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EAST LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO,

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NUMBER 4.

FOOD BILL WILL NOT CONTROL EVERYTHING

INDICATIONS ARE IT WILL BE HELD TO FOODS, FEEDS AND THE FUELS

Washington, July 19.—Confinement of government control legislation in the food bill to foods, feeds and fuels, including kerosene and gasoline, was forecasted today when in what was regarded as a test vote, the senate rejected 44 to 28 an amendment by Senator Kenyon, of Iowa, to extend control to iron ore and its products, hemp, binding twine and farm implements and tools.

Implied endorsement was given Herbert C. Hoover today by the senate when by a vote it rejected an amendment by Senator Reed of Missouri to have the Food control bill administered by a board of five instead of three members.

An amendment by Senator Shafroth authorizing a single food administration instead of a commission, was rejected 63 to 10.

Preparatory to voting on many amendments on the food bill several senators offered individual amendments to various sections of the measure. Senator Gronna introduced one to include the proposed minimum guaranteed price of wheat from \$1.75 to \$2.00 a bushel, payable at the five principal primary markets and designed to net the farmer around \$1.85.

Senator Newlands said the "captains of industry have failed to meet the responsibilities of the war." He declared the steel industry had refused even to lower prices to the government and proposed to get from the public the highest prices it may.

An amendment by Senator Husting proposed to authorize the president, by proclamation to place under government control any products or articles he might deem necessary was rejected.

An amendment by Senator Newlands to add iron, steel, aluminum and copper to the amendment by Senator Chamberlain was rejected 27 to 50.

NO FOREIGNERS TO BE EMPLOYED WHERE THEY CAN BE DISPENSED WITH

Bisbee, Ariz., July 19.—A meeting of operators of copper mines in Arizona is to be held within the next week, it was announced here today,

for the purpose of extending "the loyal league" organization to most of the camps in this section and for the Americanization of the camp.

The stand against employment of foreign miners was first taken by Bisbee companies. The Old Dominion plant at Globe, it was declared here today, has taken a similar stand. The Clifton-Morenci-Metcalf district has ores of such a class that no attempt will be made to supplant foreigners with Americans there as yet, it was said.

The move to organize loyalty leagues is described as the operators' efforts to offset the activities of the Industrial Workers of the World. There were no deportations from Bisbee today. The citizens investigation committee spent a busy day examining about 75 men seeking employment at the mines. Foreigners applying were told to wait until later.

The Copper Queen mine had 1,465 men at work yesterday. Its normal number is 2,200.

A Fatal Accident

Copper operators here say they will welcome investigation of the deportation, but declare it must be made by a fair investigating body and should include the events immediately preceding the deportations. No inquiry into the affair has been started.

"Buck" Leggett, a cageman at the Junction mine, was killed, and two other workmen were injured today in an accident which had no connection with the strike.

Arrested for Rioting

Globe, Ariz., July 19.—Approximately 50 men, charged with rioting here July 4, were placed on preliminary hearing here today before a justice of the peace. The men were pickets at the Old Dominion mine at the time of the alleged riot.

The court denied separate trials to the defendants. The only witness this morning was Deputy Sheriff Gilmer, who established the location of the alleged riots, which he said had taken place July 2, 5 and 6 as well as July 4. Gilmer spent more than an hour identifying men connected with the picketing.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Chicago, July 19.—Heavy rains in parts of Kansas and Oklahoma had a bearish influence today on the corn market, but the effect failed to last. Offerings on the break that took place were so quickly absorbed that the market rebounded, and developed notable strength. The scarcity of corn for immediate delivery appeared to give the bulls an advantage, and lifted the September delivery to the highest point yet this season. Opening prices, which ranged from ½ cent off to ¾ cents up, with September at

\$1.61 to \$1.61½ and December at \$1.14 to \$1.14¾ were followed by a general upturn to well above yesterday's finish.

Word of offers by neutral governments to re-sell corn at the seaboard made no impression here, but late in the session fresh peace gossip brought about something of a reaction. The close was unsettled at the same as yesterday's finish to ¼ higher with September \$1.82 and December \$1.14 to \$1.14¾.

Shorts in wheat manifested anxiety over dry weather conditions from North Dakota. Some reports said the state would not harvest half a crop. After opening unchanged to ½ cent higher at \$2.26 for July, and \$2.06½ for September, the market scored an advance of six cents all around.

Sharp additional upturns were not fully maintained. Nervousness, though, over the near approach of July delivery day, was apparent. The close was firm 4 to 14 net higher at \$2.40 for July and \$2.16 for September.

Crop damage in Canada scored an advance of six cents all around. July went to a new top figure, 70 cents a bushel.

Liquidating sales by holders of lard weakened the provision market as a whole. Some of the selling appeared to be of a stop-loss character. The close was:

Wheat, July \$2.40; Sept. \$2.10.
Corn, Sept. \$1.61¾; Dec. \$1.41¼.
Oats, July 70¾; Sept. 56½.
Pork, July \$40.40; Sept. \$39.65.
*Lard, July \$20.20; Sept. \$20.45.
Ribs, July \$21.22; Sept. \$21.40.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK

Kansas City, July 19.—Hogs, receipts 6,000. Market steady. Bulk \$14.60@15.40; heavy \$15.20@15.50; lights \$14.30@15.10; pigs \$12.50@14.

Cattle, receipts 10,000. Market steady. Prime fed steers \$12.75@13.30; dressed beef steers \$9.50@12.50; western steers \$9@12.50; cows \$8.50@9.50; heifers \$6.75@13; stockers and feeders \$6.50@11.

Sheep, receipts 2,000. Market higher. Lambs \$15@15.75; yearlings \$10@15; wethers \$8.50@19; ewes \$8.25@9.25.

BERKMAN GETS APPEAL

Washington, July 19.—Associate Justice Brandies today granted Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, now serving sentences in federal prisons for conspiracy to impede the work of the army draft law, permission to appeal their cases to the supreme court from the district court in New York. He also granted such permission to Morris Becker and Louis Kramer, convicted on similar charges. These are the first cases involving the draft law to reach the supreme court.

AIR FIGHTING A FEATURE OF THE WEEK

GERMANS LOST MOST HEAVILY ACCORDING TO BRITISH OBSERVER

London, July 19.—Summarizing the military events of the past week, Major General Frederick Maurice, chief director of military operations at the war office, said today to the Associated Press:

"The British front has been noteworthy only for the fact that it has seen the heaviest air fighting in the history of the war with the losses severest on the German side and the results generally favorable to the British. On land there was only minor fighting without results.

"On the French front the Germans still are carrying on their policy of using picked troops for local operations aimed at the French. The result has been nil and the policy is a concession that the Germans are incapable of attempting any real effort.

"On the Russian front bad weather and floods have necessitated the drawing back of some advanced posts without change."

Supplementing his talk on the military operations General Maurice remarked:

"I am told that in the United States the ordinary man has got a general impression that when any really stiff fighting job is to be done the Englishman calls on the Australian, Canadian and Scotsman to take the van. This idea is being fostered by the Germans with the foolish idea of spreading some dissension between the branches of the Anglo-Saxon race.

"As a matter of fact, the greatest part of the fighting since the war began has fallen on English troops—they are the largest part of the army and have borne the brunt of the work. The casualty lists show that the English regiments have fought just as gallantly and bravely and have lost as heavily as any regiment in the imperial army."

Naval Recruiting Officer C. Hansen receives information from El Paso that there is opportunity for men to enlist in the navy as cooks, bakers, machinists, wireless men and aviation men. Officer Hansen this morning was ordered to accept no enlistments of men who had been tattooed, except ex-service men.

NINETY-THREE DOLLARS FOR EACH MAN, NOT INCLUDING RIFLE AND SHELLS

Washington, D. C., July 16.—How would you like to be at the head of a family of a million members and have to provide them with food, clothing and other necessaries? In the language of the street, you doubtless would find it "some" job to do the shopping, even if provided with an unlimited purse.

Yet this is one of the prodigious tasks that the war has imposed upon Uncle Sam—the task of outfitting hundreds of thousands of men as they leave for battle fields abroad and at the same time accumulating a store of clothing and other necessaries with which to equip the half-million men who will comprise the first National Army.

The shopping is being done through the Quartermaster's Corps of the army. A force of experienced buyers greatly enlarged to meet the conditions, is working day and night, receiving bids, examining samples, drawing up specifications and sending out orders. Every purchase is made strictly on merit and the greatest precautions are taken to see that the goods supplied to the soldiers are of the very best quality.

The average civilian—and the average army officer for that matter—does not realize the immensity of the task. Some idea may be had, however, from the mere statement that Uncle Sam will have to go down into his pocket to the tune of \$16,593,000 to equip the half-million men who will make up the first National Army. A force of a million men, of course, will require twice that sum. The outlay is reckoned at \$93 for each man. The amount would be a great deal more except for the parsightedness of officers and the patriotism of manufacturers. The \$93 per man is for uniforms, underwear, stockings, tentage, etc., but does not include the rifle and the ammunition that each man must have.

Some of the principal items on the shopping list may be enumerated as follows the actual figures being supplied by the War Department records:

- 2,500,000 hats to cover the heads of the soldier boys.
- 2,600,000 cots for camps, barracks and cantonments.
- 3,380,000 blankets to keep the khaki-clad boys warm.
- 4,700,000 pairs of russet shoes and 2,500,000 pairs of field shoes.
- 54,000,000 yards of duck with which to make tents.
- 9,000,000 yards of cloth for shirts and underwear.
- 45,000,000 yards of cotton cloth for coats and trousers.
- 14,000,000 yards of woolen cloth for suitings.
- 10,900,000 yards of woolen cloth for overcoats.
- 16,000,000 pairs of cotton and woolen stockings.

A question that naturally arises is how all this material can be manufactured and delivered in the short time before the men assemble at the cantonments. The answer lies in the fact that there is hardly a concern in the United States which manufactures articles used by the United States army that is without a government contract. Every cotton and woolen concern in New England, and in the south and other sections as well, has a government contract or can have one for the asking. All this has been done without publicity.

Army officers declare that it would be impossible to find in any land manufacturers more patriotic than those in the United States. With the severing of diplomatic relations

and war inevitable, thousands of manufacturers offered the services of their plants to the government. The offers have been coming in ever since. Many have agreed to turn out goods at a little more than cost. A large number have offered to give their product to the government.

And so, with comparatively few exceptions, the quartermaster's corps and the manufacturers of the nation are working hand in hand. In this manner it is confidently expected that the hundreds of thousands of men comprising the great National armies will be equipped on time and at a reasonable cost. The task is an enormous one, but not the slightest doubt is felt that in this as in other matters Uncle will prove himself equal to the occasion.

LINE WILL BE RUN FROM UTE PARK TO SANTA FE, VIA TAOS VALLEY

Santa Fe, July 16.—H. B. Hening of the state land office left this forenoon for Taos to spend a week or so listing the resources, scenic and other attractions of that county, preliminary to the Santa Fe building a proposed extension of its line from Ute Park via Taos Pass into the Taos Valley and thence into Santa Fe via Penasco, Santa Cruz and Tesuque. In anticipation of the Santa Fe extension, which is to be constructed right after the war ends, the builders of the huge Eagle's Nest dam and reservoir are making provisions for a tunnel through the dam, which is three-quarters completed. The construction of the dam had been threatened by litigation because it was on the Santa Fe right of way, but a compromise was reached by provisions for a tunnel. This could not have been built well through the dam after the dam was finished without weakening the structure, but by building it right into the dam, at the expense of a million dollars, the situation was met. The Taos valley is without doubt the richest, acre for acre, of any portion of New Mexico, and is bountifully supplied with water. From a scenic and historic standpoint it is second in interest only to the Santa Fe valley.

The Cause of Constipation

Constipation is usually due to a lack of water in the excrement. To effect a cure you must take more water into the system. It may be months, however, before this has any appreciable effect on the bowels, but when persisted in and fruit and vegetables containing water are eaten freely the condition may be overcome. In the meantime use the mildest laxatives obtainable and take only enough to produce the desired effect. Chamberlain's Tablets are one of the best. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect.—Adv.

BRORIEN IS PROMOTED

Word has been received from Carl Brorien, formerly of Las Vegas, that he has been appointed a second lieutenant in the marine corps, which he joined some weeks ago. He passed the examination at Chicago. Brorien formerly resided in Las Vegas and was employed as substitute letter carrier in the city delivery system. Later he went to Albuquerque with his mother and sister, and entered the University of New Mexico, where he made an enviable record, in his classes and in athletics, as well as in intercollegiate debates. He won the state medal for oratory at Santa Fe last fall.

FORMER MINISTER TELLS REICHSRAT THE ENTIRE WORLD HATES PRUSSIANISM

Zurich, July 15.—The Austrian reichsrat was thrown into an uproar Saturday when the former minister, Herr Prascheck, declared the hate of the entire world was not directed against Austria but against Germany, and that Austria should detach herself from her ally, says a Vienna dispatch.

"How are we to obtain peace?" demanded Herr Prascheck, "if we cling to the German side? Must we continue to sacrifice our interests to the expansion of Germany? Must we continue to submit to the German militarism that has drawn us into this war?"

The speaker declared Czech deputies had been imprisoned for attempting to bring about an alliance of Austria with Russia and France, and added if they were to be stigmatized as traitors all men who believed similarly should be stigmatized.

Catholics Seek Peace

Amsterdam, July 16.—A Berlin telegram to an Amsterdam news agency quotes the Tageblatt of Berlin to the effect that the Catholic center party in the Reichstag has decided, with two dissenting votes, to make a declaration in favor of peace efforts without regard to the attitude of the national liberals.

Prince Leaves Capital

Amsterdam, July 16.—Berlin reports that the German crown prince, who has been in that city in connection with the political crisis left last night for the western front.

A TRAVELERS' ASSOCIATION

Santa Fe, July 16.—The El Paso-New Mexico-Arizona Travelers' association has been organized to include the 2,000 and more traveling men who make New Mexico and Arizona in their rounds. Morton Levy of Kansas City has been elected president; C. F. Mallady of El Paso, secretary, and J. J. McCourt of El Paso, treasurer.

OLD MAN KILLS SELF

Santa Fe, July 16.—D. H. Bumque, an aged resident of Deming, committed suicide at the home of his son George Dumque. Williams Evans, a refugee from Mexico, dropped dead while visiting a friend in Las Cruces. Heart disease was given as the cause. A case of small pox is reported at Deming in a family that had arrived from Hatch, Dona Ana county.

INVESTIGATION IS MADE IN GLOBE TO DISCOVER CAUSE OF DEATH

Globe, Ariz., July 16.—Private Mark Cassidy of A troop of United States cavalry on strike duty here, was found dead near the railroad tracks here today with his throat cut. The coroner began an investigation to ascertain whether Cassidy was killed by the train or was murdered and his body thrown on the track.

The New York infirmary for women and children, founded in 1854 by a pioneer woman suffragist and physician, Dr. Elizabeth Blackwell, is to offer to the government the first ambulance unit composed entirely of women.

THOSE WHO MOVE TO AVOID THE DRAFT WILL HAVE TROUBLE ESCAPING

Santa Fe, July 17.—Federal officers will nip any attempt of slackers who have registered to escape the draft. It has been reported that quite a number of young men in all parts of the country who registered, have faded away and will be hard to locate in case they are drafted.

Fred C. Boden, special agent of the department of justice, who has in his possession complaints for alleged violation of the registration act, reports that he has much trouble in locating the gentry and asks: "Have the tango lizard slackers flown the coop?" It may be necessary to swear out a search warrant to discover the whereabouts of these sons of rich parents who are seeking to avoid military duty. They have taken to hiding places live a covey of quail sneaking through high grass at the first report of a shot gun.

It has come to the attention of the draft officials that a number of young men who registered have subsequently left with the avowed intention of getting as far away as possible before the draft. They figure, that, with the new numbers given them, they will not know if they are drafted and it will be impossible for the government to notify them. The law states specifically on this point that all persons registering and subsequently removing from the place of registry must keep the officials of their home district informed of their whereabouts. Failure to do so renders them liable to fine and imprisonment exactly as for any other violation of the draft law. Herbert Hickey, a native of London, was one of the first rich young men to be arrested and arraigned at Los Angeles under this category. His father, R. Gilbert Hickey, was one of the commanding officers in the Peninsula and Oriental Steamship company. Young Hickey was charged with making a false statement as to registration. Young Hickey on June 5, swore before the registration officer that he was an alien. Yet, another record purports to show that on July 4, 1916, he registered for voting purposes as an American citizen. It was shown on cross examination that young Hickey did not exercise the right of franchise, and his mother, Mary Francis Hickey, produced the birth record from an old English church that her son was born July 20, 1887. Hickey was held under \$2,500 bond. He is an attorney.

A WATER SUIT

Santa Fe, July 17.—Suit to enjoin H. C. Maynard and two other citizens of the lower Pecos valley from using the flow of the Pecos river for irrigation, was filed in the federal court today by United States District Attorney Summers Burkhart on behalf of the reclamation service. The suit is to restrain these water users from diverting any water when the flow of the Pecos is less than 500 cubic feet per second or when the reservoir of the Carlsbad project requires replenishing. The petition sets forth that on account of the drouth that the flow of the Pecos is only 50 cubic feet per second and that since June 10, the McMillan and Avalon reservoirs have been depleted.

An Optic classified ad may sell some needless article for you.

NEW MEXICO MAN WILL HAVE TO STAND TRIAL AGAIN IN TRINIDAD

Word has been received here that Ricardo Lucero, tried in Trinidad for the murder of Frank West, a prominent rancher, will be forced to stand a second trial, because of the fact that the jury which tried him could not agree. The jury deliberated for 14 hours, it is said, and at the end of that time informed the presiding judge that it could not reach an agreement. The vote stood, according to report, nine for acquittal, and three for conviction. There were no Spanish-Americans on the jury.

Lucero was accused of the murder last fall of Frank West, at a railway camp near Trinidad, following an argument concerning the pay Lucero alleged was due him from West. The killing was done with a pocket knife, and after the stabling Lucero made his getaway, and went almost directly to Trinidad, where feeling against him was running high. Being warned by relatives he fled, and came to the mountains near Mora, where he remained during the entire fall and winter.

During Lucero's time of hiding in the mountains, he was followed by a posse, led by Con Jackson, of this city, and by Harry West, brother of the dead Frank West. Several shots were fired one night when Lucero was surprised by—and surprised—the posse. Later he gave himself up to Sheriff Pat Sanchez, of Mora county. His feet had been frozen, and the almost crazed man was a subject of pity to those who saw him. When the new trial will be granted him has not been learned. It was said that Lucero told the same story of self-defense that he told Sheriff Delgado and others here, and that his straightforward manner while on the witness stand was responsible for the vote for acquittal of the nine jurors.

