schaefer.

### HUSSING IS DISMISSED

Santa Fe, Sept. 17.—Charles Husing was discharged from federal custody by United States Commissioner Albert Clancy after a hearing on the charge of having uttered seditious sentiments. Husing explained that he is a citizen of the United States, that he had been badgered by a lot of loafers in the Plaza and in his anger had replied to them, not intending to be disloyal. Clancy reprimanded him and cautioned him to be more careful in the future.

### HIGH PRICES AND SICKNESS

Nobody can afford to be sick with the cost of living at the present high mark. It is cheaper and more sensible to prevent sickness than to pay doctor bills. Take Foleys Honey and Tar in time to check colds, stop coughs and relieve croup before serious illness attacks a weakened constitution.—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

### ARMY DOCTOR FACES TRIAL

New Brunswick, N. J., Sept. 17.—This town is on edge in anticipation of the trial of Captain William J. Condon, United States army surgeon, who is accused of shooting John V. Piper, a post-graduate student at Rutgers college, last February. The trial is scheduled to begin here Wednesday and is expected to be sensational in the extreme.

### REICHSTAG MEMBERS DISCUSS "PEACE WITHOUT CON- QUEST PLANS"

London, Sept. 18.—Germany, at the request of King Alfonso of Spain, is about to restore to liberty Aolphe Max, the burgomaster of Brussels, according to the reports of the Exchange Telegraph company.

#### Civil Governor Resigns

German newspapers point out, says the correspondent at Amsterdam of the Exchange Telegraph company, that after the resignation of Dr. von Sandt, the civil governor of Belgium, his assistant, Herr von Lutz, also resigned.

No successors have been appointed. The resignations are said by the German newspapers to be in conjunction with Germany's plans regarding the future of Belgium.

#### No Conquest Wanted

Amsterdam, Sept. 18.—In connection with the report published in the Tages Zeitung that Germany had decided to abandon all claims to Belgium, the Koelnische Volks Zeitung says:

"We too have received similar information, from which it may be concluded that last a week a decision about Belgium was reached in conformity with the English views."

Mathias Erzberger, a clerical center member of the reichstag, speaking at Biberach Sunday, said:

"The foundation of peace must be no conquest of any kind. We are advancing with long strides toward such a peace—peace built upon the basis of the reichstag peace resolution."

### ELEVEN MEN ON ONE AND TEN ON ANOTHER LOSE THEIR LIVES

Christiana, Sept. 18.—The Norwegian foreign office announced today that the Norwegian steamship Askelad, of 2,823 tons, had been sunk by a German submarine. One boat with 11 members was lost and the captain and 10 men were saved. It was also announced that the Norwegian steamship Rein, 1,175 tons, had been sunk by a German submarine off Cape St. Vincent. Ten men lost their lives and the captain and nine others of the crew were saved.

### GERMAN MINISTER EXPELLED FROM ARGENTINA WANTS SAFE CONDUCT

Stockholm, Sept. 18.—The German minister to Sweden today formally expressed to the Swedish government Germany's regrets in consequence of the Swedish-Argentinian telegram affair.

Inquiries made at the foreign office today regarding the statement that Swedish assurances of 1915 that forwarding of German dispatches would be discontinued were of general application, and not, as the recent Swedish communication implied, invalid insofar as communication between Sweden and Washington was concerned, were met by a reaffirmation of the terms of the original Swedish communication. It was pointed out that this would not have been drafted and issued without consultation with the foreign minister then in office. Therefore, it is claimed, it reports the version of Count Waltenberg, the former foreign minister.

The German minister is said to

have reserved explanation regarding messages sent by the German minister at Buenos Aires through the Swedish legation until the report from Count von Luxburg had been received.

#### Passport for Luxburg

Buenos Aires, Sept. 17.—In private sources it was learned by the Associated Press today that the Argentina government has asked Spain to take the responsibility of obtaining from the American and British governments a safe conduct for Count von Luxburg, the German minister here, who recently was given his passports, arguing that the count is to leave Argentina for Spain on a Spanish vessel. Accordingly the Spanish ambassador asked the Madrid government to initiate negotiations to this end. The course taken by the Argentine foreign office is not in accordance with diplomatic usage, but this government realizes the necessity of extending to the expelled German minister the usual courtesies.

### CHAIRMAN OF SHIPPING BOARD APPEALS TO FEDERATION OF LABOR HEAD

Washington, Sept. 18.—Chairman Hurley of the shipping board today appealed to President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor to stop the strikes which are holding up government ship building on the Pacific coast. A conference will be held today between Mr. Hurley and Mr. Gompers. Chairman Hurley also conferred today with Secretary Daniels on the navy's settlement of wage demands in government ship yards.

Secretary Wilson has telegraphed W. T. Boyce, assistant commissioner of immigration at San Francisco, to tender his offices as mediator or conciliator in settlement of the strike of iron workers and ship builders there.

Mr. Boyce has been instructed to keep in close touch with developments and to advise the department of labor here promptly concerning them. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, will confer with President Wilson late today.

#### SAFE REMEDY FOR CHILDREN

Chas. Baker, Brownsville, Tex., writes: "For years I have used Foley's Honey and Tar and found it especially efficient for bad coughs of my children. I recommend it to my friends as a safe remedy for children as it contains no opiates. It is certain to bring quick and lasting relief." Stops coughs.—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

#### GUESTS AT ANNAPOLIS

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 17.—Members of the Russian commission now visiting this country today were guests of honor at the naval academy. They were accorded the usual naval honors, and after an inspection of the academy were guests at luncheon of the superintendent, Captain Edward W. Eberle.

#### NEVER BOTHERED SINCE

After suffering with terrible pains in his back for eight years, and after having tried doctors and medicines, Alvis Souers, Ade, Ind., writes: "Foley's Kidney Pills were recommended to me and the first bottle removed the pain. After taking three bottles the bloating was all gone and has never bothered me since." For sale by

O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

### HOPES TO FIND IN UNITED STATES A TENDENCY TO ACCEPT PEACE

Berlin, Monday, Sept. 17 (Via London, Sept. 18.)—The German foreign office, in a statement given to The Associated Press, denies stories appearing in Danish and other foreign newspapers to the effect that the German government has indirectly communicated its peace terms to Washington or had sought sounding sentiment in the United States.

The German foreign office further informed the Associated Press that the rumors were promptly discredited on the strength of the peace terms ascribed to Germany, and further by the fact that there was no occasion for Germany to address the Washington government in this respect.

The assertion made by Mathias Erzberger, the clerical leader in the reichstag, that Germany's note in reply to Pope Benedict's peace proposal already was on its way to Rome, also was denied in official quarters.

### FALL AND WINTER WORK IS BE- GUN AMID THE BEST OF SURROUNDINGS

Santa Rosa, N. M., Sept. 18.—The Santa Rosa public school opened on Monday with a large quota of the 280 school children of the town registering. The opening has been delayed one week in order that certain finishing touches to the building might be added. During the summer it has been enlarged and remodeled and is now one of the most beautiful edifices of its kind in the state. Built in the old Moorish mission style of architecture, it reminds one of the Alhambra and other old Spanish buildings of southern Spain. It has 14 large, well lighted and ventilated, class rooms and a magnificently arranged auditorium with a seating capacity to accommodate over 400. The building—lighted with electricity and steam heated—is thoroughly equipped with apartments for manual training and laboratories for domestic science, etc.

Professor J. M. Helm, of Alamogordo is back again as superintendent of the school and will give instructions in the eighth grade. Miss Grace Barker of Las Vegas, will have charge of the sixth and seventh grades; Miss Nina Mynatt, of Knoxville, Tenn., the fourth and fifth grades; Miss Lois Sterns, of Santa Rosa, the second and third grades, and Miss Maier, of Raton, the primary department.

These teachers all come well recommended and will no doubt do all in their power to keep the educational work of the town abreast with its wonderful progress along industrial lines. Never were there better educational advantages offered than are now open to the boys and girls of Santa Rosa. The work of a thoroughly equipped and systematized public school followed by that of one of the most efficient county high schools to be found in the state opens the door of knowledge to the poorest.

In every home where there are children there should be a bottle of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It destroys worms and acts as a tonic in the debilitated system. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

### REPORT SHOWS THAT NECES- SARY EXPENDITURES WILL CONTINUE TO GROW

The executive committee of San Miguel county, N. M., chapter of the American Red Cross held a meeting last night at the residence of Mrs. Hallett Reynolds, chairman of the executive committee, and there were also present Mrs. Frank H. H. Roberts, Mrs. Karl D. Goodall, Mrs. Jefferson Reynolds and Mrs. Charles A. Spiess. Messrs John H. Culley, chairman of the San Miguel county chapter; George H. Kinkel and Robert L. M. Ross, secretary-treasurer.

The following statement was rendered by the secretary-treasurer:

East Las Vegas, New Mexico, Sept. 6, 1917—Statement of receipts and disbursements of San Miguel county, N. M., Chapter of American Red Cross, from March 26, 1917 to September 5, 1917, inclusive:

Receipts	
Memberships dues .....	\$ 386.00
Donations .....	150.64
Red Cross entertainments ...	534.00
Total .....	\$1,110.64

Disbursements	
Dues to Washington, .....	\$195.50
Badges .....	20.00
Red Cross entertainments....	279.96
Garment committee .....	100.95
Knitting committee .....	132.69
General Expense .....	11.18
Total .....	\$740.28

Cash	
Total receipts, as above .....	\$1,110.64
Disbursements, as above .....	740.28

Balance in hands of treasurer \$	370.36
Total .....	\$ 370.36

Disposition of Funds	
Balance Sept. 5, 1917, on de-	
posit in First National bank.	\$410.76
Loss outstanding checks .....	43.40
Net balance available .....	367.36
Cash in hands of treasurer .....	3.00
Total .....	\$370.36

Unpaid Bills	
Red Cross supply service .....	\$ 40.35
Bacharach Bros. ....	.75
Chas. Rosenthal .....	1.00
E. Rosenwald and Sons .....	52.33
Total .....	\$100.30

Express charges paid in cash by	
secretary treasurer .....	\$ .87
P. Ciddio .....	5.00

The above statement has no connection with the "drive" which was carried out so successfully some little time ago, during which several thousand dollars were received, but refers only to the operation of the local chapter and disposition of its funds.

It is gratifying to note that the proceeds of the operetta, "The Bells of Corneville," given during the summer, above the fee paid the directress and other expenses were \$254.04 and that they cover the cost of the badges bought and materials used by the garment and knitting committees to September 5.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doctoring the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

# Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising  
Farming - Mining

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at East Las Vegas, N. M., under act of Congress of March 3, 1897.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEEK BY THE OPTIC PUBLISHING CO. (Inc.)  
M. M. PADGETT, Editor.

## COLORADO TELEPHONE.

Business Office ..... Main 2  
Editorial Rooms ..... Main 9  
Society Editor ..... Main 9

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES

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Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower, Per Year, by Mail ..... 2.00  
Advertisers Are Guaranteed the Largest Daily and Weekly Circulation of Any Newspaper in Northwestern New Mexico.

It is highly important that the American people impress upon the mind of the kaiser the fact that this country is united in the determination to wage a war that shall end in victory over militaristic autocracy. When the kaiser fully realizes that fact, he will the more readily see the wisdom of capitulation. The best way for an American to testify in a substantial manner his desire to help win this war is to enlist, if within the proper ages and not disqualified or exempt on account of dependents or occupation, and the next best method is to subscribe for a liberty bond of the coming issue. There were over three million subscribers to the first loan. Let us make it six million this time.