FROM FEED TO SALES BLOCK EVERY OPERATION WILL BE TRACED

Chicago, July 17—Joseph E. Davies, of the federal trade commission and a corps of 30 investigators, clerks and stenographers arrived here this afternoon to conduct the government's first searching inquiry into the entire meat industry. The subject will be gone into literally from the pre-natal days of a calf to the ultimate consumer, for the inquiry will run from the cost of cattle feed to the market basket.

Francis J. Heney will act as attorney for the commission. Mr. Davies' first work here was to confer with Walter L. Fisher, counsel for the livestock interests. Cattlemen have long demanded an investigation of marketing conditions. The packers professed willingness only if the cattlemen themselves were investigated.

It is said that the packers will be called into conference before the formal inquiry begins. Here the government's position will be frankly laid before them. They will be given a chance to co-operate. Congress appropriated \$250,000 for the investigation.

Commissioners Harris, Fort and Clover are expected here soon to take up other phases of the food investigation. Mr. Harris has charge of the canned goods inquiry, Mr. Fort, stor-

age of foodstuffs, and Mr. Clover breadstuffs, including grain and flour.

ADOPTS PROHIBITION AT GENERAL ELECTION BY A LARGE MAJORITY

San Juan, P. R., July 17—Porto Rico voted for prohibition by a big majority at yesterday's election. With four unimportant towns missing, the returns at 11 o'clock this morning showed 99,775 votes for prohibition and 61,295 against.

Fifty-one municipalities voted for the prohibition measure as compared with 21 opposed to it. San Juan's vote was 5,117 for and 2,255 against, and all the other large cities were strongly on the dry side.

Felix Cordova Deavila, unionist, was chosen resident commissioner at Washington, and the unionists carried five out of seven senatorial districts, the other two going to the republican candidates. The division of the party in the lower house is uncertain, but the unionists will have the majority. The socialist gains that were scored throughout the island were chiefly a republican expense.

Santiago Iglesias, the socialist candidate for senator at large, although failing of election got 2,456 votes this showing comparing with the party's vote of 4,300 in 1914. The unionists polled 88,750 votes and the republicans 57,756.

BRITISH DESTROYERS CAPTURE AND SINK SEVERAL OF THEIR SHIPS

London, July 17.—The admiralty announces the capture of four German steamers by British destroyers in the North sea. The steamers are the Pellworm, Brietzeig, Marie Horn and Heinz Blumberg.

Two other German steamers were with the four vessels later captured when the group was signalled by the British war craft. All six made for the Dutch coast and two of them reached the shore. These two were badly damaged by gun fire.

The captured steamers are all small, the largest being the Brietzeig, of 1490 tons gross, owned in Hamburg. The Pellworm, 1476 tons gross, also was owned in Hamburg. The Marie Horn, 1,088 tons is from Schleswig and the Heinz Blumberg, 1,226 tons, is registered from Hamburg.

A Reuter dispatch from Ymuiden says four German ships have been sunk by British destroyers in the North sea, four captured, three stranded and three forced to return to Rotterdam.

Since Saturday 17 German steamers have sailed from Rotterdam, three at one time and 14 at another, the dispatch says. Of the first group, one, the Magdalena Blumenthal, 1535 tons gross, was wrecked off Zandvoort. Of the second group, owing to the action of British destroyers, not one vessel was able to proceed, eight being captured or sunk and three succeeded in putting back to Rotterdam. Of the three remaining steamships, which were stranded, two were afire.

Flat River, Mo., July 17.—About 200 American born miners went on strike at Leadwood this morning because mine operators there employed foreign born workmen. There has been no violence so far, although about 60 of them departed of their own volition.

DEFENSE COUNCIL WISHES TO KNOW THEIR NEEDS IN LINE OF SEEDS

Editor Optic:
Sir:

The state defense council is now making preparations and plans to assist the farmers in the purchase of wheat and rye for fall planting. They are very anxious to know the number of farmers in San Miguel county who planted winter wheat and rye last year. They wish to know the farmers who expect to put in a crop of these grains this fall, those who have their seed and those who have seed to sell. Following is a blank which every farmer wishing to help and needing help himself should fill and send in to the county agent at once.

Name
P. O.
County

I expect to plant.....acres of winter wheat this fall.
I wish to secure.....lbs. of winter wheat.
I expect to plant..... acres of winter rye this fall.
I wish to secure..... lbs. of winter rye.
I have now..... lbs. of winter rye for sale.
I have now..... lbs. of winter wheat for sale.
The altitude at which my farm is located is about feet.
Address all communications to the county agricultural agent.
M. R. GONZALEZ,
County Agricultural Agent.

THREE MEMBERS OF CABINET RESIGN; FINNS ALSO CAUSE ANXIETY

Petrograd, July 17.—Three men of the cabinet have resigned and a special session of the council of ministers has been called. The resignations of these ministers followed a disagreement over questions involving the Ukrain dispute.

Two demonstrations against the government resulted in the firing of shots in the Nevsky Prospect at midnight, as a result of which a number of persons were killed or wounded. The firing apparently was the result of stray shots, which brought on a panic, in which the demonstrators turned rifles and machine guns on each other. Quiet was restored after a few minutes. The demonstrations were organized by the Bolsheviki, the majority faction of the social democratic party.

The provisional government decided today on the creation of an executive body to put into execution measures dealing with the administration of Ukraine. The personnel will be decided on by the government in agreement with the Ukrainians on the basis of equitable representation of other nationalities inhabiting Ukraine and a solution of the agrarian question.

SANTA FE MAN WILL CONTINUE IN OFFICE IF SENATE CONFIRMS

Washington, July 17—Nominations for reappointment were sent to the senate by President Wilson today as follows:

Robert P. Stewart, of Deadwood, United States attorney for district of South Dakota.

Edward C. Worth, surveyor general, of Oregon.

Francisco Delgado, registrar of land office at Santa Fe, N. M.

EXPRESSED OPINION IN AUSTRIA AND GERMANY IS FOR CONTINUING WAR

Amsterdam, July 17.—In a lengthy apology published by the Catholic center party of Germany for the action of Deputy Mathias Erzberger in attacking the pan-Germans and the submarine campaign, the following occurs:

"Certainly our fronts stand unshakable. Our strongest offensive force, the u-boats, injured England immeasurably. Nevertheless no end is to be foreseen at this moment. Hope had arisen that the end of the war might be brought about by mid-summer through the u-boats. Expectations were aroused which were not realized. This statement, however, implies no doubt in the efficiency of the u-boats. It has occurred to no one to suggest the stoppage of submarine warfare."

Austria Stands Firm

Vienna, July 17 (Via Amsterdam).—The lower house has adjourned indefinitely. The president, in concluding his speech, said:

"We again have freed the way for constitutional life. You have strengthened the assured position of the house. May it have strength to fulfill the great task of rebuilding the empire."

Austria-Hungary's ideas on peace were made known to the constitution committee of the reichsrath in an address by the premier, Dr. Von Zidler.

After referring to the unbreakable unity between Austria and her allies, Dr. von Zidler declared parliament would work for "the aim for which Austria is fighting. Namely, the unassailable, sacred right of her peoples to decide for themselves their internal destiny."

Trouble in Finland

Helsinki, July 17.—The proposed promulgation whereby Finland seeks to wrest from Russia complete independence has caused tension and nervousness. The situation is complicated by the diet's continual refusal to grant a full 350,000,000 marks loan to Russia and by a threat of a general strike if the diet postpones the passage of the new community bill abolishing property qualifications.

Dry Zensal Moist Zensal

The fact that Zensal is made to reach the two distinct types of Eczema should appeal to all skin sufferers. Tetter, Salt Rheum and Dry Eczema should be treated with Dry Zensal. Moist Eczema or Weeping Skin with Moist Zensal, 75 cents a jar at

E. G. MURPHEY

EUROPEAN WAR

Fighting on Rumanian Front

Berlin, July 18 (via London)—Increased activity on the Russian front is reported in today's official announcement. Artillery fighting was revived in the sectors of Archduke Joseph and Field Marshal von Mackensen. On the northern end of the Russo-Galician front, in the regions of Riga, and Smorgon, the artillery engagements were more severe.

French Hold Winnings.

Paris, July 18—After heavy shelling the Germans counter attacked several times during the night in the Verdun sector, but failed to regain a parcel of ground captured by the French yesterday, the war office announced today.

British Aid Russians

Washington, July 18—British armored motor detachments are taking part in the Russian offensive in Galicia, according to semi-official information received from Petrograd today by the Russian embassy here. This is the first mention of the presence of British forces in Russia, and says the armored cars are co-operating with the Belgian detachments sent there soon after the war began.

The Russian Statement

Petrograd, July 18—Heavy fighting is in progress off Novica, and Kalusz in eastern Galicia, the war office announced today. The Russians were driven from a height in this region by a strong attack, but afterwards by a counter thrust reoccupied the eminence.

The British Statement

London, July 18—A further British advance near Monchy-Le-Preux is reported by the war office today. The announcement follows:

"The was fighting of a local character again last night east of Monchy-Le-Preux, resulting in a further gain of ground by us and the capture of a few more German prisoners. Prisoners also captured by us and many of the enemy were killed in the course of a successful raid during the night northeast of Oostavern and in the neighborhood of Boesinghe.

"A hostile raiding party was encountered and driven off by our patrols near Wieltje."

FINAL RESULT OF RED CROSS CAMPAIGN IS ANNOUNCED BY CHAIRMAN

The finance committee of the Red Cross held a meeting immediately upon instructions from Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., member of the American Red Cross war council, as to what should be done with the money subscribed by the citizens of Las Vegas. The fund contributed by Las Vegas to the Red Cross amounted to \$6,763.51, all of which has been paid in to the finance committee and deposited as follows in the local banks:

Peoples Bank and Trust company\$2,254.51
San Miguel National bank	... 2,254.50
First National Bank 2,254.50

Total.....\$6,763.51

The amounts are deposited in each of the local institutions to the credit

of the Red Cross war fund, William C. McAdoo, treasurer, and each bank has notified the Central Trust company of New York City of such deposit.

The entire expense of raising this \$6,763.51 was \$11.50 covering the expense of Mr. Benning from Albuquerque to Las Vegas for the public meeting held at the opera house, and for long distance telephone message to Mr. Benning by the local secretary of the Y. M. C. A. No claim was made from the Red Cross war fund for this expense. It was paid by the above mentioned banks.

The finance committee feels that Las Vegas has done its duty well and that the people contributed liberally, and it feels grateful to everyone assisting in bringing about the good results, and wants to thank the manager of the opera house and its employes for furnishing the opera house free of charge and also daily press, which has been liberal with its space.

DISTURBANCES IN PETROGRAD INTERFERE WITH RUSSIAN ADMINISTRATION

London, July 19—A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd says the number of killed or wounded in the two days of disorder there is estimated at about 500.

Government in Control

Petrograd, July 18 (Wednesday)—The government controls the city today as completely as the Bolsheviki appeared to control it yesterday.

Since early morning Cossacks and other troops have patrolled the streets. All bridges also are under heavy guard, only those possessing proper credentials being permitted to cross.

In the big circle in front of the windows of the winter palace half a dozen armed cars were held in readiness for an emergency, and in the barracks nearby several thousands of troops were kept under arms.

Only in the district beyond the Neva have the disturbing elements a semblance of control, but thus far they have been inactive. They are reported to have announced they were waiting for reinforcements.

On the other hand, a circular distributed in the streets declares they have held the city in their power for two days and that they are content with this state of affairs, having no further ambitions. In the vicinity of the parliament building, which is occupied by government troops, quiet prevails.

The first machine gun regiment which had its headquarters in the villa of Mademoiselle Kasesinska and the men manning four armored cars which guarded the villa, have submitted to the authority of the soldiers' and workmen's council.

An extraordinary cabinet council is discussing the proposal to transfer the seat of the provisional government to Moscow. M. Tseretelli, minister of posts and telegraphs and members of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates held yesterday, said the general assembly of workmen and soldiers and peasants would be held at Moscow to prevent interference from an irresponsible section of the Petrograd garrison.

Another Minister Quits

Another member of the Russian government resigned today. The minister who tendered his resignation

was M. Pereveizeff who held the portfolio of justice.

Submarine is Sunk

The North and South agency reports that a Russian destroyer has sunk a German submarine in the Baltic by dropping bombs on it and that the crew of the submarine was drowned.

PREPARATIONS MADE FOR ATTACKING TEUTONS SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH SLAVS

While the world today is awaiting with keen interest the declaration of German policy which the new imperial chancellor, Dr. George Michaelis, is expected to deliver in the reichstag, the military forces of the belligerents for the moment are engaged in infantry operations of major importance only along the front in eastern Galicia.

Reports from this theater of intense activity have indicated a lessening in the speed of the Russian drive. There has even been a recession at one point where Austrian and German reserves have been thrown into the fray in an effort to stop the Russian onrush which was threatening to roll up the entire Austro-German line from Galicia down through the Rumanian mountains and plains.

Otherwise the French front in northern France presents the most notable features of momentary interest. Few days pass without an effort upon the part of the Germans to get back some of the territory which was taken from them in the spring offensive, or to make local inroads elsewhere on the French lines.

A new field was chosen for an attempt of this sort last night, the first really sharp attack for some time in the field of the great Hindenburg retreat of last March being delivered just to the south of St. Quentin.

The crown prince chose a front nearly a half mile in extent where the French occupied a hill close to the east of Gauchy. General Petain's forces were taken aback at first by the intensity of the invaders and did some heavy fighting. They drove the Germans out of the positions, however.

The situation in Petrograd is decidedly serious, it being decided to take the sessions of the councils to Moscow for discussion. Martial control has been established and drastic measures seem to be the order of the day.

Meanwhile the cabinet council is considering a proposal to transfer the seat of government to Moscow to remove it from the scene of turmoil and it is also announced that the general assembly of workmen, soldiers and peasants will be held at Moscow, "to prevent interference of Petrograd crowds."

The Russian Statement

Petrograd, July 19.—Russian have driven into the Galician village of Novica, south of Kalusz, and now occupy the eastern end of that place. The Russians captured more than 200 prisoners and three machine guns in Tuesday's fighting near Noiva. They had the entire village in their hands at one point, but the occupying detachments sustained such heavy losses that they withdrew to the villages eastern section.

PREMIER MICHAELIS IS SAID TO BE A STOP-GAP; HE IS FOR PEACE

Amsterdam, July 18—According to news brought by arrivals from Berlin, belief in liberal circles there is that Chancellor Michaelis is merely a stop-gap who will prepare the way for something in the way of a dictatorship, with General Ludendorff in supreme control.

Will Talk for Peace

Basel, Switzerland, July 18—The news Nachrichten of Munich says that the declaration of the new German chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, before the reichstag will be for peace, having the same general trend as the resolution prepared by the parties of the left.

Will Speak Thursday

London, July 18—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Berlin via Amsterdam, announces that Chancellor Michaelis has asked the president of the reichstag to summon the members Thursday afternoon for a "communication from the government."

Chancellor Keeps Silent

Washington, July 18—Chancellor Michaelis, as a Danish editor remarked, is preserving the silence of a sphinx on the German peace program and the questions of internal reform, but the liberal press and politicians in Germany manifest an increasing apprehension that when the sphinx finally breaks silence he will speak with a decided accent in his maiden speech Thursday before the reichstag.

The speech is not expected to go into questions of reform or peace, as the time is too short for Chancellor Michaelis to elaborate a definite program.

Peace Without Gain Demanded

Copenhagen, July 18—Advices received from Dusseldorf say that the state of seige there caused by riots, has been raised after 185 persons received sentences averaging 18 months. At a big labor meeting vigorous protests were made against the severity of the sentences. Suspension of the sentences of children and minors, and guarantees against reduction of the bread ration were demanded.

Twelve thousand workmen attended a meeting at Bielefeld, the center of the west Phalia linen industry, and adopted a resolution demanding peace without annexations or indemnities. They asked the reichstag to support only a government making unequivocal decisions along these lines.

Von Bernstorff Impossible

A successor to Foreign Secretary Zimmerman had not been selected up to today, according to news from Berlin. Leading German papers continued their campaign for or against various conditions.

Count von Reventlow, military writer for the Tages Zeitung, says that Count von Bernstorff, former ambassador to Washington, is impossible, because he is now, as from the outset, an advocate of peace of Renunciation and a flat opponent of the submarine war.

Berlin, July 19.—The capture of French positions on a front of a kilometer southwest of St. Quentin is announced by the war office. Artillery fighting in Flanders continues,

DISTINGUISHED ROTARIAN SAYS COUNTRY IS NOT YET ENTIRELY AWAKE

Atlanta, Ga., July 18.—A nationwide campaign of information "deliberately designed to bring the people of the United States quickly to a thorough understanding of all phases of the war, of why we are in it, of the kind of enemy we are fighting, and of the urgent necessity for the whole people of the United States to join with their very hearts and souls in the stupendous task," was advocated by Pomeroy Burton, in an address which he delivered recently before the International Rotary convention here. Mr. Burton spoke as follows:

"After nearly three years of war on a scale such as the world never dreamed of before, involving country after country, and sweeping steadily on, like an overwhelming tidal wave, with warning after warning of the most definite character—the Lusitania, the Sussex, the Arabic—with lightning flashes and deafening peals of thunder from the darkening skies to tell all who were not blind and deaf of the approaching storm; despite all of these, today finds great masses of the population throughout the United States dangerously apathetic and oblivious to the acute peril which threatens them. It also finds this country astoundingly unprepared.

"I am not one of those who believe the allies can be defeated—they must surely conquer in the end; but so serious are some features of the war situation today that unless the people of the United States awaken quickly to a full sense of their individual responsibilities and join heartily in the work of organizing the country for war on an enormous scale, there is almost certain to ensue a long period of ghastly fighting and world-wide suffering—with ruin and starvation on every side—and by a long period I mean from five to 20 years, or more.

Everybody Must Help

"The war program cannot be made effective without the full co-operation of the people. That co-operation cannot be expected until the people have been aroused to a full and complete understanding of the war, of what it means to them and their future, and of the obligations and responsibilities which devolve upon them if it is to be won within the next two years.

"I would like to repeat with the utmost emphasis what I had the privilege of stating recently to the Merchants' Association of New York, that it is absolutely essential for those who are shaping the general war program, without further delay, to organize and project, under government direction, a great and far-reaching campaign of information designed to make the people understand this war. It should be made to reach the eyes and the hearts and the full understanding of the people by freely using the advertising and the news columns of every useful publication in the United States and by using the movies, the billboard, the postoffices, the public buildings, the railway stations, and the public conveyances, as was done in the great publicity campaigns which were successfully used to arouse the people of England to a full sense of their danger and their responsibilities at a critical period of the war. In addition to this, schoolrooms, the lecture halls, the churches, the libraries, the city halls, the public squares—all the

meeting places of the people in every state of the union—should resound with the voices of America's greatest and most forceful speakers, telling the people the full truth, the basic facts, about this war.

"Would it not be the height of wisdom to reverse the European censorship policy which conceals from the world the full truth about the incredible atrocities in Belgium, atrocities which, if possible, have been outdone in Rumania, and which up to now have not been publicly disclosed; adopting a new policy which would release to the whole world the story of appalling barbarities perpetrated by the Germans there—many of them too horrible to describe from a public platform, but all of them serving to show the people here what they might expect in the event of a Hun invasion of the United States; what sort of enemy, in fact, it is that we are fighting; exposing the fiendish devilry which caused thousands of poisoned candies, filled with typhus germs, to be dropped from German aeroplanes for Rumanian children to pick up and eat; the tragic story of how the queen's little boy, her youngest, picked up one of these poison-laden sweets in her garden, ate it, sickened almost at once, hovered between life and death for weeks and finally died in her arms, this story being written by the queen's own pen and sent to a lady who has recently returned to New York, and who has the letter with her now; the shocking story of how brutal German soldiers forced gentle and refined Rumanian women to disrobe in public, and then drove them in groups through the streets; the story of Rumania's pitiable plight today, with disease raging unchecked for lack of surgeons, physicians and medical supplies; the bloodcurdling details of scores of submarine sinkings where non-combatant victims struggling for life in the water were ruthlessly shot or struck down at short range; or, when they escaped that horrible fate, where they were cast adrift in small boats on the high seas to die one after the other from madness and from thirst; and in a different category, the thrilling stories of those combats in the air which are taking place every day over the fighting lines in France, stories of courage and daring the like of which have never been equaled in the widest realms of fiction; the countless stories of noble heroism, of human sacrifice and suffering for a great cause, which show in their true light the details of modern warfare, so persistently concealed, and so urgently needed to stir the people's pulse and to make them feel and realize the truth and the full truth about this gigantic struggle between might and right on the one side and might alone on the other?"

"Reverse this policy of secrecy, let the people at home have these and other true pictures of the war as it really is, and I firmly believe the response would be electrical—the people of the United States would rouse as one man to their task, fired with patriotic fervor born of a full and true understanding of what this war means to them and their future, of the individual obligations it imposes upon those at home as well as upon those who are constantly facing death in the firing line for the sake of those at home.

Mr. Burton said that one of the rea-

sons for the "strange lethargy" of the people of the United States was the policy of close censorship practiced by the entente allies and that this policy already "has cost countless thousands of lives and untold treasure."

OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMP MEN TAUGHT HOW TO ATTEND PEDAL EXTREMITIES

San Francisco, July 18—Drug stores in the vicinity of the reserve officers' training camp here are doing what is familiarly termed a land office business.

The period of short, sharp marches is on, and there are many and severe inspections of feet. Yards of adhesive tape are disappearing with amazing speed from the drug store shelves while talcum powder is being sold pound after pound. The feet of every man are examined before the march, and the taping and powdering begins at that time. If there is any indication of wear at the end of the march the pedal extremities of the rookies are given another plaster of tape and shower of powder.

In view of the big demand the commissary tents have been well stocked with everything that will make marching easier and yet not "baby" the feet of the rookie. The officers have no desire to make a man's feet so safe by treatment that he will be unable to stand up under a sustained march. On the other hand the slightest bruise or scratch is given close attention, and properly reinforced with tape and powder.

The inspection of feet is one of the amusing features of camp life, but the rookies realize the seriousness that is behind it, for battles, they are told by Major L. Masee and the other experts on marching at the camp, are won by the side that can keep its feet as well as its head.

Colonel F. W. Sladen, commandant at the camp, is a stickler for perfect feet, and on this account the examinations of these marching essentials are unusually severe. Rookies having a leaning toward tender feet are nursed for this particular ailment. If their feet do not become hard under the process they are liberated from further duty unless, in the opinion of the medical examiners these defects do not interfere with the marching quality of the man.

The inspection of feet has an important place in the reserve officers' training camp, as the inspections of firearms and other equipment. One of the most frequent things the camp doctors have to do is to ascertain where the shoe pinches, and then doctor the pinch. And in order to obviate as much foot trouble as possible the rookie is made to wear a shape that is larger than the shoe he would wear in piping times of peace.

The socks must also be of a make that will not irritate or overheat the feet. One of the principal things the camp doctors have to combat is "scalded" feet, or feet which, although otherwise hardy, become inflamed when forced to do certain kinds of work. Several rookies whose feet passed successfully in the initial examinations are finding out that good looking and good wearing pedal extremities are sometimes vastly different.

As a consequence of this close attention to feet the Red Cross and oth-

er organizations making outfits for soldiers are being instructed to abide closely by the government regulations on socks, and other foot and leg equipment.

The throngs of bare-footed men lined up for inspection in company formation, present an odd sight, but certainly show the good effect of this scrutiny when they march.

RECRUITS FOR PEN

Santa Fe, July 19.—Five recruits from Grant county for the penitentiary have been sent up by District Judge Raymond R. Ryan: H. B. Ridley, one to two years, assault with deadly weapon; Pablo Casares, one to two years, assault with intent to kill; Frank Smith, one to two years, larceny; Julio Montoya, six months in county jail; Jose Magdalena, one to two years, larceny from a dwelling; Ridley's sentence being suspended. Sheriff Herbert J. McGrath and Deputy Oscar Allen have arrested George Cavender at Goat Island, San Francisco Bay, and in accordance with their telegram, have obtained a confession from him connecting him with the killing of Frank Brownell, a Lordsburg chauffeur.

BIG GUNS FOR MARINES

Washington, July 19.—The fighting equipment of Uncle Sam has been augmented by the enlistment of two "Winchesters" who joined the U. S. marines today. This name will be added to the roster along with Remington, Colt, Mauser, Savage, Stephens, Marlin, Smith and Wesson, and other potential sharpshooters who recently joined the "soldiers of the sea." Almost every firearm and rifle manufacturer is represented by a namesake in the marine corps. Oddly enough, "Springfield," the rifle with which the U. S. Military forces are equipped, has, as yet, no namesake in the ranks of the fighting sea soldiers.

TEN NEW ENGINES

Santa Fe, July 18.—The El Paso and Southwestern has received 10 new locomotives of the 1600 type from the American Locomotive works for use in New Mexico. Officials of the road met in El Paso on Sunday to take up changes in the proposed new time card. The time of the Golden State limited and passenger train No. 2 westbound are to be changed. An additional line of telephone wire will be strung between Carrizozo and El Paso and a new pole line will be placed from Alamogordo south by the Mountain States Telephone company.

STOCKING UP BOOZE

Washington, July 18.—Liquor dealers, alarmed at the prospect of the government seizing, under the terms of the food bill, the vast quantities of distilled spirits in bond, are withdrawing whiskey from bonded warehouses at a rate that has never been equalled. Within the last 10 days more than 10 million gallons have been withdrawn, and the ratio of one million gallons a day bids fair to be continued. The whiskey thus withdrawn is placed largely, revenue officers state, in retail establishments.

As a consequence, internal revenue receipts have risen this month to a point higher than ever before, the total for the first seventeen days being approximately \$7,500,000 more than last July.

Helpful Hints to the Housewife Who Does Wartime Canning

Sugar Not Needed In Canning Fruit.

The following quotation relative to canning without sugar is taken from a circular written by J. S. Coldwell, by-products specialist of the Washington agricultural experiment station:

"Many housewives are apparently unaware that practically all fruits may be successfully canned without the use of sugar. Such fruit preserves more of the natural appearance and flavor than does fruit put up in heavy sugar syrup, is fully as palatable and much more easily digested, is in better condition for use in cooking and is available for all purposes for which fruit canned in syrup could be used. A heavy sugar syrup adds in a slight degree in preventing the growth of yeasts and bacteria which cause spoilage, but perfect sterilization makes its use unnecessary.

Fruits may be canned without the use of sugar by any method which the housewife is accustomed to use."—Inga M. K. Allison, Colorado Agricultural college, Fort Collins, Colo.

Cultivation More Needed Than Is Irrigation.

In the enthusiasm and haste of growing vegetables, the grower is apt to overlook the fact that the thorough cultivation is, in most instances, more important than irrigation. Beginners are apt to apply water as soon as the soil appears to be dry on the surface. This is bad practice, as it keeps the surface soil puddled, which upon drying, bakes or forms a crust. This crust excludes the air from the roots of the plants and also tends to dry the soil more rapidly.

As soon as the surface is sufficiently dry after irrigation, it should be cultivated or stirred so as to prevent the formation of a crust. The cultivation should be frequent, as it tends to conserve the soil moisture and keep the soil supplied with air. The vegetable plantation should be cultivated at least once a week. If careful cultivation is practiced the irrigation is reduced to a minimum and the vegetables make a more satisfactory growth as well as yield.—E. P. Sandsten, Colorado Agricultural college, Fort Collins, Colo.

Dried Vegetables.

Equally as great care should be given vegetables for drying as for canning, says the Oklahoma Farmer-Stockman. To secure a fine quality of dried products much depends upon having the vegetables absolutely fresh, young, tender and perfectly clean. Wash all vegetables and clean well. If steel knives are used in paring and cutting have them clean and bright so as not to discolor the vegetable.

After vegetables are prepared properly they are blanched. The blanching gives a more thorough cleaning, removes the strong odor and flavor from certain kinds of vegetables and softens and loosens the fiber. This allows the moisture in the vegetable to evaporate more quickly and uniformly. It also quickly coagulates the albuminous matter in the vegetables which helps to mold in the na-

tural flavors. Blanching consists of plunging the vegetables into boiling water for a short time. Use a wire basket or cheese cloth bag for this. After blanching the required number of minutes, drain well and remove surface moisture by placing vegetables between two towels or by exposing to the sun and air for a short time.

The vegetable thus prepared is spread in a thin layer on the trays of the drier. The temperature for drying should be rather low to prevent scorching the product. For most vegetables, after surface moisture is removed, begin drying at a temperature of 110 degrees Fahrenheit. In crease temperature gradually from 110 degrees Fahrenheit to 140 degrees Fahrenheit and complete drying in two or three hours. The time required for drying vegetables varies, however it can easily be determined by a little experience. The material should be stirred or turned several times during the drying in order to secure a uniform product.

It is important to know the temperature of the heat in the drier and this cannot be determined very accurately except by using a thermometer. Inexpensive oven thermometers can be found on the market, or an ordinary chemical thermometer can be suspended in the drier. If a thermometer is not used the greatest care should be given to the regulation of the heat. The temperature in the drier rises rather quickly and the product may scorch unless close attention is given.

Green String Beans—All varieties of string beans can be dried. Wash and string the beans carefully. The very young and tender string bean can be dried whole. Those that are full grown should be cut in one-fourth to one-inch lengths with a vegetable slicer or a sharp knife. It is better to cut beans than snap them. They are then put in a bag of cheese cloth, or in a wire basket and blanched in boiling water for six to ten minutes, depending on the maturity of the bean. One-half teaspoon of soda may be added to each gallon of boiling water to help set the green color in the bean. Remove surface moisture according to directions given above. Young string beans dry two hours, more matured beans three hours. Begin drying at a temperature of 110 degrees Fahrenheit and raise temperature gradually to 145 degrees Fahrenheit. Wax beans are dried in the same manner as the green string beans.

Lima Beans—Lima beans can be shelled from the pod and dried. If gathered before maturity, when young and tender, wash and blanch from five to ten minutes. Length of time for blanching depends upon size and maturity of bean. Remove surface moisture and dry from three to three and one-half hours at same temperature for string beans.

Dry Shelled Beans—Different kinds of beans, after maturing and drying on the vines, can be treated as follows: Shell, wash and spread in thin layers on the trays of the drier and heat ten minutes, beginning at 160 degrees Fahrenheit and gradually raising the temperature to 180

degrees Fahrenheit. This high temperature will destroy all insect eggs that might be on the beans. Cowpeas or any field pea can be treated in the same way. Cool and store carefully. It might be added that the heating of the bean or pea destroys its vitality and thus treated cannot be used for seed purposes.

Garden Peas—Shell and blanch from three to five minutes. Remove surface moisture, spread in single layer on trays and dry from three to three and one-half hours. Begin drying at 110 degrees Fahrenheit, raise temperature very slowly in about one and one-half or two hours to 145 degrees Fahrenheit. Continue drying one and one-half or two hours at 145 degrees Fahrenheit.

Sweet Corn—Select very young and tender corn, and prepare at once after gathering. Boil or steam on the cob eight to ten minutes to set the milk. To improve flavor a teaspoon of salt to a gallon of water may be used. Drain well and cut corn from cob, using a very sharp and flexible knife. Cut grains fine, only half way down to the cob and scrape out the remainder of the grain being careful not to scrape off any of the chaff next to the cob. Dry from three to four hours, at 110 degrees to 145 degrees Fahrenheit. When field corn is used, good plump roasting ear stage is the proper degree of ripeness. A pound of dried corn per dozen ears is an average yield. Corn may be dried in the sun. Dry in oven ten or fifteen minutes and finish drying in the sun. Sun drying is, of course, not satisfactory in moist weather and the dried product will be darker in color and not as attractive in appearance. When dried in the sun it should be heated in the oven before storing, to kill insect eggs.

Corn Chowder

One can corn; 2 strips salt pork, 1 small onion sliced, 2 cans boiling water, 2 cans diced potatoes, ½ can skim milk, salt and pepper, 4 crackers.

Brown onion with pork, add potatoes and corn with water and cook until tender, add milk and season to taste. Reheat and pour over crackers.

Macaroni Soup

2 cans milk, rind lemon, small onion, 1 teaspoonful flour, 1-4 can cooked macaroni, ½ teaspoonful salt, 1 egg.

Heat one and three-fourths cups of milk with lemon rind and onion to boiling point, simmer a few minutes and strain. Make a paste with flour and the remainder of the milk, add to mixture and bring to boil. Beat egg with salt until light and pour hot soup onto it gradually stirring all the time. Add macaroni cut in 1-4 inch lengths. Heat all together until very hot. Serve with minced parsley.

Corn Soup

1 can corn, 2 cans water, 2 tablespoonfuls fat, 1 tablespoonful chopped onion, 2 tablespoonfuls flour, 1 teaspoonful salt, white pepper, yolk of one egg.

Cook corn in water 20 minutes, add to milk, brown onion in fat, add flour and seasoning, then liquid and cook in double boiler. Beat the egg yolk, pour soup on slowly, mix well and serve immediately. Egg may be omitted.

Breakfast Cereal

Moisten slices of stale graham or whole wheat bread in water, sweetened with sugar molasses or honey. Dry thoroughly in a slow oven or

warming closet until very crisp, brown slightly, crush with the rolling pin and serve with whole milk or cream. Fruit may be added if desired.

Dressing for Meat, Fish or Fowl

Four cans coarse crumbs, 2 teaspoonfuls chopped parsley, 2 table-spoons fat, pepper, 2 teaspoonfuls baking powder, ½ can chopped celery, hot water or meat stock to moisten. Melt fat, add seasoned crumbs and then liquid barely enough to moisten. Parsley and celery may be omitted if other seasonings are preferred. Onions or peppers, sage and other herbs may be used as desired. Always buy stale bread for dressing if there is none on hand. The bread measurement may be supplemented with crumbs, corn bread, muffins or biscuit.

One-egg Muffins

Two cans flour, 3 teaspoonfuls baking powder, ½ teaspoonful salt, 1 tablespoonful sugar, 1 can milk, 1 tablespoonful fat, 1 egg.

Mix and sift dry ingredients, melt fat and add to egg. Add milk to egg and then add liquid to dry ingredients. Beat well, bake in greased muffin pans in a quick oven 25 to 30 minutes.

Graham Gems

1½ can graham flour, ½ can white flour, 3 teaspoonfuls baking powder, ½ teaspoonful salt, 2 table-spoonsful sugar, 1 egg, 1 can milk, 2 table-spoonsful fat, mix and make as muffins.

Corn Bread

One can cornmeal, 1 can flour, 2 table-spoonsful sugar, ½ teaspoon of salt, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1 table-spoonsful fat, 1 egg, 1 can milk.

Mix and sift dry ingredients, melt butter and add to egg. Mix milk and egg. Beat this into dry ingredients, pour mixture into well greased tin and bake in a hot oven. Cut in squares and serve hot. Bake in gem tins if preferred. Cornmeal may be supplemented for a portion of the flour if desired, or the bread made entirely of cornmeal.

Boston Brown Bread

One can cornmeal, 1 can flour, 2 cans sour milk, ¾ cans molasses, 1 teaspoonful salt ¾ table-spoon soda.

Mix dry ingredients, mix sour milk and molasses, stir into the dry ingredients, beating thoroughly. Turn into well greased mold, cover tightly (a pound baking powder can will do) and steam two or three hours, depending on size of mold. Remove cover and dry in oven 15 minutes. Take from can, slice and serve hot. Raisins may be added to mixture if desired.

Graham Bread

Two cans sour milk, 1½ table-spoonsful soda, 2 cans graham flour, 1 can white flour, 2-3 cans sugar, ½ table-spoonsful salt.

Mix and sift dry ingredients, sour milk. Put in greased bread tin and bake in a slow oven one to one and a half hours.

Bran Bread

One can bran, 3 table-spoonsful molasses, 3 table-spoonsful baking powder, 1 can milk, 1 egg, 1 table-spoonsful salt, flour enough to make a drop batter.

Sift dry ingredients together, beat egg, add molasses and milk. Mix with dry ingredients, adding enough flour to make a batter that will drop from spoon. Beat well, turn into a well greased bread tin and bake 30 to 45 minutes in a moderate oven. Bake in muffin pans if preferred.

Zensal will stop the itching. For all skin troubles. Sold by E. G. Murphy.—Adv.

Santa Fe, N. M., July 14—Attorney Cleary, through Sheriff Simpson of Luna county, today wired to Governor Lindsey an expression of "gratitude" on the part of the Industrial Workers of the World at Columbus for the governor's "solicitude to provide for them."

Sheriff Simpson wired that the strikers showed no disposition to create trouble. Governor Lindsey assured the people of Silver City that the situation was well in hand, following receipt of a message from the Silver City chamber of commerce asking for protection from an eruption of the I. W. W.'s.