During forty years of peace Germany quietly but efficiently prepared for war and entered the contest which she precipitated upon Europe and the world with her arsenals filled with arms and munitions, her warehouses filled with food and her treasury and her banks plethoric with gold. Three years of war have depleted her supply of arms and munitions beyond the power of the Krupp factories to replenish them. Her reserve supply of food has been exhausted; the gold in her war chests has vanished and her credit with the neutral countries has disappeared. The neutrals demand gold for what they sell to Germany, and as she has not the gold they will no longer sell to her. Bankruptcy is perched like a bird of night upon the ledgers of German merchants, and defeat has weakened and discouraged her armies.

For forty years the German people have entertained the belief, founded on the previous war with France, and sedulously cultivated by the military, the university professors and the Pan-German writers, that Germany would win any war in a few weeks and the conquered country would pay an indemnity that would cover the costs. In other countries there is a reluctance to engage in war because of the enormous expense certain, but Germany has not dreaded war on that account; it has even looked upon it as a source of revenue. The French indemnity was greater than the war costs to Germany, and before this war broke out the Germans were talking about the twenty-five or thirty billions of indemnity they would get out of France the next time there was a

war; the last time they let France off too cheaply.

This conviction that war costs nothing but is rather a source of wealth, says the New York Journal of Commerce, accounts for the docility of the German people under the bellicose instruction of the general staff, and the Pan-Germans. The government did not dare undeceive the people by imposing heavy taxes. It borrowed.

Even in peace it was borrowing to meet current expenses. Its war debt cannot now amount to much less than \$25,000,000,000. The interest calls for more money than the national budget before the war, and this is only a part of the debt. Every buyer of government bonds has been able,—has been urged and almost commanded—to hypothecate them, and any other assets that he has, even including the household goods, for money to buy more bonds with. Debt has been piled upon debt, and so far as a very ingenious and persistent and inquisitive government can accomplish it, all the assets of the people are being acquired and burned upon the battlefields. Nothing can save the country from absolute bankruptcy, public and private, except huge indemnities from its enemies, and he must be a very unenlightened German who imagines that there is the remotest possibility of collecting a cent. Surely the end is near.

## SCHOOL TEACHER DIES

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—Estevan Dominguez, a well known printer and school teacher, died at Narbe, northern Santa Fe county, in his thirty-eighth year, leaving his wife, Magdalena Hoffman, whom he wedded 14 years ago. Dominguez for a time worked in Albuquerque and later in Denver. The funeral takes place tomorrow from Guadalupe church.

## 900 GERMANS KILLED

Amsterdam, Sept. 19.—In the recent raid by entente allies airmen on the Belgian town of Roulers says the Courier de La Meuse, a newspaper of Mooktricht, Holland, a bomb fell on a building near the market and killed or wounded 900 Germans.

## MINERS PICK FRUIT

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—Food Administrator Ralph C. Ely has accepted the offer of 75 striking miners at Gallup to go into the San Juan county fruit fields to pick and pack the fruit crop.

## CORPORAL LONEOAK STATES HOW THEY WILL BE ACCEPTED FOR SERVICE

Louis L. Loneoak, U. S. A., recruiting officer at Las Vegas, has been informed that there are several openings in the white cavalry service and enlistments amounting to 1875 are required. The National Guard coast artillery corps organization also needs men. In cases where their families would not be destitute during their absence, married men may enlist in the engineering department, the signal corps, the ordnance department, the medical department or the quartermaster's corps.

Mr. Loneoak has written the following communication to The Optic:

"I wish to state for the benefit of those who are in doubt, that the men who are called for the draft army, are not going to do all the fighting in the trenches in foreign countries, as most people seem to think, but that they will get positions that they can fill, like those that they have been holding at home, as far as the officials can place them. It must be understood that all men will not get easy, or "soft" jobs, as they are commonly called, but the men that can qualify for the easier positions will be given them as far as it is practical.

"We all regret that this war is going on, but, it was a matter that could not have been withheld in any way. Our president did everything that was within his power to keep out of it, and so did other people who were high in authority, but there was no way to stop it. We are in it now, let us all get together and do what we can to win out.

"We have this to go by; we know that we are fighting for the liberty of our women and children, therefore let us help to win this war.

"It is to be remembered, that our country has never been whipped or beaten in any of the wars in which she has been engaged, therefore let us all get together and win out.

"Our boys who go to the front are going for the purpose of winning this war, send them off as cheerfully as we can; give them something to remember that we are all behind them here, as well as our government. They are going to fight for the flag we all love. There are many who cannot go that are wishing they were younger, and more fit, so that they as well as the younger generation could shoulder a gun, and march to the front with them. I am wishing that I were in a position myself so that I could go, but Uncle Sam finds that he can make better use of me here, so I am going to do as much this way as I can possibly do, so I will be able to say that I tried to do my bit. Now let us all do our bit, and I am sure it will be appreciated as much as that of the boys leaving today will be.

"LOUIS LONEOAK,  
"Corporal, G. S. I.—R. S."

## RELYING ON PRESS

Sanat Fe, Sept. 20.—The opening of the prohibition state campaign last evening at the court house was rather inauspicious because of the small attendance, due to threatening skies, a chamber of commerce meeting and several social events, rather than to indifference. It also demonstrated the fact that the day of political or other mass meetings is past, and that the printed publicity must take the

place of oratory in the propaganda of any cause. Mr. Stewart of Chicago made a splendid address and was warmly greeted. Next month, ex-Governor Hanley of Indiana will tour the state for prohibition. In the meanwhile a house-to-house canvass in every county is to be made and the prohibitionists will rely more on the support of the press and a publicity campaign than upon mass meetings and oratory to get out a big vote in November.

## COMMERCIAL CLUB MAY GET BEHIND MAN WHO WISHES TO MAKE INVESTMENT

It was disclosed at the meeting of the board of directors of the Commercial club last night that there is a man in Las Vegas who has announced his intention to investigate the advisability of erecting, from 20 to 40 modern houses, of three to five rooms. There is such a great demand for such dwellings, that the club went on record as being willing to assist in any reputable plan for erecting them. Las Vegas has been handicapped by a lack of available homes, and many families who wished to locate here, have been forced to go elsewhere because they were unable to obtain dwellings. The name of the man who is considering building here has not been disclosed, but it is stated that he recently built a number of houses in Albuquerque.

The annual election of officers of the club will take place on the evening of October 10. In order to insure a large attendance and provide a social good time for the members, the club has arranged for a dinner and musical program preceding the election.

The touring campaign of the club has been a success, judging from reports given by members of the board of directors. At the recent meeting of the bankers' association here, bankers from nearby counties stated that their communities had noticed a large increase in touring business. Las Vegas has borne practically the entire burden of the advertising campaign, though in the recent past the publicity department of the state land office has done efficient work. As Las Vegas makes no effort to "hog" the tourist business, but sends the visitors into other localities, it is felt by the club that the other places deriving benefit should consent to bear their part of the burden. No matter what they do, however, Las Vegas will not let up on its campaign.

Present at the meeting were President N. O. Hermann, Secretary O. L. Williams and Directors Frank H. H. Roberts, William Springer, W. S. Townsend, J. O. Neafus and L. H. Bennett.

## SANTA FE RAISES MONEY

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce last evening, the budget committee reported that it now had pledges amounting to more than 7,000 and in a few days would bring the budget up to near the \$10,000 mark. This is the first year, that the chamber has succeeded in raising a budget to finance its operations and it is now in position to entertain the teachers' convention Thanksgiving week and to make a strenuous effort to land the convention again for next year.

Read the classified ads today.

### GIVES TWO EMPLOYEES CORDIAL GOODBYE AROUND HEAVY-LADEN TABLE

Charles E. Daugherty, clerk and Frank Russell Linberg, substitute carrier at the East Las Vegas postoffice, are among the men who went in the San Miguel county contingent for the for the national army.

Judge E. V. Long, postmaster, and Orrin E. Blood, assistant postmaster, gave the boys a goodbye and complimentary dinner at the Merchants Cafe Tuesday, and invited as guests all the postoffice employes. Those present in addition to the hosts were Charles E. Daugherty and Russell Linberg as guests of honor, also O. Linberg, Fred Lewis, and Walter Randolph, of the clerical force; the two veteran carriers, Oscar Burch and F. O. Thomas, and Victor Hugo Waite, Minter I. Harper and R. E. Hamilton, a new employe who takes Route 3 in place of Mr. Harper.

It was a five-course dinner and in preparation, quality and service, the boys all say par excellence. The chicken was pronounced extra fine. Stories were told, reminiscences exchanged and a general good time enjoyed.

Judge Long read Champ Clark's patriotic speech as an incentive to the patriotic service that all owe their country in this time of national stress, and the kaiser came in for some awful jolts. The two soldier boys-to-be were praised for their past faithful and efficient service and promised their places on their return.

These two young men have been able and faithful in all employments in which they have been engaged, and they no doubt will do honor to their city and country on the field of battle. Their friends wish them good luck and a safe return.

#### Farewell to Charles Nolan

Miss Margaret Floyd entertained Tuesday night at her home on Fourth street in honor of Charles Nolan of Tintridad, who left Thursday with the boys of Camp Funston. The evening was spent playing games, music was enjoyed and refreshments served. Those present were as follows: The Misses Hilda Nelson, Nellie Condon, Luella Condon, Helen A. Elliott, Alta Craven, Josephine Murphy and Rose Condon, also the Messrs. Glenn Older, C. Maybaugh, Arthur Lue Hansbury, Kenneth Brown and Eugene J. Ryan. Mr. Nolan has been employed as clerk to the roadmaster for the Santa Fe, and has made a large number of friends while in Las Vegas who wish him the best of luck.

### FUNERAL OF VETERAN SANTA FE EMPLOYEE IS HELD THIS AFTERNOON

The funeral of the late James W. Christal was held Wednesday at 2:30 o'clock from the home, 904 Prince street. Members of Chapman lodge No. 2, A. F. and A. M., which conducted the funeral services, attended in a body. A large number of friends of the veteran engineer and long-time resident were present. Interment was in Masonic cemetery. The pallbearers chosen were J. Lowe, J. R. Clevenger, E. L. Beal, F. V. Hansen, M. Stewart and Fred Kammer.

James W. Christal was born January 3, 1854, at Macon City, Macon county, Missouri. He spent his early life as a country boy. Leaving home, he faced the great west. He settled

in Las Vegas in 1878. On August 17, 1884, he was united in marriage to Miss Fanny L. Lowe. Shortly after Mr. Christal's arrival here he joined the Santa Fe ranks and rapidly worked up to the position of engineer—a position he held while located in Las Vegas until 1894. He removed to Winslow, Ariz., in 1898 and again entered the service of the Santa Fe.

A serious accident about four years ago caused Mr. Christal's health to decline, and he was retired on a pension, in July 1916. He returned to Las Vegas about a year ago, in failing health, and resided here until September 15, 1917, when he passed beyond on the long, long trip, unflinching, unafraid, having made his run through life, simple though it was, always on the square.

Mr. Christal is survived by his loving wife, a son, J. Stewart Christal of Las Vegas, and two daughters, Mrs. W. S. Heydt of Wellington, Kan., and Mrs. V. Van Riper of Bakersfield, California.

### LIVESTOCK COMES SECOND IN MAINTAINING STATE GOVERNMENT

Santa Fe, Sept. 19.—Which classification bears the heaviest assessment and therefore the heaviest tax burden in New Mexico? Chief Clerk Rupert F. Asplund gives the answer in a compilation of the new assessment just completed. In the first place, the total assessment deducting exemptions and not including the mine assessment which is special, totals \$325,099,700.61, an increase of \$12,686,248.03 over last year.

The heaviest burden bearers are the railroads, whose assessment is \$97,247,166.20 or 30 per cent of the total.