Over Pershing's Trail

Columbus, N. M., July 14.—Along the same trail on which General Pershing pursued Francisco Villa into Mexico, in March 16, the horde of deported men from Bisbee marched at noon today to the site of the Mexican and Chinese refugee camp which General Pershing established on "The Plains of Death," between Columbus and the international line, 1,183 refugees from the great Arizona copper camp went into camp under a stinging sun without more shade than the small greasewood and mesquite brush afforded. Many were completely exhausted from 60 hours on board the deportation train. Much suffering was reported among the older men and the physically unfit. The men wore handkerchiefs over their heads to prevent sunstrokes.

The deported men marched to the camp site in squads of 200 under command of non-commissioned officers of the cavalry regiments, except the negro troops, which were ordered not to guard the white men. Although the majority of the men wish to return to Bisbee as soon as possible, because their families, their property, money and all are there, all wish to wait until federal troops accompany them. They have little hope of returning for a week. This is concurred in by officers here from the nature of the semi-permanent camp being established. The men were brought here from Hermanas, N. M., 17 miles west, early today by Colonel Holbrook's detachment of cavalry from Douglas. The men are now under complete control of the army. State and county officers have no jurisdiction on the military reservation.

Like another Coxe's army, 1,183 men marched into this little Mexican border town, which Villa raided a year ago last march—deported I. W. W. striking miners, laborers, lawyers, cooks and small merchants from Bisbee. The special train consisting of cattle cars and box cars with coaches for United States troops on the rear, stopped opposite the army camp outside of the little town.

A Picnic Breakfast

The men piled out of the cars, lined up by fours with cavalry on each side, and marched to the commissary car, where rations for breakfast were issued. Each was given a paper plate, a can of salomn, a loaf of bread and a can opener and returned to the cars with a tin cup of water. Attorney William Cleary, in charge of the deported men, directed the rationing from the car, food being furnished free by the El Paso and Southwestern Railroad company last night.

The men were also given their first ration of tobacco since they were rounded up in Bisbee Thursday morning. A collection was taken up among the deported, and \$90 worth of tobacco bought in El Paso was issued this morning on board the train enroute here. Ten automobiles arrived here from Bisbee ahead of the train, carrying quantities of supplies brought by friends of the deported men. These supplies were not permitted to be is-

sued today, but will be when camp is established.

Women Visit the Camp

Twenty men and 12 women, including Mrs. Rosa McKay, state representative from Cochise county, and wives of the deported miners, also came here from Bisbee by automobile. Mrs. McKay was given an ovation by the men as she walked along the line of march, the men lifting their hats and cheering for their "little leader." Attorney Cleary, smoking a corn col pipe, was also cheered as he stood at the head line, giving orders to the men in charge of each car regarding the rations.

The deported men now are under the protection of the government, the army having taken charge of them at Hermanas early today from Sheriff Simpson of Luna county. Colonel W. A. Holbrook, commanding at Douglas, who was in charge of troops in the Ludlow, Colo., strike in 1914, in command of an escort of 142 troops, was relieved on arrival here by Colonel H. G. Sickel, commander of the district here, who threw a heavy guard around the men, refusing permission to Bisbee friends to communicate with the men inside the picket lines. The deported men expect to return to Bisbee soon under protection of federal troops, but preparations are being made here to establish a permanent camp on the site of the old Mexican refugee camp.

Cleary, acknowledged spokesman for the men, said he had wired former Governor Hunt:

"We demand to be returned to Bisbee, protected by United States troops as many of us have business there, and others homes and families."

Members of the automobile party of friends from Bisbee say they saw armed deputy sheriffs and Bisbee citizens at Osborn Junction yesterday, watching for the return of the deported men, and they fear a clash between the local forces and the soldiers if those deported are returned now. They also say many strike leaders not caught in the first raid were ordered to get out of town within two hours, while others were jailed.

Billy Robinson, shift boss at the Junction mine, a member of the automobile party, made a short talk to the deported men inside the picket line today. He said:

"Uncle Sam is going to talk to the people about your cases."

Columbus, N. M., July 14—Three Americans were placed in an improvised tent hospital at the I. W. W. camp this afternoon. One was suffering from a fractured wrist, having been hit by an armed deputy at Bisbee, Thursday, and two others from the effects of the boiling sun, and the exhaustion incident to the long trip. The deported men were surrounded by guards at the camp and no one was permitted to enter except officers. A military order to have the men march twenty miles across the desert from Hermanas here was later countermanded as unreasonable.

The camp is being laid out and tents erected by the soldiers. The men are being organized into regiments, battalions and companies for feeding and policing the camp.

Claim They Were Robbed

The miners claim they were robbed of their money when their homes were entered Thursday morning and later when searched, Ed Murtha, an American from Alabama, said

"One man stuck a gun through the window of my house. Another poked a gun through the window where my 11-year daughter slept. They took me away, cursed me and robbed me of \$60."

Cleary said another man was robbed of \$110 and his watch when searched. Others had registration cards, liberty bond receipts and pa-

pers taken from them as well as union cards, he said.

LAWYER WITH I. W. W. GROUP AT COLUMBUS MAY BE RETURNED TO BISBEE

Santa Fe, July 16—Answering a telegraphic request from Attorney General Wiley E. Jones of Arizona, for assistance in securing the release and return to Arizona of Attorney W. B. Cleary, Attorney General Ralton of New Mexico, wired his willingness to do so, notwithstanding the fact that the I. W. W. Party at Columbus is now in federal hands. Mr. Patton added he would also be glad to do the same in the case of "all who accompanied Cleary and who were imported into this state by officers and citizens of your state."

Return is Forbidden

Columbus, N. M., July 16—Several miners and shift bosses, deported from Bisbee July 12, and who are confined in the detention camp here, claimed today to have received notices from their former employers telling them to come back and their old jobs would be waiting for them. J. W. Holman, a Bisbee miner, said the company for which he formerly worked sent a message to him by his wife yesterday telling him to return to work. Holman said he tore up the message and would remain in camp.

A long distance telephone message was also received here late last night asking that the miners and others whose families were destitute be sent back to Bisbee, but no action will be taken pending the receipt of instructions from Washington.

The wives of two Austrian miners came from Bisbee today to see their husbands. They brought small babies with them and remained in the visitor's tent outside the "dead line" all day with their husbands. One of these women said only one destitute case had been reported at Bisbee among the families of the exiles, and the county was providing for this family.

Sheriff Harry C. Wheeler of Cochise county, Ariz., sent a telegram to the military authorities here today asking about Edmond Grinod, whose relatives had asked for information about him. The telegram was given to Ben K. Webb, camp commander.

One of the members of company No. 5 complained today that he had been robbed of \$25 while standing in line to buy ice cream cones across the dead line. This was the first misdemeanor reported since the camp was established.

Shower baths were being installed, drains dug, a telephone line strung to the camp and a commissary established today, the work being done by the deported men. Every man in camp is to be vaccinated and given typhoid pro-phylaxis. Lieutenant J. L. Funkhouser, of the United States medical corps has been placed in charge of the work by Colonel H. G. Sickel. A field day will be held tomorrow, for the entertainment of the men and to give them exercise.

The men in the detention camp were told today a federal investigation had been started in Bisbee on account of the deportation. Pending the conclusion of this investigation, no decision regarding the disposition of the men was expected, the men were told. Tickets for two Mexican miners were sent here from Bisbee

with instructions to have them returned to work, as Sheriff Wheeler had given his consent. The military authorities declined to release the men, pending instructions from the war department.

Troops Needed at Ray

Douglas, Ariz., July 16.—Following reports by an army officer that the presence of troops at Ray, Ariz., a copper production center in this state, might avert disorders due to industrial unrest, a troop of cavalry has been sent there, it was announced at military headquarters here.

Ray is 20 miles from Globe, Arizona. It is located in the same district as Miami, where troops were used Saturday night to suppress a riot.

There have been no disorders in Ray, according to the officers, but alleged members of the I. W. W., organization have been reported going into the town in large numbers, and officials believed if troops were present there would be no trouble.

Deputy sheriffs at both Douglas and Bisbee today are swearing in special deputies in an effort to raise a total force in the two cities of 5,000 men. These men will be used for any emergency that arises. Both towns were quiet.

Washington, July 16—Reports that the activities of the I. W. W. in the west recently had been financed by German gold have failed of substantiation after an investigation by agents of the department of justice.

Officials said today they believed that nearly all the German money in this country had been located and that nearly all of it has been used in that way.

A number of arrests were reported today from various sections of the west of members of the I. W. W., under the president's alien enemy proclamation. It was said, however, that the percentage of German sympathizers found in the organization was believed to be no higher than that in many other organizations.

Incriminating Correspondence Found

Jerome, Ariz., July 16.—Two boxes of caps used to detonate dynamite and correspondence alleged to contain details of Industrial Workers of the World plans to tie up the copper mining industry in Arizona were found here today in a suitcase said to belong to James (Red) Thompson, known as an I. W. W. leader. Thompson was deported with 62 other men last Tuesday and now is held at Prescott.

VERSUS THE HOPPER

Santa Fe, July 16—Following upon the publication of a monograph dealing with the bean beetle, the state college has issued a new edition of the bulletin dealing with grasshoppers, bringing up the monograph to date as to include the latest methods of exterminating the grasshopper pest which each year causes heavy loss in the Espanola and other valleys. The monograph is by Professor D. B. Merrill.

Stings or bites of insects that are followed by swellings, pain or itching should be treated promptly, as they are poisonous. BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT counteracts the poison. It is both antiseptic and healing. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock Raising
Farming - Mining

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Those Washington suffragettes seem determined to spend their summer vacations in jail.

If congress is not careful it will have the food and revenue laws all passed and in force before the war is over. (Note: Experts declare the struggle cannot last more than from three to five years longer.)

Let's make Friday afternoon's holiday and picnic a genuine get-together affair for the town and Normal. A mighty good time can be enjoyed at the Hot Springs, and Las Vegas has not grown too big to have lost the know-everybody spirit that makes life in a small place enjoyable. Close up your store, your office or your home for the afternoon, and go to the Hot Springs for the barbacue and picnic.

The Emporia (Kansas) Gazette remarks, and wisely, that the president did well to agree on a provision in the food bill which will permit the brewing of beer and the suspension of the manufacture and sale of stronger liquors. There are fully 20,000,000 people in the United States who regard the use of beer as a part of their daily life. These people for the most part are racially inclined to be sympathetic with the German nation, but they have loyally swung into line to support the United States in this crisis. To force absolute prohibition upon them would make them angry and might cause them to lose sympathy with the war. The food grains that would go into the manufacture of beer would be saved at too great a cost if they should go into bread and thus cool the ardor of 20,000,000 Americans who are supporting the nation in its war with Germany, even though by doing so they break ties of kinship and lifelong affection. The Gazette is a strongly prohibition paper, but it announces its belief that prohibition will come speedily by the ballot; forcing it as a war issue will make prohibition's ultimate triumph come later than the fates apparently have provided.

The woman's auxiliary of the state council of defense urges the creation and maintenance of open markets in every city and town in New Mexico for the distribution and sale of home-grown vegetables and food products. This is a part of the national program of the bureau of food administration as it stimulates local production and cuts down transportation. It

does not matter on how small a scale the market be begun. The important thing is to begin it, and let it increase in size and scope as the season progresses.

Let no garden produce go to waste. Let one member of the municipal garden committee be appointed to make an inventory of all those in the district who have truck gardens and of all those with private gardens who have surplus supplies. Wherever there are school gardens, these of course should be an important feature of the market.

Encourage the people in your neighborhood to have gardens and to raise vegetables not only for themselves but for the municipal market. If too late to plant the seed, plant the idea, so that it will bear fruit next season.

Get the farmers interested and in the habit of bringing in their products for market day. Get the housewives in the habit of buying at the market. Do not be discouraged or impatient if things do not go with a rush at first. Remember that it takes Uncle Sam at least six months to make a soldier; we cannot create a municipal market in a single day, or organize Auntie Sam's army overnight.

The important thing is to realize that every minute counts, and that every effort, however small, increases the larger effort which we must all make in order to insure success.

If we do not take the trouble now to patronize home markets, yes, even to take an hour's worth of time to buy ten cents worth of lettuce, we may have to stand in for a much longer time than that in a bread line to get the necessary food for our families! For the maintenance of open markets for home grown products is only one of the many methods urged by the national food administration committee as a preventative against food shortage.

This is not an economic experiment for a nation which may be at war tomorrow; it is a practical necessity for a nation at war today. This fact must be realized, and the sooner it is realized, the more efficient will our home defense become.—A. C. H. In New Mexico War News.

J. L. G. Swinney, formerly a member of the state board of education, and democratic candidate for state superintendent of public instruction, at the last state election, has been elected to the position of superintendent of the Gallup public schools.

BRITISH AVIATOR ALSO DISPOS- ES OF AN AIRSHIP FROM AEROPLANE

Hamilton, Ont., July 18.—Destruction single-handed, first of a German submarine and then of a Zeppelin by Put Hobbs of the royal flying corps is described in advices received today by his relatives. His exploits, which have won him a letter of congratulation from Admiral Jellicoe and recommendations for the Victoria Cross were accomplished from the air. He swooped down over the u-boat and dropped bombs on it until it sank. A few days later he attacked the airship and sent it crashing to earth in flames, causing the death of its entire crew.

Other German Losses

London, July 17 (Tuesday, Delayed)—Reporting officially the capture near the Dutch coast on Monday morning of four German steamships the British admiralty statement says:

"Some of our lights whilst patrolling the North Sea about 4:30 a. m. Monday sighted a number of German steamers ahead. The signal to stop and abandon ship was hoisted, and shots were fired across their bows to emphasize the order.

"The order was disregarded and all the enemy ships made for the Dutch coast. Two of the rearmost ships reached shore, having been badly damaged by our gunfire. The other four ships, however, were intercepted and captured by our destroyers, who placed guards on board and brought them ashore. Two of these ships crews abandoned their ships. The other two crews were brought back into harbor, prisoners. All four ships are now in harbor in this country. Their names are Pellwoorm, Brietzig, Marie Horn and Heinze Blumberg."

RESIGNATION OF CHIEF OF COM- MERCE LEAVES SECRETARY SUPREME

Washington, July 18.—Dr. Edward Pratt, who resigned last night as chief of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, at the request of Secretary Redfield, was succeeded today by Burwell S. Cutler, first assistant chief, who will serve until a permanent appointment is made.

Mr. Cutler is a Buffalo manufacturer who came to Washington at the outbreak of war to offer his services to the commerce department.

Neither Mr. Redfield nor Dr. Pratt would discuss today the causes leading up to the resignation. It has been generally known for some time, however, that wide differences existed between the two. The climax, it was said, was caused by Dr. Pratt's inclusion of a long list of commodities as coming within President Wilson's proclamation putting certain goods under export control under the espionage act. Dr. Pratt's dismissal is taken to mean that Mr. Redfield will take direct charge of administering the export control.

William Lomax and wife, formerly of El Paso, have leased a tract of land near Nohr's ranch, north of Las Vegas, and will stock their place with cattle and horses, and plant extensive crops next year. Mr. and Mrs. Lomax moved to their ranch today.

RUSSIAN PEOPLE CALL DISTURB- ERS AT HOME DISLOYAL TO SOLDIERS

Petrograd, July 18.—The outbreak of armed sailors and soldiers yesterday was a repetition of those the day before, except that they occurred at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon, whereas the first outbreak occurred around midnight.

The manifestants were grouped along the same part of the city. A number of stray shots were heard, followed by the firing of rifles against upper windows and roof tops at a seemingly imaginary foe.

The council of the new body of soldiers, workmen and peasants of all Russia, the extremists abstained from participating in a demonstration today, after an all night session. They rejected it "with the indignation of the party of the people." "It is inadmissible," continue the Russians, "that armed demonstrations should seek to impose the will of isolated military interests on the whole of Russia. Blood has been shed in the streets of Petrograd. All these acts towards our revolutionary army, which is defending the conquests of the revolution of the front, are acts of treachery and felony. Whoever attacks the recognized agencies, whoever shows discord in their ranks is striking a dagger's blow in the back of the revolutionary party which is fighting against the troops of William."

The resolution protests against the "deplorable symptoms of decomposition," which comprise the whole national authority and the future constituent assembly, and it demands that an end be made once and for all, "to all acts which dishonor revolutionary Petrograd."

COURT PLASTER PEDDLED IN KANSAS FOUND TO CON- TAIN TETANUS GERMS

Kansas City, July 18.—A plot to spread terror through the state of Kansas by the means of disease inoculation through court plaster was stated today by Fred Robertson, United States district attorney of Kansas, at Kansas City, Kansas, to have been broken up through the arrests of three men in different towns of that state. Government tests conducted by W. S. Smith, government chemist, and his aids, were said to have revealed tetanus germs on plasters the three men were selling and giving away. Other germs, not yet identified, were declared to have been found. The names of the three were withheld.

Mr. Robertson was at a loss to find a motive for the alleged plot. The fact that the names of the three persons under arrest were of Germanic origin, and other features connected with it, might indicate, he said, that it was of an enemy nature.

"It is apparent that these persons wanted to start some sort of trouble," he said, "but I don't know just how to attribute it. It may be merely the work of cranks or it may have a broader scope. We are continuing our investigations."

The three men have been under arrest several days.

L. H. Pearson of Marion, Iowa, arrived this afternoon for a business visit.

STATE NEWS

Superintendent A. R. Kent of the Raton city schools has been elected fourth vice president of the national education association, which is in session in Portland, Ore.

Ed. Porter, who was injured in an automobile accident on the Ozark trail near Tucumcari on July 3, died at the Tucumcari hospital as a result of injuries sustained.

Clovis reports a maximum temperature of 108 degrees. The excessive heat has not resulted in any prostrations.

The narrow tract of land, near Maxwell, Colfax county, will be thrown on the market early in August. The land will be sold at auction on long time payments, much on the plan of state land sales.

Thieves carried away a safe containing \$300, from the store of R. A. Duran, merchants and postmaster at Encinosa, Lincoln county. The greater part of the money was postoffice funds. The safe was blown open after being carried away. Merijildo Padilla was arrested, and is being held to the grand jury under a bond of \$1,000, which he has furnished.

As a result of a dispute over pasture rights, Mac Fletcher was shot by one Scribner, near Artesia. Fletcher was struck in the arm but was not seriously injured. Scribner has not been apprehended.

YOUNG COUPLE SURPRISE THEIR FRIENDS BY UNANNOUNCED CEREMONY

Miss Bertha Lockridge and Mr. William Goke were united in marriage this morning at 7:00 o'clock at the Church of the Immaculate Conception. Rev. Father Adrien Rabeyrolle, pastor of the church, performed the wedding ceremony and officiated at the mass at which the bride and groom received together the holy communion. Mr. and Mrs. George J. Herman attended the couple as best man and matron of honor, respectively. The bride was attired in a white suit and wore a white hat.

Following the wedding an elaborate breakfast was served to the bridal party and relatives at the home of the groom's mother, Mrs. Henry Goke, Jr. The young couple will be at home to their friends at 903 National avenue, where they will reside.

The marriage this morning came as a surprise to the couple's friends. It had been known that they were engaged, but it had not been expected that the ceremony was to be performed at so early a date. Mrs. Goke came here about a year ago from Fort Smith, Ark., and during her residence here has acquired a wide circle of friends. Mr. Goke is the grandson of the late Henry Goke, one of the pioneer merchants of this section of New Mexico. He is an estimable young man, and is employed by the Wells Fargo and Company express.

NEW MARINE MINISTER

Rome, July 18—Vice Admiral Debono has been appointed minister of marine to succeed Vice Admiral Arturo Triangi.

SERIOUS CHARGE MADE IN ALBUQUERQUE BY A LASS OF 12 YEARS

Albuquerque, N. M. July 19.—A 12-year old girl living in Martineztown reported to her parents early today that a Spanish-American member of the National Guard had criminally mistreated her. Examination by Dr. M. K. Wylder established the fact that the child had been criminally abused.

When the case was reported to the regimental authorities the soldiers of the camp were lined up and an effort made to have the girl identify the man. She did not recognize her assailant among them.

A name which the girl said the soldier told her was his is not on the regimental roll. Several men not at the camp at the time the line-up was ordered will be confronted by the girl.

According to the child's story the Guardsman took her from a dance hall in Martineztown to the bank of an acequia not far away. Her home is near the dance hall. The Guardsman, according to the allegations, kept the child out until 4 o'clock this morning and mistreated her repeatedly.

WHITE WANTS JOB

Santa Fe, July 19.—Nine candidates have entered the lists to succeed the late Judge Hyman Abraham, probate judge of Grant county, at \$800 a year: Joseph W. Hodges, R. E. Jones, C. L. Doston, J. W. Fleming, Alvan N. White, David H. Kistner, John Durant, James Royall and E. B. Venable. Three of the candidates are lawyers: Hodges, Royall, White, the last named having been former superintendent of public instruction and is at present in charge of the law office of State Senator M. T. Dunlavy at Santa Fe, who is in the officers' reserve corps in training at the San Francisco Presidio. The appointment is to be made by the board of county commissioners and the democratic county central committee will make a recommendation, which it is expected will be heeded.

MAN ADMITS MURDER

Johnstown, Pa., July 19—George C. Tompkins of Philadelphia held in connection with the shooting to death of Edmund F. Humphries, prominent coal operator; his wife, Mrs. Carrie Humphries, and their 15-year old son, Edmund F. Humphries, Jr., on a country road near Carrolltown, this county, last Sunday, confessed to the three murders today, according to announcement by the police. The confession was made in the presence of Jailer Edward Knee of the county jail and Tompkins' attorneys.

RED CROSS PLAY

Santa Fe, July 19—The Red Cross is to be the beneficiary of a play called "Parlor Matches," to be given by the Mesilla Park sewing club on Friday evening, this being the second event by the sewing club for the Red Cross cause. The caste will be filled with amateur players from La Mesa.

MORRIS FOR AMBASSADOR

Washington, July 18—Roland S. Morris of Philadelphia has been chosen for appointment as ambassador to Japan to succeed Mr. Guthrie. It is understood he is persona grata to Japan and the nomination will go to the senate first.

EL PASO AND SOUTHWESTERN ANNOUNCES CHANGES NECESSITATED BY WAR

London, July 19—French men, women and children, under 18 and more than 50 years old are being returned by the Germans to France from the occupied sections of the northern part of the country at the rate of 1,000 a day, according to advices received by the Belgian relief commission here. The repatriation is being carried out through Switzerland.

Thousands of these refugees have arrived at Evian-Les-Bains in the department of Haute-Savoie on Lake Geneva. Their condition is described as most pitiable. The relief commission and the American Red Cross may take measures to relieve them, as Evian-Les-Bains, with no adequate accommodations for such throngs, is becoming daily more congested. The refugees are all persons incapable of performing work useful to the Germans.

SUFFRAGETTES PARDONED

Washington, July 19—President Wilson today issued pardons for the 16 suffragists who are serving 60-day sentences in the workhouse at Occoquan, Va., for picketing in front of the White House. Secretary Tumulty said the pardon must speak for itself and that the White House would have no statement to make of the president's reason for his action.

A NEW TOWN

Santa Fe, July 19—Carlsbad and Lovington men are laying out a new townsite in the southern "plains" country. It is named Blythe, similar to the prosperous town in the Imperial Valley, California. New Mexico men are organizing a national bank while Texans are organizing a state bank.

GOES TO MAYOS

Santa Fe, July 19.—District Traffic Manager Fred McBride of the New Mexico Central railroad, accompanied by A. W. Beckner, auditor of the road, leaves tomorrow afternoon for Rochester, Minn., to enter Mayo Brothers' hospital for the removal of a malignant tumor.

SPECIAL SESSION

Denver, Colo., July 18—Convened in extra session by Governor Gunter to consider various measures of a wartime character the members of the Colorado legislature gathered here today. The lawmakers will be asked to provide for expenses of mobilizing the National Guard and to consider and act upon various measures looking to food conservation.

ENGINEERS INCORPORATE

Santa Fe, July 18.—Incorporation papers were filed today by Bartlett and Ramey, Inc., of San Antonio, Tex., construction engineers of San Antonio, Texas, who are building the huge Eagles' Nest reservoir in Colfax county. The capitalization is \$20,000 and the New Mexico headquarters are at Cimarron, Colfax county, Neal Jansen of Eagles' Nest being the statutory agent.

REMEMBERS JAUREZ

City of Mexico, July 18—The anniversary of the death of Benito Juarez, the national hero of Mexico, was observed today with imposing demonstrations throughout the republic.

Santa Fe, July 19—The local train on the El Paso and Southwestern from Tucumcari south and from Alamogordo to Tucumcari, is to be discontinued as a war measure, according to word from a meeting of El Paso and Southwestern and Southern Pacific officials at DelMonte, Col. Arrangements are also being made to run the Golden State limited over the Southern Pacific tracks out of El Paso instead of over the Douglas-Tucson line. The westbound limited, however, is to be run over the El Paso and Southwestern tracks by way of Tucson and Douglas.

As another war measure to relieve the congestion of freight traffic, it is suggested that freight be unloaded on Sundays and other holidays the same as on workdays. Appeals will be addressed to shippers and merchants to utilize Sundays and holidays for the sake of the national welfare, thus gaining one-seventh in the capacity of the railroads for the handling of freight. Many large shippers will load 10 per cent above stenciled capacity on freight cars.

The president's export proclamation went into effect this week and shippers to foreign countries must obtain licenses for shipment of the following commodities from the department of commerce: coal and bunkers, food grains, flour and meals, pig iron, steel, scrap iron, ferro-manganese, fertilizer, arms and munitions, explosives, charcoal, saltpeter, permanganate of potash, chlorate of potash, muriatic, picric, sulphuric and nitric acids.

AMERICANIZING FRANCE

Bordeaux, France.—The American breakfast of ham and eggs, liver and bacon, beefsteak or other meat, vegetables, porridge, etc., as a substitute for the meagre European morning meal, is recommended for France by Dr. Bergonie, professor of the Bordeaux medical faculty. Dr. Bergonie regards this substitution as one of the reforms most likely to relieve the economic situation by providing rational nourishment and avoiding a great deal of waste.

He bases his argument on the fact that man requires sustenance most at the beginning of the day when he is about to make his effort, whereas in Europe he takes his principal meal when his day's work is half through, when he is half tired out and is incapable of so digesting his meal as to give him proper support for the balance of the day's work.

Chicago, July 18—Rock Island shopmen numbering approximately 8,000 today agreed to a 48-hour postponement of a strike which was to have begun this morning. The disagreement is over a demand for increased wages.

Among the young men who have applied for admission to the second officers' training camp are the following from Las Vegas: Henry E. Blattman, Charles G. Hedcock, Herbert W. Gehring, John W. Harris, Jr., Frew Morton, William L. Sells, Jack Stewart, Charles H. Southern, Leo M. Tip-ton, Thomas V. Truder. Waldo Twitchell a Las Vegas boy now residing in Los Angeles, and L. H. Kronig, Jr., of Watrous, also have signed up for the camp.

STATE NEWS

Mrs. Wallace, living 12 miles east of Clayton, was struck by lightning the latter part of last week, and was seriously injured. A large handful of hair was burned from her head where the lightning struck. The bolt ran down her left side, dislocating her hip and burning the shoe off her foot. She was taken to a Clayton hospital where she is recovering.

A fire in the Eklund garage at Clayton Monday threatened to destroy the building and those adjoining it. The quick work of the fire department saved the garage and the cars stored in it.

A clever thief stole a Ford car belonging to Mr. Keller of Thomas, Union county, and so far has not been apprehended. The car had been driven down town by a young man working for Mr. Keller, and was parked in the middle of the street while the young man attended a dance. The thief has made his complete getaway, in the opinion of the town peace officers.

George L. Maddy, a healthseeker, died suddenly in Albuquerque yesterday, a short time after his arrival in the city. He registered at a hotel from Jonesboro, Ark., and a membership card of the Jonesboro Elks' lodge was found among his effects. He called for a taxicab at 3:00 o'clock yesterday morning, and a few minutes later, when an attendant returned to notify him that the taxi had arrived, he was dead.

A fire which broke out in the tent of Lieutenant C. P. Dusdon at Albuquerque burned his blankets and a new uniform which he had just purchased. The fire call was sounded and the entire National Guard encamped there answered and extinguished the blaze before any other tents in the row caught fire.

The mercury reached 100 degrees in Albuquerque Saturday, the hottest day recorded since the establishment of the government station there six years ago.

Thomas S. Parker, of Silver City, died in Rochester, Minnesota at the age of 70 years. Mr. Parker was a retired mining man of the Tyrone district. As the original owner of the townsite of Tyrone and the mining properties in the Burro mountains, which constitute some of the most valuable holdings in the Phelps-Dodge corporation, Parker became a rich man when he sold to the Phelps Dodge company for a price reported to have been two millions of dollars. Mr. Parker served his country in the civil war, and also in the Indian wars. He first came to Silver City in 1883.

The home of D. H. Tullcock at Deming was struck by lightning Saturday the current passing down the furnace chimney and jumping to the ventilation pipe between two south bedrooms as it passed to the floor and disappeared as mysteriously as it entered. The damage was fully covered by insurance, and no one was injured.

Try Zensal for that Itching Eczema. Sold by E. G. Murphey.—Adv.

Women Asked to Show Loyalty

Are the women of New Mexico enlisted in the service of the nation? Do they intend to stand squarely behind the administration in its all important program of food production and conservation and in all the other fields of service in which their help will be a decisive factor in determining the war? The next two weeks will indicate what showing the women of New Mexico are to make in response to the call of the nation in regard to food conservation and general service. The Hoover food pledge cards now being distributed by the woman's auxiliary of the state council of defense will be signed, it is hoped, by every woman in the state. This pledge is, of course, voluntary, all the more reason, therefore why we, living in a democratic country, should be quick to sign it. It is not impossible that the nation have to force upon us food restrictions such as are now made in other countries less fortunate than our own at this moment. But if each one in the country does his or her part, such action may be unnecessary. Let us all do our share in preventing the necessity of food tickets.

The other test of loyalty to the nation by the women of New Mexico will be shown in the signing of the registration cards which are sent out by the women's committee of the council of national defense at Washington. Many women have already given their names to the woman's auxiliary of the state council of defense, which is the local branch of the national organization, but it is greatly to be desired that each and every woman in the state sign also this official registration card which also serves to show in what capacity a woman is most fitted or desires to help. If a woman is untrained but wishes to train for any particular line of service, it may also be indicated on this card, and when the returns are in, the state organization, with the co-operation of the national organization, will endeavor to see that such training may be given, in whatever line desired.

It has been arranged so that if, at any later time, the nation wishes to take a census or inventory of its "woman power," these cards will be used and the woman who has signed one, will not need to register again. Thus the widespread significance of these registration cards may be seen. The registration now is voluntary, it is not a form of conscription. Moreover, the registration does not involve only the desire to volunteer labor without pay, but also if the signer wishes to apply or to qualify for some form of governmental paid service, this fact also may be noted.

Only about 2,000 registration cards have been printed at the expense of the national council of defense. In the states without an appropriation, the expense has been borne by a small registration fee of ten cents, or by private donation or subscription. In New Mexico the expense of printing these registration cards, and the Hoover pledge cards as well, has been borne by the state council of defense. Therefore no registration fee is asked of any woman who signs.—From the Publicity Bureau, Woman's Auxiliary of the Council of Defense, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

When the baby is suffering the double affliction of hot weather and bowel disorders, the remedy needed is McGEHE'S BABY ELIXIR. It reduces the feverish condition, corrects the stomach and checks looseness of the bowels. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

New Mexico Green Chile

Take full grown, green pods, preferably those that are smooth and have no shoulder at stem. Cut off end of each pod, for steam to escape. Place them in an oven or on a toaster over coals. Keep the heat up, so as to blister the thick skin on the pods. Turn them over occasionally, until all of the skin has been thoroughly blistered. Remove pods from fire; cover them with a cloth and let them partially cool; then remove the blistered skin with the thumb and forefinger. Remove also the stem, seed and placenta, though this is not absolutely necessary. Put the peeled pods on boards, or on anything that they may dry thoroughly. Place them in the sun, turning the pods over after the first day or two, to prevent their sticking to the board. In a few days, when thoroughly dried, the chile can be sacked and put away. This green dried chile can be used in any way in which the green, fresh chile can be used. It will keep a long time.

Summer squash or pumpkin

Take young, tender squash or pumpkin from two to four inches in diameter. Have a good, sharp knife, and slice them into thin slices. Place these slices on boards, cloth, grass, or anything that is suitable for holding for drying. Put them out in the sun, and be careful that they are not rained upon. In two or three days they should be moved or turned over, so they they may dry quicker. After they are dried thoroughly they can be boxed in small boxes and kept for a long while.

Corn

There are two old, but good, New Mexico ways of drying roasting ears (known as "chicos" in Spanish.)

Take tender roasting ears and steam them until done; then either cut the grain from the cob or simply put the roasting ears out to dry. The grain can be spread thinly upon dishes or boards in the sun to dry. When the corn on the cob is thoroughly dried it may be shelled and sacked, or it can be sacked without removing it from the cob.

Another way is to take the roasting ears and place them in the over or right in the fire, without removing the husks, and let them cook until done. Then remove the husk and allow the roasting ear to dry in the same manner as when steamed. In preparing large numbers of roasting ears by this method, a good way is to build a large adobe oven and heat it thoroughly; remove the coals, throw in the roasting ears with the husks on, immediately close the oven tightly, and let the corn remain in it all night. The next morning the corn can be taken out, and after removing the husks, placed out to dry, shelled or on the cob.

FABIAN GARCIA.

Solomon Bequette, Flat River, Mo., writes: "Two years ago I was down on my back till I could hardly go. Foley Kidney Pills straightened me right up." Rheumatic pains, aching joints, sore and swollen muscles indicate deranged kidneys. Foley Kidney Pills give prompt relief. O. G. Schaefer. Pills get right at the trouble and—Adv.

Paris, July 17.—A Zurich dispatch to the Petit Parisien, says Count von Bernstorff, has been appointed German minister at Copenhagen in the place of Count Brockdorf-Rantzau.

CLAIMS TITLE TO A TRACT OF LAND THAT THE COMMUNITY CLAIMS

A suit brought by Mrs. Kate Des Marais against the community of La Liendre was heard today before District Judge David J. Leahy. The hearing had not been completed late this afternoon. It involves the title to about 300 acres of land in the La Liendre district, located on the Antonio Ortiz grant. Mrs. Des Marais claims the land by a court decree and by adverse possession, while the community of La Liendre claims the same land by a deed from Senator Thomas B. Catron. There are a number of witnesses in the city to testify in the hearing, which likely will be finished tonight. Mrs. Des Marais is being represented by Attorneys Charles W. G. Ward and George H. Hunker, while Attorney O. A. Larrazolo is appearing for the La Liendre community.

The case of the Mill Ditch association against Donaciano Trujillo, completed yesterday afternoon, was decided in favor of the defendant, District Judge Leahy dissolving the injunction brought against Trujillo by the ditch association. Trujillo is to be allowed to use water from the Sappello river, as he has used it for more than 50 years.

ETHAN ALLEN JOINS

Butte, Mont., July 16.—Ethan Allen, a direct descendant of the original Ethan Allen of Fort Ticonderoga fame, was accepted for enlistment in the United States Marine corps here, today. He has been principal of a school in this state for the last three years, and has also taught in Ohio and North Dakota. Allen's enlistment recalls the early days of American history when Fort Ticonderoga was held in turn by the French and British until finally captured by his illustrious grandsire in 1775. It is another reminder of the wiping out of old differences between nations, happily now serving together against a common enemy.

Help Asthma and Hay Fever

Now comes the season when hay fever and asthma cause thousands to suffer. "I have been troubled for years with asthma," writes E. C. Schaaf, Creston, O., "and find Foley's Honey and Tar the only thing that gives me relief. It loosens the phlegm so I can throw it off and then sleep." Contains no poiate. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

WHOLE FAMILY PINCHED

Santa Fe, July 16.—An entire family was arrested by Deputy Sheriff C. C. Cunningham assisted by City Marshal Perry Caldwell at Springer on the charge of larceny. A search disclosed that the house of Commdra Valdez was jammed with stolen goods taken not only from people's back yards and acquired by shop lifting but apparently the result of well conducted raids. Mrs. Valdez, her son Alberto and her daughter Amalia were all taken in custody and held for the grand jury.

Straightened Him Up

Weak, overworked or deranged kidneys permit impurities to remain in the system and cause rheumatic pains, backache, pains in sides, stiff and sore joints and muscles. Mrs. A. G. Wells, Focky Mount, N. C., writes: "I cannot praise Foley Kidney Pills enough for the wonderful benefit I derived by their use." O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

RESULTS OF THIS YEAR'S EIGHTH GRADE EXAMINATIONS ARE PLEASING

Santa Fe, N. M., July 13.—To Miss Ada Coleman, of Elida, Roosevelt county, belongs the honor of winning high average in examination for the eighth grade diploma among the 1162 students in the rural schools of New Mexico who successfully passed these examinations in March, April and May of this year. Miss Coleman's average was 98 per cent. Several young people made averages of 96 per cent and a considerable number reached 93 per cent. These and other matters of interest have been developed by a careful analysis of returns from the year's eighth grade examinations just completed by the department of education. Probably the most interesting conclusion drawn from the study of these returns is that work in the rural schools of the state is advancing rapidly; that standards are higher and work more thorough and that the average result of examinations for eighth grade diplomas is much better than ever before.