Livestock is the next highest classification, the total of all kinds of stocks for the state being \$95,511,024.75, or about 18 per cent of the total. The bulk of that is the cattleman's burden, for there are 1,128,619 head of cattle on the rolls valued at \$41,833,766. The sheepmen, who probably makes more profit than the cattleman both in gross and net in the state gets off with a tax on 1,611,184 sheep valued at \$9,059,627, although the census bureau insists that there are more than 3,000,000 head of sheep in the state and former Congressman B. S. Rodey always asserted that New Mexico has more sheep than any other state in the union, which would mean more than 6,000,000 head. The assessors found 148,759 horses which they assessed at \$6,938,331, a tidy little sum. There are on the rolls 11,389 mules valued at \$833,357; 166,317 goats \$454,290.75; 31,751 swine \$303,456; 5,697 burros \$39,607; 123 jacks \$48,590.

In the next heaviest item, grazing lands, the stockman again gets hit for the 18,280,128 acres of grazing lands are assessed at \$46,248,716.72, the improvements thereon at \$8,226,843.74; equity in state lands \$289,649, improvements on non-patented lands \$44,460, a total of \$54,807,848, so that the railroads and the livestock interests pay together on more than \$211,566,038 or about two-thirds of all the taxes, although they make the least complaint about it.

The fourth highest item is agricultural lands, 2,180,640 acres of them valued at \$32,888,346, the improvements thereon \$5,779,149, carriages

and wagons \$749,527; saddles and harness \$376,675, farming implements \$686,193.50; wheat \$9,311, oats \$8,968, corn \$12,071, barley \$1,043, hay \$46,737, wool \$984, creameries \$14,900, irrigation ditches \$8,838, poultry and bees \$41,676, which may properly be regarded as taxation upon the farmer because he is a farmer, a total of \$40,624,428.50 or about 12 per cent of the total.

The fifth largest item is that of city real estate, the lots being valued at \$15,606,973 and the improvements thereon \$21,321,825, to which should be added an assessment of household furniture of \$2,358,419.50, a total of \$39,287,237.50.

Sixth in size is undoubtedly the assessment on mines and mining. The total of the special assessment will be close or perhaps above, \$25,000,600. To this must be added the assessment on 57,937 acres of non-productive mineral lands valued at \$1,870,845.95, improvements thereon \$1,516,389.05; productive mine surface improvements \$4,084,149, making a total of more than \$32,000,000, a quite a handsome item.

Seventh comes Mr. Businessman, who makes the biggest holler as a rule about taxes although merchandise is assessed at only \$10,307,878, or about three per cent of the whole shooting match, or about one-tenth of what the railroads, one eleventh of what the livestock interests, one-fourth of what the farmer and less than one-third of what the miner is assessed. There is only one fellow who gets off easier and that is the man with money—the capitalist, the mortgage holder, the person who puts his money out in stocks and bonds, or in notes and liens and sits back doing nothing for the development of the state, but bravely drawing his or her interest and paying no taxes whatsoever.

There are several more classifications in the million class. There are the banks, for instance, which are assessed at \$6,314,484; 7,191 automobiles valued at \$2,398,234 or about 300 a piece, although there are listed more than 12,000 by the secretary of state; furniture, and fixtures \$12,272,215; water supply plants \$1,035,695, money, notes and credits \$1,105,424, electric light plants \$1,035,696.

Surprising is the revelation that there are only 740 typewriters in the state and these are valued at only \$26,586 or \$30 a piece, 187 adding machines \$20,414, 521 cash registers \$40,888, 698 scales \$23,576, 2,915 gold watches \$41,916, 1,182 silver watches \$2,492; jewelry and gold plate to the value of \$123,998 but not a dollar's worth of cut glass or china, not a pound of beans, not one surveyor's instrument, not one surgical instrument which seems to indicate that physicians operate on patients for appendicitis with the saw and hammer for the poor blacksmiths and carpenters report \$1,071,325 worth of tools, while not one surveyor, nor one surgeon have a dollar invested in an instrument. There wasn't a pound of beans in sight when the assessor came around and only \$150 worth of judgments and tax sale certificates in all the state of New Mexico. However, the thrifty housewives reported 14,535 sewing machines valued at \$72,488.50; and enough pianos and other musical instruments to make the respectable total of \$524,570,

while all the lawyers, teachers, doctors, and other professional men reported only \$154,096 in books, or about 40 cents worth for each inhabitant, while all the capital invested in manufacturing was only \$45,112, and in newspaper and printing plants only \$785,275. Saw mills escaped with an assessment of \$134,715 and 186,700 acres of timber lands with \$1,222,525, which means that the lumberman doesn't get soaked near as hard as the miner and mine owner. There were in the entire state only \$1,176 worth of coal in the coal bins, although the assessment is taken in the dead of winter, which seems to indicate that the common geezer is quite some expert tax dodger himself.

### BRIDGE IS SAGGING

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—County Commissioner Arthur Seligman, Levi A. Hughes, president of the First National bank, and State Engineer James A. French and others drove to Buckman bridge across the Rio Grande, and found that the middle pier of the bridge is sinking so that the structure is in imminent danger of collapse. A new bridge is planned, to be almost 800 feet long and to cost more than \$8,000, a petition for its construction having been presented to the board of county commissioners. It would take three months to build it. As the bridge is the gateway to the Pajarito cliff dwelling region and the Bandelier national monument, immediate action is imperative.

### AUTO TURNS OVER

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—Fabian Garcia, head of the agricultural experiment station of the state college, and C. W. Stinson, head of the state college, and C. W. Stinson on their way to Taos on account of the bad roads. In going up Cieneguilla Hill beyond Rinconada, the automobile they occupied skidded in the sand and turned over, throwing the agriculturists sprawling into the sand. Fortunately, they landed in a way to escape injury but had to walk into Taos.

### SAMUEL HOSFELD DEAD

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—Samuel Hosfeld, father-in-law of former State Traveling Auditor Howell Earnest, died in Denver last night, after an illness of several weeks. Mrs. Earnest was at her father's bedside when he died. The surviving widow, Mrs. Hosfeld, visited the Earnests in Santa Fe recently.

### IMPRISONED NEGROES PRAY

Fort Bliss, Tex., Sept. 20.—After a week of hard work, the Twenty-fourth Infantry board of inquiry has only examined one third of the 164 negro prisoners held in the stockade here in connection with the Houston riots of August 23. It is expected to take two more weeks to complete the investigation which is preliminary to the general court martial. Each night on retiring to their tents the negro prisoners have prayers in the stockade, led by one of their non-commissioned officers.

### MORE MONEY TO ALLIES

Washington, Sept. 19.—Loans of \$50,000,000 to Great Britain and \$20,000,000 to France were made by the government today, bringing the total thus far advanced to the allies up to \$2,391,400,000.

### GERMAN BOMB FALLS UPON A BUILDING AT DUNKIRK FLYING OUR FLAG

Washington, Sept. 17.—Destruction of the American consular agency at Dunkirk, France, by a German bomb on September 7 was reported today to the state department. The consular agent, Benjamin Morel, was uninjured and the archives of the consulate were saved.

The dispatch added no other details regarding the destruction. It is assumed the bomb had been dropped from a German airplane, as that section of France frequently has been raided by enemy aircraft. Earlier in the war, however, Dunkirk was bombarded from a distance of about 20 miles by a huge German gun which had been brought to bear upon the city. This battery soon was located by the French, and concentrated attack on it caused the Germans to leave it.

### PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCES ITS STATUS TO WORLD

Petrograd, Sept. 15 (Delayed)—Russia has been proclaimed a republic. The provisional government tonight issued the proclamation dated September 14. The proclamation follows:

"General Korniloff's rebellion has been quelled. But great is the confusion caused thereby, and great is the danger threatening the fate of the fatherland and its freedom.

"Holding it necessary to put an end to the external indefiniteness of the state's organization, remembering the unanimous and rapturous approval of the republican ideas expressed at the Moscow state conference, the provisional government declares that the constitutional organization according to which the Russian state is ruled is a republican organization and it hereby proclaims the Russian nation a republic.

(Signed)

"Minister and President Kerensky."

"Minister of Justice Yaroudni."

The title "minister and president" affixed to Premier Kerensky's signature to the proclamation, probably refers to his position as president of the ministry rather than that of the republic.

### Army is Reorganized

Washington, Sept. 17.—General Alievieff's appointment to supreme command of the Russian armies, will be followed by a general reorganization in which old generals will give place to new ones. First definite news of the reorganization was received at the Russian embassy today in dispatches from Petrograd. Confidence of the troops is being restored by the removal of the former generals, the dispatches said, and the situation is rapidly clearing. The Korniloff uprising seems to have been quelled without bloodshed, and Russian officials here say that the government is stronger than ever.

### A VALUABLE HEALTH HINT

Foley Cathartic Tablets keep the bowels open and regular, the liver active and the stomach sweet. They cause no pain, nausea nor griping. They relieve indigestion, sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach and like indispositions. Stout persons enjoy them, as they are so comforting and helpful.—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

### SAID TO BE SECRETLY AIDING SPECIAL DEPARTMENT IS CREATED FOR WORK IN DISTRESSED COUNTRY

Washington, Sept. 17.—Appointment of a commission to investigate labor conditions in Arizona copper mines, as advocated by the American Federation of Labor, was proposed today to President Wilson. President Gompers of the labor federation laid before the president charges of federation investigators that I. W. W. agitators were encouraged by copper producing interests for the sake of discrediting the labor movement. Most of the miners recently deported from Bisbee were union members and not I. W. W. men, and this was known to company officials who promoted the deportations, the federation of labor charges.

### LEAVING COLUMBUS CAMP

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 17.—Seventeen more alleged Industrial Workers of the World from the Columbus, N. M. deportation camp were taken into custody today by a deputy sheriff upon their arrival here. With 17 others arrested last night, the men will be taken to Bisbee today to be charged with vagrancy.

The Columbus men say the camp there is breaking up because of a cut in rations, and all the men there intend to leave by Monday next. A crowd met the train from Columbus at Osborn Junction, near here, but no one was taken off.

### DIES FROM SHOCK

Clovis, N. M., Sept. 17.—As a sad sequel to the death last week of Mrs. R. V. Duke, due to gasoline burning, came the death Wednesday night of Mr. Duke, who also received severe burns at the same time. Mr. Duke's condition had not at first been considered serious, but his physical condition was not such as to withstand the injuries, the shock of the accident and the grief caused by the tragic death of his wife.

The accident, which occurred 10 days ago on the Duke farm about 20 miles northwest of Clovis, followed a midnight call from a passing auto party for more gasoline. Mr. and Mrs. Duke, to oblige the people, went out and drew the gas for them from a supply tank. After the car had left, Mr. Duke is supposed to have used a lantern in seeing how much gasoline was left in the tank. The explosion followed, the wife dying within 12 hours.

### MAY USE WAR FUNDS

Santa Fe, Sept. 17.—Attorney General Harry L. Patton ruled this afternoon that Governor W. E. Lindsey is justified in using war emergency funds in suppressing bootlegging at Albuquerque if the law violations "seriously interfere with the health, morals and discipline of the soldiers" but not otherwise. It has been suggested that Governor Lindsey would have the power to remove from office such county and city officers as refused to enforce the law in reference to the liquor traffic.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilarating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after breakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 17.—The formation of a special department under the American Red Cross commission to France to direct all Red Cross activities in Belgium, is announced in a cable from Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, head of the commission, to H. P. Davison, chairman of the Red Cross war council.

Dr. Ernest P. Bicknell, formerly director general of civilian relief of the American Red Cross, and now deputy commissioner to Europe, is to be placed in charge of the work in Belgium. Assisting him will be the Reverend John Van Schaick, pastor of the Church of Our Father in Washington, D. C., and also a member of the commission.

The decision of the commission to separate Belgian relief work from that in France was made after several audiences of Major Murphy with the king and queen of Belgium. Headquarters for the new department will be at Havre, now serving as the seat of the Belgian government. Cordial approval of the plan has been voiced by Brand Whitlock, United States Minister to Belgium, in a letter to Major Murphy.

"I congratulate you and the Red Cross upon this very wise decision," wrote Minister Whitlock. "I know that it is particularly pleasing to the Belgian government as another proof of the interest that America feels toward the Belgian cause.

"It will be a great pleasure to me to have Mr. Bicknell and Mr. Van Schaick, both of whom I know well, here at the seat of the Belgian government, and you may be assured that I will do all in my power to help them in their work and to make their residence here as pleasant as possible."

At Havre, Dr. Bicknell and Dr. Van Schaick will keep closely in touch with the many relief interests of King Albert and Queen Elizabeth, as well as with private agencies. They will administer the aid which the Red Cross will give to establish enterprises and will prepare the way for future operations in the devastated regions of Belgium.

Major Murphy has already made a journey of inspection behind the Belgian lines and planned a general program of relief which, for the present, is to include financial assistance to Belgian hospitals and other relief works, special care of between five and six thousand Belgian children in co-operation with the Rockefeller foundation, and aid to the inhabitants of Belgian villages who recover their homes as the Germans retire.

"The work for children," Major Murphy cables, "is not only one of the finest works the Red Cross could undertake, but also one of the most effective in aiding the future of Belgium."

Reconstruction in Belgian towns will be done in co-operation with the Belgian government. When a village is recovered, the burgomaster and his assistants and a picked group of refugees are allowed to begin the work of rehabilitation. The Red Cross will furnish them with the tools, furniture, seeds, farm animals and supplies needed to help refugees get on their feet. As fast as the work progresses the government will return other refugees to their homes. The Red Cross

will thus be furnishing in each town recovered the necessary shelter and equipment for a working nucleus about which the whole community can gradually be restored.

### SENATE AND HOUSE CONFEREES AGREE ON SECTION OF WAR TAX BILL

Washington, Sept. 18.—Second class postage taxes in the war tax bill were agreed upon today by the conferees. A modified zone plan for increasing rates on newspapers and periodicals was decided upon, according to reliable information which filtered through the strict order of secrecy. None of the conferees would disclose any intimation of their action. Others, however, in close touch with the second class mail question, said the conferees had agreed upon modification of the house zone plan. The information was to the effect that a compromise between the house and McKellar plans had been reached proposing a limited circulation area in which one-cent price a pound rates would not be raised, and reducing both the graduated zone rate increases of both the house and McKellar plans.

Postmaster General Bureson talked with the conferees before their decision was reported today, and was said to have urged the Hardwick plan of raising postage rates, especially on advertising portions of publications. Representative Kitchen and the other house conferees, it was said, threatened to take the fight back into the house if the senate conferees did yield on the second class mail question. Coupled with the agreement on postage rates was said to be the decision by the conferees to restore in part at least, the house taxes on first class mail.

### WILL BE PAID FOR THEIR WORK

Women everywhere suffer from kidney trouble—backache, rheumatic pains, swollen and tender muscles, stiff joints, Mrs. C. J. Ellis, 505 8th avenue, Sioux Falls, S. D., writes: "I feel sure if anyone bothered as I was will give Foley Kidney Pills a fair trial they will be repaid for their work."—O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

### PUEBLO INDIANS HOLD FAIR

Albuquerque, Sept. 18.—The educational progress of the Pueblo Indians, particularly along the lines of agriculture and domestic science, are illustrated by an attractive array of exhibits at the annual fair which opened today at the Pueblo Indian agency at Laguna. The three-day program provides elaborate entertainment for the visitors, including cowboy sports and frontier pastimes.

### For Colic and Diarrhoea

Mrs. C. F. Adamson, Gorham, N. Y., when speaking of family medicines says, "We think Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy is the best on the market for colic and diarrhoea." You will find hosts of others who are of the same opinion.—Adv.

### MALONE LEAVES JOB

New York, Sept. 17.—Dudley Field Malone, in a farewell address today to employes at the custom house, announced his recently tendered resignation as collector of the port of New York had been accepted by President Wilson.

## SOLDIERS DRAW MORE WHEN ASKED TO FIGHT ON EUROPEAN SOIL

Washington, Sept. 14.—All pay in the United States army is raised 20 per cent automatically, when the man goes into foreign service. Following is the domestic pay received by regular army, National Guard and reserve officers and men now in service and to be received by the personnel of the conscript armies being raised:

Buglers and second class private, \$33 a month; first class privates \$36.60 a month, artillery, cavalry and infantry corporals, saddlers, infantry, cavalry, field artillery and medical department mechanics, farriers and wagoners, \$40.20 a month.

Engineer, ordnance, signal corps, quartermaster's corps and medical department corporals, coast artillery mechanics, field artillery chief mechanics, third class musicians of the infantry, cavalry, artillery and engineers, \$40.80 a month.

Artillery, cavalry and infantry sergeants; field artillery, cavalry and infantry stable sergeants; artillery, cavalry and infantry supply sergeants; artillery, cavalry and infantry mess sergeants, cooks, horseshoers, radio sergeants; firemen, band corporals, second class musicians of the cavalry artillery, infantry and engineers and third class musicians of the military academy, \$44 a month.

Engineer, ordnance, signal corps, quartermaster's corps and medical department sergeants, stable sergeants of the engineers, supply sergeants of the engineers, mess sergeants of the engineers, all color sergeants, electrician sergeants of the second class, band sergeant majors, sergeant majors of infantry, cavalry, artillery and engineers and second class musicians of the military academy, \$51.20 a month.

Battalion sergeants majors of the field artillery and infantry, squadron sergeant majors, sergeant majors of the junior grade, master gunners, sergeant buglers, assistant band leaders, \$56 a month.

Regimental sergeant majors, regimental supply sergeants, sergeant majors of the senior grade, quartermaster's sergeants of the quartermaster's corps, ordnance sergeants first sergeants, battalion sergeant majors of the engineers, battalion supply sergeants of the engineers, electrician sergeants of the first class, first class sergeants of the quartermaster's corps engineers and signal corps; assistant engineers and first class musicians of the military academy, \$60 a month.

First class sergeants of the medical department, field musician sergeants of the military academy, \$66. Hospital sergeants, master engineers of the junior grade and engineers, \$84.

Quartermaster sergeant of the senior grade of the quartermaster's corps, band leaders, master signal electricians, master electricians, master engineers of the senior grade, master hospital sergeants, band sergeants and assistant band leaders of the military academy, \$96 a month.

This pay is for first enlistments. It increases with each enlistment in the regular army. Because of special qualifications and service, certain men draw pay, or bonuses, beyond the regular enlistment pay, as follows:

Mess sergeants, \$6; casemate electricians, chief loaders, second class observers, gun commanders and gun pointers, \$7 each; surgical assistants,

expert first class gunners F. A., and expert riflemen, \$5 each; private first class nurses, sharpshooters and first class gunners, \$3 each; second class gunners, marksmen, dispensary assistants and holders of the certificate of merit, \$2 each.

Enlisted men get all clothing and equipment free.

Officers in addition to fixed allowances for quarters, heat and light, receive the following sums yearly, with provision for increase every five years for all ranks below brigadier general in the regular army.

Second lieutenants, \$1,700; first lieutenants, \$2,000; captains, \$2,400; majors, \$3,000; lieutenant colonels, \$3,500; colonels, \$4,000; brigadier-generals \$6,000; major generals 8,000, and lieutenant generals, \$11,000.

### Save the Vegetable Juice

The importance of avoiding loss occurring in cooking vegetables is emphasized by Miss Jane Cape, instructor in domestic science in the Kansas state agricultural college.

The ordinary method of paring Irish potatoes and allowing them to soak in water before cooking, results in a great loss in the nutritive value of the vegetables, pointed out by Miss Cape.

Such vegetables as peas, cabbage, spinach and carrots usually are boiled and the juices poured off. Many vegetables when served are consequently almost without nourishment. All of the minerals, soluble carbohydrates, calcium and phosphorus necessary to build up certain tissues of the body are wasted.

"It is advisable to use the juices extracted from vegetables by boiling in sauces to be served with the vegetables or in making soup," said Miss Cape.

"Baking or steaming is an economical method of cooking vegetables. Experimental work has shown the relatively small losses from steaming and the great losses from boiling vegetables. Many root vegetables may be cooked in the jacket to preserve their nutrients.

"The importance of using the minerals contained in vegetables cannot be overestimated and all farm wives who value the health and wealth of their family should employ the method of cooking vegetables that insures against loss of any kind."

### Putting up String Beans

Here is a method of putting them up for future use that has been used for years: Gather beans while tender, string and wash them. Have ready a stone jar, 3-, 4- or 5-gallon size, to suit your needs. Put a thin layer of salt in bottom of jar. Now take beans from the wash water with your hands shake them so as to get most of the water off, put beans in jar loose to a depth of about two inches and each time you put in this many and a good handful of salt, or, if the jar is over 5-gallon size, put in two handfuls of salt. Don't break the beans—leave them whole and salt each layer after you put it in. Put a plate on the beans and put in jars as you have them fresh. Can put in fresh ones at any time, always putting salt in every time you put beans in, and always replacing the weight on them. They will make their own brine and will keep a year or more. When wanted for use freshen in cold water for twenty-four hours.

### Vegetables Kept by Fermentation

Washington, D. C., Sept. 15.—The fermentation method widely used abroad in preserving string beans, beets, cabbage, cucumbers and other succulent garden crops, is described in a notice just issued by the United States department of agriculture.

Sauerkraut and pickles put up in this way are fairly well known in this country, but comparatively few persons have thought of trying it as a household measure for preserving these and other vegetables. Those who like acid foods and who have too few canning containers to hold their surplus products may find this method useful. The following description of this method of fermenting vegetables is prepared by one of the bacteriologists in the bureau of chemistry who has been experimenting with this process.

The vegetables are not cooked but are put down in salt brine in any non-metal water-tight container and are sealed up with paraffin and are otherwise made air-tight. Under this treatment lactic acid will develop and this acid, the value of which as food has been recognized, acts as a preservative. Whether Americans will develop a taste for such fermented foods highly prized in Europe, is open to question but the investigator believes that many will find the process well worth trying.

### To Preserve Cucumbers

Wash the fruit, if necessary, and pack into a clean, water-tight barrel, keg or crock. On the bottom of the barrel place a layer of dill weed and a handful of mixed spice. Add another layer of dill and another handful of spice when the barrel is half full and when almost full add a third layer. If a keg or crock is used, the amount of dill and spice can be reduced in proportion to the size of the receptacle. When the container has been filled within a few inches of the top, add a layer of covering material—beet tops or grape leaves—about an inch thick. If any spoilage should occur on the surface, this layer will protect the vegetables beneath. Press down with a clean board weighted with bricks or stone. Do not use limestone or sandstone.

Make a brine by adding one pound of salt to ten quarts of water. To each ten quarts of brine so made add two-thirds of a quart of vinegar. The vinegar is used primarily to keep down the growth of injurious bacteria until the lactic acid ferment starts, but it also adds to the flavor. Add sufficient brine to cover the material and allow to stand twenty-four hours. Then make air tight, as described below. The time necessary for complete fermentation to occur depends upon the temperature. In a warm place only five days to a week may be necessary; in a cool cellar, three to four weeks.

### Beets and String Beans

The strings should be removed from string beans before they are put up. Beets, of course, require careful brining. If it is desired, when finally the beets or string beans are to be eaten, to wash out the brine and serve them as fresh vegetables, the addition of spice when they are put up is not necessary. Proceed as with cucumbers.