The department is watching the eighth grade returns this year with more than usual care because of the campaign to bring every eighth grade student into a high school in September. State, county and local school authorities are co-operating in this campaign, which is in line with that urged by P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, to "keep things moving" in education during the war, and wherever possible to increase the efficiency of the public schools.

Superintendent Wagner's office among other tabulations drawn from the eighth grade returns has completed a table showing the high averages made by students in each county in the three examinations of March, April and May for eighth grade diplomas. In San Miguel county in March Bernice Warner, Onava, made an average of 94; in May Margaret Long, Cherryvale, averaged 90.

Cofax county—Ada McMahon, Vermejo Park, 96; April, Ray Miller, Maxwell, 91; May, Nitha Klipstine, Abbott, 81.

Guadalupe county—March, Minnie Huff, Montoya, 93; April, Ellen Bazill, Buchanan, 91; May, Georgia Crabtree, Taft, 87.

Mora county—March, Claudia Lemon, Mills, 92; April, Annie Gibson, Levy, 94; May, Gartha Kyler, Levy, 85.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy

Mrs. Charles Palmer, Andrews, Ind., says: "Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy has never failed to give me prompt relief. From my own experience and that of my friends and neighbors, I know it will do all that is claimed for it"—Adv.

TWO TRAINS CUT

Santa Fe, July 16.—The A. T. & S. F. has won its case before the California railroad commission, which permits it to take off two trains between Los Angeles and San Diego.

Cramps of the Stomach and Bowels
"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Joseph Krier, Philo, Ohio. "It will cure cramps of the stomach and bowels quicker than anything I know of"—Adv.

COMMISSIONERS ANNOUNCE A STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION PROGRESSIVE POLICY FOR THE FUTURE

Santa Fe, N. M., July 13.—Chairman Arthur Seligman, of the board of county commissioners, stated this afternoon that he will confer with Highway Engineer James A. French on the best method to repair the steel span bridge across the Santa Fe river leading into Canon road which has been closed up for some time. A cement floor may be put in. The bridge was closed when a car broke through the wooden flooring.

Mr. Seligman said that at present there is only \$1,100 in the county bridge fund and it must be expended for bridges on the Camino Real as the money is from a levy made for that particular purpose.

"We are planning to do a lot of work on roads in this county," he said. "The sum of \$3,000 of county money will be expended on the road to the north, or \$12,000 in all, including state aid of \$3,000 and federal aid of \$6,000. The sum of \$2,000 will be spent on the road to Las Vegas, or \$8,000 in all; \$1,000 on the road to Cerrillos, making 4,000 in all on that road; and there will be \$1,000 for the Lamy-Galisteo road, or \$4,000 in all."

It is understood the county commissioners will take a look at the Santa Fe Canon road, where a number of broken bridges are a menace to traffic, and consider the feasibility of improving this highway. The Canon is one of Santa Fe's biggest assets, with its scenic highway, cool woods and peaks and trout fishing and a comparatively small sum will fix up the road, one of the most beautiful in the state. "Albuquerque picknickers would be up there every Sunday," said Nathan Salmon today, "if we fixed up the road and advertised it a little."

When you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal of the daytime you can charge it to a torpid liver which has allowed it to a torpid liver which has allowed the system to get full of impurities. HERBINE cures all disorders produced by an inactive liver. It strengthens that organ, cleanses the bowels and puts the system in good healthy condition. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

SIXTEEN ARE ARRESTED

Washington, July 16.—Sixteen suffragists of the woman's party, attempting to stage a picketing demonstration at the White House gates today in celebration of the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille, were promptly arrested and taken to jail.

There virtually was no disorder, the crowd of about a thousand people contenting itself with hooting and jeering as police escorted the women away. The banners carried by the women bore various inscriptions, including the motto of the French revolution "Liberty, Equality, Fraternity."

Each of the women gave \$25 bail at the police station to appear Monday for trial on the charge of impeding traffic.

For Men, Women and Children

Young and old find in Foley's Honey and Tar Compound a true friend when suffering from coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, asthma, or hay fever. Mrs. Chas. Reitz, Allens Mills, Pa., writes: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar for eleven years and would not be without it." When you get FOLEY'S you get the genuine. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

A STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION VOTES TO LEVY A ONE-MILL TAX NEXT YEAR

Santa Fe, N. M., July 13.—The state highway commission, at a meeting yesterday, adopted a resolution directing the state auditor to make the one mill levy for roads provided for in the new road law passed at the last regular session of the state legislature, and decided to anticipate the proceeds of that levy to the extent of \$150,000, by the issuance of certificates of indebtedness. The money will be used in duplicating federal road funds secured for New Mexico roads under the provisions of the federal aid road act.

The levy will be made on the 1917 assessment, and is expected to net about \$300,000. Section 16 of the road law authorizes the commission to anticipate the proceeds of any annual levy by the issuance of certificates of indebtedness, to run for not to exceed two years, and to bear interest at a rate of not to exceed 5 per cent. The mill levy is to be made annually, and the law makes it the duty of the state highway commission to cause such levy to be made by certifying the same to the state auditor.

At the meeting the commission also adopted a memorial to congress asking for federal appropriations for the construction of a bridge across the Jemez river at the Jemez Indian pueblo; for the addition of two spans to the Laguna bridge at the Laguna Indian pueblo; for the reduction of the grade of the hill near the Pajuata Indian village; for repairing the bridge and painting the bridge at the Isleta Indian village, and for the construction of a paved road through that village. The commission estimated that the appropriations necessary would total \$29,500.

Paul B. Moore of Magdalena was appointed by the commission county highway superintendent for Socorro county, and James C. Harvey was named district engineer for the counties of Sandoval, Bernalillo, McKinley, Valencia and Socorro, with headquarters in Los Lunas.

John L. Sullivan on Overeating

John L. Sullivan, the ex-pugilist, says that is also the case over there, eating than from drink. One of the most prominent physicians in England says that is also the case over there. No wonder that so many people are troubled with indigestion. If you have trouble with your stomach adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation. Then if you should have indigestion take Chamberlain's Tablets. They strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally.—Adv.

LUSK GETS APPOINTMENT

Santa Fe, July 16.—Don Lusk of Silver City has been appointed United States commissioner by Federal Judge Colin Neblett, to succeed the late Judge W. H. Newcomb. Lusk formerly lived at Santa Fe, then at Las Vegas and Albuquerque, and is editor of the Silver City Independent.

Worms interfere with the growth of children. They become thin, pale and sickly. Get rid of these parasites at once if you would have healthy, happy, cheerful children. WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE destroys worms and benefits the whole system. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

For Tired Women With Aching Heads

"They help me so much and I find relief as soon as I begin taking your Foley Kidney Pills." Mrs. Frank P. Wood, Morrill, Maine, R. F. D. No. 2.

Sometimes it seems as if you can't stand the pain across your back. It is just making your life miserable and robbing you of all energy and strength. When you are constantly tired, head always aching, nerves "on edge," kidney action painful and burning, then is the time to start in at once on Foley Kidney Pills.

They strengthen the weak, ailing kidneys, improve their action, enable them to throw off the poisons that cause your trouble. Your nerves grow peaceful, sleep becomes sounder, nervous headaches disappear. As Mrs. Wood says: "I find relief as soon as I begin to take your Foley Kidney Pills." Be sure you get the genuine Foley Kidney Pills, for they are purely medicinal and contain no harmful drugs.

O. G. SCHAEFER

PROXIMITY OF LEGATION TO FORBIDDEN CITY LEADS TO CASUALTIES

Washington, July 14.—Three Americans were wounded by stray bullets, the state department announced today, in the 10 hours' fighting in which Chinese republican troops forced the surrender of the monarchical troops of General Chang Hsun.

The occupation of Peking by the republican forces, following the surrender at Fung Tai of the monarchist army of 10,000 men, indicates the complete restoration of the republic, the Chinese legation here declared today.

Prior to the battle of Fung Tai, the Manchus were urged to lay down their arms, but General Chang Hsun refused. The engagement, starting early Thursday morning, resulted in a decisive victory for the republic troops, dispatches to the legation announce. Order in the capital was restored with few casualties. The advices said that two foreign civilians and four foreign soldiers who ventured to the firing line were slightly wounded. Chang Hsun, who led the revolt of the imperialists, has taken refuge in the Dutch legation in order to obtain safe conduct out of the country. Premier Tuan Chi Juian will establish republican headquarters in Peking immediately, it was stated.

Keep Fit and Feel Fine

Foley Cathartic Tablets thoroughly cleanse the bowels, sweeten the stomach and arouse the liver. For indigestion, biliousness, bad breath, bloating, gas, or constipation, no remedy is more highly recommended. Don't be careless. See that your bowels are regular. Keep fit. Feel fine. O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

TWO FATAL ACCIDENTS

Santa Fe, July 16.—While out hunting, Edward Faulkner of Deming was drowned in the Roosevelt reservoir. The body was brought to Deming for burial. Eight miles east of Deming, S. A. Reid and Frank Odernatt were killed when their automobile was struck by a Southern Pacific train. Both bodies were mangled beyond recognition.

A Bad Spring for Women

The late, cold, and damp spring seems to have caused much suffering from backache, rheumatic pains, aches and pains in sides, joints and muscles, lumbago and similar ailments. Mrs. T. J. Bucknell, Hardy, Neb., writes: "I am recovering from an attack of lumbago by the aid of Foley Kidney Pills. They surely help me." O. G. Schaefer.—Adv.

Read the classified ads today,

DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN DENMAN AND GOETHALS HAMPERS WAR POLICY

Washington, July 17.—The government's ship building program continued at a standstill today, and there was no indication when Major General Goethals, manager of the shipping board's emergency fleet corporation, would proceed with his plans for requisitioning and speeding up construction of merchant ships building in American yards.

Goethals transmitted to Chairman Denman of the board, today requested information regarding his program, in which he outlined in detail his plans for taking over private yards and building two government-owned ship plants to turn out fabricated steel ships. The shipping board, whose members and employes are directors of the fleet corporation and control its stock, probably will be called together to go over General Goethals' plans. No one on the board would say today whether the general manager's plan would be approved.

Some members of the shipping board, including Chairman Denman, want more wooden ships built than General Goethals has provided for. The suggestion has come from Mr. Denman also that the board will investigate carefully General Goethals' proposal to build government ship plants. In a statement given to the press last night Mr. Denman said in this connection:

"General Goethals has not even told the public or the directors of the corporations the names of the two contractors who will undertake the fabricating contracts. For all we know they may be subsidiaries of the steel producers."

The delay in going ahead with shipbuilding is charged by General Goethals directly to Chairman Denman, although Mr. Denman contends the shipping board is not seeking to hamper Goethals in any way.

REDUCTION IS OBTAINED

Santa Fe, July 17.—Upon complaint of the United Seed and Fruit company of Roswell, the state corporation commission has obtained a reduction of the rate on bee keepers' supplies from Roswell to Barstow from \$1.33 to \$1.03. The corporation commission reports the closing of the case opened by the petition of Alfred Vohe, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Sandoval county, asking that train No. 7, westbound, make Cerrillos and Bernalillo flag stops. The A. T. & S. F. at first declined to do this but upon rehearing granted the petition thus enabling Cerrillos and Bernalillo people to go to Albuquerque in the morning, do their shopping and return in the afternoon on Santa Fe train No. 2. Fred Mielenz of Dexter, obtained through the corporation commission a refund of \$5.61 on a shipment of beans in less than carload lot from Mountainair to Dexter and the establishment of a rate of 79 cents per hundred instead of \$1.30. The commission was unable to obtain a damage payment by the A. T. & S. F. on a shipment by the John Becker company of Belen, for a shipment of merchandise in part removed by some unauthorized person from the station at Scholle.

SANTA FE NEVER HOT

Santa Fe, July 17.—Santa Fe in all of its history has never recorded a

temperature of 100 degrees, at least not in the 45 years that the United States weather bureau has kept official tab of the temperature. The maximum recorded thus far this year was 88 degrees, not 100 degrees as the types made it read erroneously yesterday, and that was on a day that Clovis reported 108, El Paso 103, Las Vegas 93, Raton 91, and Taos 95 degrees. It has been quite a number of years, too, that the maximum reached 88 and only once in 45 years did it go as high as 97, the highest ever recorded in the city.

ADVANCE OF TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT SINCE JULY'S ALTITUDE RECORD

Washington, July 17.—Former Governor Tener of Pennsylvania today became a voluntary assistant to Herbert C. Hoover and was put in charge of the organization of fraternal societies for food control work. Representatives of the Presbyterian Church of the United States met with the food control department of the food administration today, to discuss a plan by which Presbyterians throughout the country will report weekly to their churches who in turn will report to the food administration what is being done to economize in food.

Delegates from the Jewish church met also today with the food department and representatives of other religious orders will come later on the work. A statement issued today by the food administration shows that breadstuffs in the United States have advanced two and a half per cent since July 1.

REALTY REPORT**Warranty Deeds**

U. S. A. to Thomas Aragon, Mar. 16-17, lots 3, 4, 5, S. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼ sec 6, twp 15, R. 22.

U. S. A. to Pablo Aragon, June 1, 1917, S. W. ¼ sec 7, twp 15, R. 22 board of trustees to Mrs. Anna E Cochran Dec. 6, 1910, 60.7 acres in twp 16 R. 16.

Board of trustees to Wm E Roberts, June 11, 1917, 82 acres in twp 16 R. 14. Pablo Aragon to Jose T. Gallegos, July 14, 1917, S W ¼ sec 7, twp 15, Range 22.

Benito G de Ortiz to Juliana G de Padilla, May 22, 1901, land S San Miguel county.

Wm Shillinglaw special master to J M Lyon, May 21, 1917, SW¼, sec 19-17-19 and E 112 acres S E ¼ sec 24, twp 17, R. 18.

Quit Claim Deeds

Chalda R Wilhite to H B Wilhite May 22, 1917, N W ¼ sec 28-16-21.

Mrs. Cipriano Sanchez to Stern and Nahm, July 7, 1917, 160 acres, twp 16 R. 15.

Belle Calisch to H L Kohn, June 12, 1917, land in sec 21-21-31, twp 12, R. 25.

CIGARETS CAUSE STRIKE

Santa Fe, July 18.—Cigaret smoking is given as the cause of a strike at Roswell. The contractor who is building a new school house on the southside, prohibited his employes from smoking cigars while at work. Eight of the men walked out, not because they needed cigars, they said, but they would not permit any man to interfere with their personal liberty.

The war department is planning to use women radio operators.

THEIR MOTIVE WAS TO GET CHINA AND FATHERLAND AGAIN IN RELATION

Peking, July 17.—Tuan Shi-Jui, who commanded the republican forces which defeated the attempt to restore the monarchy, has definitely assumed the premiership and also has taken over the war portfolio. President Li Yuan Hung has announced his decision not to resume office. He has entered the French hospital and is under treatment for a slight internal complaint.

It appears, however, that his resignation was induced not by illness but by a disturbing incident at his residence at 5 o'clock this morning. One of the guards ran amuck with a sabre, killed a colonel and two soldiers and wounded a captain and a soldier. Taking the pistol of one of his victims he fired several shots.

Wang Tah-Sieh has been named minister of foreign affairs, a post he held formerly.

German Officers Helped

Tokio, July 17 (Friday, Delayed)—Official advices from Peking give notice to reports that the monarchist army of Chang Hsun was officered in part by interned Germans whom he had released as part of the conspiracy to restore relations with Germany.

The battle in Peking lasted eight hours. It is reported four Americans, one Japanese and one Italian were wounded by stray bullets. Chang Hsun forces are said to have inflicted important losses on the republican forces.

BRITISH VESSEL REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN LOST WITH ALL BUT TWO MEN

Washington, July 17.—News of the torpedoing of the American schooner Childe Harold in European waters on June 20, reached the state department today in a message from Montevideo today in a message from Montevideo, announcing the safe arrival there of the schooner Samuel.

Only Two Survivors

An Atlantic Port, July 17.—A gunner and a fireman, who said they were the only survivors of the British steamer Daleby, which they reported was sunk May 20 by a German u-boat, were picked up May 30 in a lifeboat by a British ship which arrived here today, it was reported by her officers.

GOOD TIME IS LOOKED FOR BY MEMBERS OF THE MUSICAL ORGANIZATION

The Las Vegas Military band will go Sunday to Mora, where it will give a concert for the people of that town. The Mora folk will reciprocate by serving the band a placita dinner. The band will leave here about 8 o'clock Sunday morning, and will get back about 6:30 o'clock in the evening. They are looking forward to a delightful outing. Las Vegans are invited to drive to Mora with the band. People from all over the Mora country will be in Mora Sunday to hear the music.

FREE VACCINE OFFERED

Santa Fe, July 18.—Federal officials have been informed that Uncle Sam is ready to furnish free vaccines to combat and ward off contagious and infectious diseases ranging from smallpox to typhoid.

FIGURES SUBMITTED BY ROAD SHOW NEW MEXICO IS A PRODUCER

Santa Fe, July 18.—The A. T. & S. F. carried 816,593 passengers in New Mexico during the past fiscal year, or more than twice the entire population of the state, according to the annual report filed with the corporation commission today. The passenger revenue collected in New Mexico amounted to \$3,491,834.64 or ten dollars for every man, woman and child in New Mexico. The total freight revenue was almost four times as much or \$12,591,585.83. All of the revenues derived from the state amounted to \$17,299,474, while the operating expenses were \$10,099,251.91, leaving a neat sum on the right side of the ledger. The freight originating in New Mexico amounted to 5,755,232 tons, showing that the state is some little producer. The bulk was ores, 3,923,389 tons, then came coal and coke, a total of 1,400,000 tons.

HOLLOMAN FOR JUDGE

Santa Fe, July 18.—District Judge E. C. Abbott returned this afternoon from Tierra Amarilla, where he has held court, and will proceed immediately to Albuquerque to take command of the New Mexico infantry. It is likely that his resignation as district judge will be in the hands of Governor W. E. Lindsey within a few days. Quite a number of names are mentioned for his successor, but Attorney Reed Holloman of the law firm of Catron and Catron, and prominently identified with the republican organization, seems to have the inside track for the appointment, although Attorney Francis C. Wilson is also a strong probability.