### Make the Containers Air-Tight

There always will be more or less bubbling and foaming of the brine during the first stages of fermentation. After this ceases a thin film will appear which will spread rapidly over the whole surface and develop quickly into a heavy, folded membrane. This scum is a growth of yeast-like organisms which feed upon the acid formed by fermentation. If allowed to grow undisturbed it will eventually destroy all the acid and the fermented material will spoil. To prevent this scum from forming it is necessary to exclude the air from the surface of the brine. This should be done by either of two methods, twenty-four hours after the vegetables have been packed.

Perhaps the best method is to cov-

er the surface—over the board and around the weight—with a very hot, mented paraffin. If the paraffin is sufficiently hot to make the brine boil when poured upon it, the paraffin will form a smooth, even layer before hardening. Upon solidifying, it effects an air-tight seal. Oils, such as cottonseed oil or the tasteless liquid petroleum, may also be used for this purpose. As a measure of safety with crocks, it is advisable to cover the top with a cloth soaked in melted paraffin. Put the cover in place before the paraffin hardens.

The second method, which may be used with barrels or kegs, is to pack the container as full as possible and then replace the head. In using this method for fermentation of beets, cucumbers, or string beans, add the board and weights as described above and allow to stand for twenty-four hours before heading. During this period most of the gas first formed escapes and the container then may be headed up tight, first removing the board and weights. Then bore an inch hole in the head and fill the barrel with brine, allowing no air space. Allow bubbles to escape. Add more brine if possible, and plug the vent tight. If the barrel does not leak, fermented products put up in this manner will keep indefinitely.

After sealing with paraffin the containers should be set where they will not be disturbed until the contents are to be used. Any attempt to remove them from one place to another may break the paraffin seal and necessitate resealing. If the containers are not opened until cold weather, the vegetables should keep without spoiling until they are used up. If opened in warm weather they are likely to spoil quite rapidly unless the paraffin is reheated and the container resealed immediately. In the case of cucumbers and chayotes, it is preferable, if enough material is available, to use the method in packing in kegs or barrels as described above.

Only those vegetables which cannot be kept by storing or early ones that are not available later in the season, should be preserved. Late beets, for example, can be better kept in the cellar.

### NEW WINDMILL COMPANY

Santa Fe, Sept. 15.—Three companies filed incorporation papers today with the state corporation commission. The first is the Mammoth Windmill Manufacturing company of Las Cruces, capitalized at \$500,000 of which \$3,000 is paid up, the shares being one dollar each. The incorporators and directors are: J. L. La Driere of Las Cruces; Zeno LaDriere and J. Roy Henry of Douglas, Ariz. The second company is the Vera Cruz Leasing company of Carrizozo, capitalized at \$100,000, the shares being \$1 each. The incorporators and directors are: R. R. Foster, El Paso, 95,000 shares; Rio R. Schuster of El Paso, 3,000 shares; Robert W. Hyde, Carrizozo, 2,000 shares. The third company is the Valley Oil company of Columbus, Luna county, capitalized at \$250,000, the shares being \$1 each and the incorporators and directors are Robert M. Marshall, 500 shares; C. F. Rogers, 250 shares; E. C. Kniffen, 1950 shares, the total paid in being \$3,000.

### Bilious Headache

All that is needed to correct the biliousness and the headache disappears. Take Chamberlain's Tablets and you will soon be as well as ever. In fact you should take a full dose of these tablets as soon as you feel the first symptoms of an approaching attack.—Adv.

### NEW PREMIER ANNOUNCES THE GOVERNMENT WILL NOT WEAKEN

Paris, Sept. 19—The French ministerial declaration was read by Professor Painleve, the new premier, in the chamber of deputies this afternoon. It reaffirms the determination of France to continue the war until the disannexation of Alsace and Lorraine from Germany is assured, along with reparation for the damages caused by the Germans.

Alluding to the efforts made by the Germans to weaken the moral forces of the country, the declaration says in cases already under investigation and those that may hereafter require inquiry, justice will follow its course without hesitation or weakness and without taking any account whatever of the personalities involved. "Whoever makes himself an accomplice of the enemy," says the declaration, "must suffer the rigor of the law."

### UNION PRINTERS BOUGHT BONDS

Through its executive council, the International Typographical union was one of the first trade unions to subscribe for the first issue of Liberty bonds. In the allotment of these bonds the International Typographical union's subscription was cut from \$50,000 to \$30,000. Subordinate local typographical unions subscribed to the amount of \$54,850, while the subscriptions of individual members and the purchases made through chapel organizations amounted to \$1,130,300, bringing the total subscriptions made by members of the International Typographical union up to \$1,215,000. In order that the organization may obtain bonds to the full extent of its subscription on the second Liberty loan, the executive council of the International Typographical union contemplates dividing its second subscription between a number of cities.

### RATE CASE HEARING

Austin, Texas, Sept. 19.—The case of the railroads of Texas against the state attorney general, seeking a restraining order to prevent the attorney general's department from prosecuting a suit to enjoin the collection by the roads of the differential rates in west Texas, as provided by the interstate commerce commission, is set for final hearing before three federal judges in this city tomorrow. From the decision of the three judges before whom the matter is to be heard on its merits, the case may be appealed directly to the supreme court of the United States as the court of last resort. In this way final disposition of the issues involved in the now famous Shreveport rate case is expected at an early date.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—S. F. McDonald, president of the National Association of Master Bakers, in addressing the organization, said yesterday:

"As an artificial stimulant to wheat production, congress proposes to guarantee a minimum price of \$2 for the 1918 wheat crop. At the same time congress delegates to the farmer the right to hoard farm products. These are conditions tending to build up excessive bread costs. A high minimum without a maximum price tends to defeat the thing which the majority of the people are anxious to see; namely, a reduction in the high price of wheat."

### THOMAS INCE DEVISES PLAN FOR MAKING BOYS IN FRANCE MORE HAPPY

Los Angeles, Sept. 19—Motion pictures of relatives, sweethearts or close friends, taken against a background of scenes in their "own home town," would be shown to American soldiers in the trenches under a plan submitted to Newton D. Baker, secretary of war by Thomas H. Ince, a motion picture producer, in a letter made public here today.

Mr. Ince's plan contemplates the making of motion pictures under government auspices in every city and town of importance. Parents, families or friends and sweethearts of soldiers in each center, according to the plan, would be notified to appear at a certain time and motion pictures, probably simply a panoramic view—would be taken of them, probably taking also, familiar buildings streets or parks in each town. Thus the reel of each center would be to the soldiers from that place a touch of "home" and for most of them of vital interest for those would see in motion, life like, and in a familiar settings, a mother, sweetheart, children or others of the family. Reels could be shown at certain points at the front so Los Angeles soldiers could go to see the Los Angeles reel and New York soldiers the New York pictures.

Mr. Ince estimated about forty persons could be shown in a foot of film which finished, ready for projection, would cost the government about ten cents. If one person, dear to one certain soldier, the cost for a million men would be but \$2,500 for the film. Mr. Ince advocated the plan as practical, and economical and offered to supervise the matter and at his own expense to assemble, label and put in proper shape, the many reels.

### PROJECTS IN SANTA FE, MORA AND COLFAX COUNTIES ARE EXPENSIVE

Santa Fe, Sept. 19—Road projects in Colfax, Mora and Santa Fe counties involving a total expenditure of \$398,967, were submitted to C. H. Sweester, district engineer of the division of roads, United States department of agriculture, by State Highway Engineer James A. French in Albuquerque Saturday, and if they are approved the federal government will supply one-half the funds and the money will be available on December 1. Federal approval of each of the projects is expected.

Under the provisions of the federal aid road act, New Mexico is entitled to \$78,700 for the year ending June 30, 1917; \$157,500 for the year ending June 30, 1918 and \$238,634 for year ending June 30, 1919. None of the money has yet been used.

The three projects submitted to the federal engineer by Mr. French follow:

No. 1—Surfaced highway 73 miles long from the Colorado line to the southern line of Colfax county, via Cimarron, to cost \$157,900. It is proposed to expend \$40,000 in 1918, \$60,000 in 1919 and \$57,900 in 1920.

No. 2—Surface highway 38.8 miles long, from the southern line of Colfax county to the town of Mora, to cost \$214,102. This will be all new construction, and the work will extend over five years, the expenditures to be \$34,000 in 1918; \$36,000 in 1919;

\$40,000 in 1920; \$48,000 in 1921, and \$56,102 in 1922.

No. 3—Surfaced highway 9 miles in length in Santa Fe county, from the B. M. Cutting residence at Santa Fe to the gate of Pankey's pasture, to cost \$26,965. This is a portion of the Santa Fe-Las Vegas road, and it is proposed to spend \$10,000 in 1918, and \$16,965 in 1919.

### FARMERS OVERWHELMED BY TREMENDOUS CROP, FAR ABOVE EXPECTATIONS

Farmington, Sept. 19—This morning at 6 o'clock a special train whistled into Farmington with a carload of bushel peach baskets—and thereby hangs a tale.

The peach crop in the valley this year has been bigger than even the wildest estimate, and as a result the growers are up against it to find containers in which to market the fruit. As an instance of the way the crop fooled the growers one man estimated his crop at about 300 baskets of fruit. He ordered this amount, and this week when the peach season is on in full swing, he discovered that his estimate was just some 500 baskets short. The result is that he will lose the fruit he didn't think he had. And so in many cases. The absolute fruit failure last season, with the former disastrous experience in getting the cash for peaches, has made our growers rather skeptical about the business, anyway and no one had foresight enough to finance a great amount of fruit containers.

A fruit growers' association was organized in Farmington several years ago, but went to the bad and practically disorganized. The thing that is needed—and at last our people have become alive to the need—is a strongly organized association, which every fruit grower will pledge to support. With such an organization this year the growers would easily have saved to themselves more than \$50,000. Fruit containers would have been procured early in the spring and the prices received for stuff would have been much higher than that offered by the outside buyers who came in and saw the disorganized situation and the lack of containers.

### DIRECTORS OF STATE INSTITUTION MAKE APPEAL TO THE GOVERNOR

Santa Fe, Sept. 19—Because a woman at Vaughn became insane when her two sons joined the army, the board of directors of the New Mexico insane asylum at Las Vegas is asking Governor Lindsey to permit the use of \$50,000 of the war emergency appropriation made at the special session of the legislature in the erection of an additional building at the asylum.

They are also basing their request on a statement that the number of patients in the asylum is increasing steadily, and that the accommodations are inadequate. The Vaughn woman is now in the asylum, and her case is presented as an argument for the use of war funds in connection with a federal regulation that each state must provide for the housing and care of any of its soldiers who become insane in service.

E. J. McWenig, a member of the board of directors, and Dr. F. M. Des Marias, superintendent of the asylum, called on Governor Lindsey here to

present the request. The governor has asked Senator John S. Clark of East Las Vegas; Senator R. G. Bryant of Portales and Major R. C. Reid to form a committee to investigate conditions and needs at the state insane asylum and report.

### CONFERENCES BEING HELD AT SAN FRANCISCO MAY PRODUCE RESULTS

Washington, Sept. 19—Labor department officials today expressed the opinion that there "is some prospect of adjustment soon" of the ship builders' and iron workers' strike at San Francisco. Their estimate was based largely, it was said, upon a telegram received from W. T. Boyce, assistant commissioner of immigration, at San Francisco, who is acting as conciliator. Mr. Boyce reported conferences last night and that he expected to resume them today.

### No Agreement Reached

San Francisco, Sept. 19—Conference committees of the employers and the iron trades council, approximately 25,000 affiliated members are on strike for higher wages, went into secret session here again today with W. T. Boyce, federal mediator.

Every effort, it was announced, would be made to effect a settlement and the return of the strikers, whose walkout last Monday paralyzed ship-building plants, engine and machinery works and other industries in San Francisco, Oakland and Alameda engaged in war emergency construction for the government. Boyce announced that his appointment as mediator had been accepted on both sides.

James L. Ackerman, representing the emergency fleet corporation and Captain A. F. Pillsbury, of the shipping board, attended the conference in an advisory capacity.

### Army Patrol at Astoria

Astoria, Ore., Sept. 19.—United States infantrymen today were patrolling the streets in the vicinity of Astoria's three ship yards and the big Hammond Lumber company's mill here. The troops arrived early today from Portland, having been sent by Governor Withycombe to prevent I. W. W. and others from picketing the plants and threatening employes working on government orders.

No disorders were reported. The Hammond mill continued to operate today, although crippled by a walkout yesterday of approximately 150 men who struck in sympathy with Seattle strikers against 10-hour lumber.

### RAILROADDERS DO DUTY

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 19—Not content with doing their bit by planting the lawns adjoining the general offices here with a war crop of beans, the officials of the El Paso and Southwestern railroad system have offered prizes for the best war garden to be grown by the section foreman or section hands along the right of way of the railroad system in Arizona, New Mexico and Texas.

As the limited trains speed along the railroad, the little plots of cultivated ground may be seen beside the track, and, if it is after working hours, the section men hoeing and watering their crops of beans, cabbage and potatoes. This plan has also been adopted by the Rock Island system, which connects with the southwestern system.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Wm. R. Morley, Datil, N. M.

One 6 year old brown Gelding, 700 lbs.

Branded  
Right hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 15, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 90 Book 6 118 b  
1st. pub. Sept. 18, last pub. Oct. 3, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Wm. R. Morley, Datil, N. M.

One 6 year old red motley faced cow (wild).

Branded  
Right ribs



Branded  
Left shoulder

Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 15, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 91 Book 6 188 c  
1st. pub. Sept. 18, last pub. Oct. 3, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by W. B. Ballard, Encino, New Mexico.

One dark brown 10 year old mare, 750 lbs.

Branded  
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 11, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
85-Book 6 111 B  
1st. pub. Sept. 14, last pub. Sept. 29, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Victor Sais, San Acacio, New Mexico.

One dark bluish gray 5 year old mare, 700 lbs.

Branded  
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 11, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
84-Book 6-111 A  
1st. pub. Sept. 14, last pub. Sept. 29, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by J. A. Stump, Deming, New Mexico:

One 9 year old red, white faced cow 600 lbs., about 4 1/2 ft. high.

Branded  
Left Ribs  
Branded  
Left hip



Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 9, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
79-B 6-108-C  
1st. pub. Sept. 12, last pub. Sept. 27, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by W. Karl Brussel, Silver City, New Mexico.

One 8 year old brown stallion, 750 lbs., 13 1/2 hands high.

Branded  
Right hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 9, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
78-Book 6-112 D  
1st. pub. Sept. 12, last pub. Sept. 27, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described animals were taken up by Geo. Phillips, Hermanas, New Mexico.

One 14-year-old blue horse mule, 700 pounds, 13 1/2 hands high.

Unbranded.  
Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by owner on or before Oct. 11, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 89 B 6 117 B.  
1st. pub. Sept. 15, last pub. Oct. 1, 1917.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by J. A. Stump, Deming, New Mexico.

One spotted yearling steer.

Branded  
Left ribs  
Branded  
Left Hip



Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 9, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
82-B-6-108-D  
1st. pub. Sept. 12, last pub. Sept. 27, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by R. M. Spruill, Estancia, New Mexico:

One yearling roan heifer, weighing about 450 pounds, unbraded.

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 1, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 74-Book 6-115 C  
1st. pub. Sept. 5, last pub. Sept. 20.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described animals were taken up by Isaac Martinez, Taylor Springs, New Mexico.

Branded  
Left shoulder  
Ear marks



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by owner on or before Oct. 11, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

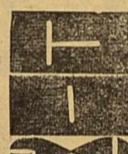
CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 86 B 6 116 C.  
1st. pub. Sept. 15, last pub. Oct. 1, 1917.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Mr. J. H. McCamant, Gallup, New Mexico.

One red and white 8 year old cow, 650 lbs..

Branded  
Left shoulder  
Branded  
Left hip



Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 11, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
83 Book 6-109-D  
1st. pub. Sept. 14, last pub. Sept. 29, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described animals were taken up by Fred Croom, Deming, New Mexico.

One 12 or 14 year old black horse, seven or eight hundred pounds, 13 1/2 hands high.

Branded  
Left Hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 9, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
80-Book 6 1112 a  
1st. pub. Sept. 12, last pub. Sept. 27, '17

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described animals were taken up by Geo. Phillips, Hermanas, New Mexico.

One 8-year-old bay mare mule, 800 pounds, 14 1/2 hands high.

Branded  
Left front leg



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by owner on or before Oct. 11, 1917, said date

being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 88 B 6 117 C  
1st. pub. Sept. 15, last pub. Oct. 1, 1917.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by G. O. S. Cattle Co., Hurley, New Mexico:

One three year old roan steer.

Branded  
Left neck



Left shoulder

Left  
Hip

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 1, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 76-Book 6-1146.  
1st. pub. Sept. 5, last pub. Sept. 20.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by A. H. Harris, E. Las Vegas, New Mexico :

One ten year old white mare, 800 pounds, 14 hands high.

Branded  
Left jaw  
Left  
Hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 1, 1917, said date being ten days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
No. 77-Book 6 112 b.  
1st. pub. Sept. 5, last pub. Sept. 20.

**Estray Advertisement**

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Geo. Owsley, Magdalena, New Mexico.

One 4 year old red Mexican cow, 500 lbs.

Branded  
Left ribs



Branded  
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Oct. 9, 1917, said date being 10 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD,  
Albuquerque, N. M.  
81-B 113 A  
1st. pub. Sept. 12, last pub. Sept. 27, '17

**SCHOONER IS WRECKED**

An Atlantic Port, Sept. 20—An Italian steamer in port today reports having picked up at sea five seamen from the Portuguese schooner Undina, which was wrecked in a hurricane while bound from a gulf port to Europe with a cargo of sulphur and other products.

New York, Sept. 20—The price of bar silver which passed the dollar mark September 14, today reached the unprecedented mark of \$1.06 1/2.

Thomas Lamb, whose bicycle has been missing for several days, has recovered it with the aid of the police. He says if the wheel had not been found he would have felt himself to have been made the goat.

David Marion Barker, who was a reporter for The Optic for nearly two years, has entered the service of the government in the biological survey department. His duties will keep him in the woods practically all the time.

George W. McDonald, well known here as "Chicago Mack," was married on September 12 to Miss Betty Schiller of Chicago. Mr. McDonald spent the greater part of the last seven years here in Las Vegas at St. Anthony's sanitarium, and has a large host of friends.

W. R. Smythe of the state engineer's office has completed the survey of the new road from Mora to Cimarron. The road runs from Mora via Lucero and Ocate to the county line where it is intersected by the Cimarron-Apache hill highway. The new road will prove of great value to Mora and Colfax county citizens.

Floyd Everett, the man who was arrested in the People's drug store Saturday morning while attempting to stab Ira Worman, an employe of the store, with a knife, was fined \$10 and costs by Police Judge Stewart this morning. The fine was remitted and Everett was instructed to go to Raton where he has been summoned to appear for entrapment for the training camp at Camp Funston, Kas., on Thursday. Worman refused to appear against Everett, and the man was arraigned on a charge of drunkenness.

The contracts were let Monday by the county commissioners for the construction of four concrete bridges to be located at the following places: Cuervo, Variadero, Los Alamos and Cerrito. The bid was \$56,353, and the contract was left to the Missouri Valley Bridge and Iron company, which has built many of the country's best bridges.

New students who enrolled at the Normal University Monday: Herbert Edward Wildenstein, Magdalena; Lillie Hopson, Potean, Okla.; Wenona Davis and Izel Davis, Clouderoff; Helma Vollmer, Joseph Ohliger, Las Vegas; Jose Sandoval and Benavidez Sandoval, Wagon Mound; Cecilia Gallegos and Amanda Montano of Carrizozo; Fred Moore of Las Vegas; Miss Lewis of Salina, Kansas.

Lee Gerard left Tuesday night for Wagon Mound where he will assume the managership of the Wagon Mound Motor company. Mr. Gerard has been in the employ of the Las Vegas Sales company, which is one of the chain of garages operated by L. H. Bennett.

Jose Ignacio Garcia, who has been employed in the job printing department of The Optic for the past two years, left Wednesday for Santa Fe, where he will be employed in the office of Secretary of State Antonio Lucero. Mr. Garcia has many friends in Las Vegas, who wish him success in his new work.

South Sixth street is a busy place these days. On the east side Contractor Sundt is tearing up the side walk and excavating for a new pavement,

and linemen are preparing to move telephone and electric power poles. On the west side T. W. Smith is digging up several sections of walk, which he will replace with new cement. Both sides of the street are to have new sidewalks between Douglas avenue and Grand avenue and Lincoln avenue, respectively.

E. H. Beeler, recently employed by the Santa Fe, left yesterday for El Paso, where he has joined the railroad corps which will sail for France in a short time.

The E. Romero Rose and Fire company received its new electric alarm on September 15, and the boys are arranging to have it installed at once. It will aid in giving the public better service.

Thomas T. Trusty and Simon Mondragon left last evening for El Paso to join the railway regiment at that point. L. Loneoak, recruiting officer, wishes to announce that he has received instructions to enlist all the men available for the railroad engineers and the forestry engineers.

Anselmo Gonzales applied for a bounty of \$2 this morning at the counselor's office, for a coyote that he killed September 17 at Trujillo.

A man who gave his name as J. E. Shinn was arrested this morning by Night Officer E. C. Ward, on complaint of Douglas avenue residents. It was expected that he would be arraigned on a charge of disturbing the peace.

Eufemio Lucero y Jiron has been appointed as town marshal to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Pedro Leon Pinard.

Night Officer Ward was notified last night that a man was prowling about in the neighborhood of Triangle park near Fourth street and National avenue. The officer made a search but could not locate the man, who is said to have frightened two girls on their way home.

The Normal University announced this afternoon that it would close tomorrow afternoon at a time which would allow the students to attend the farewell exercises for the San Miguel county soldiers. The exact time is not known, as it will depend upon whether the soldiers' train is on time. Following the departure of the soldiers, school will be resumed as usual.

It is important that every man called for military service report this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the office of the county exemption board. Members of the board will be at the court house until 6 o'clock, to take care of belated ones. Every man under call, if permitted to remain at home tonight, must report at the court house tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock. This applies to everybody who has received notice of acceptance and call. Sheriff Delgado, who also is a member of the exemption board, has arranged to furnish beds and meals for the out-of-town called in for entrapment tomorrow. They will be given the best of treatment while here.

Russell William Currin registered at one of the local hotels today noon from Santa Fe,

#### MOVEMENT OF FORTY PER CENT OF QUOTA BEGINS THIS MORNING

Santa Fe, Sept. 19.—The movement of 40 per cent of New Mexico's quota of the national army of 919 men, from county seats to Camp Funston at Ft. Riley, Kan., started today. The Quay county men, numbering 36, were the first to move, leaving Tucumcari at 12:50 this morning, and reaching Ft. Riley the same day. The movement will continue through Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

The Santa Fe contingent of 20 men will leave here Thursday morning at 10:15 over the Denver and Rio Grande.

The Santa Fe railroad will run a special train out of Albuquerque on Thursday, handling the men from Las Cruces, Silver City, Deming, Hillsboro, Socorro, Los Lunas, Gallup and Albuquerque, and this train will pick up men at Bernalillo, Las Vegas and Raton on its way to Ft. Riley. The Mora county men will entrain at Las Vegas. The train will carry 523 drafted men. From points south of Albuquerque the men will be handled on special cars attached to the regular El Paso-Albuquerque train. The Silver City contingent will leave at 5 p. m., and the Deming contingent at 7:45 p. m. today, and the men from Dona Ana county will board the train at 9:50 tonight. The men from Hillsboro, Sierra county, will entrain at Lake Valley.