THE CENTRAL SOLD

Santa Fe, July 18.—That the New Mexico Central railroad extending from Santa Fe to Torrence, has been sold by Receiver Ralph C. Ely to some line other than the A. T. & S. F. or affiliated with it, was reported today. Inquiries as to the sale were received from Chicago, but no official statement was forthcoming from the general offices of the New Mexico Central here. The line was built by Pittsburgh capitalists, having been promoted by former Delegate to Congress W. H. Andrews. It went upon financial shoals and has been in receivers' hands for some years now.

COUNTY BOARD SUSTAINED

Santa Fe, July 18.—Attorney W. C. Reid for the Santa Fe, accompanied by Mrs. Reid, is up from Albuquerque. General Superintendent Avery Turner of Amarillo, Tex.; General Passenger Agent J. M. Connell of Topeka, Kas.; and other officials of the A. T. & S. F. are here with Captain Reid to appear before the tax commission which is in session. This forenoon the commission heard appeals from Santa Fe county and sustained the board of county commissioners in every instance.

BOOSTING FOR HIGHWAY

Santa Fe, July 18.—The Evergreen Highway association, promoting a scenic, all-the-year-around highway from the Canadian border to Mexico, will meet in Santa Fe on August 20. The path finding party from Vancouver, B. C., will reach Santa Fe on the same day.

ROMERO GAINS A LEASE UPON LIFE

CONDEMNED MAN SHOWS JOY
AND THANKS GOD WHEN HE
HEARS THE NEWS

Julian Romero, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Demetrio Jaure, was not hanged on Friday of this week, the date set by District Judge Leahy, who sentenced Romero to suffer the death penalty. His case will go to the state supreme court, and, automatically, a stay of execution has been granted the man, who was resigned to die to pay for his crime.

In the district court Wednesday before David J. Leahy, judge, Messrs. William G. Haydon and William J. Lucas, who were appointed by the court to defend Julian Romero, filed a motion for an extension of time in which to file a motion for a new trial in his case. The court overruled the motion, and counsel for the defendant took an exception to the ruling of the court. The court held that the motion for the new trial should have been filed within 10 days after the rendition of the verdict, which was returned on the fifteenth of June.

The attorneys for the defendant then filed a motion for the allowance of an appeal from the final judgment of the court to the supreme court of the state, and this motion was denied.

Romero's attorneys then prayed an appeal to the supreme court of the state from the orders of Judge Leahy, and the court, after hearing argument of counsel, at 2 o'clock this afternoon granted an appeal to the supreme court and stayed the execution of the judgment and sentence, pending the hearing of the case in the higher tribunal. The following is a complete copy of the order of Judge Leahy as made in the case this afternoon:

"This cause came on to be heard this eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1917, upon the motion of the defendant for an extension of time in which to file a motion for a new trial, the plaintiff appearing by its district attorney, Chester A. Hunker, Esq., and the defendant appearing by William G. Haydon and William J. Lucas, his attorneys, heretofore appointed by the court, and the court having heard argument of counsel, and having examined the record in said cause, which record discloses the following facts, to-wit:

"(1) That the jury in said cause on June 15, 1917, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

"(2) That up to the present time no motion for a new trial has been filed in said cause, nor has any notice been given that motion for a new trial would be filed in said cause;

"(3) That on June 25, A. D. 1917, sentence was imposed upon the defendant, Julian Romero;

"(4) That more than 10 days have elapsed since the rendering of said verdict and the presenting of application for a new trial;

"And the court being now sufficiently advised in the premises:

"It Is Ordered that the said motion of the said defendant for an extension

of time in which to file a motion for a new trial be and the same is hereby denied, to which order of the court counsel for defendant duly excepted, which exception was allowed.

"Defendant, by his counsel, in open court, moved the court for the allowance of an appeal from the final judgment rendered by the court in said cause to the supreme court of New Mexico, and the court, having heard the argument of counsel thereon and being fully advised in the premises:

"It Is Ordered by the court, that the said motion of the said defendant be and the same is hereby denied and overruled, to which order of the court defendant by his counsel duly excepted, which exception was allowed.

"Thereupon, the defendant by his counsel, in open court, prayed an appeal from the order of the court denying and overruling the motion of the defendant for an extension of time in which to file a motion for a new trial and from the order of the court refusing to grant an appeal from the final judgment heretofore rendered in this cause, which motion for an appeal was by the court granted and allowed.

"It Is Therefore Ordered by the court, that the defendant, Julian Romero, be and he is hereby granted an appeal from the orders of the court denying and overruling the motion of the defendant for an extension of time in which to file a motion for a new trial and from the order of the court denying the motion of the defendant for an appeal from the final judgment heretofore rendered by the court in this cause, and that the execution of the final judgment and sentence of the court in this cause be stayed pending such appeal to the supreme court of the State of New Mexico.

"It is Further Ordered, that a copy of this order, certified by the clerk of this court, be served forthwith upon the sheriff of the county of San Miguel, State of New Mexico.

"Done in open court this eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1917.

(Signed) "DAVID J. LEAHY.

"Judge."

A complete transcript of the trial of the case will now be prepared and forwarded to the supreme court of the state, and it probably will be several months before the case is heard by that tribunal, thus giving Julian Romero, who was to have been hanged on Friday, July 20, a new lease of life for a period of several months or longer.

A copy of Judge Leahy's order was served on the sheriff, Lorenzo Delgado, this afternoon, by the clerk of the court, as provided in the order. The sheriff had the scaffold practically completed on the south side of the jail and carpenters were preparing to construct the enclosure. This work was stopped at once.

Deputy Sheriff Lopez called at the jail immediately after the appeal to the supreme court had been granted, and told Romero that a stay of execution had been granted. Romero was overjoyed, and though he was surprised, he said he felt as if the granting of the appeal were a special dispensation of Providence. He immediately knelt before his little altar and thanked God. Later in the afternoon, numerous persons called on him, and congratulated him. He was overjoyed, and said that he felt now that he would not be hanged. Romero does not know exactly how it came about,

but believes that his friends, Basilio

Lopez and Cleofes Romero, who went to Santa Fe with the petition to the governor, are responsible. He said he wished to thank, publicly, all his friends who have been kind to him, and names Basilio Lopez, Cleofes Romero, Attorneys Haydon and Lucas, Sheriff Delgado, and his deputies, Jailer Pablo Duran, and "the people in general, particularly those who signed the petition asking for a commutation of his sentence." It is doubtful if there is a happier man in the state today, than Julian Romero.

Julian Romero on the twenty-sixth of May, 1917, killed Mrs. Demetrio Jaure, at a dance in Upper Las Vegas, by shooting her with a .32 calibre revolver in the left breast. He was tried on the fourteenth and fifteenth of June in the district court, and the latter day the jury returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. He was sentenced to death and the date of the hanging fixed for July 20, 1917.

Julian Romero is a young man, about 25 years of age. He was born and reared in the Upper Town of Las Vegas. Notwithstanding he has lived there all his life, he apparently has no friends, and stated that he had no money to employ counsel. Thereupon Judge Leahy appointed Messrs. Haydon and Lucas to represent the defendant. His attorneys apparently have given much time and attention to the case.

SPEAKER KEEPS SEAT

Denver, July 18—Calling of a joint session of the two houses of the Colorado legislature, which met at noon today in special session, was delayed considerably by an effort in the house to unseat Speaker Boon Best. The effort failed, the vote being 44 to 19 against the action.

Piqua, O., July 18—Arrested last night on charges of having offered bribes to members of the city council of Bradford, O., to get a power and light franchise and contract through the council, R. F. Ash, a traction and light financier of Richmond, Ind., and Timothy E. Glenn, mayor of New Paris, O., today were released on bond of \$5,000 each.

WOUNDED MAN IS REPORTED TO PLACE THE BLAME UPON DANIEL MARTINEZ

Daniel Martinez, accused of stabbing Emilio Trujillo almost to death, at Chapelle, Tuesday evening, denies that he is guilty. This denial, in the opinion of authorities, may be merely for effect, that he may spring a surprise when his hearing is held, or it may be to avoid committing himself before his hearing.

The facts of the case have not been learned, more than the statement of the injured man, as there were no witnesses to the affray. The statement of Trujillo has not been made public, but, in effect, according to officials, he said that Martinez walked up to him and said: "Are you a man?" and before Trujillo could reply, Martinez drew his knife and began to "carve".

Trujillo will be brought to Las Vegas as soon as he is able to stand the trip here. Likely he will be brought in on a passenger train. The hearing will be held when Trujillo has recovered sufficiently to testify in court.

When Dr. H. J. Mueller did not ar-

rive at Chapelle Tuesday night, nor Wednesday morning, the parents of Trujillo, the injured man, sent a message to Dr. M. E. Woodling, who went to Trujillo's home and treated the knife wounds, which were taxing the young man's vitality, so that he was in a critical condition. Just a few miles from Chapelle, on his return from Chapelle, on his return met the physician and officers, who left here yesterday noon.

Dr. Woodling's opinion is that though Trujillo is extremely weak from the loss of blood, he has a fair chance of recovery.

Encarnacion Rivera was arrested yesterday and brought to the county jail, by Deputy Sheriff C. C. Cunningham of Colfax county. Rivera is charged with branding a calf belonging to the Rudolph Brothers, of the Rociada ranch company. His hearing has been set for Saturday of this week, before Justice of the Peace Charles H. Stewart. He furnished bond today in the sum of \$2,500. Rivera claims that if he branded a calf belonging to the Rudolphs he did it accidentally while branding some of his own. He is a son of Crestino Rivera, a prominent and well-to-do rancher of the mountains near Mora.

William White, who formerly lived here and operated a wool scouring mill, is in Las Vegas from Boston, where he now resides. Mr. White is still in the wool business. He is sending to Boston the machinery formerly used by him, which he has repurchased from Gross Kelly and Company, to whom he sold it before his departure two years ago.

BUY COAL NOW

Colorado Springs, Colo., July 19.—Buying coal now is a patriotic act, according to Albert P. Smith, president of the Colorado Retail Coal Dealers' association holding its first annual convention here today. Smith said Colorado dealers had coal in storage, that there would be a car shortage next winter, and that the public could alleviate this by summer buying.

RESTRICTED DISTRICT

Mexico City.—Colonel Gonzalo de la Mata, chief of police, has submitted to the governor of the federal district and the president of the municipality a project for the establishment in Mexico of a restricted district. In addition to the regulation of the social evil, Colonel de la Mata proposes also to include gambling houses in the district.

STUDENTS FALL IN BATTLE

Copenhagen—Of a total of 42,000 German university students called to the colors up to the conclusion of the last fall and winter semester, 6,000 have been reported as killed, according to advices received here from Berlin.

Berlin university was represented in Germany's fighting ranks by 5,285 men of whom 500 are dead. Bonn university supplied 3,647 of whom 364 are killed. The figures for some other universities follow:

Heidelberg, 1,649 called up, 250 killed; Munich, 5,255 called up, ten percent killed; Leipzig, 3,700 called up, 664 killed.

Andres Gandert, former sheriff of Mora county, is here for a short visit. He is at the El Dorado hotel.

CHILDREN ARE TAUGHT THE NECESSITY OF LOVE FOR THEIR COUNTRY

Santa Fe, July 16.—Neither patriotic training nor patriotism is lacking in rural schools of New Mexico. This is one of the conclusions drawn by the state department of education from a study now being made in the department of the observations in the country schools last February of the birthdays of Washington and Lincoln. Believing the times called for special effort to encourage patriotic sentiment among the boys and girls of the state, Superintendent Wagner early last winter had prepared and printed specimen programs and suggestions to teachers for Washington and Lincoln birthday observances. These were sent to every rural school teacher in the state, accompanied by post cards asking for information as to the exercises held, number of pupils taking part, visitors and other facts.

A total of 241 rural schools made reports, a large majority combining the two occasions in one celebration. A total of 9,575 pupils, 4,837 boys and 4,738 girls, took part in these exercises, giving a total of 4,782 program numbers. These latter included recitations, readings, dialogues, patriotic plays, flag drills, flag raisings and other patriotic exercises, and were witnessed by 11,000 visitors. A number of schools, it is believed, failed to report their exercises, either through neglect or considering them not of sufficient importance. The department proposes to make an effort to double the number of these patriotic observances next winter and to that end more carefully prepared programs and suggestions are now being worked out.

BIG BEAN CROP

Santa Fe, N. M., July 16.—Marketing of the largest bean crop New Mexico has ever produced should be a comparatively easy matter, according to information coming from dealers and brokers in the eastern States. The fact that New Mexico was fourth in bean production in the United States last season attracted the attention of bean dealers all over the country who have been asking for samples of the New Mexico Pinto Bean. Writing to the State Publicity Bureau here recently Peabody and Company, merchandise brokers of Boston, make the following interesting statement:

"During the last two or three years, there have been extensive importations of Manchurian Beans and each year there have been quite large carry-overs of these Beans on account of the poor quality of some of them. We believe that a great deal of this importation can be cut out just as soon as buyers all over this country understand the quality of Pinto Beans, and as soon as buyers become aware of the superiority of Pinto Beans, we believe large quantities of them can be sold in the East."

LEG DISQUALIFIED HIM

Muskogee, Okla., July 16.—Believing that the use of a cork leg should not prevent him from serving his country, John Franklin walked over 50 miles from a farm near Wilburton, to this city to apply for enlistment in the United States Marine Corps. Franklin has spent two months ploughing the fields previous to his long walk, and supported himself on the hike by working at odd jobs along the way. He surprised the Marine

Corps medical examiner by walking without the slightest sign of lameness. Although Franklin expressed the opinion that his cork leg should be considered a handy life-preserver in case of submarine attack, he was not accepted.

BRIDE IS DAUGHTER OF FAMOUS ARTIST, GROOM A WEALTHY MAN

Santa Fe, July 16.—Romance blossomed a few days ago when Miss Rosalie Wiezzorek, daughter of the famous portrait painter Max Weizzorek, was married to Gilbert Nairn, the scion of a wealthy eastern family that has extensive ranch interests in San Miguel and Mora counties and frequently visits here. The engagement of the two was announced a little more than a week ago, and it was thought that the wedding would be an event of next month; that is, everyone thought so but the little bride-elect.

No Use in Waiting

When it became certain that the groom-to-be would not be called upon for military duty at once, she decided that there was no use waiting a whole month, so the young lady took a party of friends and motored down to Las Vegas, near where Nairn and his mother have a beautiful ranch, "just for the week-end," but what really took place was a wedding, with some of the Las Vegas friends as the only guests. The pair wired their respective parents, and, of course, received the usual parental "God bless you's," and so when they came back it was on their honeymoon.

Honeymoon in Frisco

They spent a day visiting the museum on their way to Los Angeles, where they are now, before proceeding to San Francisco. The bride is not yet out of her teens and is a vivacious little brunette of a piquant foreign type. The Nairn family is prominent in Washington, D. C., and well known in New Mexico.

Whispers of another romance in which Santa Feans are involved have come from the Grand canon the past few days and are circumstantially confirmed. It is the engagement of Natalie Curtis, the noted author and composer, a member of the famous Curtis family well known in art, science and literature to Harry Paul Burlin, a brilliant member of the Santa Fe art colony, whose pictures, painted at Santa Fe and other points in the southwest last year, created a furore in New York exhibitions during the winter.

CONVOY WITH THE PERSHING'S TROOPS WAS EQUAL TO SEVERE EMERGENCY

London, July 16.—Four of the largest, most modern German submarines were destroyed by American warships which were convoying the first installment of American troops to France, according to a report from German sources as contained in a Berne dispatch to a Rome news agency and forwarded from Rome by the Central News.

A bad taste in the mouth comes from a disordered stomach, and back of that is usually a torpid liver:—A condition which invites disease. HERBINE is the remedy needed. It corrects the stomach and makes the liver active and regular. Price 50c. Sold by Central Drug Co.—Adv.

A marriage license has been granted by the probate clerk to Justo Lucero, age 21 years, of Ojitos Frios, and Josefita Alibarrí, age 18 years, of Las Vegas.

Word has been received here of the Rev. John Lee Imhoff as a Y. M. C. A. war secretary for service in the battle camps of Europe. Rev. Mr. Imhoff, who formerly was pastor of the First Christian church, has been living in Waterloo, Ia., recently. He is remembered in Las Vegas as having been a zealous and enthusiastic pastor.

Frank Jones has gone to Detroit, Mich., where he will take a position as "trouble shooter," for the Cadillac Motor company. Mr. Jones' many friends regret to learn that he has left. Frank is one of the best all-round automobile machinists who have been employed in Las Vegas. He has been with the Midway garage for the past two years.

United States Naval Recruiting Officer C. Hansen has received instructions from naval headquarters at El Paso, to discontinue recruiting men for enlistment as hospital apprentices, but to enlist men for the hospital corps on other ratings, such as firemen and apprentice seamen. Enlistments for shipwright, shipfitter, blacksmith, boilermaker, painter, yeoman and electrician and plumber also has been discontinued. Officer Hansen is requested to enlist a few men as second class machinists' mates, landsmen for machinists' mate, second class.

Phil H. Lenoir, secretary of the state council of defense, left today for Santa Fe after enjoying a short vacation in Las Vegas and on the Naylor ranch. Mr. Lenoir is enthusiastic about the work being done by the defense council. Through its operations, it has enabled the state to increase its acreage devoted to crops. The work is to be continued indefinitely. Larger acreages will be devoted to winter wheat this fall than ever before. Early and extensive planting will be urged next spring. The council was somewhat delayed this year because of the fact that the season had advanced considerably when war was declared, and preparations could not be made for work on as large a scale as had been hoped.

The case of the state against R. C. Stark of Tucumcari, was dismissed this morning, on recommendation of District Attorney Chester A. Hunker, by Justice of the Peace Felix Garcia y Gutierrez, before whom the hearing was held. Stark was accused of assaulting with a knife, R. M. Robb. Robb was stabbed severely, but was unable to say definitely who did the cutting, and an eyewitness declared that it was Stark's father who wielded the knife. The scrap was the result of a quarrel over some land, and it appears that all parties were somewhat to blame. They are from Texas, and had located on land in this county near the Bell ranch.

District Attorney Chester A. Hunker went to Santa Fe Tuesday morning to represent the county in the tax cases which have been appealed to the state tax commission by the North American Land and Cattle company

and by the Red River Land and Cattle company.

Seven students enrolled at the Normal today, making the total for the summer school 812, exclusive of the correspondence students, who number about 40. The total for the summer school will exceed last year's enrollment by at least 100, President Frank H. H. Roberts stated today.

Friends of Alfred L. "Jockey" Beal have received word that he is located at Fort Yellowstone, Wyoming, at present. Beal is serving with B troop, Seventh United States cavalry, and went from El Paso to Fort Yellowstone, passing through Las Vegas on the night of June 32. Beal is well satisfied with army life, and so that though army life is said to be hard, it is just what the enlisted man wants to make it.

J. H. Snow, Santa Fe right of way expert, was in Las Vegas today after having completed details for the purchase of land necessary for double-tracking the line from Glorieta to Decatur, a distance of about 12 miles. Mr. Snow was in Las Vegas in the late seventies on railroad business. Later he was here to make a survey from the Hot Springs to Azul, the Santa Fe proposing at the time to bring its trains into Las Vegas by way of the Hot Springs so that passengers might stop off at the Montezuma hotel between trains. The plan later was abandoned. Mr. Snow said this morning that Nick Chaffin is the only old timer whom he found here today.

A delightfully refreshing shower visited Las Vegas again Tuesday, but was accompanied with such bolts of lightning as to fill the hearts of the timid with fear. Two or three rains such as the one this afternoon would be "life-savers" to the farmers hereabouts.

The Cause of Constipation

Constipation is usually due to a lack of water in the excrement. To effect a cure you must take more water into the system. It may be months, however, before this has any appreciable effect on the bowels, but when persisted in and fruit and vegetables containing water are eaten freely, the condition may be overcome. In the meantime use the mildest laxative obtainable and take only enough to produce the desired effect. Chamberlain's Tablets are one of the best. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect.—Adv.

WATKINS NARROW ESCAPE

Santa Fe, July 17.—Clovis has reported a maximum temperature of 100 and higher every day for the past week, reaching 108 Saturday. Las Vegas reported 93 and even in Santa Fe, the maximum reached 100 degrees. The home of Reed Watkins at Gage was unroofed by a gust of wind that preceded a storm. The chimney fell upon a lounge upon which Mr. Watkins had been resting but a minute before, and reduced it to splinters.

NO WORK DONE

Santa Fe, July 17.—Because of the absence of Chairman R. C. Reid at Albuquerque to appear before the officers' examining board, and the non-arrival of Homer A. W. Pollard, the state tax commission adjourned yesterday after considering a number of bids for printing of various blanks.

GOETHALS AND DENMAN UNABLE TO AGREE AS TO CONSTRUCTION METHODS

Washington, July 16.—Major General Goethals has postponed his plan for commandeering today of private merchant shipping under construction in the United States and for contracting immediately for building two government ship building plants. He acted at the request of Chairman Denman of the shipping board who wants to lay the matter before the directors of the emergency fleet corporation.

The wooden ship controversy is involved. The board of directors of the fleet corporation, it is understood, will insist that the general manager, General Goethals, build more wooden ships than he has provided for. It is said too, that they do not approve the plan for construction of government owned shipyards until there has been a full description of the project.

General Goethals announced his program on Friday in a letter to Mr. Denman, after an order was issued by President Wilson directing the fleet corporation to take charge of the building program and authorizing the shipping board to operate and requisition tonnage already on the seas.

Today's developments indicating that differences between General Goethals and Mr. Denman may be far from settled led to the suggestion that it may be necessary for President Wilson to take a hand and decide definitely as to who is to be supreme in the building plan.

SENATOR REED OF MISSOURI OPPOSES MAN'S APPOINTMENT AS FOOD EXPERT

Washington, July 16.—Among amendments to the food bill approved at today's conference of democratic and republican leaders was a draft by Senator Hollis of a new section creating a board of food administration in lieu of a single administrator. The board would be composed of three members appointed by the president and subject to senate confirmation, with a chairman, whom, it is expected, would be Herbert C. Hoover.

Most of the leaders also agreed to recommend limiting government control to foods, feeds and fuel, the latter including petroleum and its products. Another amendment approved would extend government licensing to products going into interstate or foreign commerce, as well as agencies of such commerce.

With the revisions proposed, Senator Chamberlain said today he believed a considerable majority of the senate ultimately would support the bill, although senators leading the opposition also were at work on other amendments designed to curtail the powers proposed in the pending measures.

Senator Reed made another attack on Herbert C. Hoover when consideration of the bill was resumed in the senate. He declared Mr. Hoover's attempts to influence legislation had been bold, open and notorious, and referred to him as "Get Rich Wallingford." The Missouri senator said that for weeks Mr. Hoover had been assuming to be food dictator of the United States and that the interests backing him were holding up the final enactment of the first food survey bill because it would interfere with "certain operations which Mr. Hoover heretofore has performed."

WILL CONTRIBUTE TO RECREATION CAMP MOVEMENT FOR ARMY MEN

The Las Vegas council of the Knights of Columbus expects to send in the full amount of money asked for the carrying on of work in soldier camps by the supreme council of the order. Two dollars per member is the amount required, and Las Vegas council, according to its officers, will send in this amount and considerable additional money, the gift of members and friends of the movement, which is much the same as that carried on along the Mexican border by the Y. M. C. A. and the Knights of Columbus when the troops were stationed there.

It is proposed to provide recreation halls where soldiers of all creeds may gather. For the Catholic soldiers the Knights of Columbus will try to provide as amply as possible the spiritual comforts. In cases where there are no Catholic chaplains these will be provided, and it is planned to have religious services at the camps at least once a week. An initial expense fund of \$1,000,000 has been determined upon. The work will be conducted both in the cantonments in this country and in the camps in Europe, wherever American Catholic soldiers whether or not they be Knights of Columbus, are located.

ALLEGED WHITE SLAVERS

Santa Fe, July 16.—Federal and county authorities have been put upon the track of three alleged white slavers, including a woman, who make their headquarters at Clovis and are charged with enticing high school and other girls into a life of shame by promising big money returns and a life of ease with fine clothes and plenty of good things to eat. An anonymous letter written by a Clovis woman gave the clue to the operations of the trio. Sheriff Hoye of Curry county has also raided speak easies in Texico the past few days, obtaining 20 quarts of whiskey, wine and alcohol from two places, while 13 quarts were confiscated in the old Deats bar.

DAVIES WILL FIGHT

Santa Fe, July 16.—Mrs. Howard Kohn and family of Baltimore, rented the residence of City Attorney E. P. Davies on East Palace avenue. Mr. Davies having applied for admission to the officers' reserve corps and Mrs. Davies having gone to California. The residence is a modern bungalow with ample grounds, including a tennis court.

Miner Reported Killed

Columbus, N. M., July 16.—Spiro Vukovitch, a miner in the detention camp here, received a message from Bisbee today saying his brother, Sam Vukovich, had been killed. No details of the killing were given in the message.

TRIAL JUROR DISMISSED

San Francisco, July 16.—John T. Welby, a juror in the murder trial of Mrs. Rena Mooney, was dismissed from the panel today by Superior Judge Emmet Seawell. His place was automatically filled by the thirteenth juror, Wm. S. Dean. Welby became separated from the jury on Saturday while inspecting buildings near the scene of a bomb explosion last July when ten persons were killed.

MISSOURI LEAD DIGGERS DO NOT WANT FOREIGNERS EMPLOYED THERE

Flat River, Mo., July 16.—With National Guardsmen patrolling the district to prevent a renewal of recent rioting, the exodus of aliens from the lead belt continued today. More than 1,000 foreigners have fled from the district, and the determination everywhere is apparent that they shall not return. A committee of three miners presented their grievances to Major William Steph commanding the troops here, as follows:

"We want only a chance to work and support our families without being thrown out to make room for foreigners. Winter is coming and the mining companies are discharging Americans to give their places to foreigners. We wish to harm no one; we have killed none; we do not think any one has been hurt; we have destroyed no property. The mining companies are discharging Americans and it is against that that we protest."

WEALTHY COAL DEALER IN PENNSYLVANIA FOUND DEAD WITH WIFE AND SON

Johnstown, Pa., July 16.—Mystery today shrouded the murder of Edward Humphries, a widely known coal operator, his wife and 15 year old son, who were shot to death on a country road beside their automobile yesterday. George K. Tompkins, Jr., of Philadelphia, a business associate of Humphries and the fourth member of the automobile party, is being held in jail.

Later Tompkins was formally charged with murder before a justice of the peace. He declared his innocence. A letter in the hands of the detectives is said to have a bearing on the case. The letter is said to have been written by Tompkins' wife.

BIG TAX HEARING

Santa Fe, July 16.—The tax commission which convened here today, will probably be swamped with appeals from angry tax payers who see no reason for their assessments being what they are. The following docket has been arranged: Monday, counties of Rio Arriba, San Juan, Santa Fe, Bernalillo, McKinley and Sandoval; Tuesday, Dona Ana, Lincoln, Otero, Torrence, Guadalupe, San Miguel, Mora, Cheves, Curry, DeBaca, Ed- dy, Lea, Roosevelt, Grant and Luna; Wednesday, Sierra, Socorro, Valencia, Colfax, Quay, Taos and Union. Thursday, Miscellaneous.

A party of Texas and Oklahoma tourists, accompanied by several Las Vegas people, went to Tres Ritos Saturday, spent Sunday there and returned last night and this morning. A number of fish were caught, an old fashioned fish-fry being staged yesterday noon. Those in the party were C. O. Wolfin and family, Thomas Currie and family, and W. Boyce and family, of Amarillo; A. J. Chancey, W. H. Whaley and C. Hunt, of Bowie, Texas, and O. L. Williams and family, Robert J. Taupert, Frank DeGroat, Mr. Reeves, Frank Bope and Miss Grace Chandler, all of this city.

Reports of German ships being sunk in the North sea by British warships sounds as though the Party of the First Part and the Party of the Second Part had become mixed up. But the news was good, nevertheless.

APPEALS TO STATE COMMISSION TO HAVE REDUCTIONS MADE

The Red River Valley Land and Cattle company has appealed from the county board. The commissioners, sitting as a board of equalization, had raised the company's valuation, by adding 5,200 head of cattle to the previous returns of the Bell ranch, and also had increased the land valuation. According to the valuation made by the commissioners, 40,000 acres of the Bell ranch is to be assessed at \$3.00 an acre, and 64,922 acres at \$4.50. The company alleges that the entire tract should be assessed at \$3.00 an acre.

The Red River Land and Cattle company has made a statement, certified to by C. M. O'Donel, manager, that the number of cattle being run by the company is 19,839.

County Assessor Apolonio A. Sena is appealing to the board, from the commissioners' decision. The Red River Land and Cattle company failed to make it returns by the last business day in February, and as prescribed by law, Assessor Sena penalized the company 25 per cent, which was \$93,000 added to the valuation of the company property. The commissioners knocked off the penalty, and Assessor Sena will endeavor to have it added again to the valuation.

THE GRACE IS TORPEDOED AND SUNK BY A GERMAN SUBMARINE

Washington, July 16.—Sinking of the American steamer Grace and the killing of three men, one of them an American, and the injury of two members of the armed guard was announced today by the state department. The steamer was owned by the Standard Commercial Steamship corporation, 15 Whitehall street, New York. She was sunk by a torpedo from a submarine. Those killed were:

E. J. Farreel of New Jersey.

Two aliens named Vanwycke and Anderson.

Five men were injured by fire from an explosion of petroleum cargo. Three were aliens. The two sailors hurt were Hugh Donnelly and George Wilson. All survivors have been landed and the injured taken to a hospital. 36 man accused of slaying

AMERICAN RED CROSS BENEFIT

Cheyenne, Wyo., July 17.—The world's biggest wild west show and the greatest military spectacle ever staged in this section will take place in Cheyenne next week, when the old capital of the "cow country" holds its golden jubilee and twenty-first Frontier Days celebration. As a result of the celebration it is expected that thousands of dollars will be poured into the coffers of the American Red Cross. One-half of the proceeds of the Frontier Days celebration always has gone to the city of Cheyenne for public purposes and one-half to the fund for future celebrations. The Cheyenne city commission, inspired by patriotic motives, has decided that every penny of the city's share of the proceeds this year shall be donated to the American Red Cross Society.

Guillermo Varela, age 22 years, of San Antonio, applied to the probate clerk this morning for a license to marry Genoveva Martinez, age 20 years, of Pecos.

DANIEL MARTINEZ IS HELD FOR ATTACK ON EMILIO TRUJILLO AT CHAPELLE

Emilio Trujillo, a young man, was stabbed and probably fatally wounded Tuesday afternoon in the settlement of Chapelle, 20 miles south and west of Las Vegas. Daniel Martinez, also a young man, is being held in the county jail here, charged with the crime. He denies all knowledge of the affair. Sheriff Delgado was notified by telegram about 2:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon that he was wanted at Chapelle to take charge of a prisoner. No details were given, and when the sheriff arrived in Chapelle he found Trujillo bleeding copiously, apparently in danger of bleeding to death. Two long and deep wounds were in the man's back just below the left shoulder blade, while a third was just above the waist line. Had the sheriff been notified of the man's condition, he could have taken a doctor to Chapelle with him, and thus brought him proper care fully 24 hours earlier than it subsequently reached him.

The sheriff rushed back to Las Vegas, and left Deputy Sheriff Lopez to bring in Martinez. Sheriff Delgado sent County Physician H. J. Mueller and Assistant District Attorney Luis E. Armijo to Chapelle in Dr. Mueller's car. The two left Tuesday night, lost their way and were unable to reach the town, because of deep sand. They returned to Las Vegas, reaching here at 5:30 o'clock Wednesday morning.

In the meantime Trujillo remained without medical attention, except the most crude, which was given him by friends. A telegraph message at noon Wednesday said the injured man was still alive, as Dr. H. M. Smith, District Attorney Chester Hunker and Sheriff Delgado went to the scene, and will do everything possible to save Trujillo's life. They will investigate the tragedy.

No eyewitnesses, it is said, are to be had, and the cause of the affray has not been learned. Both men are young, neither of them being 21 years of age, it is said. They are farmers of the Chapelle country. The stabbing occurred in the town of Chapelle.

STATE TRIBUNAL DECLARES CONTESTED ASSESSMENT RIGHTLY MADE

The state tax commission, hearing appeals from the San Miguel county board of equalization, yesterday decided the appeal of the North American Land and Cattle company, in favor of the county, upholding the assessment of the company's land as made by the commissioners.

The appeal of Assessor A. A. Sena, from the commissioners' decision was turned down, the state tax commission upholding the assessor in every part of his contention except that the belated return of the Red River Valley company was accepted by Assessor Sena, which in itself was a waiver of the 25 per cent penalty, which Sena alleged should be made against the company. The Bell ranch returns were made March 17. When they should have been made by the last of February. However, the assessor accepted the return as made on March 17, thereby automatically waiving his right to penalize the company.

The penalty amounted to about \$930,000 increased valuation on the company's property.

The Red River Cattle company's appeal concerning the alleged assessment of its land, was continued until the August meeting. District Attorney Chester A. Hunker represented the county commissioners at the hearings, which were held in Santa Fe. He returned last night.

Chairman W. S. Townsend of the Commercial club's garden committee, reports that though the gardens of the city were badly damaged by the hail-storm Monday evening, they are "looking up," and will be growing as fast as ever, within a few days.

Workmen are busy at the Las Vegas Light and Power company's power house, repairing the smokestack which was damaged by high winds this spring. The three large stacks at the powerhouse soon will be repainted, G. H. Brunington a steeplejack, having been employed to do the work.

The material for the paving of the street car track is arriving, and so soon as the contract for the street improvements are let, the Las Vegas Light and Power company will begin work on its paving, which is the space between the rails, and one foot outside the track on each side.

A "bunch" of local boosters yesterday purchased the Sandoval ranch, more commonly known as the Luis E. Armijo place, on the Rio Gallinas, and will make it a resting place for the tourists who come here. The name of the "camp" is "Hermit's rest," and it will be run on such a basis that it will pay for itself, though it is not to be a money-making proposition. The ranch will be developed into a mountain home, for the benefit of all who are tired and want to rest.

Mr. and Mrs. Carlos Dunn of Gascon are the parents of a baby boy, born to them this morning at St. Anthony's sanitarium. Mrs. Dunn is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Schaefer of this city.

"Some ride," to keep out of the rain and Lari Monday afternoon, was made by William Harper, who left the city for his ranch north of town, just as the storm broke. Mr. Harper was horseback, and declares that though he rode his animal as fast as he could make it go, he could not keep the cattle of his saddle from getting wet. However, he did succeed in keeping himself dry, the edge of the rain reaching just across the back of his saddle, all the way to his ranch, three miles north of town.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by S. Foster, Belen, N. M.

One red white face Hereford yearling steer, unbranded.

Ear marks

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 19, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 19, last pub. Aug. 3, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Paul McCormick, Chaperito, N. M.

One red, white face steer, 4 years, about 750 lbs.

Branded
Left ribs



Ear marks



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 7, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 7, last pub. July 23, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by M. F. Brotherton, Thomas, N. M.

One small bay horse, hind feet white, white stripe in face, 5 years old, about 1000 lbs., about 15½ hands high.

Unbranded.

Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 11, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 11, last pub. July 26, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by J. P. Phillips, Roswell, N. M.

One dark Jersey cow, 3 or 7 years old, about 700 lbs.

Branded
Left hip



Ear marks



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 12, 1917, said date on or before July 16, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 12, last pub. July 27, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Ursi Keen, Portales, N. M.

One dark iron gray mare, coming 4 years, about 450 lbs., 13½ hands high.

Branded
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 12, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 12, last pub. July 27, '17.

Senator A. A. Jones of New Mexico has asked The Optic to announce that he has a full supply of the literature of the National Emergency Food Garden commission, which is descriptive of the methods of canning and conserving fruits and vegetables. Persons desiring this literature should write Senator Jones.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Jose Eliseo Gallegos, Abiquiu, N. M.

One dark sorrel mare with white line on forehead, about 4 years old, about 800 lbs., about 5 ft. high.

Branded
Right shoulder



Branded
Left hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 12, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 12, last pub. July 27, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by H. H. Chandler, Cimarron, N. M.

One white and black pinto mare, five years old, 600 lbs., 13½ hands high.

Branded
Left Hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 12, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 12, last pub. July 27, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Gus M. Bryan, Clovis, N. M.

One pale red white face cow, one year old, about 300 lbs., about 3 ft. high.

Branded
Right ribs



Branded
Right shoulder



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 19, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 19, last pub. Aug. 3, '17.

Estray Advertisement

Notice is hereby given to whom it may concern that the following described estray animal was taken up by Claud Hollis, Separ, N. M.

One red sorrel gelding, about 4 years old, about 650 lbs., unbroken, 13½ hands high; and one brown gelding, about 4 years old, about 750 lbs., unbroken, 14 hands high.

Both Branded
Right hip



Said animal being unknown to this Board, unless claimed by the owner on or before Aug. 19, 1917, said date being 15 days after last appearance of this advertisement, said estray will be sold by this Board for the benefit of the owner when found.

CATTLE SANITARY BOARD, Albuquerque, N. M. 1st. pub. July 19, last pub. Aug. 3, '17.