The Santa Fe, San Juan, Taos and Rio Arriba county men will meet at Alamosa Thursday and a special train over the Denver and Rio Grande will take them into Denver, arriving there at 7:30 Friday morning. They will travel from Denver to Ft. Riley over the Union Pacific.

The men from Chaves, Roosevelt and Curry counties, totaling forty, left Roswell, Portales and Clovis, respectively, early this morning and will travel in a special car to Newton, where they will meet other drafted men and will be taken from there to Fort Riley in a special train. The Union county men likewise will go to Newton, leaving Clayton over the Colorado and Southern at 11:55 this morning and will reach Fort Riley on Thursday night. The men from Otero, Lincoln and Torrance and Guadalupe counties will travel over the E. P. and S. W., to Tucumcari, over the Rock Island to Topeka, and over the Union Pacific to Fort Riley, arriving there early Sunday morning. The Otero, Lincoln and Torrance county men will not leave their county seats until Friday, and the Guadalupe county men will leave Santa Rosa at 12:45 Saturday morning.

The Santa Fe county men will report at the court house here this afternoon, and those from out of town will be provided with meals and hotel accommodations.

A telegram received by Governor Lindsey from Provost Marshal General Crowder announces that another 40 per cent of the drafted men will start to move to Fort Riley on October 3. It was thought that the cantonment might have to be postponed until October 17, but this telegram settles the matter definitely, and county exemption boards will be notified to have the additional 40 per cent ready October 3.

The county quotas in this week's movement follow:

Grant, 87 men; Sierra, 16; Dona

Ana, 25; Socorro, 66; Valencia, 44; McKinley, 1; Bernalillo, 52; Colfax, 76; San Juan, 27; Rio Arriba, 71; Santa Fe, 20; Taos, 36; Chaves, 21; Roosevelt, 9; Curry, 10; Quay, 36; Otero, 19; Lincoln, 36; Torrance, 28; Guadalupe, 30; Union, 43; Sandoval, 28; San Miguel, 85; Mora, 53. Total, 919.

#### CIRCUS DAY BRINGS TRAGEDY TO THE CHAVES COUNTY COMMUNITY

Roswell, N. M., Sept. 19.—Pedro Gonzales is dead and Pancho Gonzales is in the hospital as the result of resisting and assaulting F. M. Poteet, deputy sheriff, yesterday. Poteet and R. J. Dunnahoo, special deputies for maintaining order during the stay of the Yankee Robinson circus in town, had attempted to disarm Pedro Gonzales, who was engaged in a quarrel with one Beale, but they being unarmed and he having a knife and a policeman's billy, he stood them off till he could reach a taxi run by Abelino Torres, who took him home, the officers following. At the home several Mexicans attempted to drag the latter into the house. He opened fire with the above results. Poteet was arrested on complaint of Sheriff Rector for homicide, his bond being fixed at \$1,000, which he at once gave, with G. B. Armstrong, G. C. Peck, W. H. Newman, Nat Hines and W. L. Vermillion as sureties.

#### "IN THE DAY'S NEWS"

Judge John F. Hylan, who is expected to receive the democratic nomination for mayor of New York city in today's primaries, has for some years been a picturesque figure in local politics in New York. He was born on a farm near Hunter, N. Y., in 1868, and in early life was employed as a railroad section hand. At the age of 21 he decided to seek his fortune in the metropolis. His first employment after reaching New York was as a fireman on the elevated railroad. Later he became an engineer. While thus employed he found time to take the law course at New York university. When he got his degree he went into practice in Brooklyn. At about the same time he began to take active interest in politics, and eventually was elected county judge.

#### OPERATOR IS KILLED

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 19.—George Sheffield, telegraph operator at the Great Northern station at Moorehead, Minn., was shot and killed early today by two robbers when he snapped an unloaded revolver at them instead of obeying their command to hold up his hands. The robbers escaped with \$45.

#### U-BOAT DESIGNER DEAD

Baltimore, Sept. 19.—Gotthold Prusse, one of the designers of the German merchant submarine Deutschland, who came to Baltimore on the first voyage of the craft, committed suicide in the city jail today by hanging. Prusse had been imprisoned as an alien enemy. He was arrested by the United States authorities on August 20 for leaving a restricted zone without permission. He was 41 years old and born in Germany.

Zensal will stop the itching. For all skin troubles. Sold by E. G. Murphy.—Adv.

### GROWERS PROTEST THAT PRICE FIXED IS NOT SUFFICIENT REMUNERATION

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 15.—Following a flood of letters of protest received by the state council of defense and state food administration from New Mexico grain growers, State Food Administrator R. C. Ely has taken up with President Julius H. Barnes of the United States Wheat corporation the matter of an adjustment of the price fixed by the corporation for New Mexico wheat.

Growers declare the figure fixed, the Kansas City price less differential, amounts to less than \$2 and makes it cheaper to feed wheat to hogs and other livestock. They allege they could have sold at \$2.65, but put the crop into granaries in the rush to prepare ground for fall planting, relying on the government's protecting their price.

The state administrator has represented to Mr. Barnes that it costs more to raise wheat in New Mexico and that farmers here should not be forced to take less than those who live close to the market. New Mexico grinds all its own wheat and buys additional from Kansas. It is alleged that unless the price here is raised all state wheat will be fed, New Mexico will become a buyer in the market in competition with the allies and wheat growing will be discouraged. Meanwhile the farmers have been advised to hold their wheat pending the outcome of the protest.

### GOVERNMENT IS PROBING DASTARDLY CRIME COMMITTED IN OHIO

Stuebenville, O., Sept. 15.—A troop train on the Pennsylvania railroad was fired on late yesterday near Mingo Junction, O., according to reports received here. Four soldiers are said to have been wounded, one seriously. The wounded men remained on the train.

Information as to the identity of the troops or the destination of the train was withheld by railroad officials because of military regulations. It was said the train was fired on while moving at a rapid rate through Mingo Junction, but that no stop was made until this city was reached.

The wounded men were cared for by the detachment of medical troops aboard. The information that four soldiers were shot was given railroad detectives here by officers in charge of the train. Seven shots were fired, according to advices.

### I. O. O. F. GRAND LODGE

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 17.—Nearly 10,000 Odd fellows from all parts of the United States and Canada were in Louisville today for the opening of the ninety-third session of the sovereign grand lodge of their order.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The untraceable rumor that the government intends to take canned and dried food from homes persists and has spread to such an extent that the department of agriculture today placed an explicit and official denial in the hands of every county agent and representative with instructions to give it widest publicity. The government never has contemplated commandeering foods from homes in any sense, and the persistency of the rumor leads officials to believe its basis probably may be found in propaganda to hinder food conservation.

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### RED CROSS ANNOUNCES THERE ARE MANY WAYS OF FILLING THEM

Washington, Sept. 17.—Half a million practical circulars on the making of comfort bags were issued today by the American Red Cross. The circulars can be obtained on application at any Red Cross chapter. A million comfort kits are to be made at once for our army and navy. A million more will be made for the Russian revolutionary army, as a pledge of cheer to the allied armies on the eastern front. The Red Cross is to be under no expense for these kits, all being provided as gifts from the women who wish to make them.

Miss Florence Marshall, director of the woman's bureau announced that the circular embodied the suggestion of the war department, of General Pershing and of Major Grayson M. P. Murphy as to what the men wanted. Three types of kits are suggested, a simple bag with draw string, and two with pockets, one for the trenches and one suitable for hospital use. Anything similar will be gladly welcomed. The kits are to be made of plain khaki. Colored cretonne has not been advised because it is dangerously visible when carried by troops at the front.

The circular is illustrated with diagram of each type of bag. It lists the personal equipment given to each enlisted man by the war department, in order that women may not duplicate these articles in filling the comfort kits. But it also notes that the regular outfit of any soldier is liable to be lost or destroyed and that additional supplies even of his necessities may be welcome to him at the front.

The Red Cross Commissioner in France has advised about comfort kits as follows:

"They should contain pipes and tobacco pouch, heavy socks, handkerchiefs, wash cloths and soap, mouth organ or game, pencil, writing paper or pad, and envelopes, and if not too expensive, single-bladed knife and spoon.

"They should be made of stout material so that they can be used in all sorts of practical ways.

"They should have, if possible, an American flag sewed on the outside."

Materials for making the kits can be procured by chapters from the Red Cross division supply service. Individuals may purchase their materials from the chapters or from local retail stores. Certain articles, like the combination knives and spoons, may be had from the division supply service.

The suggestion for hospital kits describes the making of a souvenir pocket, where the invalided soldier may store his little collection of treasures which more often than not includes a scrap of shell or the bullet that brought him to the hospital. No playing cards are to be included in the kits that go to Russia, and no mouth-organs or knives and scissors for the hospital kits.

A list of additional articles is suggested that may be added if individuals desire to have their bags particularly full of plums for the man "out there."

Blotting paper, chewing gum, chocolate (if wrapped in tin foil), corn plasters, collapsible cups, compressed tablets, compressed malted milk tablets, scrap book containing good story or jokes, gaiter-laces, khaki color, garters, knife, two bladed, such as boy scouts use, marbles, nail brush, nail

file, pinball with pins, puzzles, scissors, folding in sheath, watertight match box, postcards, shoe laces, black for the navy, khaki-colored for the army, slippers, especially for hospital kit, talcum powder, tape, white, black or khaki-colored, toilet paper.

Completed articles should be sent, if possible, to the nearest Red Cross chapter. When this cannot be done, they should be sent directly to the Red Cross division supply service in the nearest of the following cities:

Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Atlanta, New Orleans, St. Louis, Cleveland, Chicago, Minneapolis, Denver, San Francisco, Seattle

### MAN ACCUSED OF COMPLICITY WITH TEUTON MEXICAN INTRIGUE IS GONE

London, Sept. 17.—Germany has sent a note to Sweden, according to the correspondent at Stockholm of the Central News Agency, highly regretting the disagreeable issue raised on account of Sweden transmitting to Germany certain dispatches. Germany says she is obliged to the Swedish government for transmitting the messages, but regrets that her representatives in Argentina should have sent in the telegrams in the phraseology that they did.

The Nya Dagligt Allehanda of Stockholm, which printed the announcement that Germany had sent the note to Sweden, says the German government has instructed all its representatives in foreign countries to refuse to accede to any attempt which may be made to force them to reveal directly to the Swedish government the contents of the code messages which they may submit to it.

"Germany has given no official excuse regarding Count von Luxburg's abuse of Swedish confidence," says the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen. He quotes the Nya Dagligt Allehanda's Berlin correspondent, as stating that he had learned from the German foreign office that all the German diplomatic representatives abroad had been informed that the Swedish government had no knowledge of the count's telegram.

### Cronholm's Acts Disavowed

Stockholm, Sept. 17.—The present whereabouts of Folke Cronholm, the former Swedish charge d'affaires at Mexico City mentioned in the correspondence recently given out in Washington as having been employed by the German minister to Mexico to convey information to the Berlin foreign office, is unknown to the Swedish foreign office. He was placed on the unattached list upon his recall from Mexico last December, and was given no other post. The reasons for the recall are not specified, but the tone of the newspaper statements concerning it intimates that his retirement was not without cause although the government, it is stated, has no knowledge of the suggestion that a German decoration should be given him for his services or that this should be given him for his services or that this should be conferred secretly. The conservative newspapers maintain that the date of the recall and circumstances of it are sufficient to absolve the present government from any responsibility for his acts or attitude.

At a great liberal meeting held here today a resolution proposed by

Professor Eden, leader of the liberal party in the second chamber, was unanimously adopted, to the effect that the meeting expressed the deepest regret that the Swedish foreign office was not in a position to deny the assertion that it had forwarded cipher telegrams in ignorance of their contents, which contents when revealed awoke the just abhorrence of all Swedes.

The resolution vigorously demanded that the government immediately undertake all measures to demonstrate indubitably to the Swedish people its determination to maintain towards all belligerents absolute neutrality.

### THIS IS TESTIMONY AGAINST PREACHER; ALLEGED-MURDER CONFESSIONS

Red Oak, Ia., Sept. 17.—That Rev. Lynn George J. Kelly, while in jail at Sioux Falls, S. D., in 1914 and 1915, said he was guilty of the Villisca axe murders of 1912, was the testimony of three state witnesses today in the trial of Kelly in connection with the axe slayings. W. O. McQueen testified he was jailer at Sioux Falls when Kelly was confined there in April, 1915, and that Kelly had said:

"I killed those people at Villisca, the Moores and Stillingers girls."

Julius Wald, a deputy sheriff, of Sioux Falls, testified Kelly told him in the jail that he had committed the murders, and James Tyler, an inmate of the jail in 1915, repeated an alleged conversation which Kelly said he was guilty of the crimes.

The court sustained an objection of the defense to testimony sought by the state from Beulah Callaway, a telephone operator at Carroll, who told of her acquaintance with Kelly, which began at Christmas time, 1912.

A transcript of Miss Callaway's testimony before the grand jury quoted her as saying:

"Rev. Kelly wanted me to pose for him in the nude so that he could paint my picture. He persuaded me for an hour, but I would not. He said the Bible had pictures of nude women in it and that it would be no harm for me to pose for him that way."

### BRITAIN NEEDS MONEY

Washington, Sept. 17.—Secretary McAdoo told a delegation of southern congressmen there was no need for alarm over the prospective withdrawal of \$110,000,000 of British funds now invested in cotton and farm lands. The government probably will ask Great Britain to call for the money at the maturity of the loans, now approaching.

### How to Cure Chronic Constipation

In both young and old the most important item in restoring the bowels to a natural condition is to establish a habit of having the bowels move at a certain time each day whether there is an inclination or not. Also drink an abundance of water and walk three or four miles a day. When a laxative is required take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are mild and gentle, easy to take and agreeable in effect.—Adv.

Edward Nolan left today on train No. 2 for his home at Trinidad, where he will be examined for the army, having received his notice from the draft board to appear September 20,

### FLYNN SHOWS BY RESULTS THAT LAW BREAKING CAN BE SUPPRESSED

Washington, Sept. 20.—Sitting daily at his desk in the treasury building or perhaps closeted in conference with some of his subordinates in his private office, is a big jovial appearing man who is one of the busiest officials in Washington in these stirring times, but who goes about his work so quietly and unobtrusively that his name seldom appears in print.

He is William J. Flynn, chief of the United States secret service, the man who is chiefly charged with the responsibility of hunting down enemy aliens and who, through his many subordinates in the service, keeps a watchful eye on countless anarchists, suspected spies, leaders of the I. W. W., and others whose ill-advised activities and utterances might jeopardize the public safety and welfare.

Chief Flynn is now completing his fifth year as head of the United States secret service. It was in December, 1912, that he was appointed to succeed John E. Wilkie in the position. For many years prior to his appointment as chief he had been in charge of the New York division of the secret service, and at one time he held the position of deputy police commissioner of New York city.

Chief Flynn is only 48 years old, and has been identified with his present line of business for about 25 years. In 1893 he was a tinsmith in New York city. In the following year Edward Tamsen was elected sheriff of New York county and Flynn ceased to be a tinsmith to become a keeper in Ludlow street jail. That was the beginning of his career which brought him into prominence as a detective.

When Tamsen's term as sheriff expired the New York friends of Flynn got him a position in the secret service, and he made good from the start, and soon started to climb higher in the service.

As a secret service agent Flynn became the terror of counterfeiters. Only a week before he was appointed to the head of the service he personally led a raid in the lower part of New York city that uncovered one of the most skilfully operated counterfeiting plants ever confiscated by the secret service, and with the plant he captured the men who owned and operated it, and they were making money when he and his men forced their way into the gobus mint.

That's the way that Flynn operates. In 1903 an Italian named Beneditto Madonia was murdered in New York. The body was found in a barrel. Flynn identified the body as that of a man who had been mixed up in the counterfeiting game, and he knew from the start that Madonia was the victim of a counterfeiting gang, and that he had been murdered because he had proved a traitor to the other criminals. For years Flynn worked on the case—years after the police stopped working—and in 1910 he arrested the men who he was morally certain committed the crime. He got them for counterfeiting, and they were both sent to the penitentiary, one for 30 and the other for 25 years.

While located in New York he was granted leave of absence to accept the position of second deputy police commissioner of the New York police

department. That job is one of the unpleasant memories of Chief Flynn's long career. He went in with the intention of bringing the New York detective bureau up to date, and it is generally admitted he would have succeeded had he been given a free hand and not been interfered with by those whose activities should have been outside the detective bureau.

Chief Flynn is a powerful man physically. He is a man of few words, yet with a big heart, and he's a jovial companion when you don't talk to him about what the secret service happens to be doing. He is married and has a houseful of children. Gardening and baseball are his principal fads.

### PENDLETON ROUND-UP

Pendleton, Ore., Sept. 20.—This city, which was the originator of the Round-Up carnival, expects to entertain a record-breaking crowd of visitors during the remainder of this week on the occasion of the annual celebration and festivities.

### A MAYOR WITH A RECORD

Macon, Ga., Sept. 20.—Mayor Bridges Smith received a flood of congratulations today on the occasion of his seventieth birthday anniversary. He is one of the most widely known municipal executives in the south. With the exception of six years, during which time he served as city clerk, he has been mayor of Macon continuously since 1899.

### EXEMPTION CLAIMS ON OTHER THAN OCCUPATIONAL GROUNDS NOT HEARD

Washington, Sept. 20.—Men summoned for service under the draft and who have been denied discharge by local district boards because of dependents have still a means of appeal, where they can show, there has been error or misapplication of the law in their cases. On such a showing, governors of states to whom appeals may be taken are authorized to request local boards of reopen cases.

There is no appeal to the president, however, except where exemption has been sought on the ground of industrial employments and denied by the district board. The rulings communicated last night to state officials make this clear in the following language:

"The only cases in which there is a right of appeal to the president are cases of claims for exemption or discharge based upon engagement in industry or agriculture.

"Further than this it is impossible to go. If any of the millions of individual cases within the original jurisdiction of local boards are to be considered in Washington, then all ought to be open to consideration. This is impossible. Therefore, administrative authority will not address itself to particular cases in the jurisdiction of local boards. The president has directed the war department to decline to discuss cases pending before local or district boards or entertain any communications, suggestions or statements concerning them."

### W. L. TRIMBLE TO GO WITH THE SAN JUAN COUNTY CONTINGENT

W. L. Trimble, principal of the Las Vegas high school, has tendered his resignation and will leave in a few days for Aztec, from which place

he will leave with the San Juan county men for Camp Funston on October 3. It was with regret that the schools received Mr. Trimble's resignation. He has been here only since the opening of school, but has proved such a thorough teacher and has been so popular with the students, that his services have been recognized as valuable. Mr. Trimble is married, and his wife will reside with her parents in Aztec. The board of education is making an effort to secure a competent man to replace Mr. Trimble, but as schools have opened all over the country and numerous other teachers have been drafted, it is anticipated that some difficulty will be encountered in finding a successor.

### MEN AT CAMP FUNSTON TO BE SO EQUIPPED TILL UNIFORMS ARRIVE

Camp Funston, Junction City, Kas., Sept. 20.—Twenty-seven hundred men, the first contingent of the second division of the initial quota of the national army are arriving today at Camp Funston, from Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and New Mexico. The new arrivals, like the first contingent now in the camp, will be equipped with overalls pending the arrival of uniforms, officers of the quartermaster's corps say.

Aparicio Tapia applied for \$6 bounty on three coyotes that he killed the last of August at his home near Ribera.

Daniel Trahey, who has been employed as chief clerk in the superintendent's office of the Santa Fe, left today for Camp Funston. The vacancy will be filled by E. E. Breese.

W. K. McKinley, the real estate man, sold the Belden place of 4,500 acres east of Las Vegas to J. L. Gamble, a prominent real estate man of Memphis, Tex. Mr. Gamble will make Las Vegas his home and will improve his ranch, which he will use for cattle and farming.

A. C. Erb this morning made a complaint in the court of Justice C. H. Stewart against R. S. Smith, whom he charged with assault and battery. Shortly afterwards Smith appeared and returned the compliment by swearing out a similar complaint against Erb. Smith pleaded guilty when arraigned and was fined \$5 and costs. Erb secured a continuance.

### AMERICAN IS KILLED

London, Sept. 20.—Harry Shinn, of Philadelphia, an American citizen, was blown to pieces when a torpedo, fired by a German submarine hit a British ship. Two British subjects were killed at the same time.

Clifford Trainer, who has been employed by the Santa Fe, man and boy, for the last 15 years, left today for El Paso, where he will join the regiment of railway engineers. Mr. Trainer has been an engineer for the Santa Fe for the past eight years, and should be a valuable man to the government. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Trainer, longtime residents of Las Vegas. The departure of Daniel Trahey and Reginald Young takes from the Santa Fe two valuable men in the clerical department. Trahey recently became chief clerk to the superintendent.

### FINDS MUCH INTEREST IN CONSERVATION IN THE COUNTRY DISTRICTS

The assistant state director of home economics, Mrs. Elizabeth C. Koger, gave three successful demonstrations in the country on Tuesday and Wednesday in which four communities were served. Meetings were held at Fulton, San Jose and Ribera, with the community of San Miguel attending the Ribera meeting.

The Ribera meeting on Wednesday afternoon was a marked success in every way, and the wide awake people of the place deserve much credit for the progress already made and contemplated for the future. The demonstration was held in the public school building, school being in session and in charge of Sisters M. Joseph and M. Lucilla. Sisters M. Emilia and M. Arnolda of San Miguel were present from the latter point with quite a number of their young lady students. The demonstration in canning and lecture on other phases of domestic science lasted about two hours, and from the questions asked Mrs. Koger during that time evidenced the fact that those present were really interested in bettering their condition and that nothing but good results will obtain.

The Ribera school is well equipped, having a sewing machine, with sewing lessons each Friday afternoon and twice a week during vacation. They also have an organ, and are now making plans for installing a cook stove and equipment whereby the work in home economics can be followed up, and to provide hot lunches for the pupils during the winter term, the equipment to be used by the boys' and girls' club work during vacation.

Mrs. Koger went today to Antonchico.

### COAL MINES CLOSE

Charlottesville, W. Va., Sept. 20.—Twenty-five coal mines in this vicinity have been compelled to close within a week, because the operators were unable to mine and market coal for \$2 a ton, the price fixed by the government, according to a statement issued today by Daniel Howard a leading operator. The government is expected to begin the operation of the mines.

### NEW PRISON CLERK

Santa Fe, Sept. 20.—Cyril Kennedy, a Las Cruces high school graduate, has arrived in Santa Fe to take the position of clerk at the state penitentiary.

Judging from the size of some of the crops offered as reasons for exemption, some of the young men are "using their bean" in an effort to keep out of the army.

### FRISCO MAN KILLED

Ottawa, Canada, Sept. 20.—The death of Lieutenant J. L. MacFarlane of San Francisco, was reported in the casualty list today.

### TROUBLE IN FINLAND

Helsingfors, Finland, Sept. 19.—In the course of disorders at the Finnish fortified seaport of Viborg, 74 miles northwest of Petrograd, in which soldiers were involved, 20 officers were killed and 10 others are missing.

A marriage license was granted to Sotera Romero and Enriquez Gomez Monday, the ceremony being performed at Chaperito.